

**Dossier zur Nutzenbewertung
gemäß § 35a SGB V**

Nivolumab (OPDIVO®)

Bristol-Myers Squibb GmbH & Co. KGaA

Modul 4 X

Anhang 4-G

*Adjuvante Behandlung des Melanoms im Stadium IIB
oder IIC nach vollständiger Resektion*

Ergänzende Analysen

Stand: 18.09.2023

4 Modul 4 X– Anhang 4-G - Ergänzende Analysen

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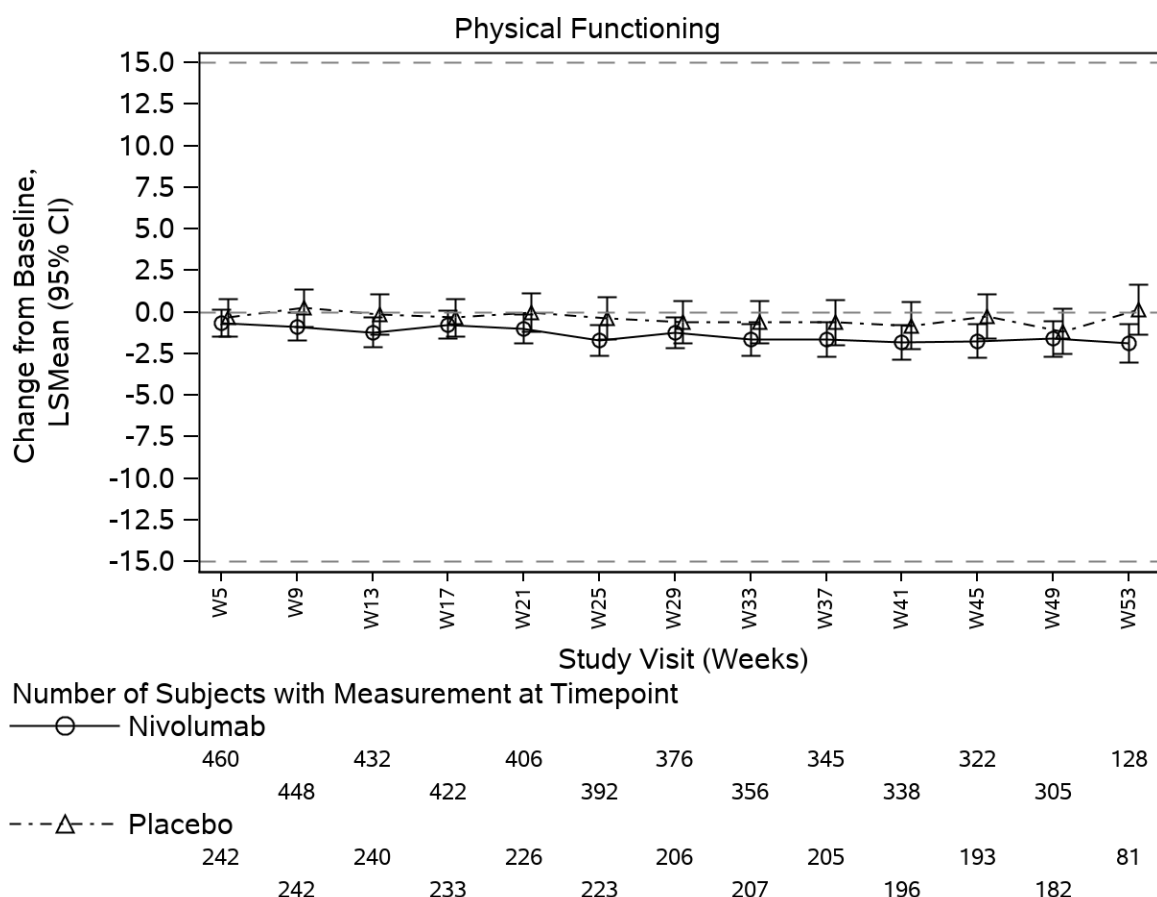
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Endpunkte gemäß EORTC-QLQ-C30 aus CA209-76K**

Zusatzanalyse: Zeitlicher Verlauf der Änderung gegenüber Studienbeginn der Endpunkte Fatigue, Übelkeit und Erbrechen, Schmerz, Dyspnoe, Schlaflosigkeit, Appetitminderung, Obstipation, Diarrhoe, globaler Gesundheitsstatus, körperliche Funktion, Rollenfunktion, emotionale Funktion, kognitive Funktion und soziale Funktion gemäß EORTC-QLQ-C30 aus CA209-76K.

Figure 7.1:
Plot of Mixed Model Repeated Measures Analysis of EORTC QLQ-C30 by Timepoint
- All Randomized Subjects



Apr 2023 DBL

N = number of randomized subjects with non-missing baseline and Week t assessment timepoint.

MMRM model with chg from bsl as dependent variable, trt and trt*visit week

as fixed effects, baseline PRO score and AJCC T Stage at Study Entry as covariates, and visit week as repeated measure.

UN covariance matrix. If convergence issue, CS and then AR(1).

Only the on-treatment timepoints in the blinded phase with 10 subjects or more in each treatment group are included in the analysis.

Functional scale/Global Health Status/QOL: Positive difference favors nivolumab, negative difference favors Placebo.

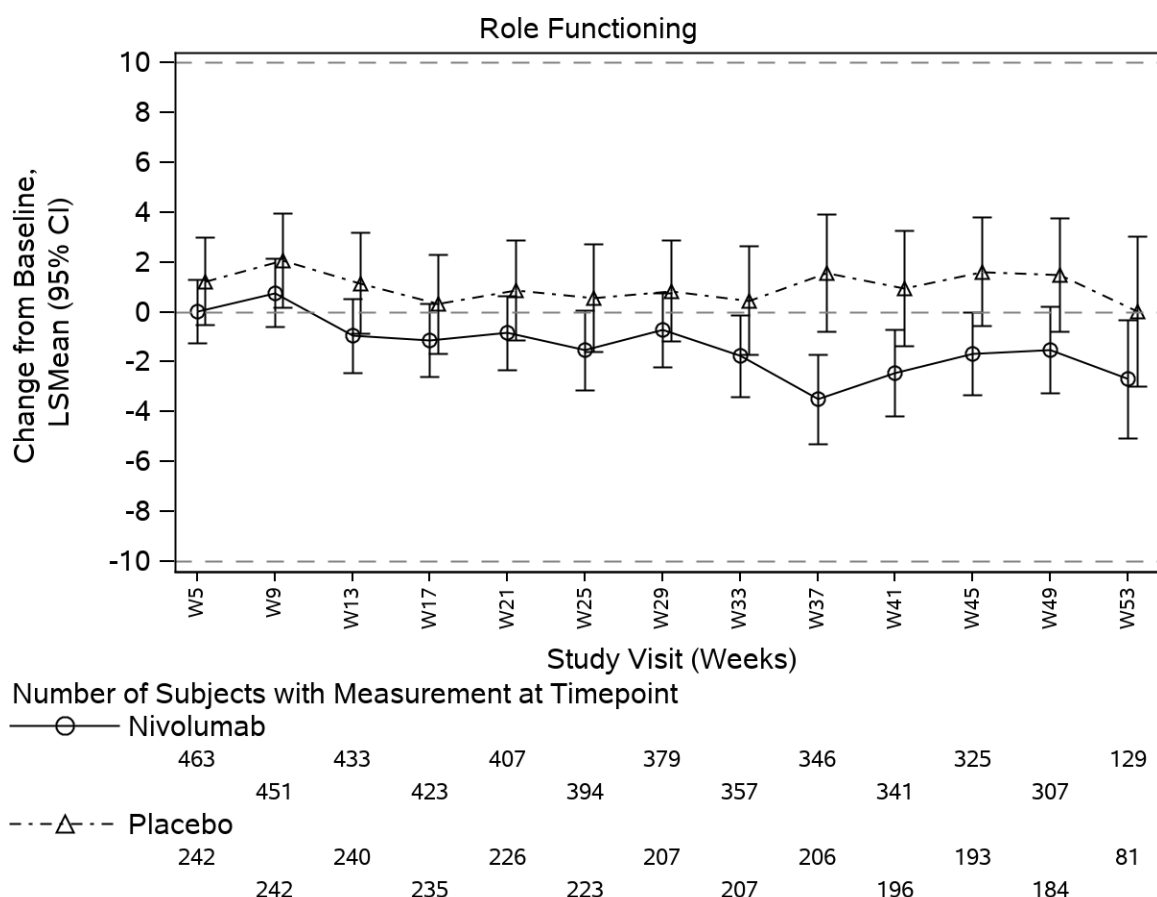
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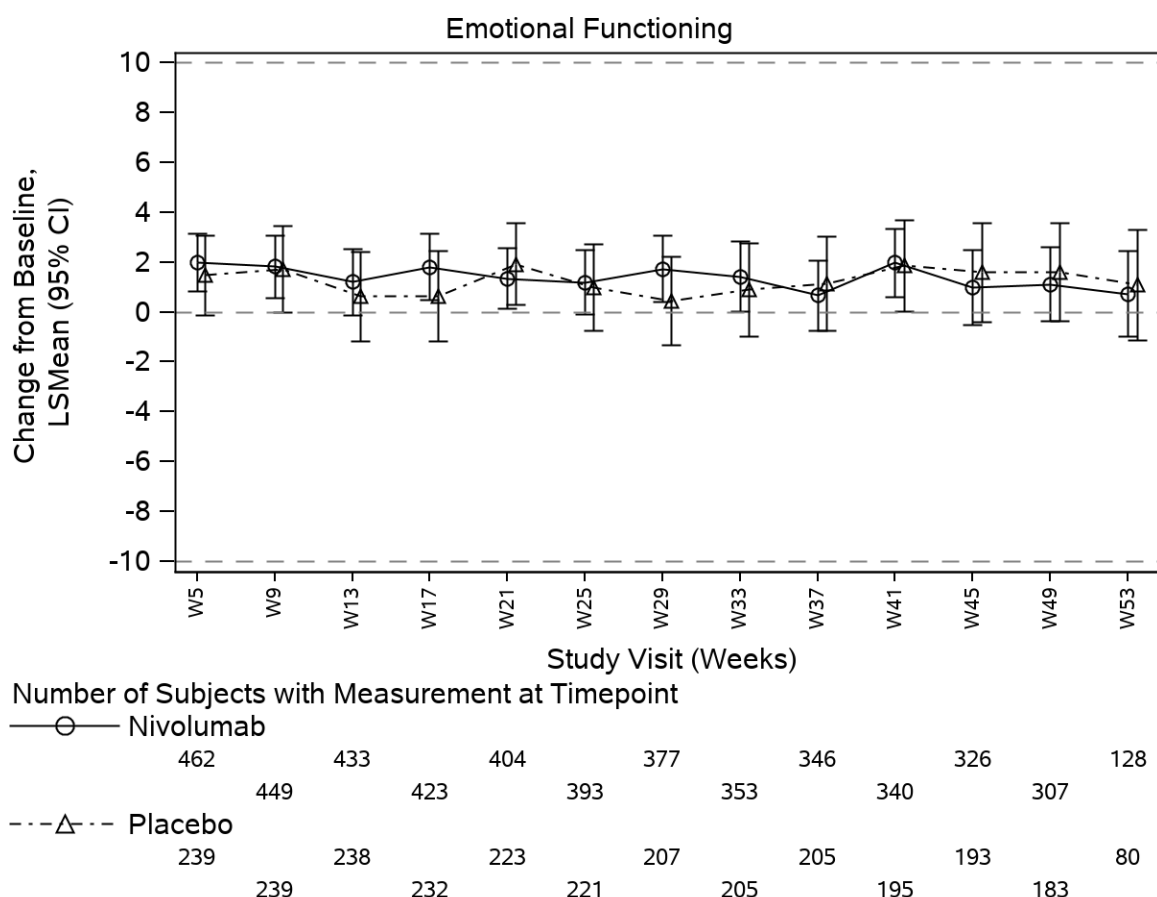
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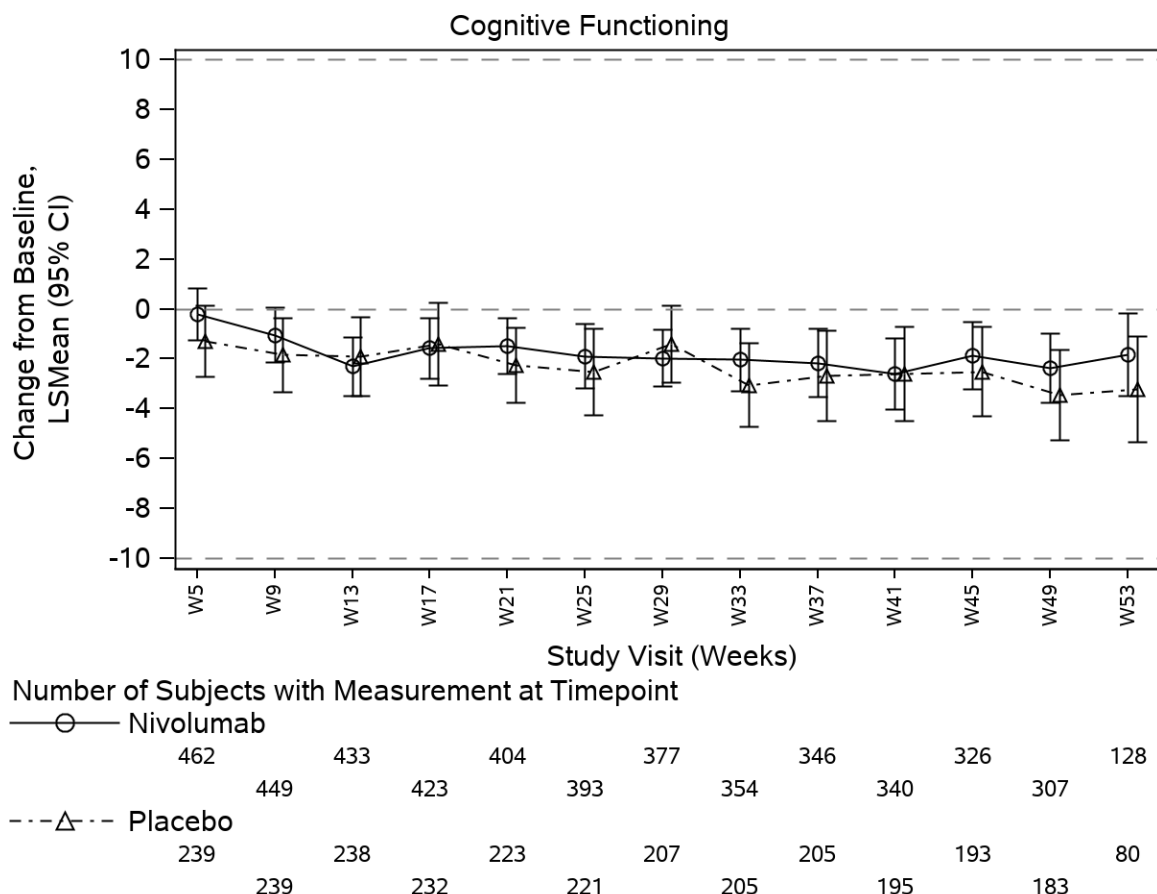
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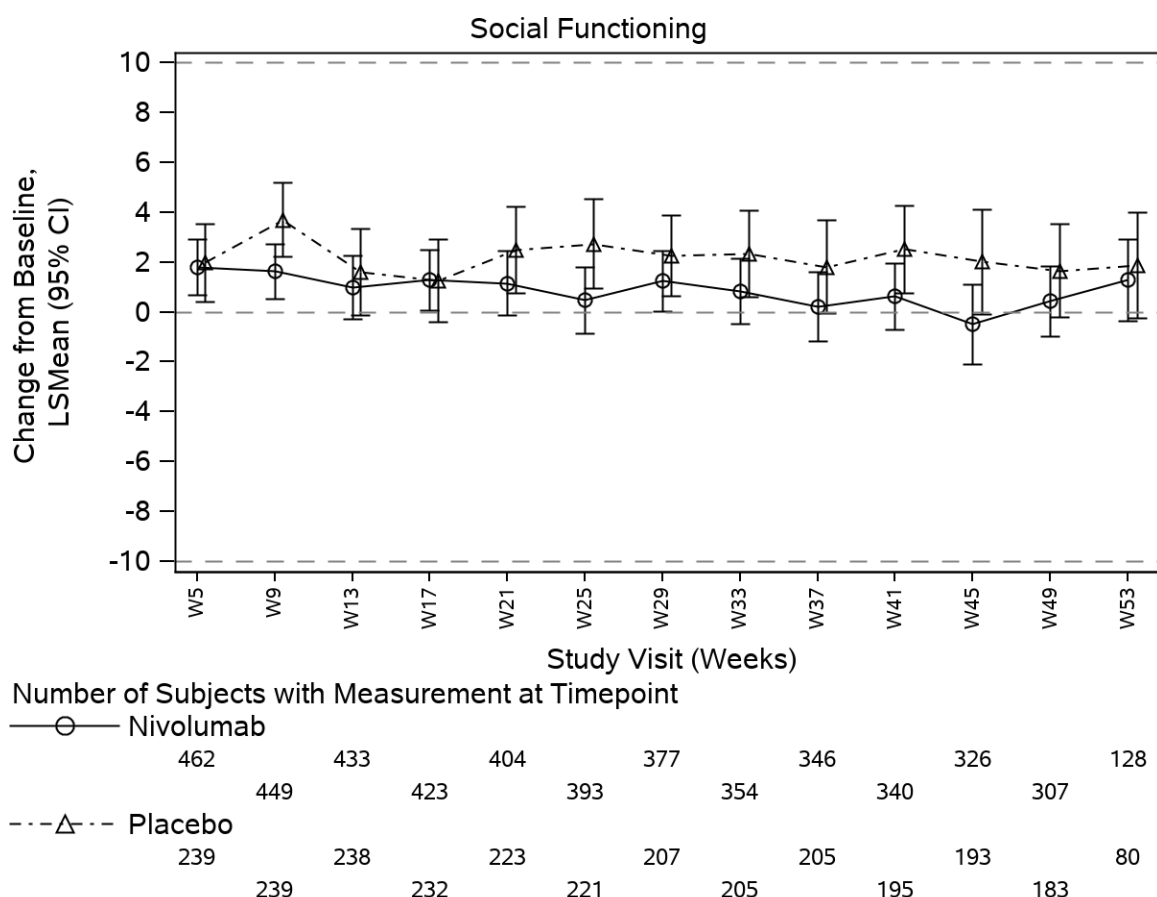
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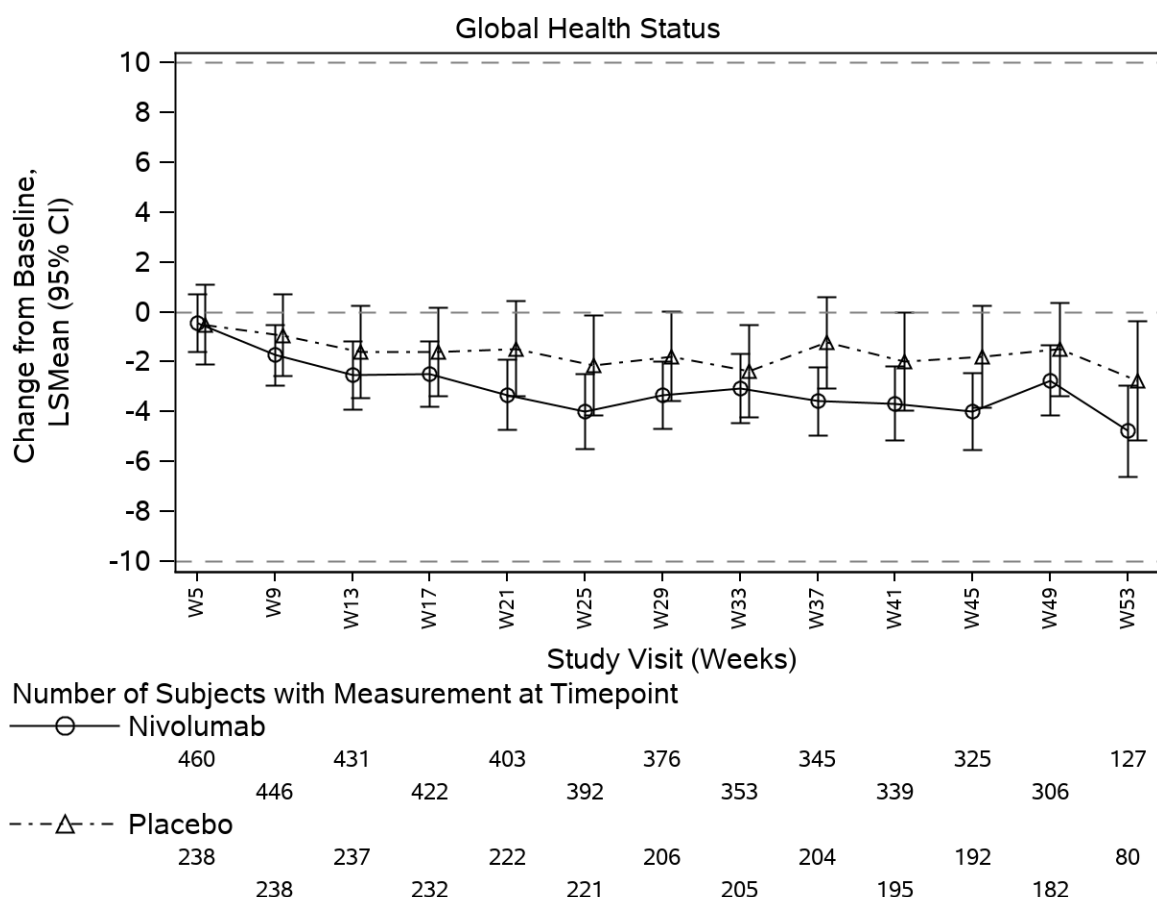
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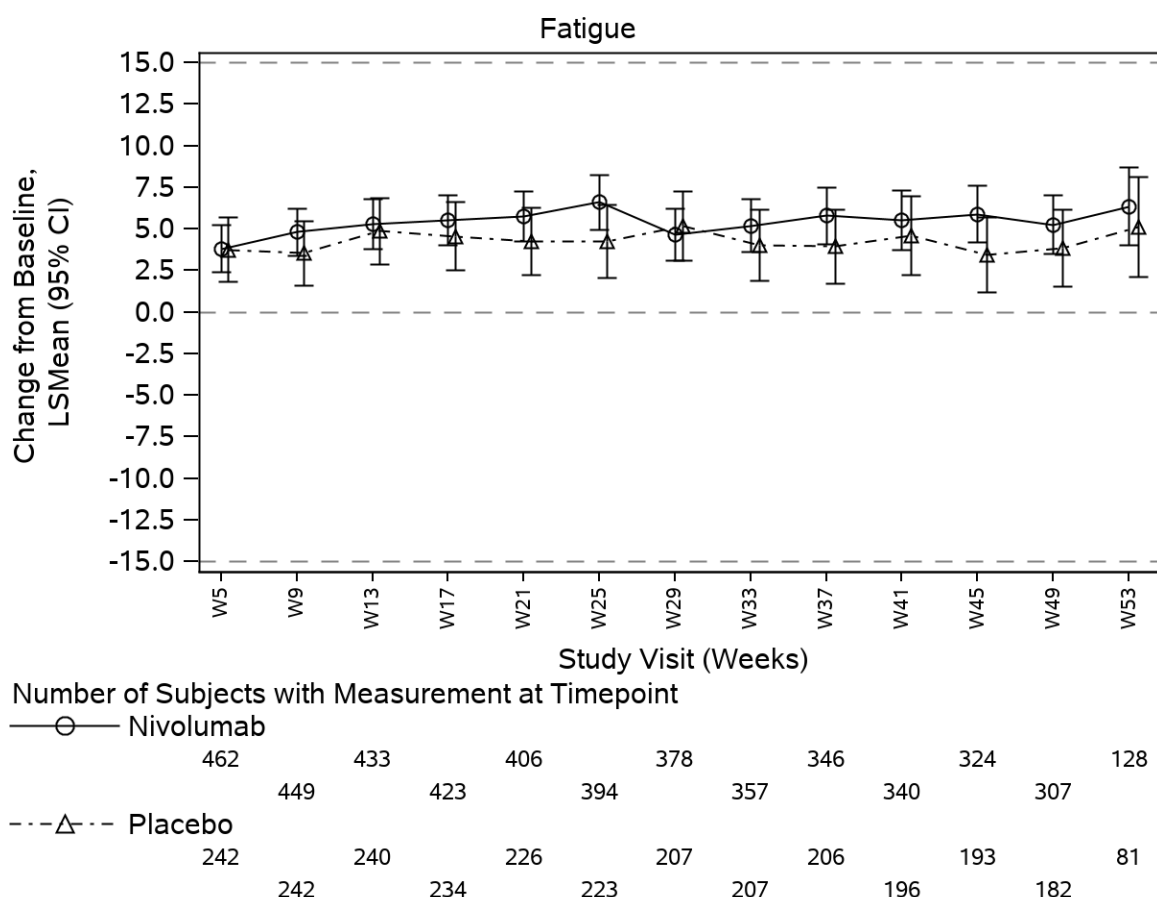
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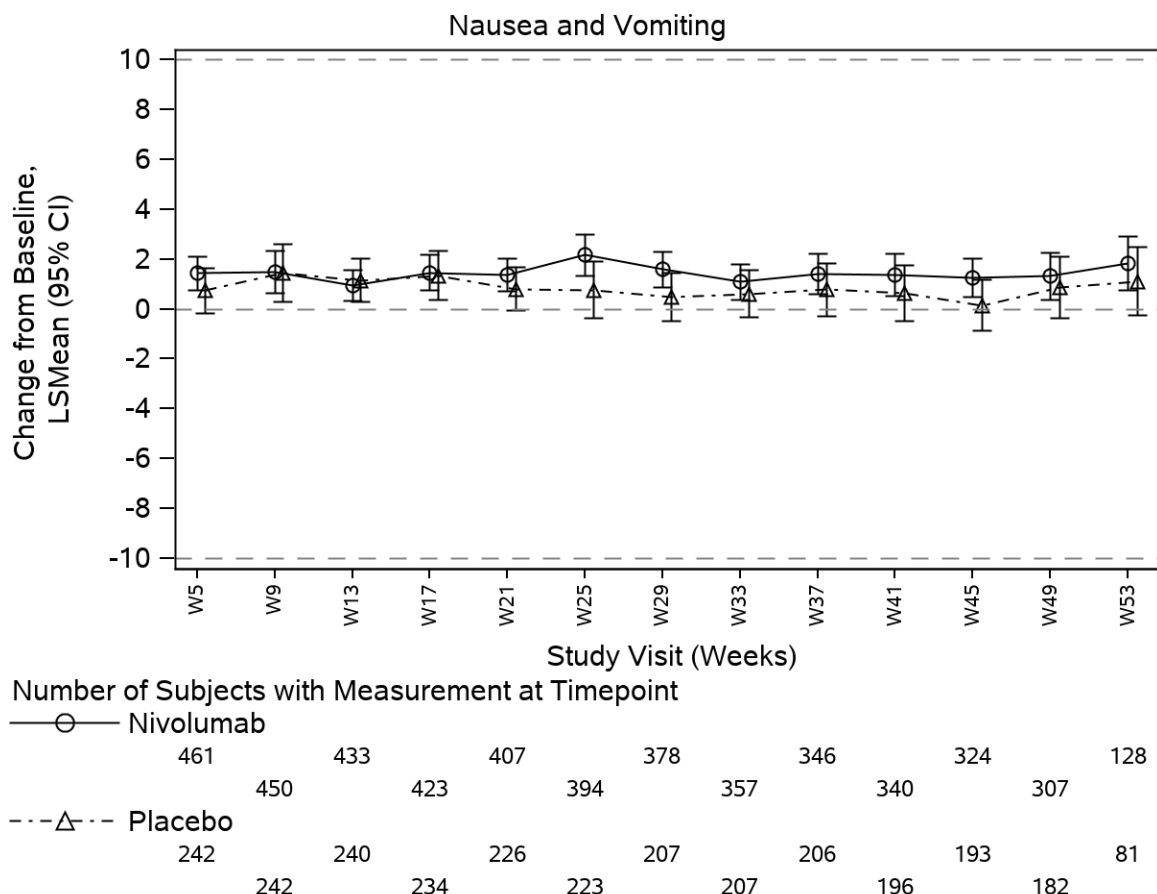
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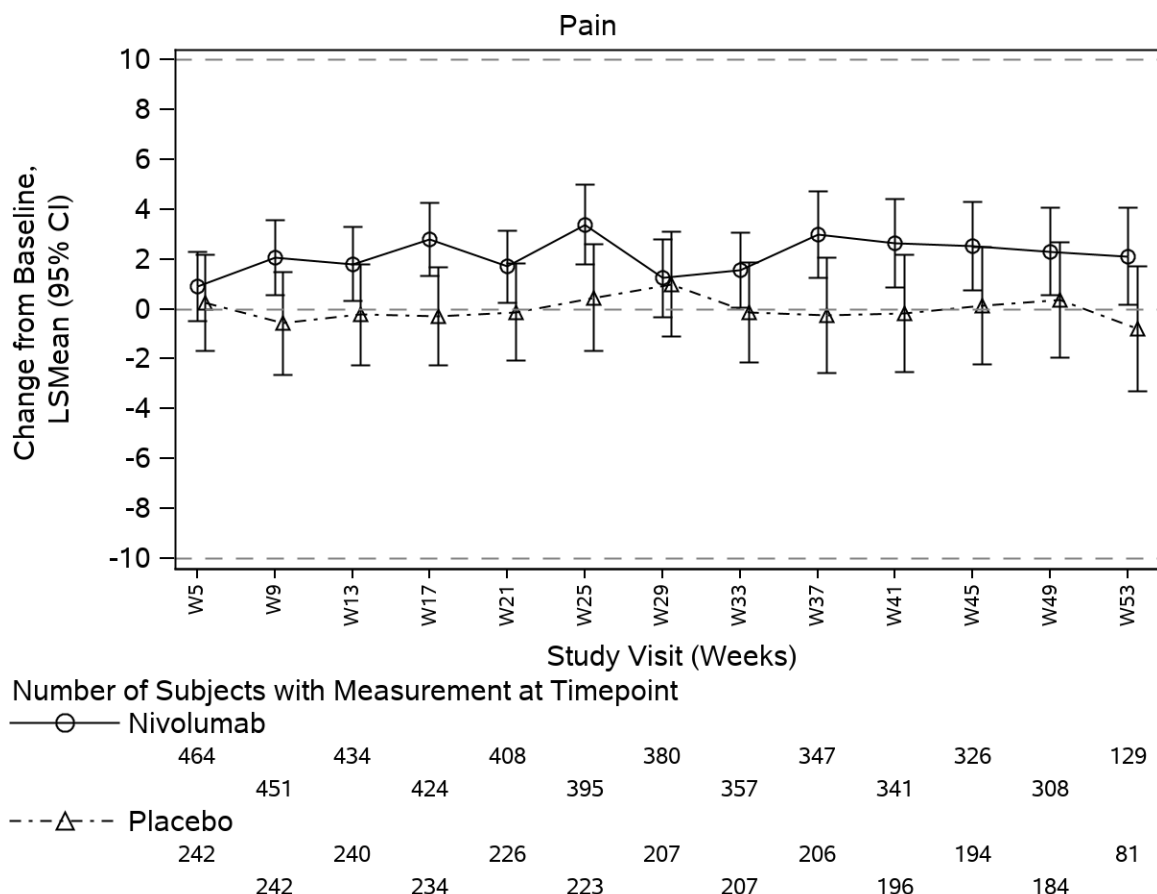
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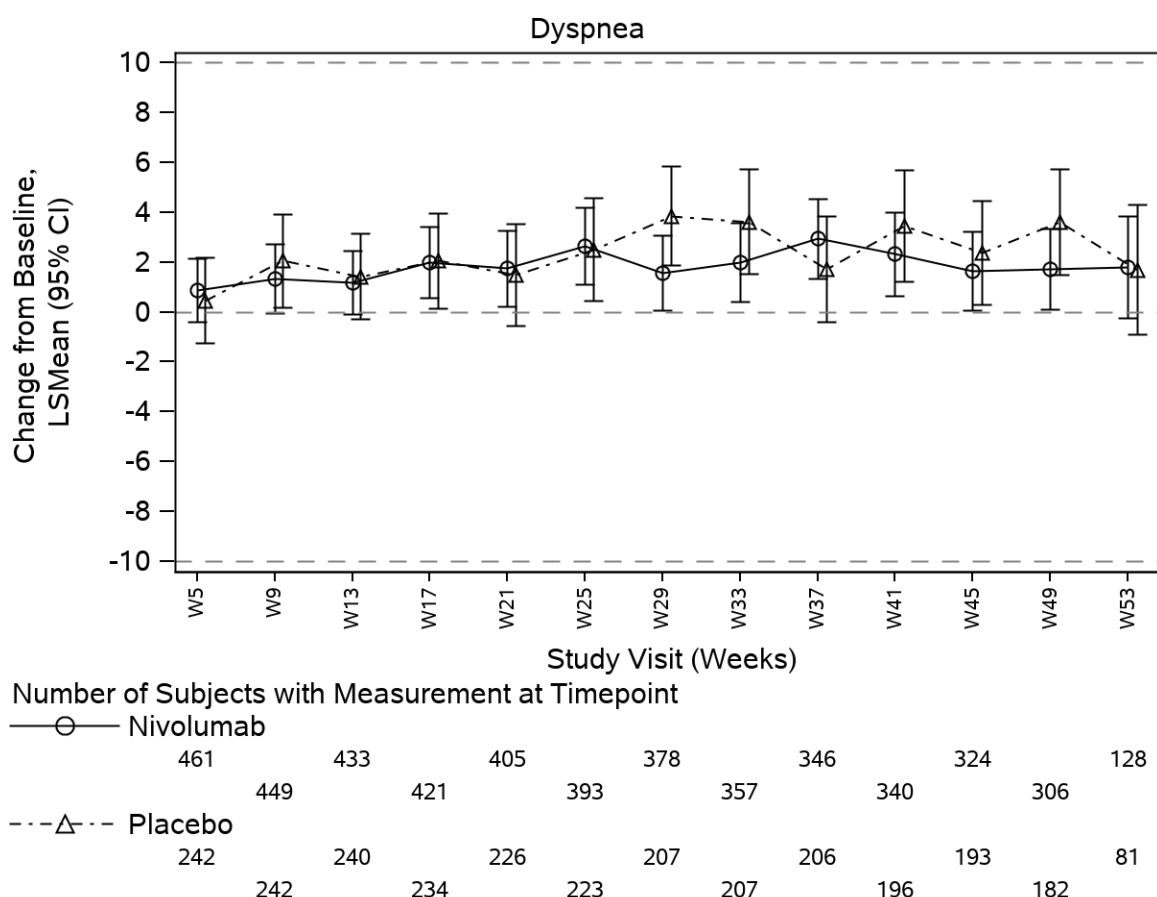
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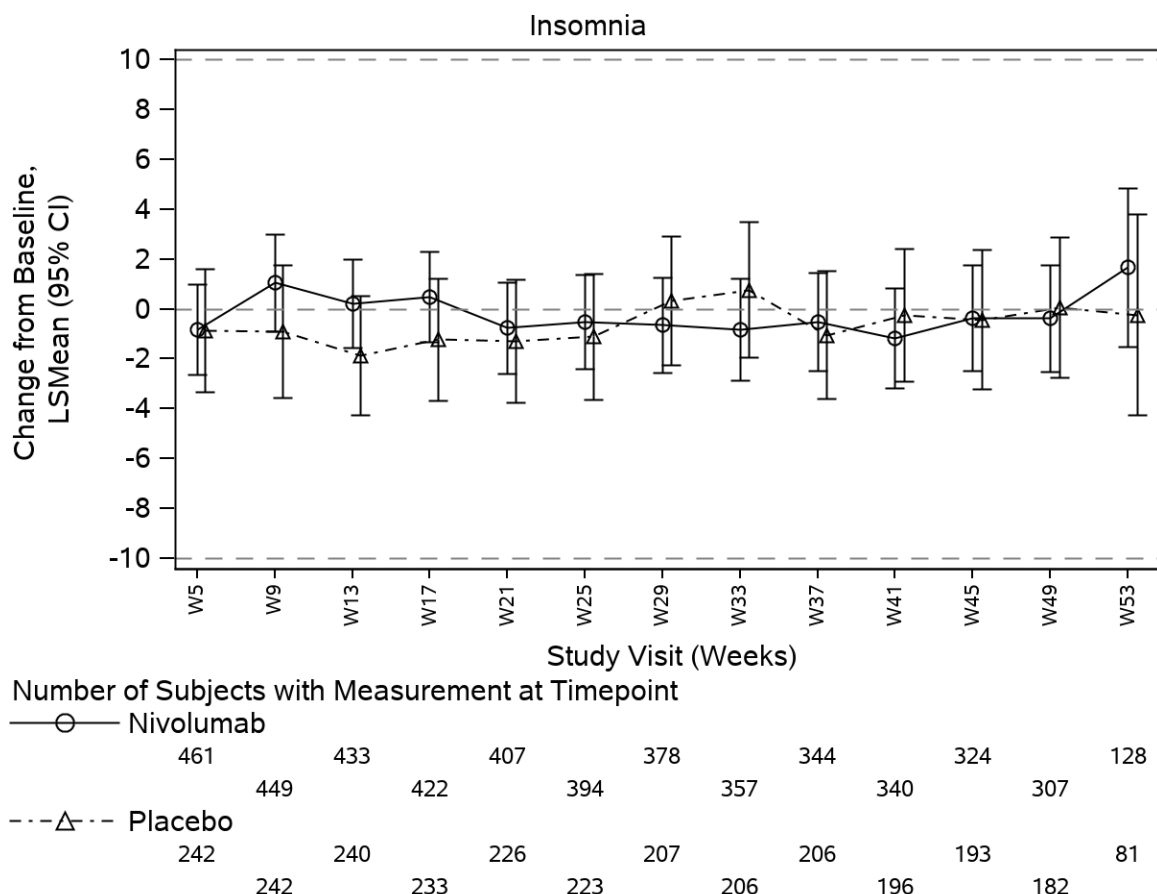
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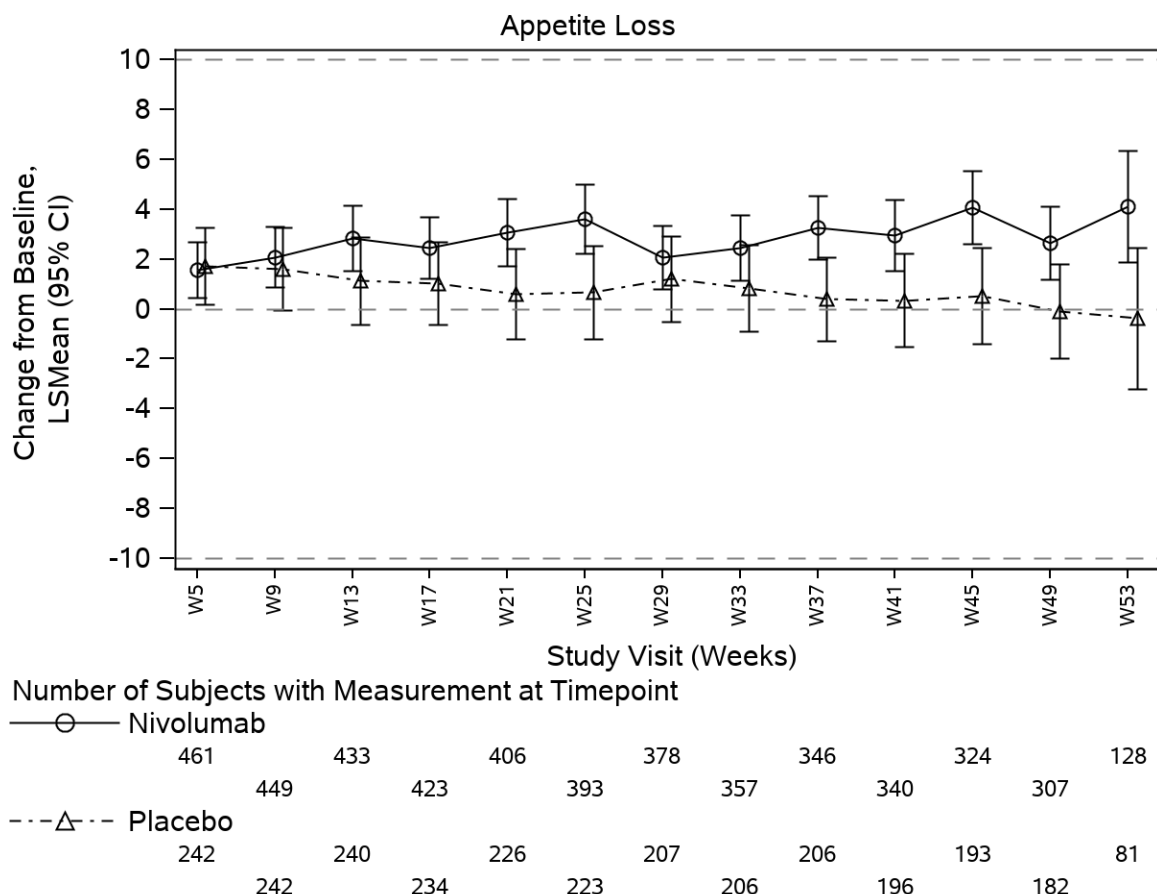
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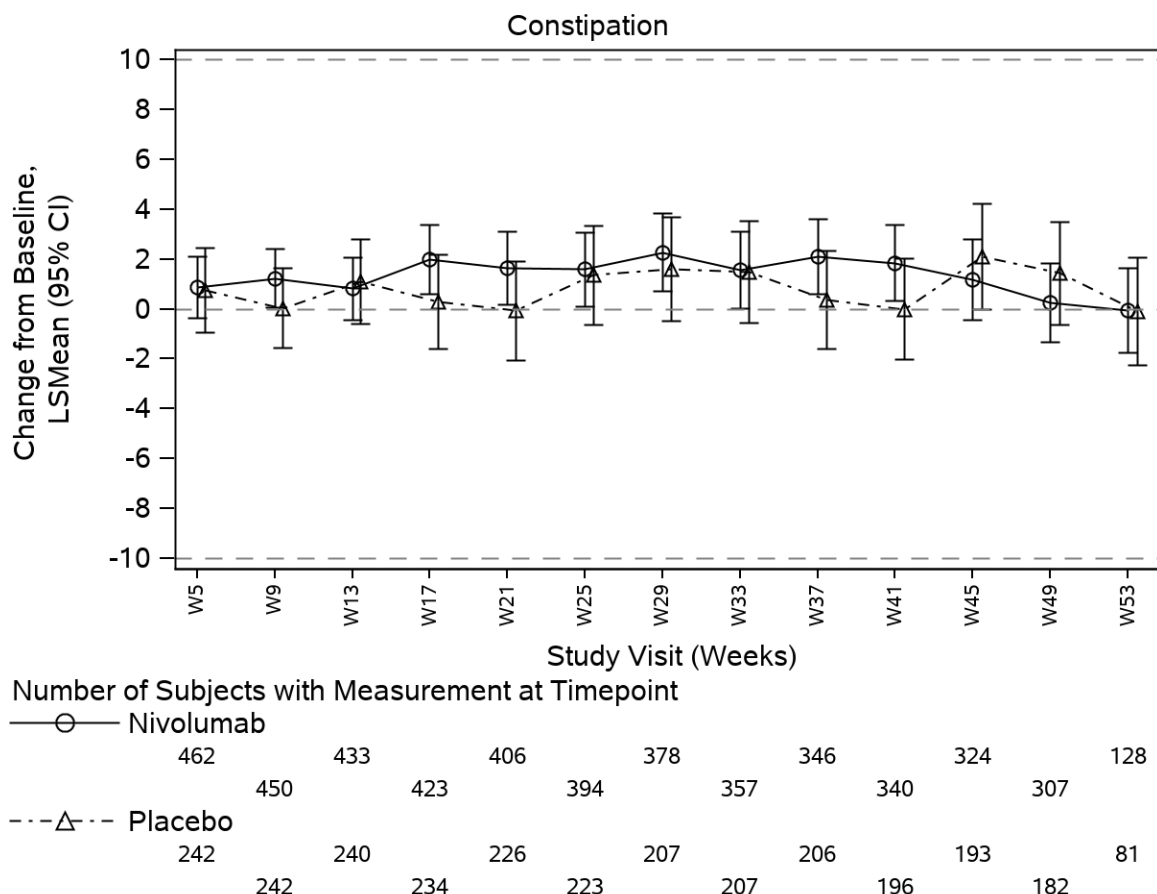
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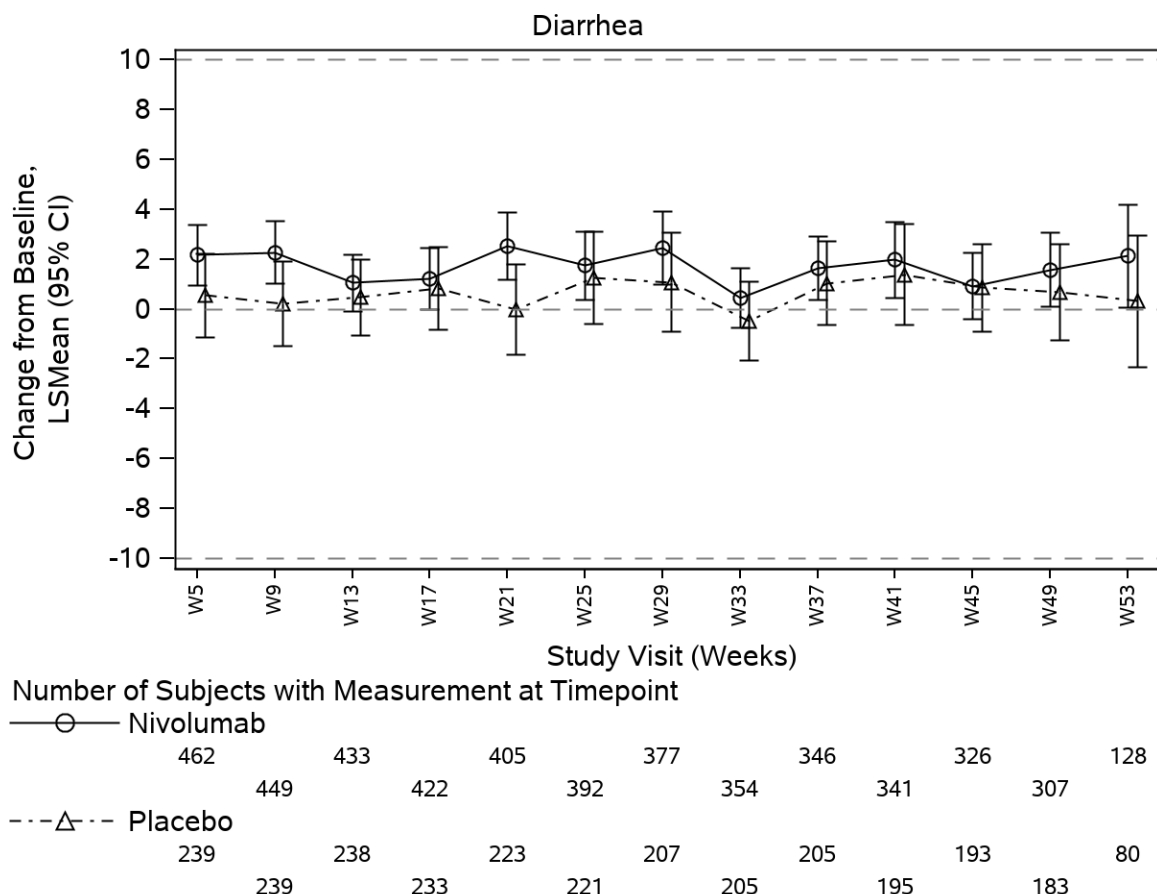
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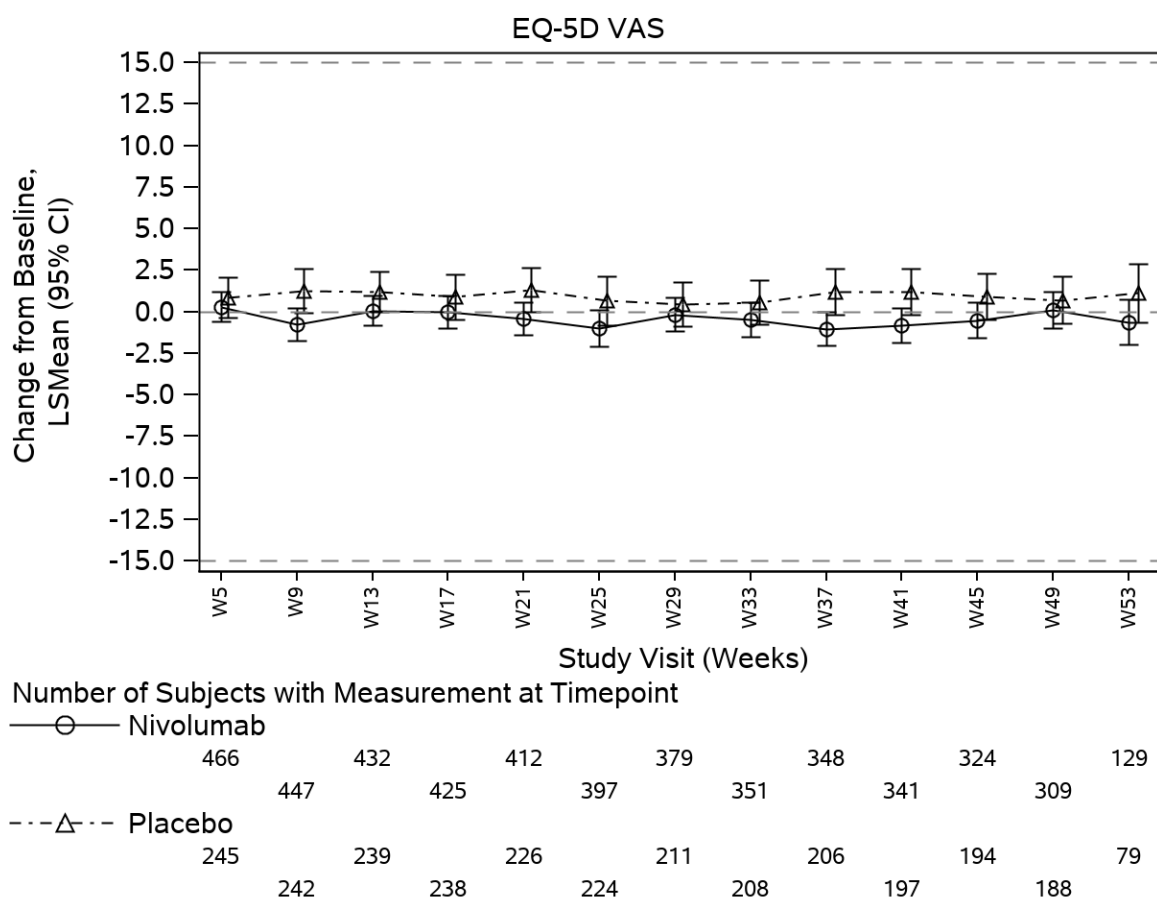
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**Anhang 4-G 1.2: Zusatzanalysen zum zeitlichen Verlauf (auf Basis des MMRM) für
Endpunkt Gesundheitszustand gemäß EQ-5D-VAS aus CA209-76K**

Zusatzanalyse: Zeitlicher Verlauf der Änderung gegenüber Studienbeginn des Endpunkts
Gesundheitszustand gemäß EQ-5D-VAS aus CA209-76K.

Figure 7.2:
Plot of Mixed Model Repeated Measures Analysis of EQ-5D-5L VAS by Timepoint - All Randomized Subjects



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negative difference favors Placebo.

Program Source: /opt/zfs001/prd/bms214671/stats/market/prog/figures

Program Name: rg-sy-mmrn-ibr1575.sas

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Anhang 4-G 2: Endpunkte Verträglichkeit

Anhang 4-G 2.1: Sensitivitätsanalyse für die Endpunkte unerwünschte Ereignisse ohne Erfassung des Progresses der Grunderkrankung aus CA209-76K – Zeit bis zum ersten Auftreten des UE

Sensitivitätsanalyse: Endpunkte unerwünschte Ereignisse ohne Erfassung des Progresses der Grunderkrankung aus CA209-76K – Zeit bis zum ersten Auftreten des UE ohne Zensurierung am Tag vor Beginn der Behandlung mit Nivolumab im unverblindeten Teil

Ergänzende Analysen

Protocol: CA20976K

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Table 22.2
 Adverse Events: Time-Adjusted Analyses
 Excluding Progression Terms
 All Treated Subjects Censoring at Complete End of Safety Window

Adverse Events (AE)	Nivolumab			Placebo			Nivolumab vs. Placebo	
	N	Subjects with Event n (%)	KME [95%CI] (mon) (1)	N	Subjects with Event n (%)	KME [95%CI] (mon) (1)	HR [95%CI] (2)	P-value (3)
SUBJECTS WITH ANY AES	524	508 (96.9)	0.95 (0.89, 0.95)	264	233 (88.3)	1.77 (1.12, 1.91)	1.712 (1.462, 2.006)	<0.0001
SUBJECTS WITH CTCAE GRADES >= 3 AES	524	146 (27.9)	N.A.	264	42 (15.9)	N.A.	1.981 (1.405, 2.792)	<0.0001
SUBJECTS WITH SAES	524	98 (18.7)	N.A.	264	34 (12.9)	N.A.	1.602 (1.084, 2.367)	0.0169
SUBJECTS WITH AES LEADING TO DISCONTINUATION OF STUDY TREATMENT	524	116 (22.1)	N.A.	264	9 (3.4)	N.A.	7.241 (3.675, 14.269)	<0.0001

Apr 2023 DBL. Includes events reported from the first dose of study therapy in the blinded phase

Subjects without events are censored 100 days

after last dose of study therapy in the blinded phase.

HR = hazard ratio; KME = Kaplan-Meier estimate; N.M.E. = Not Meaningful Estimable.

(1) KME of median time to first AE.

(2) Stratified Cox proportional hazard model. HR is nivolumab over Placebo.

(3) Log-rank test stratified by AJCC T Stage at Study Entry, as entered in IRT.

MedDRA Version: 25.1; CTC Version 5.0

Program Source: /opt/zfs001/prd/bms214671/stats/market/prog/tables/rt-ae-aetahrx-ta-ebr1575b1.sas

19JUL2023:12:29:04

Anhang 4-G 2.2: Ergebnisse für Endpunkte Unerwünschte Ereignisse von besonderem Interesse (UESI) aus CA209-76K – Zeit bis zum ersten Auftreten des UE

Anhang 4-G 2.2.1: Ergebnisse für Endpunkte spezifische immunvermittelte UE (imUE) aus CA209-76K – Zeit bis zum ersten Auftreten des UE

Anhang 4-G 2.2.1.1 Ergebnisse für Endpunkte jegliche spezifische immunvermittelte UE aus CA209-76K – Zeit bis zum ersten Auftreten des UE

Ergänzende Analysen

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Table 25.1
Immune-mediated Adverse Events: Time-Adjusted Analyses
On Hazard Ratio
All Treated Subjects Censoring at Open-Label Nivolumab

Immune-Mediated Adverse Events (IMAE)	Nivolumab				Placebo				Nivolumab vs. Placebo	
	N	Subjects with Event n (%)	Censored Subjects n (%)	KME [95%CI] (mon) (1)	N	Subjects with Event n (%)	Censored Subjects n (%)	KME [95%CI] (mon) (1)	HR [95%CI] (2)	P-value (3)
SUBJECTS WITH ANY IMAES	524	186 (35.5)	338 (64.5)	N.A.	264	17 (6.4)	247 (93.6)	N.A.	6.899 (4.197, 11.340)	<0.0001
SUBJECTS WITH PNEUMONITIS IMAES	524	5 (1.0)	519 (99.0)	N.A.	264	2 (0.8)	262 (99.2)	N.A.	1.411 (0.274, 7.276)	0.6793
SUBJECTS WITH DIARRHEA/COLITIS IMAES	524	26 (5.0)	498 (95.0)	N.A.	264	2 (0.8)	262 (99.2)	N.A.	7.044 (1.672, 29.684)	0.0019
SUBJECTS WITH HEPATITIS IMAES	524	22 (4.2)	502 (95.8)	N.A.	264	1 (0.4)	263 (99.6)	N.A.	11.581 (1.561, 85.930)	0.0024
SUBJECTS WITH NEPHRITIS AND RENAL DYSFUNCTION IMAES	524	4 (0.8)	520 (99.2)	N.A.	264	1 (0.4)	263 (99.6)	N.A.	2.060 (0.230, 18.437)	0.5088
SUBJECTS WITH RASH IMAES	524	45 (8.6)	479 (91.4)	N.A.	264	4 (1.5)	260 (98.5)	N.A.	6.147 (2.210, 17.094)	<0.0001
SUBJECTS WITH HYPERSENSITIVITY IMAES	524	7 (1.3)	517 (98.7)	N.A.	264	0	264 (100.0)	N.E.	N.E.	0.0572
SUBJECTS WITH ADRENAL INSUFFICIENCY IMAES	524	12 (2.3)	512 (97.7)	N.A.	264	3 (1.1)	261 (98.9)	N.A.	2.279 (0.643, 8.087)	0.1897
SUBJECTS WITH HYPOPHYSITIS IMAES	524	9 (1.7)	515 (98.3)	N.A.	264	2 (0.8)	262 (99.2)	N.A.	2.404 (0.519, 11.129)	0.2469
SUBJECTS WITH HYPOTHYROIDISM/ THYROIDITIS IMAES	524	68 (13.0)	456 (87.0)	N.A.	264	1 (0.4)	263 (99.6)	N.A.	38.365 (5.327, >99.999)	<0.0001

Apr 2023 DBL. Includes events reported from the first dose of study therapy in the blinded phase
Subjects without events are censored 100 days after last dose of study therapy in the blinded phase,
or at the day before start of Nivolumab treatment in the open-label phase, whichever occurs earlier.
HR = hazard ratio; KME = Kaplan-Meier estimate; N.E. = Not estimable.

- (1) KME of median time to first AE.
- (2) Stratified Cox proportional hazard model. HR is nivolumab over Placebo.
- (3) Log-rank test stratified by AJCC T Stage at Study Entry, as entered in IRT.

MedDRA Version: 25.1; CTC Version 5.0

Program Source: /opt/zfs001/prd/bms214671/stats/market/prog/tables/rt-ae-timaetahrt-ebr1575.sas

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Ergänzende Analysen

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Table 25.1
 Immune-mediated Adverse Events: Time-Adjusted Analyses
 On Hazard Ratio
 All Treated Subjects Censoring at Open-Label Nivolumab

Immune-Mediated Adverse Events (IMAE)	Nivolumab				Placebo				Nivolumab vs. Placebo	
	N	Subjects with Event n (%)	Censored Subjects n (%)	KME [95%CI] (mon) (1)	N	Subjects with Event n (%)	Censored Subjects n (%)	KME [95%CI] (mon) (1)	HR [95%CI] (2)	P-value (3)
SUBJECTS WITH HYPOTHYROIDISM IMAES	524	64 (12.2)	460 (87.8)	N.A.	264	0	264 (100.0)	N.E.	N.E.	<0.0001
SUBJECTS WITH THYROIDITIS IMAES	524	6 (1.1)	518 (98.9)	N.A.	264	1 (0.4)	263 (99.6)	N.A.	3.147 (0.379, 26.136)	0.2625
SUBJECTS WITH HYPERTHYROIDISM IMAES	524	40 (7.6)	484 (92.4)	N.A.	264	3 (1.1)	261 (98.9)	N.A.	7.180 (2.221, 23.212)	0.0001
SUBJECTS WITH DIABETES MELLITUS IMAES	524	3 (0.6)	521 (99.4)	N.A.	264	0	264 (100.0)	N.E.	N.E.	0.2108

Apr 2023 DBL. Includes events reported from the first dose of study therapy in the blinded phase
 Subjects without events are censored 100 days after last dose of study therapy in the blinded phase,
 or at the day before start of Nivolumab treatment in the open-label phase, whichever occurs earlier.
 HR = hazard ratio; KME = Kaplan-Meier estimate; N.E. = Not estimable.

- (1) KME of median time to first AE.
- (2) Stratified Cox proportional hazard model. HR is nivolumab over Placebo.
- (3) Log-rank test stratified by AJCC T Stage at Study Entry, as entered in IRT.

MedDRA Version: 25.1; CTC Version 5.0

Program Source: /opt/zfs001/prd/bms214671/stats/market/prog/tables/rt-ae-timaetahrt-ebr1575.sas

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Anhang 4-G 2.2.1.2 Ergebnisse für Endpunkte schwere spezifische immunvermittelte UE aus CA209-76K – Zeit bis zum ersten Auftreten des UE

Ergänzende Analysen

Protocol: CA20976K

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Table 25.3
Immune-mediated Adverse Events with CTCAE Grade 3-4-5: Time-Adjusted Analyses
On Hazard Ratio
All Treated Subjects Censoring at Open-Label Nivolumab

Immune-Mediated Adverse Events (IMAE)	Nivolumab				Placebo				Nivolumab vs. Placebo	
	N	Subjects with Event n (%)	Censored Subjects n (%)	KME [95%CI] (mon) (1)	N	Subjects with Event n (%)	Censored Subjects n (%)	KME [95%CI] (mon) (1)	HR [95%CI] (2)	P-value (3)
SUBJECTS WITH IMAES CTCAE GRADES >= 3	524	39 (7.4)	485 (92.6)	N.A.	264	1 (0.4)	263 (99.6)	N.A.	21.249 (2.919, >99.999)	<0.0001
SUBJECTS WITH PNEUMONITIS IMAES	524	1 (0.2)	523 (99.8)	N.A.	264	0	264 (100.0)	N.E.	N.E.	0.4598
SUBJECTS WITH DIARRHEA/COLITIS IMAES	524	8 (1.5)	516 (98.5)	N.A.	264	1 (0.4)	263 (99.6)	N.A.	4.289 (0.536, 34.309)	0.1344
SUBJECTS WITH HEPATITIS IMAES	524	14 (2.7)	510 (97.3)	N.A.	264	0	264 (100.0)	N.E.	N.E.	0.0068
SUBJECTS WITH NEPHRITIS AND RENAL DYSFUNCTION IMAES	524	2 (0.4)	522 (99.6)	N.A.	264	0	264 (100.0)	N.E.	N.E.	0.3105
SUBJECTS WITH RASH IMAES	524	5 (1.0)	519 (99.0)	N.A.	264	0	264 (100.0)	N.E.	N.E.	0.0943
SUBJECTS WITH HYPERSENSITIVITY IMAES	524	0	524 (100.0)	N.E.	264	0	264 (100.0)	N.E.	N.E.	N.E.
SUBJECTS WITH ADRENAL INSUFFICIENCY IMAES	524	3 (0.6)	521 (99.4)	N.A.	264	0	264 (100.0)	N.E.	N.E.	0.1784
SUBJECTS WITH HYPOPHYSITIS IMAES	524	5 (1.0)	519 (99.0)	N.A.	264	0	264 (100.0)	N.E.	N.E.	0.1037
SUBJECTS WITH HYPOTHYROIDISM/ THYROIDITIS IMAES	524	0	524 (100.0)	N.E.	264	0	264 (100.0)	N.E.	N.E.	N.E.

Apr 2023 DBL. Includes events reported from the first dose of study therapy in the blinded phase
Subjects without events are censored 100 days after last dose of study therapy in the blinded phase, or at the day before start of Nivolumab treatment in the open-label phase, whichever occurs earlier.
HR = hazard ratio; KME = Kaplan-Meier estimate; N.E. = Not estimable.

- (1) KME of median time to first AE.
- (2) Stratified Cox proportional hazard model. HR is nivolumab over Placebo.
- (3) Log-rank test stratified by AJCC T Stage at Study Entry, as entered in IRT.

MedDRA Version: 25.1; CTC Version 5.0

Program Source: /opt/zfs001/prd/bms214671/stats/market/prog/tables/rt-ae-timaetahrt-ebr1575.sas

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Ergänzende Analysen

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Table 25.3
 Immune-mediated Adverse Events with CTCAE Grade 3-4-5: Time-Adjusted Analyses
 On Hazard Ratio
 All Treated Subjects Censoring at Open-Label Nivolumab

Immune-Mediated Adverse Events (IMAE)	Nivolumab				Placebo				Nivolumab vs. Placebo	
	N	Subjects with Event n (%)	Censored Subjects n (%)	KME [95%CI] (mon) (1)	N	Subjects with Event n (%)	Censored Subjects n (%)	KME [95%CI] (mon) (1)	HR [95%CI] (2)	P-value (3)
SUBJECTS WITH HYPOTHYROIDISM IMAES	524	0	524 (100.0)	N.E.	264	0	264 (100.0)	N.E.	N.E.	N.E.
SUBJECTS WITH THYROIDITIS IMAES	524	0	524 (100.0)	N.E.	264	0	264 (100.0)	N.E.	N.E.	N.E.
SUBJECTS WITH HYPERTHYROIDISM IMAES	524	1 (0.2)	523 (99.8)	N.A.	264	0	264 (100.0)	N.E.	N.E.	0.4712
SUBJECTS WITH DIABETES MELLITUS IMAES	524	3 (0.6)	521 (99.4)	N.A.	264	0	264 (100.0)	N.E.	N.E.	0.2108

Apr 2023 DBL. Includes events reported from the first dose of study therapy in the blinded phase
 Subjects without events are censored 100 days after last dose of study therapy in the blinded phase,
 or at the day before start of Nivolumab treatment in the open-label phase, whichever occurs earlier.
 HR = hazard ratio; KME = Kaplan-Meier estimate; N.E. = Not estimable.

- (1) KME of median time to first AE.
- (2) Stratified Cox proportional hazard model. HR is nivolumab over Placebo.
- (3) Log-rank test stratified by AJCC T Stage at Study Entry, as entered in IRT.

MedDRA Version: 25.1; CTC Version 5.0

Program Source: /opt/zfs001/prd/bms214671/stats/market/prog/tables/rt-ae-timaetahrt-ebr1575.sas

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Anhang 4-G 2.2.1.3 Ergebnisse für Endpunkte schwerwiegende spezifische immunvermittelte UE aus CA209-76K – Zeit bis zum ersten Auftreten des UE

Ergänzende Analysen

Protocol: CA20976K

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Table 25.5
 Serious Immune-mediated Adverse Events : Time-Adjusted Analyses
 On Hazard Ratio
 All Treated Subjects Censoring at Open-Label Nivolumab

Immune-Mediated Adverse Events (IMAE)	Nivolumab				Placebo				Nivolumab vs. Placebo	
	N	Subjects with Event n (%)	Censored Subjects n (%)	KME [95%CI] (mon) (1)	N	Subjects with Event n (%)	Censored Subjects n (%)	KME [95%CI] (mon) (1)	HR [95%CI] (2)	P-value (3)
SUBJECTS WITH SERIOUS IMAES	524	22 (4.2)	502 (95.8)	N.A.	264	3 (1.1)	261 (98.9)	N.A.	3.976 (1.190, 13.287)	0.0153
SUBJECTS WITH PNEUMONITIS IMAES	524	1 (0.2)	523 (99.8)	N.A.	264	0	264 (100.0)	N.E.	N.E.	0.4598
SUBJECTS WITH DIARRHEA/COLITIS IMAES	524	5 (1.0)	519 (99.0)	N.A.	264	2 (0.8)	262 (99.2)	N.A.	1.374 (0.266, 7.089)	0.7027
SUBJECTS WITH HEPATITIS IMAES	524	7 (1.3)	517 (98.7)	N.A.	264	0	264 (100.0)	N.E.	N.E.	0.0561
SUBJECTS WITH NEPHRITIS AND RENAL DYSFUNCTION IMAES	524	2 (0.4)	522 (99.6)	N.A.	264	1 (0.4)	263 (99.6)	N.A.	1.015 (0.092, 11.200)	0.9901
SUBJECTS WITH RASH IMAES	524	0	524 (100.0)	N.E.	264	0	264 (100.0)	N.E.	N.E.	N.E.
SUBJECTS WITH HYPERSENSITIVITY IMAES	524	0	524 (100.0)	N.E.	264	0	264 (100.0)	N.E.	N.E.	N.E.
SUBJECTS WITH ADRENAL INSUFFICIENCY IMAES	524	3 (0.6)	521 (99.4)	N.A.	264	0	264 (100.0)	N.E.	N.E.	0.1784
SUBJECTS WITH HYPOPHYSITIS IMAES	524	4 (0.8)	520 (99.2)	N.A.	264	0	264 (100.0)	N.E.	N.E.	0.1481
SUBJECTS WITH HYPOTHYROIDISM/ THYROIDITIS IMAES	524	0	524 (100.0)	N.E.	264	0	264 (100.0)	N.E.	N.E.	N.E.

Apr 2023 DBL. Includes events reported from the first dose of study therapy in the blinded phase
 Subjects without events are censored 100 days after last dose of study therapy in the blinded phase,
 or at the day before start of Nivolumab treatment in the open-label phase, whichever occurs earlier.
 HR = hazard ratio; KME = Kaplan-Meier estimate; N.E. = Not estimable.

- (1) KME of median time to first AE.
- (2) Stratified Cox proportional hazard model. HR is nivolumab over Placebo.
- (3) Log-rank test stratified by AJCC T Stage at Study Entry, as entered in IRT.

MedDRA Version: 25.1; CTC Version 5.0

Program Source: /opt/zfs001/prd/bms214671/stats/market/prog/tables/rt-ae-timaetahrt-ebr1575.sas

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Ergänzende Analysen

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Table 25.5
 Serious Immune-mediated Adverse Events : Time-Adjusted Analyses
 On Hazard Ratio
 All Treated Subjects Censoring at Open-Label Nivolumab

Immune-Mediated Adverse Events (IMAE)	Nivolumab				Placebo				Nivolumab vs. Placebo	
	N	Subjects with Event n (%)	Censored Subjects n (%)	KME [95%CI] (mon) (1)	N	Subjects with Event n (%)	Censored Subjects n (%)	KME [95%CI] (mon) (1)	HR [95%CI] (2)	P-value (3)
SUBJECTS WITH HYPOTHYROIDISM IMAES	524	0	524 (100.0)	N.E.	264	0	264 (100.0)	N.E.	N.E.	N.E.
SUBJECTS WITH THYROIDITIS IMAES	524	0	524 (100.0)	N.E.	264	0	264 (100.0)	N.E.	N.E.	N.E.
SUBJECTS WITH HYPERTHYROIDISM IMAES	524	1 (0.2)	523 (99.8)	N.A.	264	0	264 (100.0)	N.E.	N.E.	0.4712
SUBJECTS WITH DIABETES MELLITUS IMAES	524	1 (0.2)	523 (99.8)	N.A.	264	0	264 (100.0)	N.E.	N.E.	0.4594

Apr 2023 DBL. Includes events reported from the first dose of study therapy in the blinded phase
 Subjects without events are censored 100 days after last dose of study therapy in the blinded phase,
 or at the day before start of Nivolumab treatment in the open-label phase, whichever occurs earlier.
 HR = hazard ratio; KME = Kaplan-Meier estimate; N.E. = Not estimable.

- (1) KME of median time to first AE.
- (2) Stratified Cox proportional hazard model. HR is nivolumab over Placebo.
- (3) Log-rank test stratified by AJCC T Stage at Study Entry, as entered in IRT.

MedDRA Version: 25.1; CTC Version 5.0

Program Source: /opt/zfs001/prd/bms214671/stats/market/prog/tables/rt-ae-timaetahrt-ebr1575.sas

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Anhang 4-G 2.2.2: Ergebnisse für Endpunkte spezifische UE (select UE) aus CA209-76K – Zeit bis zum ersten Auftreten des UE

Anhang 4-G 2.2.2.1 Ergebnisse für Endpunkte jegliche spezifische UE aus CA209-76K – Zeit bis zum ersten Auftreten des UE

Ergänzende Analysen

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Table 24.1
 Select Adverse Events: Time-Adjusted Analyses
 On Hazard Ratio
 All Treated Subjects Censoring at Open-Label Nivolumab

Select Adverse Events (SLAE)	Nivolumab			Placebo			Nivolumab vs. Placebo	
	N	Subjects with Event n (%)	KME [95%CI] (mon) (1)	N	Subjects with Event n (%)	KME [95%CI] (mon) (1)	HR [95%CI] (2)	P-value (3)
SUBJECTS WITH ANY SELECT AES	524	399 (76.1)	2.86 (2.46, 3.65)	264	131 (49.6)	11.60 (8.94, N.A.)	2.239 (1.836, 2.732)	<0.0001
SUBJECTS WITH ENDOCRINE AES	524	126 (24.0)	N.A.	264	16 (6.1)	N.A.	4.715 (2.802, 7.936)	<0.0001
SUBJECTS WITH GASTROINTESTINAL AES	524	132 (25.2)	N.A.	264	46 (17.4)	N.A.	1.556 (1.112, 2.176)	0.0093
SUBJECTS WITH HEPATIC AES	524	93 (17.7)	N.A.	264	38 (14.4)	N.A.	1.327 (0.909, 1.935)	0.1411
SUBJECTS WITH PULMONARY AES	524	11 (2.1)	N.A.	264	3 (1.1)	N.A.	2.016 (0.562, 7.231)	0.2722
SUBJECTS WITH RENAL AES	524	33 (6.3)	N.A.	264	12 (4.5)	N.A.	1.494 (0.771, 2.893)	0.2309
SUBJECTS WITH SKIN AES	524	224 (42.7)	N.A. (11.99, N.A.)	264	68 (25.8)	N.A.	1.994 (1.519, 2.616)	<0.0001

Apr 2023 DBL. Includes events reported from the first dose of study therapy in the blinded phase
 Subjects without events are censored 100 days after last dose of study therapy in the blinded phase,
 or at the day before start of Nivolumab treatment in the open-label phase, whichever occurs earlier.
 HR = hazard ratio; KME = Kaplan-Meier estimate; N.E. = Not estimable.

- (1) KME of median time to first AE.
- (2) Stratified Cox proportional hazard model. HR is nivolumab over Placebo.
- (3) Log-rank test stratified by AJCC T Stage at Study Entry, as entered in IRT.

MedDRA Version: 25.1; CTC Version 5.0

Program Source: /opt/zfs001/prd/bms214671/stats/market/prog/tables/rt-ae-slaetahrt-ebr1575-b4.sas

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Table 24.1
 Select Adverse Events: Time-Adjusted Analyses
 On Hazard Ratio
 All Treated Subjects Censoring at Open-Label Nivolumab

Select Adverse Events (SLAE)	Nivolumab			Placebo			Nivolumab vs. Placebo	
	N	Subjects with Event n (%)	KME [95%CI] (mon) (1)	N	Subjects with Event n (%)	KME [95%CI] (mon) (1)	HR [95%CI] (2)	P-value (3)
SUBJECTS WITH HYPERSENSITIVITY/ INFUSION REACTION AES	524	34 (6.5)	N.A.	264	2 (0.8)	N.A.	8.867 (2.131, 36.902)	0.0003

Apr 2023 DBL. Includes events reported from the first dose of study therapy in the blinded phase
 Subjects without events are censored 100 days after last dose of study therapy in the blinded phase,
 or at the day before start of Nivolumab treatment in the open-label phase, whichever occurs earlier.
 HR = hazard ratio; KME = Kaplan-Meier estimate; N.E. = Not estimable.

- (1) KME of median time to first AE.
- (2) Stratified Cox proportional hazard model. HR is nivolumab over Placebo.
- (3) Log-rank test stratified by AJCC T Stage at Study Entry, as entered in IRT.

MedDRA Version: 25.1; CTC Version 5.0

Program Source: /opt/zfs001/prd/bms214671/stats/market/prog/tables/rt-ae-slaetahrt-ebr1575-b4.sas

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Anhang 4-G 2.2.2.2 Ergebnisse für Endpunkte schwere spezifische UE aus CA209-76K – Zeit bis zum ersten Auftreten des UE

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Table 24.3
 Select Adverse Events with CTCAE Grade 3-4-5: Time-Adjusted Analyses
 On Hazard Ratio
 All Treated Subjects Censoring at Open-Label Nivolumab

Select Adverse Events (SLAE)	Nivolumab			Placebo			Nivolumab vs. Placebo	
	N	Subjects with Event n (%)	KME [95%CI] (mon) (1)	N	Subjects with Event n (%)	KME [95%CI] (mon) (1)	HR [95%CI] (2)	P-value (3)
SUBJECTS WITH SELECT AES CTCAE GRADES >= 3	524	55 (10.5)	N.A.	264	7 (2.7)	N.A.	4.328 (1.971, 9.507)	<0.0001
SUBJECTS WITH ENDOCRINE AES	524	12 (2.3)	N.A.	264	0	N.E.	N.E.	0.0105
SUBJECTS WITH GASTROINTESTINAL AES	524	11 (2.1)	N.A.	264	1 (0.4)	N.A.	5.839 (0.754, 45.234)	0.0553
SUBJECTS WITH HEPATIC AES	524	24 (4.6)	N.A.	264	4 (1.5)	N.A.	3.208 (1.113, 9.247)	0.0225
SUBJECTS WITH PULMONARY AES	524	2 (0.4)	N.A.	264	0	N.E.	N.E.	0.3070
SUBJECTS WITH RENAL AES	524	2 (0.4)	N.A.	264	1 (0.4)	N.A.	1.031 (0.093, 11.369)	0.9801
SUBJECTS WITH SKIN AES	524	7 (1.3)	N.A.	264	2 (0.8)	N.A.	2.005 (0.416, 9.665)	0.3766

Apr 2023 DBL. Includes events reported from the first dose of study therapy in the blinded phase
 Subjects without events are censored 100 days after last dose of study therapy in the blinded phase,
 or at the day before start of Nivolumab treatment in the open-label phase, whichever occurs earlier.
 HR = hazard ratio; KME = Kaplan-Meier estimate; N.E. = Not estimable.

- (1) KME of median time to first AE.
- (2) Stratified Cox proportional hazard model. HR is nivolumab over Placebo.
- (3) Log-rank test stratified by AJCC T Stage at Study Entry, as entered in IRT.

MedDRA Version: 25.1; CTC Version 5.0

Program Source: /opt/zfs001/prd/bms214671/stats/market/prog/tables/rt-ae-slaetahrt-ebr1575-b4.sas

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Table 24.3
 Select Adverse Events with CTCAE Grade 3-4-5: Time-Adjusted Analyses
 On Hazard Ratio
 All Treated Subjects Censoring at Open-Label Nivolumab

Select Adverse Events (SLAE)	Nivolumab			Placebo			Nivolumab vs. Placebo	
	N	Subjects with Event n (%)	KME [95%CI] (mon) (1)	N	Subjects with Event n (%)	KME [95%CI] (mon) (1)	HR [95%CI] (2)	P-value (3)
SUBJECTS WITH HYPERSENSITIVITY/ INFUSION REACTION AES	524	0	N.E.	264	0	N.E.	N.E.	N.E.

Apr 2023 DBL. Includes events reported from the first dose of study therapy in the blinded phase
 Subjects without events are censored 100 days after last dose of study therapy in the blinded phase,
 or at the day before start of Nivolumab treatment in the open-label phase, whichever occurs earlier.
 HR = hazard ratio; KME = Kaplan-Meier estimate; N.E. = Not estimable.

- (1) KME of median time to first AE.
- (2) Stratified Cox proportional hazard model. HR is nivolumab over Placebo.
- (3) Log-rank test stratified by AJCC T Stage at Study Entry, as entered in IRT.

MedDRA Version: 25.1; CTC Version 5.0

Program Source: /opt/zfs001/prd/bms214671/stats/market/prog/tables/rt-ae-slaetahrt-ebr1575-b4.sas

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Anhang 4-G 2.2.2.3 Ergebnisse für Endpunkte schwerwiegende spezifische UE aus CA209-76K – Zeit bis zum ersten Auftreten des UE

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Table 24.5
 Serious Select Adverse Events : Time-Adjusted Analyses
 On Hazard Ratio
 All Treated Subjects Censoring at Open-Label Nivolumab

Select Adverse Events (SLAE)	Nivolumab			Placebo			Nivolumab vs. Placebo	
	N	Subjects with Event n (%)	KME [95%CI] (mon) (1)	N	Subjects with Event n (%)	KME [95%CI] (mon) (1)	HR [95%CI] (2)	P-value (3)
SUBJECTS WITH SERIOUS SELECT AES	524	29 (5.5)	N.A.	264	7 (2.7)	N.A.	2.252 (0.986, 5.144)	0.0477
SUBJECTS WITH ENDOCRINE AES	524	9 (1.7)	N.A.	264	0	N.E.	N.E.	0.0257
SUBJECTS WITH GASTROINTESTINAL AES	524	7 (1.3)	N.A.	264	2 (0.8)	N.A.	1.896 (0.394, 9.131)	0.4172
SUBJECTS WITH HEPATIC AES	524	11 (2.1)	N.A.	264	2 (0.8)	N.A.	2.943 (0.652, 13.283)	0.1409
SUBJECTS WITH PULMONARY AES	524	2 (0.4)	N.A.	264	1 (0.4)	N.A.	1.047 (0.095, 11.546)	0.9700
SUBJECTS WITH RENAL AES	524	3 (0.6)	N.A.	264	2 (0.8)	N.A.	0.766 (0.128, 4.584)	0.7694
SUBJECTS WITH SKIN AES	524	0	N.E.	264	1 (0.4)	N.A.	N.E.	0.2281

Apr 2023 DBL. Includes events reported from the first dose of study therapy in the blinded phase
 Subjects without events are censored 100 days after last dose of study therapy in the blinded phase,
 or at the day before start of Nivolumab treatment in the open-label phase, whichever occurs earlier.
 HR = hazard ratio; KME = Kaplan-Meier estimate; N.E. = Not estimable.

- (1) KME of median time to first AE.
- (2) Stratified Cox proportional hazard model. HR is nivolumab over Placebo.
- (3) Log-rank test stratified by AJCC T Stage at Study Entry, as entered in IRT.

MedDRA Version: 25.1; CTC Version 5.0

Program Source: /opt/zfs001/prd/bms214671/stats/market/prog/tables/rt-ae-slaetahrt-ebr1575-b4.sas

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Table 24.5
 Serious Select Adverse Events : Time-Adjusted Analyses
 On Hazard Ratio
 All Treated Subjects Censoring at Open-Label Nivolumab

Select Adverse Events (SLAE)	Nivolumab			Placebo			Nivolumab vs. Placebo	
	N	Subjects with Event n (%)	KME [95%CI] (mon) (1)	N	Subjects with Event n (%)	KME [95%CI] (mon) (1)	HR [95%CI] (2)	P-value (3)
SUBJECTS WITH HYPERSENSITIVITY/ INFUSION REACTION AES	524	0	N.E.	264	0	N.E.	N.E.	N.E.

Apr 2023 DBL. Includes events reported from the first dose of study therapy in the blinded phase
 Subjects without events are censored 100 days after last dose of study therapy in the blinded phase,
 or at the day before start of Nivolumab treatment in the open-label phase, whichever occurs earlier.
 HR = hazard ratio; KME = Kaplan-Meier estimate; N.E. = Not estimable.

- (1) KME of median time to first AE.
- (2) Stratified Cox proportional hazard model. HR is nivolumab over Placebo.
- (3) Log-rank test stratified by AJCC T Stage at Study Entry, as entered in IRT.

MedDRA Version: 25.1; CTC Version 5.0

Program Source: /opt/zfs001/prd/bms214671/stats/market/prog/tables/rt-ae-slaetahrt-ebr1575-b4.sas

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Anhang 4-G 2.2.3: Ergebnisse für Endpunkte weitere UE von speziellem Interesse (OESI) aus CA209-76K – Zeit bis zum ersten Auftreten des UE

Anhang 4-G 2.2.3.1 Ergebnisse für Endpunkte jegliche weitere UE von speziellem Interesse aus CA209-76K – Zeit bis zum ersten Auftreten des UE

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Table 26.1
Other Events of Special Interest: Time-Adjusted Analyses
On Hazard Ratio
All Treated Subjects Censoring at Open-Label Nivolumab

Other Events of Special Interest (OESI)	Nivolumab			Placebo			Nivolumab vs. Placebo	
	N Subjects with Event n (%)	Censored Subjects n (%)	KME (95%CI) (mon) (1)	N Subjects with Event n (%)	Censored Subjects n (%)	KME (95%CI) (mon) (1)	HR (95%CI) (2)	P-value (3)
SUBJECTS WITH ANY OESIS	524 17 (3.2)	507 (96.8)	N.A.	264 2 (0.8)	262 (99.2)	N.A.	4.557 (1.053, 19.729)	0.0259
SUBJECTS WITH MYASTHENIC SYNDROME	524 0	524 (100.0)	N.E.	264 0	264 (100.0)	N.E.	N.E.	N.E.
SUBJECTS WITH DEMYELINATION EVENT	524 0	524 (100.0)	N.E.	264 0	264 (100.0)	N.E.	N.E.	N.E.
SUBJECTS WITH GUILLAIN-BARRE SYNDROME	524 0	524 (100.0)	N.E.	264 0	264 (100.0)	N.E.	N.E.	N.E.
SUBJECTS WITH PANCREATITIS EVENT	524 8 (1.5)	516 (98.5)	N.A.	264 0	264 (100.0)	N.E.	N.E.	0.0368
SUBJECTS WITH UVEITIS EVENT	524 2 (0.4)	522 (99.6)	N.A.	264 0	264 (100.0)	N.E.	N.E.	0.2926
SUBJECTS WITH ENCEPHALITIS EVENT	524 0	524 (100.0)	N.E.	264 0	264 (100.0)	N.E.	N.E.	N.E.

Apr 2023 DBL. Includes events reported from the first dose of study therapy in the blinded phase
Subjects without events are censored 100 days after last dose of study therapy in the blinded phase,
or at the day before start of Nivolumab treatment in the open-label phase, whichever occurs earlier.
HR = hazard ratio; KME = Kaplan-Meier estimate; N.E. = Not estimable.

- (1) KME of median time to first AE.
- (2) Stratified Cox proportional hazard model. HR is nivolumab over Placebo.
- (3) Log-rank test stratified by AJCC T Stage at Study Entry, as entered in IRT.

MedDRA Version: 25.1; CTC Version 5.0

Program Source: /opt/zfs001/prd/bms214671/stats/market/prog/tables/rt-ae-toesi-tahr--ta-cens-eb1575-b4.sas

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Table 26.1
Other Events of Special Interest: Time-Adjusted Analyses
On Hazard Ratio
All Treated Subjects Censoring at Open-Label Nivolumab

Other Events of Special Interest (OESI)	Nivolumab			Placebo			Nivolumab vs. Placebo	
	N Subjects with Event n (%)	Censored Subjects n (%)	KME (95%CI) (mon) (1)	N Subjects with Event n (%)	Censored Subjects n (%)	KME (95%CI) (mon) (1)	HR (95%CI) (2)	P-value (3)
SUBJECTS WITH MYOCARDITIS EVENT	524 3 (0.6)	521 (99.4)	N.A.	264 0	264 (100.0)	N.E.	N.E.	0.2212
SUBJECTS WITH MYOSITIS/RHABDOMYOLYSIS EVENT	524 8 (1.5)	516 (98.5)	N.A.	264 2 (0.8)	262 (99.2)	N.A.	2.073 (0.440, 9.763)	0.3459
SUBJECTS WITH GRAFT VERSUS HOST DISEASE	524 0	524 (100.0)	N.E.	264 0	264 (100.0)	N.E.	N.E.	N.E.
SUBJECTS WITH AUTOIMMUNE CYTOPENIA	524 0	524 (100.0)	N.E.	264 0	264 (100.0)	N.E.	N.E.	N.E.
SUBJECTS WITH AUTOIMMUNE EYE DISORDER	524 0	524 (100.0)	N.E.	264 0	264 (100.0)	N.E.	N.E.	N.E.
SUBJECTS WITH IMMUNE MEDIATED ARTHRITIS	524 0	524 (100.0)	N.E.	264 0	264 (100.0)	N.E.	N.E.	N.E.

Apr 2023 DBL. Includes events reported from the first dose of study therapy in the blinded phase
Subjects without events are censored 100 days after last dose of study therapy in the blinded phase,
or at the day before start of Nivolumab treatment in the open-label phase, whichever occurs earlier.
HR = hazard ratio; KME = Kaplan-Meier estimate; N.E. = Not estimable.

- (1) KME of median time to first AE.
- (2) Stratified Cox proportional hazard model. HR is nivolumab over Placebo.
- (3) Log-rank test stratified by AJCC T Stage at Study Entry, as entered in IRT.

MedDRA Version: 25.1; CTC Version 5.0

Program Source: /opt/zfs001/prd/bms214671/stats/market/prog/tables/rt-ae-toesi-tahr--ta-cens-eb1575-b4.sas

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Anhang 4-G 2.2.3.2 Ergebnisse für Endpunkte schwere weitere UE von speziellem Interesse aus CA209-76K – Zeit bis zum ersten Auftreten des UE

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Table 26.3
Other Events of Special Interest with CTCAE Grade 3-4-5: Time-Adjusted Analyses
On Hazard Ratio
All Treated Subjects Censoring at Open-Label Nivolumab

Other Events of Special Interest (OESI)	Nivolumab			Placebo			Nivolumab vs. Placebo	
	N Subjects with Event n (%)	Censored Subjects n (%)	KME (95%CI) (mon) (1)	N Subjects with Event n (%)	Censored Subjects n (%)	KME (95%CI) (mon) (1)	HR (95%CI) (2)	P-value (3)
SUBJECTS WITH ANY OESIS	524 7 (1.3)	517 (98.7)	N.A.	264 1 (0.4)	263 (99.6)	N.A.	3.660 (0.450, 29.749)	0.1934
SUBJECTS WITH MYASTHENIC SYNDROME	524 0	524 (100.0)	N.E.	264 0	264 (100.0)	N.E.	N.E.	N.E.
SUBJECTS WITH DEMYELINATION EVENT	524 0	524 (100.0)	N.E.	264 0	264 (100.0)	N.E.	N.E.	N.E.
SUBJECTS WITH GUILLAIN-BARRE SYNDROME	524 0	524 (100.0)	N.E.	264 0	264 (100.0)	N.E.	N.E.	N.E.
SUBJECTS WITH PANCREATITIS EVENT	524 2 (0.4)	522 (99.6)	N.A.	264 0	264 (100.0)	N.E.	N.E.	0.3076
SUBJECTS WITH UVEITIS EVENT	524 0	524 (100.0)	N.E.	264 0	264 (100.0)	N.E.	N.E.	N.E.
SUBJECTS WITH ENCEPHALITIS EVENT	524 0	524 (100.0)	N.E.	264 0	264 (100.0)	N.E.	N.E.	N.E.

Apr 2023 DBL. Includes events reported from the first dose of study therapy in the blinded phase
Subjects without events are censored 100 days after last dose of study therapy in the blinded phase,
or at the day before start of Nivolumab treatment in the open-label phase, whichever occurs earlier.
HR = hazard ratio; KME = Kaplan-Meier estimate; N.E. = Not estimable.

- (1) KME of median time to first AE.
- (2) Stratified Cox proportional hazard model. HR is nivolumab over Placebo.
- (3) Log-rank test stratified by AJCC T Stage at Study Entry, as entered in IRT.

MedDRA Version: 25.1; CTC Version 5.0

Program Source: /opt/zfs001/prd/bms214671/stats/market/prog/tables/rt-ae-toesi-tahr--ta-cens-eb1575-b4.sas

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Table 26.3
Other Events of Special Interest with CTCAE Grade 3-4-5: Time-Adjusted Analyses
On Hazard Ratio
All Treated Subjects Censoring at Open-Label Nivolumab

Other Events of Special Interest (OESI)	Nivolumab			Placebo			Nivolumab vs. Placebo	
	N Subjects with Event n (%)	Censored Subjects n (%)	KME (95%CI) (mon) (1)	N Subjects with Event n (%)	Censored Subjects n (%)	KME (95%CI) (mon) (1)	HR (95%CI) (2)	P-value (3)
SUBJECTS WITH MYOCARDITIS EVENT	524 2 (0.4)	522 (99.6)	N.A.	264 0	264 (100.0)	N.E.	N.E.	0.3170
SUBJECTS WITH MYOSITIS/RHABDOMYOLYSIS EVENT	524 5 (1.0)	519 (99.0)	N.A.	264 1 (0.4)	263 (99.6)	N.A.	2.617 (0.305, 22.415)	0.3618
SUBJECTS WITH GRAFT VERSUS HOST DISEASE	524 0	524 (100.0)	N.E.	264 0	264 (100.0)	N.E.	N.E.	N.E.
SUBJECTS WITH AUTOIMMUNE CYTOPENIA	524 0	524 (100.0)	N.E.	264 0	264 (100.0)	N.E.	N.E.	N.E.
SUBJECTS WITH AUTOIMMUNE EYE DISORDER	524 0	524 (100.0)	N.E.	264 0	264 (100.0)	N.E.	N.E.	N.E.
SUBJECTS WITH IMMUNE MEDIATED ARTHRITIS	524 0	524 (100.0)	N.E.	264 0	264 (100.0)	N.E.	N.E.	N.E.

Apr 2023 DBL. Includes events reported from the first dose of study therapy in the blinded phase
Subjects without events are censored 100 days after last dose of study therapy in the blinded phase,
or at the day before start of Nivolumab treatment in the open-label phase, whichever occurs earlier.
HR = hazard ratio; KME = Kaplan-Meier estimate; N.E. = Not estimable.

- (1) KME of median time to first AE.
- (2) Stratified Cox proportional hazard model. HR is nivolumab over Placebo.
- (3) Log-rank test stratified by AJCC T Stage at Study Entry, as entered in IRT.

MedDRA Version: 25.1; CTC Version 5.0

Program Source: /opt/zfs001/prd/bms214671/stats/market/prog/tables/rt-ae-toesi-tahr--ta-cens-eb1575-b4.sas

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Anhang 4-G 2.2.3.3 Ergebnisse für Endpunkte schwerwiegende weitere UE von speziellem Interesse aus CA209-76K – Zeit bis zum ersten Auftreten des UE

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Table 26.5
 Serious Other Events of Special Interest: Time-Adjusted Analyses
 On Hazard Ratio
 All Treated Subjects Censoring at Open-Label Nivolumab

Other Events of Special Interest (OESI)	Nivolumab			Placebo			Nivolumab vs. Placebo	
	N Subjects with Event n (%)	Censored Subjects n (%)	KME (95%CI) (mon) (1)	N Subjects with Event n (%)	Censored Subjects n (%)	KME (95%CI) (mon) (1)	HR (95%CI) (2)	P-value (3)
SUBJECTS WITH ANY OESIS	524 8 (1.5)	516 (98.5)	N.A.	264 1 (0.4)	263 (99.6)	N.A.	4.108 (0.514, 32.847)	0.1483
SUBJECTS WITH MYASTHENIC SYNDROME	524 0	524 (100.0)	N.E.	264 0	264 (100.0)	N.E.	N.E.	N.E.
SUBJECTS WITH DEMYELINATION EVENT	524 0	524 (100.0)	N.E.	264 0	264 (100.0)	N.E.	N.E.	N.E.
SUBJECTS WITH GUILLAIN-BARRE SYNDROME	524 0	524 (100.0)	N.E.	264 0	264 (100.0)	N.E.	N.E.	N.E.
SUBJECTS WITH PANCREATITIS EVENT	524 3 (0.6)	521 (99.4)	N.A.	264 0	264 (100.0)	N.E.	N.E.	0.2118
SUBJECTS WITH UVEITIS EVENT	524 1 (0.2)	523 (99.8)	N.A.	264 0	264 (100.0)	N.E.	N.E.	0.4757
SUBJECTS WITH ENCEPHALITIS EVENT	524 0	524 (100.0)	N.E.	264 0	264 (100.0)	N.E.	N.E.	N.E.

Apr 2023 DBL. Includes events reported from the first dose of study therapy in the blinded phase
 Subjects without events are censored 100 days after last dose of study therapy in the blinded phase,
 or at the day before start of Nivolumab treatment in the open-label phase, whichever occurs earlier.
 HR = hazard ratio; KME = Kaplan-Meier estimate; N.E. = Not estimable.

- (1) KME of median time to first AE.
- (2) Stratified Cox proportional hazard model. HR is nivolumab over Placebo.
- (3) Log-rank test stratified by AJCC T Stage at Study Entry, as entered in IRT.

MedDRA Version: 25.1; CTC Version 5.0

Program Source: /opt/zfs001/prd/bms214671/stats/market/prog/tables/rt-ae-toesi-tahr--ta-cens-eb1575-b4.sas

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Table 26.5
 Serious Other Events of Special Interest: Time-Adjusted Analyses
 On Hazard Ratio
 All Treated Subjects Censoring at Open-Label Nivolumab

Other Events of Special Interest (OESI)	Nivolumab			Placebo			Nivolumab vs. Placebo	
	N Subjects with Event n (%)	Censored Subjects n (%)	KME (95%CI) (mon) (1)	N Subjects with Event n (%)	Censored Subjects n (%)	KME (95%CI) (mon) (1)	HR (95%CI) (2)	P-value (3)
SUBJECTS WITH MYOCARDITIS EVENT	524 2 (0.4)	522 (99.6)	N.A.	264 0	264 (100.0)	N.E.	N.E.	0.3170
SUBJECTS WITH MYOSITIS/RHABDOMYOLYSIS EVENT	524 4 (0.8)	520 (99.2)	N.A.	264 1 (0.4)	263 (99.6)	N.A.	2.054 (0.230, 18.375)	0.5108
SUBJECTS WITH GRAFT VERSUS HOST DISEASE	524 0	524 (100.0)	N.E.	264 0	264 (100.0)	N.E.	N.E.	N.E.
SUBJECTS WITH AUTOIMMUNE CYTOPENIA	524 0	524 (100.0)	N.E.	264 0	264 (100.0)	N.E.	N.E.	N.E.
SUBJECTS WITH AUTOIMMUNE EYE DISORDER	524 0	524 (100.0)	N.E.	264 0	264 (100.0)	N.E.	N.E.	N.E.
SUBJECTS WITH IMMUNE MEDIATED ARTHRITIS	524 0	524 (100.0)	N.E.	264 0	264 (100.0)	N.E.	N.E.	N.E.

Apr 2023 DBL. Includes events reported from the first dose of study therapy in the blinded phase
 Subjects without events are censored 100 days after last dose of study therapy in the blinded phase,
 or at the day before start of Nivolumab treatment in the open-label phase, whichever occurs earlier.
 HR = hazard ratio; KME = Kaplan-Meier estimate; N.E. = Not estimable.

- (1) KME of median time to first AE.
- (2) Stratified Cox proportional hazard model. HR is nivolumab over Placebo.
- (3) Log-rank test stratified by AJCC T Stage at Study Entry, as entered in IRT.

MedDRA Version: 25.1; CTC Version 5.0

Program Source: /opt/zfs001/prd/bms214671/stats/market/prog/tables/rt-ae-toesi-tahr--ta-cens-eb1575-b4.sas

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Anhang 4-G 2.3: Ergebnisse für Endpunkte häufige Unerwünschte Ereignisse auf SOC/PT-Ebene aus CA209-76K

Anhang 4-G 2.3.1: Ergebnisse für Endpunkte häufige jegliche UE auf SOC/PT-Ebene aus CA209-76K – Zeit bis zum ersten Auftreten des UE

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Table 23.1
 Adverse Events: Time-Adjusted Analyses
 by SOC/PT on Hazard Ratio
 All Treated Subjects Censoring at Open-Label Nivolumab

System Organ Class (%) Preferred Term (%)	Nivolumab			Placebo			Nivolumab vs. Placebo	
	N	Subjects with Event n (%)	KME [95%CI] (mon) (1)	N	Subjects with Event n (%)	KME [95%CI] (mon) (1)	HR [95%CI] (2)	P-value (3)
TOTAL SUBJECTS WITH AN EVENT	524	508 (96.9)	0.95 (0.89, 0.95)	264	234 (88.6)	1.77 (1.12, 1.91)	1.700 (1.452, 1.991)	<0.0001
SKIN AND SUBCUTANEOUS TISSUE DISORDERS	524	271 (51.7)	9.36 (6.47, 12.02)	264	90 (34.1)	N.A.	1.900 (1.496, 2.413)	<0.0001
PRURITUS	524	107 (20.4)	N.A.	264	29 (11.0)	N.A.	2.050 (1.360, 3.091)	0.0005
RASH	524	70 (13.4)	N.A.	264	26 (9.8)	N.A.	1.447 (0.923, 2.271)	0.1056
RASH MACULO-PAPULAR	524	28 (5.3)	N.A.	264	7 (2.7)	N.A.	2.140 (0.934, 4.901)	0.0654
ECZEMA	524	24 (4.6)	N.A.	264	6 (2.3)	N.A.	2.143 (0.876, 5.244)	0.0872
DRY SKIN	524	20 (3.8)	N.A.	264	7 (2.7)	N.A.	1.528 (0.646, 3.616)	0.3306

Apr 2023 DBL. Includes events reported from the first dose of study therapy in the blinded phase
 Subjects without events are censored 100 days after last dose of study therapy in the blinded phase,
 or at the day before start of Nivolumab treatment in the open-label phase, whichever occurs earlier.
 HR = hazard ratio; KME = Kaplan-Meier estimate; N.E. = Not estimable.

- (1) KME of median time to first AE.
- (2) Stratified Cox proportional hazard model. HR is nivolumab over Placebo.
- (3) Log-rank test stratified by AJCC T Stage at Study Entry, as entered in IRT.

MedDRA Version: 25.1; CTC Version 5.0

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Table 23.1
 Adverse Events: Time-Adjusted Analyses
 by SOC/PT on Hazard Ratio
 All Treated Subjects Censoring at Open-Label Nivolumab

System Organ Class (%) Preferred Term (%)	Nivolumab			Placebo			Nivolumab vs. Placebo	
	N	Subjects with Event n (%)	KME [95%CI] (mon) (1)	N	Subjects with Event n (%)	KME [95%CI] (mon) (1)	HR [95%CI] (2)	P-value (3)
RASH PRURITIC	524	12 (2.3)	N.A.	264	1 (0.4)	N.A.	6.201 (0.806, 47.688)	0.0448
ERYTHEMA	524	11 (2.1)	N.A.	264	5 (1.9)	N.A.	1.165 (0.405, 3.355)	0.7764
SKIN LESION	524	11 (2.1)	N.A.	264	8 (3.0)	N.A.	0.747 (0.300, 1.859)	0.5291
GASTROINTESTINAL DISORDERS	524	269 (51.3)	9.23 (7.26, 14.98)	264	112 (42.4)	N.A. (12.09, N.A.)	1.341 (1.075, 1.672)	0.0089
DIARRHOEA	524	128 (24.4)	N.A.	264	44 (16.7)	N.A.	1.575 (1.118, 2.219)	0.0087
NAUSEA	524	81 (15.5)	N.A.	264	30 (11.4)	N.A.	1.435 (0.944, 2.183)	0.0888
CONSTIPATION	524	50 (9.5)	N.A.	264	17 (6.4)	N.A.	1.582 (0.912, 2.744)	0.0990

Apr 2023 DBL. Includes events reported from the first dose of study therapy in the blinded phase
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 or at the day before start of Nivolumab treatment in the open-label phase, whichever occurs earlier.
 HR = hazard ratio; KME = Kaplan-Meier estimate; N.E. = Not estimable.

- (1) KME of median time to first AE.
- (2) Stratified Cox proportional hazard model. HR is nivolumab over Placebo.
- (3) Log-rank test stratified by AJCC T Stage at Study Entry, as entered in IRT.

MedDRA Version: 25.1; CTC Version 5.0

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Table 23.1
 Adverse Events: Time-Adjusted Analyses
 by SOC/PT on Hazard Ratio
 All Treated Subjects Censoring at Open-Label Nivolumab

System Organ Class (%) Preferred Term (%)	Nivolumab			Placebo			Nivolumab vs. Placebo	
	N	Subjects with Event n (%)	KME [95%CI] (mon) (1)	N	Subjects with Event n (%)	KME [95%CI] (mon) (1)	HR [95%CI] (2)	P-value (3)
DRY MOUTH	524	41 (7.8)	N.A.	264	13 (4.9)	N.A.	1.639 (0.878, 3.059)	0.1167
ABDOMINAL PAIN	524	24 (4.6)	N.A.	264	14 (5.3)	N.A.	0.910 (0.470, 1.760)	0.7778
VOMITING	524	19 (3.6)	N.A.	264	14 (5.3)	N.A.	0.721 (0.361, 1.439)	0.3517
GASTROESOPHAGEAL REFLUX DISEASE	524	13 (2.5)	N.A.	264	5 (1.9)	N.A.	1.386 (0.494, 3.890)	0.5330
COLITIS	524	12 (2.3)	N.A.	264	2 (0.8)	N.A.	3.239 (0.725, 14.477)	0.1034
DYSPEPSIA	524	12 (2.3)	N.A.	264	4 (1.5)	N.A.	1.634 (0.527, 5.070)	0.3901
ABDOMINAL PAIN UPPER	524	10 (1.9)	N.A.	264	6 (2.3)	N.A.	0.876 (0.318, 2.411)	0.7980

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 HR = hazard ratio; KME = Kaplan-Meier estimate; N.E. = Not estimable.

(1) KME of median time to first AE.

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Table 23.1
 Adverse Events: Time-Adjusted Analyses
 by SOC/PT on Hazard Ratio
 All Treated Subjects Censoring at Open-Label Nivolumab

System Organ Class (%) Preferred Term (%)	Nivolumab			Placebo			Nivolumab vs. Placebo	
	N	Subjects with Event n (%)	KME [95%CI] (mon) (1)	N	Subjects with Event n (%)	KME [95%CI] (mon) (1)	HR [95%CI] (2)	P-value (3)
GENERAL DISORDERS AND ADMINISTRATION SITE CONDITIONS	524	268 (51.1)	8.87 (6.67, N.A.)	264	119 (45.1)	N.A. (10.15, N.A.)	1.239 (0.998, 1.538)	0.0510
FATIGUE	524	145 (27.7)	N.A.	264	68 (25.8)	N.A.	1.109 (0.831, 1.479)	0.4795
ASTHENIA	524	65 (12.4)	N.A.	264	26 (9.8)	N.A.	1.331 (0.844, 2.098)	0.2169
PYREXIA	524	35 (6.7)	N.A.	264	12 (4.5)	N.A.	1.576 (0.818, 3.038)	0.1701
OEDEMA PERIPHERAL	524	25 (4.8)	N.A.	264	6 (2.3)	N.A.	2.253 (0.924, 5.494)	0.0664
INFLUENZA LIKE ILLNESS	524	21 (4.0)	N.A.	264	4 (1.5)	N.A.	2.826 (0.969, 8.236)	0.0466
PAIN	524	12 (2.3)	N.A.	264	5 (1.9)	N.A.	1.274 (0.449, 3.619)	0.6481

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 HR = hazard ratio; KME = Kaplan-Meier estimate; N.E. = Not estimable.

- (1) KME of median time to first AE.
- (2) Stratified Cox proportional hazard model. HR is nivolumab over Placebo.
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Table 23.1
 Adverse Events: Time-Adjusted Analyses
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 All Treated Subjects Censoring at Open-Label Nivolumab

System Organ Class (%) Preferred Term (%)	Nivolumab			Placebo			Nivolumab vs. Placebo	
	N	Subjects with Event n (%)	KME [95%CI] (mon) (1)	N	Subjects with Event n (%)	KME [95%CI] (mon) (1)	HR [95%CI] (2)	P-value (3)
MUSCULOSKELETAL AND CONNECTIVE TISSUE DISORDERS	524	203 (38.7)	N.A.	264	85 (32.2)	N.A.	1.340 (1.040, 1.726)	0.0230
ARTHRALGIA	524	89 (17.0)	N.A.	264	32 (12.1)	N.A.	1.533 (1.023, 2.296)	0.0368
MYALGIA	524	41 (7.8)	N.A.	264	17 (6.4)	N.A.	1.278 (0.726, 2.250)	0.3941
BACK PAIN	524	28 (5.3)	N.A.	264	17 (6.4)	N.A.	0.880 (0.481, 1.608)	0.6767
PAIN IN EXTREMITY	524	25 (4.8)	N.A.	264	11 (4.2)	N.A.	1.223 (0.601, 2.486)	0.5776
ARTHRITIS	524	13 (2.5)	N.A.	264	1 (0.4)	N.A.	7.085 (0.927, 54.181)	0.0277
MUSCLE SPASMS	524	12 (2.3)	N.A.	264	4 (1.5)	N.A.	1.586 (0.511, 4.918)	0.4202

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 HR = hazard ratio; KME = Kaplan-Meier estimate; N.E. = Not estimable.

- (1) KME of median time to first AE.
- (2) Stratified Cox proportional hazard model. HR is nivolumab over Placebo.
- (3) Log-rank test stratified by AJCC T Stage at Study Entry, as entered in IRT.

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Table 23.1
 Adverse Events: Time-Adjusted Analyses
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 All Treated Subjects Censoring at Open-Label Nivolumab

System Organ Class (%) Preferred Term (%)	Nivolumab			Placebo			Nivolumab vs. Placebo	
	N	Subjects with Event n (%)	KME [95%CI] (mon) (1)	N	Subjects with Event n (%)	KME [95%CI] (mon) (1)	HR [95%CI] (2)	P-value (3)
INVESTIGATIONS	524	197 (37.6)	N.A.	264	87 (33.0)	N.A.	1.249 (0.970, 1.607)	0.0838
BLOOD CREATINE PHOSPHOKINASE INCREASED	524	58 (11.1)	N.A.	264	32 (12.1)	N.A.	0.951 (0.618, 1.465)	0.8206
ALANINE AMINOTRANSFERASE INCREASED	524	53 (10.1)	N.A.	264	19 (7.2)	N.A.	1.488 (0.881, 2.513)	0.1346
ASPARTATE AMINOTRANSFERASE INCREASED	524	43 (8.2)	N.A.	264	8 (3.0)	N.A.	2.930 (1.377, 6.234)	0.0034
BLOOD CREATININE INCREASED	524	25 (4.8)	N.A.	264	10 (3.8)	N.A.	1.352 (0.649, 2.816)	0.4189
LIPASE INCREASED	524	24 (4.6)	N.A.	264	10 (3.8)	N.A.	1.306 (0.624, 2.731)	0.4776
BLOOD ALKALINE PHOSPHATASE INCREASED	524	17 (3.2)	N.A.	264	2 (0.8)	N.A.	4.621 (1.067, 20.008)	0.0243

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 HR = hazard ratio; KME = Kaplan-Meier estimate; N.E. = Not estimable.

- (1) KME of median time to first AE.
- (2) Stratified Cox proportional hazard model. HR is nivolumab over Placebo.
- (3) Log-rank test stratified by AJCC T Stage at Study Entry, as entered in IRT.

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Table 23.1
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 by SOC/PT on Hazard Ratio
 All Treated Subjects Censoring at Open-Label Nivolumab

System Organ Class (%) Preferred Term (%)	Nivolumab			Placebo			Nivolumab vs. Placebo	
	N	Subjects with Event n (%)	KME [95%CI] (mon) (1)	N	Subjects with Event n (%)	KME [95%CI] (mon) (1)	HR [95%CI] (2)	P-value (3)
BLOOD BILIRUBIN INCREASED	524	16 (3.1)	N.A.	264	7 (2.7)	N.A.	1.217 (0.500, 2.958)	0.6643
BLOOD THYROID STIMULATING HORMONE INCREASED	524	15 (2.9)	N.A.	264	6 (2.3)	N.A.	1.302 (0.505, 3.356)	0.5846
GAMMA-GLUTAMYLTRANSFERASE INCREASED	524	14 (2.7)	N.A.	264	2 (0.8)	N.A.	3.762 (0.855, 16.556)	0.0596
AMYLASE INCREASED	524	13 (2.5)	N.A.	264	6 (2.3)	N.A.	1.150 (0.437, 3.028)	0.7768
WEIGHT DECREASED	524	13 (2.5)	N.A.	264	4 (1.5)	N.A.	1.739 (0.567, 5.335)	0.3274
BLOOD LACTATE DEHYDROGENASE INCREASED	524	12 (2.3)	N.A.	264	5 (1.9)	N.A.	1.263 (0.445, 3.587)	0.6600
INFECTIONS AND INFESTATIONS	524	192 (36.6)	N.A.	264	76 (28.8)	N.A.	1.439 (1.103, 1.877)	0.0070

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- (1) KME of median time to first AE.
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Table 23.1
 Adverse Events: Time-Adjusted Analyses
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 All Treated Subjects Censoring at Open-Label Nivolumab

System Organ Class (%) Preferred Term (%)	Nivolumab			Placebo			Nivolumab vs. Placebo	
	N	Subjects with Event n (%)	KME [95%CI] (mon) (1)	N	Subjects with Event n (%)	KME [95%CI] (mon) (1)	HR [95%CI] (2)	P-value (3)
COVID-19	524	62 (11.8)	N.A.	264	27 (10.2)	N.A.	1.301 (0.828, 2.046)	0.2520
URINARY TRACT INFECTION	524	16 (3.1)	N.A.	264	2 (0.8)	N.A.	4.494 (1.032, 19.558)	0.0281
NASOPHARYNGITIS	524	15 (2.9)	N.A.	264	6 (2.3)	N.A.	1.368 (0.530, 3.534)	0.5159
METABOLISM AND NUTRITION DISORDERS	524	139 (26.5)	N.A.	264	50 (18.9)	N.A.	1.529 (1.107, 2.114)	0.0095
DECREASED APPETITE	524	42 (8.0)	N.A.	264	8 (3.0)	N.A.	2.877 (1.351, 6.130)	0.0041
HYPERGLYCAEMIA	524	28 (5.3)	N.A.	264	12 (4.5)	N.A.	1.216 (0.618, 2.391)	0.5713
HYPOPHOSPHATAEMIA	524	20 (3.8)	N.A.	264	13 (4.9)	N.A.	0.808 (0.402, 1.626)	0.5505

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 HR = hazard ratio; KME = Kaplan-Meier estimate; N.E. = Not estimable.

- (1) KME of median time to first AE.
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Table 23.1
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 All Treated Subjects Censoring at Open-Label Nivolumab

System Organ Class (%) Preferred Term (%)	Nivolumab			Placebo			Nivolumab vs. Placebo	
	N	Subjects with Event n (%)	KME [95%CI] (mon) (1)	N	Subjects with Event n (%)	KME [95%CI] (mon) (1)	HR [95%CI] (2)	P-value (3)
HYPOKALAEMIA	524	19 (3.6)	N.A.	264	9 (3.4)	N.A.	1.117 (0.505, 2.470)	0.7851
HYPONATRAEMIA	524	10 (1.9)	N.A.	264	6 (2.3)	N.A.	0.891 (0.324, 2.453)	0.8231
NERVOUS SYSTEM DISORDERS	524	136 (26.0)	N.A.	264	63 (23.9)	N.A.	1.118 (0.830, 1.508)	0.4619
HEADACHE	524	65 (12.4)	N.A.	264	34 (12.9)	N.A.	1.004 (0.663, 1.520)	0.9863
DIZZINESS	524	22 (4.2)	N.A.	264	13 (4.9)	N.A.	0.873 (0.440, 1.734)	0.6985
PARAESTHESIA	524	14 (2.7)	N.A.	264	7 (2.7)	N.A.	1.032 (0.416, 2.557)	0.9458
SYNCOPE	524	10 (1.9)	N.A.	264	0	N.E.	N.E.	0.0204
RESPIRATORY, THORACIC AND MEDIASTINAL DISORDERS	524	117 (22.3)	N.A.	264	41 (15.5)	N.A.	1.585 (1.110, 2.262)	0.0105

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 HR = hazard ratio; KME = Kaplan-Meier estimate; N.E. = Not estimable.

- (1) KME of median time to first AE.
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Table 23.1
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 All Treated Subjects Censoring at Open-Label Nivolumab

System Organ Class (%) Preferred Term (%)	Nivolumab			Placebo			Nivolumab vs. Placebo	
	N	Subjects with Event n (%)	KME [95%CI] (mon) (1)	N	Subjects with Event n (%)	KME [95%CI] (mon) (1)	HR [95%CI] (2)	P-value (3)
COUGH	524	40 (7.6)	N.A.	264	13 (4.9)	N.A.	1.648 (0.881, 3.082)	0.1134
DYSпноEA	524	31 (5.9)	N.A.	264	10 (3.8)	N.A.	1.698 (0.832, 3.464)	0.1411
RHINITIS ALLERGIC	524	10 (1.9)	N.A.	264	4 (1.5)	N.A.	1.344 (0.421, 4.288)	0.6160
ENDOCRINE DISORDERS	524	114 (21.8)	N.A.	264	10 (3.8)	N.A.	6.795 (3.559, 12.974)	<0.0001
HYPOTHYROIDISM	524	67 (12.8)	N.A.	264	0	N.E.	N.E.	<0.0001
HYPERTHYROIDISM	524	42 (8.0)	N.A.	264	4 (1.5)	N.A.	5.655 (2.028, 15.774)	0.0002
ADRENAL INSUFFICIENCY	524	12 (2.3)	N.A.	264	3 (1.1)	N.A.	2.279 (0.643, 8.087)	0.1897
INJURY, POISONING AND PROCEDURAL COMPLICATIONS	524	67 (12.8)	N.A.	264	28 (10.6)	N.A.	1.301 (0.837, 2.023)	0.2424

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- (1) KME of median time to first AE.
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 All Treated Subjects Censoring at Open-Label Nivolumab

System Organ Class (%) Preferred Term (%)	Nivolumab			Placebo			Nivolumab vs. Placebo	
	N	Subjects with Event n (%)	KME [95%CI] (mon) (1)	N	Subjects with Event n (%)	KME [95%CI] (mon) (1)	HR [95%CI] (2)	P-value (3)
INFUSION RELATED REACTION	524	28 (5.3)	N.A.	264	2 (0.8)	N.A.	7.228 (1.722, 30.341)	0.0015
NEOPLASMS BENIGN, MALIGNANT AND UNSPECIFIED (INCL CYSTS AND POLYPS)	524	63 (12.0)	N.A.	264	39 (14.8)	N.A.	0.869 (0.583, 1.296)	0.4903
BASAL CELL CARCINOMA	524	24 (4.6)	N.A.	264	12 (4.5)	N.A.	1.055 (0.528, 2.111)	0.8777
VASCULAR DISORDERS	524	60 (11.5)	N.A.	264	32 (12.1)	N.A.	0.982 (0.640, 1.509)	0.9360
HYPERTENSION	524	36 (6.9)	N.A.	264	20 (7.6)	N.A.	0.937 (0.542, 1.619)	0.8151
BLOOD AND LYMPHATIC SYSTEM DISORDERS	524	59 (11.3)	N.A.	264	23 (8.7)	N.A.	1.372 (0.847, 2.222)	0.1970
ANAEMIA	524	25 (4.8)	N.A.	264	9 (3.4)	N.A.	1.458 (0.680, 3.123)	0.3301

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Table 23.1
 Adverse Events: Time-Adjusted Analyses
 by SOC/PT on Hazard Ratio
 All Treated Subjects Censoring at Open-Label Nivolumab

System Organ Class (%) Preferred Term (%)	Nivolumab			Placebo			Nivolumab vs. Placebo	
	N	Subjects with Event n (%)	KME [95%CI] (mon) (1)	N	Subjects with Event n (%)	KME [95%CI] (mon) (1)	HR [95%CI] (2)	P-value (3)
EOSINOPHILIA	524	19 (3.6)	N.A.	264	2 (0.8)	N.A.	5.089 (1.185, 21.851)	0.0148
EYE DISORDERS	524	48 (9.2)	N.A.	264	13 (4.9)	N.A.	2.009 (1.088, 3.709)	0.0229
DRY EYE	524	18 (3.4)	N.A.	264	3 (1.1)	N.A.	3.263 (0.961, 11.083)	0.0446
PSYCHIATRIC DISORDERS	524	48 (9.2)	N.A.	264	32 (12.1)	N.A.	0.772 (0.493, 1.208)	0.2555
INSOMNIA	524	16 (3.1)	N.A.	264	15 (5.7)	N.A.	0.543 (0.268, 1.098)	0.0839
CARDIAC DISORDERS	524	37 (7.1)	N.A.	264	13 (4.9)	N.A.	1.505 (0.800, 2.832)	0.2018
RENAL AND URINARY DISORDERS	524	32 (6.1)	N.A.	264	11 (4.2)	N.A.	1.554 (0.783, 3.084)	0.2031

Apr 2023 DBL. Includes events reported from the first dose of study therapy in the blinded phase
 Subjects without events are censored 100 days after last dose of study therapy in the blinded phase,
 or at the day before start of Nivolumab treatment in the open-label phase, whichever occurs earlier.
 HR = hazard ratio; KME = Kaplan-Meier estimate; N.E. = Not estimable.

- (1) KME of median time to first AE.
- (2) Stratified Cox proportional hazard model. HR is nivolumab over Placebo.
- (3) Log-rank test stratified by AJCC T Stage at Study Entry, as entered in IRT.

MedDRA Version: 25.1; CTC Version 5.0

Program Source: /opt/zfs001/prd/bms214671/stats/market/prog/tables/rt-ae-taesocpthrta-ebr1575-b4.sas

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Table 23.1
 Adverse Events: Time-Adjusted Analyses
 by SOC/PT on Hazard Ratio
 All Treated Subjects Censoring at Open-Label Nivolumab

System Organ Class (%) Preferred Term (%)	Nivolumab			Placebo			Nivolumab vs. Placebo	
	N	Subjects with Event n (%)	KME [95%CI] (mon) (1)	N	Subjects with Event n (%)	KME [95%CI] (mon) (1)	HR [95%CI] (2)	P-value (3)
HEPATOBIILIARY DISORDERS	524	25 (4.8)	N.A.	264	11 (4.2)	N.A.	1.199 (0.590, 2.437)	0.6168
EAR AND LABYRINTH DISORDERS	524	23 (4.4)	N.A.	264	11 (4.2)	N.A.	1.126 (0.549, 2.311)	0.7458
VERTIGO	524	11 (2.1)	N.A.	264	4 (1.5)	N.A.	1.478 (0.470, 4.642)	0.5010
REPRODUCTIVE SYSTEM AND BREAST DISORDERS	524	23 (4.4)	N.A.	264	9 (3.4)	N.A.	1.369 (0.633, 2.960)	0.4223
IMMUNE SYSTEM DISORDERS	524	16 (3.1)	N.A.	264	6 (2.3)	N.A.	1.421 (0.556, 3.633)	0.4607

Apr 2023 DBL. Includes events reported from the first dose of study therapy in the blinded phase
 Subjects without events are censored 100 days after last dose of study therapy in the blinded phase,
 or at the day before start of Nivolumab treatment in the open-label phase, whichever occurs earlier.
 HR = hazard ratio; KME = Kaplan-Meier estimate; N.E. = Not estimable.

(1) KME of median time to first AE.

(2) Stratified Cox proportional hazard model. HR is nivolumab over Placebo.

(3) Log-rank test stratified by AJCC T Stage at Study Entry, as entered in IRT.

MedDRA Version: 25.1; CTC Version 5.0

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Anhang 4-G 2.3.2: Ergebnisse für Endpunkte häufige schwere UE auf SOC/PT-Ebene aus CA209-76K – Zeit bis zum ersten Auftreten des UE

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Table 23.3
 Adverse Events with CTCAE Grade 3-4-5: Time-Adjusted Analyses
 by SOC/PT on Hazard Ratio
 All Treated Subjects Censoring at Open-Label Nivolumab

System Organ Class (%) Preferred Term (%)	Nivolumab			Placebo			Nivolumab vs. Placebo	
	N	Subjects with Event n (%)	KME [95%CI] (mon) (1)	N	Subjects with Event n (%)	KME [95%CI] (mon) (1)	HR [95%CI] (2)	P-value (3)
TOTAL SUBJECTS WITH AN EVENT	524	148 (28.2)	N.A.	264	48 (18.2)	N.A.	1.738 (1.255, 2.407)	0.0008
INVESTIGATIONS	524	43 (8.2)	N.A.	264	9 (3.4)	N.A.	2.590 (1.262, 5.314)	0.0071
ALANINE AMINOTRANSFERASE INCREASED	524	12 (2.3)	N.A.	264	1 (0.4)	N.A.	6.489 (0.843, 49.920)	0.0385
BLOOD CREATINE PHOSPHOKINASE INCREASED	524	11 (2.1)	N.A.	264	2 (0.8)	N.A.	2.925 (0.648, 13.202)	0.1432
INFECTIONS AND INFESTATIONS	524	19 (3.6)	N.A.	264	3 (1.1)	N.A.	3.397 (1.005, 11.484)	0.0364
GASTROINTESTINAL DISORDERS	524	16 (3.1)	N.A.	264	4 (1.5)	N.A.	2.158 (0.721, 6.459)	0.1586
METABOLISM AND NUTRITION DISORDERS	524	16 (3.1)	N.A.	264	2 (0.8)	N.A.	4.383 (1.007, 19.070)	0.0313

Apr 2023 DBL. Includes events reported from the first dose of study therapy in the blinded phase
 Subjects without events are censored 100 days after last dose of study therapy in the blinded phase,
 or at the day before start of Nivolumab treatment in the open-label phase, whichever occurs earlier.
 HR = hazard ratio; KME = Kaplan-Meier estimate; N.E. = Not estimable.

- (1) KME of median time to first AE.
- (2) Stratified Cox proportional hazard model. HR is nivolumab over Placebo.
- (3) Log-rank test stratified by AJCC T Stage at Study Entry, as entered in IRT.

MedDRA Version: 25.1; CTC Version 5.0

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Table 23.3
 Adverse Events with CTCAE Grade 3-4-5: Time-Adjusted Analyses
 by SOC/PT on Hazard Ratio
 All Treated Subjects Censoring at Open-Label Nivolumab

System Organ Class (%) Preferred Term (%)	Nivolumab			Placebo			Nivolumab vs. Placebo	
	N	Subjects with Event n (%)	KME [95%CI] (mon) (1)	N	Subjects with Event n (%)	KME [95%CI] (mon) (1)	HR [95%CI] (2)	P-value (3)
VASCULAR DISORDERS	524	15 (2.9)	N.A.	264	1 (0.4)	N.A.	7.957 (1.051, 60.241)	0.0169
HYPERTENSION	524	11 (2.1)	N.A.	264	1 (0.4)	N.A.	5.821 (0.751, 45.092)	0.0557
NERVOUS SYSTEM DISORDERS	524	13 (2.5)	N.A.	264	4 (1.5)	N.A.	1.742 (0.568, 5.347)	0.3258
MUSCULOSKELETAL AND CONNECTIVE TISSUE DISORDERS	524	12 (2.3)	N.A.	264	3 (1.1)	N.A.	2.188 (0.617, 7.759)	0.2135
CARDIAC DISORDERS	524	10 (1.9)	N.A.	264	2 (0.8)	N.A.	2.634 (0.577, 12.025)	0.1938

Apr 2023 DBL. Includes events reported from the first dose of study therapy in the blinded phase
 Subjects without events are censored 100 days after last dose of study therapy in the blinded phase,
 or at the day before start of Nivolumab treatment in the open-label phase, whichever occurs earlier.
 HR = hazard ratio; KME = Kaplan-Meier estimate; N.E. = Not estimable.

- (1) KME of median time to first AE.
- (2) Stratified Cox proportional hazard model. HR is nivolumab over Placebo.
- (3) Log-rank test stratified by AJCC T Stage at Study Entry, as entered in IRT.

MedDRA Version: 25.1; CTC Version 5.0

Program Source: /opt/zfs001/prd/bms214671/stats/market/prog/tables/rt-ae-taesocpthrta-ebr1575-b4.sas

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Anhang 4-G 2.3.3: Ergebnisse für Endpunkte häufige SUE auf SOC/PT-Ebene aus CA209-76K – Zeit bis zum ersten Auftreten des UE

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Table 23.5
 Serious Adverse Events: Time-Adjusted Analyses
 by SOC/PT on Hazard Ratio
 All Treated Subjects Censoring at Open-Label Nivolumab

System Organ Class (%) Preferred Term (%)	Nivolumab			Placebo			Nivolumab vs. Placebo	
	N	Subjects with Event n (%)	KME [95%CI] (mon) (1)	N	Subjects with Event n (%)	KME [95%CI] (mon) (1)	HR [95%CI] (2)	P-value (3)
TOTAL SUBJECTS WITH AN EVENT	524	101 (19.3)	N.A.	264	40 (15.2)	N.A.	1.387 (0.962, 2.001)	0.0786
INFECTIONS AND INFESTATIONS	524	23 (4.4)	N.A.	264	2 (0.8)	N.A.	6.044 (1.425, 25.640)	0.0054
GASTROINTESTINAL DISORDERS	524	13 (2.5)	N.A.	264	4 (1.5)	N.A.	1.777 (0.579, 5.451)	0.3083
MUSCULOSKELETAL AND CONNECTIVE TISSUE DISORDERS	524	11 (2.1)	N.A.	264	5 (1.9)	N.A.	1.174 (0.408, 3.380)	0.7660
CARDIAC DISORDERS	524	10 (1.9)	N.A.	264	1 (0.4)	N.A.	5.268 (0.674, 41.169)	0.0763
RESPIRATORY, THORACIC AND MEDIASTINAL DISORDERS	524	10 (1.9)	N.A.	264	2 (0.8)	N.A.	2.686 (0.588, 12.267)	0.1843
NEOPLASMS BENIGN, MALIGNANT AND UNSPECIFIED (INCL CYSTS AND POLYPS)	524	7 (1.3)	N.A.	264	12 (4.5)	N.A.	0.317 (0.125, 0.805)	0.0107

Apr 2023 DBL. Includes events reported from the first dose of study therapy in the blinded phase
 Subjects without events are censored 100 days after last dose of study therapy in the blinded phase,
 or at the day before start of Nivolumab treatment in the open-label phase, whichever occurs earlier.
 HR = hazard ratio; KME = Kaplan-Meier estimate; N.E. = Not estimable.

- (1) KME of median time to first AE.
- (2) Stratified Cox proportional hazard model. HR is nivolumab over Placebo.
- (3) Log-rank test stratified by AJCC T Stage at Study Entry, as entered in IRT.

MedDRA Version: 25.1; CTC Version 5.0

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**Anhang 4-G 2.3.4: Ergebnisse für Endpunkte zum Therapieabbruch führende UE auf SOC/PT-Ebene aus CA209-76K –
Inzidenzen**

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Table 27.1
 Adverse Events Leading to Discontinuation of Study Treatment Summary
 by Worst CTC Grade (Any Grade, Grade 3-4, Grade 5)
 All Treated Subjects Censoring at Open-Label Nivolumab

System Organ Class (%) Preferred Term (%)	Nivolumab N = 524			Placebo N = 264		
	Any Grade	Grade 3-4	Grade 5	Any Grade	Grade 3-4	Grade 5
TOTAL SUBJECTS WITH AN EVENT	118 (22.5)	47 (9.0)	0	10 (3.8)	3 (1.1)	0
Musculoskeletal and connective tissue disorders	22 (4.2)	4 (0.8)	0	1 (0.4)	1 (0.4)	0
Arthralgia	10 (1.9)	0	0	0	0	0
Myalgia	4 (0.8)	0	0	0	0	0
Myositis	3 (0.6)	1 (0.2)	0	0	0	0
Rhabdomyolysis	2 (0.4)	2 (0.4)	0	1 (0.4)	1 (0.4)	0
Arthritis	1 (0.2)	0	0	0	0	0
Arthropathy	1 (0.2)	0	0	0	0	0
Autoimmune myositis	1 (0.2)	0	0	0	0	0
Immune-mediated myositis	1 (0.2)	1 (0.2)	0	0	0	0
Muscle spasms	1 (0.2)	0	0	0	0	0
Musculoskeletal pain	1 (0.2)	1 (0.2)	0	0	0	0
Polyarthritits	1 (0.2)	0	0	0	0	0
Gastrointestinal disorders	21 (4.0)	5 (1.0)	0	0	0	0
Colitis	8 (1.5)	2 (0.4)	0	0	0	0
Diarrhoea	5 (1.0)	2 (0.4)	0	0	0	0
Pancreatitis	3 (0.6)	1 (0.2)	0	0	0	0
Autoimmune enteropathy	1 (0.2)	0	0	0	0	0
Autoimmune pancreatitis	1 (0.2)	0	0	0	0	0
Dry mouth	1 (0.2)	0	0	0	0	0
Duodenitis	1 (0.2)	0	0	0	0	0
Immune-mediated enterocolitis	1 (0.2)	0	0	0	0	0
Nausea	1 (0.2)	0	0	0	0	0

Apr 2023 DBL Includes events reported from the first dose of study therapy in the blinded phase
 Subjects without events are censored 100 days after last dose of study therapy in the blinded phase,
 or at the day before start of Nivolumab treatment in the open-label phase, whichever occurs earlier.
 MedDRA Version: 25.1; CTC Version 5.0

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Table 27.1
 Adverse Events Leading to Discontinuation of Study Treatment Summary
 by Worst CTC Grade (Any Grade, Grade 3-4, Grade 5)
 All Treated Subjects Censoring at Open-Label Nivolumab

System Organ Class (%) Preferred Term (%)	Nivolumab N = 524			Placebo N = 264		
	Any Grade	Grade 3-4	Grade 5	Any Grade	Grade 3-4	Grade 5
Investigations	17 (3.2)	9 (1.7)	0	3 (1.1)	1 (0.4)	0
Alanine aminotransferase increased	7 (1.3)	4 (0.8)	0	2 (0.8)	0	0
Aspartate aminotransferase increased	6 (1.1)	4 (0.8)	0	2 (0.8)	1 (0.4)	0
Blood alkaline phosphatase increased	3 (0.6)	1 (0.2)	0	0	0	0
Blood creatine phosphokinase increased	3 (0.6)	1 (0.2)	0	0	0	0
Blood creatinine increased	2 (0.4)	0	0	1 (0.4)	0	0
Gamma-glutamyltransferase increased	2 (0.4)	0	0	0	0	0
Hepatic enzyme increased	1 (0.2)	1 (0.2)	0	0	0	0
Liver function test increased	1 (0.2)	0	0	0	0	0
Platelet count decreased	1 (0.2)	1 (0.2)	0	0	0	0
Red blood cell count decreased	1 (0.2)	0	0	0	0	0
Troponin T increased	1 (0.2)	0	0	0	0	0
Troponin increased	1 (0.2)	1 (0.2)	0	0	0	0
White blood cell count decreased	1 (0.2)	0	0	0	0	0
Endocrine disorders	13 (2.5)	4 (0.8)	0	1 (0.4)	0	0
Adrenal insufficiency	5 (1.0)	2 (0.4)	0	0	0	0
Hypophysitis	2 (0.4)	2 (0.4)	0	1 (0.4)	0	0
Adrenocorticotrophic hormone deficiency	1 (0.2)	0	0	0	0	0
Hyperthyroidism	1 (0.2)	0	0	0	0	0
Hypopituitarism	1 (0.2)	0	0	0	0	0
Hypothyroidism	1 (0.2)	0	0	0	0	0
Lymphocytic hypophysitis	1 (0.2)	0	0	0	0	0
Thyroiditis	1 (0.2)	0	0	0	0	0
Respiratory, thoracic and mediastinal disorders	11 (2.1)	4 (0.8)	0	1 (0.4)	0	0

Apr 2023 DBL Includes events reported from the first dose of study therapy in the blinded phase
 Subjects without events are censored 100 days after last dose of study therapy in the blinded phase,
 or at the day before start of Nivolumab treatment in the open-label phase, whichever occurs earlier.
 MedDRA Version: 25.1; CTC Version 5.0
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Table 27.1
 Adverse Events Leading to Discontinuation of Study Treatment Summary
 by Worst CTC Grade (Any Grade, Grade 3-4, Grade 5)
 All Treated Subjects Censoring at Open-Label Nivolumab

System Organ Class (%) Preferred Term (%)	Nivolumab N = 524			Placebo N = 264		
	Any Grade	Grade 3-4	Grade 5	Any Grade	Grade 3-4	Grade 5
Cough	3 (0.6)	0	0	0	0	0
Pneumonitis	3 (0.6)	1 (0.2)	0	0	0	0
Acute respiratory failure	1 (0.2)	1 (0.2)	0	0	0	0
Dyspnoea	1 (0.2)	1 (0.2)	0	0	0	0
Interstitial lung disease	1 (0.2)	0	0	1 (0.4)	0	0
Pulmonary embolism	1 (0.2)	1 (0.2)	0	0	0	0
Respiratory failure	1 (0.2)	0	0	0	0	0
Skin and subcutaneous tissue disorders	11 (2.1)	4 (0.8)	0	0	0	0
Rash	5 (1.0)	3 (0.6)	0	0	0	0
Dermatitis psoriasiform	2 (0.4)	0	0	0	0	0
Pruritus	2 (0.4)	0	0	0	0	0
Lichenoid keratosis	1 (0.2)	0	0	0	0	0
Pemphigoid	1 (0.2)	0	0	0	0	0
Rash maculo-papular	1 (0.2)	1 (0.2)	0	0	0	0
Nervous system disorders	8 (1.5)	5 (1.0)	0	1 (0.4)	0	0
Ageusia	1 (0.2)	0	0	0	0	0
Cerebrovascular disorder	1 (0.2)	1 (0.2)	0	0	0	0
Dysarthria	1 (0.2)	1 (0.2)	0	0	0	0
Embolic stroke	1 (0.2)	1 (0.2)	0	0	0	0
Headache	1 (0.2)	0	0	1 (0.4)	0	0
Peripheral sensorimotor neuropathy	1 (0.2)	1 (0.2)	0	0	0	0
Peripheral sensory neuropathy	1 (0.2)	0	0	0	0	0
Polyneuropathy	1 (0.2)	1 (0.2)	0	0	0	0
Hepatobiliary disorders	7 (1.3)	6 (1.1)	0	1 (0.4)	1 (0.4)	0

Apr 2023 DBL Includes events reported from the first dose of study therapy in the blinded phase
 Subjects without events are censored 100 days after last dose of study therapy in the blinded phase,
 or at the day before start of Nivolumab treatment in the open-label phase, whichever occurs earlier.
 MedDRA Version: 25.1; CTC Version 5.0
 Program Source: /opt/zfs001/prd/bms214671/stats/market/prog/tables/rt-ae-aeltd-cat--ta-ebr1575.sas

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Table 27.1
 Adverse Events Leading to Discontinuation of Study Treatment Summary
 by Worst CTC Grade (Any Grade, Grade 3-4, Grade 5)
 All Treated Subjects Censoring at Open-Label Nivolumab

System Organ Class (%) Preferred Term (%)	Nivolumab N = 524			Placebo N = 264		
	Any Grade	Grade 3-4	Grade 5	Any Grade	Grade 3-4	Grade 5
Hepatitis	4 (0.8)	3 (0.6)	0	1 (0.4)	1 (0.4)	0
Autoimmune hepatitis	1 (0.2)	1 (0.2)	0	0	0	0
Hepatic cytolysis	1 (0.2)	1 (0.2)	0	0	0	0
Hepatotoxicity	1 (0.2)	1 (0.2)	0	0	0	0
Infections and infestations	6 (1.1)	2 (0.4)	0	0	0	0
COVID-19	2 (0.4)	1 (0.2)	0	0	0	0
Conjunctivitis	1 (0.2)	0	0	0	0	0
Herpes simplex encephalitis	1 (0.2)	1 (0.2)	0	0	0	0
Pneumonia	1 (0.2)	0	0	0	0	0
Rash pustular	1 (0.2)	0	0	0	0	0
Cardiac disorders	3 (0.6)	2 (0.4)	0	1 (0.4)	0	0
Myocarditis	2 (0.4)	1 (0.2)	0	0	0	0
Acute myocardial infarction	1 (0.2)	1 (0.2)	0	0	0	0
Atrial fibrillation	0	0	0	1 (0.4)	0	0
General disorders and administration site conditions	3 (0.6)	1 (0.2)	0	0	0	0
Fatigue	2 (0.4)	0	0	0	0	0
Generalised oedema	1 (0.2)	1 (0.2)	0	0	0	0
Non-cardiac chest pain	1 (0.2)	0	0	0	0	0
Renal and urinary disorders	3 (0.6)	3 (0.6)	0	0	0	0
Acute kidney injury	2 (0.4)	2 (0.4)	0	0	0	0
Nephropathy toxic	1 (0.2)	1 (0.2)	0	0	0	0

Apr 2023 DBL Includes events reported from the first dose of study therapy in the blinded phase
 Subjects without events are censored 100 days after last dose of study therapy in the blinded phase,
 or at the day before start of Nivolumab treatment in the open-label phase, whichever occurs earlier.
 MedDRA Version: 25.1; CTC Version 5.0

Program Source: /opt/zfs001/prd/bms214671/stats/market/prog/tables/rt-ae-aeltd-cat--ta-ebr1575.sas

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Table 27.1
 Adverse Events Leading to Discontinuation of Study Treatment Summary
 by Worst CTC Grade (Any Grade, Grade 3-4, Grade 5)
 All Treated Subjects Censoring at Open-Label Nivolumab

System Organ Class (%) Preferred Term (%)	Nivolumab N = 524			Placebo N = 264		
	Any Grade	Grade 3-4	Grade 5	Any Grade	Grade 3-4	Grade 5
Metabolism and nutrition disorders	2 (0.4)	2 (0.4)	0	0	0	0
Diabetes mellitus	2 (0.4)	2 (0.4)	0	0	0	0
Neoplasms benign, malignant and unspecified (incl cysts and polyps)	2 (0.4)	1 (0.2)	0	1 (0.4)	1 (0.4)	0
Melanoma recurrent	1 (0.2)	1 (0.2)	0	1 (0.4)	1 (0.4)	0
Metastatic malignant melanoma	1 (0.2)	0	0	0	0	0
Blood and lymphatic system disorders	1 (0.2)	0	0	1 (0.4)	0	0
Leukopenia	1 (0.2)	0	0	0	0	0
Lymphocytic infiltration	0	0	0	1 (0.4)	0	0
Congenital, familial and genetic disorders	1 (0.2)	1 (0.2)	0	0	0	0
Fanconi syndrome	1 (0.2)	1 (0.2)	0	0	0	0
Eye disorders	1 (0.2)	0	0	0	0	0
Uveitis	1 (0.2)	0	0	0	0	0
Pregnancy, puerperium and perinatal conditions	1 (0.2)	0	0	0	0	0
Pregnancy	1 (0.2)	0	0	0	0	0

Apr 2023 DBL Includes events reported from the first dose of study therapy in the blinded phase
 Subjects without events are censored 100 days after last dose of study therapy in the blinded phase,
 or at the day before start of Nivolumab treatment in the open-label phase, whichever occurs earlier.
 MedDRA Version: 25.1; CTC Version 5.0
 Program Source: /opt/zfs001/prd/bms214671/stats/market/prog/tables/rt-ae-aeltd-cat--ta-ebr1575.sas

22JUN2023:20:24:12

Anhang 4-G 3: Subgruppenanalysen

Anhang 4-G 3.1: Subgruppenanalysen zu Endpunkten des Hauptteils aus CA209-76K

Anhang 4-G 3.1.1: Subgruppenanalysen für Endpunkte Morbidität und Lebensqualität aus CA209-76K

Anhang 4-G 3.1.1.1: Subgruppenanalysen für Endpunkt Rezidivfreies Überleben (RFS) aus CA209-76K

Ergänzende Analysen

Protocol: CA20976K

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Table 10.20.1
Subgroup Analyses of Recurrence Free Survival per Investigator
All Randomized Subjects

Subgroup	Nivolumab			Placebo			Nivolumab vs. Placebo	
	N	Patients with event n (%)	KME [95% CI] (mon) (1)	N	Patients with event n (%)	KME [95% CI] (mon) (1)	HR [95% CI] (2) (3)	Test for interaction p-value (4) (5)
OVERALL	526	102 (19.4)	N.A.	264	84 (31.8)	36.14 (24.77, N.A.)	0.535 (0.401, 0.715) <0.0001	
AGE CATEGORY I								
< 65	305	51 (16.7)	N.A.	155	48 (31.0)	36.14 (36.14, N.A.)	0.472 (0.318, 0.701) 0.0001	0.4295
>= 65	221	51 (23.1)	N.A.	109	36 (33.0)	N.A. (23.03, N.A.)	0.625 (0.408, 0.959) 0.0297	
AGE CATEGORY II								
>= 18 AND < 65	305	51 (16.7)	N.A.	155	48 (31.0)	36.14 (36.14, N.A.)	0.472 (0.318, 0.701) 0.0001	0.8398
>= 65 AND < 75	140	27 (19.3)	N.A.	77	23 (29.9)	N.A. (23.79, N.A.)	0.599 (0.344, 1.046) 0.0683	
>= 75 AND < 85	77	23 (29.9)	N.A.	30	12 (40.0)	23.62 (10.28, N.A.)	0.611 (0.303, 1.230) 0.1635	

Apr 2023 DBL, HR = hazard ratio; KME = Kaplan-Meier estimate; N.M.E. = Not meaningful estimate; N.E. = Not estimable.

(1) KME of median time to event. Two-sided 95% CI is computed by Brookmeyer and Crowley method (log log transformation).

(2) Unstratified Cox proportional hazard model. HR is nivolumab over Placebo.

(3) Unstratified Log-rank test

(4) Unstratified Cox proportional hazard model with treatment, subgroup and treatment*subgroup interaction to assess the significance of the interaction between treatment and the subgroup.

(5) A p-value of <0.05 is indicated by 1 asterisk (indicates potential effect modification).

Race Other includes all the races other than White, Asian, Black or African American and Not reported.

Program Source: /opt/zfs001/prd/bms214671/stats/market/prog/tables/rt-ef-ossb-eb1575.sas

22JUN2023:14:39:52

Ergänzende Analysen

Protocol: CA20976K

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Table 10.20.1
Subgroup Analyses of Recurrence Free Survival per Investigator
All Randomized Subjects

Subgroup	Nivolumab			Placebo			Nivolumab vs. Placebo	
	N	Patients with event n (%)	KME [95% CI] (mon) (1)	N	Patients with event n (%)	KME [95% CI] (mon) (1)	HR [95% CI] p-value (2) (3)	Test for interaction p-value (4) (5)
SEX								0.0778
MALE	322	63 (19.6)	N.A.	161	60 (37.3)	36.14 (23.62, N.A.)	0.439 (0.308, 0.626) <0.0001	
FEMALE	204	39 (19.1)	N.A.	103	24 (23.3)	N.A.	0.775 (0.466, 1.290) 0.3265	
DISEASE STAGE CATEGORY								0.4890
STAGE IIB	316	47 (14.9)	N.A.	162	46 (28.4)	36.14 (24.77, N.A.)	0.472 (0.314, 0.709) 0.0002	
STAGE IIC	210	55 (26.2)	N.A. (30.23, N.A.)	102	38 (37.3)	N.A. (19.81, N.A.)	0.589 (0.389, 0.891) 0.0115	

Apr 2023 DBL, HR = hazard ratio; KME = Kaplan-Meier estimate; N.M.E. = Not meaningful estimate; N.E. = Not estimable.
 (1) KME of median time to event. Two-sided 95% CI is computed by Brookmeyer and Crowley method (log log transformation).
 (2) Unstratified Cox proportional hazard model. HR is nivolumab over Placebo.
 (3) Unstratified Log-rank test
 (4) Unstratified Cox proportional hazard model with treatment, subgroup and treatment*subgroup interaction to assess the significance of the interaction between treatment and the subgroup.
 (5) A p-value of <0.05 is indicated by 1 asterisk (indicates potential effect modification).
 Race Other includes all the races other than White, Asian, Black or African American and Not reported.
 Program Source: /opt/zfs001/prd/bms214671/stats/market/prog/tables/rt-ef-oss-sub-ebr1575.sas

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Table 10.20.1
Subgroup Analyses of Recurrence Free Survival per Investigator
All Randomized Subjects

Subgroup	Nivolumab			Placebo			Nivolumab vs. Placebo	
	N	Patients with event n (%)	KME [95% CI] (mon) (1)	N	Patients with event n (%)	KME [95% CI] (mon) (1)	HR [95% CI] p-value (2) (3)	Test for interaction p-value (4) (5)
T STAGE (SOURCE: ECRF)								0.7503
T3B	204	26 (12.7)	N.A.	104	28 (26.9)	36.14 (24.77, N.A.)	0.450 (0.264, 0.769) 0.0027	
T4A	112	21 (18.8)	N.A.	58	18 (31.0)	N.A. (23.03, N.A.)	0.490 (0.260, 0.921) 0.0239	
T4B	210	55 (26.2)	N.A. (30.23, N.A.)	102	38 (37.3)	N.A. (19.81, N.A.)	0.589 (0.389, 0.891) 0.0115	

Apr 2023 DBL, HR = hazard ratio; KME = Kaplan-Meier estimate; N.M.E. = Not meaningful estimate; N.E. = Not estimable.

(1) KME of median time to event. Two-sided 95% CI is computed by Brookmeyer and Crowley method (log log transformation).

(2) Unstratified Cox proportional hazard model. HR is nivolumab over Placebo.

(3) Unstratified Log-rank test

(4) Unstratified Cox proportional hazard model with treatment, subgroup and treatment*subgroup interaction to assess the significance of the interaction between treatment and the subgroup.

(5) A p-value of <0.05 is indicated by 1 asterisk (indicates potential effect modification).

Race Other includes all the races other than White, Asian, Black or African American and Not reported.

Program Source: /opt/zfs001/prd/bms214671/stats/market/prog/tables/rt-ef-ossup-ebr1575.sas

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Ergänzende Analysen

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Table 10.20.1
Subgroup Analyses of Recurrence Free Survival per Investigator
All Randomized Subjects

Subgroup	Nivolumab			Placebo			Nivolumab vs. Placebo	
	N	Patients with event n (%)	KME [95% CI] (mon) (1)	N	Patients with event n (%)	KME [95% CI] (mon) (1)	HR [95% CI] p-value (2) (3)	Test for interaction p-value (4) (5)
REGION								0.6988
US AND CANADA	97	16 (16.5)	N.A.	46	11 (23.9)	N.A. (23.03, N.A.)	0.654 (0.304, 1.410) 0.2768	
WESTERN EUROPE	303	63 (20.8)	N.A.	160	56 (35.0)	36.14 (23.62, N.A.)	0.494 (0.344, 0.708) <0.0001	
EASTERN EUROPE	58	9 (15.5)	N.A.	28	10 (35.7)	N.A. (21.62, N.A.)	0.441 (0.179, 1.085) 0.0667	
AUSTRALIA	68	14 (20.6)	N.A. (25.00, N.A.)	30	7 (23.3)	N.A.	0.803 (0.324, 1.992) 0.6359	

Apr 2023 DBL, HR = hazard ratio; KME = Kaplan-Meier estimate; N.M.E. = Not meaningful estimate; N.E. = Not estimable.
 (1) KME of median time to event. Two-sided 95% CI is computed by Brookmeyer and Crowley method (log log transformation).
 (2) Unstratified Cox proportional hazard model. HR is nivolumab over Placebo.
 (3) Unstratified Log-rank test
 (4) Unstratified Cox proportional hazard model with treatment, subgroup and treatment*subgroup interaction to assess the significance of the interaction between treatment and the subgroup.
 (5) A p-value of <0.05 is indicated by 1 asterisk (indicates potential effect modification).
 Race Other includes all the races other than White, Asian, Black or African American and Not reported.
 Program Source: /opt/zfs001/prd/bms214671/stats/market/prog/tables/rt-ef-ossup-ebr1575.sas

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Anhang 4-G 3.1.1.2: Subgruppenanalysen für Endpunkt Fernmetastasenfreies Überleben (DMFS) aus CA209-76K

Ergänzende Analysen

Protocol: CA20976K

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Table 10.20.3
Subgroup Analyses of Distant Metastasis Free Survival per Investigator
All Randomized Subjects

Subgroup	Nivolumab			Placebo			Nivolumab vs. Placebo	
	N	Patients with event n (%)	KME [95% CI] (mon) (1)	N	Patients with event n (%)	KME [95% CI] (mon) (1)	HR [95% CI] (2) (3)	Test for interaction p-value (4) (5)
OVERALL	526	69 (13.1)	N.A.	264	51 (19.3)	36.14 (32.85, N.A.)	0.628 (0.437, 0.902) 0.0111	
AGE CATEGORY I < 65	305	35 (11.5)	N.A.	155	29 (18.7)	36.14 (32.85, N.A.)	0.575 (0.351, 0.941) 0.0260	0.5980
>= 65	221	34 (15.4)	N.A.	109	22 (20.2)	N.A.	0.727 (0.425, 1.243) 0.2421	
AGE CATEGORY II >= 18 AND < 65	305	35 (11.5)	N.A.	155	29 (18.7)	36.14 (32.85, N.A.)	0.575 (0.351, 0.941) 0.0260	0.9055
>= 65 AND < 75	140	19 (13.6)	N.A.	77	14 (18.2)	N.A.	0.705 (0.353, 1.406) 0.3179	
>= 75 AND < 85	77	14 (18.2)	N.A.	30	7 (23.3)	N.A. (23.62, N.A.)	0.723 (0.291, 1.791) 0.4797	

Apr 2023 DBL, HR = hazard ratio; KME = Kaplan-Meier estimate; N.M.E. = Not meaningful estimate; N.E. = Not estimable.

(1) KME of median time to event. Two-sided 95% CI is computed by Brookmeyer and Crowley method (log log transformation).

(2) Unstratified Cox proportional hazard model. HR is nivolumab over Placebo.

(3) Unstratified Log-rank test

(4) Unstratified Cox proportional hazard model with treatment, subgroup and treatment*subgroup interaction to assess the significance of the interaction between treatment and the subgroup.

(5) A p-value of <0.05 is indicated by 1 asterisk (indicates potential effect modification).

Race Other includes all the races other than White, Asian, Black or African American and Not reported.

Program Source: /opt/zfs001/prd/bms214671/stats/market/prog/tables/rt-ef-ossup-ebr1575.sas

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Table 10.20.3
Subgroup Analyses of Distant Metastasis Free Survival per Investigator
All Randomized Subjects

Subgroup	Nivolumab			Placebo			Nivolumab vs. Placebo	
	N	Patients with event n (%)	KME [95% CI] (mon) (1)	N	Patients with event n (%)	KME [95% CI] (mon) (1)	HR [95% CI] p-value (2) (3)	Test for interaction p-value (4) (5)
SEX								0.1412
MALE	322	40 (12.4)	N.A.	161	35 (21.7)	36.14 (36.14, N.A.)	0.511 (0.325, 0.806) 0.0032	
FEMALE	204	29 (14.2)	N.A.	103	16 (15.5)	N.A. (32.85, N.A.)	0.908 (0.493, 1.673) 0.7564	
DISEASE STAGE CATEGORY								0.7454
STAGE IIB	316	31 (9.8)	N.A.	162	26 (16.0)	36.14 (32.85, N.A.)	0.571 (0.339, 0.963) 0.0333	
STAGE IIC	210	38 (18.1)	N.A.	102	25 (24.5)	N.A.	0.658 (0.397, 1.091) 0.1026	

Apr 2023 DBL, HR = hazard ratio; KME = Kaplan-Meier estimate; N.M.E. = Not meaningful estimate; N.E. = Not estimable.

(1) KME of median time to event. Two-sided 95% CI is computed by Brookmeyer and Crowley method (log log transformation).

(2) Unstratified Cox proportional hazard model. HR is nivolumab over Placebo.

(3) Unstratified Log-rank test

(4) Unstratified Cox proportional hazard model with treatment, subgroup and treatment*subgroup interaction to assess the significance of the interaction between treatment and the subgroup.

(5) A p-value of <0.05 is indicated by 1 asterisk (indicates potential effect modification).

Race Other includes all the races other than White, Asian, Black or African American and Not reported.

Program Source: /opt/zfs001/prd/bms214671/stats/market/prog/tables/rt-ef-ossup-eb1575.sas

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Table 10.20.3
Subgroup Analyses of Distant Metastasis Free Survival per Investigator
All Randomized Subjects

Subgroup	Nivolumab			Placebo			Nivolumab vs. Placebo	
	N	Patients with event n (%)	KME [95% CI] (mon) (1)	N	Patients with event n (%)	KME [95% CI] (mon) (1)	HR [95% CI] p-value (2) (3)	Test for interaction p-value (4) (5)
T STAGE (SOURCE: ECRF)								0.4626
T3B	204	16 (7.8)	N.A.	104	18 (17.3)	36.14 (32.85, N.A.)	0.437 (0.222, 0.858) 0.0133	
T4A	112	15 (13.4)	N.A.	58	8 (13.8)	N.A.	0.867 (0.367, 2.047) 0.7459	
T4B	210	38 (18.1)	N.A.	102	25 (24.5)	N.A.	0.658 (0.397, 1.091) 0.1026	

Apr 2023 DBL, HR = hazard ratio; KME = Kaplan-Meier estimate; N.M.E. = Not meaningful estimate; N.E. = Not estimable.

(1) KME of median time to event. Two-sided 95% CI is computed by Brookmeyer and Crowley method (log log transformation).

(2) Unstratified Cox proportional hazard model. HR is nivolumab over Placebo.

(3) Unstratified Log-rank test

(4) Unstratified Cox proportional hazard model with treatment, subgroup and treatment*subgroup interaction to assess the significance of the interaction between treatment and the subgroup.

(5) A p-value of <0.05 is indicated by 1 asterisk (indicates potential effect modification).

Race Other includes all the races other than White, Asian, Black or African American and Not reported.

Program Source: /opt/zfs001/prd/bms214671/stats/market/prog/tables/rt-ef-ossup-ebr1575.sas

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Table 10.20.3
Subgroup Analyses of Distant Metastasis Free Survival per Investigator
All Randomized Subjects

Subgroup	Nivolumab			Placebo			Nivolumab vs. Placebo	
	N	Patients with event n (%)	KME [95% CI] (mon) (1)	N	Patients with event n (%)	KME [95% CI] (mon) (1)	HR [95% CI] p-value (2) (3)	Test for interaction p-value (4) (5)
REGION								0.3532
US AND CANADA	97	12 (12.4)	N.A.	46	9 (19.6)	N.A.	0.632 (0.266, 1.501)	
WESTERN EUROPE	303	43 (14.2)	N.A.	160	34 (21.3)	36.14 (32.85, N.A.)	0.2956 0.599 (0.382, 0.940)	
EASTERN EUROPE	58	6 (10.3)	N.A.	28	7 (25.0)	N.A. (23.95, N.A.)	0.0243 0.407 (0.137, 1.212)	
AUSTRALIA	68	8 (11.8)	N.A.	30	1 (3.3)	N.A.	0.0950 3.335 (0.417, 26.666)	0.2280

Apr 2023 DBL, HR = hazard ratio; KME = Kaplan-Meier estimate; N.M.E. = Not meaningful estimate; N.E. = Not estimable.
 (1) KME of median time to event. Two-sided 95% CI is computed by Brookmeyer and Crowley method (log log transformation).
 (2) Unstratified Cox proportional hazard model. HR is nivolumab over Placebo.
 (3) Unstratified Log-rank test
 (4) Unstratified Cox proportional hazard model with treatment, subgroup and treatment*subgroup interaction to assess the significance of the interaction between treatment and the subgroup.
 (5) A p-value of <0.05 is indicated by 1 asterisk (indicates potential effect modification).
 Race Other includes all the races other than White, Asian, Black or African American and Not reported.
 Program Source: /opt/zfs001/prd/bms214671/stats/market/prog/tables/rt-ef-ossup-ebr1575.sas

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Anhang 4-G 3.1.1.3: Subgruppenanalysen für Endpunkte gemäß EORTC-QLQ-C30 aus CA209-76K

Subgruppenanalysen für die Endpunkte Fatigue, Übelkeit und Erbrechen, Schmerz, Dyspnoe, Schlaflosigkeit, Appetitminderung, Obstipation, Diarrhoe, globaler Gesundheitsstatus, körperliche Funktion, Rollenfunktion, emotionale Funktion, kognitive Funktion und soziale Funktion gemäß EORTC-QLQ-C30 aus CA209-76K – Änderung zu Studienbeginn (MMRM)

Ergänzende Analysen

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Table 32.20.1
Subgroup Analyses of Mixed Model Repeated Measures Analysis of EORTC QLQ-C30
All Randomized Subjects

EORTC QLQ-C30 Domain Subgroup	Nivolumab 480 mg Q4W			Placebo Q4W			Nivolumab 480 mg Q4W vs. Placebo Q4W		
	N (1)	Baseline Mean (SD)	Change from baseline: LS Mean (95% CI) (2)	N (1)	Baseline Mean (SD)	Change from baseline: LS Mean (95% CI) (2)	Difference in mean change (95% CI); p-value (2)	SMD as Hedge's g (95% CI) (3)	Test for Interaction P-value (4)
PHYSICAL FUNCTIONING									
OVERALL	482	92.7 (13.4)	-1.24 (-1.97, -0.52)	253	91.8 (14.4)	-0.25 (-1.24, 0.74)	-0.99 (-2.22, 0.23) 0.1128	-0.12 (-0.28, 0.03)	
AGE CATEGORY I < 65	290	93.8 (13.3)	-0.91 (-1.81, -0.01)	151	92.7 (13.5)	0.59 (-0.64, 1.81)	-1.50 (-3.02, 0.02) 0.0537	-0.19 (-0.39, 0.00)	0.2718
>= 65	192	91.0 (13.3)	-1.75 (-2.83, -0.66)	102	90.5 (15.6)	-1.52 (-3.01, -0.04)	-0.22 (-2.06, 1.61) 0.8111	-0.03 (-0.27, 0.21)	

Apr 2023 DBL. NE = Not estimated. SMD = standardized mean difference.

(1) N is the number of randomized subjects with non-missing baseline and at least one post-baseline on-treatment assessment.

(2) Estimates are based on a MMRM, with chg from baseline as the primary dependent variable, trt and trt*visit week interaction, subgroup and subgroup*trt interaction as fixed effects, baseline PRO score as covariate, and visit week as repeated measure. Models run using an UN covariance matrix, if any model failed to converge, CS and then AR(1) were used, respectively.

(3) Hedges g = (mean chg nivolumab - mean chg Placebo)/pooled-SD, all multiplied by (1-(3/(4*df-1))).

(4) P-values <0.05 are indicated by 1 asterisk (indicates potential effect modification).

Only the on-treatment timepoints in the blinded phase with 10 subjects or more in each treatment group are included in the analysis. Functional scale/GHS/QoL: pos. (neg.) diff. favors nivolumab (Pbo.). Symptom scale/item: pos. (neg.) diff. favors Pbo. (nivolumab).

Program Source: /opt/zfs001/prd/bms214671/stats/market/prog/tables/rt-sy-mmrm-sub-ubr1575-b5.sas

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Table 32.20.1
Subgroup Analyses of Mixed Model Repeated Measures Analysis of EORTC QLQ-C30
All Randomized Subjects

EORTC QLQ-C30 Domain Subgroup	Nivolumab 480 mg Q4W			Placebo Q4W			Nivolumab 480 mg Q4W vs. Placebo Q4W		
	N (1)	Baseline Mean (SD)	Change from baseline: LS Mean (95% CI) (2)	N (1)	Baseline Mean (SD)	Change from baseline: LS Mean (95% CI) (2)	Difference in mean change (95% CI); p-value (2)	SMD as Hedge's g (95% CI) (3)	Test for Interaction P-value (4)
AGE CATEGORY II									0.5590
>= 18 AND < 65	290	93.8 (13.3)	-0.91 (-1.81, -0.02)	151	92.7 (13.5)	0.57 (-0.65, 1.79)	-1.48 (-3.00, 0.03) 0.0547	-0.19 (-0.39, 0.00)	
>= 65 AND < 75	123	92.0 (11.7)	-1.21 (-2.53, 0.12)	74	90.8 (16.4)	-0.85 (-2.57, 0.86)	-0.35 (-2.52, 1.81) 0.7483	-0.05 (-0.34, 0.24)	
>= 75 AND < 85	66	89.8 (15.8)	-2.64 (-4.45, -0.83)	26	90.3 (12.3)	-2.66 (-5.49, 0.18)	0.02 (-3.34, 3.37) 0.9920	0.00 (-0.45, 0.46)	
SEX									0.8626
MALE	295	93.6 (13.1)	-0.79 (-1.69, 0.10)	156	94.3 (11.6)	0.27 (-0.95, 1.48)	-1.06 (-2.57, 0.45) 0.1681	-0.14 (-0.33, 0.06)	
FEMALE	187	91.2 (13.6)	-1.95 (-3.04, -0.85)	97	87.8 (17.3)	-1.09 (-2.61, 0.43)	-0.86 (-2.73, 1.01) 0.3678	-0.11 (-0.36, 0.13)	

Apr 2023 DBL. NE = Not estimated. SMD = standardized mean difference.

(1) N is the number of randomized subjects with non-missing baseline and at least one post-baseline on-treatment assessment.

(2) Estimates are based on a MMRM, with chg from baseline as the primary dependent variable, trt and trt*visit week interaction, subgroup and subgroup*trt interaction as fixed effects, baseline PRO score as covariate, and visit week as repeated measure.

Models run using an UN covariance matrix, if any model failed to converge, CS and then AR(1) were used, respectively.

(3) Hedges g = (mean chg nivolumab - mean chg Placebo)/pooled-SD, all multiplied by (1-(3/(4*df-1))).

(4) P-values <0.05 are indicated by 1 asterisk (indicates potential effect modification).

Only the on-treatment timepoints in the blinded phase with 10 subjects or more in each treatment group are included in the analysis.

Functional scale/GHS/QoL: pos. (neg.) diff. favors nivolumab (Pbo.). Symptom scale/item: pos. (neg.) diff. favors Pbo. (nivolumab).

Program Source: /opt/zfs001/prd/bms214671/stats/market/prog/tables/rt-sy-mmrm-sub-ebr1575-b5.sas

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Ergänzende Analysen

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Table 32.20.1
Subgroup Analyses of Mixed Model Repeated Measures Analysis of EORTC QLQ-C30
All Randomized Subjects

EORTC QLQ-C30 Domain Subgroup	Nivolumab 480 mg Q4W			Placebo Q4W			Nivolumab 480 mg Q4W vs. Placebo Q4W		
	N (1)	Baseline Mean (SD)	Change from baseline: LS Mean (95% CI) (2)	N (1)	Baseline Mean (SD)	Change from baseline: LS Mean (95% CI) (2)	Difference in mean change (95% CI); p-value (2)	SMD as Hedge's g (95% CI) (3)	Test for Interaction P-value (4)
DISEASE STAGE CATEGORY									0.0809
STAGE IIB	294	92.9 (13.3)	-1.02 (-1.91, -0.12)	160	93.2 (12.3)	-0.78 (-1.98, 0.41)	-0.23 (-1.73, 1.26) 0.7583	-0.03 (-0.22, 0.16)	
STAGE IIC	188	92.4 (13.5)	-1.60 (-2.69, -0.50)	93	89.4 (17.3)	0.70 (-0.86, 2.25)	-2.29 (-4.20, -0.39) 0.0183	-0.30 (-0.55, -0.05)	
T STAGE									0.0740
T3B	189	92.0 (13.2)	-1.03 (-2.13, 0.06)	103	93.9 (12.0)	-0.04 (-1.50, 1.42)	-1.00 (-2.82, 0.82) 0.2821	-0.13 (-0.37, 0.11)	
T4A	105	94.4 (13.4)	-0.98 (-2.42, 0.46)	57	91.8 (12.8)	-2.16 (-4.10, -0.22)	1.18 (-1.24, 3.60) 0.3383	0.16 (-0.17, 0.48)	
T4B	188	92.4 (13.5)	-1.60 (-2.70, -0.51)	93	89.4 (17.3)	0.70 (-0.86, 2.25)	-2.30 (-4.20, -0.40) 0.0180	-0.30 (-0.55, -0.05)	

Apr 2023 DBL. NE = Not estimated. SMD = standardized mean difference.

(1) N is the number of randomized subjects with non-missing baseline and at least one post-baseline on-treatment assessment.

(2) Estimates are based on a MMRM, with chg from baseline as the primary dependent variable, trt and trt*visit week interaction, subgroup and subgroup*trt interaction as fixed effects, baseline PRO score as covariate, and visit week as repeated measure.

Models run using an UN covariance matrix, if any model failed to converge, CS and then AR(1) were used, respectively.

(3) Hedges g = (mean chg nivolumab - mean chg Placebo)/pooled-SD, all multiplied by (1-(3/(4*df-1))).

(4) P-values <0.05 are indicated by 1 asterisk (indicates potential effect modification).

Only the on-treatment timepoints in the blinded phase with 10 subjects or more in each treatment group are included in the analysis.

Functional scale/GHS/QoL: pos. (neg.) diff. favors nivolumab (Pbo.). Symptom scale/item: pos. (neg.) diff. favors Pbo. (nivolumab).

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Table 32.20.1
Subgroup Analyses of Mixed Model Repeated Measures Analysis of EORTC QLQ-C30
All Randomized Subjects

EORTC QLQ-C30 Domain Subgroup	Nivolumab 480 mg Q4W			Placebo Q4W			Nivolumab 480 mg Q4W vs. Placebo Q4W		
	N (1)	Baseline Mean (SD)	Change from baseline: LS Mean (95% CI) (2)	N (1)	Baseline Mean (SD)	Change from baseline: LS Mean (95% CI) (2)	Difference in mean change (95% CI); p-value (2)	SMD as Hedge's g (95% CI) (3)	Test for Interaction P-value (4)
REGION									0.1516
US AND CANADA	89	93.3 (14.3)	-0.49 (-2.05, 1.07)	44	93.8 (12.3)	-0.95 (-3.13, 1.24)	0.45 (-2.23, 3.14) 0.7399	0.06 (-0.30, 0.42)	
WESTERN EUROPE	281	93.0 (12.8)	-1.28 (-2.19, -0.37)	152	92.1 (15.4)	0.78 (-0.45, 2.02)	-2.06 (-3.60, -0.53) 0.0085	-0.26 (-0.46, -0.07)	
EASTERN EUROPE	51	88.5 (11.7)	-1.15 (-3.17, 0.87)	27	85.9 (13.2)	-1.83 (-4.62, 0.95)	0.69 (-2.75, 4.12) 0.6952	0.09 (-0.37, 0.56)	
AUSTRALIA	61	93.6 (15.3)	-2.27 (-4.16, -0.39)	30	92.7 (12.3)	-2.98 (-5.62, -0.35)	0.71 (-2.53, 3.95) 0.6664	0.10 (-0.34, 0.53)	

Apr 2023 DBL. NE = Not estimated. SMD = standardized mean difference.

(1) N is the number of randomized subjects with non-missing baseline and at least one post-baseline on-treatment assessment.

(2) Estimates are based on a MMRM, with chg from baseline as the primary dependent variable, trt and trt*visit week interaction, subgroup and subgroup*trt interaction as fixed effects, baseline PRO score as covariate, and visit week as repeated measure. Models run using an UN covariance matrix, if any model failed to converge, CS and then AR(1) were used, respectively.

(3) Hedges g = (mean chg nivolumab - mean chg Placebo)/pooled-SD, all multiplied by (1-(3/(4*df-1))).

(4) P-values <0.05 are indicated by 1 asterisk (indicates potential effect modification).

Only the on-treatment timepoints in the blinded phase with 10 subjects or more in each treatment group are included in the analysis. Functional scale/GHS/QoL: pos. (neg.) diff. favors nivolumab (Pbo.). Symptom scale/item: pos. (neg.) diff. favors Pbo. (nivolumab).

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Table 32.20.1
Subgroup Analyses of Mixed Model Repeated Measures Analysis of EORTC QLQ-C30
All Randomized Subjects

EORTC QLQ-C30 Domain Subgroup	Nivolumab 480 mg Q4W			Placebo Q4W			Nivolumab 480 mg Q4W vs. Placebo Q4W		
	N (1)	Baseline Mean (SD)	Change from baseline: LS Mean (95% CI) (2)	N (1)	Baseline Mean (SD)	Change from baseline: LS Mean (95% CI) (2)	Difference in mean change (95% CI); p-value (2)	SMD as Hedge's g (95% CI) (3)	Test for Interaction P-value (4)
ROLE FUNCTIONING									
OVERALL	484	91.3 (18.9)	-1.36 (-2.51, -0.21)	253	89.1 (21.1)	1.04 (-0.53, 2.60)	-2.40 (-4.34, -0.46) 0.0156	-0.19 (-0.34, -0.04)	
AGE CATEGORY I < 65	291	90.2 (21.0)	-0.78 (-2.21, 0.65)	151	89.1 (21.7)	1.21 (-0.74, 3.16)	-1.99 (-4.41, 0.43) 0.1066	-0.16 (-0.36, 0.04)	0.5754
>= 65	193	92.8 (15.2)	-2.25 (-3.98, -0.52)	102	89.2 (20.4)	0.78 (-1.58, 3.14)	-3.03 (-5.96, -0.10) 0.0427	-0.25 (-0.49, -0.01)	

Apr 2023 DBL. NE = Not estimated. SMD = standardized mean difference.

(1) N is the number of randomized subjects with non-missing baseline and at least one post-baseline on-treatment assessment.

(2) Estimates are based on a MMRM, with chg from baseline as the primary dependent variable, trt and trt*visit week interaction, subgroup and subgroup*trt interaction as fixed effects, baseline PRO score as covariate, and visit week as repeated measure. Models run using an UN covariance matrix, if any model failed to converge, CS and then AR(1) were used, respectively.

(3) Hedges g = (mean chg nivolumab - mean chg Placebo)/pooled-SD, all multiplied by (1-(3/(4*df-1))).

(4) P-values <0.05 are indicated by 1 asterisk (indicates potential effect modification).

Only the on-treatment timepoints in the blinded phase with 10 subjects or more in each treatment group are included in the analysis. Functional scale/GHS/QoL: pos. (neg.) diff. favors nivolumab (Pbo.). Symptom scale/item: pos. (neg.) diff. favors Pbo. (nivolumab).

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Table 32.20.1
Subgroup Analyses of Mixed Model Repeated Measures Analysis of EORTC QLQ-C30
All Randomized Subjects

EORTC QLQ-C30 Domain Subgroup	Nivolumab 480 mg Q4W			Placebo Q4W			Nivolumab 480 mg Q4W vs. Placebo Q4W		
	N (1)	Baseline Mean (SD)	Change from baseline: LS Mean (95% CI) (2)	N (1)	Baseline Mean (SD)	Change from baseline: LS Mean (95% CI) (2)	Difference in mean change (95% CI); p-value (2)	SMD as Hedge's g (95% CI) (3)	Test for Interaction P-value (4)
AGE CATEGORY II									0.0873
>= 18 AND < 65	291	90.2 (21.0)	-0.85 (-2.26, 0.56)	151	89.1 (21.7)	1.17 (-0.76, 3.11)	-2.03 (-4.42, 0.37) 0.0973	-0.17 (-0.36, 0.03)	
>= 65 AND < 75	124	92.5 (15.8)	-0.46 (-2.56, 1.64)	74	90.8 (20.1)	0.64 (-2.08, 3.35)	-1.10 (-4.53, 2.34) 0.5312	-0.09 (-0.38, 0.20)	
>= 75 AND < 85	66	93.7 (13.9)	-5.29 (-8.16, -2.41)	26	85.9 (20.4)	2.63 (-1.87, 7.14)	-7.92 (-13.27, -2.57) 0.0038	-0.67 (-1.13, -0.20)	
SEX									0.6358
MALE	297	92.2 (17.9)	-0.41 (-1.82, 1.00)	156	92.2 (18.3)	1.63 (-0.29, 3.56)	-2.04 (-4.42, 0.34) 0.0935	-0.17 (-0.36, 0.03)	
FEMALE	187	89.8 (20.4)	-2.87 (-4.61, -1.12)	97	84.2 (24.3)	0.06 (-2.35, 2.46)	-2.92 (-5.89, 0.05) 0.0538	-0.24 (-0.49, 0.01)	

Apr 2023 DBL. NE = Not estimated. SMD = standardized mean difference.

(1) N is the number of randomized subjects with non-missing baseline and at least one post-baseline on-treatment assessment.

(2) Estimates are based on a MMRM, with chg from baseline as the primary dependent variable, trt and trt*visit week interaction, subgroup and subgroup*trt interaction as fixed effects, baseline PRO score as covariate, and visit week as repeated measure.

Models run using an UN covariance matrix, if any model failed to converge, CS and then AR(1) were used, respectively.

(3) Hedges g = (mean chg nivolumab - mean chg Placebo)/pooled-SD, all multiplied by (1-(3/(4*df-1))).

(4) P-values <0.05 are indicated by 1 asterisk (indicates potential effect modification).

Only the on-treatment timepoints in the blinded phase with 10 subjects or more in each treatment group are included in the analysis.

Functional scale/GHS/QoL: pos. (neg.) diff. favors nivolumab (Pbo.). Symptom scale/item: pos. (neg.) diff. favors Pbo. (nivolumab).

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Table 32.20.1
Subgroup Analyses of Mixed Model Repeated Measures Analysis of EORTC QLQ-C30
All Randomized Subjects

EORTC QLQ-C30 Domain Subgroup	Nivolumab 480 mg Q4W			Placebo Q4W			Nivolumab 480 mg Q4W vs. Placebo Q4W		
	N (1)	Baseline Mean (SD)	Change from baseline: LS Mean (95% CI) (2)	N (1)	Baseline Mean (SD)	Change from baseline: LS Mean (95% CI) (2)	Difference in mean change (95% CI); p-value (2)	SMD as Hedge's g (95% CI) (3)	Test for Interaction P-value (4)
DISEASE STAGE CATEGORY									0.5615
STAGE IIB	295	92.1 (17.1)	-1.23 (-2.65, 0.19)	160	90.5 (20.1)	1.55 (-0.35, 3.45)	-2.78 (-5.15, -0.41) 0.0218	-0.22 (-0.42, -0.03)	
STAGE IIC	189	89.9 (21.4)	-1.56 (-3.31, 0.18)	93	86.7 (22.7)	0.12 (-2.35, 2.60)	-1.69 (-4.71, 1.34) 0.2748	-0.14 (-0.39, 0.11)	
T STAGE									0.0919
T3B	190	91.6 (16.9)	-1.80 (-3.53, -0.07)	103	92.2 (18.5)	2.76 (0.45, 5.08)	-4.56 (-7.45, -1.67) 0.0020	-0.38 (-0.62, -0.14)	
T4A	105	93.2 (17.6)	-0.20 (-2.49, 2.10)	57	87.4 (22.6)	-0.67 (-3.76, 2.42)	0.48 (-3.38, 4.33) 0.8087	0.04 (-0.28, 0.36)	
T4B	189	89.9 (21.4)	-1.56 (-3.30, 0.18)	93	86.7 (22.7)	0.09 (-2.38, 2.57)	-1.65 (-4.68, 1.37) 0.2834	-0.14 (-0.38, 0.11)	

Apr 2023 DBL. NE = Not estimated. SMD = standardized mean difference.

(1) N is the number of randomized subjects with non-missing baseline and at least one post-baseline on-treatment assessment.

(2) Estimates are based on a MMRM, with chg from baseline as the primary dependent variable, trt and trt*visit week interaction, subgroup and subgroup*trt interaction as fixed effects, baseline PRO score as covariate, and visit week as repeated measure.

Models run using an UN covariance matrix, if any model failed to converge, CS and then AR(1) were used, respectively.

(3) Hedges g = (mean chg nivolumab - mean chg Placebo)/pooled-SD, all multiplied by (1-(3/(4*df-1))).

(4) P-values <0.05 are indicated by 1 asterisk (indicates potential effect modification).

Only the on-treatment timepoints in the blinded phase with 10 subjects or more in each treatment group are included in the analysis.

Functional scale/GHS/QoL: pos. (neg.) diff. favors nivolumab (Pbo.). Symptom scale/item: pos. (neg.) diff. favors Pbo. (nivolumab).

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Table 32.20.1
Subgroup Analyses of Mixed Model Repeated Measures Analysis of EORTC QLQ-C30
All Randomized Subjects

EORTC QLQ-C30 Domain Subgroup	Nivolumab 480 mg Q4W			Placebo Q4W			Nivolumab 480 mg Q4W vs. Placebo Q4W		
	N (1)	Baseline Mean (SD)	Change from baseline: LS Mean (95% CI) (2)	N (1)	Baseline Mean (SD)	Change from baseline: LS Mean (95% CI) (2)	Difference in mean change (95% CI); p-value (2)	SMD as Hedge's g (95% CI) (3)	Test for Interaction P-value (4)
REGION									0.1111
US AND CANADA	89	90.8 (21.0)	-0.78 (-3.27, 1.71)	44	89.8 (19.8)	2.69 (-0.79, 6.18)	-3.47 (-7.76, 0.81)	-0.29 (-0.65, 0.07)	
WESTERN EUROPE	283	91.8 (17.7)	-1.66 (-3.10, -0.22)	152	88.8 (22.5)	1.94 (-0.02, 3.89)	-3.60 (-6.03, -1.17)	-0.29 (-0.49, -0.09)	
EASTERN EUROPE	51	85.6 (22.4)	-1.27 (-4.49, 1.95)	27	87.7 (19.9)	-3.95 (-8.38, 0.48)	2.67 (-2.80, 8.15)	0.23 (-0.24, 0.69)	
AUSTRALIA	61	94.3 (17.4)	-0.84 (-3.86, 2.17)	30	91.1 (17.4)	-1.49 (-5.69, 2.72)	0.65 (-4.53, 5.82)	0.05 (-0.38, 0.49)	

Apr 2023 DBL. NE = Not estimated. SMD = standardized mean difference.

(1) N is the number of randomized subjects with non-missing baseline and at least one post-baseline on-treatment assessment.

(2) Estimates are based on a MMRM, with chg from baseline as the primary dependent variable, trt and trt*visit week interaction, subgroup and subgroup*trt interaction as fixed effects, baseline PRO score as covariate, and visit week as repeated measure. Models run using an UN covariance matrix, if any model failed to converge, CS and then AR(1) were used, respectively.

(3) Hedges g = (mean chg nivolumab - mean chg Placebo)/pooled-SD, all multiplied by (1-(3/(4*df-1))).

(4) P-values <0.05 are indicated by 1 asterisk (indicates potential effect modification).

Only the on-treatment timepoints in the blinded phase with 10 subjects or more in each treatment group are included in the analysis. Functional scale/GHS/QoL: pos. (neg.) diff. favors nivolumab (Pbo.). Symptom scale/item: pos. (neg.) diff. favors Pbo. (nivolumab).

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Table 32.20.1
Subgroup Analyses of Mixed Model Repeated Measures Analysis of EORTC QLQ-C30
All Randomized Subjects

EORTC QLQ-C30 Domain Subgroup	Nivolumab 480 mg Q4W			Placebo Q4W			Nivolumab 480 mg Q4W vs. Placebo Q4W		
	N (1)	Baseline Mean (SD)	Change from baseline: LS Mean (95% CI) (2)	N (1)	Baseline Mean (SD)	Change from baseline: LS Mean (95% CI) (2)	Difference in mean change (95% CI); p-value (2)	SMD as Hedge's g (95% CI) (3)	Test for Interaction P-value (4)
EMOTIONAL FUNCTIONING									
OVERALL	484	86.2 (16.9)	1.38 (0.38, 2.38)	251	87.5 (15.8)	1.24 (-0.13, 2.61)	0.14 (-1.55, 1.84) 0.8684	0.01 (-0.14, 0.17)	
AGE CATEGORY I < 65	290	85.5 (17.7)	0.94 (-0.31, 2.20)	149	87.1 (16.3)	0.79 (-0.94, 2.52)	0.15 (-1.98, 2.29) 0.8885	0.01 (-0.18, 0.21)	0.9929
>= 65	194	87.2 (15.7)	2.04 (0.52, 3.57)	102	88.0 (15.0)	1.91 (-0.17, 3.99)	0.14 (-2.44, 2.72) 0.9164	0.01 (-0.23, 0.25)	

Apr 2023 DBL. NE = Not estimated. SMD = standardized mean difference.

(1) N is the number of randomized subjects with non-missing baseline and at least one post-baseline on-treatment assessment.

(2) Estimates are based on a MMRM, with chg from baseline as the primary dependent variable, trt and trt*visit week interaction, subgroup and subgroup*trt interaction as fixed effects, baseline PRO score as covariate, and visit week as repeated measure. Models run using an UN covariance matrix, if any model failed to converge, CS and then AR(1) were used, respectively.

(3) Hedges g = (mean chg nivolumab - mean chg Placebo)/pooled-SD, all multiplied by (1-(3/(4*df-1))).

(4) P-values <0.05 are indicated by 1 asterisk (indicates potential effect modification).

Only the on-treatment timepoints in the blinded phase with 10 subjects or more in each treatment group are included in the analysis. Functional scale/GHS/QoL: pos. (neg.) diff. favors nivolumab (Pbo.). Symptom scale/item: pos. (neg.) diff. favors Pbo. (nivolumab).

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Table 32.20.1
Subgroup Analyses of Mixed Model Repeated Measures Analysis of EORTC QLQ-C30
All Randomized Subjects

EORTC QLQ-C30 Domain Subgroup	Nivolumab 480 mg Q4W			Placebo Q4W			Nivolumab 480 mg Q4W vs. Placebo Q4W		
	N (1)	Baseline Mean (SD)	Change from baseline: LS Mean (95% CI) (2)	N (1)	Baseline Mean (SD)	Change from baseline: LS Mean (95% CI) (2)	Difference in mean change (95% CI); p-value (2)	SMD as Hedge's g (95% CI) (3)	Test for Interaction P-value (4)
AGE CATEGORY II									0.9763
>= 18 AND < 65	290	85.5 (17.7)	0.92 (-0.33, 2.18)	149	87.1 (16.3)	0.76 (-0.97, 2.48)	0.16 (-1.97, 2.30) 0.8795	0.02 (-0.18, 0.21)	
>= 65 AND < 75	125	86.7 (14.8)	2.63 (0.76, 4.49)	74	87.8 (16.1)	2.40 (-0.03, 4.82)	0.23 (-2.83, 3.29) 0.8830	0.02 (-0.27, 0.31)	
>= 75 AND < 85	66	89.3 (14.9)	0.94 (-1.64, 3.51)	26	88.8 (11.0)	1.31 (-2.73, 5.34)	-0.37 (-5.16, 4.42) 0.8795	-0.03 (-0.49, 0.42)	
SEX									0.3250
MALE	298	88.0 (16.4)	2.37 (1.13, 3.61)	155	90.5 (13.4)	1.61 (-0.10, 3.32)	0.76 (-1.35, 2.87) 0.4804	0.07 (-0.12, 0.26)	
FEMALE	186	83.1 (17.2)	-0.21 (-1.76, 1.34)	96	82.5 (17.9)	0.66 (-1.47, 2.79)	-0.87 (-3.49, 1.75) 0.5130	-0.08 (-0.33, 0.16)	

Apr 2023 DBL. NE = Not estimated. SMD = standardized mean difference.

(1) N is the number of randomized subjects with non-missing baseline and at least one post-baseline on-treatment assessment.

(2) Estimates are based on a MMRM, with chg from baseline as the primary dependent variable, trt and trt*visit week interaction, subgroup and subgroup*trt interaction as fixed effects, baseline PRO score as covariate, and visit week as repeated measure.

Models run using an UN covariance matrix, if any model failed to converge, CS and then AR(1) were used, respectively.

(3) Hedges g = (mean chg nivolumab - mean chg Placebo)/pooled-SD, all multiplied by (1-(3/(4*df-1))).

(4) P-values <0.05 are indicated by 1 asterisk (indicates potential effect modification).

Only the on-treatment timepoints in the blinded phase with 10 subjects or more in each treatment group are included in the analysis.

Functional scale/GHS/QoL: pos. (neg.) diff. favors nivolumab (Pbo.). Symptom scale/item: pos. (neg.) diff. favors Pbo. (nivolumab).

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Table 32.20.1
Subgroup Analyses of Mixed Model Repeated Measures Analysis of EORTC QLQ-C30
All Randomized Subjects

EORTC QLQ-C30 Domain Subgroup	Nivolumab 480 mg Q4W			Placebo Q4W			Nivolumab 480 mg Q4W vs. Placebo Q4W		
	N (1)	Baseline Mean (SD)	Change from baseline: LS Mean (95% CI) (2)	N (1)	Baseline Mean (SD)	Change from baseline: LS Mean (95% CI) (2)	Difference in mean change (95% CI); p-value (2)	SMD as Hedge's g (95% CI) (3)	Test for Interaction P-value (4)
DISEASE STAGE CATEGORY									0.8621
STAGE IIB	296	86.1 (17.1)	1.87 (0.62, 3.11)	159	87.7 (15.5)	1.59 (-0.09, 3.26)	0.28 (-1.80, 2.37) 0.7900	0.03 (-0.17, 0.22)	
STAGE IIC	188	86.2 (16.5)	0.61 (-0.93, 2.15)	92	87.0 (16.4)	0.62 (-1.57, 2.81)	-0.01 (-2.69, 2.67) 0.9955	0.00 (-0.25, 0.25)	
T STAGE									0.3564
T3B	190	86.8 (15.0)	1.46 (-0.07, 2.98)	102	89.2 (14.0)	2.26 (0.20, 4.31)	-0.80 (-3.36, 1.76) 0.5396	-0.08 (-0.32, 0.17)	
T4A	106	84.9 (20.4)	2.60 (0.57, 4.62)	57	85.1 (17.6)	0.36 (-2.37, 3.10)	2.24 (-1.17, 5.64) 0.1975	0.21 (-0.11, 0.53)	
T4B	188	86.2 (16.5)	0.62 (-0.92, 2.16)	92	87.0 (16.4)	0.62 (-1.57, 2.81)	0.00 (-2.68, 2.67) 0.9974	0.00 (-0.25, 0.25)	

Apr 2023 DBL. NE = Not estimated. SMD = standardized mean difference.

(1) N is the number of randomized subjects with non-missing baseline and at least one post-baseline on-treatment assessment.

(2) Estimates are based on a MMRM, with chg from baseline as the primary dependent variable, trt and trt*visit week interaction, subgroup and subgroup*trt interaction as fixed effects, baseline PRO score as covariate, and visit week as repeated measure.

Models run using an UN covariance matrix, if any model failed to converge, CS and then AR(1) were used, respectively.

(3) Hedges g = (mean chg nivolumab - mean chg Placebo)/pooled-SD, all multiplied by (1-(3/(4*df-1))).

(4) P-values <0.05 are indicated by 1 asterisk (indicates potential effect modification).

Only the on-treatment timepoints in the blinded phase with 10 subjects or more in each treatment group are included in the analysis.

Functional scale/GHS/QoL: pos. (neg.) diff. favors nivolumab (Pbo.). Symptom scale/item: pos. (neg.) diff. favors Pbo. (nivolumab).

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Table 32.20.1
Subgroup Analyses of Mixed Model Repeated Measures Analysis of EORTC QLQ-C30
All Randomized Subjects

EORTC QLQ-C30 Domain Subgroup	Nivolumab 480 mg Q4W			Placebo Q4W			Nivolumab 480 mg Q4W vs. Placebo Q4W		
	N (1)	Baseline Mean (SD)	Change from baseline: LS Mean (95% CI) (2)	N (1)	Baseline Mean (SD)	Change from baseline: LS Mean (95% CI) (2)	Difference in mean change (95% CI); p-value (2)	SMD as Hedge's g (95% CI) (3)	Test for Interaction P-value (4)
REGION									0.3718
US AND CANADA	89	87.3 (18.8)	2.33 (0.11, 4.54)	44	90.5 (11.9)	0.01 (-3.09, 3.11)	2.32 (-1.49, 6.13)	0.22 (-0.14, 0.58)	
WESTERN EUROPE	282	86.3 (16.3)	1.02 (-0.25, 2.30)	150	87.1 (16.5)	2.02 (0.29, 3.76)	-1.00 (-3.15, 1.15)	-0.09 (-0.29, 0.11)	
EASTERN EUROPE	51	79.9 (18.3)	2.34 (-0.53, 5.22)	27	83.3 (18.9)	0.35 (-3.59, 4.29)	1.99 (-2.87, 6.86)	0.19 (-0.28, 0.66)	
AUSTRALIA	62	89.2 (14.3)	0.84 (-1.82, 3.50)	30	88.6 (13.2)	-0.05 (-3.80, 3.69)	0.90 (-3.69, 5.48)	0.08 (-0.35, 0.52)	

Apr 2023 DBL. NE = Not estimated. SMD = standardized mean difference.

(1) N is the number of randomized subjects with non-missing baseline and at least one post-baseline on-treatment assessment.

(2) Estimates are based on a MMRM, with chg from baseline as the primary dependent variable, trt and trt*visit week interaction, subgroup and subgroup*trt interaction as fixed effects, baseline PRO score as covariate, and visit week as repeated measure. Models run using an UN covariance matrix, if any model failed to converge, CS and then AR(1) were used, respectively.

(3) Hedges g = (mean chg nivolumab - mean chg Placebo)/pooled-SD, all multiplied by (1-(3/(4*df-1))).

(4) P-values <0.05 are indicated by 1 asterisk (indicates potential effect modification).

Only the on-treatment timepoints in the blinded phase with 10 subjects or more in each treatment group are included in the analysis. Functional scale/GHS/QoL: pos. (neg.) diff. favors nivolumab (Pbo.). Symptom scale/item: pos. (neg.) diff. favors Pbo. (nivolumab).

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Table 32.20.1
Subgroup Analyses of Mixed Model Repeated Measures Analysis of EORTC QLQ-C30
All Randomized Subjects

EORTC QLQ-C30 Domain Subgroup	Nivolumab 480 mg Q4W			Placebo Q4W			Nivolumab 480 mg Q4W vs. Placebo Q4W		
	N (1)	Baseline Mean (SD)	Change from baseline: LS Mean (95% CI) (2)	N (1)	Baseline Mean (SD)	Change from baseline: LS Mean (95% CI) (2)	Difference in mean change (95% CI); p-value (2)	SMD as Hedge's g (95% CI) (3)	Test for Interaction P-value (4)
COGNITIVE FUNCTIONING									
OVERALL	484	93.2 (13.1)	-1.82 (-2.74, -0.90)	251	95.2 (10.2)	-2.34 (-3.59, -1.08)	0.51 (-1.04, 2.07) 0.5165	0.05 (-0.10, 0.20)	
AGE CATEGORY I < 65	290	93.9 (13.8)	-1.84 (-2.96, -0.72)	149	96.6 (8.4)	-2.24 (-3.78, -0.70)	0.40 (-1.50, 2.31) 0.6789	0.04 (-0.16, 0.24)	0.8433
>= 65	194	92.3 (11.9)	-1.80 (-3.14, -0.46)	102	93.1 (12.0)	-2.48 (-4.30, -0.65)	0.68 (-1.59, 2.94) 0.5563	0.07 (-0.17, 0.31)	

Apr 2023 DBL. NE = Not estimated. SMD = standardized mean difference.

(1) N is the number of randomized subjects with non-missing baseline and at least one post-baseline on-treatment assessment.

(2) Estimates are based on a MMRM, with chg from baseline as the primary dependent variable, trt and trt*visit week interaction, subgroup and subgroup*trt interaction as fixed effects, baseline PRO score as covariate, and visit week as repeated measure. Models run using an UN covariance matrix, if any model failed to converge, CS and then AR(1) were used, respectively.

(3) Hedges g = (mean chg nivolumab - mean chg Placebo)/pooled-SD, all multiplied by (1-(3/(4*df-1))).

(4) P-values <0.05 are indicated by 1 asterisk (indicates potential effect modification).

Only the on-treatment timepoints in the blinded phase with 10 subjects or more in each treatment group are included in the analysis. Functional scale/GHS/QoL: pos. (neg.) diff. favors nivolumab (Pbo.). Symptom scale/item: pos. (neg.) diff. favors Pbo. (nivolumab).

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Table 32.20.1
Subgroup Analyses of Mixed Model Repeated Measures Analysis of EORTC QLQ-C30
All Randomized Subjects

EORTC QLQ-C30 Domain Subgroup	Nivolumab 480 mg Q4W			Placebo Q4W			Nivolumab 480 mg Q4W vs. Placebo Q4W		
	N (1)	Baseline Mean (SD)	Change from baseline: LS Mean (95% CI) (2)	N (1)	Baseline Mean (SD)	Change from baseline: LS Mean (95% CI) (2)	Difference in mean change (95% CI); p-value (2)	SMD as Hedge's g (95% CI) (3)	Test for Interaction P-value (4)
AGE CATEGORY II									0.5208
>= 18 AND < 65	290	93.9 (13.8)	-1.94 (-3.05, -0.82)	149	96.6 (8.4)	-2.28 (-3.81, -0.75)	0.34 (-1.55, 2.24) 0.7231	0.04 (-0.16, 0.23)	
>= 65 AND < 75	125	92.9 (11.6)	-0.92 (-2.54, 0.69)	74	94.4 (11.5)	-2.21 (-4.30, -0.12)	1.29 (-1.36, 3.93) 0.3399	0.14 (-0.15, 0.43)	
>= 75 AND < 85	66	91.9 (10.2)	-3.49 (-5.69, -1.29)	26	91.0 (10.8)	-2.03 (-5.48, 1.42)	-1.46 (-5.54, 2.62) 0.4834	-0.16 (-0.62, 0.29)	
SEX									0.5645
MALE	298	93.3 (12.9)	-0.92 (-2.02, 0.18)	155	96.0 (9.1)	-1.74 (-3.25, -0.23)	0.82 (-1.05, 2.69) 0.3923	0.08 (-0.11, 0.28)	
FEMALE	186	93.1 (13.5)	-3.28 (-4.64, -1.93)	96	93.9 (11.6)	-3.29 (-5.14, -1.44)	0.01 (-2.28, 2.30) 0.9946	0.00 (-0.25, 0.25)	

Apr 2023 DBL. NE = Not estimated. SMD = standardized mean difference.

(1) N is the number of randomized subjects with non-missing baseline and at least one post-baseline on-treatment assessment.

(2) Estimates are based on a MMRM, with chg from baseline as the primary dependent variable, trt and trt*visit week interaction, subgroup and subgroup*trt interaction as fixed effects, baseline PRO score as covariate, and visit week as repeated measure.

Models run using an UN covariance matrix, if any model failed to converge, CS and then AR(1) were used, respectively.

(3) Hedges g = (mean chg nivolumab - mean chg Placebo)/pooled-SD, all multiplied by (1-(3/(4*df-1))).

(4) P-values <0.05 are indicated by 1 asterisk (indicates potential effect modification).

Only the on-treatment timepoints in the blinded phase with 10 subjects or more in each treatment group are included in the analysis.

Functional scale/GHS/QoL: pos. (neg.) diff. favors nivolumab (Pbo.). Symptom scale/item: pos. (neg.) diff. favors Pbo. (nivolumab).

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Table 32.20.1
Subgroup Analyses of Mixed Model Repeated Measures Analysis of EORTC QLQ-C30
All Randomized Subjects

EORTC QLQ-C30 Domain Subgroup	Nivolumab 480 mg Q4W			Placebo Q4W			Nivolumab 480 mg Q4W vs. Placebo Q4W		
	N (1)	Baseline Mean (SD)	Change from baseline: LS Mean (95% CI) (2)	N (1)	Baseline Mean (SD)	Change from baseline: LS Mean (95% CI) (2)	Difference in mean change (95% CI); p-value (2)	SMD as Hedge's g (95% CI) (3)	Test for Interaction P-value (4)
DISEASE STAGE CATEGORY									0.8300
STAGE IIB	296	93.5 (13.2)	-1.35 (-2.46, -0.24)	159	95.5 (9.7)	-2.01 (-3.50, -0.51)	0.65 (-1.21, 2.52) 0.4909	0.07 (-0.13, 0.26)	
STAGE IIC	188	92.8 (13.0)	-2.56 (-3.92, -1.21)	92	94.7 (11.0)	-2.91 (-4.83, -1.00)	0.35 (-1.99, 2.69) 0.7696	0.04 (-0.21, 0.29)	
T STAGE									0.9764
T3B	190	93.7 (11.7)	-1.55 (-2.89, -0.20)	102	97.2 (7.8)	-2.24 (-4.04, -0.43)	0.69 (-1.57, 2.94) 0.5487	0.07 (-0.17, 0.31)	
T4A	106	93.1 (15.6)	-1.01 (-2.76, 0.74)	57	92.4 (11.8)	-1.60 (-3.97, 0.78)	0.58 (-2.36, 3.53) 0.6968	0.06 (-0.26, 0.39)	
T4B	188	92.8 (13.0)	-2.56 (-3.92, -1.21)	92	94.7 (11.0)	-2.91 (-4.83, -1.00)	0.35 (-1.99, 2.70) 0.7677	0.04 (-0.21, 0.29)	

Apr 2023 DBL. NE = Not estimated. SMD = standardized mean difference.

(1) N is the number of randomized subjects with non-missing baseline and at least one post-baseline on-treatment assessment.

(2) Estimates are based on a MMRM, with chg from baseline as the primary dependent variable, trt and trt*visit week interaction, subgroup and subgroup*trt interaction as fixed effects, baseline PRO score as covariate, and visit week as repeated measure.

Models run using an UN covariance matrix, if any model failed to converge, CS and then AR(1) were used, respectively.

(3) Hedges g = (mean chg nivolumab - mean chg Placebo)/pooled-SD, all multiplied by (1-(3/(4*df-1))).

(4) P-values <0.05 are indicated by 1 asterisk (indicates potential effect modification).

Only the on-treatment timepoints in the blinded phase with 10 subjects or more in each treatment group are included in the analysis.

Functional scale/GHS/QoL: pos. (neg.) diff. favors nivolumab (Pbo.). Symptom scale/item: pos. (neg.) diff. favors Pbo. (nivolumab).

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Table 32.20.1
Subgroup Analyses of Mixed Model Repeated Measures Analysis of EORTC QLQ-C30
All Randomized Subjects

EORTC QLQ-C30 Domain Subgroup	Nivolumab 480 mg Q4W			Placebo Q4W			Nivolumab 480 mg Q4W vs. Placebo Q4W		
	N (1)	Baseline Mean (SD)	Change from baseline: LS Mean (95% CI) (2)	N (1)	Baseline Mean (SD)	Change from baseline: LS Mean (95% CI) (2)	Difference in mean change (95% CI); p-value (2)	SMD as Hedge's g (95% CI) (3)	Test for Interaction P-value (4)
REGION									0.5815
US AND CANADA	89	91.4 (18.0)	-1.29 (-3.21, 0.62)	44	93.2 (12.6)	-3.50 (-6.18, -0.83)	2.21 (-1.08, 5.50)	0.24 (-0.12, 0.60)	
WESTERN EUROPE	282	94.8 (10.5)	-2.11 (-3.25, -0.97)	150	97.0 (7.7)	-2.04 (-3.59, -0.49)	-0.07 (-1.99, 1.85)	-0.01 (-0.20, 0.19)	
EASTERN EUROPE	51	88.6 (15.5)	-1.90 (-4.37, 0.57)	27	92.6 (11.6)	-1.58 (-4.96, 1.80)	-0.32 (-4.50, 3.86)	-0.04 (-0.50, 0.43)	
AUSTRALIA	62	92.5 (12.7)	-1.17 (-3.46, 1.12)	30	91.7 (13.7)	-2.75 (-5.97, 0.47)	1.59 (-2.36, 5.53)	0.17 (-0.26, 0.61)	

Apr 2023 DBL. NE = Not estimated. SMD = standardized mean difference.

(1) N is the number of randomized subjects with non-missing baseline and at least one post-baseline on-treatment assessment.

(2) Estimates are based on a MMRM, with chg from baseline as the primary dependent variable, trt and trt*visit week interaction, subgroup and subgroup*trt interaction as fixed effects, baseline PRO score as covariate, and visit week as repeated measure. Models run using an UN covariance matrix, if any model failed to converge, CS and then AR(1) were used, respectively.

(3) Hedges g = (mean chg nivolumab - mean chg Placebo)/pooled-SD, all multiplied by (1-(3/(4*df-1))).

(4) P-values <0.05 are indicated by 1 asterisk (indicates potential effect modification).

Only the on-treatment timepoints in the blinded phase with 10 subjects or more in each treatment group are included in the analysis. Functional scale/GHS/QoL: pos. (neg.) diff. favors nivolumab (Pbo.). Symptom scale/item: pos. (neg.) diff. favors Pbo. (nivolumab).

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Table 32.20.1
Subgroup Analyses of Mixed Model Repeated Measures Analysis of EORTC QLQ-C30
All Randomized Subjects

EORTC QLQ-C30 Domain Subgroup	Nivolumab 480 mg Q4W			Placebo Q4W			Nivolumab 480 mg Q4W vs. Placebo Q4W		
	N (1)	Baseline Mean (SD)	Change from baseline: LS Mean (95% CI) (2)	N (1)	Baseline Mean (SD)	Change from baseline: LS Mean (95% CI) (2)	Difference in mean change (95% CI); p-value (2)	SMD as Hedge's g (95% CI) (3)	Test for Interaction P-value (4)
SOCIAL FUNCTIONING									
OVERALL	484	92.4 (16.7)	0.88 (-0.05, 1.81)	251	91.9 (18.2)	2.17 (0.91, 3.44)	-1.29 (-2.86, 0.28) 0.1069	-0.13 (-0.28, 0.03)	
AGE CATEGORY I < 65	290	91.4 (18.5)	0.92 (-0.22, 2.06)	149	91.6 (17.7)	1.83 (0.27, 3.39)	-0.91 (-2.84, 1.02) 0.3564	-0.09 (-0.29, 0.10)	0.5068
>= 65	194	93.9 (13.5)	0.82 (-0.55, 2.19)	102	92.3 (19.0)	2.68 (0.82, 4.54)	-1.86 (-4.17, 0.45) 0.1139	-0.19 (-0.43, 0.05)	

Apr 2023 DBL. NE = Not estimated. SMD = standardized mean difference.

(1) N is the number of randomized subjects with non-missing baseline and at least one post-baseline on-treatment assessment.

(2) Estimates are based on a MMRM, with chg from baseline as the primary dependent variable, trt and trt*visit week interaction, subgroup and subgroup*trt interaction as fixed effects, baseline PRO score as covariate, and visit week as repeated measure. Models run using an UN covariance matrix, if any model failed to converge, CS and then AR(1) were used, respectively.

(3) Hedges g = (mean chg nivolumab - mean chg Placebo)/pooled-SD, all multiplied by (1-(3/(4*df-1))).

(4) P-values <0.05 are indicated by 1 asterisk (indicates potential effect modification).

Only the on-treatment timepoints in the blinded phase with 10 subjects or more in each treatment group are included in the analysis. Functional scale/GHS/QoL: pos. (neg.) diff. favors nivolumab (Pbo.). Symptom scale/item: pos. (neg.) diff. favors Pbo. (nivolumab).

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Table 32.20.1
Subgroup Analyses of Mixed Model Repeated Measures Analysis of EORTC QLQ-C30
All Randomized Subjects

EORTC QLQ-C30 Domain Subgroup	Nivolumab 480 mg Q4W			Placebo Q4W			Nivolumab 480 mg Q4W vs. Placebo Q4W		
	N (1)	Baseline Mean (SD)	Change from baseline: LS Mean (95% CI) (2)	N (1)	Baseline Mean (SD)	Change from baseline: LS Mean (95% CI) (2)	Difference in mean change (95% CI); p-value (2)	SMD as Hedge's g (95% CI) (3)	Test for Interaction P-value (4)
AGE CATEGORY II									0.1784
>= 18 AND < 65	290	91.4 (18.5)	0.93 (-0.19, 2.04)	149	91.6 (17.7)	1.83 (0.30, 3.36)	-0.91 (-2.80, 0.99) 0.3477	-0.09 (-0.29, 0.10)	
>= 65 AND < 75	125	93.9 (14.3)	1.70 (0.08, 3.33)	74	92.6 (20.7)	2.60 (0.50, 4.71)	-0.90 (-3.56, 1.76) 0.5057	-0.10 (-0.38, 0.19)	
>= 75 AND < 85	66	93.9 (12.3)	-0.46 (-2.69, 1.76)	26	92.3 (13.5)	4.52 (1.04, 8.00)	-4.98 (-9.11, -0.86) 0.0181	-0.54 (-1.00, -0.08)	
SEX									0.4170
MALE	298	93.3 (16.7)	1.83 (0.71, 2.95)	155	92.7 (18.7)	2.67 (1.14, 4.20)	-0.84 (-2.74, 1.06) 0.3849	-0.09 (-0.28, 0.11)	
FEMALE	186	91.0 (16.6)	-0.64 (-2.02, 0.74)	96	90.6 (17.4)	1.37 (-0.52, 3.25)	-2.01 (-4.34, 0.33) 0.0919	-0.21 (-0.46, 0.04)	

Apr 2023 DBL. NE = Not estimated. SMD = standardized mean difference.

(1) N is the number of randomized subjects with non-missing baseline and at least one post-baseline on-treatment assessment.

(2) Estimates are based on a MMRM, with chg from baseline as the primary dependent variable, trt and trt*visit week interaction, subgroup and subgroup*trt interaction as fixed effects, baseline PRO score as covariate, and visit week as repeated measure.

Models run using an UN covariance matrix, if any model failed to converge, CS and then AR(1) were used, respectively.

(3) Hedges g = (mean chg nivolumab - mean chg Placebo)/pooled-SD, all multiplied by (1-(3/(4*df-1))).

(4) P-values <0.05 are indicated by 1 asterisk (indicates potential effect modification).

Only the on-treatment timepoints in the blinded phase with 10 subjects or more in each treatment group are included in the analysis.

Functional scale/GHS/QoL: pos. (neg.) diff. favors nivolumab (Pbo.). Symptom scale/item: pos. (neg.) diff. favors Pbo. (nivolumab).

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Table 32.20.1
Subgroup Analyses of Mixed Model Repeated Measures Analysis of EORTC QLQ-C30
All Randomized Subjects

EORTC QLQ-C30 Domain Subgroup	Nivolumab 480 mg Q4W			Placebo Q4W			Nivolumab 480 mg Q4W vs. Placebo Q4W		
	N (1)	Baseline Mean (SD)	Change from baseline: LS Mean (95% CI) (2)	N (1)	Baseline Mean (SD)	Change from baseline: LS Mean (95% CI) (2)	Difference in mean change (95% CI); p-value (2)	SMD as Hedge's g (95% CI) (3)	Test for Interaction P-value (4)
DISEASE STAGE CATEGORY									0.3113
STAGE IIB	296	93.1 (15.8)	1.00 (-0.13, 2.13)	159	93.3 (15.5)	2.81 (1.30, 4.32)	-1.81 (-3.69, 0.08) 0.0602	-0.18 (-0.38, 0.01)	
STAGE IIC	188	91.4 (18.1)	0.70 (-0.68, 2.08)	92	89.5 (22.1)	1.03 (-0.93, 2.98)	-0.33 (-2.72, 2.06) 0.7842	-0.03 (-0.28, 0.21)	
T STAGE									0.5935
T3B	190	92.8 (15.7)	0.91 (-0.46, 2.27)	102	95.8 (13.8)	2.61 (0.78, 4.45)	-1.71 (-4.00, 0.58) 0.1433	-0.18 (-0.42, 0.06)	
T4A	106	93.6 (15.9)	1.18 (-0.61, 2.96)	57	88.9 (17.3)	3.17 (0.75, 5.59)	-1.99 (-5.00, 1.02) 0.1948	-0.21 (-0.53, 0.11)	
T4B	188	91.4 (18.1)	0.70 (-0.69, 2.08)	92	89.5 (22.1)	1.03 (-0.92, 2.99)	-0.34 (-2.73, 2.06) 0.7822	-0.04 (-0.28, 0.21)	

Apr 2023 DBL. NE = Not estimated. SMD = standardized mean difference.

(1) N is the number of randomized subjects with non-missing baseline and at least one post-baseline on-treatment assessment.

(2) Estimates are based on a MMRM, with chg from baseline as the primary dependent variable, trt and trt*visit week interaction, subgroup and subgroup*trt interaction as fixed effects, baseline PRO score as covariate, and visit week as repeated measure.

Models run using an UN covariance matrix, if any model failed to converge, CS and then AR(1) were used, respectively.

(3) Hedges g = (mean chg nivolumab - mean chg Placebo)/pooled-SD, all multiplied by (1-(3/(4*df-1))).

(4) P-values <0.05 are indicated by 1 asterisk (indicates potential effect modification).

Only the on-treatment timepoints in the blinded phase with 10 subjects or more in each treatment group are included in the analysis.

Functional scale/GHS/QoL: pos. (neg.) diff. favors nivolumab (Pbo.). Symptom scale/item: pos. (neg.) diff. favors Pbo. (nivolumab).

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Table 32.20.1
Subgroup Analyses of Mixed Model Repeated Measures Analysis of EORTC QLQ-C30
All Randomized Subjects

EORTC QLQ-C30 Domain Subgroup	Nivolumab 480 mg Q4W			Placebo Q4W			Nivolumab 480 mg Q4W vs. Placebo Q4W		
	N (1)	Baseline Mean (SD)	Change from baseline: LS Mean (95% CI) (2)	N (1)	Baseline Mean (SD)	Change from baseline: LS Mean (95% CI) (2)	Difference in mean change (95% CI); p-value (2)	SMD as Hedge's g (95% CI) (3)	Test for Interaction P-value (4)
REGION									0.0418**
US AND CANADA	89	92.7 (16.8)	1.61 (-0.33, 3.56)	44	95.5 (11.6)	0.47 (-2.23, 3.18)	1.14 (-2.19, 4.47)	0.12 (-0.24, 0.48)	
WESTERN EUROPE	282	92.8 (16.6)	0.58 (-0.57, 1.73)	150	90.2 (21.0)	3.51 (1.95, 5.07)	-2.93 (-4.87, -1.00)	-0.30 (-0.50, -0.10)	
EASTERN EUROPE	51	87.9 (16.4)	-0.15 (-2.65, 2.34)	27	92.0 (16.3)	-2.07 (-5.50, 1.36)	1.91 (-2.32, 6.15)	0.21 (-0.26, 0.68)	
AUSTRALIA	62	93.8 (17.4)	2.17 (-0.16, 4.50)	30	95.0 (10.9)	1.90 (-1.37, 5.16)	0.27 (-3.74, 4.28)	0.03 (-0.41, 0.46)	

Apr 2023 DBL. NE = Not estimated. SMD = standardized mean difference.

(1) N is the number of randomized subjects with non-missing baseline and at least one post-baseline on-treatment assessment.

(2) Estimates are based on a MMRM, with chg from baseline as the primary dependent variable, trt and trt*visit week interaction, subgroup and subgroup*trt interaction as fixed effects, baseline PRO score as covariate, and visit week as repeated measure.

Models run using an UN covariance matrix, if any model failed to converge, CS and then AR(1) were used, respectively.

(3) Hedges g = (mean chg nivolumab - mean chg Placebo)/pooled-SD, all multiplied by (1-(3/(4*df-1))).

(4) P-values <0.05 are indicated by 1 asterisk (indicates potential effect modification).

Only the on-treatment timepoints in the blinded phase with 10 subjects or more in each treatment group are included in the analysis.

Functional scale/GHS/QoL: pos. (neg.) diff. favors nivolumab (Pbo.). Symptom scale/item: pos. (neg.) diff. favors Pbo. (nivolumab).

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Table 32.20.1
Subgroup Analyses of Mixed Model Repeated Measures Analysis of EORTC QLQ-C30
All Randomized Subjects

EORTC QLQ-C30 Domain Subgroup	Nivolumab 480 mg Q4W			Placebo Q4W			Nivolumab 480 mg Q4W vs. Placebo Q4W		
	N (1)	Baseline Mean (SD)	Change from baseline: LS Mean (95% CI) (2)	N (1)	Baseline Mean (SD)	Change from baseline: LS Mean (95% CI) (2)	Difference in mean change (95% CI); p-value (2)	SMD as Hedge's g (95% CI) (3)	Test for Interaction P-value (4)
GLOBAL HEALTH STATUS									
OVERALL	483	81.5 (17.2)	-2.99 (-3.97, -2.02)	250	82.4 (15.3)	-1.63 (-2.96, -0.31)	-1.36 (-3.00, 0.28) 0.1040	-0.13 (-0.28, 0.03)	
AGE CATEGORY I < 65	289	81.0 (17.9)	-3.00 (-4.22, -1.79)	148	82.8 (15.2)	-1.58 (-3.25, 0.09)	-1.42 (-3.49, 0.64) 0.1765	-0.14 (-0.33, 0.06)	0.9236
>= 65	194	82.1 (16.3)	-2.98 (-4.45, -1.51)	102	81.9 (15.3)	-1.71 (-3.72, 0.29)	-1.27 (-3.76, 1.21) 0.3158	-0.12 (-0.36, 0.12)	

Apr 2023 DBL. NE = Not estimated. SMD = standardized mean difference.

(1) N is the number of randomized subjects with non-missing baseline and at least one post-baseline on-treatment assessment.

(2) Estimates are based on a MMRM, with chg from baseline as the primary dependent variable, trt and trt*visit week interaction, subgroup and subgroup*trt interaction as fixed effects, baseline PRO score as covariate, and visit week as repeated measure. Models run using an UN covariance matrix, if any model failed to converge, CS and then AR(1) were used, respectively.

(3) Hedges g = (mean chg nivolumab - mean chg Placebo)/pooled-SD, all multiplied by (1-(3/(4*df-1))).

(4) P-values <0.05 are indicated by 1 asterisk (indicates potential effect modification).

Only the on-treatment timepoints in the blinded phase with 10 subjects or more in each treatment group are included in the analysis. Functional scale/GHS/QoL: pos. (neg.) diff. favors nivolumab (Pbo.). Symptom scale/item: pos. (neg.) diff. favors Pbo. (nivolumab).

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Table 32.20.1
Subgroup Analyses of Mixed Model Repeated Measures Analysis of EORTC QLQ-C30
All Randomized Subjects

EORTC QLQ-C30 Domain Subgroup	Nivolumab 480 mg Q4W			Placebo Q4W			Nivolumab 480 mg Q4W vs. Placebo Q4W		
	N (1)	Baseline Mean (SD)	Change from baseline: LS Mean (95% CI) (2)	N (1)	Baseline Mean (SD)	Change from baseline: LS Mean (95% CI) (2)	Difference in mean change (95% CI); p-value (2)	SMD as Hedge's g (95% CI) (3)	Test for Interaction P-value (4)
AGE CATEGORY II									0.5669
>= 18 AND < 65	289	81.0 (17.9)	-3.01 (-4.23, -1.80)	148	82.8 (15.2)	-1.65 (-3.32, 0.02)	-1.36 (-3.43, 0.71)	-0.13 (-0.33, 0.07)	
>= 65 AND < 75	125	82.9 (15.3)	-2.60 (-4.40, -0.80)	74	83.0 (15.3)	-1.79 (-4.12, 0.54)	-0.81 (-3.75, 2.14)	-0.08 (-0.37, 0.21)	
>= 75 AND < 85	66	81.1 (18.2)	-3.88 (-6.36, -1.41)	26	78.8 (15.1)	-0.19 (-4.07, 3.69)	-3.69 (-8.29, 0.91)	-0.36 (-0.82, 0.10)	
SEX									0.8474
MALE	297	82.0 (16.9)	-2.34 (-3.54, -1.14)	154	85.4 (13.9)	-0.85 (-2.50, 0.80)	-1.49 (-3.53, 0.55)	-0.14 (-0.34, 0.05)	
FEMALE	186	80.6 (17.8)	-4.05 (-5.54, -2.56)	96	77.7 (16.2)	-2.87 (-4.92, -0.82)	-1.18 (-3.71, 1.34)	-0.11 (-0.36, 0.13)	

Apr 2023 DBL. NE = Not estimated. SMD = standardized mean difference.

(1) N is the number of randomized subjects with non-missing baseline and at least one post-baseline on-treatment assessment.

(2) Estimates are based on a MMRM, with chg from baseline as the primary dependent variable, trt and trt*visit week interaction, subgroup and subgroup*trt interaction as fixed effects, baseline PRO score as covariate, and visit week as repeated measure.

Models run using an UN covariance matrix, if any model failed to converge, CS and then AR(1) were used, respectively.

(3) Hedges g = (mean chg nivolumab - mean chg Placebo)/pooled-SD, all multiplied by (1-(3/(4*df-1))).

(4) P-values <0.05 are indicated by 1 asterisk (indicates potential effect modification).

Only the on-treatment timepoints in the blinded phase with 10 subjects or more in each treatment group are included in the analysis.

Functional scale/GHS/QoL: pos. (neg.) diff. favors nivolumab (Pbo.). Symptom scale/item: pos. (neg.) diff. favors Pbo. (nivolumab).

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Table 32.20.1
Subgroup Analyses of Mixed Model Repeated Measures Analysis of EORTC QLQ-C30
All Randomized Subjects

EORTC QLQ-C30 Domain Subgroup	Nivolumab 480 mg Q4W			Placebo Q4W			Nivolumab 480 mg Q4W vs. Placebo Q4W		
	N (1)	Baseline Mean (SD)	Change from baseline: LS Mean (95% CI) (2)	N (1)	Baseline Mean (SD)	Change from baseline: LS Mean (95% CI) (2)	Difference in mean change (95% CI); p-value (2)	SMD as Hedge's g (95% CI) (3)	Test for Interaction P-value (4)
DISEASE STAGE CATEGORY									0.4182
STAGE IIB	296	81.9 (18.0)	-3.19 (-4.40, -1.99)	159	83.6 (13.7)	-2.28 (-3.90, -0.67)	-0.91 (-2.92, 1.10) 0.3748	-0.09 (-0.28, 0.11)	
STAGE IIC	187	80.7 (16.0)	-2.68 (-4.17, -1.19)	91	80.3 (17.5)	-0.46 (-2.59, 1.66)	-2.22 (-4.81, 0.38) 0.0940	-0.21 (-0.46, 0.04)	
T STAGE									0.1881
T3B	190	82.1 (17.1)	-3.77 (-5.25, -2.30)	102	85.6 (13.6)	-1.66 (-3.64, 0.32)	-2.11 (-4.58, 0.36) 0.0939	-0.21 (-0.45, 0.04)	
T4A	106	81.4 (19.6)	-2.16 (-4.11, -0.21)	57	80.1 (13.2)	-3.41 (-6.03, -0.78)	1.24 (-2.03, 4.51) 0.4555	0.12 (-0.20, 0.44)	
T4B	187	80.7 (16.0)	-2.68 (-4.17, -1.19)	91	80.3 (17.5)	-0.47 (-2.59, 1.66)	-2.21 (-4.80, 0.38) 0.0949	-0.21 (-0.46, 0.04)	

Apr 2023 DBL. NE = Not estimated. SMD = standardized mean difference.

(1) N is the number of randomized subjects with non-missing baseline and at least one post-baseline on-treatment assessment.

(2) Estimates are based on a MMRM, with chg from baseline as the primary dependent variable, trt and trt*visit week interaction, subgroup and subgroup*trt interaction as fixed effects, baseline PRO score as covariate, and visit week as repeated measure.

Models run using an UN covariance matrix, if any model failed to converge, CS and then AR(1) were used, respectively.

(3) Hedges g = (mean chg nivolumab - mean chg Placebo)/pooled-SD, all multiplied by (1-(3/(4*df-1))).

(4) P-values <0.05 are indicated by 1 asterisk (indicates potential effect modification).

Only the on-treatment timepoints in the blinded phase with 10 subjects or more in each treatment group are included in the analysis.

Functional scale/GHS/QoL: pos. (neg.) diff. favors nivolumab (Pbo.). Symptom scale/item: pos. (neg.) diff. favors Pbo. (nivolumab).

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Table 32.20.1
Subgroup Analyses of Mixed Model Repeated Measures Analysis of EORTC QLQ-C30
All Randomized Subjects

EORTC QLQ-C30 Domain Subgroup	Nivolumab 480 mg Q4W			Placebo Q4W			Nivolumab 480 mg Q4W vs. Placebo Q4W		
	N (1)	Baseline Mean (SD)	Change from baseline: LS Mean (95% CI) (2)	N (1)	Baseline Mean (SD)	Change from baseline: LS Mean (95% CI) (2)	Difference in mean change (95% CI); p-value (2)	SMD as Hedge's g (95% CI) (3)	Test for Interaction P-value (4)
REGION									0.5482
US AND CANADA	89	82.2 (16.4)	-1.80 (-3.92, 0.32)	44	86.7 (13.1)	-1.20 (-4.17, 1.77)	-0.59 (-4.25, 3.06) 0.7492	-0.06 (-0.42, 0.30)	
WESTERN EUROPE	281	81.5 (17.8)	-2.87 (-4.10, -1.64)	149	82.3 (15.5)	-0.95 (-2.62, 0.73)	-1.92 (-4.00, 0.15) 0.0693	-0.18 (-0.38, 0.02)	
EASTERN EUROPE	51	75.3 (17.4)	-5.70 (-8.44, -2.95)	27	76.9 (18.7)	-3.20 (-6.96, 0.57)	-2.50 (-7.15, 2.15) 0.2917	-0.25 (-0.72, 0.22)	
AUSTRALIA	62	85.1 (14.6)	-2.97 (-5.52, -0.42)	30	81.9 (12.2)	-4.23 (-7.81, -0.65)	1.26 (-3.14, 5.65) 0.5744	0.12 (-0.31, 0.56)	

Apr 2023 DBL. NE = Not estimated. SMD = standardized mean difference.

(1) N is the number of randomized subjects with non-missing baseline and at least one post-baseline on-treatment assessment.

(2) Estimates are based on a MMRM, with chg from baseline as the primary dependent variable, trt and trt*visit week interaction, subgroup and subgroup*trt interaction as fixed effects, baseline PRO score as covariate, and visit week as repeated measure. Models run using an UN covariance matrix, if any model failed to converge, CS and then AR(1) were used, respectively.

(3) Hedges g = (mean chg nivolumab - mean chg Placebo)/pooled-SD, all multiplied by (1-(3/(4*df-1))).

(4) P-values <0.05 are indicated by 1 asterisk (indicates potential effect modification).

Only the on-treatment timepoints in the blinded phase with 10 subjects or more in each treatment group are included in the analysis. Functional scale/GHS/QoL: pos. (neg.) diff. favors nivolumab (Pbo.). Symptom scale/item: pos. (neg.) diff. favors Pbo. (nivolumab).

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Table 32.20.1
Subgroup Analyses of Mixed Model Repeated Measures Analysis of EORTC QLQ-C30
All Randomized Subjects

EORTC QLQ-C30 Domain Subgroup	Nivolumab 480 mg Q4W			Placebo Q4W			Nivolumab 480 mg Q4W vs. Placebo Q4W		
	N (1)	Baseline Mean (SD)	Change from baseline: LS Mean (95% CI) (2)	N (1)	Baseline Mean (SD)	Change from baseline: LS Mean (95% CI) (2)	Difference in mean change (95% CI); p-value (2)	SMD as Hedge's g (95% CI) (3)	Test for Interaction P-value (4)
FATIGUE									
OVERALL	483	11.9 (16.7)	5.35 (4.19, 6.51)	253	11.9 (16.8)	4.20 (2.62, 5.77)	1.15 (-0.81, 3.11) 0.2487	0.09 (-0.06, 0.24)	
AGE CATEGORY I < 65	291	11.9 (17.6)	6.13 (4.67, 7.58)	151	12.2 (16.5)	5.07 (3.08, 7.05)	1.06 (-1.40, 3.52) 0.3981	0.08 (-0.11, 0.28)	0.9137
>= 65	192	11.9 (15.4)	4.15 (2.38, 5.93)	102	11.3 (17.3)	2.89 (0.47, 5.30)	1.27 (-1.73, 4.26) 0.4064	0.10 (-0.14, 0.34)	

Apr 2023 DBL. NE = Not estimated. SMD = standardized mean difference.

(1) N is the number of randomized subjects with non-missing baseline and at least one post-baseline on-treatment assessment.

(2) Estimates are based on a MMRM, with chg from baseline as the primary dependent variable, trt and trt*visit week interaction, subgroup and subgroup*trt interaction as fixed effects, baseline PRO score as covariate, and visit week as repeated measure. Models run using an UN covariance matrix, if any model failed to converge, CS and then AR(1) were used, respectively.

(3) Hedges g = (mean chg nivolumab - mean chg Placebo)/pooled-SD, all multiplied by (1-(3/(4*df-1))).

(4) P-values <0.05 are indicated by 1 asterisk (indicates potential effect modification).

Only the on-treatment timepoints in the blinded phase with 10 subjects or more in each treatment group are included in the analysis. Functional scale/GHS/QoL: pos. (neg.) diff. favors nivolumab (Pbo.). Symptom scale/item: pos. (neg.) diff. favors Pbo. (nivolumab).

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Table 32.20.1
Subgroup Analyses of Mixed Model Repeated Measures Analysis of EORTC QLQ-C30
All Randomized Subjects

EORTC QLQ-C30 Domain Subgroup	Nivolumab 480 mg Q4W			Placebo Q4W			Nivolumab 480 mg Q4W vs. Placebo Q4W		
	N (1)	Baseline Mean (SD)	Change from baseline: LS Mean (95% CI) (2)	N (1)	Baseline Mean (SD)	Change from baseline: LS Mean (95% CI) (2)	Difference in mean change (95% CI); p-value (2)	SMD as Hedge's g (95% CI) (3)	Test for Interaction P-value (4)
AGE CATEGORY II									0.9600
>= 18 AND < 65	291	11.9 (17.6)	6.17 (4.72, 7.62)	151	12.2 (16.5)	5.09 (3.10, 7.08)	1.08 (-1.38, 3.55) 0.3888	0.09 (-0.11, 0.28)	
>= 65 AND < 75	123	10.8 (15.7)	3.58 (1.39, 5.77)	74	11.0 (17.7)	2.15 (-0.67, 4.97)	1.42 (-2.14, 4.99) 0.4337	0.11 (-0.17, 0.40)	
>= 75 AND < 85	66	13.0 (14.3)	5.14 (2.13, 8.14)	26	10.7 (13.1)	4.66 (-0.04, 9.36)	0.48 (-5.10, 6.06) 0.8667	0.04 (-0.42, 0.49)	
SEX									0.5455
MALE	296	9.8 (15.1)	4.17 (2.73, 5.61)	156	9.0 (15.0)	2.57 (0.62, 4.53)	1.59 (-0.83, 4.02) 0.1971	0.13 (-0.07, 0.32)	
FEMALE	187	15.2 (18.5)	7.23 (5.45, 9.02)	97	16.4 (18.6)	6.80 (4.35, 9.25)	0.44 (-2.58, 3.45) 0.7767	0.04 (-0.21, 0.28)	

Apr 2023 DBL. NE = Not estimated. SMD = standardized mean difference.

(1) N is the number of randomized subjects with non-missing baseline and at least one post-baseline on-treatment assessment.

(2) Estimates are based on a MMRM, with chg from baseline as the primary dependent variable, trt and trt*visit week interaction, subgroup and subgroup*trt interaction as fixed effects, baseline PRO score as covariate, and visit week as repeated measure.

Models run using an UN covariance matrix, if any model failed to converge, CS and then AR(1) were used, respectively.

(3) Hedges g = (mean chg nivolumab - mean chg Placebo)/pooled-SD, all multiplied by (1-(3/(4*df-1))).

(4) P-values <0.05 are indicated by 1 asterisk (indicates potential effect modification).

Only the on-treatment timepoints in the blinded phase with 10 subjects or more in each treatment group are included in the analysis.

Functional scale/GHS/QoL: pos. (neg.) diff. favors nivolumab (Pbo.). Symptom scale/item: pos. (neg.) diff. favors Pbo. (nivolumab).

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Table 32.20.1
Subgroup Analyses of Mixed Model Repeated Measures Analysis of EORTC QLQ-C30
All Randomized Subjects

EORTC QLQ-C30 Domain Subgroup	Nivolumab 480 mg Q4W			Placebo Q4W			Nivolumab 480 mg Q4W vs. Placebo Q4W		
	N (1)	Baseline Mean (SD)	Change from baseline: LS Mean (95% CI) (2)	N (1)	Baseline Mean (SD)	Change from baseline: LS Mean (95% CI) (2)	Difference in mean change (95% CI); p-value (2)	SMD as Hedge's g (95% CI) (3)	Test for Interaction P-value (4)
DISEASE STAGE CATEGORY									0.8687
STAGE IIB	294	11.7 (17.3)	5.51 (4.06, 6.96)	160	10.1 (14.6)	4.23 (2.30, 6.17)	1.28 (-1.14, 3.70) 0.2992	0.10 (-0.09, 0.29)	
STAGE IIC	189	12.3 (15.8)	5.09 (3.30, 6.88)	93	14.9 (19.8)	4.14 (1.59, 6.68)	0.96 (-2.15, 4.07) 0.5459	0.08 (-0.17, 0.32)	
T STAGE									0.5464
T3B	189	12.0 (16.3)	5.85 (4.06, 7.63)	103	8.3 (13.1)	3.61 (1.23, 5.99)	2.24 (-0.74, 5.22) 0.1405	0.18 (-0.06, 0.42)	
T4A	105	11.2 (19.0)	4.90 (2.54, 7.27)	57	13.3 (16.6)	5.37 (2.19, 8.56)	-0.47 (-4.44, 3.50) 0.8168	-0.04 (-0.36, 0.28)	
T4B	189	12.3 (15.8)	5.09 (3.30, 6.88)	93	14.9 (19.8)	4.13 (1.59, 6.68)	0.96 (-2.15, 4.07) 0.5457	0.08 (-0.17, 0.32)	

Apr 2023 DBL. NE = Not estimated. SMD = standardized mean difference.

(1) N is the number of randomized subjects with non-missing baseline and at least one post-baseline on-treatment assessment.

(2) Estimates are based on a MMRM, with chg from baseline as the primary dependent variable, trt and trt*visit week interaction, subgroup and subgroup*trt interaction as fixed effects, baseline PRO score as covariate, and visit week as repeated measure.

Models run using an UN covariance matrix, if any model failed to converge, CS and then AR(1) were used, respectively.

(3) Hedges g = (mean chg nivolumab - mean chg Placebo)/pooled-SD, all multiplied by (1-(3/(4*df-1))).

(4) P-values <0.05 are indicated by 1 asterisk (indicates potential effect modification).

Only the on-treatment timepoints in the blinded phase with 10 subjects or more in each treatment group are included in the analysis.

Functional scale/GHS/QoL: pos. (neg.) diff. favors nivolumab (Pbo.). Symptom scale/item: pos. (neg.) diff. favors Pbo. (nivolumab).

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Table 32.20.1
Subgroup Analyses of Mixed Model Repeated Measures Analysis of EORTC QLQ-C30
All Randomized Subjects

EORTC QLQ-C30 Domain Subgroup	Nivolumab 480 mg Q4W			Placebo Q4W			Nivolumab 480 mg Q4W vs. Placebo Q4W		
	N (1)	Baseline Mean (SD)	Change from baseline: LS Mean (95% CI) (2)	N (1)	Baseline Mean (SD)	Change from baseline: LS Mean (95% CI) (2)	Difference in mean change (95% CI); p-value (2)	SMD as Hedge's g (95% CI) (3)	Test for Interaction P-value (4)
REGION									0.5194
US AND CANADA	89	11.5 (16.5)	4.21 (1.62, 6.79)	44	8.3 (15.4)	5.62 (2.02, 9.23)	-1.42 (-5.86, 3.02) 0.5304	-0.11 (-0.48, 0.25)	
WESTERN EUROPE	282	11.4 (16.9)	5.63 (4.14, 7.11)	152	11.3 (17.0)	4.11 (2.11, 6.12)	1.51 (-0.98, 4.00) 0.2340	0.12 (-0.08, 0.32)	
EASTERN EUROPE	51	17.0 (17.0)	4.63 (1.28, 7.97)	27	20.2 (18.2)	3.91 (-0.70, 8.52)	0.72 (-4.95, 6.38) 0.8042	0.06 (-0.41, 0.52)	
AUSTRALIA	61	10.6 (15.5)	6.37 (3.24, 9.50)	30	12.6 (14.8)	2.73 (-1.63, 7.10)	3.63 (-1.74, 9.00) 0.1849	0.29 (-0.15, 0.73)	

Apr 2023 DBL. NE = Not estimated. SMD = standardized mean difference.

(1) N is the number of randomized subjects with non-missing baseline and at least one post-baseline on-treatment assessment.

(2) Estimates are based on a MMRM, with chg from baseline as the primary dependent variable, trt and trt*visit week interaction, subgroup and subgroup*trt interaction as fixed effects, baseline PRO score as covariate, and visit week as repeated measure. Models run using an UN covariance matrix, if any model failed to converge, CS and then AR(1) were used, respectively.

(3) Hedges g = (mean chg nivolumab - mean chg Placebo)/pooled-SD, all multiplied by (1-(3/(4*df-1))).

(4) P-values <0.05 are indicated by 1 asterisk (indicates potential effect modification).

Only the on-treatment timepoints in the blinded phase with 10 subjects or more in each treatment group are included in the analysis. Functional scale/GHS/QoL: pos. (neg.) diff. favors nivolumab (Pbo.). Symptom scale/item: pos. (neg.) diff. favors Pbo. (nivolumab).

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Table 32.20.1
Subgroup Analyses of Mixed Model Repeated Measures Analysis of EORTC QLQ-C30
All Randomized Subjects

EORTC QLQ-C30 Domain Subgroup	Nivolumab 480 mg Q4W			Placebo Q4W			Nivolumab 480 mg Q4W vs. Placebo Q4W		
	N (1)	Baseline Mean (SD)	Change from baseline: LS Mean (95% CI) (2)	N (1)	Baseline Mean (SD)	Change from baseline: LS Mean (95% CI) (2)	Difference in mean change (95% CI); p-value (2)	SMD as Hedge's g (95% CI) (3)	Test for Interaction P-value (4)
NAUSEA AND VOMITING									
OVERALL	483	1.7 (9.1)	1.40 (0.94, 1.87)	253	0.7 (3.7)	0.80 (0.17, 1.43)	0.60 (-0.18, 1.38) 0.1295	0.12 (-0.03, 0.27)	
AGE CATEGORY I < 65	291	2.1 (9.9)	1.84 (1.26, 2.41)	151	1.0 (4.4)	1.45 (0.67, 2.23)	0.39 (-0.58, 1.36) 0.4292	0.08 (-0.12, 0.28)	0.4825
>= 65	192	1.1 (7.8)	0.73 (0.03, 1.44)	102	0.3 (2.3)	-0.18 (-1.13, 0.76)	0.92 (-0.26, 2.10) 0.1280	0.19 (-0.05, 0.43)	

Apr 2023 DBL. NE = Not estimated. SMD = standardized mean difference.

(1) N is the number of randomized subjects with non-missing baseline and at least one post-baseline on-treatment assessment.

(2) Estimates are based on a MMRM, with chg from baseline as the primary dependent variable, trt and trt*visit week interaction, subgroup and subgroup*trt interaction as fixed effects, baseline PRO score as covariate, and visit week as repeated measure. Models run using an UN covariance matrix, if any model failed to converge, CS and then AR(1) were used, respectively.

(3) Hedges g = (mean chg nivolumab - mean chg Placebo)/pooled-SD, all multiplied by (1-(3/(4*df-1))).

(4) P-values <0.05 are indicated by 1 asterisk (indicates potential effect modification).

Only the on-treatment timepoints in the blinded phase with 10 subjects or more in each treatment group are included in the analysis. Functional scale/GHS/QoL: pos. (neg.) diff. favors nivolumab (Pbo.). Symptom scale/item: pos. (neg.) diff. favors Pbo. (nivolumab).

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Table 32.20.1
Subgroup Analyses of Mixed Model Repeated Measures Analysis of EORTC QLQ-C30
All Randomized Subjects

EORTC QLQ-C30 Domain Subgroup	Nivolumab 480 mg Q4W			Placebo Q4W			Nivolumab 480 mg Q4W vs. Placebo Q4W		
	N (1)	Baseline Mean (SD)	Change from baseline: LS Mean (95% CI) (2)	N (1)	Baseline Mean (SD)	Change from baseline: LS Mean (95% CI) (2)	Difference in mean change (95% CI); p-value (2)	SMD as Hedge's g (95% CI) (3)	Test for Interaction P-value (4)
AGE CATEGORY II									0.7623
>= 18 AND < 65	291	2.1 (9.9)	1.83 (1.26, 2.41)	151	1.0 (4.4)	1.42 (0.64, 2.20)	0.41 (-0.56, 1.38) 0.4101	0.08 (-0.11, 0.28)	
>= 65 AND < 75	123	0.7 (3.3)	1.01 (0.15, 1.87)	74	0.5 (2.7)	0.01 (-1.10, 1.11)	1.00 (-0.40, 2.40) 0.1594	0.21 (-0.08, 0.50)	
>= 75 AND < 85	66	2.0 (12.6)	0.10 (-1.10, 1.30)	26	0.0 (0.0)	-0.73 (-2.59, 1.12)	0.83 (-1.37, 3.04) 0.4591	0.17 (-0.28, 0.62)	
SEX									0.2211
MALE	296	1.3 (9.1)	0.40 (-0.16, 0.96)	156	0.4 (3.3)	0.14 (-0.62, 0.90)	0.26 (-0.68, 1.20) 0.5859	0.05 (-0.14, 0.25)	
FEMALE	187	2.3 (9.2)	2.99 (2.30, 3.68)	97	1.2 (4.3)	1.83 (0.89, 2.76)	1.16 (0.00, 2.33) 0.0507	0.24 (0.00, 0.49)	

Apr 2023 DBL. NE = Not estimated. SMD = standardized mean difference.

(1) N is the number of randomized subjects with non-missing baseline and at least one post-baseline on-treatment assessment.

(2) Estimates are based on a MMRM, with chg from baseline as the primary dependent variable, trt and trt*visit week interaction, subgroup and subgroup*trt interaction as fixed effects, baseline PRO score as covariate, and visit week as repeated measure.

Models run using an UN covariance matrix, if any model failed to converge, CS and then AR(1) were used, respectively.

(3) Hedges g = (mean chg nivolumab - mean chg Placebo)/pooled-SD, all multiplied by (1-(3/(4*df-1))).

(4) P-values <0.05 are indicated by 1 asterisk (indicates potential effect modification).

Only the on-treatment timepoints in the blinded phase with 10 subjects or more in each treatment group are included in the analysis.

Functional scale/GHS/QoL: pos. (neg.) diff. favors nivolumab (Pbo.). Symptom scale/item: pos. (neg.) diff. favors Pbo. (nivolumab).

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Table 32.20.1
Subgroup Analyses of Mixed Model Repeated Measures Analysis of EORTC QLQ-C30
All Randomized Subjects

EORTC QLQ-C30 Domain Subgroup	Nivolumab 480 mg Q4W			Placebo Q4W			Nivolumab 480 mg Q4W vs. Placebo Q4W		
	N (1)	Baseline Mean (SD)	Change from baseline: LS Mean (95% CI) (2)	N (1)	Baseline Mean (SD)	Change from baseline: LS Mean (95% CI) (2)	Difference in mean change (95% CI); p-value (2)	SMD as Hedge's g (95% CI) (3)	Test for Interaction P-value (4)
DISEASE STAGE CATEGORY									0.5223
STAGE IIB	294	1.8 (9.6)	1.36 (0.78, 1.94)	160	0.7 (3.4)	0.93 (0.17, 1.69)	0.43 (-0.53, 1.38) 0.3823	0.09 (-0.11, 0.28)	
STAGE IIC	189	1.5 (8.4)	1.47 (0.76, 2.18)	93	0.7 (4.2)	0.56 (-0.45, 1.57)	0.92 (-0.32, 2.15) 0.1454	0.18 (-0.06, 0.43)	
T STAGE									0.6346
T3B	189	1.2 (5.6)	1.32 (0.62, 2.03)	103	0.6 (3.2)	0.66 (-0.27, 1.59)	0.66 (-0.51, 1.83) 0.2655	0.14 (-0.10, 0.38)	
T4A	105	2.9 (14.1)	1.42 (0.48, 2.36)	57	0.9 (3.8)	1.44 (0.19, 2.69)	-0.02 (-1.58, 1.55) 0.9805	0.00 (-0.33, 0.32)	
T4B	189	1.5 (8.4)	1.48 (0.76, 2.19)	93	0.7 (4.2)	0.56 (-0.45, 1.57)	0.92 (-0.32, 2.15) 0.1449	0.18 (-0.06, 0.43)	

Apr 2023 DBL. NE = Not estimated. SMD = standardized mean difference.

(1) N is the number of randomized subjects with non-missing baseline and at least one post-baseline on-treatment assessment.

(2) Estimates are based on a MMRM, with chg from baseline as the primary dependent variable, trt and trt*visit week interaction, subgroup and subgroup*trt interaction as fixed effects, baseline PRO score as covariate, and visit week as repeated measure.

Models run using an UN covariance matrix, if any model failed to converge, CS and then AR(1) were used, respectively.

(3) Hedges g = (mean chg nivolumab - mean chg Placebo)/pooled-SD, all multiplied by (1-(3/(4*df-1))).

(4) P-values <0.05 are indicated by 1 asterisk (indicates potential effect modification).

Only the on-treatment timepoints in the blinded phase with 10 subjects or more in each treatment group are included in the analysis.

Functional scale/GHS/QoL: pos. (neg.) diff. favors nivolumab (Pbo.). Symptom scale/item: pos. (neg.) diff. favors Pbo. (nivolumab).

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Table 32.20.1
Subgroup Analyses of Mixed Model Repeated Measures Analysis of EORTC QLQ-C30
All Randomized Subjects

EORTC QLQ-C30 Domain Subgroup	Nivolumab 480 mg Q4W			Placebo Q4W			Nivolumab 480 mg Q4W vs. Placebo Q4W		
	N (1)	Baseline Mean (SD)	Change from baseline: LS Mean (95% CI) (2)	N (1)	Baseline Mean (SD)	Change from baseline: LS Mean (95% CI) (2)	Difference in mean change (95% CI); p-value (2)	SMD as Hedge's g (95% CI) (3)	Test for Interaction P-value (4)
REGION									0.9283
US AND CANADA	89	1.5 (10.8)	1.35 (0.32, 2.39)	44	0.4 (2.5)	1.24 (-0.17, 2.65)	0.11 (-1.64, 1.86) 0.9003	0.02 (-0.34, 0.38)	
WESTERN EUROPE	282	1.6 (9.7)	1.46 (0.87, 2.05)	152	0.8 (4.0)	0.81 (0.02, 1.60)	0.65 (-0.34, 1.64) 0.1967	0.13 (-0.07, 0.33)	
EASTERN EUROPE	51	2.9 (6.4)	1.05 (-0.26, 2.35)	27	1.2 (4.4)	0.31 (-1.48, 2.09)	0.74 (-1.47, 2.95) 0.5105	0.15 (-0.31, 0.62)	
AUSTRALIA	61	1.4 (4.6)	1.54 (0.29, 2.79)	30	0.6 (3.0)	0.57 (-1.15, 2.29)	0.97 (-1.15, 3.10) 0.3684	0.20 (-0.24, 0.64)	

Apr 2023 DBL. NE = Not estimated. SMD = standardized mean difference.

(1) N is the number of randomized subjects with non-missing baseline and at least one post-baseline on-treatment assessment.

(2) Estimates are based on a MMRM, with chg from baseline as the primary dependent variable, trt and trt*visit week interaction, subgroup and subgroup*trt interaction as fixed effects, baseline PRO score as covariate, and visit week as repeated measure. Models run using an UN covariance matrix, if any model failed to converge, CS and then AR(1) were used, respectively.

(3) Hedges g = (mean chg nivolumab - mean chg Placebo)/pooled-SD, all multiplied by (1-(3/(4*df-1))).

(4) P-values <0.05 are indicated by 1 asterisk (indicates potential effect modification).

Only the on-treatment timepoints in the blinded phase with 10 subjects or more in each treatment group are included in the analysis. Functional scale/GHS/QoL: pos. (neg.) diff. favors nivolumab (Pbo.). Symptom scale/item: pos. (neg.) diff. favors Pbo. (nivolumab).

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Table 32.20.1
Subgroup Analyses of Mixed Model Repeated Measures Analysis of EORTC QLQ-C30
All Randomized Subjects

EORTC QLQ-C30 Domain Subgroup	Nivolumab 480 mg Q4W			Placebo Q4W			Nivolumab 480 mg Q4W vs. Placebo Q4W		
	N (1)	Baseline Mean (SD)	Change from baseline: LS Mean (95% CI) (2)	N (1)	Baseline Mean (SD)	Change from baseline: LS Mean (95% CI) (2)	Difference in mean change (95% CI); p-value (2)	SMD as Hedge's g (95% CI) (3)	Test for Interaction P-value (4)
PAIN									
OVERALL	485	9.4 (18.6)	2.03 (0.91, 3.15)	253	10.0 (18.0)	-0.14 (-1.66, 1.38)	2.17 (0.28, 4.06) 0.0244	0.17 (0.02, 0.33)	
AGE CATEGORY I < 65	291	9.9 (18.8)	1.70 (0.30, 3.11)	151	10.3 (18.7)	-0.76 (-2.68, 1.16)	2.46 (0.09, 4.84) 0.0421	0.20 (0.01, 0.40)	0.6929
>= 65	194	8.8 (18.4)	2.53 (0.82, 4.24)	102	9.6 (17.0)	0.79 (-1.53, 3.12)	1.73 (-1.15, 4.62) 0.2385	0.14 (-0.10, 0.38)	

Apr 2023 DBL. NE = Not estimated. SMD = standardized mean difference.

(1) N is the number of randomized subjects with non-missing baseline and at least one post-baseline on-treatment assessment.

(2) Estimates are based on a MMRM, with chg from baseline as the primary dependent variable, trt and trt*visit week interaction, subgroup and subgroup*trt interaction as fixed effects, baseline PRO score as covariate, and visit week as repeated measure. Models run using an UN covariance matrix, if any model failed to converge, CS and then AR(1) were used, respectively.

(3) Hedges g = (mean chg nivolumab - mean chg Placebo)/pooled-SD, all multiplied by (1-(3/(4*df-1))).

(4) P-values <0.05 are indicated by 1 asterisk (indicates potential effect modification).

Only the on-treatment timepoints in the blinded phase with 10 subjects or more in each treatment group are included in the analysis. Functional scale/GHS/QoL: pos. (neg.) diff. favors nivolumab (Pbo.). Symptom scale/item: pos. (neg.) diff. favors Pbo. (nivolumab).

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Table 32.20.1
Subgroup Analyses of Mixed Model Repeated Measures Analysis of EORTC QLQ-C30
All Randomized Subjects

EORTC QLQ-C30 Domain Subgroup	Nivolumab 480 mg Q4W			Placebo Q4W			Nivolumab 480 mg Q4W vs. Placebo Q4W		
	N (1)	Baseline Mean (SD)	Change from baseline: LS Mean (95% CI) (2)	N (1)	Baseline Mean (SD)	Change from baseline: LS Mean (95% CI) (2)	Difference in mean change (95% CI); p-value (2)	SMD as Hedge's g (95% CI) (3)	Test for Interaction P-value (4)
AGE CATEGORY II									0.0937
>= 18 AND < 65	291	9.9 (18.8)	1.69 (0.29, 3.09)	151	10.3 (18.7)	-0.80 (-2.71, 1.12)	2.49 (0.11, 4.86) 0.0404	0.21 (0.01, 0.40)	
>= 65 AND < 75	125	9.3 (18.4)	1.53 (-0.57, 3.62)	74	9.2 (16.8)	1.88 (-0.83, 4.60)	-0.36 (-3.78, 3.07) 0.8384	-0.03 (-0.32, 0.26)	
>= 75 AND < 85	66	7.6 (19.0)	4.45 (1.55, 7.35)	26	11.5 (18.1)	-2.02 (-6.55, 2.51)	6.47 (1.09, 11.85) 0.0184	0.54 (0.08, 1.00)	
SEX									0.8960
MALE	298	8.1 (17.2)	1.18 (-0.20, 2.57)	156	7.1 (15.2)	-1.07 (-2.96, 0.82)	2.26 (-0.09, 4.60) 0.0590	0.19 (-0.01, 0.38)	
FEMALE	187	11.5 (20.6)	3.37 (1.65, 5.10)	97	14.8 (21.1)	1.36 (-1.01, 3.73)	2.01 (-0.91, 4.94) 0.1770	0.17 (-0.08, 0.41)	

Apr 2023 DBL. NE = Not estimated. SMD = standardized mean difference.

(1) N is the number of randomized subjects with non-missing baseline and at least one post-baseline on-treatment assessment.

(2) Estimates are based on a MMRM, with chg from baseline as the primary dependent variable, trt and trt*visit week interaction, subgroup and subgroup*trt interaction as fixed effects, baseline PRO score as covariate, and visit week as repeated measure.

Models run using an UN covariance matrix, if any model failed to converge, CS and then AR(1) were used, respectively.

(3) Hedges g = (mean chg nivolumab - mean chg Placebo)/pooled-SD, all multiplied by (1-(3/(4*df-1))).

(4) P-values <0.05 are indicated by 1 asterisk (indicates potential effect modification).

Only the on-treatment timepoints in the blinded phase with 10 subjects or more in each treatment group are included in the analysis.

Functional scale/GHS/QoL: pos. (neg.) diff. favors nivolumab (Pbo.). Symptom scale/item: pos. (neg.) diff. favors Pbo. (nivolumab).

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Table 32.20.1
Subgroup Analyses of Mixed Model Repeated Measures Analysis of EORTC QLQ-C30
All Randomized Subjects

EORTC QLQ-C30 Domain Subgroup	Nivolumab 480 mg Q4W			Placebo Q4W			Nivolumab 480 mg Q4W vs. Placebo Q4W		
	N (1)	Baseline Mean (SD)	Change from baseline: LS Mean (95% CI) (2)	N (1)	Baseline Mean (SD)	Change from baseline: LS Mean (95% CI) (2)	Difference in mean change (95% CI); p-value (2)	SMD as Hedge's g (95% CI) (3)	Test for Interaction P-value (4)
DISEASE STAGE CATEGORY									0.2310
STAGE IIB	296	9.5 (19.0)	2.54 (1.14, 3.93)	160	9.2 (17.4)	-0.48 (-2.34, 1.38)	3.01 (0.69, 5.34) 0.0112	0.25 (0.06, 0.44)	
STAGE IIC	189	9.3 (18.1)	1.23 (-0.49, 2.95)	93	11.5 (19.0)	0.46 (-1.98, 2.90)	0.77 (-2.22, 3.76) 0.6129	0.06 (-0.18, 0.31)	
T STAGE									0.0089**
T3B	190	9.0 (18.3)	3.21 (1.50, 4.92)	103	7.4 (16.8)	-2.18 (-4.45, 0.09)	5.39 (2.55, 8.23) 0.0002	0.45 (0.21, 0.70)	
T4A	106	10.2 (20.3)	1.35 (-0.90, 3.61)	57	12.3 (18.2)	2.70 (-0.35, 5.76)	-1.35 (-5.15, 2.45) 0.4849	-0.11 (-0.44, 0.21)	
T4B	189	9.3 (18.1)	1.22 (-0.50, 2.94)	93	11.5 (19.0)	0.45 (-1.99, 2.88)	0.77 (-2.21, 3.75) 0.6117	0.06 (-0.18, 0.31)	

Apr 2023 DBL. NE = Not estimated. SMD = standardized mean difference.

(1) N is the number of randomized subjects with non-missing baseline and at least one post-baseline on-treatment assessment.

(2) Estimates are based on a MMRM, with chg from baseline as the primary dependent variable, trt and trt*visit week interaction, subgroup and subgroup*trt interaction as fixed effects, baseline PRO score as covariate, and visit week as repeated measure.

Models run using an UN covariance matrix, if any model failed to converge, CS and then AR(1) were used, respectively.

(3) Hedges g = (mean chg nivolumab - mean chg Placebo)/pooled-SD, all multiplied by (1-(3/(4*df-1))).

(4) P-values <0.05 are indicated by 1 asterisk (indicates potential effect modification).

Only the on-treatment timepoints in the blinded phase with 10 subjects or more in each treatment group are included in the analysis.

Functional scale/GHS/QoL: pos. (neg.) diff. favors nivolumab (Pbo.). Symptom scale/item: pos. (neg.) diff. favors Pbo. (nivolumab).

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Table 32.20.1
Subgroup Analyses of Mixed Model Repeated Measures Analysis of EORTC QLQ-C30
All Randomized Subjects

EORTC QLQ-C30 Domain Subgroup	Nivolumab 480 mg Q4W			Placebo Q4W			Nivolumab 480 mg Q4W vs. Placebo Q4W		
	N (1)	Baseline Mean (SD)	Change from baseline: LS Mean (95% CI) (2)	N (1)	Baseline Mean (SD)	Change from baseline: LS Mean (95% CI) (2)	Difference in mean change (95% CI); p-value (2)	SMD as Hedge's g (95% CI) (3)	Test for Interaction P-value (4)
REGION									0.2452
US AND CANADA	89	9.4 (18.1)	1.57 (-0.91, 4.05)	44	9.5 (19.2)	-1.55 (-5.00, 1.89)	3.12 (-1.13, 7.36) 0.1495	0.26 (-0.10, 0.63)	
WESTERN EUROPE	283	9.3 (19.2)	2.22 (0.80, 3.64)	152	8.9 (17.3)	-0.58 (-2.50, 1.34)	2.80 (0.41, 5.19) 0.0215	0.23 (0.03, 0.43)	
EASTERN EUROPE	51	13.4 (19.2)	-1.09 (-4.28, 2.10)	27	10.5 (18.0)	1.99 (-2.39, 6.38)	-3.08 (-8.50, 2.34) 0.2645	-0.26 (-0.73, 0.21)	
AUSTRALIA	62	6.7 (16.1)	4.59 (1.60, 7.58)	30	16.1 (19.8)	2.29 (-1.91, 6.49)	2.30 (-2.86, 7.47) 0.3814	0.19 (-0.24, 0.63)	

Apr 2023 DBL. NE = Not estimated. SMD = standardized mean difference.

(1) N is the number of randomized subjects with non-missing baseline and at least one post-baseline on-treatment assessment.

(2) Estimates are based on a MMRM, with chg from baseline as the primary dependent variable, trt and trt*visit week interaction, subgroup and subgroup*trt interaction as fixed effects, baseline PRO score as covariate, and visit week as repeated measure. Models run using an UN covariance matrix, if any model failed to converge, CS and then AR(1) were used, respectively.

(3) Hedges g = (mean chg nivolumab - mean chg Placebo)/pooled-SD, all multiplied by (1-(3/(4*df-1))).

(4) P-values <0.05 are indicated by 1 asterisk (indicates potential effect modification).

Only the on-treatment timepoints in the blinded phase with 10 subjects or more in each treatment group are included in the analysis. Functional scale/GHS/QoL: pos. (neg.) diff. favors nivolumab (Pbo.). Symptom scale/item: pos. (neg.) diff. favors Pbo. (nivolumab).

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Table 32.20.1
Subgroup Analyses of Mixed Model Repeated Measures Analysis of EORTC QLQ-C30
All Randomized Subjects

EORTC QLQ-C30 Domain Subgroup	Nivolumab 480 mg Q4W			Placebo Q4W			Nivolumab 480 mg Q4W vs. Placebo Q4W		
	N (1)	Baseline Mean (SD)	Change from baseline: LS Mean (95% CI) (2)	N (1)	Baseline Mean (SD)	Change from baseline: LS Mean (95% CI) (2)	Difference in mean change (95% CI); p-value (2)	SMD as Hedge's g (95% CI) (3)	Test for Interaction P-value (4)
DYSPNEA									
OVERALL	483	6.6 (17.1)	1.80 (0.76, 2.84)	253	5.3 (14.8)	2.31 (0.90, 3.72)	-0.51 (-2.26, 1.25) 0.5714	-0.04 (-0.20, 0.11)	
AGE CATEGORY I < 65	291	6.1 (16.3)	1.63 (0.34, 2.92)	151	3.3 (11.4)	1.78 (0.01, 3.54)	-0.14 (-2.33, 2.05) 0.8989	-0.01 (-0.21, 0.18)	0.5915
>= 65	192	7.5 (18.3)	2.07 (0.50, 3.64)	102	8.2 (18.4)	3.11 (0.97, 5.25)	-1.04 (-3.69, 1.61) 0.4396	-0.09 (-0.33, 0.15)	

Apr 2023 DBL. NE = Not estimated. SMD = standardized mean difference.

(1) N is the number of randomized subjects with non-missing baseline and at least one post-baseline on-treatment assessment.

(2) Estimates are based on a MMRM, with chg from baseline as the primary dependent variable, trt and trt*visit week interaction, subgroup and subgroup*trt interaction as fixed effects, baseline PRO score as covariate, and visit week as repeated measure. Models run using an UN covariance matrix, if any model failed to converge, CS and then AR(1) were used, respectively.

(3) Hedges g = (mean chg nivolumab - mean chg Placebo)/pooled-SD, all multiplied by (1-(3/(4*df-1))).

(4) P-values <0.05 are indicated by 1 asterisk (indicates potential effect modification).

Only the on-treatment timepoints in the blinded phase with 10 subjects or more in each treatment group are included in the analysis. Functional scale/GHS/QoL: pos. (neg.) diff. favors nivolumab (Pbo.). Symptom scale/item: pos. (neg.) diff. favors Pbo. (nivolumab).

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Table 32.20.1
Subgroup Analyses of Mixed Model Repeated Measures Analysis of EORTC QLQ-C30
All Randomized Subjects

EORTC QLQ-C30 Domain Subgroup	Nivolumab 480 mg Q4W			Placebo Q4W			Nivolumab 480 mg Q4W vs. Placebo Q4W		
	N (1)	Baseline Mean (SD)	Change from baseline: LS Mean (95% CI) (2)	N (1)	Baseline Mean (SD)	Change from baseline: LS Mean (95% CI) (2)	Difference in mean change (95% CI); p-value (2)	SMD as Hedge's g (95% CI) (3)	Test for Interaction P-value (4)
AGE CATEGORY II									0.6386
>= 18 AND < 65	291	6.1 (16.3)	1.67 (0.37, 2.96)	151	3.3 (11.4)	1.81 (0.03, 3.58)	-0.14 (-2.33, 2.06) 0.9026	-0.01 (-0.21, 0.18)	
>= 65 AND < 75	123	6.8 (17.0)	1.87 (-0.06, 3.80)	74	7.2 (17.7)	2.30 (-0.19, 4.79)	-0.42 (-3.57, 2.73) 0.7917	-0.04 (-0.33, 0.25)	
>= 75 AND < 85	66	8.6 (20.5)	2.49 (-0.16, 5.13)	26	10.3 (20.6)	5.17 (1.03, 9.30)	-2.68 (-7.58, 2.22) 0.2835	-0.25 (-0.70, 0.21)	
SEX									0.9485
MALE	296	6.4 (17.1)	1.29 (0.01, 2.57)	156	3.2 (11.2)	1.84 (0.09, 3.59)	-0.55 (-2.71, 1.62) 0.6204	-0.05 (-0.24, 0.15)	
FEMALE	187	7.0 (17.1)	2.62 (1.04, 4.20)	97	8.6 (18.8)	3.06 (0.89, 5.23)	-0.44 (-3.12, 2.25) 0.7491	-0.04 (-0.29, 0.21)	

Apr 2023 DBL. NE = Not estimated. SMD = standardized mean difference.

(1) N is the number of randomized subjects with non-missing baseline and at least one post-baseline on-treatment assessment.

(2) Estimates are based on a MMRM, with chg from baseline as the primary dependent variable, trt and trt*visit week interaction, subgroup and subgroup*trt interaction as fixed effects, baseline PRO score as covariate, and visit week as repeated measure.

Models run using an UN covariance matrix, if any model failed to converge, CS and then AR(1) were used, respectively.

(3) Hedges g = (mean chg nivolumab - mean chg Placebo)/pooled-SD, all multiplied by (1-(3/(4*df-1))).

(4) P-values <0.05 are indicated by 1 asterisk (indicates potential effect modification).

Only the on-treatment timepoints in the blinded phase with 10 subjects or more in each treatment group are included in the analysis.

Functional scale/GHS/QoL: pos. (neg.) diff. favors nivolumab (Pbo.). Symptom scale/item: pos. (neg.) diff. favors Pbo. (nivolumab).

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Table 32.20.1
Subgroup Analyses of Mixed Model Repeated Measures Analysis of EORTC QLQ-C30
All Randomized Subjects

EORTC QLQ-C30 Domain Subgroup	Nivolumab 480 mg Q4W			Placebo Q4W			Nivolumab 480 mg Q4W vs. Placebo Q4W		
	N (1)	Baseline Mean (SD)	Change from baseline: LS Mean (95% CI) (2)	N (1)	Baseline Mean (SD)	Change from baseline: LS Mean (95% CI) (2)	Difference in mean change (95% CI); p-value (2)	SMD as Hedge's g (95% CI) (3)	Test for Interaction P-value (4)
DISEASE STAGE CATEGORY									0.2961
STAGE IIB	294	6.3 (17.1)	1.82 (0.53, 3.10)	160	5.0 (13.6)	1.68 (-0.03, 3.39)	0.13 (-2.01, 2.27) 0.9021	0.01 (-0.18, 0.20)	
STAGE IIC	189	7.1 (17.1)	1.78 (0.20, 3.36)	93	5.7 (16.8)	3.43 (1.19, 5.66)	-1.64 (-4.38, 1.09) 0.2389	-0.15 (-0.40, 0.10)	
T STAGE									0.5275
T3B	189	6.3 (16.3)	1.70 (0.13, 3.28)	103	2.9 (9.5)	1.90 (-0.20, 4.00)	-0.20 (-2.82, 2.42) 0.8812	-0.02 (-0.26, 0.22)	
T4A	105	6.3 (18.5)	2.03 (-0.05, 4.10)	57	8.8 (18.4)	1.28 (-1.52, 4.09)	0.74 (-2.75, 4.23) 0.6759	0.07 (-0.25, 0.39)	
T4B	189	7.1 (17.1)	1.78 (0.20, 3.36)	93	5.7 (16.8)	3.42 (1.19, 5.66)	-1.64 (-4.38, 1.10) 0.2392	-0.15 (-0.40, 0.10)	

Apr 2023 DBL. NE = Not estimated. SMD = standardized mean difference.

(1) N is the number of randomized subjects with non-missing baseline and at least one post-baseline on-treatment assessment.

(2) Estimates are based on a MMRM, with chg from baseline as the primary dependent variable, trt and trt*visit week interaction, subgroup and subgroup*trt interaction as fixed effects, baseline PRO score as covariate, and visit week as repeated measure.

Models run using an UN covariance matrix, if any model failed to converge, CS and then AR(1) were used, respectively.

(3) Hedges g = (mean chg nivolumab - mean chg Placebo)/pooled-SD, all multiplied by (1-(3/(4*df-1))).

(4) P-values <0.05 are indicated by 1 asterisk (indicates potential effect modification).

Only the on-treatment timepoints in the blinded phase with 10 subjects or more in each treatment group are included in the analysis.

Functional scale/GHS/QoL: pos. (neg.) diff. favors nivolumab (Pbo.). Symptom scale/item: pos. (neg.) diff. favors Pbo. (nivolumab).

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Table 32.20.1
Subgroup Analyses of Mixed Model Repeated Measures Analysis of EORTC QLQ-C30
All Randomized Subjects

EORTC QLQ-C30 Domain Subgroup	Nivolumab 480 mg Q4W			Placebo Q4W			Nivolumab 480 mg Q4W vs. Placebo Q4W		
	N (1)	Baseline Mean (SD)	Change from baseline: LS Mean (95% CI) (2)	N (1)	Baseline Mean (SD)	Change from baseline: LS Mean (95% CI) (2)	Difference in mean change (95% CI); p-value (2)	SMD as Hedge's g (95% CI) (3)	Test for Interaction P-value (4)
REGION									0.4977
US AND CANADA	89	6.7 (19.6)	-0.12 (-2.39, 2.14)	44	2.3 (8.5)	2.17 (-0.99, 5.34)	-2.30 (-6.19, 1.60) 0.2471	-0.21 (-0.57, 0.15)	
WESTERN EUROPE	282	7.1 (17.0)	2.36 (1.05, 3.67)	152	4.8 (15.1)	2.29 (0.52, 4.06)	0.07 (-2.14, 2.27) 0.9524	0.01 (-0.19, 0.20)	
EASTERN EUROPE	51	5.9 (14.5)	1.19 (-1.72, 4.10)	27	8.6 (14.9)	3.76 (-0.26, 7.78)	-2.57 (-7.54, 2.39) 0.3089	-0.24 (-0.71, 0.23)	
AUSTRALIA	61	4.9 (15.9)	2.56 (-0.19, 5.30)	30	8.9 (19.4)	1.28 (-2.53, 5.09)	1.28 (-3.42, 5.98) 0.5944	0.12 (-0.32, 0.55)	

Apr 2023 DBL. NE = Not estimated. SMD = standardized mean difference.

(1) N is the number of randomized subjects with non-missing baseline and at least one post-baseline on-treatment assessment.

(2) Estimates are based on a MMRM, with chg from baseline as the primary dependent variable, trt and trt*visit week interaction, subgroup and subgroup*trt interaction as fixed effects, baseline PRO score as covariate, and visit week as repeated measure. Models run using an UN covariance matrix, if any model failed to converge, CS and then AR(1) were used, respectively.

(3) Hedges g = (mean chg nivolumab - mean chg Placebo)/pooled-SD, all multiplied by (1-(3/(4*df-1))).

(4) P-values <0.05 are indicated by 1 asterisk (indicates potential effect modification).

Only the on-treatment timepoints in the blinded phase with 10 subjects or more in each treatment group are included in the analysis. Functional scale/GHS/QoL: pos. (neg.) diff. favors nivolumab (Pbo.). Symptom scale/item: pos. (neg.) diff. favors Pbo. (nivolumab).

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Table 32.20.1
Subgroup Analyses of Mixed Model Repeated Measures Analysis of EORTC QLQ-C30
All Randomized Subjects

EORTC QLQ-C30 Domain Subgroup	Nivolumab 480 mg Q4W			Placebo Q4W			Nivolumab 480 mg Q4W vs. Placebo Q4W		
	N (1)	Baseline Mean (SD)	Change from baseline: LS Mean (95% CI) (2)	N (1)	Baseline Mean (SD)	Change from baseline: LS Mean (95% CI) (2)	Difference in mean change (95% CI); p-value (2)	SMD as Hedge's g (95% CI) (3)	Test for Interaction P-value (4)
INSOMNIA									
OVERALL	482	17.4 (25.0)	-0.20 (-1.54, 1.14)	253	14.5 (23.2)	-0.62 (-2.44, 1.20)	0.42 (-1.84, 2.68) 0.7159	0.03 (-0.12, 0.18)	
AGE CATEGORY I < 65	290	17.4 (26.0)	0.26 (-1.45, 1.96)	151	13.9 (23.5)	-0.23 (-2.55, 2.10)	0.48 (-2.40, 3.36) 0.7421	0.03 (-0.16, 0.23)	0.9398
>= 65	192	17.5 (23.4)	-0.91 (-3.00, 1.19)	102	15.4 (22.8)	-1.22 (-4.06, 1.62)	0.31 (-3.22, 3.84) 0.8631	0.02 (-0.22, 0.26)	

Apr 2023 DBL. NE = Not estimated. SMD = standardized mean difference.

(1) N is the number of randomized subjects with non-missing baseline and at least one post-baseline on-treatment assessment.

(2) Estimates are based on a MMRM, with chg from baseline as the primary dependent variable, trt and trt*visit week interaction, subgroup and subgroup*trt interaction as fixed effects, baseline PRO score as covariate, and visit week as repeated measure. Models run using an UN covariance matrix, if any model failed to converge, CS and then AR(1) were used, respectively.

(3) Hedges g = (mean chg nivolumab - mean chg Placebo)/pooled-SD, all multiplied by (1-(3/(4*df-1))).

(4) P-values <0.05 are indicated by 1 asterisk (indicates potential effect modification).

Only the on-treatment timepoints in the blinded phase with 10 subjects or more in each treatment group are included in the analysis. Functional scale/GHS/QoL: pos. (neg.) diff. favors nivolumab (Pbo.). Symptom scale/item: pos. (neg.) diff. favors Pbo. (nivolumab).

Program Source: /opt/zfs001/prd/bms214671/stats/market/prog/tables/rt-sy-mmrm-sub-ubr1575-b5.sas

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Table 32.20.1
Subgroup Analyses of Mixed Model Repeated Measures Analysis of EORTC QLQ-C30
All Randomized Subjects

EORTC QLQ-C30 Domain Subgroup	Nivolumab 480 mg Q4W			Placebo Q4W			Nivolumab 480 mg Q4W vs. Placebo Q4W		
	N (1)	Baseline Mean (SD)	Change from baseline: LS Mean (95% CI) (2)	N (1)	Baseline Mean (SD)	Change from baseline: LS Mean (95% CI) (2)	Difference in mean change (95% CI); p-value (2)	SMD as Hedge's g (95% CI) (3)	Test for Interaction P-value (4)
AGE CATEGORY II									0.9401
>= 18 AND < 65	290	17.4 (26.0)	0.28 (-1.42, 1.98)	151	13.9 (23.5)	-0.16 (-2.48, 2.16)	0.44 (-2.44, 3.32)	0.03 (-0.17, 0.23)	
>= 65 AND < 75	123	18.2 (23.9)	-1.96 (-4.55, 0.63)	74	14.9 (24.1)	-1.52 (-4.84, 1.80)	-0.44 (-4.65, 3.78)	-0.03 (-0.32, 0.26)	
>= 75 AND < 85	66	16.2 (22.8)	0.67 (-2.90, 4.25)	26	16.7 (19.4)	0.22 (-5.37, 5.80)	0.46 (-6.18, 7.09)	0.03 (-0.42, 0.48)	
SEX									0.4213
MALE	296	16.8 (24.4)	-2.02 (-3.68, -0.35)	156	11.1 (19.8)	-3.16 (-5.44, -0.89)	1.15 (-1.67, 3.97)	0.08 (-0.12, 0.27)	
FEMALE	186	18.5 (25.9)	2.72 (0.64, 4.80)	97	19.9 (27.1)	3.39 (0.55, 6.23)	-0.68 (-4.19, 2.84)	-0.05 (-0.29, 0.20)	

Apr 2023 DBL. NE = Not estimated. SMD = standardized mean difference.

(1) N is the number of randomized subjects with non-missing baseline and at least one post-baseline on-treatment assessment.

(2) Estimates are based on a MMRM, with chg from baseline as the primary dependent variable, trt and trt*visit week interaction, subgroup and subgroup*trt interaction as fixed effects, baseline PRO score as covariate, and visit week as repeated measure.

Models run using an UN covariance matrix, if any model failed to converge, CS and then AR(1) were used, respectively.

(3) Hedges g = (mean chg nivolumab - mean chg Placebo)/pooled-SD, all multiplied by (1-(3/(4*df-1))).

(4) P-values <0.05 are indicated by 1 asterisk (indicates potential effect modification).

Only the on-treatment timepoints in the blinded phase with 10 subjects or more in each treatment group are included in the analysis.

Functional scale/GHS/QoL: pos. (neg.) diff. favors nivolumab (Pbo.). Symptom scale/item: pos. (neg.) diff. favors Pbo. (nivolumab).

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Table 32.20.1
Subgroup Analyses of Mixed Model Repeated Measures Analysis of EORTC QLQ-C30
All Randomized Subjects

EORTC QLQ-C30 Domain Subgroup	Nivolumab 480 mg Q4W			Placebo Q4W			Nivolumab 480 mg Q4W vs. Placebo Q4W		
	N (1)	Baseline Mean (SD)	Change from baseline: LS Mean (95% CI) (2)	N (1)	Baseline Mean (SD)	Change from baseline: LS Mean (95% CI) (2)	Difference in mean change (95% CI); p-value (2)	SMD as Hedge's g (95% CI) (3)	Test for Interaction P-value (4)
DISEASE STAGE CATEGORY									0.3248
STAGE IIB	294	18.3 (25.0)	0.03 (-1.67, 1.73)	160	13.3 (22.5)	-1.23 (-3.48, 1.02)	1.26 (-1.56, 4.08) 0.3813	0.09 (-0.11, 0.28)	
STAGE IIC	188	16.1 (25.0)	-0.56 (-2.67, 1.55)	93	16.5 (24.4)	0.47 (-2.52, 3.46)	-1.03 (-4.69, 2.63) 0.5808	-0.07 (-0.32, 0.18)	
T STAGE									0.0547
T3B	189	18.5 (25.3)	1.01 (-1.09, 3.10)	103	10.4 (18.7)	-2.56 (-5.34, 0.22)	3.57 (0.08, 7.06) 0.0450	0.24 (0.00, 0.49)	
T4A	105	17.8 (24.5)	-1.73 (-4.52, 1.07)	57	18.7 (27.5)	1.22 (-2.53, 4.97)	-2.95 (-7.62, 1.73) 0.2167	-0.20 (-0.53, 0.12)	
T4B	188	16.1 (25.0)	-0.56 (-2.66, 1.55)	93	16.5 (24.4)	0.47 (-2.52, 3.45)	-1.02 (-4.68, 2.63) 0.5820	-0.07 (-0.32, 0.18)	

Apr 2023 DBL. NE = Not estimated. SMD = standardized mean difference.
 (1) N is the number of randomized subjects with non-missing baseline and at least one post-baseline on-treatment assessment.
 (2) Estimates are based on a MMRM, with chg from baseline as the primary dependent variable, trt and trt*visit week interaction, subgroup and subgroup*trt interaction as fixed effects, baseline PRO score as covariate, and visit week as repeated measure. Models run using an UN covariance matrix, if any model failed to converge, CS and then AR(1) were used, respectively.
 (3) Hedges g = (mean chg nivolumab - mean chg Placebo)/pooled-SD, all multiplied by (1-(3/(4*df-1))).
 (4) P-values <0.05 are indicated by 1 asterisk (indicates potential effect modification).
 Only the on-treatment timepoints in the blinded phase with 10 subjects or more in each treatment group are included in the analysis.
 Functional scale/GHS/QoL: pos. (neg.) diff. favors nivolumab (Pbo.). Symptom scale/item: pos. (neg.) diff. favors Pbo. (nivolumab).
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Table 32.20.1
Subgroup Analyses of Mixed Model Repeated Measures Analysis of EORTC QLQ-C30
All Randomized Subjects

EORTC QLQ-C30 Domain Subgroup	Nivolumab 480 mg Q4W			Placebo Q4W			Nivolumab 480 mg Q4W vs. Placebo Q4W		
	N (1)	Baseline Mean (SD)	Change from baseline: LS Mean (95% CI) (2)	N (1)	Baseline Mean (SD)	Change from baseline: LS Mean (95% CI) (2)	Difference in mean change (95% CI); p-value (2)	SMD as Hedge's g (95% CI) (3)	Test for Interaction P-value (4)
REGION									0.6524
US AND CANADA	89	15.4 (26.1)	-2.19 (-5.25, 0.88)	44	15.9 (23.3)	0.31 (-3.94, 4.56)	-2.50 (-7.74, 2.74) 0.3501	-0.17 (-0.53, 0.19)	
WESTERN EUROPE	282	15.8 (24.1)	0.05 (-1.68, 1.78)	152	13.4 (23.1)	-0.75 (-3.09, 1.59)	0.80 (-2.11, 3.71) 0.5902	0.05 (-0.14, 0.25)	
EASTERN EUROPE	51	22.2 (24.6)	1.37 (-2.57, 5.31)	27	16.0 (23.3)	0.11 (-5.32, 5.54)	1.26 (-5.45, 7.97) 0.7126	0.09 (-0.38, 0.55)	
AUSTRALIA	60	23.9 (26.8)	0.14 (-3.62, 3.90)	30	16.7 (24.4)	-2.05 (-7.23, 3.12)	2.19 (-4.20, 8.59) 0.5006	0.15 (-0.29, 0.59)	

Apr 2023 DBL. NE = Not estimated. SMD = standardized mean difference.

(1) N is the number of randomized subjects with non-missing baseline and at least one post-baseline on-treatment assessment.

(2) Estimates are based on a MMRM, with chg from baseline as the primary dependent variable, trt and trt*visit week interaction, subgroup and subgroup*trt interaction as fixed effects, baseline PRO score as covariate, and visit week as repeated measure. Models run using an UN covariance matrix, if any model failed to converge, CS and then AR(1) were used, respectively.

(3) Hedges g = (mean chg nivolumab - mean chg Placebo)/pooled-SD, all multiplied by (1-(3/(4*df-1))).

(4) P-values <0.05 are indicated by 1 asterisk (indicates potential effect modification).

Only the on-treatment timepoints in the blinded phase with 10 subjects or more in each treatment group are included in the analysis. Functional scale/GHS/QoL: pos. (neg.) diff. favors nivolumab (Pbo.). Symptom scale/item: pos. (neg.) diff. favors Pbo. (nivolumab).

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Table 32.20.1
Subgroup Analyses of Mixed Model Repeated Measures Analysis of EORTC QLQ-C30
All Randomized Subjects

EORTC QLQ-C30 Domain Subgroup	Nivolumab 480 mg Q4W			Placebo Q4W			Nivolumab 480 mg Q4W vs. Placebo Q4W		
	N (1)	Baseline Mean (SD)	Change from baseline: LS Mean (95% CI) (2)	N (1)	Baseline Mean (SD)	Change from baseline: LS Mean (95% CI) (2)	Difference in mean change (95% CI); p-value (2)	SMD as Hedge's g (95% CI) (3)	Test for Interaction P-value (4)
APPETITE LOSS									
OVERALL	483	3.7 (13.3)	2.83 (1.99, 3.67)	253	2.8 (9.7)	0.72 (-0.41, 1.86)	2.11 (0.69, 3.52) 0.0036	0.23 (0.07, 0.38)	
AGE CATEGORY I < 65	291	3.2 (12.9)	3.05 (2.00, 4.10)	151	2.9 (9.4)	0.81 (-0.62, 2.24)	2.24 (0.47, 4.01) 0.0133	0.25 (0.05, 0.45)	0.8001
>= 65	192	4.3 (14.0)	2.49 (1.20, 3.78)	102	2.6 (10.2)	0.59 (-1.14, 2.33)	1.89 (-0.27, 4.06) 0.0861	0.21 (-0.03, 0.45)	

Apr 2023 DBL. NE = Not estimated. SMD = standardized mean difference.

(1) N is the number of randomized subjects with non-missing baseline and at least one post-baseline on-treatment assessment.

(2) Estimates are based on a MMRM, with chg from baseline as the primary dependent variable, trt and trt*visit week interaction, subgroup and subgroup*trt interaction as fixed effects, baseline PRO score as covariate, and visit week as repeated measure. Models run using an UN covariance matrix, if any model failed to converge, CS and then AR(1) were used, respectively.

(3) Hedges g = (mean chg nivolumab - mean chg Placebo)/pooled-SD, all multiplied by (1-(3/(4*df-1))).

(4) P-values <0.05 are indicated by 1 asterisk (indicates potential effect modification).

Only the on-treatment timepoints in the blinded phase with 10 subjects or more in each treatment group are included in the analysis. Functional scale/GHS/QoL: pos. (neg.) diff. favors nivolumab (Pbo.). Symptom scale/item: pos. (neg.) diff. favors Pbo. (nivolumab).

Program Source: /opt/zfs001/prd/bms214671/stats/market/prog/tables/rt-sy-mmrm-sub-ubr1575-b5.sas

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Table 32.20.1
Subgroup Analyses of Mixed Model Repeated Measures Analysis of EORTC QLQ-C30
All Randomized Subjects

EORTC QLQ-C30 Domain Subgroup	Nivolumab 480 mg Q4W			Placebo Q4W			Nivolumab 480 mg Q4W vs. Placebo Q4W		
	N (1)	Baseline Mean (SD)	Change from baseline: LS Mean (95% CI) (2)	N (1)	Baseline Mean (SD)	Change from baseline: LS Mean (95% CI) (2)	Difference in mean change (95% CI); p-value (2)	SMD as Hedge's g (95% CI) (3)	Test for Interaction P-value (4)
AGE CATEGORY II									0.4417
>= 18 AND < 65	291	3.2 (12.9)	3.11 (2.06, 4.16)	151	2.9 (9.4)	0.91 (-0.52, 2.34)	2.20 (0.42, 3.97) 0.0154	0.24 (0.05, 0.44)	
>= 65 AND < 75	123	3.3 (10.8)	2.54 (0.96, 4.11)	74	2.3 (10.1)	-0.19 (-2.21, 1.83)	2.73 (0.16, 5.30) 0.0371	0.31 (0.02, 0.60)	
>= 75 AND < 85	66	4.5 (14.2)	2.67 (0.49, 4.85)	26	2.6 (9.1)	2.97 (-0.43, 6.37)	-0.30 (-4.34, 3.74) 0.8846	-0.03 (-0.49, 0.42)	
SEX									0.5449
MALE	296	3.4 (14.1)	2.04 (1.00, 3.08)	156	1.7 (8.3)	0.26 (-1.16, 1.67)	1.78 (0.03, 3.54) 0.0462	0.20 (0.00, 0.39)	
FEMALE	187	4.1 (12.0)	4.09 (2.80, 5.37)	97	4.5 (11.4)	1.47 (-0.28, 3.22)	2.62 (0.44, 4.79) 0.0185	0.29 (0.05, 0.54)	

Apr 2023 DBL. NE = Not estimated. SMD = standardized mean difference.

(1) N is the number of randomized subjects with non-missing baseline and at least one post-baseline on-treatment assessment.

(2) Estimates are based on a MMRM, with chg from baseline as the primary dependent variable, trt and trt*visit week interaction, subgroup and subgroup*trt interaction as fixed effects, baseline PRO score as covariate, and visit week as repeated measure.

Models run using an UN covariance matrix, if any model failed to converge, CS and then AR(1) were used, respectively.

(3) Hedges g = (mean chg nivolumab - mean chg Placebo)/pooled-SD, all multiplied by (1-(3/(4*df-1))).

(4) P-values <0.05 are indicated by 1 asterisk (indicates potential effect modification).

Only the on-treatment timepoints in the blinded phase with 10 subjects or more in each treatment group are included in the analysis.

Functional scale/GHS/QoL: pos. (neg.) diff. favors nivolumab (Pbo.). Symptom scale/item: pos. (neg.) diff. favors Pbo. (nivolumab).

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Table 32.20.1
Subgroup Analyses of Mixed Model Repeated Measures Analysis of EORTC QLQ-C30
All Randomized Subjects

EORTC QLQ-C30 Domain Subgroup	Nivolumab 480 mg Q4W			Placebo Q4W			Nivolumab 480 mg Q4W vs. Placebo Q4W		
	N (1)	Baseline Mean (SD)	Change from baseline: LS Mean (95% CI) (2)	N (1)	Baseline Mean (SD)	Change from baseline: LS Mean (95% CI) (2)	Difference in mean change (95% CI); p-value (2)	SMD as Hedge's g (95% CI) (3)	Test for Interaction P-value (4)
DISEASE STAGE CATEGORY									0.6715
STAGE IIB	294	3.9 (13.8)	3.14 (2.09, 4.19)	160	2.7 (9.1)	0.80 (-0.59, 2.18)	2.34 (0.61, 4.08) 0.0082	0.26 (0.07, 0.45)	
STAGE IIC	189	3.4 (12.7)	2.35 (1.06, 3.64)	93	2.9 (10.6)	0.59 (-1.24, 2.42)	1.75 (-0.49, 3.99) 0.1248	0.19 (-0.05, 0.44)	
T STAGE									0.2276
T3B	189	3.4 (11.2)	3.61 (2.33, 4.89)	103	2.6 (9.0)	0.23 (-1.46, 1.92)	3.38 (1.26, 5.50) 0.0018	0.38 (0.14, 0.62)	
T4A	105	4.8 (17.6)	2.28 (0.58, 3.99)	57	2.9 (9.5)	1.85 (-0.42, 4.13)	0.43 (-2.41, 3.27) 0.7667	0.05 (-0.27, 0.37)	
T4B	189	3.4 (12.7)	2.35 (1.06, 3.64)	93	2.9 (10.6)	0.59 (-1.24, 2.42)	1.76 (-0.48, 4.00) 0.1237	0.19 (-0.05, 0.44)	

Apr 2023 DBL. NE = Not estimated. SMD = standardized mean difference.

(1) N is the number of randomized subjects with non-missing baseline and at least one post-baseline on-treatment assessment.

(2) Estimates are based on a MMRM, with chg from baseline as the primary dependent variable, trt and trt*visit week interaction, subgroup and subgroup*trt interaction as fixed effects, baseline PRO score as covariate, and visit week as repeated measure.

Models run using an UN covariance matrix, if any model failed to converge, CS and then AR(1) were used, respectively.

(3) Hedges g = (mean chg nivolumab - mean chg Placebo)/pooled-SD, all multiplied by (1-(3/(4*df-1))).

(4) P-values <0.05 are indicated by 1 asterisk (indicates potential effect modification).

Only the on-treatment timepoints in the blinded phase with 10 subjects or more in each treatment group are included in the analysis.

Functional scale/GHS/QoL: pos. (neg.) diff. favors nivolumab (Pbo.). Symptom scale/item: pos. (neg.) diff. favors Pbo. (nivolumab).

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Table 32.20.1
Subgroup Analyses of Mixed Model Repeated Measures Analysis of EORTC QLQ-C30
All Randomized Subjects

EORTC QLQ-C30 Domain Subgroup	Nivolumab 480 mg Q4W			Placebo Q4W			Nivolumab 480 mg Q4W vs. Placebo Q4W		
	N (1)	Baseline Mean (SD)	Change from baseline: LS Mean (95% CI) (2)	N (1)	Baseline Mean (SD)	Change from baseline: LS Mean (95% CI) (2)	Difference in mean change (95% CI); p-value (2)	SMD as Hedge's g (95% CI) (3)	Test for Interaction P-value (4)
REGION									0.7166
US AND CANADA	89	4.9 (19.8)	3.17 (1.30, 5.04)	44	2.3 (8.5)	2.17 (-0.41, 4.74)	1.00 (-2.18, 4.18) 0.5374	0.11 (-0.25, 0.47)	
WESTERN EUROPE	282	2.7 (10.4)	2.72 (1.65, 3.79)	152	2.2 (9.1)	0.57 (-0.87, 2.01)	2.15 (0.36, 3.94) 0.0186	0.24 (0.04, 0.43)	
EASTERN EUROPE	51	7.8 (15.8)	3.23 (0.85, 5.60)	27	7.4 (14.1)	-0.75 (-4.02, 2.51)	3.98 (-0.05, 8.00) 0.0527	0.46 (-0.02, 0.93)	
AUSTRALIA	61	2.7 (11.0)	2.51 (0.25, 4.77)	30	2.2 (8.5)	0.71 (-2.41, 3.83)	1.80 (-2.05, 5.65) 0.3599	0.20 (-0.24, 0.64)	

Apr 2023 DBL. NE = Not estimated. SMD = standardized mean difference.

(1) N is the number of randomized subjects with non-missing baseline and at least one post-baseline on-treatment assessment.

(2) Estimates are based on a MMRM, with chg from baseline as the primary dependent variable, trt and trt*visit week interaction, subgroup and subgroup*trt interaction as fixed effects, baseline PRO score as covariate, and visit week as repeated measure. Models run using an UN covariance matrix, if any model failed to converge, CS and then AR(1) were used, respectively.

(3) Hedges g = (mean chg nivolumab - mean chg Placebo)/pooled-SD, all multiplied by (1-(3/(4*df-1))).

(4) P-values <0.05 are indicated by 1 asterisk (indicates potential effect modification).

Only the on-treatment timepoints in the blinded phase with 10 subjects or more in each treatment group are included in the analysis. Functional scale/GHS/QoL: pos. (neg.) diff. favors nivolumab (Pbo.). Symptom scale/item: pos. (neg.) diff. favors Pbo. (nivolumab).

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Table 32.20.1
Subgroup Analyses of Mixed Model Repeated Measures Analysis of EORTC QLQ-C30
All Randomized Subjects

EORTC QLQ-C30 Domain Subgroup	Nivolumab 480 mg Q4W			Placebo Q4W			Nivolumab 480 mg Q4W vs. Placebo Q4W		
	N (1)	Baseline Mean (SD)	Change from baseline: LS Mean (95% CI) (2)	N (1)	Baseline Mean (SD)	Change from baseline: LS Mean (95% CI) (2)	Difference in mean change (95% CI); p-value (2)	SMD as Hedge's g (95% CI) (3)	Test for Interaction P-value (4)
CONSTIPATION									
OVERALL	483	4.9 (14.8)	1.31 (0.42, 2.21)	253	5.3 (15.1)	0.78 (-0.43, 1.98)	0.53 (-0.97, 2.04) 0.4859	0.05 (-0.10, 0.21)	
AGE CATEGORY I < 65	291	4.6 (15.7)	0.75 (-0.36, 1.85)	151	2.9 (12.1)	0.66 (-0.84, 2.16)	0.09 (-1.78, 1.95) 0.9281	0.01 (-0.19, 0.21)	0.4224
>= 65	192	5.4 (13.2)	2.19 (0.84, 3.54)	102	8.8 (18.1)	0.96 (-0.87, 2.78)	1.23 (-1.04, 3.50) 0.2867	0.13 (-0.11, 0.37)	

Apr 2023 DBL. NE = Not estimated. SMD = standardized mean difference.

(1) N is the number of randomized subjects with non-missing baseline and at least one post-baseline on-treatment assessment.

(2) Estimates are based on a MMRM, with chg from baseline as the primary dependent variable, trt and trt*visit week interaction, subgroup and subgroup*trt interaction as fixed effects, baseline PRO score as covariate, and visit week as repeated measure. Models run using an UN covariance matrix, if any model failed to converge, CS and then AR(1) were used, respectively.

(3) Hedges g = (mean chg nivolumab - mean chg Placebo)/pooled-SD, all multiplied by (1-(3/(4*df-1))).

(4) P-values <0.05 are indicated by 1 asterisk (indicates potential effect modification).

Only the on-treatment timepoints in the blinded phase with 10 subjects or more in each treatment group are included in the analysis. Functional scale/GHS/QoL: pos. (neg.) diff. favors nivolumab (Pbo.). Symptom scale/item: pos. (neg.) diff. favors Pbo. (nivolumab).

Program Source: /opt/zfs001/prd/bms214671/stats/market/prog/tables/rt-sy-mmrm-sub-ubr1575-b5.sas

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Table 32.20.1
Subgroup Analyses of Mixed Model Repeated Measures Analysis of EORTC QLQ-C30
All Randomized Subjects

EORTC QLQ-C30 Domain Subgroup	Nivolumab 480 mg Q4W			Placebo Q4W			Nivolumab 480 mg Q4W vs. Placebo Q4W		
	N (1)	Baseline Mean (SD)	Change from baseline: LS Mean (95% CI) (2)	N (1)	Baseline Mean (SD)	Change from baseline: LS Mean (95% CI) (2)	Difference in mean change (95% CI); p-value (2)	SMD as Hedge's g (95% CI) (3)	Test for Interaction P-value (4)
AGE CATEGORY II									0.7042
>= 18 AND < 65	291	4.6 (15.7)	0.79 (-0.30, 1.88)	151	2.9 (12.1)	0.63 (-0.85, 2.11)	0.16 (-1.68, 2.00) 0.8672	0.02 (-0.18, 0.21)	
>= 65 AND < 75	123	3.3 (9.9)	0.62 (-1.00, 2.23)	74	9.0 (19.3)	0.44 (-1.64, 2.53)	0.17 (-2.47, 2.81) 0.8993	0.02 (-0.27, 0.31)	
>= 75 AND < 85	66	9.6 (17.3)	4.81 (2.58, 7.05)	26	7.7 (14.3)	2.82 (-0.62, 6.27)	1.99 (-2.11, 6.09) 0.3409	0.22 (-0.24, 0.67)	
SEX									0.4822
MALE	296	4.2 (13.5)	0.53 (-0.57, 1.63)	156	3.4 (10.8)	0.39 (-1.10, 1.87)	0.14 (-1.70, 1.99) 0.8788	0.02 (-0.18, 0.21)	
FEMALE	187	6.1 (16.5)	2.56 (1.20, 3.91)	97	8.2 (19.9)	1.41 (-0.43, 3.25)	1.15 (-1.14, 3.43) 0.3240	0.12 (-0.12, 0.37)	

Apr 2023 DBL. NE = Not estimated. SMD = standardized mean difference.

(1) N is the number of randomized subjects with non-missing baseline and at least one post-baseline on-treatment assessment.

(2) Estimates are based on a MMRM, with chg from baseline as the primary dependent variable, trt and trt*visit week interaction, subgroup and subgroup*trt interaction as fixed effects, baseline PRO score as covariate, and visit week as repeated measure.

Models run using an UN covariance matrix, if any model failed to converge, CS and then AR(1) were used, respectively.

(3) Hedges g = (mean chg nivolumab - mean chg Placebo)/pooled-SD, all multiplied by (1-(3/(4*df-1))).

(4) P-values <0.05 are indicated by 1 asterisk (indicates potential effect modification).

Only the on-treatment timepoints in the blinded phase with 10 subjects or more in each treatment group are included in the analysis.

Functional scale/GHS/QoL: pos. (neg.) diff. favors nivolumab (Pbo.). Symptom scale/item: pos. (neg.) diff. favors Pbo. (nivolumab).

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Table 32.20.1
Subgroup Analyses of Mixed Model Repeated Measures Analysis of EORTC QLQ-C30
All Randomized Subjects

EORTC QLQ-C30 Domain Subgroup	Nivolumab 480 mg Q4W			Placebo Q4W			Nivolumab 480 mg Q4W vs. Placebo Q4W		
	N (1)	Baseline Mean (SD)	Change from baseline: LS Mean (95% CI) (2)	N (1)	Baseline Mean (SD)	Change from baseline: LS Mean (95% CI) (2)	Difference in mean change (95% CI); p-value (2)	SMD as Hedge's g (95% CI) (3)	Test for Interaction P-value (4)
DISEASE STAGE CATEGORY									0.5352
STAGE IIB	294	5.8 (16.1)	1.32 (0.22, 2.43)	160	5.8 (15.2)	0.47 (-0.98, 1.93)	0.85 (-0.97, 2.68) 0.3604	0.09 (-0.10, 0.28)	
STAGE IIC	189	3.5 (12.4)	1.29 (-0.06, 2.65)	93	4.3 (14.9)	1.34 (-0.57, 3.25)	-0.05 (-2.39, 2.30) 0.9695	0.00 (-0.25, 0.24)	
T STAGE									0.4328
T3B	189	5.8 (14.4)	1.06 (-0.29, 2.40)	103	4.5 (13.2)	0.94 (-0.83, 2.71)	0.12 (-2.11, 2.34) 0.9187	0.01 (-0.23, 0.25)	
T4A	105	5.7 (18.8)	1.80 (0.03, 3.58)	57	8.2 (18.1)	-0.40 (-2.78, 1.98)	2.21 (-0.76, 5.17) 0.1449	0.24 (-0.08, 0.56)	
T4B	189	3.5 (12.4)	1.30 (-0.06, 2.65)	93	4.3 (14.9)	1.34 (-0.58, 3.25)	-0.04 (-2.39, 2.31) 0.9728	0.00 (-0.25, 0.24)	

Apr 2023 DBL. NE = Not estimated. SMD = standardized mean difference.

(1) N is the number of randomized subjects with non-missing baseline and at least one post-baseline on-treatment assessment.

(2) Estimates are based on a MMRM, with chg from baseline as the primary dependent variable, trt and trt*visit week interaction, subgroup and subgroup*trt interaction as fixed effects, baseline PRO score as covariate, and visit week as repeated measure.

Models run using an UN covariance matrix, if any model failed to converge, CS and then AR(1) were used, respectively.

(3) Hedges g = (mean chg nivolumab - mean chg Placebo)/pooled-SD, all multiplied by (1-(3/(4*df-1))).

(4) P-values <0.05 are indicated by 1 asterisk (indicates potential effect modification).

Only the on-treatment timepoints in the blinded phase with 10 subjects or more in each treatment group are included in the analysis.

Functional scale/GHS/QoL: pos. (neg.) diff. favors nivolumab (Pbo.). Symptom scale/item: pos. (neg.) diff. favors Pbo. (nivolumab).

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Table 32.20.1
Subgroup Analyses of Mixed Model Repeated Measures Analysis of EORTC QLQ-C30
All Randomized Subjects

EORTC QLQ-C30 Domain Subgroup	Nivolumab 480 mg Q4W			Placebo Q4W			Nivolumab 480 mg Q4W vs. Placebo Q4W		
	N (1)	Baseline Mean (SD)	Change from baseline: LS Mean (95% CI) (2)	N (1)	Baseline Mean (SD)	Change from baseline: LS Mean (95% CI) (2)	Difference in mean change (95% CI); p-value (2)	SMD as Hedge's g (95% CI) (3)	Test for Interaction P-value (4)
REGION									0.8613
US AND CANADA	89	6.4 (18.0)	1.56 (-0.39, 3.51)	44	5.3 (12.3)	-0.11 (-2.78, 2.56)	1.67 (-1.63, 4.98) 0.3211	0.18 (-0.18, 0.54)	
WESTERN EUROPE	282	3.4 (11.6)	1.53 (0.40, 2.65)	152	5.0 (15.7)	1.33 (-0.18, 2.84)	0.20 (-1.68, 2.08) 0.8357	0.02 (-0.18, 0.22)	
EASTERN EUROPE	51	7.8 (18.4)	0.71 (-1.76, 3.18)	27	4.9 (15.2)	-0.42 (-3.82, 2.99)	1.13 (-3.08, 5.33) 0.5997	0.12 (-0.34, 0.59)	
AUSTRALIA	61	7.1 (18.4)	0.45 (-1.91, 2.82)	30	6.7 (16.1)	0.42 (-2.83, 3.68)	0.03 (-3.99, 4.05) 0.9885	0.00 (-0.43, 0.44)	

Apr 2023 DBL. NE = Not estimated. SMD = standardized mean difference.

(1) N is the number of randomized subjects with non-missing baseline and at least one post-baseline on-treatment assessment.

(2) Estimates are based on a MMRM, with chg from baseline as the primary dependent variable, trt and trt*visit week interaction, subgroup and subgroup*trt interaction as fixed effects, baseline PRO score as covariate, and visit week as repeated measure. Models run using an UN covariance matrix, if any model failed to converge, CS and then AR(1) were used, respectively.

(3) Hedges g = (mean chg nivolumab - mean chg Placebo)/pooled-SD, all multiplied by (1-(3/(4*df-1))).

(4) P-values <0.05 are indicated by 1 asterisk (indicates potential effect modification).

Only the on-treatment timepoints in the blinded phase with 10 subjects or more in each treatment group are included in the analysis. Functional scale/GHS/QoL: pos. (neg.) diff. favors nivolumab (Pbo.). Symptom scale/item: pos. (neg.) diff. favors Pbo. (nivolumab).

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Table 32.20.1
Subgroup Analyses of Mixed Model Repeated Measures Analysis of EORTC QLQ-C30
All Randomized Subjects

EORTC QLQ-C30 Domain Subgroup	Nivolumab 480 mg Q4W			Placebo Q4W			Nivolumab 480 mg Q4W vs. Placebo Q4W		
	N (1)	Baseline Mean (SD)	Change from baseline: LS Mean (95% CI) (2)	N (1)	Baseline Mean (SD)	Change from baseline: LS Mean (95% CI) (2)	Difference in mean change (95% CI); p-value (2)	SMD as Hedge's g (95% CI) (3)	Test for Interaction P-value (4)
DIARRHEA									
OVERALL	484	4.2 (12.6)	1.75 (0.96, 2.53)	251	4.0 (12.4)	0.67 (-0.38, 1.73)	1.07 (-0.24, 2.39) 0.1096	0.12 (-0.03, 0.28)	
AGE CATEGORY I < 65	290	4.4 (13.2)	2.17 (1.20, 3.14)	149	4.3 (11.2)	1.00 (-0.31, 2.32)	1.17 (-0.46, 2.80) 0.1606	0.14 (-0.06, 0.34)	0.8440
>= 65	194	4.0 (11.8)	1.09 (-0.08, 2.27)	102	3.6 (14.0)	0.17 (-1.41, 1.76)	0.92 (-1.05, 2.89) 0.3588	0.11 (-0.13, 0.35)	

Apr 2023 DBL. NE = Not estimated. SMD = standardized mean difference.

(1) N is the number of randomized subjects with non-missing baseline and at least one post-baseline on-treatment assessment.

(2) Estimates are based on a MMRM, with chg from baseline as the primary dependent variable, trt and trt*visit week interaction, subgroup and subgroup*trt interaction as fixed effects, baseline PRO score as covariate, and visit week as repeated measure. Models run using an UN covariance matrix, if any model failed to converge, CS and then AR(1) were used, respectively.

(3) Hedges g = (mean chg nivolumab - mean chg Placebo)/pooled-SD, all multiplied by (1-(3/(4*df-1))).

(4) P-values <0.05 are indicated by 1 asterisk (indicates potential effect modification).

Only the on-treatment timepoints in the blinded phase with 10 subjects or more in each treatment group are included in the analysis. Functional scale/GHS/QoL: pos. (neg.) diff. favors nivolumab (Pbo.). Symptom scale/item: pos. (neg.) diff. favors Pbo. (nivolumab).

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Table 32.20.1
Subgroup Analyses of Mixed Model Repeated Measures Analysis of EORTC QLQ-C30
All Randomized Subjects

EORTC QLQ-C30 Domain Subgroup	Nivolumab 480 mg Q4W			Placebo Q4W			Nivolumab 480 mg Q4W vs. Placebo Q4W		
	N (1)	Baseline Mean (SD)	Change from baseline: LS Mean (95% CI) (2)	N (1)	Baseline Mean (SD)	Change from baseline: LS Mean (95% CI) (2)	Difference in mean change (95% CI); p-value (2)	SMD as Hedge's g (95% CI) (3)	Test for Interaction P-value (4)
AGE CATEGORY II									0.9527
>= 18 AND < 65	290	4.4 (13.2)	2.16 (1.19, 3.13)	149	4.3 (11.2)	1.01 (-0.30, 2.33)	1.15 (-0.49, 2.78) 0.1686	0.14 (-0.06, 0.34)	
>= 65 AND < 75	125	3.5 (11.1)	0.93 (-0.50, 2.36)	74	5.0 (16.3)	0.04 (-1.80, 1.89)	0.89 (-1.45, 3.22) 0.4558	0.11 (-0.18, 0.40)	
>= 75 AND < 85	66	4.5 (12.9)	1.33 (-0.66, 3.33)	26	0.0 (0.0)	0.76 (-2.31, 3.82)	0.58 (-3.08, 4.23) 0.7567	0.07 (-0.38, 0.52)	
SEX									0.3705
MALE	298	4.3 (12.7)	1.53 (0.57, 2.49)	155	2.8 (9.3)	0.03 (-1.27, 1.33)	1.50 (-0.11, 3.12) 0.0682	0.18 (-0.01, 0.37)	
FEMALE	186	4.1 (12.5)	2.08 (0.90, 3.27)	96	5.9 (16.0)	1.70 (0.09, 3.31)	0.39 (-1.61, 2.38) 0.7052	0.05 (-0.20, 0.29)	

Apr 2023 DBL. NE = Not estimated. SMD = standardized mean difference.

(1) N is the number of randomized subjects with non-missing baseline and at least one post-baseline on-treatment assessment.

(2) Estimates are based on a MMRM, with chg from baseline as the primary dependent variable, trt and trt*visit week interaction, subgroup and subgroup*trt interaction as fixed effects, baseline PRO score as covariate, and visit week as repeated measure.

Models run using an UN covariance matrix, if any model failed to converge, CS and then AR(1) were used, respectively.

(3) Hedges g = (mean chg nivolumab - mean chg Placebo)/pooled-SD, all multiplied by (1-(3/(4*df-1))).

(4) P-values <0.05 are indicated by 1 asterisk (indicates potential effect modification).

Only the on-treatment timepoints in the blinded phase with 10 subjects or more in each treatment group are included in the analysis.

Functional scale/GHS/QoL: pos. (neg.) diff. favors nivolumab (Pbo.). Symptom scale/item: pos. (neg.) diff. favors Pbo. (nivolumab).

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Table 32.20.1
Subgroup Analyses of Mixed Model Repeated Measures Analysis of EORTC QLQ-C30
All Randomized Subjects

EORTC QLQ-C30 Domain Subgroup	Nivolumab 480 mg Q4W			Placebo Q4W			Nivolumab 480 mg Q4W vs. Placebo Q4W		
	N (1)	Baseline Mean (SD)	Change from baseline: LS Mean (95% CI) (2)	N (1)	Baseline Mean (SD)	Change from baseline: LS Mean (95% CI) (2)	Difference in mean change (95% CI); p-value (2)	SMD as Hedge's g (95% CI) (3)	Test for Interaction P-value (4)
DISEASE STAGE CATEGORY									0.6566
STAGE IIB	296	5.0 (14.2)	1.78 (0.82, 2.74)	159	3.6 (11.0)	0.51 (-0.77, 1.78)	1.27 (-0.32, 2.87) 0.1176	0.15 (-0.04, 0.35)	
STAGE IIC	188	3.0 (9.6)	1.69 (0.50, 2.88)	92	4.7 (14.5)	0.98 (-0.70, 2.66)	0.71 (-1.35, 2.77) 0.4982	0.09 (-0.16, 0.34)	
T STAGE									0.8752
T3B	190	4.6 (12.9)	2.03 (0.85, 3.20)	102	2.6 (9.0)	0.60 (-0.95, 2.15)	1.42 (-0.52, 3.37) 0.1511	0.18 (-0.07, 0.42)	
T4A	106	5.7 (16.2)	1.34 (-0.21, 2.89)	57	5.3 (13.8)	0.33 (-1.74, 2.40)	1.01 (-1.57, 3.59) 0.4438	0.13 (-0.20, 0.45)	
T4B	188	3.0 (9.6)	1.69 (0.50, 2.88)	92	4.7 (14.5)	0.98 (-0.71, 2.66)	0.71 (-1.35, 2.77) 0.4987	0.09 (-0.16, 0.34)	

Apr 2023 DBL. NE = Not estimated. SMD = standardized mean difference.
 (1) N is the number of randomized subjects with non-missing baseline and at least one post-baseline on-treatment assessment.
 (2) Estimates are based on a MMRM, with chg from baseline as the primary dependent variable, trt and trt*visit week interaction, subgroup and subgroup*trt interaction as fixed effects, baseline PRO score as covariate, and visit week as repeated measure. Models run using an UN covariance matrix, if any model failed to converge, CS and then AR(1) were used, respectively.
 (3) Hedges g = (mean chg nivolumab - mean chg Placebo)/pooled-SD, all multiplied by (1-(3/(4*df-1))).
 (4) P-values <0.05 are indicated by 1 asterisk (indicates potential effect modification).
 Only the on-treatment timepoints in the blinded phase with 10 subjects or more in each treatment group are included in the analysis.
 Functional scale/GHS/QoL: pos. (neg.) diff. favors nivolumab (Pbo.). Symptom scale/item: pos. (neg.) diff. favors Pbo. (nivolumab).
 Program Source: /opt/zfs001/prd/bms214671/stats/market/prog/tables/rt-sy-mmrm-sub-ebr1575-b5.sas 13JUL2023:21:25:03

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Table 32.20.1
Subgroup Analyses of Mixed Model Repeated Measures Analysis of EORTC QLQ-C30
All Randomized Subjects

EORTC QLQ-C30 Domain Subgroup	Nivolumab 480 mg Q4W			Placebo Q4W			Nivolumab 480 mg Q4W vs. Placebo Q4W		
	N (1)	Baseline Mean (SD)	Change from baseline: LS Mean (95% CI) (2)	N (1)	Baseline Mean (SD)	Change from baseline: LS Mean (95% CI) (2)	Difference in mean change (95% CI); p-value (2)	SMD as Hedge's g (95% CI) (3)	Test for Interaction P-value (4)
REGION									0.0747
US AND CANADA	89	4.5 (14.4)	2.06 (0.36, 3.75)	44	3.0 (9.7)	3.43 (1.13, 5.74)	-1.38 (-4.24, 1.48) 0.3451	-0.17 (-0.53, 0.19)	
WESTERN EUROPE	282	4.6 (13.1)	2.04 (1.07, 3.02)	150	4.0 (13.3)	-0.24 (-1.55, 1.08)	2.28 (0.64, 3.92) 0.0064	0.28 (0.08, 0.47)	
EASTERN EUROPE	51	3.3 (10.0)	0.26 (-1.85, 2.38)	27	4.9 (12.1)	-0.76 (-3.66, 2.15)	1.02 (-2.57, 4.61) 0.5778	0.13 (-0.34, 0.60)	
AUSTRALIA	62	2.7 (9.2)	1.24 (-0.79, 3.26)	30	4.4 (11.5)	2.39 (-0.41, 5.20)	-1.16 (-4.62, 2.31) 0.5117	-0.14 (-0.58, 0.29)	

Apr 2023 DBL. NE = Not estimated. SMD = standardized mean difference.

(1) N is the number of randomized subjects with non-missing baseline and at least one post-baseline on-treatment assessment.

(2) Estimates are based on a MMRM, with chg from baseline as the primary dependent variable, trt and trt*visit week interaction, subgroup and subgroup*trt interaction as fixed effects, baseline PRO score as covariate, and visit week as repeated measure. Models run using an UN covariance matrix, if any model failed to converge, CS and then AR(1) were used, respectively.

(3) Hedges g = (mean chg nivolumab - mean chg Placebo)/pooled-SD, all multiplied by (1-(3/(4*df-1))).

(4) P-values <0.05 are indicated by 1 asterisk (indicates potential effect modification).

Only the on-treatment timepoints in the blinded phase with 10 subjects or more in each treatment group are included in the analysis. Functional scale/GHS/QoL: pos. (neg.) diff. favors nivolumab (Pbo.). Symptom scale/item: pos. (neg.) diff. favors Pbo. (nivolumab).

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Anhang 4-G 3.1.1.4: Subgruppenanalysen für Endpunkt Gesundheitszustand gemäß EQ-5D-VAS aus CA209-76K

Subgruppenanalysen für den Endpunkt Gesundheitszustand gemäß EQ-5D-VAS aus CA209-76K – Änderung zu Studienbeginn (MMRM)

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Table 32.20.2
Subgroup Analyses of Mixed Model Repeated Measures Analysis of EQ-5D-5L VAS
All Randomized Subjects

EQ-5D-5L Domain Subgroup	Nivolumab 480 mg Q4W			Placebo Q4W			Nivolumab 480 mg Q4W vs. Placebo Q4W		
	N (1)	Baseline Mean (SD)	Change from baseline: LS Mean (95% CI) (2)	N (1)	Baseline Mean (SD)	Change from baseline: LS Mean (95% CI) (2)	Difference in mean change (95% CI); p-value (2)	SMD as Hedge's g (95% CI) (3)	Test for Interaction P-value (4)
EQ5D02-EQ VAS SCORE									
OVERALL	482	84.6 (13.8)	-0.32 (-1.11, 0.47)	255	84.8 (12.0)	1.04 (-0.03, 2.11)	-1.36 (-2.68, -0.03) 0.0444	-0.16 (-0.31, 0.00)	
AGE CATEGORY I < 65	289	83.9 (15.5)	0.05 (-0.94, 1.03)	152	85.6 (11.3)	1.23 (-0.11, 2.58)	-1.19 (-2.86, 0.48) 0.1626	-0.14 (-0.34, 0.06)	0.7398
>= 65	193	85.8 (10.9)	-0.87 (-2.07, 0.32)	103	83.6 (12.9)	0.75 (-0.88, 2.37)	-1.62 (-3.64, 0.40) 0.1163	-0.19 (-0.43, 0.05)	

Apr 2023 DBL. NE = Not estimated. SMD = standardized mean difference.

(1) N is the number of randomized subjects with non-missing baseline and at least one post-baseline on-treatment assessment.

(2) Estimates are based on a MMRM, with chg from baseline as the primary dependent variable, trt and trt*visit week interaction, subgroup and subgroup*trt interaction as fixed effects, baseline PRO score as covariate, and visit week as repeated measure. Models run using an UN covariance matrix, if any model failed to converge, CS and then AR(1) were used, respectively.

(3) Hedges g = (mean chg nivolumab - mean chg Placebo)/pooled-SD, all multiplied by (1-(3/(4*df-1))).

(4) P-values <0.05 are indicated by 1 asterisk (indicates potential effect modification).

Only the on-treatment timepoints in the blinded phase with 10 subjects or more in each treatment group are included in the analysis. Functional scale/GHS/QoL: pos. (neg.) diff. favors nivolumab (Pbo.). Symptom scale/item: pos. (neg.) diff. favors Pbo. (nivolumab).

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Table 32.20.2
Subgroup Analyses of Mixed Model Repeated Measures Analysis of EQ-5D-5L VAS
All Randomized Subjects

EQ-5D-5L Domain Subgroup	Nivolumab 480 mg Q4W			Placebo Q4W			Nivolumab 480 mg Q4W vs. Placebo Q4W		
	N (1)	Baseline Mean (SD)	Change from baseline: LS Mean (95% CI) (2)	N (1)	Baseline Mean (SD)	Change from baseline: LS Mean (95% CI) (2)	Difference in mean change (95% CI); p-value (2)	SMD as Hedge's g (95% CI) (3)	Test for Interaction P-value (4)
AGE CATEGORY II									0.3951
>= 18 AND < 65	289	83.9 (15.5)	0.05 (-0.93, 1.03)	152	85.6 (11.3)	1.21 (-0.13, 2.55)	-1.16 (-2.83, 0.50) 0.1698	-0.14 (-0.33, 0.06)	
>= 65 AND < 75	124	86.2 (11.0)	-0.83 (-2.30, 0.64)	75	83.8 (12.7)	1.46 (-0.43, 3.35)	-2.29 (-4.68, 0.11) 0.0609	-0.27 (-0.56, 0.01)	
>= 75 AND < 85	66	84.7 (10.8)	-0.78 (-2.78, 1.23)	26	84.2 (10.9)	-1.51 (-4.68, 1.66)	0.73 (-3.02, 4.48) 0.7007	0.09 (-0.37, 0.54)	
SEX									0.6874
MALE	295	84.4 (13.9)	0.25 (-0.73, 1.22)	156	86.3 (10.9)	1.81 (0.48, 3.14)	-1.56 (-3.21, 0.08) 0.0630	-0.18 (-0.38, 0.01)	
FEMALE	187	84.9 (13.8)	-1.21 (-2.42, -0.01)	99	82.4 (13.2)	-0.17 (-1.81, 1.47)	-1.04 (-3.08, 1.00) 0.3155	-0.12 (-0.37, 0.12)	

Apr 2023 DBL. NE = Not estimated. SMD = standardized mean difference.

(1) N is the number of randomized subjects with non-missing baseline and at least one post-baseline on-treatment assessment.

(2) Estimates are based on a MMRM, with chg from baseline as the primary dependent variable, trt and trt*visit week interaction, subgroup and subgroup*trt interaction as fixed effects, baseline PRO score as covariate, and visit week as repeated measure.

Models run using an UN covariance matrix, if any model failed to converge, CS and then AR(1) were used, respectively.

(3) Hedges g = (mean chg nivolumab - mean chg Placebo)/pooled-SD, all multiplied by (1-(3/(4*df-1))).

(4) P-values <0.05 are indicated by 1 asterisk (indicates potential effect modification).

Only the on-treatment timepoints in the blinded phase with 10 subjects or more in each treatment group are included in the analysis.

Functional scale/GHS/QoL: pos. (neg.) diff. favors nivolumab (Pbo.). Symptom scale/item: pos. (neg.) diff. favors Pbo. (nivolumab).

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Table 32.20.2
Subgroup Analyses of Mixed Model Repeated Measures Analysis of EQ-5D-5L VAS
All Randomized Subjects

EQ-5D-5L Domain Subgroup	Nivolumab 480 mg Q4W			Placebo Q4W			Nivolumab 480 mg Q4W vs. Placebo Q4W		
	N (1)	Baseline Mean (SD)	Change from baseline: LS Mean (95% CI) (2)	N (1)	Baseline Mean (SD)	Change from baseline: LS Mean (95% CI) (2)	Difference in mean change (95% CI); p-value (2)	SMD as Hedge's g (95% CI) (3)	Test for Interaction P-value (4)
DISEASE STAGE CATEGORY									0.7952
STAGE IIB	293	85.4 (13.2)	-0.40 (-1.39, 0.58)	161	84.6 (11.5)	1.08 (-0.22, 2.39)	-1.49 (-3.12, 0.15) 0.0743	-0.17 (-0.37, 0.02)	
STAGE IIC	189	83.5 (14.7)	-0.19 (-1.40, 1.02)	94	85.1 (12.9)	0.96 (-0.75, 2.66)	-1.15 (-3.24, 0.94) 0.2812	-0.14 (-0.38, 0.11)	
T STAGE									0.9284
T3B	187	85.2 (12.5)	-0.19 (-1.40, 1.02)	104	86.4 (10.7)	1.46 (-0.14, 3.07)	-1.65 (-3.66, 0.36) 0.1066	-0.20 (-0.44, 0.04)	
T4A	106	85.6 (14.4)	-0.79 (-2.37, 0.80)	57	81.2 (12.2)	0.38 (-1.77, 2.54)	-1.17 (-3.85, 1.51) 0.3916	-0.14 (-0.46, 0.18)	
T4B	189	83.5 (14.7)	-0.19 (-1.40, 1.02)	94	85.1 (12.9)	0.96 (-0.75, 2.66)	-1.15 (-3.24, 0.95) 0.2826	-0.14 (-0.38, 0.11)	

Apr 2023 DBL. NE = Not estimated. SMD = standardized mean difference.

(1) N is the number of randomized subjects with non-missing baseline and at least one post-baseline on-treatment assessment.

(2) Estimates are based on a MMRM, with chg from baseline as the primary dependent variable, trt and trt*visit week interaction, subgroup and subgroup*trt interaction as fixed effects, baseline PRO score as covariate, and visit week as repeated measure.

Models run using an UN covariance matrix, if any model failed to converge, CS and then AR(1) were used, respectively.

(3) Hedges g = (mean chg nivolumab - mean chg Placebo)/pooled-SD, all multiplied by (1-(3/(4*df-1))).

(4) P-values <0.05 are indicated by 1 asterisk (indicates potential effect modification).

Only the on-treatment timepoints in the blinded phase with 10 subjects or more in each treatment group are included in the analysis.

Functional scale/GHS/QoL: pos. (neg.) diff. favors nivolumab (Pbo.). Symptom scale/item: pos. (neg.) diff. favors Pbo. (nivolumab).

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Table 32.20.2
Subgroup Analyses of Mixed Model Repeated Measures Analysis of EQ-5D-5L VAS
All Randomized Subjects

EQ-5D-5L Domain Subgroup	Nivolumab 480 mg Q4W			Placebo Q4W			Nivolumab 480 mg Q4W vs. Placebo Q4W		
	N (1)	Baseline Mean (SD)	Change from baseline: LS Mean (95% CI) (2)	N (1)	Baseline Mean (SD)	Change from baseline: LS Mean (95% CI) (2)	Difference in mean change (95% CI); p-value (2)	SMD as Hedge's g (95% CI) (3)	Test for Interaction P-value (4)
REGION									0.8543
US AND CANADA	88	84.4 (13.4)	0.13 (-1.62, 1.87)	45	85.6 (11.5)	1.24 (-1.17, 3.65)	-1.11 (-4.09, 1.86)	-0.13 (-0.49, 0.23)	
WESTERN EUROPE	280	84.7 (14.7)	-0.57 (-1.57, 0.44)	152	84.0 (12.8)	1.22 (-0.14, 2.57)	-1.78 (-3.47, -0.10)	-0.21 (-0.41, -0.01)	
EASTERN EUROPE	53	82.6 (12.1)	-0.12 (-2.33, 2.09)	28	86.2 (11.0)	0.08 (-2.96, 3.13)	-0.21 (-3.98, 3.56)	-0.02 (-0.48, 0.43)	
AUSTRALIA	61	86.5 (11.6)	0.00 (-2.10, 2.11)	30	85.9 (9.1)	0.72 (-2.23, 3.67)	-0.72 (-4.34, 2.90)	-0.09 (-0.52, 0.35)	

Apr 2023 DBL. NE = Not estimated. SMD = standardized mean difference.

(1) N is the number of randomized subjects with non-missing baseline and at least one post-baseline on-treatment assessment.

(2) Estimates are based on a MMRM, with chg from baseline as the primary dependent variable, trt and trt*visit week interaction, subgroup and subgroup*trt interaction as fixed effects, baseline PRO score as covariate, and visit week as repeated measure. Models run using an UN covariance matrix, if any model failed to converge, CS and then AR(1) were used, respectively.

(3) Hedges g = (mean chg nivolumab - mean chg Placebo)/pooled-SD, all multiplied by (1-(3/(4*df-1))).

(4) P-values <0.05 are indicated by 1 asterisk (indicates potential effect modification).

Only the on-treatment timepoints in the blinded phase with 10 subjects or more in each treatment group are included in the analysis. Functional scale/GHS/QoL: pos. (neg.) diff. favors nivolumab (Pbo.). Symptom scale/item: pos. (neg.) diff. favors Pbo. (nivolumab).

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Anhang 4-G 3.1.2: Subgruppenanalysen für Endpunkte Verträglichkeit aus CA209-76K

Subgruppenanalysen für die Endpunkte unerwünschte Ereignisse ohne Erfassung des Progresses der Grunderkrankung – Zeit bis zum ersten Auftreten des UE: jegliche UE, schwere UE, schwerwiegende UE und zum Therapieabbruch führende UE.

Anhang 4-G 3.1.2.1: Subgruppenanalysen für den Endpunkt jegliche UE ohne Erfassung des Progresses der Grunderkrankung – Zeit bis zum ersten Auftreten des UE

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Table 21.20.1
 Adverse Events: Subgroup Time-Adjusted Analyses
 Excluding Progression Terms
 All Treated Subjects Censoring at Open-Label Nivolumab

Subgroup	Nivolumab			Placebo			Nivolumab vs. Placebo	
	N	Subjects with Event n (%)	KME (95%CI) (mon) (1)	N	Subjects with Event n (%)	KME (95%CI) (mon) (1)	HR (95%CI) P-value (2) (3)	Test for Interaction P-value (4) (5)
OVERALL	524	508 (96.9)	0.95 (0.89, 0.95)	264	233 (88.3)	1.77 (1.12, 1.91)	1.714 (1.464, 2.007) <0.0001	
AGE CATEGORY I								0.4528
< 65	305	295 (96.7)	0.95 (0.89, 0.95)	155	136 (87.7)	1.68 (0.95, 1.87)	1.592 (1.297, 1.956) <0.0001	
>= 65	219	213 (97.3)	0.95 (0.79, 0.95)	109	97 (89.0)	1.87 (1.08, 2.79)	1.939 (1.513, 2.485) <0.0001	

Apr 2023 DBL, HR = hazard ratio; KME = Kaplan-Meier estimate; N.M.E. = Not meaningful estimate; N.E. = Not estimable.

Includes events reported from the first dose of study therapy in the blinded phase

Subjects without events are censored 100 days after last dose of study therapy in the blinded phase, or at the day before start of Nivolumab treatment in the open-label phase, whichever occurs earlier.

(1) KME of median time to event. Two-sided 95% CI is computed by Brookmeyer and Crowley method (log log transformation).

(2) Unstratified Cox proportional hazard (PH) model. HR is nivolumab over Placebo. (3) Unstratified Log-rank test.

(4) Unstratified Cox PH model with treatment, subgroup and treatment*subgroup interaction.

(5) A p-value of <0.05 needs to be indicated by 1 asterisk (indicates potential effect modification).

MedDRA Version: 25.1; CTC Version 5.0

Race Other includes all the races other than White, Asian, Black or African American and Not reported.

Program Source: /opt/zfs001/prd/bms214671/stats/market/prog/tables/rt-ae-subae-ebr1575.sas

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Table 21.20.1
 Adverse Events: Subgroup Time-Adjusted Analyses
 Excluding Progression Terms
 All Treated Subjects Censoring at Open-Label Nivolumab

Subgroup	Nivolumab			Placebo			Nivolumab vs. Placebo	
	N	Subjects with Event n (%)	KME (95%CI) (mon) (1)	N	Subjects with Event n (%)	KME (95%CI) (mon) (1)	HR (95%CI) P-value (2) (3)	Test for Interaction P-value (4) (5)
AGE CATEGORY II								0.4427
>= 18 AND < 65	305	295 (96.7)	0.95 (0.89, 0.95)	155	136 (87.7)	1.68 (0.95, 1.87)	1.592 (1.297, 1.956)	<0.0001
>= 65 AND < 75	139	135 (97.1)	0.95 (0.76, 0.95)	77	69 (89.6)	1.97 (1.45, 3.68)	2.197 (1.619, 2.982)	<0.0001
>= 75 AND < 85	77	75 (97.4)	0.95 (0.69, 1.15)	30	26 (86.7)	1.05 (0.66, 2.69)	1.479 (0.943, 2.320)	0.0862
SEX								0.5893
MALE	320	316 (98.8)	0.95 (0.82, 0.95)	161	142 (88.2)	1.87 (1.38, 2.79)	1.819 (1.486, 2.226)	<0.0001
FEMALE	204	192 (94.1)	0.95 (0.85, 0.95)	103	91 (88.3)	1.18 (0.95, 1.87)	1.559 (1.210, 2.007)	0.0005

Apr 2023 DBL, HR = hazard ratio; KME = Kaplan-Meier estimate; N.M.E. = Not meaningful estimate; N.E. = Not estimable.

Includes events reported from the first dose of study therapy in the blinded phase

Subjects without events are censored 100 days after last dose of study therapy in the blinded phase, or at the day before start of Nivolumab treatment in the open-label phase, whichever occurs earlier.

(1) KME of median time to event. Two-sided 95% CI is computed by Brookmeyer and Crowley method (log log transformation).

(2) Unstratified Cox proportional hazard (PH) model. HR is nivolumab over Placebo. (3) Unstratified Log-rank test.

(4) Unstratified Cox PH model with treatment, subgroup and treatment*subgroup interaction.

(5) A p-value of <0.05 needs to be indicated by 1 asterisk (indicates potential effect modification).

MedDRA Version: 25.1; CTC Version 5.0

Race Other includes all the races other than White, Asian, Black or African American and Not reported.

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Table 21.20.1
 Adverse Events: Subgroup Time-Adjusted Analyses
 Excluding Progression Terms
 All Treated Subjects Censoring at Open-Label Nivolumab

Subgroup	Nivolumab			Placebo			Nivolumab vs. Placebo	
	N	Subjects with Event n (%)	KME (95%CI) (mon) (1)	N	Subjects with Event n (%)	KME (95%CI) (mon) (1)	HR (95%CI) P-value (2) (3)	Test for Interaction P-value (4) (5)
DISEASE STAGE CATEGORY								0.5840
STAGE IIB	315	305 (96.8)	0.92 (0.79, 0.95)	162	147 (90.7)	1.72 (1.12, 1.97)	1.655 (1.356, 2.021)	<0.0001
STAGE IIC	209	203 (97.1)	0.95 (0.89, 0.95)	102	86 (84.3)	1.84 (0.95, 2.76)	1.814 (1.400, 2.350)	<0.0001
T STAGE (SOURCE: ECRF)								0.5784
T3B	203	196 (96.6)	0.95 (0.92, 1.02)	104	91 (87.5)	1.87 (1.45, 2.86)	1.805 (1.402, 2.324)	<0.0001
T4A	112	109 (97.3)	0.54 (0.26, 0.82)	58	56 (96.6)	0.99 (0.82, 1.84)	1.430 (1.034, 1.978)	0.0295
T4B	209	203 (97.1)	0.95 (0.89, 0.95)	102	86 (84.3)	1.84 (0.95, 2.76)	1.814 (1.400, 2.350)	<0.0001

Apr 2023 DBL, HR = hazard ratio; KME = Kaplan-Meier estimate; N.M.E. = Not meaningful estimate; N.E. = Not estimable.

Includes events reported from the first dose of study therapy in the blinded phase

Subjects without events are censored 100 days after last dose of study therapy in the blinded phase, or at the day before start of Nivolumab treatment in the open-label phase, whichever occurs earlier.

(1) KME of median time to event. Two-sided 95% CI is computed by Brookmeyer and Crowley method (log log transformation).

(2) Unstratified Cox proportional hazard (PH) model. HR is nivolumab over Placebo. (3) Unstratified Log-rank test.

(4) Unstratified Cox PH model with treatment, subgroup and treatment*subgroup interaction.

(5) A p-value of <0.05 needs to be indicated by 1 asterisk (indicates potential effect modification).

MedDRA Version: 25.1; CTC Version 5.0

Race Other includes all the races other than White, Asian, Black or African American and Not reported.

Program Source: /opt/zfs001/prd/bms214671/stats/market/prog/tables/rt-ae-subae-ebr1575.sas

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Table 21.20.1
 Adverse Events: Subgroup Time-Adjusted Analyses
 Excluding Progression Terms
 All Treated Subjects Censoring at Open-Label Nivolumab

Subgroup	Nivolumab			Placebo			Nivolumab vs. Placebo	
	N	Subjects with Event n (%)	KME (95%CI) (mon) (1)	N	Subjects with Event n (%)	KME (95%CI) (mon) (1)	HR (95%CI) P-value (2) (3)	Test for Interaction P-value (4) (5)
REGION								0.5043
US AND CANADA	97	96 (99.0)	0.49 (0.23, 0.89)	46	44 (95.7)	0.66 (0.20, 0.99)	1.427 (0.993, 2.051)	
WESTERN EUROPE	301	290 (96.3)	0.95 (0.92, 0.99)	160	141 (88.1)	1.91 (1.48, 3.38)	1.705 (1.389, 2.091)	<0.0001
EASTERN EUROPE	58	55 (94.8)	1.87 (0.95, 2.69)	28	19 (67.9)	6.82 (1.84, 9.89)	2.619 (1.532, 4.479)	
AUSTRALIA	68	67 (98.5)	0.49 (0.23, 0.85)	30	29 (96.7)	1.03 (0.43, 2.27)	1.716 (1.096, 2.689)	0.0003 0.0161

Apr 2023 DBL, HR = hazard ratio; KME = Kaplan-Meier estimate; N.M.E. = Not meaningful estimate; N.E. = Not estimable.
 Includes events reported from the first dose of study therapy in the blinded phase
 Subjects without events are censored 100 days after last dose of study therapy in the blinded phase,
 or at the day before start of Nivolumab treatment in the open-label phase, whichever occurs earlier.
 (1) KME of median time to event. Two-sided 95% CI is computed by Brookmeyer and Crowley method (log log transformation).
 (2) Unstratified Cox proportional hazard (PH) model. HR is nivolumab over Placebo. (3) Unstratified Log-rank test.
 (4) Unstratified Cox PH model with treatment, subgroup and treatment*subgroup interaction.
 (5) A p-value of <0.05 needs to be indicated by 1 asterisk (indicates potential effect modification).

MedDRA Version: 25.1; CTC Version 5.0

Race Other includes all the races other than White, Asian, Black or African American and Not reported.

Program Source: /opt/zfs001/prd/bms214671/stats/market/prog/tables/rt-ae-subae-ebr1575.sas

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**Anhang 4-G 3.1.2.2: Subgruppenanalysen für den Endpunkt schwere UE ohne Erfassung des Progresses der Grunderkrankung –
Zeit bis zum ersten Auftreten des UE**

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Table 21.20.3
 Adverse Events with CTCAE Grade 3-4-5: Subgroup Time-Adjusted Analyses
 Excluding Progression Terms
 All Treated Subjects Censoring at Open-Label Nivolumab

Subgroup	Nivolumab			Placebo			Nivolumab vs. Placebo	
	N	Subjects with Event n (%)	KME (95%CI) (mon) (1)	N	Subjects with Event n (%)	KME (95%CI) (mon) (1)	HR (95%CI) P-value (2) (3)	Test for Interaction P-value (4) (5)
OVERALL	524	146 (27.9)	N.A.	264	42 (15.9)	N.A.	1.961 (1.391, 2.765) <0.0001	
AGE CATEGORY I								0.7942
< 65	305	76 (24.9)	N.A.	155	21 (13.5)	N.A.	2.069 (1.276, 3.355) 0.0026	
>= 65	219	70 (32.0)	N.A.	109	21 (19.3)	N.A.	1.854 (1.138, 3.019) 0.0118	

Apr 2023 DBL, HR = hazard ratio; KME = Kaplan-Meier estimate; N.M.E. = Not meaningful estimate; N.E. = Not estimable.

Includes events reported from the first dose of study therapy in the blinded phase

Subjects without events are censored 100 days after last dose of study therapy in the blinded phase, or at the day before start of Nivolumab treatment in the open-label phase, whichever occurs earlier.

(1) KME of median time to event. Two-sided 95% CI is computed by Brookmeyer and Crowley method (log log transformation).

(2) Unstratified Cox proportional hazard (PH) model. HR is nivolumab over Placebo. (3) Unstratified Log-rank test.

(4) Unstratified Cox PH model with treatment, subgroup and treatment*subgroup interaction.

(5) A p-value of <0.05 needs to be indicated by 1 asterisk (indicates potential effect modification).

MedDRA Version: 25.1; CTC Version 5.0

Race Other includes all the races other than White, Asian, Black or African American and Not reported.

Program Source: /opt/zfs001/prd/bms214671/stats/market/prog/tables/rt-ae-subae-ebr1575.sas

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Table 21.20.3
Adverse Events with CTCAE Grade 3-4-5: Subgroup Time-Adjusted Analyses
Excluding Progression Terms
All Treated Subjects Censoring at Open-Label Nivolumab

Subgroup	Nivolumab			Placebo			Nivolumab vs. Placebo	
	N	Subjects with Event n (%)	KME (95%CI) (mon) (1)	N	Subjects with Event n (%)	KME (95%CI) (mon) (1)	HR (95%CI) P-value (2) (3)	Test for Interaction P-value (4) (5)
AGE CATEGORY II								0.9257
>= 18 AND < 65	305	76 (24.9)	N.A.	155	21 (13.5)	N.A.	2.069 (1.276, 3.355)	
>= 65 AND < 75	139	37 (26.6)	N.A.	77	13 (16.9)	N.A.	1.743 (0.926, 3.280)	
>= 75 AND < 85	77	32 (41.6)	N.A. (10.87, N.A.)	30	7 (23.3)	N.A. (14.52, N.A.)	2.002 (0.883, 4.539)	
SEX								0.5537
MALE	320	100 (31.3)	N.A.	161	27 (16.8)	N.A.	2.101 (1.373, 3.215)	
FEMALE	204	46 (22.5)	N.A.	103	15 (14.6)	N.A.	1.700 (0.949, 3.045)	

Apr 2023 DBL, HR = hazard ratio; KME = Kaplan-Meier estimate; N.M.E. = Not meaningful estimate; N.E. = Not estimable.

Includes events reported from the first dose of study therapy in the blinded phase

Subjects without events are censored 100 days after last dose of study therapy in the blinded phase, or at the day before start of Nivolumab treatment in the open-label phase, whichever occurs earlier.

(1) KME of median time to event. Two-sided 95% CI is computed by Brookmeyer and Crowley method (log log transformation).

(2) Unstratified Cox proportional hazard (PH) model. HR is nivolumab over Placebo. (3) Unstratified Log-rank test.

(4) Unstratified Cox PH model with treatment, subgroup and treatment*subgroup interaction.

(5) A p-value of <0.05 needs to be indicated by 1 asterisk (indicates potential effect modification).

MedDRA Version: 25.1; CTC Version 5.0

Race Other includes all the races other than White, Asian, Black or African American and Not reported.

Program Source: /opt/zfs001/prd/bms214671/stats/market/prog/tables/rt-ae-subae-ebr1575.sas

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Table 21.20.3
Adverse Events with CTCAE Grade 3-4-5: Subgroup Time-Adjusted Analyses
Excluding Progression Terms
All Treated Subjects Censoring at Open-Label Nivolumab

Subgroup	Nivolumab			Placebo			Nivolumab vs. Placebo	
	N	Subjects with Event n (%)	KME (95%CI) (mon) (1)	N	Subjects with Event n (%)	KME (95%CI) (mon) (1)	HR (95%CI) P-value (2) (3)	Test for Interaction P-value (4) (5)
DISEASE STAGE CATEGORY								0.3134
STAGE IIB	315	86 (27.3)	N.A.	162	29 (17.9)	N.A.	1.729 (1.135, 2.634)	
STAGE IIC	209	60 (28.7)	N.A.	102	13 (12.7)	N.A.	2.478 (1.360, 4.514)	0.0022
T STAGE (SOURCE: ECRF)								0.5955
T3B	203	49 (24.1)	N.A.	104	17 (16.3)	N.A.	1.700 (0.979, 2.952)	
T4A	112	37 (33.0)	N.A.	58	12 (20.7)	N.A.	1.767 (0.921, 3.390)	0.0826
T4B	209	60 (28.7)	N.A.	102	13 (12.7)	N.A.	2.478 (1.360, 4.514)	0.0022

Apr 2023 DBL, HR = hazard ratio; KME = Kaplan-Meier estimate; N.M.E. = Not meaningful estimate; N.E. = Not estimable.

Includes events reported from the first dose of study therapy in the blinded phase

Subjects without events are censored 100 days after last dose of study therapy in the blinded phase, or at the day before start of Nivolumab treatment in the open-label phase, whichever occurs earlier.

(1) KME of median time to event. Two-sided 95% CI is computed by Brookmeyer and Crowley method (log log transformation).

(2) Unstratified Cox proportional hazard (PH) model. HR is nivolumab over Placebo. (3) Unstratified Log-rank test.

(4) Unstratified Cox PH model with treatment, subgroup and treatment*subgroup interaction.

(5) A p-value of <0.05 needs to be indicated by 1 asterisk (indicates potential effect modification).

MedDRA Version: 25.1; CTC Version 5.0

Race Other includes all the races other than White, Asian, Black or African American and Not reported.

Program Source: /opt/zfs001/prd/bms214671/stats/market/prog/tables/rt-ae-subae-ebr1575.sas

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Table 21.20.3
 Adverse Events with CTCAE Grade 3-4-5: Subgroup Time-Adjusted Analyses
 Excluding Progression Terms
 All Treated Subjects Censoring at Open-Label Nivolumab

Subgroup	Nivolumab			Placebo			Nivolumab vs. Placebo	
	N	Subjects with Event n (%)	KME (95%CI) (mon) (1)	N	Subjects with Event n (%)	KME (95%CI) (mon) (1)	HR (95%CI) P-value (2) (3)	Test for Interaction P-value (4) (5)
REGION								0.3957
US AND CANADA	97	34 (35.1)	N.A.	46	12 (26.1)	N.A. (14.55, N.A.)	1.738 (0.898, 3.362)	
WESTERN EUROPE	301	83 (27.6)	N.A.	160	21 (13.1)	N.A.	0.0958 2.285 (1.415, 3.688)	
EASTERN EUROPE	58	6 (10.3)	N.A.	28	4 (14.3)	N.A.	0.0005 0.758 (0.214, 2.686)	
AUSTRALIA	68	23 (33.8)	N.A.	30	5 (16.7)	N.A.	0.6667 2.375 (0.902, 6.252)	
							0.0709	

Apr 2023 DBL, HR = hazard ratio; KME = Kaplan-Meier estimate; N.M.E. = Not meaningful estimate; N.E. = Not estimable.
 Includes events reported from the first dose of study therapy in the blinded phase
 Subjects without events are censored 100 days after last dose of study therapy in the blinded phase,
 or at the day before start of Nivolumab treatment in the open-label phase, whichever occurs earlier.
 (1) KME of median time to event. Two-sided 95% CI is computed by Brookmeyer and Crowley method (log log transformation).
 (2) Unstratified Cox proportional hazard (PH) model. HR is nivolumab over Placebo. (3) Unstratified Log-rank test.
 (4) Unstratified Cox PH model with treatment, subgroup and treatment*subgroup interaction.
 (5) A p-value of <0.05 needs to be indicated by 1 asterisk (indicates potential effect modification).

MedDRA Version: 25.1; CTC Version 5.0

Race Other includes all the races other than White, Asian, Black or African American and Not reported.

Program Source: /opt/zfs001/prd/bms214671/stats/market/prog/tables/rt-ae-subae-ebr1575.sas

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Anhang 4-G 3.1.2.3: Subgruppenanalysen für den Endpunkt schwerwiegende UE ohne Erfassung des Progresses der Grunderkrankung – Zeit bis zum ersten Auftreten des UE

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Table 21.20.5
 Serious Adverse Events: Subgroup Time-Adjusted Analyses
 Excluding Progression Terms
 All Treated Subjects Censoring at Open-Label Nivolumab

Subgroup	Nivolumab			Placebo			Nivolumab vs. Placebo	
	N	Subjects with Event n (%)	KME (95%CI) (mon) (1)	N	Subjects with Event n (%)	KME (95%CI) (mon) (1)	HR (95%CI) P-value (2) (3)	Test for Interaction P-value (4) (5)
OVERALL	524	98 (18.7)	N.A.	264	32 (12.1)	N.A.	1.690 (1.134, 2.518) 0.0091	
AGE CATEGORY I								0.9998
< 65	305	49 (16.1)	N.A.	155	16 (10.3)	N.A.	1.712 (0.974, 3.011) 0.0588	
>= 65	219	49 (22.4)	N.A.	109	16 (14.7)	N.A.	1.665 (0.947, 2.929) 0.0733	

Apr 2023 DBL, HR = hazard ratio; KME = Kaplan-Meier estimate; N.M.E. = Not meaningful estimate; N.E. = Not estimable.

Includes events reported from the first dose of study therapy in the blinded phase

Subjects without events are censored 100 days after last dose of study therapy in the blinded phase, or at the day before start of Nivolumab treatment in the open-label phase, whichever occurs earlier.

(1) KME of median time to event. Two-sided 95% CI is computed by Brookmeyer and Crowley method (log log transformation).

(2) Unstratified Cox proportional hazard (PH) model. HR is nivolumab over Placebo. (3) Unstratified Log-rank test.

(4) Unstratified Cox PH model with treatment, subgroup and treatment*subgroup interaction.

(5) A p-value of <0.05 needs to be indicated by 1 asterisk (indicates potential effect modification).

MedDRA Version: 25.1; CTC Version 5.0

Race Other includes all the races other than White, Asian, Black or African American and Not reported.

Program Source: /opt/zfs001/prd/bms214671/stats/market/prog/tables/rt-ae-subae-ebr1575.sas

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Table 21.20.5
 Serious Adverse Events: Subgroup Time-Adjusted Analyses
 Excluding Progression Terms
 All Treated Subjects Censoring at Open-Label Nivolumab

Subgroup	Nivolumab			Placebo			Nivolumab vs. Placebo	
	N	Subjects with Event n (%)	KME (95%CI) (mon) (1)	N	Subjects with Event n (%)	KME (95%CI) (mon) (1)	HR (95%CI) P-value (2) (3)	Test for Interaction P-value (4) (5)
AGE CATEGORY II								0.9803
>= 18 AND < 65	305	49 (16.1)	N.A.	155	16 (10.3)	N.A.	1.712 (0.974, 3.011)	
>= 65 AND < 75	139	23 (16.5)	N.A.	77	8 (10.4)	N.A.	1.724 (0.771, 3.855)	
>= 75 AND < 85	77	25 (32.5)	N.A. (14.95, N.A.)	30	7 (23.3)	N.A. (14.52, N.A.)	1.526 (0.660, 3.530)	
SEX								0.8622
MALE	320	63 (19.7)	N.A.	161	20 (12.4)	N.A.	1.727 (1.044, 2.857)	
FEMALE	204	35 (17.2)	N.A.	103	12 (11.7)	N.A.	1.609 (0.835, 3.099)	

Apr 2023 DBL, HR = hazard ratio; KME = Kaplan-Meier estimate; N.M.E. = Not meaningful estimate; N.E. = Not estimable.

Includes events reported from the first dose of study therapy in the blinded phase

Subjects without events are censored 100 days after last dose of study therapy in the blinded phase, or at the day before start of Nivolumab treatment in the open-label phase, whichever occurs earlier.

(1) KME of median time to event. Two-sided 95% CI is computed by Brookmeyer and Crowley method (log log transformation).

(2) Unstratified Cox proportional hazard (PH) model. HR is nivolumab over Placebo. (3) Unstratified Log-rank test.

(4) Unstratified Cox PH model with treatment, subgroup and treatment*subgroup interaction.

(5) A p-value of <0.05 needs to be indicated by 1 asterisk (indicates potential effect modification).

MedDRA Version: 25.1; CTC Version 5.0

Race Other includes all the races other than White, Asian, Black or African American and Not reported.

Program Source: /opt/zfs001/prd/bms214671/stats/market/prog/tables/rt-ae-subae-ebr1575.sas

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Table 21.20.5
 Serious Adverse Events: Subgroup Time-Adjusted Analyses
 Excluding Progression Terms
 All Treated Subjects Censoring at Open-Label Nivolumab

Subgroup	Nivolumab			Placebo			Nivolumab vs. Placebo	
	N	Subjects with Event n (%)	KME (95%CI) (mon) (1)	N	Subjects with Event n (%)	KME (95%CI) (mon) (1)	HR (95%CI) P-value (2) (3)	Test for Interaction P-value (4) (5)
DISEASE STAGE CATEGORY								0.2200
STAGE IIB	315	60 (19.0)	N.A.	162	24 (14.8)	N.A.	1.433 (0.893, 2.301)	
STAGE IIC	209	38 (18.2)	N.A.	102	8 (7.8)	N.A.	2.461 (1.148, 5.276)	0.0167
T STAGE (SOURCE: ECRF)								0.4618
T3B	203	36 (17.7)	N.A.	104	15 (14.4)	N.A.	1.388 (0.760, 2.536)	
T4A	112	24 (21.4)	N.A.	58	9 (15.5)	N.A.	1.501 (0.697, 3.231)	
T4B	209	38 (18.2)	N.A.	102	8 (7.8)	N.A.	2.461 (1.148, 5.276)	0.0167

Apr 2023 DBL, HR = hazard ratio; KME = Kaplan-Meier estimate; N.M.E. = Not meaningful estimate; N.E. = Not estimable.

Includes events reported from the first dose of study therapy in the blinded phase

Subjects without events are censored 100 days after last dose of study therapy in the blinded phase, or at the day before start of Nivolumab treatment in the open-label phase, whichever occurs earlier.

(1) KME of median time to event. Two-sided 95% CI is computed by Brookmeyer and Crowley method (log log transformation).

(2) Unstratified Cox proportional hazard (PH) model. HR is nivolumab over Placebo. (3) Unstratified Log-rank test.

(4) Unstratified Cox PH model with treatment, subgroup and treatment*subgroup interaction.

(5) A p-value of <0.05 needs to be indicated by 1 asterisk (indicates potential effect modification).

MedDRA Version: 25.1; CTC Version 5.0

Race Other includes all the races other than White, Asian, Black or African American and Not reported.

Program Source: /opt/zfs001/prd/bms214671/stats/market/prog/tables/rt-ae-subae-ebr1575.sas

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Table 21.20.5
 Serious Adverse Events: Subgroup Time-Adjusted Analyses
 Excluding Progression Terms
 All Treated Subjects Censoring at Open-Label Nivolumab

Subgroup	Nivolumab			Placebo			Nivolumab vs. Placebo	
	N	Subjects with Event n (%)	KME (95%CI) (mon) (1)	N	Subjects with Event n (%)	KME (95%CI) (mon) (1)	HR (95%CI) P-value (2) (3)	Test for Interaction P-value (4) (5)
REGION								0.7205
US AND CANADA	97	14 (14.4)	N.A.	46	7 (15.2)	N.A.	1.126 (0.453, 2.795)	
WESTERN EUROPE	301	60 (19.9)	N.A.	160	17 (10.6)	N.A.	0.7983 2.010 (1.173, 3.444)	
EASTERN EUROPE	58	9 (15.5)	N.A.	28	3 (10.7)	N.A.	0.0095 1.599 (0.433, 5.907)	
AUSTRALIA	68	15 (22.1)	N.A.	30	5 (16.7)	N.A.	0.4771 1.468 (0.533, 4.041)	
							0.4543	

Apr 2023 DBL, HR = hazard ratio; KME = Kaplan-Meier estimate; N.M.E. = Not meaningful estimate; N.E. = Not estimable.

Includes events reported from the first dose of study therapy in the blinded phase

Subjects without events are censored 100 days after last dose of study therapy in the blinded phase, or at the day before start of Nivolumab treatment in the open-label phase, whichever occurs earlier.

(1) KME of median time to event. Two-sided 95% CI is computed by Brookmeyer and Crowley method (log log transformation).

(2) Unstratified Cox proportional hazard (PH) model. HR is nivolumab over Placebo. (3) Unstratified Log-rank test.

(4) Unstratified Cox PH model with treatment, subgroup and treatment*subgroup interaction.

(5) A p-value of <0.05 needs to be indicated by 1 asterisk (indicates potential effect modification).

MedDRA Version: 25.1; CTC Version 5.0

Race Other includes all the races other than White, Asian, Black or African American and Not reported.

Program Source: /opt/zfs001/prd/bms214671/stats/market/prog/tables/rt-ae-subae-ebr1575.sas

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Anhang 4-G 3.1.2.4: Subgruppenanalysen für den Endpunkt zum Therapieabbruch führende UE ohne Erfassung des Progresses der Grunderkrankung – Zeit bis zum ersten Auftreten des UE

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Table 21.20.7
 Adverse Events Leading to Discontinuation of Study Treatment: Subgroup Time-Adjusted Analyses
 Excluding Progression Terms
 All Treated Subjects Censoring at Open-Label Nivolumab

Subgroup	Nivolumab			Placebo			Nivolumab vs. Placebo	
	N	Subjects with Event n (%)	KME (95%CI) (mon) (1)	N	Subjects with Event n (%)	KME (95%CI) (mon) (1)	HR (95%CI) P-value (2) (3)	Test for Interaction P-value (4) (5)
OVERALL	524	116 (22.1)	N.A.	264	9 (3.4)	N.A.	7.216 (3.662, 14.219) <0.0001	
AGE CATEGORY I								0.2701
< 65	305	56 (18.4)	N.A.	155	6 (3.9)	N.A.	5.194 (2.238, 12.055) <0.0001	
>= 65	219	60 (27.4)	N.A.	109	3 (2.8)	N.A.	11.258 (3.532, 35.882) <0.0001	

Apr 2023 DBL, HR = hazard ratio; KME = Kaplan-Meier estimate; N.M.E. = Not meaningful estimate; N.E. = Not estimable.
 Includes events reported from the first dose of study therapy in the blinded phase
 Subjects without events are censored 100 days after last dose of study therapy in the blinded phase,
 or at the day before start of Nivolumab treatment in the open-label phase, whichever occurs earlier.
 (1) KME of median time to event. Two-sided 95% CI is computed by Brookmeyer and Crowley method (log log transformation).
 (2) Unstratified Cox proportional hazard (PH) model. HR is nivolumab over Placebo. (3) Unstratified Log-rank test.
 (4) Unstratified Cox PH model with treatment, subgroup and treatment*subgroup interaction.
 (5) A p-value of <0.05 needs to be indicated by 1 asterisk (indicates potential effect modification).

MedDRA Version: 25.1; CTC Version 5.0

Race Other includes all the races other than White, Asian, Black or African American and Not reported.

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Table 21.20.7
 Adverse Events Leading to Discontinuation of Study Treatment: Subgroup Time-Adjusted Analyses
 Excluding Progression Terms
 All Treated Subjects Censoring at Open-Label Nivolumab

Subgroup	Nivolumab			Placebo			Nivolumab vs. Placebo	
	N	Subjects with Event n (%)	KME (95%CI) (mon) (1)	N	Subjects with Event n (%)	KME (95%CI) (mon) (1)	HR (95%CI) P-value (2) (3)	Test for Interaction P-value (4) (5)
AGE CATEGORY II								0.5529
>= 18 AND < 65	305	56 (18.4)	N.A.	155	6 (3.9)	N.A.	5.194 (2.238, 12.055)	<0.0001
>= 65 AND < 75	139	38 (27.3)	N.A.	77	2 (2.6)	N.A.	11.886 (2.869, 49.246)	<0.0001
>= 75 AND < 85	77	22 (28.6)	N.A.	30	1 (3.3)	N.A.	9.495 (1.281, 70.401)	0.0070
SEX								0.0696
MALE	320	76 (23.8)	N.A.	161	3 (1.9)	N.A.	14.169 (4.470, 44.919)	<0.0001
FEMALE	204	40 (19.6)	N.A.	103	6 (5.8)	N.A.	3.713 (1.574, 8.758)	0.0013

Apr 2023 DBL, HR = hazard ratio; KME = Kaplan-Meier estimate; N.M.E. = Not meaningful estimate; N.E. = Not estimable.

Includes events reported from the first dose of study therapy in the blinded phase

Subjects without events are censored 100 days after last dose of study therapy in the blinded phase, or at the day before start of Nivolumab treatment in the open-label phase, whichever occurs earlier.

(1) KME of median time to event. Two-sided 95% CI is computed by Brookmeyer and Crowley method (log log transformation).

(2) Unstratified Cox proportional hazard (PH) model. HR is nivolumab over Placebo. (3) Unstratified Log-rank test.

(4) Unstratified Cox PH model with treatment, subgroup and treatment*subgroup interaction.

(5) A p-value of <0.05 needs to be indicated by 1 asterisk (indicates potential effect modification).

MedDRA Version: 25.1; CTC Version 5.0

Race Other includes all the races other than White, Asian, Black or African American and Not reported.

Program Source: /opt/zfs001/prd/bms214671/stats/market/prog/tables/rt-ae-subae-eb1575.sas

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Ergänzende Analysen

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Table 21.20.7
 Adverse Events Leading to Discontinuation of Study Treatment: Subgroup Time-Adjusted Analyses
 Excluding Progression Terms
 All Treated Subjects Censoring at Open-Label Nivolumab

Subgroup	Nivolumab			Placebo			Nivolumab vs. Placebo	
	N	Subjects with Event n (%)	KME (95%CI) (mon) (1)	N	Subjects with Event n (%)	KME (95%CI) (mon) (1)	HR (95%CI) P-value (2) (3)	Test for Interaction P-value (4) (5)
DISEASE STAGE CATEGORY								0.8907
STAGE IIB	315	64 (20.3)	N.A.	162	5 (3.1)	N.A.	7.491 (3.015, 18.615)	<0.0001
STAGE IIC	209	52 (24.9)	N.A.	102	4 (3.9)	N.A.	6.766 (2.447, 18.706)	<0.0001
T STAGE (SOURCE: ECRF)								0.7338
T3B	203	37 (18.2)	N.A.	104	2 (1.9)	N.A.	10.904 (2.629, 45.228)	<0.0001
T4A	112	27 (24.1)	N.A.	58	3 (5.2)	N.A.	5.152 (1.562, 16.988)	0.0027
T4B	209	52 (24.9)	N.A.	102	4 (3.9)	N.A.	6.766 (2.447, 18.706)	<0.0001

Apr 2023 DBL, HR = hazard ratio; KME = Kaplan-Meier estimate; N.M.E. = Not meaningful estimate; N.E. = Not estimable.

Includes events reported from the first dose of study therapy in the blinded phase

Subjects without events are censored 100 days after last dose of study therapy in the blinded phase, or at the day before start of Nivolumab treatment in the open-label phase, whichever occurs earlier.

(1) KME of median time to event. Two-sided 95% CI is computed by Brookmeyer and Crowley method (log log transformation).

(2) Unstratified Cox proportional hazard (PH) model. HR is nivolumab over Placebo. (3) Unstratified Log-rank test.

(4) Unstratified Cox PH model with treatment, subgroup and treatment*subgroup interaction.

(5) A p-value of <0.05 needs to be indicated by 1 asterisk (indicates potential effect modification).

MedDRA Version: 25.1; CTC Version 5.0

Race Other includes all the races other than White, Asian, Black or African American and Not reported.

Program Source: /opt/zfs001/prd/bms214671/stats/market/prog/tables/rt-ae-subae-ebr1575.sas

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Ergänzende Analysen

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Table 21.20.7
 Adverse Events Leading to Discontinuation of Study Treatment: Subgroup Time-Adjusted Analyses
 Excluding Progression Terms
 All Treated Subjects Censoring at Open-Label Nivolumab

Subgroup	Nivolumab			Placebo			Nivolumab vs. Placebo	
	N	Subjects with Event n (%)	KME (95%CI) (mon) (1)	N	Subjects with Event n (%)	KME (95%CI) (mon) (1)	HR (95%CI) P-value (2) (3)	Test for Interaction P-value (4) (5)
REGION								0.9080
US AND CANADA	97	19 (19.6)	N.A.	46	2 (4.3)	N.A.	5.410 (1.259, 23.242)	
WESTERN EUROPE	301	66 (21.9)	N.A.	160	6 (3.8)	N.A.	6.275 (2.721, 14.475)	
EASTERN EUROPE	58	7 (12.1)	N.A.	28	0	N.E.	<0.0001 N.E.	
AUSTRALIA	68	24 (35.3)	N.A. (10.48, N.A.)	30	1 (3.3)	N.A.	12.823 (1.734, 94.832)	0.0012

Apr 2023 DBL, HR = hazard ratio; KME = Kaplan-Meier estimate; N.M.E. = Not meaningful estimate; N.E. = Not estimable.
 Includes events reported from the first dose of study therapy in the blinded phase
 Subjects without events are censored 100 days after last dose of study therapy in the blinded phase,
 or at the day before start of Nivolumab treatment in the open-label phase, whichever occurs earlier.
 (1) KME of median time to event. Two-sided 95% CI is computed by Brookmeyer and Crowley method (log log transformation).
 (2) Unstratified Cox proportional hazard (PH) model. HR is nivolumab over Placebo. (3) Unstratified Log-rank test.
 (4) Unstratified Cox PH model with treatment, subgroup and treatment*subgroup interaction.
 (5) A p-value of <0.05 needs to be indicated by 1 asterisk (indicates potential effect modification).
 MedDRA Version: 25.1; CTC Version 5.0
 Race Other includes all the races other than White, Asian, Black or African American and Not reported.
 Program Source: /opt/zfs001/prd/bms214671/stats/market/prog/tables/rt-ae-subae-ebr1575.sas 23JUN2023:07:34:47

Ergänzende Analysen

Anhang 4-G 3.2: Subgruppenanalysen zu Endpunkten dieses Anhangs aus CA209-76K

Matrix der durchgeführten Subgruppenanalysen

Endpunkte	Altersgruppe I	Altersgruppe II	Geschlecht	Ethnie⁽¹⁾	Stadium der Erkrankung nach AJCC	AJCC-Tumorstadium gemäß eCRF	Region
Studie CA209-76K							
Endpunkte Verträglichkeit – UE von speziellem Interesse (UESI)							
jegliche spezifische immunvermittelte UE	○	○	○	n.d.	○	○	○
jegliche spezifische UE	○	○	○	n.d.	○	○	○
jegliche weitere UE von speziellem Interesse	○	○	○	n.d.	○	○	○
Endpunkte Verträglichkeit – häufige UE auf SOC/PT-Ebene⁽²⁾							
UE: Gesamtzahl Patienten mit Ereignis	○	○	○	n.d.	○	○	○
UE Erkrankungen der Haut und des Unterhautgewebes (SOC)	○	○	○	n.d.	○	○	○
UE Pruritus (PT)	○	○	○	n.d.	○	○	○
UE Ausschlag mit Juckreiz (PT)	○	○	○	n.d.	○	○	○
UE Erkrankungen des Gastrointestinaltrakts (SOC)	○	○	○	n.d.	○	○	○
UE Diarrhoe (PT)	○	○	○	n.d.	○	○	○
UE Allgemeine Erkrankungen und Beschwerden am Verabreichungsort (SOC)	○	○	○	n.d.	○	○	○
UE Grippeähnliche Erkrankung (PT)	○	○	○	n.d.	○	○	○
UE Skelettmuskulatur-, Bindegewebs- und Knochenerkrankungen (SOC)	○	○	○	n.d.	○	○	○

Ergänzende Analysen

Endpunkte Studie CA209-76K	Altersgruppe I	Altersgruppe II	Geschlecht	Ethnie⁽¹⁾	Stadium der Erkrankung nach AJCC	AJCC-Tumorstadium gemäß eCRF	Region
UE Arthralgie (PT)	○	○	○	n.d.	○	○	○
UE Arthritis (PT)	○	○	○	n.d.	○	○	○
UE Aspartataminotransferase erhöht (PT)	○	○	○	n.d.	○	○	○
UE Alkalische Phosphatase im Blut erhöht (PT)	○	○	○	n.d.	○	○	○
UE Infektionen und parasitäre Erkrankungen (SOC)	○	○	○	n.d.	○	○	○
UE Harnwegsinfektion (PT)	○	○	○	n.d.	○	○	○
UE Stoffwechsel- und Ernährungsstörungen (SOC)	○	○	○	n.d.	○	○	○
UE Appetitvermindert (PT)	○	○	○	n.d.	○	○	○
UE Synkope (PT)	○	○	○	n.d.	○	○	○
UE Erkrankungen der Atemwege, des Brustraums und Mediastinums (SOC)	○	○	○	n.d.	○	○	○
UE Endokrine Erkrankungen (SOC)	○	○	○	n.d.	○	○	○
UE Hypothyreose (PT)	○	○	○	n.d.	○	○	○
UE Hyperthyroidismus (PT)	○	○	○	n.d.	○	○	○
UE Reaktion im Zusammenhang mit einer Infusion (PT)	○	○	○	n.d.	○	○	○
UE Eosinophilie (PT)	○	○	○	n.d.	○	○	○
UE Augenerkrankungen (SOC)	○	○	○	n.d.	○	○	○

Ergänzende Analysen

Endpunkte Studie CA209-76K	Altersgruppe I	Altersgruppe II	Geschlecht	Ethnie⁽¹⁾	Stadium der Erkrankung nach AJCC	AJCC-Tumorstadium gemäß eCRF	Region
UE Trockenes Auge (PT)	○	○	○	n.d.	○	○	○
Schwere UE: Gesamtzahl Patienten mit Ereignis	○	○	○	n.d.	○	○	○
Schwere UE Untersuchungen (SOC)	○	○	○	n.d.	○	○	○
Schwere UE Alaninaminotransferase erhöht (PT)	○	○	○	n.d.	○	○	○
Schwere UE Infektionen und parasitäre Erkrankungen (SOC)	○	○	○	n.d.	○	○	○
Schwere UE Stoffwechsel- und Ernährungsstörungen (SOC)	○	○	○	n.d.	○	○	○
Schwere UE Gefäßerkrankungen (SOC)	○	○	○	n.d.	○	○	○
SUE Infektionen und parasitäre Erkrankungen (SOC)	○	○	○	n.d.	○	○	○
SUE Gutartige, bösartige und nicht spezifizierte Neubildungen (einschl. Zysten und Polypen) (SOC)	○	○	○	n.d.	○	○	○
AJCC = American Joint Committee on Cancer; eCRF = elektronisches Datenerhebungsformular (electronic Case Report Form); n.d. = Nicht durchgeführt; PT = Preferred Term; SOC = Systemorganklasse (System Organ Class); SUE = Schwerwiegende(s) unerwünschte(s) Ereignis(se); UE = Unerwünschte(s) Ereignis(se); UESI = Unerwünschte(s) Ereignis(se) von speziellem Interesse ● = Gemäß Studienprotokoll und SAP geplante Subgruppenanalyse; ○ = Für das vorliegende Dossier durchgeführte Subgruppenanalyse;							
(1) Für das Subgruppenmerkmal Ethnie wird keine Subgruppenanalyse durchgeführt, da nur eine der Subgruppen ≥ 10 Patienten enthält. (2) Subgruppenanalysen werden nur für diejenigen UE auf SOC/PT-Ebene dargestellt, für welche die Gesamtanalyse gemäß p-Wert statistisch signifikant war.							

Ergänzende Analysen

Ergebnis des Interaktionsterms der Subgruppenanalysen je Endpunkt für Studie CA209-76K und alle Effektmodifikatoren

Endpunkte⁽¹⁾	Altersgruppe I	Altersgruppe II	Geschlecht	Stadium der Erkrankung nach AJCC	AJCC-Tumorstadium gemäß eCRF	Region
Studie CA209-76K						
Endpunkte Verträglichkeit – UE von speziellem Interesse (UESI)⁽²⁾						
jegliche spezifische immunvermittelte UE	0,3465	0,4513	0,3832	0,5977	0,7198	0,7550
jegliche spezifische UE	0,0404*	0,1081	0,3102	0,5634	0,3549	0,9236
jegliche weitere UE von speziellem Interesse	0,9902	>0,9999	0,9879	0,7505	N.M.E.	0,5917
Endpunkte Verträglichkeit – häufige UE auf SOC/PT-Ebene⁽²⁾						
UE: Gesamtzahl Patienten mit Ereignis	0,4323	0,4349	0,5252	0,5580	0,5947	0,5918
UE Erkrankungen der Haut und des Unterhautgewebes (SOC)	0,1321	0,0317*	0,1895	0,5349	0,8109	0,7061
UE Pruritus (PT)	0,3019	0,4479	0,3001	0,2258	0,2382	0,7846
UE Ausschlag mit Juckreiz (PT)	N.M.E.	N.M.E.	0,9902	N.M.E.	N.M.E.	N.M.E.
UE Erkrankungen des Gastrointestinaltrakts (SOC)	0,2746	0,3096	0,9150	0,9287	0,7618	0,6473
UE Diarrhoe (PT)	0,2239	0,4715	0,4633	0,2926	0,3936	0,9255
UE Allgemeine Erkrankungen und Beschwerden am Verabreichungsort (SOC)	0,2904	0,4186	0,7000	0,9356	0,5851	0,0557
UE Grippeähnliche Erkrankung (PT)	0,1986	0,2958	0,6557	0,4621	0,7200	0,9889
UE Skelettmuskulatur-, Bindegewebs- und Knochenkrankungen (SOC)	0,6603	0,7050	0,4504	0,5396	0,4387	0,2977
UE Arthralgie (PT)	0,7141	0,8871	0,3744	0,2533	0,1433	0,2354

Ergänzende Analysen

Endpunkte ⁽¹⁾ Studie CA209-76K	Altersgruppe I	Altersgruppe II	Geschlecht	Stadium der Erkrankung nach AJCC	AJCC- Tumorstadium gemäß eCRF	Region
UE Arthritis (PT)	N.M.E.	N.M.E.	N.M.E.	N.M.E.	N.M.E.	N.M.E.
UE Aspartataminotransferase erhöht (PT)	0,4997	0,9367	0,4999	0,4877	0,2119	0,8199
UE Alkalische Phosphatase im Blut erhöht (PT)	0,6748	0,9390	0,9908	0,9906	N.M.E.	N.M.E.
UE Infektionen und parasitäre Erkrankungen (SOC)	0,6629	0,9038	0,1624	0,0030*	0,0120*	0,1427
UE Harnwegsinfektion (PT)	0,9898	N.M.E.	0,9872	N.M.E.	N.M.E.	0,9743
UE Stoffwechsel- und Ernährungsstörungen (SOC)	0,9122	0,8537	0,1572	0,1301	0,1824	0,9604
UE Appetit vermindert (PT)	0,2939	0,4538	0,6332	0,5122	0,5928	0,9958
UE Synkope (PT)	N.M.E.	N.M.E.	N.M.E.	N.M.E.	N.M.E.	N.M.E.
UE Erkrankungen der Atemwege, des Brustraums und Mediastinums (SOC)	0,0554	0,0560	0,1722	0,8802	0,8003	0,0861
UE Endokrine Erkrankungen (SOC)	0,4191	0,6783	0,6593	0,6777	0,3208	0,7779
UE Hypothyreose (PT)	0,9999	>0,9999	0,9997	0,9998	>0,9999	>0,9999
UE Hyperthyroidismus (PT)	0,7014	0,7887	0,9855	0,7202	0,7197	0,3578
UE Reaktion im Zusammenhang mit einer Infusion (PT)	0,7516	0,9316	0,9886	0,8030	0,9899	>0,9999
UE Eosinophilie (PT)	0,7171	0,8769	0,4959	0,8929	0,9803	>0,9999
UE Augenerkrankungen (SOC)	0,5266	0,0899	0,6849	0,0811	0,1935	0,0717
UE Trockenes Auge (PT)	0,5927	0,9138	0,3671	0,4519	N.M.E.	0,4503

Ergänzende Analysen

Endpunkte⁽¹⁾ Studie CA209-76K	Altersgruppe I	Altersgruppe II	Geschlecht	Stadium der Erkrankung nach AJCC	AJCC-Tumorstadium gemäß eCRF	Region
Schwere UE: Gesamtzahl Patienten mit Ereignis	0,4278	0,6976	0,5069	0,2980	0,5616	0,2081
Schwere UE Untersuchungen (SOC)	0,8967	0,9129	0,5266	0,2043	0,3768	0,9997
Schwere UE Alaninaminotransferase erhöht (PT)	N.M.E.	N.M.E.	N.M.E.	N.M.E.	N.M.E.	N.M.E.
Schwere UE Infektionen und parasitäre Erkrankungen (SOC)	0,7764	N.M.E.	0,1364	0,9896	N.M.E.	N.M.E.
Schwere UE Stoffwechsel- und Ernährungsstörungen (SOC)	0,7314	N.M.E.	0,8763	0,9909	N.M.E.	0,8213
Schwere UE Gefäßerkrankungen (SOC)	0,9915	N.M.E.	0,9926	0,9925	0,9999	N.M.E.
SUE Infektionen und parasitäre Erkrankungen (SOC)	0,9882	N.M.E.	0,6814	0,9895	0,9999	0,9699
SUE Gutartige, bösartige und nicht spezifizierte Neubildungen (einschl. Zysten und Polypen) (SOC)	0,3750	0,6439	0,5092	0,0563	0,3294	N.M.E.
AJCC = American Joint Committee on Cancer; eCRF = elektronisches Datenerhebungsformular (electronic Case Report Form); N.M.E. = Nicht sinnvoll schätzbar; SOC = Systemorganklasse (System Organ Class); SUE = Schwerwiegende(s) unerwünschte(s) Ereignis(se); UE = Unerwünschte(s) Ereignis(se); UESI = Unerwünschte(s) Ereignis(se) von speziellem Interesse						
(1) Angegebene Werte sind Interaktions-p-Werte. p-Werte < 0,05 werden mit einem Stern und fett markiert.						
(2) Zeit bis zum ersten Auftreten des UE.						

Anhang 4-G 3.2.1: Subgruppenanalysen für Endpunkte spezifische immunvermittelte UE aus CA209-76K – Zeit bis zum ersten Auftreten des UE

Ergänzende Analysen

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Table 24.30.1
Immune-mediated Adverse Events: Subgroup Time-Adjusted Analyses
On Hazard Ratio for Any imAEs

Immune-Mediated Adverse Events Category: Any ImAEs

Subgroup	Nivolumab			Placebo			Nivolumab vs. Placebo	
	N	Subjects with Event n (%)	KME (95%CI) (mon) (1)	N	Subjects with Event n (%)	KME (95%CI) (mon) (1)	HR (95%CI) P-value (2) (3)	Test for Interaction P-value (4) (5)
OVERALL	524	186 (35.5)	N.A.	264	17 (6.4)	N.A.	6.925 (4.213, 11.383) <0.0001	
AGE CATEGORY I								0.3465
< 65	305	101 (33.1)	N.A.	155	11 (7.1)	N.A.	5.738 (3.078, 10.695) <0.0001	
>= 65	219	85 (38.8)	N.A.	109	6 (5.5)	N.A.	9.117 (3.981, 20.879) <0.0001	

Apr 2023 DBL. Includes events reported from the first dose of study therapy in the blinded phase or at the day before start of Nivolumab treatment in the open-label phase, whichever occurs earlier. Subjects without events are censored 100 days after last dose of study therapy in the blinded phase, HR = hazard ratio; KME = Kaplan-Meier estimate; N.M.E. = Not meaningful estimate; N.E. = Not estimable. (1) KME of median time to first AE. (2) Unstratified Cox proportional hazard model. HR is nivolumab over Placebo. (3) Unstratified log-rank test. (4) Unstratified Cox proportional hazard model with treatment, subgroup and treatment*subgroup interaction to assess the significance of the interaction between treatment and the subgroup. (5) P-values <0.05 are indicated by 1 asterisk (indicates potential effect modification).

MedDRA Version: 25.1; CTC Version 5.0

Race Other includes all the races other than White, Asian, Black or African American and Not reported.

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Table 24.30.1
Immune-mediated Adverse Events: Subgroup Time-Adjusted Analyses
On Hazard Ratio for Any imAEs

Immune-Mediated Adverse Events Category: Any ImAEs

Subgroup	Nivolumab			Placebo			Nivolumab vs. Placebo	
	N	Subjects with Event n (%)	KME (95%CI) (mon) (1)	N	Subjects with Event n (%)	KME (95%CI) (mon) (1)	HR (95%CI) P-value (2) (3)	Test for Interaction P-value (4) (5)
AGE CATEGORY II								
>= 18 AND < 65	305	101 (33.1)	N.A.	155	11 (7.1)	N.A.	5.738 (3.078, 10.695) <0.0001	0.4513
>= 65 AND < 75	139	53 (38.1)	N.A.	77	3 (3.9)	N.A.	12.435 (3.884, 39.805) <0.0001	
>= 75 AND < 85	77	31 (40.3)	N.A. (6.41, N.A.)	30	3 (10.0)	N.A.	5.339 (1.629, 17.500) 0.0020	
SEX								
MALE	320	111 (34.7)	N.A.	161	8 (5.0)	N.A.	8.657 (4.223, 17.747) <0.0001	0.3832
FEMALE	204	75 (36.8)	N.A.	103	9 (8.7)	N.A.	5.390 (2.698, 10.770) <0.0001	

Apr 2023 DBL. Includes events reported from the first dose of study therapy in the blinded phase or at the day before start of Nivolumab treatment in the open-label phase, whichever occurs earlier. Subjects without events are censored 100 days after last dose of study therapy in the blinded phase, HR = hazard ratio; KME = Kaplan-Meier estimate; N.M.E. = Not meaningful estimate; N.E. = Not estimable. (1) KME of median time to first AE. (2) Unstratified Cox proportional hazard model. HR is nivolumab over Placebo. (3) Unstratified log-rank test. (4) Unstratified Cox proportional hazard model with treatment, subgroup and treatment*subgroup interaction to assess the significance of the interaction between treatment and the subgroup. (5) P-values <0.05 are indicated by 1 asterisk (indicates potential effect modification).

MedDRA Version: 25.1; CTC Version 5.0

Race Other includes all the races other than White, Asian, Black or African American and Not reported.

Program Source: /opt/zfs001/prd/bms214671/stats/market/prog/tables/rt-ae-tsubslae-ebr1575b3.sas

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Table 24.30.1
Immune-mediated Adverse Events: Subgroup Time-Adjusted Analyses
On Hazard Ratio for Any imAEs

Immune-Mediated Adverse Events Category: Any ImAEs

Subgroup	Nivolumab			Placebo			Nivolumab vs. Placebo	
	N	Subjects with Event n (%)	KME (95%CI) (mon) (1)	N	Subjects with Event n (%)	KME (95%CI) (mon) (1)	HR (95%CI) P-value (2) (3)	Test for Interaction P-value (4) (5)
DISEASE STAGE CATEGORY								0.5977
STAGE IIB	315	105 (33.3)	N.A.	162	11 (6.8)	N.A.	6.194 (3.326, 11.533) <0.0001	
STAGE IIC	209	81 (38.8)	N.A.	102	6 (5.9)	N.A.	8.175 (3.566, 18.741) <0.0001	
T STAGE								0.7198
T3B	203	65 (32.0)	N.A.	104	8 (7.7)	N.A.	5.367 (2.573, 11.195) <0.0001	
T4A	112	40 (35.7)	N.A.	58	3 (5.2)	N.A.	8.295 (2.565, 26.827) <0.0001	
T4B	209	81 (38.8)	N.A.	102	6 (5.9)	N.A.	8.175 (3.566, 18.741) <0.0001	

Apr 2023 DBL. Includes events reported from the first dose of study therapy in the blinded phase or at the day before start of Nivolumab treatment in the open-label phase, whichever occurs earlier. Subjects without events are censored 100 days after last dose of study therapy in the blinded phase, HR = hazard ratio; KME = Kaplan-Meier estimate; N.M.E. = Not meaningful estimate; N.E. = Not estimable. (1) KME of median time to first AE. (2) Unstratified Cox proportional hazard model. HR is nivolumab over Placebo. (3) Unstratified log-rank test. (4) Unstratified Cox proportional hazard model with treatment, subgroup and treatment*subgroup interaction to assess the significance of the interaction between treatment and the subgroup. (5) P-values <0.05 are indicated by 1 asterisk (indicates potential effect modification).

MedDRA Version: 25.1; CTC Version 5.0

Race Other includes all the races other than White, Asian, Black or African American and Not reported.

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Table 24.30.1
Immune-mediated Adverse Events: Subgroup Time-Adjusted Analyses
On Hazard Ratio for Any imAEs

Immune-Mediated Adverse Events Category: Any ImAEs

Subgroup	Nivolumab			Placebo			Nivolumab vs. Placebo	
	N	Subjects with Event n (%)	KME (95%CI) (mon) (1)	N	Subjects with Event n (%)	KME (95%CI) (mon) (1)	HR (95%CI) P-value (2) (3)	Test for Interaction P-value (4) (5)
REGION								0.7550
US AND CANADA	97	59 (60.8)	7.13 (4.60, 9.92)	46	4 (8.7)	N.A.	11.264 (4.080, 31.096) <0.0001	
WESTERN EUROPE	301	84 (27.9)	N.A.	160	8 (5.0)	N.A.	6.487 (3.140, 13.401) <0.0001	
EASTERN EUROPE	58	15 (25.9)	N.A.	28	2 (7.1)	N.A.	4.512 (1.031, 19.749) 0.0283	
AUSTRALIA	68	28 (41.2)	N.A. (7.06, N.A.)	30	3 (10.0)	N.A.	5.537 (1.680, 18.247) 0.0016	

Apr 2023 DBL. Includes events reported from the first dose of study therapy in the blinded phase or at the day before start of Nivolumab treatment in the open-label phase, whichever occurs earlier. Subjects without events are censored 100 days after last dose of study therapy in the blinded phase, HR = hazard ratio; KME = Kaplan-Meier estimate; N.M.E. = Not meaningful estimate; N.E. = Not estimable. (1) KME of median time to first AE. (2) Unstratified Cox proportional hazard model. HR is nivolumab over Placebo. (3) Unstratified log-rank test. (4) Unstratified Cox proportional hazard model with treatment, subgroup and treatment*subgroup interaction to assess the significance of the interaction between treatment and the subgroup. (5) P-values <0.05 are indicated by 1 asterisk (indicates potential effect modification).

MedDRA Version: 25.1; CTC Version 5.0

Race Other includes all the races other than White, Asian, Black or African American and Not reported.

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Anhang 4-G 3.2.2: Subgruppenanalysen für Endpunkte spezifische UE (select UE) aus CA209-76K – Zeit bis zum ersten Auftreten des UE

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Table 26.20.1
 Select Adverse Events: Subgroup Time-Adjusted Analyses
 On Hazard Ratio for Any Select AEs

Select Adverse Events Category: Any Select AEs

Subgroup	Nivolumab			Placebo			Nivolumab vs. Placebo	
	N	Subjects with Event n (%)	KME (95%CI) (mon) (1)	N	Subjects with Event n (%)	KME (95%CI) (mon) (1)	HR (95%CI) P-value (2) (3)	Test for Interaction P-value (4) (5)
OVERALL	524	399 (76.1)	2.86 (2.46, 3.65)	264	131 (49.6)	11.60 (8.94, N.A.)	2.250 (1.845, 2.745) <0.0001	
AGE CATEGORY I								0.0404*
< 65	305	228 (74.8)	3.35 (2.14, 3.94)	155	83 (53.5)	10.18 (6.47, N.A.)	1.884 (1.464, 2.424) <0.0001	
>= 65	219	171 (78.1)	2.79 (1.94, 3.55)	109	48 (44.0)	N.A. (9.99, N.A.)	2.958 (2.140, 4.087) <0.0001	

Apr 2023 DBL. Includes events reported from the first dose of study therapy in the blinded phase or at the day before start of Nivolumab treatment in the open-label phase, whichever occurs earlier. Subjects without events are censored 100 days after last dose of study therapy in the blinded phase, HR = hazard ratio; KME = Kaplan-Meier estimate; N.M.E. = Not meaningful estimate; N.E. = Not estimable. (1) KME of median time to first AE. (2) Unstratified Cox proportional hazard model. HR is nivolumab over Placebo. (3) Unstratified log-rank test. (4) Unstratified Cox proportional hazard model with treatment, subgroup and treatment*subgroup interaction to assess the significance of the interaction between treatment and the subgroup. (5) P-values <0.05 are indicated by 1 asterisk (indicates potential effect modification).

MedDRA Version: 25.1; CTC Version 5.0

Race Other includes all the races other than White, Asian, Black or African American and Not reported.

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Table 26.20.1
 Select Adverse Events: Subgroup Time-Adjusted Analyses
 On Hazard Ratio for Any Select AEs

Select Adverse Events Category: Any Select AEs

Subgroup	Nivolumab			Placebo			Nivolumab vs. Placebo	
	N	Subjects with Event n (%)	KME (95%CI) (mon) (1)	N	Subjects with Event n (%)	KME (95%CI) (mon) (1)	HR (95%CI) P-value (2) (3)	Test for Interaction P-value (4) (5)
AGE CATEGORY II								0.1081
>= 18 AND < 65	305	228 (74.8)	3.35 (2.14, 3.94)	155	83 (53.5)	10.18 (6.47, N.A.)	1.884 (1.464, 2.424) <0.0001	
>= 65 AND < 75	139	112 (80.6)	2.79 (1.87, 3.61)	77	35 (45.5)	N.A. (8.94, N.A.)	3.164 (2.154, 4.646) <0.0001	
>= 75 AND < 85	77	57 (74.0)	2.79 (1.45, 4.96)	30	12 (40.0)	N.A. (6.01, N.A.)	2.677 (1.431, 5.010) 0.0014	
SEX								0.3102
MALE	320	254 (79.4)	2.79 (1.94, 3.55)	161	78 (48.4)	12.22 (8.51, N.A.)	2.453 (1.900, 3.168) <0.0001	
FEMALE	204	145 (71.1)	3.61 (2.33, 4.60)	103	53 (51.5)	11.17 (7.16, N.A.)	1.962 (1.431, 2.692) <0.0001	

Apr 2023 DBL. Includes events reported from the first dose of study therapy in the blinded phase or at the day before start of Nivolumab treatment in the open-label phase, whichever occurs earlier. Subjects without events are censored 100 days after last dose of study therapy in the blinded phase, HR = hazard ratio; KME = Kaplan-Meier estimate; N.M.E. = Not meaningful estimate; N.E. = Not estimable.
 (1) KME of median time to first AE. (2) Unstratified Cox proportional hazard model. HR is nivolumab over Placebo.
 (3) Unstratified log-rank test. (4) Unstratified Cox proportional hazard model with treatment, subgroup and treatment*subgroup interaction to assess the significance of the interaction between treatment and the subgroup.
 (5) P-values <0.05 are indicated by 1 asterisk (indicates potential effect modification).

MedDRA Version: 25.1; CTC Version 5.0

Race Other includes all the races other than White, Asian, Black or African American and Not reported.

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Table 26.20.1
 Select Adverse Events: Subgroup Time-Adjusted Analyses
 On Hazard Ratio for Any Select AEs

Select Adverse Events Category: Any Select AEs

Subgroup	Nivolumab			Placebo			Nivolumab vs. Placebo	
	N	Subjects with Event n (%)	KME (95%CI) (mon) (1)	N	Subjects with Event n (%)	KME (95%CI) (mon) (1)	HR (95%CI) P-value (2) (3)	Test for Interaction P-value (4) (5)
DISEASE STAGE CATEGORY								0.5634
STAGE IIB	315	243 (77.1)	3.09 (2.33, 3.71)	162	84 (51.9)	10.32 (7.43, N.A.)	2.162 (1.685, 2.775)	<0.0001
STAGE IIC	209	156 (74.6)	2.79 (1.87, 3.71)	102	47 (46.1)	N.A. (7.82, N.A.)	2.396 (1.725, 3.327)	<0.0001
T STAGE								0.3549
T3B	203	159 (78.3)	2.92 (1.97, 3.71)	104	50 (48.1)	N.A. (7.43, N.A.)	2.455 (1.782, 3.383)	<0.0001
T4A	112	84 (75.0)	3.32 (2.07, 5.16)	58	34 (58.6)	9.00 (5.32, N.A.)	1.725 (1.157, 2.572)	0.0069
T4B	209	156 (74.6)	2.79 (1.87, 3.71)	102	47 (46.1)	N.A. (7.82, N.A.)	2.396 (1.725, 3.327)	<0.0001

Apr 2023 DBL. Includes events reported from the first dose of study therapy in the blinded phase or at the day before start of Nivolumab treatment in the open-label phase, whichever occurs earlier. Subjects without events are censored 100 days after last dose of study therapy in the blinded phase, HR = hazard ratio; KME = Kaplan-Meier estimate; N.M.E. = Not meaningful estimate; N.E. = Not estimable. (1) KME of median time to first AE. (2) Unstratified Cox proportional hazard model. HR is nivolumab over Placebo. (3) Unstratified log-rank test. (4) Unstratified Cox proportional hazard model with treatment, subgroup and treatment*subgroup interaction to assess the significance of the interaction between treatment and the subgroup. (5) P-values <0.05 are indicated by 1 asterisk (indicates potential effect modification).

MedDRA Version: 25.1; CTC Version 5.0

Race Other includes all the races other than White, Asian, Black or African American and Not reported.

Program Source: /opt/zfs001/prd/bms214671/stats/market/prog/tables/rt-ae-tsubslae-ebr1575b3.sas

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Table 26.20.1
 Select Adverse Events: Subgroup Time-Adjusted Analyses
 On Hazard Ratio for Any Select AEs

Select Adverse Events Category: Any Select AEs

Subgroup	Nivolumab			Placebo			Nivolumab vs. Placebo	
	N	Subjects with Event n (%)	KME (95%CI) (mon) (1)	N	Subjects with Event n (%)	KME (95%CI) (mon) (1)	HR (95%CI) P-value (2) (3)	Test for Interaction P-value (4) (5)
REGION								0.9236
US AND CANADA	97	86 (88.7)	1.77 (0.95, 2.07)	46	33 (71.7)	4.07 (1.94, 9.99)	2.086 (1.384, 3.142)	
WESTERN EUROPE	301	217 (72.1)	3.75 (2.86, 5.06)	160	67 (41.9)	N.A. (10.25, N.A.)	2.412 (1.832, 3.176)	
EASTERN EUROPE	58	35 (60.3)	4.63 (2.83, 9.69)	28	10 (35.7)	N.A. (10.15, N.A.)	2.587 (1.276, 5.246)	
AUSTRALIA	68	61 (89.7)	1.43 (0.89, 1.91)	30	21 (70.0)	3.70 (2.76, 8.25)	2.076 (1.256, 3.431)	

Apr 2023 DBL. Includes events reported from the first dose of study therapy in the blinded phase or at the day before start of Nivolumab treatment in the open-label phase, whichever occurs earlier. Subjects without events are censored 100 days after last dose of study therapy in the blinded phase, HR = hazard ratio; KME = Kaplan-Meier estimate; N.M.E. = Not meaningful estimate; N.E. = Not estimable. (1) KME of median time to first AE. (2) Unstratified Cox proportional hazard model. HR is nivolumab over Placebo. (3) Unstratified log-rank test. (4) Unstratified Cox proportional hazard model with treatment, subgroup and treatment*subgroup interaction to assess the significance of the interaction between treatment and the subgroup. (5) P-values <0.05 are indicated by 1 asterisk (indicates potential effect modification).

MedDRA Version: 25.1; CTC Version 5.0

Race Other includes all the races other than White, Asian, Black or African American and Not reported.

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Anhang 4-G 3.2.3: Subgruppenanalysen für Endpunkte weitere UE von speziellem Interesse (OESI) aus CA209-76K – Zeit bis zum ersten Auftreten des UE

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Table 25.30.1
Other Events of Special Interest: Subgroup Time-Adjusted Analyses
On Hazard Ratio for Any OESIs

Other Events of Special Interest Category: Any OESIs

Subgroup	Nivolumab			Placebo			Nivolumab vs. Placebo	
	N	Subjects with Event n (%)	KME (95%CI) (mon) (1)	N	Subjects with Event n (%)	KME (95%CI) (mon) (1)	HR (95%CI) P-value (2) (3)	Test for Interaction P-value (4) (5)
OVERALL	524	17 (3.2)	N.A.	264	2 (0.8)	N.A.	4.579 (1.058, 19.823) 0.0253	
AGE CATEGORY I < 65	305	8 (2.6)	N.A.	155	2 (1.3)	N.A.	2.173 (0.461, 10.236) 0.3143	0.9902
>= 65	219	9 (4.1)	N.A.	109	0	N.E.	N.E. 0.0297	
AGE CATEGORY II >= 18 AND < 65	305	8 (2.6)	N.A.	155	2 (1.3)	N.A.	2.173 (0.461, 10.236) 0.3143	>0.9999
>= 65 AND < 75	139	5 (3.6)	N.A.	77	0	N.E.	N.E. 0.0858	

Apr 2023 DBL. Includes events reported from the first dose of study therapy in the blinded phase or at the day before start of Nivolumab treatment in the open-label phase, whichever occurs earlier. Subjects without events are censored 100 days after last dose of study therapy in the blinded phase, HR = hazard ratio; KME = Kaplan-Meier estimate; N.M.E. = Not meaningful estimate; N.E. = Not estimable. (1) KME of median time to first AE. (2) Unstratified Cox proportional hazard model. HR is nivolumab over Placebo. (3) Unstratified log-rank test. (4) Unstratified Cox proportional hazard model with treatment, subgroup and treatment*subgroup interaction to assess the significance of the interaction between treatment and the subgroup. (5) P-values <0.05 are indicated by 1 asterisk (indicates potential effect modification).

MedDRA Version: 25.1; CTC Version 5.0

Race Other includes all the races other than White, Asian, Black or African American and Not reported.

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Table 25.30.1
Other Events of Special Interest: Subgroup Time-Adjusted Analyses
On Hazard Ratio for Any OESIs

Other Events of Special Interest Category: Any OESIs

Subgroup	Nivolumab			Placebo			Nivolumab vs. Placebo	
	N	Subjects with Event n (%)	KME (95%CI) (mon) (1)	N	Subjects with Event n (%)	KME (95%CI) (mon) (1)	HR (95%CI) P-value (2) (3)	Test for Interaction P-value (4) (5)
>= 75 AND < 85	77	4 (5.2)	N.A.	30	0	N.E.	N.E. 0.2068	

Apr 2023 DBL. Includes events reported from the first dose of study therapy in the blinded phase or at the day before start of Nivolumab treatment in the open-label phase, whichever occurs earlier. Subjects without events are censored 100 days after last dose of study therapy in the blinded phase, HR = hazard ratio; KME = Kaplan-Meier estimate; N.M.E. = Not meaningful estimate; N.E. = Not estimable. (1) KME of median time to first AE. (2) Unstratified Cox proportional hazard model. HR is nivolumab over Placebo. (3) Unstratified log-rank test. (4) Unstratified Cox proportional hazard model with treatment, subgroup and treatment*subgroup interaction to assess the significance of the interaction between treatment and the subgroup. (5) P-values <0.05 are indicated by 1 asterisk (indicates potential effect modification).

MedDRA Version: 25.1; CTC Version 5.0

Race Other includes all the races other than White, Asian, Black or African American and Not reported.

Program Source: /opt/zfs001/prd/bms214671/stats/market/prog/tables/rt-ae-tsubslae-ebr1575b3.sas

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Table 25.30.1
Other Events of Special Interest: Subgroup Time-Adjusted Analyses
On Hazard Ratio for Any OESIs

Other Events of Special Interest Category: Any OESIs

Subgroup	Nivolumab			Placebo			Nivolumab vs. Placebo	
	N	Subjects with Event n (%)	KME (95%CI) (mon) (1)	N	Subjects with Event n (%)	KME (95%CI) (mon) (1)	HR (95%CI) P-value (2) (3)	Test for Interaction P-value (4) (5)
SEX								0.9879
MALE	320	10 (3.1)	N.A.	161	0	N.E.	N.E. 0.0220	
FEMALE	204	7 (3.4)	N.A.	103	2 (1.9)	N.A.	1.956 (0.406, 9.419) 0.3942	
DISEASE STAGE CATEGORY								0.7505
STAGE IIB	315	10 (3.2)	N.A.	162	1 (0.6)	N.A.	5.713 (0.731, 44.647) 0.0602	
STAGE IIC	209	7 (3.3)	N.A.	102	1 (1.0)	N.A.	3.496 (0.430, 28.411) 0.2116	

Apr 2023 DBL. Includes events reported from the first dose of study therapy in the blinded phase or at the day before start of Nivolumab treatment in the open-label phase, whichever occurs earlier. Subjects without events are censored 100 days after last dose of study therapy in the blinded phase, HR = hazard ratio; KME = Kaplan-Meier estimate; N.M.E. = Not meaningful estimate; N.E. = Not estimable. (1) KME of median time to first AE. (2) Unstratified Cox proportional hazard model. HR is nivolumab over Placebo. (3) Unstratified log-rank test. (4) Unstratified Cox proportional hazard model with treatment, subgroup and treatment*subgroup interaction to assess the significance of the interaction between treatment and the subgroup. (5) P-values <0.05 are indicated by 1 asterisk (indicates potential effect modification).

MedDRA Version: 25.1; CTC Version 5.0

Race Other includes all the races other than White, Asian, Black or African American and Not reported.

Program Source: /opt/zfs001/prd/bms214671/stats/market/prog/tables/rt-ae-tsubslae-ebr1575b3.sas

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Table 25.30.1
Other Events of Special Interest: Subgroup Time-Adjusted Analyses
On Hazard Ratio for Any OESIs

Other Events of Special Interest Category: Any OESIs

Subgroup	Nivolumab			Placebo			Nivolumab vs. Placebo	
	N	Subjects with Event n (%)	KME (95%CI) (mon) (1)	N	Subjects with Event n (%)	KME (95%CI) (mon) (1)	HR (95%CI) P-value (2) (3)	Test for Interaction P-value (4) (5)
T STAGE								N.M.E.
T3B	203	5 (2.5)	N.M.E.	104	0	N.M.E.	N.M.E.	
T4A	112	5 (4.5)	N.M.E.	58	1 (1.7)	N.M.E.	N.M.E.	
T4B	209	7 (3.3)	N.M.E.	102	1 (1.0)	N.M.E.	N.M.E.	
REGION								0.5917
US AND CANADA	97	1 (1.0)	N.A.	46	1 (2.2)	N.A.	0.605 (0.038, 9.668)	
WESTERN EUROPE	301	11 (3.7)	N.A.	160	1 (0.6)	N.A.	0.7193 6.086 (0.786, 47.140)	
EASTERN EUROPE	58	1 (1.7)	N.A.	28	0	N.E.	0.0484 N.E. 0.4795	

Apr 2023 DBL. Includes events reported from the first dose of study therapy in the blinded phase or at the day before start of Nivolumab treatment in the open-label phase, whichever occurs earlier. Subjects without events are censored 100 days after last dose of study therapy in the blinded phase, HR = hazard ratio; KME = Kaplan-Meier estimate; N.M.E. = Not meaningful estimate; N.E. = Not estimable. (1) KME of median time to first AE. (2) Unstratified Cox proportional hazard model. HR is nivolumab over Placebo. (3) Unstratified log-rank test. (4) Unstratified Cox proportional hazard model with treatment, subgroup and treatment*subgroup interaction to assess the significance of the interaction between treatment and the subgroup. (5) P-values <0.05 are indicated by 1 asterisk (indicates potential effect modification).

MedDRA Version: 25.1; CTC Version 5.0

Race Other includes all the races other than White, Asian, Black or African American and Not reported.

Program Source: /opt/zfs001/prd/bms214671/stats/market/prog/tables/rt-ae-tsubslae-ebr1575b3.sas

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Table 25.30.1
Other Events of Special Interest: Subgroup Time-Adjusted Analyses
On Hazard Ratio for Any OESIs

Other Events of Special Interest Category: Any OESIs

Subgroup	Nivolumab			Placebo			Nivolumab vs. Placebo	
	N	Subjects with Event n (%)	KME (95%CI) (mon) (1)	N	Subjects with Event n (%)	KME (95%CI) (mon) (1)	HR (95%CI) P-value (2) (3)	Test for Interaction P-value (4) (5)
AUSTRALIA	68	4 (5.9)	N.A.	30	0	N.E.	N.E. 0.1613	

Apr 2023 DBL. Includes events reported from the first dose of study therapy in the blinded phase or at the day before start of Nivolumab treatment in the open-label phase, whichever occurs earlier. Subjects without events are censored 100 days after last dose of study therapy in the blinded phase, HR = hazard ratio; KME = Kaplan-Meier estimate; N.M.E. = Not meaningful estimate; N.E. = Not estimable. (1) KME of median time to first AE. (2) Unstratified Cox proportional hazard model. HR is nivolumab over Placebo. (3) Unstratified log-rank test. (4) Unstratified Cox proportional hazard model with treatment, subgroup and treatment*subgroup interaction to assess the significance of the interaction between treatment and the subgroup. (5) P-values <0.05 are indicated by 1 asterisk (indicates potential effect modification).

MedDRA Version: 25.1; CTC Version 5.0

Race Other includes all the races other than White, Asian, Black or African American and Not reported.

Program Source: /opt/zfs001/prd/bms214671/stats/market/prog/tables/rt-ae-tsubslae-ebr1575b3.sas

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Anhang 4-G 3.2.4: Subgruppenanalysen für Endpunkte Unerwünschte Ereignisse auf SOC/PT-Ebene aus CA209-76K – Zeit bis zum ersten Auftreten des UE

Anhang 4-G 3.2.4.1: Subgruppenanalysen für Endpunkt Jegliche UE auf SOC/PT-Ebene aus CA209-76K

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Table 22.20.1
 Adverse Events: Subgroup Time-Adjusted Analyses
 by Significant SOC/PT on Hazard Ratio
 All Treated Subjects Censoring at Open-Label Nivolumab

All Subjects with an Event

Subgroup	Nivolumab			Placebo			Nivolumab vs. Placebo	
	N	Subjects with Event n (%)	KME (95%CI) (mon) (1)	N	Subjects with Event n (%)	KME (95%CI) (mon) (1)	HR (95%CI) P-value (2) (3)	Test for Interaction P-value (4) (5)
OVERALL	524	508 (96.9)	0.95 (0.89, 0.95)	264	234 (88.6)	1.77 (1.12, 1.91)	1.705 (1.457, 1.996) <0.0001	
AGE CATEGORY I < 65	305	295 (96.7)	0.95 (0.89, 0.95)	155	137 (88.4)	1.68 (0.95, 1.87)	1.584 (1.290, 1.944) <0.0001	0.4323
>= 65	219	213 (97.3)	0.95 (0.79, 0.95)	109	97 (89.0)	1.87 (1.08, 2.79)	1.932 (1.507, 2.476) <0.0001	

Apr 2023 DBL. Includes events reported from the first dose of study therapy in the blinded phase. Subjects without events are censored 100 days after last dose of study therapy in the blinded phase, or at the day before start of Nivolumab treatment in the open-label phase, whichever occurs earlier. HR = hazard ratio; KME = Kaplan-Meier estimate; N.M.E. = Not meaningful estimate; N.E. = Not estimable. (1) KME of median time to first AE. (2) Unstratified Cox proportional hazard model. HR is nivolumab over Placebo. (3) Unstratified log-rank test. (4) Unstratified Cox proportional hazard model with treatment, subgroup and treatment*subgroup interaction to assess the significance of the interaction between the treatment and the subgroup. (5) P-values <0.05 are indicated by 1 asterisk (indicates potential effect modification).

Program Source: /opt/zfs001/prd/bms214671/stats/market/prog/tables/rt-ae-tsubsoc-ebr1575.sas

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Table 22.20.1
 Adverse Events: Subgroup Time-Adjusted Analyses
 by Significant SOC/PT on Hazard Ratio
 All Treated Subjects Censoring at Open-Label Nivolumab

All Subjects with an Event

Subgroup	Nivolumab			Placebo			Nivolumab vs. Placebo	
	N	Subjects with Event n (%)	KME (95%CI) (mon) (1)	N	Subjects with Event n (%)	KME (95%CI) (mon) (1)	HR (95%CI) P-value (2) (3)	Test for Interaction P-value (4) (5)
AGE CATEGORY II								
>= 18 AND < 65	305	295 (96.7)	0.95 (0.89, 0.95)	155	137 (88.4)	1.68 (0.95, 1.87)	1.584 (1.290, 1.944) <0.0001	0.4349
>= 65 AND < 75	139	135 (97.1)	0.95 (0.76, 0.95)	77	69 (89.6)	1.97 (1.45, 3.68)	2.185 (1.610, 2.966) <0.0001	
>= 75 AND < 85	77	75 (97.4)	0.95 (0.69, 1.15)	30	26 (86.7)	1.05 (0.66, 2.69)	1.479 (0.943, 2.320) 0.0862	
SEX								
MALE	320	316 (98.8)	0.95 (0.82, 0.95)	161	142 (88.2)	1.87 (1.38, 2.79)	1.819 (1.486, 2.226) <0.0001	0.5252
FEMALE	204	192 (94.1)	0.95 (0.85, 0.95)	103	92 (89.3)	1.18 (0.95, 1.87)	1.538 (1.195, 1.978) 0.0007	

Apr 2023 DBL. Includes events reported from the first dose of study therapy in the blinded phase. Subjects without events are censored 100 days after last dose of study therapy in the blinded phase, or at the day before start of Nivolumab treatment in the open-label phase, whichever occurs earlier. HR = hazard ratio; KME = Kaplan-Meier estimate; N.M.E. = Not meaningful estimate; N.E. = Not estimable. (1) KME of median time to first AE. (2) Unstratified Cox proportional hazard model. HR is nivolumab over Placebo. (3) Unstratified log-rank test. (4) Unstratified Cox proportional hazard model with treatment, subgroup and treatment*subgroup interaction to assess the significance of the interaction between the treatment and the subgroup. (5) P-values <0.05 are indicated by 1 asterisk (indicates potential effect modification).

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Table 22.20.1
 Adverse Events: Subgroup Time-Adjusted Analyses
 by Significant SOC/PT on Hazard Ratio
 All Treated Subjects Censoring at Open-Label Nivolumab

All Subjects with an Event

Subgroup	Nivolumab			Placebo			Nivolumab vs. Placebo	
	N	Subjects with Event n (%)	KME (95%CI) (mon) (1)	N	Subjects with Event n (%)	KME (95%CI) (mon) (1)	HR (95%CI) P-value (2) (3)	Test for Interaction P-value (4) (5)
DISEASE STAGE CATEGORY								0.5580
STAGE IIB	315	305 (96.8)	0.92 (0.79, 0.95)	162	148 (91.4)	1.72 (1.12, 1.97)	1.645 (1.348, 2.007)	<0.0001
STAGE IIC	209	203 (97.1)	0.95 (0.89, 0.95)	102	86 (84.3)	1.84 (0.95, 2.76)	1.807 (1.394, 2.341)	<0.0001
T STAGE								0.5947
T3B	203	196 (96.6)	0.95 (0.92, 1.02)	104	92 (88.5)	1.87 (1.45, 2.86)	1.788 (1.390, 2.301)	<0.0001
T4A	112	109 (97.3)	0.54 (0.26, 0.82)	58	56 (96.6)	0.99 (0.82, 1.84)	1.430 (1.034, 1.978)	0.0295
T4B	209	203 (97.1)	0.95 (0.89, 0.95)	102	86 (84.3)	1.84 (0.95, 2.76)	1.807 (1.394, 2.341)	<0.0001

Apr 2023 DBL. Includes events reported from the first dose of study therapy in the blinded phase. Subjects without events are censored 100 days after last dose of study therapy in the blinded phase, or at the day before start of Nivolumab treatment in the open-label phase, whichever occurs earlier. HR = hazard ratio; KME = Kaplan-Meier estimate; N.M.E. = Not meaningful estimate; N.E. = Not estimable. (1) KME of median time to first AE. (2) Unstratified Cox proportional hazard model. HR is nivolumab over Placebo. (3) Unstratified log-rank test. (4) Unstratified Cox proportional hazard model with treatment, subgroup and treatment*subgroup interaction to assess the significance of the interaction between the treatment and the subgroup. (5) P-values <0.05 are indicated by 1 asterisk (indicates potential effect modification).

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Table 22.20.1
 Adverse Events: Subgroup Time-Adjusted Analyses
 by Significant SOC/PT on Hazard Ratio
 All Treated Subjects Censoring at Open-Label Nivolumab

All Subjects with an Event

Subgroup	Nivolumab			Placebo			Nivolumab vs. Placebo	
	N	Subjects with Event n (%)	KME (95%CI) (mon) (1)	N	Subjects with Event n (%)	KME (95%CI) (mon) (1)	HR (95%CI) P-value (2) (3)	Test for Interaction P-value (4) (5)
REGION								0.5918
US AND CANADA	97	96 (99.0)	0.49 (0.23, 0.89)	46	44 (95.7)	0.66 (0.20, 0.99)	1.427 (0.993, 2.051)	
WESTERN EUROPE	301	290 (96.3)	0.95 (0.92, 0.99)	160	141 (88.1)	1.91 (1.48, 3.38)	1.701 (1.386, 2.087)	
EASTERN EUROPE	58	55 (94.8)	1.87 (0.95, 2.69)	28	20 (71.4)	6.82 (1.84, 9.63)	2.519 (1.487, 4.267)	
AUSTRALIA	68	67 (98.5)	0.49 (0.23, 0.85)	30	29 (96.7)	1.03 (0.43, 2.27)	1.716 (1.096, 2.689)	

Apr 2023 DBL. Includes events reported from the first dose of study therapy in the blinded phase. Subjects without events are censored 100 days after last dose of study therapy in the blinded phase, or at the day before start of Nivolumab treatment in the open-label phase, whichever occurs earlier. HR = hazard ratio; KME = Kaplan-Meier estimate; N.M.E. = Not meaningful estimate; N.E. = Not estimable. (1) KME of median time to first AE. (2) Unstratified Cox proportional hazard model. HR is nivolumab over Placebo. (3) Unstratified log-rank test. (4) Unstratified Cox proportional hazard model with treatment, subgroup and treatment*subgroup interaction to assess the significance of the interaction between the treatment and the subgroup. (5) P-values <0.05 are indicated by 1 asterisk (indicates potential effect modification).

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Table 22.20.1
 Adverse Events: Subgroup Time-Adjusted Analyses
 by Significant SOC/PT on Hazard Ratio
 All Treated Subjects Censoring at Open-Label Nivolumab
 SOC: Skin and Subcutaneous Tissue Disorders

Subgroup	Nivolumab			Placebo			Nivolumab vs. Placebo	
	N	Subjects with Event n (%)	KME (95%CI) (mon) (1)	N	Subjects with Event n (%)	KME (95%CI) (mon) (1)	HR (95%CI) P-value (2) (3)	Test for Interaction P-value (4) (5)
OVERALL	524	271 (51.7)	9.36 (6.47, 12.02)	264	90 (34.1)	N.A.	1.900 (1.496, 2.413) <0.0001	
AGE CATEGORY I < 65	305	146 (47.9)	14.36 (9.23, N.A.)	155	54 (34.8)	N.A.	1.628 (1.191, 2.225) 0.0020	0.1321
>= 65	219	125 (57.1)	5.55 (4.63, 9.23)	109	36 (33.0)	N.A.	2.355 (1.623, 3.416) <0.0001	

Apr 2023 DBL. Includes events reported from the first dose of study therapy in the blinded phase. Subjects without events are censored 100 days after last dose of study therapy in the blinded phase, or at the day before start of Nivolumab treatment in the open-label phase, whichever occurs earlier. HR = hazard ratio; KME = Kaplan-Meier estimate; N.M.E. = Not meaningful estimate; N.E. = Not estimable. (1) KME of median time to first AE. (2) Unstratified Cox proportional hazard model. HR is nivolumab over Placebo. (3) Unstratified log-rank test. (4) Unstratified Cox proportional hazard model with treatment, subgroup and treatment*subgroup interaction to assess the significance of the interaction between the treatment and the subgroup. (5) P-values <0.05 are indicated by 1 asterisk (indicates potential effect modification).

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Table 22.20.1
 Adverse Events: Subgroup Time-Adjusted Analyses
 by Significant SOC/PT on Hazard Ratio
 All Treated Subjects Censoring at Open-Label Nivolumab

SOC: Skin and Subcutaneous Tissue Disorders

Subgroup	Nivolumab			Placebo			Nivolumab vs. Placebo	
	N	Subjects with Event n (%)	KME (95%CI) (mon) (1)	N	Subjects with Event n (%)	KME (95%CI) (mon) (1)	HR (95%CI) P-value (2) (3)	Test for Interaction P-value (4) (5)
AGE CATEGORY II								
>= 18 AND < 65	305	146 (47.9)	14.36 (9.23, N.A.)	155	54 (34.8)	N.A.	1.628 (1.191, 2.225) 0.0020	0.0317*
>= 65 AND < 75	139	82 (59.0)	5.65 (4.63, 10.58)	77	20 (26.0)	N.A.	3.305 (2.023, 5.399) <0.0001	
>= 75 AND < 85	77	42 (54.5)	5.45 (2.53, N.A.)	30	15 (50.0)	8.28 (2.76, N.A.)	1.278 (0.708, 2.307) 0.4180	
SEX								
MALE	320	177 (55.3)	7.16 (4.90, 10.91)	161	53 (32.9)	N.A.	2.167 (1.593, 2.948) <0.0001	0.1895
FEMALE	204	94 (46.1)	N.A. (7.52, N.A.)	103	37 (35.9)	N.A.	1.536 (1.049, 2.247) 0.0259	

Apr 2023 DBL. Includes events reported from the first dose of study therapy in the blinded phase. Subjects without events are censored 100 days after last dose of study therapy in the blinded phase, or at the day before start of Nivolumab treatment in the open-label phase, whichever occurs earlier. HR = hazard ratio; KME = Kaplan-Meier estimate; N.M.E. = Not meaningful estimate; N.E. = Not estimable. (1) KME of median time to first AE. (2) Unstratified Cox proportional hazard model. HR is nivolumab over Placebo. (3) Unstratified log-rank test. (4) Unstratified Cox proportional hazard model with treatment, subgroup and treatment*subgroup interaction to assess the significance of the interaction between the treatment and the subgroup. (5) P-values <0.05 are indicated by 1 asterisk (indicates potential effect modification).

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Table 22.20.1
 Adverse Events: Subgroup Time-Adjusted Analyses
 by Significant SOC/PT on Hazard Ratio
 All Treated Subjects Censoring at Open-Label Nivolumab

SOC: Skin and Subcutaneous Tissue Disorders

Subgroup	Nivolumab			Placebo			Nivolumab vs. Placebo	
	N	Subjects with Event n (%)	KME (95%CI) (mon) (1)	N	Subjects with Event n (%)	KME (95%CI) (mon) (1)	HR (95%CI) P-value (2) (3)	Test for Interaction P-value (4) (5)
DISEASE STAGE CATEGORY								0.5349
STAGE IIB	315	171 (54.3)	7.43 (4.73, 11.14)	162	57 (35.2)	N.A.	2.006 (1.485, 2.709) <0.0001	
STAGE IIC	209	100 (47.8)	11.99 (7.20, N.A.)	102	33 (32.4)	N.A.	1.745 (1.177, 2.588) 0.0050	
T STAGE								0.8109
T3B	203	108 (53.2)	7.16 (4.67, N.A.)	104	36 (34.6)	N.A.	1.966 (1.347, 2.869) 0.0004	
T4A	112	63 (56.3)	7.43 (3.71, N.A.)	58	21 (36.2)	N.A. (10.15, N.A.)	2.071 (1.263, 3.398) 0.0032	
T4B	209	100 (47.8)	11.99 (7.20, N.A.)	102	33 (32.4)	N.A.	1.745 (1.177, 2.588) 0.0050	

Apr 2023 DBL. Includes events reported from the first dose of study therapy in the blinded phase. Subjects without events are censored 100 days after last dose of study therapy in the blinded phase, or at the day before start of Nivolumab treatment in the open-label phase, whichever occurs earlier. HR = hazard ratio; KME = Kaplan-Meier estimate; N.M.E. = Not meaningful estimate; N.E. = Not estimable. (1) KME of median time to first AE. (2) Unstratified Cox proportional hazard model. HR is nivolumab over Placebo. (3) Unstratified log-rank test. (4) Unstratified Cox proportional hazard model with treatment, subgroup and treatment*subgroup interaction to assess the significance of the interaction between the treatment and the subgroup. (5) P-values <0.05 are indicated by 1 asterisk (indicates potential effect modification).

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Table 22.20.1
 Adverse Events: Subgroup Time-Adjusted Analyses
 by Significant SOC/PT on Hazard Ratio
 All Treated Subjects Censoring at Open-Label Nivolumab
 SOC: Skin and Subcutaneous Tissue Disorders

Subgroup	Nivolumab			Placebo			Nivolumab vs. Placebo	
	N	Subjects with Event n (%)	KME (95%CI) (mon) (1)	N	Subjects with Event n (%)	KME (95%CI) (mon) (1)	HR (95%CI) P-value (2) (3)	Test for Interaction P-value (4) (5)
REGION								0.7061
US AND CANADA	97	63 (64.9)	3.65 (2.07, 4.76)	46	21 (45.7)	N.A. (5.49, N.A.)	1.935 (1.178, 3.177) 0.0079	
WESTERN EUROPE	301	144 (47.8)	11.99 (9.23, N.A.)	160	47 (29.4)	N.A.	2.005 (1.442, 2.789)	
EASTERN EUROPE	58	18 (31.0)	N.A.	28	4 (14.3)	N.A.	<0.0001 2.595 (0.878, 7.676)	
AUSTRALIA	68	46 (67.6)	3.65 (1.74, 5.55)	30	18 (60.0)	5.14 (3.42, N.A.)	0.0740 1.431 (0.828, 2.472) 0.1914	

Apr 2023 DBL. Includes events reported from the first dose of study therapy in the blinded phase. Subjects without events are censored 100 days after last dose of study therapy in the blinded phase, or at the day before start of Nivolumab treatment in the open-label phase, whichever occurs earlier. HR = hazard ratio; KME = Kaplan-Meier estimate; N.M.E. = Not meaningful estimate; N.E. = Not estimable. (1) KME of median time to first AE. (2) Unstratified Cox proportional hazard model. HR is nivolumab over Placebo. (3) Unstratified log-rank test. (4) Unstratified Cox proportional hazard model with treatment, subgroup and treatment*subgroup interaction to assess the significance of the interaction between the treatment and the subgroup. (5) P-values <0.05 are indicated by 1 asterisk (indicates potential effect modification).

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Table 22.20.1
 Adverse Events: Subgroup Time-Adjusted Analyses
 by Significant SOC/PT on Hazard Ratio
 All Treated Subjects Censoring at Open-Label Nivolumab
 SOC: Skin and Subcutaneous Tissue Disorders. PT: Pruritus

Subgroup	Nivolumab			Placebo			Nivolumab vs. Placebo	
	N	Subjects with Event n (%)	KME (95%CI) (mon) (1)	N	Subjects with Event n (%)	KME (95%CI) (mon) (1)	HR (95%CI) P-value (2) (3)	Test for Interaction P-value (4) (5)
OVERALL	524	107 (20.4)	N.A.	264	29 (11.0)	N.A.	2.062 (1.368, 3.109) 0.0004	
AGE CATEGORY I < 65	305	59 (19.3)	N.A.	155	13 (8.4)	N.A.	2.545 (1.396, 4.641) 0.0016	0.3019
>= 65	219	48 (21.9)	N.A.	109	16 (14.7)	N.A.	1.664 (0.944, 2.931) 0.0748	

Apr 2023 DBL. Includes events reported from the first dose of study therapy in the blinded phase. Subjects without events are censored 100 days after last dose of study therapy in the blinded phase, or at the day before start of Nivolumab treatment in the open-label phase, whichever occurs earlier. HR = hazard ratio; KME = Kaplan-Meier estimate; N.M.E. = Not meaningful estimate; N.E. = Not estimable. (1) KME of median time to first AE. (2) Unstratified Cox proportional hazard model. HR is nivolumab over Placebo. (3) Unstratified log-rank test. (4) Unstratified Cox proportional hazard model with treatment, subgroup and treatment*subgroup interaction to assess the significance of the interaction between the treatment and the subgroup. (5) P-values <0.05 are indicated by 1 asterisk (indicates potential effect modification).

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Table 22.20.1
 Adverse Events: Subgroup Time-Adjusted Analyses
 by Significant SOC/PT on Hazard Ratio
 All Treated Subjects Censoring at Open-Label Nivolumab

SOC: Skin and Subcutaneous Tissue Disorders. PT: Pruritus

Subgroup	Nivolumab			Placebo			Nivolumab vs. Placebo	
	N	Subjects with Event n (%)	KME (95%CI) (mon) (1)	N	Subjects with Event n (%)	KME (95%CI) (mon) (1)	HR (95%CI) P-value (2) (3)	Test for Interaction P-value (4) (5)
AGE CATEGORY II								
>= 18 AND < 65	305	59 (19.3)	N.A.	155	13 (8.4)	N.A.	2.545 (1.396, 4.641) 0.0016	0.4479
>= 65 AND < 75	139	30 (21.6)	N.A.	77	10 (13.0)	N.A.	1.849 (0.903, 3.784) 0.0876	
>= 75 AND < 85	77	18 (23.4)	N.A.	30	6 (20.0)	N.A.	1.275 (0.506, 3.215) 0.6046	
SEX								
MALE	320	67 (20.9)	N.A.	161	15 (9.3)	N.A.	2.494 (1.424, 4.367) 0.0009	0.3001
FEMALE	204	40 (19.6)	N.A.	103	14 (13.6)	N.A.	1.598 (0.869, 2.937) 0.1282	

Apr 2023 DBL. Includes events reported from the first dose of study therapy in the blinded phase. Subjects without events are censored 100 days after last dose of study therapy in the blinded phase, or at the day before start of Nivolumab treatment in the open-label phase, whichever occurs earlier. HR = hazard ratio; KME = Kaplan-Meier estimate; N.M.E. = Not meaningful estimate; N.E. = Not estimable. (1) KME of median time to first AE. (2) Unstratified Cox proportional hazard model. HR is nivolumab over Placebo. (3) Unstratified log-rank test. (4) Unstratified Cox proportional hazard model with treatment, subgroup and treatment*subgroup interaction to assess the significance of the interaction between the treatment and the subgroup. (5) P-values <0.05 are indicated by 1 asterisk (indicates potential effect modification).

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Table 22.20.1
 Adverse Events: Subgroup Time-Adjusted Analyses
 by Significant SOC/PT on Hazard Ratio
 All Treated Subjects Censoring at Open-Label Nivolumab

SOC: Skin and Subcutaneous Tissue Disorders. PT: Pruritus

Subgroup	Nivolumab			Placebo			Nivolumab vs. Placebo	
	N	Subjects with Event n (%)	KME (95%CI) (mon) (1)	N	Subjects with Event n (%)	KME (95%CI) (mon) (1)	HR (95%CI) P-value (2) (3)	Test for Interaction P-value (4) (5)
DISEASE STAGE CATEGORY								0.2258
STAGE IIB	315	63 (20.0)	N.A.	162	21 (13.0)	N.A.	1.707 (1.041, 2.797) 0.0317	
STAGE IIC	209	44 (21.1)	N.A.	102	8 (7.8)	N.A.	2.962 (1.394, 6.294) 0.0030	
T STAGE								0.2382
T3B	203	40 (19.7)	N.A.	104	16 (15.4)	N.A.	1.411 (0.790, 2.520) 0.2424	
T4A	112	23 (20.5)	N.A.	58	5 (8.6)	N.A.	2.631 (1.000, 6.923) 0.0416	
T4B	209	44 (21.1)	N.A.	102	8 (7.8)	N.A.	2.962 (1.394, 6.294) 0.0030	

Apr 2023 DBL. Includes events reported from the first dose of study therapy in the blinded phase. Subjects without events are censored 100 days after last dose of study therapy in the blinded phase, or at the day before start of Nivolumab treatment in the open-label phase, whichever occurs earlier. HR = hazard ratio; KME = Kaplan-Meier estimate; N.M.E. = Not meaningful estimate; N.E. = Not estimable. (1) KME of median time to first AE. (2) Unstratified Cox proportional hazard model. HR is nivolumab over Placebo. (3) Unstratified log-rank test. (4) Unstratified Cox proportional hazard model with treatment, subgroup and treatment*subgroup interaction to assess the significance of the interaction between the treatment and the subgroup. (5) P-values <0.05 are indicated by 1 asterisk (indicates potential effect modification).

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Table 22.20.1
 Adverse Events: Subgroup Time-Adjusted Analyses
 by Significant SOC/PT on Hazard Ratio
 All Treated Subjects Censoring at Open-Label Nivolumab

SOC: Skin and Subcutaneous Tissue Disorders. PT: Pruritus

Subgroup	Nivolumab			Placebo			Nivolumab vs. Placebo	
	N	Subjects with Event n (%)	KME (95%CI) (mon) (1)	N	Subjects with Event n (%)	KME (95%CI) (mon) (1)	HR (95%CI) P-value (2) (3)	Test for Interaction P-value (4) (5)
REGION								0.7846
US AND CANADA	97	27 (27.8)	N.A.	46	7 (15.2)	N.A.	2.172 (0.945, 4.992)	
WESTERN EUROPE	301	48 (15.9)	N.A.	160	12 (7.5)	N.A.	0.0615 2.294 (1.218, 4.319)	
EASTERN EUROPE	58	6 (10.3)	N.A.	28	3 (10.7)	N.A.	0.0082 1.042 (0.261, 4.167)	
AUSTRALIA	68	26 (38.2)	N.A. (9.10, N.A.)	30	7 (23.3)	N.A.	0.9532 1.877 (0.813, 4.334)	

Apr 2023 DBL. Includes events reported from the first dose of study therapy in the blinded phase. Subjects without events are censored 100 days after last dose of study therapy in the blinded phase, or at the day before start of Nivolumab treatment in the open-label phase, whichever occurs earlier. HR = hazard ratio; KME = Kaplan-Meier estimate; N.M.E. = Not meaningful estimate; N.E. = Not estimable. (1) KME of median time to first AE. (2) Unstratified Cox proportional hazard model. HR is nivolumab over Placebo. (3) Unstratified log-rank test. (4) Unstratified Cox proportional hazard model with treatment, subgroup and treatment*subgroup interaction to assess the significance of the interaction between the treatment and the subgroup. (5) P-values <0.05 are indicated by 1 asterisk (indicates potential effect modification).

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Table 22.20.1
 Adverse Events: Subgroup Time-Adjusted Analyses
 by Significant SOC/PT on Hazard Ratio
 All Treated Subjects Censoring at Open-Label Nivolumab

SOC: Skin and Subcutaneous Tissue Disorders. PT: Rash Pruritic

Subgroup	Nivolumab			Placebo			Nivolumab vs. Placebo	
	N	Subjects with Event n (%)	KME (95%CI) (mon) (1)	N	Subjects with Event n (%)	KME (95%CI) (mon) (1)	HR (95%CI) P-value (2) (3)	Test for Interaction P-value (4) (5)
OVERALL	524	12 (2.3)	N.A.	264	1 (0.4)	N.A.	6.231 (0.810, 47.925) 0.0441	
AGE CATEGORY I								
< 65	305	7 (2.3)	N.M.E.	155	1 (0.6)	N.M.E.	N.M.E.	N.M.E.
>= 65	219	5 (2.3)	N.M.E.	109	0	N.M.E.	N.M.E.	

Apr 2023 DBL. Includes events reported from the first dose of study therapy in the blinded phase. Subjects without events are censored 100 days after last dose of study therapy in the blinded phase, or at the day before start of Nivolumab treatment in the open-label phase, whichever occurs earlier. HR = hazard ratio; KME = Kaplan-Meier estimate; N.M.E. = Not meaningful estimate; N.E. = Not estimable. (1) KME of median time to first AE. (2) Unstratified Cox proportional hazard model. HR is nivolumab over Placebo. (3) Unstratified log-rank test. (4) Unstratified Cox proportional hazard model with treatment, subgroup and treatment*subgroup interaction to assess the significance of the interaction between the treatment and the subgroup. (5) P-values <0.05 are indicated by 1 asterisk (indicates potential effect modification).

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Table 22.20.1
 Adverse Events: Subgroup Time-Adjusted Analyses
 by Significant SOC/PT on Hazard Ratio
 All Treated Subjects Censoring at Open-Label Nivolumab

SOC: Skin and Subcutaneous Tissue Disorders. PT: Rash Pruritic

Subgroup	Nivolumab			Placebo			Nivolumab vs. Placebo	
	N	Subjects with Event n (%)	KME (95%CI) (mon) (1)	N	Subjects with Event n (%)	KME (95%CI) (mon) (1)	HR (95%CI) P-value (2) (3)	Test for Interaction P-value (4) (5)
AGE CATEGORY II								N.M.E.
>= 18 AND < 65	305	7 (2.3)	N.M.E.	155	1 (0.6)	N.M.E.	N.M.E.	
>= 65 AND < 75	139	5 (3.6)	N.M.E.	77	0	N.M.E.	N.M.E.	
>= 75 AND < 85	77	0	N.M.E.	30	0	N.M.E.	N.M.E.	
SEX								0.9902
MALE	320	10 (3.1)	N.A.	161	0	N.E.	N.E. 0.0228	
FEMALE	204	2 (1.0)	N.A.	103	1 (1.0)	N.A.	1.045 (0.095, 11.529) 0.9709	

Apr 2023 DBL. Includes events reported from the first dose of study therapy in the blinded phase. Subjects without events are censored 100 days after last dose of study therapy in the blinded phase, or at the day before start of Nivolumab treatment in the open-label phase, whichever occurs earlier. HR = hazard ratio; KME = Kaplan-Meier estimate; N.M.E. = Not meaningful estimate; N.E. = Not estimable. (1) KME of median time to first AE. (2) Unstratified Cox proportional hazard model. HR is nivolumab over Placebo. (3) Unstratified log-rank test. (4) Unstratified Cox proportional hazard model with treatment, subgroup and treatment*subgroup interaction to assess the significance of the interaction between the treatment and the subgroup. (5) P-values <0.05 are indicated by 1 asterisk (indicates potential effect modification).

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Table 22.20.1
 Adverse Events: Subgroup Time-Adjusted Analyses
 by Significant SOC/PT on Hazard Ratio
 All Treated Subjects Censoring at Open-Label Nivolumab

SOC: Skin and Subcutaneous Tissue Disorders. PT: Rash Pruritic

Subgroup	Nivolumab			Placebo			Nivolumab vs. Placebo	
	N	Subjects with Event n (%)	KME (95%CI) (mon) (1)	N	Subjects with Event n (%)	KME (95%CI) (mon) (1)	HR (95%CI) P-value (2) (3)	Test for Interaction P-value (4) (5)
DISEASE STAGE CATEGORY								N.M.E.
STAGE IIB	315	8 (2.5)	N.M.E.	162	0	N.M.E.	N.M.E.	
STAGE IIC	209	4 (1.9)	N.M.E.	102	1 (1.0)	N.M.E.	N.M.E.	
T STAGE								N.M.E.
T3B	203	7 (3.4)	N.M.E.	104	0	N.M.E.	N.M.E.	
T4A	112	1 (0.9)	N.M.E.	58	0	N.M.E.	N.M.E.	
T4B	209	4 (1.9)	N.M.E.	102	1 (1.0)	N.M.E.	N.M.E.	

Apr 2023 DBL. Includes events reported from the first dose of study therapy in the blinded phase. Subjects without events are censored 100 days after last dose of study therapy in the blinded phase, or at the day before start of Nivolumab treatment in the open-label phase, whichever occurs earlier. HR = hazard ratio; KME = Kaplan-Meier estimate; N.M.E. = Not meaningful estimate; N.E. = Not estimable. (1) KME of median time to first AE. (2) Unstratified Cox proportional hazard model. HR is nivolumab over Placebo. (3) Unstratified log-rank test. (4) Unstratified Cox proportional hazard model with treatment, subgroup and treatment*subgroup interaction to assess the significance of the interaction between the treatment and the subgroup. (5) P-values <0.05 are indicated by 1 asterisk (indicates potential effect modification).

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Table 22.20.1
 Adverse Events: Subgroup Time-Adjusted Analyses
 by Significant SOC/PT on Hazard Ratio
 All Treated Subjects Censoring at Open-Label Nivolumab

SOC: Skin and Subcutaneous Tissue Disorders. PT: Rash Pruritic

Subgroup	Nivolumab			Placebo			Nivolumab vs. Placebo	
	N	Subjects with Event n (%)	KME (95%CI) (mon) (1)	N	Subjects with Event n (%)	KME (95%CI) (mon) (1)	HR (95%CI) P-value (2) (3)	Test for Interaction P-value (4) (5)
REGION								N.M.E.
US AND CANADA	97	2 (2.1)	N.M.E.	46	0	N.M.E.	N.M.E.	
WESTERN EUROPE	301	6 (2.0)	N.M.E.	160	1 (0.6)	N.M.E.	N.M.E.	
EASTERN EUROPE	58	0	N.M.E.	28	0	N.M.E.	N.M.E.	
AUSTRALIA	68	4 (5.9)	N.M.E.	30	0	N.M.E.	N.M.E.	

Apr 2023 DBL. Includes events reported from the first dose of study therapy in the blinded phase. Subjects without events are censored 100 days after last dose of study therapy in the blinded phase, or at the day before start of Nivolumab treatment in the open-label phase, whichever occurs earlier. HR = hazard ratio; KME = Kaplan-Meier estimate; N.M.E. = Not meaningful estimate; N.E. = Not estimable. (1) KME of median time to first AE. (2) Unstratified Cox proportional hazard model. HR is nivolumab over Placebo. (3) Unstratified log-rank test. (4) Unstratified Cox proportional hazard model with treatment, subgroup and treatment*subgroup interaction to assess the significance of the interaction between the treatment and the subgroup. (5) P-values <0.05 are indicated by 1 asterisk (indicates potential effect modification).

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Table 22.20.1
 Adverse Events: Subgroup Time-Adjusted Analyses
 by Significant SOC/PT on Hazard Ratio
 All Treated Subjects Censoring at Open-Label Nivolumab

SOC: Gastrointestinal Disorders

Subgroup	Nivolumab			Placebo			Nivolumab vs. Placebo	
	N	Subjects with Event n (%)	KME (95%CI) (mon) (1)	N	Subjects with Event n (%)	KME (95%CI) (mon) (1)	HR (95%CI) P-value (2) (3)	Test for Interaction P-value (4) (5)
OVERALL	524	269 (51.3)	9.23 (7.26, 14.98)	264	112 (42.4)	N.A. (12.09, N.A.)	1.343 (1.077, 1.674) 0.0085	
AGE CATEGORY I								0.2746
< 65	305	162 (53.1)	8.57 (6.60, 14.98)	155	72 (46.5)	N.A. (8.51, N.A.)	1.213 (0.919, 1.602) 0.1707	
>= 65	219	107 (48.9)	9.76 (6.87, N.A.)	109	40 (36.7)	N.A. (14.13, N.A.)	1.586 (1.102, 2.282) 0.0122	

Apr 2023 DBL. Includes events reported from the first dose of study therapy in the blinded phase. Subjects without events are censored 100 days after last dose of study therapy in the blinded phase, or at the day before start of Nivolumab treatment in the open-label phase, whichever occurs earlier. HR = hazard ratio; KME = Kaplan-Meier estimate; N.M.E. = Not meaningful estimate; N.E. = Not estimable. (1) KME of median time to first AE. (2) Unstratified Cox proportional hazard model. HR is nivolumab over Placebo. (3) Unstratified log-rank test. (4) Unstratified Cox proportional hazard model with treatment, subgroup and treatment*subgroup interaction to assess the significance of the interaction between the treatment and the subgroup. (5) P-values <0.05 are indicated by 1 asterisk (indicates potential effect modification).

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Table 22.20.1
 Adverse Events: Subgroup Time-Adjusted Analyses
 by Significant SOC/PT on Hazard Ratio
 All Treated Subjects Censoring at Open-Label Nivolumab

SOC: Gastrointestinal Disorders

Subgroup	Nivolumab			Placebo			Nivolumab vs. Placebo	
	N	Subjects with Event n (%)	KME (95%CI) (mon) (1)	N	Subjects with Event n (%)	KME (95%CI) (mon) (1)	HR (95%CI) P-value (2) (3)	Test for Interaction P-value (4) (5)
AGE CATEGORY II								
>= 18 AND < 65	305	162 (53.1)	8.57 (6.60, 14.98)	155	72 (46.5)	N.A. (8.51, N.A.)	1.213 (0.919, 1.602) 0.1707	0.3096
>= 65 AND < 75	139	72 (51.8)	9.00 (5.09, N.A.)	77	28 (36.4)	N.A. (14.13, N.A.)	1.830 (1.181, 2.836) 0.0060	
>= 75 AND < 85	77	33 (42.9)	N.A. (6.97, N.A.)	30	11 (36.7)	N.A. (3.78, N.A.)	1.189 (0.601, 2.354) 0.6173	
SEX								
MALE	320	156 (48.8)	12.12 (8.34, N.A.)	161	64 (39.8)	N.A. (14.13, N.A.)	1.355 (1.012, 1.813) 0.0397	0.9150
FEMALE	204	113 (55.4)	6.97 (5.59, 9.76)	103	48 (46.6)	N.A. (5.62, N.A.)	1.321 (0.942, 1.852) 0.1055	

Apr 2023 DBL. Includes events reported from the first dose of study therapy in the blinded phase. Subjects without events are censored 100 days after last dose of study therapy in the blinded phase, or at the day before start of Nivolumab treatment in the open-label phase, whichever occurs earlier. HR = hazard ratio; KME = Kaplan-Meier estimate; N.M.E. = Not meaningful estimate; N.E. = Not estimable. (1) KME of median time to first AE. (2) Unstratified Cox proportional hazard model. HR is nivolumab over Placebo. (3) Unstratified log-rank test. (4) Unstratified Cox proportional hazard model with treatment, subgroup and treatment*subgroup interaction to assess the significance of the interaction between the treatment and the subgroup. (5) P-values <0.05 are indicated by 1 asterisk (indicates potential effect modification).

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Table 22.20.1
 Adverse Events: Subgroup Time-Adjusted Analyses
 by Significant SOC/PT on Hazard Ratio
 All Treated Subjects Censoring at Open-Label Nivolumab

SOC: Gastrointestinal Disorders

Subgroup	Nivolumab			Placebo			Nivolumab vs. Placebo	
	N	Subjects with Event n (%)	KME (95%CI) (mon) (1)	N	Subjects with Event n (%)	KME (95%CI) (mon) (1)	HR (95%CI) P-value (2) (3)	Test for Interaction P-value (4) (5)
DISEASE STAGE CATEGORY								0.9287
STAGE IIB	315	166 (52.7)	8.34 (5.59, N.A.)	162	72 (44.4)	N.A. (10.25, N.A.)	1.325 (1.005, 1.748)	
STAGE IIC	209	103 (49.3)	10.64 (7.26, N.A.)	102	40 (39.2)	N.A. (10.71, N.A.)	1.375 (0.954, 1.982)	0.0857
T STAGE								0.7618
T3B	203	102 (50.2)	9.26 (6.47, N.A.)	104	41 (39.4)	N.A. (14.13, N.A.)	1.451 (1.010, 2.086)	
T4A	112	64 (57.1)	5.09 (3.32, N.A.)	58	31 (53.4)	9.99 (3.71, N.A.)	1.159 (0.754, 1.780)	
T4B	209	103 (49.3)	10.64 (7.26, N.A.)	102	40 (39.2)	N.A. (10.71, N.A.)	1.375 (0.954, 1.982)	0.0857

Apr 2023 DBL. Includes events reported from the first dose of study therapy in the blinded phase. Subjects without events are censored 100 days after last dose of study therapy in the blinded phase, or at the day before start of Nivolumab treatment in the open-label phase, whichever occurs earlier. HR = hazard ratio; KME = Kaplan-Meier estimate; N.M.E. = Not meaningful estimate; N.E. = Not estimable. (1) KME of median time to first AE. (2) Unstratified Cox proportional hazard model. HR is nivolumab over Placebo. (3) Unstratified log-rank test. (4) Unstratified Cox proportional hazard model with treatment, subgroup and treatment*subgroup interaction to assess the significance of the interaction between the treatment and the subgroup. (5) P-values <0.05 are indicated by 1 asterisk (indicates potential effect modification).

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Table 22.20.1
 Adverse Events: Subgroup Time-Adjusted Analyses
 by Significant SOC/PT on Hazard Ratio
 All Treated Subjects Censoring at Open-Label Nivolumab

SOC: Gastrointestinal Disorders

Subgroup	Nivolumab			Placebo			Nivolumab vs. Placebo	
	N	Subjects with Event n (%)	KME (95%CI) (mon) (1)	N	Subjects with Event n (%)	KME (95%CI) (mon) (1)	HR (95%CI) P-value (2) (3)	Test for Interaction P-value (4) (5)
REGION								0.6473
US AND CANADA	97	62 (63.9)	4.11 (2.63, 6.97)	46	28 (60.9)	5.98 (1.38, N.A.)	1.101 (0.703, 1.723) 0.6706	
WESTERN EUROPE	301	142 (47.2)	14.98 (8.64, N.A.)	160	58 (36.3)	N.A.	1.427 (1.051, 1.937) 0.0216	
EASTERN EUROPE	58	20 (34.5)	N.A. (10.02, N.A.)	28	6 (21.4)	N.A.	1.942 (0.779, 4.841) 0.1474	
AUSTRALIA	68	45 (66.2)	3.48 (2.10, 7.39)	30	20 (66.7)	5.22 (3.25, 10.38)	1.139 (0.672, 1.931) 0.6228	

Apr 2023 DBL. Includes events reported from the first dose of study therapy in the blinded phase. Subjects without events are censored 100 days after last dose of study therapy in the blinded phase, or at the day before start of Nivolumab treatment in the open-label phase, whichever occurs earlier. HR = hazard ratio; KME = Kaplan-Meier estimate; N.M.E. = Not meaningful estimate; N.E. = Not estimable. (1) KME of median time to first AE. (2) Unstratified Cox proportional hazard model. HR is nivolumab over Placebo. (3) Unstratified log-rank test. (4) Unstratified Cox proportional hazard model with treatment, subgroup and treatment*subgroup interaction to assess the significance of the interaction between the treatment and the subgroup. (5) P-values <0.05 are indicated by 1 asterisk (indicates potential effect modification).

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Table 22.20.1
 Adverse Events: Subgroup Time-Adjusted Analyses
 by Significant SOC/PT on Hazard Ratio
 All Treated Subjects Censoring at Open-Label Nivolumab

SOC: Gastrointestinal Disorders. PT: Diarrhoea

Subgroup	Nivolumab			Placebo			Nivolumab vs. Placebo	
	N	Subjects with Event n (%)	KME (95%CI) (mon) (1)	N	Subjects with Event n (%)	KME (95%CI) (mon) (1)	HR (95%CI) P-value (2) (3)	Test for Interaction P-value (4) (5)
OVERALL	524	128 (24.4)	N.A.	264	44 (16.7)	N.A.	1.581 (1.122, 2.227) 0.0081	
AGE CATEGORY I < 65	305	85 (27.9)	N.A.	155	33 (21.3)	N.A.	1.369 (0.916, 2.047) 0.1235	0.2239
>= 65	219	43 (19.6)	N.A.	109	11 (10.1)	N.A.	2.177 (1.122, 4.225) 0.0184	

Apr 2023 DBL. Includes events reported from the first dose of study therapy in the blinded phase. Subjects without events are censored 100 days after last dose of study therapy in the blinded phase, or at the day before start of Nivolumab treatment in the open-label phase, whichever occurs earlier. HR = hazard ratio; KME = Kaplan-Meier estimate; N.M.E. = Not meaningful estimate; N.E. = Not estimable. (1) KME of median time to first AE. (2) Unstratified Cox proportional hazard model. HR is nivolumab over Placebo. (3) Unstratified log-rank test. (4) Unstratified Cox proportional hazard model with treatment, subgroup and treatment*subgroup interaction to assess the significance of the interaction between the treatment and the subgroup. (5) P-values <0.05 are indicated by 1 asterisk (indicates potential effect modification).

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Table 22.20.1
 Adverse Events: Subgroup Time-Adjusted Analyses
 by Significant SOC/PT on Hazard Ratio
 All Treated Subjects Censoring at Open-Label Nivolumab
 SOC: Gastrointestinal Disorders. PT: Diarrhoea

Subgroup	Nivolumab			Placebo			Nivolumab vs. Placebo	
	N	Subjects with Event n (%)	KME (95%CI) (mon) (1)	N	Subjects with Event n (%)	KME (95%CI) (mon) (1)	HR (95%CI) P-value (2) (3)	Test for Interaction P-value (4) (5)
AGE CATEGORY II								
>= 18 AND < 65	305	85 (27.9)	N.A.	155	33 (21.3)	N.A.	1.369 (0.916, 2.047) 0.1235	0.4715
>= 65 AND < 75	139	31 (22.3)	N.A.	77	9 (11.7)	N.A.	2.161 (1.028, 4.543) 0.0373	
>= 75 AND < 85	77	11 (14.3)	N.A.	30	2 (6.7)	N.A.	2.288 (0.507, 10.325) 0.2672	
SEX								
MALE	320	75 (23.4)	N.A.	161	23 (14.3)	N.A.	1.771 (1.110, 2.826) 0.0151	0.4633
FEMALE	204	53 (26.0)	N.A.	103	21 (20.4)	N.A.	1.375 (0.829, 2.280) 0.2149	

Apr 2023 DBL. Includes events reported from the first dose of study therapy in the blinded phase. Subjects without events are censored 100 days after last dose of study therapy in the blinded phase, or at the day before start of Nivolumab treatment in the open-label phase, whichever occurs earlier. HR = hazard ratio; KME = Kaplan-Meier estimate; N.M.E. = Not meaningful estimate; N.E. = Not estimable. (1) KME of median time to first AE. (2) Unstratified Cox proportional hazard model. HR is nivolumab over Placebo. (3) Unstratified log-rank test. (4) Unstratified Cox proportional hazard model with treatment, subgroup and treatment*subgroup interaction to assess the significance of the interaction between the treatment and the subgroup. (5) P-values <0.05 are indicated by 1 asterisk (indicates potential effect modification).

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Table 22.20.1
 Adverse Events: Subgroup Time-Adjusted Analyses
 by Significant SOC/PT on Hazard Ratio
 All Treated Subjects Censoring at Open-Label Nivolumab
 SOC: Gastrointestinal Disorders. PT: Diarrhoea

Subgroup	Nivolumab			Placebo			Nivolumab vs. Placebo	
	N	Subjects with Event n (%)	KME (95%CI) (mon) (1)	N	Subjects with Event n (%)	KME (95%CI) (mon) (1)	HR (95%CI) P-value (2) (3)	Test for Interaction P-value (4) (5)
DISEASE STAGE CATEGORY								0.2926
STAGE IIB	315	77 (24.4)	N.A.	162	31 (19.1)	N.A.	1.376 (0.906, 2.088)	
STAGE IIC	209	51 (24.4)	N.A.	102	13 (12.7)	N.A.	2.060 (1.120, 3.788)	
T STAGE								0.3936
T3B	203	46 (22.7)	N.A.	104	16 (15.4)	N.A.	1.604 (0.908, 2.833)	
T4A	112	31 (27.7)	N.A.	58	15 (25.9)	N.A.	1.125 (0.607, 2.084)	
T4B	209	51 (24.4)	N.A.	102	13 (12.7)	N.A.	0.7074 2.060 (1.120, 3.788)	

Apr 2023 DBL. Includes events reported from the first dose of study therapy in the blinded phase. Subjects without events are censored 100 days after last dose of study therapy in the blinded phase, or at the day before start of Nivolumab treatment in the open-label phase, whichever occurs earlier. HR = hazard ratio; KME = Kaplan-Meier estimate; N.M.E. = Not meaningful estimate; N.E. = Not estimable. (1) KME of median time to first AE. (2) Unstratified Cox proportional hazard model. HR is nivolumab over Placebo. (3) Unstratified log-rank test. (4) Unstratified Cox proportional hazard model with treatment, subgroup and treatment*subgroup interaction to assess the significance of the interaction between the treatment and the subgroup. (5) P-values <0.05 are indicated by 1 asterisk (indicates potential effect modification).

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Table 22.20.1
 Adverse Events: Subgroup Time-Adjusted Analyses
 by Significant SOC/PT on Hazard Ratio
 All Treated Subjects Censoring at Open-Label Nivolumab
 SOC: Gastrointestinal Disorders. PT: Diarrhoea

Subgroup	Nivolumab			Placebo			Nivolumab vs. Placebo	
	N	Subjects with Event n (%)	KME (95%CI) (mon) (1)	N	Subjects with Event n (%)	KME (95%CI) (mon) (1)	HR (95%CI) P-value (2) (3)	Test for Interaction P-value (4) (5)
REGION								0.9255
US AND CANADA	97	33 (34.0)	N.A.	46	13 (28.3)	N.A.	1.250 (0.657, 2.378)	
WESTERN EUROPE	301	65 (21.6)	N.A.	160	22 (13.8)	N.A.	0.4942 1.682 (1.037, 2.728)	
EASTERN EUROPE	58	7 (12.1)	N.A.	28	2 (7.1)	N.A.	0.0329 1.850 (0.384, 8.909)	
AUSTRALIA	68	23 (33.8)	N.A. (10.64, N.A.)	30	7 (23.3)	N.A.	0.4357 1.625 (0.696, 3.790)	

Apr 2023 DBL. Includes events reported from the first dose of study therapy in the blinded phase. Subjects without events are censored 100 days after last dose of study therapy in the blinded phase, or at the day before start of Nivolumab treatment in the open-label phase, whichever occurs earlier. HR = hazard ratio; KME = Kaplan-Meier estimate; N.M.E. = Not meaningful estimate; N.E. = Not estimable. (1) KME of median time to first AE. (2) Unstratified Cox proportional hazard model. HR is nivolumab over Placebo. (3) Unstratified log-rank test. (4) Unstratified Cox proportional hazard model with treatment, subgroup and treatment*subgroup interaction to assess the significance of the interaction between the treatment and the subgroup. (5) P-values <0.05 are indicated by 1 asterisk (indicates potential effect modification).

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Table 22.20.1
 Adverse Events: Subgroup Time-Adjusted Analyses
 by Significant SOC/PT on Hazard Ratio
 All Treated Subjects Censoring at Open-Label Nivolumab

SOC: General Disorders and Administration Site Conditions

Subgroup	Nivolumab			Placebo			Nivolumab vs. Placebo	
	N	Subjects with Event n (%)	KME (95%CI) (mon) (1)	N	Subjects with Event n (%)	KME (95%CI) (mon) (1)	HR (95%CI) P-value (2) (3)	Test for Interaction P-value (4) (5)
OVERALL	524	268 (51.1)	8.87 (6.67, N.A.)	264	119 (45.1)	N.A. (10.15, N.A.)	1.242 (1.000, 1.541) 0.0483	
AGE CATEGORY I < 65	305	173 (56.7)	6.47 (5.55, 9.23)	155	71 (45.8)	N.A. (8.08, N.A.)	1.355 (1.028, 1.786) 0.0296	0.2904
>= 65	219	95 (43.4)	N.A. (8.67, N.A.)	109	48 (44.0)	N.A. (9.89, N.A.)	1.076 (0.760, 1.522) 0.6837	

Apr 2023 DBL. Includes events reported from the first dose of study therapy in the blinded phase. Subjects without events are censored 100 days after last dose of study therapy in the blinded phase, or at the day before start of Nivolumab treatment in the open-label phase, whichever occurs earlier. HR = hazard ratio; KME = Kaplan-Meier estimate; N.M.E. = Not meaningful estimate; N.E. = Not estimable. (1) KME of median time to first AE. (2) Unstratified Cox proportional hazard model. HR is nivolumab over Placebo. (3) Unstratified log-rank test. (4) Unstratified Cox proportional hazard model with treatment, subgroup and treatment*subgroup interaction to assess the significance of the interaction between the treatment and the subgroup. (5) P-values <0.05 are indicated by 1 asterisk (indicates potential effect modification).

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Table 22.20.1
 Adverse Events: Subgroup Time-Adjusted Analyses
 by Significant SOC/PT on Hazard Ratio
 All Treated Subjects Censoring at Open-Label Nivolumab
 SOC: General Disorders and Administration Site Conditions

Subgroup	Nivolumab			Placebo			Nivolumab vs. Placebo	
	N	Subjects with Event n (%)	KME (95%CI) (mon) (1)	N	Subjects with Event n (%)	KME (95%CI) (mon) (1)	HR (95%CI) P-value (2) (3)	Test for Interaction P-value (4) (5)
AGE CATEGORY II								
>= 18 AND < 65	305	173 (56.7)	6.47 (5.55, 9.23)	155	71 (45.8)	N.A. (8.08, N.A.)	1.355 (1.028, 1.786) 0.0296	0.4186
>= 65 AND < 75	139	60 (43.2)	N.A. (7.52, N.A.)	77	33 (42.9)	N.A. (10.02, N.A.)	1.165 (0.761, 1.782) 0.4832	
>= 75 AND < 85	77	34 (44.2)	N.A. (5.91, N.A.)	30	14 (46.7)	N.A. (2.50, N.A.)	0.872 (0.468, 1.626) 0.6654	
SEX								
MALE	320	157 (49.1)	10.78 (6.47, N.A.)	161	69 (42.9)	N.A. (10.81, N.A.)	1.280 (0.964, 1.699) 0.0873	0.7000
FEMALE	204	111 (54.4)	7.39 (5.59, 11.63)	103	50 (48.5)	10.71 (5.49, N.A.)	1.186 (0.849, 1.656) 0.3080	

Apr 2023 DBL. Includes events reported from the first dose of study therapy in the blinded phase. Subjects without events are censored 100 days after last dose of study therapy in the blinded phase, or at the day before start of Nivolumab treatment in the open-label phase, whichever occurs earlier. HR = hazard ratio; KME = Kaplan-Meier estimate; N.M.E. = Not meaningful estimate; N.E. = Not estimable. (1) KME of median time to first AE. (2) Unstratified Cox proportional hazard model. HR is nivolumab over Placebo. (3) Unstratified log-rank test. (4) Unstratified Cox proportional hazard model with treatment, subgroup and treatment*subgroup interaction to assess the significance of the interaction between the treatment and the subgroup. (5) P-values <0.05 are indicated by 1 asterisk (indicates potential effect modification).

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Table 22.20.1
 Adverse Events: Subgroup Time-Adjusted Analyses
 by Significant SOC/PT on Hazard Ratio
 All Treated Subjects Censoring at Open-Label Nivolumab
 SOC: General Disorders and Administration Site Conditions

Subgroup	Nivolumab			Placebo			Nivolumab vs. Placebo	
	N	Subjects with Event n (%)	KME (95%CI) (mon) (1)	N	Subjects with Event n (%)	KME (95%CI) (mon) (1)	HR (95%CI) P-value (2) (3)	Test for Interaction P-value (4) (5)
DISEASE STAGE CATEGORY								0.9356
STAGE IIB	315	167 (53.0)	7.39 (5.59, N.A.)	162	76 (46.9)	N.A. (7.85, N.A.)	1.248 (0.952, 1.637)	
STAGE IIC	209	101 (48.3)	10.78 (7.06, N.A.)	102	43 (42.2)	N.A. (9.89, N.A.)	1.224 (0.857, 1.750)	
T STAGE								0.5851
T3B	203	108 (53.2)	6.97 (5.09, N.A.)	104	46 (44.2)	N.A. (8.31, N.A.)	1.393 (0.986, 1.969)	
T4A	112	59 (52.7)	8.84 (4.70, N.A.)	58	30 (51.7)	11.96 (2.79, N.A.)	1.041 (0.671, 1.616)	
T4B	209	101 (48.3)	10.78 (7.06, N.A.)	102	43 (42.2)	N.A. (9.89, N.A.)	1.224 (0.857, 1.750)	

Apr 2023 DBL. Includes events reported from the first dose of study therapy in the blinded phase. Subjects without events are censored 100 days after last dose of study therapy in the blinded phase, or at the day before start of Nivolumab treatment in the open-label phase, whichever occurs earlier. HR = hazard ratio; KME = Kaplan-Meier estimate; N.M.E. = Not meaningful estimate; N.E. = Not estimable. (1) KME of median time to first AE. (2) Unstratified Cox proportional hazard model. HR is nivolumab over Placebo. (3) Unstratified log-rank test. (4) Unstratified Cox proportional hazard model with treatment, subgroup and treatment*subgroup interaction to assess the significance of the interaction between the treatment and the subgroup. (5) P-values <0.05 are indicated by 1 asterisk (indicates potential effect modification).

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Table 22.20.1
 Adverse Events: Subgroup Time-Adjusted Analyses
 by Significant SOC/PT on Hazard Ratio
 All Treated Subjects Censoring at Open-Label Nivolumab
 SOC: General Disorders and Administration Site Conditions

Subgroup	Nivolumab			Placebo			Nivolumab vs. Placebo	
	N	Subjects with Event n (%)	KME (95%CI) (mon) (1)	N	Subjects with Event n (%)	KME (95%CI) (mon) (1)	HR (95%CI) P-value (2) (3)	Test for Interaction P-value (4) (5)
REGION								0.0557
US AND CANADA	97	60 (61.9)	5.55 (2.63, 7.69)	46	33 (71.7)	2.79 (1.87, 6.70)	0.846 (0.553, 1.295)	
WESTERN EUROPE	301	157 (52.2)	8.87 (6.70, N.A.)	160	67 (41.9)	N.A. (10.02, N.A.)	1.399 (1.051, 1.862)	
EASTERN EUROPE	58	16 (27.6)	N.A.	28	2 (7.1)	N.A.	4.635 (1.065, 20.178)	
AUSTRALIA	68	35 (51.5)	6.24 (2.66, N.A.)	30	17 (56.7)	4.96 (1.87, N.A.)	0.885 (0.495, 1.579)	

Apr 2023 DBL. Includes events reported from the first dose of study therapy in the blinded phase. Subjects without events are censored 100 days after last dose of study therapy in the blinded phase, or at the day before start of Nivolumab treatment in the open-label phase, whichever occurs earlier. HR = hazard ratio; KME = Kaplan-Meier estimate; N.M.E. = Not meaningful estimate; N.E. = Not estimable. (1) KME of median time to first AE. (2) Unstratified Cox proportional hazard model. HR is nivolumab over Placebo. (3) Unstratified log-rank test. (4) Unstratified Cox proportional hazard model with treatment, subgroup and treatment*subgroup interaction to assess the significance of the interaction between the treatment and the subgroup. (5) P-values <0.05 are indicated by 1 asterisk (indicates potential effect modification).

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Table 22.20.1
 Adverse Events: Subgroup Time-Adjusted Analyses
 by Significant SOC/PT on Hazard Ratio
 All Treated Subjects Censoring at Open-Label Nivolumab

SOC: General Disorders and Administration Site Conditions. PT: Influenza Like Illness

Subgroup	Nivolumab			Placebo			Nivolumab vs. Placebo	
	N	Subjects with Event n (%)	KME (95%CI) (mon) (1)	N	Subjects with Event n (%)	KME (95%CI) (mon) (1)	HR (95%CI) P-value (2) (3)	Test for Interaction P-value (4) (5)
OVERALL	524	21 (4.0)	N.A.	264	4 (1.5)	N.A.	2.822 (0.968, 8.223) 0.0469	
AGE CATEGORY I < 65	305	17 (5.6)	N.A.	155	2 (1.3)	N.A.	4.638 (1.071, 20.078) 0.0239	0.1986
>= 65	219	4 (1.8)	N.A.	109	2 (1.8)	N.A.	1.050 (0.192, 5.734) 0.9551	

Apr 2023 DBL. Includes events reported from the first dose of study therapy in the blinded phase. Subjects without events are censored 100 days after last dose of study therapy in the blinded phase, or at the day before start of Nivolumab treatment in the open-label phase, whichever occurs earlier. HR = hazard ratio; KME = Kaplan-Meier estimate; N.M.E. = Not meaningful estimate; N.E. = Not estimable. (1) KME of median time to first AE. (2) Unstratified Cox proportional hazard model. HR is nivolumab over Placebo. (3) Unstratified log-rank test. (4) Unstratified Cox proportional hazard model with treatment, subgroup and treatment*subgroup interaction to assess the significance of the interaction between the treatment and the subgroup. (5) P-values <0.05 are indicated by 1 asterisk (indicates potential effect modification).

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Table 22.20.1
 Adverse Events: Subgroup Time-Adjusted Analyses
 by Significant SOC/PT on Hazard Ratio
 All Treated Subjects Censoring at Open-Label Nivolumab

SOC: General Disorders and Administration Site Conditions. PT: Influenza Like Illness

Subgroup	Nivolumab			Placebo			Nivolumab vs. Placebo	
	N	Subjects with Event n (%)	KME (95%CI) (mon) (1)	N	Subjects with Event n (%)	KME (95%CI) (mon) (1)	HR (95%CI) P-value (2) (3)	Test for Interaction P-value (4) (5)
AGE CATEGORY II								
>= 18 AND < 65	305	17 (5.6)	N.A.	155	2 (1.3)	N.A.	4.638 (1.071, 20.078) 0.0239	0.2958
>= 65 AND < 75	139	3 (2.2)	N.A.	77	1 (1.3)	N.A.	1.724 (0.179, 16.578) 0.6331	
>= 75 AND < 85	77	1 (1.3)	N.A.	30	1 (3.3)	N.A.	0.410 (0.026, 6.561) 0.5145	
SEX								
MALE	320	13 (4.1)	N.A.	161	2 (1.2)	N.A.	3.488 (0.787, 15.460) 0.0794	0.6557
FEMALE	204	8 (3.9)	N.A.	103	2 (1.9)	N.A.	2.147 (0.456, 10.112) 0.3224	

Apr 2023 DBL. Includes events reported from the first dose of study therapy in the blinded phase. Subjects without events are censored 100 days after last dose of study therapy in the blinded phase, or at the day before start of Nivolumab treatment in the open-label phase, whichever occurs earlier. HR = hazard ratio; KME = Kaplan-Meier estimate; N.M.E. = Not meaningful estimate; N.E. = Not estimable. (1) KME of median time to first AE. (2) Unstratified Cox proportional hazard model. HR is nivolumab over Placebo. (3) Unstratified log-rank test. (4) Unstratified Cox proportional hazard model with treatment, subgroup and treatment*subgroup interaction to assess the significance of the interaction between the treatment and the subgroup. (5) P-values <0.05 are indicated by 1 asterisk (indicates potential effect modification).

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Table 22.20.1
 Adverse Events: Subgroup Time-Adjusted Analyses
 by Significant SOC/PT on Hazard Ratio
 All Treated Subjects Censoring at Open-Label Nivolumab

SOC: General Disorders and Administration Site Conditions. PT: Influenza Like Illness

Subgroup	Nivolumab			Placebo			Nivolumab vs. Placebo	
	N	Subjects with Event n (%)	KME (95%CI) (mon) (1)	N	Subjects with Event n (%)	KME (95%CI) (mon) (1)	HR (95%CI) P-value (2) (3)	Test for Interaction P-value (4) (5)
DISEASE STAGE CATEGORY								0.4621
STAGE IIB	315	14 (4.4)	N.A.	162	2 (1.2)	N.A.	3.988 (0.906, 17.551) 0.0477	
STAGE IIC	209	7 (3.3)	N.A.	102	2 (2.0)	N.A.	1.705 (0.354, 8.208) 0.5008	
T STAGE								0.7200
T3B	203	9 (4.4)	N.A.	104	1 (1.0)	N.A.	5.141 (0.651, 40.597) 0.0833	
T4A	112	5 (4.5)	N.A.	58	1 (1.7)	N.A.	2.843 (0.332, 24.358) 0.3187	
T4B	209	7 (3.3)	N.A.	102	2 (2.0)	N.A.	1.705 (0.354, 8.208) 0.5008	

Apr 2023 DBL. Includes events reported from the first dose of study therapy in the blinded phase. Subjects without events are censored 100 days after last dose of study therapy in the blinded phase, or at the day before start of Nivolumab treatment in the open-label phase, whichever occurs earlier. HR = hazard ratio; KME = Kaplan-Meier estimate; N.M.E. = Not meaningful estimate; N.E. = Not estimable. (1) KME of median time to first AE. (2) Unstratified Cox proportional hazard model. HR is nivolumab over Placebo. (3) Unstratified log-rank test. (4) Unstratified Cox proportional hazard model with treatment, subgroup and treatment*subgroup interaction to assess the significance of the interaction between the treatment and the subgroup. (5) P-values <0.05 are indicated by 1 asterisk (indicates potential effect modification).

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Table 22.20.1
 Adverse Events: Subgroup Time-Adjusted Analyses
 by Significant SOC/PT on Hazard Ratio
 All Treated Subjects Censoring at Open-Label Nivolumab

SOC: General Disorders and Administration Site Conditions. PT: Influenza Like Illness

Subgroup	Nivolumab			Placebo			Nivolumab vs. Placebo	
	N	Subjects with Event n (%)	KME (95%CI) (mon) (1)	N	Subjects with Event n (%)	KME (95%CI) (mon) (1)	HR (95%CI) P-value (2) (3)	Test for Interaction P-value (4) (5)
REGION								0.9889
US AND CANADA	97	7 (7.2)	N.A.	46	1 (2.2)	N.A.	3.806 (0.468, 30.960)	
WESTERN EUROPE	301	13 (4.3)	N.A.	160	3 (1.9)	N.A.	0.1787 2.389 (0.681, 8.385)	
EASTERN EUROPE	58	0	N.E.	28	0	N.E.	0.1607 N.E.	
AUSTRALIA	68	1 (1.5)	N.A.	30	0	N.E.	N.E. 0.5034	

Apr 2023 DBL. Includes events reported from the first dose of study therapy in the blinded phase. Subjects without events are censored 100 days after last dose of study therapy in the blinded phase, or at the day before start of Nivolumab treatment in the open-label phase, whichever occurs earlier. HR = hazard ratio; KME = Kaplan-Meier estimate; N.M.E. = Not meaningful estimate; N.E. = Not estimable. (1) KME of median time to first AE. (2) Unstratified Cox proportional hazard model. HR is nivolumab over Placebo. (3) Unstratified log-rank test. (4) Unstratified Cox proportional hazard model with treatment, subgroup and treatment*subgroup interaction to assess the significance of the interaction between the treatment and the subgroup. (5) P-values <0.05 are indicated by 1 asterisk (indicates potential effect modification).

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Table 22.20.1
 Adverse Events: Subgroup Time-Adjusted Analyses
 by Significant SOC/PT on Hazard Ratio
 All Treated Subjects Censoring at Open-Label Nivolumab
 SOC: Musculoskeletal and Connective Tissue Disorders

Subgroup	Nivolumab			Placebo			Nivolumab vs. Placebo	
	N	Subjects with Event n (%)	KME (95%CI) (mon) (1)	N	Subjects with Event n (%)	KME (95%CI) (mon) (1)	HR (95%CI) P-value (2) (3)	Test for Interaction P-value (4) (5)
OVERALL	524	203 (38.7)	N.A.	264	85 (32.2)	N.A.	1.338 (1.038, 1.724) 0.0236	
AGE CATEGORY I < 65	305	127 (41.6)	N.A.	155	56 (36.1)	N.A.	1.289 (0.941, 1.766) 0.1115	0.6603
>= 65	219	76 (34.7)	N.A.	109	29 (26.6)	N.A.	1.437 (0.937, 2.205) 0.0947	

Apr 2023 DBL. Includes events reported from the first dose of study therapy in the blinded phase. Subjects without events are censored 100 days after last dose of study therapy in the blinded phase, or at the day before start of Nivolumab treatment in the open-label phase, whichever occurs earlier. HR = hazard ratio; KME = Kaplan-Meier estimate; N.M.E. = Not meaningful estimate; N.E. = Not estimable. (1) KME of median time to first AE. (2) Unstratified Cox proportional hazard model. HR is nivolumab over Placebo. (3) Unstratified log-rank test. (4) Unstratified Cox proportional hazard model with treatment, subgroup and treatment*subgroup interaction to assess the significance of the interaction between the treatment and the subgroup. (5) P-values <0.05 are indicated by 1 asterisk (indicates potential effect modification).

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Table 22.20.1
 Adverse Events: Subgroup Time-Adjusted Analyses
 by Significant SOC/PT on Hazard Ratio
 All Treated Subjects Censoring at Open-Label Nivolumab
 SOC: Musculoskeletal and Connective Tissue Disorders

Subgroup	Nivolumab			Placebo			Nivolumab vs. Placebo	
	N	Subjects with Event n (%)	KME (95%CI) (mon) (1)	N	Subjects with Event n (%)	KME (95%CI) (mon) (1)	HR (95%CI) P-value (2) (3)	Test for Interaction P-value (4) (5)
AGE CATEGORY II								
>= 18 AND < 65	305	127 (41.6)	N.A.	155	56 (36.1)	N.A.	1.289 (0.941, 1.766)	0.7050
>= 65 AND < 75	139	49 (35.3)	N.A.	77	22 (28.6)	N.A.	0.1115 1.393 (0.842, 2.305)	
>= 75 AND < 85	77	27 (35.1)	N.A. (13.04, N.A.)	30	6 (20.0)	N.A.	0.1945 1.879 (0.776, 4.553)	
SEX								
MALE	320	114 (35.6)	N.A.	161	50 (31.1)	N.A.	1.240 (0.889, 1.729)	0.4504
FEMALE	204	89 (43.6)	N.A. (9.23, N.A.)	103	35 (34.0)	N.A.	0.2035 1.492 (1.009, 2.206)	

Apr 2023 DBL. Includes events reported from the first dose of study therapy in the blinded phase. Subjects without events are censored 100 days after last dose of study therapy in the blinded phase, or at the day before start of Nivolumab treatment in the open-label phase, whichever occurs earlier. HR = hazard ratio; KME = Kaplan-Meier estimate; N.M.E. = Not meaningful estimate; N.E. = Not estimable. (1) KME of median time to first AE. (2) Unstratified Cox proportional hazard model. HR is nivolumab over Placebo. (3) Unstratified log-rank test. (4) Unstratified Cox proportional hazard model with treatment, subgroup and treatment*subgroup interaction to assess the significance of the interaction between the treatment and the subgroup. (5) P-values <0.05 are indicated by 1 asterisk (indicates potential effect modification).

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Table 22.20.1
 Adverse Events: Subgroup Time-Adjusted Analyses
 by Significant SOC/PT on Hazard Ratio
 All Treated Subjects Censoring at Open-Label Nivolumab
 SOC: Musculoskeletal and Connective Tissue Disorders

Subgroup	Nivolumab			Placebo			Nivolumab vs. Placebo	
	N	Subjects with Event n (%)	KME (95%CI) (mon) (1)	N	Subjects with Event n (%)	KME (95%CI) (mon) (1)	HR (95%CI) P-value (2) (3)	Test for Interaction P-value (4) (5)
DISEASE STAGE CATEGORY								0.5396
STAGE IIB	315	126 (40.0)	N.A.	162	58 (35.8)	N.A.	1.267 (0.928, 1.729) 0.1348	
STAGE IIC	209	77 (36.8)	N.A.	102	27 (26.5)	N.A.	1.501 (0.968, 2.328) 0.0674	
T STAGE								0.4387
T3B	203	81 (39.9)	N.A.	104	33 (31.7)	N.A.	1.456 (0.971, 2.182) 0.0669	
T4A	112	45 (40.2)	N.A. (9.23, N.A.)	58	25 (43.1)	N.A. (8.34, N.A.)	1.018 (0.624, 1.660) 0.9447	
T4B	209	77 (36.8)	N.A.	102	27 (26.5)	N.A.	1.501 (0.968, 2.328) 0.0674	

Apr 2023 DBL. Includes events reported from the first dose of study therapy in the blinded phase. Subjects without events are censored 100 days after last dose of study therapy in the blinded phase, or at the day before start of Nivolumab treatment in the open-label phase, whichever occurs earlier. HR = hazard ratio; KME = Kaplan-Meier estimate; N.M.E. = Not meaningful estimate; N.E. = Not estimable. (1) KME of median time to first AE. (2) Unstratified Cox proportional hazard model. HR is nivolumab over Placebo. (3) Unstratified log-rank test. (4) Unstratified Cox proportional hazard model with treatment, subgroup and treatment*subgroup interaction to assess the significance of the interaction between the treatment and the subgroup. (5) P-values <0.05 are indicated by 1 asterisk (indicates potential effect modification).

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Table 22.20.1
 Adverse Events: Subgroup Time-Adjusted Analyses
 by Significant SOC/PT on Hazard Ratio
 All Treated Subjects Censoring at Open-Label Nivolumab
 SOC: Musculoskeletal and Connective Tissue Disorders

Subgroup	Nivolumab			Placebo			Nivolumab vs. Placebo	
	N	Subjects with Event n (%)	KME (95%CI) (mon) (1)	N	Subjects with Event n (%)	KME (95%CI) (mon) (1)	HR (95%CI) P-value (2) (3)	Test for Interaction P-value (4) (5)
REGION								0.2977
US AND CANADA	97	31 (32.0)	N.A.	46	20 (43.5)	N.A. (9.17, N.A.)	0.810 (0.461, 1.421)	
WESTERN EUROPE	301	125 (41.5)	N.A. (14.16, N.A.)	160	47 (29.4)	N.A.	0.4609 1.540 (1.101, 2.154)	
EASTERN EUROPE	58	13 (22.4)	N.A.	28	5 (17.9)	N.A.	0.0109 1.426 (0.508, 4.000)	
AUSTRALIA	68	34 (50.0)	6.51 (4.07, N.A.)	30	13 (43.3)	N.A. (5.32, N.A.)	0.4972 1.397 (0.736, 2.651)	

Apr 2023 DBL. Includes events reported from the first dose of study therapy in the blinded phase. Subjects without events are censored 100 days after last dose of study therapy in the blinded phase, or at the day before start of Nivolumab treatment in the open-label phase, whichever occurs earlier. HR = hazard ratio; KME = Kaplan-Meier estimate; N.M.E. = Not meaningful estimate; N.E. = Not estimable. (1) KME of median time to first AE. (2) Unstratified Cox proportional hazard model. HR is nivolumab over Placebo. (3) Unstratified log-rank test. (4) Unstratified Cox proportional hazard model with treatment, subgroup and treatment*subgroup interaction to assess the significance of the interaction between the treatment and the subgroup. (5) P-values <0.05 are indicated by 1 asterisk (indicates potential effect modification).

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Table 22.20.1
 Adverse Events: Subgroup Time-Adjusted Analyses
 by Significant SOC/PT on Hazard Ratio
 All Treated Subjects Censoring at Open-Label Nivolumab

SOC: Musculoskeletal and Connective Tissue Disorders. PT: Arthralgia

Subgroup	Nivolumab			Placebo			Nivolumab vs. Placebo	
	N	Subjects with Event n (%)	KME (95%CI) (mon) (1)	N	Subjects with Event n (%)	KME (95%CI) (mon) (1)	HR (95%CI) P-value (2) (3)	Test for Interaction P-value (4) (5)
OVERALL	524	89 (17.0)	N.A.	264	32 (12.1)	N.A.	1.524 (1.017, 2.283) 0.0394	
AGE CATEGORY I < 65	305	58 (19.0)	N.A.	155	22 (14.2)	N.A.	1.452 (0.889, 2.373) 0.1335	0.7141
>= 65	219	31 (14.2)	N.A.	109	10 (9.2)	N.A.	1.673 (0.820, 3.412) 0.1517	

Apr 2023 DBL. Includes events reported from the first dose of study therapy in the blinded phase. Subjects without events are censored 100 days after last dose of study therapy in the blinded phase, or at the day before start of Nivolumab treatment in the open-label phase, whichever occurs earlier. HR = hazard ratio; KME = Kaplan-Meier estimate; N.M.E. = Not meaningful estimate; N.E. = Not estimable. (1) KME of median time to first AE. (2) Unstratified Cox proportional hazard model. HR is nivolumab over Placebo. (3) Unstratified log-rank test. (4) Unstratified Cox proportional hazard model with treatment, subgroup and treatment*subgroup interaction to assess the significance of the interaction between the treatment and the subgroup. (5) P-values <0.05 are indicated by 1 asterisk (indicates potential effect modification).

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Table 22.20.1
 Adverse Events: Subgroup Time-Adjusted Analyses
 by Significant SOC/PT on Hazard Ratio
 All Treated Subjects Censoring at Open-Label Nivolumab

SOC: Musculoskeletal and Connective Tissue Disorders. PT: Arthralgia

Subgroup	Nivolumab			Placebo			Nivolumab vs. Placebo	
	N	Subjects with Event n (%)	KME (95%CI) (mon) (1)	N	Subjects with Event n (%)	KME (95%CI) (mon) (1)	HR (95%CI) P-value (2) (3)	Test for Interaction P-value (4) (5)
AGE CATEGORY II								0.8871
>= 18 AND < 65	305	58 (19.0)	N.A.	155	22 (14.2)	N.A.	1.452 (0.889, 2.373) 0.1335	
>= 65 AND < 75	139	21 (15.1)	N.A.	77	7 (9.1)	N.A.	1.811 (0.769, 4.261) 0.1669	
>= 75 AND < 85	77	10 (13.0)	N.A.	30	3 (10.0)	N.A.	1.386 (0.381, 5.037) 0.6177	
SEX								0.3744
MALE	320	50 (15.6)	N.A.	161	15 (9.3)	N.A.	1.835 (1.030, 3.268) 0.0364	
FEMALE	204	39 (19.1)	N.A.	103	17 (16.5)	N.A.	1.252 (0.708, 2.213) 0.4375	

Apr 2023 DBL. Includes events reported from the first dose of study therapy in the blinded phase. Subjects without events are censored 100 days after last dose of study therapy in the blinded phase, or at the day before start of Nivolumab treatment in the open-label phase, whichever occurs earlier. HR = hazard ratio; KME = Kaplan-Meier estimate; N.M.E. = Not meaningful estimate; N.E. = Not estimable. (1) KME of median time to first AE. (2) Unstratified Cox proportional hazard model. HR is nivolumab over Placebo. (3) Unstratified log-rank test. (4) Unstratified Cox proportional hazard model with treatment, subgroup and treatment*subgroup interaction to assess the significance of the interaction between the treatment and the subgroup. (5) P-values <0.05 are indicated by 1 asterisk (indicates potential effect modification).

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Table 22.20.1
 Adverse Events: Subgroup Time-Adjusted Analyses
 by Significant SOC/PT on Hazard Ratio
 All Treated Subjects Censoring at Open-Label Nivolumab

SOC: Musculoskeletal and Connective Tissue Disorders. PT: Arthralgia

Subgroup	Nivolumab			Placebo			Nivolumab vs. Placebo	
	N	Subjects with Event n (%)	KME (95%CI) (mon) (1)	N	Subjects with Event n (%)	KME (95%CI) (mon) (1)	HR (95%CI) P-value (2) (3)	Test for Interaction P-value (4) (5)
DISEASE STAGE CATEGORY								0.2533
STAGE IIB	315	58 (18.4)	N.A.	162	25 (15.4)	N.A.	1.317 (0.824, 2.106) 0.2478	
STAGE IIC	209	31 (14.8)	N.A.	102	7 (6.9)	N.A.	2.299 (1.012, 5.221) 0.0408	
T STAGE								0.1433
T3B	203	40 (19.7)	N.A.	104	13 (12.5)	N.A.	1.780 (0.952, 3.328) 0.0671	
T4A	112	18 (16.1)	N.A.	58	12 (20.7)	N.A.	0.827 (0.398, 1.718) 0.6107	
T4B	209	31 (14.8)	N.A.	102	7 (6.9)	N.A.	2.299 (1.012, 5.221) 0.0408	

Apr 2023 DBL. Includes events reported from the first dose of study therapy in the blinded phase. Subjects without events are censored 100 days after last dose of study therapy in the blinded phase, or at the day before start of Nivolumab treatment in the open-label phase, whichever occurs earlier. HR = hazard ratio; KME = Kaplan-Meier estimate; N.M.E. = Not meaningful estimate; N.E. = Not estimable. (1) KME of median time to first AE. (2) Unstratified Cox proportional hazard model. HR is nivolumab over Placebo. (3) Unstratified log-rank test. (4) Unstratified Cox proportional hazard model with treatment, subgroup and treatment*subgroup interaction to assess the significance of the interaction between the treatment and the subgroup. (5) P-values <0.05 are indicated by 1 asterisk (indicates potential effect modification).

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Table 22.20.1
 Adverse Events: Subgroup Time-Adjusted Analyses
 by Significant SOC/PT on Hazard Ratio
 All Treated Subjects Censoring at Open-Label Nivolumab

SOC: Musculoskeletal and Connective Tissue Disorders. PT: Arthralgia

Subgroup	Nivolumab			Placebo			Nivolumab vs. Placebo	
	N	Subjects with Event n (%)	KME (95%CI) (mon) (1)	N	Subjects with Event n (%)	KME (95%CI) (mon) (1)	HR (95%CI) P-value (2) (3)	Test for Interaction P-value (4) (5)
REGION								0.2354
US AND CANADA	97	17 (17.5)	N.A.	46	5 (10.9)	N.A.	1.854 (0.683, 5.033) 0.2186	
WESTERN EUROPE	301	48 (15.9)	N.A.	160	13 (8.1)	N.A.	2.085 (1.129, 3.848) 0.0162	
EASTERN EUROPE	58	6 (10.3)	N.A.	28	3 (10.7)	N.A.	1.035 (0.259, 4.138) 0.9601	
AUSTRALIA	68	18 (26.5)	N.A.	30	11 (36.7)	N.A. (8.77, N.A.)	0.789 (0.373, 1.672) 0.5383	

Apr 2023 DBL. Includes events reported from the first dose of study therapy in the blinded phase. Subjects without events are censored 100 days after last dose of study therapy in the blinded phase, or at the day before start of Nivolumab treatment in the open-label phase, whichever occurs earlier. HR = hazard ratio; KME = Kaplan-Meier estimate; N.M.E. = Not meaningful estimate; N.E. = Not estimable. (1) KME of median time to first AE. (2) Unstratified Cox proportional hazard model. HR is nivolumab over Placebo. (3) Unstratified log-rank test. (4) Unstratified Cox proportional hazard model with treatment, subgroup and treatment*subgroup interaction to assess the significance of the interaction between the treatment and the subgroup. (5) P-values <0.05 are indicated by 1 asterisk (indicates potential effect modification).

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Table 22.20.1
 Adverse Events: Subgroup Time-Adjusted Analyses
 by Significant SOC/PT on Hazard Ratio
 All Treated Subjects Censoring at Open-Label Nivolumab

SOC: Musculoskeletal and Connective Tissue Disorders. PT: Arthritis

Subgroup	Nivolumab			Placebo			Nivolumab vs. Placebo	
	N	Subjects with Event n (%)	KME (95%CI) (mon) (1)	N	Subjects with Event n (%)	KME (95%CI) (mon) (1)	HR (95%CI) P-value (2) (3)	Test for Interaction P-value (4) (5)
OVERALL	524	13 (2.5)	N.A.	264	1 (0.4)	N.A.	7.066 (0.924, 54.024) 0.0279	
AGE CATEGORY I								N.M.E.
< 65	305	8 (2.6)	N.M.E.	155	0	N.M.E.	N.M.E.	
>= 65	219	5 (2.3)	N.M.E.	109	1 (0.9)	N.M.E.	N.M.E.	

Apr 2023 DBL. Includes events reported from the first dose of study therapy in the blinded phase. Subjects without events are censored 100 days after last dose of study therapy in the blinded phase, or at the day before start of Nivolumab treatment in the open-label phase, whichever occurs earlier. HR = hazard ratio; KME = Kaplan-Meier estimate; N.M.E. = Not meaningful estimate; N.E. = Not estimable. (1) KME of median time to first AE. (2) Unstratified Cox proportional hazard model. HR is nivolumab over Placebo. (3) Unstratified log-rank test. (4) Unstratified Cox proportional hazard model with treatment, subgroup and treatment*subgroup interaction to assess the significance of the interaction between the treatment and the subgroup. (5) P-values <0.05 are indicated by 1 asterisk (indicates potential effect modification).

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Table 22.20.1
 Adverse Events: Subgroup Time-Adjusted Analyses
 by Significant SOC/PT on Hazard Ratio
 All Treated Subjects Censoring at Open-Label Nivolumab

SOC: Musculoskeletal and Connective Tissue Disorders. PT: Arthritis

Subgroup	Nivolumab			Placebo			Nivolumab vs. Placebo	
	N	Subjects with Event n (%)	KME (95%CI) (mon) (1)	N	Subjects with Event n (%)	KME (95%CI) (mon) (1)	HR (95%CI) P-value (2) (3)	Test for Interaction P-value (4) (5)
AGE CATEGORY II								N.M.E.
>= 18 AND < 65	305	8 (2.6)	N.M.E.	155	0	N.M.E.	N.M.E.	
>= 65 AND < 75	139	3 (2.2)	N.M.E.	77	0	N.M.E.	N.M.E.	
>= 75 AND < 85	77	2 (2.6)	N.M.E.	30	0	N.M.E.	N.M.E.	
SEX								N.M.E.
MALE	320	5 (1.6)	N.M.E.	161	1 (0.6)	N.M.E.	N.M.E.	
FEMALE	204	8 (3.9)	N.M.E.	103	0	N.M.E.	N.M.E.	

Apr 2023 DBL. Includes events reported from the first dose of study therapy in the blinded phase. Subjects without events are censored 100 days after last dose of study therapy in the blinded phase, or at the day before start of Nivolumab treatment in the open-label phase, whichever occurs earlier. HR = hazard ratio; KME = Kaplan-Meier estimate; N.M.E. = Not meaningful estimate; N.E. = Not estimable. (1) KME of median time to first AE. (2) Unstratified Cox proportional hazard model. HR is nivolumab over Placebo. (3) Unstratified log-rank test. (4) Unstratified Cox proportional hazard model with treatment, subgroup and treatment*subgroup interaction to assess the significance of the interaction between the treatment and the subgroup. (5) P-values <0.05 are indicated by 1 asterisk (indicates potential effect modification).

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Table 22.20.1
 Adverse Events: Subgroup Time-Adjusted Analyses
 by Significant SOC/PT on Hazard Ratio
 All Treated Subjects Censoring at Open-Label Nivolumab

SOC: Musculoskeletal and Connective Tissue Disorders. PT: Arthritis

Subgroup	Nivolumab			Placebo			Nivolumab vs. Placebo	
	N	Subjects with Event n (%)	KME (95%CI) (mon) (1)	N	Subjects with Event n (%)	KME (95%CI) (mon) (1)	HR (95%CI) P-value (2) (3)	Test for Interaction P-value (4) (5)
DISEASE STAGE CATEGORY								N.M.E.
STAGE IIB	315	8 (2.5)	N.M.E.	162	0	N.M.E.	N.M.E.	
STAGE IIC	209	5 (2.4)	N.M.E.	102	1 (1.0)	N.M.E.	N.M.E.	
T STAGE								N.M.E.
T3B	203	6 (3.0)	N.M.E.	104	0	N.M.E.	N.M.E.	
T4A	112	2 (1.8)	N.M.E.	58	0	N.M.E.	N.M.E.	
T4B	209	5 (2.4)	N.M.E.	102	1 (1.0)	N.M.E.	N.M.E.	

Apr 2023 DBL. Includes events reported from the first dose of study therapy in the blinded phase. Subjects without events are censored 100 days after last dose of study therapy in the blinded phase, or at the day before start of Nivolumab treatment in the open-label phase, whichever occurs earlier. HR = hazard ratio; KME = Kaplan-Meier estimate; N.M.E. = Not meaningful estimate; N.E. = Not estimable. (1) KME of median time to first AE. (2) Unstratified Cox proportional hazard model. HR is nivolumab over Placebo. (3) Unstratified log-rank test. (4) Unstratified Cox proportional hazard model with treatment, subgroup and treatment*subgroup interaction to assess the significance of the interaction between the treatment and the subgroup. (5) P-values <0.05 are indicated by 1 asterisk (indicates potential effect modification).

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Table 22.20.1
 Adverse Events: Subgroup Time-Adjusted Analyses
 by Significant SOC/PT on Hazard Ratio
 All Treated Subjects Censoring at Open-Label Nivolumab

SOC: Musculoskeletal and Connective Tissue Disorders. PT: Arthritis

Subgroup	Nivolumab			Placebo			Nivolumab vs. Placebo	
	N	Subjects with Event n (%)	KME (95%CI) (mon) (1)	N	Subjects with Event n (%)	KME (95%CI) (mon) (1)	HR (95%CI) P-value (2) (3)	Test for Interaction P-value (4) (5)
REGION								N.M.E.
US AND CANADA	97	2 (2.1)	N.M.E.	46	1 (2.2)	N.M.E.	N.M.E.	
WESTERN EUROPE	301	7 (2.3)	N.M.E.	160	0	N.M.E.	N.M.E.	
EASTERN EUROPE	58	2 (3.4)	N.M.E.	28	0	N.M.E.	N.M.E.	
AUSTRALIA	68	2 (2.9)	N.M.E.	30	0	N.M.E.	N.M.E.	

Apr 2023 DBL. Includes events reported from the first dose of study therapy in the blinded phase. Subjects without events are censored 100 days after last dose of study therapy in the blinded phase, or at the day before start of Nivolumab treatment in the open-label phase, whichever occurs earlier. HR = hazard ratio; KME = Kaplan-Meier estimate; N.M.E. = Not meaningful estimate; N.E. = Not estimable. (1) KME of median time to first AE. (2) Unstratified Cox proportional hazard model. HR is nivolumab over Placebo. (3) Unstratified log-rank test. (4) Unstratified Cox proportional hazard model with treatment, subgroup and treatment*subgroup interaction to assess the significance of the interaction between the treatment and the subgroup. (5) P-values <0.05 are indicated by 1 asterisk (indicates potential effect modification).

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Table 22.20.1
 Adverse Events: Subgroup Time-Adjusted Analyses
 by Significant SOC/PT on Hazard Ratio
 All Treated Subjects Censoring at Open-Label Nivolumab

SOC: Investigations. PT: Aspartate Aminotransferase Increased

Subgroup	Nivolumab			Placebo			Nivolumab vs. Placebo	
	N	Subjects with Event n (%)	KME (95%CI) (mon) (1)	N	Subjects with Event n (%)	KME (95%CI) (mon) (1)	HR (95%CI) P-value (2) (3)	Test for Interaction P-value (4) (5)
OVERALL	524	43 (8.2)	N.A.	264	8 (3.0)	N.A.	2.917 (1.371, 6.204) 0.0036	
AGE CATEGORY I < 65	305	27 (8.9)	N.A.	155	6 (3.9)	N.A.	2.448 (1.010, 5.930) 0.0404	0.4997
>= 65	219	16 (7.3)	N.A.	109	2 (1.8)	N.A.	4.290 (0.986, 18.667) 0.0343	

Apr 2023 DBL. Includes events reported from the first dose of study therapy in the blinded phase. Subjects without events are censored 100 days after last dose of study therapy in the blinded phase, or at the day before start of Nivolumab treatment in the open-label phase, whichever occurs earlier. HR = hazard ratio; KME = Kaplan-Meier estimate; N.M.E. = Not meaningful estimate; N.E. = Not estimable. (1) KME of median time to first AE. (2) Unstratified Cox proportional hazard model. HR is nivolumab over Placebo. (3) Unstratified log-rank test. (4) Unstratified Cox proportional hazard model with treatment, subgroup and treatment*subgroup interaction to assess the significance of the interaction between the treatment and the subgroup. (5) P-values <0.05 are indicated by 1 asterisk (indicates potential effect modification).

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Table 22.20.1
 Adverse Events: Subgroup Time-Adjusted Analyses
 by Significant SOC/PT on Hazard Ratio
 All Treated Subjects Censoring at Open-Label Nivolumab

SOC: Investigations. PT: Aspartate Aminotransferase Increased

Subgroup	Nivolumab			Placebo			Nivolumab vs. Placebo	
	N	Subjects with Event n (%)	KME (95%CI) (mon) (1)	N	Subjects with Event n (%)	KME (95%CI) (mon) (1)	HR (95%CI) P-value (2) (3)	Test for Interaction P-value (4) (5)
AGE CATEGORY II								
>= 18 AND < 65	305	27 (8.9)	N.A.	155	6 (3.9)	N.A.	2.448 (1.010, 5.930)	0.9367
>= 65 AND < 75	139	11 (7.9)	N.A.	77	2 (2.6)	N.A.	0.0404 3.259 (0.722, 14.709)	
>= 75 AND < 85	77	5 (6.5)	N.A.	30	0	N.E.	0.1040 N.E. 0.1464	
SEX								
MALE	320	27 (8.4)	N.A.	161	4 (2.5)	N.A.	3.695 (1.293, 10.561)	0.4999
FEMALE	204	16 (7.8)	N.A.	103	4 (3.9)	N.A.	0.0089 2.148 (0.718, 6.427)	

Apr 2023 DBL. Includes events reported from the first dose of study therapy in the blinded phase. Subjects without events are censored 100 days after last dose of study therapy in the blinded phase, or at the day before start of Nivolumab treatment in the open-label phase, whichever occurs earlier. HR = hazard ratio; KME = Kaplan-Meier estimate; N.M.E. = Not meaningful estimate; N.E. = Not estimable. (1) KME of median time to first AE. (2) Unstratified Cox proportional hazard model. HR is nivolumab over Placebo. (3) Unstratified log-rank test. (4) Unstratified Cox proportional hazard model with treatment, subgroup and treatment*subgroup interaction to assess the significance of the interaction between the treatment and the subgroup. (5) P-values <0.05 are indicated by 1 asterisk (indicates potential effect modification).

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Table 22.20.1
 Adverse Events: Subgroup Time-Adjusted Analyses
 by Significant SOC/PT on Hazard Ratio
 All Treated Subjects Censoring at Open-Label Nivolumab

SOC: Investigations. PT: Aspartate Aminotransferase Increased

Subgroup	Nivolumab			Placebo			Nivolumab vs. Placebo	
	N	Subjects with Event n (%)	KME (95%CI) (mon) (1)	N	Subjects with Event n (%)	KME (95%CI) (mon) (1)	HR (95%CI) P-value (2) (3)	Test for Interaction P-value (4) (5)
DISEASE STAGE CATEGORY								0.4877
STAGE IIB	315	31 (9.8)	N.A.	162	5 (3.1)	N.A.	3.519 (1.368, 9.053)	
STAGE IIC	209	12 (5.7)	N.A.	102	3 (2.9)	N.A.	2.009 (0.567, 7.119)	
T STAGE								0.2119
T3B	203	20 (9.9)	N.A.	104	1 (1.0)	N.A.	11.697 (1.569, 87.182)	
T4A	112	11 (9.8)	N.A.	58	4 (6.9)	N.A.	1.496 (0.476, 4.701)	
T4B	209	12 (5.7)	N.A.	102	3 (2.9)	N.A.	0.4876 (0.567, 7.119)	

Apr 2023 DBL. Includes events reported from the first dose of study therapy in the blinded phase. Subjects without events are censored 100 days after last dose of study therapy in the blinded phase, or at the day before start of Nivolumab treatment in the open-label phase, whichever occurs earlier. HR = hazard ratio; KME = Kaplan-Meier estimate; N.M.E. = Not meaningful estimate; N.E. = Not estimable. (1) KME of median time to first AE. (2) Unstratified Cox proportional hazard model. HR is nivolumab over Placebo. (3) Unstratified log-rank test. (4) Unstratified Cox proportional hazard model with treatment, subgroup and treatment*subgroup interaction to assess the significance of the interaction between the treatment and the subgroup. (5) P-values <0.05 are indicated by 1 asterisk (indicates potential effect modification).

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 by Significant SOC/PT on Hazard Ratio
 All Treated Subjects Censoring at Open-Label Nivolumab

SOC: Investigations. PT: Aspartate Aminotransferase Increased

Subgroup	Nivolumab			Placebo			Nivolumab vs. Placebo	
	N	Subjects with Event n (%)	KME (95%CI) (mon) (1)	N	Subjects with Event n (%)	KME (95%CI) (mon) (1)	HR (95%CI) P-value (2) (3)	Test for Interaction P-value (4) (5)
REGION								0.8199
US AND CANADA	97	14 (14.4)	N.A.	46	3 (6.5)	N.A.	2.662 (0.764, 9.279)	
WESTERN EUROPE	301	21 (7.0)	N.A.	160	3 (1.9)	N.A.	0.1102 3.879 (1.157, 13.002)	
EASTERN EUROPE	58	2 (3.4)	N.A.	28	0	N.E.	0.0178 N.E.	
AUSTRALIA	68	6 (8.8)	N.A.	30	2 (6.7)	N.A.	0.3037 1.401 (0.283, 6.942)	
							0.6785	

Apr 2023 DBL. Includes events reported from the first dose of study therapy in the blinded phase. Subjects without events are censored 100 days after last dose of study therapy in the blinded phase, or at the day before start of Nivolumab treatment in the open-label phase, whichever occurs earlier. HR = hazard ratio; KME = Kaplan-Meier estimate; N.M.E. = Not meaningful estimate; N.E. = Not estimable. (1) KME of median time to first AE. (2) Unstratified Cox proportional hazard model. HR is nivolumab over Placebo. (3) Unstratified log-rank test. (4) Unstratified Cox proportional hazard model with treatment, subgroup and treatment*subgroup interaction to assess the significance of the interaction between the treatment and the subgroup. (5) P-values <0.05 are indicated by 1 asterisk (indicates potential effect modification).

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Table 22.20.1
 Adverse Events: Subgroup Time-Adjusted Analyses
 by Significant SOC/PT on Hazard Ratio
 All Treated Subjects Censoring at Open-Label Nivolumab

SOC: Investigations. PT: Blood Alkaline Phosphatase Increased

Subgroup	Nivolumab			Placebo			Nivolumab vs. Placebo	
	N	Subjects with Event n (%)	KME (95%CI) (mon) (1)	N	Subjects with Event n (%)	KME (95%CI) (mon) (1)	HR (95%CI) P-value (2) (3)	Test for Interaction P-value (4) (5)
OVERALL	524	17 (3.2)	N.A.	264	2 (0.8)	N.A.	4.589 (1.060, 19.865) 0.0251	
AGE CATEGORY I < 65	305	6 (2.0)	N.A.	155	1 (0.6)	N.A.	3.203 (0.386, 26.605) 0.2545	0.6748
>= 65	219	11 (5.0)	N.A.	109	1 (0.9)	N.A.	6.014 (0.776, 46.598) 0.0504	

Apr 2023 DBL. Includes events reported from the first dose of study therapy in the blinded phase. Subjects without events are censored 100 days after last dose of study therapy in the blinded phase, or at the day before start of Nivolumab treatment in the open-label phase, whichever occurs earlier. HR = hazard ratio; KME = Kaplan-Meier estimate; N.M.E. = Not meaningful estimate; N.E. = Not estimable. (1) KME of median time to first AE. (2) Unstratified Cox proportional hazard model. HR is nivolumab over Placebo. (3) Unstratified log-rank test. (4) Unstratified Cox proportional hazard model with treatment, subgroup and treatment*subgroup interaction to assess the significance of the interaction between the treatment and the subgroup. (5) P-values <0.05 are indicated by 1 asterisk (indicates potential effect modification).

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Table 22.20.1
 Adverse Events: Subgroup Time-Adjusted Analyses
 by Significant SOC/PT on Hazard Ratio
 All Treated Subjects Censoring at Open-Label Nivolumab

SOC: Investigations. PT: Blood Alkaline Phosphatase Increased

Subgroup	Nivolumab			Placebo			Nivolumab vs. Placebo	
	N	Subjects with Event n (%)	KME (95%CI) (mon) (1)	N	Subjects with Event n (%)	KME (95%CI) (mon) (1)	HR (95%CI) P-value (2) (3)	Test for Interaction P-value (4) (5)
AGE CATEGORY II								
>= 18 AND < 65	305	6 (2.0)	N.A.	155	1 (0.6)	N.A.	3.203 (0.386, 26.605) 0.2545	0.9390
>= 65 AND < 75	139	9 (6.5)	N.A.	77	1 (1.3)	N.A.	5.441 (0.689, 42.961) 0.0710	
>= 75 AND < 85	77	2 (2.6)	N.A.	30	0	N.E.	N.E. 0.3597	
SEX								
MALE	320	12 (3.8)	N.A.	161	2 (1.2)	N.A.	3.221 (0.721, 14.394) 0.1052	0.9908
FEMALE	204	5 (2.5)	N.A.	103	0	N.E.	N.E. 0.1015	

Apr 2023 DBL. Includes events reported from the first dose of study therapy in the blinded phase. Subjects without events are censored 100 days after last dose of study therapy in the blinded phase, or at the day before start of Nivolumab treatment in the open-label phase, whichever occurs earlier. HR = hazard ratio; KME = Kaplan-Meier estimate; N.M.E. = Not meaningful estimate; N.E. = Not estimable. (1) KME of median time to first AE. (2) Unstratified Cox proportional hazard model. HR is nivolumab over Placebo. (3) Unstratified log-rank test. (4) Unstratified Cox proportional hazard model with treatment, subgroup and treatment*subgroup interaction to assess the significance of the interaction between the treatment and the subgroup. (5) P-values <0.05 are indicated by 1 asterisk (indicates potential effect modification).

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Table 22.20.1
 Adverse Events: Subgroup Time-Adjusted Analyses
 by Significant SOC/PT on Hazard Ratio
 All Treated Subjects Censoring at Open-Label Nivolumab

SOC: Investigations. PT: Blood Alkaline Phosphatase Increased

Subgroup	Nivolumab			Placebo			Nivolumab vs. Placebo	
	N	Subjects with Event n (%)	KME (95%CI) (mon) (1)	N	Subjects with Event n (%)	KME (95%CI) (mon) (1)	HR (95%CI) P-value (2) (3)	Test for Interaction P-value (4) (5)
DISEASE STAGE CATEGORY								0.9906
STAGE IIB	315	9 (2.9)	N.A.	162	2 (1.2)	N.A.	2.531 (0.547, 11.720)	
STAGE IIC	209	8 (3.8)	N.A.	102	0	N.E.	0.2185 N.E. 0.0448	
T STAGE								N.M.E.
T3B	203	5 (2.5)	N.M.E.	104	2 (1.9)	N.M.E.	N.M.E.	
T4A	112	4 (3.6)	N.M.E.	58	0	N.M.E.	N.M.E.	
T4B	209	8 (3.8)	N.M.E.	102	0	N.M.E.	N.M.E.	

Apr 2023 DBL. Includes events reported from the first dose of study therapy in the blinded phase. Subjects without events are censored 100 days after last dose of study therapy in the blinded phase, or at the day before start of Nivolumab treatment in the open-label phase, whichever occurs earlier. HR = hazard ratio; KME = Kaplan-Meier estimate; N.M.E. = Not meaningful estimate; N.E. = Not estimable. (1) KME of median time to first AE. (2) Unstratified Cox proportional hazard model. HR is nivolumab over Placebo. (3) Unstratified log-rank test. (4) Unstratified Cox proportional hazard model with treatment, subgroup and treatment*subgroup interaction to assess the significance of the interaction between the treatment and the subgroup. (5) P-values <0.05 are indicated by 1 asterisk (indicates potential effect modification).

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Table 22.20.1
 Adverse Events: Subgroup Time-Adjusted Analyses
 by Significant SOC/PT on Hazard Ratio
 All Treated Subjects Censoring at Open-Label Nivolumab

SOC: Investigations. PT: Blood Alkaline Phosphatase Increased

Subgroup	Nivolumab			Placebo			Nivolumab vs. Placebo	
	N	Subjects with Event n (%)	KME (95%CI) (mon) (1)	N	Subjects with Event n (%)	KME (95%CI) (mon) (1)	HR (95%CI) P-value (2) (3)	Test for Interaction P-value (4) (5)
REGION								N.M.E.
US AND CANADA	97	5 (5.2)	N.M.E.	46	0	N.M.E.	N.M.E.	
WESTERN EUROPE	301	8 (2.7)	N.M.E.	160	0	N.M.E.	N.M.E.	
EASTERN EUROPE	58	0	N.M.E.	28	0	N.M.E.	N.M.E.	
AUSTRALIA	68	4 (5.9)	N.M.E.	30	2 (6.7)	N.M.E.	N.M.E.	

Apr 2023 DBL. Includes events reported from the first dose of study therapy in the blinded phase. Subjects without events are censored 100 days after last dose of study therapy in the blinded phase, or at the day before start of Nivolumab treatment in the open-label phase, whichever occurs earlier. HR = hazard ratio; KME = Kaplan-Meier estimate; N.M.E. = Not meaningful estimate; N.E. = Not estimable. (1) KME of median time to first AE. (2) Unstratified Cox proportional hazard model. HR is nivolumab over Placebo. (3) Unstratified log-rank test. (4) Unstratified Cox proportional hazard model with treatment, subgroup and treatment*subgroup interaction to assess the significance of the interaction between the treatment and the subgroup. (5) P-values <0.05 are indicated by 1 asterisk (indicates potential effect modification).

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Table 22.20.1
 Adverse Events: Subgroup Time-Adjusted Analyses
 by Significant SOC/PT on Hazard Ratio
 All Treated Subjects Censoring at Open-Label Nivolumab

SOC: Infections and Infestations

Subgroup	Nivolumab			Placebo			Nivolumab vs. Placebo	
	N	Subjects with Event n (%)	KME (95%CI) (mon) (1)	N	Subjects with Event n (%)	KME (95%CI) (mon) (1)	HR (95%CI) P-value (2) (3)	Test for Interaction P-value (4) (5)
OVERALL	524	192 (36.6)	N.A.	264	76 (28.8)	N.A.	1.443 (1.106, 1.883) 0.0065	
AGE CATEGORY I < 65	305	118 (38.7)	N.A.	155	49 (31.6)	N.A.	1.377 (0.987, 1.922) 0.0588	0.6629
>= 65	219	74 (33.8)	N.A.	109	27 (24.8)	N.A.	1.554 (1.000, 2.416) 0.0481	

Apr 2023 DBL. Includes events reported from the first dose of study therapy in the blinded phase. Subjects without events are censored 100 days after last dose of study therapy in the blinded phase, or at the day before start of Nivolumab treatment in the open-label phase, whichever occurs earlier. HR = hazard ratio; KME = Kaplan-Meier estimate; N.M.E. = Not meaningful estimate; N.E. = Not estimable. (1) KME of median time to first AE. (2) Unstratified Cox proportional hazard model. HR is nivolumab over Placebo. (3) Unstratified log-rank test. (4) Unstratified Cox proportional hazard model with treatment, subgroup and treatment*subgroup interaction to assess the significance of the interaction between the treatment and the subgroup. (5) P-values <0.05 are indicated by 1 asterisk (indicates potential effect modification).

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Table 22.20.1
 Adverse Events: Subgroup Time-Adjusted Analyses
 by Significant SOC/PT on Hazard Ratio
 All Treated Subjects Censoring at Open-Label Nivolumab

SOC: Infections and Infestations

Subgroup	Nivolumab			Placebo			Nivolumab vs. Placebo	
	N	Subjects with Event n (%)	KME (95%CI) (mon) (1)	N	Subjects with Event n (%)	KME (95%CI) (mon) (1)	HR (95%CI) P-value (2) (3)	Test for Interaction P-value (4) (5)
AGE CATEGORY II								0.9038
>= 18 AND < 65	305	118 (38.7)	N.A.	155	49 (31.6)	N.A.	1.377 (0.987, 1.922) 0.0588	
>= 65 AND < 75	139	45 (32.4)	N.A.	77	18 (23.4)	N.A. (15.21, N.A.)	1.544 (0.893, 2.670) 0.1165	
>= 75 AND < 85	77	28 (36.4)	N.A. (12.78, N.A.)	30	8 (26.7)	N.A. (10.18, N.A.)	1.606 (0.731, 3.526) 0.2333	
SEX								0.1624
MALE	320	104 (32.5)	N.A.	161	46 (28.6)	N.A.	1.234 (0.872, 1.747) 0.2343	
FEMALE	204	88 (43.1)	N.A. (10.81, N.A.)	103	30 (29.1)	N.A.	1.814 (1.198, 2.747) 0.0043	

Apr 2023 DBL. Includes events reported from the first dose of study therapy in the blinded phase. Subjects without events are censored 100 days after last dose of study therapy in the blinded phase, or at the day before start of Nivolumab treatment in the open-label phase, whichever occurs earlier. HR = hazard ratio; KME = Kaplan-Meier estimate; N.M.E. = Not meaningful estimate; N.E. = Not estimable. (1) KME of median time to first AE. (2) Unstratified Cox proportional hazard model. HR is nivolumab over Placebo. (3) Unstratified log-rank test. (4) Unstratified Cox proportional hazard model with treatment, subgroup and treatment*subgroup interaction to assess the significance of the interaction between the treatment and the subgroup. (5) P-values <0.05 are indicated by 1 asterisk (indicates potential effect modification).

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Table 22.20.1
 Adverse Events: Subgroup Time-Adjusted Analyses
 by Significant SOC/PT on Hazard Ratio
 All Treated Subjects Censoring at Open-Label Nivolumab

SOC: Infections and Infestations

Subgroup	Nivolumab			Placebo			Nivolumab vs. Placebo	
	N	Subjects with Event n (%)	KME (95%CI) (mon) (1)	N	Subjects with Event n (%)	KME (95%CI) (mon) (1)	HR (95%CI) P-value (2) (3)	Test for Interaction P-value (4) (5)
DISEASE STAGE CATEGORY								0.0030*
STAGE IIB	315	105 (33.3)	N.A.	162	57 (35.2)	N.A.	1.058 (0.766, 1.461) 0.7302	
STAGE IIC	209	87 (41.6)	N.A. (11.73, N.A.)	102	19 (18.6)	N.A.	2.576 (1.567, 4.234) 0.0001	
T STAGE								0.0120*
T3B	203	64 (31.5)	N.A.	104	36 (34.6)	N.A.	1.024 (0.681, 1.542) 0.9081	
T4A	112	41 (36.6)	N.A. (12.81, N.A.)	58	21 (36.2)	N.A. (11.40, N.A.)	1.114 (0.658, 1.886) 0.6901	
T4B	209	87 (41.6)	N.A. (11.73, N.A.)	102	19 (18.6)	N.A.	2.576 (1.567, 4.234) 0.0001	

Apr 2023 DBL. Includes events reported from the first dose of study therapy in the blinded phase. Subjects without events are censored 100 days after last dose of study therapy in the blinded phase, or at the day before start of Nivolumab treatment in the open-label phase, whichever occurs earlier. HR = hazard ratio; KME = Kaplan-Meier estimate; N.M.E. = Not meaningful estimate; N.E. = Not estimable. (1) KME of median time to first AE. (2) Unstratified Cox proportional hazard model. HR is nivolumab over Placebo. (3) Unstratified log-rank test. (4) Unstratified Cox proportional hazard model with treatment, subgroup and treatment*subgroup interaction to assess the significance of the interaction between the treatment and the subgroup. (5) P-values <0.05 are indicated by 1 asterisk (indicates potential effect modification).

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Table 22.20.1
 Adverse Events: Subgroup Time-Adjusted Analyses
 by Significant SOC/PT on Hazard Ratio
 All Treated Subjects Censoring at Open-Label Nivolumab

SOC: Infections and Infestations

Subgroup	Nivolumab			Placebo			Nivolumab vs. Placebo	
	N	Subjects with Event n (%)	KME (95%CI) (mon) (1)	N	Subjects with Event n (%)	KME (95%CI) (mon) (1)	HR (95%CI) P-value (2) (3)	Test for Interaction P-value (4) (5)
REGION								0.1427
US AND CANADA	97	25 (25.8)	N.A.	46	16 (34.8)	N.A. (12.06, N.A.)	0.768 (0.410, 1.439)	
WESTERN EUROPE	301	120 (39.9)	N.A. (13.24, N.A.)	160	43 (26.9)	N.A.	0.4085 1.706 (1.204, 2.418)	
EASTERN EUROPE	58	19 (32.8)	N.A. (13.11, N.A.)	28	5 (17.9)	N.A.	0.0024 2.170 (0.810, 5.815)	
AUSTRALIA	68	28 (41.2)	N.A. (10.05, N.A.)	30	12 (40.0)	N.A. (9.89, N.A.)	0.1142 1.179 (0.599, 2.319)	

Apr 2023 DBL. Includes events reported from the first dose of study therapy in the blinded phase. Subjects without events are censored 100 days after last dose of study therapy in the blinded phase, or at the day before start of Nivolumab treatment in the open-label phase, whichever occurs earlier. HR = hazard ratio; KME = Kaplan-Meier estimate; N.M.E. = Not meaningful estimate; N.E. = Not estimable. (1) KME of median time to first AE. (2) Unstratified Cox proportional hazard model. HR is nivolumab over Placebo. (3) Unstratified log-rank test. (4) Unstratified Cox proportional hazard model with treatment, subgroup and treatment*subgroup interaction to assess the significance of the interaction between the treatment and the subgroup. (5) P-values <0.05 are indicated by 1 asterisk (indicates potential effect modification).

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Table 22.20.1
 Adverse Events: Subgroup Time-Adjusted Analyses
 by Significant SOC/PT on Hazard Ratio
 All Treated Subjects Censoring at Open-Label Nivolumab

SOC: Infections and Infestations. PT: Urinary Tract Infection

Subgroup	Nivolumab			Placebo			Nivolumab vs. Placebo	
	N	Subjects with Event n (%)	KME (95%CI) (mon) (1)	N	Subjects with Event n (%)	KME (95%CI) (mon) (1)	HR (95%CI) P-value (2) (3)	Test for Interaction P-value (4) (5)
OVERALL	524	16 (3.1)	N.A.	264	2 (0.8)	N.A.	4.457 (1.024, 19.391) 0.0291	
AGE CATEGORY I								0.9898
< 65	305	6 (2.0)	N.A.	155	0	N.E.	N.E. 0.0722	
>= 65	219	10 (4.6)	N.A.	109	2 (1.8)	N.A.	2.855 (0.625, 13.039) 0.1565	

Apr 2023 DBL. Includes events reported from the first dose of study therapy in the blinded phase. Subjects without events are censored 100 days after last dose of study therapy in the blinded phase, or at the day before start of Nivolumab treatment in the open-label phase, whichever occurs earlier. HR = hazard ratio; KME = Kaplan-Meier estimate; N.M.E. = Not meaningful estimate; N.E. = Not estimable. (1) KME of median time to first AE. (2) Unstratified Cox proportional hazard model. HR is nivolumab over Placebo. (3) Unstratified log-rank test. (4) Unstratified Cox proportional hazard model with treatment, subgroup and treatment*subgroup interaction to assess the significance of the interaction between the treatment and the subgroup. (5) P-values <0.05 are indicated by 1 asterisk (indicates potential effect modification).

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Table 22.20.1
 Adverse Events: Subgroup Time-Adjusted Analyses
 by Significant SOC/PT on Hazard Ratio
 All Treated Subjects Censoring at Open-Label Nivolumab

SOC: Infections and Infestations. PT: Urinary Tract Infection

Subgroup	Nivolumab			Placebo			Nivolumab vs. Placebo	
	N	Subjects with Event n (%)	KME (95%CI) (mon) (1)	N	Subjects with Event n (%)	KME (95%CI) (mon) (1)	HR (95%CI) P-value (2) (3)	Test for Interaction P-value (4) (5)
AGE CATEGORY II								
>= 18 AND < 65	305	6 (2.0)	N.M.E.	155	0	N.M.E.	N.M.E.	N.M.E.
>= 65 AND < 75	139	7 (5.0)	N.M.E.	77	1 (1.3)	N.M.E.	N.M.E.	
>= 75 AND < 85	77	3 (3.9)	N.M.E.	30	0	N.M.E.	N.M.E.	
SEX								0.9872
MALE	320	4 (1.3)	N.A.	161	2 (1.2)	N.A.	1.147 (0.210, 6.282)	
FEMALE	204	12 (5.9)	N.A.	103	0	N.E.	0.8742 N.E. 0.0094	

Apr 2023 DBL. Includes events reported from the first dose of study therapy in the blinded phase. Subjects without events are censored 100 days after last dose of study therapy in the blinded phase, or at the day before start of Nivolumab treatment in the open-label phase, whichever occurs earlier. HR = hazard ratio; KME = Kaplan-Meier estimate; N.M.E. = Not meaningful estimate; N.E. = Not estimable. (1) KME of median time to first AE. (2) Unstratified Cox proportional hazard model. HR is nivolumab over Placebo. (3) Unstratified log-rank test. (4) Unstratified Cox proportional hazard model with treatment, subgroup and treatment*subgroup interaction to assess the significance of the interaction between the treatment and the subgroup. (5) P-values <0.05 are indicated by 1 asterisk (indicates potential effect modification).

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Table 22.20.1
 Adverse Events: Subgroup Time-Adjusted Analyses
 by Significant SOC/PT on Hazard Ratio
 All Treated Subjects Censoring at Open-Label Nivolumab

SOC: Infections and Infestations. PT: Urinary Tract Infection

Subgroup	Nivolumab			Placebo			Nivolumab vs. Placebo	
	N	Subjects with Event n (%)	KME (95%CI) (mon) (1)	N	Subjects with Event n (%)	KME (95%CI) (mon) (1)	HR (95%CI) P-value (2) (3)	Test for Interaction P-value (4) (5)
DISEASE STAGE CATEGORY								N.M.E.
STAGE IIB	315	8 (2.5)	N.M.E.	162	1 (0.6)	N.M.E.	N.M.E.	
STAGE IIC	209	8 (3.8)	N.M.E.	102	1 (1.0)	N.M.E.	N.M.E.	
T STAGE								N.M.E.
T3B	203	8 (3.9)	N.M.E.	104	1 (1.0)	N.M.E.	N.M.E.	
T4A	112	0	N.M.E.	58	0	N.M.E.	N.M.E.	
T4B	209	8 (3.8)	N.M.E.	102	1 (1.0)	N.M.E.	N.M.E.	

Apr 2023 DBL. Includes events reported from the first dose of study therapy in the blinded phase. Subjects without events are censored 100 days after last dose of study therapy in the blinded phase, or at the day before start of Nivolumab treatment in the open-label phase, whichever occurs earlier. HR = hazard ratio; KME = Kaplan-Meier estimate; N.M.E. = Not meaningful estimate; N.E. = Not estimable. (1) KME of median time to first AE. (2) Unstratified Cox proportional hazard model. HR is nivolumab over Placebo. (3) Unstratified log-rank test. (4) Unstratified Cox proportional hazard model with treatment, subgroup and treatment*subgroup interaction to assess the significance of the interaction between the treatment and the subgroup. (5) P-values <0.05 are indicated by 1 asterisk (indicates potential effect modification).

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 by Significant SOC/PT on Hazard Ratio
 All Treated Subjects Censoring at Open-Label Nivolumab

SOC: Infections and Infestations. PT: Urinary Tract Infection

Subgroup	Nivolumab			Placebo			Nivolumab vs. Placebo	
	N	Subjects with Event n (%)	KME (95%CI) (mon) (1)	N	Subjects with Event n (%)	KME (95%CI) (mon) (1)	HR (95%CI) P-value (2) (3)	Test for Interaction P-value (4) (5)
REGION								0.9743
US AND CANADA	97	5 (5.2)	N.A.	46	1 (2.2)	N.A.	2.805 (0.328, 24.019)	
WESTERN EUROPE	301	10 (3.3)	N.A.	160	1 (0.6)	N.A.	0.3252 5.724 (0.732, 44.739)	
EASTERN EUROPE	58	1 (1.7)	N.A.	28	0	N.E.	0.0599 N.E.	
AUSTRALIA	68	0	N.E.	30	0	N.E.	0.4755 N.E. N.E.	

Apr 2023 DBL. Includes events reported from the first dose of study therapy in the blinded phase. Subjects without events are censored 100 days after last dose of study therapy in the blinded phase, or at the day before start of Nivolumab treatment in the open-label phase, whichever occurs earlier. HR = hazard ratio; KME = Kaplan-Meier estimate; N.M.E. = Not meaningful estimate; N.E. = Not estimable. (1) KME of median time to first AE. (2) Unstratified Cox proportional hazard model. HR is nivolumab over Placebo. (3) Unstratified log-rank test. (4) Unstratified Cox proportional hazard model with treatment, subgroup and treatment*subgroup interaction to assess the significance of the interaction between the treatment and the subgroup. (5) P-values <0.05 are indicated by 1 asterisk (indicates potential effect modification).

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Table 22.20.1
 Adverse Events: Subgroup Time-Adjusted Analyses
 by Significant SOC/PT on Hazard Ratio
 All Treated Subjects Censoring at Open-Label Nivolumab

SOC: Metabolism and Nutrition Disorders

Subgroup	Nivolumab			Placebo			Nivolumab vs. Placebo	
	N	Subjects with Event n (%)	KME (95%CI) (mon) (1)	N	Subjects with Event n (%)	KME (95%CI) (mon) (1)	HR (95%CI) P-value (2) (3)	Test for Interaction P-value (4) (5)
OVERALL	524	139 (26.5)	N.A.	264	50 (18.9)	N.A.	1.535 (1.111, 2.122) 0.0089	
AGE CATEGORY I < 65	305	79 (25.9)	N.A.	155	28 (18.1)	N.A.	1.560 (1.014, 2.402) 0.0415	0.9122
>= 65	219	60 (27.4)	N.A.	109	22 (20.2)	N.A.	1.503 (0.922, 2.451) 0.1004	

Apr 2023 DBL. Includes events reported from the first dose of study therapy in the blinded phase. Subjects without events are censored 100 days after last dose of study therapy in the blinded phase, or at the day before start of Nivolumab treatment in the open-label phase, whichever occurs earlier. HR = hazard ratio; KME = Kaplan-Meier estimate; N.M.E. = Not meaningful estimate; N.E. = Not estimable. (1) KME of median time to first AE. (2) Unstratified Cox proportional hazard model. HR is nivolumab over Placebo. (3) Unstratified log-rank test. (4) Unstratified Cox proportional hazard model with treatment, subgroup and treatment*subgroup interaction to assess the significance of the interaction between the treatment and the subgroup. (5) P-values <0.05 are indicated by 1 asterisk (indicates potential effect modification).

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Table 22.20.1
 Adverse Events: Subgroup Time-Adjusted Analyses
 by Significant SOC/PT on Hazard Ratio
 All Treated Subjects Censoring at Open-Label Nivolumab

SOC: Metabolism and Nutrition Disorders

Subgroup	Nivolumab			Placebo			Nivolumab vs. Placebo	
	N	Subjects with Event n (%)	KME (95%CI) (mon) (1)	N	Subjects with Event n (%)	KME (95%CI) (mon) (1)	HR (95%CI) P-value (2) (3)	Test for Interaction P-value (4) (5)
AGE CATEGORY II								
>= 18 AND < 65	305	79 (25.9)	N.A.	155	28 (18.1)	N.A.	1.560 (1.014, 2.402) 0.0415	0.8537
>= 65 AND < 75	139	40 (28.8)	N.A.	77	15 (19.5)	N.A.	1.619 (0.894, 2.932) 0.1085	
>= 75 AND < 85	77	20 (26.0)	N.A.	30	7 (23.3)	N.A.	1.239 (0.524, 2.931) 0.6263	
SEX								
MALE	320	92 (28.8)	N.A.	161	28 (17.4)	N.A.	1.848 (1.210, 2.821) 0.0039	0.1572
FEMALE	204	47 (23.0)	N.A.	103	22 (21.4)	N.A.	1.146 (0.691, 1.902) 0.5983	

Apr 2023 DBL. Includes events reported from the first dose of study therapy in the blinded phase. Subjects without events are censored 100 days after last dose of study therapy in the blinded phase, or at the day before start of Nivolumab treatment in the open-label phase, whichever occurs earlier. HR = hazard ratio; KME = Kaplan-Meier estimate; N.M.E. = Not meaningful estimate; N.E. = Not estimable. (1) KME of median time to first AE. (2) Unstratified Cox proportional hazard model. HR is nivolumab over Placebo. (3) Unstratified log-rank test. (4) Unstratified Cox proportional hazard model with treatment, subgroup and treatment*subgroup interaction to assess the significance of the interaction between the treatment and the subgroup. (5) P-values <0.05 are indicated by 1 asterisk (indicates potential effect modification).

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Table 22.20.1
 Adverse Events: Subgroup Time-Adjusted Analyses
 by Significant SOC/PT on Hazard Ratio
 All Treated Subjects Censoring at Open-Label Nivolumab

SOC: Metabolism and Nutrition Disorders

Subgroup	Nivolumab			Placebo			Nivolumab vs. Placebo	
	N	Subjects with Event n (%)	KME (95%CI) (mon) (1)	N	Subjects with Event n (%)	KME (95%CI) (mon) (1)	HR (95%CI) P-value (2) (3)	Test for Interaction P-value (4) (5)
DISEASE STAGE CATEGORY								0.1301
STAGE IIB	315	81 (25.7)	N.A.	162	25 (15.4)	N.A.	1.913 (1.221, 2.996) 0.0040	
STAGE IIC	209	58 (27.8)	N.A.	102	25 (24.5)	N.A.	1.149 (0.719, 1.837) 0.5602	
T STAGE								0.1824
T3B	203	51 (25.1)	N.A.	104	13 (12.5)	N.A.	2.419 (1.315, 4.450) 0.0034	
T4A	112	30 (26.8)	N.A.	58	12 (20.7)	N.A.	1.387 (0.710, 2.710) 0.3373	
T4B	209	58 (27.8)	N.A.	102	25 (24.5)	N.A.	1.149 (0.719, 1.837) 0.5602	

Apr 2023 DBL. Includes events reported from the first dose of study therapy in the blinded phase. Subjects without events are censored 100 days after last dose of study therapy in the blinded phase, or at the day before start of Nivolumab treatment in the open-label phase, whichever occurs earlier. HR = hazard ratio; KME = Kaplan-Meier estimate; N.M.E. = Not meaningful estimate; N.E. = Not estimable. (1) KME of median time to first AE. (2) Unstratified Cox proportional hazard model. HR is nivolumab over Placebo. (3) Unstratified log-rank test. (4) Unstratified Cox proportional hazard model with treatment, subgroup and treatment*subgroup interaction to assess the significance of the interaction between the treatment and the subgroup. (5) P-values <0.05 are indicated by 1 asterisk (indicates potential effect modification).

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Table 22.20.1
 Adverse Events: Subgroup Time-Adjusted Analyses
 by Significant SOC/PT on Hazard Ratio
 All Treated Subjects Censoring at Open-Label Nivolumab

SOC: Metabolism and Nutrition Disorders

Subgroup	Nivolumab			Placebo			Nivolumab vs. Placebo	
	N	Subjects with Event n (%)	KME (95%CI) (mon) (1)	N	Subjects with Event n (%)	KME (95%CI) (mon) (1)	HR (95%CI) P-value (2) (3)	Test for Interaction P-value (4) (5)
REGION								0.9604
US AND CANADA	97	47 (48.5)	12.16 (5.55, N.A.)	46	17 (37.0)	N.A. (10.09, N.A.)	1.578 (0.905, 2.751) 0.1063	
WESTERN EUROPE	301	72 (23.9)	N.A.	160	26 (16.3)	N.A.	1.581 (1.010, 2.476) 0.0433	
EASTERN EUROPE	58	12 (20.7)	N.A.	28	5 (17.9)	N.A.	1.250 (0.440, 3.549) 0.6780	
AUSTRALIA	68	8 (11.8)	N.A.	30	2 (6.7)	N.A.	2.021 (0.429, 9.531) 0.3640	

Apr 2023 DBL. Includes events reported from the first dose of study therapy in the blinded phase. Subjects without events are censored 100 days after last dose of study therapy in the blinded phase, or at the day before start of Nivolumab treatment in the open-label phase, whichever occurs earlier. HR = hazard ratio; KME = Kaplan-Meier estimate; N.M.E. = Not meaningful estimate; N.E. = Not estimable. (1) KME of median time to first AE. (2) Unstratified Cox proportional hazard model. HR is nivolumab over Placebo. (3) Unstratified log-rank test. (4) Unstratified Cox proportional hazard model with treatment, subgroup and treatment*subgroup interaction to assess the significance of the interaction between the treatment and the subgroup. (5) P-values <0.05 are indicated by 1 asterisk (indicates potential effect modification).

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Table 22.20.1
 Adverse Events: Subgroup Time-Adjusted Analyses
 by Significant SOC/PT on Hazard Ratio
 All Treated Subjects Censoring at Open-Label Nivolumab

SOC: Metabolism and Nutrition Disorders. PT: Decreased Appetite

Subgroup	Nivolumab			Placebo			Nivolumab vs. Placebo	
	N	Subjects with Event n (%)	KME (95%CI) (mon) (1)	N	Subjects with Event n (%)	KME (95%CI) (mon) (1)	HR (95%CI) P-value (2) (3)	Test for Interaction P-value (4) (5)
OVERALL	524	42 (8.0)	N.A.	264	8 (3.0)	N.A.	2.852 (1.339, 6.076) 0.0045	
AGE CATEGORY I < 65	305	23 (7.5)	N.A.	155	6 (3.9)	N.A.	2.061 (0.839, 5.062) 0.1070	0.2939
>= 65	219	19 (8.7)	N.A.	109	2 (1.8)	N.A.	5.251 (1.223, 22.555) 0.0126	

Apr 2023 DBL. Includes events reported from the first dose of study therapy in the blinded phase. Subjects without events are censored 100 days after last dose of study therapy in the blinded phase, or at the day before start of Nivolumab treatment in the open-label phase, whichever occurs earlier. HR = hazard ratio; KME = Kaplan-Meier estimate; N.M.E. = Not meaningful estimate; N.E. = Not estimable. (1) KME of median time to first AE. (2) Unstratified Cox proportional hazard model. HR is nivolumab over Placebo. (3) Unstratified log-rank test. (4) Unstratified Cox proportional hazard model with treatment, subgroup and treatment*subgroup interaction to assess the significance of the interaction between the treatment and the subgroup. (5) P-values <0.05 are indicated by 1 asterisk (indicates potential effect modification).

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Table 22.20.1
 Adverse Events: Subgroup Time-Adjusted Analyses
 by Significant SOC/PT on Hazard Ratio
 All Treated Subjects Censoring at Open-Label Nivolumab

SOC: Metabolism and Nutrition Disorders. PT: Decreased Appetite

Subgroup	Nivolumab			Placebo			Nivolumab vs. Placebo	
	N	Subjects with Event n (%)	KME (95%CI) (mon) (1)	N	Subjects with Event n (%)	KME (95%CI) (mon) (1)	HR (95%CI) P-value (2) (3)	Test for Interaction P-value (4) (5)
AGE CATEGORY II								
>= 18 AND < 65	305	23 (7.5)	N.A.	155	6 (3.9)	N.A.	2.061 (0.839, 5.062) 0.1070	0.4538
>= 65 AND < 75	139	14 (10.1)	N.A.	77	1 (1.3)	N.A.	8.641 (1.136, 65.730) 0.0121	
>= 75 AND < 85	77	5 (6.5)	N.A.	30	1 (3.3)	N.A.	2.108 (0.246, 18.054) 0.4863	
SEX								
MALE	320	25 (7.8)	N.A.	161	4 (2.5)	N.A.	3.389 (1.179, 9.739) 0.0160	0.6332
FEMALE	204	17 (8.3)	N.A.	103	4 (3.9)	N.A.	2.315 (0.779, 6.881) 0.1200	

Apr 2023 DBL. Includes events reported from the first dose of study therapy in the blinded phase. Subjects without events are censored 100 days after last dose of study therapy in the blinded phase, or at the day before start of Nivolumab treatment in the open-label phase, whichever occurs earlier. HR = hazard ratio; KME = Kaplan-Meier estimate; N.M.E. = Not meaningful estimate; N.E. = Not estimable. (1) KME of median time to first AE. (2) Unstratified Cox proportional hazard model. HR is nivolumab over Placebo. (3) Unstratified log-rank test. (4) Unstratified Cox proportional hazard model with treatment, subgroup and treatment*subgroup interaction to assess the significance of the interaction between the treatment and the subgroup. (5) P-values <0.05 are indicated by 1 asterisk (indicates potential effect modification).

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Table 22.20.1
 Adverse Events: Subgroup Time-Adjusted Analyses
 by Significant SOC/PT on Hazard Ratio
 All Treated Subjects Censoring at Open-Label Nivolumab

SOC: Metabolism and Nutrition Disorders. PT: Decreased Appetite

Subgroup	Nivolumab			Placebo			Nivolumab vs. Placebo	
	N	Subjects with Event n (%)	KME (95%CI) (mon) (1)	N	Subjects with Event n (%)	KME (95%CI) (mon) (1)	HR (95%CI) P-value (2) (3)	Test for Interaction P-value (4) (5)
DISEASE STAGE CATEGORY								0.5122
STAGE IIB	315	30 (9.5)	N.A.	162	5 (3.1)	N.A.	3.399 (1.318, 8.762) 0.0071	
STAGE IIC	209	12 (5.7)	N.A.	102	3 (2.9)	N.A.	2.010 (0.567, 7.124) 0.2695	
T STAGE								0.5928
T3B	203	18 (8.9)	N.A.	104	2 (1.9)	N.A.	5.197 (1.205, 22.408) 0.0136	
T4A	112	12 (10.7)	N.A.	58	3 (5.2)	N.A.	2.243 (0.633, 7.954) 0.1987	
T4B	209	12 (5.7)	N.A.	102	3 (2.9)	N.A.	2.010 (0.567, 7.124) 0.2695	

Apr 2023 DBL. Includes events reported from the first dose of study therapy in the blinded phase. Subjects without events are censored 100 days after last dose of study therapy in the blinded phase, or at the day before start of Nivolumab treatment in the open-label phase, whichever occurs earlier. HR = hazard ratio; KME = Kaplan-Meier estimate; N.M.E. = Not meaningful estimate; N.E. = Not estimable. (1) KME of median time to first AE. (2) Unstratified Cox proportional hazard model. HR is nivolumab over Placebo. (3) Unstratified log-rank test. (4) Unstratified Cox proportional hazard model with treatment, subgroup and treatment*subgroup interaction to assess the significance of the interaction between the treatment and the subgroup. (5) P-values <0.05 are indicated by 1 asterisk (indicates potential effect modification).

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Table 22.20.1
 Adverse Events: Subgroup Time-Adjusted Analyses
 by Significant SOC/PT on Hazard Ratio
 All Treated Subjects Censoring at Open-Label Nivolumab

SOC: Metabolism and Nutrition Disorders. PT: Decreased Appetite

Subgroup	Nivolumab			Placebo			Nivolumab vs. Placebo	
	N	Subjects with Event n (%)	KME (95%CI) (mon) (1)	N	Subjects with Event n (%)	KME (95%CI) (mon) (1)	HR (95%CI) P-value (2) (3)	Test for Interaction P-value (4) (5)
REGION								0.9958
US AND CANADA	97	9 (9.3)	N.A.	46	2 (4.3)	N.A.	2.469 (0.532, 11.450)	
WESTERN EUROPE	301	20 (6.6)	N.A.	160	5 (3.1)	N.A.	0.2319 2.229 (0.836, 5.940)	
EASTERN EUROPE	58	7 (12.1)	N.A.	28	0	N.E.	0.0999 N.E. 0.0538	
AUSTRALIA	68	6 (8.8)	N.A.	30	1 (3.3)	N.A.	3.025 (0.364, 25.161)	
							0.2814	

Apr 2023 DBL. Includes events reported from the first dose of study therapy in the blinded phase. Subjects without events are censored 100 days after last dose of study therapy in the blinded phase, or at the day before start of Nivolumab treatment in the open-label phase, whichever occurs earlier. HR = hazard ratio; KME = Kaplan-Meier estimate; N.M.E. = Not meaningful estimate; N.E. = Not estimable. (1) KME of median time to first AE. (2) Unstratified Cox proportional hazard model. HR is nivolumab over Placebo. (3) Unstratified log-rank test. (4) Unstratified Cox proportional hazard model with treatment, subgroup and treatment*subgroup interaction to assess the significance of the interaction between the treatment and the subgroup. (5) P-values <0.05 are indicated by 1 asterisk (indicates potential effect modification).

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Table 22.20.1
 Adverse Events: Subgroup Time-Adjusted Analyses
 by Significant SOC/PT on Hazard Ratio
 All Treated Subjects Censoring at Open-Label Nivolumab
 SOC: Nervous System Disorders. PT: Syncope

Subgroup	Nivolumab			Placebo			Nivolumab vs. Placebo	
	N	Subjects with Event n (%)	KME (95%CI) (mon) (1)	N	Subjects with Event n (%)	KME (95%CI) (mon) (1)	HR (95%CI) P-value (2) (3)	Test for Interaction P-value (4) (5)
OVERALL	524	10 (1.9)	N.A.	264	0	N.E.	N.E. 0.0190	
AGE CATEGORY I								N.M.E.
< 65	305	4 (1.3)	N.M.E.	155	0	N.M.E.	N.M.E.	
>= 65	219	6 (2.7)	N.M.E.	109	0	N.M.E.	N.M.E.	

Apr 2023 DBL. Includes events reported from the first dose of study therapy in the blinded phase. Subjects without events are censored 100 days after last dose of study therapy in the blinded phase, or at the day before start of Nivolumab treatment in the open-label phase, whichever occurs earlier. HR = hazard ratio; KME = Kaplan-Meier estimate; N.M.E. = Not meaningful estimate; N.E. = Not estimable. (1) KME of median time to first AE. (2) Unstratified Cox proportional hazard model. HR is nivolumab over Placebo. (3) Unstratified log-rank test. (4) Unstratified Cox proportional hazard model with treatment, subgroup and treatment*subgroup interaction to assess the significance of the interaction between the treatment and the subgroup. (5) P-values <0.05 are indicated by 1 asterisk (indicates potential effect modification).

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Table 22.20.1
 Adverse Events: Subgroup Time-Adjusted Analyses
 by Significant SOC/PT on Hazard Ratio
 All Treated Subjects Censoring at Open-Label Nivolumab

SOC: Nervous System Disorders. PT: Syncope

Subgroup	Nivolumab			Placebo			Nivolumab vs. Placebo	
	N	Subjects with Event n (%)	KME (95%CI) (mon) (1)	N	Subjects with Event n (%)	KME (95%CI) (mon) (1)	HR (95%CI) P-value (2) (3)	Test for Interaction P-value (4) (5)
AGE CATEGORY II								N.M.E.
>= 18 AND < 65	305	4 (1.3)	N.M.E.	155	0	N.M.E.	N.M.E.	
>= 65 AND < 75	139	3 (2.2)	N.M.E.	77	0	N.M.E.	N.M.E.	
>= 75 AND < 85	77	3 (3.9)	N.M.E.	30	0	N.M.E.	N.M.E.	
SEX								N.M.E.
MALE	320	5 (1.6)	N.M.E.	161	0	N.M.E.	N.M.E.	
FEMALE	204	5 (2.5)	N.M.E.	103	0	N.M.E.	N.M.E.	

Apr 2023 DBL. Includes events reported from the first dose of study therapy in the blinded phase. Subjects without events are censored 100 days after last dose of study therapy in the blinded phase, or at the day before start of Nivolumab treatment in the open-label phase, whichever occurs earlier. HR = hazard ratio; KME = Kaplan-Meier estimate; N.M.E. = Not meaningful estimate; N.E. = Not estimable. (1) KME of median time to first AE. (2) Unstratified Cox proportional hazard model. HR is nivolumab over Placebo. (3) Unstratified log-rank test. (4) Unstratified Cox proportional hazard model with treatment, subgroup and treatment*subgroup interaction to assess the significance of the interaction between the treatment and the subgroup. (5) P-values <0.05 are indicated by 1 asterisk (indicates potential effect modification).

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Table 22.20.1
 Adverse Events: Subgroup Time-Adjusted Analyses
 by Significant SOC/PT on Hazard Ratio
 All Treated Subjects Censoring at Open-Label Nivolumab
 SOC: Nervous System Disorders. PT: Syncope

Subgroup	Nivolumab			Placebo			Nivolumab vs. Placebo	
	N	Subjects with Event n (%)	KME (95%CI) (mon) (1)	N	Subjects with Event n (%)	KME (95%CI) (mon) (1)	HR (95%CI) P-value (2) (3)	Test for Interaction P-value (4) (5)
DISEASE STAGE CATEGORY								N.M.E.
STAGE IIB	315	7 (2.2)	N.M.E.	162	0	N.M.E.	N.M.E.	
STAGE IIC	209	3 (1.4)	N.M.E.	102	0	N.M.E.	N.M.E.	
T STAGE								N.M.E.
T3B	203	2 (1.0)	N.M.E.	104	0	N.M.E.	N.M.E.	
T4A	112	5 (4.5)	N.M.E.	58	0	N.M.E.	N.M.E.	
T4B	209	3 (1.4)	N.M.E.	102	0	N.M.E.	N.M.E.	

Apr 2023 DBL. Includes events reported from the first dose of study therapy in the blinded phase. Subjects without events are censored 100 days after last dose of study therapy in the blinded phase, or at the day before start of Nivolumab treatment in the open-label phase, whichever occurs earlier. HR = hazard ratio; KME = Kaplan-Meier estimate; N.M.E. = Not meaningful estimate; N.E. = Not estimable. (1) KME of median time to first AE. (2) Unstratified Cox proportional hazard model. HR is nivolumab over Placebo. (3) Unstratified log-rank test. (4) Unstratified Cox proportional hazard model with treatment, subgroup and treatment*subgroup interaction to assess the significance of the interaction between the treatment and the subgroup. (5) P-values <0.05 are indicated by 1 asterisk (indicates potential effect modification).

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Table 22.20.1
 Adverse Events: Subgroup Time-Adjusted Analyses
 by Significant SOC/PT on Hazard Ratio
 All Treated Subjects Censoring at Open-Label Nivolumab

SOC: Nervous System Disorders. PT: Syncope

Subgroup	Nivolumab			Placebo			Nivolumab vs. Placebo	
	N	Subjects with Event n (%)	KME (95%CI) (mon) (1)	N	Subjects with Event n (%)	KME (95%CI) (mon) (1)	HR (95%CI) P-value (2) (3)	Test for Interaction P-value (4) (5)
REGION								N.M.E.
US AND CANADA	97	1 (1.0)	N.M.E.	46	0	N.M.E.	N.M.E.	
WESTERN EUROPE	301	8 (2.7)	N.M.E.	160	0	N.M.E.	N.M.E.	
EASTERN EUROPE	58	1 (1.7)	N.M.E.	28	0	N.M.E.	N.M.E.	
AUSTRALIA	68	0	N.M.E.	30	0	N.M.E.	N.M.E.	

Apr 2023 DBL. Includes events reported from the first dose of study therapy in the blinded phase. Subjects without events are censored 100 days after last dose of study therapy in the blinded phase, or at the day before start of Nivolumab treatment in the open-label phase, whichever occurs earlier. HR = hazard ratio; KME = Kaplan-Meier estimate; N.M.E. = Not meaningful estimate; N.E. = Not estimable. (1) KME of median time to first AE. (2) Unstratified Cox proportional hazard model. HR is nivolumab over Placebo. (3) Unstratified log-rank test. (4) Unstratified Cox proportional hazard model with treatment, subgroup and treatment*subgroup interaction to assess the significance of the interaction between the treatment and the subgroup. (5) P-values <0.05 are indicated by 1 asterisk (indicates potential effect modification).

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Table 22.20.1
 Adverse Events: Subgroup Time-Adjusted Analyses
 by Significant SOC/PT on Hazard Ratio
 All Treated Subjects Censoring at Open-Label Nivolumab
 SOC: Respiratory, Thoracic and Mediastinal Disorders

Subgroup	Nivolumab			Placebo			Nivolumab vs. Placebo	
	N	Subjects with Event n (%)	KME (95%CI) (mon) (1)	N	Subjects with Event n (%)	KME (95%CI) (mon) (1)	HR (95%CI) P-value (2) (3)	Test for Interaction P-value (4) (5)
OVERALL	524	117 (22.3)	N.A.	264	41 (15.5)	N.A.	1.578 (1.106, 2.253) 0.0112	
AGE CATEGORY I < 65	305	70 (23.0)	N.A.	155	18 (11.6)	N.A.	2.179 (1.298, 3.658) 0.0025	0.0554
>= 65	219	47 (21.5)	N.A.	109	23 (21.1)	N.A.	1.105 (0.671, 1.820) 0.6952	

Apr 2023 DBL. Includes events reported from the first dose of study therapy in the blinded phase. Subjects without events are censored 100 days after last dose of study therapy in the blinded phase, or at the day before start of Nivolumab treatment in the open-label phase, whichever occurs earlier. HR = hazard ratio; KME = Kaplan-Meier estimate; N.M.E. = Not meaningful estimate; N.E. = Not estimable. (1) KME of median time to first AE. (2) Unstratified Cox proportional hazard model. HR is nivolumab over Placebo. (3) Unstratified log-rank test. (4) Unstratified Cox proportional hazard model with treatment, subgroup and treatment*subgroup interaction to assess the significance of the interaction between the treatment and the subgroup. (5) P-values <0.05 are indicated by 1 asterisk (indicates potential effect modification).

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Table 22.20.1
 Adverse Events: Subgroup Time-Adjusted Analyses
 by Significant SOC/PT on Hazard Ratio
 All Treated Subjects Censoring at Open-Label Nivolumab
 SOC: Respiratory, Thoracic and Mediastinal Disorders

Subgroup	Nivolumab			Placebo			Nivolumab vs. Placebo	
	N	Subjects with Event n (%)	KME (95%CI) (mon) (1)	N	Subjects with Event n (%)	KME (95%CI) (mon) (1)	HR (95%CI) P-value (2) (3)	Test for Interaction P-value (4) (5)
AGE CATEGORY II								
>= 18 AND < 65	305	70 (23.0)	N.A.	155	18 (11.6)	N.A.	2.179 (1.298, 3.658) 0.0025	0.0560
>= 65 AND < 75	139	28 (20.1)	N.A.	77	13 (16.9)	N.A.	1.301 (0.674, 2.513) 0.4315	
>= 75 AND < 85	77	18 (23.4)	N.A.	30	10 (33.3)	N.A. (7.46, N.A.)	0.730 (0.337, 1.582) 0.4231	
SEX								
MALE	320	68 (21.3)	N.A.	161	19 (11.8)	N.A.	1.983 (1.192, 3.298) 0.0072	0.1722
FEMALE	204	49 (24.0)	N.A.	103	22 (21.4)	N.A.	1.212 (0.733, 2.004) 0.4533	

Apr 2023 DBL. Includes events reported from the first dose of study therapy in the blinded phase. Subjects without events are censored 100 days after last dose of study therapy in the blinded phase, or at the day before start of Nivolumab treatment in the open-label phase, whichever occurs earlier. HR = hazard ratio; KME = Kaplan-Meier estimate; N.M.E. = Not meaningful estimate; N.E. = Not estimable. (1) KME of median time to first AE. (2) Unstratified Cox proportional hazard model. HR is nivolumab over Placebo. (3) Unstratified log-rank test. (4) Unstratified Cox proportional hazard model with treatment, subgroup and treatment*subgroup interaction to assess the significance of the interaction between the treatment and the subgroup. (5) P-values <0.05 are indicated by 1 asterisk (indicates potential effect modification).

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Table 22.20.1
 Adverse Events: Subgroup Time-Adjusted Analyses
 by Significant SOC/PT on Hazard Ratio
 All Treated Subjects Censoring at Open-Label Nivolumab
 SOC: Respiratory, Thoracic and Mediastinal Disorders

Subgroup	Nivolumab			Placebo			Nivolumab vs. Placebo	
	N	Subjects with Event n (%)	KME (95%CI) (mon) (1)	N	Subjects with Event n (%)	KME (95%CI) (mon) (1)	HR (95%CI) P-value (2) (3)	Test for Interaction P-value (4) (5)
DISEASE STAGE CATEGORY								0.8802
STAGE IIB	315	76 (24.1)	N.A.	162	28 (17.3)	N.A.	1.558 (1.010, 2.403) 0.0434	
STAGE IIC	209	41 (19.6)	N.A.	102	13 (12.7)	N.A.	1.644 (0.881, 3.068) 0.1141	
T STAGE								0.8003
T3B	203	46 (22.7)	N.A.	104	19 (18.3)	N.A.	1.413 (0.828, 2.413) 0.2028	
T4A	112	30 (26.8)	N.A.	58	9 (15.5)	N.A.	1.873 (0.889, 3.947) 0.0934	
T4B	209	41 (19.6)	N.A.	102	13 (12.7)	N.A.	1.644 (0.881, 3.068) 0.1141	

Apr 2023 DBL. Includes events reported from the first dose of study therapy in the blinded phase. Subjects without events are censored 100 days after last dose of study therapy in the blinded phase, or at the day before start of Nivolumab treatment in the open-label phase, whichever occurs earlier. HR = hazard ratio; KME = Kaplan-Meier estimate; N.M.E. = Not meaningful estimate; N.E. = Not estimable. (1) KME of median time to first AE. (2) Unstratified Cox proportional hazard model. HR is nivolumab over Placebo. (3) Unstratified log-rank test. (4) Unstratified Cox proportional hazard model with treatment, subgroup and treatment*subgroup interaction to assess the significance of the interaction between the treatment and the subgroup. (5) P-values <0.05 are indicated by 1 asterisk (indicates potential effect modification).

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Table 22.20.1
 Adverse Events: Subgroup Time-Adjusted Analyses
 by Significant SOC/PT on Hazard Ratio
 All Treated Subjects Censoring at Open-Label Nivolumab
 SOC: Respiratory, Thoracic and Mediastinal Disorders

Subgroup	Nivolumab			Placebo			Nivolumab vs. Placebo	
	N	Subjects with Event n (%)	KME (95%CI) (mon) (1)	N	Subjects with Event n (%)	KME (95%CI) (mon) (1)	HR (95%CI) P-value (2) (3)	Test for Interaction P-value (4) (5)
REGION								0.0861
US AND CANADA	97	25 (25.8)	N.A.	46	16 (34.8)	N.A. (12.48, N.A.)	0.802 (0.428, 1.502)	
WESTERN EUROPE	301	64 (21.3)	N.A.	160	20 (12.5)	N.A.	0.4880 1.849 (1.119, 3.056)	
EASTERN EUROPE	58	4 (6.9)	N.A.	28	1 (3.6)	N.A.	0.0148 2.054 (0.230, 18.376)	
AUSTRALIA	68	24 (35.3)	N.A. (9.23, N.A.)	30	4 (13.3)	N.A.	0.5108 3.179 (1.102, 9.171)	
							0.0239	

Apr 2023 DBL. Includes events reported from the first dose of study therapy in the blinded phase. Subjects without events are censored 100 days after last dose of study therapy in the blinded phase, or at the day before start of Nivolumab treatment in the open-label phase, whichever occurs earlier. HR = hazard ratio; KME = Kaplan-Meier estimate; N.M.E. = Not meaningful estimate; N.E. = Not estimable. (1) KME of median time to first AE. (2) Unstratified Cox proportional hazard model. HR is nivolumab over Placebo. (3) Unstratified log-rank test. (4) Unstratified Cox proportional hazard model with treatment, subgroup and treatment*subgroup interaction to assess the significance of the interaction between the treatment and the subgroup. (5) P-values <0.05 are indicated by 1 asterisk (indicates potential effect modification).

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Table 22.20.1
 Adverse Events: Subgroup Time-Adjusted Analyses
 by Significant SOC/PT on Hazard Ratio
 All Treated Subjects Censoring at Open-Label Nivolumab

SOC: Endocrine Disorders

Subgroup	Nivolumab			Placebo			Nivolumab vs. Placebo	
	N	Subjects with Event n (%)	KME (95%CI) (mon) (1)	N	Subjects with Event n (%)	KME (95%CI) (mon) (1)	HR (95%CI) P-value (2) (3)	Test for Interaction P-value (4) (5)
OVERALL	524	114 (21.8)	N.A.	264	10 (3.8)	N.A.	6.771 (3.546, 12.928) <0.0001	
AGE CATEGORY I < 65	305	65 (21.3)	N.A.	155	7 (4.5)	N.A.	5.515 (2.528, 12.032) <0.0001	0.4191
>= 65	219	49 (22.4)	N.A.	109	3 (2.8)	N.A.	9.658 (3.009, 30.996) <0.0001	

Apr 2023 DBL. Includes events reported from the first dose of study therapy in the blinded phase. Subjects without events are censored 100 days after last dose of study therapy in the blinded phase, or at the day before start of Nivolumab treatment in the open-label phase, whichever occurs earlier. HR = hazard ratio; KME = Kaplan-Meier estimate; N.M.E. = Not meaningful estimate; N.E. = Not estimable. (1) KME of median time to first AE. (2) Unstratified Cox proportional hazard model. HR is nivolumab over Placebo. (3) Unstratified log-rank test. (4) Unstratified Cox proportional hazard model with treatment, subgroup and treatment*subgroup interaction to assess the significance of the interaction between the treatment and the subgroup. (5) P-values <0.05 are indicated by 1 asterisk (indicates potential effect modification).

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Table 22.20.1
 Adverse Events: Subgroup Time-Adjusted Analyses
 by Significant SOC/PT on Hazard Ratio
 All Treated Subjects Censoring at Open-Label Nivolumab

SOC: Endocrine Disorders

Subgroup	Nivolumab			Placebo			Nivolumab vs. Placebo	
	N	Subjects with Event n (%)	KME (95%CI) (mon) (1)	N	Subjects with Event n (%)	KME (95%CI) (mon) (1)	HR (95%CI) P-value (2) (3)	Test for Interaction P-value (4) (5)
AGE CATEGORY II								
>= 18 AND < 65	305	65 (21.3)	N.A.	155	7 (4.5)	N.A.	5.515 (2.528, 12.032) <0.0001	0.6783
>= 65 AND < 75	139	34 (24.5)	N.A.	77	2 (2.6)	N.A.	11.193 (2.688, 46.598) <0.0001	
>= 75 AND < 85	77	15 (19.5)	N.A.	30	1 (3.3)	N.A.	6.929 (0.914, 52.528) 0.0294	
SEX								
MALE	320	57 (17.8)	N.A.	161	4 (2.5)	N.A.	8.275 (3.001, 22.813) <0.0001	0.6593
FEMALE	204	57 (27.9)	N.A.	103	6 (5.8)	N.A.	5.881 (2.534, 13.647) <0.0001	

Apr 2023 DBL. Includes events reported from the first dose of study therapy in the blinded phase. Subjects without events are censored 100 days after last dose of study therapy in the blinded phase, or at the day before start of Nivolumab treatment in the open-label phase, whichever occurs earlier. HR = hazard ratio; KME = Kaplan-Meier estimate; N.M.E. = Not meaningful estimate; N.E. = Not estimable. (1) KME of median time to first AE. (2) Unstratified Cox proportional hazard model. HR is nivolumab over Placebo. (3) Unstratified log-rank test. (4) Unstratified Cox proportional hazard model with treatment, subgroup and treatment*subgroup interaction to assess the significance of the interaction between the treatment and the subgroup. (5) P-values <0.05 are indicated by 1 asterisk (indicates potential effect modification).

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Table 22.20.1
 Adverse Events: Subgroup Time-Adjusted Analyses
 by Significant SOC/PT on Hazard Ratio
 All Treated Subjects Censoring at Open-Label Nivolumab

SOC: Endocrine Disorders

Subgroup	Nivolumab			Placebo			Nivolumab vs. Placebo	
	N	Subjects with Event n (%)	KME (95%CI) (mon) (1)	N	Subjects with Event n (%)	KME (95%CI) (mon) (1)	HR (95%CI) P-value (2) (3)	Test for Interaction P-value (4) (5)
DISEASE STAGE CATEGORY								0.6777
STAGE IIB	315	59 (18.7)	N.A.	162	6 (3.7)	N.A.	5.935 (2.561, 13.752) <0.0001	
STAGE IIC	209	55 (26.3)	N.A.	102	4 (3.9)	N.A.	7.924 (2.871, 21.873) <0.0001	
T STAGE								0.3208
T3B	203	44 (21.7)	N.A.	104	3 (2.9)	N.A.	9.172 (2.846, 29.556) <0.0001	
T4A	112	15 (13.4)	N.A.	58	3 (5.2)	N.A.	2.819 (0.816, 9.741) 0.0870	
T4B	209	55 (26.3)	N.A.	102	4 (3.9)	N.A.	7.924 (2.871, 21.873) <0.0001	

Apr 2023 DBL. Includes events reported from the first dose of study therapy in the blinded phase. Subjects without events are censored 100 days after last dose of study therapy in the blinded phase, or at the day before start of Nivolumab treatment in the open-label phase, whichever occurs earlier. HR = hazard ratio; KME = Kaplan-Meier estimate; N.M.E. = Not meaningful estimate; N.E. = Not estimable. (1) KME of median time to first AE. (2) Unstratified Cox proportional hazard model. HR is nivolumab over Placebo. (3) Unstratified log-rank test. (4) Unstratified Cox proportional hazard model with treatment, subgroup and treatment*subgroup interaction to assess the significance of the interaction between the treatment and the subgroup. (5) P-values <0.05 are indicated by 1 asterisk (indicates potential effect modification).

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Table 22.20.1
 Adverse Events: Subgroup Time-Adjusted Analyses
 by Significant SOC/PT on Hazard Ratio
 All Treated Subjects Censoring at Open-Label Nivolumab

SOC: Endocrine Disorders

Subgroup	Nivolumab			Placebo			Nivolumab vs. Placebo	
	N	Subjects with Event n (%)	KME (95%CI) (mon) (1)	N	Subjects with Event n (%)	KME (95%CI) (mon) (1)	HR (95%CI) P-value (2) (3)	Test for Interaction P-value (4) (5)
REGION								0.7779
US AND CANADA	97	25 (25.8)	N.A.	46	2 (4.3)	N.A.	7.735 (1.828, 32.724)	0.0010
WESTERN EUROPE	301	66 (21.9)	N.A.	160	5 (3.1)	N.A.	8.017 (3.229, 19.904)	<0.0001
EASTERN EUROPE	58	11 (19.0)	N.A.	28	2 (7.1)	N.A.	3.190 (0.707, 14.406)	0.1112
AUSTRALIA	68	12 (17.6)	N.A.	30	1 (3.3)	N.A.	6.293 (0.817, 48.451)	0.0429

Apr 2023 DBL. Includes events reported from the first dose of study therapy in the blinded phase. Subjects without events are censored 100 days after last dose of study therapy in the blinded phase, or at the day before start of Nivolumab treatment in the open-label phase, whichever occurs earlier. HR = hazard ratio; KME = Kaplan-Meier estimate; N.M.E. = Not meaningful estimate; N.E. = Not estimable. (1) KME of median time to first AE. (2) Unstratified Cox proportional hazard model. HR is nivolumab over Placebo. (3) Unstratified log-rank test. (4) Unstratified Cox proportional hazard model with treatment, subgroup and treatment*subgroup interaction to assess the significance of the interaction between the treatment and the subgroup. (5) P-values <0.05 are indicated by 1 asterisk (indicates potential effect modification).

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Table 22.20.1
 Adverse Events: Subgroup Time-Adjusted Analyses
 by Significant SOC/PT on Hazard Ratio
 All Treated Subjects Censoring at Open-Label Nivolumab
 SOC: Endocrine Disorders. PT: Hypothyroidism

Subgroup	Nivolumab			Placebo			Nivolumab vs. Placebo	
	N	Subjects with Event n (%)	KME (95%CI) (mon) (1)	N	Subjects with Event n (%)	KME (95%CI) (mon) (1)	HR (95%CI) P-value (2) (3)	Test for Interaction P-value (4) (5)
OVERALL	524	67 (12.8)	N.A.	264	0	N.E.	N.E. <0.0001	
AGE CATEGORY I								0.9999
< 65	305	37 (12.1)	N.A.	155	0	N.E.	N.E. <0.0001	
>= 65	219	30 (13.7)	N.A.	109	0	N.E.	N.E. <0.0001	

Apr 2023 DBL. Includes events reported from the first dose of study therapy in the blinded phase. Subjects without events are censored 100 days after last dose of study therapy in the blinded phase, or at the day before start of Nivolumab treatment in the open-label phase, whichever occurs earlier. HR = hazard ratio; KME = Kaplan-Meier estimate; N.M.E. = Not meaningful estimate; N.E. = Not estimable. (1) KME of median time to first AE. (2) Unstratified Cox proportional hazard model. HR is nivolumab over Placebo. (3) Unstratified log-rank test. (4) Unstratified Cox proportional hazard model with treatment, subgroup and treatment*subgroup interaction to assess the significance of the interaction between the treatment and the subgroup. (5) P-values <0.05 are indicated by 1 asterisk (indicates potential effect modification).

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Table 22.20.1
 Adverse Events: Subgroup Time-Adjusted Analyses
 by Significant SOC/PT on Hazard Ratio
 All Treated Subjects Censoring at Open-Label Nivolumab
 SOC: Endocrine Disorders. PT: Hypothyroidism

Subgroup	Nivolumab			Placebo			Nivolumab vs. Placebo	
	N	Subjects with Event n (%)	KME (95%CI) (mon) (1)	N	Subjects with Event n (%)	KME (95%CI) (mon) (1)	HR (95%CI) P-value (2) (3)	Test for Interaction P-value (4) (5)
AGE CATEGORY II								>0.9999
>= 18 AND < 65	305	37 (12.1)	N.A.	155	0	N.E.	N.E. <0.0001	
>= 65 AND < 75	139	19 (13.7)	N.A.	77	0	N.E.	N.E. 0.0006	
>= 75 AND < 85	77	11 (14.3)	N.A.	30	0	N.E.	N.E. 0.0278	
SEX								0.9997
MALE	320	33 (10.3)	N.A.	161	0	N.E.	N.E. <0.0001	
FEMALE	204	34 (16.7)	N.A.	103	0	N.E.	N.E. <0.0001	

Apr 2023 DBL. Includes events reported from the first dose of study therapy in the blinded phase. Subjects without events are censored 100 days after last dose of study therapy in the blinded phase, or at the day before start of Nivolumab treatment in the open-label phase, whichever occurs earlier. HR = hazard ratio; KME = Kaplan-Meier estimate; N.M.E. = Not meaningful estimate; N.E. = Not estimable. (1) KME of median time to first AE. (2) Unstratified Cox proportional hazard model. HR is nivolumab over Placebo. (3) Unstratified log-rank test. (4) Unstratified Cox proportional hazard model with treatment, subgroup and treatment*subgroup interaction to assess the significance of the interaction between the treatment and the subgroup. (5) P-values <0.05 are indicated by 1 asterisk (indicates potential effect modification).

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Table 22.20.1
 Adverse Events: Subgroup Time-Adjusted Analyses
 by Significant SOC/PT on Hazard Ratio
 All Treated Subjects Censoring at Open-Label Nivolumab

SOC: Endocrine Disorders. PT: Hypothyroidism

Subgroup	Nivolumab			Placebo			Nivolumab vs. Placebo	
	N	Subjects with Event n (%)	KME (95%CI) (mon) (1)	N	Subjects with Event n (%)	KME (95%CI) (mon) (1)	HR (95%CI) P-value (2) (3)	Test for Interaction P-value (4) (5)
DISEASE STAGE CATEGORY								0.9998
STAGE IIB	315	36 (11.4)	N.A.	162	0	N.E.	N.E. <0.0001	
STAGE IIC	209	31 (14.8)	N.A.	102	0	N.E.	N.E. <0.0001	
T STAGE								>0.9999
T3B	203	27 (13.3)	N.A.	104	0	N.E.	N.E. <0.0001	
T4A	112	9 (8.0)	N.A.	58	0	N.E.	N.E. 0.0216	
T4B	209	31 (14.8)	N.A.	102	0	N.E.	N.E. <0.0001	

Apr 2023 DBL. Includes events reported from the first dose of study therapy in the blinded phase. Subjects without events are censored 100 days after last dose of study therapy in the blinded phase, or at the day before start of Nivolumab treatment in the open-label phase, whichever occurs earlier. HR = hazard ratio; KME = Kaplan-Meier estimate; N.M.E. = Not meaningful estimate; N.E. = Not estimable. (1) KME of median time to first AE. (2) Unstratified Cox proportional hazard model. HR is nivolumab over Placebo. (3) Unstratified log-rank test. (4) Unstratified Cox proportional hazard model with treatment, subgroup and treatment*subgroup interaction to assess the significance of the interaction between the treatment and the subgroup. (5) P-values <0.05 are indicated by 1 asterisk (indicates potential effect modification).

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Table 22.20.1
 Adverse Events: Subgroup Time-Adjusted Analyses
 by Significant SOC/PT on Hazard Ratio
 All Treated Subjects Censoring at Open-Label Nivolumab
 SOC: Endocrine Disorders. PT: Hypothyroidism

Subgroup	Nivolumab			Placebo			Nivolumab vs. Placebo	
	N	Subjects with Event n (%)	KME (95%CI) (mon) (1)	N	Subjects with Event n (%)	KME (95%CI) (mon) (1)	HR (95%CI) P-value (2) (3)	Test for Interaction P-value (4) (5)
REGION								>0.9999
US AND CANADA	97	18 (18.6)	N.A.	46	0	N.E.	N.E. 0.0014	
WESTERN EUROPE	301	34 (11.3)	N.A.	160	0	N.E.	N.E. <0.0001	
EASTERN EUROPE	58	8 (13.8)	N.A.	28	0	N.E.	N.E. 0.0364	
AUSTRALIA	68	7 (10.3)	N.A.	30	0	N.E.	N.E. 0.0580	

Apr 2023 DBL. Includes events reported from the first dose of study therapy in the blinded phase. Subjects without events are censored 100 days after last dose of study therapy in the blinded phase, or at the day before start of Nivolumab treatment in the open-label phase, whichever occurs earlier. HR = hazard ratio; KME = Kaplan-Meier estimate; N.M.E. = Not meaningful estimate; N.E. = Not estimable. (1) KME of median time to first AE. (2) Unstratified Cox proportional hazard model. HR is nivolumab over Placebo. (3) Unstratified log-rank test. (4) Unstratified Cox proportional hazard model with treatment, subgroup and treatment*subgroup interaction to assess the significance of the interaction between the treatment and the subgroup. (5) P-values <0.05 are indicated by 1 asterisk (indicates potential effect modification).

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Table 22.20.1
 Adverse Events: Subgroup Time-Adjusted Analyses
 by Significant SOC/PT on Hazard Ratio
 All Treated Subjects Censoring at Open-Label Nivolumab
 SOC: Endocrine Disorders. PT: Hyperthyroidism

Subgroup	Nivolumab			Placebo			Nivolumab vs. Placebo	
	N	Subjects with Event n (%)	KME (95%CI) (mon) (1)	N	Subjects with Event n (%)	KME (95%CI) (mon) (1)	HR (95%CI) P-value (2) (3)	Test for Interaction P-value (4) (5)
OVERALL	524	42 (8.0)	N.A.	264	4 (1.5)	N.A.	5.670 (2.033, 15.815) 0.0002	
AGE CATEGORY I < 65	305	25 (8.2)	N.A.	155	2 (1.3)	N.A.	6.813 (1.613, 28.766) 0.0024	0.7014
>= 65	219	17 (7.8)	N.A.	109	2 (1.8)	N.A.	4.510 (1.042, 19.529) 0.0271	

Apr 2023 DBL. Includes events reported from the first dose of study therapy in the blinded phase. Subjects without events are censored 100 days after last dose of study therapy in the blinded phase, or at the day before start of Nivolumab treatment in the open-label phase, whichever occurs earlier. HR = hazard ratio; KME = Kaplan-Meier estimate; N.M.E. = Not meaningful estimate; N.E. = Not estimable. (1) KME of median time to first AE. (2) Unstratified Cox proportional hazard model. HR is nivolumab over Placebo. (3) Unstratified log-rank test. (4) Unstratified Cox proportional hazard model with treatment, subgroup and treatment*subgroup interaction to assess the significance of the interaction between the treatment and the subgroup. (5) P-values <0.05 are indicated by 1 asterisk (indicates potential effect modification).

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Table 22.20.1
 Adverse Events: Subgroup Time-Adjusted Analyses
 by Significant SOC/PT on Hazard Ratio
 All Treated Subjects Censoring at Open-Label Nivolumab
 SOC: Endocrine Disorders. PT: Hyperthyroidism

Subgroup	Nivolumab			Placebo			Nivolumab vs. Placebo	
	N	Subjects with Event n (%)	KME (95%CI) (mon) (1)	N	Subjects with Event n (%)	KME (95%CI) (mon) (1)	HR (95%CI) P-value (2) (3)	Test for Interaction P-value (4) (5)
AGE CATEGORY II								
>= 18 AND < 65	305	25 (8.2)	N.A.	155	2 (1.3)	N.A.	6.813 (1.613, 28.766) 0.0024	0.7887
>= 65 AND < 75	139	11 (7.9)	N.A.	77	2 (2.6)	N.A.	3.224 (0.714, 14.547) 0.1074	
>= 75 AND < 85	77	6 (7.8)	N.A.	30	0	N.E.	N.E. 0.1133	
SEX								
MALE	320	19 (5.9)	N.A.	161	4 (2.5)	N.A.	2.535 (0.862, 7.453) 0.0799	0.9855
FEMALE	204	23 (11.3)	N.A.	103	0	N.E.	N.E. 0.0004	

Apr 2023 DBL. Includes events reported from the first dose of study therapy in the blinded phase. Subjects without events are censored 100 days after last dose of study therapy in the blinded phase, or at the day before start of Nivolumab treatment in the open-label phase, whichever occurs earlier. HR = hazard ratio; KME = Kaplan-Meier estimate; N.M.E. = Not meaningful estimate; N.E. = Not estimable. (1) KME of median time to first AE. (2) Unstratified Cox proportional hazard model. HR is nivolumab over Placebo. (3) Unstratified log-rank test. (4) Unstratified Cox proportional hazard model with treatment, subgroup and treatment*subgroup interaction to assess the significance of the interaction between the treatment and the subgroup. (5) P-values <0.05 are indicated by 1 asterisk (indicates potential effect modification).

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Table 22.20.1
 Adverse Events: Subgroup Time-Adjusted Analyses
 by Significant SOC/PT on Hazard Ratio
 All Treated Subjects Censoring at Open-Label Nivolumab
 SOC: Endocrine Disorders. PT: Hyperthyroidism

Subgroup	Nivolumab			Placebo			Nivolumab vs. Placebo	
	N	Subjects with Event n (%)	KME (95%CI) (mon) (1)	N	Subjects with Event n (%)	KME (95%CI) (mon) (1)	HR (95%CI) P-value (2) (3)	Test for Interaction P-value (4) (5)
DISEASE STAGE CATEGORY								0.7202
STAGE IIB	315	24 (7.6)	N.A.	162	2 (1.2)	N.A.	6.649 (1.571, 28.140) 0.0029	
STAGE IIC	209	18 (8.6)	N.A.	102	2 (2.0)	N.A.	4.621 (1.072, 19.921) 0.0239	
T STAGE								0.7197
T3B	203	18 (8.9)	N.A.	104	1 (1.0)	N.A.	10.153 (1.356, 76.040) 0.0052	
T4A	112	6 (5.4)	N.A.	58	1 (1.7)	N.A.	3.218 (0.387, 26.726) 0.2526	
T4B	209	18 (8.6)	N.A.	102	2 (2.0)	N.A.	4.621 (1.072, 19.921) 0.0239	

Apr 2023 DBL. Includes events reported from the first dose of study therapy in the blinded phase. Subjects without events are censored 100 days after last dose of study therapy in the blinded phase, or at the day before start of Nivolumab treatment in the open-label phase, whichever occurs earlier. HR = hazard ratio; KME = Kaplan-Meier estimate; N.M.E. = Not meaningful estimate; N.E. = Not estimable. (1) KME of median time to first AE. (2) Unstratified Cox proportional hazard model. HR is nivolumab over Placebo. (3) Unstratified log-rank test. (4) Unstratified Cox proportional hazard model with treatment, subgroup and treatment*subgroup interaction to assess the significance of the interaction between the treatment and the subgroup. (5) P-values <0.05 are indicated by 1 asterisk (indicates potential effect modification).

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Table 22.20.1
 Adverse Events: Subgroup Time-Adjusted Analyses
 by Significant SOC/PT on Hazard Ratio
 All Treated Subjects Censoring at Open-Label Nivolumab
 SOC: Endocrine Disorders. PT: Hyperthyroidism

Subgroup	Nivolumab			Placebo			Nivolumab vs. Placebo	
	N	Subjects with Event n (%)	KME (95%CI) (mon) (1)	N	Subjects with Event n (%)	KME (95%CI) (mon) (1)	HR (95%CI) P-value (2) (3)	Test for Interaction P-value (4) (5)
REGION								0.3578
US AND CANADA	97	5 (5.2)	N.A.	46	1 (2.2)	N.A.	2.489 (0.291, 21.307)	
WESTERN EUROPE	301	25 (8.3)	N.A.	160	1 (0.6)	N.A.	0.3890 13.969 (1.893, >99.999)	
EASTERN EUROPE	58	5 (8.6)	N.A.	28	2 (7.1)	N.A.	0.0007 1.358 (0.263, 7.002)	
AUSTRALIA	68	7 (10.3)	N.A.	30	0	N.E.	0.7137 N.E. 0.0630	

Apr 2023 DBL. Includes events reported from the first dose of study therapy in the blinded phase. Subjects without events are censored 100 days after last dose of study therapy in the blinded phase, or at the day before start of Nivolumab treatment in the open-label phase, whichever occurs earlier. HR = hazard ratio; KME = Kaplan-Meier estimate; N.M.E. = Not meaningful estimate; N.E. = Not estimable. (1) KME of median time to first AE. (2) Unstratified Cox proportional hazard model. HR is nivolumab over Placebo. (3) Unstratified log-rank test. (4) Unstratified Cox proportional hazard model with treatment, subgroup and treatment*subgroup interaction to assess the significance of the interaction between the treatment and the subgroup. (5) P-values <0.05 are indicated by 1 asterisk (indicates potential effect modification).

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Table 22.20.1
 Adverse Events: Subgroup Time-Adjusted Analyses
 by Significant SOC/PT on Hazard Ratio
 All Treated Subjects Censoring at Open-Label Nivolumab

SOC: Injury, Poisoning and Procedural Complications. PT: Infusion Related Reaction

Subgroup	Nivolumab			Placebo			Nivolumab vs. Placebo	
	N	Subjects with Event n (%)	KME (95%CI) (mon) (1)	N	Subjects with Event n (%)	KME (95%CI) (mon) (1)	HR (95%CI) P-value (2) (3)	Test for Interaction P-value (4) (5)
OVERALL	524	28 (5.3)	N.A.	264	2 (0.8)	N.A.	7.257 (1.729, 30.461) 0.0015	
AGE CATEGORY I < 65	305	17 (5.6)	N.A.	155	1 (0.6)	N.A.	8.914 (1.187, 66.961) 0.0099	0.7516
>= 65	219	11 (5.0)	N.A.	109	1 (0.9)	N.A.	5.589 (0.722, 43.287) 0.0630	

Apr 2023 DBL. Includes events reported from the first dose of study therapy in the blinded phase. Subjects without events are censored 100 days after last dose of study therapy in the blinded phase, or at the day before start of Nivolumab treatment in the open-label phase, whichever occurs earlier. HR = hazard ratio; KME = Kaplan-Meier estimate; N.M.E. = Not meaningful estimate; N.E. = Not estimable. (1) KME of median time to first AE. (2) Unstratified Cox proportional hazard model. HR is nivolumab over Placebo. (3) Unstratified log-rank test. (4) Unstratified Cox proportional hazard model with treatment, subgroup and treatment*subgroup interaction to assess the significance of the interaction between the treatment and the subgroup. (5) P-values <0.05 are indicated by 1 asterisk (indicates potential effect modification).

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Table 22.20.1
 Adverse Events: Subgroup Time-Adjusted Analyses
 by Significant SOC/PT on Hazard Ratio
 All Treated Subjects Censoring at Open-Label Nivolumab

SOC: Injury, Poisoning and Procedural Complications. PT: Infusion Related Reaction

Subgroup	Nivolumab			Placebo			Nivolumab vs. Placebo	
	N	Subjects with Event n (%)	KME (95%CI) (mon) (1)	N	Subjects with Event n (%)	KME (95%CI) (mon) (1)	HR (95%CI) P-value (2) (3)	Test for Interaction P-value (4) (5)
AGE CATEGORY II								
>= 18 AND < 65	305	17 (5.6)	N.A.	155	1 (0.6)	N.A.	8.914 (1.187, 66.961) 0.0099	0.9316
>= 65 AND < 75	139	9 (6.5)	N.A.	77	1 (1.3)	N.A.	5.115 (0.648, 40.373) 0.0841	
>= 75 AND < 85	77	1 (1.3)	N.A.	30	0	N.E.	N.E. 0.5325	
SEX								
MALE	320	17 (5.3)	N.A.	161	2 (1.2)	N.A.	4.372 (1.010, 18.925) 0.0309	0.9886
FEMALE	204	11 (5.4)	N.A.	103	0	N.E.	N.E. 0.0161	

Apr 2023 DBL. Includes events reported from the first dose of study therapy in the blinded phase. Subjects without events are censored 100 days after last dose of study therapy in the blinded phase, or at the day before start of Nivolumab treatment in the open-label phase, whichever occurs earlier. HR = hazard ratio; KME = Kaplan-Meier estimate; N.M.E. = Not meaningful estimate; N.E. = Not estimable. (1) KME of median time to first AE. (2) Unstratified Cox proportional hazard model. HR is nivolumab over Placebo. (3) Unstratified log-rank test. (4) Unstratified Cox proportional hazard model with treatment, subgroup and treatment*subgroup interaction to assess the significance of the interaction between the treatment and the subgroup. (5) P-values <0.05 are indicated by 1 asterisk (indicates potential effect modification).

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Table 22.20.1
 Adverse Events: Subgroup Time-Adjusted Analyses
 by Significant SOC/PT on Hazard Ratio
 All Treated Subjects Censoring at Open-Label Nivolumab

SOC: Injury, Poisoning and Procedural Complications. PT: Infusion Related Reaction

Subgroup	Nivolumab			Placebo			Nivolumab vs. Placebo	
	N	Subjects with Event n (%)	KME (95%CI) (mon) (1)	N	Subjects with Event n (%)	KME (95%CI) (mon) (1)	HR (95%CI) P-value (2) (3)	Test for Interaction P-value (4) (5)
DISEASE STAGE CATEGORY								0.8030
STAGE IIB	315	16 (5.1)	N.A.	162	1 (0.6)	N.A.	8.545 (1.133, 64.422)	
STAGE IIC	209	12 (5.7)	N.A.	102	1 (1.0)	N.A.	5.915 (0.769, 45.486)	
T STAGE								0.9899
T3B	203	9 (4.4)	N.A.	104	1 (1.0)	N.A.	4.816 (0.610, 38.018)	
T4A	112	7 (6.3)	N.A.	58	0	N.E.	N.E. 0.0540	
T4B	209	12 (5.7)	N.A.	102	1 (1.0)	N.A.	5.915 (0.769, 45.486)	

Apr 2023 DBL. Includes events reported from the first dose of study therapy in the blinded phase. Subjects without events are censored 100 days after last dose of study therapy in the blinded phase, or at the day before start of Nivolumab treatment in the open-label phase, whichever occurs earlier. HR = hazard ratio; KME = Kaplan-Meier estimate; N.M.E. = Not meaningful estimate; N.E. = Not estimable. (1) KME of median time to first AE. (2) Unstratified Cox proportional hazard model. HR is nivolumab over Placebo. (3) Unstratified log-rank test. (4) Unstratified Cox proportional hazard model with treatment, subgroup and treatment*subgroup interaction to assess the significance of the interaction between the treatment and the subgroup. (5) P-values <0.05 are indicated by 1 asterisk (indicates potential effect modification).

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Table 22.20.1
 Adverse Events: Subgroup Time-Adjusted Analyses
 by Significant SOC/PT on Hazard Ratio
 All Treated Subjects Censoring at Open-Label Nivolumab

SOC: Injury, Poisoning and Procedural Complications. PT: Infusion Related Reaction

Subgroup	Nivolumab			Placebo			Nivolumab vs. Placebo	
	N	Subjects with Event n (%)	KME (95%CI) (mon) (1)	N	Subjects with Event n (%)	KME (95%CI) (mon) (1)	HR (95%CI) P-value (2) (3)	Test for Interaction P-value (4) (5)
REGION								>0.9999
US AND CANADA	97	10 (10.3)	N.A.	46	1 (2.2)	N.A.	5.031 (0.644, 39.304)	
WESTERN EUROPE	301	10 (3.3)	N.A.	160	1 (0.6)	N.A.	0.0861 5.343 (0.684, 41.742)	
EASTERN EUROPE	58	1 (1.7)	N.A.	28	0	N.E.	0.0730 N.E.	
AUSTRALIA	68	7 (10.3)	N.A.	30	0	N.E.	0.4617 N.E. 0.0708	

Apr 2023 DBL. Includes events reported from the first dose of study therapy in the blinded phase. Subjects without events are censored 100 days after last dose of study therapy in the blinded phase, or at the day before start of Nivolumab treatment in the open-label phase, whichever occurs earlier. HR = hazard ratio; KME = Kaplan-Meier estimate; N.M.E. = Not meaningful estimate; N.E. = Not estimable. (1) KME of median time to first AE. (2) Unstratified Cox proportional hazard model. HR is nivolumab over Placebo. (3) Unstratified log-rank test. (4) Unstratified Cox proportional hazard model with treatment, subgroup and treatment*subgroup interaction to assess the significance of the interaction between the treatment and the subgroup. (5) P-values <0.05 are indicated by 1 asterisk (indicates potential effect modification).

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Table 22.20.1
 Adverse Events: Subgroup Time-Adjusted Analyses
 by Significant SOC/PT on Hazard Ratio
 All Treated Subjects Censoring at Open-Label Nivolumab

SOC: Blood and Lymphatic System Disorders. PT: Eosinophilia

Subgroup	Nivolumab			Placebo			Nivolumab vs. Placebo	
	N	Subjects with Event n (%)	KME (95%CI) (mon) (1)	N	Subjects with Event n (%)	KME (95%CI) (mon) (1)	HR (95%CI) P-value (2) (3)	Test for Interaction P-value (4) (5)
OVERALL	524	19 (3.6)	N.A.	264	2 (0.8)	N.A.	5.115 (1.191, 21.965) 0.0144	
AGE CATEGORY I < 65	305	12 (3.9)	N.A.	155	1 (0.6)	N.A.	6.563 (0.853, 50.487) 0.0370	0.7171
>= 65	219	7 (3.2)	N.A.	109	1 (0.9)	N.A.	3.634 (0.447, 29.537) 0.1962	

Apr 2023 DBL. Includes events reported from the first dose of study therapy in the blinded phase. Subjects without events are censored 100 days after last dose of study therapy in the blinded phase, or at the day before start of Nivolumab treatment in the open-label phase, whichever occurs earlier. HR = hazard ratio; KME = Kaplan-Meier estimate; N.M.E. = Not meaningful estimate; N.E. = Not estimable. (1) KME of median time to first AE. (2) Unstratified Cox proportional hazard model. HR is nivolumab over Placebo. (3) Unstratified log-rank test. (4) Unstratified Cox proportional hazard model with treatment, subgroup and treatment*subgroup interaction to assess the significance of the interaction between the treatment and the subgroup. (5) P-values <0.05 are indicated by 1 asterisk (indicates potential effect modification).

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Table 22.20.1
 Adverse Events: Subgroup Time-Adjusted Analyses
 by Significant SOC/PT on Hazard Ratio
 All Treated Subjects Censoring at Open-Label Nivolumab

SOC: Blood and Lymphatic System Disorders. PT: Eosinophilia

Subgroup	Nivolumab			Placebo			Nivolumab vs. Placebo	
	N	Subjects with Event n (%)	KME (95%CI) (mon) (1)	N	Subjects with Event n (%)	KME (95%CI) (mon) (1)	HR (95%CI) P-value (2) (3)	Test for Interaction P-value (4) (5)
AGE CATEGORY II								
>= 18 AND < 65	305	12 (3.9)	N.A.	155	1 (0.6)	N.A.	6.563 (0.853, 50.487) 0.0370	0.8769
>= 65 AND < 75	139	5 (3.6)	N.A.	77	1 (1.3)	N.A.	2.843 (0.332, 24.339) 0.3184	
>= 75 AND < 85	77	2 (2.6)	N.A.	30	0	N.E.	N.E. 0.3590	
SEX								
MALE	320	14 (4.4)	N.A.	161	1 (0.6)	N.A.	7.546 (0.992, 57.400) 0.0214	0.4959
FEMALE	204	5 (2.5)	N.A.	103	1 (1.0)	N.A.	2.680 (0.313, 22.942) 0.3489	

Apr 2023 DBL. Includes events reported from the first dose of study therapy in the blinded phase. Subjects without events are censored 100 days after last dose of study therapy in the blinded phase, or at the day before start of Nivolumab treatment in the open-label phase, whichever occurs earlier. HR = hazard ratio; KME = Kaplan-Meier estimate; N.M.E. = Not meaningful estimate; N.E. = Not estimable. (1) KME of median time to first AE. (2) Unstratified Cox proportional hazard model. HR is nivolumab over Placebo. (3) Unstratified log-rank test. (4) Unstratified Cox proportional hazard model with treatment, subgroup and treatment*subgroup interaction to assess the significance of the interaction between the treatment and the subgroup. (5) P-values <0.05 are indicated by 1 asterisk (indicates potential effect modification).

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Table 22.20.1
 Adverse Events: Subgroup Time-Adjusted Analyses
 by Significant SOC/PT on Hazard Ratio
 All Treated Subjects Censoring at Open-Label Nivolumab

SOC: Blood and Lymphatic System Disorders. PT: Eosinophilia

Subgroup	Nivolumab			Placebo			Nivolumab vs. Placebo	
	N	Subjects with Event n (%)	KME (95%CI) (mon) (1)	N	Subjects with Event n (%)	KME (95%CI) (mon) (1)	HR (95%CI) P-value (2) (3)	Test for Interaction P-value (4) (5)
DISEASE STAGE CATEGORY								0.8929
STAGE IIB	315	10 (3.2)	N.A.	162	1 (0.6)	N.A.	5.481 (0.702, 42.829)	
STAGE IIC	209	9 (4.3)	N.A.	102	1 (1.0)	N.A.	0.0681 4.656 (0.590, 36.765)	
T STAGE								0.9803
T3B	203	6 (3.0)	N.A.	104	1 (1.0)	N.A.	3.324 (0.400, 27.620)	
T4A	112	4 (3.6)	N.A.	58	0	N.E.	0.2380 N.E.	
T4B	209	9 (4.3)	N.A.	102	1 (1.0)	N.A.	0.1422 4.656 (0.590, 36.765)	

Apr 2023 DBL. Includes events reported from the first dose of study therapy in the blinded phase. Subjects without events are censored 100 days after last dose of study therapy in the blinded phase, or at the day before start of Nivolumab treatment in the open-label phase, whichever occurs earlier. HR = hazard ratio; KME = Kaplan-Meier estimate; N.M.E. = Not meaningful estimate; N.E. = Not estimable. (1) KME of median time to first AE. (2) Unstratified Cox proportional hazard model. HR is nivolumab over Placebo. (3) Unstratified log-rank test. (4) Unstratified Cox proportional hazard model with treatment, subgroup and treatment*subgroup interaction to assess the significance of the interaction between the treatment and the subgroup. (5) P-values <0.05 are indicated by 1 asterisk (indicates potential effect modification).

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Table 22.20.1
 Adverse Events: Subgroup Time-Adjusted Analyses
 by Significant SOC/PT on Hazard Ratio
 All Treated Subjects Censoring at Open-Label Nivolumab

SOC: Blood and Lymphatic System Disorders. PT: Eosinophilia

Subgroup	Nivolumab			Placebo			Nivolumab vs. Placebo	
	N	Subjects with Event n (%)	KME (95%CI) (mon) (1)	N	Subjects with Event n (%)	KME (95%CI) (mon) (1)	HR (95%CI) P-value (2) (3)	Test for Interaction P-value (4) (5)
REGION								>0.9999
US AND CANADA	97	6 (6.2)	N.A.	46	0	N.E.	N.E. 0.0689	
WESTERN EUROPE	301	13 (4.3)	N.A.	160	2 (1.3)	N.A.	3.544 (0.800, 15.702)	
EASTERN EUROPE	58	0	N.E.	28	0	N.E.	0.0752 N.E.	
AUSTRALIA	68	0	N.E.	30	0	N.E.	N.E. N.E.	

Apr 2023 DBL. Includes events reported from the first dose of study therapy in the blinded phase. Subjects without events are censored 100 days after last dose of study therapy in the blinded phase, or at the day before start of Nivolumab treatment in the open-label phase, whichever occurs earlier. HR = hazard ratio; KME = Kaplan-Meier estimate; N.M.E. = Not meaningful estimate; N.E. = Not estimable. (1) KME of median time to first AE. (2) Unstratified Cox proportional hazard model. HR is nivolumab over Placebo. (3) Unstratified log-rank test. (4) Unstratified Cox proportional hazard model with treatment, subgroup and treatment*subgroup interaction to assess the significance of the interaction between the treatment and the subgroup. (5) P-values <0.05 are indicated by 1 asterisk (indicates potential effect modification).

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Table 22.20.1
 Adverse Events: Subgroup Time-Adjusted Analyses
 by Significant SOC/PT on Hazard Ratio
 All Treated Subjects Censoring at Open-Label Nivolumab

SOC: Eye Disorders

Subgroup	Nivolumab			Placebo			Nivolumab vs. Placebo	
	N	Subjects with Event n (%)	KME (95%CI) (mon) (1)	N	Subjects with Event n (%)	KME (95%CI) (mon) (1)	HR (95%CI) P-value (2) (3)	Test for Interaction P-value (4) (5)
OVERALL	524	48 (9.2)	N.A.	264	13 (4.9)	N.A.	2.009 (1.088, 3.708) 0.0229	
AGE CATEGORY I < 65	305	25 (8.2)	N.A.	155	8 (5.2)	N.A.	1.694 (0.764, 3.756) 0.1894	0.5266
>= 65	219	23 (10.5)	N.A.	109	5 (4.6)	N.A.	2.520 (0.958, 6.633) 0.0525	

Apr 2023 DBL. Includes events reported from the first dose of study therapy in the blinded phase. Subjects without events are censored 100 days after last dose of study therapy in the blinded phase, or at the day before start of Nivolumab treatment in the open-label phase, whichever occurs earlier. HR = hazard ratio; KME = Kaplan-Meier estimate; N.M.E. = Not meaningful estimate; N.E. = Not estimable. (1) KME of median time to first AE. (2) Unstratified Cox proportional hazard model. HR is nivolumab over Placebo. (3) Unstratified log-rank test. (4) Unstratified Cox proportional hazard model with treatment, subgroup and treatment*subgroup interaction to assess the significance of the interaction between the treatment and the subgroup. (5) P-values <0.05 are indicated by 1 asterisk (indicates potential effect modification).

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Table 22.20.1
 Adverse Events: Subgroup Time-Adjusted Analyses
 by Significant SOC/PT on Hazard Ratio
 All Treated Subjects Censoring at Open-Label Nivolumab

SOC: Eye Disorders

Subgroup	Nivolumab			Placebo			Nivolumab vs. Placebo	
	N	Subjects with Event n (%)	KME (95%CI) (mon) (1)	N	Subjects with Event n (%)	KME (95%CI) (mon) (1)	HR (95%CI) P-value (2) (3)	Test for Interaction P-value (4) (5)
AGE CATEGORY II								
>= 18 AND < 65	305	25 (8.2)	N.A.	155	8 (5.2)	N.A.	1.694 (0.764, 3.756)	0.0899
>= 65 AND < 75	139	17 (12.2)	N.A.	77	1 (1.3)	N.A.	0.1894 10.539 (1.403, 79.194)	
>= 75 AND < 85	77	5 (6.5)	N.A.	30	3 (10.0)	N.A.	0.0043 0.681 (0.163, 2.854)	
SEX								
MALE	320	27 (8.4)	N.A.	161	8 (5.0)	N.A.	1.803 (0.819, 3.968)	0.6849
FEMALE	204	21 (10.3)	N.A.	103	5 (4.9)	N.A.	0.1376 2.366 (0.892, 6.277)	

Apr 2023 DBL. Includes events reported from the first dose of study therapy in the blinded phase. Subjects without events are censored 100 days after last dose of study therapy in the blinded phase, or at the day before start of Nivolumab treatment in the open-label phase, whichever occurs earlier. HR = hazard ratio; KME = Kaplan-Meier estimate; N.M.E. = Not meaningful estimate; N.E. = Not estimable. (1) KME of median time to first AE. (2) Unstratified Cox proportional hazard model. HR is nivolumab over Placebo. (3) Unstratified log-rank test. (4) Unstratified Cox proportional hazard model with treatment, subgroup and treatment*subgroup interaction to assess the significance of the interaction between the treatment and the subgroup. (5) P-values <0.05 are indicated by 1 asterisk (indicates potential effect modification).

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Table 22.20.1
 Adverse Events: Subgroup Time-Adjusted Analyses
 by Significant SOC/PT on Hazard Ratio
 All Treated Subjects Censoring at Open-Label Nivolumab

SOC: Eye Disorders

Subgroup	Nivolumab			Placebo			Nivolumab vs. Placebo	
	N	Subjects with Event n (%)	KME (95%CI) (mon) (1)	N	Subjects with Event n (%)	KME (95%CI) (mon) (1)	HR (95%CI) P-value (2) (3)	Test for Interaction P-value (4) (5)
DISEASE STAGE CATEGORY								0.0811
STAGE IIB	315	30 (9.5)	N.A.	162	5 (3.1)	N.A.	3.499 (1.357, 9.022)	
STAGE IIC	209	18 (8.6)	N.A.	102	8 (7.8)	N.A.	1.116 (0.485, 2.567)	
T STAGE								0.1935
T3B	203	17 (8.4)	N.A.	104	2 (1.9)	N.A.	5.024 (1.160, 21.756)	
T4A	112	13 (11.6)	N.A.	58	3 (5.2)	N.A.	2.457 (0.700, 8.625)	
T4B	209	18 (8.6)	N.A.	102	8 (7.8)	N.A.	1.116 (0.485, 2.567)	

Apr 2023 DBL. Includes events reported from the first dose of study therapy in the blinded phase. Subjects without events are censored 100 days after last dose of study therapy in the blinded phase, or at the day before start of Nivolumab treatment in the open-label phase, whichever occurs earlier. HR = hazard ratio; KME = Kaplan-Meier estimate; N.M.E. = Not meaningful estimate; N.E. = Not estimable. (1) KME of median time to first AE. (2) Unstratified Cox proportional hazard model. HR is nivolumab over Placebo. (3) Unstratified log-rank test. (4) Unstratified Cox proportional hazard model with treatment, subgroup and treatment*subgroup interaction to assess the significance of the interaction between the treatment and the subgroup. (5) P-values <0.05 are indicated by 1 asterisk (indicates potential effect modification).

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Table 22.20.1
 Adverse Events: Subgroup Time-Adjusted Analyses
 by Significant SOC/PT on Hazard Ratio
 All Treated Subjects Censoring at Open-Label Nivolumab

SOC: Eye Disorders

Subgroup	Nivolumab			Placebo			Nivolumab vs. Placebo	
	N	Subjects with Event n (%)	KME (95%CI) (mon) (1)	N	Subjects with Event n (%)	KME (95%CI) (mon) (1)	HR (95%CI) P-value (2) (3)	Test for Interaction P-value (4) (5)
REGION								0.0717
US AND CANADA	97	8 (8.2)	N.A.	46	7 (15.2)	N.A.	0.579 (0.210, 1.599)	
WESTERN EUROPE	301	29 (9.6)	N.A.	160	5 (3.1)	N.A.	0.2850 3.296 (1.276, 8.515)	
EASTERN EUROPE	58	2 (3.4)	N.A.	28	0	N.E.	0.0090 N.E.	
AUSTRALIA	68	9 (13.2)	N.A.	30	1 (3.3)	N.A.	0.3129 4.596 (0.582, 36.319)	

Apr 2023 DBL. Includes events reported from the first dose of study therapy in the blinded phase. Subjects without events are censored 100 days after last dose of study therapy in the blinded phase, or at the day before start of Nivolumab treatment in the open-label phase, whichever occurs earlier. HR = hazard ratio; KME = Kaplan-Meier estimate; N.M.E. = Not meaningful estimate; N.E. = Not estimable. (1) KME of median time to first AE. (2) Unstratified Cox proportional hazard model. HR is nivolumab over Placebo. (3) Unstratified log-rank test. (4) Unstratified Cox proportional hazard model with treatment, subgroup and treatment*subgroup interaction to assess the significance of the interaction between the treatment and the subgroup. (5) P-values <0.05 are indicated by 1 asterisk (indicates potential effect modification).

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Table 22.20.1
 Adverse Events: Subgroup Time-Adjusted Analyses
 by Significant SOC/PT on Hazard Ratio
 All Treated Subjects Censoring at Open-Label Nivolumab

SOC: Eye Disorders. PT: Dry Eye

Subgroup	Nivolumab			Placebo			Nivolumab vs. Placebo	
	N	Subjects with Event n (%)	KME (95%CI) (mon) (1)	N	Subjects with Event n (%)	KME (95%CI) (mon) (1)	HR (95%CI) P-value (2) (3)	Test for Interaction P-value (4) (5)
OVERALL	524	18 (3.4)	N.A.	264	3 (1.1)	N.A.	3.201 (0.943, 10.870) 0.0485	
AGE CATEGORY I < 65	305	9 (3.0)	N.A.	155	2 (1.3)	N.A.	2.393 (0.517, 11.077) 0.2494	0.5927
>= 65	219	9 (4.1)	N.A.	109	1 (0.9)	N.A.	4.836 (0.612, 38.196) 0.0981	

Apr 2023 DBL. Includes events reported from the first dose of study therapy in the blinded phase. Subjects without events are censored 100 days after last dose of study therapy in the blinded phase, or at the day before start of Nivolumab treatment in the open-label phase, whichever occurs earlier. HR = hazard ratio; KME = Kaplan-Meier estimate; N.M.E. = Not meaningful estimate; N.E. = Not estimable. (1) KME of median time to first AE. (2) Unstratified Cox proportional hazard model. HR is nivolumab over Placebo. (3) Unstratified log-rank test. (4) Unstratified Cox proportional hazard model with treatment, subgroup and treatment*subgroup interaction to assess the significance of the interaction between the treatment and the subgroup. (5) P-values <0.05 are indicated by 1 asterisk (indicates potential effect modification).

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Table 22.20.1
 Adverse Events: Subgroup Time-Adjusted Analyses
 by Significant SOC/PT on Hazard Ratio
 All Treated Subjects Censoring at Open-Label Nivolumab

SOC: Eye Disorders. PT: Dry Eye

Subgroup	Nivolumab			Placebo			Nivolumab vs. Placebo	
	N	Subjects with Event n (%)	KME (95%CI) (mon) (1)	N	Subjects with Event n (%)	KME (95%CI) (mon) (1)	HR (95%CI) P-value (2) (3)	Test for Interaction P-value (4) (5)
AGE CATEGORY II								
>= 18 AND < 65	305	9 (3.0)	N.A.	155	2 (1.3)	N.A.	2.393 (0.517, 11.077)	0.9138
>= 65 AND < 75	139	7 (5.0)	N.A.	77	1 (1.3)	N.A.	0.2494 4.117 (0.507, 33.464)	
>= 75 AND < 85	77	2 (2.6)	N.A.	30	0	N.E.	0.1507 N.E. 0.3433	
SEX								
MALE	320	7 (2.2)	N.A.	161	2 (1.2)	N.A.	1.834 (0.381, 8.833)	0.3671
FEMALE	204	11 (5.4)	N.A.	103	1 (1.0)	N.A.	0.4424 6.084 (0.785, 47.143)	

Apr 2023 DBL. Includes events reported from the first dose of study therapy in the blinded phase. Subjects without events are censored 100 days after last dose of study therapy in the blinded phase, or at the day before start of Nivolumab treatment in the open-label phase, whichever occurs earlier. HR = hazard ratio; KME = Kaplan-Meier estimate; N.M.E. = Not meaningful estimate; N.E. = Not estimable. (1) KME of median time to first AE. (2) Unstratified Cox proportional hazard model. HR is nivolumab over Placebo. (3) Unstratified log-rank test. (4) Unstratified Cox proportional hazard model with treatment, subgroup and treatment*subgroup interaction to assess the significance of the interaction between the treatment and the subgroup. (5) P-values <0.05 are indicated by 1 asterisk (indicates potential effect modification).

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Table 22.20.1
 Adverse Events: Subgroup Time-Adjusted Analyses
 by Significant SOC/PT on Hazard Ratio
 All Treated Subjects Censoring at Open-Label Nivolumab

SOC: Eye Disorders. PT: Dry Eye

Subgroup	Nivolumab			Placebo			Nivolumab vs. Placebo	
	N	Subjects with Event n (%)	KME (95%CI) (mon) (1)	N	Subjects with Event n (%)	KME (95%CI) (mon) (1)	HR (95%CI) P-value (2) (3)	Test for Interaction P-value (4) (5)
DISEASE STAGE CATEGORY								0.4519
STAGE IIB	315	15 (4.8)	N.A.	162	2 (1.2)	N.A.	4.256 (0.973, 18.618)	
STAGE IIC	209	3 (1.4)	N.A.	102	1 (1.0)	N.A.	0.0361 1.456 (0.151, 13.998)	
T STAGE								N.M.E.
T3B	203	8 (3.9)	N.M.E.	104	1 (1.0)	N.M.E.	N.M.E.	
T4A	112	7 (6.3)	N.M.E.	58	1 (1.7)	N.M.E.	N.M.E.	
T4B	209	3 (1.4)	N.M.E.	102	1 (1.0)	N.M.E.	N.M.E.	

Apr 2023 DBL. Includes events reported from the first dose of study therapy in the blinded phase. Subjects without events are censored 100 days after last dose of study therapy in the blinded phase, or at the day before start of Nivolumab treatment in the open-label phase, whichever occurs earlier. HR = hazard ratio; KME = Kaplan-Meier estimate; N.M.E. = Not meaningful estimate; N.E. = Not estimable. (1) KME of median time to first AE. (2) Unstratified Cox proportional hazard model. HR is nivolumab over Placebo. (3) Unstratified log-rank test. (4) Unstratified Cox proportional hazard model with treatment, subgroup and treatment*subgroup interaction to assess the significance of the interaction between the treatment and the subgroup. (5) P-values <0.05 are indicated by 1 asterisk (indicates potential effect modification).

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Table 22.20.1
 Adverse Events: Subgroup Time-Adjusted Analyses
 by Significant SOC/PT on Hazard Ratio
 All Treated Subjects Censoring at Open-Label Nivolumab

SOC: Eye Disorders. PT: Dry Eye

Subgroup	Nivolumab			Placebo			Nivolumab vs. Placebo	
	N	Subjects with Event n (%)	KME (95%CI) (mon) (1)	N	Subjects with Event n (%)	KME (95%CI) (mon) (1)	HR (95%CI) P-value (2) (3)	Test for Interaction P-value (4) (5)
REGION								0.4503
US AND CANADA	97	2 (2.1)	N.A.	46	2 (4.3)	N.A.	0.524 (0.074, 3.725)	
WESTERN EUROPE	301	10 (3.3)	N.A.	160	1 (0.6)	N.A.	0.5113 5.522 (0.707, 43.144)	
EASTERN EUROPE	58	1 (1.7)	N.A.	28	0	N.E.	0.0666 N.E.	
AUSTRALIA	68	5 (7.4)	N.A.	30	0	N.E.	0.4755 N.E. 0.1209	

Apr 2023 DBL. Includes events reported from the first dose of study therapy in the blinded phase. Subjects without events are censored 100 days after last dose of study therapy in the blinded phase, or at the day before start of Nivolumab treatment in the open-label phase, whichever occurs earlier. HR = hazard ratio; KME = Kaplan-Meier estimate; N.M.E. = Not meaningful estimate; N.E. = Not estimable. (1) KME of median time to first AE. (2) Unstratified Cox proportional hazard model. HR is nivolumab over Placebo. (3) Unstratified log-rank test. (4) Unstratified Cox proportional hazard model with treatment, subgroup and treatment*subgroup interaction to assess the significance of the interaction between the treatment and the subgroup. (5) P-values <0.05 are indicated by 1 asterisk (indicates potential effect modification).

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Anhang 4-G 3.2.4.2: Subgruppenanalysen für Endpunkt schwere UE auf SOC/PT-Ebene aus CA209-76K

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Table 22.20.2
 Adverse Events with CTCAE Grade 3-4-5: Subgroup Time-Adjusted Analyses
 by Significant SOC/PT on Hazard Ratio
 All Treated Subjects Censoring at Open-Label Nivolumab
 All Subjects with an Event

Subgroup	Nivolumab			Placebo			Nivolumab vs. Placebo	
	N	Subjects with Event n (%)	KME (95%CI) (mon) (1)	N	Subjects with Event n (%)	KME (95%CI) (mon) (1)	HR (95%CI) P-value (2) (3)	Test for Interaction P-value (4) (5)
OVERALL	524	148 (28.2)	N.A.	264	48 (18.2)	N.A.	1.737 (1.254, 2.405) 0.0008	
AGE CATEGORY I < 65	305	77 (25.2)	N.A.	155	22 (14.2)	N.A.	2.004 (1.247, 3.219) 0.0034	0.4278
>= 65	219	71 (32.4)	N.A.	109	26 (23.9)	N.A.	1.510 (0.963, 2.367) 0.0702	

Apr 2023 DBL. Includes events reported from the first dose of study therapy in the blinded phase. Subjects without events are censored 100 days after last dose of study therapy in the blinded phase, or at the day before start of Nivolumab treatment in the open-label phase, whichever occurs earlier. HR = hazard ratio; KME = Kaplan-Meier estimate; N.M.E. = Not meaningful estimate; N.E. = Not estimable. (1) KME of median time to first AE. (2) Unstratified Cox proportional hazard model. HR is nivolumab over Placebo. (3) Unstratified log-rank test. (4) Unstratified Cox proportional hazard model with treatment, subgroup and treatment*subgroup interaction to assess the significance of the interaction between the treatment and the subgroup. (5) P-values <0.05 are indicated by 1 asterisk (indicates potential effect modification).

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Table 22.20.2
 Adverse Events with CTCAE Grade 3-4-5: Subgroup Time-Adjusted Analyses
 by Significant SOC/PT on Hazard Ratio
 All Treated Subjects Censoring at Open-Label Nivolumab

All Subjects with an Event

Subgroup	Nivolumab			Placebo			Nivolumab vs. Placebo	
	N	Subjects with Event n (%)	KME (95%CI) (mon) (1)	N	Subjects with Event n (%)	KME (95%CI) (mon) (1)	HR (95%CI) P-value (2) (3)	Test for Interaction P-value (4) (5)
AGE CATEGORY II								
>= 18 AND < 65	305	77 (25.2)	N.A.	155	22 (14.2)	N.A.	2.004 (1.247, 3.219) 0.0034	0.6976
>= 65 AND < 75	139	38 (27.3)	N.A.	77	16 (20.8)	N.A.	1.448 (0.807, 2.597) 0.2121	
>= 75 AND < 85	77	32 (41.6)	N.A. (10.87, N.A.)	30	9 (30.0)	N.A. (14.52, N.A.)	1.553 (0.741, 3.254) 0.2396	
SEX								
MALE	320	102 (31.9)	N.A.	161	31 (19.3)	N.A.	1.872 (1.252, 2.799) 0.0019	0.5069
FEMALE	204	46 (22.5)	N.A.	103	17 (16.5)	N.A.	1.487 (0.852, 2.593) 0.1598	

Apr 2023 DBL. Includes events reported from the first dose of study therapy in the blinded phase. Subjects without events are censored 100 days after last dose of study therapy in the blinded phase, or at the day before start of Nivolumab treatment in the open-label phase, whichever occurs earlier. HR = hazard ratio; KME = Kaplan-Meier estimate; N.M.E. = Not meaningful estimate; N.E. = Not estimable. (1) KME of median time to first AE. (2) Unstratified Cox proportional hazard model. HR is nivolumab over Placebo. (3) Unstratified log-rank test. (4) Unstratified Cox proportional hazard model with treatment, subgroup and treatment*subgroup interaction to assess the significance of the interaction between the treatment and the subgroup. (5) P-values <0.05 are indicated by 1 asterisk (indicates potential effect modification).

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Table 22.20.2
 Adverse Events with CTCAE Grade 3-4-5: Subgroup Time-Adjusted Analyses
 by Significant SOC/PT on Hazard Ratio
 All Treated Subjects Censoring at Open-Label Nivolumab

All Subjects with an Event

Subgroup	Nivolumab			Placebo			Nivolumab vs. Placebo	
	N	Subjects with Event n (%)	KME (95%CI) (mon) (1)	N	Subjects with Event n (%)	KME (95%CI) (mon) (1)	HR (95%CI) P-value (2) (3)	Test for Interaction P-value (4) (5)
DISEASE STAGE CATEGORY								0.2980
STAGE IIB	315	87 (27.6)	N.A.	162	33 (20.4)	N.A.	1.536 (1.029, 2.293) 0.0343	
STAGE IIC	209	61 (29.2)	N.A.	102	15 (14.7)	N.A.	2.172 (1.235, 3.823) 0.0058	
T STAGE								0.5616
T3B	203	50 (24.6)	N.A.	104	20 (19.2)	N.A.	1.475 (0.878, 2.478) 0.1396	
T4A	112	37 (33.0)	N.A.	58	13 (22.4)	N.A.	1.628 (0.865, 3.064) 0.1265	
T4B	209	61 (29.2)	N.A.	102	15 (14.7)	N.A.	2.172 (1.235, 3.823) 0.0058	

Apr 2023 DBL. Includes events reported from the first dose of study therapy in the blinded phase. Subjects without events are censored 100 days after last dose of study therapy in the blinded phase, or at the day before start of Nivolumab treatment in the open-label phase, whichever occurs earlier. HR = hazard ratio; KME = Kaplan-Meier estimate; N.M.E. = Not meaningful estimate; N.E. = Not estimable. (1) KME of median time to first AE. (2) Unstratified Cox proportional hazard model. HR is nivolumab over Placebo. (3) Unstratified log-rank test. (4) Unstratified Cox proportional hazard model with treatment, subgroup and treatment*subgroup interaction to assess the significance of the interaction between the treatment and the subgroup. (5) P-values <0.05 are indicated by 1 asterisk (indicates potential effect modification).

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Table 22.20.2
 Adverse Events with CTCAE Grade 3-4-5: Subgroup Time-Adjusted Analyses
 by Significant SOC/PT on Hazard Ratio
 All Treated Subjects Censoring at Open-Label Nivolumab

All Subjects with an Event

Subgroup	Nivolumab			Placebo			Nivolumab vs. Placebo	
	N	Subjects with Event n (%)	KME (95%CI) (mon) (1)	N	Subjects with Event n (%)	KME (95%CI) (mon) (1)	HR (95%CI) P-value (2) (3)	Test for Interaction P-value (4) (5)
REGION								0.2081
US AND CANADA	97	34 (35.1)	N.A.	46	14 (30.4)	N.A. (14.52, N.A.)	1.487 (0.796, 2.774)	
WESTERN EUROPE	301	85 (28.2)	N.A.	160	22 (13.8)	N.A.	2.231 (1.396, 3.566)	
EASTERN EUROPE	58	6 (10.3)	N.A.	28	5 (17.9)	N.A.	0.601 (0.183, 1.970)	
AUSTRALIA	68	23 (33.8)	N.A.	30	7 (23.3)	N.A.	0.3955 1.695 (0.727, 3.954)	
							0.2167	

Apr 2023 DBL. Includes events reported from the first dose of study therapy in the blinded phase. Subjects without events are censored 100 days after last dose of study therapy in the blinded phase, or at the day before start of Nivolumab treatment in the open-label phase, whichever occurs earlier. HR = hazard ratio; KME = Kaplan-Meier estimate; N.M.E. = Not meaningful estimate; N.E. = Not estimable. (1) KME of median time to first AE. (2) Unstratified Cox proportional hazard model. HR is nivolumab over Placebo. (3) Unstratified log-rank test. (4) Unstratified Cox proportional hazard model with treatment, subgroup and treatment*subgroup interaction to assess the significance of the interaction between the treatment and the subgroup. (5) P-values <0.05 are indicated by 1 asterisk (indicates potential effect modification).

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Table 22.20.2
 Adverse Events with CTCAE Grade 3-4-5: Subgroup Time-Adjusted Analyses
 by Significant SOC/PT on Hazard Ratio
 All Treated Subjects Censoring at Open-Label Nivolumab

SOC: Investigations

Subgroup	Nivolumab			Placebo			Nivolumab vs. Placebo	
	N	Subjects with Event n (%)	KME (95%CI) (mon) (1)	N	Subjects with Event n (%)	KME (95%CI) (mon) (1)	HR (95%CI) P-value (2) (3)	Test for Interaction P-value (4) (5)
OVERALL	524	43 (8.2)	N.A.	264	9 (3.4)	N.A.	2.581 (1.258, 5.295) 0.0073	
AGE CATEGORY I < 65	305	23 (7.5)	N.A.	155	5 (3.2)	N.A.	2.489 (0.946, 6.547) 0.0559	0.8967
>= 65	219	20 (9.1)	N.A.	109	4 (3.7)	N.A.	2.686 (0.918, 7.862) 0.0603	

Apr 2023 DBL. Includes events reported from the first dose of study therapy in the blinded phase. Subjects without events are censored 100 days after last dose of study therapy in the blinded phase, or at the day before start of Nivolumab treatment in the open-label phase, whichever occurs earlier. HR = hazard ratio; KME = Kaplan-Meier estimate; N.M.E. = Not meaningful estimate; N.E. = Not estimable. (1) KME of median time to first AE. (2) Unstratified Cox proportional hazard model. HR is nivolumab over Placebo. (3) Unstratified log-rank test. (4) Unstratified Cox proportional hazard model with treatment, subgroup and treatment*subgroup interaction to assess the significance of the interaction between the treatment and the subgroup. (5) P-values <0.05 are indicated by 1 asterisk (indicates potential effect modification).

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Table 22.20.2
 Adverse Events with CTCAE Grade 3-4-5: Subgroup Time-Adjusted Analyses
 by Significant SOC/PT on Hazard Ratio
 All Treated Subjects Censoring at Open-Label Nivolumab

SOC: Investigations

Subgroup	Nivolumab			Placebo			Nivolumab vs. Placebo	
	N	Subjects with Event n (%)	KME (95%CI) (mon) (1)	N	Subjects with Event n (%)	KME (95%CI) (mon) (1)	HR (95%CI) P-value (2) (3)	Test for Interaction P-value (4) (5)
AGE CATEGORY II								
>= 18 AND < 65	305	23 (7.5)	N.A.	155	5 (3.2)	N.A.	2.489 (0.946, 6.547) 0.0559	0.9129
>= 65 AND < 75	139	12 (8.6)	N.A.	77	4 (5.2)	N.A.	1.782 (0.575, 5.528) 0.3102	
>= 75 AND < 85	77	8 (10.4)	N.A.	30	0	N.E.	N.E. 0.0678	
SEX								
MALE	320	29 (9.1)	N.A.	161	7 (4.3)	N.A.	2.203 (0.965, 5.029) 0.0544	0.5266
FEMALE	204	14 (6.9)	N.A.	103	2 (1.9)	N.A.	3.871 (0.880, 17.031) 0.0535	

Apr 2023 DBL. Includes events reported from the first dose of study therapy in the blinded phase. Subjects without events are censored 100 days after last dose of study therapy in the blinded phase, or at the day before start of Nivolumab treatment in the open-label phase, whichever occurs earlier. HR = hazard ratio; KME = Kaplan-Meier estimate; N.M.E. = Not meaningful estimate; N.E. = Not estimable. (1) KME of median time to first AE. (2) Unstratified Cox proportional hazard model. HR is nivolumab over Placebo. (3) Unstratified log-rank test. (4) Unstratified Cox proportional hazard model with treatment, subgroup and treatment*subgroup interaction to assess the significance of the interaction between the treatment and the subgroup. (5) P-values <0.05 are indicated by 1 asterisk (indicates potential effect modification).

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Table 22.20.2
 Adverse Events with CTCAE Grade 3-4-5: Subgroup Time-Adjusted Analyses
 by Significant SOC/PT on Hazard Ratio
 All Treated Subjects Censoring at Open-Label Nivolumab

SOC: Investigations

Subgroup	Nivolumab			Placebo			Nivolumab vs. Placebo	
	N	Subjects with Event n (%)	KME (95%CI) (mon) (1)	N	Subjects with Event n (%)	KME (95%CI) (mon) (1)	HR (95%CI) P-value (2) (3)	Test for Interaction P-value (4) (5)
DISEASE STAGE CATEGORY								0.2043
STAGE IIB	315	28 (8.9)	N.A.	162	4 (2.5)	N.A.	3.963 (1.390, 11.298) 0.0054	
STAGE IIC	209	15 (7.2)	N.A.	102	5 (4.9)	N.A.	1.509 (0.549, 4.153) 0.4218	
T STAGE								0.3768
T3B	203	15 (7.4)	N.A.	104	3 (2.9)	N.A.	2.881 (0.834, 9.956) 0.0798	
T4A	112	13 (11.6)	N.A.	58	1 (1.7)	N.A.	7.231 (0.946, 55.285) 0.0256	
T4B	209	15 (7.2)	N.A.	102	5 (4.9)	N.A.	1.509 (0.549, 4.153) 0.4218	

Apr 2023 DBL. Includes events reported from the first dose of study therapy in the blinded phase. Subjects without events are censored 100 days after last dose of study therapy in the blinded phase, or at the day before start of Nivolumab treatment in the open-label phase, whichever occurs earlier. HR = hazard ratio; KME = Kaplan-Meier estimate; N.M.E. = Not meaningful estimate; N.E. = Not estimable. (1) KME of median time to first AE. (2) Unstratified Cox proportional hazard model. HR is nivolumab over Placebo. (3) Unstratified log-rank test. (4) Unstratified Cox proportional hazard model with treatment, subgroup and treatment*subgroup interaction to assess the significance of the interaction between the treatment and the subgroup. (5) P-values <0.05 are indicated by 1 asterisk (indicates potential effect modification).

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Table 22.20.2
 Adverse Events with CTCAE Grade 3-4-5: Subgroup Time-Adjusted Analyses
 by Significant SOC/PT on Hazard Ratio
 All Treated Subjects Censoring at Open-Label Nivolumab

SOC: Investigations

Subgroup	Nivolumab			Placebo			Nivolumab vs. Placebo	
	N	Subjects with Event n (%)	KME (95%CI) (mon) (1)	N	Subjects with Event n (%)	KME (95%CI) (mon) (1)	HR (95%CI) P-value (2) (3)	Test for Interaction P-value (4) (5)
REGION								0.9997
US AND CANADA	97	8 (8.2)	N.A.	46	2 (4.3)	N.A.	2.154 (0.457, 10.158)	
WESTERN EUROPE	301	25 (8.3)	N.A.	160	7 (4.4)	N.A.	0.3206 1.966 (0.850, 4.545)	
EASTERN EUROPE	58	1 (1.7)	N.A.	28	0	N.E.	0.1074 N.E.	
AUSTRALIA	68	9 (13.2)	N.A.	30	0	N.E.	0.4617 N.E. 0.0345	

Apr 2023 DBL. Includes events reported from the first dose of study therapy in the blinded phase. Subjects without events are censored 100 days after last dose of study therapy in the blinded phase, or at the day before start of Nivolumab treatment in the open-label phase, whichever occurs earlier. HR = hazard ratio; KME = Kaplan-Meier estimate; N.M.E. = Not meaningful estimate; N.E. = Not estimable. (1) KME of median time to first AE. (2) Unstratified Cox proportional hazard model. HR is nivolumab over Placebo. (3) Unstratified log-rank test. (4) Unstratified Cox proportional hazard model with treatment, subgroup and treatment*subgroup interaction to assess the significance of the interaction between the treatment and the subgroup. (5) P-values <0.05 are indicated by 1 asterisk (indicates potential effect modification).

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Table 22.20.2
 Adverse Events with CTCAE Grade 3-4-5: Subgroup Time-Adjusted Analyses
 by Significant SOC/PT on Hazard Ratio
 All Treated Subjects Censoring at Open-Label Nivolumab

SOC: Investigations. PT: Alanine Aminotransferase Increased

Subgroup	Nivolumab			Placebo			Nivolumab vs. Placebo	
	N	Subjects with Event n (%)	KME (95%CI) (mon) (1)	N	Subjects with Event n (%)	KME (95%CI) (mon) (1)	HR (95%CI) P-value (2) (3)	Test for Interaction P-value (4) (5)
OVERALL	524	12 (2.3)	N.A.	264	1 (0.4)	N.A.	6.389 (0.831, 49.143) 0.0406	
AGE CATEGORY I								N.M.E.
< 65	305	6 (2.0)	N.M.E.	155	1 (0.6)	N.M.E.	N.M.E.	
>= 65	219	6 (2.7)	N.M.E.	109	0	N.M.E.	N.M.E.	

Apr 2023 DBL. Includes events reported from the first dose of study therapy in the blinded phase. Subjects without events are censored 100 days after last dose of study therapy in the blinded phase, or at the day before start of Nivolumab treatment in the open-label phase, whichever occurs earlier. HR = hazard ratio; KME = Kaplan-Meier estimate; N.M.E. = Not meaningful estimate; N.E. = Not estimable. (1) KME of median time to first AE. (2) Unstratified Cox proportional hazard model. HR is nivolumab over Placebo. (3) Unstratified log-rank test. (4) Unstratified Cox proportional hazard model with treatment, subgroup and treatment*subgroup interaction to assess the significance of the interaction between the treatment and the subgroup. (5) P-values <0.05 are indicated by 1 asterisk (indicates potential effect modification).

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Table 22.20.2
 Adverse Events with CTCAE Grade 3-4-5: Subgroup Time-Adjusted Analyses
 by Significant SOC/PT on Hazard Ratio
 All Treated Subjects Censoring at Open-Label Nivolumab
 SOC: Investigations. PT: Alanine Aminotransferase Increased

Subgroup	Nivolumab			Placebo			Nivolumab vs. Placebo	
	N	Subjects with Event n (%)	KME (95%CI) (mon) (1)	N	Subjects with Event n (%)	KME (95%CI) (mon) (1)	HR (95%CI) P-value (2) (3)	Test for Interaction P-value (4) (5)
AGE CATEGORY II								N.M.E.
>= 18 AND < 65	305	6 (2.0)	N.M.E.	155	1 (0.6)	N.M.E.	N.M.E.	
>= 65 AND < 75	139	3 (2.2)	N.M.E.	77	0	N.M.E.	N.M.E.	
>= 75 AND < 85	77	3 (3.9)	N.M.E.	30	0	N.M.E.	N.M.E.	
SEX								N.M.E.
MALE	320	7 (2.2)	N.M.E.	161	1 (0.6)	N.M.E.	N.M.E.	
FEMALE	204	5 (2.5)	N.M.E.	103	0	N.M.E.	N.M.E.	

Apr 2023 DBL. Includes events reported from the first dose of study therapy in the blinded phase. Subjects without events are censored 100 days after last dose of study therapy in the blinded phase, or at the day before start of Nivolumab treatment in the open-label phase, whichever occurs earlier. HR = hazard ratio; KME = Kaplan-Meier estimate; N.M.E. = Not meaningful estimate; N.E. = Not estimable. (1) KME of median time to first AE. (2) Unstratified Cox proportional hazard model. HR is nivolumab over Placebo. (3) Unstratified log-rank test. (4) Unstratified Cox proportional hazard model with treatment, subgroup and treatment*subgroup interaction to assess the significance of the interaction between the treatment and the subgroup. (5) P-values <0.05 are indicated by 1 asterisk (indicates potential effect modification).

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Table 22.20.2
 Adverse Events with CTCAE Grade 3-4-5: Subgroup Time-Adjusted Analyses
 by Significant SOC/PT on Hazard Ratio
 All Treated Subjects Censoring at Open-Label Nivolumab
 SOC: Investigations. PT: Alanine Aminotransferase Increased

Subgroup	Nivolumab			Placebo			Nivolumab vs. Placebo	
	N	Subjects with Event n (%)	KME (95%CI) (mon) (1)	N	Subjects with Event n (%)	KME (95%CI) (mon) (1)	HR (95%CI) P-value (2) (3)	Test for Interaction P-value (4) (5)
DISEASE STAGE CATEGORY								N.M.E.
STAGE IIB	315	8 (2.5)	N.M.E.	162	1 (0.6)	N.M.E.	N.M.E.	
STAGE IIC	209	4 (1.9)	N.M.E.	102	0	N.M.E.	N.M.E.	
T STAGE								N.M.E.
T3B	203	3 (1.5)	N.M.E.	104	1 (1.0)	N.M.E.	N.M.E.	
T4A	112	5 (4.5)	N.M.E.	58	0	N.M.E.	N.M.E.	
T4B	209	4 (1.9)	N.M.E.	102	0	N.M.E.	N.M.E.	

Apr 2023 DBL. Includes events reported from the first dose of study therapy in the blinded phase. Subjects without events are censored 100 days after last dose of study therapy in the blinded phase, or at the day before start of Nivolumab treatment in the open-label phase, whichever occurs earlier. HR = hazard ratio; KME = Kaplan-Meier estimate; N.M.E. = Not meaningful estimate; N.E. = Not estimable. (1) KME of median time to first AE. (2) Unstratified Cox proportional hazard model. HR is nivolumab over Placebo. (3) Unstratified log-rank test. (4) Unstratified Cox proportional hazard model with treatment, subgroup and treatment*subgroup interaction to assess the significance of the interaction between the treatment and the subgroup. (5) P-values <0.05 are indicated by 1 asterisk (indicates potential effect modification).

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Table 22.20.2
 Adverse Events with CTCAE Grade 3-4-5: Subgroup Time-Adjusted Analyses
 by Significant SOC/PT on Hazard Ratio
 All Treated Subjects Censoring at Open-Label Nivolumab

SOC: Investigations. PT: Alanine Aminotransferase Increased

Subgroup	Nivolumab			Placebo			Nivolumab vs. Placebo	
	N	Subjects with Event n (%)	KME (95%CI) (mon) (1)	N	Subjects with Event n (%)	KME (95%CI) (mon) (1)	HR (95%CI) P-value (2) (3)	Test for Interaction P-value (4) (5)
REGION								N.M.E.
US AND CANADA	97	4 (4.1)	N.M.E.	46	0	N.M.E.	N.M.E.	
WESTERN EUROPE	301	4 (1.3)	N.M.E.	160	1 (0.6)	N.M.E.	N.M.E.	
EASTERN EUROPE	58	1 (1.7)	N.M.E.	28	0	N.M.E.	N.M.E.	
AUSTRALIA	68	3 (4.4)	N.M.E.	30	0	N.M.E.	N.M.E.	

Apr 2023 DBL. Includes events reported from the first dose of study therapy in the blinded phase. Subjects without events are censored 100 days after last dose of study therapy in the blinded phase, or at the day before start of Nivolumab treatment in the open-label phase, whichever occurs earlier. HR = hazard ratio; KME = Kaplan-Meier estimate; N.M.E. = Not meaningful estimate; N.E. = Not estimable. (1) KME of median time to first AE. (2) Unstratified Cox proportional hazard model. HR is nivolumab over Placebo. (3) Unstratified log-rank test. (4) Unstratified Cox proportional hazard model with treatment, subgroup and treatment*subgroup interaction to assess the significance of the interaction between the treatment and the subgroup. (5) P-values <0.05 are indicated by 1 asterisk (indicates potential effect modification).

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Table 22.20.2
 Adverse Events with CTCAE Grade 3-4-5: Subgroup Time-Adjusted Analyses
 by Significant SOC/PT on Hazard Ratio
 All Treated Subjects Censoring at Open-Label Nivolumab

SOC: Infections and Infestations

Subgroup	Nivolumab			Placebo			Nivolumab vs. Placebo	
	N	Subjects with Event n (%)	KME (95%CI) (mon) (1)	N	Subjects with Event n (%)	KME (95%CI) (mon) (1)	HR (95%CI) P-value (2) (3)	Test for Interaction P-value (4) (5)
OVERALL	524	19 (3.6)	N.A.	264	3 (1.1)	N.A.	3.361 (0.995, 11.358) 0.0382	
AGE CATEGORY I < 65	305	8 (2.6)	N.A.	155	1 (0.6)	N.A.	4.253 (0.532, 34.011) 0.1370	0.7764
>= 65	219	11 (5.0)	N.A.	109	2 (1.8)	N.A.	2.910 (0.645, 13.131) 0.1454	

Apr 2023 DBL. Includes events reported from the first dose of study therapy in the blinded phase. Subjects without events are censored 100 days after last dose of study therapy in the blinded phase, or at the day before start of Nivolumab treatment in the open-label phase, whichever occurs earlier. HR = hazard ratio; KME = Kaplan-Meier estimate; N.M.E. = Not meaningful estimate; N.E. = Not estimable. (1) KME of median time to first AE. (2) Unstratified Cox proportional hazard model. HR is nivolumab over Placebo. (3) Unstratified log-rank test. (4) Unstratified Cox proportional hazard model with treatment, subgroup and treatment*subgroup interaction to assess the significance of the interaction between the treatment and the subgroup. (5) P-values <0.05 are indicated by 1 asterisk (indicates potential effect modification).

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Table 22.20.2
 Adverse Events with CTCAE Grade 3-4-5: Subgroup Time-Adjusted Analyses
 by Significant SOC/PT on Hazard Ratio
 All Treated Subjects Censoring at Open-Label Nivolumab

SOC: Infections and Infestations

Subgroup	Nivolumab			Placebo			Nivolumab vs. Placebo	
	N	Subjects with Event n (%)	KME (95%CI) (mon) (1)	N	Subjects with Event n (%)	KME (95%CI) (mon) (1)	HR (95%CI) P-value (2) (3)	Test for Interaction P-value (4) (5)
AGE CATEGORY II								N.M.E.
>= 18 AND < 65	305	8 (2.6)	N.M.E.	155	1 (0.6)	N.M.E.	N.M.E.	
>= 65 AND < 75	139	5 (3.6)	N.M.E.	77	1 (1.3)	N.M.E.	N.M.E.	
>= 75 AND < 85	77	6 (7.8)	N.M.E.	30	1 (3.3)	N.M.E.	N.M.E.	
SEX								0.1364
MALE	320	15 (4.7)	N.A.	161	1 (0.6)	N.A.	7.946 (1.050, 60.153) 0.0171	
FEMALE	204	4 (2.0)	N.A.	103	2 (1.9)	N.A.	1.068 (0.196, 5.835) 0.9393	

Apr 2023 DBL. Includes events reported from the first dose of study therapy in the blinded phase. Subjects without events are censored 100 days after last dose of study therapy in the blinded phase, or at the day before start of Nivolumab treatment in the open-label phase, whichever occurs earlier. HR = hazard ratio; KME = Kaplan-Meier estimate; N.M.E. = Not meaningful estimate; N.E. = Not estimable. (1) KME of median time to first AE. (2) Unstratified Cox proportional hazard model. HR is nivolumab over Placebo. (3) Unstratified log-rank test. (4) Unstratified Cox proportional hazard model with treatment, subgroup and treatment*subgroup interaction to assess the significance of the interaction between the treatment and the subgroup. (5) P-values <0.05 are indicated by 1 asterisk (indicates potential effect modification).

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Table 22.20.2
 Adverse Events with CTCAE Grade 3-4-5: Subgroup Time-Adjusted Analyses
 by Significant SOC/PT on Hazard Ratio
 All Treated Subjects Censoring at Open-Label Nivolumab

SOC: Infections and Infestations

Subgroup	Nivolumab			Placebo			Nivolumab vs. Placebo	
	N	Subjects with Event n (%)	KME (95%CI) (mon) (1)	N	Subjects with Event n (%)	KME (95%CI) (mon) (1)	HR (95%CI) P-value (2) (3)	Test for Interaction P-value (4) (5)
DISEASE STAGE CATEGORY								0.9896
STAGE IIB	315	10 (3.2)	N.A.	162	3 (1.9)	N.A.	1.852 (0.509, 6.733)	
STAGE IIC	209	9 (4.3)	N.A.	102	0	N.E.	0.3417 N.E. 0.0344	
T STAGE								N.M.E.
T3B	203	6 (3.0)	N.M.E.	104	2 (1.9)	N.M.E.	N.M.E.	
T4A	112	4 (3.6)	N.M.E.	58	1 (1.7)	N.M.E.	N.M.E.	
T4B	209	9 (4.3)	N.M.E.	102	0	N.M.E.	N.M.E.	

Apr 2023 DBL. Includes events reported from the first dose of study therapy in the blinded phase. Subjects without events are censored 100 days after last dose of study therapy in the blinded phase, or at the day before start of Nivolumab treatment in the open-label phase, whichever occurs earlier. HR = hazard ratio; KME = Kaplan-Meier estimate; N.M.E. = Not meaningful estimate; N.E. = Not estimable. (1) KME of median time to first AE. (2) Unstratified Cox proportional hazard model. HR is nivolumab over Placebo. (3) Unstratified log-rank test. (4) Unstratified Cox proportional hazard model with treatment, subgroup and treatment*subgroup interaction to assess the significance of the interaction between the treatment and the subgroup. (5) P-values <0.05 are indicated by 1 asterisk (indicates potential effect modification).

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Table 22.20.2
 Adverse Events with CTCAE Grade 3-4-5: Subgroup Time-Adjusted Analyses
 by Significant SOC/PT on Hazard Ratio
 All Treated Subjects Censoring at Open-Label Nivolumab

SOC: Infections and Infestations

Subgroup	Nivolumab			Placebo			Nivolumab vs. Placebo	
	N	Subjects with Event n (%)	KME (95%CI) (mon) (1)	N	Subjects with Event n (%)	KME (95%CI) (mon) (1)	HR (95%CI) P-value (2) (3)	Test for Interaction P-value (4) (5)
REGION								N.M.E.
US AND CANADA	97	2 (2.1)	N.M.E.	46	0	N.M.E.	N.M.E.	
WESTERN EUROPE	301	8 (2.7)	N.M.E.	160	0	N.M.E.	N.M.E.	
EASTERN EUROPE	58	2 (3.4)	N.M.E.	28	1 (3.6)	N.M.E.	N.M.E.	
AUSTRALIA	68	7 (10.3)	N.M.E.	30	2 (6.7)	N.M.E.	N.M.E.	

Apr 2023 DBL. Includes events reported from the first dose of study therapy in the blinded phase. Subjects without events are censored 100 days after last dose of study therapy in the blinded phase, or at the day before start of Nivolumab treatment in the open-label phase, whichever occurs earlier. HR = hazard ratio; KME = Kaplan-Meier estimate; N.M.E. = Not meaningful estimate; N.E. = Not estimable. (1) KME of median time to first AE. (2) Unstratified Cox proportional hazard model. HR is nivolumab over Placebo. (3) Unstratified log-rank test. (4) Unstratified Cox proportional hazard model with treatment, subgroup and treatment*subgroup interaction to assess the significance of the interaction between the treatment and the subgroup. (5) P-values <0.05 are indicated by 1 asterisk (indicates potential effect modification).

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Table 22.20.2
 Adverse Events with CTCAE Grade 3-4-5: Subgroup Time-Adjusted Analyses
 by Significant SOC/PT on Hazard Ratio
 All Treated Subjects Censoring at Open-Label Nivolumab

SOC: Metabolism and Nutrition Disorders

Subgroup	Nivolumab			Placebo			Nivolumab vs. Placebo	
	N	Subjects with Event n (%)	KME (95%CI) (mon) (1)	N	Subjects with Event n (%)	KME (95%CI) (mon) (1)	HR (95%CI) P-value (2) (3)	Test for Interaction P-value (4) (5)
OVERALL	524	16 (3.1)	N.A.	264	2 (0.8)	N.A.	4.378 (1.006, 19.046) 0.0314	
AGE CATEGORY I < 65	305	6 (2.0)	N.A.	155	1 (0.6)	N.A.	3.361 (0.404, 27.930) 0.2332	0.7314
>= 65	219	10 (4.6)	N.A.	109	1 (0.9)	N.A.	5.385 (0.689, 42.088) 0.0717	

Apr 2023 DBL. Includes events reported from the first dose of study therapy in the blinded phase. Subjects without events are censored 100 days after last dose of study therapy in the blinded phase, or at the day before start of Nivolumab treatment in the open-label phase, whichever occurs earlier. HR = hazard ratio; KME = Kaplan-Meier estimate; N.M.E. = Not meaningful estimate; N.E. = Not estimable. (1) KME of median time to first AE. (2) Unstratified Cox proportional hazard model. HR is nivolumab over Placebo. (3) Unstratified log-rank test. (4) Unstratified Cox proportional hazard model with treatment, subgroup and treatment*subgroup interaction to assess the significance of the interaction between the treatment and the subgroup. (5) P-values <0.05 are indicated by 1 asterisk (indicates potential effect modification).

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Table 22.20.2
 Adverse Events with CTCAE Grade 3-4-5: Subgroup Time-Adjusted Analyses
 by Significant SOC/PT on Hazard Ratio
 All Treated Subjects Censoring at Open-Label Nivolumab

SOC: Metabolism and Nutrition Disorders

Subgroup	Nivolumab			Placebo			Nivolumab vs. Placebo	
	N	Subjects with Event n (%)	KME (95%CI) (mon) (1)	N	Subjects with Event n (%)	KME (95%CI) (mon) (1)	HR (95%CI) P-value (2) (3)	Test for Interaction P-value (4) (5)
AGE CATEGORY II								N.M.E.
>= 18 AND < 65	305	6 (2.0)	N.M.E.	155	1 (0.6)	N.M.E.	N.M.E.	
>= 65 AND < 75	139	6 (4.3)	N.M.E.	77	0	N.M.E.	N.M.E.	
>= 75 AND < 85	77	4 (5.2)	N.M.E.	30	1 (3.3)	N.M.E.	N.M.E.	
SEX								0.8763
MALE	320	9 (2.8)	N.A.	161	1 (0.6)	N.A.	4.836 (0.613, 38.185) 0.0980	
FEMALE	204	7 (3.4)	N.A.	103	1 (1.0)	N.A.	3.921 (0.482, 31.866) 0.1676	

Apr 2023 DBL. Includes events reported from the first dose of study therapy in the blinded phase. Subjects without events are censored 100 days after last dose of study therapy in the blinded phase, or at the day before start of Nivolumab treatment in the open-label phase, whichever occurs earlier. HR = hazard ratio; KME = Kaplan-Meier estimate; N.M.E. = Not meaningful estimate; N.E. = Not estimable. (1) KME of median time to first AE. (2) Unstratified Cox proportional hazard model. HR is nivolumab over Placebo. (3) Unstratified log-rank test. (4) Unstratified Cox proportional hazard model with treatment, subgroup and treatment*subgroup interaction to assess the significance of the interaction between the treatment and the subgroup. (5) P-values <0.05 are indicated by 1 asterisk (indicates potential effect modification).

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Table 22.20.2
 Adverse Events with CTCAE Grade 3-4-5: Subgroup Time-Adjusted Analyses
 by Significant SOC/PT on Hazard Ratio
 All Treated Subjects Censoring at Open-Label Nivolumab

SOC: Metabolism and Nutrition Disorders

Subgroup	Nivolumab			Placebo			Nivolumab vs. Placebo	
	N	Subjects with Event n (%)	KME (95%CI) (mon) (1)	N	Subjects with Event n (%)	KME (95%CI) (mon) (1)	HR (95%CI) P-value (2) (3)	Test for Interaction P-value (4) (5)
DISEASE STAGE CATEGORY								0.9909
STAGE IIB	315	9 (2.9)	N.A.	162	2 (1.2)	N.A.	2.623 (0.566, 12.143)	
STAGE IIC	209	7 (3.3)	N.A.	102	0	N.E.	0.2001 N.E. 0.0586	
T STAGE								N.M.E.
T3B	203	5 (2.5)	N.M.E.	104	2 (1.9)	N.M.E.	N.M.E.	
T4A	112	4 (3.6)	N.M.E.	58	0	N.M.E.	N.M.E.	
T4B	209	7 (3.3)	N.M.E.	102	0	N.M.E.	N.M.E.	

Apr 2023 DBL. Includes events reported from the first dose of study therapy in the blinded phase. Subjects without events are censored 100 days after last dose of study therapy in the blinded phase, or at the day before start of Nivolumab treatment in the open-label phase, whichever occurs earlier. HR = hazard ratio; KME = Kaplan-Meier estimate; N.M.E. = Not meaningful estimate; N.E. = Not estimable. (1) KME of median time to first AE. (2) Unstratified Cox proportional hazard model. HR is nivolumab over Placebo. (3) Unstratified log-rank test. (4) Unstratified Cox proportional hazard model with treatment, subgroup and treatment*subgroup interaction to assess the significance of the interaction between the treatment and the subgroup. (5) P-values <0.05 are indicated by 1 asterisk (indicates potential effect modification).

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Table 22.20.2
 Adverse Events with CTCAE Grade 3-4-5: Subgroup Time-Adjusted Analyses
 by Significant SOC/PT on Hazard Ratio
 All Treated Subjects Censoring at Open-Label Nivolumab

SOC: Metabolism and Nutrition Disorders

Subgroup	Nivolumab			Placebo			Nivolumab vs. Placebo	
	N	Subjects with Event n (%)	KME (95%CI) (mon) (1)	N	Subjects with Event n (%)	KME (95%CI) (mon) (1)	HR (95%CI) P-value (2) (3)	Test for Interaction P-value (4) (5)
REGION								0.8213
US AND CANADA	97	5 (5.2)	N.A.	46	1 (2.2)	N.A.	2.812 (0.328, 24.114)	
WESTERN EUROPE	301	10 (3.3)	N.A.	160	0	N.E.	0.3244 N.E.	
EASTERN EUROPE	58	0	N.E.	28	0	N.E.	0.0180 N.E.	
AUSTRALIA	68	1 (1.5)	N.A.	30	1 (3.3)	N.A.	0.500 (0.031, 8.026)	0.6176

Apr 2023 DBL. Includes events reported from the first dose of study therapy in the blinded phase. Subjects without events are censored 100 days after last dose of study therapy in the blinded phase, or at the day before start of Nivolumab treatment in the open-label phase, whichever occurs earlier. HR = hazard ratio; KME = Kaplan-Meier estimate; N.M.E. = Not meaningful estimate; N.E. = Not estimable. (1) KME of median time to first AE. (2) Unstratified Cox proportional hazard model. HR is nivolumab over Placebo. (3) Unstratified log-rank test. (4) Unstratified Cox proportional hazard model with treatment, subgroup and treatment*subgroup interaction to assess the significance of the interaction between the treatment and the subgroup. (5) P-values <0.05 are indicated by 1 asterisk (indicates potential effect modification).

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Table 22.20.2
 Adverse Events with CTCAE Grade 3-4-5: Subgroup Time-Adjusted Analyses
 by Significant SOC/PT on Hazard Ratio
 All Treated Subjects Censoring at Open-Label Nivolumab

SOC: Vascular Disorders

Subgroup	Nivolumab			Placebo			Nivolumab vs. Placebo	
	N	Subjects with Event n (%)	KME (95%CI) (mon) (1)	N	Subjects with Event n (%)	KME (95%CI) (mon) (1)	HR (95%CI) P-value (2) (3)	Test for Interaction P-value (4) (5)
OVERALL	524	15 (2.9)	N.A.	264	1 (0.4)	N.A.	8.131 (1.074, 61.556) 0.0155	
AGE CATEGORY I								0.9915
< 65	305	5 (1.6)	N.A.	155	0	N.E.	N.E. 0.1034	
>= 65	219	10 (4.6)	N.A.	109	1 (0.9)	N.A.	5.528 (0.707, 43.205) 0.0664	

Apr 2023 DBL. Includes events reported from the first dose of study therapy in the blinded phase. Subjects without events are censored 100 days after last dose of study therapy in the blinded phase, or at the day before start of Nivolumab treatment in the open-label phase, whichever occurs earlier. HR = hazard ratio; KME = Kaplan-Meier estimate; N.M.E. = Not meaningful estimate; N.E. = Not estimable. (1) KME of median time to first AE. (2) Unstratified Cox proportional hazard model. HR is nivolumab over Placebo. (3) Unstratified log-rank test. (4) Unstratified Cox proportional hazard model with treatment, subgroup and treatment*subgroup interaction to assess the significance of the interaction between the treatment and the subgroup. (5) P-values <0.05 are indicated by 1 asterisk (indicates potential effect modification).

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Table 22.20.2
 Adverse Events with CTCAE Grade 3-4-5: Subgroup Time-Adjusted Analyses
 by Significant SOC/PT on Hazard Ratio
 All Treated Subjects Censoring at Open-Label Nivolumab

SOC: Vascular Disorders

Subgroup	Nivolumab			Placebo			Nivolumab vs. Placebo	
	N	Subjects with Event n (%)	KME (95%CI) (mon) (1)	N	Subjects with Event n (%)	KME (95%CI) (mon) (1)	HR (95%CI) P-value (2) (3)	Test for Interaction P-value (4) (5)
AGE CATEGORY II								
>= 18 AND < 65	305	5 (1.6)	N.M.E.	155	0	N.M.E.	N.M.E.	N.M.E.
>= 65 AND < 75	139	6 (4.3)	N.M.E.	77	1 (1.3)	N.M.E.	N.M.E.	
>= 75 AND < 85	77	4 (5.2)	N.M.E.	30	0	N.M.E.	N.M.E.	
SEX								0.9926
MALE	320	12 (3.8)	N.A.	161	1 (0.6)	N.A.	6.420 (0.835, 49.385) 0.0399	
FEMALE	204	3 (1.5)	N.A.	103	0	N.E.	N.E. 0.1912	

Apr 2023 DBL. Includes events reported from the first dose of study therapy in the blinded phase. Subjects without events are censored 100 days after last dose of study therapy in the blinded phase, or at the day before start of Nivolumab treatment in the open-label phase, whichever occurs earlier. HR = hazard ratio; KME = Kaplan-Meier estimate; N.M.E. = Not meaningful estimate; N.E. = Not estimable. (1) KME of median time to first AE. (2) Unstratified Cox proportional hazard model. HR is nivolumab over Placebo. (3) Unstratified log-rank test. (4) Unstratified Cox proportional hazard model with treatment, subgroup and treatment*subgroup interaction to assess the significance of the interaction between the treatment and the subgroup. (5) P-values <0.05 are indicated by 1 asterisk (indicates potential effect modification).

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Table 22.20.2
 Adverse Events with CTCAE Grade 3-4-5: Subgroup Time-Adjusted Analyses
 by Significant SOC/PT on Hazard Ratio
 All Treated Subjects Censoring at Open-Label Nivolumab

SOC: Vascular Disorders

Subgroup	Nivolumab			Placebo			Nivolumab vs. Placebo	
	N	Subjects with Event n (%)	KME (95%CI) (mon) (1)	N	Subjects with Event n (%)	KME (95%CI) (mon) (1)	HR (95%CI) P-value (2) (3)	Test for Interaction P-value (4) (5)
DISEASE STAGE CATEGORY								0.9925
STAGE IIB	315	5 (1.6)	N.A.	162	1 (0.6)	N.A.	2.767 (0.323, 23.700)	
STAGE IIC	209	10 (4.8)	N.A.	102	0	N.E.	0.3324 N.E. 0.0241	
T STAGE								0.9999
T3B	203	4 (2.0)	N.A.	104	0	N.E.	N.E. 0.1389	
T4A	112	1 (0.9)	N.A.	58	1 (1.7)	N.A.	0.550 (0.034, 8.797)	
T4B	209	10 (4.8)	N.A.	102	0	N.E.	0.6679 N.E. 0.0241	

Apr 2023 DBL. Includes events reported from the first dose of study therapy in the blinded phase. Subjects without events are censored 100 days after last dose of study therapy in the blinded phase, or at the day before start of Nivolumab treatment in the open-label phase, whichever occurs earlier. HR = hazard ratio; KME = Kaplan-Meier estimate; N.M.E. = Not meaningful estimate; N.E. = Not estimable. (1) KME of median time to first AE. (2) Unstratified Cox proportional hazard model. HR is nivolumab over Placebo. (3) Unstratified log-rank test. (4) Unstratified Cox proportional hazard model with treatment, subgroup and treatment*subgroup interaction to assess the significance of the interaction between the treatment and the subgroup. (5) P-values <0.05 are indicated by 1 asterisk (indicates potential effect modification).

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Table 22.20.2
 Adverse Events with CTCAE Grade 3-4-5: Subgroup Time-Adjusted Analyses
 by Significant SOC/PT on Hazard Ratio
 All Treated Subjects Censoring at Open-Label Nivolumab

SOC: Vascular Disorders

Subgroup	Nivolumab			Placebo			Nivolumab vs. Placebo	
	N	Subjects with Event n (%)	KME (95%CI) (mon) (1)	N	Subjects with Event n (%)	KME (95%CI) (mon) (1)	HR (95%CI) P-value (2) (3)	Test for Interaction P-value (4) (5)
REGION								N.M.E.
US AND CANADA	97	6 (6.2)	N.M.E.	46	1 (2.2)	N.M.E.	N.M.E.	
WESTERN EUROPE	301	8 (2.7)	N.M.E.	160	0	N.M.E.	N.M.E.	
EASTERN EUROPE	58	1 (1.7)	N.M.E.	28	0	N.M.E.	N.M.E.	
AUSTRALIA	68	0	N.M.E.	30	0	N.M.E.	N.M.E.	

Apr 2023 DBL. Includes events reported from the first dose of study therapy in the blinded phase. Subjects without events are censored 100 days after last dose of study therapy in the blinded phase, or at the day before start of Nivolumab treatment in the open-label phase, whichever occurs earlier. HR = hazard ratio; KME = Kaplan-Meier estimate; N.M.E. = Not meaningful estimate; N.E. = Not estimable. (1) KME of median time to first AE. (2) Unstratified Cox proportional hazard model. HR is nivolumab over Placebo. (3) Unstratified log-rank test. (4) Unstratified Cox proportional hazard model with treatment, subgroup and treatment*subgroup interaction to assess the significance of the interaction between the treatment and the subgroup. (5) P-values <0.05 are indicated by 1 asterisk (indicates potential effect modification).

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Anhang 4-G 3.2.4.3: Subgruppenanalysen für Endpunkt schwerwiegende UE auf SOC/PT-Ebene aus CA209-76K

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Table 22.20.3
 Serious Adverse Events: Subgroup Time-Adjusted Analyses
 by Significant SOC/PT on Hazard Ratio
 All Treated Subjects Censoring at Open-Label Nivolumab

SOC: Infections and Infestations

Subgroup	Nivolumab			Placebo			Nivolumab vs. Placebo	
	N	Subjects with Event n (%)	KME (95%CI) (mon) (1)	N	Subjects with Event n (%)	KME (95%CI) (mon) (1)	HR (95%CI) P-value (2) (3)	Test for Interaction P-value (4) (5)
OVERALL	524	23 (4.4)	N.A.	264	2 (0.8)	N.A.	6.067 (1.430, 25.733) 0.0053	
AGE CATEGORY I								0.9882
< 65	305	9 (3.0)	N.A.	155	0	N.E.	N.E. 0.0293	
>= 65	219	14 (6.4)	N.A.	109	2 (1.8)	N.A.	3.677 (0.836, 16.179) 0.0647	

Apr 2023 DBL. Includes events reported from the first dose of study therapy in the blinded phase. Subjects without events are censored 100 days after last dose of study therapy in the blinded phase, or at the day before start of Nivolumab treatment in the open-label phase, whichever occurs earlier. HR = hazard ratio; KME = Kaplan-Meier estimate; N.M.E. = Not meaningful estimate; N.E. = Not estimable. (1) KME of median time to first AE. (2) Unstratified Cox proportional hazard model. HR is nivolumab over Placebo. (3) Unstratified log-rank test. (4) Unstratified Cox proportional hazard model with treatment, subgroup and treatment*subgroup interaction to assess the significance of the interaction between the treatment and the subgroup. (5) P-values <0.05 are indicated by 1 asterisk (indicates potential effect modification).

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Table 22.20.3
 Serious Adverse Events: Subgroup Time-Adjusted Analyses
 by Significant SOC/PT on Hazard Ratio
 All Treated Subjects Censoring at Open-Label Nivolumab

SOC: Infections and Infestations

Subgroup	Nivolumab			Placebo			Nivolumab vs. Placebo	
	N	Subjects with Event n (%)	KME (95%CI) (mon) (1)	N	Subjects with Event n (%)	KME (95%CI) (mon) (1)	HR (95%CI) P-value (2) (3)	Test for Interaction P-value (4) (5)
AGE CATEGORY II								
>= 18 AND < 65	305	9 (3.0)	N.M.E.	155	0	N.M.E.	N.M.E.	N.M.E.
>= 65 AND < 75	139	6 (4.3)	N.M.E.	77	1 (1.3)	N.M.E.	N.M.E.	
>= 75 AND < 85	77	8 (10.4)	N.M.E.	30	1 (3.3)	N.M.E.	N.M.E.	
SEX								0.6814
MALE	320	15 (4.7)	N.A.	161	1 (0.6)	N.A.	7.795 (1.030, 59.010) 0.0184	
FEMALE	204	8 (3.9)	N.A.	103	1 (1.0)	N.A.	4.310 (0.539, 34.467) 0.1329	

Apr 2023 DBL. Includes events reported from the first dose of study therapy in the blinded phase. Subjects without events are censored 100 days after last dose of study therapy in the blinded phase, or at the day before start of Nivolumab treatment in the open-label phase, whichever occurs earlier. HR = hazard ratio; KME = Kaplan-Meier estimate; N.M.E. = Not meaningful estimate; N.E. = Not estimable. (1) KME of median time to first AE. (2) Unstratified Cox proportional hazard model. HR is nivolumab over Placebo. (3) Unstratified log-rank test. (4) Unstratified Cox proportional hazard model with treatment, subgroup and treatment*subgroup interaction to assess the significance of the interaction between the treatment and the subgroup. (5) P-values <0.05 are indicated by 1 asterisk (indicates potential effect modification).

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Table 22.20.3
 Serious Adverse Events: Subgroup Time-Adjusted Analyses
 by Significant SOC/PT on Hazard Ratio
 All Treated Subjects Censoring at Open-Label Nivolumab

SOC: Infections and Infestations

Subgroup	Nivolumab			Placebo			Nivolumab vs. Placebo	
	N	Subjects with Event n (%)	KME (95%CI) (mon) (1)	N	Subjects with Event n (%)	KME (95%CI) (mon) (1)	HR (95%CI) P-value (2) (3)	Test for Interaction P-value (4) (5)
DISEASE STAGE CATEGORY								0.9895
STAGE IIB	315	11 (3.5)	N.A.	162	2 (1.2)	N.A.	3.001 (0.665, 13.543)	
STAGE IIC	209	12 (5.7)	N.A.	102	0	N.E.	0.1330 N.E. 0.0145	
T STAGE								0.9999
T3B	203	5 (2.5)	N.A.	104	2 (1.9)	N.A.	1.378 (0.267, 7.103)	
T4A	112	6 (5.4)	N.A.	58	0	N.E.	0.7005 N.E. 0.0714	
T4B	209	12 (5.7)	N.A.	102	0	N.E.	N.E. 0.0145	

Apr 2023 DBL. Includes events reported from the first dose of study therapy in the blinded phase. Subjects without events are censored 100 days after last dose of study therapy in the blinded phase, or at the day before start of Nivolumab treatment in the open-label phase, whichever occurs earlier. HR = hazard ratio; KME = Kaplan-Meier estimate; N.M.E. = Not meaningful estimate; N.E. = Not estimable. (1) KME of median time to first AE. (2) Unstratified Cox proportional hazard model. HR is nivolumab over Placebo. (3) Unstratified log-rank test. (4) Unstratified Cox proportional hazard model with treatment, subgroup and treatment*subgroup interaction to assess the significance of the interaction between the treatment and the subgroup. (5) P-values <0.05 are indicated by 1 asterisk (indicates potential effect modification).

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Table 22.20.3
 Serious Adverse Events: Subgroup Time-Adjusted Analyses
 by Significant SOC/PT on Hazard Ratio
 All Treated Subjects Censoring at Open-Label Nivolumab

SOC: Infections and Infestations

Subgroup	Nivolumab			Placebo			Nivolumab vs. Placebo	
	N	Subjects with Event n (%)	KME (95%CI) (mon) (1)	N	Subjects with Event n (%)	KME (95%CI) (mon) (1)	HR (95%CI) P-value (2) (3)	Test for Interaction P-value (4) (5)
REGION								0.9699
US AND CANADA	97	2 (2.1)	N.A.	46	0	N.E.	N.E. 0.3211	
WESTERN EUROPE	301	11 (3.7)	N.A.	160	0	N.E.	N.E. 0.0143	
EASTERN EUROPE	58	3 (5.2)	N.A.	28	1 (3.6)	N.A.	1.571 (0.163, 15.104)	
AUSTRALIA	68	7 (10.3)	N.A.	30	1 (3.3)	N.A.	0.6929 3.401 (0.418, 27.656)	0.2234

Apr 2023 DBL. Includes events reported from the first dose of study therapy in the blinded phase. Subjects without events are censored 100 days after last dose of study therapy in the blinded phase, or at the day before start of Nivolumab treatment in the open-label phase, whichever occurs earlier. HR = hazard ratio; KME = Kaplan-Meier estimate; N.M.E. = Not meaningful estimate; N.E. = Not estimable. (1) KME of median time to first AE. (2) Unstratified Cox proportional hazard model. HR is nivolumab over Placebo. (3) Unstratified log-rank test. (4) Unstratified Cox proportional hazard model with treatment, subgroup and treatment*subgroup interaction to assess the significance of the interaction between the treatment and the subgroup. (5) P-values <0.05 are indicated by 1 asterisk (indicates potential effect modification).

Program Source: /opt/zfs001/prd/bms214671/stats/market/prog/tables/rt-ae-tsubsoc-ebr1575.sas

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Table 22.20.3
 Serious Adverse Events: Subgroup Time-Adjusted Analyses
 by Significant SOC/PT on Hazard Ratio
 All Treated Subjects Censoring at Open-Label Nivolumab

SOC: Neoplasms Benign, Malignant and Unspecified (Incl Cysts and Polyps)

Subgroup	Nivolumab			Placebo			Nivolumab vs. Placebo	
	N	Subjects with Event n (%)	KME (95%CI) (mon) (1)	N	Subjects with Event n (%)	KME (95%CI) (mon) (1)	HR (95%CI) P-value (2) (3)	Test for Interaction P-value (4) (5)
OVERALL	524	7 (1.3)	N.A.	264	12 (4.5)	N.A.	0.318 (0.125, 0.807) 0.0109	
AGE CATEGORY I < 65	305	5 (1.6)	N.A.	155	6 (3.9)	N.A.	0.456 (0.139, 1.494) 0.1833	0.3750
>= 65	219	2 (0.9)	N.A.	109	6 (5.5)	N.A.	0.179 (0.036, 0.890) 0.0178	

Apr 2023 DBL. Includes events reported from the first dose of study therapy in the blinded phase. Subjects without events are censored 100 days after last dose of study therapy in the blinded phase, or at the day before start of Nivolumab treatment in the open-label phase, whichever occurs earlier. HR = hazard ratio; KME = Kaplan-Meier estimate; N.M.E. = Not meaningful estimate; N.E. = Not estimable. (1) KME of median time to first AE. (2) Unstratified Cox proportional hazard model. HR is nivolumab over Placebo. (3) Unstratified log-rank test. (4) Unstratified Cox proportional hazard model with treatment, subgroup and treatment*subgroup interaction to assess the significance of the interaction between the treatment and the subgroup. (5) P-values <0.05 are indicated by 1 asterisk (indicates potential effect modification).

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Table 22.20.3
 Serious Adverse Events: Subgroup Time-Adjusted Analyses
 by Significant SOC/PT on Hazard Ratio
 All Treated Subjects Censoring at Open-Label Nivolumab

SOC: Neoplasms Benign, Malignant and Unspecified (Incl Cysts and Polyps)

Subgroup	Nivolumab			Placebo			Nivolumab vs. Placebo	
	N	Subjects with Event n (%)	KME (95%CI) (mon) (1)	N	Subjects with Event n (%)	KME (95%CI) (mon) (1)	HR (95%CI) P-value (2) (3)	Test for Interaction P-value (4) (5)
AGE CATEGORY II								
>= 18 AND < 65	305	5 (1.6)	N.A.	155	6 (3.9)	N.A.	0.456 (0.139, 1.494)	0.6439
>= 65 AND < 75	139	1 (0.7)	N.A.	77	4 (5.2)	N.A.	0.1833 0.146 (0.016, 1.312)	
>= 75 AND < 85	77	1 (1.3)	N.A.	30	2 (6.7)	N.A.	0.0464 0.211 (0.019, 2.331)	
SEX								
MALE	320	4 (1.3)	N.A.	161	5 (3.1)	N.A.	0.444 (0.119, 1.654)	0.5092
FEMALE	204	3 (1.5)	N.A.	103	7 (6.8)	N.A.	0.2137 0.230 (0.059, 0.890)	

Apr 2023 DBL. Includes events reported from the first dose of study therapy in the blinded phase. Subjects without events are censored 100 days after last dose of study therapy in the blinded phase, or at the day before start of Nivolumab treatment in the open-label phase, whichever occurs earlier. HR = hazard ratio; KME = Kaplan-Meier estimate; N.M.E. = Not meaningful estimate; N.E. = Not estimable. (1) KME of median time to first AE. (2) Unstratified Cox proportional hazard model. HR is nivolumab over Placebo. (3) Unstratified log-rank test. (4) Unstratified Cox proportional hazard model with treatment, subgroup and treatment*subgroup interaction to assess the significance of the interaction between the treatment and the subgroup. (5) P-values <0.05 are indicated by 1 asterisk (indicates potential effect modification).

Program Source: /opt/zfs001/prd/bms214671/stats/market/prog/tables/rt-ae-tsubsoc-ebr1575.sas

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Table 22.20.3
 Serious Adverse Events: Subgroup Time-Adjusted Analyses
 by Significant SOC/PT on Hazard Ratio
 All Treated Subjects Censoring at Open-Label Nivolumab

SOC: Neoplasms Benign, Malignant and Unspecified (Incl Cysts and Polyps)

Subgroup	Nivolumab			Placebo			Nivolumab vs. Placebo	
	N	Subjects with Event n (%)	KME (95%CI) (mon) (1)	N	Subjects with Event n (%)	KME (95%CI) (mon) (1)	HR (95%CI) P-value (2) (3)	Test for Interaction P-value (4) (5)
DISEASE STAGE CATEGORY								0.0563
STAGE IIB	315	1 (0.3)	N.A.	162	8 (4.9)	N.A.	0.073 (0.009, 0.585)	
STAGE IIC	209	6 (2.9)	N.A.	102	4 (3.9)	N.A.	0.0012 0.744 (0.210, 2.637)	
T STAGE								0.3294
T3B	203	1 (0.5)	N.A.	104	5 (4.8)	N.A.	0.118 (0.014, 1.011)	
T4A	112	0	N.E.	58	3 (5.2)	N.A.	0.0192 N.E. 0.0244	
T4B	209	6 (2.9)	N.A.	102	4 (3.9)	N.A.	0.744 (0.210, 2.637)	

Apr 2023 DBL. Includes events reported from the first dose of study therapy in the blinded phase. Subjects without events are censored 100 days after last dose of study therapy in the blinded phase, or at the day before start of Nivolumab treatment in the open-label phase, whichever occurs earlier. HR = hazard ratio; KME = Kaplan-Meier estimate; N.M.E. = Not meaningful estimate; N.E. = Not estimable. (1) KME of median time to first AE. (2) Unstratified Cox proportional hazard model. HR is nivolumab over Placebo. (3) Unstratified log-rank test. (4) Unstratified Cox proportional hazard model with treatment, subgroup and treatment*subgroup interaction to assess the significance of the interaction between the treatment and the subgroup. (5) P-values <0.05 are indicated by 1 asterisk (indicates potential effect modification).

Program Source: /opt/zfs001/prd/bms214671/stats/market/prog/tables/rt-ae-tsubsoc-ebr1575.sas

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Table 22.20.3
 Serious Adverse Events: Subgroup Time-Adjusted Analyses
 by Significant SOC/PT on Hazard Ratio
 All Treated Subjects Censoring at Open-Label Nivolumab

SOC: Neoplasms Benign, Malignant and Unspecified (Incl Cysts and Polyps)

Subgroup	Nivolumab			Placebo			Nivolumab vs. Placebo	
	N	Subjects with Event n (%)	KME (95%CI) (mon) (1)	N	Subjects with Event n (%)	KME (95%CI) (mon) (1)	HR (95%CI) P-value (2) (3)	Test for Interaction P-value (4) (5)
REGION								N.M.E.
US AND CANADA	97	0	N.M.E.	46	2 (4.3)	N.M.E.	N.M.E.	
WESTERN EUROPE	301	5 (1.7)	N.M.E.	160	4 (2.5)	N.M.E.	N.M.E.	
EASTERN EUROPE	58	1 (1.7)	N.M.E.	28	4 (14.3)	N.M.E.	N.M.E.	
AUSTRALIA	68	1 (1.5)	N.M.E.	30	2 (6.7)	N.M.E.	N.M.E.	

Apr 2023 DBL. Includes events reported from the first dose of study therapy in the blinded phase. Subjects without events are censored 100 days after last dose of study therapy in the blinded phase, or at the day before start of Nivolumab treatment in the open-label phase, whichever occurs earlier. HR = hazard ratio; KME = Kaplan-Meier estimate; N.M.E. = Not meaningful estimate; N.E. = Not estimable. (1) KME of median time to first AE. (2) Unstratified Cox proportional hazard model. HR is nivolumab over Placebo. (3) Unstratified log-rank test. (4) Unstratified Cox proportional hazard model with treatment, subgroup and treatment*subgroup interaction to assess the significance of the interaction between the treatment and the subgroup. (5) P-values <0.05 are indicated by 1 asterisk (indicates potential effect modification).

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Anhang 4-G 4: Kaplan-Meier-Kurven aus CA209-76K

Anhang 4-G 4.1: Kaplan-Meier-Kurven für Endpunkte aus CA209-76K

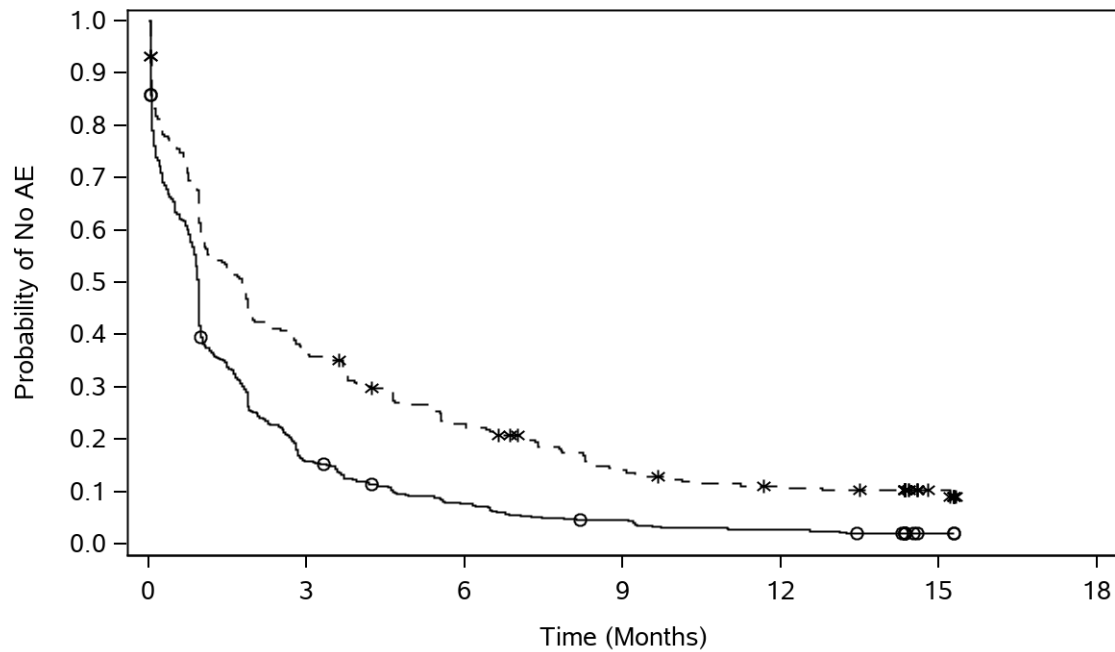
Anhang 4-G 4.1.1: Kaplan-Meier-Kurven für Endpunkte Verträglichkeit aus CA209-76K

Für die Endpunkte unerwünschte Ereignisse ohne Erfassung des Progresses der Grunderkrankung – Zeit bis zum ersten Auftreten des UE: jegliche UE, schwere UE, schwerwiegende UE und zum Therapieabbruch führende UE.

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Figure 9.1:
Kaplan-Meier Plot of Time to any Adverse Events - Excluding Progression Terms -
All Treated Subjects Censoring at Open-Label Nivolumab



Number of Subjects at Risk

Nivolumab

524	82	39	22	13	2	0
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Placebo

264	95	59	34	24	8	0
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—○— Nivolumab (events: 508/524), median and 95% CI: 0.95 (0.89, 0.95)

-*· Placebo (events: 233/264), median and 95% CI: 1.77 (1.12, 1.91)

Hazard Ratio (Nivolumab vs. Placebo) and 95% CI: 1.709 (1.459, 2.002)

Apr 2023 DBL Includes events reported from the first dose of study therapy in the blinded phase
Subjects without events are censored 100 days after last dose of study therapy in the blinded phase,
or at the day before start of Nivolumab treatment in the open-label phase, whichever occurs earlier.

Stratified Cox proportional hazard model.

Symbols represent censored observations.

Program Source: /opt/zfs001/prd/bms214671/stats/market/prog/figures

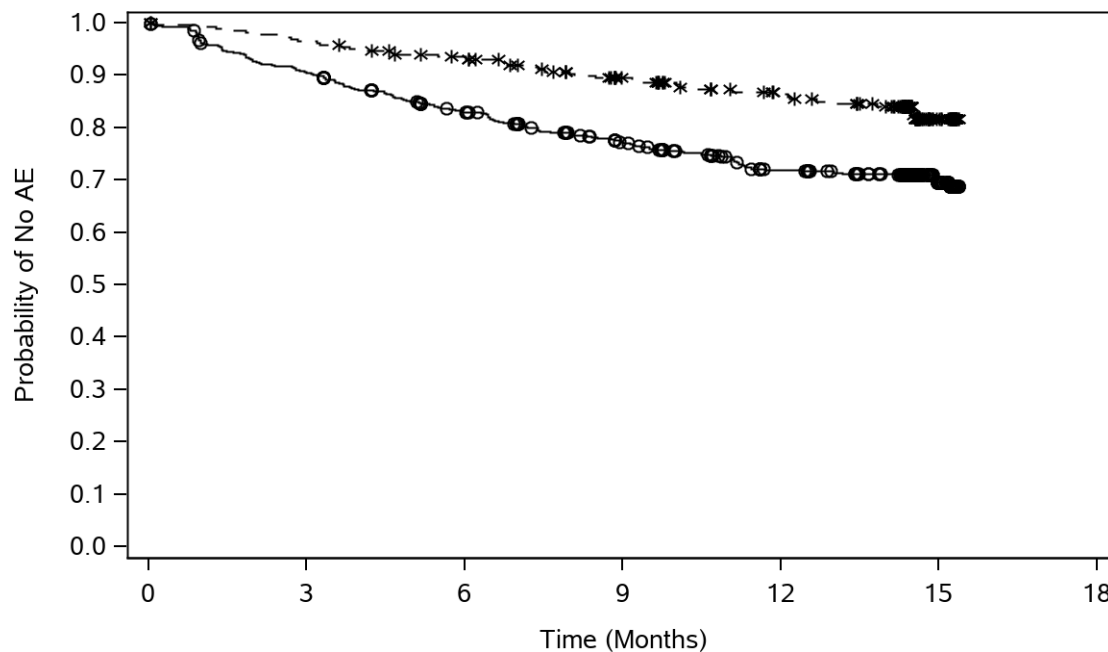
Program Name: rg-ae-ae-ebr1575-b1.sas

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Figure 9.3:
Kaplan-Meier Plot of Time to any Adverse Events with CTCAE Grade 3-4-5 -
Excluding Progression Terms - All Treated Subjects Censoring at Open-Label
Nivolumab



Number of Subjects at Risk

Nivolumab

524 469 411 358 306 100 0

Placebo

264 253 239 210 187 67 0

—○— Nivolumab (events: 146/524), median and 95% CI: N.A.

-*· Placebo (events: 42/264), median and 95% CI: N.A.

Hazard Ratio (Nivolumab vs. Placebo) and 95% CI: 1.963 (1.393, 2.768)

Apr 2023 DBL Includes events reported from the first dose of study therapy in the blinded phase
Subjects without events are censored 100 days after last dose of study therapy in the blinded phase,
or at the day before start of Nivolumab treatment in the open-label phase, whichever occurs earlier.
Stratified Cox proportional hazard model.

Symbols represent censored observations.

Program Source: /opt/zfs001/prd/bms214671/stats/market/prog/figures

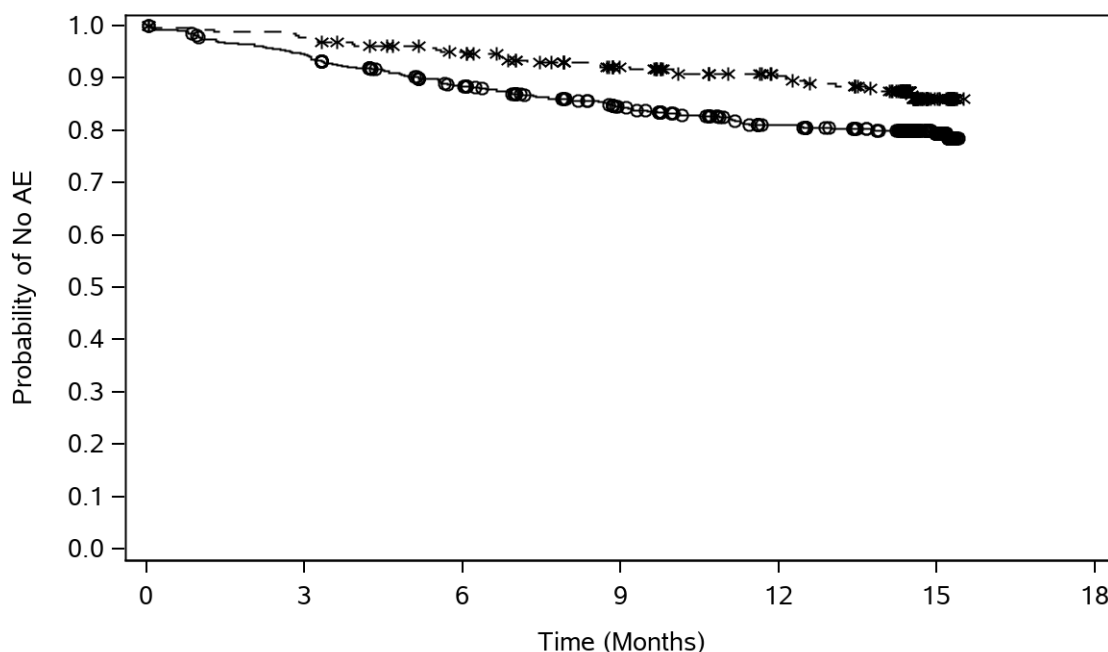
Program Name: rg-ae-ae-ebr1575-b1.sas

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Figure 9.5:
Kaplan-Meier Plot of Time to any Serious Adverse Events - Excluding Progression Terms - All Treated Subjects Censoring at Open-Label Nivolumab



Number of Subjects at Risk

Nivolumab

524 490 428 376 327 113 0

Placebo

264 256 242 215 193 71 0

—○— Nivolumab (events: 98/524), median and 95% CI: N.A.

- * · Placebo (events: 32/264), median and 95% CI: N.A.

Hazard Ratio (Nivolumab vs. Placebo) and 95% CI: 1.690 (1.134, 2.519)

Apr 2023 DBL Includes events reported from the first dose of study therapy in the blinded phase
Subjects without events are censored 100 days after last dose of study therapy in the blinded phase,
or at the day before start of Nivolumab treatment in the open-label phase, whichever occurs earlier.

Stratified Cox proportional hazard model.

Symbols represent censored observations.

Program Source: /opt/zfs001/prd/bms214671/stats/market/prog/figures

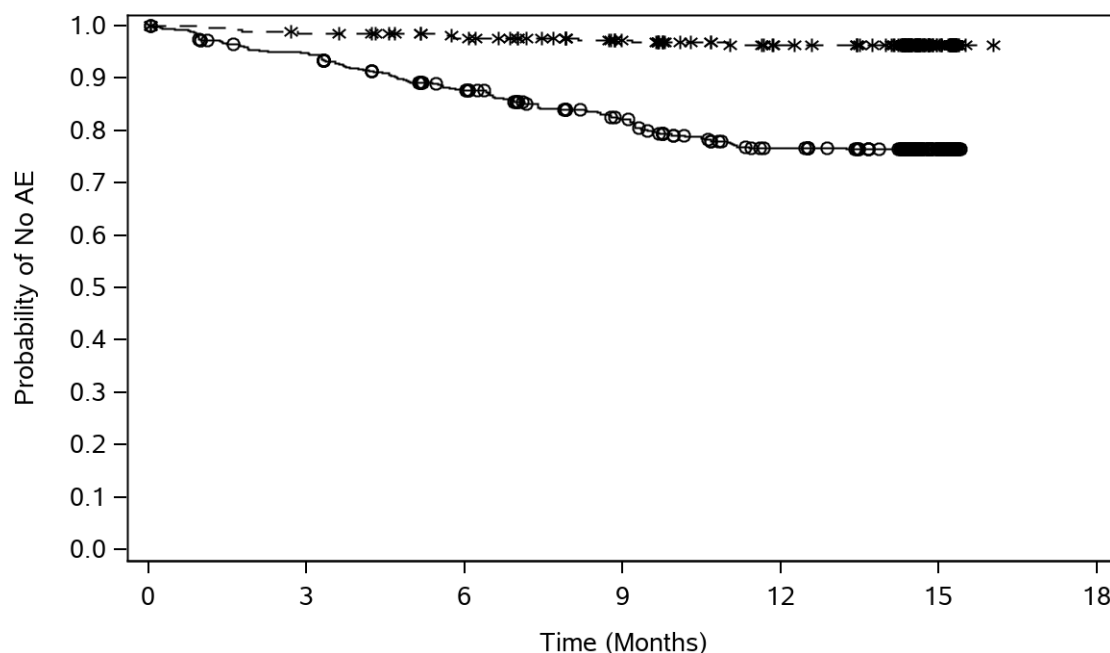
Program Name: rg-ae-ae-ebr1575-b1.sas

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Figure 9.7:
Kaplan-Meier Plot of Time to any Adverse Events Leading to Discontinuation of Study Treatment - Excluding Progression Terms - All Treated Subjects Censoring at Open-Label Nivolumab



Number of Subjects at Risk

Nivolumab

524 490 435 386 341 125 0

Placebo

264 257 247 227 207 81 0

—○— Nivolumab (events: 116/524), median and 95% CI: N.A.

-*- Placebo (events: 9/264), median and 95% CI: N.A.

Hazard Ratio (Nivolumab vs. Placebo) and 95% CI: 7.169 (3.638, 14.126)

Apr 2023 DBL Includes events reported from the first dose of study therapy in the blinded phase
Subjects without events are censored 100 days after last dose of study therapy in the blinded phase,
or at the day before start of Nivolumab treatment in the open-label phase, whichever occurs earlier.
Stratified Cox proportional hazard model.

Symbols represent censored observations.

Program Source: /opt/zfs001/prd/bms214671/stats/market/prog/figures

Program Name: rg-ae-ae-ebr1575-b1.sas

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Ergänzende Analysen

Anhang 4-G 5: Details zur Operationalisierung der Unerwünschten Ereignisse von besonderem Interesse (UESI)

Anhang 4-G 5.1: Definition von spezifischen immunvermittelten UE (imUE)

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Immune-Mediated Adverse Events Definition

Category	Preferred Terms
ADRENAL INSUFFICIENCY	Adrenal insufficiency Adrenocortical insufficiency acute Hypothalamic pituitary adrenal axis suppression Immune-mediated adrenal insufficiency Primary adrenal insufficiency Secondary adrenocortical insufficiency
DIABETES MELLITUS	Diabetes mellitus Diabetic ketoacidosis Diabetic ketosis Fulminant type 1 diabetes mellitus Latent autoimmune diabetes in adults Type 1 diabetes mellitus
DIARRHEA/COLITIS	Autoimmune colitis Autoimmune enteropathy Colitis Colitis ulcerative Diarrhoea Enteritis Enterocolitis Enterocolitis haemorrhagic Immune-mediated enterocolitis Immune-mediated gastritis
HEPATITIS	Acute hepatic failure Acute on chronic liver failure Alanine aminotransferase increased Aspartate aminotransferase increased Autoimmune cholangitis Autoimmune hepatitis Biliary cirrhosis Blood bilirubin increased Cholangitis Drug-induced liver injury Hepatic failure

MedDRA Version: 25.0

Program Source: /opt/zfs001/prd/tms247316/stats/primary/prog/listings/rl-ae-slaedef-sas.sas

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Immune-Mediated Adverse Events Definition

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Category	Preferred Terms
HEPATITIS	Hepatitis Hepatitis acute Hepatotoxicity Hyperbilirubinaemia Hypertransaminasaemia Immune-mediated cholangitis Immune-mediated cholestasis Immune-mediated hepatic disorder Immune-mediated hepatitis Transaminases increased
HYPERSENSITIVITY	Anaphylactic reaction Anaphylactic shock Hypersensitivity Infusion related hypersensitivity reaction Infusion related reaction
HYPERTHYROIDISM	Basedow's disease Hyperthyroidism Immune-mediated hyperthyroidism Primary hyperthyroidism
HYPOPHYSITIS	Hypophysitis Hypopituitarism Immune-mediated hypophysitis Lymphocytic hypophysitis
HYPOTHYROIDISM	Autoimmune hypothyroidism Hypothyroidism Immune-mediated hypothyroidism Primary hypothyroidism
HYPOTHYROIDISM/THYROIDITIS	Atrophic thyroiditis Autoimmune hypothyroidism Autoimmune thyroiditis Hypothyroidism

MedDRA Version: 25.0

Program Source: /opt/zfs001/prd/lms247316/stats/primary/prog/listings/rl-ae-slaedef-sas.sas

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Ergänzende Analysen

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Immune-Mediated Adverse Events Definition

Category	Preferred Terms
HYPOTHYROIDISM/THYROIDITIS	Immune-mediated hypothyroidism Immune-mediated thyroiditis Primary hypothyroidism Silent thyroiditis Thyroiditis Thyroiditis acute
NEPHRITIS AND RENAL DYSFUNCTION	Acute kidney injury Autoimmune nephritis Blood creatinine increased Creatinine renal clearance decreased End stage renal disease Glomerulonephritis rapidly progressive Hypercreatininaemia Immune-mediated nephritis Immune-mediated renal disorder Nephritis Nephritis allergic Paraneoplastic glomerulonephritis Renal failure Renal tubular necrosis Subacute kidney injury Tubulointerstitial nephritis
PNEUMONITIS	Hypersensitivity pneumonitis Idiopathic interstitial pneumonia Immune-mediated lung disease Interstitial lung disease Pneumonitis
RASH	Autoimmune blistering disease Autoimmune dermatitis Bullous haemorrhagic dermatosis Dermatitis Dermatitis acneiform Dermatitis allergic

MedDRA Version: 25.0

Program Source: /opt/zfs001/prd/cms247316/stats/primary/prog/listings/rl-ae-slaedef-sas.sas

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Immune-Mediated Adverse Events Definition

Category	Preferred Terms
RASH	Dermatitis atopic Dermatitis exfoliative Drug eruption Erythema multiforme Erythrodermic atopic dermatitis Exfoliative rash Fixed eruption Immune-mediated dermatitis Mucocutaneous disorder Mucosa vesicle Mucous membrane pemphigoid Nodular rash Paradoxical psoriasis Pemphigoid Pemphigus Pustule Rash Rash erythematous Rash macular Rash maculo-papular Rash morbilliform Rash papular Rash pruritic Rash pustular Rash vesicular Scrotal dermatitis Severe cutaneous adverse reaction Stevens-Johnson syndrome Toxic epidermal necrolysis Toxic skin eruption Urticarial dermatitis
THYROIDITIS	Atrophic thyroiditis Autoimmune thyroiditis Immune-mediated thyroiditis Silent thyroiditis

MedDRA Version: 25.0

Program Source: /opt/zfs001/prd/cms247316/stats/primary/prog/listings/rl-ae-slaedef-sas.sas

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Immune-Mediated Adverse Events Definition

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Category

Preferred Terms

THYROIDITIS

Thyroiditis
Thyroiditis acute

MedDRA Version: 25.0

Program Source: /opt/zfs001/prd/cms247316/stats/primary/prog/listings/rl-ae-slaedef-sas.sas

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Ergänzende Analysen

Anhang 4-G 5.2: Definition von spezifischen UE (select UE)

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Select Adverse Events Definition

Category	Subcategory	Preferred Terms
ENDOCRINE ADVERSE EVENT	ADRENAL DISORDER	Adrenal insufficiency Adrenal suppression Adrenocortical insufficiency acute Blood corticotrophin decreased Blood corticotrophin increased Hypothalamic pituitary adrenal axis suppression Immune-mediated adrenal insufficiency Primary adrenal insufficiency Secondary adrenocortical insufficiency
	DIABETES	Diabetes mellitus Diabetic ketoacidosis Diabetic ketosis Fulminant type 1 diabetes mellitus Latent autoimmune diabetes in adults Type 1 diabetes mellitus
	PITUITARY DISORDER	Hypogonadism Hypophysitis Hypopituitarism Immune-mediated hypophysitis Lymphocytic hypophysitis
	THYROID DISORDER	Atrophic thyroiditis Autoimmune hypothyroidism Autoimmune thyroid disorder Autoimmune thyroiditis Basedow's disease Blood thyroid stimulating hormone decreased Blood thyroid stimulating hormone increased Hyperthyroidism Hypoparathyroidism Hypothyroidism Immune-mediated hyperthyroidism Immune-mediated hypothyroidism Immune-mediated thyroiditis

MedDRA Version: 25.0

Program Source: /opt/zfs001/prd/bms247316/stats/primary/prog/listings/rl-ae-slaedef-sas.sas

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Ergänzende Analysen

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Select Adverse Events Definition

Category	Subcategory	Preferred Terms
ENDOCRINE ADVERSE EVENT	THYROID DISORDER	Primary hyperthyroidism Primary hypothyroidism Silent thyroiditis Thyroid function test abnormal Thyroid hormones decreased Thyroid hormones increased Thyroiditis Thyroiditis acute Thyroxine decreased Thyroxine free decreased Thyroxine free increased Thyroxine increased Tri-iodothyronine uptake increased
GASTROINTESTINAL ADVERSE EVENT		Autoimmune colitis Autoimmune enteropathy Colitis Colitis ulcerative Diarrhoea Duodenal perforation Enteritis Enterocolitis Enterocolitis haemorrhagic Frequent bowel movements Gastrointestinal perforation Immune-mediated enterocolitis Immune-mediated gastritis Lower gastrointestinal perforation Ulcerative duodenitis Upper gastrointestinal perforation
HEPATIC ADVERSE EVENT		Acute hepatic failure Acute on chronic liver failure Alanine aminotransferase increased Aspartate aminotransferase increased Autoimmune cholangitis

MedDRA Version: 25.0

Program Source: /opt/zfs001/prd/kms247316/stats/primary/prog/listings/rl-ae-slaedef-sas.sas

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Ergänzende Analysen

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Select Adverse Events Definition

Category	Subcategory	Preferred Terms
HEPATIC ADVERSE EVENT		Autoimmune hepatitis Biliary cirrhosis Bilirubin conjugated decreased Bilirubin conjugated increased Blood alkaline phosphatase increased Blood bilirubin increased Cholangitis Drug-induced liver injury Gamma-glutamyltransferase increased Hepatic cytolysis Hepatic enzyme increased Hepatic failure Hepatitis Hepatitis acute Hepatotoxicity Hyperbilirubinaemia Hypertransaminasaemia Immune-mediated cholangitis Immune-mediated cholestasis Immune-mediated hepatic disorder Immune-mediated hepatitis Liver disorder Liver function test abnormal Liver function test increased Liver injury Transaminases increased
HYPERSENSITIVITY/INFUSION REACTION		Anaphylactic reaction Anaphylactic shock Bronchospasm Hypersensitivity Infusion related hypersensitivity reaction Infusion related reaction
PULMONARY ADVERSE EVENT		Acute respiratory distress syndrome Acute respiratory failure

MedDRA Version: 25.0

Program Source: /opt/zfs001/prd/lms247316/stats/primary/prog/listings/rl-ae-slaedef-sas.sas

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Ergänzende Analysen

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Select Adverse Events Definition

Category	Subcategory	Preferred Terms
PULMONARY ADVERSE EVENT		Autoimmune lung disease Hypersensitivity pneumonitis Idiopathic interstitial pneumonia Immune-mediated lung disease Interstitial lung disease Lung infiltration Pneumonitis
RENAL ADVERSE EVENT		Acute kidney injury Autoimmune nephritis Blood creatinine increased Blood urea increased Creatinine renal clearance decreased End stage renal disease Glomerulonephritis rapidly progressive Hypercreatininaemia Immune-mediated nephritis Immune-mediated renal disorder Nephritis Nephritis allergic Paraneoplastic glomerulonephritis Renal failure Renal tubular necrosis Subacute kidney injury Tubulointerstitial nephritis Urine output decreased
SKIN ADVERSE EVENT		Anal eczema Anal rash Autoimmune blistering disease Autoimmune dermatitis Blister Bullous haemorrhagic dermatosis Dermatitis Dermatitis acneiform Dermatitis allergic

MedDRA Version: 25.0

Program Source: /opt/zfs001/prd/bms247316/stats/primary/prog/listings/rl-ae-slaedef-sas.sas

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Ergänzende Analysen

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Select Adverse Events Definition

Category	Subcategory	Preferred Terms
SKIN ADVERSE EVENT		Dermatitis atopic Dermatitis exfoliative Drug eruption Eczema Erythema Erythema multiforme Erythrodermic atopic dermatitis Exfoliative rash Fixed eruption Generalised bullous fixed drug eruption Guttate psoriasis Immune-mediated dermatitis Mucocutaneous disorder Mucosa vesicle Mucous membrane pemphigoid Nodular rash Palmar-plantar erythrodysesthesia syndrome Paradoxical psoriasis Pemphigoid Pemphigus Photosensitivity reaction Pruritus Pruritus allergic Psoriasis Pustular psoriasis Pustule Rash Rash erythematous Rash macular Rash maculo-papular Rash morbilliform Rash papular Rash pruritic Rash pustular Rash vesicular

MedDRA Version: 25.0

Program Source: /opt/zfs001/prd/bms247316/stats/primary/prog/listings/rl-ae-slaedef-sas.sas

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Select Adverse Events Definition

Category

Subcategory

Preferred Terms

SKIN ADVERSE EVENT

SJS-TEN overlap
Scrotal dermatitis
Severe cutaneous adverse reaction
Skin exfoliation
Skin hypopigmentation
Skin irritation
Stevens-Johnson syndrome
Toxic epidermal necrolysis
Toxic skin eruption
Urticaria
Urticarial dermatitis
Vitiligo
Vulval eczema

MedDRA Version: 25.0

Program Source: /opt/zfs001/prd/bms247316/stats/primary/prog/listings/rl-ae-slaedef-sas.sas

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Ergänzende Analysen

Anhang 4-G 5.3: Definition von weiteren UE von speziellem Interesse (OESI)

Protocol: CA20976K

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Other Events of Special Interest Definition

Category	Preferred Terms
AUTOIMMUNE CYTOPENIA	Antiphospholipid syndrome Autoimmune anaemia Autoimmune aplastic anaemia Autoimmune haemolytic anaemia Autoimmune heparin-induced thrombocytopenia Autoimmune neutropenia Autoimmune pancytopenia Cold type haemolytic anaemia Coombs positive haemolytic anaemia Evans syndrome Idiopathic CD4 lymphocytopenia Immune thrombocytopenia Immune-mediated cytopenia Pernicious anaemia Warm autoimmune haemolytic anaemia
AUTOIMMUNE EYE DISORDER	Autoimmune eye disorder Autoimmune retinopathy
DEMYELINATION EVENT	Anti-myelin-associated glycoprotein associated polyneuropathy Demyelinating polyneuropathy Demyelination
ENCEPHALITIS EVENT	Acute disseminated encephalomyelitis Acute encephalitis with refractory, repetitive partial seizures Autoimmune encephalopathy Bickerstaff's encephalitis Encephalitis Encephalitis allergic Encephalitis autoimmune Encephalitis brain stem Encephalitis haemorrhagic Encephalitis lethargica Encephalitis toxic Immune effector cell-associated neurotoxicity syndrome Immune-mediated encephalitis

MedDRA Version: 25.0

Program Source: /opt/zfs001/prd/bms247316/stats/primary/prog/listings/rl-ae-slaedef-sas.sas

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Other Events of Special Interest Definition

Category	Preferred Terms
ENCEPHALITIS EVENT	Immune-mediated encephalopathy Limbic encephalitis Lupus encephalitis Noninfective encephalitis Panencephalitis Rasmussen encephalitis Subacute sclerosing panencephalitis
GRAFT VERSUS HOST DISEASE	Acute graft versus host disease Acute graft versus host disease in eye Acute graft versus host disease in intestine Acute graft versus host disease in liver Acute graft versus host disease in skin Acute graft versus host disease oral Chronic graft versus host disease Chronic graft versus host disease in eye Chronic graft versus host disease in intestine Chronic graft versus host disease in liver Chronic graft versus host disease in lung Chronic graft versus host disease in skin Chronic graft versus host disease oral Graft versus host disease Graft versus host disease in eye Graft versus host disease in gastrointestinal tract Graft versus host disease in liver Graft versus host disease in lung Graft versus host disease in skin Graft versus host disease oral
GUILLAIN-BARRE SYNDROME	Guillain-Barre syndrome Miller Fisher syndrome
IMMUNE MEDIATED ARTHRITIS	Acute aseptic arthritis Autoimmune arthritis Immune-mediated arthritis

MedDRA Version: 25.0

Program Source: /opt/zfs001/prd/kms247316/stats/primary/prog/listings/rl-ae-slaedef-sas.sas

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Other Events of Special Interest Definition

Category	Preferred Terms
MYASTHENIC SYNDROME	Myasthenia gravis Myasthenia gravis crisis Myasthenic syndrome Ocular myasthenia
MYOCARDITIS EVENT	Autoimmune myocarditis Eosinophilic myocarditis Giant cell myocarditis Hypersensitivity myocarditis Immune-mediated myocarditis Myocarditis Myopericarditis
MYOSITIS/RHABDOMYOLYSIS EVENT	Autoimmune myositis Dermatomyositis Immune-mediated myositis Inclusion body myositis Myositis Necrotising myositis Paraneoplastic dermatomyositis Polymyositis Rhabdomyolysis
PANCREATITIS EVENT	Autoimmune pancreatitis Haemorrhagic necrotic pancreatitis Immune-mediated pancreatitis Pancreatitis Pancreatitis acute Pancreatitis necrotising Subacute pancreatitis
UVEITIS EVENT	Autoimmune uveitis Chorioretinitis Cyclitis Immune recovery uveitis Immune-mediated uveitis

MedDRA Version: 25.0

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Other Events of Special Interest Definition

Category

Preferred Terms

UVEITIS EVENT

Iridocyclitis
Iritis
Keratouveitis
Uveitis
Vogt-Koyanagi-Harada disease

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