

**Dossier zur Nutzenbewertung
gemäß § 35a SGB V**

Quizartinib (VANFLYTA)

Daiichi Sankyo Europe GmbH

Modul 4 A – Anhang 4-H

*Erwachsene Patienten mit neu diagnostizierter akuter
myeloischer Leukämie (AML) mit FLT3-ITD-Mutation*

Medizinischer Nutzen und
medizinischer Zusatznutzen,
Patientengruppen mit therapeutisch
bedeutsamem Zusatznutzen

Inhaltsverzeichnis

	Seite
Anhang 4-H: Ergebnisse der Subgruppenanalysen der Studie QuANTUM-First	2
Anhang 4-H1: Gesamtüberleben	2
Anhang 4-H2: Rückfallfreies Überleben	13
Anhang 4-H2a: Rückfallfreies Überleben für Patient*innen, die eine CRc nach Induktion erreichten	13
Anhang 4-H2b: Rückfallfreies Überleben für Patient*innen, die eine CR nach Induktion erreichten	24
Anhang 4-H3: Ereignisfreies Überleben	35
Anhang 4-H4: Remission	46
Anhang 4-H4a: Komplettremission nach Induktion mit 42-Tage Fenster	46
Anhang 4-H4b: Komplettremission nach Induktion	74
Anhang 4-H4c: Dauer der Komplettremission (bei Patient*innen mit CR nach Induktion mit 42-Tage Fenster).....	102
Anhang 4-H4d: Dauer der Komplettremission (bei Patient*innen mit CR nach Induktion).....	113
Anhang 4-H4e: Zusammengesetzte Komplettremission nach Induktion	124
Anhang 4-H4f: Dauer der zusammengesetzten Komplettremission nach Induktion	152
Anhang 4-H5: EQ-5D-5L VAS	163
Anhang 4-H5a: Zeit zur bestätigten Verschlechterung.....	163
Anhang 4-H5b: Zeit bis zur erstmaligen Verschlechterung	174
Anhang 4-H5c: Zeit bis zur erstmaligen Verbesserung.....	185
Anhang 4-H6: EORTC QLQ-C30	196
Anhang 4-H6a: Zeit zur bestätigten Verschlechterung.....	196
Anhang 4-H6b: Zeit bis zur erstmaligen Verschlechterung	361
Anhang 4-H6c: Zeit bis zur erstmaligen Verbesserung.....	526
Anhang 4-H7: Jegliche unerwünschter Ereignisse	691
Anhang 4-H7a: UE aller Schweregrade	691
Anhang 4-H7b: SUE	702
Anhang 4-H7c: Schwere UE (CTCAE-Grad ≥ 3).....	713
Anhang 4-H7d: UE, die zum Therapieabbruch führten.....	724
Anhang 4-H8: Unerwünschte Ereignisse von besonderem Interesse	735
Anhang 4-H8a: UE von besonderem Interesse aller Schweregrade	735
Anhang 4-H8b: SUE von besonderem Interesse.....	757
Anhang 4-H8c: Schwere UE (CTCAE-Grad ≥ 3) von besonderem Interesse	779
Anhang 4-H9: Unerwünschter Ereignisse nach SOC und PT	801
Anhang 4-H9a: UE aller Schweregrade nach SOC und PT	801
Anhang 4-H9b: SUE nach SOC und PT	2055
Anhang 4-H9c: Schwere UE (CTCAE-Grad ≥ 3) nach SOC und PT	2176

Anhang 4-H: Ergebnisse der Subgruppenanalysen der Studie QUANTUM-First

Anhang 4-H1: Gesamtüberleben

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		No. of subjects with events (%)	No. of subjects censored (%)	Median (95 % CI) (months) [a]	n	No. of subjects with events (%)	No. of subjects censored (%)	Median (95 % CI) (months) [a]	Hazard Ratio (95 % CI) [b]	Unstratified log-rank p-value [c]
Pooled Age Group 2										0.4677
<60	161	63 (39.1)	98 (60.9)	NE (NE, NE)	162	83 (51.2)	79 (48.8)	23.0 (13.0, NE)	0.684 (0.493, 0.949)	0.0224
≥60 - <65	37	22 (59.5)	15 (40.5)	25.5 (15.3, NE)	44	26 (59.1)	18 (40.9)	21.9 (9.7, NE)	0.941 (0.533, 1.661)	0.8352
≥65	70	48 (68.6)	22 (31.4)	14.5 (10.6, 21.0)	65	49 (75.4)	16 (24.6)	13.1 (8.0, 14.7)	0.868 (0.583, 1.294)	0.4884

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Sex										0.3364
Male	124	70 (56.5)	54 (43.5)	21.0 (13.7, NE)	121	73 (60.3)	48 (39.7)	14.7 (9.7, 26.2)	0.859 (0.619, 1.193)	0.3662
Female	144	63 (43.8)	81 (56.3)	NE (28.9, NE)	150	85 (56.7)	65 (43.3)	18.5 (13.0, 42.5)	0.693 (0.500, 0.961)	0.0271

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Subgroup	n	No. of subjects with events (%)	No. of subjects censored (%)	Median % (months) [a]	(95 CI) n	No. of subjects with events (%)	No. of subjects censored (%)	Median % (months) [a]	(95 CI)	Hazard Ratio (95 % CI) [b]	Unstratified log-rank p-value [c]	P-value [d]		
Race by 2 categories												0.8919		
White	159	85 (53.5)	74 (46.5)	23.8 (13.9, NE)	163	103 (63.2)	60 (36.8)	13.8 (9.7, 18.5)	0.796 (0.597, 1.061)	0.1186				
Non-white	109	48 (44.0)	61 (56.0)	NE (26.6, NE)	108	55 (50.9)	53 (49.1)	28.3 (13.6, NE)	0.754 (0.512, 1.112)	0.1532				

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Geographic Region 1											0.7227		
North America	16	8 (50.0)	8 (50.0)	40.4 (12.1, NE)	18	8 (44.4)	10 (55.6)	NE (10.3, NE)	1.025 (0.385, 2.733)	0.9604			
Europe	163	83 (50.9)	80 (49.1)	26.9 (15.6, NE)	163	104 (63.8)	59 (36.2)	13.4 (9.7, 17.3)	0.730 (0.546, 0.974)	0.0316			
Asia/Other Regions	89	42 (47.2)	47 (52.8)	NE (17.0, NE)	90	46 (51.1)	44 (48.9)	25.8 (13.2, NE)	0.830 (0.546, 1.261)	0.3826			

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WBC at initial diagnosis										0.0756
< 40x10/L	132	66 (50.0)	66 (50.0)	39.3 (16.5, NE)	135	71 (52.6)	64 (47.4)	28.3 (14.7, NE)	0.961 (0.687, 1.343)	0.8139
≥ 40x10/L	136	67 (49.3)	69 (50.7)	31.9 (18.5, NE)	136	87 (64.0)	49 (36.0)	12.9 (9.2, 15.7)	0.621 (0.451, 0.855)	0.0032

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Choice of Anthracycline											0.9971	
Daunorubicin	124	64 (51.6)	60 (48.4)	30.0 (19.3, NE)	95	57 (60.0)	38 (40.0)	14.2 (10.0, 30.1)	0.768 (0.538, 1.099)	0.1482		
Idarubicin	144	69 (47.9)	75 (52.1)	NE (16.5, NE)	173	99 (57.2)	74 (42.8)	17.2 (13.2, 30.1)	0.769 (0.565, 1.047)	0.0939		

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AML Cytogenetic Risk Score										0.1575	
Favorable	14	8 (57.1)	6 (42.9)	31.6 (2.1, NE)	19	6 (31.6)	13 (68.4)	NE (11.7, NE)	2.068 (0.717, 5.967)	0.1694	
Intermediate	197	96 (48.7)	101 (51.3)	40.4 (19.3, NE)	193	112 (58.0)	81 (42.0)	14.8 (12.8, 30.1)	0.759 (0.578, 0.997)	0.0472	
Unfavorable	19	8 (42.1)	11 (57.9)	NE (5.5, NE)	27	19 (70.4)	8 (29.6)	13.1 (5.4, 21.9)	0.450 (0.194, 1.043)	0.0566	
Unknown	38	21 (55.3)	17 (44.7)	25.5 (9.6, NE)	31	21 (67.7)	10 (32.3)	14.2 (7.5, 40.7)	0.746 (0.406, 1.368)	0.3436	

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ECOG Performance Status at Baseline											0.9929	
0 - Fully Active	87	39 (44.8)	48 (55.2)	NE (21.8, NE)	98	50 (51.0)	48 (49.0)	22.4 (9.7, NE)	0.764 (0.502, 1.161)	0.2061		
1 - Restricted in Physically Strenuous Activity	134	71 (53.0)	63 (47.0)	29.4 (16.5, NE)	136	88 (64.7)	48 (35.3)	14.7 (12.9, 21.9)	0.762 (0.557, 1.042)	0.0878		
2 - Ambulatory and Capable of All Selfcare	47	23 (48.9)	24 (51.1)	28.9 (12.1, NE)	36	20 (55.6)	16 (44.4)	15.7 (6.9, NE)	0.792 (0.434, 1.445)	0.4454		

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FLT3-ITD category at Baseline											0.4488		
≥3 to ≤25%	94	43 (45.7)	51 (54.3)	NE (21.0, NE)	98	51 (52.0)	47 (48.0)	28.3 (14.8, NE)	0.869 (0.579, 1.304)	0.4959			
>25% to ≤50%	143	71 (49.7)	72 (50.3)	39.3 (19.3, NE)	138	79 (57.2)	59 (42.8)	14.8 (11.1, 42.5)	0.774 (0.562, 1.067)	0.1170			
>50%	30	18 (60.0)	12 (40.0)	13.8 (8.0, NE)	35	28 (80.0)	7 (20.0)	8.7 (6.3, 11.2)	0.526 (0.290, 0.955)	0.0317			

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 Table 1.1.1 Overall survival - Time-to-event analysis - subgroup analysis - DCO 13-Aug-2021 - Intent to Treat Analysis Set

Subgroup	Quizartinib (N=268)				Placebo (N=271)				Quizartinib vs Placebo		Interaction
	n	No. of subjects with events (%)	No. of subjects censored (%)	Median (95 % CI) (months) [a]	n	No. of subjects with events (%)	No. of subjects censored (%)	Median (95 % CI) (months) [a]	Hazard Ratio (95 % CI) [b]	Unstratified log-rank p-value [c]	P-value [d]
AML with Mutated NPM1											0.0565
Yes	142	60 (42.3)	82 (57.7)	NE (28.5, NE)	140	81 (57.9)	59 (42.1)	15.1 (11.7, 35.4)	0.637 (0.456, 0.890)	0.0077	
No	116	70 (60.3)	46 (39.7)	19.1 (13.3, 29.4)	120	70 (58.3)	50 (41.7)	17.3 (12.9, 47.8)	1.014 (0.728, 1.413)	0.9320	

N: number of subjects in analysis set; n: number of subjects in subgroup category; %: proportion of number of subjects in n; CI: confidence interval; NE: not estimable.
 [a] Median time to first event is from Kaplan-Meier estimate. Confidence Interval for median was computed using the Brookmeyer-Crowley method.
 [b] Hazard ratio is from unstratified Cox proportional hazards model with treatment as the only categorical variable in the model. Confidence limits are based on the Wald test.
 [c] Two-sided p-value from unstratified log-rank test.
 [d] Two-sided interaction p-value is for the interaction term from unstratified Cox proportional hazards model with treatment, subgroup, and treatment-by-subgroup interaction as categorical variables in the model. The p-value is based on the Wald test.
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 Run date: 14JUL2023 – 16:23; Program name: DE_T_1_1_1_OS_SUB_ITT.sas; Output name: DE_T_1_1_1_OS_SUB_ITT.rtf

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		Quizartinib (N=268)			Placebo (N=271)			Quizartinib vs Placebo		Interaction	
Subgroup	n	No. of subjects with events (%)	No. of subjects censored (%)	Median (95 % CI) (months) [a]	n	No. of subjects with events (%)	No. of subjects censored (%)	Median (95 % CI) (months) [a]	Hazard Ratio (95 % CI) [b]	Unstratified log-rank p-value [c]	P-value [d]
Age by 2 categories											
≤60	166	66 (39.8)	100 (60.2)	NE (NE, NE)	165	86 (52.1)	79 (47.9)	19.7 (13.6, NE)	0.684 (0.496, 0.943)	0.0196	0.1770
>60	102	67 (65.7)	35 (34.3)	17.7 (13.4, 25.8)	106	72 (67.9)	34 (32.1)	13.8 (9.7, 22.4)	0.929 (0.666, 1.296)	0.6658	

N: number of subjects in analysis set; n: number of subjects in subgroup category; %: proportion of number of subjects in n; CI: confidence interval; NE: not estimable.
 [a] Median time to first event is from Kaplan-Meier estimate. Confidence Interval for median was computed using the Brookmeyer-Crowley method.
 [b] Hazard ratio is from unstratified Cox proportional hazards model with treatment as the only categorical variable in the model. Confidence limits are based on the Wald test.
 [c] Two-sided p-value from unstratified log-rank test.
 [d] Two-sided interaction p-value is for the interaction term from unstratified Cox proportional hazards model with treatment, subgroup, and treatment-by-subgroup interaction as categorical variables in the model. The p-value is based on the Wald test.
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Anhang 4-H2: Rückfallfreies Überleben

Anhang 4-H2a: Rückfallfreies Überleben für Patient*innen, die eine CRc nach Induktion erreichten

Daichi Sankyo | Data Intelligence – Evidence Generation | Final | AC220-A-U302 QUANTUM-First (DCO 13 Aug 2021) | Statistical analyses for AMNOG (HTA Germany)
 Table 4.18.2 Relapse-Free Survival - Time-to-event analysis - subgroup analysis - DCO 13-Aug-2021 - Intent to Treat Analysis Set

Subgroup	n	Quizartinib (N=268)			Placebo (N=271)			Quizartinib vs Placebo			Interaction P-value [d]
		No. of subjects with events (%)	No. of subjects censored (%)	Median (95 % CI) (months) [a]	n	No. of subjects with events (%)	No. of subjects censored (%)	Median (95 % CI) (months) [a]	Hazard Ratio (95 % CI) [b]	Unstratified log-rank p-value [c]	
Pooled Age Group 2											0.2174
<60	118	44 (37.3)	74 (62.7)	NE (28.9, NE)	105	55 (52.4)	50 (47.6)	17.2 (10.3, NE)	0.599 (0.403, 0.891)	0.0107	
≥60 - <65	27	15 (55.6)	12 (44.4)	23.3 (11.9, NE)	28	16 (57.1)	12 (42.9)	14.8 (6.3, NE)	0.753 (0.372, 1.526)	0.4320	
≥65	47	36 (76.6)	11 (23.4)	14.3 (7.0, 18.1)	43	31 (72.1)	12 (27.9)	9.7 (6.3, 27.3)	1.031 (0.637, 1.668)	0.9028	

N: number of subjects in analysis set; n: number of subjects in subgroup category; %: proportion of number of subjects in n; CI: confidence interval; NE: not estimable.
 [a] Median time to first event is from Kaplan-Meier estimate. Confidence Interval for median was computed using the Brookmeyer-Crowley method.
 [b] Hazard ratio is from unstratified Cox proportional hazards model with treatment as the only categorical variable in the model. Confidence limits are based on the Wald test.
 [c] Two-sided p-value from unstratified log-rank test.
 [d] Two-sided interaction p-value is for the interaction term from unstratified Cox proportional hazards model with treatment, subgroup, and treatment-by-subgroup interaction as categorical variables in the model.
 The p-value is based on the Wald test.
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 Table 4.18.2 Relapse-Free Survival - Time-to-event analysis - subgroup analysis - DCO 13-Aug-2021 - Intent to Treat Analysis Set

Subgroup	Quizartinib (N=268)				Placebo (N=271)				Quizartinib vs Placebo		Interaction
	n	No. of subjects with events (%)	No. of subjects censored (%)	Median (95 % CI) (months) [a]	n	No. of subjects with events (%)	No. of subjects censored (%)	Median (95 % CI) (months) [a]	Hazard Ratio (95 % CI) [b]	Unstratified log-rank p-value [c]	P-value [d]
Sex											0.5668
Male	87	49 (56.3)	38 (43.7)	21.5 (14.8, 29.4)	72	43 (59.7)	29 (40.3)	11.1 (7.4, 21.6)	0.770 (0.511, 1.161)	0.2116	
Female	105	46 (43.8)	59 (56.2)	48.6 (20.6, NE)	104	59 (56.7)	45 (43.3)	19.7 (10.3, 42.5)	0.670 (0.455, 0.986)	0.0408	

N: number of subjects in analysis set; n: number of subjects in subgroup category; %: proportion of number of subjects in n; CI: confidence interval; NE: not estimable.
 [a] Median time to first event is from Kaplan-Meier estimate. Confidence Interval for median was computed using the Brookmeyer-Crowley method.
 [b] Hazard ratio is from unstratified Cox proportional hazards model with treatment as the only categorical variable in the model. Confidence limits are based on the Wald test.
 [c] Two-sided p-value from unstratified log-rank test.
 [d] Two-sided interaction p-value is for the interaction term from unstratified Cox proportional hazards model with treatment, subgroup, and treatment-by-subgroup interaction as categorical variables in the model. The p-value is based on the Wald test.
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Subgroup	n	Quizartinib (N=268)				Placebo (N=271)				Quizartinib vs Placebo		Interaction
		No. of subjects with events (%)	No. of subjects censored (%)	Median (95 % CI) (months) [a]	n	No. of subjects with events (%)	No. of subjects censored (%)	Median (95 % CI) (months) [a]	Hazard Ratio (95 % CI) [b]	Unstratified log-rank p-value [c]	P-value [d]	
Race by 2 categories											0.9608	
White	114	62 (54.4)	52 (45.6)	22.6 (14.4, NE)	106	66 (62.3)	40 (37.7)	10.6 (6.6, 23.7)	0.742 (0.524, 1.050)	0.0911		
Non-white	78	33 (42.3)	45 (57.7)	39.3 (18.1, NE)	70	36 (51.4)	34 (48.6)	21.6 (9.7, NE)	0.697 (0.434, 1.118)	0.1321		

N: number of subjects in analysis set; n: number of subjects in subgroup category; %: proportion of number of subjects in n; CI: confidence interval; NE: not estimable.
 [a] Median time to first event is from Kaplan-Meier estimate. Confidence Interval for median was computed using the Brookmeyer-Crowley method.
 [b] Hazard ratio is from unstratified Cox proportional hazards model with treatment as the only categorical variable in the model. Confidence limits are based on the Wald test.
 [c] Two-sided p-value from unstratified log-rank test.
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Subgroup	Quizartinib (N=268)					Placebo (N=271)					Quizartinib vs Placebo		Interaction
	n	No. of subjects with events (%)	No. of subjects censored (%)	Median (95 % CI) (months) [a]	n	No. of subjects with events (%)	No. of subjects censored (%)	Median (95 % CI) (months) [a]	Hazard Ratio (95 % CI) [b]	Unstratified log-rank p-value [c]	P-value [d]		
Geographic Region 1											0.5943		
North America	7	4 (57.1)	3 (42.9)	25.8 (9.5, NE)	14	6 (42.9)	8 (57.1)	NE (6.9, NE)	1.236 (0.348, 4.398)	0.7427			
Europe	122	64 (52.5)	58 (47.5)	23.3 (15.4, NE)	103	67 (65.0)	36 (35.0)	10.5 (6.9, 20.0)	0.680 (0.482, 0.958)	0.0266			
Asia/Other Regions	63	27 (42.9)	36 (57.1)	39.3 (17.0, NE)	59	29 (49.2)	30 (50.8)	19.7 (8.9, NE)	0.724 (0.428, 1.224)	0.2265			

N: number of subjects in analysis set; n: number of subjects in subgroup category; %: proportion of number of subjects in n; CI: confidence interval; NE: not estimable.
 [a] Median time to first event is from Kaplan-Meier estimate. Confidence Interval for median was computed using the Brookmeyer-Crowley method.
 [b] Hazard ratio is from unstratified Cox proportional hazards model with treatment as the only categorical variable in the model. Confidence limits are based on the Wald test.
 [c] Two-sided p-value from unstratified log-rank test.
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		No. of subjects with events (%)	No. of subjects censored (%)	Median (95 % CI) (months) [a]	n	No. of subjects with events (%)	No. of subjects censored (%)	Median (95 % CI) (months) [a]	Hazard Ratio (95 % CI) [b]	Unstratified log-rank p-value [c]	P-value [d]
WBC at initial diagnosis										0.6709	
< 40x10/L	88	40 (45.5)	48 (54.5)	39.3 (19.8, NE)	87	49 (56.3)	38 (43.7)	13.3 (9.3, 47.8)	0.678 (0.446, 1.031)	0.0672	
≥ 40x10/L	104	55 (52.9)	49 (47.1)	22.6 (14.6, NE)	89	53 (59.6)	36 (40.4)	11.1 (7.3, 23.9)	0.776 (0.532, 1.133)	0.1887	

N: number of subjects in analysis set; n: number of subjects in subgroup category; %: proportion of number of subjects in n; CI: confidence interval; NE: not estimable.
 [a] Median time to first event is from Kaplan-Meier estimate. Confidence Interval for median was computed using the Brookmeyer-Crowley method.
 [b] Hazard ratio is from unstratified Cox proportional hazards model with treatment as the only categorical variable in the model. Confidence limits are based on the Wald test.
 [c] Two-sided p-value from unstratified log-rank test.
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		No. of subjects with events (%)	No. of subjects censored (%)	Median (95 % CI) (months) [a]	n	No. of subjects with events (%)	No. of subjects censored (%)	Median (95 % CI) (months) [a]	Hazard Ratio (95 % CI) [b]	Unstratified log-rank p-value [c]	P-value [d]	
Choice of Anthracycline											0.8546	
Daunorubicin	86	45 (52.3)	41 (47.7)	23.3 (16.6, NE)	62	37 (59.7)	25 (40.3)	10.5 (6.3, 27.3)	0.695 (0.449, 1.076)	0.1010		
Idarubicin	106	50 (47.2)	56 (52.8)	28.9 (16.5, NE)	113	65 (57.5)	48 (42.5)	14.8 (9.7, 31.6)	0.734 (0.507, 1.061)	0.0993		

N: number of subjects in analysis set; n: number of subjects in subgroup category; %: proportion of number of subjects in n; CI: confidence interval; NE: not estimable.
 [a] Median time to first event is from Kaplan-Meier estimate. Confidence Interval for median was computed using the Brookmeyer-Crowley method.
 [b] Hazard ratio is from unstratified Cox proportional hazards model with treatment as the only categorical variable in the model. Confidence limits are based on the Wald test.
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	n	No. of subjects with events (%)	No. of subjects censored (%)	Median (95 % CI) (months) [a]	n	No. of subjects with events (%)	No. of subjects censored (%)	Median (95 % CI) (months) [a]	Hazard Ratio (95 % CI) [b]	Unstratified log-rank p-value [c]	P-value [d]
AML Cytogenetic Risk Score											0.3721
Favorable	8	3 (37.5)	5 (62.5)	39.3 (4.1, NE)	14	5 (35.7)	9 (64.3)	NE (4.9, NE)	1.105 (0.259, 4.706)	0.8927	
Intermediate	148	75 (50.7)	73 (49.3)	23.3 (15.4, NE)	121	68 (56.2)	53 (43.8)	14.8 (8.9, 42.5)	0.811 (0.584, 1.127)	0.2127	
Unfavorable	10	4 (40.0)	6 (60.0)	NE (3.4, NE)	17	12 (70.6)	5 (29.4)	11.3 (5.9, 17.2)	0.319 (0.099, 1.029)	0.0456	
Unknown	26	13 (50.0)	13 (50.0)	28.9 (17.0, NE)	23	17 (73.9)	6 (26.1)	9.3 (6.0, 23.7)	0.509 (0.246, 1.054)	0.0641	

N: number of subjects in analysis set; n: number of subjects in subgroup category; %: proportion of number of subjects in n; CI: confidence interval; NE: not estimable.
 [a] Median time to first event is from Kaplan-Meier estimate. Confidence Interval for median was computed using the Brookmeyer-Crowley method.
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		No. of subjects with events (%)	No. of subjects censored (%)	Median (95 % CI) (months) [a]	n	No. of subjects with events (%)	No. of subjects censored (%)	Median (95 % CI) (months) [a]	Hazard Ratio (95 % CI) [b]	Unstratified log-rank p-value [c]	P-value [d]		
ECOG Performance Status at Baseline											0.7491		
0 - Fully Active	63	27 (42.9)	36 (57.1)	NE (19.8, NE)	63	35 (55.6)	28 (44.4)	13.6 (7.3, NE)	0.641 (0.388, 1.060)	0.0805			
1 - Restricted in Physically Strenuous Activity	97	51 (52.6)	46 (47.4)	22.4 (14.8, NE)	91	53 (58.2)	38 (41.8)	15.2 (9.3, 30.1)	0.809 (0.550, 1.189)	0.2791			
2 - Ambulatory and Capable of All Selfcare	32	17 (53.1)	15 (46.9)	25.8 (8.0, NE)	22	14 (63.6)	8 (36.4)	8.9 (5.5, NE)	0.657 (0.321, 1.344)	0.2451			

N: number of subjects in analysis set; n: number of subjects in subgroup category; %: proportion of number of subjects in n; CI: confidence interval; NE: not estimable.
 [a] Median time to first event is from Kaplan-Meier estimate. Confidence Interval for median was computed using the Brookmeyer-Crowley method.
 [b] Hazard ratio is from unstratified Cox proportional hazards model with treatment as the only categorical variable in the model. Confidence limits are based on the Wald test.
 [c] Two-sided p-value from unstratified log-rank test.
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		No. of subjects with events (%)	No. of subjects censored (%)	Median (95 % CI) (months) [a]	n	No. of subjects with events (%)	No. of subjects censored (%)	Median (95 % CI) (months) [a]	Hazard Ratio (95 % CI) [b]	Unstratified log-rank p-value [c]	P-value [d]	
FLT3-ITD category at Baseline											0.4465	
≥3 to ≤25%	67	34 (50.7)	33 (49.3)	29.4 (17.5, NE)	60	33 (55.0)	27 (45.0)	20.0 (10.5, NE)	0.816 (0.505, 1.317)	0.4038		
>25% to ≤ 50%	99	45 (45.5)	54 (54.5)	39.3 (17.0, NE)	94	52 (55.3)	42 (44.7)	14.2 (7.2, 47.8)	0.729 (0.489, 1.088)	0.1214		
>50%	25	15 (60.0)	10 (40.0)	11.8 (7.0, NE)	22	17 (77.3)	5 (22.7)	6.0 (3.4, 7.8)	0.485 (0.241, 0.977)	0.0380		

N: number of subjects in analysis set; n: number of subjects in subgroup category; %: proportion of number of subjects in n; CI: confidence interval; NE: not estimable.
 [a] Median time to first event is from Kaplan-Meier estimate. Confidence Interval for median was computed using the Brookmeyer-Crowley method.
 [b] Hazard ratio is from unstratified Cox proportional hazards model with treatment as the only categorical variable in the model. Confidence limits are based on the Wald test.
 [c] Two-sided p-value from unstratified log-rank test.
 [d] Two-sided interaction p-value is for the interaction term from unstratified Cox proportional hazards model with treatment, subgroup, and treatment-by-subgroup interaction as categorical variables in the model. The p-value is based on the Wald test.
 Data source: \\AC220-A-U302\Production\Raw\Data_Restricted\rstrct_eg\rstrct_20211102_eg\rstrct_valos\20230516_AMNOG\ADAM\
 Run date: 17AUG2023 – 12:57; Program name: DE_T_1_1_1_OS_SUB_ITT.sas; Output name: DE_T_4_18_2_RFS_SUB_ITT.rtf

Medizinischer Nutzen, medizinischer Zusatznutzen, Patientengruppen mit therap. bedeutsamem Zusatznutzen

Daichi Sankyo | Data Intelligence – Evidence Generation | Final | AC220-A-U302 QUANTUM-First (DCO 13 Aug 2021) | Statistical analyses for AMNOG (HTA Germany)
 Table 4.18.2 Relapse-Free Survival - Time-to-event analysis - subgroup analysis - DCO 13-Aug-2021 - Intent to Treat Analysis Set

Subgroup	n	Quizartinib (N=268)				Placebo (N=271)				Quizartinib vs Placebo		Interaction
		No. of subjects with events (%)	No. of subjects censored (%)	Median (95 % CI) (months) [a]	n	No. of subjects with events (%)	No. of subjects censored (%)	Median (95 % CI) (months) [a]	Hazard Ratio (95 % CI) [b]	Unstratified log-rank p-value [c]	P-value [d]	
AML with Mutated NPM1											0.2824	
Yes	120	56 (46.7)	64 (53.3)	35.3 (19.8, NE)	115	68 (59.1)	47 (40.9)	11.3 (6.9, 30.1)	0.652 (0.457, 0.930)	0.0174		
No	65	35 (53.8)	30 (46.2)	22.6 (11.9, NE)	52	29 (55.8)	23 (44.2)	17.2 (10.5, NE)	0.899 (0.550, 1.471)	0.6718		

N: number of subjects in analysis set; n: number of subjects in subgroup category; %: proportion of number of subjects in n; CI: confidence interval; NE: not estimable.
 [a] Median time to first event is from Kaplan-Meier estimate. Confidence Interval for median was computed using the Brookmeyer-Crowley method.
 [b] Hazard ratio is from unstratified Cox proportional hazards model with treatment as the only categorical variable in the model. Confidence limits are based on the Wald test.
 [c] Two-sided p-value from unstratified log-rank test.
 [d] Two-sided interaction p-value is for the interaction term from unstratified Cox proportional hazards model with treatment, subgroup, and treatment-by-subgroup interaction as categorical variables in the model. The p-value is based on the Wald test.
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Medizinischer Nutzen, medizinischer Zusatznutzen, Patientengruppen mit therap. bedeutsamem Zusatznutzen

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 Table 4.18.2 Relapse-Free Survival - Time-to-event analysis - subgroup analysis - DCO 13-Aug-2021 - Intent to Treat Analysis Set

Subgroup	n	Quizartinib (N=268)				Placebo (N=271)				Quizartinib vs Placebo		Interaction
		No. of subjects with events (%)	No. of subjects censored (%)	Median (95 % CI) (months) [a]	n	No. of subjects with events (%)	No. of subjects censored (%)	Median (95 % CI) (months) [a]	Hazard Ratio (95 % CI) [b]	Unstratified log-rank p-value [c]	P-value [d]	
Age by 2 categories											0.1043	
≤60	120	45 (37.5)	75 (62.5)	NE (28.9, NE)	105	55 (52.4)	50 (47.6)	17.2 (10.3, NE)	0.601 (0.405, 0.892)	0.0106		
>60	72	50 (69.4)	22 (30.6)	16.5 (11.9, 23.3)	71	47 (66.2)	24 (33.8)	9.7 (6.9, 23.7)	0.956 (0.642, 1.426)	0.8295		

N: number of subjects in analysis set; n: number of subjects in subgroup category; %: proportion of number of subjects in n; CI: confidence interval; NE: not estimable.
 [a] Median time to first event is from Kaplan-Meier estimate. Confidence Interval for median was computed using the Brookmeyer-Crowley method.
 [b] Hazard ratio is from unstratified Cox proportional hazards model with treatment as the only categorical variable in the model. Confidence limits are based on the Wald test.
 [c] Two-sided p-value from unstratified log-rank test.
 [d] Two-sided interaction p-value is for the interaction term from unstratified Cox proportional hazards model with treatment, subgroup, and treatment-by-subgroup interaction as categorical variables in the model. The p-value is based on the Wald test.
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Anhang 4-H2b: Rückfallfreies Überleben für Patient*innen, die eine CR nach Induktion erreichten

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 Table 4.18.4 Relapse-Free Survival based on CR (without a 42-day window) - Time-to-event analysis - subgroup analysis - DCO 13-Aug-2021 - Intent to Treat Analysis Set

		Quizartinib (N=268)				Placebo (N=271)				Quizartinib vs Placebo		Interaction
Subgroup	n	No. of subjects with events (%)	No. of subjects censored (%)	Median (95 % CI) (months) [a]	n	No. of subjects with events (%)	No. of subjects censored (%)	Median (95 % CI) (months) [a]	Hazard Ratio (95 % CI) [b]	Unstratified log-rank p-value [c]	P-value [d]	
Pooled Age Group 2											0.0440	
<60	90	26 (28.9)	64 (71.1)	NE (NE, NE)	90	47 (52.2)	43 (47.8)	17.2 (10.5, NE)	0.425 (0.263, 0.687)	0.0003		
≥60 - <65	22	12 (54.5)	10 (45.5)	23.3 (11.9, NE)	25	15 (60.0)	10 (40.0)	9.7 (6.0, NE)	0.663 (0.309, 1.420)	0.2884		
≥65	35	27 (77.1)	8 (22.9)	13.9 (6.6, 18.5)	35	26 (74.3)	9 (25.7)	9.7 (6.0, 27.3)	1.060 (0.618, 1.818)	0.8368		

N: number of subjects in analysis set; n: number of subjects in subgroup category; %: proportion of number of subjects in n; CI: confidence interval; NE: not estimable.
 [a] Median time to first event is from Kaplan-Meier estimate. Confidence Interval for median was computed using the Brookmeyer-Crowley method.
 [b] Hazard ratio is from unstratified Cox proportional hazards model with treatment as the only categorical variable in the model. Confidence limits are based on the Wald test.
 [c] Two-sided p-value from unstratified log-rank test.
 [d] Two-sided interaction p-value is for the interaction term from unstratified Cox proportional hazards model with treatment, subgroup, and treatment-by-subgroup interaction as categorical variables in the model.
 The p-value is based on the Wald test.
 Data source: \\AC220-A-U302\Production\Raw Data_Restricted\rstret_eg\rstret_20211102_eg\rstret_valos\20230516_AMNOG\ADAM\
 Run date: 15NOV2023 – 13:05; Program name: DE_T_4_18_4.sas; Output name: DE_T_4_18_4_RFSCR_SUB_ITT.rtf

Medizinischer Nutzen, medizinischer Zusatznutzen, Patientengruppen mit therap. bedeutsamem Zusatznutzen

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 Table 4.18.4 Relapse-Free Survival based on CR (without a 42-day window) - Time-to-event analysis - subgroup analysis - DCO 13-Aug-2021 - Intent to Treat Analysis Set

Subgroup	n	Quizartinib (N=268)				Placebo (N=271)				Quizartinib vs Placebo		Interaction
		No. of subjects with events (%)	No. of subjects censored (%)	Median (95 % CI) (months) [a]	n	No. of subjects with events (%)	No. of subjects censored (%)	Median (95 % CI) (months) [a]	Hazard Ratio (95 % CI) [b]	Unstratified log-rank p-value [c]	P-value [d]	
Sex											0.4249	
Male	65	34 (52.3)	31 (47.7)	23.3 (16.6, NE)	60	36 (60.0)	24 (40.0)	11.1 (7.2, 21.6)	0.678 (0.423, 1.087)	0.1045		
Female	82	31 (37.8)	51 (62.2)	48.6 (35.0, NE)	90	52 (57.8)	38 (42.2)	20.0 (8.4, 31.6)	0.534 (0.342, 0.833)	0.0050		

N: number of subjects in analysis set; n: number of subjects in subgroup category; %: proportion of number of subjects in n; CI: confidence interval; NE: not estimable.
 [a] Median time to first event is from Kaplan-Meier estimate. Confidence Interval for median was computed using the Brookmeyer-Crowley method.
 [b] Hazard ratio is from unstratified Cox proportional hazards model with treatment as the only categorical variable in the model. Confidence limits are based on the Wald test.
 [c] Two-sided p-value from unstratified log-rank test.
 [d] Two-sided interaction p-value is for the interaction term from unstratified Cox proportional hazards model with treatment, subgroup, and treatment-by-subgroup interaction as categorical variables in the model. The p-value is based on the Wald test.
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 Table 4.18.4 Relapse-Free Survival based on CR (without a 42-day window) - Time-to-event analysis - subgroup analysis - DCO 13-Aug-2021 - Intent to Treat Analysis Set

Subgroup	n	Quizartinib (N=268)			n	Placebo (N=271)			Quizartinib vs Placebo		Interaction P-value [d]
		No. of subjects with events (%)	No. of subjects censored (%)	Median (95 % CI) (months) [a]		No. of subjects with events (%)	No. of subjects censored (%)	Median (95 % CI) (months) [a]	Hazard Ratio (95 % CI) [b]	Unstratified log-rank p-value [c]	
Race by 2 categories											0.9085
White	86	41 (47.7)	45 (52.3)	48.6 (18.5, NE)	90	57 (63.3)	33 (36.7)	10.6 (6.6, 23.7)	0.617 (0.412, 0.922)	0.0173	
Non-white	61	24 (39.3)	37 (60.7)	39.3 (22.4, NE)	60	31 (51.7)	29 (48.3)	21.6 (9.7, NE)	0.596 (0.350, 1.018)	0.0551	

N: number of subjects in analysis set; n: number of subjects in subgroup category; %: proportion of number of subjects in n; CI: confidence interval; NE: not estimable.
 [a] Median time to first event is from Kaplan-Meier estimate. Confidence Interval for median was computed using the Brookmeyer-Crowley method.
 [b] Hazard ratio is from unstratified Cox proportional hazards model with treatment as the only categorical variable in the model. Confidence limits are based on the Wald test.
 [c] Two-sided p-value from unstratified log-rank test.
 [d] Two-sided interaction p-value is for the interaction term from unstratified Cox proportional hazards model with treatment, subgroup, and treatment-by-subgroup interaction as categorical variables in the model. The p-value is based on the Wald test.
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 Table 4.18.4 Relapse-Free Survival based on CR (without a 42-day window) - Time-to-event analysis - subgroup analysis - DCO 13-Aug-2021 - Intent to Treat Analysis Set

Subgroup	n	Quizartinib (N=268)				Placebo (N=271)				Quizartinib vs Placebo		Interaction
		No. of subjects with events (%)	No. of subjects censored (%)	Median (95 % CI) (months) [a]	n	No. of subjects with events (%)	No. of subjects censored (%)	Median (95 % CI) (months) [a]	Hazard Ratio (95 % CI) [b]	Unstratified log-rank p-value [c]	P-value [d]	
Geographic Region 1											0.6332	
North America	7	4 (57.1)	3 (42.9)	25.8 (9.5, NE)	12	6 (50.0)	6 (50.0)	NE (4.6, NE)	0.996 (0.280, 3.541)	0.9947		
Europe	94	44 (46.8)	50 (53.2)	35.3 (19.8, NE)	87	56 (64.4)	31 (35.6)	10.6 (7.2, 23.7)	0.601 (0.405, 0.893)	0.0108		
Asia/Other Regions	46	17 (37.0)	29 (63.0)	NE (21.5, NE)	51	26 (51.0)	25 (49.0)	17.2 (7.2, NE)	0.537 (0.291, 0.992)	0.0436		

N: number of subjects in analysis set; n: number of subjects in subgroup category; %: proportion of number of subjects in n; CI: confidence interval; NE: not estimable.
 [a] Median time to first event is from Kaplan-Meier estimate. Confidence Interval for median was computed using the Brookmeyer-Crowley method.
 [b] Hazard ratio is from unstratified Cox proportional hazards model with treatment as the only categorical variable in the model. Confidence limits are based on the Wald test.
 [c] Two-sided p-value from unstratified log-rank test.
 [d] Two-sided interaction p-value is for the interaction term from unstratified Cox proportional hazards model with treatment, subgroup, and treatment-by-subgroup interaction as categorical variables in the model.
 The p-value is based on the Wald test.
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Subgroup	n	Quizartinib (N=268)			n	Placebo (N=271)			Quizartinib vs Placebo		Interaction P-value [d]
		No. of subjects with events (%)	No. of subjects censored (%)	Median (95 % CI) (months) [a]		No. of subjects with events (%)	No. of subjects censored (%)	Median (95 % CI) (months) [a]	Hazard Ratio (95 % CI) [b]	Unstratified log-rank p-value [c]	
WBC at initial diagnosis											0.5014
< 40x10 ⁹ /L	66	26 (39.4)	40 (60.6)	NE (28.5, NE)	74	43 (58.1)	31 (41.9)	13.3 (7.2, 47.8)	0.541 (0.332, 0.882)	0.0123	
≥ 40x10 ⁹ /L	81	39 (48.1)	42 (51.9)	26.6 (17.5, NE)	76	45 (59.2)	31 (40.8)	14.2 (8.1, 27.3)	0.677 (0.440, 1.042)	0.0743	

N: number of subjects in analysis set; n: number of subjects in subgroup category; %: proportion of number of subjects in n; CI: confidence interval; NE: not estimable.
 [a] Median time to first event is from Kaplan-Meier estimate. Confidence Interval for median was computed using the Brookmeyer-Crowley method.
 [b] Hazard ratio is from unstratified Cox proportional hazards model with treatment as the only categorical variable in the model. Confidence limits are based on the Wald test.
 [c] Two-sided p-value from unstratified log-rank test.
 [d] Two-sided interaction p-value is for the interaction term from unstratified Cox proportional hazards model with treatment, subgroup, and treatment-by-subgroup interaction as categorical variables in the model. The p-value is based on the Wald test.
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Subgroup	n	Quizartinib (N=268)			Placebo (N=271)			Quizartinib vs Placebo		Interaction	
		No. of subjects with events (%)	No. of subjects censored (%)	Median (95 % CI) (months) [a]	n	No. of subjects with events (%)	No. of subjects censored (%)	Median (95 % CI) (months) [a]	Hazard Ratio (95 % CI) [b]	Unstratified log-rank p-value [c]	P-value [d]
Choice of Anthracycline										0.6540	
Daunorubicin	69	32 (46.4)	37 (53.6)	39.3 (18.5, NE)	53	33 (62.3)	20 (37.7)	10.5 (6.1 , 23.7)	0.544 (0.334, 0.887)	0.0132	
Idarubicin	78	33 (42.3)	45 (57.7)	NE (22.6, NE)	96	55 (57.3)	41 (42.7)	17.2 (9.7 , 31.6)	0.635 (0.412, 0.978)	0.0378	

N: number of subjects in analysis set; n: number of subjects in subgroup category; %: proportion of number of subjects in n; CI: confidence interval; NE: not estimable.
 [a] Median time to first event is from Kaplan-Meier estimate. Confidence Interval for median was computed using the Brookmeyer-Crowley method.
 [b] Hazard ratio is from unstratified Cox proportional hazards model with treatment as the only categorical variable in the model. Confidence limits are based on the Wald test.
 [c] Two-sided p-value from unstratified log-rank test.
 [d] Two-sided interaction p-value is for the interaction term from unstratified Cox proportional hazards model with treatment, subgroup, and treatment-by-subgroup interaction as categorical variables in the model. The p-value is based on the Wald test.
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Subgroup	n	Quizartinib (N=268)				Placebo (N=271)			Quizartinib vs Placebo		Interaction
		No. of subjects with events (%)	No. of subjects censored (%)	Median (95 % CI) (months) [a]	n	No. of subjects with events (%)	No. of subjects censored (%)	Median (95 % CI) (months) [a]	Hazard Ratio (95 % CI) [b]	Unstratified log-rank p-value [c]	P-value [d]
AML Cytogenetic Risk Score										0.3262	
Favorable	5	2 (40.0)	3 (60.0)	39.3 (4.1, NE)	11	4 (36.4)	7 (63.6)	NE (4.6, NE)	1.191 (0.217, 6.529)	0.8402	
Intermediate	112	51 (45.5)	61 (54.5)	48.6 (19.8, NE)	105	60 (57.1)	45 (42.9)	14.8 (8.4, 42.5)	0.690 (0.475, 1.004)	0.0513	
Unfavorable	9	3 (33.3)	6 (66.7)	NE (3.4, NE)	14	9 (64.3)	5 (35.7)	12.6 (5.9, 21.6)	0.277 (0.072, 1.074)	0.0497	
Unknown	21	9 (42.9)	12 (57.1)	NE (17.5, NE)	19	15 (78.9)	4 (21.1)	7.3 (5.9, 23.7)	0.350 (0.151, 0.810)	0.0105	

N: number of subjects in analysis set; n: number of subjects in subgroup category; %: proportion of number of subjects in n; CI: confidence interval; NE: not estimable.
 [a] Median time to first event is from Kaplan-Meier estimate. Confidence Interval for median was computed using the Brookmeyer-Crowley method.
 [b] Hazard ratio is from unstratified Cox proportional hazards model with treatment as the only categorical variable in the model. Confidence limits are based on the Wald test.
 [c] Two-sided p-value from unstratified log-rank test.
 [d] Two-sided interaction p-value is for the interaction term from unstratified Cox proportional hazards model with treatment, subgroup, and treatment-by-subgroup interaction as categorical variables in the model.
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Subgroup	n	Quizartinib (N=268)			n	Placebo (N=271)			Quizartinib vs Placebo		Interaction P-value [d]
		No. of subjects with events (%)	No. of subjects censored (%)	Median (95 % CI) (months) [a]		No. of subjects with events (%)	No. of subjects censored (%)	Median (95 % CI) (months) [a]	Hazard Ratio (95 % CI) [b]	Unstratified log-rank p-value [c]	
ECOG Performance Status at Baseline											0.8819
0 - Fully Active	52	20 (38.5)	32 (61.5)	NE (22.6, NE)	55	31 (56.4)	24 (43.6)	13.6 (7.3, NE)	0.540 (0.308, 0.949)	0.0297	
1 - Restricted in Physically Strenuous Activity	68	32 (47.1)	36 (52.9)	39.3 (17.5, NE)	75	45 (60.0)	30 (40.0)	15.2 (8.1, 30.1)	0.670 (0.425, 1.057)	0.0833	
2 - Ambulatory and Capable of All Selfcare	27	13 (48.1)	14 (51.9)	28.9 (9.5, NE)	20	12 (60.0)	8 (40.0)	9.7 (5.9, NE)	0.615 (0.278, 1.360)	0.2235	

N: number of subjects in analysis set; n: number of subjects in subgroup category; %: proportion of number of subjects in n; CI: confidence interval; NE: not estimable.
 [a] Median time to first event is from Kaplan-Meier estimate. Confidence Interval for median was computed using the Brookmeyer-Crowley method.
 [b] Hazard ratio is from unstratified Cox proportional hazards model with treatment as the only categorical variable in the model. Confidence limits are based on the Wald test.
 [c] Two-sided p-value from unstratified log-rank test.
 [d] Two-sided interaction p-value is for the interaction term from unstratified Cox proportional hazards model with treatment, subgroup, and treatment-by-subgroup interaction as categorical variables in the model. The p-value is based on the Wald test.
 Data source: \\AC220-A-U302\Production\Raw Data_Restricted\rstret_eg\rstret_20211102_eg\rstret_valos\20230516_AMNOG\ADAM\
 Run date: 15NOV2023 – 13:05; Program name: DE_T_4_18_4.sas; Output name: DE_T_4_18_4_RFSCR_SUB_ITT.rtf

Medizinischer Nutzen, medizinischer Zusatznutzen, Patientengruppen mit therap. bedeutsamem Zusatznutzen

Daiichi Sankyo | Data Intelligence – Evidence Generation | AC220-A-U302 QUANTUM-First (DCO 13 Aug 2021) | Statistical analyses for AMNOG (HTA Germany)
 Table 4.18.4 Relapse-Free Survival based on CR (without a 42-day window) - Time-to-event analysis - subgroup analysis - DCO 13-Aug-2021 - Intent to Treat Analysis Set

Subgroup	n	Quizartinib (N=268)				Placebo (N=271)				Quizartinib vs Placebo		Interaction
		No. of subjects with events (%)	No. of subjects censored (%)	Median (95 % CI) (months) [a]	n	No. of subjects with events (%)	No. of subjects censored (%)	Median (95 % CI) (months) [a]	Hazard Ratio (95 % CI) [b]	Unstratified log-rank p-value [c]	P-value [d]	
FLT3ITD category at Baseline											0.6622	
≥3 to ≤25%	46	21 (45.7)	25 (54.3)	NE (22.4, NE)	50	28 (56.0)	22 (44.0)	22.4 (10.3, NE)	0.686 (0.389, 1.208)	0.1891		
>25% to ≤50%	82	34 (41.5)	48 (58.5)	48.6 (19.8, NE)	83	48 (57.8)	35 (42.2)	13.3 (7.2, 42.5)	0.591 (0.380, 0.918)	0.0182		
>50%	19	10 (52.6)	9 (47.4)	23.3 (7.4, NE)	17	12 (70.6)	5 (29.4)	5.7 (3.4, 17.2)	0.462 (0.198, 1.075)	0.0664		

N: number of subjects in analysis set; n: number of subjects in subgroup category; %: proportion of number of subjects in n; CI: confidence interval; NE: not estimable.
 [a] Median time to first event is from Kaplan-Meier estimate. Confidence Interval for median was computed using the Brookmeyer-Crowley method.
 [b] Hazard ratio is from unstratified Cox proportional hazards model with treatment as the only categorical variable in the model. Confidence limits are based on the Wald test.
 [c] Two-sided p-value from unstratified log-rank test.
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		No. of subjects with events (%)	No. of subjects censored (%)	Median (95 % CI) (months) [a]	n	No. of subjects with events (%)	No. of subjects censored (%)	Median (95 % CI) (months) [a]	Hazard Ratio (95 % CI) [b]	Unstratified log-rank p-value [c]	P-value [d]	
AML with Mutated NPM1											0.6422	
Yes	98	42 (42.9)	56 (57.1)	48.6 (25.8, NE)	97	58 (59.8)	39 (40.2)	12.6 (7.2, 30.1)	0.575 (0.386, 0.857)	0.0059		
No	44	20 (45.5)	24 (54.5)	39.3 (12.3, NE)	44	25 (56.8)	19 (43.2)	17.2 (8.1, 47.8)	0.675 (0.375, 1.217)	0.1877		

N: number of subjects in analysis set; n: number of subjects in subgroup category; %: proportion of number of subjects in n; CI: confidence interval; NE: not estimable.
 [a] Median time to first event is from Kaplan-Meier estimate. Confidence Interval for median was computed using the Brookmeyer-Crowley method.
 [b] Hazard ratio is from unstratified Cox proportional hazards model with treatment as the only categorical variable in the model. Confidence limits are based on the Wald test.
 [c] Two-sided p-value from unstratified log-rank test.
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Medizinischer Nutzen, medizinischer Zusatznutzen, Patientengruppen mit therap. bedeutsamem Zusatznutzen

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Subgroup	n	Quizartinib (N=268)			n	Placebo (N=271)			Quizartinib vs Placebo		Interaction
		No. of subjects with events (%)	No. of subjects censored (%)	Median (95 % CI) (months) [a]		No. of subjects with events (%)	No. of subjects censored (%)	Median (95 % CI) (months) [a]	Hazard Ratio (95 % CI) [b]	Unstratified log-rank p-value [c]	P-value [d]
Age by 2 categories											0.0215
≤60	92	27 (29.3)	65 (70.7)	NE (NE, NE)	90	47 (52.2)	43 (47.8)	17.2 (10.5, NE)	0.431 (0.268, 0.692)	0.0003	
>60	55	38 (69.1)	17 (30.9)	16.6 (10.5, 25.8)	60	41 (68.3)	19 (31.7)	9.7 (6.3, 23.7)	0.933 (0.599, 1.452)	0.7583	

N: number of subjects in analysis set; n: number of subjects in subgroup category; %: proportion of number of subjects in n; CI: confidence interval; NE: not estimable.
 [a] Median time to first event is from Kaplan-Meier estimate. Confidence Interval for median was computed using the Brookmeyer-Crowley method.
 [b] Hazard ratio is from unstratified Cox proportional hazards model with treatment as the only categorical variable in the model. Confidence limits are based on the Wald test.
 [c] Two-sided p-value from unstratified log-rank test.
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Anhang 4-H3: Ereignisfreies Überleben

Daiichi Sankyo | Data Intelligence – Evidence Generation | Final | AC220-A-U302 QUANTUM-First (DCO 13 Aug 2021) | Statistical analyses for AMNOG (HTA Germany)
 Table 4.17.2 Event-Free Survival 1 - Time-to-event analysis - subgroup analysis - DCO 13-Aug-2021 - Intent to Treat Analysis Set

Subgroup	n	Quizartinib (N=268)				Placebo (N=271)				Quizartinib vs Placebo		Interaction
		No. of subjects with events (%)	No. of subjects censored (%)	Median (95 % CI) (months) [a]	n	No. of subjects with events (%)	No. of subjects censored (%)	Median (95 % CI) (months) [a]	Hazard Ratio (95 % CI) [b]	Unstratified log-rank p-value [c]	P-value [d]	
Pooled Age Group 2											0.5877	
<60	161	107 (66.5)	54 (33.5)	0.0 (0.0, 7.6)	162	121 (74.7)	41 (25.3)	0.5 (0.0, 5.1)	0.859 (0.662, 1.115)	0.1162		
≥60 - <65	37	29 (78.4)	8 (21.6)	1.0 (0.0, 12.3)	44	35 (79.5)	9 (20.5)	1.9 (0.0, 6.3)	0.890 (0.543, 1.459)	0.5845		
≥65	70	62 (88.6)	8 (11.4)	0.0 (0.0, 0.7)	65	57 (87.7)	8 (12.3)	0.3 (0.0, 5.1)	1.085 (0.757, 1.555)	0.6419		

N: number of subjects in analysis set; n: number of subjects in subgroup category; %: proportion of number of subjects in n; CI: confidence interval; NE: not estimable.
 [a] Median time to first event is from Kaplan-Meier estimate. Confidence Interval for median was computed using the Brookmeyer-Crowley method.
 [b] Hazard ratio is from unstratified Cox proportional hazards model with treatment as the only categorical variable in the model. Confidence limits are based on the Wald test.
 [c] Two-sided p-value from unstratified log-rank test.
 [d] Two-sided interaction p-value is for the interaction term from unstratified Cox proportional hazards model with treatment, subgroup, and treatment-by-subgroup interaction as categorical variables in the model. The p-value is based on the Wald test.
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 Run date: 17AUG2023 – 12:57; Program name: DE_T_1_1_1_OS_SUB_ITT.sas; Output name: DE_T_4_17_2_EFS1_SUB_ITT.rtf

Medizinischer Nutzen, medizinischer Zusatznutzen, Patientengruppen mit therap. bedeutsamem Zusatznutzen

Daichi Sankyo | Data Intelligence – Evidence Generation | Final | AC220-A-U302 QUANTUM-First (DCO 13 Aug 2021) | Statistical analyses for AMNOG (HTA Germany)
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		No. of subjects with events (%)	No. of subjects censored (%)	Median (95 % CI) (months) [a]	n	No. of subjects with events (%)	No. of subjects censored (%)	Median (95 % CI) (months) [a]	Hazard Ratio (95 % CI) [b]	Unstratified log-rank p-value [c]	P-value [d]	
Sex												0.6260
Male	124	94 (75.8)	30 (24.2)	0.0 (0.0, 1.9)	121	97 (80.2)	24 (19.8)	0.0 (0.0, 3.4)	0.861 (0.648, 1.145)	0.2152		
Female	144	104 (72.2)	40 (27.8)	0.1 (0.0, 5.0)	150	116 (77.3)	34 (22.7)	2.8 (0.0, 5.1)	0.957 (0.735, 1.248)	0.5570		

N: number of subjects in analysis set; n: number of subjects in subgroup category; %: proportion of number of subjects in n; CI: confidence interval; NE: not estimable.
 [a] Median time to first event is from Kaplan-Meier estimate. Confidence Interval for median was computed using the Brookmeyer-Crowley method.
 [b] Hazard ratio is from unstratified Cox proportional hazards model with treatment as the only categorical variable in the model. Confidence limits are based on the Wald test.
 [c] Two-sided p-value from unstratified log-rank test.
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Daichi Sankyo | Data Intelligence – Evidence Generation | Final | AC220-A-U302 QUANTUM-First (DCO 13 Aug 2021) | Statistical analyses for AMNOG (HTA Germany)
 Table 4.17.2 Event-Free Survival 1 - Time-to-event analysis - subgroup analysis - DCO 13-Aug-2021 - Intent to Treat Analysis Set

		Quizartinib (N=268)				Placebo (N=271)				Quizartinib vs Placebo		Interaction
Subgroup	n	No. of subjects with events (%)	No. of subjects censored (%)	Median (95 % CI) (months) [a]	n	No. of subjects with events (%)	No. of subjects censored (%)	Median (95 % CI) (months) [a]	Hazard Ratio (95 % CI) [b]	Unstratified log-rank p-value [c]	P-value [d]	
Race by 2 categories											0.9401	
White	159	120 (75.5)	39 (24.5)	0.1 (0.0, 2.4)	163	131 (80.4)	32 (19.6)	1.7 (0.0, 3.8)	0.930 (0.726, 1.192)	0.4483		
Non-white	109	78 (71.6)	31 (28.4)	0.0 (0.0, 8.3)	108	82 (75.9)	26 (24.1)	0.0 (0.0, 5.5)	0.901 (0.660, 1.230)	0.3303		

N: number of subjects in analysis set; n: number of subjects in subgroup category; %: proportion of number of subjects in n; CI: confidence interval; NE: not estimable.
 [a] Median time to first event is from Kaplan-Meier estimate. Confidence Interval for median was computed using the Brookmeyer-Crowley method.
 [b] Hazard ratio is from unstratified Cox proportional hazards model with treatment as the only categorical variable in the model. Confidence limits are based on the Wald test.
 [c] Two-sided p-value from unstratified log-rank test.
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Subgroup	n	Quizartinib (N=268)				Placebo (N=271)				Quizartinib vs Placebo		Interaction
		No. of subjects with events (%)	of subjects with censored (%)	No. of subjects	Median (95 % CI) (months) [a]	n	No. of subjects with events (%)	of subjects censored (%)	Median (95 % CI) (months) [a]	Hazard Ratio (95 % CI) [b]	Unstratified log-rank p-value [c]	P-value [d]
Geographic Region 1											0.5136	
North America	16	12 (75.0)	4 (25.0)	0.0 (0.0, 12.3)	18	13 (72.2)	5 (27.8)	5.7 (0.0, 15.2)	1.250 (0.570, 2.743)	0.6320		
Europe	163	120 (73.6)	43 (26.4)	0.2 (0.0, 4.3)	163	132 (81.0)	31 (19.0)	0.3 (0.0, 3.2)	0.851 (0.665, 1.091)	0.1532		
Asia/Other Regions	89	66 (74.2)	23 (25.8)	0.0 (0.0, 0.3)	90	68 (75.6)	22 (24.4)	1.5 (0.0, 5.5)	0.991 (0.706, 1.392)	0.6825		

N: number of subjects in analysis set; n: number of subjects in subgroup category; %: proportion of number of subjects in n; CI: confidence interval; NE: not estimable.
 [a] Median time to first event is from Kaplan-Meier estimate. Confidence Interval for median was computed using the Brookmeyer-Crowley method.
 [b] Hazard ratio is from unstratified Cox proportional hazards model with treatment as the only categorical variable in the model. Confidence limits are based on the Wald test.
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Subgroup	n	No. of subjects with events (%)	No. of subjects censored (%)	Median (95 % CI) (months) [a]	n	No. of subjects with events (%)	No. of subjects censored (%)	Median (95 % CI) (months) [a]	Hazard Ratio (95 % CI) [b]	Unstratified log-rank p-value [c]	P-value [d]	
WBC at initial diagnosis											0.7367	
< 40x10 ⁹ /L	132	97 (73.5)	35 (26.5)	0.0 (0.0, 1.8)	135	104 (77.0)	31 (23.0)	2.1 (0.0, 5.1)	0.952 (0.722, 1.256)	0.5268		
≥ 40x10 ⁹ /L	136	101 (74.3)	35 (25.7)	0.1 (0.0, 5.0)	136	109 (80.1)	27 (19.9)	0.4 (0.0, 3.4)	0.891 (0.680, 1.169)	0.3116		

N: number of subjects in analysis set; n: number of subjects in subgroup category; %: proportion of number of subjects in n; CI: confidence interval; NE: not estimable.
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		No. of subjects with events (%)	No. of subjects censored (%)	Median (95 % CI) (months) [a]	n	No. of subjects with events (%)	No. of subjects censored (%)	Median (95 % CI) (months) [a]	Hazard Ratio (95 % CI) [b]	Unstratified log-rank p-value [c]	P-value [d]	
Choice of Anthracycline											0.3835	
Daunorubicin	124	97 (78.2)	27 (21.8)	0.0 (0.0, 0.3)	95	75 (78.9)	20 (21.1)	1.8 (0.0, 5.1)	1.007 (0.744, 1.362)	0.7600		
Idarubicin	144	101 (70.1)	43 (29.9)	0.2 (0.0, 6.6)	173	136 (78.6)	37 (21.4)	0.4 (0.0, 4.1)	0.842 (0.650, 1.089)	0.1365		

N: number of subjects in analysis set; n: number of subjects in subgroup category; %: proportion of number of subjects in n; CI: confidence interval; NE: not estimable.
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Daiichi Sankyo | Data Intelligence – Evidence Generation | Final | AC220-A-U302 QUANTUM-First (DCO 13 Aug 2021) | Statistical analyses for AMNOG (HTA Germany)
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		No. of subjects with events (%)	No. of subjects censored (%)	Median (95 % CI) (months) [a]	n	No. of subjects with events (%)	No. of subjects censored (%)	Median (95 % CI) (months) [a]	n	Hazard Ratio (95 % CI) [b]	Unstratified log-rank p-value [c]	P-value [d]
AML Cytogenetic Risk Score											0.6492	
Favorable	14	12 (85.7)	2 (14.3)	0.0 (0.0, 4.1)	19	13 (68.4)	6 (31.6)	0.0 (0.0, NE)	1.449 (0.658, 3.191)	0.2669		
Intermediate	197	146 (74.1)	51 (25.9)	0.0 (0.0, 3.4)	193	151 (78.2)	42 (21.8)	0.0 (0.0, 3.6)	0.917 (0.730, 1.152)	0.3405		
Unfavorable	19	13 (68.4)	6 (31.6)	0.0 (0.0, 35.3)	27	22 (81.5)	5 (18.5)	1.0 (0.0, 6.0)	0.772 (0.383, 1.553)	0.3652		
Unknown	38	27 (71.1)	11 (28.9)	0.2 (0.0, 22.6)	31	27 (87.1)	4 (12.9)	4.1 (0.0, 6.9)	0.814 (0.475, 1.394)	0.3012		

N: number of subjects in analysis set; n: number of subjects in subgroup category; %: proportion of number of subjects in n; CI: confidence interval; NE: not estimable.
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 Run date: 17AUG2023 – 12:57; Program name: DE_T_1_1_1_OS_SUB_ITT.sas; Output name: DE_T_4_17_2_EFS1_SUB_ITT.rtf

Medizinischer Nutzen, medizinischer Zusatznutzen, Patientengruppen mit therap. bedeutsamem Zusatznutzen

Daichi Sankyo | Data Intelligence – Evidence Generation | Final | AC220-A-U302 QUANTUM-First (DCO 13 Aug 2021) | Statistical analyses for AMNOG (HTA Germany)
 Table 4.17.2 Event-Free Survival 1 - Time-to-event analysis - subgroup analysis - DCO 13-Aug-2021 - Intent to Treat Analysis Set

Subgroup	n	Quizartinib (N=268)				Placebo (N=271)				Quizartinib vs Placebo		Interaction
		No. of subjects with events (%)	No. of subjects censored (%)	Median (95 % CI) (months) [a]	n	No. of subjects with events (%)	No. of subjects censored (%)	Median (95 % CI) (months) [a]	Hazard Ratio (95 % CI) [b]	Unstratified log-rank p-value [c]	P-value [d]	
ECOG Performance Status at Baseline											0.2158	
0 - Fully Active	87	57 (65.5)	30 (34.5)	2.4 (0.0, 18.5)	98	75 (76.5)	23 (23.5)	1.2 (0.0, 5.1)	0.779 (0.551, 1.100)	0.1053		
1 - Restricted in Physically Strenuous Activity	134	107 (79.9)	27 (20.1)	0.0 (0.0, 0.1)	136	108 (79.4)	28 (20.6)	1.7 (0.0, 5.1)	1.092 (0.836, 1.428)	0.7308		
2 - Ambulatory and Capable of All Selfcare	47	34 (72.3)	13 (27.7)	0.3 (0.0, 9.5)	36	29 (80.6)	7 (19.4)	0.2 (0.0, 5.9)	0.772 (0.469, 1.271)	0.2921		

N: number of subjects in analysis set; n: number of subjects in subgroup category; %: proportion of number of subjects in n; CI: confidence interval; NE: not estimable.
 [a] Median time to first event is from Kaplan-Meier estimate. Confidence Interval for median was computed using the Brookmeyer-Crowley method.
 [b] Hazard ratio is from unstratified Cox proportional hazards model with treatment as the only categorical variable in the model. Confidence limits are based on the Wald test.
 [c] Two-sided p-value from unstratified log-rank test.
 [d] Two-sided interaction p-value is for the interaction term from unstratified Cox proportional hazards model with treatment, subgroup, and treatment-by-subgroup interaction as categorical variables in the model. The p-value is based on the Wald test.
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 Run date: 17AUG2023 – 12:57; Program name: DE_T_1_1_1_OS_SUB_ITT.sas; Output name: DE_T_4_17_2_EFS1_SUB_ITT.rtf

Medizinischer Nutzen, medizinischer Zusatznutzen, Patientengruppen mit therap. bedeutsamem Zusatznutzen

Daiichi Sankyo | Data Intelligence – Evidence Generation | Final | AC220-A-U302 QUANTUM-First (DCO 13 Aug 2021) | Statistical analyses for AMNOG (HTA Germany)
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Subgroup	Quizartinib (N=268)					Placebo (N=271)					Quizartinib vs Placebo		Interaction
	n	No. of subjects with events (%)	No. of subjects censored (%)	Median (95 % CI) (months) [a]	n	No. of subjects with events (%)	No. of subjects censored (%)	Median (95 % CI) (months) [a]	Hazard Ratio (95 % CI) [b]	Unstratified log-rank p-value [c]	P-value [d]		
FLT3-ITD category at Baseline											0.7664		
≥3 to ≤25%	94	73 (77.7)	21 (22.3)	0.0 (0.0, 0.5)	98	78 (79.6)	20 (20.4)	0.0 (0.0, 3.0)	0.946 (0.687, 1.302)	0.6879			
>25% to ≤50%	143	102 (71.3)	41 (28.7)	0.2 (0.0, 6.1)	138	105 (76.1)	33 (23.9)	3.2 (0.0, 5.7)	0.937 (0.713, 1.231)	0.4809			
>50%	30	22 (73.3)	8 (26.7)	0.1 (0.0, 20.6)	35	30 (85.7)	5 (14.3)	1.8 (0.0, 4.6)	0.748 (0.429, 1.304)	0.1970			

N: number of subjects in analysis set; n: number of subjects in subgroup category; %: proportion of number of subjects in n; CI: confidence interval; NE: not estimable.
 [a] Median time to first event is from Kaplan-Meier estimate. Confidence Interval for median was computed using the Brookmeyer-Crowley method.
 [b] Hazard ratio is from unstratified Cox proportional hazards model with treatment as the only categorical variable in the model. Confidence limits are based on the Wald test.
 [c] Two-sided p-value from unstratified log-rank test.
 [d] Two-sided interaction p-value is for the interaction term from unstratified Cox proportional hazards model with treatment, subgroup, and treatment-by-subgroup interaction as categorical variables in the model. The p-value is based on the Wald test.
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Medizinischer Nutzen, medizinischer Zusatznutzen, Patientengruppen mit therap. bedeutsamem Zusatznutzen

Daichi Sankyo | Data Intelligence – Evidence Generation | Final | AC220-A-U302 QUANTUM-First (DCO 13 Aug 2021) | Statistical analyses for AMNOG (HTA Germany)
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Subgroup	Quizartinib (N=268)					Placebo (N=271)					Quizartinib vs Placebo		Interaction
	n	No. of subjects with events (%)	No. of subjects censored (%)	Median (95 % CI) (months) [a]	n	No. of subjects with events (%)	No. of subjects censored (%)	Median (95 % CI) (months) [a]	Hazard Ratio (95 % CI) [b]	Unstratified log-rank p-value [c]	P-value [d]		
AML with Mutated NPM1											0.6445		
Yes	142	95 (66.9)	47 (33.1)	6.1 (0.2, 13.9)	140	104 (74.3)	36 (25.7)	5.6 (2.9, 6.3)	0.856 (0.647, 1.131)	0.2135			
No	116	94 (81.0)	22 (19.0)	0.0 (NE, NE)	120	101 (84.2)	19 (15.8)	0.0 (NE, NE)	0.959 (0.724, 1.271)	0.5413			

N: number of subjects in analysis set; n: number of subjects in subgroup category; %: proportion of number of subjects in n; CI: confidence interval; NE: not estimable.
 [a] Median time to first event is from Kaplan-Meier estimate. Confidence Interval for median was computed using the Brookmeyer-Crowley method.
 [b] Hazard ratio is from unstratified Cox proportional hazards model with treatment as the only categorical variable in the model. Confidence limits are based on the Wald test.
 [c] Two-sided p-value from unstratified log-rank test.
 [d] Two-sided interaction p-value is for the interaction term from unstratified Cox proportional hazards model with treatment, subgroup, and treatment-by-subgroup interaction as categorical variables in the model. The p-value is based on the Wald test.
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Medizinischer Nutzen, medizinischer Zusatznutzen, Patientengruppen mit therap. bedeutsamem Zusatznutzen

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Subgroup	Quizartinib (N=268)					Placebo (N=271)					Quizartinib vs Placebo		Interaction
	n	No. of subjects with events (%)	No. of subjects censored (%)	Median (95 % CI) (months) [a]	n	No. of subjects with events (%)	No. of subjects censored (%)	Median (95 % CI) (months) [a]	Hazard Ratio (95 % CI) [b]	Unstratified log-rank p-value [c]	P-value [d]		
Age by 2 categories											0.2635		
≤60	166	111 (66.9)	55 (33.1)	0.0 (0.0, 7.6)	165	124 (75.2)	41 (24.8)	0.2 (0.0, 4.6)	0.849 (0.657, 1.098)	0.1004			
>60	102	87 (85.3)	15 (14.7)	0.0 (0.0, 1.9)	106	89 (84.0)	17 (16.0)	1.7 (0.0, 4.0)	1.058 (0.787, 1.422)	0.7529			

N: number of subjects in analysis set; n: number of subjects in subgroup category; %: proportion of number of subjects in n; CI: confidence interval; NE: not estimable.
 [a] Median time to first event is from Kaplan-Meier estimate. Confidence Interval for median was computed using the Brookmeyer-Crowley method.
 [b] Hazard ratio is from unstratified Cox proportional hazards model with treatment as the only categorical variable in the model. Confidence limits are based on the Wald test.
 [c] Two-sided p-value from unstratified log-rank test.
 [d] Two-sided interaction p-value is for the interaction term from unstratified Cox proportional hazards model with treatment, subgroup, and treatment-by-subgroup interaction as categorical variables in the model. The p-value is based on the Wald test.
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 Run date: 17AUG2023 – 12:57; Program name: DE_T_1_1_1_OS_SUB_ITT.sas; Output name: DE_T_4_17_2_EFS1_SUB_ITT.rtf

Anhang 4-H4: Remission

Anhang 4-H4a: Komplettremission nach Induktion mit 42-Tage Fenster

Daiichi Sankyo | Data Intelligence – Evidence Generation | AC220-A-U302 QUANTUM-First (DCO 13 Aug 2021) | Statistical analyses for AMNOG (HTA Germany)
 Table 4.23.2 Complete Remission Dichotomous Endpoints - subgroup analysis - DCO 13-Aug-2021 - Intent to Treat Analysis Set

Pooled Age Group 2: <60			
	Quizartinib (N=268)	Placebo (N=271)	Quizartinib vs Placebo
Number of subjects in subgroup category, n	161	162	
Number of subjects with events, n (%)	70 (43.5)	79 (48.8)	
95 % CI [a]	(35.7, 51.5)	(40.8, 56.7)	
Odds ratio (95 % CI) [b]			0.81 (0.52, 1.25)
Relative risk (95 % CI) [b]			0.89 (0.70, 1.13)
Absolute risk reduction (95 % CI) [c]			-5.29 (-16.76, 6.19)
p-value [d]			0.3454

N: number of subjects in analysis set; n: number of subjects in subgroup category; %: proportion of number of subjects in subgroup category.
 [a] Exact confidence interval based on Clopper-Pearson method for single proportion.
 [b] Confidence interval is the Wald asymptotic confidence interval. In case of zero cells a correction value of 0.5 is added to each cell frequency of the corresponding 2x2 table.
 [c] Absolute risk reduction is presented on percentage point scale. Confidence interval is the continuity corrected Wald asymptotic confidence interval for the risk differences
 [d] Two-sided p-value based on the Cochran-Mantel-Haenszel test adjusted for randomization stratification factors.[e] Two-sided p-value from Cochran’s Q test for heterogeneity of relative risk.
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 Run date: 22DEC2023 – 17:14; Program name: DE_T_4_23_2_DE_sub.sas; Output name: DE_T_4_23_2_CR_DE_SUB_ITT.rtf

Medizinischer Nutzen, medizinischer Zusatznutzen, Patientengruppen mit therap. bedeutsamem Zusatznutzen

Daiichi Sankyo | Data Intelligence – Evidence Generation | AC220-A-U302 QUANTUM-First (DCO 13 Aug 2021) | Statistical analyses for AMNOG (HTA Germany)
 Table 4.23.2 Complete Remission Dichotomous Endpoints - subgroup analysis - DCO 13-Aug-2021 - Intent to Treat Analysis Set

Pooled Age Group 2: ≥60 - <65			
	Quizartinib (N=268)	Placebo (N=271)	Quizartinib vs Placebo
Number of subjects in subgroup category, n	37	44	
Number of subjects with events, n (%)	18 (48.6)	22 (50.0)	
95 % CI [a]	(31.9, 65.6)	(34.6, 65.4)	
Odds ratio (95 % CI) [b]			0.95 (0.40, 2.27)
Relative risk (95 % CI) [b]			0.97 (0.62, 1.52)
Absolute risk reduction (95 % CI) [c]			-1.35 (-25.69, 22.99)
p-value [d]			0.8016

N: number of subjects in analysis set; n: number of subjects in subgroup category; %: proportion of number of subjects in subgroup category.
 [a] Exact confidence interval based on Clopper-Pearson method for single proportion.
 [b] Confidence interval is the Wald asymptotic confidence interval. In case of zero cells a correction value of 0.5 is added to each cell frequency of the corresponding 2x2 table.
 [c] Absolute risk reduction is presented on percentage point scale. Confidence interval is the continuity corrected Wald asymptotic confidence interval for the risk differences
 [d] Two-sided p-value based on the Cochran-Mantel-Haenszel test adjusted for randomization stratification factors.[e] Two-sided p-value from Cochran's Q test for heterogeneity of relative risk.
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Medizinischer Nutzen, medizinischer Zusatznutzen, Patientengruppen mit therap. bedeutsamem Zusatznutzen

Daichi Sankyo | Data Intelligence – Evidence Generation | AC220-A-U302 QUANTUM-First (DCO 13 Aug 2021) | Statistical analyses for AMNOG (HTA Germany)
 Table 4.23.2 Complete Remission Dichotomous Endpoints - subgroup analysis - DCO 13-Aug-2021 - Intent to Treat Analysis Set

Pooled Age Group 2: ≥65			
	Quizartinib (N=268)	Placebo (N=271)	Quizartinib vs Placebo
Number of subjects in subgroup category, n	70	65	
Number of subjects with events, n (%)	26 (37.1)	31 (47.7)	
95 % CI [a]	(25.9, 49.5)	(35.1, 60.5)	
Odds ratio (95 % CI) [b]			0.65 (0.33, 1.29)
Relative risk (95 % CI) [b]			0.78 (0.52, 1.16)
Absolute risk reduction (95 % CI) [c]			-10.55 (-28.63, 7.53)
p-value [d]			0.2880
Subgroup Interaction p-value [e]			0.7513

N: number of subjects in analysis set; n: number of subjects in subgroup category; %: proportion of number of subjects in subgroup category.
 [a] Exact confidence interval based on Clopper-Pearson method for single proportion.
 [b] Confidence interval is the Wald asymptotic confidence interval. In case of zero cells a correction value of 0.5 is added to each cell frequency of the corresponding 2x2 table.
 [c] Absolute risk reduction is presented on percentage point scale. Confidence interval is the continuity corrected Wald asymptotic confidence interval for the risk differences
 [d] Two-sided p-value based on the Cochran-Mantel-Haenszel test adjusted for randomization stratification factors.[e] Two-sided p-value from Cochran’s Q test for heterogeneity of relative risk.
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Medizinischer Nutzen, medizinischer Zusatznutzen, Patientengruppen mit therap. bedeutsamem Zusatznutzen

Daiichi Sankyo | Data Intelligence – Evidence Generation | AC220-A-U302 QUANTUM-First (DCO 13 Aug 2021) | Statistical analyses for AMNOG (HTA Germany)
 Table 4.23.2 Complete Remission Dichotomous Endpoints - subgroup analysis - DCO 13-Aug-2021 - Intent to Treat Analysis Set

Sex: Male			
	Quizartinib (N=268)	Placebo (N=271)	Quizartinib vs Placebo
Number of subjects in subgroup category, n	124	121	
Number of subjects with events, n (%)	51 (41.1)	54 (44.6)	
95 % CI [a]	(32.4, 50.3)	(35.6, 53.9)	
Odds ratio (95 % CI) [b]			0.87 (0.52, 1.44)
Relative risk (95 % CI) [b]			0.92 (0.69, 1.23)
Absolute risk reduction (95 % CI) [c]			-3.50 (-16.70, 9.71)
p-value [d]			0.6165

N: number of subjects in analysis set; n: number of subjects in subgroup category; %: proportion of number of subjects in subgroup category.
 [a] Exact confidence interval based on Clopper-Pearson method for single proportion.
 [b] Confidence interval is the Wald asymptotic confidence interval. In case of zero cells a correction value of 0.5 is added to each cell frequency of the corresponding 2x2 table.
 [c] Absolute risk reduction is presented on percentage point scale. Confidence interval is the continuity corrected Wald asymptotic confidence interval for the risk differences
 [d] Two-sided p-value based on the Cochran-Mantel-Haenszel test adjusted for randomization stratification factors.[e] Two-sided p-value from Cochrane’s Q test for heterogeneity of relative risk.
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Sex: Female			
	Quizartinib (N=268)	Placebo (N=271)	Quizartinib vs Placebo
Number of subjects in subgroup category, n	144	150	
Number of subjects with events, n (%)	63 (43.8)	78 (52.0)	
95 % CI [a]	(35.5, 52.3)	(43.7, 60.2)	
Odds ratio (95 % CI) [b]			0.72 (0.45, 1.14)
Relative risk (95 % CI) [b]			0.84 (0.66, 1.07)
Absolute risk reduction (95 % CI) [c]			-8.25 (-20.31, 3.81)
p-value [d]			0.1991
Subgroup Interaction p-value [e]			0.6352

N: number of subjects in analysis set; n: number of subjects in subgroup category; %: proportion of number of subjects in subgroup category.
 [a] Exact confidence interval based on Clopper-Pearson method for single proportion.
 [b] Confidence interval is the Wald asymptotic confidence interval. In case of zero cells a correction value of 0.5 is added to each cell frequency of the corresponding 2x2 table.
 [c] Absolute risk reduction is presented on percentage point scale. Confidence interval is the continuity corrected Wald asymptotic confidence interval for the risk differences
 [d] Two-sided p-value based on the Cochran-Mantel-Haenszel test adjusted for randomization stratification factors.[e] Two-sided p-value from Cochran’s Q test for heterogeneity of relative risk.
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Daiichi Sankyo | Data Intelligence – Evidence Generation | AC220-A-U302 QUANTUM-First (DCO 13 Aug 2021) | Statistical analyses for AMNOG (HTA Germany)
 Table 4.23.2 Complete Remission Dichotomous Endpoints - subgroup analysis - DCO 13-Aug-2021 - Intent to Treat Analysis Set

Race by 2 categories: White			
	Quizartinib (N=268)	Placebo (N=271)	Quizartinib vs Placebo
Number of subjects in subgroup category, n	159	163	
Number of subjects with events, n (%)	68 (42.8)	81 (49.7)	
95 % CI [a]	(35.0, 50.8)	(41.8, 57.6)	
Odds ratio (95 % CI) [b]			0.76 (0.49, 1.17)
Relative risk (95 % CI) [b]			0.86 (0.68, 1.09)
Absolute risk reduction (95 % CI) [c]			-6.93 (-18.41, 4.56)
p-value [d]			0.2335

N: number of subjects in analysis set; n: number of subjects in subgroup category; %: proportion of number of subjects in subgroup category.
 [a] Exact confidence interval based on Clopper-Pearson method for single proportion.
 [b] Confidence interval is the Wald asymptotic confidence interval. In case of zero cells a correction value of 0.5 is added to each cell frequency of the corresponding 2x2 table.
 [c] Absolute risk reduction is presented on percentage point scale. Confidence interval is the continuity corrected Wald asymptotic confidence interval for the risk differences
 [d] Two-sided p-value based on the Cochran-Mantel-Haenszel test adjusted for randomization stratification factors.[e] Two-sided p-value from Cochran's Q test for heterogeneity of relative risk.
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Daichi Sankyo | Data Intelligence – Evidence Generation | AC220-A-U302 QUANTUM-First (DCO 13 Aug 2021) | Statistical analyses for AMNOG (HTA Germany)
 Table 4.23.2 Complete Remission Dichotomous Endpoints - subgroup analysis - DCO 13-Aug-2021 - Intent to Treat Analysis Set

Race by 2 categories: Non-white			
	Quizartinib (N=268)	Placebo (N=271)	Quizartinib vs Placebo
Number of subjects in subgroup category, n	109	108	
Number of subjects with events, n (%)	46 (42.2)	51 (47.2)	
95 % CI [a]	(32.8, 52.0)	(37.5, 57.1)	
Odds ratio (95 % CI) [b]			0.82 (0.48, 1.39)
Relative risk (95 % CI) [b]			0.89 (0.66, 1.20)
Absolute risk reduction (95 % CI) [c]			-5.02 (-19.16, 9.12)
p-value [d]			0.4910
Subgroup Interaction p-value [e]			0.8457

N: number of subjects in analysis set; n: number of subjects in subgroup category; %: proportion of number of subjects in subgroup category.
 [a] Exact confidence interval based on Clopper-Pearson method for single proportion.
 [b] Confidence interval is the Wald asymptotic confidence interval. In case of zero cells a correction value of 0.5 is added to each cell frequency of the corresponding 2x2 table.
 [c] Absolute risk reduction is presented on percentage point scale. Confidence interval is the continuity corrected Wald asymptotic confidence interval for the risk differences
 [d] Two-sided p-value based on the Cochran-Mantel-Haenszel test adjusted for randomization stratification factors.[e] Two-sided p-value from Cochran's Q test for heterogeneity of relative risk.
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Daiichi Sankyo | Data Intelligence – Evidence Generation | AC220-A-U302 QUANTUM-First (DCO 13 Aug 2021) | Statistical analyses for AMNOG (HTA Germany)
 Table 4.23.2 Complete Remission Dichotomous Endpoints - subgroup analysis - DCO 13-Aug-2021 - Intent to Treat Analysis Set

Geographic Region 1: North America			
	Quizartinib (N=268)	Placebo (N=271)	Quizartinib vs Placebo
Number of subjects in subgroup category, n	16	18	
Number of subjects with events, n (%)	6 (37.5)	11 (61.1)	
95 % CI [a]	(15.2, 64.6)	(35.7, 82.7)	
Odds ratio (95 % CI) [b]			0.38 (0.10, 1.53)
Relative risk (95 % CI) [b]			0.61 (0.30, 1.28)
Absolute risk reduction (95 % CI) [c]			-23.61 (-62.22, 15.00)
p-value [d]			0.2024

N: number of subjects in analysis set; n: number of subjects in subgroup category; %: proportion of number of subjects in subgroup category.
 [a] Exact confidence interval based on Clopper-Pearson method for single proportion.
 [b] Confidence interval is the Wald asymptotic confidence interval. In case of zero cells a correction value of 0.5 is added to each cell frequency of the corresponding 2x2 table.
 [c] Absolute risk reduction is presented on percentage point scale. Confidence interval is the continuity corrected Wald asymptotic confidence interval for the risk differences
 [d] Two-sided p-value based on the Cochran-Mantel-Haenszel test adjusted for randomization stratification factors.[e] Two-sided p-value from Cochrane’s Q test for heterogeneity of relative risk.
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 Run date: 22DEC2023 – 17:14; Program name: DE_T_4_23_2_DE_sub.sas; Output name: DE_T_4_23_2_CR_DE_SUB_ITT.rtf

Medizinischer Nutzen, medizinischer Zusatznutzen, Patientengruppen mit therap. bedeutsamem Zusatznutzen

Daiichi Sankyo | Data Intelligence – Evidence Generation | AC220-A-U302 QUANTUM-First (DCO 13 Aug 2021) | Statistical analyses for AMNOG (HTA Germany)
 Table 4.23.2 Complete Remission Dichotomous Endpoints - subgroup analysis - DCO 13-Aug-2021 - Intent to Treat Analysis Set

Geographic Region 1: Europe			
	Quizartinib (N=268)	Placebo (N=271)	Quizartinib vs Placebo
Number of subjects in subgroup category, n	163	163	
Number of subjects with events, n (%)	75 (46.0)	77 (47.2)	
95 % CI [a]	(38.2, 54.0)	(39.4, 55.2)	
Odds ratio (95 % CI) [b]			0.95 (0.62, 1.47)
Relative risk (95 % CI) [b]			0.97 (0.77, 1.23)
Absolute risk reduction (95 % CI) [c]			-1.23 (-12.67, 10.22)
p-value [d]			0.8267

N: number of subjects in analysis set; n: number of subjects in subgroup category; %: proportion of number of subjects in subgroup category.
 [a] Exact confidence interval based on Clopper-Pearson method for single proportion.
 [b] Confidence interval is the Wald asymptotic confidence interval. In case of zero cells a correction value of 0.5 is added to each cell frequency of the corresponding 2x2 table.
 [c] Absolute risk reduction is presented on percentage point scale. Confidence interval is the continuity corrected Wald asymptotic confidence interval for the risk differences
 [d] Two-sided p-value based on the Cochran-Mantel-Haenszel test adjusted for randomization stratification factors.[e] Two-sided p-value from Cochran's Q test for heterogeneity of relative risk.
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Medizinischer Nutzen, medizinischer Zusatznutzen, Patientengruppen mit therap. bedeutsamem Zusatznutzen

Daiichi Sankyo | Data Intelligence – Evidence Generation | AC220-A-U302 QUANTUM-First (DCO 13 Aug 2021) | Statistical analyses for AMNOG (HTA Germany)
 Table 4.23.2 Complete Remission Dichotomous Endpoints - subgroup analysis - DCO 13-Aug-2021 - Intent to Treat Analysis Set

Geographic Region 1: Asia/Other Regions			
	Quizartinib (N=268)	Placebo (N=271)	Quizartinib vs Placebo
Number of subjects in subgroup category, n	89	90	
Number of subjects with events, n (%)	33 (37.1)	44 (48.9)	
95 % CI [a]	(27.1, 48.0)	(38.2, 59.7)	
Odds ratio (95 % CI) [b]			0.62 (0.34, 1.12)
Relative risk (95 % CI) [b]			0.76 (0.54, 1.07)
Absolute risk reduction (95 % CI) [c]			-11.81 (-27.33, 3.71)
p-value [d]			0.1140
Subgroup Interaction p-value [e]			0.3035

N: number of subjects in analysis set; n: number of subjects in subgroup category; %: proportion of number of subjects in subgroup category.
 [a] Exact confidence interval based on Clopper-Pearson method for single proportion.
 [b] Confidence interval is the Wald asymptotic confidence interval. In case of zero cells a correction value of 0.5 is added to each cell frequency of the corresponding 2x2 table.
 [c] Absolute risk reduction is presented on percentage point scale. Confidence interval is the continuity corrected Wald asymptotic confidence interval for the risk differences.
 [d] Two-sided p-value based on the Cochran-Mantel-Haenszel test adjusted for randomization stratification factors.[e] Two-sided p-value from Cochran's Q test for heterogeneity of relative risk.
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Medizinischer Nutzen, medizinischer Zusatznutzen, Patientengruppen mit therap. bedeutsamem Zusatznutzen

Daiichi Sankyo | Data Intelligence – Evidence Generation | AC220-A-U302 QUANTUM-First (DCO 13 Aug 2021) | Statistical analyses for AMNOG (HTA Germany)
 Table 4.23.2 Complete Remission Dichotomous Endpoints - subgroup analysis - DCO 13-Aug-2021 - Intent to Treat Analysis Set

WBC at initial diagnosis: < 40x10 ⁹ /L			
	Quizartinib (N=268)	Placebo (N=271)	Quizartinib vs Placebo
Number of subjects in subgroup category, n	132	135	
Number of subjects with events, n (%)	55 (41.7)	67 (49.6)	
95 % CI [a]	(33.2, 50.6)	(40.9, 58.4)	
Odds ratio (95 % CI) [b]			0.72 (0.45, 1.18)
Relative risk (95 % CI) [b]			0.84 (0.64, 1.09)
Absolute risk reduction (95 % CI) [c]			-7.96 (-20.62, 4.70)
p-value [d]			0.2067

N: number of subjects in analysis set; n: number of subjects in subgroup category; %: proportion of number of subjects in subgroup category.
 [a] Exact confidence interval based on Clopper-Pearson method for single proportion.
 [b] Confidence interval is the Wald asymptotic confidence interval. In case of zero cells a correction value of 0.5 is added to each cell frequency of the corresponding 2x2 table.
 [c] Absolute risk reduction is presented on percentage point scale. Confidence interval is the continuity corrected Wald asymptotic confidence interval for the risk differences
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Medizinischer Nutzen, medizinischer Zusatznutzen, Patientengruppen mit therap. bedeutsamem Zusatznutzen

Daichi Sankyo | Data Intelligence – Evidence Generation | AC220-A-U302 QUANTUM-First (DCO 13 Aug 2021) | Statistical analyses for AMNOG (HTA Germany)
 Table 4.23.2 Complete Remission Dichotomous Endpoints - subgroup analysis - DCO 13-Aug-2021 - Intent to Treat Analysis Set

WBC at initial diagnosis: $\geq 40 \times 10^9/L$			
	Quizartinib (N=268)	Placebo (N=271)	Quizartinib vs Placebo
Number of subjects in subgroup category, n	136	136	
Number of subjects with events, n (%)	59 (43.4)	65 (47.8)	
95 % CI [a]	(34.9, 52.1)	(39.2, 56.5)	
Odds ratio (95 % CI) [b]			0.84 (0.52, 1.35)
Relative risk (95 % CI) [b]			0.91 (0.70, 1.18)
Absolute risk reduction (95 % CI) [c]			-4.41 (-16.97, 8.15)
p-value [d]			0.4698
Subgroup Interaction p-value [e]			0.6798

N: number of subjects in analysis set; n: number of subjects in subgroup category; %: proportion of number of subjects in subgroup category.
 [a] Exact confidence interval based on Clopper-Pearson method for single proportion.
 [b] Confidence interval is the Wald asymptotic confidence interval. In case of zero cells a correction value of 0.5 is added to each cell frequency of the corresponding 2x2 table.
 [c] Absolute risk reduction is presented on percentage point scale. Confidence interval is the continuity corrected Wald asymptotic confidence interval for the risk differences
 [d] Two-sided p-value based on the Cochran-Mantel-Haenszel test adjusted for randomization stratification factors.[e] Two-sided p-value from Cochran's Q test for heterogeneity of relative risk.
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Medizinischer Nutzen, medizinischer Zusatznutzen, Patientengruppen mit therap. bedeutsamem Zusatznutzen

Daiichi Sankyo | Data Intelligence – Evidence Generation | AC220-A-U302 QUANTUM-First (DCO 13 Aug 2021) | Statistical analyses for AMNOG (HTA Germany)
 Table 4.23.2 Complete Remission Dichotomous Endpoints - subgroup analysis - DCO 13-Aug-2021 - Intent to Treat Analysis Set

Choice of Anthracycline: Daunorubicin			
	Quizartinib (N=268)	Placebo (N=271)	Quizartinib vs Placebo
Number of subjects in subgroup category, n	124	95	
Number of subjects with events, n (%)	48 (38.7)	48 (50.5)	
95 % CI [a]	(30.1, 47.9)	(40.1, 60.9)	
Odds ratio (95 % CI) [b]			0.62 (0.36, 1.06)
Relative risk (95 % CI) [b]			0.77 (0.57, 1.03)
Absolute risk reduction (95 % CI) [c]			-11.82 (-25.96, 2.33)
p-value [d]			0.0734

N: number of subjects in analysis set; n: number of subjects in subgroup category; %: proportion of number of subjects in subgroup category.
 [a] Exact confidence interval based on Clopper-Pearson method for single proportion.
 [b] Confidence interval is the Wald asymptotic confidence interval. In case of zero cells a correction value of 0.5 is added to each cell frequency of the corresponding 2x2 table.
 [c] Absolute risk reduction is presented on percentage point scale. Confidence interval is the continuity corrected Wald asymptotic confidence interval for the risk differences
 [d] Two-sided p-value based on the Cochran-Mantel-Haenszel test adjusted for randomization stratification factors.[e] Two-sided p-value from Cochrane’s Q test for heterogeneity of relative risk.
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Medizinischer Nutzen, medizinischer Zusatznutzen, Patientengruppen mit therap. bedeutsamem Zusatznutzen

Daiichi Sankyo | Data Intelligence – Evidence Generation | AC220-A-U302 QUANTUM-First (DCO 13 Aug 2021) | Statistical analyses for AMNOG (HTA Germany)
 Table 4.23.2 Complete Remission Dichotomous Endpoints - subgroup analysis - DCO 13-Aug-2021 - Intent to Treat Analysis Set

Choice of Anthracycline: Idarubicin			
	Quizartinib (N=268)	Placebo (N=271)	Quizartinib vs Placebo
Number of subjects in subgroup category, n	144	173	
Number of subjects with events, n (%)	66 (45.8)	83 (48.0)	
95 % CI [a]	(37.5, 54.3)	(40.3, 55.7)	
Odds ratio (95 % CI) [b]			0.92 (0.59, 1.43)
Relative risk (95 % CI) [b]			0.96 (0.75, 1.21)
Absolute risk reduction (95 % CI) [c]			-2.14 (-13.81, 9.52)
p-value [d]			0.7207
Subgroup Interaction p-value [e]			0.2547

N: number of subjects in analysis set; n: number of subjects in subgroup category; %: proportion of number of subjects in subgroup category.
 [a] Exact confidence interval based on Clopper-Pearson method for single proportion.
 [b] Confidence interval is the Wald asymptotic confidence interval. In case of zero cells a correction value of 0.5 is added to each cell frequency of the corresponding 2x2 table.
 [c] Absolute risk reduction is presented on percentage point scale. Confidence interval is the continuity corrected Wald asymptotic confidence interval for the risk differences.
 [d] Two-sided p-value based on the Cochran-Mantel-Haenszel test adjusted for randomization stratification factors.[e] Two-sided p-value from Cochran's Q test for heterogeneity of relative risk.
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Medizinischer Nutzen, medizinischer Zusatznutzen, Patientengruppen mit therap. bedeutsamem Zusatznutzen

Daiichi Sankyo | Data Intelligence – Evidence Generation | AC220-A-U302 QUANTUM-First (DCO 13 Aug 2021) | Statistical analyses for AMNOG (HTA Germany)
 Table 4.23.2 Complete Remission Dichotomous Endpoints - subgroup analysis - DCO 13-Aug-2021 - Intent to Treat Analysis Set

AML Cytogenetic Risk Score: Favorable			
	Quizartinib (N=268)	Placebo (N=271)	Quizartinib vs Placebo
Number of subjects in subgroup category, n	14	19	
Number of subjects with events, n (%)	4 (28.6)	8 (42.1)	
95 % CI [a]	(8.4, 58.1)	(20.3, 66.5)	
Odds ratio (95 % CI) [b]			0.55 (0.13, 2.40)
Relative risk (95 % CI) [b]			0.68 (0.25, 1.81)
Absolute risk reduction (95 % CI) [c]			-13.53 (-52.18, 25.12)
p-value [d]			0.7681

N: number of subjects in analysis set; n: number of subjects in subgroup category; %: proportion of number of subjects in subgroup category.
 [a] Exact confidence interval based on Clopper-Pearson method for single proportion.
 [b] Confidence interval is the Wald asymptotic confidence interval. In case of zero cells a correction value of 0.5 is added to each cell frequency of the corresponding 2x2 table.
 [c] Absolute risk reduction is presented on percentage point scale. Confidence interval is the continuity corrected Wald asymptotic confidence interval for the risk differences
 [d] Two-sided p-value based on the Cochran-Mantel-Haenszel test adjusted for randomization stratification factors.[e] Two-sided p-value from Cochran's Q test for heterogeneity of relative risk.
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Medizinischer Nutzen, medizinischer Zusatznutzen, Patientengruppen mit therap. bedeutsamem Zusatznutzen

Daiichi Sankyo | Data Intelligence – Evidence Generation | AC220-A-U302 QUANTUM-First (DCO 13 Aug 2021) | Statistical analyses for AMNOG (HTA Germany)
 Table 4.23.2 Complete Remission Dichotomous Endpoints - subgroup analysis - DCO 13-Aug-2021 - Intent to Treat Analysis Set

AML Cytogenetic Risk Score: Intermediate			
	Quizartinib (N=268)	Placebo (N=271)	Quizartinib vs Placebo
Number of subjects in subgroup category, n	197	193	
Number of subjects with events, n (%)	86 (43.7)	92 (47.7)	
95 % CI [a]	(36.6, 50.9)	(40.4, 55.0)	
Odds ratio (95 % CI) [b]			0.85 (0.57, 1.27)
Relative risk (95 % CI) [b]			0.92 (0.74, 1.14)
Absolute risk reduction (95 % CI) [c]			-4.01 (-14.41, 6.38)
p-value [d]			0.4257

N: number of subjects in analysis set; n: number of subjects in subgroup category; %: proportion of number of subjects in subgroup category.
 [a] Exact confidence interval based on Clopper-Pearson method for single proportion.
 [b] Confidence interval is the Wald asymptotic confidence interval. In case of zero cells a correction value of 0.5 is added to each cell frequency of the corresponding 2x2 table.
 [c] Absolute risk reduction is presented on percentage point scale. Confidence interval is the continuity corrected Wald asymptotic confidence interval for the risk differences
 [d] Two-sided p-value based on the Cochran-Mantel-Haenszel test adjusted for randomization stratification factors.[e] Two-sided p-value from Cochran's Q test for heterogeneity of relative risk.
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Medizinischer Nutzen, medizinischer Zusatznutzen, Patientengruppen mit therap. bedeutsamem Zusatznutzen

Daiichi Sankyo | Data Intelligence – Evidence Generation | AC220-A-U302 QUANTUM-First (DCO 13 Aug 2021) | Statistical analyses for AMNOG (HTA Germany)
 Table 4.23.2 Complete Remission Dichotomous Endpoints - subgroup analysis - DCO 13-Aug-2021 - Intent to Treat Analysis Set

AML Cytogenetic Risk Score: Unfavorable			
	Quizartinib (N=268)	Placebo (N=271)	Quizartinib vs Placebo
Number of subjects in subgroup category, n	19	27	
Number of subjects with events, n (%)	7 (36.8)	13 (48.1)	
95 % CI [a]	(16.3, 61.6)	(28.7, 68.1)	
Odds ratio (95 % CI) [b]			0.63 (0.19, 2.08)
Relative risk (95 % CI) [b]			0.77 (0.38, 1.55)
Absolute risk reduction (95 % CI) [c]			-11.31 (-44.52, 21.91)
p-value [d]			0.7645

N: number of subjects in analysis set; n: number of subjects in subgroup category; %: proportion of number of subjects in subgroup category.
 [a] Exact confidence interval based on Clopper-Pearson method for single proportion.
 [b] Confidence interval is the Wald asymptotic confidence interval. In case of zero cells a correction value of 0.5 is added to each cell frequency of the corresponding 2x2 table.
 [c] Absolute risk reduction is presented on percentage point scale. Confidence interval is the continuity corrected Wald asymptotic confidence interval for the risk differences
 [d] Two-sided p-value based on the Cochran-Mantel-Haenszel test adjusted for randomization stratification factors.[e] Two-sided p-value from Cochran's Q test for heterogeneity of relative risk.
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Medizinischer Nutzen, medizinischer Zusatznutzen, Patientengruppen mit therap. bedeutsamem Zusatznutzen

Daiichi Sankyo | Data Intelligence – Evidence Generation | AC220-A-U302 QUANTUM-First (DCO 13 Aug 2021) | Statistical analyses for AMNOG (HTA Germany)
 Table 4.23.2 Complete Remission Dichotomous Endpoints - subgroup analysis - DCO 13-Aug-2021 - Intent to Treat Analysis Set

AML Cytogenetic Risk Score: Unknown			
	Quizartinib (N=268)	Placebo (N=271)	Quizartinib vs Placebo
Number of subjects in subgroup category, n	38	31	
Number of subjects with events, n (%)	17 (44.7)	18 (58.1)	
95 % CI [a]	(28.6, 61.7)	(39.1, 75.5)	
Odds ratio (95 % CI) [b]			0.58 (0.22, 1.52)
Relative risk (95 % CI) [b]			0.77 (0.48, 1.22)
Absolute risk reduction (95 % CI) [c]			-13.33 (-39.74, 13.09)
p-value [d]			0.4072
Subgroup Interaction p-value [e]			0.8369

N: number of subjects in analysis set; n: number of subjects in subgroup category; %: proportion of number of subjects in subgroup category.
 [a] Exact confidence interval based on Clopper-Pearson method for single proportion.
 [b] Confidence interval is the Wald asymptotic confidence interval. In case of zero cells a correction value of 0.5 is added to each cell frequency of the corresponding 2x2 table.
 [c] Absolute risk reduction is presented on percentage point scale. Confidence interval is the continuity corrected Wald asymptotic confidence interval for the risk differences
 [d] Two-sided p-value based on the Cochran-Mantel-Haenszel test adjusted for randomization stratification factors.[e] Two-sided p-value from Cochran’s Q test for heterogeneity of relative risk.
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Medizinischer Nutzen, medizinischer Zusatznutzen, Patientengruppen mit therap. bedeutsamem Zusatznutzen

Daiichi Sankyo | Data Intelligence – Evidence Generation | AC220-A-U302 QUANTUM-First (DCO 13 Aug 2021) | Statistical analyses for AMNOG (HTA Germany)
 Table 4.23.2 Complete Remission Dichotomous Endpoints - subgroup analysis - DCO 13-Aug-2021 - Intent to Treat Analysis Set

ECOG Performance Status at Baseline: 0 - Fully Active			
	Quizartinib (N=268)	Placebo (N=271)	Quizartinib vs Placebo
Number of subjects in subgroup category, n	87	98	
Number of subjects with events, n (%)	44 (50.6)	48 (49.0)	
95 % CI [a]	(39.6, 61.5)	(38.7, 59.3)	
Odds ratio (95 % CI) [b]			1.07 (0.60, 1.90)
Relative risk (95 % CI) [b]			1.03 (0.77, 1.38)
Absolute risk reduction (95 % CI) [c]			1.60 (-13.92, 17.11)
p-value [d]			0.6298

N: number of subjects in analysis set; n: number of subjects in subgroup category; %: proportion of number of subjects in subgroup category.
 [a] Exact confidence interval based on Clopper-Pearson method for single proportion.
 [b] Confidence interval is the Wald asymptotic confidence interval. In case of zero cells a correction value of 0.5 is added to each cell frequency of the corresponding 2x2 table.
 [c] Absolute risk reduction is presented on percentage point scale. Confidence interval is the continuity corrected Wald asymptotic confidence interval for the risk differences
 [d] Two-sided p-value based on the Cochran-Mantel-Haenszel test adjusted for randomization stratification factors.[e] Two-sided p-value from Cochrane's Q test for heterogeneity of relative risk.
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Medizinischer Nutzen, medizinischer Zusatznutzen, Patientengruppen mit therap. bedeutsamem Zusatznutzen

Daiichi Sankyo | Data Intelligence – Evidence Generation | AC220-A-U302 QUANTUM-First (DCO 13 Aug 2021) | Statistical analyses for AMNOG (HTA Germany)
 Table 4.23.2 Complete Remission Dichotomous Endpoints - subgroup analysis - DCO 13-Aug-2021 - Intent to Treat Analysis Set

ECOG Performance Status at Baseline: 1 - Restricted in Physically Strenuous Activity			
	Quizartinib (N=268)	Placebo (N=271)	Quizartinib vs Placebo
Number of subjects in subgroup category, n	134	136	
Number of subjects with events, n (%)	49 (36.6)	67 (49.3)	
95 % CI [a]	(28.4, 45.3)	(40.6, 58.0)	
Odds ratio (95 % CI) [b]			0.59 (0.37, 0.97)
Relative risk (95 % CI) [b]			0.74 (0.56, 0.98)
Absolute risk reduction (95 % CI) [c]			-12.70 (-25.15, -0.25)
p-value [d]			0.0487

N: number of subjects in analysis set; n: number of subjects in subgroup category; %: proportion of number of subjects in subgroup category.
 [a] Exact confidence interval based on Clopper-Pearson method for single proportion.
 [b] Confidence interval is the Wald asymptotic confidence interval. In case of zero cells a correction value of 0.5 is added to each cell frequency of the corresponding 2x2 table.
 [c] Absolute risk reduction is presented on percentage point scale. Confidence interval is the continuity corrected Wald asymptotic confidence interval for the risk differences
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 Run date: 22DEC2023 – 17:14; Program name: DE_T_4_23_2_DE_sub.sas; Output name: DE_T_4_23_2_CR_DE_SUB_ITT.rtf

Medizinischer Nutzen, medizinischer Zusatznutzen, Patientengruppen mit therap. bedeutsamem Zusatznutzen

Daichi Sankyo | Data Intelligence – Evidence Generation | AC220-A-U302 QUANTUM-First (DCO 13 Aug 2021) | Statistical analyses for AMNOG (HTA Germany)
 Table 4.23.2 Complete Remission Dichotomous Endpoints - subgroup analysis - DCO 13-Aug-2021 - Intent to Treat Analysis Set

ECOG Performance Status at Baseline: 2 - Ambulatory and Capable of All Selfcare

	Quizartinib (N=268)	Placebo (N=271)	Quizartinib vs Placebo
Number of subjects in subgroup category, n	47	36	
Number of subjects with events, n (%)	21 (44.7)	17 (47.2)	
95 % CI [a]	(30.2, 59.9)	(30.4, 64.5)	
Odds ratio (95 % CI) [b]			0.90 (0.38, 2.16)
Relative risk (95 % CI) [b]			0.95 (0.59, 1.51)
Absolute risk reduction (95 % CI) [c]			-2.54 (-26.63, 21.54)
p-value [d]			0.8837
Subgroup Interaction p-value [e]			0.2628

N: number of subjects in analysis set; n: number of subjects in subgroup category; %: proportion of number of subjects in subgroup category.
 [a] Exact confidence interval based on Clopper-Pearson method for single proportion.
 [b] Confidence interval is the Wald asymptotic confidence interval. In case of zero cells a correction value of 0.5 is added to each cell frequency of the corresponding 2x2 table.
 [c] Absolute risk reduction is presented on percentage point scale. Confidence interval is the continuity corrected Wald asymptotic confidence interval for the risk differences
 [d] Two-sided p-value based on the Cochran-Mantel-Haenszel test adjusted for randomization stratification factors.[e] Two-sided p-value from Cochran’s Q test for heterogeneity of relative risk.
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Medizinischer Nutzen, medizinischer Zusatznutzen, Patientengruppen mit therap. bedeutsamem Zusatznutzen

Daiichi Sankyo | Data Intelligence – Evidence Generation | AC220-A-U302 QUANTUM-First (DCO 13 Aug 2021) | Statistical analyses for AMNOG (HTA Germany)
 Table 4.23.2 Complete Remission Dichotomous Endpoints - subgroup analysis - DCO 13-Aug-2021 - Intent to Treat Analysis Set

FLT3-ITD category at Baseline: ≥3 to ≤25%			
	Quizartinib (N=268)	Placebo (N=271)	Quizartinib vs Placebo
Number of subjects in subgroup category, n	94	98	
Number of subjects with events, n (%)	35 (37.2)	41 (41.8)	
95 % CI [a]	(27.5, 47.8)	(31.9, 52.2)	
Odds ratio (95 % CI) [b]			0.82 (0.46, 1.47)
Relative risk (95 % CI) [b]			0.89 (0.63, 1.26)
Absolute risk reduction (95 % CI) [c]			-4.60 (-19.46, 10.26)
p-value [d]			0.4393

N: number of subjects in analysis set; n: number of subjects in subgroup category; %: proportion of number of subjects in subgroup category.
 [a] Exact confidence interval based on Clopper-Pearson method for single proportion.
 [b] Confidence interval is the Wald asymptotic confidence interval. In case of zero cells a correction value of 0.5 is added to each cell frequency of the corresponding 2x2 table.
 [c] Absolute risk reduction is presented on percentage point scale. Confidence interval is the continuity corrected Wald asymptotic confidence interval for the risk differences
 [d] Two-sided p-value based on the Cochran-Mantel-Haenszel test adjusted for randomization stratification factors.[e] Two-sided p-value from Cochrane’s Q test for heterogeneity of relative risk.
 Data source: \\AC220-A-U302\Production\Raw Data_Restricted\rstret_eg\rstret_20211102_eg\rstret_valos\20230516_AMNOG\ADAM\
 Run date: 22DEC2023 – 17:14; Program name: DE_T_4_23_2_DE_sub.sas; Output name: DE_T_4_23_2_CR_DE_SUB_ITT.rtf

Medizinischer Nutzen, medizinischer Zusatznutzen, Patientengruppen mit therap. bedeutsamem Zusatznutzen

Daiichi Sankyo | Data Intelligence – Evidence Generation | AC220-A-U302 QUANTUM-First (DCO 13 Aug 2021) | Statistical analyses for AMNOG (HTA Germany)
 Table 4.23.2 Complete Remission Dichotomous Endpoints - subgroup analysis - DCO 13-Aug-2021 - Intent to Treat Analysis Set

FLT3-ITD category at Baseline: >25% to ≤50%			
	Quizartinib (N=268)	Placebo (N=271)	Quizartinib vs Placebo
Number of subjects in subgroup category, n	143	138	
Number of subjects with events, n (%)	66 (46.2)	74 (53.6)	
95 % CI [a]	(37.8, 54.7)	(44.9, 62.1)	
Odds ratio (95 % CI) [b]			0.74 (0.46, 1.18)
Relative risk (95 % CI) [b]			0.86 (0.68, 1.09)
Absolute risk reduction (95 % CI) [c]			-7.47 (-19.84, 4.90)
p-value [d]			0.2095

N: number of subjects in analysis set; n: number of subjects in subgroup category; %: proportion of number of subjects in subgroup category.
 [a] Exact confidence interval based on Clopper-Pearson method for single proportion.
 [b] Confidence interval is the Wald asymptotic confidence interval. In case of zero cells a correction value of 0.5 is added to each cell frequency of the corresponding 2x2 table.
 [c] Absolute risk reduction is presented on percentage point scale. Confidence interval is the continuity corrected Wald asymptotic confidence interval for the risk differences
 [d] Two-sided p-value based on the Cochran-Mantel-Haenszel test adjusted for randomization stratification factors.[e] Two-sided p-value from Cochran's Q test for heterogeneity of relative risk.
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Medizinischer Nutzen, medizinischer Zusatznutzen, Patientengruppen mit therap. bedeutsamem Zusatznutzen

Daichi Sankyo | Data Intelligence – Evidence Generation | AC220-A-U302 QUANTUM-First (DCO 13 Aug 2021) | Statistical analyses for AMNOG (HTA Germany)
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FLT3-ITD category at Baseline: >50%			
	Quizartinib (N=268)	Placebo (N=271)	Quizartinib vs Placebo
Number of subjects in subgroup category, n	30	35	
Number of subjects with events, n (%)	13 (43.3)	17 (48.6)	
95 % CI [a]	(25.5, 62.6)	(31.4, 66.0)	
Odds ratio (95 % CI) [b]			0.81 (0.30, 2.16)
Relative risk (95 % CI) [b]			0.89 (0.52, 1.52)
Absolute risk reduction (95 % CI) [c]			-5.24 (-32.59, 22.12)
p-value [d]			0.5005
Subgroup Interaction p-value [e]			0.9842

N: number of subjects in analysis set; n: number of subjects in subgroup category; %: proportion of number of subjects in subgroup category.
 [a] Exact confidence interval based on Clopper-Pearson method for single proportion.
 [b] Confidence interval is the Wald asymptotic confidence interval. In case of zero cells a correction value of 0.5 is added to each cell frequency of the corresponding 2x2 table.
 [c] Absolute risk reduction is presented on percentage point scale. Confidence interval is the continuity corrected Wald asymptotic confidence interval for the risk differences.
 [d] Two-sided p-value based on the Cochran-Mantel-Haenszel test adjusted for randomization stratification factors.[e] Two-sided p-value from Cochran's Q test for heterogeneity of relative risk.
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Medizinischer Nutzen, medizinischer Zusatznutzen, Patientengruppen mit therap. bedeutsamem Zusatznutzen

Daiichi Sankyo | Data Intelligence – Evidence Generation | AC220-A-U302 QUANTUM-First (DCO 13 Aug 2021) | Statistical analyses for AMNOG (HTA Germany)
 Table 4.23.2 Complete Remission Dichotomous Endpoints - subgroup analysis - DCO 13-Aug-2021 - Intent to Treat Analysis Set

AML with Mutated NPM1: Yes			
	Quizartinib (N=268)	Placebo (N=271)	Quizartinib vs Placebo
Number of subjects in subgroup category, n	142	140	
Number of subjects with events, n (%)	75 (52.8)	85 (60.7)	
95 % CI [a]	(44.3, 61.2)	(52.1, 68.9)	
Odds ratio (95 % CI) [b]			0.72 (0.45, 1.16)
Relative risk (95 % CI) [b]			0.87 (0.71, 1.07)
Absolute risk reduction (95 % CI) [c]			-7.90 (-20.13, 4.34)
p-value [d]			0.2299

N: number of subjects in analysis set; n: number of subjects in subgroup category; %: proportion of number of subjects in subgroup category.
 [a] Exact confidence interval based on Clopper-Pearson method for single proportion.
 [b] Confidence interval is the Wald asymptotic confidence interval. In case of zero cells a correction value of 0.5 is added to each cell frequency of the corresponding 2x2 table.
 [c] Absolute risk reduction is presented on percentage point scale. Confidence interval is the continuity corrected Wald asymptotic confidence interval for the risk differences
 [d] Two-sided p-value based on the Cochran-Mantel-Haenszel test adjusted for randomization stratification factors.[e] Two-sided p-value from Cochrane’s Q test for heterogeneity of relative risk.
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Medizinischer Nutzen, medizinischer Zusatznutzen, Patientengruppen mit therap. bedeutsamem Zusatznutzen

Daichi Sankyo | Data Intelligence – Evidence Generation | AC220-A-U302 QUANTUM-First (DCO 13 Aug 2021) | Statistical analyses for AMNOG (HTA Germany)
 Table 4.23.2 Complete Remission Dichotomous Endpoints - subgroup analysis - DCO 13-Aug-2021 - Intent to Treat Analysis Set

AML with Mutated NPM1: No			
	Quizartinib (N=268)	Placebo (N=271)	Quizartinib vs Placebo
Number of subjects in subgroup category, n	116	120	
Number of subjects with events, n (%)	36 (31.0)	39 (32.5)	
95 % CI [a]	(22.8, 40.3)	(24.2, 41.7)	
Odds ratio (95 % CI) [b]			0.93 (0.54, 1.62)
Relative risk (95 % CI) [b]			0.95 (0.66, 1.39)
Absolute risk reduction (95 % CI) [c]			-1.47 (-14.19, 11.26)
p-value [d]			0.8816
Subgroup Interaction p-value [e]			0.6685

N: number of subjects in analysis set; n: number of subjects in subgroup category; %: proportion of number of subjects in subgroup category.
 [a] Exact confidence interval based on Clopper-Pearson method for single proportion.
 [b] Confidence interval is the Wald asymptotic confidence interval. In case of zero cells a correction value of 0.5 is added to each cell frequency of the corresponding 2x2 table.
 [c] Absolute risk reduction is presented on percentage point scale. Confidence interval is the continuity corrected Wald asymptotic confidence interval for the risk differences.
 [d] Two-sided p-value based on the Cochran-Mantel-Haenszel test adjusted for randomization stratification factors.[e] Two-sided p-value from Cochran's Q test for heterogeneity of relative risk.
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Medizinischer Nutzen, medizinischer Zusatznutzen, Patientengruppen mit therap. bedeutsamem Zusatznutzen

Daiichi Sankyo | Data Intelligence – Evidence Generation | AC220-A-U302 QUANTUM-First (DCO 13 Aug 2021) | Statistical analyses for AMNOG (HTA Germany)
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Age by 2 categories: ≤60			
	Quizartinib (N=268)	Placebo (N=271)	Quizartinib vs Placebo
Number of subjects in subgroup category, n	166	165	
Number of subjects with events, n (%)	72 (43.4)	79 (47.9)	
95 % CI [a]	(35.7, 51.3)	(40.1, 55.8)	
Odds ratio (95 % CI) [b]			0.83 (0.54, 1.29)
Relative risk (95 % CI) [b]			0.91 (0.72, 1.15)
Absolute risk reduction (95 % CI) [c]			-4.51 (-15.83, 6.82)
p-value [d]			0.3454

N: number of subjects in analysis set; n: number of subjects in subgroup category; %: proportion of number of subjects in subgroup category.
 [a] Exact confidence interval based on Clopper-Pearson method for single proportion.
 [b] Confidence interval is the Wald asymptotic confidence interval. In case of zero cells a correction value of 0.5 is added to each cell frequency of the corresponding 2x2 table.
 [c] Absolute risk reduction is presented on percentage point scale. Confidence interval is the continuity corrected Wald asymptotic confidence interval for the risk differences
 [d] Two-sided p-value based on the Cochran-Mantel-Haenszel test adjusted for randomization stratification factors.[e] Two-sided p-value from Cochran's Q test for heterogeneity of relative risk.
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Medizinischer Nutzen, medizinischer Zusatznutzen, Patientengruppen mit therap. bedeutsamem Zusatznutzen

Daichi Sankyo | Data Intelligence – Evidence Generation | AC220-A-U302 QUANTUM-First (DCO 13 Aug 2021) | Statistical analyses for AMNOG (HTA Germany)
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Age by 2 categories: >60			
	Quizartinib (N=268)	Placebo (N=271)	Quizartinib vs Placebo
Number of subjects in subgroup category, n	102	106	
Number of subjects with events, n (%)	42 (41.2)	53 (50.0)	
95 % CI [a]	(31.5, 51.4)	(40.1, 59.9)	
Odds ratio (95 % CI) [b]			0.70 (0.40, 1.21)
Relative risk (95 % CI) [b]			0.82 (0.61, 1.11)
Absolute risk reduction (95 % CI) [c]			-8.82 (-23.27, 5.62)
p-value [d]			0.2037
Subgroup Interaction p-value [e]			0.6244

N: number of subjects in analysis set; n: number of subjects in subgroup category; %: proportion of number of subjects in subgroup category.
 [a] Exact confidence interval based on Clopper-Pearson method for single proportion.
 [b] Confidence interval is the Wald asymptotic confidence interval. In case of zero cells a correction value of 0.5 is added to each cell frequency of the corresponding 2x2 table.
 [c] Absolute risk reduction is presented on percentage point scale. Confidence interval is the continuity corrected Wald asymptotic confidence interval for the risk differences.
 [d] Two-sided p-value based on the Cochran-Mantel-Haenszel test adjusted for randomization stratification factors.[e] Two-sided p-value from Cochran's Q test for heterogeneity of relative risk.
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Anhang 4-H4b: Komplettremission nach Induktion

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 Table 4.25.2 Complete Remission (without a 42-day window) Dichotomous Endpoints - subgroup analysis - DCO 13-Aug-2021 - Intent to Treat Analysis Set

Pooled Age Group 2: <60			
	Quizartinib (N=268)	Placebo (N=271)	Quizartinib vs Placebo
Number of subjects in subgroup category, n	161	162	
Number of subjects with events, n (%)	90 (55.9)	90 (55.6)	
95 % CI [a]	(47.9, 63.7)	(47.6, 63.4)	
Odds ratio (95 % CI) [b]			1.01 (0.65, 1.57)
Relative risk (95 % CI) [b]			1.01 (0.83, 1.22)
Absolute risk reduction (95 % CI) [c]			0.35 (-11.11, 11.80)
p-value [d]			0.9447

N: number of subjects in analysis set; n: number of subjects in subgroup category; %: proportion of number of subjects in subgroup category.
 [a] Exact confidence interval based on Clopper-Pearson method for single proportion.
 [b] Confidence interval is the Wald asymptotic confidence interval. In case of zero cells a correction value of 0.5 is added to each cell frequency of the corresponding 2x2 table.
 [c] Absolute risk reduction is presented on percentage point scale. Confidence interval is the continuity corrected Wald asymptotic confidence interval for the risk differences
 [d] Two-sided p-value based on the Cochran-Mantel-Haenszel test adjusted for randomization stratification factors.[e] Two-sided p-value from Cochran’s Q test for heterogeneity of relative risk.
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Medizinischer Nutzen, medizinischer Zusatznutzen, Patientengruppen mit therap. bedeutsamem Zusatznutzen

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 Table 4.25.2 Complete Remission (without a 42-day window) Dichotomous Endpoints - subgroup analysis - DCO 13-Aug-2021 - Intent to Treat Analysis Set

Pooled Age Group 2: ≥60 - <65			
	Quizartinib (N=268)	Placebo (N=271)	Quizartinib vs Placebo
Number of subjects in subgroup category, n	37	44	
Number of subjects with events, n (%)	22 (59.5)	25 (56.8)	
95 % CI [a]	(42.1, 75.2)	(41.0, 71.7)	
Odds ratio (95 % CI) [b]			1.11 (0.46, 2.71)
Relative risk (95 % CI) [b]			1.05 (0.72, 1.52)
Absolute risk reduction (95 % CI) [c]			2.64 (-21.40, 26.68)
p-value [d]			0.9442

N: number of subjects in analysis set; n: number of subjects in subgroup category; %: proportion of number of subjects in subgroup category.
 [a] Exact confidence interval based on Clopper-Pearson method for single proportion.
 [b] Confidence interval is the Wald asymptotic confidence interval. In case of zero cells a correction value of 0.5 is added to each cell frequency of the corresponding 2x2 table.
 [c] Absolute risk reduction is presented on percentage point scale. Confidence interval is the continuity corrected Wald asymptotic confidence interval for the risk differences
 [d] Two-sided p-value based on the Cochran-Mantel-Haenszel test adjusted for randomization stratification factors.[e] Two-sided p-value from Cochrane’s Q test for heterogeneity of relative risk.
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Daichi Sankyo | Data Intelligence – Evidence Generation | AC220-A-U302 QUANTUM-First (DCO 13 Aug 2021) | Statistical analyses for AMNOG (HTA Germany)
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Pooled Age Group 2: ≥65			
	Quizartinib (N=268)	Placebo (N=271)	Quizartinib vs Placebo
Number of subjects in subgroup category, n	70	65	
Number of subjects with events, n (%)	35 (50.0)	35 (53.8)	
95 % CI [a]	(37.8, 62.2)	(41.0, 66.3)	
Odds ratio (95 % CI) [b]			0.86 (0.44, 1.69)
Relative risk (95 % CI) [b]			0.93 (0.67, 1.28)
Absolute risk reduction (95 % CI) [c]			-3.85 (-22.18, 14.49)
p-value [d]			0.6676
Subgroup Interaction p-value [e]			0.8790

N: number of subjects in analysis set; n: number of subjects in subgroup category; %: proportion of number of subjects in subgroup category.
 [a] Exact confidence interval based on Clopper-Pearson method for single proportion.
 [b] Confidence interval is the Wald asymptotic confidence interval. In case of zero cells a correction value of 0.5 is added to each cell frequency of the corresponding 2x2 table.
 [c] Absolute risk reduction is presented on percentage point scale. Confidence interval is the continuity corrected Wald asymptotic confidence interval for the risk differences.
 [d] Two-sided p-value based on the Cochran-Mantel-Haenszel test adjusted for randomization stratification factors.[e] Two-sided p-value from Cochran’s Q test for heterogeneity of relative risk.
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Medizinischer Nutzen, medizinischer Zusatznutzen, Patientengruppen mit therap. bedeutsamem Zusatznutzen

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Sex: Male			
	Quizartinib (N=268)	Placebo (N=271)	Quizartinib vs Placebo
Number of subjects in subgroup category, n	124	121	
Number of subjects with events, n (%)	65 (52.4)	60 (49.6)	
95 % CI [a]	(43.3, 61.5)	(40.4, 58.8)	
Odds ratio (95 % CI) [b]			1.12 (0.68, 1.85)
Relative risk (95 % CI) [b]			1.06 (0.83, 1.35)
Absolute risk reduction (95 % CI) [c]			2.83 (-10.50, 16.16)
p-value [d]			0.6885

N: number of subjects in analysis set; n: number of subjects in subgroup category; %: proportion of number of subjects in subgroup category.
[a] Exact confidence interval based on Clopper-Pearson method for single proportion.
[b] Confidence interval is the Wald asymptotic confidence interval. In case of zero cells a correction value of 0.5 is added to each cell frequency of the corresponding 2x2 table.
[c] Absolute risk reduction is presented on percentage point scale. Confidence interval is the continuity corrected Wald asymptotic confidence interval for the risk differences
[d] Two-sided p-value based on the Cochran-Mantel-Haenszel test adjusted for randomization stratification factors.[e] Two-sided p-value from Cochrane's Q test for heterogeneity of relative risk.
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Medizinischer Nutzen, medizinischer Zusatznutzen, Patientengruppen mit therap. bedeutsamem Zusatznutzen

Daichi Sankyo | Data Intelligence – Evidence Generation | AC220-A-U302 QUANTUM-First (DCO 13 Aug 2021) | Statistical analyses for AMNOG (HTA Germany)
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Sex: Female			
	Quizartinib (N=268)	Placebo (N=271)	Quizartinib vs Placebo
Number of subjects in subgroup category, n	144	150	
Number of subjects with events, n (%)	82 (56.9)	90 (60.0)	
95 % CI [a]	(48.4, 65.2)	(51.7, 67.9)	
Odds ratio (95 % CI) [b]			0.88 (0.55, 1.40)
Relative risk (95 % CI) [b]			0.95 (0.78, 1.15)
Absolute risk reduction (95 % CI) [c]			-3.06 (-15.00, 8.89)
p-value [d]			0.5747
Subgroup Interaction p-value [e]			0.4989

N: number of subjects in analysis set; n: number of subjects in subgroup category; %: proportion of number of subjects in subgroup category.
 [a] Exact confidence interval based on Clopper-Pearson method for single proportion.
 [b] Confidence interval is the Wald asymptotic confidence interval. In case of zero cells a correction value of 0.5 is added to each cell frequency of the corresponding 2x2 table.
 [c] Absolute risk reduction is presented on percentage point scale. Confidence interval is the continuity corrected Wald asymptotic confidence interval for the risk differences
 [d] Two-sided p-value based on the Cochran-Mantel-Haenszel test adjusted for randomization stratification factors.[e] Two-sided p-value from Cochran’s Q test for heterogeneity of relative risk.
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Medizinischer Nutzen, medizinischer Zusatznutzen, Patientengruppen mit therap. bedeutsamem Zusatznutzen

Daiichi Sankyo | Data Intelligence – Evidence Generation | AC220-A-U302 QUANTUM-First (DCO 13 Aug 2021) | Statistical analyses for AMNOG (HTA Germany)
 Table 4.25.2 Complete Remission (without a 42-day window) Dichotomous Endpoints - subgroup analysis - DCO 13-Aug-2021 - Intent to Treat Analysis Set

Race by 2 categories: White			
	Quizartinib (N=268)	Placebo (N=271)	Quizartinib vs Placebo
Number of subjects in subgroup category, n	159	163	
Number of subjects with events, n (%)	86 (54.1)	90 (55.2)	
95 % CI [a]	(46.0, 62.0)	(47.2, 63.0)	
Odds ratio (95 % CI) [b]			0.96 (0.62, 1.48)
Relative risk (95 % CI) [b]			0.98 (0.80, 1.20)
Absolute risk reduction (95 % CI) [c]			-1.13 (-12.62, 10.37)
p-value [d]			0.9380

N: number of subjects in analysis set; n: number of subjects in subgroup category; %: proportion of number of subjects in subgroup category.
 [a] Exact confidence interval based on Clopper-Pearson method for single proportion.
 [b] Confidence interval is the Wald asymptotic confidence interval. In case of zero cells a correction value of 0.5 is added to each cell frequency of the corresponding 2x2 table.
 [c] Absolute risk reduction is presented on percentage point scale. Confidence interval is the continuity corrected Wald asymptotic confidence interval for the risk differences
 [d] Two-sided p-value based on the Cochran-Mantel-Haenszel test adjusted for randomization stratification factors.[e] Two-sided p-value from Cochrane’s Q test for heterogeneity of relative risk.
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Medizinischer Nutzen, medizinischer Zusatznutzen, Patientengruppen mit therap. bedeutsamem Zusatznutzen

Daichi Sankyo | Data Intelligence – Evidence Generation | AC220-A-U302 QUANTUM-First (DCO 13 Aug 2021) | Statistical analyses for AMNOG (HTA Germany)
 Table 4.25.2 Complete Remission (without a 42-day window) Dichotomous Endpoints - subgroup analysis - DCO 13-Aug-2021 - Intent to Treat Analysis Set

Race by 2 categories: Non-white			
	Quizartinib (N=268)	Placebo (N=271)	Quizartinib vs Placebo
Number of subjects in subgroup category, n	109	108	
Number of subjects with events, n (%)	61 (56.0)	60 (55.6)	
95 % CI [a]	(46.1, 65.5)	(45.7, 65.1)	
Odds ratio (95 % CI) [b]			1.02 (0.59, 1.74)
Relative risk (95 % CI) [b]			1.01 (0.79, 1.28)
Absolute risk reduction (95 % CI) [c]			0.41 (-13.73, 14.55)
p-value [d]			0.8928
Subgroup Interaction p-value [e]			0.8596

N: number of subjects in analysis set; n: number of subjects in subgroup category; %: proportion of number of subjects in subgroup category.
 [a] Exact confidence interval based on Clopper-Pearson method for single proportion.
 [b] Confidence interval is the Wald asymptotic confidence interval. In case of zero cells a correction value of 0.5 is added to each cell frequency of the corresponding 2x2 table.
 [c] Absolute risk reduction is presented on percentage point scale. Confidence interval is the continuity corrected Wald asymptotic confidence interval for the risk differences.
 [d] Two-sided p-value based on the Cochran-Mantel-Haenszel test adjusted for randomization stratification factors.[e] Two-sided p-value from Cochran's Q test for heterogeneity of relative risk.
 Data source: \\AC220-A-U302\Production\Raw Data_Restricted\rstret_eg\rstret_20211102_eg\rstret_valos\20230516_AMNOG\ADAM\
 Run date: 22DEC2023 – 17:14; Program name: DE_T_4_23_2_DE_sub.sas; Output name: DE_T_4_25_2_CR2_DE_SUB_ITT.rtf

Medizinischer Nutzen, medizinischer Zusatznutzen, Patientengruppen mit therap. bedeutsamem Zusatznutzen

Daiichi Sankyo | Data Intelligence – Evidence Generation | AC220-A-U302 QUANTUM-First (DCO 13 Aug 2021) | Statistical analyses for AMNOG (HTA Germany)
 Table 4.25.2 Complete Remission (without a 42-day window) Dichotomous Endpoints - subgroup analysis - DCO 13-Aug-2021 - Intent to Treat Analysis Set

Geographic Region 1: North America			
	Quizartinib (N=268)	Placebo (N=271)	Quizartinib vs Placebo
Number of subjects in subgroup category, n	16	18	
Number of subjects with events, n (%)	7 (43.8)	12 (66.7)	
95 % CI [a]	(19.8, 70.1)	(41.0, 86.7)	
Odds ratio (95 % CI) [b]			0.39 (0.10, 1.56)
Relative risk (95 % CI) [b]			0.66 (0.34, 1.25)
Absolute risk reduction (95 % CI) [c]			-22.92 (-61.46, 15.62)
p-value [d]			0.1990

N: number of subjects in analysis set; n: number of subjects in subgroup category; %: proportion of number of subjects in subgroup category.
 [a] Exact confidence interval based on Clopper-Pearson method for single proportion.
 [b] Confidence interval is the Wald asymptotic confidence interval. In case of zero cells a correction value of 0.5 is added to each cell frequency of the corresponding 2x2 table.
 [c] Absolute risk reduction is presented on percentage point scale. Confidence interval is the continuity corrected Wald asymptotic confidence interval for the risk differences
 [d] Two-sided p-value based on the Cochran-Mantel-Haenszel test adjusted for randomization stratification factors.[e] Two-sided p-value from Cochrane’s Q test for heterogeneity of relative risk.
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Medizinischer Nutzen, medizinischer Zusatznutzen, Patientengruppen mit therap. bedeutsamem Zusatznutzen

Daiichi Sankyo | Data Intelligence – Evidence Generation | AC220-A-U302 QUANTUM-First (DCO 13 Aug 2021) | Statistical analyses for AMNOG (HTA Germany)
 Table 4.25.2 Complete Remission (without a 42-day window) Dichotomous Endpoints - subgroup analysis - DCO 13-Aug-2021 - Intent to Treat Analysis Set

Geographic Region 1: Europe			
	Quizartinib (N=268)	Placebo (N=271)	Quizartinib vs Placebo
Number of subjects in subgroup category, n	163	163	
Number of subjects with events, n (%)	94 (57.7)	87 (53.4)	
95 % CI [a]	(49.7, 65.4)	(45.4, 61.2)	
Odds ratio (95 % CI) [b]			1.19 (0.77, 1.84)
Relative risk (95 % CI) [b]			1.08 (0.89, 1.31)
Absolute risk reduction (95 % CI) [c]			4.29 (-7.10, 15.69)
p-value [d]			0.4400

N: number of subjects in analysis set; n: number of subjects in subgroup category; %: proportion of number of subjects in subgroup category.
 [a] Exact confidence interval based on Clopper-Pearson method for single proportion.
 [b] Confidence interval is the Wald asymptotic confidence interval. In case of zero cells a correction value of 0.5 is added to each cell frequency of the corresponding 2x2 table.
 [c] Absolute risk reduction is presented on percentage point scale. Confidence interval is the continuity corrected Wald asymptotic confidence interval for the risk differences
 [d] Two-sided p-value based on the Cochran-Mantel-Haenszel test adjusted for randomization stratification factors.[e] Two-sided p-value from Cochran's Q test for heterogeneity of relative risk.
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Medizinischer Nutzen, medizinischer Zusatznutzen, Patientengruppen mit therap. bedeutsamem Zusatznutzen

Daiichi Sankyo | Data Intelligence – Evidence Generation | AC220-A-U302 QUANTUM-First (DCO 13 Aug 2021) | Statistical analyses for AMNOG (HTA Germany)
 Table 4.25.2 Complete Remission (without a 42-day window) Dichotomous Endpoints - subgroup analysis - DCO 13-Aug-2021 - Intent to Treat Analysis Set

Geographic Region 1: Asia/Other Regions			
	Quizartinib (N=268)	Placebo (N=271)	Quizartinib vs Placebo
Number of subjects in subgroup category, n	89	90	
Number of subjects with events, n (%)	46 (51.7)	51 (56.7)	
95 % CI [a]	(40.8, 62.4)	(45.8, 67.1)	
Odds ratio (95 % CI) [b]			0.82 (0.45, 1.47)
Relative risk (95 % CI) [b]			0.91 (0.70, 1.20)
Absolute risk reduction (95 % CI) [c]			-4.98 (-20.68, 10.72)
p-value [d]			0.5102
Subgroup Interaction p-value [e]			0.2607

N: number of subjects in analysis set; n: number of subjects in subgroup category; %: proportion of number of subjects in subgroup category.
 [a] Exact confidence interval based on Clopper-Pearson method for single proportion.
 [b] Confidence interval is the Wald asymptotic confidence interval. In case of zero cells a correction value of 0.5 is added to each cell frequency of the corresponding 2x2 table.
 [c] Absolute risk reduction is presented on percentage point scale. Confidence interval is the continuity corrected Wald asymptotic confidence interval for the risk differences.
 [d] Two-sided p-value based on the Cochran-Mantel-Haenszel test adjusted for randomization stratification factors.[e] Two-sided p-value from Cochran's Q test for heterogeneity of relative risk.
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Medizinischer Nutzen, medizinischer Zusatznutzen, Patientengruppen mit therap. bedeutsamem Zusatznutzen

Daiichi Sankyo | Data Intelligence – Evidence Generation | AC220-A-U302 QUANTUM-First (DCO 13 Aug 2021) | Statistical analyses for AMNOG (HTA Germany)
 Table 4.25.2 Complete Remission (without a 42-day window) Dichotomous Endpoints - subgroup analysis - DCO 13-Aug-2021 - Intent to Treat Analysis Set

WBC at initial diagnosis: < 40x10 ⁹ /L			
	Quizartinib (N=268)	Placebo (N=271)	Quizartinib vs Placebo
Number of subjects in subgroup category, n	132	135	
Number of subjects with events, n (%)	66 (50.0)	74 (54.8)	
95 % CI [a]	(41.2, 58.8)	(46.0, 63.4)	
Odds ratio (95 % CI) [b]			0.82 (0.51, 1.33)
Relative risk (95 % CI) [b]			0.91 (0.73, 1.15)
Absolute risk reduction (95 % CI) [c]			-4.81 (-17.53, 7.90)
p-value [d]			0.4459

N: number of subjects in analysis set; n: number of subjects in subgroup category; %: proportion of number of subjects in subgroup category.
 [a] Exact confidence interval based on Clopper-Pearson method for single proportion.
 [b] Confidence interval is the Wald asymptotic confidence interval. In case of zero cells a correction value of 0.5 is added to each cell frequency of the corresponding 2x2 table.
 [c] Absolute risk reduction is presented on percentage point scale. Confidence interval is the continuity corrected Wald asymptotic confidence interval for the risk differences
 [d] Two-sided p-value based on the Cochran-Mantel-Haenszel test adjusted for randomization stratification factors.[e] Two-sided p-value from Cochrane's Q test for heterogeneity of relative risk.
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Medizinischer Nutzen, medizinischer Zusatznutzen, Patientengruppen mit therap. bedeutsamem Zusatznutzen

Daiichi Sankyo | Data Intelligence – Evidence Generation | AC220-A-U302 QUANTUM-First (DCO 13 Aug 2021) | Statistical analyses for AMNOG (HTA Germany)
 Table 4.25.2 Complete Remission (without a 42-day window) Dichotomous Endpoints - subgroup analysis - DCO 13-Aug-2021 - Intent to Treat Analysis Set

WBC at initial diagnosis: $\geq 40 \times 10^9/L$			
	Quizartinib (N=268)	Placebo (N=271)	Quizartinib vs Placebo
Number of subjects in subgroup category, n	136	136	
Number of subjects with events, n (%)	81 (59.6)	76 (55.9)	
95 % CI [a]	(50.8, 67.9)	(47.1, 64.4)	
Odds ratio (95 % CI) [b]			1.16 (0.72, 1.88)
Relative risk (95 % CI) [b]			1.07 (0.87, 1.31)
Absolute risk reduction (95 % CI) [c]			3.68 (-8.79, 16.15)
p-value [d]			0.5447
Subgroup Interaction p-value [e]			0.3198

N: number of subjects in analysis set; n: number of subjects in subgroup category; %: proportion of number of subjects in subgroup category.
 [a] Exact confidence interval based on Clopper-Pearson method for single proportion.
 [b] Confidence interval is the Wald asymptotic confidence interval. In case of zero cells a correction value of 0.5 is added to each cell frequency of the corresponding 2x2 table.
 [c] Absolute risk reduction is presented on percentage point scale. Confidence interval is the continuity corrected Wald asymptotic confidence interval for the risk differences
 [d] Two-sided p-value based on the Cochran-Mantel-Haenszel test adjusted for randomization stratification factors.[e] Two-sided p-value from Cochran's Q test for heterogeneity of relative risk.
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Medizinischer Nutzen, medizinischer Zusatznutzen, Patientengruppen mit therap. bedeutsamem Zusatznutzen

Daiichi Sankyo | Data Intelligence – Evidence Generation | AC220-A-U302 QUANTUM-First (DCO 13 Aug 2021) | Statistical analyses for AMNOG (HTA Germany)
 Table 4.25.2 Complete Remission (without a 42-day window) Dichotomous Endpoints - subgroup analysis - DCO 13-Aug-2021 - Intent to Treat Analysis Set

Choice of Anthracycline: Daunorubicin			
	Quizartinib (N=268)	Placebo (N=271)	Quizartinib vs Placebo
Number of subjects in subgroup category, n	124	95	
Number of subjects with events, n (%)	69 (55.6)	53 (55.8)	
95 % CI [a]	(46.5, 64.6)	(45.2, 66.0)	
Odds ratio (95 % CI) [b]			0.99 (0.58, 1.70)
Relative risk (95 % CI) [b]			1.00 (0.79, 1.27)
Absolute risk reduction (95 % CI) [c]			-0.14 (-14.35, 14.06)
p-value [d]			0.9584

N: number of subjects in analysis set; n: number of subjects in subgroup category; %: proportion of number of subjects in subgroup category.
 [a] Exact confidence interval based on Clopper-Pearson method for single proportion.
 [b] Confidence interval is the Wald asymptotic confidence interval. In case of zero cells a correction value of 0.5 is added to each cell frequency of the corresponding 2x2 table.
 [c] Absolute risk reduction is presented on percentage point scale. Confidence interval is the continuity corrected Wald asymptotic confidence interval for the risk differences
 [d] Two-sided p-value based on the Cochran-Mantel-Haenszel test adjusted for randomization stratification factors.[e] Two-sided p-value from Cochran's Q test for heterogeneity of relative risk.
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Medizinischer Nutzen, medizinischer Zusatznutzen, Patientengruppen mit therap. bedeutsamem Zusatznutzen

Daichi Sankyo | Data Intelligence – Evidence Generation | AC220-A-U302 QUANTUM-First (DCO 13 Aug 2021) | Statistical analyses for AMNOG (HTA Germany)
 Table 4.25.2 Complete Remission (without a 42-day window) Dichotomous Endpoints - subgroup analysis - DCO 13-Aug-2021 - Intent to Treat Analysis Set

Choice of Anthracycline: Idarubicin			
	Quizartinib (N=268)	Placebo (N=271)	Quizartinib vs Placebo
Number of subjects in subgroup category, n	144	173	
Number of subjects with events, n (%)	78 (54.2)	96 (55.5)	
95 % CI [a]	(45.7, 62.5)	(47.8, 63.0)	
Odds ratio (95 % CI) [b]			0.95 (0.61, 1.48)
Relative risk (95 % CI) [b]			0.98 (0.80, 1.19)
Absolute risk reduction (95 % CI) [c]			-1.32 (-12.96, 10.31)
p-value [d]			0.8751
Subgroup Interaction p-value [e]			0.8921

N: number of subjects in analysis set; n: number of subjects in subgroup category; %: proportion of number of subjects in subgroup category.
 [a] Exact confidence interval based on Clopper-Pearson method for single proportion.
 [b] Confidence interval is the Wald asymptotic confidence interval. In case of zero cells a correction value of 0.5 is added to each cell frequency of the corresponding 2x2 table.
 [c] Absolute risk reduction is presented on percentage point scale. Confidence interval is the continuity corrected Wald asymptotic confidence interval for the risk differences
 [d] Two-sided p-value based on the Cochran-Mantel-Haenszel test adjusted for randomization stratification factors.[e] Two-sided p-value from Cochran’s Q test for heterogeneity of relative risk.
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Medizinischer Nutzen, medizinischer Zusatznutzen, Patientengruppen mit therap. bedeutsamem Zusatznutzen

Daiichi Sankyo | Data Intelligence – Evidence Generation | AC220-A-U302 QUANTUM-First (DCO 13 Aug 2021) | Statistical analyses for AMNOG (HTA Germany)
 Table 4.25.2 Complete Remission (without a 42-day window) Dichotomous Endpoints - subgroup analysis - DCO 13-Aug-2021 - Intent to Treat Analysis Set

AML Cytogenetic Risk Score: Favorable			
	Quizartinib (N=268)	Placebo (N=271)	Quizartinib vs Placebo
Number of subjects in subgroup category, n	14	19	
Number of subjects with events, n (%)	5 (35.7)	11 (57.9)	
95 % CI [a]	(12.8, 64.9)	(33.5, 79.7)	
Odds ratio (95 % CI) [b]			0.40 (0.10, 1.68)
Relative risk (95 % CI) [b]			0.62 (0.28, 1.37)
Absolute risk reduction (95 % CI) [c]			-22.18 (-61.89, 17.53)
p-value [d]			0.2683

N: number of subjects in analysis set; n: number of subjects in subgroup category; %: proportion of number of subjects in subgroup category.
 [a] Exact confidence interval based on Clopper-Pearson method for single proportion.
 [b] Confidence interval is the Wald asymptotic confidence interval. In case of zero cells a correction value of 0.5 is added to each cell frequency of the corresponding 2x2 table.
 [c] Absolute risk reduction is presented on percentage point scale. Confidence interval is the continuity corrected Wald asymptotic confidence interval for the risk differences
 [d] Two-sided p-value based on the Cochran-Mantel-Haenszel test adjusted for randomization stratification factors.[e] Two-sided p-value from Cochran's Q test for heterogeneity of relative risk.
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Medizinischer Nutzen, medizinischer Zusatznutzen, Patientengruppen mit therap. bedeutsamem Zusatznutzen

Daiichi Sankyo | Data Intelligence – Evidence Generation | AC220-A-U302 QUANTUM-First (DCO 13 Aug 2021) | Statistical analyses for AMNOG (HTA Germany)
Table 4.25.2 Complete Remission (without a 42-day window) Dichotomous Endpoints - subgroup analysis - DCO 13-Aug-2021 - Intent to Treat Analysis Set

AML Cytogenetic Risk Score: Intermediate

	Quizartinib (N=268)	Placebo (N=271)	Quizartinib vs Placebo
Number of subjects in subgroup category, n	197	193	
Number of subjects with events, n (%)	112 (56.9)	105 (54.4)	
95 % CI [a]	(49.6, 63.9)	(47.1, 61.6)	
Odds ratio (95 % CI) [b]			1.10 (0.74, 1.65)
Relative risk (95 % CI) [b]			1.05 (0.88, 1.25)
Absolute risk reduction (95 % CI) [c]			2.45 (-7.92, 12.82)
p-value [d]			0.6192

N: number of subjects in analysis set; n: number of subjects in subgroup category; %: proportion of number of subjects in subgroup category.
[a] Exact confidence interval based on Clopper-Pearson method for single proportion.
[b] Confidence interval is the Wald asymptotic confidence interval. In case of zero cells a correction value of 0.5 is added to each cell frequency of the corresponding 2x2 table.
[c] Absolute risk reduction is presented on percentage point scale. Confidence interval is the continuity corrected Wald asymptotic confidence interval for the risk differences
[d] Two-sided p-value based on the Cochran-Mantel-Haenszel test adjusted for randomization stratification factors.[e] Two-sided p-value from Cochrane's Q test for heterogeneity of relative risk.
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Medizinischer Nutzen, medizinischer Zusatznutzen, Patientengruppen mit therap. bedeutsamem Zusatznutzen

Daiichi Sankyo | Data Intelligence – Evidence Generation | AC220-A-U302 QUANTUM-First (DCO 13 Aug 2021) | Statistical analyses for AMNOG (HTA Germany)
 Table 4.25.2 Complete Remission (without a 42-day window) Dichotomous Endpoints - subgroup analysis - DCO 13-Aug-2021 - Intent to Treat Analysis Set

AML Cytogenetic Risk Score: Unfavorable			
	Quizartinib (N=268)	Placebo (N=271)	Quizartinib vs Placebo
Number of subjects in subgroup category, n	19	27	
Number of subjects with events, n (%)	9 (47.4)	14 (51.9)	
95 % CI [a]	(24.4, 71.1)	(31.9, 71.3)	
Odds ratio (95 % CI) [b]			0.84 (0.26, 2.71)
Relative risk (95 % CI) [b]			0.91 (0.50, 1.66)
Absolute risk reduction (95 % CI) [c]			-4.48 (-38.28, 29.31)
p-value [d]			0.6690

N: number of subjects in analysis set; n: number of subjects in subgroup category; %: proportion of number of subjects in subgroup category.
 [a] Exact confidence interval based on Clopper-Pearson method for single proportion.
 [b] Confidence interval is the Wald asymptotic confidence interval. In case of zero cells a correction value of 0.5 is added to each cell frequency of the corresponding 2x2 table.
 [c] Absolute risk reduction is presented on percentage point scale. Confidence interval is the continuity corrected Wald asymptotic confidence interval for the risk differences
 [d] Two-sided p-value based on the Cochran-Mantel-Haenszel test adjusted for randomization stratification factors.[e] Two-sided p-value from Cochran's Q test for heterogeneity of relative risk.
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Medizinischer Nutzen, medizinischer Zusatznutzen, Patientengruppen mit therap. bedeutsamem Zusatznutzen

Daichi Sankyo | Data Intelligence – Evidence Generation | AC220-A-U302 QUANTUM-First (DCO 13 Aug 2021) | Statistical analyses for AMNOG (HTA Germany)
 Table 4.25.2 Complete Remission (without a 42-day window) Dichotomous Endpoints - subgroup analysis - DCO 13-Aug-2021 - Intent to Treat Analysis Set

AML Cytogenetic Risk Score: Unknown			
	Quizartinib (N=268)	Placebo (N=271)	Quizartinib vs Placebo
Number of subjects in subgroup category, n	38	31	
Number of subjects with events, n (%)	21 (55.3)	19 (61.3)	
95 % CI [a]	(38.3, 71.4)	(42.2, 78.2)	
Odds ratio (95 % CI) [b]			0.78 (0.30, 2.05)
Relative risk (95 % CI) [b]			0.90 (0.60, 1.35)
Absolute risk reduction (95 % CI) [c]			-6.03 (-32.28, 20.22)
p-value [d]			0.8095
Subgroup Interaction p-value [e]			0.5777

N: number of subjects in analysis set; n: number of subjects in subgroup category; %: proportion of number of subjects in subgroup category.
 [a] Exact confidence interval based on Clopper-Pearson method for single proportion.
 [b] Confidence interval is the Wald asymptotic confidence interval. In case of zero cells a correction value of 0.5 is added to each cell frequency of the corresponding 2x2 table.
 [c] Absolute risk reduction is presented on percentage point scale. Confidence interval is the continuity corrected Wald asymptotic confidence interval for the risk differences
 [d] Two-sided p-value based on the Cochran-Mantel-Haenszel test adjusted for randomization stratification factors.[e] Two-sided p-value from Cochran’s Q test for heterogeneity of relative risk.
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Medizinischer Nutzen, medizinischer Zusatznutzen, Patientengruppen mit therap. bedeutsamem Zusatznutzen

Daiichi Sankyo | Data Intelligence – Evidence Generation | AC220-A-U302 QUANTUM-First (DCO 13 Aug 2021) | Statistical analyses for AMNOG (HTA Germany)
 Table 4.25.2 Complete Remission (without a 42-day window) Dichotomous Endpoints - subgroup analysis - DCO 13-Aug-2021 - Intent to Treat Analysis Set

ECOG Performance Status at Baseline: 0 - Fully Active			
	Quizartinib (N=268)	Placebo (N=271)	Quizartinib vs Placebo
Number of subjects in subgroup category, n	87	98	
Number of subjects with events, n (%)	52 (59.8)	55 (56.1)	
95 % CI [a]	(48.7, 70.1)	(45.7, 66.1)	
Odds ratio (95 % CI) [b]			1.16 (0.65, 2.09)
Relative risk (95 % CI) [b]			1.06 (0.83, 1.36)
Absolute risk reduction (95 % CI) [c]			3.65 (-11.67, 18.97)
p-value [d]			0.5435

N: number of subjects in analysis set; n: number of subjects in subgroup category; %: proportion of number of subjects in subgroup category.
 [a] Exact confidence interval based on Clopper-Pearson method for single proportion.
 [b] Confidence interval is the Wald asymptotic confidence interval. In case of zero cells a correction value of 0.5 is added to each cell frequency of the corresponding 2x2 table.
 [c] Absolute risk reduction is presented on percentage point scale. Confidence interval is the continuity corrected Wald asymptotic confidence interval for the risk differences
 [d] Two-sided p-value based on the Cochran-Mantel-Haenszel test adjusted for randomization stratification factors.[e] Two-sided p-value from Cochran's Q test for heterogeneity of relative risk.
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Medizinischer Nutzen, medizinischer Zusatznutzen, Patientengruppen mit therap. bedeutsamem Zusatznutzen

Daiichi Sankyo | Data Intelligence – Evidence Generation | AC220-A-U302 QUANTUM-First (DCO 13 Aug 2021) | Statistical analyses for AMNOG (HTA Germany)
 Table 4.25.2 Complete Remission (without a 42-day window) Dichotomous Endpoints - subgroup analysis - DCO 13-Aug-2021 - Intent to Treat Analysis Set

ECOG Performance Status at Baseline: 1 - Restricted in Physically Strenuous Activity			
	Quizartinib (N=268)	Placebo (N=271)	Quizartinib vs Placebo
Number of subjects in subgroup category, n	134	136	
Number of subjects with events, n (%)	68 (50.7)	75 (55.1)	
95 % CI [a]	(42.0, 59.5)	(46.4, 63.7)	
Odds ratio (95 % CI) [b]			0.84 (0.52, 1.35)
Relative risk (95 % CI) [b]			0.92 (0.73, 1.15)
Absolute risk reduction (95 % CI) [c]			-4.40 (-17.04, 8.24)
p-value [d]			0.4423

N: number of subjects in analysis set; n: number of subjects in subgroup category; %: proportion of number of subjects in subgroup category.
 [a] Exact confidence interval based on Clopper-Pearson method for single proportion.
 [b] Confidence interval is the Wald asymptotic confidence interval. In case of zero cells a correction value of 0.5 is added to each cell frequency of the corresponding 2x2 table.
 [c] Absolute risk reduction is presented on percentage point scale. Confidence interval is the continuity corrected Wald asymptotic confidence interval for the risk differences
 [d] Two-sided p-value based on the Cochran-Mantel-Haenszel test adjusted for randomization stratification factors.[e] Two-sided p-value from Cochran's Q test for heterogeneity of relative risk.
 Data source: \\AC220-A-U302\Production\Raw Data_Restricted\rstret_eg\rstret_20211102_eg\rstret_valos\20230516_AMNOG\ADAM\
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Medizinischer Nutzen, medizinischer Zusatznutzen, Patientengruppen mit therap. bedeutsamem Zusatznutzen

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 Table 4.25.2 Complete Remission (without a 42-day window) Dichotomous Endpoints - subgroup analysis - DCO 13-Aug-2021 - Intent to Treat Analysis Set

ECOG Performance Status at Baseline: 2 - Ambulatory and Capable of All Selfcare			
	Quizartinib (N=268)	Placebo (N=271)	Quizartinib vs Placebo
Number of subjects in subgroup category, n	47	36	
Number of subjects with events, n (%)	27 (57.4)	20 (55.6)	
95 % CI [a]	(42.2, 71.7)	(38.1, 72.1)	
Odds ratio (95 % CI) [b]			1.08 (0.45, 2.59)
Relative risk (95 % CI) [b]			1.03 (0.71, 1.52)
Absolute risk reduction (95 % CI) [c]			1.89 (-22.09, 25.87)
p-value [d]			0.7835
Subgroup Interaction p-value [e]			0.6727

N: number of subjects in analysis set; n: number of subjects in subgroup category; %: proportion of number of subjects in subgroup category.
 [a] Exact confidence interval based on Clopper-Pearson method for single proportion.
 [b] Confidence interval is the Wald asymptotic confidence interval. In case of zero cells a correction value of 0.5 is added to each cell frequency of the corresponding 2x2 table.
 [c] Absolute risk reduction is presented on percentage point scale. Confidence interval is the continuity corrected Wald asymptotic confidence interval for the risk differences
 [d] Two-sided p-value based on the Cochran-Mantel-Haenszel test adjusted for randomization stratification factors.[e] Two-sided p-value from Cochran's Q test for heterogeneity of relative risk.
 Data source: \\AC220-A-U302\Production\Raw Data_Restricted\rstrct_eg\rstrct_20211102_eg\rstrct_valos\20230516_AMNOG\ADAM\
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Medizinischer Nutzen, medizinischer Zusatznutzen, Patientengruppen mit therap. bedeutsamem Zusatznutzen

Daiichi Sankyo | Data Intelligence – Evidence Generation | AC220-A-U302 QUANTUM-First (DCO 13 Aug 2021) | Statistical analyses for AMNOG (HTA Germany)
 Table 4.25.2 Complete Remission (without a 42-day window) Dichotomous Endpoints - subgroup analysis - DCO 13-Aug-2021 - Intent to Treat Analysis Set

FLT3-ITD category at Baseline: ≥ 3 to $\leq 25\%$			
	Quizartinib (N=268)	Placebo (N=271)	Quizartinib vs Placebo
Number of subjects in subgroup category, n	94	98	
Number of subjects with events, n (%)	46 (48.9)	50 (51.0)	
95 % CI [a]	(38.5, 59.5)	(40.7, 61.3)	
Odds ratio (95 % CI) [b]			0.92 (0.52, 1.62)
Relative risk (95 % CI) [b]			0.96 (0.72, 1.27)
Absolute risk reduction (95 % CI) [c]			-2.08 (-17.27, 13.10)
p-value [d]			0.6814

N: number of subjects in analysis set; n: number of subjects in subgroup category; %: proportion of number of subjects in subgroup category.
 [a] Exact confidence interval based on Clopper-Pearson method for single proportion.
 [b] Confidence interval is the Wald asymptotic confidence interval. In case of zero cells a correction value of 0.5 is added to each cell frequency of the corresponding 2x2 table.
 [c] Absolute risk reduction is presented on percentage point scale. Confidence interval is the continuity corrected Wald asymptotic confidence interval for the risk differences
 [d] Two-sided p-value based on the Cochran-Mantel-Haenszel test adjusted for randomization stratification factors.[e] Two-sided p-value from Cochran's Q test for heterogeneity of relative risk.
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Medizinischer Nutzen, medizinischer Zusatznutzen, Patientengruppen mit therap. bedeutsamem Zusatznutzen

Daiichi Sankyo | Data Intelligence – Evidence Generation | AC220-A-U302 QUANTUM-First (DCO 13 Aug 2021) | Statistical analyses for AMNOG (HTA Germany)
 Table 4.25.2 Complete Remission (without a 42-day window) Dichotomous Endpoints - subgroup analysis - DCO 13-Aug-2021 - Intent to Treat Analysis Set

FLT3-ITD category at Baseline: >25% to ≤50%			
	Quizartinib (N=268)	Placebo (N=271)	Quizartinib vs Placebo
Number of subjects in subgroup category, n	143	138	
Number of subjects with events, n (%)	82 (57.3)	83 (60.1)	
95 % CI [a]	(48.8, 65.6)	(51.5, 68.4)	
Odds ratio (95 % CI) [b]			0.89 (0.55, 1.43)
Relative risk (95 % CI) [b]			0.95 (0.78, 1.16)
Absolute risk reduction (95 % CI) [c]			-2.80 (-15.02, 9.42)
p-value [d]			0.7258

N: number of subjects in analysis set; n: number of subjects in subgroup category; %: proportion of number of subjects in subgroup category.
 [a] Exact confidence interval based on Clopper-Pearson method for single proportion.
 [b] Confidence interval is the Wald asymptotic confidence interval. In case of zero cells a correction value of 0.5 is added to each cell frequency of the corresponding 2x2 table.
 [c] Absolute risk reduction is presented on percentage point scale. Confidence interval is the continuity corrected Wald asymptotic confidence interval for the risk differences
 [d] Two-sided p-value based on the Cochran-Mantel-Haenszel test adjusted for randomization stratification factors.[e] Two-sided p-value from Cochran’s Q test for heterogeneity of relative risk.
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Medizinischer Nutzen, medizinischer Zusatznutzen, Patientengruppen mit therap. bedeutsamem Zusatznutzen

Daichi Sankyo | Data Intelligence – Evidence Generation | AC220-A-U302 QUANTUM-First (DCO 13 Aug 2021) | Statistical analyses for AMNOG (HTA Germany)
 Table 4.25.2 Complete Remission (without a 42-day window) Dichotomous Endpoints - subgroup analysis - DCO 13-Aug-2021 - Intent to Treat Analysis Set

FLT3-ITD category at Baseline: >50%			
	Quizartinib (N=268)	Placebo (N=271)	Quizartinib vs Placebo
Number of subjects in subgroup category, n	30	35	
Number of subjects with events, n (%)	19 (63.3)	17 (48.6)	
95 % CI [a]	(43.9, 80.1)	(31.4, 66.0)	
Odds ratio (95 % CI) [b]			1.83 (0.68, 4.95)
Relative risk (95 % CI) [b]			1.30 (0.84, 2.02)
Absolute risk reduction (95 % CI) [c]			14.76 (-12.24, 41.76)
p-value [d]			0.3161
Subgroup Interaction p-value [e]			0.4231

N: number of subjects in analysis set; n: number of subjects in subgroup category; %: proportion of number of subjects in subgroup category.
 [a] Exact confidence interval based on Clopper-Pearson method for single proportion.
 [b] Confidence interval is the Wald asymptotic confidence interval. In case of zero cells a correction value of 0.5 is added to each cell frequency of the corresponding 2x2 table.
 [c] Absolute risk reduction is presented on percentage point scale. Confidence interval is the continuity corrected Wald asymptotic confidence interval for the risk differences
 [d] Two-sided p-value based on the Cochran-Mantel-Haenszel test adjusted for randomization stratification factors.[e] Two-sided p-value from Cochran’s Q test for heterogeneity of relative risk.
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Medizinischer Nutzen, medizinischer Zusatznutzen, Patientengruppen mit therap. bedeutsamem Zusatznutzen

Daiichi Sankyo | Data Intelligence – Evidence Generation | AC220-A-U302 QUANTUM-First (DCO 13 Aug 2021) | Statistical analyses for AMNOG (HTA Germany)
 Table 4.25.2 Complete Remission (without a 42-day window) Dichotomous Endpoints - subgroup analysis - DCO 13-Aug-2021 - Intent to Treat Analysis Set

AML with Mutated NPM1: Yes			
	Quizartinib (N=268)	Placebo (N=271)	Quizartinib vs Placebo
Number of subjects in subgroup category, n	142	140	
Number of subjects with events, n (%)	98 (69.0)	97 (69.3)	
95 % CI [a]	(60.7, 76.5)	(60.9, 76.8)	
Odds ratio (95 % CI) [b]			0.99 (0.60, 1.64)
Relative risk (95 % CI) [b]			1.00 (0.85, 1.16)
Absolute risk reduction (95 % CI) [c]			-0.27 (-11.76, 11.22)
p-value [d]			0.9669

N: number of subjects in analysis set; n: number of subjects in subgroup category; %: proportion of number of subjects in subgroup category.
 [a] Exact confidence interval based on Clopper-Pearson method for single proportion.
 [b] Confidence interval is the Wald asymptotic confidence interval. In case of zero cells a correction value of 0.5 is added to each cell frequency of the corresponding 2x2 table.
 [c] Absolute risk reduction is presented on percentage point scale. Confidence interval is the continuity corrected Wald asymptotic confidence interval for the risk differences
 [d] Two-sided p-value based on the Cochran-Mantel-Haenszel test adjusted for randomization stratification factors.[e] Two-sided p-value from Cochran's Q test for heterogeneity of relative risk.
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Medizinischer Nutzen, medizinischer Zusatznutzen, Patientengruppen mit therap. bedeutsamem Zusatznutzen

Daiichi Sankyo | Data Intelligence – Evidence Generation | AC220-A-U302 QUANTUM-First (DCO 13 Aug 2021) | Statistical analyses for AMNOG (HTA Germany)
 Table 4.25.2 Complete Remission (without a 42-day window) Dichotomous Endpoints - subgroup analysis - DCO 13-Aug-2021 - Intent to Treat Analysis Set

AML with Mutated NPM1: No			
	Quizartinib (N=268)	Placebo (N=271)	Quizartinib vs Placebo
Number of subjects in subgroup category, n	116	120	
Number of subjects with events, n (%)	44 (37.9)	44 (36.7)	
95 % CI [a]	(29.1, 47.4)	(28.1, 45.9)	
Odds ratio (95 % CI) [b]			1.06 (0.62, 1.79)
Relative risk (95 % CI) [b]			1.03 (0.74, 1.44)
Absolute risk reduction (95 % CI) [c]			1.26 (-11.92, 14.45)
p-value [d]			0.6894
Subgroup Interaction p-value [e]			0.8394

N: number of subjects in analysis set; n: number of subjects in subgroup category; %: proportion of number of subjects in subgroup category.
 [a] Exact confidence interval based on Clopper-Pearson method for single proportion.
 [b] Confidence interval is the Wald asymptotic confidence interval. In case of zero cells a correction value of 0.5 is added to each cell frequency of the corresponding 2x2 table.
 [c] Absolute risk reduction is presented on percentage point scale. Confidence interval is the continuity corrected Wald asymptotic confidence interval for the risk differences
 [d] Two-sided p-value based on the Cochran-Mantel-Haenszel test adjusted for randomization stratification factors.[e] Two-sided p-value from Cochran's Q test for heterogeneity of relative risk.
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Medizinischer Nutzen, medizinischer Zusatznutzen, Patientengruppen mit therap. bedeutsamem Zusatznutzen

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 Table 4.25.2 Complete Remission (without a 42-day window) Dichotomous Endpoints - subgroup analysis - DCO 13-Aug-2021 - Intent to Treat Analysis Set

Age by 2 categories: ≤60			
	Quizartinib (N=268)	Placebo (N=271)	Quizartinib vs Placebo
Number of subjects in subgroup category, n	166	165	
Number of subjects with events, n (%)	92 (55.4)	90 (54.5)	
95 % CI [a]	(47.5, 63.1)	(46.6, 62.3)	
Odds ratio (95 % CI) [b]			1.04 (0.67, 1.60)
Relative risk (95 % CI) [b]			1.02 (0.84, 1.23)
Absolute risk reduction (95 % CI) [c]			0.88 (-10.45, 12.20)
p-value [d]			0.9447

N: number of subjects in analysis set; n: number of subjects in subgroup category; %: proportion of number of subjects in subgroup category.
 [a] Exact confidence interval based on Clopper-Pearson method for single proportion.
 [b] Confidence interval is the Wald asymptotic confidence interval. In case of zero cells a correction value of 0.5 is added to each cell frequency of the corresponding 2x2 table.
 [c] Absolute risk reduction is presented on percentage point scale. Confidence interval is the continuity corrected Wald asymptotic confidence interval for the risk differences
 [d] Two-sided p-value based on the Cochran-Mantel-Haenszel test adjusted for randomization stratification factors.[e] Two-sided p-value from Cochrane’s Q test for heterogeneity of relative risk.
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 Run date: 22DEC2023 – 17:14; Program name: DE_T_4_23_2_DE_sub.sas; Output name: DE_T_4_25_2_CR2_DE_SUB_ITT.rtf

Medizinischer Nutzen, medizinischer Zusatznutzen, Patientengruppen mit therap. bedeutsamem Zusatznutzen

Daichi Sankyo | Data Intelligence – Evidence Generation | AC220-A-U302 QUANTUM-First (DCO 13 Aug 2021) | Statistical analyses for AMNOG (HTA Germany)
 Table 4.25.2 Complete Remission (without a 42-day window) Dichotomous Endpoints - subgroup analysis - DCO 13-Aug-2021 - Intent to Treat Analysis Set

Age by 2 categories: >60			
	Quizartinib (N=268)	Placebo (N=271)	Quizartinib vs Placebo
Number of subjects in subgroup category, n	102	106	
Number of subjects with events, n (%)	55 (53.9)	60 (56.6)	
95 % CI [a]	(43.8, 63.8)	(46.6, 66.2)	
Odds ratio (95 % CI) [b]			0.90 (0.52, 1.55)
Relative risk (95 % CI) [b]			0.95 (0.75, 1.22)
Absolute risk reduction (95 % CI) [c]			-2.68 (-17.16, 11.79)
p-value [d]			0.6559
Subgroup Interaction p-value [e]			0.6864

N: number of subjects in analysis set; n: number of subjects in subgroup category; %: proportion of number of subjects in subgroup category.
 [a] Exact confidence interval based on Clopper-Pearson method for single proportion.
 [b] Confidence interval is the Wald asymptotic confidence interval. In case of zero cells a correction value of 0.5 is added to each cell frequency of the corresponding 2x2 table.
 [c] Absolute risk reduction is presented on percentage point scale. Confidence interval is the continuity corrected Wald asymptotic confidence interval for the risk differences.
 [d] Two-sided p-value based on the Cochran-Mantel-Haenszel test adjusted for randomization stratification factors.[e] Two-sided p-value from Cochran's Q test for heterogeneity of relative risk.
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Anhang 4-H4c: Dauer der Komplettremission (bei Patient*innen mit CR nach Induktion mit 42-Tage Fenster)

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Table 4.26.1 Duration of Complete Remission - subgroup analysis - DCO 13-Aug-2021 - Intent to Treat Analysis Set

Subgroup	n	Quizartinib (N=268)				Placebo (N=271)				Quizartinib vs Placebo		Interaction
		No. of subjects with events (%)	No. of subjects censored (%)	Median (95 % CI) (months) [a]	n	No. of subjects with events (%)	No. of subjects censored (%)	Median (95 % CI) (months) [a]	Hazard Ratio (95 % CI) [b]	Unstratified log-rank p-value [c]	P-value [d]	
Pooled Age Group 2											0.1065	
<60	70	17 (24.3)	53 (75.7)	NE (NE, NE)	79	39 (49.4)	40 (50.6)	19.0 (8.7, NE)	0.362 (0.204, 0.641)	0.0003		
≥60 - <65	18	10 (55.6)	8 (44.4)	22.7 (11.2, NE)	22	13 (59.1)	9 (40.9)	8.0 (4.2, NE)	0.677 (0.296, 1.550)	0.3524		
≥65	26	18 (69.2)	8 (30.8)	17.4 (7.2, 34.6)	31	23 (74.2)	8 (25.8)	9.0 (5.0, 29.5)	0.865 (0.466, 1.606)	0.6484		

N: number of subjects in analysis set; n: number of subjects in subgroup category with Complete Remission with a 42-day window; %: proportion of number of subjects in n; CI: confidence interval; NE: not estimable.

[a] Median time to first event is from Kaplan-Meier estimate. Confidence Interval for median was computed using the Brookmeyer-Crowley method.

[b] Hazard ratio is from unstratified Cox proportional hazards model with treatment as the only categorical variable in the model. Confidence limits are based on the Wald test.

[c] Two-sided p-value from unstratified log-rank test.

[d] Two-sided interaction p-value is for the interaction term from unstratified Cox proportional hazards model with treatment, subgroup, and treatment-by-subgroup interaction as categorical variables in the model. The p-value is based on the Wald test.

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Medizinischer Nutzen, medizinischer Zusatznutzen, Patientengruppen mit therap. bedeutsamem Zusatznutzen

Daiichi Sankyo | Data Intelligence – Evidence Generation | AC220-A-U302 QUANTUM-First (DCO 13 Aug 2021) | Statistical analyses for AMNOG (HTA Germany)
 Table 4.26.1 Duration of Complete Remission - subgroup analysis - DCO 13-Aug-2021 - Intent to Treat Analysis Set

Subgroup	n	Quizartinib (N=268)				Placebo (N=271)				Quizartinib vs Placebo		Interaction
		No. of subjects with events (%)	No. of subjects censored (%)	Median (95 % CI) (months) [a]	n	No. of subjects with events (%)	No. of subjects censored (%)	Median (95 % CI) (months) [a]	Hazard Ratio (95 % CI) [b]	Unstratified log-rank p-value [c]	P-value [d]	
Sex											0.8908	
Male	51	21 (41.2)	30 (58.8)	NE (19.2, NE)	54	31 (57.4)	23 (42.6)	9.1 (6.5, NE)	0.506 (0.290, 0.885)	0.0152		
Female	63	24 (38.1)	39 (61.9)	47.7 (27.9, NE)	78	44 (56.4)	34 (43.6)	21.6 (6.6, 41.9)	0.549 (0.334, 0.903)	0.0167		

N: number of subjects in analysis set; n: number of subjects in subgroup category with Complete Remission with a 42-day window; %: proportion of number of subjects in n; CI: confidence interval; NE: not estimable.

[a] Median time to first event is from Kaplan-Meier estimate. Confidence Interval for median was computed using the Brookmeyer-Crowley method.

[b] Hazard ratio is from unstratified Cox proportional hazards model with treatment as the only categorical variable in the model. Confidence limits are based on the Wald test.

[c] Two-sided p-value from unstratified log-rank test.

[d] Two-sided interaction p-value is for the interaction term from unstratified Cox proportional hazards model with treatment, subgroup, and treatment-by-subgroup interaction as categorical variables in the model. The p-value is based on the Wald test.

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Medizinischer Nutzen, medizinischer Zusatznutzen, Patientengruppen mit therap. bedeutsamem Zusatznutzen

Daiichi Sankyo | Data Intelligence – Evidence Generation | AC220-A-U302 QUANTUM-First (DCO 13 Aug 2021) | Statistical analyses for AMNOG (HTA Germany)
 Table 4.26.1 Duration of Complete Remission - subgroup analysis - DCO 13-Aug-2021 - Intent to Treat Analysis Set

Subgroup	n	Quizartinib (N=268)				Placebo (N=271)				Quizartinib vs Placebo		Interaction
		No. of subjects with events (%)	No. of subjects censored (%)	Median (95 % CI) (months) [a]	n	No. of subjects with events (%)	No. of subjects censored (%)	Median (95 % CI) (months) [a]	Hazard Ratio (95 % CI) [b]	Unstratified log-rank p-value [c]	P-value [d]	
Race by 2 categories											0.8129	
White	68	30 (44.1)	38 (55.9)	47.7 (21.9, NE)	81	50 (61.7)	31 (38.3)	10.0 (6.0, 26.5)	0.571 (0.363, 0.899)	0.0143		
Non-white	46	15 (32.6)	31 (67.4)	NE (26.0, NE)	51	25 (49.0)	26 (51.0)	21.0 (8.0, NE)	0.480 (0.253, 0.913)	0.0224		

N: number of subjects in analysis set; n: number of subjects in subgroup category with Complete Remission with a 42-day window; %: proportion of number of subjects in n; CI: confidence interval; NE: not estimable.

[a] Median time to first event is from Kaplan-Meier estimate. Confidence Interval for median was computed using the Brookmeyer-Crowley method.

[b] Hazard ratio is from unstratified Cox proportional hazards model with treatment as the only categorical variable in the model. Confidence limits are based on the Wald test.

[c] Two-sided p-value from unstratified log-rank test.

[d] Two-sided interaction p-value is for the interaction term from unstratified Cox proportional hazards model with treatment, subgroup, and treatment-by-subgroup interaction as categorical variables in the model. The p-value is based on the Wald test.

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Daichi Sankyo | Data Intelligence – Evidence Generation | AC220-A-U302 QUANTUM-First (DCO 13 Aug 2021) | Statistical analyses for AMNOG (HTA Germany)
 Table 4.26.1 Duration of Complete Remission - subgroup analysis - DCO 13-Aug-2021 - Intent to Treat Analysis Set

Subgroup	n	Quizartinib (N=268)				Placebo (N=271)				Quizartinib vs Placebo		Interaction
		No. of subjects with events (%)	No. of subjects censored (%)	Median (95 % CI) (months) [a]	n	No. of subjects with events (%)	No. of subjects censored (%)	Median (95 % CI) (months) [a]	Hazard Ratio (95 % CI) [b]	Unstratified log-rank p-value [c]	P-value [d]	
Geographic Region 1											0.6812	
North America	6	3 (50.0)	3 (50.0)	24.9 (8.5, NE)	11	6 (54.5)	5 (45.5)	14.4 (2.1, NE)	0.754 (0.188, 3.021)	0.6887		
Europe	75	32 (42.7)	43 (57.3)	47.7 (21.9, NE)	77	47 (61.0)	30 (39.0)	10.9 (6.5, 26.5)	0.575 (0.366, 0.901)	0.0146		
Asia/Other Regions	33	10 (30.3)	23 (69.7)	NE (19.2, NE)	44	22 (50.0)	22 (50.0)	16.5 (6.0, NE)	0.401 (0.189, 0.851)	0.0138		

N: number of subjects in analysis set; n: number of subjects in subgroup category with Complete Remission with a 42-day window; %: proportion of number of subjects in n; CI: confidence interval; NE: not estimable.

[a] Median time to first event is from Kaplan-Meier estimate. Confidence Interval for median was computed using the Brookmeyer-Crowley method.

[b] Hazard ratio is from unstratified Cox proportional hazards model with treatment as the only categorical variable in the model. Confidence limits are based on the Wald test.

[c] Two-sided p-value from unstratified log-rank test.

[d] Two-sided interaction p-value is for the interaction term from unstratified Cox proportional hazards model with treatment, subgroup, and treatment-by-subgroup interaction as categorical variables in the model. The p-value is based on the Wald test.

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Medizinischer Nutzen, medizinischer Zusatznutzen, Patientengruppen mit therap. bedeutsamem Zusatznutzen

Daiichi Sankyo | Data Intelligence – Evidence Generation | AC220-A-U302 QUANTUM-First (DCO 13 Aug 2021) | Statistical analyses for AMNOG (HTA Germany)
 Table 4.26.1 Duration of Complete Remission - subgroup analysis - DCO 13-Aug-2021 - Intent to Treat Analysis Set

Subgroup	n	Quizartinib (N=268)				Placebo (N=271)				Quizartinib vs Placebo		Interaction	
		No. of subjects with events (%)	No. of subjects censored (%)	Median (95 % CI) (months) [a]	n	No. of subjects with events (%)	No. of subjects censored (%)	Median (95 % CI) (months) [a]	Hazard Ratio (95 % CI) [b]	Unstratified log-rank p-value [c]	P-value [d]		
WBC at initial diagnosis											0.7927		
< 40x10 ⁹ /L	55	20 (36.4)	35 (63.6)	NE (27.9, NE)	67	37 (55.2)	30 (44.8)	12.4 (6.4, NE)	0.512 (0.296, 0.884)	0.0144			
≥ 40x10 ⁹ /L	59	25 (42.4)	34 (57.6)	47.7 (21.9, NE)	65	38 (58.5)	27 (41.5)	10.2 (7.7, 41.9)	0.569 (0.343, 0.945)	0.0273			

N: number of subjects in analysis set; n: number of subjects in subgroup category with Complete Remission with a 42-day window; %: proportion of number of subjects in n; CI: confidence interval; NE: not estimable.

[a] Median time to first event is from Kaplan-Meier estimate. Confidence Interval for median was computed using the Brookmeyer-Crowley method.

[b] Hazard ratio is from unstratified Cox proportional hazards model with treatment as the only categorical variable in the model. Confidence limits are based on the Wald test.

[c] Two-sided p-value from unstratified log-rank test.

[d] Two-sided interaction p-value is for the interaction term from unstratified Cox proportional hazards model with treatment, subgroup, and treatment-by-subgroup interaction as categorical variables in the model. The p-value is based on the Wald test.

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		Quizartinib (N=268)				Placebo (N=271)				Quizartinib vs Placebo		Interaction
Subgroup	n	No. of subjects with events (%)	No. of subjects censored (%)	Median (95 % CI) (months) [a]	n	No. of subjects with events (%)	No. of subjects censored (%)	Median (95 % CI) (months) [a]	Hazard Ratio (95 % CI) [b]	Unstratified log-rank p-value [c]	P-value [d]	
Choice of Anthracycline											0.8781	
Daunorubicin	48	21 (43.8)	27 (56.3)	38.6 (19.2, NE)	48	29 (60.4)	19 (39.6)	9.1 (5.3, 26.5)	0.499 (0.284, 0.878)	0.0138		
Idarubicin	66	24 (36.4)	42 (63.6)	NE (26.0, NE)	83	46 (55.4)	37 (44.6)	16.5 (8.7, 41.9)	0.535 (0.326, 0.877)	0.0119		

N: number of subjects in analysis set; n: number of subjects in subgroup category with Complete Remission with a 42-day window; %: proportion of number of subjects in n; CI: confidence interval; NE: not estimable.

[a] Median time to first event is from Kaplan-Meier estimate. Confidence Interval for median was computed using the Brookmeyer-Crowley method.

[b] Hazard ratio is from unstratified Cox proportional hazards model with treatment as the only categorical variable in the model. Confidence limits are based on the Wald test.

[c] Two-sided p-value from unstratified log-rank test.

[d] Two-sided interaction p-value is for the interaction term from unstratified Cox proportional hazards model with treatment, subgroup, and treatment-by-subgroup interaction as categorical variables in the model. The p-value is based on the Wald test.

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Medizinischer Nutzen, medizinischer Zusatznutzen, Patientengruppen mit therap. bedeutsamem Zusatznutzen

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 Table 4.26.1 Duration of Complete Remission - subgroup analysis - DCO 13-Aug-2021 - Intent to Treat Analysis Set

Subgroup	n	Quizartinib (N=268)				Placebo (N=271)				Quizartinib vs Placebo		Interaction
		No. of subjects with events (%)	No. of subjects censored (%)	Median (95 % CI) (months) [a]	n	No. of subjects with events (%)	No. of subjects censored (%)	Median (95 % CI) (months) [a]	Hazard Ratio (95 % CI) [b]	Unstratified log-rank p-value [c]	P-value [d]	
AML Cytogenetic Risk Score											0.1913	
Favorable	4	2 (50.0)	2 (50.0)	38.6 (3.7, NE)	8	2 (25.0)	6 (75.0)	NE (2.1, NE)	2.106 (0.291, 15.232)	0.4507		
Intermediate	86	35 (40.7)	51 (59.3)	47.7 (19.9, NE)	92	51 (55.4)	41 (44.6)	12.4 (7.7, NE)	0.616 (0.400, 0.948)	0.0265		
Unfavorable	7	2 (28.6)	5 (71.4)	NE (10.8, NE)	13	8 (61.5)	5 (38.5)	11.7 (2.8, NE)	0.199 (0.039, 0.999)	0.0331		
Unknown	17	6 (35.3)	11 (64.7)	NE (21.9, NE)	18	14 (77.8)	4 (22.2)	7.7 (5.3, 22.7)	0.280 (0.106, 0.738)	0.0062		

N: number of subjects in analysis set; n: number of subjects in subgroup category with Complete Remission with a 42-day window; %: proportion of number of subjects in n; CI: confidence interval; NE: not estimable.

[a] Median time to first event is from Kaplan-Meier estimate. Confidence Interval for median was computed using the Brookmeyer-Crowley method.
 [b] Hazard ratio is from unstratified Cox proportional hazards model with treatment as the only categorical variable in the model. Confidence limits are based on the Wald test.
 [c] Two-sided p-value from unstratified log-rank test.
 [d] Two-sided interaction p-value is for the interaction term from unstratified Cox proportional hazards model with treatment, subgroup, and treatment-by-subgroup interaction as categorical variables in the model. The p-value is based on the Wald test.

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Medizinischer Nutzen, medizinischer Zusatznutzen, Patientengruppen mit therap. bedeutsamem Zusatznutzen

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 Table 4.26.1 Duration of Complete Remission - subgroup analysis - DCO 13-Aug-2021 - Intent to Treat Analysis Set

Subgroup	n	Quizartinib (N=268)				Placebo (N=271)				Quizartinib vs Placebo		Interaction
		No. of subjects with events (%)	No. of subjects censored (%)	Median (95 % CI) (months) [a]	n	No. of subjects with events (%)	No. of subjects censored (%)	Median (95 % CI) (months) [a]	Hazard Ratio (95 % CI) [b]	Unstratified log-rank p-value [c]	P-value [d]	
ECOG Performance Status at Baseline											0.7014	
0 - Fully Active	44	14 (31.8)	30 (68.2)	NE (26.0, NE)	48	25 (52.1)	23 (47.9)	22.8 (6.6, NE)	0.483 (0.251, 0.930)	0.0265		
1 - Restricted in Physically Strenuous Activity	49	23 (46.9)	26 (53.1)	38.6 (15.9, NE)	67	40 (59.7)	27 (40.3)	13.6 (6.5, 29.5)	0.637 (0.381, 1.066)	0.0843		
2 - Ambulatory and Capable of All Selfcare	21	8 (38.1)	13 (61.9)	NE (8.5, NE)	17	10 (58.8)	7 (41.2)	8.0 (5.0, NE)	0.446 (0.174, 1.142)	0.0841		

N: number of subjects in analysis set; n: number of subjects in subgroup category with Complete Remission with a 42-day window; %: proportion of number of subjects in n; CI: confidence interval; NE: not estimable.

[a] Median time to first event is from Kaplan-Meier estimate. Confidence Interval for median was computed using the Brookmeyer-Crowley method.

[b] Hazard ratio is from unstratified Cox proportional hazards model with treatment as the only categorical variable in the model. Confidence limits are based on the Wald test.

[c] Two-sided p-value from unstratified log-rank test.

[d] Two-sided interaction p-value is for the interaction term from unstratified Cox proportional hazards model with treatment, subgroup, and treatment-by-subgroup interaction as categorical variables in the model. The p-value is based on the Wald test.

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Medizinischer Nutzen, medizinischer Zusatznutzen, Patientengruppen mit therap. bedeutsamem Zusatznutzen

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 Table 4.26.1 Duration of Complete Remission - subgroup analysis - DCO 13-Aug-2021 - Intent to Treat Analysis Set

Subgroup	n	Quizartinib (N=268)				Placebo (N=271)				Quizartinib vs Placebo		Interaction
		No. of subjects with events (%)	No. of subjects censored (%)	Median (95 % CI) (months) [a]	n	No. of subjects with events (%)	No. of subjects censored (%)	Median (95 % CI) (months) [a]	Hazard Ratio (95 % CI) [b]	Unstratified log-rank p-value [c]	P-value [d]	
FLT3-ITD category at Baseline											0.4528	
≥3 to ≤25%	35	14 (40.0)	21 (60.0)	NE (21.9, NE)	41	21 (51.2)	20 (48.8)	22.8 (8.7, NE)	0.624 (0.317, 1.228)	0.1681		
>25% to ≤50%	66	26 (39.4)	40 (60.6)	47.7 (18.7, NE)	74	42 (56.8)	32 (43.2)	12.4 (6.5, 41.9)	0.557 (0.341, 0.909)	0.0177		
>50%	13	5 (38.5)	8 (61.5)	NE (5.7, NE)	17	12 (70.6)	5 (29.4)	5.0 (2.7, 16.5)	0.336 (0.117, 0.966)	0.0342		

N: number of subjects in analysis set; n: number of subjects in subgroup category with Complete Remission with a 42-day window; %: proportion of number of subjects in n; CI: confidence interval; NE: not estimable.

[a] Median time to first event is from Kaplan-Meier estimate. Confidence Interval for median was computed using the Brookmeyer-Crowley method.

[b] Hazard ratio is from unstratified Cox proportional hazards model with treatment as the only categorical variable in the model. Confidence limits are based on the Wald test.

[c] Two-sided p-value from unstratified log-rank test.

[d] Two-sided interaction p-value is for the interaction term from unstratified Cox proportional hazards model with treatment, subgroup, and treatment-by-subgroup interaction as categorical variables in the model. The p-value is based on the Wald test.

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Subgroup	n	Quizartinib (N=268)				Placebo (N=271)				Quizartinib vs Placebo		Interaction	
		No. of subjects with events (%)	No. of subjects censored (%)	Median (95 % CI) (months) [a]	n	No. of subjects with events (%)	No. of subjects censored (%)	Median (95 % CI) (months) [a]	Hazard Ratio (95 % CI) [b]	Unstratified log-rank p-value [c]	P-value [d]		
AML with Mutated NPM1											0.4723		
Yes	75	28 (37.3)	47 (62.7)	47.7 (34.0, NE)	85	50 (58.8)	35 (41.2)	11.7 (6.5, 41.9)	0.490 (0.308, 0.779)	0.0021			
No	36	15 (41.7)	21 (58.3)	38.6 (19.2, NE)	39	20 (51.3)	19 (48.7)	19.0 (6.6, NE)	0.653 (0.334, 1.279)	0.2111			

N: number of subjects in analysis set; n: number of subjects in subgroup category with Complete Remission with a 42-day window; %: proportion of number of subjects in n; CI: confidence interval; NE: not estimable.

[a] Median time to first event is from Kaplan-Meier estimate. Confidence Interval for median was computed using the Brookmeyer-Crowley method.

[b] Hazard ratio is from unstratified Cox proportional hazards model with treatment as the only categorical variable in the model. Confidence limits are based on the Wald test.

[c] Two-sided p-value from unstratified log-rank test.

[d] Two-sided interaction p-value is for the interaction term from unstratified Cox proportional hazards model with treatment, subgroup, and treatment-by-subgroup interaction as categorical variables in the model. The p-value is based on the Wald test.

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Medizinischer Nutzen, medizinischer Zusatznutzen, Patientengruppen mit therap. bedeutsamem Zusatznutzen

Daiichi Sankyo | Data Intelligence – Evidence Generation | AC220-A-U302 QUANTUM-First (DCO 13 Aug 2021) | Statistical analyses for AMNOG (HTA Germany)
 Table 4.26.1 Duration of Complete Remission - subgroup analysis - DCO 13-Aug-2021 - Intent to Treat Analysis Set

Subgroup	n	Quizartinib (N=268)				Placebo (N=271)				Quizartinib vs Placebo		Interaction
		No. of subjects with events (%)	No. of subjects censored (%)	Median (95 % CI) (months) [a]	n	No. of subjects with events (%)	No. of subjects censored (%)	Median (95 % CI) (months) [a]	Hazard Ratio (95 % CI) [b]	Unstratified log-rank p-value [c]	P-value [d]	
Age by 2 categories											0.0444	
≤60	72	18 (25.0)	54 (75.0)	NE (NE, NE)	79	39 (49.4)	40 (50.6)	19.0 (8.7, NE)	0.371 (0.212, 0.650)	0.0003		
>60	42	27 (64.3)	15 (35.7)	21.9 (11.2, 34.6)	53	36 (67.9)	17 (32.1)	9.0 (5.4, 26.5)	0.821 (0.498, 1.354)	0.4387		

N: number of subjects in analysis set; n: number of subjects in subgroup category with Complete Remission with a 42-day window; %: proportion of number of subjects in n; CI: confidence interval; NE: not estimable.

[a] Median time to first event is from Kaplan-Meier estimate. Confidence Interval for median was computed using the Brookmeyer-Crowley method.

[b] Hazard ratio is from unstratified Cox proportional hazards model with treatment as the only categorical variable in the model. Confidence limits are based on the Wald test.

[c] Two-sided p-value from unstratified log-rank test.

[d] Two-sided interaction p-value is for the interaction term from unstratified Cox proportional hazards model with treatment, subgroup, and treatment-by-subgroup interaction as categorical variables in the model. The p-value is based on the Wald test.

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Anhang 4-H4d: Dauer der Komplettremission (bei Patient*innen mit CR nach Induktion)

Daiichi Sankyo | Data Intelligence – Evidence Generation | AC220-A-U302 QUANTUM-First (DCO 13 Aug 2021) | Statistical analyses for AMNOG (HTA Germany)
 Table 4.27.1 Duration of Complete Remission (without a 42-day window) - subgroup analysis - DCO 13-Aug-2021 - Intent to Treat Analysis Set

Subgroup	n	Quizartinib (N=268)				Placebo (N=271)				Quizartinib vs Placebo		Interaction
		No. of subjects with events (%)	No. of subjects censored (%)	Median (95 % CI) (months) [a]	n	No. of subjects with events (%)	No. of subjects censored (%)	Median (95 % CI) (months) [a]	Hazard Ratio (95 % CI) [b]	Unstratified log-rank p-value [c]	P-value [d]	
Pooled Age Group 2											0.0445	
<60	90	26 (28.9)	64 (71.1)	NE (NE, NE)	90	47 (52.2)	43 (47.8)	16.5 (9.4, NE)	0.432 (0.267, 0.699)	0.0004		
≥60 - <65	22	12 (54.5)	10 (45.5)	22.7 (11.2, NE)	25	15 (60.0)	10 (40.0)	9.1 (5.1, NE)	0.671 (0.313, 1.436)	0.3002		
≥65	35	27 (77.1)	8 (22.9)	13.4 (5.7, 26.0)	35	26 (74.3)	9 (25.7)	8.8 (5.0, 26.5)	1.078 (0.628, 1.849)	0.7847		

N: number of subjects in analysis set; n: number of subjects in subgroup category with Complete Remission; %: proportion of number of subjects in n; CI: confidence interval; NE: not estimable.
 [a] Median time to first event is from Kaplan-Meier estimate. Confidence Interval for median was computed using the Brookmeyer-Crowley method.
 [b] Hazard ratio is from unstratified Cox proportional hazards model with treatment as the only categorical variable in the model. Confidence limits are based on the Wald test.
 [c] Two-sided p-value from unstratified log-rank test.
 [d] Two-sided interaction p-value is for the interaction term from unstratified Cox proportional hazards model with treatment, subgroup, and treatment-by-subgroup interaction as categorical variables in the model.
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Medizinischer Nutzen, medizinischer Zusatznutzen, Patientengruppen mit therap. bedeutsamem Zusatznutzen

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Subgroup	n	Quizartinib (N=268)				Placebo (N=271)				Quizartinib vs Placebo		Interaction
		No. of subjects with events (%)	No. of subjects censored (%)	Median (95 % CI) (months) [a]	n	No. of subjects with events (%)	No. of subjects censored (%)	Median (95 % CI) (months) [a]	Hazard Ratio (95 % CI) [b]	Unstratified log-rank p-value [c]	P-value [d]	
Sex											0.3960	
Male	65	34 (52.3)	31 (47.7)	22.7 (15.3, NE)	60	36 (60.0)	24 (40.0)	9.1 (6.5, 21.0)	0.702 (0.438, 1.125)	0.1405		
Female	82	31 (37.8)	51 (62.2)	47.7 (34.0, NE)	90	52 (57.8)	38 (42.2)	19.0 (7.6, 30.9)	0.535 (0.343, 0.836)	0.0052		

N: number of subjects in analysis set; n: number of subjects in subgroup category with Complete Remission; %: proportion of number of subjects in n; CI: confidence interval; NE: not estimable.
 [a] Median time to first event is from Kaplan-Meier estimate. Confidence Interval for median was computed using the Brookmeyer-Crowley method.
 [b] Hazard ratio is from unstratified Cox proportional hazards model with treatment as the only categorical variable in the model. Confidence limits are based on the Wald test.
 [c] Two-sided p-value from unstratified log-rank test.
 [d] Two-sided interaction p-value is for the interaction term from unstratified Cox proportional hazards model with treatment, subgroup, and treatment-by-subgroup interaction as categorical variables in the model. The p-value is based on the Wald test.
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Subgroup	n	Quizartinib (N=268)				Placebo (N=271)				Quizartinib vs Placebo		Interaction
		No. of subjects with events (%)	No. of subjects censored (%)	Median (95 % CI) (months) [a]	n	No. of subjects with events (%)	No. of subjects censored (%)	Median (95 % CI) (months) [a]	Hazard Ratio (95 % CI) [b]	Unstratified log-rank p-value [c]	P-value [d]	
Race by 2 categories											0.9089	
White	86	41 (47.7)	45 (52.3)	47.7 (17.4, NE)	90	57 (63.3)	33 (36.7)	10.2 (6.0, 22.7)	0.625 (0.418, 0.934)	0.0209		
Non-white	61	24 (39.3)	37 (60.7)	38.6 (21.0, NE)	60	31 (51.7)	29 (48.3)	20.1 (9.1, NE)	0.601 (0.352, 1.026)	0.0597		

N: number of subjects in analysis set; n: number of subjects in subgroup category with Complete Remission; %: proportion of number of subjects in n; CI: confidence interval; NE: not estimable.
 [a] Median time to first event is from Kaplan-Meier estimate. Confidence Interval for median was computed using the Brookmeyer-Crowley method.
 [b] Hazard ratio is from unstratified Cox proportional hazards model with treatment as the only categorical variable in the model. Confidence limits are based on the Wald test.
 [c] Two-sided p-value from unstratified log-rank test.
 [d] Two-sided interaction p-value is for the interaction term from unstratified Cox proportional hazards model with treatment, subgroup, and treatment-by-subgroup interaction as categorical variables in the model. The p-value is based on the Wald test.
 Data source: \\AC220-A-U302\Production\Raw Data_Restricted\rstret_eg\rstret_20211102_eg\rstret_valos\20230516_AMNOG\ADAM\
 Run date: 22DEC2023 – 17:14; Program name: DE_T_4_26_1_sub.sas; Output name: DE_T_4_27_1_DOCR2_SUB_ITT.rtf

Medizinischer Nutzen, medizinischer Zusatznutzen, Patientengruppen mit therap. bedeutsamem Zusatznutzen

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 Table 4.27.1 Duration of Complete Remission (without a 42-day window) - subgroup analysis - DCO 13-Aug-2021 - Intent to Treat Analysis Set

Subgroup	n	Quizartinib (N=268)				Placebo (N=271)				Quizartinib vs Placebo		Interaction
		No. of subjects with events (%)	No. of subjects censored (%)	Median (95 % CI) (months) [a]	n	No. of subjects with events (%)	No. of subjects censored (%)	Median (95 % CI) (months) [a]	Hazard Ratio (95 % CI) [b]	Unstratified log-rank p-value [c]	P-value [d]	
Geographic Region 1											0.6476	
North America	7	4 (57.1)	3 (42.9)	24.9 (8.5, NE)	12	6 (50.0)	6 (50.0)	NE (2.1, NE)	1.028 (0.289, 3.653)	0.9655		
Europe	94	44 (46.8)	50 (53.2)	34.6 (18.7, NE)	87	56 (64.4)	31 (35.6)	10.1 (6.5, 22.7)	0.611 (0.411, 0.907)	0.0136		
Asia/Other Regions	46	17 (37.0)	29 (63.0)	NE (19.2, NE)	51	26 (51.0)	25 (49.0)	16.5 (6.5, NE)	0.540 (0.292, 0.997)	0.0459		

N: number of subjects in analysis set; n: number of subjects in subgroup category with Complete Remission; %: proportion of number of subjects in n; CI: confidence interval; NE: not estimable.
 [a] Median time to first event is from Kaplan-Meier estimate. Confidence Interval for median was computed using the Brookmeyer-Crowley method.
 [b] Hazard ratio is from unstratified Cox proportional hazards model with treatment as the only categorical variable in the model. Confidence limits are based on the Wald test.
 [c] Two-sided p-value from unstratified log-rank test.
 [d] Two-sided interaction p-value is for the interaction term from unstratified Cox proportional hazards model with treatment, subgroup, and treatment-by-subgroup interaction as categorical variables in the model.
 The p-value is based on the Wald test.
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Subgroup	n	Quizartinib (N=268)				Placebo (N=271)				Quizartinib vs Placebo		Interaction
		No. of subjects with events (%)	No. of subjects censored (%)	Median (95 % CI) (months) [a]	n	No. of subjects with events (%)	No. of subjects censored (%)	Median (95 % CI) (months) [a]	Hazard Ratio (95 % CI) [b]	Unstratified log-rank p-value [c]	P-value [d]	
WBC at initial diagnosis											0.5026	
< 40x10 ⁹ /L	66	26 (39.4)	40 (60.6)	NE (27.2, NE)	74	43 (58.1)	31 (41.9)	12.4 (6.5, 46.2)	0.549 (0.336, 0.894)	0.0146		
≥ 40x10 ⁹ /L	81	39 (48.1)	42 (51.9)	26.0 (16.4, NE)	76	45 (59.2)	31 (40.8)	13.6 (7.7, 26.5)	0.685 (0.446, 1.054)	0.0838		

N: number of subjects in analysis set; n: number of subjects in subgroup category with Complete Remission; %: proportion of number of subjects in n; CI: confidence interval; NE: not estimable.
 [a] Median time to first event is from Kaplan-Meier estimate. Confidence Interval for median was computed using the Brookmeyer-Crowley method.
 [b] Hazard ratio is from unstratified Cox proportional hazards model with treatment as the only categorical variable in the model. Confidence limits are based on the Wald test.
 [c] Two-sided p-value from unstratified log-rank test.
 [d] Two-sided interaction p-value is for the interaction term from unstratified Cox proportional hazards model with treatment, subgroup, and treatment-by-subgroup interaction as categorical variables in the model. The p-value is based on the Wald test.
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Subgroup	n	Quizartinib (N=268)				Placebo (N=271)				Quizartinib vs Placebo		Interaction
		No. of subjects with events (%)	No. of subjects censored (%)	Median (95 % CI) (months) [a]	n	No. of subjects with events (%)	No. of subjects censored (%)	Median (95 % CI) (months) [a]	Hazard Ratio (95 % CI) [b]	Unstratified log-rank p-value [c]	P-value [d]	
Choice of Anthracycline											0.6663	
Daunorubicin	69	32 (46.4)	37 (53.6)	38.6 (17.7, NE)	53	33 (62.3)	20 (37.7)	9.4 (5.3, 21.6)	0.556 (0.341, 0.907)	0.0171		
Idarubicin	78	33 (42.3)	45 (57.7)	NE (21.9, NE)	96	55 (57.3)	41 (42.7)	16.5 (9.0, 30.9)	0.641 (0.416, 0.988)	0.0425		

N: number of subjects in analysis set; n: number of subjects in subgroup category with Complete Remission; %: proportion of number of subjects in n; CI: confidence interval; NE: not estimable.
 [a] Median time to first event is from Kaplan-Meier estimate. Confidence Interval for median was computed using the Brookmeyer-Crowley method.
 [b] Hazard ratio is from unstratified Cox proportional hazards model with treatment as the only categorical variable in the model. Confidence limits are based on the Wald test.
 [c] Two-sided p-value from unstratified log-rank test.
 [d] Two-sided interaction p-value is for the interaction term from unstratified Cox proportional hazards model with treatment, subgroup, and treatment-by-subgroup interaction as categorical variables in the model. The p-value is based on the Wald test.
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Subgroup	n	Quizartinib (N=268)				Placebo (N=271)				Quizartinib vs Placebo		Interaction
		No. of subjects with events (%)	No. of subjects censored (%)	Median (95 % CI) (months) [a]	n	No. of subjects with events (%)	No. of subjects censored (%)	Median (95 % CI) (months) [a]	Hazard Ratio (95 % CI) [b]	Unstratified log-rank p-value [c]	P-value [d]	
AML Cytogenetic Risk Score											0.3355	
Favorable	5	2 (40.0)	3 (60.0)	38.6 (3.7, NE)	11	4 (36.4)	7 (63.6)	NE (2.1, NE)	1.126 (0.205, 6.181)	0.8917		
Intermediate	112	51 (45.5)	61 (54.5)	47.7 (18.7, NE)	105	60 (57.1)	45 (42.9)	13.7 (8.0, 41.9)	0.702 (0.483, 1.021)	0.0635		
Unfavorable	9	3 (33.3)	6 (66.7)	NE (2.1, NE)	14	9 (64.3)	5 (35.7)	11.7 (4.8, 21.0)	0.283 (0.073, 1.097)	0.0541		
Unknown	21	9 (42.9)	12 (57.1)	NE (16.4, NE)	19	15 (78.9)	4 (21.1)	6.6 (5.3, 22.7)	0.362 (0.157, 0.837)	0.0133		

N: number of subjects in analysis set; n: number of subjects in subgroup category with Complete Remission; %: proportion of number of subjects in n; CI: confidence interval; NE: not estimable.
 [a] Median time to first event is from Kaplan-Meier estimate. Confidence Interval for median was computed using the Brookmeyer-Crowley method.
 [b] Hazard ratio is from unstratified Cox proportional hazards model with treatment as the only categorical variable in the model. Confidence limits are based on the Wald test.
 [c] Two-sided p-value from unstratified log-rank test.
 [d] Two-sided interaction p-value is for the interaction term from unstratified Cox proportional hazards model with treatment, subgroup, and treatment-by-subgroup interaction as categorical variables in the model.
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 Table 4.27.1 Duration of Complete Remission (without a 42-day window) - subgroup analysis - DCO 13-Aug-2021 - Intent to Treat Analysis Set

Subgroup	n	Quizartinib (N=268)				Placebo (N=271)				Quizartinib vs Placebo		Interaction
		No. of subjects with events (%)	No. of subjects censored (%)	Median (95 % CI) (months) [a]	n	No. of subjects with events (%)	No. of subjects censored (%)	Median (95 % CI) (months) [a]	Hazard Ratio (95 % CI) [b]	Unstratified log-rank p-value [c]	P-value [d]	
ECOG Performance Status at Baseline											0.8763	
0 - Fully Active	52	20 (38.5)	32 (61.5)	NE (21.9, NE)	55	31 (56.4)	24 (43.6)	12.4 (6.6, NE)	0.544 (0.309, 0.955)	0.0315		
1 - Restricted in Physically Strenuous Activity	68	32 (47.1)	36 (52.9)	38.6 (16.4, NE)	75	45 (60.0)	30 (40.0)	14.4 (7.7, 29.5)	0.683 (0.433, 1.077)	0.0991		
2 - Ambulatory and Capable of All Selfcare	27	13 (48.1)	14 (51.9)	27.9 (8.5, NE)	20	12 (60.0)	8 (40.0)	9.1 (5.0, NE)	0.619 (0.280, 1.367)	0.2316		

N: number of subjects in analysis set; n: number of subjects in subgroup category with Complete Remission; %: proportion of number of subjects in n; CI: confidence interval; NE: not estimable.
 [a] Median time to first event is from Kaplan-Meier estimate. Confidence Interval for median was computed using the Brookmeyer-Crowley method.
 [b] Hazard ratio is from unstratified Cox proportional hazards model with treatment as the only categorical variable in the model. Confidence limits are based on the Wald test.
 [c] Two-sided p-value from unstratified log-rank test.
 [d] Two-sided interaction p-value is for the interaction term from unstratified Cox proportional hazards model with treatment, subgroup, and treatment-by-subgroup interaction as categorical variables in the model.
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 Table 4.27.1 Duration of Complete Remission (without a 42-day window) - subgroup analysis - DCO 13-Aug-2021 - Intent to Treat Analysis Set

Subgroup	n	Quizartinib (N=268)				Placebo (N=271)				Quizartinib vs Placebo		Interaction
		No. of subjects with events (%)	No. of subjects censored (%)	Median (95 % CI) (months) [a]	n	No. of subjects with events (%)	No. of subjects censored (%)	Median (95 % CI) (months) [a]	Hazard Ratio (95 % CI) [b]	Unstratified log-rank p-value [c]	P-value [d]	
FLT3-ITD category at Baseline											0.7127	
≥3 to ≤25%	46	21 (45.7)	25 (54.3)	NE (21.0, NE)	50	28 (56.0)	22 (44.0)	20.1 (9.4, NE)	0.687 (0.390, 1.211)	0.1916		
>25% to ≤50%	82	34 (41.5)	48 (58.5)	47.7 (18.7, NE)	83	48 (57.8)	35 (42.2)	12.4 (6.5, 41.9)	0.599 (0.385, 0.931)	0.0213		
>50%	19	10 (52.6)	9 (47.4)	22.7 (5.7, NE)	17	12 (70.6)	5 (29.4)	5.0 (2.7, 16.5)	0.492 (0.211, 1.145)	0.0931		

N: number of subjects in analysis set; n: number of subjects in subgroup category with Complete Remission; %: proportion of number of subjects in n; CI: confidence interval; NE: not estimable.
 [a] Median time to first event is from Kaplan-Meier estimate. Confidence Interval for median was computed using the Brookmeyer-Crowley method.
 [b] Hazard ratio is from unstratified Cox proportional hazards model with treatment as the only categorical variable in the model. Confidence limits are based on the Wald test.
 [c] Two-sided p-value from unstratified log-rank test.
 [d] Two-sided interaction p-value is for the interaction term from unstratified Cox proportional hazards model with treatment, subgroup, and treatment-by-subgroup interaction as categorical variables in the model. The p-value is based on the Wald test.
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Subgroup	n	Quizartinib (N=268)				Placebo (N=271)				Quizartinib vs Placebo		Interaction
		No. of subjects with events (%)	No. of subjects censored (%)	Median (95 % CI) (months) [a]	n	No. of subjects with events (%)	No. of subjects censored (%)	Median (95 % CI) (months) [a]	Hazard Ratio (95 % CI) [b]	Unstratified log-rank p-value [c]	P-value [d]	
AML with Mutated NPM1											0.6459	
Yes	98	42 (42.9)	56 (57.1)	47.7 (24.9, NE)	97	58 (59.8)	39 (40.2)	11.7 (6.5, 29.5)	0.583 (0.391, 0.869)	0.0073		
No	44	20 (45.5)	24 (54.5)	38.6 (11.2, NE)	44	25 (56.8)	19 (43.2)	16.5 (7.7, 46.2)	0.684 (0.379, 1.234)	0.2049		

N: number of subjects in analysis set; n: number of subjects in subgroup category with Complete Remission; %: proportion of number of subjects in n; CI: confidence interval; NE: not estimable.
 [a] Median time to first event is from Kaplan-Meier estimate. Confidence Interval for median was computed using the Brookmeyer-Crowley method.
 [b] Hazard ratio is from unstratified Cox proportional hazards model with treatment as the only categorical variable in the model. Confidence limits are based on the Wald test.
 [c] Two-sided p-value from unstratified log-rank test.
 [d] Two-sided interaction p-value is for the interaction term from unstratified Cox proportional hazards model with treatment, subgroup, and treatment-by-subgroup interaction as categorical variables in the model. The p-value is based on the Wald test.
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Subgroup	n	Quizartinib (N=268)				Placebo (N=271)				Quizartinib vs Placebo		Interaction
		No. of subjects with events (%)	No. of subjects censored (%)	Median (95 % CI) (months) [a]	n	No. of subjects with events (%)	No. of subjects censored (%)	Median (95 % CI) (months) [a]	Hazard Ratio (95 % CI) [b]	Unstratified log-rank p-value [c]	P-value [d]	
Age by 2 categories											0.0219	
≤60	92	27 (29.3)	65 (70.7)	NE (NE, NE)	90	47 (52.2)	43 (47.8)	16.5 (9.4, NE)	0.438 (0.272, 0.704)	0.0005		
>60	55	38 (69.1)	17 (30.9)	15.9 (8.9, 26.0)	60	41 (68.3)	19 (31.7)	9.0 (5.4, 21.6)	0.939 (0.603, 1.462)	0.7807		

N: number of subjects in analysis set; n: number of subjects in subgroup category with Complete Remission; %: proportion of number of subjects in n; CI: confidence interval; NE: not estimable.
 [a] Median time to first event is from Kaplan-Meier estimate. Confidence Interval for median was computed using the Brookmeyer-Crowley method.
 [b] Hazard ratio is from unstratified Cox proportional hazards model with treatment as the only categorical variable in the model. Confidence limits are based on the Wald test.
 [c] Two-sided p-value from unstratified log-rank test.
 [d] Two-sided interaction p-value is for the interaction term from unstratified Cox proportional hazards model with treatment, subgroup, and treatment-by-subgroup interaction as categorical variables in the model. The p-value is based on the Wald test.
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Anhang 4-H4e: Zusammengesetzte Komplettremission nach Induktion

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 Table 4.24.2 Composite Complete Remission Dichotomous Endpoints - subgroup analysis - DCO 13-Aug-2021 - Intent to Treat Analysis Set

Pooled Age Group 2: <60			
	Quizartinib (N=268)	Placebo (N=271)	Quizartinib vs Placebo
Number of subjects in subgroup category, n	161	162	
Number of subjects with events, n (%)	118 (73.3)	105 (64.8)	
95 % CI [a]	(65.8, 79.9)	(56.9, 72.1)	
Odds ratio (95 % CI) [b]			1.49 (0.93, 2.40)
Relative risk (95 % CI) [b]			1.13 (0.98, 1.31)
Absolute risk reduction (95 % CI) [c]			8.48 (-2.18, 19.14)
p-value [d]			0.0942

N: number of subjects in analysis set; n: number of subjects in subgroup category; %: proportion of number of subjects in subgroup category.
 [a] Exact confidence interval based on Clopper-Pearson method for single proportion.
 [b] Confidence interval is the Wald asymptotic confidence interval. In case of zero cells a correction value of 0.5 is added to each cell frequency of the corresponding 2x2 table.
 [c] Absolute risk reduction is presented on percentage point scale. Confidence interval is the continuity corrected Wald asymptotic confidence interval for the risk differences
 [d] Two-sided p-value based on the Cochran-Mantel-Haenszel test adjusted for randomization stratification factors.[e] Two-sided p-value from Cochran’s Q test for heterogeneity of relative risk.
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Medizinischer Nutzen, medizinischer Zusatznutzen, Patientengruppen mit therap. bedeutsamem Zusatznutzen

Daiichi Sankyo | Data Intelligence – Evidence Generation | AC220-A-U302 QUANTUM-First (DCO 13 Aug 2021) | Statistical analyses for AMNOG (HTA Germany)
 Table 4.24.2 Composite Complete Remission Dichotomous Endpoints - subgroup analysis - DCO 13-Aug-2021 - Intent to Treat Analysis Set

Pooled Age Group 2: ≥60 - <65			
	Quizartinib (N=268)	Placebo (N=271)	Quizartinib vs Placebo
Number of subjects in subgroup category, n	37	44	
Number of subjects with events, n (%)	27 (73.0)	28 (63.6)	
95 % CI [a]	(55.9, 86.2)	(47.8, 77.6)	
Odds ratio (95 % CI) [b]			1.54 (0.60, 3.99)
Relative risk (95 % CI) [b]			1.15 (0.85, 1.54)
Absolute risk reduction (95 % CI) [c]			9.34 (-13.32, 31.99)
p-value [d]			0.5125

N: number of subjects in analysis set; n: number of subjects in subgroup category; %: proportion of number of subjects in subgroup category.
 [a] Exact confidence interval based on Clopper-Pearson method for single proportion.
 [b] Confidence interval is the Wald asymptotic confidence interval. In case of zero cells a correction value of 0.5 is added to each cell frequency of the corresponding 2x2 table.
 [c] Absolute risk reduction is presented on percentage point scale. Confidence interval is the continuity corrected Wald asymptotic confidence interval for the risk differences
 [d] Two-sided p-value based on the Cochran-Mantel-Haenszel test adjusted for randomization stratification factors.[e] Two-sided p-value from Cochrane’s Q test for heterogeneity of relative risk.
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 Table 4.24.2 Composite Complete Remission Dichotomous Endpoints - subgroup analysis - DCO 13-Aug-2021 - Intent to Treat Analysis Set

Pooled Age Group 2: ≥65			
	Quizartinib (N=268)	Placebo (N=271)	Quizartinib vs Placebo
Number of subjects in subgroup category, n	70	65	
Number of subjects with events, n (%)	47 (67.1)	43 (66.2)	
95 % CI [a]	(54.9, 77.9)	(53.4, 77.4)	
Odds ratio (95 % CI) [b]			1.05 (0.51, 2.14)
Relative risk (95 % CI) [b]			1.01 (0.80, 1.29)
Absolute risk reduction (95 % CI) [c]			0.99 (-16.41, 18.39)
p-value [d]			0.8804
Subgroup Interaction p-value [e]			0.7259

N: number of subjects in analysis set; n: number of subjects in subgroup category; %: proportion of number of subjects in subgroup category.
 [a] Exact confidence interval based on Clopper-Pearson method for single proportion.
 [b] Confidence interval is the Wald asymptotic confidence interval. In case of zero cells a correction value of 0.5 is added to each cell frequency of the corresponding 2x2 table.
 [c] Absolute risk reduction is presented on percentage point scale. Confidence interval is the continuity corrected Wald asymptotic confidence interval for the risk differences.
 [d] Two-sided p-value based on the Cochran-Mantel-Haenszel test adjusted for randomization stratification factors.[e] Two-sided p-value from Cochran's Q test for heterogeneity of relative risk.
 Data source: \\AC220-A-U302\Production\Raw Data_Restricted\rstret_eg\rstret_20211102_eg\rstret_valos\20230516_AMNOG\ADAM\
 Run date: 22DEC2023 – 17:14; Program name: DE_T_4_23_2_DE_sub.sas; Output name: DE_T_4_24_2_CRC_DE_SUB_ITT.rtf

Medizinischer Nutzen, medizinischer Zusatznutzen, Patientengruppen mit therap. bedeutsamem Zusatznutzen

Daiichi Sankyo | Data Intelligence – Evidence Generation | AC220-A-U302 QUANTUM-First (DCO 13 Aug 2021) | Statistical analyses for AMNOG (HTA Germany)
 Table 4.24.2 Composite Complete Remission Dichotomous Endpoints - subgroup analysis - DCO 13-Aug-2021 - Intent to Treat Analysis Set

Sex: Male			
	Quizartinib (N=268)	Placebo (N=271)	Quizartinib vs Placebo
Number of subjects in subgroup category, n	124	121	
Number of subjects with events, n (%)	87 (70.2)	72 (59.5)	
95 % CI [a]	(61.3, 78.0)	(50.2, 68.3)	
Odds ratio (95 % CI) [b]			1.60 (0.94, 2.72)
Relative risk (95 % CI) [b]			1.18 (0.98, 1.42)
Absolute risk reduction (95 % CI) [c]			10.66 (-2.05, 23.36)
p-value [d]			0.0815

N: number of subjects in analysis set; n: number of subjects in subgroup category; %: proportion of number of subjects in subgroup category.
 [a] Exact confidence interval based on Clopper-Pearson method for single proportion.
 [b] Confidence interval is the Wald asymptotic confidence interval. In case of zero cells a correction value of 0.5 is added to each cell frequency of the corresponding 2x2 table.
 [c] Absolute risk reduction is presented on percentage point scale. Confidence interval is the continuity corrected Wald asymptotic confidence interval for the risk differences
 [d] Two-sided p-value based on the Cochran-Mantel-Haenszel test adjusted for randomization stratification factors.[e] Two-sided p-value from Cochrane’s Q test for heterogeneity of relative risk.
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Medizinischer Nutzen, medizinischer Zusatznutzen, Patientengruppen mit therap. bedeutsamem Zusatznutzen

Daichi Sankyo | Data Intelligence – Evidence Generation | AC220-A-U302 QUANTUM-First (DCO 13 Aug 2021) | Statistical analyses for AMNOG (HTA Germany)
 Table 4.24.2 Composite Complete Remission Dichotomous Endpoints - subgroup analysis - DCO 13-Aug-2021 - Intent to Treat Analysis Set

Sex: Female			
	Quizartinib (N=268)	Placebo (N=271)	Quizartinib vs Placebo
Number of subjects in subgroup category, n	144	150	
Number of subjects with events, n (%)	105 (72.9)	104 (69.3)	
95 % CI [a]	(64.9, 80.0)	(61.3, 76.6)	
Odds ratio (95 % CI) [b]			1.19 (0.72, 1.97)
Relative risk (95 % CI) [b]			1.05 (0.91, 1.22)
Absolute risk reduction (95 % CI) [c]			3.58 (-7.45, 14.61)
p-value [d]			0.5359
Subgroup Interaction p-value [e]			0.3436

N: number of subjects in analysis set; n: number of subjects in subgroup category; %: proportion of number of subjects in subgroup category.
 [a] Exact confidence interval based on Clopper-Pearson method for single proportion.
 [b] Confidence interval is the Wald asymptotic confidence interval. In case of zero cells a correction value of 0.5 is added to each cell frequency of the corresponding 2x2 table.
 [c] Absolute risk reduction is presented on percentage point scale. Confidence interval is the continuity corrected Wald asymptotic confidence interval for the risk differences
 [d] Two-sided p-value based on the Cochran-Mantel-Haenszel test adjusted for randomization stratification factors.[e] Two-sided p-value from Cochran’s Q test for heterogeneity of relative risk.
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Medizinischer Nutzen, medizinischer Zusatznutzen, Patientengruppen mit therap. bedeutsamem Zusatznutzen

Daiichi Sankyo | Data Intelligence – Evidence Generation | AC220-A-U302 QUANTUM-First (DCO 13 Aug 2021) | Statistical analyses for AMNOG (HTA Germany)
 Table 4.24.2 Composite Complete Remission Dichotomous Endpoints - subgroup analysis - DCO 13-Aug-2021 - Intent to Treat Analysis Set

Race by 2 categories: White			
	Quizartinib (N=268)	Placebo (N=271)	Quizartinib vs Placebo
Number of subjects in subgroup category, n	159	163	
Number of subjects with events, n (%)	114 (71.7)	106 (65.0)	
95 % CI [a]	(64.0, 78.5)	(57.2, 72.3)	
Odds ratio (95 % CI) [b]			1.36 (0.85, 2.18)
Relative risk (95 % CI) [b]			1.10 (0.95, 1.28)
Absolute risk reduction (95 % CI) [c]			6.67 (-4.08, 17.42)
p-value [d]			0.1348

N: number of subjects in analysis set; n: number of subjects in subgroup category; %: proportion of number of subjects in subgroup category.
 [a] Exact confidence interval based on Clopper-Pearson method for single proportion.
 [b] Confidence interval is the Wald asymptotic confidence interval. In case of zero cells a correction value of 0.5 is added to each cell frequency of the corresponding 2x2 table.
 [c] Absolute risk reduction is presented on percentage point scale. Confidence interval is the continuity corrected Wald asymptotic confidence interval for the risk differences
 [d] Two-sided p-value based on the Cochran-Mantel-Haenszel test adjusted for randomization stratification factors.[e] Two-sided p-value from Cochran's Q test for heterogeneity of relative risk.
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Medizinischer Nutzen, medizinischer Zusatznutzen, Patientengruppen mit therap. bedeutsamem Zusatznutzen

Daichi Sankyo | Data Intelligence – Evidence Generation | AC220-A-U302 QUANTUM-First (DCO 13 Aug 2021) | Statistical analyses for AMNOG (HTA Germany)
 Table 4.24.2 Composite Complete Remission Dichotomous Endpoints - subgroup analysis - DCO 13-Aug-2021 - Intent to Treat Analysis Set

Race by 2 categories: Non-white			
	Quizartinib (N=268)	Placebo (N=271)	Quizartinib vs Placebo
Number of subjects in subgroup category, n	109	108	
Number of subjects with events, n (%)	78 (71.6)	70 (64.8)	
95 % CI [a]	(62.1, 79.8)	(55.0, 73.8)	
Odds ratio (95 % CI) [b]			1.37 (0.77, 2.42)
Relative risk (95 % CI) [b]			1.10 (0.92, 1.33)
Absolute risk reduction (95 % CI) [c]			6.74 (-6.54, 20.03)
p-value [d]			0.2305
Subgroup Interaction p-value [e]			0.9908

N: number of subjects in analysis set; n: number of subjects in subgroup category; %: proportion of number of subjects in subgroup category.
 [a] Exact confidence interval based on Clopper-Pearson method for single proportion.
 [b] Confidence interval is the Wald asymptotic confidence interval. In case of zero cells a correction value of 0.5 is added to each cell frequency of the corresponding 2x2 table.
 [c] Absolute risk reduction is presented on percentage point scale. Confidence interval is the continuity corrected Wald asymptotic confidence interval for the risk differences
 [d] Two-sided p-value based on the Cochran-Mantel-Haenszel test adjusted for randomization stratification factors.[e] Two-sided p-value from Cochran’s Q test for heterogeneity of relative risk.
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Medizinischer Nutzen, medizinischer Zusatznutzen, Patientengruppen mit therap. bedeutsamem Zusatznutzen

Daiichi Sankyo | Data Intelligence – Evidence Generation | AC220-A-U302 QUANTUM-First (DCO 13 Aug 2021) | Statistical analyses for AMNOG (HTA Germany)
 Table 4.24.2 Composite Complete Remission Dichotomous Endpoints - subgroup analysis - DCO 13-Aug-2021 - Intent to Treat Analysis Set

Geographic Region 1: North America			
	Quizartinib (N=268)	Placebo (N=271)	Quizartinib vs Placebo
Number of subjects in subgroup category, n	16	18	
Number of subjects with events, n (%)	7 (43.8)	14 (77.8)	
95 % CI [a]	(19.8, 70.1)	(52.4, 93.6)	
Odds ratio (95 % CI) [b]			0.22 (0.05, 0.98)
Relative risk (95 % CI) [b]			0.56 (0.31, 1.03)
Absolute risk reduction (95 % CI) [c]			-34.03 (-70.91, 2.85)
p-value [d]			0.0518

N: number of subjects in analysis set; n: number of subjects in subgroup category; %: proportion of number of subjects in subgroup category.
 [a] Exact confidence interval based on Clopper-Pearson method for single proportion.
 [b] Confidence interval is the Wald asymptotic confidence interval. In case of zero cells a correction value of 0.5 is added to each cell frequency of the corresponding 2x2 table.
 [c] Absolute risk reduction is presented on percentage point scale. Confidence interval is the continuity corrected Wald asymptotic confidence interval for the risk differences
 [d] Two-sided p-value based on the Cochran-Mantel-Haenszel test adjusted for randomization stratification factors.[e] Two-sided p-value from Cochrane’s Q test for heterogeneity of relative risk.
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Medizinischer Nutzen, medizinischer Zusatznutzen, Patientengruppen mit therap. bedeutsamem Zusatznutzen

Daiichi Sankyo | Data Intelligence – Evidence Generation | AC220-A-U302 QUANTUM-First (DCO 13 Aug 2021) | Statistical analyses for AMNOG (HTA Germany)
 Table 4.24.2 Composite Complete Remission Dichotomous Endpoints - subgroup analysis - DCO 13-Aug-2021 - Intent to Treat Analysis Set

Geographic Region 1: Europe			
	Quizartinib (N=268)	Placebo (N=271)	Quizartinib vs Placebo
Number of subjects in subgroup category, n	163	163	
Number of subjects with events, n (%)	122 (74.8)	103 (63.2)	
95 % CI [a]	(67.5, 81.3)	(55.3, 70.6)	
Odds ratio (95 % CI) [b]			1.73 (1.08, 2.79)
Relative risk (95 % CI) [b]			1.18 (1.02, 1.37)
Absolute risk reduction (95 % CI) [c]			11.66 (1.08, 22.23)
p-value [d]			0.0219

N: number of subjects in analysis set; n: number of subjects in subgroup category; %: proportion of number of subjects in subgroup category.
 [a] Exact confidence interval based on Clopper-Pearson method for single proportion.
 [b] Confidence interval is the Wald asymptotic confidence interval. In case of zero cells a correction value of 0.5 is added to each cell frequency of the corresponding 2x2 table.
 [c] Absolute risk reduction is presented on percentage point scale. Confidence interval is the continuity corrected Wald asymptotic confidence interval for the risk differences
 [d] Two-sided p-value based on the Cochran-Mantel-Haenszel test adjusted for randomization stratification factors.[e] Two-sided p-value from Cochran's Q test for heterogeneity of relative risk.
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Medizinischer Nutzen, medizinischer Zusatznutzen, Patientengruppen mit therap. bedeutsamem Zusatznutzen

Daichi Sankyo | Data Intelligence – Evidence Generation | AC220-A-U302 QUANTUM-First (DCO 13 Aug 2021) | Statistical analyses for AMNOG (HTA Germany)
 Table 4.24.2 Composite Complete Remission Dichotomous Endpoints - subgroup analysis - DCO 13-Aug-2021 - Intent to Treat Analysis Set

Geographic Region 1: Asia/Other Regions			
	Quizartinib (N=268)	Placebo (N=271)	Quizartinib vs Placebo
Number of subjects in subgroup category, n	89	90	
Number of subjects with events, n (%)	63 (70.8)	59 (65.6)	
95 % CI [a]	(60.2, 79.9)	(54.8, 75.3)	
Odds ratio (95 % CI) [b]			1.27 (0.68, 2.39)
Relative risk (95 % CI) [b]			1.08 (0.88, 1.32)
Absolute risk reduction (95 % CI) [c]			5.23 (-9.51, 19.97)
p-value [d]			0.4487
Subgroup Interaction p-value [e]			0.0605

N: number of subjects in analysis set; n: number of subjects in subgroup category; %: proportion of number of subjects in subgroup category.
 [a] Exact confidence interval based on Clopper-Pearson method for single proportion.
 [b] Confidence interval is the Wald asymptotic confidence interval. In case of zero cells a correction value of 0.5 is added to each cell frequency of the corresponding 2x2 table.
 [c] Absolute risk reduction is presented on percentage point scale. Confidence interval is the continuity corrected Wald asymptotic confidence interval for the risk differences
 [d] Two-sided p-value based on the Cochran-Mantel-Haenszel test adjusted for randomization stratification factors.[e] Two-sided p-value from Cochran’s Q test for heterogeneity of relative risk.
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Medizinischer Nutzen, medizinischer Zusatznutzen, Patientengruppen mit therap. bedeutsamem Zusatznutzen

Daiichi Sankyo | Data Intelligence – Evidence Generation | AC220-A-U302 QUANTUM-First (DCO 13 Aug 2021) | Statistical analyses for AMNOG (HTA Germany)
 Table 4.24.2 Composite Complete Remission Dichotomous Endpoints - subgroup analysis - DCO 13-Aug-2021 - Intent to Treat Analysis Set

WBC at initial diagnosis: < 40x10 ⁹ /L			
	Quizartinib (N=268)	Placebo (N=271)	Quizartinib vs Placebo
Number of subjects in subgroup category, n	132	135	
Number of subjects with events, n (%)	88 (66.7)	87 (64.4)	
95 % CI [a]	(57.9, 74.6)	(55.8, 72.5)	
Odds ratio (95 % CI) [b]			1.10 (0.67, 1.83)
Relative risk (95 % CI) [b]			1.03 (0.87, 1.23)
Absolute risk reduction (95 % CI) [c]			2.22 (-9.92, 14.37)
p-value [d]			0.6792

N: number of subjects in analysis set; n: number of subjects in subgroup category; %: proportion of number of subjects in subgroup category.
 [a] Exact confidence interval based on Clopper-Pearson method for single proportion.
 [b] Confidence interval is the Wald asymptotic confidence interval. In case of zero cells a correction value of 0.5 is added to each cell frequency of the corresponding 2x2 table.
 [c] Absolute risk reduction is presented on percentage point scale. Confidence interval is the continuity corrected Wald asymptotic confidence interval for the risk differences
 [d] Two-sided p-value based on the Cochran-Mantel-Haenszel test adjusted for randomization stratification factors.[e] Two-sided p-value from Cochrane’s Q test for heterogeneity of relative risk.
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Medizinischer Nutzen, medizinischer Zusatznutzen, Patientengruppen mit therap. bedeutsamem Zusatznutzen

Daichi Sankyo | Data Intelligence – Evidence Generation | AC220-A-U302 QUANTUM-First (DCO 13 Aug 2021) | Statistical analyses for AMNOG (HTA Germany)
 Table 4.24.2 Composite Complete Remission Dichotomous Endpoints - subgroup analysis - DCO 13-Aug-2021 - Intent to Treat Analysis Set

WBC at initial diagnosis: $\geq 40 \times 10^9/L$			
	Quizartinib (N=268)	Placebo (N=271)	Quizartinib vs Placebo
Number of subjects in subgroup category, n	136	136	
Number of subjects with events, n (%)	104 (76.5)	89 (65.4)	
95 % CI [a]	(68.4, 83.3)	(56.8, 73.4)	
Odds ratio (95 % CI) [b]			1.72 (1.01, 2.92)
Relative risk (95 % CI) [b]			1.17 (1.00, 1.36)
Absolute risk reduction (95 % CI) [c]			11.03 (-0.42, 22.47)
p-value [d]			0.0460
Subgroup Interaction p-value [e]			0.3034

N: number of subjects in analysis set; n: number of subjects in subgroup category; %: proportion of number of subjects in subgroup category.
 [a] Exact confidence interval based on Clopper-Pearson method for single proportion.
 [b] Confidence interval is the Wald asymptotic confidence interval. In case of zero cells a correction value of 0.5 is added to each cell frequency of the corresponding 2x2 table.
 [c] Absolute risk reduction is presented on percentage point scale. Confidence interval is the continuity corrected Wald asymptotic confidence interval for the risk differences
 [d] Two-sided p-value based on the Cochran-Mantel-Haenszel test adjusted for randomization stratification factors.[e] Two-sided p-value from Cochran's Q test for heterogeneity of relative risk.
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Medizinischer Nutzen, medizinischer Zusatznutzen, Patientengruppen mit therap. bedeutsamem Zusatznutzen

Daiichi Sankyo | Data Intelligence – Evidence Generation | AC220-A-U302 QUANTUM-First (DCO 13 Aug 2021) | Statistical analyses for AMNOG (HTA Germany)
 Table 4.24.2 Composite Complete Remission Dichotomous Endpoints - subgroup analysis - DCO 13-Aug-2021 - Intent to Treat Analysis Set

Choice of Anthracycline: Daunorubicin			
	Quizartinib (N=268)	Placebo (N=271)	Quizartinib vs Placebo
Number of subjects in subgroup category, n	124	95	
Number of subjects with events, n (%)	86 (69.4)	62 (65.3)	
95 % CI [a]	(60.4, 77.3)	(54.8, 74.7)	
Odds ratio (95 % CI) [b]			1.20 (0.68, 2.13)
Relative risk (95 % CI) [b]			1.06 (0.88, 1.28)
Absolute risk reduction (95 % CI) [c]			4.09 (-9.39, 17.57)
p-value [d]			0.6543

N: number of subjects in analysis set; n: number of subjects in subgroup category; %: proportion of number of subjects in subgroup category.
 [a] Exact confidence interval based on Clopper-Pearson method for single proportion.
 [b] Confidence interval is the Wald asymptotic confidence interval. In case of zero cells a correction value of 0.5 is added to each cell frequency of the corresponding 2x2 table.
 [c] Absolute risk reduction is presented on percentage point scale. Confidence interval is the continuity corrected Wald asymptotic confidence interval for the risk differences
 [d] Two-sided p-value based on the Cochran-Mantel-Haenszel test adjusted for randomization stratification factors.[e] Two-sided p-value from Cochran's Q test for heterogeneity of relative risk.
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Medizinischer Nutzen, medizinischer Zusatznutzen, Patientengruppen mit therap. bedeutsamem Zusatznutzen

Daichi Sankyo | Data Intelligence – Evidence Generation | AC220-A-U302 QUANTUM-First (DCO 13 Aug 2021) | Statistical analyses for AMNOG (HTA Germany)
 Table 4.24.2 Composite Complete Remission Dichotomous Endpoints - subgroup analysis - DCO 13-Aug-2021 - Intent to Treat Analysis Set

Choice of Anthracycline: Idarubicin			
	Quizartinib (N=268)	Placebo (N=271)	Quizartinib vs Placebo
Number of subjects in subgroup category, n	144	173	
Number of subjects with events, n (%)	106 (73.6)	113 (65.3)	
95 % CI [a]	(65.6, 80.6)	(57.7, 72.4)	
Odds ratio (95 % CI) [b]			1.48 (0.91, 2.41)
Relative risk (95 % CI) [b]			1.13 (0.97, 1.30)
Absolute risk reduction (95 % CI) [c]			8.29 (-2.45, 19.03)
p-value [d]			0.0972
Subgroup Interaction p-value [e]			0.6284

N: number of subjects in analysis set; n: number of subjects in subgroup category; %: proportion of number of subjects in subgroup category.
 [a] Exact confidence interval based on Clopper-Pearson method for single proportion.
 [b] Confidence interval is the Wald asymptotic confidence interval. In case of zero cells a correction value of 0.5 is added to each cell frequency of the corresponding 2x2 table.
 [c] Absolute risk reduction is presented on percentage point scale. Confidence interval is the continuity corrected Wald asymptotic confidence interval for the risk differences
 [d] Two-sided p-value based on the Cochran-Mantel-Haenszel test adjusted for randomization stratification factors.[e] Two-sided p-value from Cochran’s Q test for heterogeneity of relative risk.
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Medizinischer Nutzen, medizinischer Zusatznutzen, Patientengruppen mit therap. bedeutsamem Zusatznutzen

Daiichi Sankyo | Data Intelligence – Evidence Generation | AC220-A-U302 QUANTUM-First (DCO 13 Aug 2021) | Statistical analyses for AMNOG (HTA Germany)
Table 4.24.2 Composite Complete Remission Dichotomous Endpoints - subgroup analysis - DCO 13-Aug-2021 - Intent to Treat Analysis Set

AML Cytogenetic Risk Score: Favorable

	Quizartinib (N=268)	Placebo (N=271)	Quizartinib vs Placebo
Number of subjects in subgroup category, n	14	19	
Number of subjects with events, n (%)	8 (57.1)	14 (73.7)	
95 % CI [a]	(28.9, 82.3)	(48.8, 90.9)	
Odds ratio (95 % CI) [b]			0.48 (0.11, 2.07)
Relative risk (95 % CI) [b]			0.78 (0.46, 1.31)
Absolute risk reduction (95 % CI) [c]			-16.54 (-55.36, 22.28)
p-value [d]			0.4424

N: number of subjects in analysis set; n: number of subjects in subgroup category; %: proportion of number of subjects in subgroup category.
[a] Exact confidence interval based on Clopper-Pearson method for single proportion.
[b] Confidence interval is the Wald asymptotic confidence interval. In case of zero cells a correction value of 0.5 is added to each cell frequency of the corresponding 2x2 table.
[c] Absolute risk reduction is presented on percentage point scale. Confidence interval is the continuity corrected Wald asymptotic confidence interval for the risk differences
[d] Two-sided p-value based on the Cochran-Mantel-Haenszel test adjusted for randomization stratification factors.[e] Two-sided p-value from Cochrane's Q test for heterogeneity of relative risk.
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Medizinischer Nutzen, medizinischer Zusatznutzen, Patientengruppen mit therap. bedeutsamem Zusatznutzen

Daiichi Sankyo | Data Intelligence – Evidence Generation | AC220-A-U302 QUANTUM-First (DCO 13 Aug 2021) | Statistical analyses for AMNOG (HTA Germany)
 Table 4.24.2 Composite Complete Remission Dichotomous Endpoints - subgroup analysis - DCO 13-Aug-2021 - Intent to Treat Analysis Set

AML Cytogenetic Risk Score: Intermediate			
	Quizartinib (N=268)	Placebo (N=271)	Quizartinib vs Placebo
Number of subjects in subgroup category, n	197	193	
Number of subjects with events, n (%)	148 (75.1)	121 (62.7)	
95 % CI [a]	(68.5, 81.0)	(55.5, 69.5)	
Odds ratio (95 % CI) [b]			1.80 (1.16, 2.78)
Relative risk (95 % CI) [b]			1.20 (1.05, 1.37)
Absolute risk reduction (95 % CI) [c]			12.43 (2.81, 22.06)
p-value [d]			0.0075

N: number of subjects in analysis set; n: number of subjects in subgroup category; %: proportion of number of subjects in subgroup category.
 [a] Exact confidence interval based on Clopper-Pearson method for single proportion.
 [b] Confidence interval is the Wald asymptotic confidence interval. In case of zero cells a correction value of 0.5 is added to each cell frequency of the corresponding 2x2 table.
 [c] Absolute risk reduction is presented on percentage point scale. Confidence interval is the continuity corrected Wald asymptotic confidence interval for the risk differences
 [d] Two-sided p-value based on the Cochran-Mantel-Haenszel test adjusted for randomization stratification factors.[e] Two-sided p-value from Cochran's Q test for heterogeneity of relative risk.
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 Run date: 22DEC2023 – 17:14; Program name: DE_T_4_23_2_DE_sub.sas; Output name: DE_T_4_24_2_CRC_DE_SUB_ITT.rtf

Medizinischer Nutzen, medizinischer Zusatznutzen, Patientengruppen mit therap. bedeutsamem Zusatznutzen

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 Table 4.24.2 Composite Complete Remission Dichotomous Endpoints - subgroup analysis - DCO 13-Aug-2021 - Intent to Treat Analysis Set

AML Cytogenetic Risk Score: Unfavorable			
	Quizartinib (N=268)	Placebo (N=271)	Quizartinib vs Placebo
Number of subjects in subgroup category, n	19	27	
Number of subjects with events, n (%)	10 (52.6)	17 (63.0)	
95 % CI [a]	(28.9, 75.6)	(42.4, 80.6)	
Odds ratio (95 % CI) [b]			0.65 (0.20, 2.15)
Relative risk (95 % CI) [b]			0.84 (0.50, 1.40)
Absolute risk reduction (95 % CI) [c]			-10.33 (-43.73, 23.06)
p-value [d]			0.9177

N: number of subjects in analysis set; n: number of subjects in subgroup category; %: proportion of number of subjects in subgroup category.
 [a] Exact confidence interval based on Clopper-Pearson method for single proportion.
 [b] Confidence interval is the Wald asymptotic confidence interval. In case of zero cells a correction value of 0.5 is added to each cell frequency of the corresponding 2x2 table.
 [c] Absolute risk reduction is presented on percentage point scale. Confidence interval is the continuity corrected Wald asymptotic confidence interval for the risk differences
 [d] Two-sided p-value based on the Cochran-Mantel-Haenszel test adjusted for randomization stratification factors.[e] Two-sided p-value from Cochran's Q test for heterogeneity of relative risk.
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Medizinischer Nutzen, medizinischer Zusatznutzen, Patientengruppen mit therap. bedeutsamem Zusatznutzen

Daiichi Sankyo | Data Intelligence – Evidence Generation | AC220-A-U302 QUANTUM-First (DCO 13 Aug 2021) | Statistical analyses for AMNOG (HTA Germany)
 Table 4.24.2 Composite Complete Remission Dichotomous Endpoints - subgroup analysis - DCO 13-Aug-2021 - Intent to Treat Analysis Set

AML Cytogenetic Risk Score: Unknown			
	Quizartinib (N=268)	Placebo (N=271)	Quizartinib vs Placebo
Number of subjects in subgroup category, n	38	31	
Number of subjects with events, n (%)	26 (68.4)	23 (74.2)	
95 % CI [a]	(51.3, 82.5)	(55.4, 88.1)	
Odds ratio (95 % CI) [b]			0.75 (0.26, 2.17)
Relative risk (95 % CI) [b]			0.92 (0.68, 1.24)
Absolute risk reduction (95 % CI) [c]			-5.77 (-30.05, 18.50)
p-value [d]			0.6682
Subgroup Interaction p-value [e]			0.1307

N: number of subjects in analysis set; n: number of subjects in subgroup category; %: proportion of number of subjects in subgroup category.
 [a] Exact confidence interval based on Clopper-Pearson method for single proportion.
 [b] Confidence interval is the Wald asymptotic confidence interval. In case of zero cells a correction value of 0.5 is added to each cell frequency of the corresponding 2x2 table.
 [c] Absolute risk reduction is presented on percentage point scale. Confidence interval is the continuity corrected Wald asymptotic confidence interval for the risk differences
 [d] Two-sided p-value based on the Cochran-Mantel-Haenszel test adjusted for randomization stratification factors.[e] Two-sided p-value from Cochran's Q test for heterogeneity of relative risk.
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Medizinischer Nutzen, medizinischer Zusatznutzen, Patientengruppen mit therap. bedeutsamem Zusatznutzen

Daiichi Sankyo | Data Intelligence – Evidence Generation | AC220-A-U302 QUANTUM-First (DCO 13 Aug 2021) | Statistical analyses for AMNOG (HTA Germany)
 Table 4.24.2 Composite Complete Remission Dichotomous Endpoints - subgroup analysis - DCO 13-Aug-2021 - Intent to Treat Analysis Set

ECOG Performance Status at Baseline: 0 - Fully Active			
	Quizartinib (N=268)	Placebo (N=271)	Quizartinib vs Placebo
Number of subjects in subgroup category, n	87	98	
Number of subjects with events, n (%)	63 (72.4)	63 (64.3)	
95 % CI [a]	(61.8, 81.5)	(54.0, 73.7)	
Odds ratio (95 % CI) [b]			1.46 (0.78, 2.73)
Relative risk (95 % CI) [b]			1.13 (0.93, 1.37)
Absolute risk reduction (95 % CI) [c]			8.13 (-6.31, 22.56)
p-value [d]			0.1600

N: number of subjects in analysis set; n: number of subjects in subgroup category; %: proportion of number of subjects in subgroup category.
 [a] Exact confidence interval based on Clopper-Pearson method for single proportion.
 [b] Confidence interval is the Wald asymptotic confidence interval. In case of zero cells a correction value of 0.5 is added to each cell frequency of the corresponding 2x2 table.
 [c] Absolute risk reduction is presented on percentage point scale. Confidence interval is the continuity corrected Wald asymptotic confidence interval for the risk differences
 [d] Two-sided p-value based on the Cochran-Mantel-Haenszel test adjusted for randomization stratification factors.[e] Two-sided p-value from Cochran's Q test for heterogeneity of relative risk.
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Medizinischer Nutzen, medizinischer Zusatznutzen, Patientengruppen mit therap. bedeutsamem Zusatznutzen

Daiichi Sankyo | Data Intelligence – Evidence Generation | AC220-A-U302 QUANTUM-First (DCO 13 Aug 2021) | Statistical analyses for AMNOG (HTA Germany)
 Table 4.24.2 Composite Complete Remission Dichotomous Endpoints - subgroup analysis - DCO 13-Aug-2021 - Intent to Treat Analysis Set

ECOG Performance Status at Baseline: 1 - Restricted in Physically Strenuous Activity

	Quizartinib (N=268)	Placebo (N=271)	Quizartinib vs Placebo
Number of subjects in subgroup category, n	134	136	
Number of subjects with events, n (%)	97 (72.4)	91 (66.9)	
95 % CI [a]	(64.0, 79.8)	(58.3, 74.7)	
Odds ratio (95 % CI) [b]			1.30 (0.77, 2.18)
Relative risk (95 % CI) [b]			1.08 (0.92, 1.27)
Absolute risk reduction (95 % CI) [c]			5.48 (-6.21, 17.16)
p-value [d]			0.3487

N: number of subjects in analysis set; n: number of subjects in subgroup category; %: proportion of number of subjects in subgroup category.
 [a] Exact confidence interval based on Clopper-Pearson method for single proportion.
 [b] Confidence interval is the Wald asymptotic confidence interval. In case of zero cells a correction value of 0.5 is added to each cell frequency of the corresponding 2x2 table.
 [c] Absolute risk reduction is presented on percentage point scale. Confidence interval is the continuity corrected Wald asymptotic confidence interval for the risk differences
 [d] Two-sided p-value based on the Cochran-Mantel-Haenszel test adjusted for randomization stratification factors.[e] Two-sided p-value from Cochrane’s Q test for heterogeneity of relative risk.
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Medizinischer Nutzen, medizinischer Zusatznutzen, Patientengruppen mit therap. bedeutsamem Zusatznutzen

Daichi Sankyo | Data Intelligence – Evidence Generation | AC220-A-U302 QUANTUM-First (DCO 13 Aug 2021) | Statistical analyses for AMNOG (HTA Germany)
 Table 4.24.2 Composite Complete Remission Dichotomous Endpoints - subgroup analysis - DCO 13-Aug-2021 - Intent to Treat Analysis Set

ECOG Performance Status at Baseline: 2 - Ambulatory and Capable of All Selfcare			
	Quizartinib (N=268)	Placebo (N=271)	Quizartinib vs Placebo
Number of subjects in subgroup category, n	47	36	
Number of subjects with events, n (%)	32 (68.1)	22 (61.1)	
95 % CI [a]	(52.9, 80.9)	(43.5, 76.9)	
Odds ratio (95 % CI) [b]			1.36 (0.55, 3.37)
Relative risk (95 % CI) [b]			1.11 (0.80, 1.54)
Absolute risk reduction (95 % CI) [c]			6.97 (-16.24, 30.19)
p-value [d]			0.4445
Subgroup Interaction p-value [e]			0.9491

N: number of subjects in analysis set; n: number of subjects in subgroup category; %: proportion of number of subjects in subgroup category.
 [a] Exact confidence interval based on Clopper-Pearson method for single proportion.
 [b] Confidence interval is the Wald asymptotic confidence interval. In case of zero cells a correction value of 0.5 is added to each cell frequency of the corresponding 2x2 table.
 [c] Absolute risk reduction is presented on percentage point scale. Confidence interval is the continuity corrected Wald asymptotic confidence interval for the risk differences
 [d] Two-sided p-value based on the Cochran-Mantel-Haenszel test adjusted for randomization stratification factors.[e] Two-sided p-value from Cochran's Q test for heterogeneity of relative risk.
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Medizinischer Nutzen, medizinischer Zusatznutzen, Patientengruppen mit therap. bedeutsamem Zusatznutzen

Daiichi Sankyo | Data Intelligence – Evidence Generation | AC220-A-U302 QUANTUM-First (DCO 13 Aug 2021) | Statistical analyses for AMNOG (HTA Germany)
 Table 4.24.2 Composite Complete Remission Dichotomous Endpoints - subgroup analysis - DCO 13-Aug-2021 - Intent to Treat Analysis Set

FLT3-ITD category at Baseline: ≥ 3 to $\leq 25\%$			
	Quizartinib (N=268)	Placebo (N=271)	Quizartinib vs Placebo
Number of subjects in subgroup category, n	94	98	
Number of subjects with events, n (%)	67 (71.3)	60 (61.2)	
95 % CI [a]	(61.0, 80.1)	(50.8, 70.9)	
Odds ratio (95 % CI) [b]			1.57 (0.86, 2.87)
Relative risk (95 % CI) [b]			1.16 (0.95, 1.43)
Absolute risk reduction (95 % CI) [c]			10.05 (-4.28, 24.39)
p-value [d]			0.2096

N: number of subjects in analysis set; n: number of subjects in subgroup category; %: proportion of number of subjects in subgroup category.
 [a] Exact confidence interval based on Clopper-Pearson method for single proportion.
 [b] Confidence interval is the Wald asymptotic confidence interval. In case of zero cells a correction value of 0.5 is added to each cell frequency of the corresponding 2x2 table.
 [c] Absolute risk reduction is presented on percentage point scale. Confidence interval is the continuity corrected Wald asymptotic confidence interval for the risk differences
 [d] Two-sided p-value based on the Cochran-Mantel-Haenszel test adjusted for randomization stratification factors.[e] Two-sided p-value from Cochran's Q test for heterogeneity of relative risk.
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Table 4.24.2 Composite Complete Remission Dichotomous Endpoints - subgroup analysis - DCO 13-Aug-2021 - Intent to Treat Analysis Set

FLT3-ITD category at Baseline: >25% to ≤50%

	Quizartinib (N=268)	Placebo (N=271)	Quizartinib vs Placebo
Number of subjects in subgroup category, n	143	138	
Number of subjects with events, n (%)	99 (69.2)	94 (68.1)	
95 % CI [a]	(61.0, 76.7)	(59.6, 75.8)	
Odds ratio (95 % CI) [b]			1.05 (0.64, 1.74)
Relative risk (95 % CI) [b]			1.02 (0.87, 1.19)
Absolute risk reduction (95 % CI) [c]			1.11 (-10.45, 12.67)
p-value [d]			0.6264

N: number of subjects in analysis set; n: number of subjects in subgroup category; %: proportion of number of subjects in subgroup category.
[a] Exact confidence interval based on Clopper-Pearson method for single proportion.
[b] Confidence interval is the Wald asymptotic confidence interval. In case of zero cells a correction value of 0.5 is added to each cell frequency of the corresponding 2x2 table.
[c] Absolute risk reduction is presented on percentage point scale. Confidence interval is the continuity corrected Wald asymptotic confidence interval for the risk differences
[d] Two-sided p-value based on the Cochran-Mantel-Haenszel test adjusted for randomization stratification factors.[e] Two-sided p-value from Cochrane's Q test for heterogeneity of relative risk.
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 Table 4.24.2 Composite Complete Remission Dichotomous Endpoints - subgroup analysis - DCO 13-Aug-2021 - Intent to Treat Analysis Set

FLT3-ITD category at Baseline: >50%			
	Quizartinib (N=268)	Placebo (N=271)	Quizartinib vs Placebo
Number of subjects in subgroup category, n	30	35	
Number of subjects with events, n (%)	25 (83.3)	22 (62.9)	
95 % CI [a]	(65.3, 94.4)	(44.9, 78.5)	
Odds ratio (95 % CI) [b]			2.95 (0.91, 9.61)
Relative risk (95 % CI) [b]			1.33 (0.98, 1.79)
Absolute risk reduction (95 % CI) [c]			20.48 (-3.45, 44.41)
p-value [d]			0.1557
Subgroup Interaction p-value [e]			0.2545

N: number of subjects in analysis set; n: number of subjects in subgroup category; %: proportion of number of subjects in subgroup category.
 [a] Exact confidence interval based on Clopper-Pearson method for single proportion.
 [b] Confidence interval is the Wald asymptotic confidence interval. In case of zero cells a correction value of 0.5 is added to each cell frequency of the corresponding 2x2 table.
 [c] Absolute risk reduction is presented on percentage point scale. Confidence interval is the continuity corrected Wald asymptotic confidence interval for the risk differences
 [d] Two-sided p-value based on the Cochran-Mantel-Haenszel test adjusted for randomization stratification factors.[e] Two-sided p-value from Cochran’s Q test for heterogeneity of relative risk.
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 Table 4.24.2 Composite Complete Remission Dichotomous Endpoints - subgroup analysis - DCO 13-Aug-2021 - Intent to Treat Analysis Set

AML with Mutated NPM1: Yes			
	Quizartinib (N=268)	Placebo (N=271)	Quizartinib vs Placebo
Number of subjects in subgroup category, n	142	140	
Number of subjects with events, n (%)	120 (84.5)	115 (82.1)	
95 % CI [a]	(77.5, 90.0)	(74.8, 88.1)	
Odds ratio (95 % CI) [b]			1.19 (0.63, 2.22)
Relative risk (95 % CI) [b]			1.03 (0.93, 1.14)
Absolute risk reduction (95 % CI) [c]			2.36 (-7.04, 11.77)
p-value [d]			0.6241

N: number of subjects in analysis set; n: number of subjects in subgroup category; %: proportion of number of subjects in subgroup category.
 [a] Exact confidence interval based on Clopper-Pearson method for single proportion.
 [b] Confidence interval is the Wald asymptotic confidence interval. In case of zero cells a correction value of 0.5 is added to each cell frequency of the corresponding 2x2 table.
 [c] Absolute risk reduction is presented on percentage point scale. Confidence interval is the continuity corrected Wald asymptotic confidence interval for the risk differences
 [d] Two-sided p-value based on the Cochran-Mantel-Haenszel test adjusted for randomization stratification factors.[e] Two-sided p-value from Cochrane’s Q test for heterogeneity of relative risk.
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 Table 4.24.2 Composite Complete Remission Dichotomous Endpoints - subgroup analysis - DCO 13-Aug-2021 - Intent to Treat Analysis Set

AML with Mutated NPM1: No			
	Quizartinib (N=268)	Placebo (N=271)	Quizartinib vs Placebo
Number of subjects in subgroup category, n	116	120	
Number of subjects with events, n (%)	65 (56.0)	52 (43.3)	
95 % CI [a]	(46.5, 65.2)	(34.3, 52.7)	
Odds ratio (95 % CI) [b]			1.67 (1.00, 2.79)
Relative risk (95 % CI) [b]			1.29 (1.00, 1.68)
Absolute risk reduction (95 % CI) [c]			12.70 (-0.80, 26.21)
p-value [d]			0.0317
Subgroup Interaction p-value [e]			0.1103

N: number of subjects in analysis set; n: number of subjects in subgroup category; %: proportion of number of subjects in subgroup category.
 [a] Exact confidence interval based on Clopper-Pearson method for single proportion.
 [b] Confidence interval is the Wald asymptotic confidence interval. In case of zero cells a correction value of 0.5 is added to each cell frequency of the corresponding 2x2 table.
 [c] Absolute risk reduction is presented on percentage point scale. Confidence interval is the continuity corrected Wald asymptotic confidence interval for the risk differences.
 [d] Two-sided p-value based on the Cochran-Mantel-Haenszel test adjusted for randomization stratification factors.[e] Two-sided p-value from Cochran's Q test for heterogeneity of relative risk.
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 Table 4.24.2 Composite Complete Remission Dichotomous Endpoints - subgroup analysis - DCO 13-Aug-2021 - Intent to Treat Analysis Set

Age by 2 categories: ≤60			
	Quizartinib (N=268)	Placebo (N=271)	Quizartinib vs Placebo
Number of subjects in subgroup category, n	166	165	
Number of subjects with events, n (%)	120 (72.3)	105 (63.6)	
95 % CI [a]	(64.8, 78.9)	(55.8, 71.0)	
Odds ratio (95 % CI) [b]			1.49 (0.94, 2.37)
Relative risk (95 % CI) [b]			1.14 (0.98, 1.32)
Absolute risk reduction (95 % CI) [c]			8.65 (-1.96, 19.27)
p-value [d]			0.0942

N: number of subjects in analysis set; n: number of subjects in subgroup category; %: proportion of number of subjects in subgroup category.
 [a] Exact confidence interval based on Clopper-Pearson method for single proportion.
 [b] Confidence interval is the Wald asymptotic confidence interval. In case of zero cells a correction value of 0.5 is added to each cell frequency of the corresponding 2x2 table.
 [c] Absolute risk reduction is presented on percentage point scale. Confidence interval is the continuity corrected Wald asymptotic confidence interval for the risk differences
 [d] Two-sided p-value based on the Cochran-Mantel-Haenszel test adjusted for randomization stratification factors.[e] Two-sided p-value from Cochran's Q test for heterogeneity of relative risk.
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Medizinischer Nutzen, medizinischer Zusatznutzen, Patientengruppen mit therap. bedeutsamem Zusatznutzen

Daichi Sankyo | Data Intelligence – Evidence Generation | AC220-A-U302 QUANTUM-First (DCO 13 Aug 2021) | Statistical analyses for AMNOG (HTA Germany)
 Table 4.24.2 Composite Complete Remission Dichotomous Endpoints - subgroup analysis - DCO 13-Aug-2021 - Intent to Treat Analysis Set

Age by 2 categories: >60			
	Quizartinib (N=268)	Placebo (N=271)	Quizartinib vs Placebo
Number of subjects in subgroup category, n	102	106	
Number of subjects with events, n (%)	72 (70.6)	71 (67.0)	
95 % CI [a]	(60.7, 79.2)	(57.2, 75.8)	
Odds ratio (95 % CI) [b]			1.18 (0.66, 2.13)
Relative risk (95 % CI) [b]			1.05 (0.88, 1.27)
Absolute risk reduction (95 % CI) [c]			3.61 (-9.94, 17.15)
p-value [d]			0.6036
Subgroup Interaction p-value [e]			0.5333

N: number of subjects in analysis set; n: number of subjects in subgroup category; %: proportion of number of subjects in subgroup category.
 [a] Exact confidence interval based on Clopper-Pearson method for single proportion.
 [b] Confidence interval is the Wald asymptotic confidence interval. In case of zero cells a correction value of 0.5 is added to each cell frequency of the corresponding 2x2 table.
 [c] Absolute risk reduction is presented on percentage point scale. Confidence interval is the continuity corrected Wald asymptotic confidence interval for the risk differences
 [d] Two-sided p-value based on the Cochran-Mantel-Haenszel test adjusted for randomization stratification factors.[e] Two-sided p-value from Cochran’s Q test for heterogeneity of relative risk.
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Anhang 4-H4f: Dauer der zusammengesetzten Komplettremission nach Induktion

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 Table 4.28.1 Duration of Composite Complete Remission - subgroup analysis - DCO 13-Aug-2021 - Intent to Treat Analysis Set

Subgroup	n	Quizartinib (N=268)				Placebo (N=271)				Quizartinib vs Placebo		Interaction
		No. of subjects with events (%)	No. of subjects censored (%)	Median (95 % CI) (months) [a]	n	No. of subjects with events (%)	No. of subjects censored (%)	Median (95 % CI) (months) [a]	Hazard Ratio (95 % CI) [b]	Unstratified log-rank p-value [c]	P-value [d]	
Pooled Age Group 2											0.2374	
<60	118	44 (37.3)	74 (62.7)	NE (27.9, NE)	105	55 (52.4)	50 (47.6)	16.5 (9.1, NE)	0.610 (0.410, 0.908)	0.0139		
≥60 - <65	27	15 (55.6)	12 (44.4)	22.7 (11.1, NE)	28	16 (57.1)	12 (42.9)	13.7 (5.4, NE)	0.760 (0.375, 1.538)	0.4452		
≥65	47	36 (76.6)	11 (23.4)	13.4 (6.2, 17.4)	43	31 (72.1)	12 (27.9)	8.8 (5.3, 26.5)	1.041 (0.643, 1.685)	0.8717		

N: number of subjects in analysis set; n: number of subjects in subgroup category with Composite Complete Remission; %: proportion of number of subjects in n; CI: confidence interval; NE: not estimable.
 [a] Median time to first event is from Kaplan-Meier estimate. Confidence Interval for median was computed using the Brookmeyer-Crowley method.
 [b] Hazard ratio is from unstratified Cox proportional hazards model with treatment as the only categorical variable in the model. Confidence limits are based on the Wald test.
 [c] Two-sided p-value from unstratified log-rank test.
 [d] Two-sided interaction p-value is for the interaction term from unstratified Cox proportional hazards model with treatment, subgroup, and treatment-by-subgroup interaction as categorical variables in the model. The p-value is based on the Wald test.
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Medizinischer Nutzen, medizinischer Zusatznutzen, Patientengruppen mit therap. bedeutsamem Zusatznutzen

Daichi Sankyo | Data Intelligence – Evidence Generation | AC220-A-U302 QUANTUM-First (DCO 13 Aug 2021) | Statistical analyses for AMNOG (HTA Germany)
 Table 4.28.1 Duration of Composite Complete Remission - subgroup analysis - DCO 13-Aug-2021 - Intent to Treat Analysis Set

Subgroup	n	Quizartinib (N=268)				Placebo (N=271)				Quizartinib vs Placebo		Interaction
		No. of subjects with events (%)	No. of subjects censored (%)	Median (95 % CI) (months) [a]	n	No. of subjects with events (%)	No. of subjects censored (%)	Median (95 % CI) (months) [a]	Hazard Ratio (95 % CI) [b]	Unstratified log-rank p-value [c]	P-value [d]	
Sex											0.5275	
Male	87	49 (56.3)	38 (43.7)	19.4 (14.1, 28.5)	72	43 (59.7)	29 (40.3)	9.1 (6.7, 21.0)	0.792 (0.525, 1.195)	0.2666		
Female	105	46 (43.8)	59 (56.2)	47.7 (19.9, NE)	104	59 (56.7)	45 (43.3)	18.6 (8.4, 41.9)	0.672 (0.457, 0.988)	0.0421		

N: number of subjects in analysis set; n: number of subjects in subgroup category with Composite Complete Remission; %: proportion of number of subjects in n; CI: confidence interval; NE: not estimable.
 [a] Median time to first event is from Kaplan-Meier estimate. Confidence Interval for median was computed using the Brookmeyer-Crowley method.
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		No. of subjects with events (%)	No. of subjects censored (%)	Median (95 % CI) (months) [a]	n	No. of subjects with events (%)	No. of subjects censored (%)	Median (95 % CI) (months) [a]	Hazard Ratio (95 % CI) [b]	Unstratified log-rank p-value [c]	P-value [d]	
Race by 2 categories											0.9583	
White	114	62 (54.4)	52 (45.6)	21.9 (13.7, NE)	106	66 (62.3)	40 (37.7)	10.2 (5.4, 21.6)	0.752 (0.531, 1.064)	0.1064		
Non-white	78	33 (42.3)	45 (57.7)	38.6 (17.7, NE)	70	36 (51.4)	34 (48.6)	20.1 (8.7, NE)	0.703 (0.438, 1.128)	0.1433		

N: number of subjects in analysis set; n: number of subjects in subgroup category with Composite Complete Remission; %: proportion of number of subjects in n; CI: confidence interval; NE: not estimable.
 [a] Median time to first event is from Kaplan-Meier estimate. Confidence Interval for median was computed using the Brookmeyer-Crowley method.
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Subgroup	n	Quizartinib (N=268)				Placebo (N=271)				Quizartinib vs Placebo		Interaction
		No. of subjects with events (%)	No. of subjects censored (%)	Median (95 % CI) (months) [a]	n	No. of subjects with events (%)	No. of subjects censored (%)	Median (95 % CI) (months) [a]	Hazard Ratio (95 % CI) [b]	Unstratified log-rank p-value [c]	P-value [d]	
Geographic Region 1											0.5982	
North America	7	4 (57.1)	3 (42.9)	24.9 (8.5, NE)	14	6 (42.9)	8 (57.1)	NE (6.4, NE)	1.273 (0.358, 4.526)	0.7084		
Europe	122	64 (52.5)	58 (47.5)	22.7 (14.5, NE)	103	67 (65.0)	36 (35.0)	9.1 (6.0, 18.6)	0.688 (0.488, 0.970)	0.0315		
Asia/Other Regions	63	27 (42.9)	36 (57.1)	38.6 (17.7, NE)	59	29 (49.2)	30 (50.8)	19.0 (8.0, NE)	0.732 (0.433, 1.238)	0.2442		

N: number of subjects in analysis set; n: number of subjects in subgroup category with Composite Complete Remission; %: proportion of number of subjects in n; CI: confidence interval; NE: not estimable.
 [a] Median time to first event is from Kaplan-Meier estimate. Confidence Interval for median was computed using the Brookmeyer-Crowley method.
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		No. of subjects with events (%)	No. of subjects censored (%)	Median (95 % CI) (months) [a]	n	No. of subjects with events (%)	No. of subjects censored (%)	Median (95 % CI) (months) [a]	Hazard Ratio (95 % CI) [b]	Unstratified log-rank p-value [c]	P-value [d]	
WBC at initial diagnosis											0.6688	
< 40x10 ⁹ /L	88	40 (45.5)	48 (54.5)	38.6 (18.7, NE)	87	49 (56.3)	38 (43.7)	12.4 (8.4, 46.2)	0.688 (0.452, 1.045)	0.0779		
≥ 40x10 ⁹ /L	104	55 (52.9)	49 (47.1)	21.8 (13.4, NE)	89	53 (59.6)	36 (40.4)	10.2 (6.7, 22.8)	0.786 (0.539, 1.148)	0.2106		

N: number of subjects in analysis set; n: number of subjects in subgroup category with Composite Complete Remission; %: proportion of number of subjects in n; CI: confidence interval; NE: not estimable.
 [a] Median time to first event is from Kaplan-Meier estimate. Confidence Interval for median was computed using the Brookmeyer-Crowley method.
 [b] Hazard ratio is from unstratified Cox proportional hazards model with treatment as the only categorical variable in the model. Confidence limits are based on the Wald test.
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Subgroup	n	Quizartinib (N=268)				Placebo (N=271)				Quizartinib vs Placebo		Interaction
		No. of subjects with events (%)	No. of subjects censored (%)	Median (95 % CI) (months) [a]	n	No. of subjects with events (%)	No. of subjects censored (%)	Median (95 % CI) (months) [a]	Hazard Ratio (95 % CI) [b]	Unstratified log-rank p-value [c]	P-value [d]	
Choice of Anthracycline											0.8854	
Daunorubicin	86	45 (52.3)	41 (47.7)	22.7 (15.3, NE)	62	37 (59.7)	25 (40.3)	9.4 (5.3, 26.5)	0.711 (0.459, 1.100)	0.1228		
Idarubicin	106	50 (47.2)	56 (52.8)	27.9 (15.9, NE)	113	65 (57.5)	48 (42.5)	13.7 (8.7, 30.9)	0.739 (0.511, 1.069)	0.1072		

N: number of subjects in analysis set; n: number of subjects in subgroup category with Composite Complete Remission; %: proportion of number of subjects in n; CI: confidence interval; NE: not estimable.
 [a] Median time to first event is from Kaplan-Meier estimate. Confidence Interval for median was computed using the Brookmeyer-Crowley method.
 [b] Hazard ratio is from unstratified Cox proportional hazards model with treatment as the only categorical variable in the model. Confidence limits are based on the Wald test.
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		No. of subjects with events (%)	No. of subjects censored (%)	Median (95 % CI) (months) [a]	n	No. of subjects with events (%)	No. of subjects censored (%)	Median (95 % CI) (months) [a]	Hazard Ratio (95 % CI) [b]	Unstratified log-rank p-value [c]	P-value [d]	
AML Cytogenetic Risk Score											0.3738	
Favorable	8	3 (37.5)	5 (62.5)	38.6 (3.7, NE)	14	5 (35.7)	9 (64.3)	NE (4.4, NE)	1.096 (0.257, 4.671)	0.8870		
Intermediate	148	75 (50.7)	73 (49.3)	22.7 (14.5, NE)	121	68 (56.2)	53 (43.8)	13.7 (8.0, 41.9)	0.825 (0.593, 1.146)	0.2499		
Unfavorable	10	4 (40.0)	6 (60.0)	NE (2.1, NE)	17	12 (70.6)	5 (29.4)	10.6 (4.8, 16.5)	0.326 (0.101, 1.053)	0.0505		
Unknown	26	13 (50.0)	13 (50.0)	27.9 (16.4, NE)	23	17 (73.9)	6 (26.1)	8.7 (5.3, 22.7)	0.517 (0.250, 1.071)	0.0695		

N: number of subjects in analysis set; n: number of subjects in subgroup category with Composite Complete Remission; %: proportion of number of subjects in n; CI: confidence interval; NE: not estimable.
 [a] Median time to first event is from Kaplan-Meier estimate. Confidence Interval for median was computed using the Brookmeyer-Crowley method.
 [b] Hazard ratio is from unstratified Cox proportional hazards model with treatment as the only categorical variable in the model. Confidence limits are based on the Wald test.
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		No. of subjects with events (%)	No. of subjects censored (%)	Median (95 % CI) (months) [a]	n	No. of subjects with events (%)	No. of subjects censored (%)	Median (95 % CI) (months) [a]	Hazard Ratio (95 % CI) [b]	Unstratified log-rank p-value [c]	P-value [d]	
ECOG Performance Status at Baseline											0.7598	
0 - Fully Active	63	27 (42.9)	36 (57.1)	NE (18.7, NE)	63	35 (55.6)	28 (44.4)	12.4 (6.6, NE)	0.646 (0.391, 1.067)	0.0861		
1 - Restricted in Physically Strenuous Activity	97	51 (52.6)	46 (47.4)	21.9 (14.1, NE)	91	53 (58.2)	38 (41.8)	14.4 (8.4, 41.9)	0.821 (0.559, 1.208)	0.3173		
2 - Ambulatory and Capable of All Selfcare	32	17 (53.1)	15 (46.9)	24.9 (6.0, NE)	22	14 (63.6)	8 (36.4)	8.0 (4.8, NE)	0.656 (0.321, 1.339)	0.2444		

N: number of subjects in analysis set; n: number of subjects in subgroup category with Composite Complete Remission; %: proportion of number of subjects in n; CI: confidence interval; NE: not estimable.
 [a] Median time to first event is from Kaplan-Meier estimate. Confidence Interval for median was computed using the Brookmeyer-Crowley method.
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FLT3-ITD category at Baseline											0.4975		
≥3 to ≤25%	67	34 (50.7)	33 (49.3)	28.5 (16.4, NE)	60	33 (55.0)	27 (45.0)	19.0 (9.4, NE)	0.815 (0.505, 1.317)	0.4036			
>25% to ≤50%	99	45 (45.5)	54 (54.5)	38.6 (16.4, NE)	94	52 (55.3)	42 (44.7)	13.6 (6.6, 46.2)	0.736 (0.493, 1.098)	0.1323			
>50%	25	15 (60.0)	10 (40.0)	10.2 (6.2, NE)	22	17 (77.3)	5 (22.7)	4.6 (2.7, 7.2)	0.521 (0.259, 1.048)	0.0599			

N: number of subjects in analysis set; n: number of subjects in subgroup category with Composite Complete Remission; %: proportion of number of subjects in n; CI: confidence interval; NE: not estimable.
 [a] Median time to first event is from Kaplan-Meier estimate. Confidence Interval for median was computed using the Brookmeyer-Crowley method.
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AML with Mutated NPM1											0.2780	
Yes	120	56 (46.7)	64 (53.3)	34.6 (18.7, NE)	115	68 (59.1)	47 (40.9)	10.6 (6.4, 29.5)	0.659 (0.462, 0.939)	0.0201		
No	65	35 (53.8)	30 (46.2)	21.9 (11.2, NE)	52	29 (55.8)	23 (44.2)	16.5 (8.8, NE)	0.913 (0.558, 1.495)	0.7198		

N: number of subjects in analysis set; n: number of subjects in subgroup category with Composite Complete Remission; %: proportion of number of subjects in n; CI: confidence interval; NE: not estimable.
 [a] Median time to first event is from Kaplan-Meier estimate. Confidence Interval for median was computed using the Brookmeyer-Crowley method.
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		No. of subjects with events (%)	No. of subjects censored (%)	Median (95 % CI) (months) [a]	n	No. of subjects with events (%)	No. of subjects censored (%)	Median (95 % CI) (months) [a]	Hazard Ratio (95 % CI) [b]	Unstratified log-rank p-value [c]	P-value [d]	
Age by 2 categories											0.1138	
≤60	120	45 (37.5)	75 (62.5)	NE (27.9, NE)	105	55 (52.4)	50 (47.6)	16.5 (9.1, NE)	0.612 (0.412, 0.908)	0.0138		
>60	72	50 (69.4)	22 (30.6)	15.3 (11.1, 22.7)	71	47 (66.2)	24 (33.8)	9.0 (6.0, 21.6)	0.961 (0.645, 1.432)	0.8432		

N: number of subjects in analysis set; n: number of subjects in subgroup category with Composite Complete Remission; %: proportion of number of subjects in n; CI: confidence interval; NE: not estimable.
 [a] Median time to first event is from Kaplan-Meier estimate. Confidence Interval for median was computed using the Brookmeyer-Crowley method.
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 [c] Two-sided p-value from unstratified log-rank test.
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Anhang 4-H5: EQ-5D-5L VAS

Anhang 4-H5a: Zeit zur bestätigten Verschlechterung

Daiichi Sankyo | Data Intelligence – Evidence Generation | AC220-A-U302 QUANTUM-First (DCO 13 Aug 2021) | Statistical analyses for AMNOG (HTA Germany)
 Table 2.19.3 EQ-5D-5L VAS - Definitive deterioration - Time-to-event analysis - subgroup analysis - DCO 13-Aug-2021 - PRO Intent to Treat Analysis Set

Subgroup	n	Quizartinib (N=254)				Placebo (N=255)				Quizartinib vs Placebo		Interaction
		No. of subjects with events (%)	No. of subjects censored (%)	Median (95 % CI) (months) [a]	n	No. of subjects with events (%)	No. of subjects censored (%)	Median (95 % CI) (months) [a]	Hazard Ratio (95 % CI) [b]	Unstratified log-rank p-value [c]	P-value [d]	
Pooled Age Group 2											0.9956	
<60	150	19 (12.7)	131 (87.3)	NE (NE, NE)	151	12 (7.9)	139 (92.1)	NE (NE, NE)	1.488 (0.722, 3.067)	0.2750		
≥60 - <65	37	4 (10.8)	33 (89.2)	NE (NE, NE)	42	3 (7.1)	39 (92.9)	NE (NE, NE)	1.280 (0.283, 5.779)	0.7478		
≥65	64	11 (17.2)	53 (82.8)	24.4 (12.9, NE)	59	9 (15.3)	50 (84.7)	NE (26.5, NE)	1.592 (0.656, 3.861)	0.2954		

N: number of subjects in analysis set; n: number of subjects in subgroup category with complete PRO baseline; %: proportion of number of subjects in n; CI: confidence interval; NE: not estimable. PRO: Patient Reported Outcome. A Minimal Clinically Important Difference of 15 is considered in this table.
 [a] Median time to first event is from Kaplan-Meier estimate. Confidence Interval for median was computed using the Brookmeyer-Crowley method.
 [b] Hazard ratio is from unstratified Cox proportional hazards model with treatment as the only categorical variable in the model. Confidence limits are based on the Wald test.
 [c] Two-sided p-value from unstratified log-rank test.
 [d] Two-sided interaction p-value is for the interaction term from unstratified Cox proportional hazards model with treatment, subgroup, and treatment-by-subgroup interaction as categorical variables in the model. The p-value is based on the Wald test.
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 Run date: 15NOV2023 – 13:06; Program name: DE_T_4_18_4.sas; Output name: DE_T_2_19_3_EQ5D_DD_SUB_PRO_ITT.rtf

Medizinischer Nutzen, medizinischer Zusatznutzen, Patientengruppen mit therap. bedeutsamem Zusatznutzen

Daiichi Sankyo | Data Intelligence – Evidence Generation | AC220-A-U302 QUANTUM-First (DCO 13 Aug 2021) | Statistical analyses for AMNOG (HTA Germany)
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Subgroup	n	Quizartinib (N=254)				Placebo (N=255)				Quizartinib vs Placebo			Interaction P-value [d]
		No. of subjects with events (%)	No. of subjects censored (%)	Median (95 % CI) (months) [a]	n	No. of subjects with events (%)	No. of subjects censored (%)	Median (95 % CI) (months) [a]	Hazard Ratio (95 % CI) [b]	Unstratified log-rank p-value [c]			
Sex												0.4062	
Male	120	13 (10.8)	107 (89.2)	NE (NE, NE)	108	10 (9.3)	98 (90.7)	NE (NE, NE)	1.090 (0.477, 2.489)	0.8309			
Female	131	21 (16.0)	110 (84.0)	NE (NE, NE)	144	14 (9.7)	130 (90.3)	NE (NE, NE)	1.713 (0.871, 3.370)	0.1138			

N: number of subjects in analysis set; n: number of subjects in subgroup category with complete PRO baseline; %: proportion of number of subjects in n; CI: confidence interval; NE: not estimable. PRO: Patient Reported Outcome. A Minimal Clinically Important Difference of 15 is considered in this table.
 [a] Median time to first event is from Kaplan-Meier estimate. Confidence Interval for median was computed using the Brookmeyer-Crowley method.
 [b] Hazard ratio is from unstratified Cox proportional hazards model with treatment as the only categorical variable in the model. Confidence limits are based on the Wald test.
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Subgroup	n	Quizartinib (N=254)				Placebo (N=255)				Quizartinib vs Placebo		Interaction
		No. of subjects with events (%)	No. of subjects censored (%)	Median (95 % CI) (months) [a]	n	No. of subjects with events (%)	No. of subjects censored (%)	Median (95 % CI) (months) [a]	Hazard Ratio (95 % CI) [b]	Unstratified log-rank p-value [c]	P-value [d]	
Race by 2 categories											0.8272	
White	148	21 (14.2)	127 (85.8)	NE (NE, NE)	152	14 (9.2)	138 (90.8)	NE (NE, NE)	1.475 (0.749, 2.901)	0.2554		
Non-white	103	13 (12.6)	90 (87.4)	NE (NE, NE)	100	10 (10.0)	90 (90.0)	NE (NE, NE)	1.317 (0.577, 3.007)	0.5065		

N: number of subjects in analysis set; n: number of subjects in subgroup category with complete PRO baseline; %: proportion of number of subjects in n; CI: confidence interval; NE: not estimable. PRO: Patient Reported Outcome. A Minimal Clinically Important Difference of 15 is considered in this table.
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Medizinischer Nutzen, medizinischer Zusatznutzen, Patientengruppen mit therap. bedeutsamem Zusatznutzen

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Subgroup	n	Quizartinib (N=254)				Placebo (N=255)				Quizartinib vs Placebo		Interaction
		No. of subjects with events (%)	No. of subjects censored (%)	Median (95 % CI) (months) [a]	n	No. of subjects with events (%)	No. of subjects censored (%)	Median (95 % CI) (months) [a]	Hazard Ratio (95 % CI) [b]	Unstratified log-rank p-value [c]	P-value [d]	
Geographic Region 1											0.4372	
North America	16	3 (18.8)	13 (81.3)	NE (1.6, NE)	17	2 (11.8)	15 (88.2)	NE (26.5, NE)	3.494 (0.564, 21.644)	0.1544		
Europe	148	19 (12.8)	129 (87.2)	NE (NE, NE)	148	10 (6.8)	138 (93.2)	NE (NE, NE)	1.803 (0.838, 3.878)	0.1249		
Asia/Other Regions	87	12 (13.8)	75 (86.2)	NE (NE, NE)	87	12 (13.8)	75 (86.2)	NE (NE, NE)	0.967 (0.433, 2.157)	0.9426		

N: number of subjects in analysis set; n: number of subjects in subgroup category with complete PRO baseline; %: proportion of number of subjects in n; CI: confidence interval; NE: not estimable. PRO: Patient Reported Outcome. A Minimal Clinically Important Difference of 15 is considered in this table. [a] Median time to first event is from Kaplan-Meier estimate. Confidence Interval for median was computed using the Brookmeyer-Crowley method. [b] Hazard ratio is from unstratified Cox proportional hazards model with treatment as the only categorical variable in the model. Confidence limits are based on the Wald test. [c] Two-sided p-value from unstratified log-rank test. [d] Two-sided interaction p-value is for the interaction term from unstratified Cox proportional hazards model with treatment, subgroup, and treatment-by-subgroup interaction as categorical variables in the model. The p-value is based on the Wald test.
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Daiichi Sankyo | Data Intelligence – Evidence Generation | AC220-A-U302 QUANTUM-First (DCO 13 Aug 2021) | Statistical analyses for AMNOG (HTA Germany)
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Subgroup	n	Quizartinib (N=254)				Placebo (N=255)				Quizartinib vs Placebo		Interaction
		No. of subjects with events (%)	No. of subjects censored (%)	Median (95 % CI) (months) [a]	n	No. of subjects with events (%)	No. of subjects censored (%)	Median (95 % CI) (months) [a]	Hazard Ratio (95 % CI) [b]	Unstratified log-rank p-value [c]	P-value [d]	
WBC at initial diagnosis											0.2022	
< 40x10 ⁹ /L	127	19 (15.0)	108 (85.0)	NE (28.2, NE)	124	11 (8.9)	113 (91.1)	NE (NE, NE)	1.985 (0.944, 4.173)	0.0642		
≥ 40x10 ⁹ /L	124	15 (12.1)	109 (87.9)	NE (NE, NE)	128	13 (10.2)	115 (89.8)	NE (NE, NE)	0.999 (0.474, 2.105)	0.9982		

N: number of subjects in analysis set; n: number of subjects in subgroup category with complete PRO baseline; %: proportion of number of subjects in n; CI: confidence interval; NE: not estimable. PRO: Patient Reported Outcome. A Minimal Clinically Important Difference of 15 is considered in this table. [a] Median time to first event is from Kaplan-Meier estimate. Confidence Interval for median was computed using the Brookmeyer-Crowley method. [b] Hazard ratio is from unstratified Cox proportional hazards model with treatment as the only categorical variable in the model. Confidence limits are based on the Wald test. [c] Two-sided p-value from unstratified log-rank test. [d] Two-sided interaction p-value is for the interaction term from unstratified Cox proportional hazards model with treatment, subgroup, and treatment-by-subgroup interaction as categorical variables in the model. The p-value is based on the Wald test.
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		No. of subjects with events (%)	No. of subjects censored (%)	Median (95 % CI) (months) [a]	n	No. of subjects with events (%)	No. of subjects censored (%)	Median (95 % CI) (months) [a]	Hazard Ratio (95 % CI) [b]	Unstratified log-rank p-value [c]	P-value [d]	
Choice of Anthracycline											0.4456	
Daunorubicin	116	13 (11.2)	103 (88.8)	NE (NE, NE)	89	9 (10.1)	80 (89.9)	NE (NE, NE)	1.093 (0.467, 2.558)	0.8328		
Idarubicin	135	21 (15.6)	114 (84.4)	NE (NE, NE)	161	15 (9.3)	146 (90.7)	NE (NE, NE)	1.620 (0.835, 3.144)	0.1490		

N: number of subjects in analysis set; n: number of subjects in subgroup category with complete PRO baseline; %: proportion of number of subjects in n; CI: confidence interval; NE: not estimable. PRO: Patient Reported Outcome. A Minimal Clinically Important Difference of 15 is considered in this table.
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		No. of subjects with events (%)	No. of subjects censored (%)	Median (95 % CI) (months) [a]	n	No. of subjects with events (%)	No. of subjects censored (%)	Median (95 % CI) (months) [a]	Hazard Ratio (95 % CI) [b]	Unstratified log-rank p-value [c]	P-value [d]	
AML Cytogenetic Risk Score											0.2687	
Favorable	12	1 (8.3)	11 (91.7)	NE (2.1, NE)	17	3 (17.6)	14 (82.4)	NE (26.5, NE)	1.160 (0.104, 12.943)	0.9040		
Intermediate	184	25 (13.6)	159 (86.4)	NE (NE, NE)	178	18 (10.1)	160 (89.9)	NE (NE, NE)	1.199 (0.654, 2.200)	0.5508		
Unfavorable	19	5 (26.3)	14 (73.7)	NE (0.7, NE)	26	2 (7.7)	24 (92.3)	NE (NE, NE)	5.435 (1.051, 28.121)	0.0232		
Unknown	36	3 (8.3)	33 (91.7)	NE (21.3, NE)	30	1 (3.3)	29 (96.7)	NE (NE, NE)	2.574 (0.265, 25.013)	0.3983		

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Subgroup	n	Quizartinib (N=254)			n	Placebo (N=255)			Quizartinib vs Placebo		Interaction P-value [d]
		No. of subjects with events (%)	No. of subjects censored (%)	Median (95 % CI) (months) [a]		No. of subjects with events (%)	No. of subjects censored (%)	Median (95 % CI) (months) [a]	Hazard Ratio (95 % CI) [b]	Unstratified log-rank p-value [c]	
ECOG Performance Status at Baseline											0.2225
0 - Fully Active	80	15 (18.8)	65 (81.3)	NE (24.4, NE)	90	7 (7.8)	83 (92.2)	NE (NE, NE)	2.516 (1.025, 6.174)	0.0366	
1 - Restricted in Physically Strenuous Activity	127	14 (11.0)	113 (89.0)	NE (NE, NE)	127	15 (11.8)	112 (88.2)	NE (NE, NE)	0.898 (0.433, 1.862)	0.7797	
2 - Ambulatory and Capable of All Selfcare	44	5 (11.4)	39 (88.6)	NE (NE, NE)	34	2 (5.9)	32 (94.1)	NE (4.4, NE)	1.779 (0.341, 9.269)	0.4882	

N: number of subjects in analysis set; n: number of subjects in subgroup category with complete PRO baseline; %: proportion of number of subjects in n; CI: confidence interval; NE: not estimable. PRO: Patient Reported Outcome. A Minimal Clinically Important Difference of 15 is considered in this table.
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		No. of subjects with events (%)	No. of subjects censored (%)	Median (95 % CI) (months) [a]	n	No. of subjects with events (%)	No. of subjects censored (%)	Median (95 % CI) (months) [a]	Hazard Ratio (95 % CI) [b]	Unstratified log-rank p-value [c]	P-value [d]	
FLT3-ITD category at Baseline											0.1301	
≥3 to ≤25%	88	11 (12.5)	77 (87.5)	NE (NE, NE)	93	5 (5.4)	88 (94.6)	NE (NE, NE)	2.570 (0.893, 7.400)	0.0700		
>25% to ≤50%	134	22 (16.4)	112 (83.6)	NE (28.2, NE)	126	15 (11.9)	111 (88.1)	NE (NE, NE)	1.314 (0.681, 2.534)	0.4097		
>50%	28	1 (3.6)	27 (96.4)	NE (NE, NE)	33	4 (12.1)	29 (87.9)	NE (NE, NE)	0.259 (0.029, 2.318)	0.1938		

N: number of subjects in analysis set; n: number of subjects in subgroup category with complete PRO baseline; %: proportion of number of subjects in n; CI: confidence interval; NE: not estimable. PRO: Patient Reported Outcome. A Minimal Clinically Important Difference of 15 is considered in this table.
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		No. of subjects with events (%)	No. of subjects censored (%)	Median (95 % CI) (months) [a]		No. of subjects with events (%)	No. of subjects censored (%)	Median (95 % CI) (months) [a]	Hazard Ratio (95 % CI) [b]	Unstratified log-rank p-value [c]	P-value [d]	
AML with Mutated NPM1											0.0802	
Yes	129	19 (14.7)	110 (85.3)	NE (NE, NE)	129	16 (12.4)	113 (87.6)	NE (NE, NE)	1.174 (0.603, 2.285)	0.6321		
No	112	15 (13.4)	97 (86.6)	NE (NE, NE)	112	4 (3.6)	108 (96.4)	NE (NE, NE)	3.588 (1.190, 10.815)	0.0152		

N: number of subjects in analysis set; n: number of subjects in subgroup category with complete PRO baseline; %: proportion of number of subjects in n; CI: confidence interval; NE: not estimable. PRO: Patient Reported Outcome. A Minimal Clinically Important Difference of 15 is considered in this table.
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 Table 2.19.3 EQ-5D-5L VAS - Definitive deterioration - Time-to-event analysis - subgroup analysis - DCO 13-Aug-2021 - PRO Intent to Treat Analysis Set

Subgroup	n	Quizartinib (N=254)				Placebo (N=255)				Quizartinib vs Placebo		Interaction P-value [d]
		No. of subjects with events (%)	No. of subjects censored (%)	Median (95 % CI) (months) [a]	n	No. of subjects with events (%)	No. of subjects censored (%)	Median (95 % CI) (months) [a]	Hazard Ratio (95 % CI) [b]	Unstratified log-rank p-value [c]		
Age by 2 categories											0.8172	
≤60	155	20 (12.9)	135 (87.1)	NE (NE, NE)	154	12 (7.8)	142 (92.2)	NE (NE, NE)	1.544 (0.754, 3.160)	0.2282		
>60	96	14 (14.6)	82 (85.4)	NE (21.3, NE)	98	12 (12.2)	86 (87.8)	NE (NE, NE)	1.376 (0.635, 2.981)	0.4127		

N: number of subjects in analysis set; n: number of subjects in subgroup category with complete PRO baseline; %: proportion of number of subjects in n; CI: confidence interval; NE: not estimable. PRO: Patient Reported Outcome. A Minimal Clinically Important Difference of 15 is considered in this table.
 [a] Median time to first event is from Kaplan-Meier estimate. Confidence Interval for median was computed using the Brookmeyer-Crowley method.
 [b] Hazard ratio is from unstratified Cox proportional hazards model with treatment as the only categorical variable in the model. Confidence limits are based on the Wald test.
 [c] Two-sided p-value from unstratified log-rank test.
 [d] Two-sided interaction p-value is for the interaction term from unstratified Cox proportional hazards model with treatment, subgroup, and treatment-by-subgroup interaction as categorical variables in the model. The p-value is based on the Wald test.
 Data source: \\AC220-A-U302\Production\Raw Data_Restricted\rstret_eg\rstret_20211102_eg\rstret_valos\20230516_AMNOG\ADAM\
 Run date: 15NOV2023 – 13:06; Program name: DE_T_4_18_4.sas; Output name: DE_T_2_19_3_EQ5D_DD_SUB_PRO_ITT.rtf

Anhang 4-H5b: Zeit bis zur erstmaligen Verschlechterung

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 Table 2.19.2 EQ-5D-5L VAS - First deterioration - Time-to-event analysis - subgroup analysis - DCO 13-Aug-2021 - PRO Intent to Treat Analysis Set

		Quizartinib (N=254)				Placebo (N=255)				Quizartinib vs Placebo		Interaction
Subgroup	n	No. of subjects with events (%)	No. of subjects censored (%)	Median (95 % CI) (months) [a]	n	No. of subjects with events (%)	No. of subjects censored (%)	Median (95 % CI) (months) [a]	Hazard Ratio (95 % CI) [b]	Unstratified log-rank p-value [c]	P-value [d]	
Pooled Age Group 2											0.8984	
<60	150	25 (16.7)	125 (83.3)	NE (NE, NE)	151	16 (10.6)	135 (89.4)	NE (NE, NE)	1.469 (0.784, 2.753)	0.2230		
≥60 - <65	37	5 (13.5)	32 (86.5)	NE (14.9, NE)	42	4 (9.5)	38 (90.5)	NE (NE, NE)	1.162 (0.309, 4.374)	0.8241		
≥65	64	13 (20.3)	51 (79.7)	24.4 (12.9, NE)	59	13 (22.0)	46 (78.0)	NE (26.5, NE)	1.211 (0.561, 2.614)	0.6197		

N: number of subjects in analysis set; n: number of subjects in subgroup category with complete PRO baseline; %: proportion of number of subjects in n; CI: confidence interval; NE: not estimable. PRO: Patient Reported Outcome. A Minimal Clinically Important Difference of 15 is considered in this table. [a] Median time to first event is from Kaplan-Meier estimate. Confidence Interval for median was computed using the Brookmeyer-Crowley method. [b] Hazard ratio is from unstratified Cox proportional hazards model with treatment as the only categorical variable in the model. Confidence limits are based on the Wald test. [c] Two-sided p-value from unstratified log-rank test. [d] Two-sided interaction p-value is for the interaction term from unstratified Cox proportional hazards model with treatment, subgroup, and treatment-by-subgroup interaction as categorical variables in the model. The p-value is based on the Wald test. Data source: \\AC220-A-U302\Production\Raw Data_Restricted\rstret_eg\rstret_20211102_eg\rstret_valos\20230516_AMNOG\ADAM\ Run date: 15NOV2023 – 13:06; Program name: DE_T_4_18_4.sas; Output name: DE_T_2_19_2_EQ5D_FD_SUB_PRO_ITT.rtf

Medizinischer Nutzen, medizinischer Zusatznutzen, Patientengruppen mit therap. bedeutsamem Zusatznutzen

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 Table 2.19.2 EQ-5D-5L VAS - First deterioration - Time-to-event analysis - subgroup analysis - DCO 13-Aug-2021 - PRO Intent to Treat Analysis Set

Subgroup	n	Quizartinib (N=254)			n	Placebo (N=255)			Quizartinib vs Placebo		Interaction
		No. of subjects with events (%)	No. of subjects censored (%)	Median (95 % CI) (months) [a]		No. of subjects with events (%)	No. of subjects censored (%)	Median (95 % CI) (months) [a]	Hazard Ratio (95 % CI) [b]	Unstratified log-rank p-value [c]	P-value [d]
Sex											0.1274
Male	120	17 (14.2)	103 (85.8)	NE (28.2, NE)	108	16 (14.8)	92 (85.2)	NE (NE, NE)	0.871 (0.439, 1.727)	0.6996	
Female	131	26 (19.8)	105 (80.2)	NE (17.0, NE)	144	17 (11.8)	127 (88.2)	NE (NE, NE)	1.760 (0.955, 3.245)	0.0652	

N: number of subjects in analysis set; n: number of subjects in subgroup category with complete PRO baseline; %: proportion of number of subjects in n; CI: confidence interval; NE: not estimable. PRO: Patient Reported Outcome. A Minimal Clinically Important Difference of 15 is considered in this table.
 [a] Median time to first event is from Kaplan-Meier estimate. Confidence Interval for median was computed using the Brookmeyer-Crowley method.
 [b] Hazard ratio is from unstratified Cox proportional hazards model with treatment as the only categorical variable in the model. Confidence limits are based on the Wald test.
 [c] Two-sided p-value from unstratified log-rank test.
 [d] Two-sided interaction p-value is for the interaction term from unstratified Cox proportional hazards model with treatment, subgroup, and treatment-by-subgroup interaction as categorical variables in the model. The p-value is based on the Wald test.
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 Run date: 15NOV2023 – 13:06; Program name: DE_T_4_18_4.sas; Output name: DE_T_2_19_2_EQ5D_FD_SUB_PRO_ITT.rtf

Medizinischer Nutzen, medizinischer Zusatznutzen, Patientengruppen mit therap. bedeutsamem Zusatznutzen

Daiichi Sankyo | Data Intelligence – Evidence Generation | AC220-A-U302 QUANTUM-First (DCO 13 Aug 2021) | Statistical analyses for AMNOG (HTA Germany)
 Table 2.19.2 EQ-5D-5L VAS - First deterioration - Time-to-event analysis - subgroup analysis - DCO 13-Aug-2021 - PRO Intent to Treat Analysis Set

		Quizartinib (N=254)				Placebo (N=255)				Quizartinib vs Placebo		Interaction
Subgroup	n	No. of subjects with events (%)	No. of subjects censored (%)	Median (95 % CI) (months) [a]	n	No. of subjects with events (%)	No. of subjects censored (%)	Median (95 % CI) (months) [a]	Hazard Ratio (95 % CI) [b]	Unstratified log-rank p-value [c]	P-value [d]	
Race by 2 categories											0.7551	
White	148	25 (16.9)	123 (83.1)	NE (NE, NE)	152	18 (11.8)	134 (88.2)	NE (NE, NE)	1.369 (0.746, 2.510)	0.3038		
Non-white	103	18 (17.5)	85 (82.5)	NE (24.4, NE)	100	15 (15.0)	85 (85.0)	NE (NE, NE)	1.193 (0.601, 2.369)	0.6075		

N: number of subjects in analysis set; n: number of subjects in subgroup category with complete PRO baseline; %: proportion of number of subjects in n; CI: confidence interval; NE: not estimable. PRO: Patient Reported Outcome. A Minimal Clinically Important Difference of 15 is considered in this table.
 [a] Median time to first event is from Kaplan-Meier estimate. Confidence Interval for median was computed using the Brookmeyer-Crowley method.
 [b] Hazard ratio is from unstratified Cox proportional hazards model with treatment as the only categorical variable in the model. Confidence limits are based on the Wald test.
 [c] Two-sided p-value from unstratified log-rank test.
 [d] Two-sided interaction p-value is for the interaction term from unstratified Cox proportional hazards model with treatment, subgroup, and treatment-by-subgroup interaction as categorical variables in the model. The p-value is based on the Wald test.
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Medizinischer Nutzen, medizinischer Zusatznutzen, Patientengruppen mit therap. bedeutsamem Zusatznutzen

Daiichi Sankyo | Data Intelligence – Evidence Generation | AC220-A-U302 QUANTUM-First (DCO 13 Aug 2021) | Statistical analyses for AMNOG (HTA Germany)
 Table 2.19.2 EQ-5D-5L VAS - First deterioration - Time-to-event analysis - subgroup analysis - DCO 13-Aug-2021 - PRO Intent to Treat Analysis Set

Subgroup	n	Quizartinib (N=254)				Placebo (N=255)				Quizartinib vs Placebo		Interaction
		No. of subjects with events (%)	No. of subjects censored (%)	Median (95 % CI) (months) [a]	n	No. of subjects with events (%)	No. of subjects censored (%)	Median (95 % CI) (months) [a]	Hazard Ratio (95 % CI) [b]	Unstratified log-rank p-value [c]	P-value [d]	
Geographic Region 1											0.5462	
North America	16	3 (18.8)	13 (81.3)	NE (1.6, NE)	17	2 (11.8)	15 (88.2)	NE (26.5, NE)	3.494 (0.564, 21.644)	0.1544		
Europe	148	23 (15.5)	125 (84.5)	NE (NE, NE)	148	15 (10.1)	133 (89.9)	NE (NE, NE)	1.467 (0.765, 2.812)	0.2415		
Asia/Other Regions	87	17 (19.5)	70 (80.5)	NE (17.0, NE)	87	16 (18.4)	71 (81.6)	NE (NE, NE)	0.993 (0.501, 1.971)	0.9944		

N: number of subjects in analysis set; n: number of subjects in subgroup category with complete PRO baseline; %: proportion of number of subjects in n; CI: confidence interval; NE: not estimable. PRO: Patient Reported Outcome. A Minimal Clinically Important Difference of 15 is considered in this table. [a] Median time to first event is from Kaplan-Meier estimate. Confidence Interval for median was computed using the Brookmeyer-Crowley method. [b] Hazard ratio is from unstratified Cox proportional hazards model with treatment as the only categorical variable in the model. Confidence limits are based on the Wald test. [c] Two-sided p-value from unstratified log-rank test. [d] Two-sided interaction p-value is for the interaction term from unstratified Cox proportional hazards model with treatment, subgroup, and treatment-by-subgroup interaction as categorical variables in the model. The p-value is based on the Wald test.
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Medizinischer Nutzen, medizinischer Zusatznutzen, Patientengruppen mit therap. bedeutsamem Zusatznutzen

Daiichi Sankyo | Data Intelligence – Evidence Generation | AC220-A-U302 QUANTUM-First (DCO 13 Aug 2021) | Statistical analyses for AMNOG (HTA Germany)
 Table 2.19.2 EQ-5D-5L VAS - First deterioration - Time-to-event analysis - subgroup analysis - DCO 13-Aug-2021 - PRO Intent to Treat Analysis Set

Subgroup	n	Quizartinib (N=254)				Placebo (N=255)				Quizartinib vs Placebo		Interaction
		No. of subjects with events (%)	No. of subjects censored (%)	Median (95 % CI) (months) [a]	n	No. of subjects with events (%)	No. of subjects censored (%)	Median (95 % CI) (months) [a]	Hazard Ratio (95 % CI) [b]	Unstratified log-rank p-value [c]	P-value [d]	
WBC at initial diagnosis											0.1399	
< 40x10 ⁹ /L	127	25 (19.7)	102 (80.3)	NE (17.0, NE)	124	16 (12.9)	108 (87.1)	NE (NE, NE)	1.792 (0.956, 3.357)	0.0633		
≥ 40x10 ⁹ /L	124	18 (14.5)	106 (85.5)	NE (NE, NE)	128	17 (13.3)	111 (86.7)	NE (NE, NE)	0.915 (0.470, 1.779)	0.7974		

N: number of subjects in analysis set; n: number of subjects in subgroup category with complete PRO baseline; %: proportion of number of subjects in n; CI: confidence interval; NE: not estimable. PRO: Patient Reported Outcome. A Minimal Clinically Important Difference of 15 is considered in this table. [a] Median time to first event is from Kaplan-Meier estimate. Confidence Interval for median was computed using the Brookmeyer-Crowley method. [b] Hazard ratio is from unstratified Cox proportional hazards model with treatment as the only categorical variable in the model. Confidence limits are based on the Wald test. [c] Two-sided p-value from unstratified log-rank test. [d] Two-sided interaction p-value is for the interaction term from unstratified Cox proportional hazards model with treatment, subgroup, and treatment-by-subgroup interaction as categorical variables in the model. The p-value is based on the Wald test.
 Data source: \\AC220-A-U302\Production\Raw Data_Restricted\rstret_eg\rstret_20211102_eg\rstret_valos\20230516_AMNOG\ADAM\
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Medizinischer Nutzen, medizinischer Zusatznutzen, Patientengruppen mit therap. bedeutsamem Zusatznutzen

Daiichi Sankyo | Data Intelligence – Evidence Generation | AC220-A-U302 QUANTUM-First (DCO 13 Aug 2021) | Statistical analyses for AMNOG (HTA Germany)
 Table 2.19.2 EQ-5D-5L VAS - First deterioration - Time-to-event analysis - subgroup analysis - DCO 13-Aug-2021 - PRO Intent to Treat Analysis Set

Subgroup	n	Quizartinib (N=254)				Placebo (N=255)			Quizartinib vs Placebo		Interaction
		No. of subjects with events (%)	No. of subjects censored (%)	Median (95 % CI) (months) [a]	n	No. of subjects with events (%)	No. of subjects censored (%)	Median (95 % CI) (months) [a]	Hazard Ratio (95 % CI) [b]	Unstratified log-rank p-value [c]	P-value [d]
Choice of Anthracycline										0.5936	
Daunorubicin	116	16 (13.8)	100 (86.2)	NE (28.2, NE)	89	11 (12.4)	78 (87.6)	NE (28.2, NE)	1.093 (0.507, 2.358)	0.8148	
Idarubicin	135	27 (20.0)	108 (80.0)	NE (24.4, NE)	161	22 (13.7)	139 (86.3)	NE (NE, NE)	1.406 (0.801, 2.470)	0.2290	

N: number of subjects in analysis set; n: number of subjects in subgroup category with complete PRO baseline; %: proportion of number of subjects in n; CI: confidence interval; NE: not estimable. PRO: Patient Reported Outcome. A Minimal Clinically Important Difference of 15 is considered in this table.
 [a] Median time to first event is from Kaplan-Meier estimate. Confidence Interval for median was computed using the Brookmeyer-Crowley method.
 [b] Hazard ratio is from unstratified Cox proportional hazards model with treatment as the only categorical variable in the model. Confidence limits are based on the Wald test.
 [c] Two-sided p-value from unstratified log-rank test.
 [d] Two-sided interaction p-value is for the interaction term from unstratified Cox proportional hazards model with treatment, subgroup, and treatment-by-subgroup interaction as categorical variables in the model. The p-value is based on the Wald test.
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Medizinischer Nutzen, medizinischer Zusatznutzen, Patientengruppen mit therap. bedeutsamem Zusatznutzen

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 Table 2.19.2 EQ-5D-5L VAS - First deterioration - Time-to-event analysis - subgroup analysis - DCO 13-Aug-2021 - PRO Intent to Treat Analysis Set

Subgroup	n	Quizartinib (N=254)				Placebo (N=255)				Quizartinib vs Placebo		Interaction
		No. of subjects with events (%)	No. of subjects censored (%)	Median (95 % CI) (months) [a]	n	No. of subjects with events (%)	No. of subjects censored (%)	Median (95 % CI) (months) [a]	Hazard Ratio (95 % CI) [b]	Unstratified log-rank p-value [c]	P-value [d]	
AML Cytogenetic Risk Score											0.8781	
Favorable	12	2 (16.7)	10 (83.3)	NE (2.1, NE)	17	3 (17.6)	14 (82.4)	NE (26.5, NE)	2.376 (0.332, 17.005)	0.3741		
Intermediate	184	32 (17.4)	152 (82.6)	NE (NE, NE)	178	22 (12.4)	156 (87.6)	NE (NE, NE)	1.255 (0.729, 2.161)	0.4008		
Unfavorable	19	5 (26.3)	14 (73.7)	NE (0.7, NE)	26	5 (19.2)	21 (80.8)	NE (8.5, NE)	2.224 (0.642, 7.707)	0.1910		
Unknown	36	4 (11.1)	32 (88.9)	NE (24.4, NE)	30	3 (10.0)	27 (90.0)	NE (NE, NE)	1.220 (0.271, 5.498)	0.7950		

N: number of subjects in analysis set; n: number of subjects in subgroup category with complete PRO baseline; %: proportion of number of subjects in n; CI: confidence interval; NE: not estimable. PRO: Patient Reported Outcome. A Minimal Clinically Important Difference of 15 is considered in this table. [a] Median time to first event is from Kaplan-Meier estimate. Confidence Interval for median was computed using the Brookmeyer-Crowley method. [b] Hazard ratio is from unstratified Cox proportional hazards model with treatment as the only categorical variable in the model. Confidence limits are based on the Wald test. [c] Two-sided p-value from unstratified log-rank test. [d] Two-sided interaction p-value is for the interaction term from unstratified Cox proportional hazards model with treatment, subgroup, and treatment-by-subgroup interaction as categorical variables in the model. The p-value is based on the Wald test. Data source: \\AC220-A-U302\Production\Raw Data_Restricted\rstrct_eg\rstrct_20211102_eg\rstrct_valos\20230516_AMNOG\ADAM\ Run date: 15NOV2023 – 13:06; Program name: DE_T_4_18_4.sas; Output name: DE_T_2_19_2_EQ5D_FD_SUB_PRO_ITT.rtf

Medizinischer Nutzen, medizinischer Zusatznutzen, Patientengruppen mit therap. bedeutsamem Zusatznutzen

Daiichi Sankyo | Data Intelligence – Evidence Generation | AC220-A-U302 QUANTUM-First (DCO 13 Aug 2021) | Statistical analyses for AMNOG (HTA Germany)
 Table 2.19.2 EQ-5D-5L VAS - First deterioration - Time-to-event analysis - subgroup analysis - DCO 13-Aug-2021 - PRO Intent to Treat Analysis Set

Subgroup	n	Quizartinib (N=254)			n	Placebo (N=255)			Quizartinib vs Placebo		Interaction P-value [d]
		No. of subjects with events (%)	No. of subjects censored (%)	Median (95 % CI) (months) [a]		No. of subjects with events (%)	No. of subjects censored (%)	Median (95 % CI) (months) [a]	Hazard Ratio (95 % CI) [b]	Unstratified log-rank p-value [c]	
ECOG Performance Status at Baseline											0.4735
0 - Fully Active	80	16 (20.0)	64 (80.0)	NE (24.4, NE)	90	10 (11.1)	80 (88.9)	NE (NE, NE)	1.860 (0.844, 4.099)	0.1169	
1 - Restricted in Physically Strenuous Activity	127	22 (17.3)	105 (82.7)	NE (28.2, NE)	127	21 (16.5)	106 (83.5)	NE (NE, NE)	1.008 (0.554, 1.834)	0.9657	
2 - Ambulatory and Capable of All Selfcare	44	5 (11.4)	39 (88.6)	NE (NE, NE)	34	2 (5.9)	32 (94.1)	NE (4.4, NE)	1.779 (0.341, 9.269)	0.4882	

N: number of subjects in analysis set; n: number of subjects in subgroup category with complete PRO baseline; %: proportion of number of subjects in n; CI: confidence interval; NE: not estimable. PRO: Patient Reported Outcome. A Minimal Clinically Important Difference of 15 is considered in this table.
 [a] Median time to first event is from Kaplan-Meier estimate. Confidence Interval for median was computed using the Brookmeyer-Crowley method.
 [b] Hazard ratio is from unstratified Cox proportional hazards model with treatment as the only categorical variable in the model. Confidence limits are based on the Wald test.
 [c] Two-sided p-value from unstratified log-rank test.
 [d] Two-sided interaction p-value is for the interaction term from unstratified Cox proportional hazards model with treatment, subgroup, and treatment-by-subgroup interaction as categorical variables in the model. The p-value is based on the Wald test.
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Medizinischer Nutzen, medizinischer Zusatznutzen, Patientengruppen mit therap. bedeutsamem Zusatznutzen

Daiichi Sankyo | Data Intelligence – Evidence Generation | AC220-A-U302 QUANTUM-First (DCO 13 Aug 2021) | Statistical analyses for AMNOG (HTA Germany)
 Table 2.19.2 EQ-5D-5L VAS - First deterioration - Time-to-event analysis - subgroup analysis - DCO 13-Aug-2021 - PRO Intent to Treat Analysis Set

Subgroup	n	Quizartinib (N=254)				Placebo (N=255)				Quizartinib vs Placebo		Interaction
		No. of subjects with events (%)	No. of subjects censored (%)	Median (95 % CI) (months) [a]	n	No. of subjects with events (%)	No. of subjects censored (%)	Median (95 % CI) (months) [a]	Hazard Ratio (95 % CI) [b]	Unstratified log-rank p-value [c]	P-value [d]	
FLT3-ITD category at Baseline											0.1384	
≥3 to ≤25%	88	16 (18.2)	72 (81.8)	NE (24.4, NE)	93	9 (9.7)	84 (90.3)	NE (NE, NE)	2.047 (0.904, 4.634)	0.0794		
>25% to ≤50%	134	26 (19.4)	108 (80.6)	NE (28.2, NE)	126	20 (15.9)	106 (84.1)	NE (26.5, NE)	1.161 (0.647, 2.082)	0.6018		
>50%	28	1 (3.6)	27 (96.4)	NE (NE, NE)	33	4 (12.1)	29 (87.9)	NE (NE, NE)	0.259 (0.029, 2.318)	0.1938		

N: number of subjects in analysis set; n: number of subjects in subgroup category with complete PRO baseline; %: proportion of number of subjects in n; CI: confidence interval; NE: not estimable. PRO: Patient Reported Outcome. A Minimal Clinically Important Difference of 15 is considered in this table.
 [a] Median time to first event is from Kaplan-Meier estimate. Confidence Interval for median was computed using the Brookmeyer-Crowley method.
 [b] Hazard ratio is from unstratified Cox proportional hazards model with treatment as the only categorical variable in the model. Confidence limits are based on the Wald test.
 [c] Two-sided p-value from unstratified log-rank test.
 [d] Two-sided interaction p-value is for the interaction term from unstratified Cox proportional hazards model with treatment, subgroup, and treatment-by-subgroup interaction as categorical variables in the model. The p-value is based on the Wald test.
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Medizinischer Nutzen, medizinischer Zusatznutzen, Patientengruppen mit therap. bedeutsamem Zusatznutzen

Daiichi Sankyo | Data Intelligence – Evidence Generation | AC220-A-U302 QUANTUM-First (DCO 13 Aug 2021) | Statistical analyses for AMNOG (HTA Germany)
 Table 2.19.2 EQ-5D-5L VAS - First deterioration - Time-to-event analysis - subgroup analysis - DCO 13-Aug-2021 - PRO Intent to Treat Analysis Set

Subgroup	n	Quizartinib (N=254)			n	Placebo (N=255)			Quizartinib vs Placebo		Interaction
		No. of subjects with events (%)	No. of subjects censored (%)	Median (95 % CI) (months) [a]		No. of subjects with events (%)	No. of subjects censored (%)	Median (95 % CI) (months) [a]	Hazard Ratio (95 % CI) [b]	Unstratified log-rank p-value [c]	P-value [d]
AML with Mutated NPM1										0.3331	
Yes	129	24 (18.6)	105 (81.4)	NE (NE, NE)	129	20 (15.5)	109 (84.5)	NE (NE, NE)	1.207 (0.666, 2.186)	0.5318	
No	112	17 (15.2)	95 (84.8)	NE (17.0, NE)	112	8 (7.1)	104 (92.9)	NE (NE, NE)	1.933 (0.833, 4.484)	0.1162	

N: number of subjects in analysis set; n: number of subjects in subgroup category with complete PRO baseline; %: proportion of number of subjects in n; CI: confidence interval; NE: not estimable. PRO: Patient Reported Outcome. A Minimal Clinically Important Difference of 15 is considered in this table.
 [a] Median time to first event is from Kaplan-Meier estimate. Confidence Interval for median was computed using the Brookmeyer-Crowley method.
 [b] Hazard ratio is from unstratified Cox proportional hazards model with treatment as the only categorical variable in the model. Confidence limits are based on the Wald test.
 [c] Two-sided p-value from unstratified log-rank test.
 [d] Two-sided interaction p-value is for the interaction term from unstratified Cox proportional hazards model with treatment, subgroup, and treatment-by-subgroup interaction as categorical variables in the model. The p-value is based on the Wald test.
 Data source: \\AC220-A-U302\Production\Raw Data_Restricted\rstret_eg\rstret_20211102_eg\rstret_valos\20230516_AMNOG\ADAM\
 Run date: 15NOV2023 – 13:06; Program name: DE_T_4_18_4.sas; Output name: DE_T_2_19_2_EQ5D_FD_SUB_PRO_ITT.rtf

Medizinischer Nutzen, medizinischer Zusatznutzen, Patientengruppen mit therap. bedeutsamem Zusatznutzen

Daiichi Sankyo | Data Intelligence – Evidence Generation | AC220-A-U302 QUANTUM-First (DCO 13 Aug 2021) | Statistical analyses for AMNOG (HTA Germany)
 Table 2.19.2 EQ-5D-5L VAS - First deterioration - Time-to-event analysis - subgroup analysis - DCO 13-Aug-2021 - PRO Intent to Treat Analysis Set

Subgroup	n	Quizartinib (N=254)			n	Placebo (N=255)			Quizartinib vs Placebo		Interaction p-value [d]
		No. of subjects with events (%)	No. of subjects censored (%)	Median (95 % CI) (months) [a]		No. of subjects with events (%)	No. of subjects censored (%)	Median (95 % CI) (months) [a]	Hazard Ratio (95 % CI) [b]	Unstratified log-rank value [c]	
Age by 2 categories											0.5293
≤60	155	26 (16.8)	129 (83.2)	NE (NE, NE)	154	16 (10.4)	138 (89.6)	NE (NE, NE)	1.504 (0.806, 2.805)	0.1928	
>60	96	17 (17.7)	79 (82.3)	NE (14.9, NE)	98	17 (17.3)	81 (82.7)	NE (26.5, NE)	1.143 (0.583, 2.242)	0.6921	

N: number of subjects in analysis set; n: number of subjects in subgroup category with complete PRO baseline; %: proportion of number of subjects in n; CI: confidence interval; NE: not estimable. PRO: Patient Reported Outcome. A Minimal Clinically Important Difference of 15 is considered in this table.
 [a] Median time to first event is from Kaplan-Meier estimate. Confidence Interval for median was computed using the Brookmeyer-Crowley method.
 [b] Hazard ratio is from unstratified Cox proportional hazards model with treatment as the only categorical variable in the model. Confidence limits are based on the Wald test.
 [c] Two-sided p-value from unstratified log-rank test.
 [d] Two-sided interaction p-value is for the interaction term from unstratified Cox proportional hazards model with treatment, subgroup, and treatment-by-subgroup interaction as categorical variables in the model. The p-value is based on the Wald test.
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Anhang 4-H5c: Zeit bis zur erstmaligen Verbesserung

Daiichi Sankyo | Data Intelligence – Evidence Generation | AC220-A-U302 QUANTUM-First (DCO 13 Aug 2021) | Statistical analyses for AMNOG (HTA Germany)
 Table 2.19.4 EQ-5D-5L VAS - First Improvement - Time-to-event analysis - subgroup analysis - DCO 13-Aug-2021 - PRO Intent to Treat Analysis Set

Subgroup	n	Quizartinib (N=254)				Placebo (N=255)				Quizartinib vs Placebo		Interaction
		No. of subjects with events (%)	No. of subjects censored (%)	Median (95 % CI) (months) [a]	n	No. of subjects with events (%)	No. of subjects censored (%)	Median (95 % CI) (months) [a]	Hazard Ratio (95 % CI) [b]	Unstratified log-rank p-value [c]	P-value [d]	
Pooled Age Group 2											0.8329	
<60	150	77 (51.3)	73 (48.7)	2.6 (1.8, 5.1)	151	66 (43.7)	85 (56.3)	3.4 (1.8, 10.8)	1.020 (0.733, 1.420)	0.9090		
≥60 - <65	37	17 (45.9)	20 (54.1)	1.8 (0.8, 12.4)	42	20 (47.6)	22 (52.4)	1.9 (1.4, 9.6)	0.786 (0.403, 1.534)	0.4649		
≥65	64	24 (37.5)	40 (62.5)	3.3 (1.6, 15.6)	59	26 (44.1)	33 (55.9)	2.9 (1.8, 6.7)	0.900 (0.514, 1.574)	0.6978		

N: number of subjects in analysis set; n: number of subjects in subgroup category with complete PRO baseline; %: proportion of number of subjects in n; CI: confidence interval; NE: not estimable. PRO: Patient Reported Outcome. A Minimal Clinically Important Difference of 15 is considered in this table. [a] Median time to first event is from Kaplan-Meier estimate. Confidence Interval for median was computed using the Brookmeyer-Crowley method. [b] Hazard ratio is from unstratified Cox proportional hazards model with treatment as the only categorical variable in the model. Confidence limits are based on the Wald test. [c] Two-sided p-value from unstratified log-rank test. [d] Two-sided interaction p-value is for the interaction term from unstratified Cox proportional hazards model with treatment, subgroup, and treatment-by-subgroup interaction as categorical variables in the model. The p-value is based on the Wald test. Data source: \\AC220-A-U302\Production\Raw Data_Restricted\rstret_eg\rstret_20211102_eg\rstret_valos\20230516_AMNOG\ADAM\ Run date: 15NOV2023 – 13:07; Program name: DE_T_4_18_4.sas; Output name: DE_T_2_19_4_EQ5D_FI_SUB_PRO_ITT.rtf

Medizinischer Nutzen, medizinischer Zusatznutzen, Patientengruppen mit therap. bedeutsamem Zusatznutzen

Daiichi Sankyo | Data Intelligence – Evidence Generation | AC220-A-U302 QUANTUM-First (DCO 13 Aug 2021) | Statistical analyses for AMNOG (HTA Germany)
 Table 2.19.4 EQ-5D-5L VAS - First Improvement - Time-to-event analysis - subgroup analysis - DCO 13-Aug-2021 - PRO Intent to Treat Analysis Set

Subgroup	n	Quizartinib (N=254)				Placebo (N=255)			Quizartinib vs Placebo		Interaction
		No. of subjects with events (%)	No. of subjects censored (%)	Median (95 % CI) (months) [a]	n	No. of subjects with events (%)	No. of subjects censored (%)	Median (95 % CI) (months) [a]	Hazard Ratio (95 % CI) [b]	Unstratified log-rank p-value [c]	P-value [d]
Sex											0.4951
Male	120	53 (44.2)	67 (55.8)	2.7 (1.6, 5.2)	108	40 (37.0)	68 (63.0)	6.7 (3.1, 13.2)	1.107 (0.733, 1.672)	0.6298	
Female	131	65 (49.6)	66 (50.4)	2.8 (1.6, 10.1)	144	72 (50.0)	72 (50.0)	2.2 (1.6, 3.0)	0.886 (0.632, 1.241)	0.4663	

N: number of subjects in analysis set; n: number of subjects in subgroup category with complete PRO baseline; %: proportion of number of subjects in n; CI: confidence interval; NE: not estimable. PRO: Patient Reported Outcome. A Minimal Clinically Important Difference of 15 is considered in this table.
 [a] Median time to first event is from Kaplan-Meier estimate. Confidence Interval for median was computed using the Brookmeyer-Crowley method.
 [b] Hazard ratio is from unstratified Cox proportional hazards model with treatment as the only categorical variable in the model. Confidence limits are based on the Wald test.
 [c] Two-sided p-value from unstratified log-rank test.
 [d] Two-sided interaction p-value is for the interaction term from unstratified Cox proportional hazards model with treatment, subgroup, and treatment-by-subgroup interaction as categorical variables in the model. The p-value is based on the Wald test.
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Medizinischer Nutzen, medizinischer Zusatznutzen, Patientengruppen mit therap. bedeutsamem Zusatznutzen

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 Table 2.19.4 EQ-5D-5L VAS - First Improvement - Time-to-event analysis - subgroup analysis - DCO 13-Aug-2021 - PRO Intent to Treat Analysis Set

		Quizartinib (N=254)				Placebo (N=255)				Quizartinib vs Placebo		Interaction
Subgroup	n	No. of subjects with events (%)	No. of subjects censored (%)	Median (95 % CI) (months) [a]	n	No. of subjects with events (%)	No. of subjects censored (%)	Median (95 % CI) (months) [a]	Hazard Ratio (95 % CI) [b]	Unstratified log-rank p-value [c]	P-value [d]	
Race by 2 categories											0.7738	
White	148	72 (48.6)	76 (51.4)	2.6 (1.6, 10.1)	152	68 (44.7)	84 (55.3)	2.9 (1.7, 9.3)	0.929 (0.664, 1.299)	0.6482		
Non-white	103	46 (44.7)	57 (55.3)	2.8 (1.8, 4.2)	100	44 (44.0)	56 (56.0)	3.1 (1.8, 8.7)	1.006 (0.665, 1.523)	0.9736		

N: number of subjects in analysis set; n: number of subjects in subgroup category with complete PRO baseline; %: proportion of number of subjects in n; CI: confidence interval; NE: not estimable. PRO: Patient Reported Outcome. A Minimal Clinically Important Difference of 15 is considered in this table.
 [a] Median time to first event is from Kaplan-Meier estimate. Confidence Interval for median was computed using the Brookmeyer-Crowley method.
 [b] Hazard ratio is from unstratified Cox proportional hazards model with treatment as the only categorical variable in the model. Confidence limits are based on the Wald test.
 [c] Two-sided p-value from unstratified log-rank test.
 [d] Two-sided interaction p-value is for the interaction term from unstratified Cox proportional hazards model with treatment, subgroup, and treatment-by-subgroup interaction as categorical variables in the model. The p-value is based on the Wald test.
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Daiichi Sankyo | Data Intelligence – Evidence Generation | AC220-A-U302 QUANTUM-First (DCO 13 Aug 2021) | Statistical analyses for AMNOG (HTA Germany)
 Table 2.19.4 EQ-5D-5L VAS - First Improvement - Time-to-event analysis - subgroup analysis - DCO 13-Aug-2021 - PRO Intent to Treat Analysis Set

Subgroup	n	Quizartinib (N=254)				Placebo (N=255)				Quizartinib vs Placebo		Interaction
		No. of subjects with events (%)	No. of subjects censored (%)	Median (95 % CI) (months) [a]	n	No. of subjects with events (%)	No. of subjects censored (%)	Median (95 % CI) (months) [a]	Hazard Ratio (95 % CI) [b]	Unstratified log-rank p-value [c]	P-value [d]	
Geographic Region 1											0.9823	
North America	16	6 (37.5)	10 (62.5)	12.4 (0.7, NE)	17	10 (58.8)	7 (41.2)	1.7 (0.7, NE)	1.019 (0.367, 2.826)	0.9888		
Europe	148	73 (49.3)	75 (50.7)	2.4 (1.6, 10.1)	148	64 (43.2)	84 (56.8)	3.0 (2.1, 9.3)	0.952 (0.677, 1.338)	0.7649		
Asia/Other Regions	87	39 (44.8)	48 (55.2)	2.9 (1.9, 5.5)	87	38 (43.7)	49 (56.3)	3.4 (1.6, 10.8)	0.959 (0.612, 1.502)	0.8505		

N: number of subjects in analysis set; n: number of subjects in subgroup category with complete PRO baseline; %: proportion of number of subjects in n; CI: confidence interval; NE: not estimable. PRO: Patient Reported Outcome. A Minimal Clinically Important Difference of 15 is considered in this table. [a] Median time to first event is from Kaplan-Meier estimate. Confidence Interval for median was computed using the Brookmeyer-Crowley method. [b] Hazard ratio is from unstratified Cox proportional hazards model with treatment as the only categorical variable in the model. Confidence limits are based on the Wald test. [c] Two-sided p-value from unstratified log-rank test. [d] Two-sided interaction p-value is for the interaction term from unstratified Cox proportional hazards model with treatment, subgroup, and treatment-by-subgroup interaction as categorical variables in the model. The p-value is based on the Wald test.
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 Table 2.19.4 EQ-5D-5L VAS - First Improvement - Time-to-event analysis - subgroup analysis - DCO 13-Aug-2021 - PRO Intent to Treat Analysis Set

Subgroup	n	Quizartinib (N=254)				Placebo (N=255)				Quizartinib vs Placebo		Interaction
		No. of subjects with events (%)	No. of subjects censored (%)	Median (95 % CI) (months) [a]	n	No. of subjects with events (%)	No. of subjects censored (%)	Median (95 % CI) (months) [a]	Hazard Ratio (95 % CI) [b]	Unstratified log-rank p-value [c]	P-value [d]	
WBC at initial diagnosis											0.4030	
< 40x10 ⁹ /L	127	54 (42.5)	73 (57.5)	3.2 (1.8, 14.3)	124	60 (48.4)	64 (51.6)	2.9 (1.9, 9.3)	0.851 (0.587, 1.232)	0.3845		
≥ 40x10 ⁹ /L	124	64 (51.6)	60 (48.4)	2.4 (1.5, 5.1)	128	52 (40.6)	76 (59.4)	3.4 (1.6, 8.7)	1.067 (0.738, 1.542)	0.7371		

N: number of subjects in analysis set; n: number of subjects in subgroup category with complete PRO baseline; %: proportion of number of subjects in n; CI: confidence interval; NE: not estimable. PRO: Patient Reported Outcome. A Minimal Clinically Important Difference of 15 is considered in this table. [a] Median time to first event is from Kaplan-Meier estimate. Confidence Interval for median was computed using the Brookmeyer-Crowley method. [b] Hazard ratio is from unstratified Cox proportional hazards model with treatment as the only categorical variable in the model. Confidence limits are based on the Wald test. [c] Two-sided p-value from unstratified log-rank test. [d] Two-sided interaction p-value is for the interaction term from unstratified Cox proportional hazards model with treatment, subgroup, and treatment-by-subgroup interaction as categorical variables in the model. The p-value is based on the Wald test.
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 Table 2.19.4 EQ-5D-5L VAS - First Improvement - Time-to-event analysis - subgroup analysis - DCO 13-Aug-2021 - PRO Intent to Treat Analysis Set

Subgroup	n	Quizartinib (N=254)				Placebo (N=255)				Quizartinib vs Placebo		Interaction
		No. of subjects with events (%)	No. of subjects censored (%)	Median (95 % CI) (months) [a]	n	No. of subjects with events (%)	No. of subjects censored (%)	Median (95 % CI) (months) [a]	Hazard Ratio (95 % CI) [b]	Unstratified log-rank p-value [c]	P-value [d]	
Choice of Anthracycline											0.0915	
Daunorubicin	116	50 (43.1)	66 (56.9)	4.9 (1.8, 14.3)	89	41 (46.1)	48 (53.9)	1.7 (1.4, 9.3)	0.728 (0.479, 1.108)	0.1292		
Idarubicin	135	68 (50.4)	67 (49.6)	2.3 (1.6, 3.6)	161	70 (43.5)	91 (56.5)	3.3 (2.2, 6.9)	1.142 (0.817, 1.597)	0.4345		

N: number of subjects in analysis set; n: number of subjects in subgroup category with complete PRO baseline; %: proportion of number of subjects in n; CI: confidence interval; NE: not estimable. PRO: Patient Reported Outcome. A Minimal Clinically Important Difference of 15 is considered in this table.
 [a] Median time to first event is from Kaplan-Meier estimate. Confidence Interval for median was computed using the Brookmeyer-Crowley method.
 [b] Hazard ratio is from unstratified Cox proportional hazards model with treatment as the only categorical variable in the model. Confidence limits are based on the Wald test.
 [c] Two-sided p-value from unstratified log-rank test.
 [d] Two-sided interaction p-value is for the interaction term from unstratified Cox proportional hazards model with treatment, subgroup, and treatment-by-subgroup interaction as categorical variables in the model. The p-value is based on the Wald test.
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Daiichi Sankyo | Data Intelligence – Evidence Generation | AC220-A-U302 QUANTUM-First (DCO 13 Aug 2021) | Statistical analyses for AMNOG (HTA Germany)
 Table 2.19.4 EQ-5D-5L VAS - First Improvement - Time-to-event analysis - subgroup analysis - DCO 13-Aug-2021 - PRO Intent to Treat Analysis Set

Subgroup	n	Quizartinib (N=254)				Placebo (N=255)				Quizartinib vs Placebo		Interaction
		No. of subjects with events (%)	No. of subjects censored (%)	Median (95 % CI) (months) [a]	n	No. of subjects with events (%)	No. of subjects censored (%)	Median (95 % CI) (months) [a]	Hazard Ratio (95 % CI) [b]	Unstratified log-rank p-value [c]	P-value [d]	
AML Cytogenetic Risk Score											0.2483	
Favorable	12	7 (58.3)	5 (41.7)	2.4 (0.7, 5.2)	17	11 (64.7)	6 (35.3)	8.7 (1.3, 11.4)	1.551 (0.585, 4.112)	0.3854		
Intermediate	184	92 (50.0)	92 (50.0)	2.3 (1.6, 3.6)	178	74 (41.6)	104 (58.4)	2.9 (1.8, 6.9)	1.043 (0.768, 1.418)	0.7935		
Unfavorable	19	4 (21.1)	15 (78.9)	NE (1.2, NE)	26	11 (42.3)	15 (57.7)	2.6 (1.6, NE)	0.416 (0.128, 1.350)	0.1332		
Unknown	36	15 (41.7)	21 (58.3)	10.1 (1.8, NE)	30	15 (50.0)	15 (50.0)	3.3 (1.7, NE)	0.831 (0.394, 1.752)	0.6187		

N: number of subjects in analysis set; n: number of subjects in subgroup category with complete PRO baseline; %: proportion of number of subjects in n; CI: confidence interval; NE: not estimable. PRO: Patient Reported Outcome. A Minimal Clinically Important Difference of 15 is considered in this table. [a] Median time to first event is from Kaplan-Meier estimate. Confidence Interval for median was computed using the Brookmeyer-Crowley method. [b] Hazard ratio is from unstratified Cox proportional hazards model with treatment as the only categorical variable in the model. Confidence limits are based on the Wald test. [c] Two-sided p-value from unstratified log-rank test. [d] Two-sided interaction p-value is for the interaction term from unstratified Cox proportional hazards model with treatment, subgroup, and treatment-by-subgroup interaction as categorical variables in the model. The p-value is based on the Wald test.
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Medizinischer Nutzen, medizinischer Zusatznutzen, Patientengruppen mit therap. bedeutsamem Zusatznutzen

Daichi Sankyo | Data Intelligence – Evidence Generation | AC220-A-U302 QUANTUM-First (DCO 13 Aug 2021) | Statistical analyses for AMNOG (HTA Germany)
 Table 2.19.4 EQ-5D-5L VAS - First Improvement - Time-to-event analysis - subgroup analysis - DCO 13-Aug-2021 - PRO Intent to Treat Analysis Set

Subgroup	n	Quizartinib (N=254)			n	Placebo (N=255)			Quizartinib vs Placebo		Interaction
		No. of subjects with events (%)	No. of subjects censored (%)	Median (95 % CI) (months) [a]		No. of subjects with events (%)	No. of subjects censored (%)	Median (95 % CI) (months) [a]	Hazard Ratio (95 % CI) [b]	Unstratified log-rank p-value [c]	P-value [d]
ECOG Performance Status at Baseline											
0 - Fully Active	80	38 (47.5)	42 (52.5)	4.9 (1.9, 14.3)	90	41 (45.6)	49 (54.4)	3.3 (2.0, 11.3)	0.815 (0.519, 1.279)	0.3624	0.4088
1 - Restricted in Physically Strenuous Activity	127	65 (51.2)	62 (48.8)	2.4 (1.4, 2.9)	127	56 (44.1)	71 (55.9)	3.1 (1.9, 6.7)	1.118 (0.782, 1.600)	0.5375	
2 - Ambulatory and Capable of All Selfcare	44	15 (34.1)	29 (65.9)	4.2 (0.8, NE)	34	15 (44.1)	19 (55.9)	1.6 (0.7, NE)	0.779 (0.379, 1.600)	0.4776	

N: number of subjects in analysis set; n: number of subjects in subgroup category with complete PRO baseline; %: proportion of number of subjects in n; CI: confidence interval; NE: not estimable. PRO: Patient Reported Outcome. A Minimal Clinically Important Difference of 15 is considered in this table.
 [a] Median time to first event is from Kaplan-Meier estimate. Confidence Interval for median was computed using the Brookmeyer-Crowley method.
 [b] Hazard ratio is from unstratified Cox proportional hazards model with treatment as the only categorical variable in the model. Confidence limits are based on the Wald test.
 [c] Two-sided p-value from unstratified log-rank test.
 [d] Two-sided interaction p-value is for the interaction term from unstratified Cox proportional hazards model with treatment, subgroup, and treatment-by-subgroup interaction as categorical variables in the model. The p-value is based on the Wald test.
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 Table 2.19.4 EQ-5D-5L VAS - First Improvement - Time-to-event analysis - subgroup analysis - DCO 13-Aug-2021 - PRO Intent to Treat Analysis Set

Subgroup	n	Quizartinib (N=254)			Placebo (N=255)			Quizartinib vs Placebo		Interaction
		No. of subjects with events (%)	No. of subjects censored (%)	Median (95 % CI) (months) [a]	n	No. of subjects with events (%)	No. of subjects censored (%)	Median (95 % CI) (months) [a]	Hazard Ratio (95 % CI) [b]	Unstratified log-rank p-value [c]
FLT3-ITD category at Baseline										0.0554
≥3 to ≤25%	88	35 (39.8)	53 (60.2)	3.6 (1.5, 16.5)	93	45 (48.4)	48 (51.6)	3.0 (1.6, 9.3)	0.753 (0.483, 1.175)	0.2107
>25% to ≤50%	134	62 (46.3)	72 (53.7)	4.0 (1.9, 12.1)	126	54 (42.9)	72 (57.1)	3.3 (2.0, 6.7)	0.931 (0.644, 1.345)	0.6961
>50%	28	20 (71.4)	8 (28.6)	1.3 (0.7, 1.6)	33	13 (39.4)	20 (60.6)	1.6 (1.3, NE)	2.066 (1.022, 4.177)	0.0380

N: number of subjects in analysis set; n: number of subjects in subgroup category with complete PRO baseline; %: proportion of number of subjects in n; CI: confidence interval; NE: not estimable. PRO: Patient Reported Outcome. A Minimal Clinically Important Difference of 15 is considered in this table.
 [a] Median time to first event is from Kaplan-Meier estimate. Confidence Interval for median was computed using the Brookmeyer-Crowley method.
 [b] Hazard ratio is from unstratified Cox proportional hazards model with treatment as the only categorical variable in the model. Confidence limits are based on the Wald test.
 [c] Two-sided p-value from unstratified log-rank test.
 [d] Two-sided interaction p-value is for the interaction term from unstratified Cox proportional hazards model with treatment, subgroup, and treatment-by-subgroup interaction as categorical variables in the model. The p-value is based on the Wald test.
 Data source: \\AC220-A-U302\Production\Raw Data_Restricted\rstret_eg\rstret_20211102_eg\rstret_valos\20230516_AMNOG\ADAM\
 Run date: 15NOV2023 – 13:07; Program name: DE_T_4_18_4.sas; Output name: DE_T_2_19_4_EQ5D_FI_SUB_PRO_ITT.rtf

Medizinischer Nutzen, medizinischer Zusatznutzen, Patientengruppen mit therap. bedeutsamem Zusatznutzen

Daiichi Sankyo | Data Intelligence – Evidence Generation | AC220-A-U302 QUANTUM-First (DCO 13 Aug 2021) | Statistical analyses for AMNOG (HTA Germany)
 Table 2.19.4 EQ-5D-5L VAS - First Improvement - Time-to-event analysis - subgroup analysis - DCO 13-Aug-2021 - PRO Intent to Treat Analysis Set

Subgroup	n	Quizartinib (N=254)				Placebo (N=255)				Quizartinib vs Placebo		Interaction
		No. of subjects with events (%)	No. of subjects censored (%)	Median (95 % CI) (months) [a]	n	No. of subjects with events (%)	No. of subjects censored (%)	Median (95 % CI) (months) [a]	Hazard Ratio (95 % CI) [b]	Unstratified log-rank p-value [c]	P-value [d]	
AML with Mutated NPM1												0.5567
Yes	129	65 (50.4)	64 (49.6)	2.8 (1.6, 10.1)	129	62 (48.1)	67 (51.9)	2.9 (1.8, 9.3)	1.003 (0.707, 1.423)	0.9994		
No	112	48 (42.9)	64 (57.1)	2.9 (1.6, 10.8)	112	45 (40.2)	67 (59.8)	2.2 (1.6, 6.9)	0.824 (0.546, 1.245)	0.3483		

N: number of subjects in analysis set; n: number of subjects in subgroup category with complete PRO baseline; %: proportion of number of subjects in n; CI: confidence interval; NE: not estimable. PRO: Patient Reported Outcome. A Minimal Clinically Important Difference of 15 is considered in this table.
 [a] Median time to first event is from Kaplan-Meier estimate. Confidence Interval for median was computed using the Brookmeyer-Crowley method.
 [b] Hazard ratio is from unstratified Cox proportional hazards model with treatment as the only categorical variable in the model. Confidence limits are based on the Wald test.
 [c] Two-sided p-value from unstratified log-rank test.
 [d] Two-sided interaction p-value is for the interaction term from unstratified Cox proportional hazards model with treatment, subgroup, and treatment-by-subgroup interaction as categorical variables in the model. The p-value is based on the Wald test.
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 Run date: 15NOV2023 – 13:07; Program name: DE_T_4_18_4.sas; Output name: DE_T_2_19_4_EQ5D_FI_SUB_PRO_ITT.rtf

Medizinischer Nutzen, medizinischer Zusatznutzen, Patientengruppen mit therap. bedeutsamem Zusatznutzen

Daiichi Sankyo | Data Intelligence – Evidence Generation | AC220-A-U302 QUANTUM-First (DCO 13 Aug 2021) | Statistical analyses for AMNOG (HTA Germany)
 Table 2.19.4 EQ-5D-5L VAS - First Improvement - Time-to-event analysis - subgroup analysis - DCO 13-Aug-2021 - PRO Intent to Treat Analysis Set

Subgroup	n	Quizartinib (N=254)				Placebo (N=255)				Quizartinib vs Placebo		Interaction
		No. of subjects with events (%)	No. of subjects censored (%)	Median (95 % CI) (months) [a]	n	No. of subjects with events (%)	No. of subjects censored (%)	Median (95 % CI) (months) [a]	Hazard Ratio (95 % CI) [b]	Unstratified log-rank p-value [c]	P-value [d]	
Age by 2 categories											0.5586	
≤60	155	78 (50.3)	77 (49.7)	2.8 (1.8, 5.1)	154	66 (42.9)	88 (57.1)	5.5 (1.8, 10.8)	1.024 (0.736, 1.423)	0.8944		
>60	96	40 (41.7)	56 (58.3)	3.3 (1.6, 10.8)	98	46 (46.9)	52 (53.1)	2.3 (1.6, 3.9)	0.839 (0.546, 1.289)	0.4128		

N: number of subjects in analysis set; n: number of subjects in subgroup category with complete PRO baseline; %: proportion of number of subjects in n; CI: confidence interval; NE: not estimable. PRO: Patient Reported Outcome. A Minimal Clinically Important Difference of 15 is considered in this table.
 [a] Median time to first event is from Kaplan-Meier estimate. Confidence Interval for median was computed using the Brookmeyer-Crowley method.
 [b] Hazard ratio is from unstratified Cox proportional hazards model with treatment as the only categorical variable in the model. Confidence limits are based on the Wald test.
 [c] Two-sided p-value from unstratified log-rank test.
 [d] Two-sided interaction p-value is for the interaction term from unstratified Cox proportional hazards model with treatment, subgroup, and treatment-by-subgroup interaction as categorical variables in the model. The p-value is based on the Wald test.
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Anhang 4-H6: EORTC QLQ-C30

Anhang 4-H6a: Zeit zur bestätigten Verschlechterung

Daiichi Sankyo | Data Intelligence – Evidence Generation | AC220-A-U302 QUANTUM-First (DCO 13 Aug 2021) | Statistical analyses for AMNOG (HTA Germany)
 Table 2.20.3 EORTC QLQ-C30 - Definitive deterioration - Time-to-event analysis - subgroup analysis - DCO 13-Aug-2021 - PRO Intent to Treat Analysis Set

Global Health Status

Subgroup	Quizartinib (N=254)					Placebo (N=255)			Quizartinib vs Placebo		Interaction
	n	No. of subjects with events (%)	No. of subjects censored (%)	Median (95 % CI) [a]	n	No. of subjects with events (%)	No. of subjects censored (%)	Median (95 % CI) [a]	Hazard Ratio (95 % CI) [b]	Unstratified log-rank p-value [c]	P-value [d]
Pooled Age Group 2											0.7535
<60	152	23 (15.1)	129 (84.9)	NE (NE, NE)	151	24 (15.9)	127 (84.1)	NE (NE, NE)	0.898 (0.507, 1.593)	0.7170	
≥60 - <65	36	4 (11.1)	32 (88.9)	NE (NE, NE)	43	8 (18.6)	35 (81.4)	NE (NE, NE)	0.535 (0.160, 1.793)	0.3058	
≥65	64	7 (10.9)	57 (89.1)	NE (24.4, NE)	59	9 (15.3)	50 (84.7)	NE (NE, NE)	0.823 (0.306, 2.211)	0.6991	

N: number of subjects in analysis set; n: number of subjects in subgroup category with complete PRO baseline; %: proportion of number of subjects in n; CI: confidence interval; NE: not estimable. PRO: Patient Reported Outcome. A Minimal Clinically Important Difference of 10 is considered in this table.
 [a] Median time to first event is from Kaplan-Meier estimate. Confidence Interval for median was computed using the Brookmeyer-Crowley method.
 [b] Hazard ratio is from unstratified Cox proportional hazards model with treatment as the only categorical variable in the model. Confidence limits are based on the Wald test.
 [c] Two-sided p-value from unstratified log-rank test.
 [d] Two-sided interaction p-value is for the interaction term from unstratified Cox proportional hazards model with treatment, subgroup, and treatment-by-subgroup interaction as categorical variables in the model. The p-value is based on the Wald test.
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 Run date: 15NOV2023 – 13:09; Program name: .sas; Output name: DE_T_2_20_3_QLQC30_DD_SUB_PRO_ITT.rtf

Medizinischer Nutzen, medizinischer Zusatznutzen, Patientengruppen mit therap. bedeutsamem Zusatznutzen

Daiichi Sankyo | Data Intelligence – Evidence Generation | AC220-A-U302 QUANTUM-First (DCO 13 Aug 2021) | Statistical analyses for AMNOG (HTA Germany)
 Table 2.20.3 EORTC QLQ-C30 - Definitive deterioration - Time-to-event analysis - subgroup analysis - DCO 13-Aug-2021 - PRO Intent to Treat Analysis Set

Global Health Status

Subgroup	n	Quizartinib (N=254)			n	Placebo (N=255)			Quizartinib vs Placebo		Interaction P-value [d]
		No. of subjects with events (%)	No. of subjects censored (%)	Median (95 % CI) [a]		No. of subjects with events (%)	No. of subjects censored (%)	Median (95 % CI) [a]	Hazard Ratio (95 % CI) [b]	Unstratified log-rank p-value [c]	
Sex											0.5008
Male	120	15 (12.5)	105 (87.5)	NE (NE, NE)	109	13 (11.9)	96 (88.1)	NE (NE, NE)	1.008 (0.479, 2.120)	0.9858	
Female	132	19 (14.4)	113 (85.6)	NE (NE, NE)	144	28 (19.4)	116 (80.6)	NE (NE, NE)	0.727 (0.405, 1.303)	0.2826	

N: number of subjects in analysis set; n: number of subjects in subgroup category with complete PRO baseline; %: proportion of number of subjects in n; CI: confidence interval; NE: not estimable. PRO: Patient Reported Outcome. A Minimal Clinically Important Difference of 10 is considered in this table.
 [a] Median time to first event is from Kaplan-Meier estimate. Confidence Interval for median was computed using the Brookmeyer-Crowley method.
 [b] Hazard ratio is from unstratified Cox proportional hazards model with treatment as the only categorical variable in the model. Confidence limits are based on the Wald test.
 [c] Two-sided p-value from unstratified log-rank test.
 [d] Two-sided interaction p-value is for the interaction term from unstratified Cox proportional hazards model with treatment, subgroup, and treatment-by-subgroup interaction as categorical variables in the model. The p-value is based on the Wald test.
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Medizinischer Nutzen, medizinischer Zusatznutzen, Patientengruppen mit therap. bedeutsamem Zusatznutzen

Daiichi Sankyo | Data Intelligence – Evidence Generation | AC220-A-U302 QUANTUM-First (DCO 13 Aug 2021) | Statistical analyses for AMNOG (HTA Germany)
 Table 2.20.3 EORTC QLQ-C30 - Definitive deterioration - Time-to-event analysis - subgroup analysis - DCO 13-Aug-2021 - PRO Intent to Treat Analysis Set

Global Health Status

Subgroup	n	Quizartinib (N=254)			n	Placebo (N=255)			Quizartinib vs Placebo		Interaction P-value [d]
		No. of subjects with events (%)	No. of subjects censored (%)	Median (95 % CI) [a]		No. of subjects with events (%)	No. of subjects censored (%)	Median (95 % CI) [a]	Hazard Ratio (95 % CI) [b]	Unstratified log-rank p-value [c]	
Race by 2 categories											0.6646
White	150	24 (16.0)	126 (84.0)	NE (NE, NE)	151	27 (17.9)	124 (82.1)	NE (NE, NE)	0.869 (0.501, 1.508)	0.6067	
Non-white	102	10 (9.8)	92 (90.2)	NE (NE, NE)	102	14 (13.7)	88 (86.3)	NE (NE, NE)	0.686 (0.304, 1.547)	0.3681	

N: number of subjects in analysis set; n: number of subjects in subgroup category with complete PRO baseline; %: proportion of number of subjects in n; CI: confidence interval; NE: not estimable. PRO: Patient Reported Outcome. A Minimal Clinically Important Difference of 10 is considered in this table.
 [a] Median time to first event is from Kaplan-Meier estimate. Confidence Interval for median was computed using the Brookmeyer-Crowley method.
 [b] Hazard ratio is from unstratified Cox proportional hazards model with treatment as the only categorical variable in the model. Confidence limits are based on the Wald test.
 [c] Two-sided p-value from unstratified log-rank test.
 [d] Two-sided interaction p-value is for the interaction term from unstratified Cox proportional hazards model with treatment, subgroup, and treatment-by-subgroup interaction as categorical variables in the model. The p-value is based on the Wald test.
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Medizinischer Nutzen, medizinischer Zusatznutzen, Patientengruppen mit therap. bedeutsamem Zusatznutzen

Daichi Sankyo | Data Intelligence – Evidence Generation | AC220-A-U302 QUANTUM-First (DCO 13 Aug 2021) | Statistical analyses for AMNOG (HTA Germany)
 Table 2.20.3 EORTC QLQ-C30 - Definitive deterioration - Time-to-event analysis - subgroup analysis - DCO 13-Aug-2021 - PRO Intent to Treat Analysis Set

Global Health Status

Subgroup	n	Quizartinib (N=254)			Placebo (N=255)			Quizartinib vs Placebo		Interaction P-value [d]
		No. of subjects with events (%)	No. of subjects censored (%)	Median (95 % CI) [a]	n	No. of subjects with events (%)	No. of subjects censored (%)	Median (95 % CI) [a]	Hazard Ratio (95 % CI) [b]	
Geographic Region 1										0.4730
North America	16	1 (6.3)	15 (93.8)	NE (NE, NE)	16	1 (6.3)	15 (93.8)	NE (17.8, NE)	1.382 (0.086, 22.142)	0.8185
Europe	150	26 (17.3)	124 (82.7)	NE (NE, NE)	150	27 (18.0)	123 (82.0)	NE (NE, NE)	0.929 (0.542, 1.593)	0.7827
Asia/Other Regions	86	7 (8.1)	79 (91.9)	NE (NE, NE)	87	13 (14.9)	74 (85.1)	NE (NE, NE)	0.502 (0.200, 1.263)	0.1391

N: number of subjects in analysis set; n: number of subjects in subgroup category with complete PRO baseline; %: proportion of number of subjects in n; CI: confidence interval; NE: not estimable. PRO: Patient Reported Outcome. A Minimal Clinically Important Difference of 10 is considered in this table.
 [a] Median time to first event is from Kaplan-Meier estimate. Confidence Interval for median was computed using the Brookmeyer-Crowley method.
 [b] Hazard ratio is from unstratified Cox proportional hazards model with treatment as the only categorical variable in the model. Confidence limits are based on the Wald test.
 [c] Two-sided p-value from unstratified log-rank test.
 [d] Two-sided interaction p-value is for the interaction term from unstratified Cox proportional hazards model with treatment, subgroup, and treatment-by-subgroup interaction as categorical variables in the model. The p-value is based on the Wald test.
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Medizinischer Nutzen, medizinischer Zusatznutzen, Patientengruppen mit therap. bedeutsamem Zusatznutzen

Daiichi Sankyo | Data Intelligence – Evidence Generation | AC220-A-U302 QUANTUM-First (DCO 13 Aug 2021) | Statistical analyses for AMNOG (HTA Germany)
 Table 2.20.3 EORTC QLQ-C30 - Definitive deterioration - Time-to-event analysis - subgroup analysis - DCO 13-Aug-2021 - PRO Intent to Treat Analysis Set

Global Health Status

Subgroup	n	Quizartinib (N=254)			n	Placebo (N=255)			Quizartinib vs Placebo		Interaction P-value [d]
		No. of subjects with events (%)	No. of subjects censored (%)	Median (95 % CI) [a]		No. of subjects with events (%)	No. of subjects censored (%)	Median (95 % CI) [a]	Hazard Ratio (95 % CI) [b]	Unstratified log-rank p-value [c]	
WBC at initial diagnosis											0.1693
< 40x10 ⁹ /L	128	23 (18.0)	105 (82.0)	NE (NE, NE)	125	24 (19.2)	101 (80.8)	NE (NE, NE)	1.068 (0.602, 1.892)	0.8232	
≥ 40x10 ⁹ /L	124	11 (8.9)	113 (91.1)	NE (NE, NE)	128	17 (13.3)	111 (86.7)	NE (NE, NE)	0.548 (0.256, 1.175)	0.1175	

N: number of subjects in analysis set; n: number of subjects in subgroup category with complete PRO baseline; %: proportion of number of subjects in n; CI: confidence interval; NE: not estimable. PRO: Patient Reported Outcome. A Minimal Clinically Important Difference of 10 is considered in this table.
 [a] Median time to first event is from Kaplan-Meier estimate. Confidence Interval for median was computed using the Brookmeyer-Crowley method.
 [b] Hazard ratio is from unstratified Cox proportional hazards model with treatment as the only categorical variable in the model. Confidence limits are based on the Wald test.
 [c] Two-sided p-value from unstratified log-rank test.
 [d] Two-sided interaction p-value is for the interaction term from unstratified Cox proportional hazards model with treatment, subgroup, and treatment-by-subgroup interaction as categorical variables in the model. The p-value is based on the Wald test.
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Medizinischer Nutzen, medizinischer Zusatznutzen, Patientengruppen mit therap. bedeutsamem Zusatznutzen

Daiichi Sankyo | Data Intelligence – Evidence Generation | AC220-A-U302 QUANTUM-First (DCO 13 Aug 2021) | Statistical analyses for AMNOG (HTA Germany)
 Table 2.20.3 EORTC QLQ-C30 - Definitive deterioration - Time-to-event analysis - subgroup analysis - DCO 13-Aug-2021 - PRO Intent to Treat Analysis Set

Global Health Status

Subgroup	n	Quizartinib (N=254)			n	Placebo (N=255)			Quizartinib vs Placebo		Interaction P-value [d]
		No. of subjects with events (%)	No. of subjects censored (%)	Median (95 % CI) [a]		No. of subjects with events (%)	No. of subjects censored (%)	Median (95 % CI) [a]	Hazard Ratio (95 % CI) [b]	Unstratified log-rank p-value [c]	
Choice of Anthracycline											0.1894
Daunorubicin	116	11 (9.5)	105 (90.5)	NE (NE, NE)	90	15 (16.7)	75 (83.3)	NE (NE, NE)	0.542 (0.249, 1.182)	0.1196	
Idarubicin	136	23 (16.9)	113 (83.1)	NE (NE, NE)	161	26 (16.1)	135 (83.9)	NE (NE, NE)	1.012 (0.577, 1.776)	0.9702	

N: number of subjects in analysis set; n: number of subjects in subgroup category with complete PRO baseline; %: proportion of number of subjects in n; CI: confidence interval; NE: not estimable. PRO: Patient Reported Outcome. A Minimal Clinically Important Difference of 10 is considered in this table.
 [a] Median time to first event is from Kaplan-Meier estimate. Confidence Interval for median was computed using the Brookmeyer-Crowley method.
 [b] Hazard ratio is from unstratified Cox proportional hazards model with treatment as the only categorical variable in the model. Confidence limits are based on the Wald test.
 [c] Two-sided p-value from unstratified log-rank test.
 [d] Two-sided interaction p-value is for the interaction term from unstratified Cox proportional hazards model with treatment, subgroup, and treatment-by-subgroup interaction as categorical variables in the model. The p-value is based on the Wald test.
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Medizinischer Nutzen, medizinischer Zusatznutzen, Patientengruppen mit therap. bedeutsamem Zusatznutzen

Daiichi Sankyo | Data Intelligence – Evidence Generation | AC220-A-U302 QUANTUM-First (DCO 13 Aug 2021) | Statistical analyses for AMNOG (HTA Germany)
 Table 2.20.3 EORTC QLQ-C30 - Definitive deterioration - Time-to-event analysis - subgroup analysis - DCO 13-Aug-2021 - PRO Intent to Treat Analysis Set

Global Health Status

Subgroup	n	Quizartinib (N=254)				Placebo (N=255)				Quizartinib vs Placebo		Interaction P-value [d]
		No. of subjects with events (%)	No. of subjects censored (%)	Median (95 % CI) [a]	n	No. of subjects with events (%)	No. of subjects censored (%)	Median (95 % CI) [a]	Hazard Ratio (95 % CI) [b]	Unstratified log-rank p-value [c]		
AML Cytogenetic Risk Score											0.2962	
Favorable	12	3 (25.0)	9 (75.0)	NE (1.4, NE)	16	1 (6.3)	15 (93.8)	NE (NE, NE)	6.272 (0.640, 61.414)	0.0726		
Intermediate	186	25 (13.4)	161 (86.6)	NE (NE, NE)	180	32 (17.8)	148 (82.2)	NE (NE, NE)	0.678 (0.401, 1.145)	0.1434		
Unfavorable	19	1 (5.3)	18 (94.7)	NE (30.6, NE)	26	3 (11.5)	23 (88.5)	NE (NE, NE)	0.293 (0.025, 3.413)	0.3113		
Unknown	35	5 (14.3)	30 (85.7)	NE (24.4, NE)	30	5 (16.7)	25 (83.3)	NE (NE, NE)	0.988 (0.284, 3.440)	0.9806		

N: number of subjects in analysis set; n: number of subjects in subgroup category with complete PRO baseline; %: proportion of number of subjects in n; CI: confidence interval; NE: not estimable. PRO: Patient Reported Outcome. A Minimal Clinically Important Difference of 10 is considered in this table. [a] Median time to first event is from Kaplan-Meier estimate. Confidence Interval for median was computed using the Brookmeyer-Crowley method. [b] Hazard ratio is from unstratified Cox proportional hazards model with treatment as the only categorical variable in the model. Confidence limits are based on the Wald test. [c] Two-sided p-value from unstratified log-rank test. [d] Two-sided interaction p-value is for the interaction term from unstratified Cox proportional hazards model with treatment, subgroup, and treatment-by-subgroup interaction as categorical variables in the model. The p-value is based on the Wald test.
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Medizinischer Nutzen, medizinischer Zusatznutzen, Patientengruppen mit therap. bedeutsamem Zusatznutzen

Daiichi Sankyo | Data Intelligence – Evidence Generation | AC220-A-U302 QUANTUM-First (DCO 13 Aug 2021) | Statistical analyses for AMNOG (HTA Germany)
 Table 2.20.3 EORTC QLQ-C30 - Definitive deterioration - Time-to-event analysis - subgroup analysis - DCO 13-Aug-2021 - PRO Intent to Treat Analysis Set

Global Health Status

Subgroup	n	Quizartinib (N=254)			n	Placebo (N=255)			Quizartinib vs Placebo		Interaction P-value [d]
		No. of subjects with events (%)	No. of subjects censored (%)	Median (95 % CI) [a]		No. of subjects with events (%)	No. of subjects censored (%)	Median (95 % CI) [a]	Hazard Ratio (95 % CI) [b]	Unstratified log-rank p-value [c]	
ECOG Performance Status at Baseline											0.3418
0 - Fully Active	82	17 (20.7)	65 (79.3)	NE (28.3, NE)	92	16 (17.4)	76 (82.6)	NE (NE, NE)	1.129 (0.569, 2.240)	0.7297	
1 - Restricted in Physically Strenuous Activity	126	13 (10.3)	113 (89.7)	NE (NE, NE)	126	22 (17.5)	104 (82.5)	NE (NE, NE)	0.574 (0.289, 1.140)	0.1088	
2 - Ambulatory and Capable of All Selfcare	44	4 (9.1)	40 (90.9)	NE (NE, NE)	34	3 (8.8)	31 (91.2)	NE (NE, NE)	1.208 (0.270, 5.400)	0.8087	

N: number of subjects in analysis set; n: number of subjects in subgroup category with complete PRO baseline; %: proportion of number of subjects in n; CI: confidence interval; NE: not estimable. PRO: Patient Reported Outcome. A Minimal Clinically Important Difference of 10 is considered in this table.
 [a] Median time to first event is from Kaplan-Meier estimate. Confidence Interval for median was computed using the Brookmeyer-Crowley method.
 [b] Hazard ratio is from unstratified Cox proportional hazards model with treatment as the only categorical variable in the model. Confidence limits are based on the Wald test.
 [c] Two-sided p-value from unstratified log-rank test.
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 Run date: 15NOV2023 – 13:09; Program name: .sas; Output name: DE_T_2_20_3_QLQC30_DD_SUB_PRO_ITT.rtf

Medizinischer Nutzen, medizinischer Zusatznutzen, Patientengruppen mit therap. bedeutsamem Zusatznutzen

Daiichi Sankyo | Data Intelligence – Evidence Generation | AC220-A-U302 QUANTUM-First (DCO 13 Aug 2021) | Statistical analyses for AMNOG (HTA Germany)
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Global Health Status

Subgroup	n	Quizartinib (N=254)			n	Placebo (N=255)			Quizartinib vs Placebo		Interaction P-value [d]
		No. of subjects with events (%)	No. of subjects censored (%)	Median (95 % CI) [a]		No. of subjects with events (%)	No. of subjects censored (%)	Median (95 % CI) [a]	Hazard Ratio (95 % CI) [b]	Unstratified log-rank p-value [c]	
FLT3-ITD category at Baseline											0.1267
≥3 to ≤25%	88	16 (18.2)	72 (81.8)	NE (NE, NE)	92	13 (14.1)	79 (85.9)	NE (NE, NE)	1.482 (0.713, 3.083)	0.2911	
>25% to ≤50%	135	15 (11.1)	120 (88.9)	NE (NE, NE)	128	23 (18.0)	105 (82.0)	NE (NE, NE)	0.557 (0.290, 1.071)	0.0735	
>50%	28	3 (10.7)	25 (89.3)	NE (NE, NE)	33	5 (15.2)	28 (84.8)	NE (4.1, NE)	0.574 (0.137, 2.416)	0.4477	

N: number of subjects in analysis set; n: number of subjects in subgroup category with complete PRO baseline; %: proportion of number of subjects in n; CI: confidence interval; NE: not estimable. PRO: Patient Reported Outcome. A Minimal Clinically Important Difference of 10 is considered in this table.
 [a] Median time to first event is from Kaplan-Meier estimate. Confidence Interval for median was computed using the Brookmeyer-Crowley method.
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Global Health Status

Subgroup	n	Quizartinib (N=254)				Placebo (N=255)				Quizartinib vs Placebo		Interaction P-value [d]
		No. of subjects with events (%)	No. of subjects censored (%)	Median (95 % CI) [a]	n	No. of subjects with events (%)	No. of subjects censored (%)	Median (95 % CI) [a]	Hazard Ratio (95 % CI) [b]	Unstratified log-rank p-value [c]		
AML with Mutated NPM1											0.1695	
Yes	130	16 (12.3)	114 (87.7)	NE (NE, NE)	131	25 (19.1)	106 (80.9)	NE (NE, NE)	0.625 (0.333, 1.172)	0.1405		
No	112	18 (16.1)	94 (83.9)	NE (28.3, NE)	111	14 (12.6)	97 (87.4)	NE (NE, NE)	1.220 (0.607, 2.453)	0.5783		

N: number of subjects in analysis set; n: number of subjects in subgroup category with complete PRO baseline; %: proportion of number of subjects in n; CI: confidence interval; NE: not estimable. PRO: Patient Reported Outcome. A Minimal Clinically Important Difference of 10 is considered in this table. [a] Median time to first event is from Kaplan-Meier estimate. Confidence Interval for median was computed using the Brookmeyer-Crowley method. [b] Hazard ratio is from unstratified Cox proportional hazards model with treatment as the only categorical variable in the model. Confidence limits are based on the Wald test. [c] Two-sided p-value from unstratified log-rank test. [d] Two-sided interaction p-value is for the interaction term from unstratified Cox proportional hazards model with treatment, subgroup, and treatment-by-subgroup interaction as categorical variables in the model. The p-value is based on the Wald test.
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Global Health Status

Subgroup	n	Quizartinib (N=254)				Placebo (N=255)				Quizartinib vs Placebo		Interaction
		No. of subjects with events (%)	No. of subjects censored (%)	Median (95 % CI) [a]	n	No. of subjects with events (%)	No. of subjects censored (%)	Median (95 % CI) [a]	Hazard Ratio (95 % CI) [b]	Unstratified log-rank p-value [c]	P-value [d]	
Age by 2 categories											0.4931	
≤60	157	24 (15.3)	133 (84.7)	NE (NE, NE)	154	24 (15.6)	130 (84.4)	NE (NE, NE)	0.930 (0.528, 1.639)	0.8030		
>60	95	10 (10.5)	85 (89.5)	NE (28.3, NE)	99	17 (17.2)	82 (82.8)	NE (NE, NE)	0.632 (0.289, 1.381)	0.2478		

N: number of subjects in analysis set; n: number of subjects in subgroup category with complete PRO baseline; %: proportion of number of subjects in n; CI: confidence interval; NE: not estimable. PRO: Patient Reported Outcome. A Minimal Clinically Important Difference of 10 is considered in this table.
 [a] Median time to first event is from Kaplan-Meier estimate. Confidence Interval for median was computed using the Brookmeyer-Crowley method.
 [b] Hazard ratio is from unstratified Cox proportional hazards model with treatment as the only categorical variable in the model. Confidence limits are based on the Wald test.
 [c] Two-sided p-value from unstratified log-rank test.
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Functional Scales - Physical Functioning

Subgroup	n	Quizartinib (N=254)				Placebo (N=255)				Quizartinib vs Placebo		Interaction P-value [d]
		No. of subjects with events (%)	No. of subjects censored (%)	Median (95 % CI) [a]	n	No. of subjects with events (%)	No. of subjects censored (%)	Median (95 % CI) [a]	Hazard Ratio (95 % CI) [b]	Unstratified log-rank p-value [c]		
Pooled Age Group 2											0.4967	
<60	150	50 (33.3)	100 (66.7)	22.6 (7.1, NE)	151	46 (30.5)	105 (69.5)	NE (5.5, NE)	0.977 (0.654, 1.459)	0.9335		
≥60 - <65	36	6 (16.7)	30 (83.3)	NE (NE, NE)	42	10 (23.8)	32 (76.2)	NE (4.1, NE)	0.597 (0.216, 1.654)	0.3164		
≥65	63	18 (28.6)	45 (71.4)	11.0 (1.9, NE)	59	17 (28.8)	42 (71.2)	NE (3.6, NE)	1.321 (0.680, 2.564)	0.4285		

N: number of subjects in analysis set; n: number of subjects in subgroup category with complete PRO baseline; %: proportion of number of subjects in n; CI: confidence interval; NE: not estimable. PRO: Patient Reported Outcome. A Minimal Clinically Important Difference of 10 is considered in this table.
 [a] Median time to first event is from Kaplan-Meier estimate. Confidence Interval for median was computed using the Brookmeyer-Crowley method.
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Functional Scales - Physical Functioning

Subgroup	n	Quizartinib (N=254)				Placebo (N=255)			Quizartinib vs Placebo		Interaction P-value [d]
		No. of subjects with events (%)	No. of subjects censored (%)	Median (95 % CI) [a]	n	No. of subjects with events (%)	No. of subjects censored (%)	Median (95 % CI) [a]	Hazard Ratio (95 % CI) [b]	Unstratified log-rank p-value [c]	
Sex											0.9740
Male	119	38 (31.9)	81 (68.1)	19.2 (8.3, NE)	108	32 (29.6)	76 (70.4)	NE (4.7, NE)	0.996 (0.621, 1.597)	0.9815	
Female	130	36 (27.7)	94 (72.3)	NE (14.5, NE)	144	41 (28.5)	103 (71.5)	NE (6.9, NE)	0.991 (0.633, 1.550)	0.9749	

N: number of subjects in analysis set; n: number of subjects in subgroup category with complete PRO baseline; %: proportion of number of subjects in n; CI: confidence interval; NE: not estimable. PRO: Patient Reported Outcome. A Minimal Clinically Important Difference of 10 is considered in this table.
 [a] Median time to first event is from Kaplan-Meier estimate. Confidence Interval for median was computed using the Brookmeyer-Crowley method.
 [b] Hazard ratio is from unstratified Cox proportional hazards model with treatment as the only categorical variable in the model. Confidence limits are based on the Wald test.
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Functional Scales - Physical Functioning

Subgroup	n	Quizartinib (N=254)				Placebo (N=255)			Quizartinib vs Placebo		Interaction P-value [d]
		No. of subjects with events (%)	No. of subjects censored (%)	Median (95 % CI) [a]	n	No. of subjects with events (%)	No. of subjects censored (%)	Median (95 % CI) [a]	Hazard Ratio (95 % CI) [b]	Unstratified log-rank p-value [c]	
Race by 2 categories											0.9533
White	147	45 (30.6)	102 (69.4)	NE (14.3, NE)	151	44 (29.1)	107 (70.9)	NE (6.9, NE)	1.000 (0.659, 1.517)	0.9997	
Non-white	102	29 (28.4)	73 (71.6)	NE (6.3, NE)	101	29 (28.7)	72 (71.3)	NE (5.3, NE)	1.018 (0.608, 1.704)	0.9394	

N: number of subjects in analysis set; n: number of subjects in subgroup category with complete PRO baseline; %: proportion of number of subjects in n; CI: confidence interval; NE: not estimable. PRO: Patient Reported Outcome. A Minimal Clinically Important Difference of 10 is considered in this table.
 [a] Median time to first event is from Kaplan-Meier estimate. Confidence Interval for median was computed using the Brookmeyer-Crowley method.
 [b] Hazard ratio is from unstratified Cox proportional hazards model with treatment as the only categorical variable in the model. Confidence limits are based on the Wald test.
 [c] Two-sided p-value from unstratified log-rank test.
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Functional Scales - Physical Functioning

Subgroup	n	Quizartinib (N=254)				Placebo (N=255)				Quizartinib vs Placebo		Interaction
		No. of subjects with events (%)	No. of subjects censored (%)	Median (95 % CI) [a]	n	No. of subjects with events (%)	No. of subjects censored (%)	Median (95 % CI) [a]	Hazard Ratio (95 % CI) [b]	Unstratified log-rank p-value [c]	P-value [d]	
Geographic Region 1											0.5233	
North America	16	5 (31.3)	11 (68.8)	19.2 (0.8, NE)	16	4 (25.0)	12 (75.0)	NE (2.9, NE)	2.380 (0.634, 8.927)	0.1852		
Europe	147	45 (30.6)	102 (69.4)	NE (8.3, NE)	149	43 (28.9)	106 (71.1)	NE (13.8, NE)	0.993 (0.653, 1.509)	0.9799		
Asia/Other Regions	86	24 (27.9)	62 (72.1)	NE (8.7, NE)	87	26 (29.9)	61 (70.1)	NE (3.6, NE)	0.883 (0.506, 1.542)	0.6579		

N: number of subjects in analysis set; n: number of subjects in subgroup category with complete PRO baseline; %: proportion of number of subjects in n; CI: confidence interval; NE: not estimable. PRO: Patient Reported Outcome. A Minimal Clinically Important Difference of 10 is considered in this table. [a] Median time to first event is from Kaplan-Meier estimate. Confidence Interval for median was computed using the Brookmeyer-Crowley method. [b] Hazard ratio is from unstratified Cox proportional hazards model with treatment as the only categorical variable in the model. Confidence limits are based on the Wald test. [c] Two-sided p-value from unstratified log-rank test. [d] Two-sided interaction p-value is for the interaction term from unstratified Cox proportional hazards model with treatment, subgroup, and treatment-by-subgroup interaction as categorical variables in the model. The p-value is based on the Wald test. Data source: \\AC220-A-U302\Production\Raw Data_Restricted\rstret_eg\rstret_20211102_eg\rstret_valos\20230516_AMNOG\ADAM\ Run date: 15NOV2023 – 13:09; Program name: .sas; Output name: DE_T_2_20_3_QLQC30_DD_SUB_PRO_ITT.rtf

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Functional Scales - Physical Functioning

Subgroup	n	Quizartinib (N=254)				Placebo (N=255)				Quizartinib vs Placebo		Interaction P-value [d]
		No. of subjects with events (%)	No. of subjects censored (%)	Median (95 % CI) [a]	n	No. of subjects with events (%)	No. of subjects censored (%)	Median (95 % CI) [a]	Hazard Ratio (95 % CI) [b]	Unstratified log-rank p-value [c]		
WBC at initial diagnosis											0.6199	
< 40x10 ⁹ /L	127	38 (29.9)	89 (70.1)	NE (7.1, NE)	125	39 (31.2)	86 (68.8)	NE (5.5, NE)	1.094 (0.700, 1.711)	0.6908		
≥ 40x10 ⁹ /L	122	36 (29.5)	86 (70.5)	NE (11.0, NE)	127	34 (26.8)	93 (73.2)	NE (6.8, NE)	0.945 (0.590, 1.513)	0.8157		

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 [a] Median time to first event is from Kaplan-Meier estimate. Confidence Interval for median was computed using the Brookmeyer-Crowley method.
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 [c] Two-sided p-value from unstratified log-rank test.
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Functional Scales - Physical Functioning

Subgroup	n	Quizartinib (N=254)				Placebo (N=255)				Quizartinib vs Placebo		Interaction P-value [d]
		No. of subjects with events (%)	No. of subjects censored (%)	Median (95 % CI) [a]	n	No. of subjects with events (%)	No. of subjects censored (%)	Median (95 % CI) [a]	Hazard Ratio (95 % CI) [b]	Unstratified log-rank p-value [c]		
Choice of Anthracycline											0.2599	
Daunorubicin	114	39 (34.2)	75 (65.8)	8.3 (4.1, NE)	90	26 (28.9)	64 (71.1)	NE (6.8, NE)	1.201 (0.731, 1.974)	0.4678		
Idarubicin	135	35 (25.9)	100 (74.1)	NE (19.2, NE)	160	47 (29.4)	113 (70.6)	NE (5.5, NE)	0.841 (0.542, 1.303)	0.4382		

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Subgroup	n	Quizartinib (N=254)				Placebo (N=255)				Quizartinib vs Placebo		Interaction P-value [d]
		No. of subjects with events (%)	No. of subjects censored (%)	Median (95 % CI) [a]	n	No. of subjects with events (%)	No. of subjects censored (%)	Median (95 % CI) [a]	Hazard Ratio (95 % CI) [b]	Unstratified log-rank p-value [c]		
AML Cytogenetic Risk Score												0.9823
Favorable	12	3 (25.0)	9 (75.0)	NE (0.6, NE)	16	7 (43.8)	9 (56.3)	NE (1.1, NE)	0.763 (0.196, 2.960)	0.6945		
Intermediate	185	57 (30.8)	128 (69.2)	NE (8.7, NE)	179	48 (26.8)	131 (73.2)	NE (13.8, NE)	1.041 (0.709, 1.529)	0.8256		
Unfavorable	17	4 (23.5)	13 (76.5)	22.6 (0.8, NE)	26	9 (34.6)	17 (65.4)	NE (1.6, NE)	0.983 (0.296, 3.262)	0.9820		
Unknown	35	10 (28.6)	25 (71.4)	NE (2.6, NE)	30	9 (30.0)	21 (70.0)	NE (2.0, NE)	0.979 (0.393, 2.439)	0.9537		

N: number of subjects in analysis set; n: number of subjects in subgroup category with complete PRO baseline; %: proportion of number of subjects in n; CI: confidence interval; NE: not estimable. PRO: Patient Reported Outcome. A Minimal Clinically Important Difference of 10 is considered in this table. [a] Median time to first event is from Kaplan-Meier estimate. Confidence Interval for median was computed using the Brookmeyer-Crowley method. [b] Hazard ratio is from unstratified Cox proportional hazards model with treatment as the only categorical variable in the model. Confidence limits are based on the Wald test. [c] Two-sided p-value from unstratified log-rank test. [d] Two-sided interaction p-value is for the interaction term from unstratified Cox proportional hazards model with treatment, subgroup, and treatment-by-subgroup interaction as categorical variables in the model. The p-value is based on the Wald test.
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 Run date: 15NOV2023 – 13:09; Program name: .sas; Output name: DE_T_2_20_3_QLQC30_DD_SUB_PRO_ITT.rtf

Medizinischer Nutzen, medizinischer Zusatznutzen, Patientengruppen mit therap. bedeutsamem Zusatznutzen

Daiichi Sankyo | Data Intelligence – Evidence Generation | AC220-A-U302 QUANTUM-First (DCO 13 Aug 2021) | Statistical analyses for AMNOG (HTA Germany)
 Table 2.20.3 EORTC QLQ-C30 - Definitive deterioration - Time-to-event analysis - subgroup analysis - DCO 13-Aug-2021 - PRO Intent to Treat Analysis Set

Functional Scales - Physical Functioning

Subgroup	n	Quizartinib (N=254)			n	Placebo (N=255)			Quizartinib vs Placebo		Interaction P-value [d]
		No. of subjects with events (%)	No. of subjects censored (%)	Median (95 % CI) [a]		No. of subjects with events (%)	No. of subjects censored (%)	Median (95 % CI) [a]	Hazard Ratio (95 % CI) [b]	Unstratified log-rank p-value [c]	
ECOG Performance Status at Baseline											0.0281
0 - Fully Active	80	33 (41.3)	47 (58.8)	11.0 (2.6, NE)	92	25 (27.2)	67 (72.8)	NE (13.8, NE)	1.662 (0.988, 2.796)	0.0524	
1 - Restricted in Physically Strenuous Activity	126	31 (24.6)	95 (75.4)	NE (19.2, NE)	125	42 (33.6)	83 (66.4)	NE (3.6, NE)	0.659 (0.413, 1.049)	0.0765	
2 - Ambulatory and Capable of All Selfcare	43	10 (23.3)	33 (76.7)	NE (2.8, NE)	34	6 (17.6)	28 (82.4)	NE (4.4, NE)	1.311 (0.472, 3.637)	0.5980	

N: number of subjects in analysis set; n: number of subjects in subgroup category with complete PRO baseline; %: proportion of number of subjects in n; CI: confidence interval; NE: not estimable. PRO: Patient Reported Outcome. A Minimal Clinically Important Difference of 10 is considered in this table.
 [a] Median time to first event is from Kaplan-Meier estimate. Confidence Interval for median was computed using the Brookmeyer-Crowley method.
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Functional Scales - Physical Functioning

Subgroup	n	Quizartinib (N=254)				Placebo (N=255)				Quizartinib vs Placebo		Interaction P-value [d]
		No. of subjects with events (%)	No. of subjects censored (%)	Median (95 % CI) [a]	n	No. of subjects with events (%)	No. of subjects censored (%)	Median (95 % CI) [a]	Hazard Ratio (95 % CI) [b]	Unstratified log-rank p-value [c]		
FLT3-ITD category at Baseline											0.3940	
≥3 to ≤25%	86	24 (27.9)	62 (72.1)	NE (6.3, NE)	92	27 (29.3)	65 (70.7)	NE (6.9, NE)	1.040 (0.600, 1.804)	0.8872		
>25% to ≤50%	134	41 (30.6)	93 (69.4)	22.6 (8.3, NE)	127	33 (26.0)	94 (74.0)	NE (6.8, NE)	1.154 (0.729, 1.826)	0.5398		
>50%	28	9 (32.1)	19 (67.9)	NE (2.1, NE)	33	13 (39.4)	20 (60.6)	4.1 (1.1, NE)	0.578 (0.246, 1.362)	0.2132		

N: number of subjects in analysis set; n: number of subjects in subgroup category with complete PRO baseline; %: proportion of number of subjects in n; CI: confidence interval; NE: not estimable. PRO: Patient Reported Outcome. A Minimal Clinically Important Difference of 10 is considered in this table.
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Functional Scales - Physical Functioning

Subgroup	n	Quizartinib (N=254)			Placebo (N=255)			Quizartinib vs Placebo		Interaction P-value [d]
		No. of subjects with events (%)	No. of subjects censored (%)	Median (95 % CI) [a]	n	No. of subjects with events (%)	No. of subjects censored (%)	Median (95 % CI) [a]	Hazard Ratio (95 % CI) [b]	
AML with Mutated NPM1										0.2457
Yes	128	36 (28.1)	92 (71.9)	NE (14.5, NE)	130	42 (32.3)	88 (67.7)	NE (5.5, NE)	0.871 (0.557, 1.360)	0.5387
No	111	37 (33.3)	74 (66.7)	8.7 (4.1, NE)	111	28 (25.2)	83 (74.8)	NE (4.7, NE)	1.266 (0.775, 2.070)	0.3399

N: number of subjects in analysis set; n: number of subjects in subgroup category with complete PRO baseline; %: proportion of number of subjects in n; CI: confidence interval; NE: not estimable. PRO: Patient Reported Outcome. A Minimal Clinically Important Difference of 10 is considered in this table.
 [a] Median time to first event is from Kaplan-Meier estimate. Confidence Interval for median was computed using the Brookmeyer-Crowley method.
 [b] Hazard ratio is from unstratified Cox proportional hazards model with treatment as the only categorical variable in the model. Confidence limits are based on the Wald test.
 [c] Two-sided p-value from unstratified log-rank test.
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Functional Scales - Physical Functioning

Subgroup	n	Quizartinib (N=254)				Placebo (N=255)				Quizartinib vs Placebo		Interaction P-value [d]
		No. of subjects with events (%)	No. of subjects censored (%)	Median (95 % CI) [a]	n	No. of subjects with events (%)	No. of subjects censored (%)	Median (95 % CI) [a]	Hazard Ratio (95 % CI) [b]	Unstratified log-rank p-value [c]		
Age by 2 categories												0.9559
≤60	155	51 (32.9)	104 (67.1)	22.6 (7.1, NE)	154	46 (29.9)	108 (70.1)	NE (5.5, NE)	0.986 (0.661, 1.469)	0.9651		
>60	94	23 (24.5)	71 (75.5)	NE (8.3, NE)	98	27 (27.6)	71 (72.4)	NE (6.9, NE)	1.017 (0.583, 1.774)	0.9681		

N: number of subjects in analysis set; n: number of subjects in subgroup category with complete PRO baseline; %: proportion of number of subjects in n; CI: confidence interval; NE: not estimable. PRO: Patient Reported Outcome. A Minimal Clinically Important Difference of 10 is considered in this table. [a] Median time to first event is from Kaplan-Meier estimate. Confidence Interval for median was computed using the Brookmeyer-Crowley method. [b] Hazard ratio is from unstratified Cox proportional hazards model with treatment as the only categorical variable in the model. Confidence limits are based on the Wald test. [c] Two-sided p-value from unstratified log-rank test. [d] Two-sided interaction p-value is for the interaction term from unstratified Cox proportional hazards model with treatment, subgroup, and treatment-by-subgroup interaction as categorical variables in the model. The p-value is based on the Wald test.
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Functional Scales - Role Functioning

Subgroup	n	Quizartinib (N=254)				Placebo (N=255)				Quizartinib vs Placebo		Interaction P-value [d]
		No. of subjects with events (%)	No. of subjects censored (%)	Median (95 % CI) [a]	n	No. of subjects with events (%)	No. of subjects censored (%)	Median (95 % CI) [a]	Hazard Ratio (95 % CI) [b]	Unstratified log-rank p-value [c]		
Pooled Age Group 2											0.4076	
<60	151	44 (29.1)	107 (70.9)	NE (31.3, NE)	151	39 (25.8)	112 (74.2)	NE (20.4, NE)	1.019 (0.662, 1.570)	0.9354		
≥60 - <65	36	6 (16.7)	30 (83.3)	NE (15.8, NE)	41	8 (19.5)	33 (80.5)	NE (32.2, NE)	0.795 (0.274, 2.302)	0.6638		
≥65	64	15 (23.4)	49 (76.6)	21.1 (6.4, NE)	59	10 (16.9)	49 (83.1)	NE (NE, NE)	1.848 (0.828, 4.124)	0.1317		

N: number of subjects in analysis set; n: number of subjects in subgroup category with complete PRO baseline; %: proportion of number of subjects in n; CI: confidence interval; NE: not estimable. PRO: Patient Reported Outcome. A Minimal Clinically Important Difference of 10 is considered in this table.
 [a] Median time to first event is from Kaplan-Meier estimate. Confidence Interval for median was computed using the Brookmeyer-Crowley method.
 [b] Hazard ratio is from unstratified Cox proportional hazards model with treatment as the only categorical variable in the model. Confidence limits are based on the Wald test.
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Functional Scales - Role Functioning

Subgroup	n	Quizartinib (N=254)				Placebo (N=255)				Quizartinib vs Placebo		Interaction P-value [d]
		No. of subjects with events (%)	No. of subjects censored (%)	Median (95 % CI) [a]	n	No. of subjects with events (%)	No. of subjects censored (%)	Median (95 % CI) [a]	Hazard Ratio (95 % CI) [b]	Unstratified log-rank p-value [c]		
Sex												0.7094
Male	119	27 (22.7)	92 (77.3)	NE (NE, NE)	107	23 (21.5)	84 (78.5)	NE (20.4, NE)	1.028 (0.590, 1.794)	0.9303		
Female	132	38 (28.8)	94 (71.2)	NE (11.8, NE)	144	34 (23.6)	110 (76.4)	35.0 (32.2, NE)	1.191 (0.749, 1.893)	0.4671		

N: number of subjects in analysis set; n: number of subjects in subgroup category with complete PRO baseline; %: proportion of number of subjects in n; CI: confidence interval; NE: not estimable. PRO: Patient Reported Outcome. A Minimal Clinically Important Difference of 10 is considered in this table.
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Functional Scales - Role Functioning

Subgroup	n	Quizartinib (N=254)			Placebo (N=255)			Quizartinib vs Placebo		Interaction P-value [d]
		No. of subjects with events (%)	No. of subjects censored (%)	Median (95 % CI) [a]	n	No. of subjects with events (%)	No. of subjects censored (%)	Median (95 % CI) [a]	Hazard Ratio (95 % CI) [b]	
Race by 2 categories										0.6261
White	149	36 (24.2)	113 (75.8)	NE (31.3, NE)	150	31 (20.7)	119 (79.3)	NE (35.0, NE)	1.050 (0.648, 1.701)	0.8543
Non-white	102	29 (28.4)	73 (71.6)	NE (6.4, NE)	101	26 (25.7)	75 (74.3)	NE (16.6, NE)	1.240 (0.730, 2.107)	0.4305

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 [a] Median time to first event is from Kaplan-Meier estimate. Confidence Interval for median was computed using the Brookmeyer-Crowley method.
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 [c] Two-sided p-value from unstratified log-rank test.
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Functional Scales - Role Functioning

Subgroup	n	Quizartinib (N=254)				Placebo (N=255)				Quizartinib vs Placebo		Interaction P-value [d]
		No. of subjects with events (%)	No. of subjects censored (%)	Median (95 % CI) [a]	n	No. of subjects with events (%)	No. of subjects censored (%)	Median (95 % CI) [a]	Hazard Ratio (95 % CI) [b]	Unstratified log-rank p-value [c]		
Geographic Region 1											0.8668	
North America	16	3 (18.8)	13 (81.3)	NE (0.7, NE)	16	3 (18.8)	13 (81.3)	NE (2.9, NE)	1.765 (0.354, 8.805)	0.4828		
Europe	149	37 (24.8)	112 (75.2)	NE (21.3, NE)	148	31 (20.9)	117 (79.1)	NE (35.0, NE)	1.052 (0.652, 1.698)	0.8388		
Asia/Other Regions	86	25 (29.1)	61 (70.9)	NE (7.4, NE)	87	23 (26.4)	64 (73.6)	NE (4.7, NE)	1.144 (0.649, 2.017)	0.6535		

N: number of subjects in analysis set; n: number of subjects in subgroup category with complete PRO baseline; %: proportion of number of subjects in n; CI: confidence interval; NE: not estimable. PRO: Patient Reported Outcome. A Minimal Clinically Important Difference of 10 is considered in this table.
 [a] Median time to first event is from Kaplan-Meier estimate. Confidence Interval for median was computed using the Brookmeyer-Crowley method.
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Functional Scales - Role Functioning

Subgroup	n	Quizartinib (N=254)				Placebo (N=255)				Quizartinib vs Placebo		Interaction
		No. of subjects with events (%)	No. of subjects censored (%)	Median (95 % CI) [a]	n	No. of subjects with events (%)	No. of subjects censored (%)	Median (95 % CI) [a]	Hazard Ratio (95 % CI) [b]	Unstratified log-rank p-value [c]	P-value [d]	
WBC at initial diagnosis											0.3375	
< 40x10 ⁹ /L	127	32 (25.2)	95 (74.8)	NE (21.3, NE)	124	35 (28.2)	89 (71.8)	35.0 (32.2, NE)	0.961 (0.595, 1.553)	0.8759		
≥ 40x10 ⁹ /L	124	33 (26.6)	91 (73.4)	NE (15.8, NE)	127	22 (17.3)	105 (82.7)	NE (NE, NE)	1.374 (0.800, 2.360)	0.2607		

N: number of subjects in analysis set; n: number of subjects in subgroup category with complete PRO baseline; %: proportion of number of subjects in n; CI: confidence interval; NE: not estimable. PRO: Patient Reported Outcome. A Minimal Clinically Important Difference of 10 is considered in this table.
 [a] Median time to first event is from Kaplan-Meier estimate. Confidence Interval for median was computed using the Brookmeyer-Crowley method.
 [b] Hazard ratio is from unstratified Cox proportional hazards model with treatment as the only categorical variable in the model. Confidence limits are based on the Wald test.
 [c] Two-sided p-value from unstratified log-rank test.
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Functional Scales - Role Functioning

Subgroup	n	Quizartinib (N=254)				Placebo (N=255)			Quizartinib vs Placebo		Interaction P-value [d]
		No. of subjects with events (%)	No. of subjects censored (%)	Median (95 % CI) [a]	n	No. of subjects with events (%)	No. of subjects censored (%)	Median (95 % CI) [a]	Hazard Ratio (95 % CI) [b]	Unstratified log-rank p-value [c]	
Choice of Anthracycline											0.4028
Daunorubicin	116	29 (25.0)	87 (75.0)	NE (21.3, NE)	90	23 (25.6)	67 (74.4)	NE (20.4, NE)	0.917 (0.530, 1.587)	0.7386	
Idarubicin	135	36 (26.7)	99 (73.3)	NE (15.8, NE)	159	34 (21.4)	125 (78.6)	NE (35.0, NE)	1.248 (0.781, 1.995)	0.3570	

N: number of subjects in analysis set; n: number of subjects in subgroup category with complete PRO baseline; %: proportion of number of subjects in n; CI: confidence interval; NE: not estimable. PRO: Patient Reported Outcome. A Minimal Clinically Important Difference of 10 is considered in this table. [a] Median time to first event is from Kaplan-Meier estimate. Confidence Interval for median was computed using the Brookmeyer-Crowley method. [b] Hazard ratio is from unstratified Cox proportional hazards model with treatment as the only categorical variable in the model. Confidence limits are based on the Wald test. [c] Two-sided p-value from unstratified log-rank test. [d] Two-sided interaction p-value is for the interaction term from unstratified Cox proportional hazards model with treatment, subgroup, and treatment-by-subgroup interaction as categorical variables in the model. The p-value is based on the Wald test.
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 Run date: 15NOV2023 – 13:09; Program name: .sas; Output name: DE_T_2_20_3_QLQC30_DD_SUB_PRO_ITT.rtf

Medizinischer Nutzen, medizinischer Zusatznutzen, Patientengruppen mit therap. bedeutsamem Zusatznutzen

Daiichi Sankyo | Data Intelligence – Evidence Generation | AC220-A-U302 QUANTUM-First (DCO 13 Aug 2021) | Statistical analyses for AMNOG (HTA Germany)
 Table 2.20.3 EORTC QLQ-C30 - Definitive deterioration - Time-to-event analysis - subgroup analysis - DCO 13-Aug-2021 - PRO Intent to Treat Analysis Set

Functional Scales - Role Functioning

Subgroup	n	Quizartinib (N=254)				Placebo (N=255)				Quizartinib vs Placebo		Interaction p-value [d]
		No. of subjects with events (%)	No. of subjects censored (%)	Median (95 % CI) [a]	n	No. of subjects with events (%)	No. of subjects censored (%)	Median (95 % CI) [a]	Hazard Ratio (95 % CI) [b]	Unstratified log-rank p-value [c]		
AML Cytogenetic Risk Score											0.5221	
Favorable	12	3 (25.0)	9 (75.0)	NE (0.7, NE)	16	4 (25.0)	12 (75.0)	NE (1.1, NE)	1.172 (0.262, 5.243)	0.8415		
Intermediate	185	49 (26.5)	136 (73.5)	NE (21.1, NE)	179	40 (22.3)	139 (77.7)	NE (32.2, NE)	1.087 (0.715, 1.651)	0.7029		
Unfavorable	19	1 (5.3)	18 (94.7)	NE (NE, NE)	26	5 (19.2)	21 (80.8)	NE (7.5, NE)	0.319 (0.037, 2.739)	0.2679		
Unknown	35	12 (34.3)	23 (65.7)	21.3 (3.3, NE)	29	7 (24.1)	22 (75.9)	35.0 (35.0, NE)	1.697 (0.667, 4.320)	0.2708		

N: number of subjects in analysis set; n: number of subjects in subgroup category with complete PRO baseline; %: proportion of number of subjects in n; CI: confidence interval; NE: not estimable. PRO: Patient Reported Outcome. A Minimal Clinically Important Difference of 10 is considered in this table.
 [a] Median time to first event is from Kaplan-Meier estimate. Confidence Interval for median was computed using the Brookmeyer-Crowley method.
 [b] Hazard ratio is from unstratified Cox proportional hazards model with treatment as the only categorical variable in the model. Confidence limits are based on the Wald test.
 [c] Two-sided p-value from unstratified log-rank test.
 [d] Two-sided interaction p-value is for the interaction term from unstratified Cox proportional hazards model with treatment, subgroup, and treatment-by-subgroup interaction as categorical variables in the model. The p-value is based on the Wald test.
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Functional Scales - Role Functioning

Subgroup	n	Quizartinib (N=254)			n	Placebo (N=255)			Quizartinib vs Placebo		Interaction P-value [d]
		No. of subjects with events (%)	No. of subjects censored (%)	Median (95 % CI) [a]		No. of subjects with events (%)	No. of subjects censored (%)	Median (95 % CI) [a]	Hazard Ratio (95 % CI) [b]	Unstratified log-rank p-value [c]	
ECOG Performance Status at Baseline											0.4882
0 - Fully Active	82	30 (36.6)	52 (63.4)	21.3 (5.1, NE)	92	23 (25.0)	69 (75.0)	NE (NE, NE)	1.421 (0.825, 2.447)	0.2037	
1 - Restricted in Physically Strenuous Activity	126	27 (21.4)	99 (78.6)	NE (21.1, NE)	124	29 (23.4)	95 (76.6)	35.0 (32.2, NE)	0.910 (0.538, 1.539)	0.7159	
2 - Ambulatory and Capable of All Selfcare	43	8 (18.6)	35 (81.4)	NE (10.4, NE)	34	5 (14.7)	29 (85.3)	NE (2.9, NE)	1.347 (0.436, 4.157)	0.6062	

N: number of subjects in analysis set; n: number of subjects in subgroup category with complete PRO baseline; %: proportion of number of subjects in n; CI: confidence interval; NE: not estimable. PRO: Patient Reported Outcome. A Minimal Clinically Important Difference of 10 is considered in this table.
 [a] Median time to first event is from Kaplan-Meier estimate. Confidence Interval for median was computed using the Brookmeyer-Crowley method.
 [b] Hazard ratio is from unstratified Cox proportional hazards model with treatment as the only categorical variable in the model. Confidence limits are based on the Wald test.
 [c] Two-sided p-value from unstratified log-rank test.
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Functional Scales - Role Functioning

Subgroup	n	Quizartinib (N=254)			n	Placebo (N=255)			Quizartinib vs Placebo		Interaction	
		No. of subjects with events (%)	No. of subjects censored (%)	Median (95 % CI) [a]		No. of subjects with events (%)	No. of subjects censored (%)	Median (95 % CI) [a]	Hazard Ratio (95 % CI) [b]	Unstratified log-rank p-value [c]	P-value [d]	
FLT3-ITD category at Baseline											0.4898	
≥3 to ≤25%	87	16 (18.4)	71 (81.6)	NE (NE, NE)	91	21 (23.1)	70 (76.9)	NE (32.2, NE)	0.843 (0.440, 1.618)	0.6090		
>25% to ≤50%	135	43 (31.9)	92 (68.1)	21.3 (7.4, NE)	127	30 (23.6)	97 (76.4)	NE (16.6, NE)	1.338 (0.839, 2.134)	0.2314		
>50%	28	6 (21.4)	22 (78.6)	NE (10.4, NE)	33	6 (18.2)	27 (81.8)	NE (2.9, NE)	0.786 (0.249, 2.474)	0.6817		

N: number of subjects in analysis set; n: number of subjects in subgroup category with complete PRO baseline; %: proportion of number of subjects in n; CI: confidence interval; NE: not estimable. PRO: Patient Reported Outcome. A Minimal Clinically Important Difference of 10 is considered in this table.
 [a] Median time to first event is from Kaplan-Meier estimate. Confidence Interval for median was computed using the Brookmeyer-Crowley method.
 [b] Hazard ratio is from unstratified Cox proportional hazards model with treatment as the only categorical variable in the model. Confidence limits are based on the Wald test.
 [c] Two-sided p-value from unstratified log-rank test.
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Functional Scales - Role Functioning

Subgroup	n	Quizartinib (N=254)				Placebo (N=255)			Quizartinib vs Placebo		Interaction P-value [d]
		No. of subjects with events (%)	No. of subjects censored (%)	Median (95 % CI) [a]	n	No. of subjects with events (%)	No. of subjects censored (%)	Median (95 % CI) [a]	Hazard Ratio (95 % CI) [b]	Unstratified log-rank p-value [c]	
AML with Mutated NPM1											0.4013
Yes	130	31 (23.8)	99 (76.2)	NE (21.3, NE)	129	31 (24.0)	98 (76.0)	NE (32.2, NE)	0.973 (0.591, 1.603)	0.9047	
No	111	32 (28.8)	79 (71.2)	31.3 (4.8, NE)	111	23 (20.7)	88 (79.3)	NE (16.6, NE)	1.333 (0.780, 2.279)	0.2946	

N: number of subjects in analysis set; n: number of subjects in subgroup category with complete PRO baseline; %: proportion of number of subjects in n; CI: confidence interval; NE: not estimable. PRO: Patient Reported Outcome. A Minimal Clinically Important Difference of 10 is considered in this table.
 [a] Median time to first event is from Kaplan-Meier estimate. Confidence Interval for median was computed using the Brookmeyer-Crowley method.
 [b] Hazard ratio is from unstratified Cox proportional hazards model with treatment as the only categorical variable in the model. Confidence limits are based on the Wald test.
 [c] Two-sided p-value from unstratified log-rank test.
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Functional Scales - Role Functioning

Subgroup	n	Quizartinib (N=254)				Placebo (N=255)				Quizartinib vs Placebo		Interaction
		No. of subjects with events (%)	No. of subjects censored (%)	Median (95 % CI) [a]	n	No. of subjects with events (%)	No. of subjects censored (%)	Median (95 % CI) [a]	Hazard Ratio (95 % CI) [b]	Unstratified log-rank p-value [c]	P-value [d]	
Age by 2 categories											0.5154	
≤60	156	45 (28.8)	111 (71.2)	NE (31.3, NE)	154	39 (25.3)	115 (74.7)	NE (20.4, NE)	1.021 (0.665, 1.569)	0.9282		
>60	95	20 (21.1)	75 (78.9)	21.3 (15.8, NE)	97	18 (18.6)	79 (81.4)	NE (32.2, NE)	1.359 (0.718, 2.573)	0.3531		

N: number of subjects in analysis set; n: number of subjects in subgroup category with complete PRO baseline; %: proportion of number of subjects in n; CI: confidence interval; NE: not estimable. PRO: Patient Reported Outcome. A Minimal Clinically Important Difference of 10 is considered in this table.
 [a] Median time to first event is from Kaplan-Meier estimate. Confidence Interval for median was computed using the Brookmeyer-Crowley method.
 [b] Hazard ratio is from unstratified Cox proportional hazards model with treatment as the only categorical variable in the model. Confidence limits are based on the Wald test.
 [c] Two-sided p-value from unstratified log-rank test.
 [d] Two-sided interaction p-value is for the interaction term from unstratified Cox proportional hazards model with treatment, subgroup, and treatment-by-subgroup interaction as categorical variables in the model. The p-value is based on the Wald test.
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Functional Scales - Emotional Functioning

Subgroup	n	Quizartinib (N=254)				Placebo (N=255)				Quizartinib vs Placebo		Interaction P-value [d]
		No. of subjects with events (%)	No. of subjects censored (%)	Median (95 % CI) [a]	n	No. of subjects with events (%)	No. of subjects censored (%)	Median (95 % CI) [a]	Hazard Ratio (95 % CI) [b]	Unstratified log-rank p-value [c]		
Pooled Age Group 2											0.3883	
<60	152	38 (25.0)	114 (75.0)	NE (32.9, NE)	151	26 (17.2)	125 (82.8)	NE (NE, NE)	1.362 (0.827, 2.245)	0.2179		
≥60 - <65	36	4 (11.1)	32 (88.9)	NE (12.2, NE)	43	8 (18.6)	35 (81.4)	NE (4.5, NE)	0.541 (0.162, 1.807)	0.3112		
≥65	64	11 (17.2)	53 (82.8)	NE (NE, NE)	59	9 (15.3)	50 (84.7)	NE (NE, NE)	1.443 (0.598, 3.484)	0.4116		

N: number of subjects in analysis set; n: number of subjects in subgroup category with complete PRO baseline; %: proportion of number of subjects in n; CI: confidence interval; NE: not estimable. PRO: Patient Reported Outcome. A Minimal Clinically Important Difference of 10 is considered in this table.
 [a] Median time to first event is from Kaplan-Meier estimate. Confidence Interval for median was computed using the Brookmeyer-Crowley method.
 [b] Hazard ratio is from unstratified Cox proportional hazards model with treatment as the only categorical variable in the model. Confidence limits are based on the Wald test.
 [c] Two-sided p-value from unstratified log-rank test.
 [d] Two-sided interaction p-value is for the interaction term from unstratified Cox proportional hazards model with treatment, subgroup, and treatment-by-subgroup interaction as categorical variables in the model. The p-value is based on the Wald test.
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Functional Scales - Emotional Functioning

Subgroup	n	Quizartinib (N=254)				Placebo (N=255)				Quizartinib vs Placebo		Interaction P-value [d]
		No. of subjects with events (%)	No. of subjects censored (%)	Median (95 % CI) [a]	n	No. of subjects with events (%)	No. of subjects censored (%)	Median (95 % CI) [a]	Hazard Ratio (95 % CI) [b]	Unstratified log-rank p-value [c]		
Sex												0.0121
Male	120	22 (18.3)	98 (81.7)	NE (NE, NE)	109	26 (23.9)	83 (76.1)	NE (NE, NE)	0.733 (0.415, 1.295)	0.2871		
Female	132	31 (23.5)	101 (76.5)	NE (32.9, NE)	144	17 (11.8)	127 (88.2)	NE (NE, NE)	2.065 (1.142, 3.733)	0.0141		

N: number of subjects in analysis set; n: number of subjects in subgroup category with complete PRO baseline; %: proportion of number of subjects in n; CI: confidence interval; NE: not estimable. PRO: Patient Reported Outcome. A Minimal Clinically Important Difference of 10 is considered in this table. [a] Median time to first event is from Kaplan-Meier estimate. Confidence Interval for median was computed using the Brookmeyer-Crowley method. [b] Hazard ratio is from unstratified Cox proportional hazards model with treatment as the only categorical variable in the model. Confidence limits are based on the Wald test. [c] Two-sided p-value from unstratified log-rank test. [d] Two-sided interaction p-value is for the interaction term from unstratified Cox proportional hazards model with treatment, subgroup, and treatment-by-subgroup interaction as categorical variables in the model. The p-value is based on the Wald test. Data source: \\AC220-A-U302\Production\Raw Data_Restricted\rstret_eg\rstret_20211102_eg\rstret_valos\20230516_AMNOG\ADAM\ Run date: 15NOV2023 – 13:09; Program name: .sas; Output name: DE_T_2_20_3_QLQC30_DD_SUB_PRO_ITT.rtf

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Functional Scales - Emotional Functioning

Subgroup	n	Quizartinib (N=254)			Placebo (N=255)			Quizartinib vs Placebo		Interaction P-value [d]
		No. of subjects with events (%)	No. of subjects censored (%)	Median (95 % CI) [a]	n	No. of subjects with events (%)	No. of subjects censored (%)	Median (95 % CI) [a]	Hazard Ratio (95 % CI) [b]	
Race by 2 categories										0.6882
White	150	34 (22.7)	116 (77.3)	NE (25.3, NE)	151	25 (16.6)	126 (83.4)	NE (NE, NE)	1.321 (0.788, 2.216)	0.2838
Non-white	102	19 (18.6)	83 (81.4)	NE (32.9, NE)	102	18 (17.6)	84 (82.4)	NE (NE, NE)	1.130 (0.593, 2.154)	0.7122

N: number of subjects in analysis set; n: number of subjects in subgroup category with complete PRO baseline; %: proportion of number of subjects in n; CI: confidence interval; NE: not estimable. PRO: Patient Reported Outcome. A Minimal Clinically Important Difference of 10 is considered in this table. [a] Median time to first event is from Kaplan-Meier estimate. Confidence Interval for median was computed using the Brookmeyer-Crowley method. [b] Hazard ratio is from unstratified Cox proportional hazards model with treatment as the only categorical variable in the model. Confidence limits are based on the Wald test. [c] Two-sided p-value from unstratified log-rank test. [d] Two-sided interaction p-value is for the interaction term from unstratified Cox proportional hazards model with treatment, subgroup, and treatment-by-subgroup interaction as categorical variables in the model. The p-value is based on the Wald test.
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Functional Scales - Emotional Functioning

Subgroup	n	Quizartinib (N=254)				Placebo (N=255)				Quizartinib vs Placebo		Interaction
		No. of subjects with events (%)	No. of subjects censored (%)	Median (95 % CI) [a]	n	No. of subjects with events (%)	No. of subjects censored (%)	Median (95 % CI) [a]	Hazard Ratio (95 % CI) [b]	Unstratified log-rank p-value [c]	P-value [d]	
Geographic Region 1											0.9341	
North America	16	2 (12.5)	14 (87.5)	NE (1.6, NE)	16	2 (12.5)	14 (87.5)	NE (3.0, NE)	2.489 (0.348, 17.808)	0.3477		
Europe	150	35 (23.3)	115 (76.7)	NE (25.3, NE)	150	27 (18.0)	123 (82.0)	NE (NE, NE)	1.246 (0.754, 2.059)	0.3827		
Asia/Other Regions	86	16 (18.6)	70 (81.4)	NE (NE, NE)	87	14 (16.1)	73 (83.9)	NE (NE, NE)	1.168 (0.569, 2.397)	0.6765		

N: number of subjects in analysis set; n: number of subjects in subgroup category with complete PRO baseline; %: proportion of number of subjects in n; CI: confidence interval; NE: not estimable. PRO: Patient Reported Outcome. A Minimal Clinically Important Difference of 10 is considered in this table. [a] Median time to first event is from Kaplan-Meier estimate. Confidence Interval for median was computed using the Brookmeyer-Crowley method. [b] Hazard ratio is from unstratified Cox proportional hazards model with treatment as the only categorical variable in the model. Confidence limits are based on the Wald test. [c] Two-sided p-value from unstratified log-rank test. [d] Two-sided interaction p-value is for the interaction term from unstratified Cox proportional hazards model with treatment, subgroup, and treatment-by-subgroup interaction as categorical variables in the model. The p-value is based on the Wald test.
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Functional Scales - Emotional Functioning

Subgroup	n	Quizartinib (N=254)				Placebo (N=255)				Quizartinib vs Placebo		Interaction P-value [d]
		No. of subjects with events (%)	No. of subjects censored (%)	Median (95 % CI) [a]	n	No. of subjects with events (%)	No. of subjects censored (%)	Median (95 % CI) [a]	Hazard Ratio (95 % CI) [b]	Unstratified log-rank p-value [c]		
WBC at initial diagnosis												0.1284
< 40x10 ⁹ /L	128	31 (24.2)	97 (75.8)	NE (19.6, NE)	125	21 (16.8)	104 (83.2)	NE (NE, NE)	1.700 (0.977, 2.959)	0.0565		
≥ 40x10 ⁹ /L	124	22 (17.7)	102 (82.3)	NE (32.9, NE)	128	22 (17.2)	106 (82.8)	NE (NE, NE)	0.893 (0.494, 1.616)	0.7139		

N: number of subjects in analysis set; n: number of subjects in subgroup category with complete PRO baseline; %: proportion of number of subjects in n; CI: confidence interval; NE: not estimable. PRO: Patient Reported Outcome. A Minimal Clinically Important Difference of 10 is considered in this table.
 [a] Median time to first event is from Kaplan-Meier estimate. Confidence Interval for median was computed using the Brookmeyer-Crowley method.
 [b] Hazard ratio is from unstratified Cox proportional hazards model with treatment as the only categorical variable in the model. Confidence limits are based on the Wald test.
 [c] Two-sided p-value from unstratified log-rank test.
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Medizinischer Nutzen, medizinischer Zusatznutzen, Patientengruppen mit therap. bedeutsamem Zusatznutzen

Daiichi Sankyo | Data Intelligence – Evidence Generation | AC220-A-U302 QUANTUM-First (DCO 13 Aug 2021) | Statistical analyses for AMNOG (HTA Germany)
 Table 2.20.3 EORTC QLQ-C30 - Definitive deterioration - Time-to-event analysis - subgroup analysis - DCO 13-Aug-2021 - PRO Intent to Treat Analysis Set

Functional Scales - Emotional Functioning

Subgroup	n	Quizartinib (N=254)			Placebo (N=255)			Quizartinib vs Placebo		Interaction P-value [d]
		No. of subjects with events (%)	No. of subjects censored (%)	Median (95 % CI) [a]	n	No. of subjects with events (%)	No. of subjects censored (%)	Median (95 % CI) [a]	Hazard Ratio (95 % CI) [b]	
Choice of Anthracycline										0.6135
Daunorubicin	116	22 (19.0)	94 (81.0)	NE (32.9, NE)	90	16 (17.8)	74 (82.2)	NE (NE, NE)	1.078 (0.566, 2.053)	0.8131
Idarubicin	136	31 (22.8)	105 (77.2)	NE (NE, NE)	161	27 (16.8)	134 (83.2)	NE (NE, NE)	1.340 (0.800, 2.246)	0.2621

N: number of subjects in analysis set; n: number of subjects in subgroup category with complete PRO baseline; %: proportion of number of subjects in n; CI: confidence interval; NE: not estimable. PRO: Patient Reported Outcome. A Minimal Clinically Important Difference of 10 is considered in this table. [a] Median time to first event is from Kaplan-Meier estimate. Confidence Interval for median was computed using the Brookmeyer-Crowley method. [b] Hazard ratio is from unstratified Cox proportional hazards model with treatment as the only categorical variable in the model. Confidence limits are based on the Wald test. [c] Two-sided p-value from unstratified log-rank test. [d] Two-sided interaction p-value is for the interaction term from unstratified Cox proportional hazards model with treatment, subgroup, and treatment-by-subgroup interaction as categorical variables in the model. The p-value is based on the Wald test.
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Functional Scales - Emotional Functioning

Subgroup	n	Quizartinib (N=254)				Placebo (N=255)				Quizartinib vs Placebo		Interaction P-value [d]
		No. of subjects with events (%)	No. of subjects censored (%)	Median (95 % CI) [a]	n	No. of subjects with events (%)	No. of subjects censored (%)	Median (95 % CI) [a]	Hazard Ratio (95 % CI) [b]	Unstratified log-rank p-value [c]		
AML Cytogenetic Risk Score											0.5631	
Favorable	12	2 (16.7)	10 (83.3)	NE (1.5, NE)	16	5 (31.3)	11 (68.8)	NE (2.5, NE)	0.678 (0.131, 3.521)	0.6489		
Intermediate	186	39 (21.0)	147 (79.0)	NE (NE, NE)	180	29 (16.1)	151 (83.9)	NE (NE, NE)	1.227 (0.758, 1.984)	0.3977		
Unfavorable	19	5 (26.3)	14 (73.7)	19.6 (0.7, NE)	26	3 (11.5)	23 (88.5)	NE (NE, NE)	2.608 (0.611, 11.141)	0.1797		
Unknown	35	7 (20.0)	28 (80.0)	NE (12.2, NE)	30	6 (20.0)	24 (80.0)	NE (6.4, NE)	1.079 (0.360, 3.235)	0.9028		

N: number of subjects in analysis set; n: number of subjects in subgroup category with complete PRO baseline; %: proportion of number of subjects in n; CI: confidence interval; NE: not estimable. PRO: Patient Reported Outcome. A Minimal Clinically Important Difference of 10 is considered in this table. [a] Median time to first event is from Kaplan-Meier estimate. Confidence Interval for median was computed using the Brookmeyer-Crowley method. [b] Hazard ratio is from unstratified Cox proportional hazards model with treatment as the only categorical variable in the model. Confidence limits are based on the Wald test. [c] Two-sided p-value from unstratified log-rank test. [d] Two-sided interaction p-value is for the interaction term from unstratified Cox proportional hazards model with treatment, subgroup, and treatment-by-subgroup interaction as categorical variables in the model. The p-value is based on the Wald test.
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Functional Scales - Emotional Functioning

Subgroup	n	Quizartinib (N=254)			n	Placebo (N=255)			Quizartinib vs Placebo		Interaction P-value [d]
		No. of subjects with events (%)	No. of subjects censored (%)	Median (95 % CI) [a]		No. of subjects with events (%)	No. of subjects censored (%)	Median (95 % CI) [a]	Hazard Ratio (95 % CI) [b]	Unstratified log-rank p-value [c]	
ECOG Performance Status at Baseline											0.7411
0 - Fully Active	82	20 (24.4)	62 (75.6)	NE (25.3, NE)	92	21 (22.8)	71 (77.2)	NE (9.9, NE)	1.034 (0.560, 1.910)	0.9073	
1 - Restricted in Physically Strenuous Activity	126	24 (19.0)	102 (81.0)	NE (NE, NE)	126	17 (13.5)	109 (86.5)	NE (NE, NE)	1.445 (0.776, 2.689)	0.2426	
2 - Ambulatory and Capable of All Selfcare	44	9 (20.5)	35 (79.5)	NE (32.9, NE)	34	5 (14.7)	29 (85.3)	NE (5.7, NE)	1.403 (0.466, 4.225)	0.5430	

N: number of subjects in analysis set; n: number of subjects in subgroup category with complete PRO baseline; %: proportion of number of subjects in n; CI: confidence interval; NE: not estimable. PRO: Patient Reported Outcome. A Minimal Clinically Important Difference of 10 is considered in this table.
 [a] Median time to first event is from Kaplan-Meier estimate. Confidence Interval for median was computed using the Brookmeyer-Crowley method.
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 [c] Two-sided p-value from unstratified log-rank test.
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Functional Scales - Emotional Functioning

Subgroup	n	Quizartinib (N=254)				Placebo (N=255)				Quizartinib vs Placebo		Interaction P-value [d]
		No. of subjects with events (%)	No. of subjects censored (%)	Median (95 % CI) [a]	n	No. of subjects with events (%)	No. of subjects censored (%)	Median (95 % CI) [a]	Hazard Ratio (95 % CI) [b]	Unstratified log-rank p-value [c]		
FLT3-ITD category at Baseline											0.1596	
≥3 to ≤25%	88	22 (25.0)	66 (75.0)	NE (12.2, NE)	92	17 (18.5)	75 (81.5)	NE (NE, NE)	1.587 (0.842, 2.991)	0.1485		
>25% to ≤50%	135	29 (21.5)	106 (78.5)	NE (NE, NE)	128	20 (15.6)	108 (84.4)	NE (NE, NE)	1.347 (0.761, 2.382)	0.3016		
>50%	28	2 (7.1)	26 (92.9)	NE (25.3, NE)	33	6 (18.2)	27 (81.8)	NE (6.4, NE)	0.283 (0.056, 1.427)	0.1046		

N: number of subjects in analysis set; n: number of subjects in subgroup category with complete PRO baseline; %: proportion of number of subjects in n; CI: confidence interval; NE: not estimable. PRO: Patient Reported Outcome. A Minimal Clinically Important Difference of 10 is considered in this table.
 [a] Median time to first event is from Kaplan-Meier estimate. Confidence Interval for median was computed using the Brookmeyer-Crowley method.
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Functional Scales - Emotional Functioning

Subgroup	n	Quizartinib (N=254)				Placebo (N=255)				Quizartinib vs Placebo		Interaction P-value [d]
		No. of subjects with events (%)	No. of subjects censored (%)	Median (95 % CI) [a]	n	No. of subjects with events (%)	No. of subjects censored (%)	Median (95 % CI) [a]	Hazard Ratio (95 % CI) [b]	Unstratified log-rank p-value [c]		
AML with Mutated NPM1											0.0903	
Yes	130	25 (19.2)	105 (80.8)	NE (NE, NE)	131	27 (20.6)	104 (79.4)	NE (NE, NE)	0.903 (0.523, 1.559)	0.7152		
No	112	26 (23.2)	86 (76.8)	NE (19.6, NE)	111	13 (11.7)	98 (88.3)	NE (NE, NE)	1.925 (0.989, 3.746)	0.0469		

N: number of subjects in analysis set; n: number of subjects in subgroup category with complete PRO baseline; %: proportion of number of subjects in n; CI: confidence interval; NE: not estimable. PRO: Patient Reported Outcome. A Minimal Clinically Important Difference of 10 is considered in this table.
 [a] Median time to first event is from Kaplan-Meier estimate. Confidence Interval for median was computed using the Brookmeyer-Crowley method.
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 [c] Two-sided p-value from unstratified log-rank test.
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Functional Scales - Emotional Functioning

Subgroup	n	Quizartinib (N=254)			Placebo (N=255)			Quizartinib vs Placebo		Interaction P-value [d]
		No. of subjects with events (%)	No. of subjects censored (%)	Median (95 % CI) [a]	n	No. of subjects with events (%)	No. of subjects censored (%)	Median (95 % CI) [a]	Hazard Ratio (95 % CI) [b]	
Age by 2 categories										0.4133
≤60	157	39 (24.8)	118 (75.2)	NE (32.9, NE)	154	26 (16.9)	128 (83.1)	NE (NE, NE)	1.384 (0.842, 2.275)	0.1940
>60	95	14 (14.7)	81 (85.3)	NE (NE, NE)	99	17 (17.2)	82 (82.8)	NE (NE, NE)	0.974 (0.480, 1.976)	0.9439

N: number of subjects in analysis set; n: number of subjects in subgroup category with complete PRO baseline; %: proportion of number of subjects in n; CI: confidence interval; NE: not estimable. PRO: Patient Reported Outcome. A Minimal Clinically Important Difference of 10 is considered in this table. [a] Median time to first event is from Kaplan-Meier estimate. Confidence Interval for median was computed using the Brookmeyer-Crowley method. [b] Hazard ratio is from unstratified Cox proportional hazards model with treatment as the only categorical variable in the model. Confidence limits are based on the Wald test. [c] Two-sided p-value from unstratified log-rank test. [d] Two-sided interaction p-value is for the interaction term from unstratified Cox proportional hazards model with treatment, subgroup, and treatment-by-subgroup interaction as categorical variables in the model. The p-value is based on the Wald test.
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Functional Scales - Cognitive Functioning

Subgroup	n	Quizartinib (N=254)				Placebo (N=255)				Quizartinib vs Placebo		Interaction
		No. of subjects with events (%)	No. of subjects censored (%)	Median (95 % CI) [a]	n	No. of subjects with events (%)	No. of subjects censored (%)	Median (95 % CI) [a]	Hazard Ratio (95 % CI) [b]	Unstratified log-rank p-value [c]	P-value [d]	
Pooled Age Group 2											0.0104	
<60	152	41 (27.0)	111 (73.0)	NE (25.0, NE)	151	50 (33.1)	101 (66.9)	9.8 (4.7, NE)	0.678 (0.447, 1.026)	0.0626		
≥60 - <65	36	9 (25.0)	27 (75.0)	18.4 (4.4, NE)	43	15 (34.9)	28 (65.1)	14.4 (2.6, NE)	0.726 (0.317, 1.664)	0.4407		
≥65	64	24 (37.5)	40 (62.5)	4.6 (1.5, 20.1)	59	15 (25.4)	44 (74.6)	26.3 (5.5, NE)	2.276 (1.171, 4.423)	0.0120		

N: number of subjects in analysis set; n: number of subjects in subgroup category with complete PRO baseline; %: proportion of number of subjects in n; CI: confidence interval; NE: not estimable. PRO: Patient Reported Outcome. A Minimal Clinically Important Difference of 10 is considered in this table.
 [a] Median time to first event is from Kaplan-Meier estimate. Confidence Interval for median was computed using the Brookmeyer-Crowley method.
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Functional Scales - Cognitive Functioning

Subgroup	n	Quizartinib (N=254)				Placebo (N=255)				Quizartinib vs Placebo		Interaction P-value [d]
		No. of subjects with events (%)	No. of subjects censored (%)	Median (95 % CI) [a]	n	No. of subjects with events (%)	No. of subjects censored (%)	Median (95 % CI) [a]	Hazard Ratio (95 % CI) [b]	Unstratified log-rank p-value [c]		
Sex												0.9118
Male	120	34 (28.3)	86 (71.7)	NE (7.4, NE)	109	34 (31.2)	75 (68.8)	17.5 (4.8, NE)	0.867 (0.538, 1.395)	0.5477		
Female	132	40 (30.3)	92 (69.7)	25.6 (8.8, NE)	144	46 (31.9)	98 (68.1)	NE (4.6, NE)	0.908 (0.594, 1.389)	0.6485		

N: number of subjects in analysis set; n: number of subjects in subgroup category with complete PRO baseline; %: proportion of number of subjects in n; CI: confidence interval; NE: not estimable. PRO: Patient Reported Outcome. A Minimal Clinically Important Difference of 10 is considered in this table. [a] Median time to first event is from Kaplan-Meier estimate. Confidence Interval for median was computed using the Brookmeyer-Crowley method. [b] Hazard ratio is from unstratified Cox proportional hazards model with treatment as the only categorical variable in the model. Confidence limits are based on the Wald test. [c] Two-sided p-value from unstratified log-rank test. [d] Two-sided interaction p-value is for the interaction term from unstratified Cox proportional hazards model with treatment, subgroup, and treatment-by-subgroup interaction as categorical variables in the model. The p-value is based on the Wald test. Data source: \\AC220-A-U302\Production\Raw Data_Restricted\rstret_eg\rstret_20211102_eg\rstret_valos\20230516_AMNOG\ADAM\ Run date: 15NOV2023 – 13:09; Program name: .sas; Output name: DE_T_2_20_3_QLQC30_DD_SUB_PRO_ITT.rtf

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Functional Scales - Cognitive Functioning

Subgroup	n	Quizartinib (N=254)				Placebo (N=255)				Quizartinib vs Placebo		Interaction P-value [d]
		No. of subjects with events (%)	No. of subjects censored (%)	Median (95 % CI) [a]	n	No. of subjects with events (%)	No. of subjects censored (%)	Median (95 % CI) [a]	Hazard Ratio (95 % CI) [b]	Unstratified log-rank p-value [c]		
Race by 2 categories											0.7171	
White	150	43 (28.7)	107 (71.3)	NE (18.4, NE)	151	46 (30.5)	105 (69.5)	26.3 (6.2, NE)	0.847 (0.558, 1.287)	0.4228		
Non-white	102	31 (30.4)	71 (69.6)	25.0 (7.4, NE)	102	34 (33.3)	68 (66.7)	5.7 (4.2, NE)	0.951 (0.584, 1.548)	0.8347		

N: number of subjects in analysis set; n: number of subjects in subgroup category with complete PRO baseline; %: proportion of number of subjects in n; CI: confidence interval; NE: not estimable. PRO: Patient Reported Outcome. A Minimal Clinically Important Difference of 10 is considered in this table.
 [a] Median time to first event is from Kaplan-Meier estimate. Confidence Interval for median was computed using the Brookmeyer-Crowley method.
 [b] Hazard ratio is from unstratified Cox proportional hazards model with treatment as the only categorical variable in the model. Confidence limits are based on the Wald test.
 [c] Two-sided p-value from unstratified log-rank test.
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Functional Scales - Cognitive Functioning

Subgroup	n	Quizartinib (N=254)				Placebo (N=255)				Quizartinib vs Placebo		Interaction P-value [d]
		No. of subjects with events (%)	No. of subjects censored (%)	Median (95 % CI) [a]	n	No. of subjects with events (%)	No. of subjects censored (%)	Median (95 % CI) [a]	Hazard Ratio (95 % CI) [b]	Unstratified log-rank p-value [c]		
Geographic Region 1												0.8027
North America	16	3 (18.8)	13 (81.3)	29.1 (0.7, NE)	16	6 (37.5)	10 (62.5)	14.4 (1.4, NE)	0.490 (0.091, 2.625)	0.3711		
Europe	150	47 (31.3)	103 (68.7)	NE (5.1, NE)	150	50 (33.3)	100 (66.7)	26.3 (4.6, NE)	0.848 (0.569, 1.264)	0.4093		
Asia/Other Regions	86	24 (27.9)	62 (72.1)	NE (8.7, NE)	87	24 (27.6)	63 (72.4)	NE (4.8, NE)	1.010 (0.573, 1.780)	0.9730		

N: number of subjects in analysis set; n: number of subjects in subgroup category with complete PRO baseline; %: proportion of number of subjects in n; CI: confidence interval; NE: not estimable. PRO: Patient Reported Outcome. A Minimal Clinically Important Difference of 10 is considered in this table. [a] Median time to first event is from Kaplan-Meier estimate. Confidence Interval for median was computed using the Brookmeyer-Crowley method. [b] Hazard ratio is from unstratified Cox proportional hazards model with treatment as the only categorical variable in the model. Confidence limits are based on the Wald test. [c] Two-sided p-value from unstratified log-rank test. [d] Two-sided interaction p-value is for the interaction term from unstratified Cox proportional hazards model with treatment, subgroup, and treatment-by-subgroup interaction as categorical variables in the model. The p-value is based on the Wald test.
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Medizinischer Nutzen, medizinischer Zusatznutzen, Patientengruppen mit therap. bedeutsamem Zusatznutzen

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 Table 2.20.3 EORTC QLQ-C30 - Definitive deterioration - Time-to-event analysis - subgroup analysis - DCO 13-Aug-2021 - PRO Intent to Treat Analysis Set

Functional Scales - Cognitive Functioning

Subgroup	n	Quizartinib (N=254)				Placebo (N=255)				Quizartinib vs Placebo		Interaction P-value [d]
		No. of subjects with events (%)	No. of subjects censored (%)	Median (95 % CI) [a]	n	No. of subjects with events (%)	No. of subjects censored (%)	Median (95 % CI) [a]	Hazard Ratio (95 % CI) [b]	Unstratified log-rank p-value [c]		
WBC at initial diagnosis											0.9969	
< 40x10 ⁹ /L	128	41 (32.0)	87 (68.0)	25.0 (8.7, NE)	125	48 (38.4)	77 (61.6)	9.8 (3.6, NE)	0.900 (0.593, 1.366)	0.6149		
≥ 40x10 ⁹ /L	124	33 (26.6)	91 (73.4)	NE (15.5, NE)	128	32 (25.0)	96 (75.0)	26.3 (4.9, NE)	0.907 (0.556, 1.478)	0.6832		

N: number of subjects in analysis set; n: number of subjects in subgroup category with complete PRO baseline; %: proportion of number of subjects in n; CI: confidence interval; NE: not estimable. PRO: Patient Reported Outcome. A Minimal Clinically Important Difference of 10 is considered in this table.
 [a] Median time to first event is from Kaplan-Meier estimate. Confidence Interval for median was computed using the Brookmeyer-Crowley method.
 [b] Hazard ratio is from unstratified Cox proportional hazards model with treatment as the only categorical variable in the model. Confidence limits are based on the Wald test.
 [c] Two-sided p-value from unstratified log-rank test.
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Functional Scales - Cognitive Functioning

Subgroup	n	Quizartinib (N=254)				Placebo (N=255)				Quizartinib vs Placebo		Interaction
		No. of subjects with events (%)	No. of subjects censored (%)	Median (95 % CI) [a]	n	No. of subjects with events (%)	No. of subjects censored (%)	Median (95 % CI) [a]	Hazard Ratio (95 % CI) [b]	Unstratified log-rank p-value [c]	P-value [d]	
Choice of Anthracycline											0.7717	
Daunorubicin	116	34 (29.3)	82 (70.7)	25.0 (4.6, NE)	90	29 (32.2)	61 (67.8)	NE (2.9, NE)	0.838 (0.510, 1.377)	0.4848		
Idarubicin	136	40 (29.4)	96 (70.6)	29.1 (15.5, NE)	161	51 (31.7)	110 (68.3)	14.4 (4.9, NE)	0.884 (0.584, 1.339)	0.5506		

N: number of subjects in analysis set; n: number of subjects in subgroup category with complete PRO baseline; %: proportion of number of subjects in n; CI: confidence interval; NE: not estimable. PRO: Patient Reported Outcome. A Minimal Clinically Important Difference of 10 is considered in this table.
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Functional Scales - Cognitive Functioning

Subgroup	n	Quizartinib (N=254)			n	Placebo (N=255)			Quizartinib vs Placebo		Interaction P-value [d]
		No. of subjects with events (%)	No. of subjects censored (%)	Median (95 % CI) [a]		No. of subjects with events (%)	No. of subjects censored (%)	Median (95 % CI) [a]	Hazard Ratio (95 % CI) [b]	Unstratified log-rank p-value [c]	
AML Cytogenetic Risk Score											0.8469
Favorable	12	3 (25.0)	9 (75.0)	NE (0.7, NE)	16	5 (31.3)	11 (68.8)	NE (4.9, NE)	1.093 (0.259, 4.611)	0.9053	
Intermediate	186	57 (30.6)	129 (69.4)	25.6 (7.4, NE)	180	56 (31.1)	124 (68.9)	17.5 (4.6, NE)	0.899 (0.621, 1.301)	0.5628	
Unfavorable	19	5 (26.3)	14 (73.7)	29.1 (0.7, NE)	26	7 (26.9)	19 (73.1)	9.8 (2.6, NE)	0.931 (0.285, 3.038)	0.9025	
Unknown	35	9 (25.7)	26 (74.3)	NE (3.5, NE)	30	12 (40.0)	18 (60.0)	26.3 (1.8, NE)	0.580 (0.243, 1.386)	0.2160	

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Functional Scales - Cognitive Functioning

Subgroup	n	Quizartinib (N=254)				Placebo (N=255)				Quizartinib vs Placebo		Interaction
		No. of subjects with events (%)	No. of subjects censored (%)	Median (95 % CI) [a]	n	No. of subjects with events (%)	No. of subjects censored (%)	Median (95 % CI) [a]	Hazard Ratio (95 % CI) [b]	Unstratified log-rank p-value [c]	P-value [d]	
ECOG Performance Status at Baseline											0.8179	
0 - Fully Active	82	27 (32.9)	55 (67.1)	29.1 (5.1, NE)	92	34 (37.0)	58 (63.0)	26.3 (2.3, NE)	0.803 (0.483, 1.333)	0.3936		
1 - Restricted in Physically Strenuous Activity	126	37 (29.4)	89 (70.6)	25.0 (7.4, NE)	126	38 (30.2)	88 (69.8)	17.5 (5.5, NE)	0.973 (0.618, 1.530)	0.8947		
2 - Ambulatory and Capable of All Selfcare	44	10 (22.7)	34 (77.3)	NE (5.5, NE)	34	8 (23.5)	26 (76.5)	9.8 (2.9, NE)	0.889 (0.349, 2.268)	0.7974		

N: number of subjects in analysis set; n: number of subjects in subgroup category with complete PRO baseline; %: proportion of number of subjects in n; CI: confidence interval; NE: not estimable. PRO: Patient Reported Outcome. A Minimal Clinically Important Difference of 10 is considered in this table.
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Functional Scales - Cognitive Functioning

Subgroup	n	Quizartinib (N=254)			n	Placebo (N=255)			Quizartinib vs Placebo		Interaction P-value [d]
		No. of subjects with events (%)	No. of subjects censored (%)	Median (95 % CI) [a]		No. of subjects with events (%)	No. of subjects censored (%)	Median (95 % CI) [a]	Hazard Ratio (95 % CI) [b]	Unstratified log-rank p-value [c]	
FLT3-ITD category at Baseline											0.1623
≥3 to ≤25%	88	30 (34.1)	58 (65.9)	25.0 (2.6, NE)	92	33 (35.9)	59 (64.1)	9.8 (4.2, NE)	1.022 (0.623, 1.677)	0.9420	
>25% to ≤50%	135	41 (30.4)	94 (69.6)	25.6 (7.4, NE)	128	38 (29.7)	90 (70.3)	26.3 (4.7, NE)	0.990 (0.636, 1.540)	0.9560	
>50%	28	3 (10.7)	25 (89.3)	NE (8.7, NE)	33	9 (27.3)	24 (72.7)	NE (2.8, NE)	0.266 (0.071, 0.997)	0.0351	

N: number of subjects in analysis set; n: number of subjects in subgroup category with complete PRO baseline; %: proportion of number of subjects in n; CI: confidence interval; NE: not estimable. PRO: Patient Reported Outcome. A Minimal Clinically Important Difference of 10 is considered in this table.
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Functional Scales - Cognitive Functioning

Subgroup	n	Quizartinib (N=254)				Placebo (N=255)			Quizartinib vs Placebo		Interaction P-value [d]
		No. of subjects with events (%)	No. of subjects censored (%)	Median (95 % CI) [a]	n	No. of subjects with events (%)	No. of subjects censored (%)	Median (95 % CI) [a]	Hazard Ratio (95 % CI) [b]	Unstratified log-rank p-value [c]	
AML with Mutated NPM1											0.9916
Yes	130	44 (33.8)	86 (66.2)	25.0 (7.4, NE)	131	48 (36.6)	83 (63.4)	14.4 (4.9, NE)	0.866 (0.574, 1.305)	0.4873	
No	112	28 (25.0)	84 (75.0)	NE (8.7, NE)	111	30 (27.0)	81 (73.0)	17.5 (3.3, NE)	0.869 (0.519, 1.456)	0.5776	

N: number of subjects in analysis set; n: number of subjects in subgroup category with complete PRO baseline; %: proportion of number of subjects in n; CI: confidence interval; NE: not estimable. PRO: Patient Reported Outcome. A Minimal Clinically Important Difference of 10 is considered in this table.
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Subgroup	n	Quizartinib (N=254)				Placebo (N=255)				Quizartinib vs Placebo		Interaction P-value [d]
		No. of subjects with events (%)	No. of subjects censored (%)	Median (95 % CI) [a]	n	No. of subjects with events (%)	No. of subjects censored (%)	Median (95 % CI) [a]	Hazard Ratio (95 % CI) [b]	Unstratified log-rank p-value [c]		
Age by 2 categories												0.0303
≤60	157	42 (26.8)	115 (73.2)	NE (25.0, NE)	154	50 (32.5)	104 (67.5)	9.8 (4.7, NE)	0.689 (0.456, 1.041)	0.0725		
>60	95	32 (33.7)	63 (66.3)	15.5 (3.5, 25.6)	99	30 (30.3)	69 (69.7)	26.3 (5.5, NE)	1.411 (0.856, 2.326)	0.1743		

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Functional Scales - Social Functioning

Subgroup	n	Quizartinib (N=254)				Placebo (N=255)				Quizartinib vs Placebo		Interaction P-value [d]
		No. of subjects with events (%)	No. of subjects censored (%)	Median (95 % CI) [a]	n	No. of subjects with events (%)	No. of subjects censored (%)	Median (95 % CI) [a]	Hazard Ratio (95 % CI) [b]	Unstratified log-rank p-value [c]		
Pooled Age Group 2											0.6376	
<60	151	38 (25.2)	113 (74.8)	NE (33.5, NE)	151	36 (23.8)	115 (76.2)	NE (NE, NE)	0.934 (0.592, 1.474)	0.7959		
≥60 - <65	36	8 (22.2)	28 (77.8)	NE (35.0, NE)	43	11 (25.6)	32 (74.4)	NE (3.3, NE)	0.898 (0.360, 2.239)	0.7954		
≥65	64	17 (26.6)	47 (73.4)	21.3 (3.5, NE)	59	14 (23.7)	45 (76.3)	NE (3.6, NE)	1.405 (0.692, 2.852)	0.3524		

N: number of subjects in analysis set; n: number of subjects in subgroup category with complete PRO baseline; %: proportion of number of subjects in n; CI: confidence interval; NE: not estimable. PRO: Patient Reported Outcome. A Minimal Clinically Important Difference of 10 is considered in this table. [a] Median time to first event is from Kaplan-Meier estimate. Confidence Interval for median was computed using the Brookmeyer-Crowley method. [b] Hazard ratio is from unstratified Cox proportional hazards model with treatment as the only categorical variable in the model. Confidence limits are based on the Wald test. [c] Two-sided p-value from unstratified log-rank test. [d] Two-sided interaction p-value is for the interaction term from unstratified Cox proportional hazards model with treatment, subgroup, and treatment-by-subgroup interaction as categorical variables in the model. The p-value is based on the Wald test.
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Functional Scales - Social Functioning

Subgroup	n	Quizartinib (N=254)				Placebo (N=255)				Quizartinib vs Placebo		Interaction P-value [d]
		No. of subjects with events (%)	No. of subjects censored (%)	Median (95 % CI) [a]	n	No. of subjects with events (%)	No. of subjects censored (%)	Median (95 % CI) [a]	Hazard Ratio (95 % CI) [b]	Unstratified log-rank p-value [c]		
Sex												0.4564
Male	119	25 (21.0)	94 (79.0)	NE (NE, NE)	109	25 (22.9)	84 (77.1)	NE (NE, NE)	0.878 (0.504, 1.530)	0.6427		
Female	132	38 (28.8)	94 (71.2)	35.0 (21.3, NE)	144	36 (25.0)	108 (75.0)	NE (NE, NE)	1.133 (0.718, 1.789)	0.5851		

N: number of subjects in analysis set; n: number of subjects in subgroup category with complete PRO baseline; %: proportion of number of subjects in n; CI: confidence interval; NE: not estimable. PRO: Patient Reported Outcome. A Minimal Clinically Important Difference of 10 is considered in this table.
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Subgroup	n	Quizartinib (N=254)				Placebo (N=255)				Quizartinib vs Placebo		Interaction P-value [d]
		No. of subjects with events (%)	No. of subjects censored (%)	Median (95 % CI) [a]	n	No. of subjects with events (%)	No. of subjects censored (%)	Median (95 % CI) [a]	Hazard Ratio (95 % CI) [b]	Unstratified log-rank p-value [c]		
Race by 2 categories											0.4870	
White	149	42 (28.2)	107 (71.8)	NE (33.5, NE)	151	37 (24.5)	114 (75.5)	NE (NE, NE)	1.120 (0.719, 1.744)	0.6214		
Non-white	102	21 (20.6)	81 (79.4)	NE (32.9, NE)	102	24 (23.5)	78 (76.5)	NE (NE, NE)	0.871 (0.485, 1.565)	0.6538		

N: number of subjects in analysis set; n: number of subjects in subgroup category with complete PRO baseline; %: proportion of number of subjects in n; CI: confidence interval; NE: not estimable. PRO: Patient Reported Outcome. A Minimal Clinically Important Difference of 10 is considered in this table. [a] Median time to first event is from Kaplan-Meier estimate. Confidence Interval for median was computed using the Brookmeyer-Crowley method. [b] Hazard ratio is from unstratified Cox proportional hazards model with treatment as the only categorical variable in the model. Confidence limits are based on the Wald test. [c] Two-sided p-value from unstratified log-rank test. [d] Two-sided interaction p-value is for the interaction term from unstratified Cox proportional hazards model with treatment, subgroup, and treatment-by-subgroup interaction as categorical variables in the model. The p-value is based on the Wald test.
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 Run date: 15NOV2023 – 13:09; Program name: .sas; Output name: DE_T_2_20_3_QLQC30_DD_SUB_PRO_ITT.rtf

Medizinischer Nutzen, medizinischer Zusatznutzen, Patientengruppen mit therap. bedeutsamem Zusatznutzen

Daiichi Sankyo | Data Intelligence – Evidence Generation | AC220-A-U302 QUANTUM-First (DCO 13 Aug 2021) | Statistical analyses for AMNOG (HTA Germany)
 Table 2.20.3 EORTC QLQ-C30 - Definitive deterioration - Time-to-event analysis - subgroup analysis - DCO 13-Aug-2021 - PRO Intent to Treat Analysis Set

Functional Scales - Social Functioning

Subgroup	n	Quizartinib (N=254)				Placebo (N=255)				Quizartinib vs Placebo		Interaction P-value [d]
		No. of subjects with events (%)	No. of subjects censored (%)	Median CI [a]	(95 % n	No. of subjects with events (%)	No. of subjects censored (%)	Median (95 % CI) [a]	Hazard Ratio (95 % CI) [b]	Unstratified log-rank p-value [c]		
Geographic Region 1												0.4927
North America	16	2 (12.5)	14 (87.5)	NE (0.7, NE)	16	1 (6.3)	15 (93.8)	NE (NE, NE)	4.177 (0.375, 46.584)	0.2075		
Europe	149	46 (30.9)	103 (69.1)	35.0 (21.3, NE)	150	42 (28.0)	108 (72.0)	NE (NE, NE)	1.047 (0.689, 1.591)	0.8344		
Asia/Other Regions	86	15 (17.4)	71 (82.6)	NE (32.9, NE)	87	18 (20.7)	69 (79.3)	NE (NE, NE)	0.791 (0.398, 1.571)	0.5054		

N: number of subjects in analysis set; n: number of subjects in subgroup category with complete PRO baseline; %: proportion of number of subjects in n; CI: confidence interval; NE: not estimable. PRO: Patient Reported Outcome. A Minimal Clinically Important Difference of 10 is considered in this table. [a] Median time to first event is from Kaplan-Meier estimate. Confidence Interval for median was computed using the Brookmeyer-Crowley method. [b] Hazard ratio is from unstratified Cox proportional hazards model with treatment as the only categorical variable in the model. Confidence limits are based on the Wald test. [c] Two-sided p-value from unstratified log-rank test. [d] Two-sided interaction p-value is for the interaction term from unstratified Cox proportional hazards model with treatment, subgroup, and treatment-by-subgroup interaction as categorical variables in the model. The p-value is based on the Wald test.
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Functional Scales - Social Functioning

Subgroup	n	Quizartinib (N=254)				Placebo (N=255)				Quizartinib vs Placebo		Interaction P-value [d]
		No. of subjects with events (%)	No. of subjects censored (%)	Median (95 % CI) [a]	n	No. of subjects with events (%)	No. of subjects censored (%)	Median (95 % CI) [a]	Hazard Ratio (95 % CI) [b]	Unstratified log-rank p-value [c]		
WBC at initial diagnosis												0.2708
< 40x10 ⁹ /L	127	34 (26.8)	93 (73.2)	NE (21.3, NE)	125	30 (24.0)	95 (76.0)	NE (NE, NE)	1.241 (0.760, 2.028)	0.3847		
≥ 40x10 ⁹ /L	124	29 (23.4)	95 (76.6)	NE (32.9, NE)	128	31 (24.2)	97 (75.8)	NE (NE, NE)	0.832 (0.501, 1.383)	0.4807		

N: number of subjects in analysis set; n: number of subjects in subgroup category with complete PRO baseline; %: proportion of number of subjects in n; CI: confidence interval; NE: not estimable. PRO: Patient Reported Outcome. A Minimal Clinically Important Difference of 10 is considered in this table.
 [a] Median time to first event is from Kaplan-Meier estimate. Confidence Interval for median was computed using the Brookmeyer-Crowley method.
 [b] Hazard ratio is from unstratified Cox proportional hazards model with treatment as the only categorical variable in the model. Confidence limits are based on the Wald test.
 [c] Two-sided p-value from unstratified log-rank test.
 [d] Two-sided interaction p-value is for the interaction term from unstratified Cox proportional hazards model with treatment, subgroup, and treatment-by-subgroup interaction as categorical variables in the model. The p-value is based on the Wald test.
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Daiichi Sankyo | Data Intelligence – Evidence Generation | AC220-A-U302 QUANTUM-First (DCO 13 Aug 2021) | Statistical analyses for AMNOG (HTA Germany)
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Functional Scales - Social Functioning

Subgroup	n	Quizartinib (N=254)				Placebo (N=255)				Quizartinib vs Placebo		Interaction P-value [d]
		No. of subjects with events (%)	No. of subjects censored (%)	Median (95 % CI) [a]	n	No. of subjects with events (%)	No. of subjects censored (%)	Median (95 % CI) [a]	Hazard Ratio (95 % CI) [b]	Unstratified log-rank p-value [c]		
Choice of Anthracycline												0.3831
Daunorubicin	116	29 (25.0)	87 (75.0)	35.0 (21.3, NE)	90	18 (20.0)	72 (80.0)	NE (NE, NE)	1.232 (0.684, 2.219)	0.4677		
Idarubicin	135	34 (25.2)	101 (74.8)	NE (33.5, NE)	161	43 (26.7)	118 (73.3)	NE (NE, NE)	0.897 (0.572, 1.407)	0.6285		

N: number of subjects in analysis set; n: number of subjects in subgroup category with complete PRO baseline; %: proportion of number of subjects in n; CI: confidence interval; NE: not estimable. PRO: Patient Reported Outcome. A Minimal Clinically Important Difference of 10 is considered in this table.
 [a] Median time to first event is from Kaplan-Meier estimate. Confidence Interval for median was computed using the Brookmeyer-Crowley method.
 [b] Hazard ratio is from unstratified Cox proportional hazards model with treatment as the only categorical variable in the model. Confidence limits are based on the Wald test.
 [c] Two-sided p-value from unstratified log-rank test.
 [d] Two-sided interaction p-value is for the interaction term from unstratified Cox proportional hazards model with treatment, subgroup, and treatment-by-subgroup interaction as categorical variables in the model. The p-value is based on the Wald test.
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Functional Scales - Social Functioning

Subgroup	n	Quizartinib (N=254)			n	Placebo (N=255)			Quizartinib vs Placebo		Interaction P-value [d]
		No. of subjects with events (%)	No. of subjects censored (%)	Median (95 % CI) [a]		No. of subjects with events (%)	No. of subjects censored (%)	Median (95 % CI) [a]	Hazard Ratio (95 % CI) [b]	Unstratified log-rank p-value [c]	
AML Cytogenetic Risk Score											0.3589
Favorable	12	2 (16.7)	10 (83.3)	NE (1.6, NE)	16	2 (12.5)	14 (87.5)	NE (NE, NE)	1.498 (0.210, 10.670)	0.6682	
Intermediate	185	48 (25.9)	137 (74.1)	NE (32.9, NE)	180	38 (21.1)	142 (78.9)	NE (NE, NE)	1.173 (0.766, 1.796)	0.4653	
Unfavorable	19	2 (10.5)	17 (89.5)	NE (33.5, NE)	26	7 (26.9)	19 (73.1)	NE (2.6, NE)	0.320 (0.061, 1.669)	0.1573	
Unknown	35	11 (31.4)	24 (68.6)	21.3 (3.5, NE)	30	14 (46.7)	16 (53.3)	3.6 (0.7, NE)	0.635 (0.287, 1.402)	0.2627	

N: number of subjects in analysis set; n: number of subjects in subgroup category with complete PRO baseline; %: proportion of number of subjects in n; CI: confidence interval; NE: not estimable. PRO: Patient Reported Outcome. A Minimal Clinically Important Difference of 10 is considered in this table. [a] Median time to first event is from Kaplan-Meier estimate. Confidence Interval for median was computed using the Brookmeyer-Crowley method. [b] Hazard ratio is from unstratified Cox proportional hazards model with treatment as the only categorical variable in the model. Confidence limits are based on the Wald test. [c] Two-sided p-value from unstratified log-rank test. [d] Two-sided interaction p-value is for the interaction term from unstratified Cox proportional hazards model with treatment, subgroup, and treatment-by-subgroup interaction as categorical variables in the model. The p-value is based on the Wald test. Data source: \\AC220-A-U302\Production\Raw Data_Restricted\rstrct_eg\rstrct_20211102_eg\rstrct_valos\20230516_AMNOG\ADAM\ Run date: 15NOV2023 – 13:09; Program name: .sas; Output name: DE_T_2_20_3_QLQC30_DD_SUB_PRO_ITT.rtf

Medizinischer Nutzen, medizinischer Zusatznutzen, Patientengruppen mit therap. bedeutsamem Zusatznutzen

Daiichi Sankyo | Data Intelligence – Evidence Generation | AC220-A-U302 QUANTUM-First (DCO 13 Aug 2021) | Statistical analyses for AMNOG (HTA Germany)
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Functional Scales - Social Functioning

Subgroup	n	Quizartinib (N=254)			n	Placebo (N=255)			Quizartinib vs Placebo		Interaction P-value [d]
		No. of subjects with events (%)	No. of subjects censored (%)	Median (95 % CI) [a]		No. of subjects with events (%)	No. of subjects censored (%)	Median (95 % CI) [a]	Hazard Ratio (95 % CI) [b]	Unstratified log-rank p-value [c]	
ECOG Performance Status at Baseline											0.4292
0 - Fully Active	82	26 (31.7)	56 (68.3)	NE (18.9, NE)	92	25 (27.2)	67 (72.8)	NE (10.2, NE)	1.117 (0.644, 1.935)	0.6985	
1 - Restricted in Physically Strenuous Activity	126	29 (23.0)	97 (77.0)	NE (35.0, NE)	126	26 (20.6)	100 (79.4)	NE (NE, NE)	1.115 (0.656, 1.893)	0.6853	
2 - Ambulatory and Capable of All Selfcare	43	8 (18.6)	35 (81.4)	NE (32.9, NE)	34	10 (29.4)	24 (70.6)	9.8 (2.0, NE)	0.585 (0.229, 1.495)	0.2635	

N: number of subjects in analysis set; n: number of subjects in subgroup category with complete PRO baseline; %: proportion of number of subjects in n; CI: confidence interval; NE: not estimable. PRO: Patient Reported Outcome. A Minimal Clinically Important Difference of 10 is considered in this table.
 [a] Median time to first event is from Kaplan-Meier estimate. Confidence Interval for median was computed using the Brookmeyer-Crowley method.
 [b] Hazard ratio is from unstratified Cox proportional hazards model with treatment as the only categorical variable in the model. Confidence limits are based on the Wald test.
 [c] Two-sided p-value from unstratified log-rank test.
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Functional Scales - Social Functioning

Subgroup	n	Quizartinib (N=254)			n	Placebo (N=255)			Quizartinib vs Placebo		Interaction	
		No. of subjects with events (%)	No. of subjects censored (%)	Median (95 % CI) [a]		No. of subjects with events (%)	No. of subjects censored (%)	Median (95 % CI) [a]	Hazard Ratio (95 % CI) [b]	Unstratified log-rank p-value [c]	P-value [d]	
FLT3-ITD category at Baseline											0.9506	
≥3 to ≤25%	87	17 (19.5)	70 (80.5)	NE (32.9, NE)	92	21 (22.8)	71 (77.2)	NE (NE, NE)	0.894 (0.471, 1.696)	0.7279		
>25% to ≤50%	135	39 (28.9)	96 (71.1)	NE (17.1, NE)	128	34 (26.6)	94 (73.4)	NE (10.2, NE)	1.029 (0.649, 1.631)	0.8950		
>50%	28	6 (21.4)	22 (78.6)	NE (NE, NE)	33	6 (18.2)	27 (81.8)	NE (NE, NE)	1.034 (0.333, 3.207)	0.9161		

N: number of subjects in analysis set; n: number of subjects in subgroup category with complete PRO baseline; %: proportion of number of subjects in n; CI: confidence interval; NE: not estimable. PRO: Patient Reported Outcome. A Minimal Clinically Important Difference of 10 is considered in this table.
 [a] Median time to first event is from Kaplan-Meier estimate. Confidence Interval for median was computed using the Brookmeyer-Crowley method.
 [b] Hazard ratio is from unstratified Cox proportional hazards model with treatment as the only categorical variable in the model. Confidence limits are based on the Wald test.
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Functional Scales - Social Functioning

Subgroup	n	Quizartinib (N=254)			Placebo (N=255)			Quizartinib vs Placebo		Interaction P-value [d]
		No. of subjects with events (%)	No. of subjects censored (%)	Median (95 % CI) [a]	n	No. of subjects with events (%)	No. of subjects censored (%)	Median (95 % CI) [a]	Hazard Ratio (95 % CI) [b]	
AML with Mutated NPM1										0.4958
Yes	130	30 (23.1)	100 (76.9)	NE (35.0, NE)	131	34 (26.0)	97 (74.0)	NE (NE, NE)	0.871 (0.533, 1.425)	0.5871
No	111	29 (26.1)	82 (73.9)	NE (12.9, NE)	111	24 (21.6)	87 (78.4)	NE (NE, NE)	1.115 (0.649, 1.916)	0.6900

N: number of subjects in analysis set; n: number of subjects in subgroup category with complete PRO baseline; %: proportion of number of subjects in n; CI: confidence interval; NE: not estimable. PRO: Patient Reported Outcome. A Minimal Clinically Important Difference of 10 is considered in this table. [a] Median time to first event is from Kaplan-Meier estimate. Confidence Interval for median was computed using the Brookmeyer-Crowley method. [b] Hazard ratio is from unstratified Cox proportional hazards model with treatment as the only categorical variable in the model. Confidence limits are based on the Wald test. [c] Two-sided p-value from unstratified log-rank test. [d] Two-sided interaction p-value is for the interaction term from unstratified Cox proportional hazards model with treatment, subgroup, and treatment-by-subgroup interaction as categorical variables in the model. The p-value is based on the Wald test.
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Functional Scales - Social Functioning

Subgroup	n	Quizartinib (N=254)				Placebo (N=255)				Quizartinib vs Placebo		Interaction P-value [d]
		No. of subjects with events (%)	No. of subjects censored (%)	Median CI [a]	(95 % n	No. of subjects with events (%)	No. of subjects censored (%)	Median (95 % CI) [a]	Hazard Ratio (95 % CI) [b]	Unstratified log-rank p-value [c]		
Age by 2 categories												0.4233
≤60	156	38 (24.4)	118 (75.6)	NE (33.5, NE)	154	36 (23.4)	118 (76.6)	NE (NE, NE)	0.919 (0.582, 1.451)	0.7439		
>60	95	25 (26.3)	70 (73.7)	35.0 (12.9, NE)	99	25 (25.3)	74 (74.7)	NE (NE, NE)	1.240 (0.712, 2.160)	0.4612		

N: number of subjects in analysis set; n: number of subjects in subgroup category with complete PRO baseline; %: proportion of number of subjects in n; CI: confidence interval; NE: not estimable. PRO: Patient Reported Outcome. A Minimal Clinically Important Difference of 10 is considered in this table.
 [a] Median time to first event is from Kaplan-Meier estimate. Confidence Interval for median was computed using the Brookmeyer-Crowley method.
 [b] Hazard ratio is from unstratified Cox proportional hazards model with treatment as the only categorical variable in the model. Confidence limits are based on the Wald test.
 [c] Two-sided p-value from unstratified log-rank test.
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Symptom Scales – Fatigue

Subgroup	n	Quizartinib (N=254)				Placebo (N=255)				Quizartinib vs Placebo		Interaction
		No. of subjects with events (%)	No. of subjects censored (%)	Median CI [a]	(95 % n	No. of subjects with events (%)	No. of subjects censored (%)	Median CI [a]	(95 %	Hazard Ratio (95 % CI) [b]	Unstratified log-rank p-value [c]	P-value [d]
Pooled Age Group 2											0.9208	
<60	151	31 (20.5)	120 (79.5)	NE (NE, NE)	151	32 (21.2)	119 (78.8)	NE (NE, NE)	0.867 (0.528, 1.422)	0.5686		
≥60 - <65	36	7 (19.4)	29 (80.6)	NE (15.8, NE)	42	10 (23.8)	32 (76.2)	NE (4.4, NE)	0.709 (0.268, 1.871)	0.4838		
≥65	64	10 (15.6)	54 (84.4)	NE (18.9, NE)	59	11 (18.6)	48 (81.4)	37.9 (37.9, NE)	0.977 (0.415, 2.302)	0.9511		

N: number of subjects in analysis set; n: number of subjects in subgroup category with complete PRO baseline; %: proportion of number of subjects in n; CI: confidence interval; NE: not estimable. PRO: Patient Reported Outcome. A Minimal Clinically Important Difference of 10 is considered in this table.
 [a] Median time to first event is from Kaplan-Meier estimate. Confidence Interval for median was computed using the Brookmeyer-Crowley method.
 [b] Hazard ratio is from unstratified Cox proportional hazards model with treatment as the only categorical variable in the model. Confidence limits are based on the Wald test.
 [c] Two-sided p-value from unstratified log-rank test.
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Symptom Scales – Fatigue

Subgroup	n	Quizartinib (N=254)				Placebo (N=255)				Quizartinib vs Placebo		Interaction P-value [d]
		No. of subjects with events (%)	No. of subjects censored (%)	Median (95 % CI) [a]	n	No. of subjects with events (%)	No. of subjects censored (%)	Median (95 % CI) [a]	Hazard Ratio (95 % CI) [b]	Unstratified log-rank p-value [c]		
Sex												0.9751
Male	119	25 (21.0)	94 (79.0)	NE (24.6, NE)	108	25 (23.1)	83 (76.9)	NE (37.9, NE)	0.851 (0.488, 1.483)	0.5670		
Female	132	23 (17.4)	109 (82.6)	NE (NE, NE)	144	28 (19.4)	116 (80.6)	NE (NE, NE)	0.864 (0.497, 1.500)	0.6002		

N: number of subjects in analysis set; n: number of subjects in subgroup category with complete PRO baseline; %: proportion of number of subjects in n; CI: confidence interval; NE: not estimable. PRO: Patient Reported Outcome. A Minimal Clinically Important Difference of 10 is considered in this table.
 [a] Median time to first event is from Kaplan-Meier estimate. Confidence Interval for median was computed using the Brookmeyer-Crowley method.
 [b] Hazard ratio is from unstratified Cox proportional hazards model with treatment as the only categorical variable in the model. Confidence limits are based on the Wald test.
 [c] Two-sided p-value from unstratified log-rank test.
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 Run date: 15NOV2023 – 13:09; Program name: .sas; Output name: DE_T_2_20_3_QLQC30_DD_SUB_PRO_ITT.rtf

Medizinischer Nutzen, medizinischer Zusatznutzen, Patientengruppen mit therap. bedeutsamem Zusatznutzen

Daiichi Sankyo | Data Intelligence – Evidence Generation | AC220-A-U302 QUANTUM-First (DCO 13 Aug 2021) | Statistical analyses for AMNOG (HTA Germany)
 Table 2.20.3 EORTC QLQ-C30 - Definitive deterioration - Time-to-event analysis - subgroup analysis - DCO 13-Aug-2021 - PRO Intent to Treat Analysis Set

Symptom Scales – Fatigue

Subgroup	n	Quizartinib (N=254)			Placebo (N=255)			Quizartinib vs Placebo		Interaction P-value [d]
		No. of subjects with events (%)	No. of subjects censored (%)	Median (95 % CI) [a]	n	No. of subjects with events (%)	No. of subjects censored (%)	Median (95 % CI) [a]	Hazard Ratio (95 % CI) [b]	
Race by 2 categories										0.0866
White	149	33 (22.1)	116 (77.9)	NE (24.6, NE)	151	27 (17.9)	124 (82.1)	NE (37.9, NE)	1.152 (0.692, 1.918)	0.5915
Non-white	102	15 (14.7)	87 (85.3)	NE (NE, NE)	101	26 (25.7)	75 (74.3)	NE (28.2, NE)	0.566 (0.300, 1.070)	0.0760

N: number of subjects in analysis set; n: number of subjects in subgroup category with complete PRO baseline; %: proportion of number of subjects in n; CI: confidence interval; NE: not estimable. PRO: Patient Reported Outcome. A Minimal Clinically Important Difference of 10 is considered in this table.
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Symptom Scales – Fatigue

Subgroup	n	Quizartinib (N=254)				Placebo (N=255)				Quizartinib vs Placebo		Interaction P-value [d]
		No. of subjects with events (%)	No. of subjects censored (%)	Median (95 % CI) [a]	n	No. of subjects with events (%)	No. of subjects censored (%)	Median (95 % CI) [a]	Hazard Ratio (95 % CI) [b]	Unstratified log-rank p-value [c]		
Geographic Region 1											0.1733	
North America	16	2 (12.5)	14 (87.5)	NE (2.1, NE)	16	4 (25.0)	12 (75.0)	28.2 (2.9, NE)	0.734 (0.133, 4.046)	0.7215		
Europe	149	35 (23.5)	114 (76.5)	NE (22.6, NE)	149	28 (18.8)	121 (81.2)	NE (37.9, NE)	1.140 (0.693, 1.877)	0.6081		
Asia/Other Regions	86	11 (12.8)	75 (87.2)	NE (NE, NE)	87	21 (24.1)	66 (75.9)	NE (NE, NE)	0.508 (0.245, 1.054)	0.0634		

N: number of subjects in analysis set; n: number of subjects in subgroup category with complete PRO baseline; %: proportion of number of subjects in n; CI: confidence interval; NE: not estimable. PRO: Patient Reported Outcome. A Minimal Clinically Important Difference of 10 is considered in this table. [a] Median time to first event is from Kaplan-Meier estimate. Confidence Interval for median was computed using the Brookmeyer-Crowley method. [b] Hazard ratio is from unstratified Cox proportional hazards model with treatment as the only categorical variable in the model. Confidence limits are based on the Wald test. [c] Two-sided p-value from unstratified log-rank test. [d] Two-sided interaction p-value is for the interaction term from unstratified Cox proportional hazards model with treatment, subgroup, and treatment-by-subgroup interaction as categorical variables in the model. The p-value is based on the Wald test. Data source: \\AC220-A-U302\Production\Raw Data_Restricted\rstret_eg\rstret_20211102_eg\rstret_valos\20230516_AMNOG\ADAM\ Run date: 15NOV2023 – 13:09; Program name: .sas; Output name: DE_T_2_20_3_QLQC30_DD_SUB_PRO_ITT.rtf

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Symptom Scales – Fatigue

Subgroup	n	Quizartinib (N=254)				Placebo (N=255)				Quizartinib vs Placebo		Interaction
		No. of subjects with events (%)	No. of subjects censored (%)	Median (95 % CI) [a]	n	No. of subjects with events (%)	No. of subjects censored (%)	Median (95 % CI) [a]	Hazard Ratio (95 % CI) [b]	Unstratified log-rank p-value [c]	P-value [d]	
WBC at initial diagnosis											0.1627	
< 40x10 ⁹ /L	128	27 (21.1)	101 (78.9)	NE (22.6, NE)	125	26 (20.8)	99 (79.2)	37.9 (37.9, NE)	1.125 (0.656, 1.930)	0.6758		
≥ 40x10 ⁹ /L	123	21 (17.1)	102 (82.9)	NE (NE, NE)	127	27 (21.3)	100 (78.7)	NE (NE, NE)	0.652 (0.367, 1.156)	0.1398		

N: number of subjects in analysis set; n: number of subjects in subgroup category with complete PRO baseline; %: proportion of number of subjects in n; CI: confidence interval; NE: not estimable. PRO: Patient Reported Outcome. A Minimal Clinically Important Difference of 10 is considered in this table.
 [a] Median time to first event is from Kaplan-Meier estimate. Confidence Interval for median was computed using the Brookmeyer-Crowley method.
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Symptom Scales – Fatigue

Subgroup	n	Quizartinib (N=254)			n	Placebo (N=255)			Quizartinib vs Placebo		Interaction P-value [d]
		No. of subjects with events (%)	No. of subjects censored (%)	Median (95 % CI) [a]		No. of subjects with events (%)	No. of subjects censored (%)	Median (95 % CI) [a]	Hazard Ratio (95 % CI) [b]	Unstratified log-rank p-value [c]	
Choice of Anthracycline											0.4911
Daunorubicin	116	21 (18.1)	95 (81.9)	NE (NE, NE)	90	21 (23.3)	69 (76.7)	NE (15.4, NE)	0.721 (0.393, 1.322)	0.2884	
Idarubicin	135	27 (20.0)	108 (80.0)	NE (NE, NE)	160	31 (19.4)	129 (80.6)	37.9 (37.9, NE)	0.969 (0.577, 1.626)	0.8984	

N: number of subjects in analysis set; n: number of subjects in subgroup category with complete PRO baseline; %: proportion of number of subjects in n; CI: confidence interval; NE: not estimable. PRO: Patient Reported Outcome. A Minimal Clinically Important Difference of 10 is considered in this table.
 [a] Median time to first event is from Kaplan-Meier estimate. Confidence Interval for median was computed using the Brookmeyer-Crowley method.
 [b] Hazard ratio is from unstratified Cox proportional hazards model with treatment as the only categorical variable in the model. Confidence limits are based on the Wald test.
 [c] Two-sided p-value from unstratified log-rank test.
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Symptom Scales – Fatigue

Subgroup	n	Quizartinib (N=254)				Placebo (N=255)				Quizartinib vs Placebo		Interaction P-value [d]
		No. of subjects with events (%)	No. of subjects censored (%)	Median (95 % CI) [a]	n	No. of subjects with events (%)	No. of subjects censored (%)	Median (95 % CI) [a]	Hazard Ratio (95 % CI) [b]	Unstratified log-rank p-value [c]		
AML Cytogenetic Risk Score											0.5074	
Favorable	12	1 (8.3)	11 (91.7)	NE (NE, NE)	16	4 (25.0)	12 (75.0)	NE (4.4, NE)	0.463 (0.051, 4.192)	0.4828		
Intermediate	185	34 (18.4)	151 (81.6)	NE (NE, NE)	179	38 (21.2)	141 (78.8)	37.9 (37.9, NE)	0.763 (0.480, 1.212)	0.2473		
Unfavorable	19	4 (21.1)	15 (78.9)	24.6 (1.9, NE)	26	5 (19.2)	21 (80.8)	NE (NE, NE)	0.947 (0.243, 3.689)	0.9496		
Unknown	35	9 (25.7)	26 (74.3)	NE (15.8, NE)	30	5 (16.7)	25 (83.3)	NE (NE, NE)	1.845 (0.617, 5.516)	0.2696		

N: number of subjects in analysis set; n: number of subjects in subgroup category with complete PRO baseline; %: proportion of number of subjects in n; CI: confidence interval; NE: not estimable. PRO: Patient Reported Outcome. A Minimal Clinically Important Difference of 10 is considered in this table. [a] Median time to first event is from Kaplan-Meier estimate. Confidence Interval for median was computed using the Brookmeyer-Crowley method. [b] Hazard ratio is from unstratified Cox proportional hazards model with treatment as the only categorical variable in the model. Confidence limits are based on the Wald test. [c] Two-sided p-value from unstratified log-rank test. [d] Two-sided interaction p-value is for the interaction term from unstratified Cox proportional hazards model with treatment, subgroup, and treatment-by-subgroup interaction as categorical variables in the model. The p-value is based on the Wald test.
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Symptom Scales – Fatigue

Subgroup	n	Quizartinib (N=254)			n	Placebo (N=255)			Quizartinib vs Placebo		Interaction
		No. of subjects with events (%)	No. of subjects censored (%)	Median (95 % CI) [a]		No. of subjects with events (%)	No. of subjects censored (%)	Median (95 % CI) [a]	Hazard Ratio (95 % CI) [b]	Unstratified log-rank p-value [c]	P-value [d]
ECOG Performance Status at Baseline											0.9975
0 - Fully Active	82	17 (20.7)	65 (79.3)	NE (22.6, NE)	92	20 (21.7)	72 (78.3)	NE (28.2, NE)	0.877 (0.459, 1.675)	0.6909	
1 - Restricted in Physically Strenuous Activity	126	24 (19.0)	102 (81.0)	NE (24.6, NE)	125	27 (21.6)	98 (78.4)	37.9 (37.9, NE)	0.852 (0.491, 1.478)	0.5566	
2 - Ambulatory and Capable of All Selfcare	43	7 (16.3)	36 (83.7)	NE (NE, NE)	34	6 (17.6)	28 (82.4)	NE (3.2, NE)	0.901 (0.297, 2.739)	0.8510	

N: number of subjects in analysis set; n: number of subjects in subgroup category with complete PRO baseline; %: proportion of number of subjects in n; CI: confidence interval; NE: not estimable. PRO: Patient Reported Outcome. A Minimal Clinically Important Difference of 10 is considered in this table.
 [a] Median time to first event is from Kaplan-Meier estimate. Confidence Interval for median was computed using the Brookmeyer-Crowley method.
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Symptom Scales – Fatigue

Subgroup	n	Quizartinib (N=254)				Placebo (N=255)				Quizartinib vs Placebo		Interaction
		No. of subjects with events (%)	No. of subjects censored (%)	Median (95 % CI) [a]	n	No. of subjects with events (%)	No. of subjects censored (%)	Median (95 % CI) [a]	Hazard Ratio (95 % CI) [b]	Unstratified log-rank p-value [c]	P-value [d]	
FLT3-ITD category at Baseline											0.7807	
≥3 to ≤25%	88	14 (15.9)	74 (84.1)	NE (NE, NE)	92	16 (17.4)	76 (82.6)	NE (NE, NE)	0.962 (0.469, 1.973)	0.9108		
>25% to ≤50%	135	27 (20.0)	108 (80.0)	NE (NE, NE)	127	27 (21.3)	100 (78.7)	NE (37.9, NE)	0.878 (0.514, 1.499)	0.6289		
>50%	27	7 (25.9)	20 (74.1)	24.6 (15.8, NE)	33	10 (30.3)	23 (69.7)	NE (2.2, NE)	0.640 (0.242, 1.694)	0.3617		

N: number of subjects in analysis set; n: number of subjects in subgroup category with complete PRO baseline; %: proportion of number of subjects in n; CI: confidence interval; NE: not estimable. PRO: Patient Reported Outcome. A Minimal Clinically Important Difference of 10 is considered in this table.
 [a] Median time to first event is from Kaplan-Meier estimate. Confidence Interval for median was computed using the Brookmeyer-Crowley method.
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Symptom Scales – Fatigue

Subgroup	n	Quizartinib (N=254)				Placebo (N=255)				Quizartinib vs Placebo		Interaction P-value [d]
		No. of subjects with events (%)	No. of subjects censored (%)	Median (95 % CI) [a]	n	No. of subjects with events (%)	No. of subjects censored (%)	Median (95 % CI) [a]	Hazard Ratio (95 % CI) [b]	Unstratified log-rank p-value [c]		
AML with Mutated NPM1											0.1846	
Yes	129	22 (17.1)	107 (82.9)	NE (NE, NE)	130	30 (23.1)	100 (76.9)	NE (37.9, NE)	0.723 (0.417, 1.256)	0.2453		
No	112	26 (23.2)	86 (76.8)	NE (14.3, NE)	111	19 (17.1)	92 (82.9)	NE (NE, NE)	1.232 (0.682, 2.228)	0.4877		

N: number of subjects in analysis set; n: number of subjects in subgroup category with complete PRO baseline; %: proportion of number of subjects in n; CI: confidence interval; NE: not estimable. PRO: Patient Reported Outcome. A Minimal Clinically Important Difference of 10 is considered in this table. [a] Median time to first event is from Kaplan-Meier estimate. Confidence Interval for median was computed using the Brookmeyer-Crowley method. [b] Hazard ratio is from unstratified Cox proportional hazards model with treatment as the only categorical variable in the model. Confidence limits are based on the Wald test. [c] Two-sided p-value from unstratified log-rank test. [d] Two-sided interaction p-value is for the interaction term from unstratified Cox proportional hazards model with treatment, subgroup, and treatment-by-subgroup interaction as categorical variables in the model. The p-value is based on the Wald test.
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Symptom Scales – Fatigue

Subgroup	n	Quizartinib (N=254)				Placebo (N=255)				Quizartinib vs Placebo		Interaction P-value [d]
		No. of subjects with events (%)	No. of subjects censored (%)	Median (95 % CI) [a]	n	No. of subjects with events (%)	No. of subjects censored (%)	Median (95 % CI) [a]	Hazard Ratio (95 % CI) [b]	Unstratified log-rank p-value [c]		
Age by 2 categories												0.7331
≤60	156	31 (19.9)	125 (80.1)	NE (NE, NE)	154	33 (21.4)	121 (78.6)	NE (NE, NE)	0.828 (0.506, 1.353)	0.4481		
>60	95	17 (17.9)	78 (82.1)	NE (15.8, NE)	98	20 (20.4)	78 (79.6)	37.9 (37.9, NE)	0.931 (0.487, 1.779)	0.8212		

N: number of subjects in analysis set; n: number of subjects in subgroup category with complete PRO baseline; %: proportion of number of subjects in n; CI: confidence interval; NE: not estimable. PRO: Patient Reported Outcome. A Minimal Clinically Important Difference of 10 is considered in this table.
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Symptom Scales - Nausea and Vomiting

Subgroup	n	Quizartinib (N=254)				Placebo (N=255)				Quizartinib vs Placebo		Interaction P-value [d]
		No. of subjects with events (%)	No. of subjects censored (%)	Median (95 % CI) [a]	n	No. of subjects with events (%)	No. of subjects censored (%)	Median (95 % CI) [a]	Hazard Ratio (95 % CI) [b]	Unstratified log-rank p-value [c]		
Pooled Age Group 2											0.7205	
<60	152	43 (28.3)	109 (71.7)	NE (10.5, NE)	151	39 (25.8)	112 (74.2)	NE (7.5, NE)	0.955 (0.619, 1.475)	0.8344		
≥60 - <65	36	9 (25.0)	27 (75.0)	NE (15.8, NE)	43	15 (34.9)	28 (65.1)	4.5 (2.6, NE)	0.669 (0.291, 1.537)	0.3366		
≥65	63	13 (20.6)	50 (79.4)	NE (2.7, NE)	59	14 (23.7)	45 (76.3)	NE (7.8, NE)	1.008 (0.474, 2.147)	0.9769		

N: number of subjects in analysis set; n: number of subjects in subgroup category with complete PRO baseline; %: proportion of number of subjects in n; CI: confidence interval; NE: not estimable. PRO: Patient Reported Outcome. A Minimal Clinically Important Difference of 10 is considered in this table.
 [a] Median time to first event is from Kaplan-Meier estimate. Confidence Interval for median was computed using the Brookmeyer-Crowley method.
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Medizinischer Nutzen, medizinischer Zusatznutzen, Patientengruppen mit therap. bedeutsamem Zusatznutzen

Daiichi Sankyo | Data Intelligence – Evidence Generation | AC220-A-U302 QUANTUM-First (DCO 13 Aug 2021) | Statistical analyses for AMNOG (HTA Germany)
 Table 2.20.3 EORTC QLQ-C30 - Definitive deterioration - Time-to-event analysis - subgroup analysis - DCO 13-Aug-2021 - PRO Intent to Treat Analysis Set

Symptom Scales - Nausea and Vomiting

Subgroup	n	Quizartinib (N=254)				Placebo (N=255)				Quizartinib vs Placebo		Interaction P-value [d]
		No. of subjects with events (%)	No. of subjects censored (%)	Median (95 % CI) [a]	n	No. of subjects with events (%)	No. of subjects censored (%)	Median (95 % CI) [a]	Hazard Ratio (95 % CI) [b]	Unstratified log-rank p-value [c]		
Sex												0.9155
Male	119	32 (26.9)	87 (73.1)	30.3 (7.5, NE)	109	29 (26.6)	80 (73.4)	NE (7.3, NE)	0.917 (0.554, 1.516)	0.7378		
Female	132	33 (25.0)	99 (75.0)	NE (NE, NE)	144	39 (27.1)	105 (72.9)	NE (7.8, NE)	0.921 (0.579, 1.465)	0.7196		

N: number of subjects in analysis set; n: number of subjects in subgroup category with complete PRO baseline; %: proportion of number of subjects in n; CI: confidence interval; NE: not estimable. PRO: Patient Reported Outcome. A Minimal Clinically Important Difference of 10 is considered in this table. [a] Median time to first event is from Kaplan-Meier estimate. Confidence Interval for median was computed using the Brookmeyer-Crowley method. [b] Hazard ratio is from unstratified Cox proportional hazards model with treatment as the only categorical variable in the model. Confidence limits are based on the Wald test. [c] Two-sided p-value from unstratified log-rank test. [d] Two-sided interaction p-value is for the interaction term from unstratified Cox proportional hazards model with treatment, subgroup, and treatment-by-subgroup interaction as categorical variables in the model. The p-value is based on the Wald test.
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Symptom Scales - Nausea and Vomiting

Subgroup	n	Quizartinib (N=254)			Placebo (N=255)			Quizartinib vs Placebo		Interaction P-value [d]
		No. of subjects with events (%)	No. of subjects censored (%)	Median (95 % CI) [a]	n	No. of subjects with events (%)	No. of subjects censored (%)	Median (95 % CI) [a]	Hazard Ratio (95 % CI) [b]	
Race by 2 categories										0.5118
White	149	39 (26.2)	110 (73.8)	NE (15.8, NE)	151	36 (23.8)	115 (76.2)	NE (NE, NE)	1.015 (0.645, 1.599)	0.9513
Non-white	102	26 (25.5)	76 (74.5)	NE (7.4, NE)	102	32 (31.4)	70 (68.6)	NE (4.5, NE)	0.810 (0.483, 1.359)	0.4196

N: number of subjects in analysis set; n: number of subjects in subgroup category with complete PRO baseline; %: proportion of number of subjects in n; CI: confidence interval; NE: not estimable. PRO: Patient Reported Outcome. A Minimal Clinically Important Difference of 10 is considered in this table.
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Symptom Scales - Nausea and Vomiting

Subgroup	n	Quizartinib (N=254)				Placebo (N=255)				Quizartinib vs Placebo		Interaction P-value [d]
		No. of subjects with events (%)	No. of subjects censored (%)	Median (95 % CI) [a]	n	No. of subjects with events (%)	No. of subjects censored (%)	Median (95 % CI) [a]	Hazard Ratio (95 % CI) [b]	Unstratified log-rank p-value [c]		
Geographic Region 1											0.5180	
North America	16	6 (37.5)	10 (62.5)	2.4 (0.7, NE)	16	5 (31.3)	11 (68.8)	4.5 (2.1, NE)	1.352 (0.388, 4.715)	0.6349		
Europe	149	36 (24.2)	113 (75.8)	NE (15.8, NE)	150	34 (22.7)	116 (77.3)	NE (NE, NE)	1.002 (0.627, 1.601)	0.9984		
Asia/Other Regions	86	23 (26.7)	63 (73.3)	NE (7.4, NE)	87	29 (33.3)	58 (66.7)	21.9 (3.6, NE)	0.757 (0.438, 1.310)	0.3148		

N: number of subjects in analysis set; n: number of subjects in subgroup category with complete PRO baseline; %: proportion of number of subjects in n; CI: confidence interval; NE: not estimable. PRO: Patient Reported Outcome. A Minimal Clinically Important Difference of 10 is considered in this table. [a] Median time to first event is from Kaplan-Meier estimate. Confidence Interval for median was computed using the Brookmeyer-Crowley method. [b] Hazard ratio is from unstratified Cox proportional hazards model with treatment as the only categorical variable in the model. Confidence limits are based on the Wald test. [c] Two-sided p-value from unstratified log-rank test. [d] Two-sided interaction p-value is for the interaction term from unstratified Cox proportional hazards model with treatment, subgroup, and treatment-by-subgroup interaction as categorical variables in the model. The p-value is based on the Wald test.
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Symptom Scales - Nausea and Vomiting

Subgroup	n	Quizartinib (N=254)				Placebo (N=255)				Quizartinib vs Placebo		Interaction P-value [d]
		No. of subjects with events (%)	No. of subjects censored (%)	Median (95 % CI) [a]	n	No. of subjects with events (%)	No. of subjects censored (%)	Median (95 % CI) [a]	Hazard Ratio (95 % CI) [b]	Unstratified log-rank p-value [c]		
WBC at initial diagnosis												0.2054
< 40x10 ⁹ /L	128	37 (28.9)	91 (71.1)	NE (8.3, NE)	125	35 (28.0)	90 (72.0)	NE (21.9, NE)	1.129 (0.711, 1.792)	0.6139		
≥ 40x10 ⁹ /L	123	28 (22.8)	95 (77.2)	NE (30.3, NE)	128	33 (25.8)	95 (74.2)	NE (6.9, NE)	0.711 (0.429, 1.179)	0.1849		

N: number of subjects in analysis set; n: number of subjects in subgroup category with complete PRO baseline; %: proportion of number of subjects in n; CI: confidence interval; NE: not estimable. PRO: Patient Reported Outcome. A Minimal Clinically Important Difference of 10 is considered in this table.
 [a] Median time to first event is from Kaplan-Meier estimate. Confidence Interval for median was computed using the Brookmeyer-Crowley method.
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Symptom Scales - Nausea and Vomiting

Subgroup	n	Quizartinib (N=254)				Placebo (N=255)				Quizartinib vs Placebo		Interaction
		No. of subjects with events (%)	No. of subjects censored (%)	Median (95 % CI) [a]	n	No. of subjects with events (%)	No. of subjects censored (%)	Median (95 % CI) [a]	Hazard Ratio (95 % CI) [b]	Unstratified log-rank p-value [c]	P-value [d]	
Choice of Anthracycline											0.7776	
Daunorubicin	116	24 (20.7)	92 (79.3)	NE (NE, NE)	90	17 (18.9)	73 (81.1)	NE (7.8, NE)	1.026 (0.551, 1.913)	0.9355		
Idarubicin	135	41 (30.4)	94 (69.6)	30.3 (7.5, NE)	161	50 (31.1)	111 (68.9)	NE (6.9, NE)	0.934 (0.618, 1.412)	0.7379		

N: number of subjects in analysis set; n: number of subjects in subgroup category with complete PRO baseline; %: proportion of number of subjects in n; CI: confidence interval; NE: not estimable. PRO: Patient Reported Outcome. A Minimal Clinically Important Difference of 10 is considered in this table.
 [a] Median time to first event is from Kaplan-Meier estimate. Confidence Interval for median was computed using the Brookmeyer-Crowley method.
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Symptom Scales - Nausea and Vomiting

Subgroup	n	Quizartinib (N=254)			n	Placebo (N=255)			Quizartinib vs Placebo		Interaction P-value [d]
		No. of subjects with events (%)	No. of subjects censored (%)	Median (95 % CI) [a]		No. of subjects with events (%)	No. of subjects censored (%)	Median (95 % CI) [a]	Hazard Ratio (95 % CI) [b]	Unstratified log-rank p-value [c]	
AML Cytogenetic Risk Score											0.4367
Favorable	12	1 (8.3)	11 (91.7)	NE (0.7, NE)	16	7 (43.8)	9 (56.3)	4.7 (1.1, NE)	0.226 (0.028, 1.841)	0.1285	
Intermediate	186	49 (26.3)	137 (73.7)	NE (17.0, NE)	180	46 (25.6)	134 (74.4)	NE (7.8, NE)	0.906 (0.606, 1.356)	0.6356	
Unfavorable	19	4 (21.1)	15 (78.9)	NE (0.7, NE)	26	7 (26.9)	19 (73.1)	NE (1.7, NE)	1.028 (0.301, 3.513)	0.9696	
Unknown	34	11 (32.4)	23 (67.6)	15.8 (3.3, NE)	30	8 (26.7)	22 (73.3)	NE (2.9, NE)	1.400 (0.562, 3.489)	0.4606	

N: number of subjects in analysis set; n: number of subjects in subgroup category with complete PRO baseline; %: proportion of number of subjects in n; CI: confidence interval; NE: not estimable. PRO: Patient Reported Outcome. A Minimal Clinically Important Difference of 10 is considered in this table. [a] Median time to first event is from Kaplan-Meier estimate. Confidence Interval for median was computed using the Brookmeyer-Crowley method. [b] Hazard ratio is from unstratified Cox proportional hazards model with treatment as the only categorical variable in the model. Confidence limits are based on the Wald test. [c] Two-sided p-value from unstratified log-rank test. [d] Two-sided interaction p-value is for the interaction term from unstratified Cox proportional hazards model with treatment, subgroup, and treatment-by-subgroup interaction as categorical variables in the model. The p-value is based on the Wald test.
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Symptom Scales - Nausea and Vomiting

Subgroup	n	Quizartinib (N=254)			n	Placebo (N=255)			Quizartinib vs Placebo		Interaction P-value [d]
		No. of subjects with events (%)	No. of subjects censored (%)	Median (95 % CI) [a]		No. of subjects with events (%)	No. of subjects censored (%)	Median (95 % CI) [a]	Hazard Ratio (95 % CI) [b]	Unstratified log-rank p-value [c]	
ECOG Performance Status at Baseline											0.1625
0 - Fully Active	82	22 (26.8)	60 (73.2)	NE (10.5, NE)	92	21 (22.8)	71 (77.2)	NE (NE, NE)	1.174 (0.645, 2.137)	0.5994	
1 - Restricted in Physically Strenuous Activity	125	33 (26.4)	92 (73.6)	NE (15.8, NE)	126	43 (34.1)	83 (65.9)	NE (2.6, NE)	0.704 (0.447, 1.109)	0.1267	
2 - Ambulatory and Capable of All Selfcare	44	10 (22.7)	34 (77.3)	NE (5.5, NE)	34	4 (11.8)	30 (88.2)	NE (3.6, NE)	1.716 (0.534, 5.519)	0.3589	

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Subgroup	n	Quizartinib (N=254)			n	Placebo (N=255)			Quizartinib vs Placebo		Interaction P-value [d]
		No. of subjects with events (%)	No. of subjects censored (%)	Median (95 % CI) [a]		No. of subjects with events (%)	No. of subjects censored (%)	Median (95 % CI) [a]	Hazard Ratio (95 % CI) [b]	Unstratified log-rank p-value [c]	
FLT3-ITD category at Baseline											0.9715
≥3 to ≤25%	87	20 (23.0)	67 (77.0)	NE (8.3, NE)	92	24 (26.1)	68 (73.9)	NE (21.9, NE)	0.957 (0.529, 1.733)	0.8803	
>25% to ≤50%	135	36 (26.7)	99 (73.3)	NE (15.1, NE)	128	35 (27.3)	93 (72.7)	NE (7.3, NE)	0.872 (0.547, 1.392)	0.5665	
>50%	28	8 (28.6)	20 (71.4)	15.8 (5.5, NE)	33	9 (27.3)	24 (72.7)	NE (1.8, NE)	0.840 (0.322, 2.190)	0.7153	

N: number of subjects in analysis set; n: number of subjects in subgroup category with complete PRO baseline; %: proportion of number of subjects in n; CI: confidence interval; NE: not estimable. PRO: Patient Reported Outcome. A Minimal Clinically Important Difference of 10 is considered in this table.
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Subgroup	n	Quizartinib (N=254)				Placebo (N=255)				Quizartinib vs Placebo		Interaction P-value [d]
		No. of subjects with events (%)	No. of subjects censored (%)	Median (95 % CI) [a]	n	No. of subjects with events (%)	No. of subjects censored (%)	Median (95 % CI) [a]	Hazard Ratio (95 % CI) [b]	Unstratified log-rank p-value [c]		
AML with Mutated NPM1											0.4215	
Yes	129	32 (24.8)	97 (75.2)	NE (30.3, NE)	131	37 (28.2)	94 (71.8)	NE (21.9, NE)	0.805 (0.500, 1.295)	0.3704		
No	112	30 (26.8)	82 (73.2)	NE (6.0, NE)	111	26 (23.4)	85 (76.6)	NE (4.7, NE)	1.072 (0.634, 1.814)	0.8073		

N: number of subjects in analysis set; n: number of subjects in subgroup category with complete PRO baseline; %: proportion of number of subjects in n; CI: confidence interval; NE: not estimable. PRO: Patient Reported Outcome. A Minimal Clinically Important Difference of 10 is considered in this table.
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Subgroup	n	Quizartinib (N=254)			Placebo (N=255)			Quizartinib vs Placebo		Interaction P-value [d]
		No. of subjects with events (%)	No. of subjects censored (%)	Median (95 % CI) [a]	n	No. of subjects with events (%)	No. of subjects censored (%)	Median (95 % CI) [a]	Hazard Ratio (95 % CI) [b]	
Age by 2 categories										0.8198
≤60	157	43 (27.4)	114 (72.6)	NE (10.5, NE)	154	39 (25.3)	115 (74.7)	NE (7.5, NE)	0.938 (0.608, 1.449)	0.7720
>60	94	22 (23.4)	72 (76.6)	NE (15.8, NE)	99	29 (29.3)	70 (70.7)	NE (4.4, NE)	0.893 (0.513, 1.555)	0.6871

N: number of subjects in analysis set; n: number of subjects in subgroup category with complete PRO baseline; %: proportion of number of subjects in n; CI: confidence interval; NE: not estimable. PRO: Patient Reported Outcome. A Minimal Clinically Important Difference of 10 is considered in this table. [a] Median time to first event is from Kaplan-Meier estimate. Confidence Interval for median was computed using the Brookmeyer-Crowley method. [b] Hazard ratio is from unstratified Cox proportional hazards model with treatment as the only categorical variable in the model. Confidence limits are based on the Wald test. [c] Two-sided p-value from unstratified log-rank test. [d] Two-sided interaction p-value is for the interaction term from unstratified Cox proportional hazards model with treatment, subgroup, and treatment-by-subgroup interaction as categorical variables in the model. The p-value is based on the Wald test.
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 Run date: 15NOV2023 – 13:09; Program name: .sas; Output name: DE_T_2_20_3_QLQC30_DD_SUB_PRO_ITT.rtf

Medizinischer Nutzen, medizinischer Zusatznutzen, Patientengruppen mit therap. bedeutsamem Zusatznutzen

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 Table 2.20.3 EORTC QLQ-C30 - Definitive deterioration - Time-to-event analysis - subgroup analysis - DCO 13-Aug-2021 - PRO Intent to Treat Analysis Set

Symptom Scales - Pain

Subgroup	n	Quizartinib (N=254)				Placebo (N=255)				Quizartinib vs Placebo		Interaction P-value [d]
		No. of subjects with events (%)	No. of subjects censored (%)	Median CI [a]	(95 % n	No. of subjects with events (%)	No. of subjects censored (%)	Median (95 % CI [a]	Hazard Ratio (95 % CI [b]	Unstratified log-rank p-value [c]		
Pooled Age Group 2												0.0806
<60	152	49 (32.2)	103 (67.8)	32.9 (14.3, NE)	151	39 (25.8)	112 (74.2)	NE (9.9, NE)	1.153 (0.756, 1.759)	0.5236		
≥60 - <65	36	5 (13.9)	31 (86.1)	NE (NE, NE)	43	13 (30.2)	30 (69.8)	13.8 (3.2, NE)	0.376 (0.133, 1.060)	0.0539		
≥65	64	19 (29.7)	45 (70.3)	11.8 (3.4, NE)	59	14 (23.7)	45 (76.3)	NE (15.2, NE)	1.584 (0.793, 3.162)	0.1870		

N: number of subjects in analysis set; n: number of subjects in subgroup category with complete PRO baseline; %: proportion of number of subjects in n; CI: confidence interval; NE: not estimable. PRO: Patient Reported Outcome. A Minimal Clinically Important Difference of 10 is considered in this table.
 [a] Median time to first event is from Kaplan-Meier estimate. Confidence Interval for median was computed using the Brookmeyer-Crowley method.
 [b] Hazard ratio is from unstratified Cox proportional hazards model with treatment as the only categorical variable in the model. Confidence limits are based on the Wald test.
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Symptom Scales - Pain

Subgroup	n	Quizartinib (N=254)				Placebo (N=255)				Quizartinib vs Placebo		Interaction P-value [d]
		No. of subjects with events (%)	No. of subjects censored (%)	Median CI [a]	(95 % n	No. of subjects with events (%)	No. of subjects censored (%)	Median CI [a]	(95 % Hazard Ratio (95 % CI [b]	Unstratified log-rank p-value [c]		
Sex												0.6862
Male	120	34 (28.3)	86 (71.7)	NE (9.6, NE)	109	28 (25.7)	81 (74.3)	NE (6.2, NE)	0.986 (0.596, 1.632)	0.9535		
Female	132	39 (29.5)	93 (70.5)	32.9 (11.8, NE)	144	38 (26.4)	106 (73.6)	NE (12.6, NE)	1.153 (0.737, 1.803)	0.5441		

N: number of subjects in analysis set; n: number of subjects in subgroup category with complete PRO baseline; %: proportion of number of subjects in n; CI: confidence interval; NE: not estimable. PRO: Patient Reported Outcome. A Minimal Clinically Important Difference of 10 is considered in this table. [a] Median time to first event is from Kaplan-Meier estimate. Confidence Interval for median was computed using the Brookmeyer-Crowley method. [b] Hazard ratio is from unstratified Cox proportional hazards model with treatment as the only categorical variable in the model. Confidence limits are based on the Wald test. [c] Two-sided p-value from unstratified log-rank test. [d] Two-sided interaction p-value is for the interaction term from unstratified Cox proportional hazards model with treatment, subgroup, and treatment-by-subgroup interaction as categorical variables in the model. The p-value is based on the Wald test.
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Symptom Scales - Pain

Subgroup	n	Quizartinib (N=254)				Placebo (N=255)				Quizartinib vs Placebo		Interaction P-value [d]
		No. of subjects with events (%)	No. of subjects censored (%)	Median (95 % CI) [a]	n	No. of subjects with events (%)	No. of subjects censored (%)	Median (95 % CI) [a]	Hazard Ratio (95 % CI) [b]	Unstratified log-rank p-value [c]		
Race by 2 categories											0.5468	
White	150	41 (27.3)	109 (72.7)	NE (14.3, NE)	151	39 (25.8)	112 (74.2)	NE (6.4, NE)	0.993 (0.639, 1.542)	0.9536		
Non-white	102	32 (31.4)	70 (68.6)	26.4 (6.3, NE)	102	27 (26.5)	75 (73.5)	NE (12.6, NE)	1.229 (0.736, 2.053)	0.4283		

N: number of subjects in analysis set; n: number of subjects in subgroup category with complete PRO baseline; %: proportion of number of subjects in n; CI: confidence interval; NE: not estimable. PRO: Patient Reported Outcome. A Minimal Clinically Important Difference of 10 is considered in this table.
 [a] Median time to first event is from Kaplan-Meier estimate. Confidence Interval for median was computed using the Brookmeyer-Crowley method.
 [b] Hazard ratio is from unstratified Cox proportional hazards model with treatment as the only categorical variable in the model. Confidence limits are based on the Wald test.
 [c] Two-sided p-value from unstratified log-rank test.
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Symptom Scales - Pain

Subgroup	n	Quizartinib (N=254)				Placebo (N=255)				Quizartinib vs Placebo		Interaction P-value [d]
		No. of subjects with events (%)	No. of subjects censored (%)	Median CI [a]	(95 % n	No. of subjects with events (%)	No. of subjects censored (%)	Median (95 % CI [a]	Hazard Ratio (95 % CI [b]	Unstratified log-rank p-value [c]		
Geographic Region 1												0.5551
North America	16	1 (6.3)	15 (93.8)	NE (2.1, NE)	16	4 (25.0)	12 (75.0)	12.6 (3.2, NE)	0.371 (0.041, 3.325)	0.3560		
Europe	150	44 (29.3)	106 (70.7)	30.6 (10.2, NE)	150	36 (24.0)	114 (76.0)	NE (11.5, NE)	1.179 (0.758, 1.834)	0.4802		
Asia/Other Regions	86	28 (32.6)	58 (67.4)	26.4 (6.3, NE)	87	26 (29.9)	61 (70.1)	16.9 (3.7, NE)	1.033 (0.604, 1.764)	0.9018		

N: number of subjects in analysis set; n: number of subjects in subgroup category with complete PRO baseline; %: proportion of number of subjects in n; CI: confidence interval; NE: not estimable. PRO: Patient Reported Outcome. A Minimal Clinically Important Difference of 10 is considered in this table. [a] Median time to first event is from Kaplan-Meier estimate. Confidence Interval for median was computed using the Brookmeyer-Crowley method. [b] Hazard ratio is from unstratified Cox proportional hazards model with treatment as the only categorical variable in the model. Confidence limits are based on the Wald test. [c] Two-sided p-value from unstratified log-rank test. [d] Two-sided interaction p-value is for the interaction term from unstratified Cox proportional hazards model with treatment, subgroup, and treatment-by-subgroup interaction as categorical variables in the model. The p-value is based on the Wald test.
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Symptom Scales - Pain

Subgroup	n	Quizartinib (N=254)				Placebo (N=255)				Quizartinib vs Placebo		Interaction	
		No. of subjects with events (%)	No. of subjects censored (%)	Median (95 % CI) [a]	n	No. of subjects with events (%)	No. of subjects censored (%)	Median (95 % CI) [a]	n	Hazard Ratio (95 % CI) [b]	Unstratified log-rank p-value [c]	p-	P-value [d]
WBC at initial diagnosis												0.7630	
< 40x10 ⁹ /L	128	38 (29.7)	90 (70.3)	30.6 (9.6, NE)	125	41 (32.8)	84 (67.2)	13.8 (6.2, NE)	1.050 (0.675, 1.633)	0.8416			
≥ 40x10 ⁹ /L	124	35 (28.2)	89 (71.8)	32.9 (11.8, NE)	128	25 (19.5)	103 (80.5)	NE (15.2, NE)	1.191 (0.711, 1.995)	0.5094			

N: number of subjects in analysis set; n: number of subjects in subgroup category with complete PRO baseline; %: proportion of number of subjects in n; CI: confidence interval; NE: not estimable. PRO: Patient Reported Outcome. A Minimal Clinically Important Difference of 10 is considered in this table.
 [a] Median time to first event is from Kaplan-Meier estimate. Confidence Interval for median was computed using the Brookmeyer-Crowley method.
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 [c] Two-sided p-value from unstratified log-rank test.
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Symptom Scales - Pain

Subgroup	n	Quizartinib (N=254)				Placebo (N=255)			Quizartinib vs Placebo		Interaction P-value [d]
		No. of subjects with events (%)	No. of subjects censored (%)	Median (95 % CI) [a]	n	No. of subjects with events (%)	No. of subjects censored (%)	Median (95 % CI) [a]	Hazard Ratio (95 % CI) [b]	Unstratified log-rank p-value [c]	
Choice of Anthracycline											0.1904
Daunorubicin	116	40 (34.5)	76 (65.5)	14.3 (4.8, NE)	90	24 (26.7)	66 (73.3)	21.6 (9.9, NE)	1.332 (0.802, 2.211)	0.2675	
Idarubicin	136	33 (24.3)	103 (75.7)	NE (30.6, NE)	161	42 (26.1)	119 (73.9)	NE (11.5, NE)	0.867 (0.548, 1.370)	0.5258	

N: number of subjects in analysis set; n: number of subjects in subgroup category with complete PRO baseline; %: proportion of number of subjects in n; CI: confidence interval; NE: not estimable. PRO: Patient Reported Outcome. A Minimal Clinically Important Difference of 10 is considered in this table. [a] Median time to first event is from Kaplan-Meier estimate. Confidence Interval for median was computed using the Brookmeyer-Crowley method. [b] Hazard ratio is from unstratified Cox proportional hazards model with treatment as the only categorical variable in the model. Confidence limits are based on the Wald test. [c] Two-sided p-value from unstratified log-rank test. [d] Two-sided interaction p-value is for the interaction term from unstratified Cox proportional hazards model with treatment, subgroup, and treatment-by-subgroup interaction as categorical variables in the model. The p-value is based on the Wald test.
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Symptom Scales - Pain

Subgroup	n	Quizartinib (N=254)				Placebo (N=255)				Quizartinib vs Placebo		Interaction
		No. of subjects with events (%)	No. of subjects censored (%)	Median (95 % CI) [a]	n	No. of subjects with events (%)	No. of subjects censored (%)	Median (95 % CI) [a]	n	Hazard Ratio (95 % CI) [b]	Unstratified log-rank p-value [c]	P-value [d]
AML Cytogenetic Risk Score											0.3847	
Favorable	12	3 (25.0)	9 (75.0)	NE (0.7, NE)	16	3 (18.8)	13 (81.3)	NE (9.9, NE)	1.907 (0.381, 9.537)	0.4244		
Intermediate	186	53 (28.5)	133 (71.5)	32.9 (11.9, NE)	180	49 (27.2)	131 (72.8)	15.2 (11.5, NE)	0.905 (0.613, 1.337)	0.6150		
Unfavorable	19	4 (21.1)	15 (78.9)	NE (1.1, NE)	26	7 (26.9)	19 (73.1)	NE (4.8, NE)	0.854 (0.241, 3.027)	0.8063		
Unknown	35	13 (37.1)	22 (62.9)	6.3 (0.8, NE)	30	7 (23.3)	23 (76.7)	NE (6.4, NE)	1.987 (0.792, 4.986)	0.1451		

N: number of subjects in analysis set; n: number of subjects in subgroup category with complete PRO baseline; %: proportion of number of subjects in n; CI: confidence interval; NE: not estimable. PRO: Patient Reported Outcome. A Minimal Clinically Important Difference of 10 is considered in this table. [a] Median time to first event is from Kaplan-Meier estimate. Confidence Interval for median was computed using the Brookmeyer-Crowley method. [b] Hazard ratio is from unstratified Cox proportional hazards model with treatment as the only categorical variable in the model. Confidence limits are based on the Wald test. [c] Two-sided p-value from unstratified log-rank test. [d] Two-sided interaction p-value is for the interaction term from unstratified Cox proportional hazards model with treatment, subgroup, and treatment-by-subgroup interaction as categorical variables in the model. The p-value is based on the Wald test. Data source: \\AC220-A-U302\Production\Raw Data_Restricted\rstrct_eg\rstrct_20211102_eg\rstrct_valos\20230516_AMNOG\ADAM\ Run date: 15NOV2023 – 13:09; Program name: .sas; Output name: DE_T_2_20_3_QLQC30_DD_SUB_PRO_ITT.rtf

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Symptom Scales - Pain

Subgroup	n	Quizartinib (N=254)				Placebo (N=255)				Quizartinib vs Placebo		Interaction
		No. of subjects with events (%)	No. of subjects censored (%)	Median (95 % CI) [a]	n	No. of subjects with events (%)	No. of subjects censored (%)	Median (95 % CI) [a]	Hazard Ratio (95 % CI) [b]	Unstratified log-rank p-value [c]	P-value [d]	
ECOG Performance Status at Baseline											0.5440	
0 - Fully Active	82	30 (36.6)	52 (63.4)	11.9 (4.8, NE)	92	26 (28.3)	66 (71.7)	NE (9.9, NE)	1.288 (0.761, 2.180)	0.3494		
1 - Restricted in Physically Strenuous Activity	126	34 (27.0)	92 (73.0)	NE (14.3, NE)	126	36 (28.6)	90 (71.4)	16.9 (5.3, NE)	0.933 (0.583, 1.492)	0.7573		
2 - Ambulatory and Capable of All Selfcare	44	9 (20.5)	35 (79.5)	32.9 (14.3, NE)	34	4 (11.8)	30 (88.2)	NE (NE, NE)	1.477 (0.446, 4.890)	0.5229		

N: number of subjects in analysis set; n: number of subjects in subgroup category with complete PRO baseline; %: proportion of number of subjects in n; CI: confidence interval; NE: not estimable. PRO: Patient Reported Outcome. A Minimal Clinically Important Difference of 10 is considered in this table.
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Symptom Scales - Pain

Subgroup	n	Quizartinib (N=254)				Placebo (N=255)				Quizartinib vs Placebo		Interaction
		No. of subjects with events (%)	No. of subjects censored (%)	Median (95 % CI) [a]	n	No. of subjects with events (%)	No. of subjects censored (%)	Median (95 % CI) [a]	Hazard Ratio (95 % CI) [b]	Unstratified log-rank p-value [c]	P-value [d]	
FLT3-ITD category at Baseline											0.4228	
≥3 to ≤25%	88	27 (30.7)	61 (69.3)	26.4 (6.3, NE)	92	23 (25.0)	69 (75.0)	NE (12.6, NE)	1.420 (0.813, 2.480)	0.2208		
>25% to ≤50%	135	39 (28.9)	96 (71.1)	30.6 (10.2, NE)	128	36 (28.1)	92 (71.9)	NE (3.7, NE)	0.913 (0.579, 1.438)	0.6930		
>50%	28	7 (25.0)	21 (75.0)	NE (2.9, NE)	33	7 (21.2)	26 (78.8)	NE (5.3, NE)	1.004 (0.351, 2.875)	0.9986		

N: number of subjects in analysis set; n: number of subjects in subgroup category with complete PRO baseline; %: proportion of number of subjects in n; CI: confidence interval; NE: not estimable. PRO: Patient Reported Outcome. A Minimal Clinically Important Difference of 10 is considered in this table.
 [a] Median time to first event is from Kaplan-Meier estimate. Confidence Interval for median was computed using the Brookmeyer-Crowley method.
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Symptom Scales - Pain

Subgroup	n	Quizartinib (N=254)				Placebo (N=255)			Quizartinib vs Placebo		Interaction P-value [d]
		No. of subjects with events (%)	No. of subjects censored (%)	Median (95 % CI) [a]	n	No. of subjects with events (%)	No. of subjects censored (%)	Median (95 % CI) [a]	Hazard Ratio (95 % CI) [b]	Unstratified log-rank p-value [c]	
AML with Mutated NPM1											0.6756
Yes	130	38 (29.2)	92 (70.8)	NE (11.9, NE)	131	37 (28.2)	94 (71.8)	NE (12.6, NE)	1.024 (0.650, 1.612)	0.9210	
No	112	33 (29.5)	79 (70.5)	30.6 (7.1, NE)	111	26 (23.4)	85 (76.6)	13.8 (5.3, NE)	1.176 (0.702, 1.970)	0.5506	

N: number of subjects in analysis set; n: number of subjects in subgroup category with complete PRO baseline; %: proportion of number of subjects in n; CI: confidence interval; NE: not estimable. PRO: Patient Reported Outcome. A Minimal Clinically Important Difference of 10 is considered in this table. [a] Median time to first event is from Kaplan-Meier estimate. Confidence Interval for median was computed using the Brookmeyer-Crowley method. [b] Hazard ratio is from unstratified Cox proportional hazards model with treatment as the only categorical variable in the model. Confidence limits are based on the Wald test. [c] Two-sided p-value from unstratified log-rank test. [d] Two-sided interaction p-value is for the interaction term from unstratified Cox proportional hazards model with treatment, subgroup, and treatment-by-subgroup interaction as categorical variables in the model. The p-value is based on the Wald test.
 Data source: \\AC220-A-U302\Production\Raw Data_Restricted\rstret_eg\rstret_20211102_eg\rstret_valos\20230516_AMNOG\ADAM\
 Run date: 15NOV2023 – 13:09; Program name: .sas; Output name: DE_T_2_20_3_QLQC30_DD_SUB_PRO_ITT.rtf

Medizinischer Nutzen, medizinischer Zusatznutzen, Patientengruppen mit therap. bedeutsamem Zusatznutzen

Daiichi Sankyo | Data Intelligence – Evidence Generation | AC220-A-U302 QUANTUM-First (DCO 13 Aug 2021) | Statistical analyses for AMNOG (HTA Germany)
 Table 2.20.3 EORTC QLQ-C30 - Definitive deterioration - Time-to-event analysis - subgroup analysis - DCO 13-Aug-2021 - PRO Intent to Treat Analysis Set

Symptom Scales - Pain

Subgroup	n	Quizartinib (N=254)				Placebo (N=255)				Quizartinib vs Placebo		Interaction P-value [d]
		No. of subjects with events (%)	No. of subjects censored (%)	Median (95 % CI) [a]	n	No. of subjects with events (%)	No. of subjects censored (%)	Median (95 % CI) [a]	Hazard Ratio (95 % CI) [b]	Unstratified log-rank p-value [c]		
Age by 2 categories												0.7561
≤60	157	49 (31.2)	108 (68.8)	32.9 (14.3, NE)	154	39 (25.3)	115 (74.7)	NE (9.9, NE)	1.130 (0.741, 1.724)	0.5874		
>60	95	24 (25.3)	71 (74.7)	NE (6.3, NE)	99	27 (27.3)	72 (72.7)	NE (12.6, NE)	1.017 (0.587, 1.763)	0.9502		

N: number of subjects in analysis set; n: number of subjects in subgroup category with complete PRO baseline; %: proportion of number of subjects in n; CI: confidence interval; NE: not estimable. PRO: Patient Reported Outcome. A Minimal Clinically Important Difference of 10 is considered in this table.
 [a] Median time to first event is from Kaplan-Meier estimate. Confidence Interval for median was computed using the Brookmeyer-Crowley method.
 [b] Hazard ratio is from unstratified Cox proportional hazards model with treatment as the only categorical variable in the model. Confidence limits are based on the Wald test.
 [c] Two-sided p-value from unstratified log-rank test.
 [d] Two-sided interaction p-value is for the interaction term from unstratified Cox proportional hazards model with treatment, subgroup, and treatment-by-subgroup interaction as categorical variables in the model. The p-value is based on the Wald test.
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Daiichi Sankyo | Data Intelligence – Evidence Generation | AC220-A-U302 QUANTUM-First (DCO 13 Aug 2021) | Statistical analyses for AMNOG (HTA Germany)
 Table 2.20.3 EORTC QLQ-C30 - Definitive deterioration - Time-to-event analysis - subgroup analysis - DCO 13-Aug-2021 - PRO Intent to Treat Analysis Set

Common Symptoms - Dyspnea

Subgroup	n	Quizartinib (N=254)				Placebo (N=255)				Quizartinib vs Placebo		Interaction
		No. of subjects with events (%)	No. of subjects censored (%)	Median (95 % CI) [a]	n	No. of subjects with events (%)	No. of subjects censored (%)	Median (95 % CI) [a]	Hazard Ratio (95 % CI) [b]	Unstratified log-rank p-value [c]	P-value [d]	
Pooled Age Group 2											0.7798	
<60	152	44 (28.9)	108 (71.1)	30.3 (10.4, NE)	151	31 (20.5)	120 (79.5)	NE (NE, NE)	1.318 (0.832, 2.088)	0.2329		
≥60 - <65	36	9 (25.0)	27 (75.0)	NE (4.8, NE)	43	9 (20.9)	34 (79.1)	NE (6.1, NE)	1.020 (0.403, 2.581)	0.9679		
≥65	64	10 (15.6)	54 (84.4)	NE (11.0, NE)	59	12 (20.3)	47 (79.7)	NE (6.8, NE)	0.946 (0.409, 2.191)	0.8942		

N: number of subjects in analysis set; n: number of subjects in subgroup category with complete PRO baseline; %: proportion of number of subjects in n; CI: confidence interval; NE: not estimable. PRO: Patient Reported Outcome. A Minimal Clinically Important Difference of 10 is considered in this table.
 [a] Median time to first event is from Kaplan-Meier estimate. Confidence Interval for median was computed using the Brookmeyer-Crowley method.
 [b] Hazard ratio is from unstratified Cox proportional hazards model with treatment as the only categorical variable in the model. Confidence limits are based on the Wald test.
 [c] Two-sided p-value from unstratified log-rank test.
 [d] Two-sided interaction p-value is for the interaction term from unstratified Cox proportional hazards model with treatment, subgroup, and treatment-by-subgroup interaction as categorical variables in the model. The p-value is based on the Wald test.
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Common Symptoms - Dyspnea

Subgroup	n	Quizartinib (N=254)				Placebo (N=255)			Quizartinib vs Placebo		Interaction P-value [d]
		No. of subjects with events (%)	No. of subjects censored (%)	Median (95 % CI) [a]	n	No. of subjects with events (%)	No. of subjects censored (%)	Median (95 % CI) [a]	Hazard Ratio (95 % CI) [b]	Unstratified log-rank p-value [c]	
Sex											0.4496
Male	120	34 (28.3)	86 (71.7)	14.3 (8.0, NE)	109	28 (25.7)	81 (74.3)	NE (5.6, NE)	1.017 (0.616, 1.680)	0.9393	
Female	132	29 (22.0)	103 (78.0)	NE (18.3, NE)	144	24 (16.7)	120 (83.3)	NE (NE, NE)	1.367 (0.796, 2.348)	0.2556	

N: number of subjects in analysis set; n: number of subjects in subgroup category with complete PRO baseline; %: proportion of number of subjects in n; CI: confidence interval; NE: not estimable. PRO: Patient Reported Outcome. A Minimal Clinically Important Difference of 10 is considered in this table.
 [a] Median time to first event is from Kaplan-Meier estimate. Confidence Interval for median was computed using the Brookmeyer-Crowley method.
 [b] Hazard ratio is from unstratified Cox proportional hazards model with treatment as the only categorical variable in the model. Confidence limits are based on the Wald test.
 [c] Two-sided p-value from unstratified log-rank test.
 [d] Two-sided interaction p-value is for the interaction term from unstratified Cox proportional hazards model with treatment, subgroup, and treatment-by-subgroup interaction as categorical variables in the model. The p-value is based on the Wald test.
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Common Symptoms - Dyspnea

Subgroup	n	Quizartinib (N=254)			Placebo (N=255)			Quizartinib vs Placebo		Interaction P-value [d]
		No. of subjects with events (%)	No. of subjects censored (%)	Median (95 % CI) [a]	n	No. of subjects with events (%)	No. of subjects censored (%)	Median (95 % CI) [a]	Hazard Ratio (95 % CI) [b]	
Race by 2 categories										0.8915
White	150	35 (23.3)	115 (76.7)	NE (14.3, NE)	151	27 (17.9)	124 (82.1)	NE (NE, NE)	1.169 (0.707, 1.933)	0.5436
Non-white	102	28 (27.5)	74 (72.5)	NE (8.0, NE)	102	25 (24.5)	77 (75.5)	NE (9.1, NE)	1.247 (0.727, 2.139)	0.4174

N: number of subjects in analysis set; n: number of subjects in subgroup category with complete PRO baseline; %: proportion of number of subjects in n; CI: confidence interval; NE: not estimable. PRO: Patient Reported Outcome. A Minimal Clinically Important Difference of 10 is considered in this table. [a] Median time to first event is from Kaplan-Meier estimate. Confidence Interval for median was computed using the Brookmeyer-Crowley method. [b] Hazard ratio is from unstratified Cox proportional hazards model with treatment as the only categorical variable in the model. Confidence limits are based on the Wald test. [c] Two-sided p-value from unstratified log-rank test. [d] Two-sided interaction p-value is for the interaction term from unstratified Cox proportional hazards model with treatment, subgroup, and treatment-by-subgroup interaction as categorical variables in the model. The p-value is based on the Wald test. Data source: \\AC220-A-U302\Production\Raw Data_Restricted\rstret_eg\rstret_20211102_eg\rstret_valos\20230516_AMNOG\ADAM\ Run date: 15NOV2023 – 13:09; Program name: .sas; Output name: DE_T_2_20_3_QLQC30_DD_SUB_PRO_ITT.rtf

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 Table 2.20.3 EORTC QLQ-C30 - Definitive deterioration - Time-to-event analysis - subgroup analysis - DCO 13-Aug-2021 - PRO Intent to Treat Analysis Set

Common Symptoms - Dyspnea

Subgroup	n	Quizartinib (N=254)				Placebo (N=255)				Quizartinib vs Placebo		Interaction
		No. of subjects with events (%)	No. of subjects censored (%)	Median (95 % CI) [a]	n	No. of subjects with events (%)	No. of subjects censored (%)	Median (95 % CI) [a]	Hazard Ratio (95 % CI) [b]	Unstratified log-rank p-value [c]	P-value [d]	
Geographic Region 1											0.9964	
North America	16	3 (18.8)	13 (81.3)	30.3 (0.8, NE)	16	4 (25.0)	12 (75.0)	NE (2.9, NE)	1.248 (0.277, 5.622)	0.7729		
Europe	150	35 (23.3)	115 (76.7)	NE (14.3, NE)	150	27 (18.0)	123 (82.0)	NE (NE, NE)	1.198 (0.725, 1.980)	0.4786		
Asia/Other Regions	86	25 (29.1)	61 (70.9)	13.6 (7.4, NE)	87	21 (24.1)	66 (75.9)	NE (6.9, NE)	1.243 (0.695, 2.223)	0.4545		

N: number of subjects in analysis set; n: number of subjects in subgroup category with complete PRO baseline; %: proportion of number of subjects in n; CI: confidence interval; NE: not estimable. PRO: Patient Reported Outcome. A Minimal Clinically Important Difference of 10 is considered in this table. [a] Median time to first event is from Kaplan-Meier estimate. Confidence Interval for median was computed using the Brookmeyer-Crowley method. [b] Hazard ratio is from unstratified Cox proportional hazards model with treatment as the only categorical variable in the model. Confidence limits are based on the Wald test. [c] Two-sided p-value from unstratified log-rank test. [d] Two-sided interaction p-value is for the interaction term from unstratified Cox proportional hazards model with treatment, subgroup, and treatment-by-subgroup interaction as categorical variables in the model. The p-value is based on the Wald test.
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Common Symptoms - Dyspnea

Subgroup	n	Quizartinib (N=254)				Placebo (N=255)				Quizartinib vs Placebo		Interaction P-value [d]
		No. of subjects with events (%)	No. of subjects censored (%)	Median (95 % CI) [a]	n	No. of subjects with events (%)	No. of subjects censored (%)	Median (95 % CI) [a]	Hazard Ratio (95 % CI) [b]	Unstratified log-rank p-value [c]		
WBC at initial diagnosis												0.8593
< 40x10 ⁹ /L	128	30 (23.4)	98 (76.6)	33.5 (10.4, NE)	125	28 (22.4)	97 (77.6)	NE (NE, NE)	1.230 (0.734, 2.059)	0.4262		
≥ 40x10 ⁹ /L	124	33 (26.6)	91 (73.4)	NE (11.0, NE)	128	24 (18.8)	104 (81.3)	NE (9.1, NE)	1.150 (0.677, 1.952)	0.6015		

N: number of subjects in analysis set; n: number of subjects in subgroup category with complete PRO baseline; %: proportion of number of subjects in n; CI: confidence interval; NE: not estimable. PRO: Patient Reported Outcome. A Minimal Clinically Important Difference of 10 is considered in this table.
 [a] Median time to first event is from Kaplan-Meier estimate. Confidence Interval for median was computed using the Brookmeyer-Crowley method.
 [b] Hazard ratio is from unstratified Cox proportional hazards model with treatment as the only categorical variable in the model. Confidence limits are based on the Wald test.
 [c] Two-sided p-value from unstratified log-rank test.
 [d] Two-sided interaction p-value is for the interaction term from unstratified Cox proportional hazards model with treatment, subgroup, and treatment-by-subgroup interaction as categorical variables in the model. The p-value is based on the Wald test.
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Common Symptoms - Dyspnea

Subgroup	n	Quizartinib (N=254)				Placebo (N=255)				Quizartinib vs Placebo		Interaction P-value [d]
		No. of subjects with events (%)	No. of subjects censored (%)	Median (95 % CI) [a]	n	No. of subjects with events (%)	No. of subjects censored (%)	Median (95 % CI) [a]	Hazard Ratio (95 % CI) [b]	Unstratified log-rank p-value [c]		
Choice of Anthracycline												0.7806
Daunorubicin	116	28 (24.1)	88 (75.9)	33.5 (13.6, NE)	90	18 (20.0)	72 (80.0)	NE (9.9, NE)	1.127 (0.623, 2.040)	0.6843		
Idarubicin	136	35 (25.7)	101 (74.3)	NE (10.4, NE)	161	33 (20.5)	128 (79.5)	NE (NE, NE)	1.258 (0.782, 2.025)	0.3443		

N: number of subjects in analysis set; n: number of subjects in subgroup category with complete PRO baseline; %: proportion of number of subjects in n; CI: confidence interval; NE: not estimable. PRO: Patient Reported Outcome. A Minimal Clinically Important Difference of 10 is considered in this table.
 [a] Median time to first event is from Kaplan-Meier estimate. Confidence Interval for median was computed using the Brookmeyer-Crowley method.
 [b] Hazard ratio is from unstratified Cox proportional hazards model with treatment as the only categorical variable in the model. Confidence limits are based on the Wald test.
 [c] Two-sided p-value from unstratified log-rank test.
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Common Symptoms - Dyspnea

Subgroup	n	Quizartinib (N=254)				Placebo (N=255)				Quizartinib vs Placebo		Interaction
		No. of subjects with events (%)	No. of subjects censored (%)	Median (95 % CI) [a]	n	No. of subjects with events (%)	No. of subjects censored (%)	Median (95 % CI) [a]	Hazard Ratio (95 % CI) [b]	Unstratified log-rank p-value [c]	P-value [d]	
AML Cytogenetic Risk Score											0.7510	
Favorable	12	3 (25.0)	9 (75.0)	8.0 (2.5, NE)	16	2 (12.5)	14 (87.5)	NE (6.1, NE)	3.741 (0.615, 22.752)	0.1251		
Intermediate	186	48 (25.8)	138 (74.2)	33.5 (13.2, NE)	180	39 (21.7)	141 (78.3)	NE (12.9, NE)	1.087 (0.712, 1.659)	0.6965		
Unfavorable	19	6 (31.6)	13 (68.4)	18.3 (0.8, NE)	26	7 (26.9)	19 (73.1)	NE (6.0, NE)	1.284 (0.428, 3.850)	0.6342		
Unknown	35	6 (17.1)	29 (82.9)	NE (11.0, NE)	30	4 (13.3)	26 (86.7)	NE (NE, NE)	1.440 (0.405, 5.124)	0.5715		

N: number of subjects in analysis set; n: number of subjects in subgroup category with complete PRO baseline; %: proportion of number of subjects in n; CI: confidence interval; NE: not estimable. PRO: Patient Reported Outcome. A Minimal Clinically Important Difference of 10 is considered in this table. [a] Median time to first event is from Kaplan-Meier estimate. Confidence Interval for median was computed using the Brookmeyer-Crowley method. [b] Hazard ratio is from unstratified Cox proportional hazards model with treatment as the only categorical variable in the model. Confidence limits are based on the Wald test. [c] Two-sided p-value from unstratified log-rank test. [d] Two-sided interaction p-value is for the interaction term from unstratified Cox proportional hazards model with treatment, subgroup, and treatment-by-subgroup interaction as categorical variables in the model. The p-value is based on the Wald test.
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Common Symptoms - Dyspnea

Subgroup	n	Quizartinib (N=254)			n	Placebo (N=255)			Quizartinib vs Placebo		Interaction P-value [d]
		No. of subjects with events (%)	No. of subjects censored (%)	Median (95 % CI) [a]		No. of subjects with events (%)	No. of subjects censored (%)	Median (95 % CI) [a]	Hazard Ratio (95 % CI) [b]	Unstratified log-rank p-value [c]	
ECOG Performance Status at Baseline											0.2319
0 - Fully Active	82	23 (28.0)	59 (72.0)	30.3 (8.7, NE)	92	18 (19.6)	74 (80.4)	NE (NE, NE)	1.435 (0.774, 2.660)	0.2480	
1 - Restricted in Physically Strenuous Activity	126	28 (22.2)	98 (77.8)	NE (14.3, NE)	126	30 (23.8)	96 (76.2)	NE (9.1, NE)	0.908 (0.542, 1.521)	0.7307	
2 - Ambulatory and Capable of All Selfcare	44	12 (27.3)	32 (72.7)	10.4 (3.2, NE)	34	4 (11.8)	30 (88.2)	12.9 (6.9, NE)	2.179 (0.696, 6.825)	0.1732	

N: number of subjects in analysis set; n: number of subjects in subgroup category with complete PRO baseline; %: proportion of number of subjects in n; CI: confidence interval; NE: not estimable. PRO: Patient Reported Outcome. A Minimal Clinically Important Difference of 10 is considered in this table.
 [a] Median time to first event is from Kaplan-Meier estimate. Confidence Interval for median was computed using the Brookmeyer-Crowley method.
 [b] Hazard ratio is from unstratified Cox proportional hazards model with treatment as the only categorical variable in the model. Confidence limits are based on the Wald test.
 [c] Two-sided p-value from unstratified log-rank test.
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Common Symptoms - Dyspnea

Subgroup	n	Quizartinib (N=254)			n	Placebo (N=255)			Quizartinib vs Placebo		Interaction	
		No. of subjects with events (%)	No. of subjects censored (%)	Median (95 % CI) [a]		No. of subjects with events (%)	No. of subjects censored (%)	Median (95 % CI) [a]	Hazard Ratio (95 % CI) [b]	Unstratified log-rank p-value [c]	P-value [d]	
FLT3-ITD category at Baseline											0.3127	
≥3 to ≤25%	88	23 (26.1)	65 (73.9)	18.3 (8.0, NE)	92	17 (18.5)	75 (81.5)	NE (NE, NE)	1.740 (0.928, 3.260)	0.0821		
>25% to ≤50%	135	32 (23.7)	103 (76.3)	NE (14.3, NE)	128	27 (21.1)	101 (78.9)	NE (9.1, NE)	0.978 (0.585, 1.637)	0.9391		
>50%	28	8 (28.6)	20 (71.4)	NE (5.1, NE)	33	8 (24.2)	25 (75.8)	NE (2.9, NE)	0.913 (0.341, 2.449)	0.8626		

N: number of subjects in analysis set; n: number of subjects in subgroup category with complete PRO baseline; %: proportion of number of subjects in n; CI: confidence interval; NE: not estimable. PRO: Patient Reported Outcome. A Minimal Clinically Important Difference of 10 is considered in this table.
 [a] Median time to first event is from Kaplan-Meier estimate. Confidence Interval for median was computed using the Brookmeyer-Crowley method.
 [b] Hazard ratio is from unstratified Cox proportional hazards model with treatment as the only categorical variable in the model. Confidence limits are based on the Wald test.
 [c] Two-sided p-value from unstratified log-rank test.
 [d] Two-sided interaction p-value is for the interaction term from unstratified Cox proportional hazards model with treatment, subgroup, and treatment-by-subgroup interaction as categorical variables in the model. The p-value is based on the Wald test.
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 Run date: 15NOV2023 – 13:09; Program name: .sas; Output name: DE_T_2_20_3_QLQC30_DD_SUB_PRO_ITT.rtf

Medizinischer Nutzen, medizinischer Zusatznutzen, Patientengruppen mit therap. bedeutsamem Zusatznutzen

Daiichi Sankyo | Data Intelligence – Evidence Generation | AC220-A-U302 QUANTUM-First (DCO 13 Aug 2021) | Statistical analyses for AMNOG (HTA Germany)
 Table 2.20.3 EORTC QLQ-C30 - Definitive deterioration - Time-to-event analysis - subgroup analysis - DCO 13-Aug-2021 - PRO Intent to Treat Analysis Set

Common Symptoms - Dyspnea

Subgroup	n	Quizartinib (N=254)				Placebo (N=255)				Quizartinib vs Placebo		Interaction P-value [d]
		No. of subjects with events (%)	No. of subjects censored (%)	Median (95 % CI) [a]	n	No. of subjects with events (%)	No. of subjects censored (%)	Median (95 % CI) [a]	Hazard Ratio (95 % CI) [b]	Unstratified log-rank p-value [c]		
AML with Mutated NPM1											0.3573	
Yes	130	37 (28.5)	93 (71.5)	33.5 (11.0, NE)	131	27 (20.6)	104 (79.4)	NE (NE, NE)	1.414 (0.861, 2.324)	0.1690		
No	112	23 (20.5)	89 (79.5)	NE (10.4, NE)	111	21 (18.9)	90 (81.1)	NE (9.1, NE)	0.975 (0.539, 1.763)	0.9400		

N: number of subjects in analysis set; n: number of subjects in subgroup category with complete PRO baseline; %: proportion of number of subjects in n; CI: confidence interval; NE: not estimable. PRO: Patient Reported Outcome. A Minimal Clinically Important Difference of 10 is considered in this table.
 [a] Median time to first event is from Kaplan-Meier estimate. Confidence Interval for median was computed using the Brookmeyer-Crowley method.
 [b] Hazard ratio is from unstratified Cox proportional hazards model with treatment as the only categorical variable in the model. Confidence limits are based on the Wald test.
 [c] Two-sided p-value from unstratified log-rank test.
 [d] Two-sided interaction p-value is for the interaction term from unstratified Cox proportional hazards model with treatment, subgroup, and treatment-by-subgroup interaction as categorical variables in the model. The p-value is based on the Wald test.
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Daiichi Sankyo | Data Intelligence – Evidence Generation | AC220-A-U302 QUANTUM-First (DCO 13 Aug 2021) | Statistical analyses for AMNOG (HTA Germany)
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Common Symptoms - Dyspnea

Subgroup	n	Quizartinib (N=254)				Placebo (N=255)				Quizartinib vs Placebo		Interaction P-value [d]
		No. of subjects with events (%)	No. of subjects censored (%)	Median (95 % CI) [a]	n	No. of subjects with events (%)	No. of subjects censored (%)	Median (95 % CI) [a]	Hazard Ratio (95 % CI) [b]	Unstratified log-rank p-value [c]		
Age by 2 categories											0.4426	
≤60	157	45 (28.7)	112 (71.3)	30.3 (10.4, NE)	154	31 (20.1)	123 (79.9)	NE (NE, NE)	1.333 (0.843, 2.107)	0.2127		
>60	95	18 (18.9)	77 (81.1)	NE (11.0, NE)	99	21 (21.2)	78 (78.8)	NE (9.1, NE)	0.962 (0.512, 1.806)	0.9033		

N: number of subjects in analysis set; n: number of subjects in subgroup category with complete PRO baseline; %: proportion of number of subjects in n; CI: confidence interval; NE: not estimable. PRO: Patient Reported Outcome. A Minimal Clinically Important Difference of 10 is considered in this table. [a] Median time to first event is from Kaplan-Meier estimate. Confidence Interval for median was computed using the Brookmeyer-Crowley method. [b] Hazard ratio is from unstratified Cox proportional hazards model with treatment as the only categorical variable in the model. Confidence limits are based on the Wald test. [c] Two-sided p-value from unstratified log-rank test. [d] Two-sided interaction p-value is for the interaction term from unstratified Cox proportional hazards model with treatment, subgroup, and treatment-by-subgroup interaction as categorical variables in the model. The p-value is based on the Wald test.
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Medizinischer Nutzen, medizinischer Zusatznutzen, Patientengruppen mit therap. bedeutsamem Zusatznutzen

Daiichi Sankyo | Data Intelligence – Evidence Generation | AC220-A-U302 QUANTUM-First (DCO 13 Aug 2021) | Statistical analyses for AMNOG (HTA Germany)
 Table 2.20.3 EORTC QLQ-C30 - Definitive deterioration - Time-to-event analysis - subgroup analysis - DCO 13-Aug-2021 - PRO Intent to Treat Analysis Set

Common Symptoms - Insomnia

Subgroup	n	Quizartinib (N=254)			n	Placebo (N=255)			Quizartinib vs Placebo		Interaction P-value [d]
		No. of subjects with events (%)	No. of subjects censored (%)	Median (95 % CI) [a]		No. of subjects with events (%)	No. of subjects censored (%)	Median (95 % CI) [a]	Hazard Ratio (95 % CI) [b]	Unstratified log-rank p-value [c]	
Pooled Age Group 2											0.0884
<60	152	37 (24.3)	115 (75.7)	NE (NE, NE)	151	44 (29.1)	107 (70.9)	28.2 (9.9, NE)	0.770 (0.497, 1.194)	0.2345	
≥60 - <65	36	9 (25.0)	27 (75.0)	NE (3.4, NE)	43	11 (25.6)	32 (74.4)	NE (4.1, NE)	0.929 (0.384, 2.245)	0.8763	
≥65	64	17 (26.6)	47 (73.4)	NE (2.5, NE)	59	10 (16.9)	49 (83.1)	NE (NE, NE)	2.106 (0.963, 4.605)	0.0544	

N: number of subjects in analysis set; n: number of subjects in subgroup category with complete PRO baseline; %: proportion of number of subjects in n; CI: confidence interval; NE: not estimable. PRO: Patient Reported Outcome. A Minimal Clinically Important Difference of 10 is considered in this table.
 [a] Median time to first event is from Kaplan-Meier estimate. Confidence Interval for median was computed using the Brookmeyer-Crowley method.
 [b] Hazard ratio is from unstratified Cox proportional hazards model with treatment as the only categorical variable in the model. Confidence limits are based on the Wald test.
 [c] Two-sided p-value from unstratified log-rank test.
 [d] Two-sided interaction p-value is for the interaction term from unstratified Cox proportional hazards model with treatment, subgroup, and treatment-by-subgroup interaction as categorical variables in the model. The p-value is based on the Wald test.
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Common Symptoms - Insomnia

Subgroup	n	Quizartinib (N=254)				Placebo (N=255)			Quizartinib vs Placebo		Interaction P-value [d]
		No. of subjects with events (%)	No. of subjects censored (%)	Median (95 % CI) [a]	n	No. of subjects with events (%)	No. of subjects censored (%)	Median (95 % CI) [a]	Hazard Ratio (95 % CI) [b]	Unstratified log-rank p-value [c]	
Sex											0.3142
Male	120	31 (25.8)	89 (74.2)	NE (34.8, NE)	109	33 (30.3)	76 (69.7)	NE (4.7, NE)	0.821 (0.503, 1.342)	0.4357	
Female	132	32 (24.2)	100 (75.8)	NE (NE, NE)	144	32 (22.2)	112 (77.8)	NE (25.8, NE)	1.149 (0.704, 1.877)	0.5957	

N: number of subjects in analysis set; n: number of subjects in subgroup category with complete PRO baseline; %: proportion of number of subjects in n; CI: confidence interval; NE: not estimable. PRO: Patient Reported Outcome. A Minimal Clinically Important Difference of 10 is considered in this table.
 [a] Median time to first event is from Kaplan-Meier estimate. Confidence Interval for median was computed using the Brookmeyer-Crowley method.
 [b] Hazard ratio is from unstratified Cox proportional hazards model with treatment as the only categorical variable in the model. Confidence limits are based on the Wald test.
 [c] Two-sided p-value from unstratified log-rank test.
 [d] Two-sided interaction p-value is for the interaction term from unstratified Cox proportional hazards model with treatment, subgroup, and treatment-by-subgroup interaction as categorical variables in the model. The p-value is based on the Wald test.
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Common Symptoms - Insomnia

Subgroup	n	Quizartinib (N=254)				Placebo (N=255)				Quizartinib vs Placebo		Interaction P-value [d]
		No. of subjects with events (%)	No. of subjects censored (%)	Median (95 % CI) [a]	n	No. of subjects with events (%)	No. of subjects censored (%)	Median (95 % CI) [a]	Hazard Ratio (95 % CI) [b]	Unstratified log-rank p-value [c]		
Race by 2 categories											0.8541	
White	150	38 (25.3)	112 (74.7)	NE (34.8, NE)	151	39 (25.8)	112 (74.2)	25.8 (12.1, NE)	0.944 (0.603, 1.479)	0.7888		
Non-white	102	25 (24.5)	77 (75.5)	NE (NE, NE)	102	26 (25.5)	76 (74.5)	NE (12.6, NE)	1.031 (0.595, 1.786)	0.9103		

N: number of subjects in analysis set; n: number of subjects in subgroup category with complete PRO baseline; %: proportion of number of subjects in n; CI: confidence interval; NE: not estimable. PRO: Patient Reported Outcome. A Minimal Clinically Important Difference of 10 is considered in this table.
 [a] Median time to first event is from Kaplan-Meier estimate. Confidence Interval for median was computed using the Brookmeyer-Crowley method.
 [b] Hazard ratio is from unstratified Cox proportional hazards model with treatment as the only categorical variable in the model. Confidence limits are based on the Wald test.
 [c] Two-sided p-value from unstratified log-rank test.
 [d] Two-sided interaction p-value is for the interaction term from unstratified Cox proportional hazards model with treatment, subgroup, and treatment-by-subgroup interaction as categorical variables in the model. The p-value is based on the Wald test.
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Common Symptoms - Insomnia

Subgroup	n	Quizartinib (N=254)				Placebo (N=255)				Quizartinib vs Placebo		Interaction	
		No. of subjects with events (%)	No. of subjects censored (%)	Median CI [a]	(95 % n	No. of subjects with events (%)	No. of subjects censored (%)	Median CI [a]	(95 % Hazard Ratio (95 % CI) [b]	Unstratified log-rank p-value [c]	P-value [d]		
Geographic Region 1											0.7060		
North America	16	2 (12.5)	14 (87.5)	34.8 (34.8, NE)	16	3 (18.8)	13 (81.3)	28.2 (12.6, NE)	0.454 (0.046, 4.432)	0.4861			
Europe	150	39 (26.0)	111 (74.0)	NE (NE, NE)	150	43 (28.7)	107 (71.3)	25.8 (9.9, NE)	0.876 (0.567, 1.353)	0.5391			
Asia/Other Regions	86	22 (25.6)	64 (74.4)	NE (NE, NE)	87	19 (21.8)	68 (78.2)	NE (NE, NE)	1.220 (0.660, 2.255)	0.5179			

N: number of subjects in analysis set; n: number of subjects in subgroup category with complete PRO baseline; %: proportion of number of subjects in n; CI: confidence interval; NE: not estimable. PRO: Patient Reported Outcome. A Minimal Clinically Important Difference of 10 is considered in this table. [a] Median time to first event is from Kaplan-Meier estimate. Confidence Interval for median was computed using the Brookmeyer-Crowley method. [b] Hazard ratio is from unstratified Cox proportional hazards model with treatment as the only categorical variable in the model. Confidence limits are based on the Wald test. [c] Two-sided p-value from unstratified log-rank test. [d] Two-sided interaction p-value is for the interaction term from unstratified Cox proportional hazards model with treatment, subgroup, and treatment-by-subgroup interaction as categorical variables in the model. The p-value is based on the Wald test.
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Common Symptoms - Insomnia

Subgroup	n	Quizartinib (N=254)				Placebo (N=255)				Quizartinib vs Placebo		Interaction
		No. of subjects with events (%)	No. of subjects censored (%)	Median (95 % CI) [a]	n	No. of subjects with events (%)	No. of subjects censored (%)	Median (95 % CI) [a]	Hazard Ratio (95 % CI) [b]	Unstratified log-rank p-value [c]	P-value [d]	
WBC at initial diagnosis											0.8015	
< 40x10 ⁹ /L	128	35 (27.3)	93 (72.7)	NE (13.6, NE)	125	41 (32.8)	84 (67.2)	15.0 (12.1, NE)	0.948 (0.603, 1.489)	0.7926		
≥ 40x10 ⁹ /L	124	28 (22.6)	96 (77.4)	NE (NE, NE)	128	24 (18.8)	104 (81.3)	NE (NE, NE)	1.093 (0.633, 1.886)	0.7447		

N: number of subjects in analysis set; n: number of subjects in subgroup category with complete PRO baseline; %: proportion of number of subjects in n; CI: confidence interval; NE: not estimable. PRO: Patient Reported Outcome. A Minimal Clinically Important Difference of 10 is considered in this table.
 [a] Median time to first event is from Kaplan-Meier estimate. Confidence Interval for median was computed using the Brookmeyer-Crowley method.
 [b] Hazard ratio is from unstratified Cox proportional hazards model with treatment as the only categorical variable in the model. Confidence limits are based on the Wald test.
 [c] Two-sided p-value from unstratified log-rank test.
 [d] Two-sided interaction p-value is for the interaction term from unstratified Cox proportional hazards model with treatment, subgroup, and treatment-by-subgroup interaction as categorical variables in the model. The p-value is based on the Wald test.
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Common Symptoms - Insomnia

Subgroup	n	Quizartinib (N=254)				Placebo (N=255)				Quizartinib vs Placebo		Interaction P-value [d]
		No. of subjects with events (%)	No. of subjects censored (%)	Median (95 % CI) [a]	n	No. of subjects with events (%)	No. of subjects censored (%)	Median (95 % CI) [a]	Hazard Ratio (95 % CI) [b]	Unstratified log-rank p-value [c]		
Choice of Anthracycline												0.7411
Daunorubicin	116	29 (25.0)	87 (75.0)	NE (13.6, NE)	90	27 (30.0)	63 (70.0)	12.6 (6.5, NE)	0.879 (0.520, 1.486)	0.6206		
Idarubicin	136	34 (25.0)	102 (75.0)	NE (34.8, NE)	161	38 (23.6)	123 (76.4)	NE (25.8, NE)	1.020 (0.642, 1.622)	0.9392		

N: number of subjects in analysis set; n: number of subjects in subgroup category with complete PRO baseline; %: proportion of number of subjects in n; CI: confidence interval; NE: not estimable. PRO: Patient Reported Outcome. A Minimal Clinically Important Difference of 10 is considered in this table.
 [a] Median time to first event is from Kaplan-Meier estimate. Confidence Interval for median was computed using the Brookmeyer-Crowley method.
 [b] Hazard ratio is from unstratified Cox proportional hazards model with treatment as the only categorical variable in the model. Confidence limits are based on the Wald test.
 [c] Two-sided p-value from unstratified log-rank test.
 [d] Two-sided interaction p-value is for the interaction term from unstratified Cox proportional hazards model with treatment, subgroup, and treatment-by-subgroup interaction as categorical variables in the model. The p-value is based on the Wald test.
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 Table 2.20.3 EORTC QLQ-C30 - Definitive deterioration - Time-to-event analysis - subgroup analysis - DCO 13-Aug-2021 - PRO Intent to Treat Analysis Set

Common Symptoms - Insomnia

Subgroup	n	Quizartinib (N=254)				Placebo (N=255)				Quizartinib vs Placebo		Interaction P-value [d]
		No. of subjects with events (%)	No. of subjects censored (%)	Median (95 % CI) [a]	n	No. of subjects with events (%)	No. of subjects censored (%)	Median (95 % CI) [a]	Hazard Ratio (95 % CI) [b]	Unstratified log-rank p-value [c]		
AML Cytogenetic Risk Score											0.9776	
Favorable	12	3 (25.0)	9 (75.0)	NE (1.5, NE)	16	5 (31.3)	11 (68.8)	NE (6.5, NE)	1.138 (0.270, 4.794)	0.8604		
Intermediate	186	48 (25.8)	138 (74.2)	NE (NE, NE)	180	45 (25.0)	135 (75.0)	NE (15.0, NE)	0.978 (0.651, 1.469)	0.9074		
Unfavorable	19	3 (15.8)	16 (84.2)	34.8 (0.7, NE)	26	6 (23.1)	20 (76.9)	NE (6.8, NE)	0.695 (0.169, 2.848)	0.6137		
Unknown	35	9 (25.7)	26 (74.3)	NE (3.4, NE)	30	9 (30.0)	21 (70.0)	NE (2.5, NE)	1.034 (0.410, 2.611)	0.9640		

N: number of subjects in analysis set; n: number of subjects in subgroup category with complete PRO baseline; %: proportion of number of subjects in n; CI: confidence interval; NE: not estimable. PRO: Patient Reported Outcome. A Minimal Clinically Important Difference of 10 is considered in this table. [a] Median time to first event is from Kaplan-Meier estimate. Confidence Interval for median was computed using the Brookmeyer-Crowley method. [b] Hazard ratio is from unstratified Cox proportional hazards model with treatment as the only categorical variable in the model. Confidence limits are based on the Wald test. [c] Two-sided p-value from unstratified log-rank test. [d] Two-sided interaction p-value is for the interaction term from unstratified Cox proportional hazards model with treatment, subgroup, and treatment-by-subgroup interaction as categorical variables in the model. The p-value is based on the Wald test.
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Daiichi Sankyo | Data Intelligence – Evidence Generation | AC220-A-U302 QUANTUM-First (DCO 13 Aug 2021) | Statistical analyses for AMNOG (HTA Germany)
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Common Symptoms - Insomnia

Subgroup	n	Quizartinib (N=254)			n	Placebo (N=255)			Quizartinib vs Placebo		Interaction P-value [d]
		No. of subjects with events (%)	No. of subjects censored (%)	Median (95 % CI) [a]		No. of subjects with events (%)	No. of subjects censored (%)	Median (95 % CI) [a]	Hazard Ratio (95 % CI) [b]	Unstratified log-rank p-value [c]	
ECOG Performance Status at Baseline											0.7051
0 - Fully Active	82	25 (30.5)	57 (69.5)	NE (5.1, NE)	92	29 (31.5)	63 (68.5)	28.2 (4.6, NE)	0.989 (0.578, 1.694)	0.9541	
1 - Restricted in Physically Strenuous Activity	126	28 (22.2)	98 (77.8)	NE (NE, NE)	126	31 (24.6)	95 (75.4)	NE (12.6, NE)	0.908 (0.544, 1.513)	0.7161	
2 - Ambulatory and Capable of All Selfcare	44	10 (22.7)	34 (77.3)	NE (5.5, NE)	34	5 (14.7)	29 (85.3)	NE (2.5, NE)	1.584 (0.539, 4.651)	0.4129	

N: number of subjects in analysis set; n: number of subjects in subgroup category with complete PRO baseline; %: proportion of number of subjects in n; CI: confidence interval; NE: not estimable. PRO: Patient Reported Outcome. A Minimal Clinically Important Difference of 10 is considered in this table.
 [a] Median time to first event is from Kaplan-Meier estimate. Confidence Interval for median was computed using the Brookmeyer-Crowley method.
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 Run date: 15NOV2023 – 13:09; Program name: .sas; Output name: DE_T_2_20_3_QLQC30_DD_SUB_PRO_ITT.rtf

Medizinischer Nutzen, medizinischer Zusatznutzen, Patientengruppen mit therap. bedeutsamem Zusatznutzen

Daiichi Sankyo | Data Intelligence – Evidence Generation | AC220-A-U302 QUANTUM-First (DCO 13 Aug 2021) | Statistical analyses for AMNOG (HTA Germany)
 Table 2.20.3 EORTC QLQ-C30 - Definitive deterioration - Time-to-event analysis - subgroup analysis - DCO 13-Aug-2021 - PRO Intent to Treat Analysis Set

Common Symptoms - Insomnia

Subgroup	n	Quizartinib (N=254)			Placebo (N=255)			Quizartinib vs Placebo		Interaction P-value [d]
		No. of subjects with events (%)	No. of subjects censored (%)	Median (95 % CI) [a]	n	No. of subjects with events (%)	No. of subjects censored (%)	Median (95 % CI) [a]	Hazard Ratio (95 % CI) [b]	
FLT3-ITD category at Baseline										0.5622
≥3 to ≤25%	88	25 (28.4)	63 (71.6)	NE (4.3, NE)	92	24 (26.1)	68 (73.9)	NE (12.6, NE)	1.227 (0.700, 2.151)	0.4774
>25% to ≤50%	135	30 (22.2)	105 (77.8)	NE (NE, NE)	128	32 (25.0)	96 (75.0)	NE (12.3, NE)	0.859 (0.522, 1.414)	0.5407
>50%	28	7 (25.0)	21 (75.0)	NE (4.3, NE)	33	9 (27.3)	24 (72.7)	12.1 (2.8, NE)	0.798 (0.296, 2.154)	0.6565

N: number of subjects in analysis set; n: number of subjects in subgroup category with complete PRO baseline; %: proportion of number of subjects in n; CI: confidence interval; NE: not estimable. PRO: Patient Reported Outcome. A Minimal Clinically Important Difference of 10 is considered in this table.
 [a] Median time to first event is from Kaplan-Meier estimate. Confidence Interval for median was computed using the Brookmeyer-Crowley method.
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		No. of subjects with events (%)	No. of subjects censored (%)	Median (95 % CI) [a]	n	No. of subjects with events (%)	No. of subjects censored (%)	Median (95 % CI) [a]	Hazard Ratio (95 % CI) [b]	Unstratified log-rank p-value [c]		
AML with Mutated NPM1											0.8587	
Yes	130	33 (25.4)	97 (74.6)	NE (NE, NE)	131	34 (26.0)	97 (74.0)	NE (12.6, NE)	1.003 (0.621, 1.620)	0.9984		
No	112	27 (24.1)	85 (75.9)	NE (34.8, NE)	111	27 (24.3)	84 (75.7)	NE (12.3, NE)	0.939 (0.550, 1.602)	0.8108		

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Common Symptoms - Insomnia

Subgroup	n	Quizartinib (N=254)			Placebo (N=255)			Quizartinib vs Placebo		Interaction P-value [d]
		No. of subjects with events (%)	No. of subjects censored (%)	Median (95 % CI) [a]	n	No. of subjects with events (%)	No. of subjects censored (%)	Median (95 % CI) [a]	Hazard Ratio (95 % CI) [b]	
Age by 2 categories										0.0907
≤60	157	38 (24.2)	119 (75.8)	NE (NE, NE)	154	44 (28.6)	110 (71.4)	28.2 (9.9, NE)	0.782 (0.506, 1.209)	0.2589
>60	95	25 (26.3)	70 (73.7)	NE (3.5, NE)	99	21 (21.2)	78 (78.8)	NE (12.6, NE)	1.481 (0.829, 2.646)	0.1808

N: number of subjects in analysis set; n: number of subjects in subgroup category with complete PRO baseline; %: proportion of number of subjects in n; CI: confidence interval; NE: not estimable. PRO: Patient Reported Outcome. A Minimal Clinically Important Difference of 10 is considered in this table. [a] Median time to first event is from Kaplan-Meier estimate. Confidence Interval for median was computed using the Brookmeyer-Crowley method. [b] Hazard ratio is from unstratified Cox proportional hazards model with treatment as the only categorical variable in the model. Confidence limits are based on the Wald test. [c] Two-sided p-value from unstratified log-rank test. [d] Two-sided interaction p-value is for the interaction term from unstratified Cox proportional hazards model with treatment, subgroup, and treatment-by-subgroup interaction as categorical variables in the model. The p-value is based on the Wald test.
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Common Symptoms - Appetite Loss

Subgroup	n	Quizartinib (N=254)			n	Placebo (N=255)			Quizartinib vs Placebo		Interaction P-value [d]
		No. of subjects with events (%)	No. of subjects censored (%)	Median (95 % CI) [a]		No. of subjects with events (%)	No. of subjects censored (%)	Median (95 % CI) [a]	Hazard Ratio (95 % CI) [b]	Unstratified log-rank p-value [c]	
Pooled Age Group 2											0.2568
<60	152	30 (19.7)	122 (80.3)	NE (NE, NE)	151	36 (23.8)	115 (76.2)	NE (NE, NE)	0.749 (0.461, 1.217)	0.2396	
≥60 - <65	36	3 (8.3)	33 (91.7)	NE (NE, NE)	43	6 (14.0)	37 (86.0)	NE (6.6, NE)	0.548 (0.136, 2.202)	0.3894	
≥65	64	14 (21.9)	50 (78.1)	NE (6.3, NE)	59	10 (16.9)	49 (83.1)	NE (NE, NE)	1.545 (0.686, 3.479)	0.2910	

N: number of subjects in analysis set; n: number of subjects in subgroup category with complete PRO baseline; %: proportion of number of subjects in n; CI: confidence interval; NE: not estimable. PRO: Patient Reported Outcome. A Minimal Clinically Important Difference of 10 is considered in this table.
 [a] Median time to first event is from Kaplan-Meier estimate. Confidence Interval for median was computed using the Brookmeyer-Crowley method.
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Common Symptoms - Appetite Loss

Subgroup	n	Quizartinib (N=254)			n	Placebo (N=255)			Quizartinib vs Placebo		Interaction P-value [d]
		No. of subjects with events (%)	No. of subjects censored (%)	Median (95 % CI) [a]		No. of subjects with events (%)	No. of subjects censored (%)	Median (95 % CI) [a]	Hazard Ratio (95 % CI) [b]	Unstratified log-rank p-value [c]	
Sex											0.1047
Male	120	21 (17.5)	99 (82.5)	NE (NE, NE)	109	28 (25.7)	81 (74.3)	NE (6.6, NE)	0.603 (0.342, 1.065)	0.0780	
Female	132	26 (19.7)	106 (80.3)	NE (NE, NE)	144	24 (16.7)	120 (83.3)	NE (NE, NE)	1.234 (0.708, 2.150)	0.4635	

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Common Symptoms - Appetite Loss

Subgroup	n	Quizartinib (N=254)			Placebo (N=255)			Quizartinib vs Placebo		Interaction P-value [d]
		No. of subjects with events (%)	No. of subjects censored (%)	Median (95 % CI) [a]	n	No. of subjects with events (%)	No. of subjects censored (%)	Median (95 % CI) [a]	Hazard Ratio (95 % CI) [b]	
Race by 2 categories										0.1488
White	150	33 (22.0)	117 (78.0)	NE (NE, NE)	151	29 (19.2)	122 (80.8)	NE (NE, NE)	1.108 (0.672, 1.827)	0.6939
Non-white	102	14 (13.7)	88 (86.3)	NE (NE, NE)	102	23 (22.5)	79 (77.5)	NE (NE, NE)	0.603 (0.310, 1.172)	0.1315

N: number of subjects in analysis set; n: number of subjects in subgroup category with complete PRO baseline; %: proportion of number of subjects in n; CI: confidence interval; NE: not estimable. PRO: Patient Reported Outcome. A Minimal Clinically Important Difference of 10 is considered in this table. [a] Median time to first event is from Kaplan-Meier estimate. Confidence Interval for median was computed using the Brookmeyer-Crowley method. [b] Hazard ratio is from unstratified Cox proportional hazards model with treatment as the only categorical variable in the model. Confidence limits are based on the Wald test. [c] Two-sided p-value from unstratified log-rank test. [d] Two-sided interaction p-value is for the interaction term from unstratified Cox proportional hazards model with treatment, subgroup, and treatment-by-subgroup interaction as categorical variables in the model. The p-value is based on the Wald test.
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Common Symptoms - Appetite Loss

Subgroup	n	Quizartinib (N=254)			n	Placebo (N=255)			Quizartinib vs Placebo		Interaction P-value [d]
		No. of subjects with events (%)	No. of subjects censored (%)	Median (95 % CI) [a]		No. of subjects with events (%)	No. of subjects censored (%)	Median (95 % CI) [a]	Hazard Ratio (95 % CI) [b]	Unstratified log-rank p-value [c]	
Geographic Region 1											0.3641
North America	16	2 (12.5)	14 (87.5)	NE (2.1, NE)	16	2 (12.5)	14 (87.5)	NE (NE, NE)	1.597 (0.224, 11.395)	0.6376	
Europe	150	31 (20.7)	119 (79.3)	NE (NE, NE)	150	28 (18.7)	122 (81.3)	NE (NE, NE)	1.043 (0.625, 1.741)	0.8747	
Asia/Other Regions	86	14 (16.3)	72 (83.7)	NE (NE, NE)	87	22 (25.3)	65 (74.7)	NE (7.5, NE)	0.606 (0.309, 1.186)	0.1379	

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Common Symptoms - Appetite Loss

Subgroup	n	Quizartinib (N=254)			n	Placebo (N=255)			Quizartinib vs Placebo		Interaction P-value [d]
		No. of subjects with events (%)	No. of subjects censored (%)	Median (95 % CI) [a]		No. of subjects with events (%)	No. of subjects censored (%)	Median (95 % CI) [a]	Hazard Ratio (95 % CI) [b]	Unstratified log-rank p-value [c]	
WBC at initial diagnosis											0.2563
< 40x10 ⁹ /L	128	28 (21.9)	100 (78.1)	NE (NE, NE)	125	28 (22.4)	97 (77.6)	NE (NE, NE)	1.092 (0.646, 1.844)	0.7438	
≥ 40x10 ⁹ /L	124	19 (15.3)	105 (84.7)	NE (NE, NE)	128	24 (18.8)	104 (81.3)	NE (NE, NE)	0.693 (0.379, 1.269)	0.2258	

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Common Symptoms - Appetite Loss

Subgroup	n	Quizartinib (N=254)			n	Placebo (N=255)			Quizartinib vs Placebo		Interaction P-value [d]
		No. of subjects with events (%)	No. of subjects censored (%)	Median (95 % CI) [a]		No. of subjects with events (%)	No. of subjects censored (%)	Median (95 % CI) [a]	Hazard Ratio (95 % CI) [b]	Unstratified log-rank p-value [c]	
Choice of Anthracycline											0.6929
Daunorubicin	116	19 (16.4)	97 (83.6)	NE (NE, NE)	90	17 (18.9)	73 (81.1)	NE (NE, NE)	0.800 (0.415, 1.543)	0.5069	
Idarubicin	136	28 (20.6)	108 (79.4)	NE (NE, NE)	161	33 (20.5)	128 (79.5)	NE (NE, NE)	0.993 (0.600, 1.644)	0.9687	

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		No. of subjects with events (%)	No. of subjects censored (%)	Median (95 % CI) [a]		No. of subjects with events (%)	No. of subjects censored (%)	Median (95 % CI) [a]	Hazard Ratio (95 % CI) [b]	Unstratified log-rank p-value [c]	
AML Cytogenetic Risk Score											0.5700
Favorable	12	1 (8.3)	11 (91.7)	NE (0.7, NE)	16	7 (43.8)	9 (56.3)	NE (1.3, NE)	0.245 (0.030, 1.996)	0.1544	
Intermediate	186	38 (20.4)	148 (79.6)	NE (NE, NE)	180	32 (17.8)	148 (82.2)	NE (NE, NE)	1.056 (0.659, 1.691)	0.8200	
Unfavorable	19	0	19 (100)	NE (NE, NE)	26	5 (19.2)	21 (80.8)	NE (NE, NE)	0.000 (0.000, NE)	0.0806	
Unknown	35	8 (22.9)	27 (77.1)	NE (3.3, NE)	30	8 (26.7)	22 (73.3)	NE (3.0, NE)	0.924 (0.346, 2.470)	0.8753	

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 Table 2.20.3 EORTC QLQ-C30 - Definitive deterioration - Time-to-event analysis - subgroup analysis - DCO 13-Aug-2021 - PRO Intent to Treat Analysis Set

Common Symptoms - Appetite Loss

Subgroup	n	Quizartinib (N=254)			n	Placebo (N=255)			Quizartinib vs Placebo		Interaction P-value [d]
		No. of subjects with events (%)	No. of subjects censored (%)	Median (95 % CI) [a]		No. of subjects with events (%)	No. of subjects censored (%)	Median (95 % CI) [a]	Hazard Ratio (95 % CI) [b]	Unstratified log-rank p-value [c]	
ECOG Performance Status at Baseline											0.9410
0 - Fully Active	82	14 (17.1)	68 (82.9)	NE (NE, NE)	92	17 (18.5)	75 (81.5)	NE (NE, NE)	0.875 (0.430, 1.780)	0.7063	
1 - Restricted in Physically Strenuous Activity	126	26 (20.6)	100 (79.4)	NE (NE, NE)	126	30 (23.8)	96 (76.2)	NE (NE, NE)	0.860 (0.508, 1.454)	0.5701	
2 - Ambulatory and Capable of All Selfcare	44	7 (15.9)	37 (84.1)	NE (14.3, NE)	34	5 (14.7)	29 (85.3)	NE (6.6, NE)	0.890 (0.276, 2.869)	0.8491	

N: number of subjects in analysis set; n: number of subjects in subgroup category with complete PRO baseline; %: proportion of number of subjects in n; CI: confidence interval; NE: not estimable. PRO: Patient Reported Outcome. A Minimal Clinically Important Difference of 10 is considered in this table.
 [a] Median time to first event is from Kaplan-Meier estimate. Confidence Interval for median was computed using the Brookmeyer-Crowley method.
 [b] Hazard ratio is from unstratified Cox proportional hazards model with treatment as the only categorical variable in the model. Confidence limits are based on the Wald test.
 [c] Two-sided p-value from unstratified log-rank test.
 [d] Two-sided interaction p-value is for the interaction term from unstratified Cox proportional hazards model with treatment, subgroup, and treatment-by-subgroup interaction as categorical variables in the model. The p-value is based on the Wald test.
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		No. of subjects with events (%)	No. of subjects censored (%)	Median (95 % CI) [a]	n	No. of subjects with events (%)	No. of subjects censored (%)	Median (95 % CI) [a]	Hazard Ratio (95 % CI) [b]	
FLT3-ITD category at Baseline										0.8158
≥3 to ≤25%	88	16 (18.2)	72 (81.8)	NE (NE, NE)	92	19 (20.7)	73 (79.3)	NE (NE, NE)	0.923 (0.475, 1.796)	0.8039
>25% to ≤50%	135	25 (18.5)	110 (81.5)	NE (NE, NE)	128	25 (19.5)	103 (80.5)	NE (NE, NE)	0.895 (0.513, 1.561)	0.6946
>50%	28	5 (17.9)	23 (82.1)	NE (NE, NE)	33	8 (24.2)	25 (75.8)	NE (3.0, NE)	0.643 (0.210, 1.968)	0.4328

N: number of subjects in analysis set; n: number of subjects in subgroup category with complete PRO baseline; %: proportion of number of subjects in n; CI: confidence interval; NE: not estimable. PRO: Patient Reported Outcome. A Minimal Clinically Important Difference of 10 is considered in this table.
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Common Symptoms - Appetite Loss

Subgroup	n	Quizartinib (N=254)				Placebo (N=255)				Quizartinib vs Placebo		Interaction P-value [d]
		No. of subjects with events (%)	No. of subjects censored (%)	Median (95 % CI) [a]	n	No. of subjects with events (%)	No. of subjects censored (%)	Median (95 % CI) [a]	Hazard Ratio (95 % CI) [b]	Unstratified log-rank p-value [c]		
AML with Mutated NPM1											0.7291	
Yes	130	21 (16.2)	109 (83.8)	NE (NE, NE)	131	25 (19.1)	106 (80.9)	NE (NE, NE)	0.875 (0.489, 1.564)	0.6450		
No	112	24 (21.4)	88 (78.6)	NE (15.1, NE)	111	21 (18.9)	90 (81.1)	NE (NE, NE)	0.992 (0.552, 1.785)	0.9733		

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Common Symptoms - Appetite Loss

Subgroup	n	Quizartinib (N=254)			n	Placebo (N=255)			Quizartinib vs Placebo		Interaction P-value [d]
		No. of subjects with events (%)	No. of subjects censored (%)	Median (95 % CI) [a]		No. of subjects with events (%)	No. of subjects censored (%)	Median (95 % CI) [a]	Hazard Ratio (95 % CI) [b]	Unstratified log-rank p-value [c]	
Age by 2 categories											0.2318
≤60	157	30 (19.1)	127 (80.9)	NE (NE, NE)	154	36 (23.4)	118 (76.6)	NE (NE, NE)	0.736 (0.453, 1.197)	0.2136	
>60	95	17 (17.9)	78 (82.1)	NE (NE, NE)	99	16 (16.2)	83 (83.8)	NE (NE, NE)	1.222 (0.617, 2.420)	0.5690	

N: number of subjects in analysis set; n: number of subjects in subgroup category with complete PRO baseline; %: proportion of number of subjects in n; CI: confidence interval; NE: not estimable. PRO: Patient Reported Outcome. A Minimal Clinically Important Difference of 10 is considered in this table. [a] Median time to first event is from Kaplan-Meier estimate. Confidence Interval for median was computed using the Brookmeyer-Crowley method. [b] Hazard ratio is from unstratified Cox proportional hazards model with treatment as the only categorical variable in the model. Confidence limits are based on the Wald test. [c] Two-sided p-value from unstratified log-rank test. [d] Two-sided interaction p-value is for the interaction term from unstratified Cox proportional hazards model with treatment, subgroup, and treatment-by-subgroup interaction as categorical variables in the model. The p-value is based on the Wald test.
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Common Symptoms - Constipation

Subgroup	n	Quizartinib (N=254)				Placebo (N=255)				Quizartinib vs Placebo		Interaction P-value [d]
		No. of subjects with events (%)	No. of subjects censored (%)	Median (95 % CI) [a]	n	No. of subjects with events (%)	No. of subjects censored (%)	Median (95 % CI) [a]	Hazard Ratio (95 % CI) [b]	Unstratified log-rank p-value [c]		
Pooled Age Group 2											0.0792	
<60	152	37 (24.3)	115 (75.7)	NE (30.8, NE)	151	47 (31.1)	104 (68.9)	19.3 (9.9, NE)	0.683 (0.444, 1.052)	0.0824		
≥60 - <65	36	8 (22.2)	28 (77.8)	NE (2.6, NE)	43	15 (34.9)	28 (65.1)	4.4 (2.3, NE)	0.569 (0.239, 1.353)	0.1929		
≥65	64	18 (28.1)	46 (71.9)	5.4 (3.0, NE)	59	13 (22.0)	46 (78.0)	NE (4.1, NE)	1.589 (0.778, 3.245)	0.1988		

N: number of subjects in analysis set; n: number of subjects in subgroup category with complete PRO baseline; %: proportion of number of subjects in n; CI: confidence interval; NE: not estimable. PRO: Patient Reported Outcome. A Minimal Clinically Important Difference of 10 is considered in this table.
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Common Symptoms - Constipation

Subgroup	n	Quizartinib (N=254)			n	Placebo (N=255)			Quizartinib vs Placebo		Interaction P-value [d]
		No. of subjects with events (%)	No. of subjects censored (%)	Median (95 % CI) [a]		No. of subjects with events (%)	No. of subjects censored (%)	Median (95 % CI) [a]	Hazard Ratio (95 % CI) [b]	Unstratified log-rank p-value [c]	
Sex											0.1379
Male	120	32 (26.7)	88 (73.3)	NE (5.8, NE)	109	25 (22.9)	84 (77.1)	NE (14.9, NE)	1.062 (0.628, 1.796)	0.8239	
Female	132	31 (23.5)	101 (76.5)	NE (NE, NE)	144	50 (34.7)	94 (65.3)	15.0 (4.4, NE)	0.650 (0.415, 1.019)	0.0584	

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Common Symptoms - Constipation

Subgroup	n	Quizartinib (N=254)				Placebo (N=255)				Quizartinib vs Placebo		Interaction P-value [d]
		No. of subjects with events (%)	No. of subjects censored (%)	Median (95 % CI) [a]	n	No. of subjects with events (%)	No. of subjects censored (%)	Median (95 % CI) [a]	Hazard Ratio (95 % CI) [b]	Unstratified log-rank p-value [c]		
Race by 2 categories											0.9685	
White	150	34 (22.7)	116 (77.3)	NE (NE, NE)	151	38 (25.2)	113 (74.8)	NE (14.9, NE)	0.825 (0.519, 1.312)	0.4205		
Non-white	102	29 (28.4)	73 (71.6)	30.8 (4.0, NE)	102	37 (36.3)	65 (63.7)	5.7 (2.5, NE)	0.789 (0.485, 1.284)	0.3377		

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Common Symptoms - Constipation

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		No. of subjects with events (%)	No. of subjects censored (%)	Median (95 % CI) [a]	n	No. of subjects with events (%)	No. of subjects censored (%)	Median (95 % CI) [a]	Hazard Ratio (95 % CI) [b]	Unstratified log-rank p-value [c]		
Geographic Region 1											0.8461	
North America	16	3 (18.8)	13 (81.3)	NE (0.7, NE)	16	7 (43.8)	9 (56.3)	2.9 (0.8, NE)	0.592 (0.153, 2.300)	0.4396		
Europe	150	34 (22.7)	116 (77.3)	NE (NE, NE)	150	38 (25.3)	112 (74.7)	NE (14.9, NE)	0.806 (0.507, 1.281)	0.3626		
Asia/Other Regions	86	26 (30.2)	60 (69.8)	30.8 (4.0, NE)	87	30 (34.5)	57 (65.5)	12.4 (2.4, NE)	0.857 (0.506, 1.450)	0.5613		

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		No. of subjects with events (%)	No. of subjects censored (%)	Median (95 % CI) [a]	n	No. of subjects with events (%)	No. of subjects censored (%)	Median (95 % CI) [a]	Hazard Ratio (95 % CI) [b]	Unstratified log-rank p-value [c]		
WBC at initial diagnosis												0.6527
< 40x10 ⁹ /L	128	32 (25.0)	96 (75.0)	NE (5.8, NE)	125	41 (32.8)	84 (67.2)	NE (5.7, NE)	0.865 (0.544, 1.373)	0.5359		
≥ 40x10 ⁹ /L	124	31 (25.0)	93 (75.0)	NE (13.6, NE)	128	34 (26.6)	94 (73.4)	19.3 (4.4, NE)	0.713 (0.437, 1.164)	0.1746		

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		No. of subjects with events (%)	No. of subjects censored (%)	Median (95 % CI) [a]	n	No. of subjects with events (%)	No. of subjects censored (%)	Median (95 % CI) [a]	Hazard Ratio (95 % CI) [b]	Unstratified log-rank p-value [c]		
Choice of Anthracycline												0.6168
Daunorubicin	116	28 (24.1)	88 (75.9)	NE (10.4, NE)	90	27 (30.0)	63 (70.0)	15.0 (4.1, NE)	0.731 (0.430, 1.242)	0.2416		
Idarubicin	136	35 (25.7)	101 (74.3)	NE (30.8, NE)	161	47 (29.2)	114 (70.8)	NE (5.7, NE)	0.865 (0.558, 1.341)	0.5203		

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Subgroup	n	Quizartinib (N=254)				Placebo (N=255)				Quizartinib vs Placebo		Interaction P-value [d]
		No. of subjects with events (%)	No. of subjects censored (%)	Median (95 % CI) [a]	n	No. of subjects with events (%)	No. of subjects censored (%)	Median (95 % CI) [a]	Hazard Ratio (95 % CI) [b]	Unstratified log-rank p-value [c]		
AML Cytogenetic Risk Score											0.7172	
Favorable	12	4 (33.3)	8 (66.7)	10.8 (0.7, NE)	16	9 (56.3)	7 (43.8)	4.4 (1.5, NE)	0.784 (0.241, 2.553)	0.6686		
Intermediate	186	49 (26.3)	137 (73.7)	NE (13.6, NE)	180	55 (30.6)	125 (69.4)	19.3 (3.1, NE)	0.748 (0.509, 1.100)	0.1399		
Unfavorable	19	5 (26.3)	14 (73.7)	10.4 (1.8, NE)	26	5 (19.2)	21 (80.8)	NE (3.0, NE)	1.550 (0.447, 5.381)	0.4865		
Unknown	35	5 (14.3)	30 (85.7)	NE (5.4, NE)	30	6 (20.0)	24 (80.0)	NE (4.1, NE)	0.777 (0.235, 2.563)	0.6773		

N: number of subjects in analysis set; n: number of subjects in subgroup category with complete PRO baseline; %: proportion of number of subjects in n; CI: confidence interval; NE: not estimable. PRO: Patient Reported Outcome. A Minimal Clinically Important Difference of 10 is considered in this table. [a] Median time to first event is from Kaplan-Meier estimate. Confidence Interval for median was computed using the Brookmeyer-Crowley method. [b] Hazard ratio is from unstratified Cox proportional hazards model with treatment as the only categorical variable in the model. Confidence limits are based on the Wald test. [c] Two-sided p-value from unstratified log-rank test. [d] Two-sided interaction p-value is for the interaction term from unstratified Cox proportional hazards model with treatment, subgroup, and treatment-by-subgroup interaction as categorical variables in the model. The p-value is based on the Wald test.
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Medizinischer Nutzen, medizinischer Zusatznutzen, Patientengruppen mit therap. bedeutsamem Zusatznutzen

Daichi Sankyo | Data Intelligence – Evidence Generation | AC220-A-U302 QUANTUM-First (DCO 13 Aug 2021) | Statistical analyses for AMNOG (HTA Germany)
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Common Symptoms - Constipation

Subgroup	n	Quizartinib (N=254)			n	Placebo (N=255)			Quizartinib vs Placebo		Interaction P-value [d]
		No. of subjects with events (%)	No. of subjects censored (%)	Median (95 % CI) [a]		No. of subjects with events (%)	No. of subjects censored (%)	Median (95 % CI) [a]	Hazard Ratio (95 % CI) [b]	Unstratified log-rank p-value [c]	
ECOG Performance Status at Baseline											0.9970
0 - Fully Active	82	22 (26.8)	60 (73.2)	NE (5.8, NE)	92	29 (31.5)	63 (68.5)	NE (3.0, NE)	0.800 (0.460, 1.394)	0.4297	
1 - Restricted in Physically Strenuous Activity	126	31 (24.6)	95 (75.4)	NE (30.8, NE)	126	36 (28.6)	90 (71.4)	NE (4.1, NE)	0.808 (0.499, 1.307)	0.3857	
2 - Ambulatory and Capable of All Selfcare	44	10 (22.7)	34 (77.3)	NE (2.7, NE)	34	10 (29.4)	24 (70.6)	12.4 (2.0, NE)	0.728 (0.301, 1.764)	0.4840	

N: number of subjects in analysis set; n: number of subjects in subgroup category with complete PRO baseline; %: proportion of number of subjects in n; CI: confidence interval; NE: not estimable. PRO: Patient Reported Outcome. A Minimal Clinically Important Difference of 10 is considered in this table.
 [a] Median time to first event is from Kaplan-Meier estimate. Confidence Interval for median was computed using the Brookmeyer-Crowley method.
 [b] Hazard ratio is from unstratified Cox proportional hazards model with treatment as the only categorical variable in the model. Confidence limits are based on the Wald test.
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Common Symptoms - Constipation

Subgroup	n	Quizartinib (N=254)			n	Placebo (N=255)			Quizartinib vs Placebo		Interaction	
		No. of subjects with events (%)	No. of subjects censored (%)	Median (95 % CI) [a]		No. of subjects with events (%)	No. of subjects censored (%)	Median (95 % CI) [a]	Hazard Ratio (95 % CI) [b]	Unstratified log-rank p-value [c]	P-value [d]	
FLT3-ITD category at Baseline											0.7227	
≥3 to ≤25%	88	18 (20.5)	70 (79.5)	NE (NE, NE)	92	30 (32.6)	62 (67.4)	NE (3.1, NE)	0.649 (0.362, 1.164)	0.1433		
>25% to ≤50%	135	36 (26.7)	99 (73.3)	NE (10.4, NE)	128	37 (28.9)	91 (71.1)	19.3 (4.4, NE)	0.821 (0.517, 1.302)	0.4014		
>50%	28	8 (28.6)	20 (71.4)	NE (2.1, NE)	33	8 (24.2)	25 (75.8)	NE (2.9, NE)	1.007 (0.377, 2.686)	0.9863		

N: number of subjects in analysis set; n: number of subjects in subgroup category with complete PRO baseline; %: proportion of number of subjects in n; CI: confidence interval; NE: not estimable. PRO: Patient Reported Outcome. A Minimal Clinically Important Difference of 10 is considered in this table.
 [a] Median time to first event is from Kaplan-Meier estimate. Confidence Interval for median was computed using the Brookmeyer-Crowley method.
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Common Symptoms - Constipation

Subgroup	n	Quizartinib (N=254)			Placebo (N=255)			Quizartinib vs Placebo		Interaction P-value [d]
		No. of subjects with events (%)	No. of subjects censored (%)	Median (95 % CI) [a]	n	No. of subjects with events (%)	No. of subjects censored (%)	Median (95 % CI) [a]	Hazard Ratio (95 % CI) [b]	
AML with Mutated NPM1										0.8241
Yes	130	35 (26.9)	95 (73.1)	NE (10.8, NE)	131	44 (33.6)	87 (66.4)	NE (5.7, NE)	0.750 (0.481, 1.171)	0.2058
No	112	26 (23.2)	86 (76.8)	NE (6.4, NE)	111	28 (25.2)	83 (74.8)	19.3 (4.1, NE)	0.832 (0.487, 1.419)	0.5006

N: number of subjects in analysis set; n: number of subjects in subgroup category with complete PRO baseline; %: proportion of number of subjects in n; CI: confidence interval; NE: not estimable. PRO: Patient Reported Outcome. A Minimal Clinically Important Difference of 10 is considered in this table. [a] Median time to first event is from Kaplan-Meier estimate. Confidence Interval for median was computed using the Brookmeyer-Crowley method. [b] Hazard ratio is from unstratified Cox proportional hazards model with treatment as the only categorical variable in the model. Confidence limits are based on the Wald test. [c] Two-sided p-value from unstratified log-rank test. [d] Two-sided interaction p-value is for the interaction term from unstratified Cox proportional hazards model with treatment, subgroup, and treatment-by-subgroup interaction as categorical variables in the model. The p-value is based on the Wald test.
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Common Symptoms - Constipation

Subgroup	n	Quizartinib (N=254)				Placebo (N=255)			Quizartinib vs Placebo		Interaction P-value [d]
		No. of subjects with events (%)	No. of subjects censored (%)	Median (95 % CI) [a]	n	No. of subjects with events (%)	No. of subjects censored (%)	Median (95 % CI) [a]	Hazard Ratio (95 % CI) [b]	Unstratified log-rank p-value [c]	
Age by 2 categories											0.2640
≤60	157	38 (24.2)	119 (75.8)	NE (30.8, NE)	154	47 (30.5)	107 (69.5)	19.3 (9.9, NE)	0.695 (0.453, 1.067)	0.0949	
>60	95	25 (26.3)	70 (73.7)	NE (4.0, NE)	99	28 (28.3)	71 (71.7)	NE (3.6, NE)	1.006 (0.586, 1.728)	0.9860	

N: number of subjects in analysis set; n: number of subjects in subgroup category with complete PRO baseline; %: proportion of number of subjects in n; CI: confidence interval; NE: not estimable. PRO: Patient Reported Outcome. A Minimal Clinically Important Difference of 10 is considered in this table.
 [a] Median time to first event is from Kaplan-Meier estimate. Confidence Interval for median was computed using the Brookmeyer-Crowley method.
 [b] Hazard ratio is from unstratified Cox proportional hazards model with treatment as the only categorical variable in the model. Confidence limits are based on the Wald test.
 [c] Two-sided p-value from unstratified log-rank test.
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Common Symptoms - Diarrhea

Subgroup	n	Quizartinib (N=254)				Placebo (N=255)				Quizartinib vs Placebo		Interaction P-value [d]
		No. of subjects with events (%)	No. of subjects censored (%)	Median CI [a]	(95 % n	No. of subjects with events (%)	No. of subjects censored (%)	Median (95 % CI [a]	Hazard Ratio (95 % CI [b]	Unstratified log-rank p-value [c]		
Pooled Age Group 2												0.6069
<60	152	29 (19.1)	123 (80.9)	NE (36.7, NE)	151	27 (17.9)	124 (82.1)	NE (32.5, NE)	0.961 (0.568, 1.626)	0.8778		
≥60 - <65	36	5 (13.9)	31 (86.1)	NE (14.9, NE)	43	3 (7.0)	40 (93.0)	NE (8.0, NE)	1.721 (0.410, 7.225)	0.4531		
≥65	64	12 (18.8)	52 (81.3)	21.3 (11.7, NE)	59	15 (25.4)	44 (74.6)	NE (4.1, NE)	0.827 (0.386, 1.768)	0.6239		

N: number of subjects in analysis set; n: number of subjects in subgroup category with complete PRO baseline; %: proportion of number of subjects in n; CI: confidence interval; NE: not estimable. PRO: Patient Reported Outcome. A Minimal Clinically Important Difference of 10 is considered in this table.
 [a] Median time to first event is from Kaplan-Meier estimate. Confidence Interval for median was computed using the Brookmeyer-Crowley method.
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Common Symptoms - Diarrhea

Subgroup	n	Quizartinib (N=254)				Placebo (N=255)				Quizartinib vs Placebo		Interaction P-value [d]
		No. of subjects with events (%)	No. of subjects censored (%)	Median (95 % CI) [a]	n	No. of subjects with events (%)	No. of subjects censored (%)	Median (95 % CI) [a]	Hazard Ratio (95 % CI) [b]	Unstratified log-rank p-value [c]		
Sex												0.7125
Male	120	20 (16.7)	100 (83.3)	NE (NE, NE)	109	16 (14.7)	93 (85.3)	NE (NE, NE)	1.108 (0.573, 2.139)	0.7596		
Female	132	26 (19.7)	106 (80.3)	NE (21.3, NE)	144	29 (20.1)	115 (79.9)	NE (22.6, NE)	0.914 (0.537, 1.555)	0.7366		

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 [a] Median time to first event is from Kaplan-Meier estimate. Confidence Interval for median was computed using the Brookmeyer-Crowley method.
 [b] Hazard ratio is from unstratified Cox proportional hazards model with treatment as the only categorical variable in the model. Confidence limits are based on the Wald test.
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Common Symptoms - Diarrhea

Subgroup	n	Quizartinib (N=254)			Placebo (N=255)			Quizartinib vs Placebo		Interaction P-value [d]
		No. of subjects with events (%)	No. of subjects censored (%)	Median (95 % CI) [a]	n	No. of subjects with events (%)	No. of subjects censored (%)	Median (95 % CI) [a]	Hazard Ratio (95 % CI) [b]	
Race by 2 categories										0.7250
White	150	31 (20.7)	119 (79.3)	NE (21.3, NE)	151	30 (19.9)	121 (80.1)	NE (22.6, NE)	0.909 (0.549, 1.505)	0.7056
Non-white	102	15 (14.7)	87 (85.3)	NE (NE, NE)	102	15 (14.7)	87 (85.3)	NE (32.5, NE)	1.084 (0.530, 2.218)	0.8237

N: number of subjects in analysis set; n: number of subjects in subgroup category with complete PRO baseline; %: proportion of number of subjects in n; CI: confidence interval; NE: not estimable. PRO: Patient Reported Outcome. A Minimal Clinically Important Difference of 10 is considered in this table.
 [a] Median time to first event is from Kaplan-Meier estimate. Confidence Interval for median was computed using the Brookmeyer-Crowley method.
 [b] Hazard ratio is from unstratified Cox proportional hazards model with treatment as the only categorical variable in the model. Confidence limits are based on the Wald test.
 [c] Two-sided p-value from unstratified log-rank test.
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Common Symptoms - Diarrhea

Subgroup	n	Quizartinib (N=254)				Placebo (N=255)				Quizartinib vs Placebo		Interaction
		No. of subjects with events (%)	No. of subjects censored (%)	Median (95 % CI) [a]	n	No. of subjects with events (%)	No. of subjects censored (%)	Median (95 % CI) [a]	Hazard Ratio (95 % CI) [b]	Unstratified log-rank p-value [c]	P-value [d]	
Geographic Region 1											0.8715	
North America	16	2 (12.5)	14 (87.5)	NE (0.7, NE)	16	2 (12.5)	14 (87.5)	NE (2.9, NE)	2.042 (0.286, 14.564)	0.4673		
Europe	150	33 (22.0)	117 (78.0)	36.7 (21.3, NE)	150	31 (20.7)	119 (79.3)	NE (18.9, NE)	0.939 (0.574, 1.536)	0.7954		
Asia/Other Regions	86	11 (12.8)	75 (87.2)	NE (NE, NE)	87	12 (13.8)	75 (86.2)	NE (32.5, NE)	0.906 (0.400, 2.056)	0.8129		

N: number of subjects in analysis set; n: number of subjects in subgroup category with complete PRO baseline; %: proportion of number of subjects in n; CI: confidence interval; NE: not estimable. PRO: Patient Reported Outcome. A Minimal Clinically Important Difference of 10 is considered in this table.
 [a] Median time to first event is from Kaplan-Meier estimate. Confidence Interval for median was computed using the Brookmeyer-Crowley method.
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 [c] Two-sided p-value from unstratified log-rank test.
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Common Symptoms - Diarrhea

Subgroup	n	Quizartinib (N=254)				Placebo (N=255)				Quizartinib vs Placebo		Interaction P-value [d]
		No. of subjects with events (%)	No. of subjects censored (%)	Median (95 % CI) [a]	n	No. of subjects with events (%)	No. of subjects censored (%)	Median (95 % CI) [a]	Hazard Ratio (95 % CI) [b]	Unstratified log-rank p-value [c]		
WBC at initial diagnosis												0.4094
< 40x10 ⁹ /L	128	24 (18.8)	104 (81.3)	NE (21.3, NE)	125	22 (17.6)	103 (82.4)	NE (NE, NE)	1.180 (0.661, 2.105)	0.5742		
≥ 40x10 ⁹ /L	124	22 (17.7)	102 (82.3)	NE (36.7, NE)	128	23 (18.0)	105 (82.0)	NE (22.6, NE)	0.819 (0.455, 1.473)	0.4987		

N: number of subjects in analysis set; n: number of subjects in subgroup category with complete PRO baseline; %: proportion of number of subjects in n; CI: confidence interval; NE: not estimable. PRO: Patient Reported Outcome. A Minimal Clinically Important Difference of 10 is considered in this table.
 [a] Median time to first event is from Kaplan-Meier estimate. Confidence Interval for median was computed using the Brookmeyer-Crowley method.
 [b] Hazard ratio is from unstratified Cox proportional hazards model with treatment as the only categorical variable in the model. Confidence limits are based on the Wald test.
 [c] Two-sided p-value from unstratified log-rank test.
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Common Symptoms - Diarrhea

Subgroup	n	Quizartinib (N=254)				Placebo (N=255)				Quizartinib vs Placebo		Interaction	
		No. of subjects with events (%)	No. of subjects censored (%)	Median (95 % CI) [a]	n	No. of subjects with events (%)	No. of subjects censored (%)	Median (95 % CI) [a]	n	Hazard Ratio (95 % CI) [b]	Unstratified log-rank p-value [c]	P-value [d]	
Choice of Anthracycline												0.0936	
Daunorubicin	116	24 (20.7)	92 (79.3)	36.7 (14.9, NE)	90	11 (12.2)	79 (87.8)	NE (NE, NE)	1.544 (0.755, 3.158)	0.2300			
Idarubicin	136	22 (16.2)	114 (83.8)	NE (NE, NE)	161	34 (21.1)	127 (78.9)	NE (32.5, NE)	0.750 (0.438, 1.282)	0.2855			

N: number of subjects in analysis set; n: number of subjects in subgroup category with complete PRO baseline; %: proportion of number of subjects in n; CI: confidence interval; NE: not estimable. PRO: Patient Reported Outcome. A Minimal Clinically Important Difference of 10 is considered in this table.
 [a] Median time to first event is from Kaplan-Meier estimate. Confidence Interval for median was computed using the Brookmeyer-Crowley method.
 [b] Hazard ratio is from unstratified Cox proportional hazards model with treatment as the only categorical variable in the model. Confidence limits are based on the Wald test.
 [c] Two-sided p-value from unstratified log-rank test.
 [d] Two-sided interaction p-value is for the interaction term from unstratified Cox proportional hazards model with treatment, subgroup, and treatment-by-subgroup interaction as categorical variables in the model. The p-value is based on the Wald test.
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Medizinischer Nutzen, medizinischer Zusatznutzen, Patientengruppen mit therap. bedeutsamem Zusatznutzen

Daiichi Sankyo | Data Intelligence – Evidence Generation | AC220-A-U302 QUANTUM-First (DCO 13 Aug 2021) | Statistical analyses for AMNOG (HTA Germany)
 Table 2.20.3 EORTC QLQ-C30 - Definitive deterioration - Time-to-event analysis - subgroup analysis - DCO 13-Aug-2021 - PRO Intent to Treat Analysis Set

Common Symptoms - Diarrhea

Subgroup	n	Quizartinib (N=254)			n	Placebo (N=255)			Quizartinib vs Placebo		Interaction	
		No. of subjects with events (%)	No. of subjects censored (%)	Median (95 % CI) [a]		No. of subjects with events (%)	No. of subjects censored (%)	Median (95 % CI) [a]	Hazard Ratio (95 % CI) [b]	Unstratified log-rank p-value [c]	P-value [d]	
AML Cytogenetic Risk Score											0.8999	
Favorable	12	1 (8.3)	11 (91.7)	NE (11.7, NE)	16	3 (18.8)	13 (81.3)	NE (2.0, NE)	0.530 (0.055, 5.096)	0.5758		
Intermediate	186	32 (17.2)	154 (82.8)	NE (NE, NE)	180	27 (15.0)	153 (85.0)	NE (32.5, NE)	1.026 (0.614, 1.714)	0.9237		
Unfavorable	19	3 (15.8)	16 (84.2)	36.7 (0.7, NE)	26	3 (11.5)	23 (88.5)	18.9 (18.9, NE)	0.993 (0.155, 6.375)	0.9937		
Unknown	35	10 (28.6)	25 (71.4)	21.3 (5.3, NE)	30	11 (36.7)	19 (63.3)	8.5 (2.9, NE)	0.825 (0.349, 1.953)	0.6538		

N: number of subjects in analysis set; n: number of subjects in subgroup category with complete PRO baseline; %: proportion of number of subjects in n; CI: confidence interval; NE: not estimable. PRO: Patient Reported Outcome. A Minimal Clinically Important Difference of 10 is considered in this table. [a] Median time to first event is from Kaplan-Meier estimate. Confidence Interval for median was computed using the Brookmeyer-Crowley method. [b] Hazard ratio is from unstratified Cox proportional hazards model with treatment as the only categorical variable in the model. Confidence limits are based on the Wald test. [c] Two-sided p-value from unstratified log-rank test. [d] Two-sided interaction p-value is for the interaction term from unstratified Cox proportional hazards model with treatment, subgroup, and treatment-by-subgroup interaction as categorical variables in the model. The p-value is based on the Wald test.
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Common Symptoms - Diarrhea

Subgroup	n	Quizartinib (N=254)			n	Placebo (N=255)			Quizartinib vs Placebo		Interaction P-value [d]
		No. of subjects with events (%)	No. of subjects censored (%)	Median (95 % CI) [a]		No. of subjects with events (%)	No. of subjects censored (%)	Median (95 % CI) [a]	Hazard Ratio (95 % CI) [b]	Unstratified log-rank p-value [c]	
ECOG Performance Status at Baseline											0.4012
0 - Fully Active	82	18 (22.0)	64 (78.0)	NE (21.3, NE)	92	19 (20.7)	73 (79.3)	NE (18.9, NE)	0.988 (0.517, 1.889)	0.9667	
1 - Restricted in Physically Strenuous Activity	126	21 (16.7)	105 (83.3)	NE (NE, NE)	126	24 (19.0)	102 (81.0)	NE (NE, NE)	0.836 (0.465, 1.503)	0.5497	
2 - Ambulatory and Capable of All Selfcare	44	7 (15.9)	37 (84.1)	NE (9.0, NE)	34	2 (5.9)	32 (94.1)	32.5 (32.5, NE)	2.415 (0.491, 11.869)	0.2649	

N: number of subjects in analysis set; n: number of subjects in subgroup category with complete PRO baseline; %: proportion of number of subjects in n; CI: confidence interval; NE: not estimable. PRO: Patient Reported Outcome. A Minimal Clinically Important Difference of 10 is considered in this table.
 [a] Median time to first event is from Kaplan-Meier estimate. Confidence Interval for median was computed using the Brookmeyer-Crowley method.
 [b] Hazard ratio is from unstratified Cox proportional hazards model with treatment as the only categorical variable in the model. Confidence limits are based on the Wald test.
 [c] Two-sided p-value from unstratified log-rank test.
 [d] Two-sided interaction p-value is for the interaction term from unstratified Cox proportional hazards model with treatment, subgroup, and treatment-by-subgroup interaction as categorical variables in the model. The p-value is based on the Wald test.
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Common Symptoms - Diarrhea

Subgroup	n	Quizartinib (N=254)			n	Placebo (N=255)			Quizartinib vs Placebo		Interaction	
		No. of subjects with events (%)	No. of subjects censored (%)	Median (95 % CI) [a]		No. of subjects with events (%)	No. of subjects censored (%)	Median (95 % CI) [a]	Hazard Ratio (95 % CI) [b]	Unstratified log-rank p-value [c]	P-value [d]	
FLT3-ITD category at Baseline											0.3573	
≥3 to ≤25%	88	17 (19.3)	71 (80.7)	NE (14.9, NE)	92	21 (22.8)	71 (77.2)	NE (18.9, NE)	0.906 (0.477, 1.718)	0.7601		
>25% to ≤50%	135	25 (18.5)	110 (81.5)	NE (36.7, NE)	128	17 (13.3)	111 (86.7)	NE (NE, NE)	1.324 (0.715, 2.454)	0.3691		
>50%	28	4 (14.3)	24 (85.7)	NE (NE, NE)	33	7 (21.2)	26 (78.8)	32.5 (3.0, NE)	0.600 (0.175, 2.055)	0.3952		

N: number of subjects in analysis set; n: number of subjects in subgroup category with complete PRO baseline; %: proportion of number of subjects in n; CI: confidence interval; NE: not estimable. PRO: Patient Reported Outcome. A Minimal Clinically Important Difference of 10 is considered in this table.
 [a] Median time to first event is from Kaplan-Meier estimate. Confidence Interval for median was computed using the Brookmeyer-Crowley method.
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Common Symptoms - Diarrhea

Subgroup	n	Quizartinib (N=254)				Placebo (N=255)				Quizartinib vs Placebo		Interaction P-value [d]
		No. of subjects with events (%)	No. of subjects censored (%)	Median CI [a]	(95 % n	No. of subjects with events (%)	No. of subjects censored (%)	Median (95 % CI [a]	Hazard Ratio (95 % CI) [b]	Unstratified log-rank p-value [c]		
AML with Mutated NPM1												0.3433
Yes	130	22 (16.9)	108 (83.1)	NE (NE, NE)	131	26 (19.8)	105 (80.2)	NE (32.5, NE)	0.801 (0.453, 1.417)	0.4414		
No	112	22 (19.6)	90 (80.4)	36.7 (10.8, NE)	111	18 (16.2)	93 (83.8)	NE (18.9, NE)	1.176 (0.629, 2.199)	0.6123		

N: number of subjects in analysis set; n: number of subjects in subgroup category with complete PRO baseline; %: proportion of number of subjects in n; CI: confidence interval; NE: not estimable. PRO: Patient Reported Outcome. A Minimal Clinically Important Difference of 10 is considered in this table.
 [a] Median time to first event is from Kaplan-Meier estimate. Confidence Interval for median was computed using the Brookmeyer-Crowley method.
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Common Symptoms - Diarrhea

Subgroup	n	Quizartinib (N=254)				Placebo (N=255)				Quizartinib vs Placebo		Interaction P-value [d]
		No. of subjects with events (%)	No. of subjects censored (%)	Median (95 % CI) [a]	n	No. of subjects with events (%)	No. of subjects censored (%)	Median (95 % CI) [a]	Hazard Ratio (95 % CI) [b]	Unstratified log-rank p-value [c]		
Age by 2 categories												0.9475
≤60	157	30 (19.1)	127 (80.9)	NE (36.7, NE)	154	27 (17.5)	127 (82.5)	NE (32.5, NE)	0.981 (0.582, 1.653)	0.9379		
>60	95	16 (16.8)	79 (83.2)	NE (14.9, NE)	99	18 (18.2)	81 (81.8)	NE (NE, NE)	0.978 (0.498, 1.920)	0.9475		

N: number of subjects in analysis set; n: number of subjects in subgroup category with complete PRO baseline; %: proportion of number of subjects in n; CI: confidence interval; NE: not estimable. PRO: Patient Reported Outcome. A Minimal Clinically Important Difference of 10 is considered in this table. [a] Median time to first event is from Kaplan-Meier estimate. Confidence Interval for median was computed using the Brookmeyer-Crowley method. [b] Hazard ratio is from unstratified Cox proportional hazards model with treatment as the only categorical variable in the model. Confidence limits are based on the Wald test. [c] Two-sided p-value from unstratified log-rank test. [d] Two-sided interaction p-value is for the interaction term from unstratified Cox proportional hazards model with treatment, subgroup, and treatment-by-subgroup interaction as categorical variables in the model. The p-value is based on the Wald test.
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Common Symptoms - Financial Difficulties

Subgroup	n	Quizartinib (N=254)			Placebo (N=255)			Quizartinib vs Placebo		Interaction P-value [d]
		No. of subjects with events (%)	No. of subjects censored (%)	Median (95 % CI) [a]	n	No. of subjects with events (%)	No. of subjects censored (%)	Median (95 % CI) [a]	Hazard Ratio (95 % CI) [b]	
Pooled Age Group 2										0.5773
<60	149	45 (30.2)	104 (69.8)	NE (7.4, NE)	151	49 (32.5)	102 (67.5)	13.3 (6.7, NE)	0.804 (0.536, 1.207)	0.2933
≥60 - <65	36	11 (30.6)	25 (69.4)	26.6 (1.7, NE)	42	11 (26.2)	31 (73.8)	NE (2.0, NE)	1.121 (0.483, 2.600)	0.7999
≥65	63	15 (23.8)	48 (76.2)	24.4 (3.8, NE)	59	13 (22.0)	46 (78.0)	NE (5.6, NE)	1.213 (0.577, 2.551)	0.6081

N: number of subjects in analysis set; n: number of subjects in subgroup category with complete PRO baseline; %: proportion of number of subjects in n; CI: confidence interval; NE: not estimable. PRO: Patient Reported Outcome. A Minimal Clinically Important Difference of 10 is considered in this table.
 [a] Median time to first event is from Kaplan-Meier estimate. Confidence Interval for median was computed using the Brookmeyer-Crowley method.
 [b] Hazard ratio is from unstratified Cox proportional hazards model with treatment as the only categorical variable in the model. Confidence limits are based on the Wald test.
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Common Symptoms - Financial Difficulties

Subgroup	n	Quizartinib (N=254)				Placebo (N=255)			Quizartinib vs Placebo		Interaction P-value [d]
		No. of subjects with events (%)	No. of subjects censored (%)	Median (95 % CI) [a]	n	No. of subjects with events (%)	No. of subjects censored (%)	Median (95 % CI) [a]	Hazard Ratio (95 % CI) [b]	Unstratified log-rank p-value [c]	
Sex											0.1678
Male	119	31 (26.1)	88 (73.9)	NE (8.0, NE)	109	35 (32.1)	74 (67.9)	15.5 (3.2, NE)	0.712 (0.438, 1.157)	0.1632	
Female	129	40 (31.0)	89 (69.0)	26.6 (5.5, NE)	143	38 (26.6)	105 (73.4)	NE (9.9, NE)	1.117 (0.716, 1.743)	0.6220	

N: number of subjects in analysis set; n: number of subjects in subgroup category with complete PRO baseline; %: proportion of number of subjects in n; CI: confidence interval; NE: not estimable. PRO: Patient Reported Outcome. A Minimal Clinically Important Difference of 10 is considered in this table.
 [a] Median time to first event is from Kaplan-Meier estimate. Confidence Interval for median was computed using the Brookmeyer-Crowley method.
 [b] Hazard ratio is from unstratified Cox proportional hazards model with treatment as the only categorical variable in the model. Confidence limits are based on the Wald test.
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Common Symptoms - Financial Difficulties

Subgroup	n	Quizartinib (N=254)				Placebo (N=255)				Quizartinib vs Placebo		Interaction P-value [d]
		No. of subjects with events (%)	No. of subjects censored (%)	Median (95 % CI) [a]	n	No. of subjects with events (%)	No. of subjects censored (%)	Median (95 % CI) [a]	Hazard Ratio (95 % CI) [b]	Unstratified log-rank p-value [c]		
Race by 2 categories											0.3047	
White	147	49 (33.3)	98 (66.7)	25.3 (4.3, NE)	150	45 (30.0)	105 (70.0)	13.3 (6.7, NE)	1.027 (0.685, 1.541)	0.8990		
Non-white	101	22 (21.8)	79 (78.2)	NE (24.4, NE)	102	28 (27.5)	74 (72.5)	NE (4.7, NE)	0.747 (0.426, 1.307)	0.3014		

N: number of subjects in analysis set; n: number of subjects in subgroup category with complete PRO baseline; %: proportion of number of subjects in n; CI: confidence interval; NE: not estimable. PRO: Patient Reported Outcome. A Minimal Clinically Important Difference of 10 is considered in this table. [a] Median time to first event is from Kaplan-Meier estimate. Confidence Interval for median was computed using the Brookmeyer-Crowley method. [b] Hazard ratio is from unstratified Cox proportional hazards model with treatment as the only categorical variable in the model. Confidence limits are based on the Wald test. [c] Two-sided p-value from unstratified log-rank test. [d] Two-sided interaction p-value is for the interaction term from unstratified Cox proportional hazards model with treatment, subgroup, and treatment-by-subgroup interaction as categorical variables in the model. The p-value is based on the Wald test. Data source: \\AC220-A-U302\Production\Raw Data_Restricted\rstret_eg\rstret_20211102_eg\rstret_valos\20230516_AMNOG\ADAM\ Run date: 15NOV2023 – 13:09; Program name: .sas; Output name: DE_T_2_20_3_QLQC30_DD_SUB_PRO_ITT.rtf

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Common Symptoms - Financial Difficulties

Subgroup	n	Quizartinib (N=254)				Placebo (N=255)				Quizartinib vs Placebo		Interaction
		No. of subjects with events (%)	No. of subjects censored (%)	Median (95 % CI) [a]	n	No. of subjects with events (%)	No. of subjects censored (%)	Median (95 % CI) [a]	Hazard Ratio (95 % CI) [b]	Unstratified log-rank p-value [c]	P-value [d]	
Geographic Region 1											0.6384	
North America	16	4 (25.0)	12 (75.0)	NE (0.7, NE)	16	7 (43.8)	9 (56.3)	4.8 (1.2, NE)	0.969 (0.282, 3.330)	0.9560		
Europe	146	49 (33.6)	97 (66.4)	25.3 (4.3, NE)	149	44 (29.5)	105 (70.5)	15.5 (9.1, NE)	1.033 (0.687, 1.552)	0.8729		
Asia/Other Regions	86	18 (20.9)	68 (79.1)	NE (26.6, NE)	87	22 (25.3)	65 (74.7)	NE (6.7, NE)	0.755 (0.404, 1.412)	0.3706		

N: number of subjects in analysis set; n: number of subjects in subgroup category with complete PRO baseline; %: proportion of number of subjects in n; CI: confidence interval; NE: not estimable. PRO: Patient Reported Outcome. A Minimal Clinically Important Difference of 10 is considered in this table. [a] Median time to first event is from Kaplan-Meier estimate. Confidence Interval for median was computed using the Brookmeyer-Crowley method. [b] Hazard ratio is from unstratified Cox proportional hazards model with treatment as the only categorical variable in the model. Confidence limits are based on the Wald test. [c] Two-sided p-value from unstratified log-rank test. [d] Two-sided interaction p-value is for the interaction term from unstratified Cox proportional hazards model with treatment, subgroup, and treatment-by-subgroup interaction as categorical variables in the model. The p-value is based on the Wald test.
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Common Symptoms - Financial Difficulties

Subgroup	n	Quizartinib (N=254)			n	Placebo (N=255)			Quizartinib vs Placebo		Interaction P-value [d]
		No. of subjects with events (%)	No. of subjects censored (%)	Median (95 % CI) [a]		No. of subjects with events (%)	No. of subjects censored (%)	Median (95 % CI) [a]	Hazard Ratio (95 % CI) [b]	Unstratified log-rank p-value [c]	
WBC at initial diagnosis											0.6230
< 40x10 ⁹ /L	127	37 (29.1)	90 (70.9)	NE (5.1, NE)	125	45 (36.0)	80 (64.0)	9.9 (4.8, NE)	0.867 (0.561, 1.341)	0.5059	
≥ 40x10 ⁹ /L	121	34 (28.1)	87 (71.9)	NE (7.4, NE)	127	28 (22.0)	99 (78.0)	NE (15.5, NE)	1.021 (0.618, 1.686)	0.9247	

N: number of subjects in analysis set; n: number of subjects in subgroup category with complete PRO baseline; %: proportion of number of subjects in n; CI: confidence interval; NE: not estimable. PRO: Patient Reported Outcome. A Minimal Clinically Important Difference of 10 is considered in this table.
 [a] Median time to first event is from Kaplan-Meier estimate. Confidence Interval for median was computed using the Brookmeyer-Crowley method.
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 [c] Two-sided p-value from unstratified log-rank test.
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Medizinischer Nutzen, medizinischer Zusatznutzen, Patientengruppen mit therap. bedeutsamem Zusatznutzen

Daiichi Sankyo | Data Intelligence – Evidence Generation | AC220-A-U302 QUANTUM-First (DCO 13 Aug 2021) | Statistical analyses for AMNOG (HTA Germany)
 Table 2.20.3 EORTC QLQ-C30 - Definitive deterioration - Time-to-event analysis - subgroup analysis - DCO 13-Aug-2021 - PRO Intent to Treat Analysis Set

Common Symptoms - Financial Difficulties

Subgroup	n	Quizartinib (N=254)				Placebo (N=255)			Quizartinib vs Placebo		Interaction P-value [d]
		No. of subjects with events (%)	No. of subjects censored (%)	Median (95 % CI) [a]	n	No. of subjects with events (%)	No. of subjects censored (%)	Median (95 % CI) [a]	Hazard Ratio (95 % CI) [b]	Unstratified log-rank p-value [c]	
Choice of Anthracycline											0.6082
Daunorubicin	115	39 (33.9)	76 (66.1)	8.8 (4.2, NE)	89	29 (32.6)	60 (67.4)	13.3 (2.1, NE)	0.953 (0.588, 1.543)	0.8401	
Idarubicin	133	32 (24.1)	101 (75.9)	NE (26.6, NE)	161	43 (26.7)	118 (73.3)	NE (9.8, NE)	0.807 (0.510, 1.276)	0.3542	

N: number of subjects in analysis set; n: number of subjects in subgroup category with complete PRO baseline; %: proportion of number of subjects in n; CI: confidence interval; NE: not estimable. PRO: Patient Reported Outcome. A Minimal Clinically Important Difference of 10 is considered in this table.
 [a] Median time to first event is from Kaplan-Meier estimate. Confidence Interval for median was computed using the Brookmeyer-Crowley method.
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 [c] Two-sided p-value from unstratified log-rank test.
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Common Symptoms - Financial Difficulties

Subgroup	n	Quizartinib (N=254)				Placebo (N=255)				Quizartinib vs Placebo		Interaction P-value [d]
		No. of subjects with events (%)	No. of subjects censored (%)	Median (95 % CI) [a]	n	No. of subjects with events (%)	No. of subjects censored (%)	Median (95 % CI) [a]	Hazard Ratio (95 % CI) [b]	Unstratified log-rank p-value [c]		
AML Cytogenetic Risk Score											0.7160	
Favorable	12	5 (41.7)	7 (58.3)	5.1 (0.7, NE)	16	8 (50.0)	8 (50.0)	9.9 (0.9, NE)	1.219 (0.391, 3.802)	0.7244		
Intermediate	182	47 (25.8)	135 (74.2)	NE (26.6, NE)	179	45 (25.1)	134 (74.9)	NE (9.9, NE)	0.863 (0.573, 1.301)	0.4783		
Unfavorable	19	6 (31.6)	13 (68.4)	7.1 (1.1, NE)	26	8 (30.8)	18 (69.2)	27.1 (3.5, NE)	1.365 (0.470, 3.961)	0.5600		
Unknown	35	13 (37.1)	22 (62.9)	8.8 (1.1, NE)	30	11 (36.7)	19 (63.3)	9.1 (2.4, NE)	1.222 (0.546, 2.736)	0.6223		

N: number of subjects in analysis set; n: number of subjects in subgroup category with complete PRO baseline; %: proportion of number of subjects in n; CI: confidence interval; NE: not estimable. PRO: Patient Reported Outcome. A Minimal Clinically Important Difference of 10 is considered in this table. [a] Median time to first event is from Kaplan-Meier estimate. Confidence Interval for median was computed using the Brookmeyer-Crowley method. [b] Hazard ratio is from unstratified Cox proportional hazards model with treatment as the only categorical variable in the model. Confidence limits are based on the Wald test. [c] Two-sided p-value from unstratified log-rank test. [d] Two-sided interaction p-value is for the interaction term from unstratified Cox proportional hazards model with treatment, subgroup, and treatment-by-subgroup interaction as categorical variables in the model. The p-value is based on the Wald test.
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Common Symptoms - Financial Difficulties

Subgroup	n	Quizartinib (N=254)			n	Placebo (N=255)			Quizartinib vs Placebo		Interaction P-value [d]
		No. of subjects with events (%)	No. of subjects censored (%)	Median (95 % CI) [a]		No. of subjects with events (%)	No. of subjects censored (%)	Median (95 % CI) [a]	Hazard Ratio (95 % CI) [b]	Unstratified log-rank p-value [c]	
ECOG Performance Status at Baseline											0.2948
0 - Fully Active	81	30 (37.0)	51 (63.0)	24.4 (4.3, NE)	91	31 (34.1)	60 (65.9)	27.1 (3.2, NE)	1.016 (0.615, 1.680)	0.9499	
1 - Restricted in Physically Strenuous Activity	124	36 (29.0)	88 (71.0)	26.6 (5.1, NE)	126	34 (27.0)	92 (73.0)	NE (6.7, NE)	1.015 (0.635, 1.622)	0.9533	
2 - Ambulatory and Capable of All Selfcare	43	5 (11.6)	38 (88.4)	NE (NE, NE)	34	8 (23.5)	26 (76.5)	9.8 (3.2, NE)	0.424 (0.137, 1.313)	0.1241	

N: number of subjects in analysis set; n: number of subjects in subgroup category with complete PRO baseline; %: proportion of number of subjects in n; CI: confidence interval; NE: not estimable. PRO: Patient Reported Outcome. A Minimal Clinically Important Difference of 10 is considered in this table.
 [a] Median time to first event is from Kaplan-Meier estimate. Confidence Interval for median was computed using the Brookmeyer-Crowley method.
 [b] Hazard ratio is from unstratified Cox proportional hazards model with treatment as the only categorical variable in the model. Confidence limits are based on the Wald test.
 [c] Two-sided p-value from unstratified log-rank test.
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Common Symptoms - Financial Difficulties

Subgroup	n	Quizartinib (N=254)			n	Placebo (N=255)			Quizartinib vs Placebo		Interaction P-value [d]
		No. of subjects with events (%)	No. of subjects censored (%)	Median (95 % CI) [a]		No. of subjects with events (%)	No. of subjects censored (%)	Median (95 % CI) [a]	Hazard Ratio (95 % CI) [b]	Unstratified log-rank p-value [c]	
FLT3-ITD category at Baseline											0.4078
≥3 to ≤25%	87	24 (27.6)	63 (72.4)	NE (7.1, NE)	91	30 (33.0)	61 (67.0)	13.3 (4.8, NE)	0.876 (0.511, 1.500)	0.6166	
>25% to ≤50%	133	40 (30.1)	93 (69.9)	NE (5.5, NE)	128	33 (25.8)	95 (74.2)	NE (9.9, NE)	1.050 (0.662, 1.666)	0.8258	
>50%	27	6 (22.2)	21 (77.8)	NE (4.3, NE)	33	10 (30.3)	23 (69.7)	NE (1.6, NE)	0.507 (0.183, 1.407)	0.1903	

N: number of subjects in analysis set; n: number of subjects in subgroup category with complete PRO baseline; %: proportion of number of subjects in n; CI: confidence interval; NE: not estimable. PRO: Patient Reported Outcome. A Minimal Clinically Important Difference of 10 is considered in this table.
 [a] Median time to first event is from Kaplan-Meier estimate. Confidence Interval for median was computed using the Brookmeyer-Crowley method.
 [b] Hazard ratio is from unstratified Cox proportional hazards model with treatment as the only categorical variable in the model. Confidence limits are based on the Wald test.
 [c] Two-sided p-value from unstratified log-rank test.
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Common Symptoms - Financial Difficulties

Subgroup	n	Quizartinib (N=254)				Placebo (N=255)			Quizartinib vs Placebo		Interaction P-value [d]
		No. of subjects with events (%)	No. of subjects censored (%)	Median (95 % CI) [a]	n	No. of subjects with events (%)	No. of subjects censored (%)	Median (95 % CI) [a]	Hazard Ratio (95 % CI) [b]	Unstratified log-rank p-value [c]	
AML with Mutated NPM1											0.5485
Yes	127	37 (29.1)	90 (70.9)	NE (8.8, NE)	131	41 (31.3)	90 (68.7)	NE (9.9, NE)	0.839 (0.537, 1.311)	0.4363	
No	111	31 (27.9)	80 (72.1)	25.3 (4.3, NE)	110	27 (24.5)	83 (75.5)	27.1 (4.8, NE)	1.052 (0.628, 1.763)	0.8419	

N: number of subjects in analysis set; n: number of subjects in subgroup category with complete PRO baseline; %: proportion of number of subjects in n; CI: confidence interval; NE: not estimable. PRO: Patient Reported Outcome. A Minimal Clinically Important Difference of 10 is considered in this table. [a] Median time to first event is from Kaplan-Meier estimate. Confidence Interval for median was computed using the Brookmeyer-Crowley method. [b] Hazard ratio is from unstratified Cox proportional hazards model with treatment as the only categorical variable in the model. Confidence limits are based on the Wald test. [c] Two-sided p-value from unstratified log-rank test. [d] Two-sided interaction p-value is for the interaction term from unstratified Cox proportional hazards model with treatment, subgroup, and treatment-by-subgroup interaction as categorical variables in the model. The p-value is based on the Wald test.
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Common Symptoms - Financial Difficulties

Subgroup	n	Quizartinib (N=254)				Placebo (N=255)				Quizartinib vs Placebo		Interaction P-value [d]
		No. of subjects with events (%)	No. of subjects censored (%)	Median (95 % CI) [a]	n	No. of subjects with events (%)	No. of subjects censored (%)	Median (95 % CI) [a]	Hazard Ratio (95 % CI) [b]	Unstratified log-rank p-value [c]		
Age by 2 categories											0.3418	
≤60	154	46 (29.9)	108 (70.1)	NE (7.4, NE)	154	49 (31.8)	105 (68.2)	13.3 (6.7, NE)	0.813 (0.543, 1.217)	0.3135		
>60	94	25 (26.6)	69 (73.4)	24.4 (4.4, NE)	98	24 (24.5)	74 (75.5)	NE (5.6, NE)	1.152 (0.657, 2.018)	0.6256		

N: number of subjects in analysis set; n: number of subjects in subgroup category with complete PRO baseline; %: proportion of number of subjects in n; CI: confidence interval; NE: not estimable. PRO: Patient Reported Outcome. A Minimal Clinically Important Difference of 10 is considered in this table.
 [a] Median time to first event is from Kaplan-Meier estimate. Confidence Interval for median was computed using the Brookmeyer-Crowley method.
 [b] Hazard ratio is from unstratified Cox proportional hazards model with treatment as the only categorical variable in the model. Confidence limits are based on the Wald test.
 [c] Two-sided p-value from unstratified log-rank test.
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Anhang 4-H6b: Zeit bis zur erstmaligen Verschlechterung

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 Table 2.20.2 EORTC QLQ-C30 - First deterioration - Time-to-event analysis - subgroup analysis - DCO 13-Aug-2021 - PRO Intent to Treat Analysis Set

Global Health Status

Subgroup	n	Quizartinib (N=254)				Placebo (N=255)				Quizartinib vs Placebo		Interaction
		No. of subjects with events (%)	No. of subjects censored (%)	Median (95 % CI) [a]	n	No. of subjects with events (%)	No. of subjects censored (%)	Median (95 % CI) [a]	Hazard Ratio (95 % CI) [b]	Unstratified log-rank p-value [c]	P-value [d]	
Pooled Age Group 2											0.7285	
<60	152	35 (23.0)	117 (77.0)	NE (NE, NE)	151	33 (21.9)	118 (78.1)	NE (NE, NE)	0.968 (0.601, 1.558)	0.8943		
≥60 - <65	36	5 (13.9)	31 (86.1)	NE (NE, NE)	43	9 (20.9)	34 (79.1)	NE (4.1, NE)	0.627 (0.209, 1.878)	0.4023		
≥65	64	14 (21.9)	50 (78.1)	24.4 (6.9, NE)	59	18 (30.5)	41 (69.5)	NE (2.7, NE)	0.863 (0.429, 1.738)	0.6657		

N: number of subjects in analysis set; n: number of subjects in subgroup category with complete PRO baseline; %: proportion of number of subjects in n; CI: confidence interval; NE: not estimable. PRO: Patient Reported Outcome. A Minimal Clinically Important Difference of 10 is considered in this table. [a] Median time to first event is from Kaplan-Meier estimate. Confidence Interval for median was computed using the Brookmeyer-Crowley method. [b] Hazard ratio is from unstratified Cox proportional hazards model with treatment as the only categorical variable in the model. Confidence limits are based on the Wald test. [c] Two-sided p-value from unstratified log-rank test. [d] Two-sided interaction p-value is for the interaction term from unstratified Cox proportional hazards model with treatment, subgroup, and treatment-by-subgroup interaction as categorical variables in the model. The p-value is based on the Wald test.
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 Run date: 15NOV2023 – 13:07; Program name: .sas; Output name: DE_T_2_20_2_QLQC30_FD_SUB_PRO_ITT.rtf

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Global Health Status

Subgroup	n	Quizartinib (N=254)				Placebo (N=255)			Quizartinib vs Placebo		Interaction P-value [d]
		No. of subjects with events (%)	No. of subjects censored (%)	Median (95 % CI) [a]	n	No. of subjects with events (%)	No. of subjects censored (%)	Median (95 % CI) [a]	Hazard Ratio (95 % CI) [b]	Unstratified log-rank p-value [c]	
Sex											0.5113
Male	120	21 (17.5)	99 (82.5)	NE (NE, NE)	109	22 (20.2)	87 (79.8)	NE (NE, NE)	0.775 (0.425, 1.414)	0.3968	
Female	132	33 (25.0)	99 (75.0)	NE (17.0, NE)	144	38 (26.4)	106 (73.6)	NE (17.8, NE)	0.997 (0.626, 1.591)	0.9913	

N: number of subjects in analysis set; n: number of subjects in subgroup category with complete PRO baseline; %: proportion of number of subjects in n; CI: confidence interval; NE: not estimable. PRO: Patient Reported Outcome. A Minimal Clinically Important Difference of 10 is considered in this table.
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Global Health Status

Subgroup	n	Quizartinib (N=254)				Placebo (N=255)				Quizartinib vs Placebo		Interaction P-value [d]
		No. of subjects with events (%)	No. of subjects censored (%)	Median (95 % CI) [a]	n	No. of subjects with events (%)	No. of subjects censored (%)	Median (95 % CI) [a]	Hazard Ratio (95 % CI) [b]	Unstratified log-rank p-value [c]		
Race by 2 categories											0.3863	
White	150	36 (24.0)	114 (76.0)	NE (NE, NE)	151	36 (23.8)	115 (76.2)	NE (NE, NE)	1.019 (0.642, 1.619)	0.9597		
Non-white	102	18 (17.6)	84 (82.4)	NE (22.3, NE)	102	24 (23.5)	78 (76.5)	NE (17.8, NE)	0.683 (0.370, 1.261)	0.2240		

N: number of subjects in analysis set; n: number of subjects in subgroup category with complete PRO baseline; %: proportion of number of subjects in n; CI: confidence interval; NE: not estimable. PRO: Patient Reported Outcome. A Minimal Clinically Important Difference of 10 is considered in this table.
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 [b] Hazard ratio is from unstratified Cox proportional hazards model with treatment as the only categorical variable in the model. Confidence limits are based on the Wald test.
 [c] Two-sided p-value from unstratified log-rank test.
 [d] Two-sided interaction p-value is for the interaction term from unstratified Cox proportional hazards model with treatment, subgroup, and treatment-by-subgroup interaction as categorical variables in the model. The p-value is based on the Wald test.
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Global Health Status

Subgroup	n	Quizartinib (N=254)				Placebo (N=255)				Quizartinib vs Placebo		Interaction P-value [d]
		No. of subjects with events (%)	No. of subjects censored (%)	Median (95 % CI) [a]	n	No. of subjects with events (%)	No. of subjects censored (%)	Median (95 % CI) [a]	Hazard Ratio (95 % CI) [b]	Unstratified log-rank p-value [c]		
Geographic Region 1											0.4636	
North America	16	2 (12.5)	14 (87.5)	NE (0.7, NE)	16	1 (6.3)	15 (93.8)	NE (17.8, NE)	2.998 (0.271, 33.214)	0.3472		
Europe	150	36 (24.0)	114 (76.0)	NE (NE, NE)	150	39 (26.0)	111 (74.0)	NE (NE, NE)	0.916 (0.582, 1.441)	0.6834		
Asia/Other Regions	86	16 (18.6)	70 (81.4)	NE (22.3, NE)	87	20 (23.0)	67 (77.0)	NE (17.9, NE)	0.684 (0.353, 1.324)	0.2617		

N: number of subjects in analysis set; n: number of subjects in subgroup category with complete PRO baseline; %: proportion of number of subjects in n; CI: confidence interval; NE: not estimable. PRO: Patient Reported Outcome. A Minimal Clinically Important Difference of 10 is considered in this table. [a] Median time to first event is from Kaplan-Meier estimate. Confidence Interval for median was computed using the Brookmeyer-Crowley method. [b] Hazard ratio is from unstratified Cox proportional hazards model with treatment as the only categorical variable in the model. Confidence limits are based on the Wald test. [c] Two-sided p-value from unstratified log-rank test. [d] Two-sided interaction p-value is for the interaction term from unstratified Cox proportional hazards model with treatment, subgroup, and treatment-by-subgroup interaction as categorical variables in the model. The p-value is based on the Wald test.
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Medizinischer Nutzen, medizinischer Zusatznutzen, Patientengruppen mit therap. bedeutsamem Zusatznutzen

Daiichi Sankyo | Data Intelligence – Evidence Generation | AC220-A-U302 QUANTUM-First (DCO 13 Aug 2021) | Statistical analyses for AMNOG (HTA Germany)
 Table 2.20.2 EORTC QLQ-C30 - First deterioration - Time-to-event analysis - subgroup analysis - DCO 13-Aug-2021 - PRO Intent to Treat Analysis Set

Global Health Status

Subgroup	n	Quizartinib (N=254)			n	Placebo (N=255)			Quizartinib vs Placebo		Interaction P-value [d]
		No. of subjects with events (%)	No. of subjects censored (%)	Median (95 % CI) [a]		No. of subjects with events (%)	No. of subjects censored (%)	Median (95 % CI) [a]	Hazard Ratio (95 % CI) [b]	Unstratified log-rank p-value [c]	
WBC at initial diagnosis											0.4742
< 40x10 ⁹ /L	128	34 (26.6)	94 (73.4)	NE (7.1, NE)	125	38 (30.4)	87 (69.6)	NE (4.6, NE)	1.007 (0.634, 1.600)	0.9872	
≥ 40x10 ⁹ /L	124	20 (16.1)	104 (83.9)	NE (NE, NE)	128	22 (17.2)	106 (82.8)	NE (NE, NE)	0.774 (0.421, 1.422)	0.4063	

N: number of subjects in analysis set; n: number of subjects in subgroup category with complete PRO baseline; %: proportion of number of subjects in n; CI: confidence interval; NE: not estimable. PRO: Patient Reported Outcome. A Minimal Clinically Important Difference of 10 is considered in this table.
 [a] Median time to first event is from Kaplan-Meier estimate. Confidence Interval for median was computed using the Brookmeyer-Crowley method.
 [b] Hazard ratio is from unstratified Cox proportional hazards model with treatment as the only categorical variable in the model. Confidence limits are based on the Wald test.
 [c] Two-sided p-value from unstratified log-rank test.
 [d] Two-sided interaction p-value is for the interaction term from unstratified Cox proportional hazards model with treatment, subgroup, and treatment-by-subgroup interaction as categorical variables in the model. The p-value is based on the Wald test.
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Daiichi Sankyo | Data Intelligence – Evidence Generation | AC220-A-U302 QUANTUM-First (DCO 13 Aug 2021) | Statistical analyses for AMNOG (HTA Germany)
 Table 2.20.2 EORTC QLQ-C30 - First deterioration - Time-to-event analysis - subgroup analysis - DCO 13-Aug-2021 - PRO Intent to Treat Analysis Set

Global Health Status

Subgroup	n	Quizartinib (N=254)				Placebo (N=255)			Quizartinib vs Placebo		Interaction P-value [d]
		No. of subjects with events (%)	No. of subjects censored (%)	Median (95 % CI) [a]	n	No. of subjects with events (%)	No. of subjects censored (%)	Median (95 % CI) [a]	Hazard Ratio (95 % CI) [b]	Unstratified log-rank p-value [c]	
Choice of Anthracycline											0.1538
Daunorubicin	116	18 (15.5)	98 (84.5)	NE (NE, NE)	90	21 (23.3)	69 (76.7)	NE (17.8, NE)	0.608 (0.324, 1.144)	0.1205	
Idarubicin	136	36 (26.5)	100 (73.5)	NE (22.3, NE)	161	39 (24.2)	122 (75.8)	NE (NE, NE)	1.082 (0.687, 1.703)	0.7482	

N: number of subjects in analysis set; n: number of subjects in subgroup category with complete PRO baseline; %: proportion of number of subjects in n; CI: confidence interval; NE: not estimable. PRO: Patient Reported Outcome. A Minimal Clinically Important Difference of 10 is considered in this table.
 [a] Median time to first event is from Kaplan-Meier estimate. Confidence Interval for median was computed using the Brookmeyer-Crowley method.
 [b] Hazard ratio is from unstratified Cox proportional hazards model with treatment as the only categorical variable in the model. Confidence limits are based on the Wald test.
 [c] Two-sided p-value from unstratified log-rank test.
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Daiichi Sankyo | Data Intelligence – Evidence Generation | AC220-A-U302 QUANTUM-First (DCO 13 Aug 2021) | Statistical analyses for AMNOG (HTA Germany)
 Table 2.20.2 EORTC QLQ-C30 - First deterioration - Time-to-event analysis - subgroup analysis - DCO 13-Aug-2021 - PRO Intent to Treat Analysis Set

Global Health Status

Subgroup	n	Quizartinib (N=254)				Placebo (N=255)				Quizartinib vs Placebo		Interaction
		No. of subjects with events (%)	No. of subjects censored (%)	Median (95 % CI) [a]	n	No. of subjects with events (%)	No. of subjects censored (%)	Median (95 % CI) [a]	Hazard Ratio (95 % CI) [b]	Unstratified log-rank p-value [c]	P-value [d]	
AML Cytogenetic Risk Score											0.1994	
Favorable	12	5 (41.7)	7 (58.3)	4.6 (1.4, NE)	16	2 (12.5)	14 (87.5)	NE (NE, NE)	5.594 (1.076, 29.077)	0.0215		
Intermediate	186	39 (21.0)	147 (79.0)	NE (NE, NE)	180	43 (23.9)	137 (76.1)	NE (17.8, NE)	0.770 (0.499, 1.190)	0.2349		
Unfavorable	19	2 (10.5)	17 (89.5)	NE (0.7, NE)	26	4 (15.4)	22 (84.6)	NE (NE, NE)	0.921 (0.169, 5.027)	0.9265		
Unknown	35	8 (22.9)	27 (77.1)	NE (24.4, NE)	30	11 (36.7)	19 (63.3)	17.9 (2.0, NE)	0.723 (0.289, 1.807)	0.4650		

N: number of subjects in analysis set; n: number of subjects in subgroup category with complete PRO baseline; %: proportion of number of subjects in n; CI: confidence interval; NE: not estimable. PRO: Patient Reported Outcome. A Minimal Clinically Important Difference of 10 is considered in this table. [a] Median time to first event is from Kaplan-Meier estimate. Confidence Interval for median was computed using the Brookmeyer-Crowley method. [b] Hazard ratio is from unstratified Cox proportional hazards model with treatment as the only categorical variable in the model. Confidence limits are based on the Wald test. [c] Two-sided p-value from unstratified log-rank test. [d] Two-sided interaction p-value is for the interaction term from unstratified Cox proportional hazards model with treatment, subgroup, and treatment-by-subgroup interaction as categorical variables in the model. The p-value is based on the Wald test.
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Daiichi Sankyo | Data Intelligence – Evidence Generation | AC220-A-U302 QUANTUM-First (DCO 13 Aug 2021) | Statistical analyses for AMNOG (HTA Germany)
 Table 2.20.2 EORTC QLQ-C30 - First deterioration - Time-to-event analysis - subgroup analysis - DCO 13-Aug-2021 - PRO Intent to Treat Analysis Set

Global Health Status

Subgroup	n	Quizartinib (N=254)			n	Placebo (N=255)			Quizartinib vs Placebo		Interaction P-value [d]
		No. of subjects with events (%)	No. of subjects censored (%)	Median (95 % CI) [a]		No. of subjects with events (%)	No. of subjects censored (%)	Median (95 % CI) [a]	Hazard Ratio (95 % CI) [b]	Unstratified log-rank p-value [c]	
ECOG Performance Status at Baseline											0.2775
0 - Fully Active	82	27 (32.9)	55 (67.1)	24.4 (7.1, NE)	92	25 (27.2)	67 (72.8)	NE (4.1, NE)	1.254 (0.727, 2.163)	0.4202	
1 - Restricted in Physically Strenuous Activity	126	23 (18.3)	103 (81.7)	NE (NE, NE)	126	32 (25.4)	94 (74.6)	NE (17.9, NE)	0.664 (0.388, 1.137)	0.1313	
2 - Ambulatory and Capable of All Selfcare	44	4 (9.1)	40 (90.9)	NE (NE, NE)	34	3 (8.8)	31 (91.2)	NE (NE, NE)	1.208 (0.270, 5.400)	0.8087	

N: number of subjects in analysis set; n: number of subjects in subgroup category with complete PRO baseline; %: proportion of number of subjects in n; CI: confidence interval; NE: not estimable. PRO: Patient Reported Outcome. A Minimal Clinically Important Difference of 10 is considered in this table.
 [a] Median time to first event is from Kaplan-Meier estimate. Confidence Interval for median was computed using the Brookmeyer-Crowley method.
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Medizinischer Nutzen, medizinischer Zusatznutzen, Patientengruppen mit therap. bedeutsamem Zusatznutzen

Daiichi Sankyo | Data Intelligence – Evidence Generation | AC220-A-U302 QUANTUM-First (DCO 13 Aug 2021) | Statistical analyses for AMNOG (HTA Germany)
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Global Health Status

Subgroup	n	Quizartinib (N=254)			Placebo (N=255)			Quizartinib vs Placebo		Interaction P-value [d]
		No. of subjects with events (%)	No. of subjects censored (%)	Median (95 % CI) [a]	n	No. of subjects with events (%)	No. of subjects censored (%)	Median (95 % CI) [a]	Hazard Ratio (95 % CI) [b]	
FLT3-ITD category at Baseline										0.3473
≥3 to ≤25%	88	25 (28.4)	63 (71.6)	NE (6.9, NE)	92	24 (26.1)	68 (73.9)	NE (17.8, NE)	1.229 (0.701, 2.152)	0.4799
>25% to ≤50%	135	25 (18.5)	110 (81.5)	NE (NE, NE)	128	31 (24.2)	97 (75.8)	NE (17.9, NE)	0.704 (0.415, 1.194)	0.1897
>50%	28	4 (14.3)	24 (85.7)	NE (NE, NE)	33	5 (15.2)	28 (84.8)	NE (4.1, NE)	0.804 (0.215, 3.005)	0.7473

N: number of subjects in analysis set; n: number of subjects in subgroup category with complete PRO baseline; %: proportion of number of subjects in n; CI: confidence interval; NE: not estimable. PRO: Patient Reported Outcome. A Minimal Clinically Important Difference of 10 is considered in this table.
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Global Health Status

Subgroup	n	Quizartinib (N=254)			Placebo (N=255)			Quizartinib vs Placebo		Interaction P-value [d]
		No. of subjects with events (%)	No. of subjects censored (%)	Median (95 % CI) [a]	n	No. of subjects with events (%)	No. of subjects censored (%)	Median (95 % CI) [a]	Hazard Ratio (95 % CI) [b]	
AML with Mutated NPM1										0.3267
Yes	130	26 (20.0)	104 (80.0)	NE (NE, NE)	131	34 (26.0)	97 (74.0)	NE (17.8, NE)	0.749 (0.449, 1.251)	0.2662
No	112	27 (24.1)	85 (75.9)	NE (6.9, NE)	111	23 (20.7)	88 (79.3)	NE (17.9, NE)	1.093 (0.626, 1.907)	0.7607

N: number of subjects in analysis set; n: number of subjects in subgroup category with complete PRO baseline; %: proportion of number of subjects in n; CI: confidence interval; NE: not estimable. PRO: Patient Reported Outcome. A Minimal Clinically Important Difference of 10 is considered in this table.
 [a] Median time to first event is from Kaplan-Meier estimate. Confidence Interval for median was computed using the Brookmeyer-Crowley method.
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 [c] Two-sided p-value from unstratified log-rank test.
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Global Health Status

Subgroup	n	Quizartinib (N=254)			Placebo (N=255)			Quizartinib vs Placebo		Interaction P-value [d]
		No. of subjects with events (%)	No. of subjects censored (%)	Median (95 % CI) [a]	n	No. of subjects with events (%)	No. of subjects censored (%)	Median (95 % CI) [a]	Hazard Ratio (95 % CI) [b]	
Age by 2 categories										0.4828
≤60	157	36 (22.9)	121 (77.1)	NE (NE, NE)	154	33 (21.4)	121 (78.6)	NE (NE, NE)	0.986 (0.614, 1.583)	0.9530
>60	95	18 (18.9)	77 (81.1)	NE (24.4, NE)	99	27 (27.3)	72 (72.7)	NE (3.9, NE)	0.750 (0.412, 1.362)	0.3384

N: number of subjects in analysis set; n: number of subjects in subgroup category with complete PRO baseline; %: proportion of number of subjects in n; CI: confidence interval; NE: not estimable. PRO: Patient Reported Outcome. A Minimal Clinically Important Difference of 10 is considered in this table.
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Daiichi Sankyo | Data Intelligence – Evidence Generation | AC220-A-U302 QUANTUM-First (DCO 13 Aug 2021) | Statistical analyses for AMNOG (HTA Germany)
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Functional Scales - Physical Functioning

Subgroup	n	Quizartinib (N=254)				Placebo (N=255)				Quizartinib vs Placebo		Interaction P-value [d]
		No. of subjects with events (%)	No. of subjects censored (%)	Median (95 % CI) [a]	n	No. of subjects with events (%)	No. of subjects censored (%)	Median (95 % CI) [a]	Hazard Ratio (95 % CI) [b]	Unstratified log-rank p-value [c]		
Pooled Age Group 2											0.9889	
<60	150	60 (40.0)	90 (60.0)	8.7 (3.0, 19.2)	151	55 (36.4)	96 (63.6)	7.2 (4.7, NE)	0.983 (0.681, 1.418)	0.9734		
≥60 - <65	36	9 (25.0)	27 (75.0)	NE (4.8, NE)	42	11 (26.2)	31 (73.8)	NE (4.1, NE)	0.876 (0.361, 2.125)	0.7694		
≥65	63	21 (33.3)	42 (66.7)	6.3 (0.8, NE)	59	25 (42.4)	34 (57.6)	3.6 (1.1, NE)	0.967 (0.541, 1.728)	0.8654		

N: number of subjects in analysis set; n: number of subjects in subgroup category with complete PRO baseline; %: proportion of number of subjects in n; CI: confidence interval; NE: not estimable. PRO: Patient Reported Outcome. A Minimal Clinically Important Difference of 10 is considered in this table.
 [a] Median time to first event is from Kaplan-Meier estimate. Confidence Interval for median was computed using the Brookmeyer-Crowley method.
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Functional Scales - Physical Functioning

Subgroup	n	Quizartinib (N=254)				Placebo (N=255)			Quizartinib vs Placebo		Interaction P-value [d]
		No. of subjects with events (%)	No. of subjects censored (%)	Median (95 % CI) [a]	n	No. of subjects with events (%)	No. of subjects censored (%)	Median (95 % CI) [a]	Hazard Ratio (95 % CI) [b]	Unstratified log-rank p-value [c]	
Sex											0.7473
Male	119	43 (36.1)	76 (63.9)	11.3 (4.8, NE)	108	38 (35.2)	70 (64.8)	6.8 (2.4, NE)	0.926 (0.598, 1.435)	0.7411	
Female	130	47 (36.2)	83 (63.8)	8.5 (2.8, NE)	144	53 (36.8)	91 (63.2)	7.1 (3.7, NE)	1.018 (0.687, 1.508)	0.9152	

N: number of subjects in analysis set; n: number of subjects in subgroup category with complete PRO baseline; %: proportion of number of subjects in n; CI: confidence interval; NE: not estimable. PRO: Patient Reported Outcome. A Minimal Clinically Important Difference of 10 is considered in this table.
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Functional Scales - Physical Functioning

Subgroup	n	Quizartinib (N=254)				Placebo (N=255)			Quizartinib vs Placebo		Interaction P-value [d]
		No. of subjects with events (%)	No. of subjects censored (%)	Median (95 % CI) [a]	n	No. of subjects with events (%)	No. of subjects censored (%)	Median (95 % CI) [a]	Hazard Ratio (95 % CI) [b]	Unstratified log-rank p-value [c]	
Race by 2 categories											0.9733
White	147	53 (36.1)	94 (63.9)	14.3 (3.2, NE)	151	53 (35.1)	98 (64.9)	7.1 (4.1, NE)	0.972 (0.663, 1.424)	0.8861	
Non-white	102	37 (36.3)	65 (63.7)	8.5 (3.0, NE)	101	38 (37.6)	63 (62.4)	5.3 (2.5, NE)	0.981 (0.624, 1.543)	0.9544	

N: number of subjects in analysis set; n: number of subjects in subgroup category with complete PRO baseline; %: proportion of number of subjects in n; CI: confidence interval; NE: not estimable. PRO: Patient Reported Outcome. A Minimal Clinically Important Difference of 10 is considered in this table.
 [a] Median time to first event is from Kaplan-Meier estimate. Confidence Interval for median was computed using the Brookmeyer-Crowley method.
 [b] Hazard ratio is from unstratified Cox proportional hazards model with treatment as the only categorical variable in the model. Confidence limits are based on the Wald test.
 [c] Two-sided p-value from unstratified log-rank test.
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Medizinischer Nutzen, medizinischer Zusatznutzen, Patientengruppen mit therap. bedeutsamem Zusatznutzen

Daiichi Sankyo | Data Intelligence – Evidence Generation | AC220-A-U302 QUANTUM-First (DCO 13 Aug 2021) | Statistical analyses for AMNOG (HTA Germany)
 Table 2.20.2 EORTC QLQ-C30 - First deterioration - Time-to-event analysis - subgroup analysis - DCO 13-Aug-2021 - PRO Intent to Treat Analysis Set

Functional Scales - Physical Functioning

Subgroup	n	Quizartinib (N=254)			Placebo (N=255)			Quizartinib vs Placebo		Interaction P-value [d]
		No. of subjects with events (%)	No. of subjects censored (%)	Median (95 % CI) [a]	n	No. of subjects with events (%)	No. of subjects censored (%)	Median (95 % CI) [a]	Hazard Ratio (95 % CI) [b]	
Geographic Region 1										0.3774
North America	16	6 (37.5)	10 (62.5)	2.1 (0.7, NE)	16	5 (31.3)	11 (68.8)	NE (0.9, NE)	2.461 (0.737, 8.216)	0.1302
Europe	147	51 (34.7)	96 (65.3)	14.3 (4.8, NE)	149	53 (35.6)	96 (64.4)	7.2 (3.7, NE)	0.893 (0.607, 1.313)	0.5644
Asia/Other Regions	86	33 (38.4)	53 (61.6)	8.5 (3.0, NE)	87	33 (37.9)	54 (62.1)	4.7 (1.9, NE)	0.985 (0.607, 1.598)	0.9652

N: number of subjects in analysis set; n: number of subjects in subgroup category with complete PRO baseline; %: proportion of number of subjects in n; CI: confidence interval; NE: not estimable. PRO: Patient Reported Outcome. A Minimal Clinically Important Difference of 10 is considered in this table. [a] Median time to first event is from Kaplan-Meier estimate. Confidence Interval for median was computed using the Brookmeyer-Crowley method. [b] Hazard ratio is from unstratified Cox proportional hazards model with treatment as the only categorical variable in the model. Confidence limits are based on the Wald test. [c] Two-sided p-value from unstratified log-rank test. [d] Two-sided interaction p-value is for the interaction term from unstratified Cox proportional hazards model with treatment, subgroup, and treatment-by-subgroup interaction as categorical variables in the model. The p-value is based on the Wald test.
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Functional Scales - Physical Functioning

Subgroup	n	Quizartinib (N=254)				Placebo (N=255)			Quizartinib vs Placebo		Interaction P-value [d]
		No. of subjects with events (%)	No. of subjects censored (%)	Median (95 % CI) [a]	n	No. of subjects with events (%)	No. of subjects censored (%)	Median (95 % CI) [a]	Hazard Ratio (95 % CI) [b]	Unstratified log-rank p-value [c]	
WBC at initial diagnosis											0.6914
< 40x10 ⁹ /L	127	46 (36.2)	81 (63.8)	8.3 (2.2, NE)	125	50 (40.0)	75 (60.0)	6.9 (3.6, NE)	1.039 (0.696, 1.552)	0.8356	
≥ 40x10 ⁹ /L	122	44 (36.1)	78 (63.9)	13.8 (4.8, NE)	127	41 (32.3)	86 (67.7)	NE (2.9, NE)	0.941 (0.614, 1.442)	0.7881	

N: number of subjects in analysis set; n: number of subjects in subgroup category with complete PRO baseline; %: proportion of number of subjects in n; CI: confidence interval; NE: not estimable. PRO: Patient Reported Outcome. A Minimal Clinically Important Difference of 10 is considered in this table.
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Functional Scales - Physical Functioning

Subgroup	n	Quizartinib (N=254)				Placebo (N=255)				Quizartinib vs Placebo		Interaction
		No. of subjects with events (%)	No. of subjects censored (%)	Median (95 % CI) [a]	n	No. of subjects with events (%)	No. of subjects censored (%)	Median (95 % CI) [a]	Hazard Ratio (95 % CI) [b]	Unstratified log-rank p-value [c]	P-value [d]	
Choice of Anthracycline											0.5619	
Daunorubicin	114	43 (37.7)	71 (62.3)	7.1 (2.8, NE)	90	32 (35.6)	58 (64.4)	7.2 (2.9, NE)	1.055 (0.668, 1.669)	0.8195		
Idarubicin	135	47 (34.8)	88 (65.2)	11.3 (4.8, NE)	160	59 (36.9)	101 (63.1)	5.5 (3.6, NE)	0.898 (0.612, 1.318)	0.5969		

N: number of subjects in analysis set; n: number of subjects in subgroup category with complete PRO baseline; %: proportion of number of subjects in n; CI: confidence interval; NE: not estimable. PRO: Patient Reported Outcome. A Minimal Clinically Important Difference of 10 is considered in this table.
 [a] Median time to first event is from Kaplan-Meier estimate. Confidence Interval for median was computed using the Brookmeyer-Crowley method.
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Functional Scales - Physical Functioning

Subgroup	n	Quizartinib (N=254)				Placebo (N=255)				Quizartinib vs Placebo		Interaction P-value [d]
		No. of subjects with events (%)	No. of subjects censored (%)	Median (95 % CI) [a]	n	No. of subjects with events (%)	No. of subjects censored (%)	Median (95 % CI) [a]	Hazard Ratio (95 % CI) [b]	Unstratified log-rank p-value [c]		
AML Cytogenetic Risk Score											0.8470	
Favorable	12	4 (33.3)	8 (66.7)	NE (0.6, NE)	16	8 (50.0)	8 (50.0)	7.1 (0.9, NE)	0.900 (0.269, 3.013)	0.8717		
Intermediate	185	70 (37.8)	115 (62.2)	8.7 (4.8, 19.2)	179	57 (31.8)	122 (68.2)	13.8 (4.1, NE)	1.074 (0.757, 1.524)	0.6738		
Unfavorable	17	4 (23.5)	13 (76.5)	NE (0.8, NE)	26	12 (46.2)	14 (53.8)	5.3 (1.1, NE)	0.802 (0.258, 2.500)	0.7184		
Unknown	35	12 (34.3)	23 (65.7)	11.0 (2.6, NE)	30	13 (43.3)	17 (56.7)	5.5 (0.8, NE)	0.785 (0.355, 1.733)	0.5351		

N: number of subjects in analysis set; n: number of subjects in subgroup category with complete PRO baseline; %: proportion of number of subjects in n; CI: confidence interval; NE: not estimable. PRO: Patient Reported Outcome. A Minimal Clinically Important Difference of 10 is considered in this table. [a] Median time to first event is from Kaplan-Meier estimate. Confidence Interval for median was computed using the Brookmeyer-Crowley method. [b] Hazard ratio is from unstratified Cox proportional hazards model with treatment as the only categorical variable in the model. Confidence limits are based on the Wald test. [c] Two-sided p-value from unstratified log-rank test. [d] Two-sided interaction p-value is for the interaction term from unstratified Cox proportional hazards model with treatment, subgroup, and treatment-by-subgroup interaction as categorical variables in the model. The p-value is based on the Wald test.
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Functional Scales - Physical Functioning

Subgroup	n	Quizartinib (N=254)			n	Placebo (N=255)			Quizartinib vs Placebo		Interaction P-value [d]
		No. of subjects with events (%)	No. of subjects censored (%)	Median (95 % CI) [a]		No. of subjects with events (%)	No. of subjects censored (%)	Median (95 % CI) [a]	Hazard Ratio (95 % CI) [b]	Unstratified log-rank p-value [c]	
ECOG Performance Status at Baseline											0.0106
0 - Fully Active	80	37 (46.3)	43 (53.8)	5.1 (1.6, 19.2)	92	30 (32.6)	62 (67.4)	13.8 (4.3, NE)	1.601 (0.988, 2.592)	0.0536	
1 - Restricted in Physically Strenuous Activity	126	42 (33.3)	84 (66.7)	14.3 (4.8, NE)	125	55 (44.0)	70 (56.0)	3.6 (1.6, 6.9)	0.639 (0.427, 0.957)	0.0294	
2 - Ambulatory and Capable of All Selfcare	43	11 (25.6)	32 (74.4)	NE (2.6, NE)	34	6 (17.6)	28 (82.4)	NE (4.4, NE)	1.523 (0.560, 4.142)	0.4024	

N: number of subjects in analysis set; n: number of subjects in subgroup category with complete PRO baseline; %: proportion of number of subjects in n; CI: confidence interval; NE: not estimable. PRO: Patient Reported Outcome. A Minimal Clinically Important Difference of 10 is considered in this table.
 [a] Median time to first event is from Kaplan-Meier estimate. Confidence Interval for median was computed using the Brookmeyer-Crowley method.
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Functional Scales - Physical Functioning

Subgroup	n	Quizartinib (N=254)				Placebo (N=255)				Quizartinib vs Placebo		Interaction P-value [d]
		No. of subjects with events (%)	No. of subjects censored (%)	Median (95 % CI) [a]	n	No. of subjects with events (%)	No. of subjects censored (%)	Median (95 % CI) [a]	Hazard Ratio (95 % CI) [b]	Unstratified log-rank p-value [c]		
FLT3-ITD category at Baseline											0.2316	
≥3 to ≤25%	86	31 (36.0)	55 (64.0)	7.1 (2.8, NE)	92	33 (35.9)	59 (64.1)	7.2 (3.7, NE)	1.157 (0.709, 1.889)	0.5547		
>25% to ≤50%	134	50 (37.3)	84 (62.7)	8.5 (2.6, NE)	127	44 (34.6)	83 (65.4)	6.8 (3.4, NE)	1.021 (0.680, 1.533)	0.9119		
>50%	28	9 (32.1)	19 (67.9)	NE (2.1, NE)	33	14 (42.4)	19 (57.6)	2.9 (0.7, NE)	0.499 (0.214, 1.168)	0.1085		

N: number of subjects in analysis set; n: number of subjects in subgroup category with complete PRO baseline; %: proportion of number of subjects in n; CI: confidence interval; NE: not estimable. PRO: Patient Reported Outcome. A Minimal Clinically Important Difference of 10 is considered in this table.
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Functional Scales - Physical Functioning

Subgroup	n	Quizartinib (N=254)			n	Placebo (N=255)			Quizartinib vs Placebo		Interaction P-value [d]
		No. of subjects with events (%)	No. of subjects censored (%)	Median (95 % CI) [a]		No. of subjects with events (%)	No. of subjects censored (%)	Median (95 % CI) [a]	Hazard Ratio (95 % CI) [b]	Unstratified log-rank p-value [c]	
AML with Mutated NPM1											0.1035
Yes	128	42 (32.8)	86 (67.2)	NE (8.3, NE)	130	50 (38.5)	80 (61.5)	7.2 (4.1, NE)	0.827 (0.548, 1.248)	0.3598	
No	111	46 (41.4)	65 (58.6)	4.1 (2.0, 8.7)	111	35 (31.5)	76 (68.5)	13.8 (3.4, NE)	1.350 (0.869, 2.097)	0.1710	

N: number of subjects in analysis set; n: number of subjects in subgroup category with complete PRO baseline; %: proportion of number of subjects in n; CI: confidence interval; NE: not estimable. PRO: Patient Reported Outcome. A Minimal Clinically Important Difference of 10 is considered in this table.
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Subgroup	n	Quizartinib (N=254)				Placebo (N=255)				Quizartinib vs Placebo		Interaction P-value [d]
		No. of subjects with events (%)	No. of subjects censored (%)	Median (95 % CI) [a]	n	No. of subjects with events (%)	No. of subjects censored (%)	Median (95 % CI) [a]	Hazard Ratio (95 % CI) [b]	Unstratified log-rank p-value [c]		
Age by 2 categories												0.8637
≤60	155	61 (39.4)	94 (60.6)	8.7 (3.0, 19.2)	154	55 (35.7)	99 (64.3)	7.2 (4.7, NE)	0.986 (0.685, 1.421)	0.9861		
>60	94	29 (30.9)	65 (69.1)	11.0 (3.2, NE)	98	36 (36.7)	62 (63.3)	4.4 (3.4, NE)	0.941 (0.576, 1.536)	0.7878		

N: number of subjects in analysis set; n: number of subjects in subgroup category with complete PRO baseline; %: proportion of number of subjects in n; CI: confidence interval; NE: not estimable. PRO: Patient Reported Outcome. A Minimal Clinically Important Difference of 10 is considered in this table.
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Functional Scales - Role Functioning

Subgroup	n	Quizartinib (N=254)				Placebo (N=255)				Quizartinib vs Placebo		Interaction P-value [d]
		No. of subjects with events (%)	No. of subjects censored (%)	Median (95 % CI) [a]	n	No. of subjects with events (%)	No. of subjects censored (%)	Median (95 % CI) [a]	Hazard Ratio (95 % CI) [b]	Unstratified log-rank p-value [c]		
Pooled Age Group 2											0.4344	
<60	151	56 (37.1)	95 (62.9)	22.3 (4.1, NE)	151	52 (34.4)	99 (65.6)	NE (2.2, NE)	0.941 (0.645, 1.373)	0.7473		
≥60 - <65	36	8 (22.2)	28 (77.8)	NE (4.8, NE)	41	11 (26.8)	30 (73.2)	NE (2.9, NE)	0.755 (0.302, 1.888)	0.5413		
≥65	64	20 (31.3)	44 (68.8)	6.4 (0.8, NE)	59	17 (28.8)	42 (71.2)	18.0 (3.5, NE)	1.501 (0.784, 2.873)	0.2355		

N: number of subjects in analysis set; n: number of subjects in subgroup category with complete PRO baseline; %: proportion of number of subjects in n; CI: confidence interval; NE: not estimable. PRO: Patient Reported Outcome. A Minimal Clinically Important Difference of 10 is considered in this table.
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Subgroup	n	Quizartinib (N=254)				Placebo (N=255)				Quizartinib vs Placebo		Interaction P-value [d]
		No. of subjects with events (%)	No. of subjects censored (%)	Median (95 % CI) [a]	n	No. of subjects with events (%)	No. of subjects censored (%)	Median (95 % CI) [a]	Hazard Ratio (95 % CI) [b]	Unstratified log-rank p-value [c]		
Sex												0.8327
Male	119	35 (29.4)	84 (70.6)	NE (6.4, NE)	107	30 (28.0)	77 (72.0)	NE (4.7, NE)	0.997 (0.612, 1.625)	0.9751		
Female	132	49 (37.1)	83 (62.9)	10.4 (2.3, NE)	144	50 (34.7)	94 (65.3)	NE (3.1, NE)	1.066 (0.718, 1.581)	0.7768		

N: number of subjects in analysis set; n: number of subjects in subgroup category with complete PRO baseline; %: proportion of number of subjects in n; CI: confidence interval; NE: not estimable. PRO: Patient Reported Outcome. A Minimal Clinically Important Difference of 10 is considered in this table.
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 [c] Two-sided p-value from unstratified log-rank test.
 [d] Two-sided interaction p-value is for the interaction term from unstratified Cox proportional hazards model with treatment, subgroup, and treatment-by-subgroup interaction as categorical variables in the model. The p-value is based on the Wald test.
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 Run date: 15NOV2023 – 13:07; Program name: .sas; Output name: DE_T_2_20_2_QLQC30_FD_SUB_PRO_ITT.rf

Medizinischer Nutzen, medizinischer Zusatznutzen, Patientengruppen mit therap. bedeutsamem Zusatznutzen

Daiichi Sankyo | Data Intelligence – Evidence Generation | AC220-A-U302 QUANTUM-First (DCO 13 Aug 2021) | Statistical analyses for AMNOG (HTA Germany)
 Table 2.20.2 EORTC QLQ-C30 - First deterioration - Time-to-event analysis - subgroup analysis - DCO 13-Aug-2021 - PRO Intent to Treat Analysis Set

Functional Scales - Role Functioning

Subgroup	n	Quizartinib (N=254)			Placebo (N=255)			Quizartinib vs Placebo		Interaction P-value [d]
		No. of subjects with events (%)	No. of subjects censored (%)	Median (95 % CI) [a]	n	No. of subjects with events (%)	No. of subjects censored (%)	Median (95 % CI) [a]	Hazard Ratio (95 % CI) [b]	
Race by 2 categories										0.1640
White	149	46 (30.9)	103 (69.1)	NE (10.4, NE)	150	48 (32.0)	102 (68.0)	NE (3.5, NE)	0.876 (0.584, 1.314)	0.4936
Non-white	102	38 (37.3)	64 (62.7)	6.4 (2.6, 22.3)	101	32 (31.7)	69 (68.3)	NE (2.9, NE)	1.336 (0.834, 2.139)	0.2312

N: number of subjects in analysis set; n: number of subjects in subgroup category with complete PRO baseline; %: proportion of number of subjects in n; CI: confidence interval; NE: not estimable. PRO: Patient Reported Outcome. A Minimal Clinically Important Difference of 10 is considered in this table.
 [a] Median time to first event is from Kaplan-Meier estimate. Confidence Interval for median was computed using the Brookmeyer-Crowley method.
 [b] Hazard ratio is from unstratified Cox proportional hazards model with treatment as the only categorical variable in the model. Confidence limits are based on the Wald test.
 [c] Two-sided p-value from unstratified log-rank test.
 [d] Two-sided interaction p-value is for the interaction term from unstratified Cox proportional hazards model with treatment, subgroup, and treatment-by-subgroup interaction as categorical variables in the model. The p-value is based on the Wald test.
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Functional Scales - Role Functioning

Subgroup	n	Quizartinib (N=254)				Placebo (N=255)				Quizartinib vs Placebo		Interaction P-value [d]
		No. of subjects with events (%)	No. of subjects censored (%)	Median (95 % CI) [a]	n	No. of subjects with events (%)	No. of subjects censored (%)	Median (95 % CI) [a]	Hazard Ratio (95 % CI) [b]	Unstratified log-rank p-value [c]		
Geographic Region 1											0.3827	
North America	16	3 (18.8)	13 (81.3)	NE (0.7, NE)	16	6 (37.5)	10 (62.5)	4.8 (0.9, NE)	0.802 (0.199, 3.229)	0.7540		
Europe	149	46 (30.9)	103 (69.1)	NE (10.4, NE)	148	45 (30.4)	103 (69.6)	NE (4.1, NE)	0.905 (0.600, 1.365)	0.6156		
Asia/Other Regions	86	35 (40.7)	51 (59.3)	6.4 (1.9, 22.3)	87	29 (33.3)	58 (66.7)	NE (2.0, NE)	1.339 (0.818, 2.193)	0.2533		

N: number of subjects in analysis set; n: number of subjects in subgroup category with complete PRO baseline; %: proportion of number of subjects in n; CI: confidence interval; NE: not estimable. PRO: Patient Reported Outcome. A Minimal Clinically Important Difference of 10 is considered in this table. [a] Median time to first event is from Kaplan-Meier estimate. Confidence Interval for median was computed using the Brookmeyer-Crowley method. [b] Hazard ratio is from unstratified Cox proportional hazards model with treatment as the only categorical variable in the model. Confidence limits are based on the Wald test. [c] Two-sided p-value from unstratified log-rank test. [d] Two-sided interaction p-value is for the interaction term from unstratified Cox proportional hazards model with treatment, subgroup, and treatment-by-subgroup interaction as categorical variables in the model. The p-value is based on the Wald test.
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Functional Scales - Role Functioning

Subgroup	n	Quizartinib (N=254)				Placebo (N=255)				Quizartinib vs Placebo		Interaction
		No. of subjects with events (%)	No. of subjects censored (%)	Median (95 % CI) [a]	n	No. of subjects with events (%)	No. of subjects censored (%)	Median (95 % CI) [a]	Hazard Ratio (95 % CI) [b]	Unstratified log-rank p-value [c]	P-value [d]	
WBC at initial diagnosis											0.5338	
< 40x10 ⁹ /L	127	41 (32.3)	86 (67.7)	NE (4.8, NE)	124	45 (36.3)	79 (63.7)	NE (2.5, NE)	0.939 (0.615, 1.434)	0.7684		
≥ 40x10 ⁹ /L	124	43 (34.7)	81 (65.3)	22.3 (3.6, NE)	127	35 (27.6)	92 (72.4)	NE (4.1, NE)	1.135 (0.726, 1.775)	0.6173		

N: number of subjects in analysis set; n: number of subjects in subgroup category with complete PRO baseline; %: proportion of number of subjects in n; CI: confidence interval; NE: not estimable. PRO: Patient Reported Outcome. A Minimal Clinically Important Difference of 10 is considered in this table. [a] Median time to first event is from Kaplan-Meier estimate. Confidence Interval for median was computed using the Brookmeyer-Crowley method. [b] Hazard ratio is from unstratified Cox proportional hazards model with treatment as the only categorical variable in the model. Confidence limits are based on the Wald test. [c] Two-sided p-value from unstratified log-rank test. [d] Two-sided interaction p-value is for the interaction term from unstratified Cox proportional hazards model with treatment, subgroup, and treatment-by-subgroup interaction as categorical variables in the model. The p-value is based on the Wald test.
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Functional Scales - Role Functioning

Subgroup	n	Quizartinib (N=254)			n	Placebo (N=255)			Quizartinib vs Placebo		Interaction P-value [d]
		No. of subjects with events (%)	No. of subjects censored (%)	Median (95 % CI) [a]		No. of subjects with events (%)	No. of subjects censored (%)	Median (95 % CI) [a]	Hazard Ratio (95 % CI) [b]	Unstratified log-rank p-value [c]	
Choice of Anthracycline											0.4079
Daunorubicin	116	37 (31.9)	79 (68.1)	NE (2.4, NE)	90	32 (35.6)	58 (64.4)	4.1 (1.8, NE)	0.865 (0.538, 1.390)	0.5074	
Idarubicin	135	47 (34.8)	88 (65.2)	22.3 (4.9, NE)	159	48 (30.2)	111 (69.8)	NE (5.7, NE)	1.124 (0.752, 1.681)	0.5747	

N: number of subjects in analysis set; n: number of subjects in subgroup category with complete PRO baseline; %: proportion of number of subjects in n; CI: confidence interval; NE: not estimable. PRO: Patient Reported Outcome. A Minimal Clinically Important Difference of 10 is considered in this table.
 [a] Median time to first event is from Kaplan-Meier estimate. Confidence Interval for median was computed using the Brookmeyer-Crowley method.
 [b] Hazard ratio is from unstratified Cox proportional hazards model with treatment as the only categorical variable in the model. Confidence limits are based on the Wald test.
 [c] Two-sided p-value from unstratified log-rank test.
 [d] Two-sided interaction p-value is for the interaction term from unstratified Cox proportional hazards model with treatment, subgroup, and treatment-by-subgroup interaction as categorical variables in the model. The p-value is based on the Wald test.
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Functional Scales - Role Functioning

Subgroup	n	Quizartinib (N=254)				Placebo (N=255)				Quizartinib vs Placebo		Interaction
		No. of subjects with events (%)	No. of subjects censored (%)	Median (95 % CI) [a]	n	No. of subjects with events (%)	No. of subjects censored (%)	Median (95 % CI) [a]	Hazard Ratio (95 % CI) [b]	Unstratified log-rank p-value [c]	P-value [d]	
AML Cytogenetic Risk Score											0.3650	
Favorable	12	6 (50.0)	6 (50.0)	1.8 (0.7, NE)	16	6 (37.5)	10 (62.5)	NE (1.1, NE)	1.597 (0.514, 4.966)	0.4130		
Intermediate	185	63 (34.1)	122 (65.9)	13.6 (4.9, NE)	179	51 (28.5)	128 (71.5)	NE (4.7, NE)	1.094 (0.756, 1.583)	0.6414		
Unfavorable	19	2 (10.5)	17 (89.5)	NE (0.7, NE)	26	7 (26.9)	19 (73.1)	NE (2.0, NE)	0.477 (0.099, 2.299)	0.3409		
Unknown	35	13 (37.1)	22 (62.9)	NE (0.8, NE)	29	15 (51.7)	14 (48.3)	3.1 (1.1, NE)	0.775 (0.366, 1.639)	0.4608		

N: number of subjects in analysis set; n: number of subjects in subgroup category with complete PRO baseline; %: proportion of number of subjects in n; CI: confidence interval; NE: not estimable. PRO: Patient Reported Outcome. A Minimal Clinically Important Difference of 10 is considered in this table. [a] Median time to first event is from Kaplan-Meier estimate. Confidence Interval for median was computed using the Brookmeyer-Crowley method. [b] Hazard ratio is from unstratified Cox proportional hazards model with treatment as the only categorical variable in the model. Confidence limits are based on the Wald test. [c] Two-sided p-value from unstratified log-rank test. [d] Two-sided interaction p-value is for the interaction term from unstratified Cox proportional hazards model with treatment, subgroup, and treatment-by-subgroup interaction as categorical variables in the model. The p-value is based on the Wald test.
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Daiichi Sankyo | Data Intelligence – Evidence Generation | AC220-A-U302 QUANTUM-First (DCO 13 Aug 2021) | Statistical analyses for AMNOG (HTA Germany)
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Functional Scales - Role Functioning

Subgroup	n	Quizartinib (N=254)			n	Placebo (N=255)			Quizartinib vs Placebo		Interaction p- P-value [d]
		No. of subjects with events (%)	No. of subjects censored (%)	Median (95 % CI) [a]		No. of subjects with events (%)	No. of subjects censored (%)	Median (95 % CI) [a]	Hazard Ratio (95 % CI) [b]	Unstratified log-rank p-value [c]	
ECOG Performance Status at Baseline											0.2968
0 - Fully Active	82	36 (43.9)	46 (56.1)	5.1 (1.6, NE)	92	33 (35.9)	59 (64.1)	18.0 (2.3, NE)	1.246 (0.776, 2.000)	0.3770	
1 - Restricted in Physically Strenuous Activity	126	37 (29.4)	89 (70.6)	NE (4.8, NE)	124	41 (33.1)	83 (66.9)	NE (3.1, NE)	0.809 (0.518, 1.262)	0.3459	
2 - Ambulatory and Capable of All Selfcare	43	11 (25.6)	32 (74.4)	NE (2.6, NE)	34	6 (17.6)	28 (82.4)	NE (2.9, NE)	1.524 (0.557, 4.172)	0.4236	

N: number of subjects in analysis set; n: number of subjects in subgroup category with complete PRO baseline; %: proportion of number of subjects in n; CI: confidence interval; NE: not estimable. PRO: Patient Reported Outcome. A Minimal Clinically Important Difference of 10 is considered in this table.
 [a] Median time to first event is from Kaplan-Meier estimate. Confidence Interval for median was computed using the Brookmeyer-Crowley method.
 [b] Hazard ratio is from unstratified Cox proportional hazards model with treatment as the only categorical variable in the model. Confidence limits are based on the Wald test.
 [c] Two-sided p-value from unstratified log-rank test.
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Functional Scales - Role Functioning

Subgroup	n	Quizartinib (N=254)				Placebo (N=255)				Quizartinib vs Placebo		Interaction P-value [d]
		No. of subjects with events (%)	No. of subjects censored (%)	Median (95 % CI) [a]	n	No. of subjects with events (%)	No. of subjects censored (%)	Median (95 % CI) [a]	Hazard Ratio (95 % CI) [b]	Unstratified log-rank p-value [c]		
FLT3-ITD category at Baseline											0.2704	
≥3 to ≤25%	87	23 (26.4)	64 (73.6)	NE (4.8, NE)	91	28 (30.8)	63 (69.2)	NE (3.5, NE)	0.940 (0.541, 1.633)	0.8163		
>25% to ≤50%	135	55 (40.7)	80 (59.3)	6.4 (2.1, NE)	127	42 (33.1)	85 (66.9)	18.0 (2.5, NE)	1.199 (0.802, 1.792)	0.3949		
>50%	28	6 (21.4)	22 (78.6)	NE (10.4, NE)	33	10 (30.3)	23 (69.7)	NE (1.8, NE)	0.489 (0.176, 1.363)	0.1636		

N: number of subjects in analysis set; n: number of subjects in subgroup category with complete PRO baseline; %: proportion of number of subjects in n; CI: confidence interval; NE: not estimable. PRO: Patient Reported Outcome. A Minimal Clinically Important Difference of 10 is considered in this table.
 [a] Median time to first event is from Kaplan-Meier estimate. Confidence Interval for median was computed using the Brookmeyer-Crowley method.
 [b] Hazard ratio is from unstratified Cox proportional hazards model with treatment as the only categorical variable in the model. Confidence limits are based on the Wald test.
 [c] Two-sided p-value from unstratified log-rank test.
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Functional Scales - Role Functioning

Subgroup	n	Quizartinib (N=254)				Placebo (N=255)				Quizartinib vs Placebo		Interaction P-value [d]
		No. of subjects with events (%)	No. of subjects censored (%)	Median (95 % CI) [a]	n	No. of subjects with events (%)	No. of subjects censored (%)	Median (95 % CI) [a]	Hazard Ratio (95 % CI) [b]	Unstratified log-rank p-value [c]		
AML with Mutated NPM1											0.7376	
Yes	130	45 (34.6)	85 (65.4)	NE (5.1, NE)	129	45 (34.9)	84 (65.1)	NE (4.1, NE)	1.002 (0.662, 1.516)	0.9740		
No	111	36 (32.4)	75 (67.6)	11.1 (2.4, NE)	111	30 (27.0)	81 (73.0)	NE (3.5, NE)	1.119 (0.689, 1.816)	0.6499		

N: number of subjects in analysis set; n: number of subjects in subgroup category with complete PRO baseline; %: proportion of number of subjects in n; CI: confidence interval; NE: not estimable. PRO: Patient Reported Outcome. A Minimal Clinically Important Difference of 10 is considered in this table.
 [a] Median time to first event is from Kaplan-Meier estimate. Confidence Interval for median was computed using the Brookmeyer-Crowley method.
 [b] Hazard ratio is from unstratified Cox proportional hazards model with treatment as the only categorical variable in the model. Confidence limits are based on the Wald test.
 [c] Two-sided p-value from unstratified log-rank test.
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Functional Scales - Role Functioning

Subgroup	n	Quizartinib (N=254)				Placebo (N=255)				Quizartinib vs Placebo		Interaction P-value [d]
		No. of subjects with events (%)	No. of subjects censored (%)	Median (95 % CI) [a]	n	No. of subjects with events (%)	No. of subjects censored (%)	Median (95 % CI) [a]	Hazard Ratio (95 % CI) [b]	Unstratified log-rank p-value [c]		
Age by 2 categories											0.5187	
≤60	156	57 (36.5)	99 (63.5)	22.3 (4.1, NE)	154	52 (33.8)	102 (66.2)	NE (2.3, NE)	0.949 (0.651, 1.382)	0.7747		
>60	95	27 (28.4)	68 (71.6)	NE (3.2, NE)	97	28 (28.9)	69 (71.1)	NE (4.1, NE)	1.172 (0.690, 1.990)	0.5830		

N: number of subjects in analysis set; n: number of subjects in subgroup category with complete PRO baseline; %: proportion of number of subjects in n; CI: confidence interval; NE: not estimable. PRO: Patient Reported Outcome. A Minimal Clinically Important Difference of 10 is considered in this table. [a] Median time to first event is from Kaplan-Meier estimate. Confidence Interval for median was computed using the Brookmeyer-Crowley method. [b] Hazard ratio is from unstratified Cox proportional hazards model with treatment as the only categorical variable in the model. Confidence limits are based on the Wald test. [c] Two-sided p-value from unstratified log-rank test. [d] Two-sided interaction p-value is for the interaction term from unstratified Cox proportional hazards model with treatment, subgroup, and treatment-by-subgroup interaction as categorical variables in the model. The p-value is based on the Wald test.
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Daiichi Sankyo | Data Intelligence – Evidence Generation | AC220-A-U302 QUANTUM-First (DCO 13 Aug 2021) | Statistical analyses for AMNOG (HTA Germany)
 Table 2.20.2 EORTC QLQ-C30 - First deterioration - Time-to-event analysis - subgroup analysis - DCO 13-Aug-2021 - PRO Intent to Treat Analysis Set

Functional Scales - Emotional Functioning

Subgroup	n	Quizartinib (N=254)			Placebo (N=255)			Quizartinib vs Placebo		Interaction P-value [d]
		No. of subjects with events (%)	No. of subjects censored (%)	Median (95 % CI) [a]	n	No. of subjects with events (%)	No. of subjects censored (%)	Median (95 % CI) [a]	Hazard Ratio (95 % CI) [b]	
Pooled Age Group 2										0.2382
<60	152	46 (30.3)	106 (69.7)	NE (14.3, NE)	151	29 (19.2)	122 (80.8)	NE (NE, NE)	1.501 (0.942, 2.390)	0.0794
≥60 - <65	36	5 (13.9)	31 (86.1)	NE (12.2, NE)	43	10 (23.3)	33 (76.7)	NE (4.5, NE)	0.538 (0.183, 1.581)	0.2527
≥65	64	13 (20.3)	51 (79.7)	NE (2.3, NE)	59	12 (20.3)	47 (79.7)	NE (4.3, NE)	1.316 (0.600, 2.887)	0.4936

N: number of subjects in analysis set; n: number of subjects in subgroup category with complete PRO baseline; %: proportion of number of subjects in n; CI: confidence interval; NE: not estimable. PRO: Patient Reported Outcome. A Minimal Clinically Important Difference of 10 is considered in this table.
 [a] Median time to first event is from Kaplan-Meier estimate. Confidence Interval for median was computed using the Brookmeyer-Crowley method.
 [b] Hazard ratio is from unstratified Cox proportional hazards model with treatment as the only categorical variable in the model. Confidence limits are based on the Wald test.
 [c] Two-sided p-value from unstratified log-rank test.
 [d] Two-sided interaction p-value is for the interaction term from unstratified Cox proportional hazards model with treatment, subgroup, and treatment-by-subgroup interaction as categorical variables in the model. The p-value is based on the Wald test.
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Medizinischer Nutzen, medizinischer Zusatznutzen, Patientengruppen mit therap. bedeutsamem Zusatznutzen

Daiichi Sankyo | Data Intelligence – Evidence Generation | AC220-A-U302 QUANTUM-First (DCO 13 Aug 2021) | Statistical analyses for AMNOG (HTA Germany)
 Table 2.20.2 EORTC QLQ-C30 - First deterioration - Time-to-event analysis - subgroup analysis - DCO 13-Aug-2021 - PRO Intent to Treat Analysis Set

Functional Scales - Emotional Functioning

Subgroup	n	Quizartinib (N=254)				Placebo (N=255)				Quizartinib vs Placebo		Interaction P-value [d]
		No. of subjects with events (%)	No. of subjects censored (%)	Median (95 % CI) [a]	n	No. of subjects with events (%)	No. of subjects censored (%)	Median (95 % CI) [a]	Hazard Ratio (95 % CI) [b]	Unstratified log-rank p-value [c]		
Sex												0.0168
Male	120	27 (22.5)	93 (77.5)	NE (22.3, NE)	109	29 (26.6)	80 (73.4)	NE (4.3, NE)	0.792 (0.468, 1.339)	0.3871		
Female	132	37 (28.0)	95 (72.0)	NE (6.3, NE)	144	22 (15.3)	122 (84.7)	NE (NE, NE)	1.979 (1.167, 3.355)	0.0095		

N: number of subjects in analysis set; n: number of subjects in subgroup category with complete PRO baseline; %: proportion of number of subjects in n; CI: confidence interval; NE: not estimable. PRO: Patient Reported Outcome. A Minimal Clinically Important Difference of 10 is considered in this table. [a] Median time to first event is from Kaplan-Meier estimate. Confidence Interval for median was computed using the Brookmeyer-Crowley method. [b] Hazard ratio is from unstratified Cox proportional hazards model with treatment as the only categorical variable in the model. Confidence limits are based on the Wald test. [c] Two-sided p-value from unstratified log-rank test. [d] Two-sided interaction p-value is for the interaction term from unstratified Cox proportional hazards model with treatment, subgroup, and treatment-by-subgroup interaction as categorical variables in the model. The p-value is based on the Wald test. Data source: \\AC220-A-U302\Production\Raw Data_Restricted\rstret_eg\rstret_20211102_eg\rstret_valos\20230516_AMNOG\ADAM\ Run date: 15NOV2023 – 13:07; Program name: .sas; Output name: DE_T_2_20_2_QLQC30_FD_SUB_PRO_ITT.rf

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Functional Scales - Emotional Functioning

Subgroup	n	Quizartinib (N=254)				Placebo (N=255)				Quizartinib vs Placebo		Interaction P-value [d]
		No. of subjects with events (%)	No. of subjects censored (%)	Median (95 % CI) [a]	n	No. of subjects with events (%)	No. of subjects censored (%)	Median (95 % CI) [a]	Hazard Ratio (95 % CI) [b]	Unstratified log-rank p-value [c]		
Race by 2 categories												0.8659
White	150	40 (26.7)	110 (73.3)	NE (25.3, NE)	151	30 (19.9)	121 (80.1)	NE (NE, NE)	1.308 (0.814, 2.101)	0.2597		
Non-white	102	24 (23.5)	78 (76.5)	NE (22.3, NE)	102	21 (20.6)	81 (79.4)	NE (NE, NE)	1.227 (0.683, 2.204)	0.4923		

N: number of subjects in analysis set; n: number of subjects in subgroup category with complete PRO baseline; %: proportion of number of subjects in n; CI: confidence interval; NE: not estimable. PRO: Patient Reported Outcome. A Minimal Clinically Important Difference of 10 is considered in this table.
 [a] Median time to first event is from Kaplan-Meier estimate. Confidence Interval for median was computed using the Brookmeyer-Crowley method.
 [b] Hazard ratio is from unstratified Cox proportional hazards model with treatment as the only categorical variable in the model. Confidence limits are based on the Wald test.
 [c] Two-sided p-value from unstratified log-rank test.
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Daiichi Sankyo | Data Intelligence – Evidence Generation | AC220-A-U302 QUANTUM-First (DCO 13 Aug 2021) | Statistical analyses for AMNOG (HTA Germany)
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Functional Scales - Emotional Functioning

Subgroup	n	Quizartinib (N=254)				Placebo (N=255)				Quizartinib vs Placebo		Interaction
		No. of subjects with events (%)	No. of subjects censored (%)	Median (95 % CI) [a]	n	No. of subjects with events (%)	No. of subjects censored (%)	Median (95 % CI) [a]	Hazard Ratio (95 % CI) [b]	Unstratified log-rank p-value [c]	P-value [d]	
Geographic Region 1											0.9568	
North America	16	2 (12.5)	14 (87.5)	NE (1.6, NE)	16	2 (12.5)	14 (87.5)	NE (3.0, NE)	2.489 (0.348, 17.808)	0.3477		
Europe	150	41 (27.3)	109 (72.7)	NE (14.3, NE)	150	32 (21.3)	118 (78.7)	NE (NE, NE)	1.227 (0.773, 1.950)	0.3742		
Asia/Other Regions	86	21 (24.4)	65 (75.6)	NE (22.3, NE)	87	17 (19.5)	70 (80.5)	NE (NE, NE)	1.282 (0.675, 2.432)	0.4472		

N: number of subjects in analysis set; n: number of subjects in subgroup category with complete PRO baseline; %: proportion of number of subjects in n; CI: confidence interval; NE: not estimable. PRO: Patient Reported Outcome. A Minimal Clinically Important Difference of 10 is considered in this table.
 [a] Median time to first event is from Kaplan-Meier estimate. Confidence Interval for median was computed using the Brookmeyer-Crowley method.
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Functional Scales - Emotional Functioning

Subgroup	n	Quizartinib (N=254)				Placebo (N=255)				Quizartinib vs Placebo		Interaction P-value [d]
		No. of subjects with events (%)	No. of subjects censored (%)	Median (95 % CI) [a]	n	No. of subjects with events (%)	No. of subjects censored (%)	Median (95 % CI) [a]	Hazard Ratio (95 % CI) [b]	Unstratified log-rank p-value [c]		
WBC at initial diagnosis												0.2532
< 40x10 ⁹ /L	128	36 (28.1)	92 (71.9)	NE (4.6, NE)	125	26 (20.8)	99 (79.2)	NE (NE, NE)	1.590 (0.960, 2.634)	0.0672		
≥ 40x10 ⁹ /L	124	28 (22.6)	96 (77.4)	NE (25.3, NE)	128	25 (19.5)	103 (80.5)	NE (NE, NE)	1.011 (0.588, 1.737)	0.9614		

N: number of subjects in analysis set; n: number of subjects in subgroup category with complete PRO baseline; %: proportion of number of subjects in n; CI: confidence interval; NE: not estimable. PRO: Patient Reported Outcome. A Minimal Clinically Important Difference of 10 is considered in this table.
 [a] Median time to first event is from Kaplan-Meier estimate. Confidence Interval for median was computed using the Brookmeyer-Crowley method.
 [b] Hazard ratio is from unstratified Cox proportional hazards model with treatment as the only categorical variable in the model. Confidence limits are based on the Wald test.
 [c] Two-sided p-value from unstratified log-rank test.
 [d] Two-sided interaction p-value is for the interaction term from unstratified Cox proportional hazards model with treatment, subgroup, and treatment-by-subgroup interaction as categorical variables in the model. The p-value is based on the Wald test.
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Functional Scales - Emotional Functioning

Subgroup	n	Quizartinib (N=254)				Placebo (N=255)				Quizartinib vs Placebo		Interaction P-value [d]
		No. of subjects with events (%)	No. of subjects censored (%)	Median (95 % CI) [a]	n	No. of subjects with events (%)	No. of subjects censored (%)	Median (95 % CI) [a]	Hazard Ratio (95 % CI) [b]	Unstratified log-rank p-value [c]		
Choice of Anthracycline											0.6293	
Daunorubicin	116	26 (22.4)	90 (77.6)	NE (14.3, NE)	90	18 (20.0)	72 (80.0)	NE (6.5, NE)	1.129 (0.618, 2.060)	0.6836		
Idarubicin	136	38 (27.9)	98 (72.1)	NE (22.3, NE)	161	33 (20.5)	128 (79.5)	NE (NE, NE)	1.361 (0.854, 2.171)	0.1900		

N: number of subjects in analysis set; n: number of subjects in subgroup category with complete PRO baseline; %: proportion of number of subjects in n; CI: confidence interval; NE: not estimable. PRO: Patient Reported Outcome. A Minimal Clinically Important Difference of 10 is considered in this table.
 [a] Median time to first event is from Kaplan-Meier estimate. Confidence Interval for median was computed using the Brookmeyer-Crowley method.
 [b] Hazard ratio is from unstratified Cox proportional hazards model with treatment as the only categorical variable in the model. Confidence limits are based on the Wald test.
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Functional Scales - Emotional Functioning

Subgroup	n	Quizartinib (N=254)				Placebo (N=255)				Quizartinib vs Placebo		Interaction
		No. of subjects with events (%)	No. of subjects censored (%)	Median (95 % CI) [a]	n	No. of subjects with events (%)	No. of subjects censored (%)	Median (95 % CI) [a]	Hazard Ratio (95 % CI) [b]	Unstratified log-rank p-value [c]	P-value [d]	
AML Cytogenetic Risk Score											0.4812	
Favorable	12	2 (16.7)	10 (83.3)	NE (1.5, NE)	16	6 (37.5)	10 (62.5)	NE (0.7, NE)	0.485 (0.098, 2.407)	0.3768		
Intermediate	186	48 (25.8)	138 (74.2)	NE (22.3, NE)	180	35 (19.4)	145 (80.6)	NE (NE, NE)	1.253 (0.810, 1.938)	0.3015		
Unfavorable	19	5 (26.3)	14 (73.7)	NE (0.7, NE)	26	4 (15.4)	22 (84.6)	NE (NE, NE)	2.309 (0.620, 8.602)	0.1972		
Unknown	35	9 (25.7)	26 (74.3)	NE (3.7, NE)	30	6 (20.0)	24 (80.0)	NE (6.4, NE)	1.447 (0.512, 4.088)	0.4976		

N: number of subjects in analysis set; n: number of subjects in subgroup category with complete PRO baseline; %: proportion of number of subjects in n; CI: confidence interval; NE: not estimable. PRO: Patient Reported Outcome. A Minimal Clinically Important Difference of 10 is considered in this table. [a] Median time to first event is from Kaplan-Meier estimate. Confidence Interval for median was computed using the Brookmeyer-Crowley method. [b] Hazard ratio is from unstratified Cox proportional hazards model with treatment as the only categorical variable in the model. Confidence limits are based on the Wald test. [c] Two-sided p-value from unstratified log-rank test. [d] Two-sided interaction p-value is for the interaction term from unstratified Cox proportional hazards model with treatment, subgroup, and treatment-by-subgroup interaction as categorical variables in the model. The p-value is based on the Wald test.
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Functional Scales - Emotional Functioning

Subgroup	n	Quizartinib (N=254)			n	Placebo (N=255)			Quizartinib vs Placebo		Interaction P-value [d]
		No. of subjects with events (%)	No. of subjects censored (%)	Median (95 % CI) [a]		No. of subjects with events (%)	No. of subjects censored (%)	Median (95 % CI) [a]	Hazard Ratio (95 % CI) [b]	Unstratified log-rank p-value [c]	
ECOG Performance Status at Baseline											0.6372
0 - Fully Active	82	24 (29.3)	58 (70.7)	NE (22.3, NE)	92	25 (27.2)	67 (72.8)	NE (6.5, NE)	1.045 (0.596, 1.833)	0.8603	
1 - Restricted in Physically Strenuous Activity	126	29 (23.0)	97 (77.0)	NE (12.2, NE)	126	20 (15.9)	106 (84.1)	NE (NE, NE)	1.525 (0.863, 2.696)	0.1430	
2 - Ambulatory and Capable of All Selfcare	44	11 (25.0)	33 (75.0)	NE (6.3, NE)	34	6 (17.6)	28 (82.4)	NE (5.7, NE)	1.321 (0.482, 3.620)	0.5856	

N: number of subjects in analysis set; n: number of subjects in subgroup category with complete PRO baseline; %: proportion of number of subjects in n; CI: confidence interval; NE: not estimable. PRO: Patient Reported Outcome. A Minimal Clinically Important Difference of 10 is considered in this table. [a] Median time to first event is from Kaplan-Meier estimate. Confidence Interval for median was computed using the Brookmeyer-Crowley method. [b] Hazard ratio is from unstratified Cox proportional hazards model with treatment as the only categorical variable in the model. Confidence limits are based on the Wald test. [c] Two-sided p-value from unstratified log-rank test. [d] Two-sided interaction p-value is for the interaction term from unstratified Cox proportional hazards model with treatment, subgroup, and treatment-by-subgroup interaction as categorical variables in the model. The p-value is based on the Wald test.
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Subgroup	n	Quizartinib (N=254)				Placebo (N=255)				Quizartinib vs Placebo		Interaction P-value [d]
		No. of subjects with events (%)	No. of subjects censored (%)	Median (95 % CI) [a]	n	No. of subjects with events (%)	No. of subjects censored (%)	Median (95 % CI) [a]	Hazard Ratio (95 % CI) [b]	Unstratified log-rank p-value [c]		
FLT3-ITD category at Baseline											0.2284	
≥3 to ≤25%	88	26 (29.5)	62 (70.5)	NE (3.7, NE)	92	19 (20.7)	73 (79.3)	NE (NE, NE)	1.700 (0.940, 3.072)	0.0742		
>25% to ≤50%	135	34 (25.2)	101 (74.8)	NE (22.3, NE)	128	25 (19.5)	103 (80.5)	NE (NE, NE)	1.273 (0.759, 2.136)	0.3536		
>50%	28	4 (14.3)	24 (85.7)	NE (25.3, NE)	33	7 (21.2)	26 (78.8)	NE (6.4, NE)	0.480 (0.137, 1.677)	0.2447		

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Functional Scales - Emotional Functioning

Subgroup	n	Quizartinib (N=254)				Placebo (N=255)				Quizartinib vs Placebo		Interaction P-value [d]
		No. of subjects with events (%)	No. of subjects censored (%)	Median (95 % CI) [a]	n	No. of subjects with events (%)	No. of subjects censored (%)	Median (95 % CI) [a]	Hazard Ratio (95 % CI) [b]	Unstratified log-rank p-value [c]		
AML with Mutated NPM1											0.1052	
Yes	130	32 (24.6)	98 (75.4)	NE (25.3, NE)	131	32 (24.4)	99 (75.6)	NE (7.5, NE)	0.976 (0.597, 1.596)	0.9272		
No	112	29 (25.9)	83 (74.1)	NE (4.2, NE)	111	15 (13.5)	96 (86.5)	NE (NE, NE)	1.909 (1.024, 3.562)	0.0358		

N: number of subjects in analysis set; n: number of subjects in subgroup category with complete PRO baseline; %: proportion of number of subjects in n; CI: confidence interval; NE: not estimable. PRO: Patient Reported Outcome. A Minimal Clinically Important Difference of 10 is considered in this table.
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Functional Scales - Emotional Functioning

Subgroup	n	Quizartinib (N=254)			Placebo (N=255)			Quizartinib vs Placebo		Interaction P-value [d]
		No. of subjects with events (%)	No. of subjects censored (%)	Median (95 % CI) [a]	n	No. of subjects with events (%)	No. of subjects censored (%)	Median (95 % CI) [a]	Hazard Ratio (95 % CI) [b]	
Age by 2 categories										0.1929
≤60	157	47 (29.9)	110 (70.1)	NE (14.3, NE)	154	29 (18.8)	125 (81.2)	NE (NE, NE)	1.517 (0.955, 2.412)	0.0708
>60	95	17 (17.9)	78 (82.1)	NE (NE, NE)	99	22 (22.2)	77 (77.8)	NE (5.7, NE)	0.917 (0.487, 1.727)	0.7887

N: number of subjects in analysis set; n: number of subjects in subgroup category with complete PRO baseline; %: proportion of number of subjects in n; CI: confidence interval; NE: not estimable. PRO: Patient Reported Outcome. A Minimal Clinically Important Difference of 10 is considered in this table. [a] Median time to first event is from Kaplan-Meier estimate. Confidence Interval for median was computed using the Brookmeyer-Crowley method. [b] Hazard ratio is from unstratified Cox proportional hazards model with treatment as the only categorical variable in the model. Confidence limits are based on the Wald test. [c] Two-sided p-value from unstratified log-rank test. [d] Two-sided interaction p-value is for the interaction term from unstratified Cox proportional hazards model with treatment, subgroup, and treatment-by-subgroup interaction as categorical variables in the model. The p-value is based on the Wald test.
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Functional Scales - Cognitive Functioning

Subgroup	n	Quizartinib (N=254)				Placebo (N=255)			Quizartinib vs Placebo		Interaction P-value [d]
		No. of subjects with events (%)	No. of subjects censored (%)	Median (95 % CI) [a]	n	No. of subjects with events (%)	No. of subjects censored (%)	Median (95 % CI) [a]	Hazard Ratio (95 % CI) [b]	Unstratified log-rank p-value [c]	
Pooled Age Group 2											0.0465
<60	152	53 (34.9)	99 (65.1)	25.0 (4.6, NE)	151	59 (39.1)	92 (60.9)	4.8 (2.6, 9.8)	0.743 (0.511, 1.079)	0.1146	
≥60 - <65	36	11 (30.6)	25 (69.4)	18.4 (4.4, NE)	43	17 (39.5)	26 (60.5)	5.7 (2.0, NE)	0.765 (0.357, 1.640)	0.4836	
≥65	64	25 (39.1)	39 (60.9)	2.7 (1.1, 20.1)	59	18 (30.5)	41 (69.5)	NE (3.0, NE)	1.730 (0.942, 3.176)	0.0724	

N: number of subjects in analysis set; n: number of subjects in subgroup category with complete PRO baseline; %: proportion of number of subjects in n; CI: confidence interval; NE: not estimable. PRO: Patient Reported Outcome. A Minimal Clinically Important Difference of 10 is considered in this table. [a] Median time to first event is from Kaplan-Meier estimate. Confidence Interval for median was computed using the Brookmeyer-Crowley method. [b] Hazard ratio is from unstratified Cox proportional hazards model with treatment as the only categorical variable in the model. Confidence limits are based on the Wald test. [c] Two-sided p-value from unstratified log-rank test. [d] Two-sided interaction p-value is for the interaction term from unstratified Cox proportional hazards model with treatment, subgroup, and treatment-by-subgroup interaction as categorical variables in the model. The p-value is based on the Wald test.
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 Run date: 15NOV2023 – 13:07; Program name: .sas; Output name: DE_T_2_20_2_QLQC30_FD_SUB_PRO_ITT.rtf

Medizinischer Nutzen, medizinischer Zusatznutzen, Patientengruppen mit therap. bedeutsamem Zusatznutzen

Daiichi Sankyo | Data Intelligence – Evidence Generation | AC220-A-U302 QUANTUM-First (DCO 13 Aug 2021) | Statistical analyses for AMNOG (HTA Germany)
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Functional Scales - Cognitive Functioning

Subgroup	n	Quizartinib (N=254)				Placebo (N=255)				Quizartinib vs Placebo		Interaction P-value [d]
		No. of subjects with events (%)	No. of subjects censored (%)	Median (95 % CI) [a]	n	No. of subjects with events (%)	No. of subjects censored (%)	Median (95 % CI) [a]	Hazard Ratio (95 % CI) [b]	Unstratified log-rank p-value [c]		
Sex												0.4869
Male	120	39 (32.5)	81 (67.5)	20.1 (3.6, NE)	109	40 (36.7)	69 (63.3)	5.7 (2.9, 17.5)	0.806 (0.517, 1.255)	0.3335		
Female	132	50 (37.9)	82 (62.1)	7.6 (3.4, 31.2)	144	54 (37.5)	90 (62.5)	4.9 (2.9, NE)	1.004 (0.683, 1.476)	0.9962		

N: number of subjects in analysis set; n: number of subjects in subgroup category with complete PRO baseline; %: proportion of number of subjects in n; CI: confidence interval; NE: not estimable. PRO: Patient Reported Outcome. A Minimal Clinically Important Difference of 10 is considered in this table.
 [a] Median time to first event is from Kaplan-Meier estimate. Confidence Interval for median was computed using the Brookmeyer-Crowley method.
 [b] Hazard ratio is from unstratified Cox proportional hazards model with treatment as the only categorical variable in the model. Confidence limits are based on the Wald test.
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Functional Scales - Cognitive Functioning

Subgroup	n	Quizartinib (N=254)				Placebo (N=255)				Quizartinib vs Placebo		Interaction P-value [d]
		No. of subjects with events (%)	No. of subjects censored (%)	Median (95 % CI) [a]	n	No. of subjects with events (%)	No. of subjects censored (%)	Median (95 % CI) [a]	Hazard Ratio (95 % CI) [b]	Unstratified log-rank p-value [c]		
Race by 2 categories											0.3736	
White	150	49 (32.7)	101 (67.3)	31.2 (4.6, NE)	151	54 (35.8)	97 (64.2)	8.5 (2.9, NE)	0.824 (0.559, 1.217)	0.3153		
Non-white	102	40 (39.2)	62 (60.8)	6.3 (2.6, 20.1)	102	40 (39.2)	62 (60.8)	4.7 (2.9, 17.5)	1.055 (0.680, 1.637)	0.8106		

N: number of subjects in analysis set; n: number of subjects in subgroup category with complete PRO baseline; %: proportion of number of subjects in n; CI: confidence interval; NE: not estimable. PRO: Patient Reported Outcome. A Minimal Clinically Important Difference of 10 is considered in this table.
 [a] Median time to first event is from Kaplan-Meier estimate. Confidence Interval for median was computed using the Brookmeyer-Crowley method.
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Functional Scales - Cognitive Functioning

Subgroup	n	Quizartinib (N=254)				Placebo (N=255)				Quizartinib vs Placebo		Interaction P-value [d]
		No. of subjects with events (%)	No. of subjects censored (%)	Median (95 % CI) [a]	n	No. of subjects with events (%)	No. of subjects censored (%)	Median (95 % CI) [a]	Hazard Ratio (95 % CI) [b]	Unstratified log-rank p-value [c]		
Geographic Region 1											0.3654	
North America	16	3 (18.8)	13 (81.3)	NE (0.7, NE)	16	6 (37.5)	10 (62.5)	NE (1.2, NE)	0.962 (0.240, 3.849)	0.9300		
Europe	150	53 (35.3)	97 (64.7)	18.4 (4.6, NE)	150	59 (39.3)	91 (60.7)	4.9 (2.5, 9.8)	0.787 (0.541, 1.144)	0.1983		
Asia/Other Regions	86	33 (38.4)	53 (61.6)	7.4 (3.0, 20.1)	87	29 (33.3)	58 (66.7)	5.7 (4.2, NE)	1.196 (0.726, 1.971)	0.4783		

N: number of subjects in analysis set; n: number of subjects in subgroup category with complete PRO baseline; %: proportion of number of subjects in n; CI: confidence interval; NE: not estimable. PRO: Patient Reported Outcome. A Minimal Clinically Important Difference of 10 is considered in this table. [a] Median time to first event is from Kaplan-Meier estimate. Confidence Interval for median was computed using the Brookmeyer-Crowley method. [b] Hazard ratio is from unstratified Cox proportional hazards model with treatment as the only categorical variable in the model. Confidence limits are based on the Wald test. [c] Two-sided p-value from unstratified log-rank test. [d] Two-sided interaction p-value is for the interaction term from unstratified Cox proportional hazards model with treatment, subgroup, and treatment-by-subgroup interaction as categorical variables in the model. The p-value is based on the Wald test.
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Functional Scales - Cognitive Functioning

Subgroup	n	Quizartinib (N=254)				Placebo (N=255)				Quizartinib vs Placebo		Interaction P-value [d]
		No. of subjects with events (%)	No. of subjects censored (%)	Median (95 % CI) [a]	n	No. of subjects with events (%)	No. of subjects censored (%)	Median (95 % CI) [a]	Hazard Ratio (95 % CI) [b]	Unstratified log-rank p-value [c]		
WBC at initial diagnosis												0.8592
< 40x10 ⁹ /L	128	48 (37.5)	80 (62.5)	7.6 (2.4, NE)	125	55 (44.0)	70 (56.0)	4.7 (2.5, 13.6)	0.950 (0.645, 1.399)	0.7889		
≥ 40x10 ⁹ /L	124	41 (33.1)	83 (66.9)	18.4 (4.8, NE)	128	39 (30.5)	89 (69.5)	5.7 (3.2, NE)	0.870 (0.559, 1.355)	0.5252		

N: number of subjects in analysis set; n: number of subjects in subgroup category with complete PRO baseline; %: proportion of number of subjects in n; CI: confidence interval; NE: not estimable. PRO: Patient Reported Outcome. A Minimal Clinically Important Difference of 10 is considered in this table. [a] Median time to first event is from Kaplan-Meier estimate. Confidence Interval for median was computed using the Brookmeyer-Crowley method. [b] Hazard ratio is from unstratified Cox proportional hazards model with treatment as the only categorical variable in the model. Confidence limits are based on the Wald test. [c] Two-sided p-value from unstratified log-rank test. [d] Two-sided interaction p-value is for the interaction term from unstratified Cox proportional hazards model with treatment, subgroup, and treatment-by-subgroup interaction as categorical variables in the model. The p-value is based on the Wald test. Data source: \\AC220-A-U302\Production\Raw Data_Restricted\rstret_eg\rstret_20211102_eg\rstret_valos\20230516_AMNOG\ADAM\ Run date: 15NOV2023 – 13:07; Program name: .sas; Output name: DE_T_2_20_2_QLQC30_FD_SUB_PRO_ITT.rf

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Functional Scales - Cognitive Functioning

Subgroup	n	Quizartinib (N=254)				Placebo (N=255)				Quizartinib vs Placebo		Interaction P-value [d]
		No. of subjects with events (%)	No. of subjects censored (%)	Median (95 % CI) [a]	n	No. of subjects with events (%)	No. of subjects censored (%)	Median (95 % CI) [a]	Hazard Ratio (95 % CI) [b]	Unstratified log-rank p-value [c]		
Choice of Anthracycline												0.5688
Daunorubicin	116	41 (35.3)	75 (64.7)	6.6 (3.4, NE)	90	34 (37.8)	56 (62.2)	4.2 (1.4, NE)	0.813 (0.515, 1.285)	0.3752		
Idarubicin	136	48 (35.3)	88 (64.7)	15.5 (4.4, NE)	161	60 (37.3)	101 (62.7)	5.7 (3.6, 13.6)	0.932 (0.637, 1.364)	0.7035		

N: number of subjects in analysis set; n: number of subjects in subgroup category with complete PRO baseline; %: proportion of number of subjects in n; CI: confidence interval; NE: not estimable. PRO: Patient Reported Outcome. A Minimal Clinically Important Difference of 10 is considered in this table. [a] Median time to first event is from Kaplan-Meier estimate. Confidence Interval for median was computed using the Brookmeyer-Crowley method. [b] Hazard ratio is from unstratified Cox proportional hazards model with treatment as the only categorical variable in the model. Confidence limits are based on the Wald test. [c] Two-sided p-value from unstratified log-rank test. [d] Two-sided interaction p-value is for the interaction term from unstratified Cox proportional hazards model with treatment, subgroup, and treatment-by-subgroup interaction as categorical variables in the model. The p-value is based on the Wald test. Data source: \\AC220-A-U302\Production\Raw Data_Restricted\rstret_eg\rstret_20211102_eg\rstret_valos\20230516_AMNOG\ADAM\ Run date: 15NOV2023 – 13:07; Program name: .sas; Output name: DE_T_2_20_2_QLQC30_FD_SUB_PRO_ITT.rtf

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		No. of subjects with events (%)	No. of subjects censored (%)	Median (95 % CI) [a]	n	No. of subjects with events (%)	No. of subjects censored (%)	Median (95 % CI) [a]	Hazard Ratio (95 % CI) [b]	Unstratified log-rank p-value [c]	
AML Cytogenetic Risk Score											0.8605
Favorable	12	3 (25.0)	9 (75.0)	NE (0.7, NE)	16	7 (43.8)	9 (56.3)	13.6 (1.3, NE)	0.643 (0.165, 2.497)	0.5162	
Intermediate	186	67 (36.0)	119 (64.0)	7.6 (4.6, NE)	180	63 (35.0)	117 (65.0)	4.9 (3.6, NE)	0.927 (0.656, 1.309)	0.6560	
Unfavorable	19	7 (36.8)	12 (63.2)	2.4 (0.7, NE)	26	10 (38.5)	16 (61.5)	8.5 (2.6, NE)	1.100 (0.395, 3.061)	0.8550	
Unknown	35	12 (34.3)	23 (65.7)	13.1 (3.0, NE)	30	13 (43.3)	17 (56.7)	2.5 (1.5, NE)	0.784 (0.355, 1.731)	0.5456	

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Subgroup	n	Quizartinib (N=254)			n	Placebo (N=255)			Quizartinib vs Placebo		Interaction P-value [d]
		No. of subjects with events (%)	No. of subjects censored (%)	Median (95 % CI) [a]		No. of subjects with events (%)	No. of subjects censored (%)	Median (95 % CI) [a]	Hazard Ratio (95 % CI) [b]	Unstratified log-rank p-value [c]	
ECOG Performance Status at Baseline											0.7492
0 - Fully Active	82	32 (39.0)	50 (61.0)	20.1 (2.7, NE)	92	38 (41.3)	54 (58.7)	4.8 (2.0, NE)	0.888 (0.554, 1.425)	0.6190	
1 - Restricted in Physically Strenuous Activity	126	45 (35.7)	81 (64.3)	13.1 (3.4, NE)	126	48 (38.1)	78 (61.9)	5.7 (2.9, 17.5)	0.884 (0.588, 1.330)	0.5488	
2 - Ambulatory and Capable of All Selfcare	44	12 (27.3)	32 (72.7)	NE (2.6, NE)	34	8 (23.5)	26 (76.5)	9.8 (2.9, NE)	1.218 (0.497, 2.983)	0.6751	

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		No. of subjects with events (%)	No. of subjects censored (%)	Median (95 % CI) [a]	n	No. of subjects with events (%)	No. of subjects censored (%)	Median (95 % CI) [a]	Hazard Ratio (95 % CI) [b]	Unstratified log-rank p-value [c]		
FLT3-ITD category at Baseline											0.4694	
≥3 to ≤25%	88	34 (38.6)	54 (61.4)	3.5 (2.2, NE)	92	38 (41.3)	54 (58.7)	4.9 (2.6, NE)	1.005 (0.632, 1.599)	0.9938		
>25% to ≤50%	135	48 (35.6)	87 (64.4)	7.6 (4.4, NE)	128	45 (35.2)	83 (64.8)	5.7 (2.6, NE)	0.967 (0.643, 1.455)	0.8601		
>50%	28	7 (25.0)	21 (75.0)	NE (8.7, NE)	33	11 (33.3)	22 (66.7)	4.9 (1.3, NE)	0.515 (0.197, 1.349)	0.1736		

N: number of subjects in analysis set; n: number of subjects in subgroup category with complete PRO baseline; %: proportion of number of subjects in n; CI: confidence interval; NE: not estimable. PRO: Patient Reported Outcome. A Minimal Clinically Important Difference of 10 is considered in this table.
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Subgroup	n	Quizartinib (N=254)				Placebo (N=255)				Quizartinib vs Placebo		Interaction P-value [d]
		No. of subjects with events (%)	No. of subjects censored (%)	Median (95 % CI) [a]	n	No. of subjects with events (%)	No. of subjects censored (%)	Median (95 % CI) [a]	Hazard Ratio (95 % CI) [b]	Unstratified log-rank p-value [c]		
AML with Mutated NPM1											0.1558	
Yes	130	50 (38.5)	80 (61.5)	13.1 (4.6, NE)	131	58 (44.3)	73 (55.7)	4.9 (2.6, 8.5)	0.762 (0.520, 1.115)	0.1571		
No	112	36 (32.1)	76 (67.9)	8.7 (2.4, NE)	111	31 (27.9)	80 (72.1)	17.5 (3.0, NE)	1.201 (0.743, 1.942)	0.4631		

N: number of subjects in analysis set; n: number of subjects in subgroup category with complete PRO baseline; %: proportion of number of subjects in n; CI: confidence interval; NE: not estimable. PRO: Patient Reported Outcome. A Minimal Clinically Important Difference of 10 is considered in this table.
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Functional Scales - Cognitive Functioning

Subgroup	n	Quizartinib (N=254)				Placebo (N=255)				Quizartinib vs Placebo		Interaction P-value [d]
		No. of subjects with events (%)	No. of subjects censored (%)	Median (95 % CI) [a]	n	No. of subjects with events (%)	No. of subjects censored (%)	Median (95 % CI) [a]	Hazard Ratio (95 % CI) [b]	Unstratified log-rank p-value [c]		
Age by 2 categories												0.0871
≤60	157	54 (34.4)	103 (65.6)	25.0 (4.6, NE)	154	59 (38.3)	95 (61.7)	4.8 (2.6, 9.8)	0.751 (0.518, 1.088)	0.1257		
>60	95	35 (36.8)	60 (63.2)	4.8 (2.4, 20.1)	99	35 (35.4)	64 (64.6)	5.7 (3.0, NE)	1.255 (0.785, 2.006)	0.3433		

N: number of subjects in analysis set; n: number of subjects in subgroup category with complete PRO baseline; %: proportion of number of subjects in n; CI: confidence interval; NE: not estimable. PRO: Patient Reported Outcome. A Minimal Clinically Important Difference of 10 is considered in this table.
 [a] Median time to first event is from Kaplan-Meier estimate. Confidence Interval for median was computed using the Brookmeyer-Crowley method.
 [b] Hazard ratio is from unstratified Cox proportional hazards model with treatment as the only categorical variable in the model. Confidence limits are based on the Wald test.
 [c] Two-sided p-value from unstratified log-rank test.
 [d] Two-sided interaction p-value is for the interaction term from unstratified Cox proportional hazards model with treatment, subgroup, and treatment-by-subgroup interaction as categorical variables in the model. The p-value is based on the Wald test.
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 Run date: 15NOV2023 – 13:07; Program name: .sas; Output name: DE_T_2_20_2_QLQC30_FD_SUB_PRO_ITT.rtf

Medizinischer Nutzen, medizinischer Zusatznutzen, Patientengruppen mit therap. bedeutsamem Zusatznutzen

Daiichi Sankyo | Data Intelligence – Evidence Generation | AC220-A-U302 QUANTUM-First (DCO 13 Aug 2021) | Statistical analyses for AMNOG (HTA Germany)
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Functional Scales - Social Functioning

Subgroup	n	Quizartinib (N=254)				Placebo (N=255)				Quizartinib vs Placebo		Interaction P-value [d]
		No. of subjects with events (%)	No. of subjects censored (%)	Median (95 % CI) [a]	n	No. of subjects with events (%)	No. of subjects censored (%)	Median (95 % CI) [a]	Hazard Ratio (95 % CI) [b]	Unstratified log-rank p-value [c]		
Pooled Age Group 2											0.3786	
<60	151	53 (35.1)	98 (64.9)	NE (4.2, NE)	151	55 (36.4)	96 (63.6)	NE (3.0, NE)	0.818 (0.561, 1.193)	0.3205		
≥60 - <65	36	11 (30.6)	25 (69.4)	NE (0.7, NE)	43	14 (32.6)	29 (67.4)	5.7 (2.6, NE)	1.104 (0.499, 2.441)	0.8755		
≥65	64	19 (29.7)	45 (70.3)	18.9 (1.8, NE)	59	17 (28.8)	42 (71.2)	NE (2.2, NE)	1.375 (0.714, 2.647)	0.3608		

N: number of subjects in analysis set; n: number of subjects in subgroup category with complete PRO baseline; %: proportion of number of subjects in n; CI: confidence interval; NE: not estimable. PRO: Patient Reported Outcome. A Minimal Clinically Important Difference of 10 is considered in this table.
 [a] Median time to first event is from Kaplan-Meier estimate. Confidence Interval for median was computed using the Brookmeyer-Crowley method.
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Functional Scales - Social Functioning

Subgroup	n	Quizartinib (N=254)			n	Placebo (N=255)			Quizartinib vs Placebo		Interaction P-value [d]
		No. of subjects with events (%)	No. of subjects censored (%)	Median (95 % CI) [a]		No. of subjects with events (%)	No. of subjects censored (%)	Median (95 % CI) [a]	Hazard Ratio (95 % CI) [b]	Unstratified log-rank p-value [c]	
Sex											0.7424
Male	119	37 (31.1)	82 (68.9)	NE (7.1, NE)	109	36 (33.0)	73 (67.0)	NE (3.0, NE)	0.906 (0.572, 1.434)	0.6581	
Female	132	46 (34.8)	86 (65.2)	NE (2.0, NE)	144	50 (34.7)	94 (65.3)	NE (3.3, NE)	1.014 (0.679, 1.513)	0.9464	

N: number of subjects in analysis set; n: number of subjects in subgroup category with complete PRO baseline; %: proportion of number of subjects in n; CI: confidence interval; NE: not estimable. PRO: Patient Reported Outcome. A Minimal Clinically Important Difference of 10 is considered in this table.
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Functional Scales - Social Functioning

Subgroup	n	Quizartinib (N=254)				Placebo (N=255)				Quizartinib vs Placebo		Interaction P-value [d]
		No. of subjects with events (%)	No. of subjects censored (%)	Median (95 % CI) [a]	n	No. of subjects with events (%)	No. of subjects censored (%)	Median (95 % CI) [a]	Hazard Ratio (95 % CI) [b]	Unstratified log-rank p-value [c]		
Race by 2 categories											0.3036	
White	149	56 (37.6)	93 (62.4)	12.9 (1.9, NE)	151	52 (34.4)	99 (65.6)	NE (3.3, NE)	1.093 (0.749, 1.595)	0.6661		
Non-white	102	27 (26.5)	75 (73.5)	NE (7.1, NE)	102	34 (33.3)	68 (66.7)	NE (3.2, NE)	0.788 (0.475, 1.306)	0.3624		

N: number of subjects in analysis set; n: number of subjects in subgroup category with complete PRO baseline; %: proportion of number of subjects in n; CI: confidence interval; NE: not estimable. PRO: Patient Reported Outcome. A Minimal Clinically Important Difference of 10 is considered in this table.
 [a] Median time to first event is from Kaplan-Meier estimate. Confidence Interval for median was computed using the Brookmeyer-Crowley method.
 [b] Hazard ratio is from unstratified Cox proportional hazards model with treatment as the only categorical variable in the model. Confidence limits are based on the Wald test.
 [c] Two-sided p-value from unstratified log-rank test.
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Daichi Sankyo | Data Intelligence – Evidence Generation | AC220-A-U302 QUANTUM-First (DCO 13 Aug 2021) | Statistical analyses for AMNOG (HTA Germany)
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Functional Scales - Social Functioning

Subgroup	n	Quizartinib (N=254)			n	Placebo (N=255)			Quizartinib vs Placebo		Interaction P-value [d]
		No. of subjects with events (%)	No. of subjects censored (%)	Median (95 % CI) [a]		No. of subjects with events (%)	No. of subjects censored (%)	Median (95 % CI) [a]	Hazard Ratio (95 % CI) [b]	Unstratified log-rank p-value [c]	
Geographic Region 1											0.4994
North America	16	2 (12.5)	14 (87.5)	NE (0.7, NE)	16	2 (12.5)	14 (87.5)	NE (2.1, NE)	1.931 (0.271, 13.787)	0.5041	
Europe	149	59 (39.6)	90 (60.4)	7.1 (1.9, NE)	150	55 (36.7)	95 (63.3)	9.7 (2.6, NE)	1.042 (0.722, 1.505)	0.8337	
Asia/Other Regions	86	22 (25.6)	64 (74.4)	NE (7.4, NE)	87	29 (33.3)	58 (66.7)	NE (3.2, NE)	0.727 (0.417, 1.267)	0.2566	

N: number of subjects in analysis set; n: number of subjects in subgroup category with complete PRO baseline; %: proportion of number of subjects in n; CI: confidence interval; NE: not estimable. PRO: Patient Reported Outcome. A Minimal Clinically Important Difference of 10 is considered in this table. [a] Median time to first event is from Kaplan-Meier estimate. Confidence Interval for median was computed using the Brookmeyer-Crowley method. [b] Hazard ratio is from unstratified Cox proportional hazards model with treatment as the only categorical variable in the model. Confidence limits are based on the Wald test. [c] Two-sided p-value from unstratified log-rank test. [d] Two-sided interaction p-value is for the interaction term from unstratified Cox proportional hazards model with treatment, subgroup, and treatment-by-subgroup interaction as categorical variables in the model. The p-value is based on the Wald test.
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Subgroup	n	Quizartinib (N=254)			n	Placebo (N=255)			Quizartinib vs Placebo		Interaction P-value [d]
		No. of subjects with events (%)	No. of subjects censored (%)	Median (95 % CI) [a]		No. of subjects with events (%)	No. of subjects censored (%)	Median (95 % CI) [a]	Hazard Ratio (95 % CI) [b]	Unstratified log-rank p-value [c]	
WBC at initial diagnosis											0.7745
< 40x10 ⁹ /L	127	43 (33.9)	84 (66.1)	NE (2.2, NE)	125	45 (36.0)	80 (64.0)	NE (3.3, NE)	1.007 (0.663, 1.529)	0.9791	
≥ 40x10 ⁹ /L	124	40 (32.3)	84 (67.7)	NE (4.2, NE)	128	41 (32.0)	87 (68.0)	NE (3.2, NE)	0.922 (0.596, 1.426)	0.7104	

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Subgroup	n	Quizartinib (N=254)			n	Placebo (N=255)			Quizartinib vs Placebo		Interaction P-value [d]
		No. of subjects with events (%)	No. of subjects censored (%)	Median (95 % CI) [a]		No. of subjects with events (%)	No. of subjects censored (%)	Median (95 % CI) [a]	Hazard Ratio (95 % CI) [b]	Unstratified log-rank p-value [c]	
Choice of Anthracycline											0.3624
Daunorubicin	116	39 (33.6)	77 (66.4)	7.1 (2.0, NE)	90	28 (31.1)	62 (68.9)	NE (3.0, NE)	1.112 (0.684, 1.808)	0.6654	
Idarubicin	135	44 (32.6)	91 (67.4)	NE (7.4, NE)	161	58 (36.0)	103 (64.0)	9.7 (3.2, NE)	0.838 (0.566, 1.240)	0.3705	

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 [a] Median time to first event is from Kaplan-Meier estimate. Confidence Interval for median was computed using the Brookmeyer-Crowley method.
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		No. of subjects with events (%)	No. of subjects censored (%)	Median (95 % CI) [a]	n	No. of subjects with events (%)	No. of subjects censored (%)	Median (95 % CI) [a]	Hazard Ratio (95 % CI) [b]	Unstratified log-rank p-value [c]		
AML Cytogenetic Risk Score											0.1624	
Favorable	12	5 (41.7)	7 (58.3)	5.1 (0.7, NE)	16	6 (37.5)	10 (62.5)	NE (0.9, NE)	1.696 (0.503, 5.718)	0.3806		
Intermediate	185	63 (34.1)	122 (65.9)	NE (4.2, NE)	180	53 (29.4)	127 (70.6)	NE (4.7, NE)	1.104 (0.766, 1.592)	0.6049		
Unfavorable	19	2 (10.5)	17 (89.5)	NE (1.8, NE)	26	11 (42.3)	15 (57.7)	6.8 (0.7, NE)	0.252 (0.056, 1.141)	0.0527		
Unknown	35	13 (37.1)	22 (62.9)	18.9 (0.8, NE)	30	16 (53.3)	14 (46.7)	3.3 (0.7, NE)	0.723 (0.347, 1.503)	0.3796		

N: number of subjects in analysis set; n: number of subjects in subgroup category with complete PRO baseline; %: proportion of number of subjects in n; CI: confidence interval; NE: not estimable. PRO: Patient Reported Outcome. A Minimal Clinically Important Difference of 10 is considered in this table. [a] Median time to first event is from Kaplan-Meier estimate. Confidence Interval for median was computed using the Brookmeyer-Crowley method. [b] Hazard ratio is from unstratified Cox proportional hazards model with treatment as the only categorical variable in the model. Confidence limits are based on the Wald test. [c] Two-sided p-value from unstratified log-rank test. [d] Two-sided interaction p-value is for the interaction term from unstratified Cox proportional hazards model with treatment, subgroup, and treatment-by-subgroup interaction as categorical variables in the model. The p-value is based on the Wald test.
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Subgroup	n	Quizartinib (N=254)			n	Placebo (N=255)			Quizartinib vs Placebo		Interaction P-value [d]
		No. of subjects with events (%)	No. of subjects censored (%)	Median (95 % CI) [a]		No. of subjects with events (%)	No. of subjects censored (%)	Median (95 % CI) [a]	Hazard Ratio (95 % CI) [b]	Unstratified log-rank p-value [c]	
ECOG Performance Status at Baseline											0.4327
0 - Fully Active	82	35 (42.7)	47 (57.3)	6.6 (1.6, NE)	92	34 (37.0)	58 (63.0)	9.7 (3.2, NE)	1.180 (0.735, 1.892)	0.4973	
1 - Restricted in Physically Strenuous Activity	126	37 (29.4)	89 (70.6)	NE (5.1, NE)	126	40 (31.7)	86 (68.3)	NE (4.7, NE)	0.910 (0.582, 1.423)	0.6639	
2 - Ambulatory and Capable of All Selfcare	43	11 (25.6)	32 (74.4)	NE (1.3, NE)	34	12 (35.3)	22 (64.7)	NE (0.7, NE)	0.706 (0.311, 1.600)	0.4090	

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		No. of subjects with events (%)	No. of subjects censored (%)	Median (95 % CI) [a]		No. of subjects with events (%)	No. of subjects censored (%)	Median (95 % CI) [a]	Hazard Ratio (95 % CI) [b]	Unstratified log-rank p-value [c]	
FLT3-ITD category at Baseline											0.9842
≥3 to ≤25%	87	26 (29.9)	61 (70.1)	NE (3.8, NE)	92	31 (33.7)	61 (66.3)	NE (2.2, NE)	0.959 (0.569, 1.615)	0.8559	
>25% to ≤50%	135	48 (35.6)	87 (64.4)	NE (2.0, NE)	128	47 (36.7)	81 (63.3)	6.8 (2.6, NE)	0.921 (0.616, 1.377)	0.6981	
>50%	28	8 (28.6)	20 (71.4)	NE (1.3, NE)	33	8 (24.2)	25 (75.8)	NE (NE, NE)	1.047 (0.393, 2.791)	0.8924	

N: number of subjects in analysis set; n: number of subjects in subgroup category with complete PRO baseline; %: proportion of number of subjects in n; CI: confidence interval; NE: not estimable. PRO: Patient Reported Outcome. A Minimal Clinically Important Difference of 10 is considered in this table.
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Subgroup	n	Quizartinib (N=254)				Placebo (N=255)				Quizartinib vs Placebo		Interaction P-value [d]
		No. of subjects with events (%)	No. of subjects censored (%)	Median (95 % CI) [a]	n	No. of subjects with events (%)	No. of subjects censored (%)	Median (95 % CI) [a]	Hazard Ratio (95 % CI) [b]	Unstratified log-rank p-value [c]		
AML with Mutated NPM1											0.7570	
Yes	130	43 (33.1)	87 (66.9)	NE (6.6, NE)	131	50 (38.2)	81 (61.8)	NE (3.6, NE)	0.903 (0.601, 1.359)	0.6098		
No	111	35 (31.5)	76 (68.5)	12.9 (3.5, NE)	111	31 (27.9)	80 (72.1)	NE (2.6, NE)	0.993 (0.612, 1.611)	0.9840		

N: number of subjects in analysis set; n: number of subjects in subgroup category with complete PRO baseline; %: proportion of number of subjects in n; CI: confidence interval; NE: not estimable. PRO: Patient Reported Outcome. A Minimal Clinically Important Difference of 10 is considered in this table. [a] Median time to first event is from Kaplan-Meier estimate. Confidence Interval for median was computed using the Brookmeyer-Crowley method. [b] Hazard ratio is from unstratified Cox proportional hazards model with treatment as the only categorical variable in the model. Confidence limits are based on the Wald test. [c] Two-sided p-value from unstratified log-rank test. [d] Two-sided interaction p-value is for the interaction term from unstratified Cox proportional hazards model with treatment, subgroup, and treatment-by-subgroup interaction as categorical variables in the model. The p-value is based on the Wald test.
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 Run date: 15NOV2023 – 13:07; Program name: .sas; Output name: DE_T_2_20_2_QLQC30_FD_SUB_PRO_ITT.rf

Medizinischer Nutzen, medizinischer Zusatznutzen, Patientengruppen mit therap. bedeutsamem Zusatznutzen

Daiichi Sankyo | Data Intelligence – Evidence Generation | AC220-A-U302 QUANTUM-First (DCO 13 Aug 2021) | Statistical analyses for AMNOG (HTA Germany)
 Table 2.20.2 EORTC QLQ-C30 - First deterioration - Time-to-event analysis - subgroup analysis - DCO 13-Aug-2021 - PRO Intent to Treat Analysis Set

Functional Scales - Social Functioning

Subgroup	n	Quizartinib (N=254)			Placebo (N=255)			Quizartinib vs Placebo		Interaction P-value [d]
		No. of subjects with events (%)	No. of subjects censored (%)	Median (95 % CI) [a]	n	No. of subjects with events (%)	No. of subjects censored (%)	Median (95 % CI) [a]	Hazard Ratio (95 % CI) [b]	
Age by 2 categories										0.3118
≤60	156	55 (35.3)	101 (64.7)	NE (4.2, NE)	154	55 (35.7)	99 (64.3)	NE (3.0, NE)	0.848 (0.583, 1.233)	0.4128
>60	95	28 (29.5)	67 (70.5)	NE (1.9, NE)	99	31 (31.3)	68 (68.7)	NE (3.6, NE)	1.194 (0.716, 1.992)	0.5400

N: number of subjects in analysis set; n: number of subjects in subgroup category with complete PRO baseline; %: proportion of number of subjects in n; CI: confidence interval; NE: not estimable. PRO: Patient Reported Outcome. A Minimal Clinically Important Difference of 10 is considered in this table.
 [a] Median time to first event is from Kaplan-Meier estimate. Confidence Interval for median was computed using the Brookmeyer-Crowley method.
 [b] Hazard ratio is from unstratified Cox proportional hazards model with treatment as the only categorical variable in the model. Confidence limits are based on the Wald test.
 [c] Two-sided p-value from unstratified log-rank test.
 [d] Two-sided interaction p-value is for the interaction term from unstratified Cox proportional hazards model with treatment, subgroup, and treatment-by-subgroup interaction as categorical variables in the model. The p-value is based on the Wald test.
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Medizinischer Nutzen, medizinischer Zusatznutzen, Patientengruppen mit therap. bedeutsamem Zusatznutzen

Daiichi Sankyo | Data Intelligence – Evidence Generation | AC220-A-U302 QUANTUM-First (DCO 13 Aug 2021) | Statistical analyses for AMNOG (HTA Germany)
 Table 2.20.2 EORTC QLQ-C30 - First deterioration - Time-to-event analysis - subgroup analysis - DCO 13-Aug-2021 - PRO Intent to Treat Analysis Set

Symptom Scales – Fatigue

Subgroup	n	Quizartinib (N=254)				Placebo (N=255)				Quizartinib vs Placebo		Interaction P-value [d]
		No. of subjects with events (%)	No. of subjects censored (%)	Median (95 % CI) [a]	n	No. of subjects with events (%)	No. of subjects censored (%)	Median (95 % CI) [a]	Hazard Ratio (95 % CI) [b]	Unstratified log-rank p-value [c]		
Pooled Age Group 2											0.9289	
<60	151	51 (33.8)	100 (66.2)	31.3 (5.1, NE)	151	41 (27.2)	110 (72.8)	NE (28.2, NE)	1.166 (0.772, 1.759)	0.4571		
≥60 - <65	36	13 (36.1)	23 (63.9)	15.8 (2.2, NE)	42	15 (35.7)	27 (64.3)	4.5 (2.9, NE)	0.940 (0.445, 1.983)	0.8668		
≥65	64	21 (32.8)	43 (67.2)	10.1 (1.6, NE)	59	22 (37.3)	37 (62.7)	6.7 (1.3, NE)	1.073 (0.590, 1.954)	0.8523		

N: number of subjects in analysis set; n: number of subjects in subgroup category with complete PRO baseline; %: proportion of number of subjects in n; CI: confidence interval; NE: not estimable. PRO: Patient Reported Outcome. A Minimal Clinically Important Difference of 10 is considered in this table.
 [a] Median time to first event is from Kaplan-Meier estimate. Confidence Interval for median was computed using the Brookmeyer-Crowley method.
 [b] Hazard ratio is from unstratified Cox proportional hazards model with treatment as the only categorical variable in the model. Confidence limits are based on the Wald test.
 [c] Two-sided p-value from unstratified log-rank test.
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Medizinischer Nutzen, medizinischer Zusatznutzen, Patientengruppen mit therap. bedeutsamem Zusatznutzen

Daiichi Sankyo | Data Intelligence – Evidence Generation | AC220-A-U302 QUANTUM-First (DCO 13 Aug 2021) | Statistical analyses for AMNOG (HTA Germany)
 Table 2.20.2 EORTC QLQ-C30 - First deterioration - Time-to-event analysis - subgroup analysis - DCO 13-Aug-2021 - PRO Intent to Treat Analysis Set

Symptom Scales – Fatigue

Subgroup	n	Quizartinib (N=254)				Placebo (N=255)			Quizartinib vs Placebo		Interaction P-value [d]
		No. of subjects with events (%)	No. of subjects censored (%)	Median CI [a]	95 % n	No. of subjects with events (%)	No. of subjects censored (%)	Median (95 % CI) [a]	Hazard Ratio (95 % CI) [b]	Unstratified log-rank p-value [c]	
Sex											0.1488
Male	119	38 (31.9)	81 (68.1)	18.9 (6.2, NE)	108	36 (33.3)	72 (66.7)	NE (1.6, NE)	0.851 (0.539, 1.343)	0.4916	
Female	132	47 (35.6)	85 (64.4)	15.8 (2.3, NE)	144	42 (29.2)	102 (70.8)	NE (6.7, NE)	1.329 (0.876, 2.015)	0.1852	

N: number of subjects in analysis set; n: number of subjects in subgroup category with complete PRO baseline; %: proportion of number of subjects in n; CI: confidence interval; NE: not estimable. PRO: Patient Reported Outcome. A Minimal Clinically Important Difference of 10 is considered in this table. [a] Median time to first event is from Kaplan-Meier estimate. Confidence Interval for median was computed using the Brookmeyer-Crowley method. [b] Hazard ratio is from unstratified Cox proportional hazards model with treatment as the only categorical variable in the model. Confidence limits are based on the Wald test. [c] Two-sided p-value from unstratified log-rank test. [d] Two-sided interaction p-value is for the interaction term from unstratified Cox proportional hazards model with treatment, subgroup, and treatment-by-subgroup interaction as categorical variables in the model. The p-value is based on the Wald test.
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Medizinischer Nutzen, medizinischer Zusatznutzen, Patientengruppen mit therap. bedeutsamem Zusatznutzen

Daiichi Sankyo | Data Intelligence – Evidence Generation | AC220-A-U302 QUANTUM-First (DCO 13 Aug 2021) | Statistical analyses for AMNOG (HTA Germany)
 Table 2.20.2 EORTC QLQ-C30 - First deterioration - Time-to-event analysis - subgroup analysis - DCO 13-Aug-2021 - PRO Intent to Treat Analysis Set

Symptom Scales – Fatigue

Subgroup	n	Quizartinib (N=254)			Placebo (N=255)			Quizartinib vs Placebo		Interaction P-value [d]
		No. of subjects with events (%)	No. of subjects censored (%)	Median (95 % CI) [a]	n	No. of subjects with events (%)	No. of subjects censored (%)	Median (95 % CI) [a]	Hazard Ratio (95 % CI) [b]	
Race by 2 categories										0.1048
White	149	54 (36.2)	95 (63.8)	14.3 (4.8, NE)	151	40 (26.5)	111 (73.5)	NE (NE, NE)	1.349 (0.895, 2.034)	0.1527
Non-white	102	31 (30.4)	71 (69.6)	22.3 (3.5, NE)	101	38 (37.6)	63 (62.4)	5.3 (1.6, NE)	0.807 (0.502, 1.298)	0.3792

N: number of subjects in analysis set; n: number of subjects in subgroup category with complete PRO baseline; %: proportion of number of subjects in n; CI: confidence interval; NE: not estimable. PRO: Patient Reported Outcome. A Minimal Clinically Important Difference of 10 is considered in this table.
 [a] Median time to first event is from Kaplan-Meier estimate. Confidence Interval for median was computed using the Brookmeyer-Crowley method.
 [b] Hazard ratio is from unstratified Cox proportional hazards model with treatment as the only categorical variable in the model. Confidence limits are based on the Wald test.
 [c] Two-sided p-value from unstratified log-rank test.
 [d] Two-sided interaction p-value is for the interaction term from unstratified Cox proportional hazards model with treatment, subgroup, and treatment-by-subgroup interaction as categorical variables in the model. The p-value is based on the Wald test.
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Medizinischer Nutzen, medizinischer Zusatznutzen, Patientengruppen mit therap. bedeutsamem Zusatznutzen

Daiichi Sankyo | Data Intelligence – Evidence Generation | AC220-A-U302 QUANTUM-First (DCO 13 Aug 2021) | Statistical analyses for AMNOG (HTA Germany)
 Table 2.20.2 EORTC QLQ-C30 - First deterioration - Time-to-event analysis - subgroup analysis - DCO 13-Aug-2021 - PRO Intent to Treat Analysis Set

Symptom Scales – Fatigue

Subgroup	n	Quizartinib (N=254)				Placebo (N=255)				Quizartinib vs Placebo		Interaction
		No. of subjects with events (%)	No. of subjects censored (%)	Median (95 % CI) [a]	n	No. of subjects with events (%)	No. of subjects censored (%)	Median (95 % CI) [a]	Hazard Ratio (95 % CI) [b]	Unstratified log-rank p-value [c]	P-value [d]	
Geographic Region 1											0.5972	
North America	16	4 (25.0)	12 (75.0)	NE (0.7, NE)	16	5 (31.3)	11 (68.8)	28.2 (2.9, NE)	1.389 (0.366, 5.273)	0.6453		
Europe	149	54 (36.2)	95 (63.8)	14.3 (4.3, NE)	149	42 (28.2)	107 (71.8)	NE (7.1, NE)	1.208 (0.806, 1.810)	0.3595		
Asia/Other Regions	86	27 (31.4)	59 (68.6)	22.3 (3.5, NE)	87	31 (35.6)	56 (64.4)	5.3 (1.6, NE)	0.866 (0.516, 1.453)	0.5825		

N: number of subjects in analysis set; n: number of subjects in subgroup category with complete PRO baseline; %: proportion of number of subjects in n; CI: confidence interval; NE: not estimable. PRO: Patient Reported Outcome. A Minimal Clinically Important Difference of 10 is considered in this table. [a] Median time to first event is from Kaplan-Meier estimate. Confidence Interval for median was computed using the Brookmeyer-Crowley method. [b] Hazard ratio is from unstratified Cox proportional hazards model with treatment as the only categorical variable in the model. Confidence limits are based on the Wald test. [c] Two-sided p-value from unstratified log-rank test. [d] Two-sided interaction p-value is for the interaction term from unstratified Cox proportional hazards model with treatment, subgroup, and treatment-by-subgroup interaction as categorical variables in the model. The p-value is based on the Wald test. Data source: \\AC220-A-U302\Production\Raw Data_Restricted\rstret_eg\rstret_20211102_eg\rstret_valos\20230516_AMNOG\ADAM\ Run date: 15NOV2023 – 13:07; Program name: .sas; Output name: DE_T_2_20_2_QLQC30_FD_SUB_PRO_ITT.rtf

Medizinischer Nutzen, medizinischer Zusatznutzen, Patientengruppen mit therap. bedeutsamem Zusatznutzen

Daiichi Sankyo | Data Intelligence – Evidence Generation | AC220-A-U302 QUANTUM-First (DCO 13 Aug 2021) | Statistical analyses for AMNOG (HTA Germany)
 Table 2.20.2 EORTC QLQ-C30 - First deterioration - Time-to-event analysis - subgroup analysis - DCO 13-Aug-2021 - PRO Intent to Treat Analysis Set

Symptom Scales – Fatigue

Subgroup	n	Quizartinib (N=254)				Placebo (N=255)				Quizartinib vs Placebo		Interaction P-value [d]
		No. of subjects with events (%)	No. of subjects censored (%)	Median (95 % CI) [a]	n	No. of subjects with events (%)	No. of subjects censored (%)	Median (95 % CI) [a]	Hazard Ratio (95 % CI) [b]	Unstratified log-rank p-value [c]		
WBC at initial diagnosis												0.0982
< 40x10 ⁹ /L	128	48 (37.5)	80 (62.5)	7.6 (2.0, NE)	125	41 (32.8)	84 (67.2)	NE (5.3, NE)	1.407 (0.927, 2.136)	0.1057		
≥ 40x10 ⁹ /L	123	37 (30.1)	86 (69.9)	31.3 (15.8, NE)	127	37 (29.1)	90 (70.9)	NE (2.9, NE)	0.846 (0.535, 1.337)	0.4689		

N: number of subjects in analysis set; n: number of subjects in subgroup category with complete PRO baseline; %: proportion of number of subjects in n; CI: confidence interval; NE: not estimable. PRO: Patient Reported Outcome. A Minimal Clinically Important Difference of 10 is considered in this table.
 [a] Median time to first event is from Kaplan-Meier estimate. Confidence Interval for median was computed using the Brookmeyer-Crowley method.
 [b] Hazard ratio is from unstratified Cox proportional hazards model with treatment as the only categorical variable in the model. Confidence limits are based on the Wald test.
 [c] Two-sided p-value from unstratified log-rank test.
 [d] Two-sided interaction p-value is for the interaction term from unstratified Cox proportional hazards model with treatment, subgroup, and treatment-by-subgroup interaction as categorical variables in the model. The p-value is based on the Wald test.
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Medizinischer Nutzen, medizinischer Zusatznutzen, Patientengruppen mit therap. bedeutsamem Zusatznutzen

Daiichi Sankyo | Data Intelligence – Evidence Generation | AC220-A-U302 QUANTUM-First (DCO 13 Aug 2021) | Statistical analyses for AMNOG (HTA Germany)
 Table 2.20.2 EORTC QLQ-C30 - First deterioration - Time-to-event analysis - subgroup analysis - DCO 13-Aug-2021 - PRO Intent to Treat Analysis Set

Symptom Scales – Fatigue

Subgroup	n	Quizartinib (N=254)			n	Placebo (N=255)			Quizartinib vs Placebo		Interaction P-value [d]
		No. of subjects with events (%)	No. of subjects censored (%)	Median (95 % CI) [a]		No. of subjects with events (%)	No. of subjects censored (%)	Median (95 % CI) [a]	Hazard Ratio (95 % CI) [b]	Unstratified log-rank p-value [c]	
Choice of Anthracycline											0.0559
Daunorubicin	116	33 (28.4)	83 (71.6)	NE (5.1, NE)	90	32 (35.6)	58 (64.4)	7.1 (4.1, NE)	0.743 (0.456, 1.211)	0.2284	
Idarubicin	135	52 (38.5)	83 (61.5)	8.5 (3.0, NE)	160	45 (28.1)	115 (71.9)	NE (NE, NE)	1.398 (0.938, 2.083)	0.0993	

N: number of subjects in analysis set; n: number of subjects in subgroup category with complete PRO baseline; %: proportion of number of subjects in n; CI: confidence interval; NE: not estimable. PRO: Patient Reported Outcome. A Minimal Clinically Important Difference of 10 is considered in this table.
 [a] Median time to first event is from Kaplan-Meier estimate. Confidence Interval for median was computed using the Brookmeyer-Crowley method.
 [b] Hazard ratio is from unstratified Cox proportional hazards model with treatment as the only categorical variable in the model. Confidence limits are based on the Wald test.
 [c] Two-sided p-value from unstratified log-rank test.
 [d] Two-sided interaction p-value is for the interaction term from unstratified Cox proportional hazards model with treatment, subgroup, and treatment-by-subgroup interaction as categorical variables in the model. The p-value is based on the Wald test.
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Medizinischer Nutzen, medizinischer Zusatznutzen, Patientengruppen mit therap. bedeutsamem Zusatznutzen

Daiichi Sankyo | Data Intelligence – Evidence Generation | AC220-A-U302 QUANTUM-First (DCO 13 Aug 2021) | Statistical analyses for AMNOG (HTA Germany)
 Table 2.20.2 EORTC QLQ-C30 - First deterioration - Time-to-event analysis - subgroup analysis - DCO 13-Aug-2021 - PRO Intent to Treat Analysis Set

Symptom Scales – Fatigue

Subgroup	n	Quizartinib (N=254)			Placebo (N=255)			Quizartinib vs Placebo		Interaction P-value [d]
		No. of subjects with events (%)	No. of subjects censored (%)	Median (95 % CI) [a]	n	No. of subjects with events (%)	No. of subjects censored (%)	Median (95 % CI) [a]	Hazard Ratio (95 % CI) [b]	
AML Cytogenetic Risk Score										0.7876
Favorable	12	3 (25.0)	9 (75.0)	NE (0.7, NE)	16	5 (31.3)	11 (68.8)	NE (4.4, NE)	1.251 (0.293, 5.334)	0.7635
Intermediate	185	62 (33.5)	123 (66.5)	22.3 (5.1, NE)	179	55 (30.7)	124 (69.3)	NE (4.1, NE)	0.986 (0.686, 1.419)	0.9274
Unfavorable	19	5 (26.3)	14 (73.7)	NE (0.7, NE)	26	7 (26.9)	19 (73.1)	NE (0.7, NE)	1.180 (0.374, 3.720)	0.7651
Unknown	35	15 (42.9)	20 (57.1)	6.2 (1.6, NE)	30	10 (33.3)	20 (66.7)	NE (3.1, NE)	1.434 (0.641, 3.208)	0.3863

N: number of subjects in analysis set; n: number of subjects in subgroup category with complete PRO baseline; %: proportion of number of subjects in n; CI: confidence interval; NE: not estimable. PRO: Patient Reported Outcome. A Minimal Clinically Important Difference of 10 is considered in this table. [a] Median time to first event is from Kaplan-Meier estimate. Confidence Interval for median was computed using the Brookmeyer-Crowley method. [b] Hazard ratio is from unstratified Cox proportional hazards model with treatment as the only categorical variable in the model. Confidence limits are based on the Wald test. [c] Two-sided p-value from unstratified log-rank test. [d] Two-sided interaction p-value is for the interaction term from unstratified Cox proportional hazards model with treatment, subgroup, and treatment-by-subgroup interaction as categorical variables in the model. The p-value is based on the Wald test.
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Medizinischer Nutzen, medizinischer Zusatznutzen, Patientengruppen mit therap. bedeutsamem Zusatznutzen

Daiichi Sankyo | Data Intelligence – Evidence Generation | AC220-A-U302 QUANTUM-First (DCO 13 Aug 2021) | Statistical analyses for AMNOG (HTA Germany)
 Table 2.20.2 EORTC QLQ-C30 - First deterioration - Time-to-event analysis - subgroup analysis - DCO 13-Aug-2021 - PRO Intent to Treat Analysis Set

Symptom Scales – Fatigue

Subgroup	n	Quizartinib (N=254)			n	Placebo (N=255)			Quizartinib vs Placebo		Interaction P-value [d]
		No. of subjects with events (%)	No. of subjects censored (%)	Median (95 % CI) [a]		No. of subjects with events (%)	No. of subjects censored (%)	Median (95 % CI) [a]	Hazard Ratio (95 % CI) [b]	Unstratified log-rank p-value [c]	
ECOG Performance Status at Baseline											0.7630
0 - Fully Active	82	30 (36.6)	52 (63.4)	22.3 (2.2, NE)	92	31 (33.7)	61 (66.3)	28.2 (4.1, NE)	1.039 (0.629, 1.717)	0.8787	
1 - Restricted in Physically Strenuous Activity	126	42 (33.3)	84 (66.7)	14.3 (4.8, NE)	125	39 (31.2)	86 (68.8)	NE (3.6, NE)	1.047 (0.677, 1.619)	0.8478	
2 - Ambulatory and Capable of All Selfcare	43	13 (30.2)	30 (69.8)	NE (1.0, NE)	34	8 (23.5)	26 (76.5)	NE (2.9, NE)	1.492 (0.617, 3.604)	0.3687	

N: number of subjects in analysis set; n: number of subjects in subgroup category with complete PRO baseline; %: proportion of number of subjects in n; CI: confidence interval; NE: not estimable. PRO: Patient Reported Outcome. A Minimal Clinically Important Difference of 10 is considered in this table.
 [a] Median time to first event is from Kaplan-Meier estimate. Confidence Interval for median was computed using the Brookmeyer-Crowley method.
 [b] Hazard ratio is from unstratified Cox proportional hazards model with treatment as the only categorical variable in the model. Confidence limits are based on the Wald test.
 [c] Two-sided p-value from unstratified log-rank test.
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Medizinischer Nutzen, medizinischer Zusatznutzen, Patientengruppen mit therap. bedeutsamem Zusatznutzen

Daiichi Sankyo | Data Intelligence – Evidence Generation | AC220-A-U302 QUANTUM-First (DCO 13 Aug 2021) | Statistical analyses for AMNOG (HTA Germany)
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Symptom Scales – Fatigue

Subgroup	n	Quizartinib (N=254)				Placebo (N=255)				Quizartinib vs Placebo		Interaction P-value [d]
		No. of subjects with events (%)	No. of subjects censored (%)	Median (95 % CI) [a]	n	No. of subjects with events (%)	No. of subjects censored (%)	Median (95 % CI) [a]	Hazard Ratio (95 % CI) [b]	Unstratified log-rank p-value [c]		
FLT3-ITD category at Baseline											0.4027	
≥3 to ≤25%	88	30 (34.1)	58 (65.9)	10.1 (4.3, NE)	92	26 (28.3)	66 (71.7)	NE (6.7, NE)	1.358 (0.803, 2.297)	0.2468		
>25% to ≤50%	135	47 (34.8)	88 (65.2)	22.3 (4.1, NE)	127	41 (32.3)	86 (67.7)	NE (2.9, NE)	1.057 (0.695, 1.608)	0.8143		
>50%	27	8 (29.6)	19 (70.4)	NE (2.7, NE)	33	11 (33.3)	22 (66.7)	NE (0.7, NE)	0.714 (0.287, 1.780)	0.4736		

N: number of subjects in analysis set; n: number of subjects in subgroup category with complete PRO baseline; %: proportion of number of subjects in n; CI: confidence interval; NE: not estimable. PRO: Patient Reported Outcome. A Minimal Clinically Important Difference of 10 is considered in this table.
 [a] Median time to first event is from Kaplan-Meier estimate. Confidence Interval for median was computed using the Brookmeyer-Crowley method.
 [b] Hazard ratio is from unstratified Cox proportional hazards model with treatment as the only categorical variable in the model. Confidence limits are based on the Wald test.
 [c] Two-sided p-value from unstratified log-rank test.
 [d] Two-sided interaction p-value is for the interaction term from unstratified Cox proportional hazards model with treatment, subgroup, and treatment-by-subgroup interaction as categorical variables in the model. The p-value is based on the Wald test.
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 Run date: 15NOV2023 – 13:07; Program name: .sas; Output name: DE_T_2_20_2_QLQC30_FD_SUB_PRO_ITT.rtf

Medizinischer Nutzen, medizinischer Zusatznutzen, Patientengruppen mit therap. bedeutsamem Zusatznutzen

Daiichi Sankyo | Data Intelligence – Evidence Generation | AC220-A-U302 QUANTUM-First (DCO 13 Aug 2021) | Statistical analyses for AMNOG (HTA Germany)
 Table 2.20.2 EORTC QLQ-C30 - First deterioration - Time-to-event analysis - subgroup analysis - DCO 13-Aug-2021 - PRO Intent to Treat Analysis Set

Symptom Scales – Fatigue

Subgroup	n	Quizartinib (N=254)				Placebo (N=255)				Quizartinib vs Placebo		Interaction P-value [d]
		No. of subjects with events (%)	No. of subjects censored (%)	Median (95 % CI) [a]	n	No. of subjects with events (%)	No. of subjects censored (%)	Median (95 % CI) [a]	Hazard Ratio (95 % CI) [b]	Unstratified log-rank p-value [c]		
AML with Mutated NPM1											0.0615	
Yes	129	43 (33.3)	86 (66.7)	NE (8.3, NE)	130	47 (36.2)	83 (63.8)	28.2 (3.6, NE)	0.902 (0.596, 1.366)	0.6107		
No	112	41 (36.6)	71 (63.4)	5.1 (2.1, 31.3)	111	26 (23.4)	85 (76.6)	NE (6.7, NE)	1.649 (1.008, 2.697)	0.0434		

N: number of subjects in analysis set; n: number of subjects in subgroup category with complete PRO baseline; %: proportion of number of subjects in n; CI: confidence interval; NE: not estimable. PRO: Patient Reported Outcome. A Minimal Clinically Important Difference of 10 is considered in this table.
 [a] Median time to first event is from Kaplan-Meier estimate. Confidence Interval for median was computed using the Brookmeyer-Crowley method.
 [b] Hazard ratio is from unstratified Cox proportional hazards model with treatment as the only categorical variable in the model. Confidence limits are based on the Wald test.
 [c] Two-sided p-value from unstratified log-rank test.
 [d] Two-sided interaction p-value is for the interaction term from unstratified Cox proportional hazards model with treatment, subgroup, and treatment-by-subgroup interaction as categorical variables in the model. The p-value is based on the Wald test.
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Symptom Scales – Fatigue

Subgroup	n	Quizartinib (N=254)				Placebo (N=255)				Quizartinib vs Placebo		Interaction P-value [d]
		No. of subjects with events (%)	No. of subjects censored (%)	Median (95 % CI) [a]	n	No. of subjects with events (%)	No. of subjects censored (%)	Median (95 % CI) [a]	Hazard Ratio (95 % CI) [b]	Unstratified log-rank p-value [c]		
Age by 2 categories											0.7982	
≤60	156	52 (33.3)	104 (66.7)	31.3 (5.1, NE)	154	42 (27.3)	112 (72.7)	NE (28.2, NE)	1.151 (0.766, 1.729)	0.4908		
>60	95	33 (34.7)	62 (65.3)	8.3 (2.2, NE)	98	36 (36.7)	62 (63.3)	4.5 (2.6, NE)	1.047 (0.652, 1.680)	0.8684		

N: number of subjects in analysis set; n: number of subjects in subgroup category with complete PRO baseline; %: proportion of number of subjects in n; CI: confidence interval; NE: not estimable. PRO: Patient Reported Outcome. A Minimal Clinically Important Difference of 10 is considered in this table.
 [a] Median time to first event is from Kaplan-Meier estimate. Confidence Interval for median was computed using the Brookmeyer-Crowley method.
 [b] Hazard ratio is from unstratified Cox proportional hazards model with treatment as the only categorical variable in the model. Confidence limits are based on the Wald test.
 [c] Two-sided p-value from unstratified log-rank test.
 [d] Two-sided interaction p-value is for the interaction term from unstratified Cox proportional hazards model with treatment, subgroup, and treatment-by-subgroup interaction as categorical variables in the model. The p-value is based on the Wald test.
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Daiichi Sankyo | Data Intelligence – Evidence Generation | AC220-A-U302 QUANTUM-First (DCO 13 Aug 2021) | Statistical analyses for AMNOG (HTA Germany)
 Table 2.20.2 EORTC QLQ-C30 - First deterioration - Time-to-event analysis - subgroup analysis - DCO 13-Aug-2021 - PRO Intent to Treat Analysis Set

Symptom Scales - Nausea and Vomiting

Subgroup	n	Quizartinib (N=254)				Placebo (N=255)			Quizartinib vs Placebo		Interaction P-value [d]
		No. of subjects with events (%)	No. of subjects censored (%)	Median (95 % CI) [a]	n	No. of subjects with events (%)	No. of subjects censored (%)	Median (95 % CI) [a]	Hazard Ratio (95 % CI) [b]	Unstratified log-rank p-value [c]	
Pooled Age Group 2											0.8283
<60	152	58 (38.2)	94 (61.8)	8.3 (5.5, 30.3)	151	55 (36.4)	96 (63.6)	5.3 (3.0, NE)	0.871 (0.602, 1.262)	0.4615	
≥60 - <65	36	12 (33.3)	24 (66.7)	15.8 (1.8, NE)	43	16 (37.2)	27 (62.8)	4.5 (2.6, NE)	0.838 (0.394, 1.781)	0.6417	
≥65	63	21 (33.3)	42 (66.7)	2.7 (1.8, NE)	59	21 (35.6)	38 (64.4)	NE (1.7, NE)	1.037 (0.566, 1.900)	0.9045	

N: number of subjects in analysis set; n: number of subjects in subgroup category with complete PRO baseline; %: proportion of number of subjects in n; CI: confidence interval; NE: not estimable. PRO: Patient Reported Outcome. A Minimal Clinically Important Difference of 10 is considered in this table.
 [a] Median time to first event is from Kaplan-Meier estimate. Confidence Interval for median was computed using the Brookmeyer-Crowley method.
 [b] Hazard ratio is from unstratified Cox proportional hazards model with treatment as the only categorical variable in the model. Confidence limits are based on the Wald test.
 [c] Two-sided p-value from unstratified log-rank test.
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Symptom Scales - Nausea and Vomiting

Subgroup	n	Quizartinib (N=254)				Placebo (N=255)				Quizartinib vs Placebo		Interaction P-value [d]
		No. of subjects with events (%)	No. of subjects censored (%)	Median (95 % CI) [a]	n	No. of subjects with events (%)	No. of subjects censored (%)	Median (95 % CI) [a]	Hazard Ratio (95 % CI) [b]	Unstratified log-rank p-value [c]		
Sex												0.9082
Male	119	41 (34.5)	78 (65.5)	10.5 (5.8, 30.3)	109	35 (32.1)	74 (67.9)	7.5 (3.6, NE)	0.945 (0.601, 1.485)	0.8098		
Female	132	50 (37.9)	82 (62.1)	8.3 (2.4, NE)	144	57 (39.6)	87 (60.4)	4.4 (2.3, NE)	0.939 (0.642, 1.374)	0.7332		

N: number of subjects in analysis set; n: number of subjects in subgroup category with complete PRO baseline; %: proportion of number of subjects in n; CI: confidence interval; NE: not estimable. PRO: Patient Reported Outcome. A Minimal Clinically Important Difference of 10 is considered in this table. [a] Median time to first event is from Kaplan-Meier estimate. Confidence Interval for median was computed using the Brookmeyer-Crowley method. [b] Hazard ratio is from unstratified Cox proportional hazards model with treatment as the only categorical variable in the model. Confidence limits are based on the Wald test. [c] Two-sided p-value from unstratified log-rank test. [d] Two-sided interaction p-value is for the interaction term from unstratified Cox proportional hazards model with treatment, subgroup, and treatment-by-subgroup interaction as categorical variables in the model. The p-value is based on the Wald test.
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Daiichi Sankyo | Data Intelligence – Evidence Generation | AC220-A-U302 QUANTUM-First (DCO 13 Aug 2021) | Statistical analyses for AMNOG (HTA Germany)
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Symptom Scales - Nausea and Vomiting

Subgroup	n	Quizartinib (N=254)				Placebo (N=255)			Quizartinib vs Placebo		Interaction P-value [d]
		No. of subjects with events (%)	No. of subjects censored (%)	Median (95 % CI) [a]	n	No. of subjects with events (%)	No. of subjects censored (%)	Median (95 % CI) [a]	Hazard Ratio (95 % CI) [b]	Unstratified log-rank p-value [c]	
Race by 2 categories											0.1211
White	149	51 (34.2)	98 (65.8)	15.1 (6.0, NE)	151	55 (36.4)	96 (63.6)	4.9 (2.1, NE)	0.763 (0.520, 1.120)	0.1630	
Non-white	102	40 (39.2)	62 (60.8)	5.5 (2.3, NE)	102	37 (36.3)	65 (63.7)	6.9 (3.6, NE)	1.207 (0.772, 1.888)	0.4150	

N: number of subjects in analysis set; n: number of subjects in subgroup category with complete PRO baseline; %: proportion of number of subjects in n; CI: confidence interval; NE: not estimable. PRO: Patient Reported Outcome. A Minimal Clinically Important Difference of 10 is considered in this table. [a] Median time to first event is from Kaplan-Meier estimate. Confidence Interval for median was computed using the Brookmeyer-Crowley method. [b] Hazard ratio is from unstratified Cox proportional hazards model with treatment as the only categorical variable in the model. Confidence limits are based on the Wald test. [c] Two-sided p-value from unstratified log-rank test. [d] Two-sided interaction p-value is for the interaction term from unstratified Cox proportional hazards model with treatment, subgroup, and treatment-by-subgroup interaction as categorical variables in the model. The p-value is based on the Wald test.
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Symptom Scales - Nausea and Vomiting

Subgroup	n	Quizartinib (N=254)				Placebo (N=255)			Quizartinib vs Placebo		Interaction
		No. of subjects with events (%)	No. of subjects censored (%)	Median (95 % CI) [a]	n	No. of subjects with events (%)	No. of subjects censored (%)	Median (95 % CI) [a]	Hazard Ratio (95 % CI) [b]	Unstratified log-rank p-value [c]	P-value [d]
Geographic Region 1											0.1144
North America	16	8 (50.0)	8 (50.0)	1.6 (0.7, NE)	16	5 (31.3)	11 (68.8)	4.5 (2.1, NE)	2.286 (0.720, 7.261)	0.1532	
Europe	149	47 (31.5)	102 (68.5)	15.8 (7.3, NE)	150	53 (35.3)	97 (64.7)	4.9 (2.9, NE)	0.742 (0.500, 1.100)	0.1327	
Asia/Other Regions	86	36 (41.9)	50 (58.1)	5.5 (1.6, NE)	87	34 (39.1)	53 (60.9)	5.3 (2.1, NE)	1.115 (0.697, 1.783)	0.6535	

N: number of subjects in analysis set; n: number of subjects in subgroup category with complete PRO baseline; %: proportion of number of subjects in n; CI: confidence interval; NE: not estimable. PRO: Patient Reported Outcome. A Minimal Clinically Important Difference of 10 is considered in this table. [a] Median time to first event is from Kaplan-Meier estimate. Confidence Interval for median was computed using the Brookmeyer-Crowley method. [b] Hazard ratio is from unstratified Cox proportional hazards model with treatment as the only categorical variable in the model. Confidence limits are based on the Wald test. [c] Two-sided p-value from unstratified log-rank test. [d] Two-sided interaction p-value is for the interaction term from unstratified Cox proportional hazards model with treatment, subgroup, and treatment-by-subgroup interaction as categorical variables in the model. The p-value is based on the Wald test.
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Symptom Scales - Nausea and Vomiting

Subgroup	n	Quizartinib (N=254)				Placebo (N=255)				Quizartinib vs Placebo		Interaction P-value [d]
		No. of subjects with events (%)	No. of subjects censored (%)	Median (95 % CI) [a]	n	No. of subjects with events (%)	No. of subjects censored (%)	Median (95 % CI) [a]	Hazard Ratio (95 % CI) [b]	Unstratified log-rank p-value [c]		
WBC at initial diagnosis												0.5647
< 40x10 ⁹ /L	128	47 (36.7)	81 (63.3)	8.3 (3.8, NE)	125	49 (39.2)	76 (60.8)	5.3 (2.5, NE)	1.008 (0.675, 1.504)	0.9825		
≥ 40x10 ⁹ /L	123	44 (35.8)	79 (64.2)	14.1 (5.1, NE)	128	43 (33.6)	85 (66.4)	4.9 (3.0, NE)	0.836 (0.548, 1.276)	0.4060		

N: number of subjects in analysis set; n: number of subjects in subgroup category with complete PRO baseline; %: proportion of number of subjects in n; CI: confidence interval; NE: not estimable. PRO: Patient Reported Outcome. A Minimal Clinically Important Difference of 10 is considered in this table. [a] Median time to first event is from Kaplan-Meier estimate. Confidence Interval for median was computed using the Brookmeyer-Crowley method. [b] Hazard ratio is from unstratified Cox proportional hazards model with treatment as the only categorical variable in the model. Confidence limits are based on the Wald test. [c] Two-sided p-value from unstratified log-rank test. [d] Two-sided interaction p-value is for the interaction term from unstratified Cox proportional hazards model with treatment, subgroup, and treatment-by-subgroup interaction as categorical variables in the model. The p-value is based on the Wald test.
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Symptom Scales - Nausea and Vomiting

Subgroup	n	Quizartinib (N=254)				Placebo (N=255)				Quizartinib vs Placebo		Interaction
		No. of subjects with events (%)	No. of subjects censored (%)	Median (95 % CI) [a]	n	No. of subjects with events (%)	No. of subjects censored (%)	Median (95 % CI) [a]	Hazard Ratio (95 % CI) [b]	Unstratified log-rank p-value [c]	P-value [d]	
Choice of Anthracycline											0.3807	
Daunorubicin	116	34 (29.3)	82 (70.7)	NE (5.1, NE)	90	28 (31.1)	62 (68.9)	5.3 (4.1, NE)	0.784 (0.474, 1.296)	0.3401		
Idarubicin	135	57 (42.2)	78 (57.8)	7.3 (3.1, 15.8)	161	63 (39.1)	98 (60.9)	4.9 (2.1, NE)	1.067 (0.745, 1.527)	0.7327		

N: number of subjects in analysis set; n: number of subjects in subgroup category with complete PRO baseline; %: proportion of number of subjects in n; CI: confidence interval; NE: not estimable. PRO: Patient Reported Outcome. A Minimal Clinically Important Difference of 10 is considered in this table. [a] Median time to first event is from Kaplan-Meier estimate. Confidence Interval for median was computed using the Brookmeyer-Crowley method. [b] Hazard ratio is from unstratified Cox proportional hazards model with treatment as the only categorical variable in the model. Confidence limits are based on the Wald test. [c] Two-sided p-value from unstratified log-rank test. [d] Two-sided interaction p-value is for the interaction term from unstratified Cox proportional hazards model with treatment, subgroup, and treatment-by-subgroup interaction as categorical variables in the model. The p-value is based on the Wald test.
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Subgroup	n	Quizartinib (N=254)				Placebo (N=255)				Quizartinib vs Placebo		Interaction
		No. of subjects with events (%)	No. of subjects censored (%)	Median (95 % CI) [a]	n	No. of subjects with events (%)	No. of subjects censored (%)	Median (95 % CI) [a]	Hazard Ratio (95 % CI) [b]	Unstratified log-rank p-value [c]	P-value [d]	
AML Cytogenetic Risk Score											0.3406	
Favorable	12	2 (16.7)	10 (83.3)	NE (0.7, NE)	16	10 (62.5)	6 (37.5)	4.7 (1.1, NE)	0.310 (0.068, 1.424)	0.1116		
Intermediate	186	72 (38.7)	114 (61.3)	7.3 (4.1, 17.0)	180	59 (32.8)	121 (67.2)	7.5 (4.1, NE)	1.030 (0.730, 1.454)	0.8584		
Unfavorable	19	5 (26.3)	14 (73.7)	NE (0.7, NE)	26	8 (30.8)	18 (69.2)	NE (1.7, NE)	1.214 (0.397, 3.713)	0.7466		
Unknown	34	12 (35.3)	22 (64.7)	10.5 (2.0, NE)	30	15 (50.0)	15 (50.0)	2.9 (1.5, NE)	0.686 (0.319, 1.473)	0.3298		

N: number of subjects in analysis set; n: number of subjects in subgroup category with complete PRO baseline; %: proportion of number of subjects in n; CI: confidence interval; NE: not estimable. PRO: Patient Reported Outcome. A Minimal Clinically Important Difference of 10 is considered in this table. [a] Median time to first event is from Kaplan-Meier estimate. Confidence Interval for median was computed using the Brookmeyer-Crowley method. [b] Hazard ratio is from unstratified Cox proportional hazards model with treatment as the only categorical variable in the model. Confidence limits are based on the Wald test. [c] Two-sided p-value from unstratified log-rank test. [d] Two-sided interaction p-value is for the interaction term from unstratified Cox proportional hazards model with treatment, subgroup, and treatment-by-subgroup interaction as categorical variables in the model. The p-value is based on the Wald test.
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Symptom Scales - Nausea and Vomiting

Subgroup	n	Quizartinib (N=254)				Placebo (N=255)				Quizartinib vs Placebo		Interaction P-value [d]
		No. of subjects with events (%)	No. of subjects censored (%)	Median (95 % CI) [a]	n	No. of subjects with events (%)	No. of subjects censored (%)	Median (95 % CI) [a]	Hazard Ratio (95 % CI) [b]	Unstratified log-rank p-value [c]		
ECOG Performance Status at Baseline											0.2518	
0 - Fully Active	82	32 (39.0)	50 (61.0)	14.1 (3.3, 30.3)	92	33 (35.9)	59 (64.1)	4.9 (3.2, NE)	1.042 (0.640, 1.696)	0.8672		
1 - Restricted in Physically Strenuous Activity	125	45 (36.0)	80 (64.0)	8.3 (3.9, NE)	126	53 (42.1)	73 (57.9)	2.6 (1.7, NE)	0.767 (0.515, 1.143)	0.1902		
2 - Ambulatory and Capable of All Selfcare	44	14 (31.8)	30 (68.2)	7.3 (2.7, NE)	34	6 (17.6)	28 (82.4)	NE (3.6, NE)	1.635 (0.624, 4.285)	0.3135		

N: number of subjects in analysis set; n: number of subjects in subgroup category with complete PRO baseline; %: proportion of number of subjects in n; CI: confidence interval; NE: not estimable. PRO: Patient Reported Outcome. A Minimal Clinically Important Difference of 10 is considered in this table.
 [a] Median time to first event is from Kaplan-Meier estimate. Confidence Interval for median was computed using the Brookmeyer-Crowley method.
 [b] Hazard ratio is from unstratified Cox proportional hazards model with treatment as the only categorical variable in the model. Confidence limits are based on the Wald test.
 [c] Two-sided p-value from unstratified log-rank test.
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 Run date: 15NOV2023 – 13:07; Program name: .sas; Output name: DE_T_2_20_2_QLQC30_FD_SUB_PRO_ITT.rtf

Medizinischer Nutzen, medizinischer Zusatznutzen, Patientengruppen mit therap. bedeutsamem Zusatznutzen

Daiichi Sankyo | Data Intelligence – Evidence Generation | AC220-A-U302 QUANTUM-First (DCO 13 Aug 2021) | Statistical analyses for AMNOG (HTA Germany)
 Table 2.20.2 EORTC QLQ-C30 - First deterioration - Time-to-event analysis - subgroup analysis - DCO 13-Aug-2021 - PRO Intent to Treat Analysis Set

Symptom Scales - Nausea and Vomiting

Subgroup	n	Quizartinib (N=254)				Placebo (N=255)				Quizartinib vs Placebo		Interaction P-value [d]
		No. of subjects with events (%)	No. of subjects censored (%)	Median (95 % CI) [a]	n	No. of subjects with events (%)	No. of subjects censored (%)	Median (95 % CI) [a]	Hazard Ratio (95 % CI) [b]	Unstratified log-rank p-value [c]		
FLT3-ITD category at Baseline											0.5959	
≥3 to ≤25%	87	26 (29.9)	61 (70.1)	14.1 (5.8, NE)	92	34 (37.0)	58 (63.0)	6.9 (3.6, NE)	0.816 (0.489, 1.361)	0.4362		
>25% to ≤50%	135	52 (38.5)	83 (61.5)	6.0 (2.7, 30.3)	128	49 (38.3)	79 (61.7)	4.4 (2.0, NE)	0.898 (0.607, 1.329)	0.5857		
>50%	28	12 (42.9)	16 (57.1)	7.5 (1.6, NE)	33	9 (27.3)	24 (72.7)	NE (1.8, NE)	1.429 (0.597, 3.420)	0.4214		

N: number of subjects in analysis set; n: number of subjects in subgroup category with complete PRO baseline; %: proportion of number of subjects in n; CI: confidence interval; NE: not estimable. PRO: Patient Reported Outcome. A Minimal Clinically Important Difference of 10 is considered in this table.
 [a] Median time to first event is from Kaplan-Meier estimate. Confidence Interval for median was computed using the Brookmeyer-Crowley method.
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 [c] Two-sided p-value from unstratified log-rank test.
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Symptom Scales - Nausea and Vomiting

Subgroup	n	Quizartinib (N=254)				Placebo (N=255)				Quizartinib vs Placebo		Interaction P-value [d]
		No. of subjects with events (%)	No. of subjects censored (%)	Median (95 % CI) [a]	n	No. of subjects with events (%)	No. of subjects censored (%)	Median (95 % CI) [a]	Hazard Ratio (95 % CI) [b]	Unstratified log-rank p-value [c]		
AML with Mutated NPM1											0.1501	
Yes	129	47 (36.4)	82 (63.6)	15.8 (6.3, NE)	131	54 (41.2)	77 (58.8)	4.9 (2.9, NE)	0.769 (0.519, 1.140)	0.1883		
No	112	41 (36.6)	71 (63.4)	5.5 (2.4, 15.1)	111	33 (29.7)	78 (70.3)	6.9 (2.5, NE)	1.187 (0.750, 1.878)	0.4696		

N: number of subjects in analysis set; n: number of subjects in subgroup category with complete PRO baseline; %: proportion of number of subjects in n; CI: confidence interval; NE: not estimable. PRO: Patient Reported Outcome. A Minimal Clinically Important Difference of 10 is considered in this table.
 [a] Median time to first event is from Kaplan-Meier estimate. Confidence Interval for median was computed using the Brookmeyer-Crowley method.
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 [c] Two-sided p-value from unstratified log-rank test.
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Symptom Scales - Nausea and Vomiting

Subgroup	n	Quizartinib (N=254)				Placebo (N=255)				Quizartinib vs Placebo		Interaction P-value [d]
		No. of subjects with events (%)	No. of subjects censored (%)	Median (95 % CI) [a]	n	No. of subjects with events (%)	No. of subjects censored (%)	Median (95 % CI) [a]	Hazard Ratio (95 % CI) [b]	Unstratified log-rank p-value [c]		
Age by 2 categories											0.5619	
≤60	157	58 (36.9)	99 (63.1)	10.5 (5.5, 30.3)	154	55 (35.7)	99 (64.3)	5.3 (3.0, NE)	0.853 (0.589, 1.236)	0.3969		
>60	94	33 (35.1)	61 (64.9)	12.1 (1.9, NE)	99	37 (37.4)	62 (62.6)	4.5 (2.6, NE)	1.053 (0.658, 1.685)	0.8311		

N: number of subjects in analysis set; n: number of subjects in subgroup category with complete PRO baseline; %: proportion of number of subjects in n; CI: confidence interval; NE: not estimable. PRO: Patient Reported Outcome. A Minimal Clinically Important Difference of 10 is considered in this table. [a] Median time to first event is from Kaplan-Meier estimate. Confidence Interval for median was computed using the Brookmeyer-Crowley method. [b] Hazard ratio is from unstratified Cox proportional hazards model with treatment as the only categorical variable in the model. Confidence limits are based on the Wald test. [c] Two-sided p-value from unstratified log-rank test. [d] Two-sided interaction p-value is for the interaction term from unstratified Cox proportional hazards model with treatment, subgroup, and treatment-by-subgroup interaction as categorical variables in the model. The p-value is based on the Wald test.
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Symptom Scales - Pain

Subgroup	n	Quizartinib (N=254)				Placebo (N=255)				Quizartinib vs Placebo		Interaction P-value [d]
		No. of subjects with events (%)	No. of subjects censored (%)	Median (95 % CI) [a]	n	No. of subjects with events (%)	No. of subjects censored (%)	Median (95 % CI) [a]	Hazard Ratio (95 % CI) [b]	Unstratified log-rank p-value [c]		
Pooled Age Group 2											0.1846	
<60	152	65 (42.8)	87 (57.2)	7.1 (3.4, 16.1)	151	50 (33.1)	101 (66.9)	10.6 (5.3, NE)	1.302 (0.900, 1.884)	0.1667		
≥60 - <65	36	8 (22.2)	28 (77.8)	NE (4.8, NE)	43	15 (34.9)	28 (65.1)	12.6 (2.5, NE)	0.577 (0.243, 1.366)	0.2020		
≥65	64	23 (35.9)	41 (64.1)	4.8 (1.1, NE)	59	19 (32.2)	40 (67.8)	15.2 (2.9, NE)	1.444 (0.785, 2.656)	0.2359		

N: number of subjects in analysis set; n: number of subjects in subgroup category with complete PRO baseline; %: proportion of number of subjects in n; CI: confidence interval; NE: not estimable. PRO: Patient Reported Outcome. A Minimal Clinically Important Difference of 10 is considered in this table.
 [a] Median time to first event is from Kaplan-Meier estimate. Confidence Interval for median was computed using the Brookmeyer-Crowley method.
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Symptom Scales - Pain

Subgroup	n	Quizartinib (N=254)				Placebo (N=255)				Quizartinib vs Placebo		Interaction P-value [d]
		No. of subjects with events (%)	No. of subjects censored (%)	Median (95 % CI) [a]	n	No. of subjects with events (%)	No. of subjects censored (%)	Median (95 % CI) [a]	Hazard Ratio (95 % CI) [b]	Unstratified log-rank p-value [c]		
Sex												0.1168
Male	120	42 (35.0)	78 (65.0)	14.3 (5.7, NE)	109	37 (33.9)	72 (66.1)	6.8 (3.2, NE)	0.902 (0.578, 1.408)	0.6421		
Female	132	54 (40.9)	78 (59.1)	4.8 (2.3, 26.4)	144	47 (32.6)	97 (67.4)	12.6 (5.3, NE)	1.497 (1.012, 2.214)	0.0431		

N: number of subjects in analysis set; n: number of subjects in subgroup category with complete PRO baseline; %: proportion of number of subjects in n; CI: confidence interval; NE: not estimable. PRO: Patient Reported Outcome. A Minimal Clinically Important Difference of 10 is considered in this table.
 [a] Median time to first event is from Kaplan-Meier estimate. Confidence Interval for median was computed using the Brookmeyer-Crowley method.
 [b] Hazard ratio is from unstratified Cox proportional hazards model with treatment as the only categorical variable in the model. Confidence limits are based on the Wald test.
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Symptom Scales - Pain

Subgroup	n	Quizartinib (N=254)				Placebo (N=255)				Quizartinib vs Placebo		Interaction P-value [d]
		No. of subjects with events (%)	No. of subjects censored (%)	Median (95 % CI) [a]	n	No. of subjects with events (%)	No. of subjects censored (%)	Median (95 % CI) [a]	Hazard Ratio (95 % CI) [b]	Unstratified log-rank p-value [c]		
Race by 2 categories											0.5826	
White	150	53 (35.3)	97 (64.7)	14.3 (4.8, NE)	151	47 (31.1)	104 (68.9)	10.6 (5.3, NE)	1.126 (0.759, 1.670)	0.5767		
Non-white	102	43 (42.2)	59 (57.8)	6.3 (2.1, 11.9)	102	37 (36.3)	65 (63.7)	12.6 (2.8, NE)	1.340 (0.860, 2.089)	0.1936		

N: number of subjects in analysis set; n: number of subjects in subgroup category with complete PRO baseline; %: proportion of number of subjects in n; CI: confidence interval; NE: not estimable. PRO: Patient Reported Outcome. A Minimal Clinically Important Difference of 10 is considered in this table.
 [a] Median time to first event is from Kaplan-Meier estimate. Confidence Interval for median was computed using the Brookmeyer-Crowley method.
 [b] Hazard ratio is from unstratified Cox proportional hazards model with treatment as the only categorical variable in the model. Confidence limits are based on the Wald test.
 [c] Two-sided p-value from unstratified log-rank test.
 [d] Two-sided interaction p-value is for the interaction term from unstratified Cox proportional hazards model with treatment, subgroup, and treatment-by-subgroup interaction as categorical variables in the model. The p-value is based on the Wald test.
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Symptom Scales - Pain

Subgroup	n	Quizartinib (N=254)				Placebo (N=255)			Quizartinib vs Placebo		Interaction P-value [d]
		No. of subjects with events (%)	No. of subjects censored (%)	Median (95 % CI) [a]	n	No. of subjects with events (%)	No. of subjects censored (%)	Median (95 % CI) [a]	Hazard Ratio (95 % CI) [b]	Unstratified log-rank p-value [c]	
Geographic Region 1											0.6455
North America	16	2 (12.5)	14 (87.5)	NE (2.1, NE)	16	5 (31.3)	11 (68.8)	12.6 (3.2, NE)	0.643 (0.124, 3.324)	0.5953	
Europe	150	54 (36.0)	96 (64.0)	10.2 (4.8, NE)	150	45 (30.0)	105 (70.0)	13.8 (6.2, NE)	1.186 (0.798, 1.764)	0.4142	
Asia/Other Regions	86	40 (46.5)	46 (53.5)	3.6 (1.6, 11.9)	87	34 (39.1)	53 (60.9)	5.3 (2.4, 38.0)	1.305 (0.825, 2.067)	0.2526	

N: number of subjects in analysis set; n: number of subjects in subgroup category with complete PRO baseline; %: proportion of number of subjects in n; CI: confidence interval; NE: not estimable. PRO: Patient Reported Outcome. A Minimal Clinically Important Difference of 10 is considered in this table. [a] Median time to first event is from Kaplan-Meier estimate. Confidence Interval for median was computed using the Brookmeyer-Crowley method. [b] Hazard ratio is from unstratified Cox proportional hazards model with treatment as the only categorical variable in the model. Confidence limits are based on the Wald test. [c] Two-sided p-value from unstratified log-rank test. [d] Two-sided interaction p-value is for the interaction term from unstratified Cox proportional hazards model with treatment, subgroup, and treatment-by-subgroup interaction as categorical variables in the model. The p-value is based on the Wald test.
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Symptom Scales - Pain

Subgroup	n	Quizartinib (N=254)				Placebo (N=255)				Quizartinib vs Placebo		Interaction	
		No. of subjects with events (%)	No. of subjects censored (%)	Median (95 % CI) [a]	n	No. of subjects with events (%)	No. of subjects censored (%)	Median (95 % CI) [a]	Hazard Ratio (95 % CI) [b]	Unstratified log-rank p-value [c]	P-value [d]		
WBC at initial diagnosis											0.9001		
< 40x10 ⁹ /L	128	50 (39.1)	78 (60.9)	7.1 (2.4, 14.3)	125	51 (40.8)	74 (59.2)	6.8 (4.0, 13.8)	1.208 (0.817, 1.785)	0.3511			
≥ 40x10 ⁹ /L	124	46 (37.1)	78 (62.9)	10.2 (4.8, 31.3)	128	33 (25.8)	95 (74.2)	38.0 (6.4, NE)	1.304 (0.829, 2.051)	0.2533			

N: number of subjects in analysis set; n: number of subjects in subgroup category with complete PRO baseline; %: proportion of number of subjects in n; CI: confidence interval; NE: not estimable. PRO: Patient Reported Outcome. A Minimal Clinically Important Difference of 10 is considered in this table.
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Symptom Scales - Pain

Subgroup	n	Quizartinib (N=254)				Placebo (N=255)			Quizartinib vs Placebo		Interaction P-value [d]
		No. of subjects with events (%)	No. of subjects censored (%)	Median (95 % CI) [a]	n	No. of subjects with events (%)	No. of subjects censored (%)	Median (95 % CI) [a]	Hazard Ratio (95 % CI) [b]	Unstratified log-rank p-value [c]	
Choice of Anthracycline											0.5483
Daunorubicin	116	47 (40.5)	69 (59.5)	5.7 (3.2, 14.3)	90	30 (33.3)	60 (66.7)	12.6 (5.3, NE)	1.289 (0.815, 2.040)	0.2763	
Idarubicin	136	49 (36.0)	87 (64.0)	11.9 (3.5, NE)	161	54 (33.5)	107 (66.5)	11.5 (3.7, NE)	1.099 (0.746, 1.619)	0.6557	

N: number of subjects in analysis set; n: number of subjects in subgroup category with complete PRO baseline; %: proportion of number of subjects in n; CI: confidence interval; NE: not estimable. PRO: Patient Reported Outcome. A Minimal Clinically Important Difference of 10 is considered in this table. [a] Median time to first event is from Kaplan-Meier estimate. Confidence Interval for median was computed using the Brookmeyer-Crowley method. [b] Hazard ratio is from unstratified Cox proportional hazards model with treatment as the only categorical variable in the model. Confidence limits are based on the Wald test. [c] Two-sided p-value from unstratified log-rank test. [d] Two-sided interaction p-value is for the interaction term from unstratified Cox proportional hazards model with treatment, subgroup, and treatment-by-subgroup interaction as categorical variables in the model. The p-value is based on the Wald test.
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Symptom Scales - Pain

Subgroup	n	Quizartinib (N=254)			n	Placebo (N=255)			Quizartinib vs Placebo		Interaction P-value [d]
		No. of subjects with events (%)	No. of subjects censored (%)	Median (95 % CI) [a]		No. of subjects with events (%)	No. of subjects censored (%)	Median (95 % CI) [a]	Hazard Ratio (95 % CI) [b]	Unstratified log-rank p-value [c]	
AML Cytogenetic Risk Score											0.5003
Favorable	12	4 (33.3)	8 (66.7)	NE (0.7, NE)	16	5 (31.3)	11 (68.8)	21.6 (5.3, NE)	1.604 (0.426, 6.043)	0.4815	
Intermediate	186	69 (37.1)	117 (62.9)	9.6 (4.8, 22.3)	180	59 (32.8)	121 (67.2)	12.6 (3.7, 38.0)	1.031 (0.728, 1.461)	0.8653	
Unfavorable	19	7 (36.8)	12 (63.2)	1.8 (0.7, NE)	26	10 (38.5)	16 (61.5)	6.8 (1.9, NE)	1.591 (0.599, 4.223)	0.3449	
Unknown	35	16 (45.7)	19 (54.3)	3.4 (0.7, NE)	30	10 (33.3)	20 (66.7)	6.4 (2.5, NE)	1.893 (0.858, 4.179)	0.1252	

N: number of subjects in analysis set; n: number of subjects in subgroup category with complete PRO baseline; %: proportion of number of subjects in n; CI: confidence interval; NE: not estimable. PRO: Patient Reported Outcome. A Minimal Clinically Important Difference of 10 is considered in this table.
 [a] Median time to first event is from Kaplan-Meier estimate. Confidence Interval for median was computed using the Brookmeyer-Crowley method.
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 [c] Two-sided p-value from unstratified log-rank test.
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Medizinischer Nutzen, medizinischer Zusatznutzen, Patientengruppen mit therap. bedeutsamem Zusatznutzen

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 Table 2.20.2 EORTC QLQ-C30 - First deterioration - Time-to-event analysis - subgroup analysis - DCO 13-Aug-2021 - PRO Intent to Treat Analysis Set

Symptom Scales - Pain

Subgroup	n	Quizartinib (N=254)				Placebo (N=255)				Quizartinib vs Placebo		Interaction P-value [d]
		No. of subjects with events (%)	No. of subjects censored (%)	Median (95 % CI) [a]	n	No. of subjects with events (%)	No. of subjects censored (%)	Median (95 % CI) [a]	Hazard Ratio (95 % CI) [b]	Unstratified log-rank p-value [c]		
ECOG Performance Status at Baseline											0.5993	
0 - Fully Active	82	36 (43.9)	46 (56.1)	6.3 (2.6, 22.3)	92	32 (34.8)	60 (65.2)	11.5 (5.3, NE)	1.345 (0.835, 2.167)	0.2223		
1 - Restricted in Physically Strenuous Activity	126	47 (37.3)	79 (62.7)	10.2 (2.9, 31.3)	126	46 (36.5)	80 (63.5)	6.2 (3.5, 15.2)	1.084 (0.721, 1.629)	0.7204		
2 - Ambulatory and Capable of All Selfcare	44	13 (29.5)	31 (70.5)	8.9 (6.3, NE)	34	6 (17.6)	28 (82.4)	38.0 (3.2, NE)	1.883 (0.668, 5.305)	0.2266		

N: number of subjects in analysis set; n: number of subjects in subgroup category with complete PRO baseline; %: proportion of number of subjects in n; CI: confidence interval; NE: not estimable. PRO: Patient Reported Outcome. A Minimal Clinically Important Difference of 10 is considered in this table.
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Symptom Scales - Pain

Subgroup	n	Quizartinib (N=254)				Placebo (N=255)				Quizartinib vs Placebo		Interaction
		No. of subjects with events (%)	No. of subjects censored (%)	Median (95 % CI) [a]	n	No. of subjects with events (%)	No. of subjects censored (%)	Median (95 % CI) [a]	Hazard Ratio (95 % CI) [b]	Unstratified log-rank p-value [c]	P-value [d]	
FLT3-ITD category at Baseline											0.1489	
≥3 to ≤25%	88	36 (40.9)	52 (59.1)	6.3 (2.4, 16.1)	92	29 (31.5)	63 (68.5)	12.6 (5.3, NE)	1.749 (1.071, 2.853)	0.0250		
>25% to ≤50%	135	51 (37.8)	84 (62.2)	10.2 (3.4, 31.3)	128	44 (34.4)	84 (65.6)	6.8 (2.5, NE)	1.034 (0.690, 1.550)	0.8778		
>50%	28	9 (32.1)	19 (67.9)	NE (2.9, NE)	33	11 (33.3)	22 (66.7)	6.4 (2.7, NE)	0.862 (0.348, 2.132)	0.7501		

N: number of subjects in analysis set; n: number of subjects in subgroup category with complete PRO baseline; %: proportion of number of subjects in n; CI: confidence interval; NE: not estimable. PRO: Patient Reported Outcome. A Minimal Clinically Important Difference of 10 is considered in this table.
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Symptom Scales - Pain

Subgroup	n	Quizartinib (N=254)				Placebo (N=255)				Quizartinib vs Placebo		Interaction P-value [d]
		No. of subjects with events (%)	No. of subjects censored (%)	Median (95 % CI) [a]	n	No. of subjects with events (%)	No. of subjects censored (%)	Median (95 % CI) [a]	Hazard Ratio (95 % CI) [b]	Unstratified log-rank p-value [c]		
AML with Mutated NPM1											0.3402	
Yes	130	50 (38.5)	80 (61.5)	10.2 (3.4, NE)	131	49 (37.4)	82 (62.6)	12.6 (4.0, NE)	1.059 (0.713, 1.573)	0.7787		
No	112	42 (37.5)	70 (62.5)	7.1 (3.4, 16.1)	111	31 (27.9)	80 (72.1)	10.6 (4.8, NE)	1.390 (0.873, 2.213)	0.1681		

N: number of subjects in analysis set; n: number of subjects in subgroup category with complete PRO baseline; %: proportion of number of subjects in n; CI: confidence interval; NE: not estimable. PRO: Patient Reported Outcome. A Minimal Clinically Important Difference of 10 is considered in this table.
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Symptom Scales - Pain

Subgroup	n	Quizartinib (N=254)				Placebo (N=255)				Quizartinib vs Placebo		Interaction P-value [d]
		No. of subjects with events (%)	No. of subjects censored (%)	Median (95 % CI) [a]	n	No. of subjects with events (%)	No. of subjects censored (%)	Median (95 % CI) [a]	Hazard Ratio (95 % CI) [b]	Unstratified log-rank p-value [c]		
Age by 2 categories												0.4269
≤60	157	66 (42.0)	91 (58.0)	7.1 (3.4, 16.1)	154	50 (32.5)	104 (67.5)	10.6 (5.3, NE)	1.312 (0.908, 1.896)	0.1545		
>60	95	30 (31.6)	65 (68.4)	10.2 (3.2, NE)	99	34 (34.3)	65 (65.7)	12.6 (3.7, NE)	1.030 (0.630, 1.685)	0.9082		

N: number of subjects in analysis set; n: number of subjects in subgroup category with complete PRO baseline; %: proportion of number of subjects in n; CI: confidence interval; NE: not estimable. PRO: Patient Reported Outcome. A Minimal Clinically Important Difference of 10 is considered in this table.
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 [b] Hazard ratio is from unstratified Cox proportional hazards model with treatment as the only categorical variable in the model. Confidence limits are based on the Wald test.
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Common Symptoms - Dyspnea

Subgroup	n	Quizartinib (N=254)				Placebo (N=255)				Quizartinib vs Placebo		Interaction P-value [d]
		No. of subjects with events (%)	No. of subjects censored (%)	Median (95 % CI) [a]	n	No. of subjects with events (%)	No. of subjects censored (%)	Median (95 % CI) [a]	Hazard Ratio (95 % CI) [b]	Unstratified log-rank p-value [c]		
Pooled Age Group 2											0.6803	
<60	152	49 (32.2)	103 (67.8)	14.3 (8.0, NE)	151	33 (21.9)	118 (78.1)	NE (19.3, NE)	1.386 (0.891, 2.156)	0.1425		
≥60 - <65	36	10 (27.8)	26 (72.2)	NE (4.8, NE)	43	11 (25.6)	32 (74.4)	12.6 (6.1, NE)	0.952 (0.402, 2.250)	0.9079		
≥65	64	12 (18.8)	52 (81.3)	NE (4.9, NE)	59	14 (23.7)	45 (76.3)	NE (6.7, NE)	1.001 (0.463, 2.167)	0.9981		

N: number of subjects in analysis set; n: number of subjects in subgroup category with complete PRO baseline; %: proportion of number of subjects in n; CI: confidence interval; NE: not estimable. PRO: Patient Reported Outcome. A Minimal Clinically Important Difference of 10 is considered in this table.
 [a] Median time to first event is from Kaplan-Meier estimate. Confidence Interval for median was computed using the Brookmeyer-Crowley method.
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 [c] Two-sided p-value from unstratified log-rank test.
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Common Symptoms - Dyspnea

Subgroup	n	Quizartinib (N=254)				Placebo (N=255)				Quizartinib vs Placebo		Interaction P-value [d]
		No. of subjects with events (%)	No. of subjects censored (%)	Median (95 % CI) [a]	n	No. of subjects with events (%)	No. of subjects censored (%)	Median (95 % CI) [a]	Hazard Ratio (95 % CI) [b]	Unstratified log-rank p-value [c]		
Sex												0.2595
Male	120	37 (30.8)	83 (69.2)	11.0 (7.4, 33.5)	109	31 (28.4)	78 (71.6)	11.9 (5.6, NE)	0.981 (0.608, 1.583)	0.9463		
Female	132	34 (25.8)	98 (74.2)	NE (13.2, NE)	144	27 (18.8)	117 (81.3)	NE (19.3, NE)	1.474 (0.889, 2.443)	0.1296		

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Common Symptoms - Dyspnea

Subgroup	n	Quizartinib (N=254)				Placebo (N=255)				Quizartinib vs Placebo		Interaction P-value [d]
		No. of subjects with events (%)	No. of subjects censored (%)	Median CI [a]	(95 % n	No. of subjects with events (%)	No. of subjects censored (%)	Median (95 % CI [a]	Hazard Ratio (95 % CI) [b]	Unstratified log-rank p-value [c]		
Race by 2 categories												0.7829
White	150	39 (26.0)	111 (74.0)	33.5 (10.4, NE)	151	30 (19.9)	121 (80.1)	NE (11.9, NE)	1.182 (0.733, 1.904)	0.4919		
Non-white	102	32 (31.4)	70 (68.6)	11.0 (4.3, NE)	102	28 (27.5)	74 (72.5)	NE (6.3, NE)	1.304 (0.785, 2.167)	0.2985		

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Common Symptoms - Dyspnea

Subgroup	n	Quizartinib (N=254)				Placebo (N=255)				Quizartinib vs Placebo		Interaction
		No. of subjects with events (%)	No. of subjects censored (%)	Median (95 % CI) [a]	n	No. of subjects with events (%)	No. of subjects censored (%)	Median (95 % CI) [a]	Hazard Ratio (95 % CI) [b]	Unstratified log-rank p-value [c]	P-value [d]	
Geographic Region 1											0.7826	
North America	16	3 (18.8)	13 (81.3)	30.3 (0.8, NE)	16	5 (31.3)	11 (68.8)	12.6 (2.9, NE)	0.853 (0.201, 3.614)	0.8285		
Europe	150	39 (26.0)	111 (74.0)	NE (10.4, NE)	150	31 (20.7)	119 (79.3)	NE (11.9, NE)	1.167 (0.728, 1.872)	0.5169		
Asia/Other Regions	86	29 (33.7)	57 (66.3)	11.0 (4.8, NE)	87	22 (25.3)	65 (74.7)	NE (6.8, NE)	1.415 (0.812, 2.466)	0.2127		

N: number of subjects in analysis set; n: number of subjects in subgroup category with complete PRO baseline; %: proportion of number of subjects in n; CI: confidence interval; NE: not estimable. PRO: Patient Reported Outcome. A Minimal Clinically Important Difference of 10 is considered in this table. [a] Median time to first event is from Kaplan-Meier estimate. Confidence Interval for median was computed using the Brookmeyer-Crowley method. [b] Hazard ratio is from unstratified Cox proportional hazards model with treatment as the only categorical variable in the model. Confidence limits are based on the Wald test. [c] Two-sided p-value from unstratified log-rank test. [d] Two-sided interaction p-value is for the interaction term from unstratified Cox proportional hazards model with treatment, subgroup, and treatment-by-subgroup interaction as categorical variables in the model. The p-value is based on the Wald test.
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Common Symptoms - Dyspnea

Subgroup	n	Quizartinib (N=254)				Placebo (N=255)				Quizartinib vs Placebo		Interaction
		No. of subjects with events (%)	No. of subjects censored (%)	Median (95 % CI) [a]	n	No. of subjects with events (%)	No. of subjects censored (%)	Median (95 % CI) [a]	Hazard Ratio (95 % CI) [b]	Unstratified log-rank p-value [c]	P-value [d]	
WBC at initial diagnosis											0.8470	
< 40x10 ⁹ /L	128	34 (26.6)	94 (73.4)	33.5 (8.7, NE)	125	33 (26.4)	92 (73.6)	NE (9.9, NE)	1.187 (0.735, 1.917)	0.4764		
≥ 40x10 ⁹ /L	124	37 (29.8)	87 (70.2)	18.3 (8.0, NE)	128	25 (19.5)	103 (80.5)	NE (9.1, NE)	1.266 (0.761, 2.108)	0.3594		

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Common Symptoms - Dyspnea

Subgroup	n	Quizartinib (N=254)				Placebo (N=255)				Quizartinib vs Placebo		Interaction P-value [d]
		No. of subjects with events (%)	No. of subjects censored (%)	Median (95 % CI) [a]	n	No. of subjects with events (%)	No. of subjects censored (%)	Median (95 % CI) [a]	Hazard Ratio (95 % CI) [b]	Unstratified log-rank p-value [c]		
Choice of Anthracycline												0.4258
Daunorubicin	116	29 (25.0)	87 (75.0)	33.5 (13.6, NE)	90	20 (22.2)	70 (77.8)	NE (9.9, NE)	1.038 (0.587, 1.838)	0.8891		
Idarubicin	136	42 (30.9)	94 (69.1)	13.2 (7.4, NE)	161	37 (23.0)	124 (77.0)	NE (9.1, NE)	1.396 (0.897, 2.173)	0.1362		

N: number of subjects in analysis set; n: number of subjects in subgroup category with complete PRO baseline; %: proportion of number of subjects in n; CI: confidence interval; NE: not estimable. PRO: Patient Reported Outcome. A Minimal Clinically Important Difference of 10 is considered in this table.
 [a] Median time to first event is from Kaplan-Meier estimate. Confidence Interval for median was computed using the Brookmeyer-Crowley method.
 [b] Hazard ratio is from unstratified Cox proportional hazards model with treatment as the only categorical variable in the model. Confidence limits are based on the Wald test.
 [c] Two-sided p-value from unstratified log-rank test.
 [d] Two-sided interaction p-value is for the interaction term from unstratified Cox proportional hazards model with treatment, subgroup, and treatment-by-subgroup interaction as categorical variables in the model. The p-value is based on the Wald test.
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Medizinischer Nutzen, medizinischer Zusatznutzen, Patientengruppen mit therap. bedeutsamem Zusatznutzen

Daiichi Sankyo | Data Intelligence – Evidence Generation | AC220-A-U302 QUANTUM-First (DCO 13 Aug 2021) | Statistical analyses for AMNOG (HTA Germany)
 Table 2.20.2 EORTC QLQ-C30 - First deterioration - Time-to-event analysis - subgroup analysis - DCO 13-Aug-2021 - PRO Intent to Treat Analysis Set

Common Symptoms - Dyspnea

Subgroup	n	Quizartinib (N=254)				Placebo (N=255)				Quizartinib vs Placebo		Interaction P-value [d]
		No. of subjects with events (%)	No. of subjects censored (%)	Median (95 % CI) [a]	n	No. of subjects with events (%)	No. of subjects censored (%)	Median (95 % CI) [a]	Hazard Ratio (95 % CI) [b]	Unstratified log-rank p-value [c]		
AML Cytogenetic Risk Score												0.7212
Favorable	12	3 (25.0)	9 (75.0)	8.0 (2.5, NE)	16	2 (12.5)	14 (87.5)	NE (6.1, NE)	3.741 (0.615, 22.752)	0.1251		
Intermediate	186	54 (29.0)	132 (71.0)	30.3 (8.7, NE)	180	43 (23.9)	137 (76.1)	NE (7.6, NE)	1.117 (0.748, 1.668)	0.5842		
Unfavorable	19	6 (31.6)	13 (68.4)	18.3 (0.8, NE)	26	8 (30.8)	18 (69.2)	NE (3.7, NE)	1.084 (0.373, 3.146)	0.8645		
Unknown	35	8 (22.9)	27 (77.1)	NE (4.3, NE)	30	5 (16.7)	25 (83.3)	NE (4.9, NE)	1.549 (0.505, 4.754)	0.4405		

N: number of subjects in analysis set; n: number of subjects in subgroup category with complete PRO baseline; %: proportion of number of subjects in n; CI: confidence interval; NE: not estimable. PRO: Patient Reported Outcome. A Minimal Clinically Important Difference of 10 is considered in this table. [a] Median time to first event is from Kaplan-Meier estimate. Confidence Interval for median was computed using the Brookmeyer-Crowley method. [b] Hazard ratio is from unstratified Cox proportional hazards model with treatment as the only categorical variable in the model. Confidence limits are based on the Wald test. [c] Two-sided p-value from unstratified log-rank test. [d] Two-sided interaction p-value is for the interaction term from unstratified Cox proportional hazards model with treatment, subgroup, and treatment-by-subgroup interaction as categorical variables in the model. The p-value is based on the Wald test.
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Common Symptoms - Dyspnea

Subgroup	n	Quizartinib (N=254)				Placebo (N=255)				Quizartinib vs Placebo		Interaction
		No. of subjects with events (%)	No. of subjects censored (%)	Median (95 % CI) [a]	n	No. of subjects with events (%)	No. of subjects censored (%)	Median (95 % CI) [a]	Hazard Ratio (95 % CI) [b]	Unstratified log-rank p-value [c]	P-value [d]	
ECOG Performance Status at Baseline											0.1573	
0 - Fully Active	82	26 (31.7)	56 (68.3)	18.3 (8.0, NE)	92	20 (21.7)	72 (78.3)	NE (NE, NE)	1.489 (0.831, 2.669)	0.1770		
1 - Restricted in Physically Strenuous Activity	126	32 (25.4)	94 (74.6)	33.5 (13.2, NE)	126	34 (27.0)	92 (73.0)	19.3 (6.3, NE)	0.915 (0.565, 1.484)	0.7352		
2 - Ambulatory and Capable of All Selfcare	44	13 (29.5)	31 (70.5)	8.0 (3.2, NE)	34	4 (11.8)	30 (88.2)	12.9 (6.9, NE)	2.438 (0.790, 7.525)	0.1110		

N: number of subjects in analysis set; n: number of subjects in subgroup category with complete PRO baseline; %: proportion of number of subjects in n; CI: confidence interval; NE: not estimable. PRO: Patient Reported Outcome. A Minimal Clinically Important Difference of 10 is considered in this table.
 [a] Median time to first event is from Kaplan-Meier estimate. Confidence Interval for median was computed using the Brookmeyer-Crowley method.
 [b] Hazard ratio is from unstratified Cox proportional hazards model with treatment as the only categorical variable in the model. Confidence limits are based on the Wald test.
 [c] Two-sided p-value from unstratified log-rank test.
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Common Symptoms - Dyspnea

Subgroup	n	Quizartinib (N=254)			n	Placebo (N=255)			Quizartinib vs Placebo		Interaction	
		No. of subjects with events (%)	No. of subjects censored (%)	Median (95 % CI) [a]		No. of subjects with events (%)	No. of subjects censored (%)	Median (95 % CI) [a]	Hazard Ratio (95 % CI) [b]	Unstratified log-rank p-value [c]	P-value [d]	
FLT3-ITD category at Baseline											0.4860	
≥3 to ≤25%	88	27 (30.7)	61 (69.3)	11.0 (4.8, NE)	92	22 (23.9)	70 (76.1)	NE (11.9, NE)	1.628 (0.926, 2.861)	0.0892		
>25% to ≤50%	135	35 (25.9)	100 (74.1)	33.5 (8.7, NE)	128	28 (21.9)	100 (78.1)	NE (7.6, NE)	1.037 (0.629, 1.708)	0.8797		
>50%	28	9 (32.1)	19 (67.9)	8.8 (3.9, NE)	33	8 (24.2)	25 (75.8)	NE (2.9, NE)	1.047 (0.402, 2.726)	0.9181		

N: number of subjects in analysis set; n: number of subjects in subgroup category with complete PRO baseline; %: proportion of number of subjects in n; CI: confidence interval; NE: not estimable. PRO: Patient Reported Outcome. A Minimal Clinically Important Difference of 10 is considered in this table.
 [a] Median time to first event is from Kaplan-Meier estimate. Confidence Interval for median was computed using the Brookmeyer-Crowley method.
 [b] Hazard ratio is from unstratified Cox proportional hazards model with treatment as the only categorical variable in the model. Confidence limits are based on the Wald test.
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Common Symptoms - Dyspnea

Subgroup	n	Quizartinib (N=254)				Placebo (N=255)				Quizartinib vs Placebo		Interaction P-value [d]
		No. of subjects with events (%)	No. of subjects censored (%)	Median (95 % CI) [a]	n	No. of subjects with events (%)	No. of subjects censored (%)	Median (95 % CI) [a]	Hazard Ratio (95 % CI) [b]	Unstratified log-rank p-value [c]		
AML with Mutated NPM1											0.4024	
Yes	130	41 (31.5)	89 (68.5)	30.3 (7.4, NE)	131	31 (23.7)	100 (76.3)	NE (12.6, NE)	1.383 (0.867, 2.206)	0.1707		
No	112	26 (23.2)	86 (76.8)	14.3 (8.7, NE)	111	23 (20.7)	88 (79.3)	NE (6.3, NE)	1.005 (0.573, 1.762)	0.9793		

N: number of subjects in analysis set; n: number of subjects in subgroup category with complete PRO baseline; %: proportion of number of subjects in n; CI: confidence interval; NE: not estimable. PRO: Patient Reported Outcome. A Minimal Clinically Important Difference of 10 is considered in this table.
 [a] Median time to first event is from Kaplan-Meier estimate. Confidence Interval for median was computed using the Brookmeyer-Crowley method.
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Common Symptoms - Dyspnea

Subgroup	n	Quizartinib (N=254)				Placebo (N=255)			Quizartinib vs Placebo		Interaction P-value [d]
		No. of subjects with events (%)	No. of subjects censored (%)	Median (95 % CI) [a]	n	No. of subjects with events (%)	No. of subjects censored (%)	Median (95 % CI) [a]	Hazard Ratio (95 % CI) [b]	Unstratified log-rank p-value [c]	
Age by 2 categories											0.3429
≤60	157	50 (31.8)	107 (68.2)	14.3 (8.0, NE)	154	33 (21.4)	121 (78.6)	NE (19.3, NE)	1.397 (0.900, 2.170)	0.1310	
>60	95	21 (22.1)	74 (77.9)	NE (6.7, NE)	99	25 (25.3)	74 (74.7)	12.9 (6.7, NE)	0.968 (0.542, 1.730)	0.9134	

N: number of subjects in analysis set; n: number of subjects in subgroup category with complete PRO baseline; %: proportion of number of subjects in n; CI: confidence interval; NE: not estimable. PRO: Patient Reported Outcome. A Minimal Clinically Important Difference of 10 is considered in this table.
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 Table 2.20.2 EORTC QLQ-C30 - First deterioration - Time-to-event analysis - subgroup analysis - DCO 13-Aug-2021 - PRO Intent to Treat Analysis Set

Common Symptoms - Insomnia

Subgroup	n	Quizartinib (N=254)				Placebo (N=255)				Quizartinib vs Placebo		Interaction P-value [d]
		No. of subjects with events (%)	No. of subjects censored (%)	Median (95 % CI) [a]	n	No. of subjects with events (%)	No. of subjects censored (%)	Median (95 % CI) [a]	Hazard Ratio (95 % CI) [b]	Unstratified log-rank p-value [c]		
Pooled Age Group 2											0.1466	
<60	152	49 (32.2)	103 (67.8)	NE (8.8, NE)	151	53 (35.1)	98 (64.9)	12.3 (4.6, NE)	0.833 (0.564, 1.230)	0.3515		
≥60 - <65	36	11 (30.6)	25 (69.4)	18.6 (3.4, NE)	43	12 (27.9)	31 (72.1)	12.6 (4.1, NE)	1.014 (0.447, 2.301)	0.9677		
≥65	64	19 (29.7)	45 (70.3)	NE (1.3, NE)	59	13 (22.0)	46 (78.0)	NE (12.1, NE)	1.809 (0.892, 3.669)	0.0956		

N: number of subjects in analysis set; n: number of subjects in subgroup category with complete PRO baseline; %: proportion of number of subjects in n; CI: confidence interval; NE: not estimable. PRO: Patient Reported Outcome. A Minimal Clinically Important Difference of 10 is considered in this table.
 [a] Median time to first event is from Kaplan-Meier estimate. Confidence Interval for median was computed using the Brookmeyer-Crowley method.
 [b] Hazard ratio is from unstratified Cox proportional hazards model with treatment as the only categorical variable in the model. Confidence limits are based on the Wald test.
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Common Symptoms - Insomnia

Subgroup	n	Quizartinib (N=254)			n	Placebo (N=255)			Quizartinib vs Placebo		Interaction P-value [d]
		No. of subjects with events (%)	No. of subjects censored (%)	Median (95 % CI) [a]		No. of subjects with events (%)	No. of subjects censored (%)	Median (95 % CI) [a]	Hazard Ratio (95 % CI) [b]	Unstratified log-rank p-value [c]	
Sex											0.3329
Male	120	38 (31.7)	82 (68.3)	NE (4.3, NE)	109	38 (34.9)	71 (65.1)	12.3 (3.1, NE)	0.878 (0.560, 1.377)	0.5725	
Female	132	41 (31.1)	91 (68.9)	NE (5.7, NE)	144	40 (27.8)	104 (72.2)	25.8 (9.9, NE)	1.170 (0.756, 1.809)	0.4958	

N: number of subjects in analysis set; n: number of subjects in subgroup category with complete PRO baseline; %: proportion of number of subjects in n; CI: confidence interval; NE: not estimable. PRO: Patient Reported Outcome. A Minimal Clinically Important Difference of 10 is considered in this table.
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Common Symptoms - Insomnia

Subgroup	n	Quizartinib (N=254)			Placebo (N=255)			Quizartinib vs Placebo		Interaction P-value [d]
		No. of subjects with events (%)	No. of subjects censored (%)	Median (95 % CI) [a]	n	No. of subjects with events (%)	No. of subjects censored (%)	Median (95 % CI) [a]	Hazard Ratio (95 % CI) [b]	
Race by 2 categories										0.4926
White	150	44 (29.3)	106 (70.7)	NE (10.4, NE)	151	46 (30.5)	105 (69.5)	15.0 (6.8, NE)	0.938 (0.620, 1.420)	0.7384
Non-white	102	35 (34.3)	67 (65.7)	8.8 (2.6, NE)	102	32 (31.4)	70 (68.6)	28.2 (4.7, NE)	1.170 (0.724, 1.891)	0.5087

N: number of subjects in analysis set; n: number of subjects in subgroup category with complete PRO baseline; %: proportion of number of subjects in n; CI: confidence interval; NE: not estimable. PRO: Patient Reported Outcome. A Minimal Clinically Important Difference of 10 is considered in this table.
 [a] Median time to first event is from Kaplan-Meier estimate. Confidence Interval for median was computed using the Brookmeyer-Crowley method.
 [b] Hazard ratio is from unstratified Cox proportional hazards model with treatment as the only categorical variable in the model. Confidence limits are based on the Wald test.
 [c] Two-sided p-value from unstratified log-rank test.
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 Table 2.20.2 EORTC QLQ-C30 - First deterioration - Time-to-event analysis - subgroup analysis - DCO 13-Aug-2021 - PRO Intent to Treat Analysis Set

Common Symptoms - Insomnia

Subgroup	n	Quizartinib (N=254)				Placebo (N=255)				Quizartinib vs Placebo		Interaction P-value [d]
		No. of subjects with events (%)	No. of subjects censored (%)	Median (95 % CI) [a]	n	No. of subjects with events (%)	No. of subjects censored (%)	Median (95 % CI) [a]	Hazard Ratio (95 % CI) [b]	Unstratified log-rank p-value [c]		
Geographic Region 1											0.3300	
North America	16	4 (25.0)	12 (75.0)	2.4 (0.7, NE)	16	3 (18.8)	13 (81.3)	28.2 (2.3, NE)	2.760 (0.606, 12.577)	0.1723		
Europe	150	45 (30.0)	105 (70.0)	NE (10.4, NE)	150	49 (32.7)	101 (67.3)	15.0 (4.6, NE)	0.877 (0.584, 1.315)	0.5074		
Asia/Other Regions	86	30 (34.9)	56 (65.1)	8.8 (2.6, NE)	87	26 (29.9)	61 (70.1)	NE (4.7, NE)	1.185 (0.701, 2.005)	0.5152		

N: number of subjects in analysis set; n: number of subjects in subgroup category with complete PRO baseline; %: proportion of number of subjects in n; CI: confidence interval; NE: not estimable. PRO: Patient Reported Outcome. A Minimal Clinically Important Difference of 10 is considered in this table. [a] Median time to first event is from Kaplan-Meier estimate. Confidence Interval for median was computed using the Brookmeyer-Crowley method. [b] Hazard ratio is from unstratified Cox proportional hazards model with treatment as the only categorical variable in the model. Confidence limits are based on the Wald test. [c] Two-sided p-value from unstratified log-rank test. [d] Two-sided interaction p-value is for the interaction term from unstratified Cox proportional hazards model with treatment, subgroup, and treatment-by-subgroup interaction as categorical variables in the model. The p-value is based on the Wald test.
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Common Symptoms - Insomnia

Subgroup	n	Quizartinib (N=254)				Placebo (N=255)			Quizartinib vs Placebo		Interaction P-value [d]
		No. of subjects with events (%)	No. of subjects censored (%)	Median (95 % CI) [a]	n	No. of subjects with events (%)	No. of subjects censored (%)	Median (95 % CI) [a]	Hazard Ratio (95 % CI) [b]	Unstratified log-rank p-value [c]	
WBC at initial diagnosis											0.9583
< 40x10 ⁹ /L	128	42 (32.8)	86 (67.2)	13.6 (4.3, NE)	125	47 (37.6)	78 (62.4)	12.6 (6.5, NE)	1.027 (0.677, 1.557)	0.9262	
≥ 40x10 ⁹ /L	124	37 (29.8)	87 (70.2)	NE (7.4, NE)	128	31 (24.2)	97 (75.8)	NE (5.7, NE)	1.068 (0.661, 1.724)	0.7906	

N: number of subjects in analysis set; n: number of subjects in subgroup category with complete PRO baseline; %: proportion of number of subjects in n; CI: confidence interval; NE: not estimable. PRO: Patient Reported Outcome. A Minimal Clinically Important Difference of 10 is considered in this table. [a] Median time to first event is from Kaplan-Meier estimate. Confidence Interval for median was computed using the Brookmeyer-Crowley method. [b] Hazard ratio is from unstratified Cox proportional hazards model with treatment as the only categorical variable in the model. Confidence limits are based on the Wald test. [c] Two-sided p-value from unstratified log-rank test. [d] Two-sided interaction p-value is for the interaction term from unstratified Cox proportional hazards model with treatment, subgroup, and treatment-by-subgroup interaction as categorical variables in the model. The p-value is based on the Wald test. Data source: \\AC220-A-U302\Production\Raw Data_Restricted\rstret_eg\rstret_20211102_eg\rstret_valos\20230516_AMNOG\ADAM\ Run date: 15NOV2023 – 13:07; Program name: .sas; Output name: DE_T_2_20_2_QLQC30_FD_SUB_PRO_ITT.rf

Medizinischer Nutzen, medizinischer Zusatznutzen, Patientengruppen mit therap. bedeutsamem Zusatznutzen

Daiichi Sankyo | Data Intelligence – Evidence Generation | AC220-A-U302 QUANTUM-First (DCO 13 Aug 2021) | Statistical analyses for AMNOG (HTA Germany)
 Table 2.20.2 EORTC QLQ-C30 - First deterioration - Time-to-event analysis - subgroup analysis - DCO 13-Aug-2021 - PRO Intent to Treat Analysis Set

Common Symptoms - Insomnia

Subgroup	n	Quizartinib (N=254)				Placebo (N=255)				Quizartinib vs Placebo		Interaction P-value [d]
		No. of subjects with events (%)	No. of subjects censored (%)	Median (95 % CI) [a]	n	No. of subjects with events (%)	No. of subjects censored (%)	Median (95 % CI) [a]	Hazard Ratio (95 % CI) [b]	Unstratified log-rank p-value [c]		
Choice of Anthracycline											0.2673	
Daunorubicin	116	32 (27.6)	84 (72.4)	NE (4.3, NE)	90	31 (34.4)	59 (65.6)	12.1 (4.1, NE)	0.824 (0.502, 1.352)	0.4316		
Idarubicin	136	47 (34.6)	89 (65.4)	13.2 (5.7, NE)	161	46 (28.6)	115 (71.4)	NE (12.6, NE)	1.187 (0.790, 1.783)	0.4131		

N: number of subjects in analysis set; n: number of subjects in subgroup category with complete PRO baseline; %: proportion of number of subjects in n; CI: confidence interval; NE: not estimable. PRO: Patient Reported Outcome. A Minimal Clinically Important Difference of 10 is considered in this table. [a] Median time to first event is from Kaplan-Meier estimate. Confidence Interval for median was computed using the Brookmeyer-Crowley method. [b] Hazard ratio is from unstratified Cox proportional hazards model with treatment as the only categorical variable in the model. Confidence limits are based on the Wald test. [c] Two-sided p-value from unstratified log-rank test. [d] Two-sided interaction p-value is for the interaction term from unstratified Cox proportional hazards model with treatment, subgroup, and treatment-by-subgroup interaction as categorical variables in the model. The p-value is based on the Wald test. Data source: \\AC220-A-U302\Production\Raw Data_Restricted\rstret_eg\rstret_20211102_eg\rstret_valos\20230516_AMNOG\ADAM\ Run date: 15NOV2023 – 13:07; Program name: .sas; Output name: DE_T_2_20_2_QLQC30_FD_SUB_PRO_ITT.rf

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Subgroup	n	Quizartinib (N=254)				Placebo (N=255)				Quizartinib vs Placebo		Interaction P-value [d]
		No. of subjects with events (%)	No. of subjects censored (%)	Median (95 % CI) [a]	n	No. of subjects with events (%)	No. of subjects censored (%)	Median (95 % CI) [a]	Hazard Ratio (95 % CI) [b]	Unstratified log-rank p-value [c]		
AML Cytogenetic Risk Score											0.7254	
Favorable	12	3 (25.0)	9 (75.0)	NE (1.5, NE)	16	8 (50.0)	8 (50.0)	9.9 (1.6, NE)	0.640 (0.168, 2.434)	0.5094		
Intermediate	186	61 (32.8)	125 (67.2)	NE (7.4, NE)	180	51 (28.3)	129 (71.7)	28.2 (5.7, NE)	1.114 (0.768, 1.616)	0.5786		
Unfavorable	19	4 (21.1)	15 (78.9)	NE (0.7, NE)	26	9 (34.6)	17 (65.4)	NE (1.1, NE)	0.698 (0.215, 2.268)	0.5552		
Unknown	35	11 (31.4)	24 (68.6)	18.6 (3.4, NE)	30	10 (33.3)	20 (66.7)	NE (1.9, NE)	1.080 (0.458, 2.549)	0.8739		

N: number of subjects in analysis set; n: number of subjects in subgroup category with complete PRO baseline; %: proportion of number of subjects in n; CI: confidence interval; NE: not estimable. PRO: Patient Reported Outcome. A Minimal Clinically Important Difference of 10 is considered in this table. [a] Median time to first event is from Kaplan-Meier estimate. Confidence Interval for median was computed using the Brookmeyer-Crowley method. [b] Hazard ratio is from unstratified Cox proportional hazards model with treatment as the only categorical variable in the model. Confidence limits are based on the Wald test. [c] Two-sided p-value from unstratified log-rank test. [d] Two-sided interaction p-value is for the interaction term from unstratified Cox proportional hazards model with treatment, subgroup, and treatment-by-subgroup interaction as categorical variables in the model. The p-value is based on the Wald test.
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Daiichi Sankyo | Data Intelligence – Evidence Generation | AC220-A-U302 QUANTUM-First (DCO 13 Aug 2021) | Statistical analyses for AMNOG (HTA Germany)
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Common Symptoms - Insomnia

Subgroup	n	Quizartinib (N=254)			n	Placebo (N=255)			Quizartinib vs Placebo		Interaction P-value [d]
		No. of subjects with events (%)	No. of subjects censored (%)	Median (95 % CI) [a]		No. of subjects with events (%)	No. of subjects censored (%)	Median (95 % CI) [a]	Hazard Ratio (95 % CI) [b]	Unstratified log-rank p-value [c]	
ECOG Performance Status at Baseline											0.2399
0 - Fully Active	82	27 (32.9)	55 (67.1)	NE (2.6, NE)	92	36 (39.1)	56 (60.9)	6.5 (4.1, 28.2)	0.846 (0.513, 1.396)	0.5007	
1 - Restricted in Physically Strenuous Activity	126	38 (30.2)	88 (69.8)	18.6 (8.8, NE)	126	37 (29.4)	89 (70.6)	NE (12.3, NE)	1.033 (0.657, 1.625)	0.8836	
2 - Ambulatory and Capable of All Selfcare	44	14 (31.8)	30 (68.2)	10.4 (2.6, NE)	34	5 (14.7)	29 (85.3)	NE (2.5, NE)	2.140 (0.766, 5.976)	0.1442	

N: number of subjects in analysis set; n: number of subjects in subgroup category with complete PRO baseline; %: proportion of number of subjects in n; CI: confidence interval; NE: not estimable. PRO: Patient Reported Outcome. A Minimal Clinically Important Difference of 10 is considered in this table.
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 [c] Two-sided p-value from unstratified log-rank test.
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Common Symptoms - Insomnia

Subgroup	n	Quizartinib (N=254)			n	Placebo (N=255)			Quizartinib vs Placebo		Interaction P-value [d]
		No. of subjects with events (%)	No. of subjects censored (%)	Median (95 % CI) [a]		No. of subjects with events (%)	No. of subjects censored (%)	Median (95 % CI) [a]	Hazard Ratio (95 % CI) [b]	Unstratified log-rank p-value [c]	
FLT3-ITD category at Baseline											0.3263
≥3 to ≤25%	88	30 (34.1)	58 (65.9)	13.2 (2.5, NE)	92	26 (28.3)	66 (71.7)	28.2 (9.9, NE)	1.397 (0.826, 2.364)	0.2131	
>25% to ≤50%	135	37 (27.4)	98 (72.6)	NE (8.8, NE)	128	39 (30.5)	89 (69.5)	25.8 (4.7, NE)	0.846 (0.539, 1.327)	0.4583	
>50%	28	11 (39.3)	17 (60.7)	18.6 (0.8, NE)	33	13 (39.4)	20 (60.6)	4.6 (1.2, NE)	0.849 (0.376, 1.916)	0.6901	

N: number of subjects in analysis set; n: number of subjects in subgroup category with complete PRO baseline; %: proportion of number of subjects in n; CI: confidence interval; NE: not estimable. PRO: Patient Reported Outcome. A Minimal Clinically Important Difference of 10 is considered in this table.
 [a] Median time to first event is from Kaplan-Meier estimate. Confidence Interval for median was computed using the Brookmeyer-Crowley method.
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Common Symptoms - Insomnia

Subgroup	n	Quizartinib (N=254)			n	Placebo (N=255)			Quizartinib vs Placebo		Interaction P-value [d]
		No. of subjects with events (%)	No. of subjects censored (%)	Median (95 % CI) [a]		No. of subjects with events (%)	No. of subjects censored (%)	Median (95 % CI) [a]	Hazard Ratio (95 % CI) [b]	Unstratified log-rank p-value [c]	
AML with Mutated NPM1											0.5416
Yes	130	43 (33.1)	87 (66.9)	NE (7.4, NE)	131	40 (30.5)	91 (69.5)	28.2 (9.9, NE)	1.148 (0.746, 1.767)	0.5433	
No	112	32 (28.6)	80 (71.4)	NE (5.7, NE)	111	32 (28.8)	79 (71.2)	12.6 (4.1, NE)	0.929 (0.569, 1.517)	0.7662	

N: number of subjects in analysis set; n: number of subjects in subgroup category with complete PRO baseline; %: proportion of number of subjects in n; CI: confidence interval; NE: not estimable. PRO: Patient Reported Outcome. A Minimal Clinically Important Difference of 10 is considered in this table.
 [a] Median time to first event is from Kaplan-Meier estimate. Confidence Interval for median was computed using the Brookmeyer-Crowley method.
 [b] Hazard ratio is from unstratified Cox proportional hazards model with treatment as the only categorical variable in the model. Confidence limits are based on the Wald test.
 [c] Two-sided p-value from unstratified log-rank test.
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Common Symptoms - Insomnia

Subgroup	n	Quizartinib (N=254)				Placebo (N=255)				Quizartinib vs Placebo		Interaction P-value [d]
		No. of subjects with events (%)	No. of subjects censored (%)	Median (95 % CI) [a]	n	No. of subjects with events (%)	No. of subjects censored (%)	Median (95 % CI) [a]	Hazard Ratio (95 % CI) [b]	Unstratified log-rank p-value [c]		
Age by 2 categories											0.1121	
≤60	157	50 (31.8)	107 (68.2)	NE (8.8, NE)	154	53 (34.4)	101 (65.6)	12.3 (4.6, NE)	0.840 (0.570, 1.238)	0.3690		
>60	95	29 (30.5)	66 (69.5)	18.6 (3.1, NE)	99	25 (25.3)	74 (74.7)	NE (12.1, NE)	1.449 (0.848, 2.475)	0.1740		

N: number of subjects in analysis set; n: number of subjects in subgroup category with complete PRO baseline; %: proportion of number of subjects in n; CI: confidence interval; NE: not estimable. PRO: Patient Reported Outcome. A Minimal Clinically Important Difference of 10 is considered in this table.
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 [b] Hazard ratio is from unstratified Cox proportional hazards model with treatment as the only categorical variable in the model. Confidence limits are based on the Wald test.
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Daiichi Sankyo | Data Intelligence – Evidence Generation | AC220-A-U302 QUANTUM-First (DCO 13 Aug 2021) | Statistical analyses for AMNOG (HTA Germany)
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Common Symptoms - Appetite Loss

Subgroup	n	Quizartinib (N=254)				Placebo (N=255)				Quizartinib vs Placebo		Interaction P-value [d]
		No. of subjects with events (%)	No. of subjects censored (%)	Median (95 % CI) [a]	n	No. of subjects with events (%)	No. of subjects censored (%)	Median (95 % CI) [a]	Hazard Ratio (95 % CI) [b]	Unstratified log-rank p-value [c]		
Pooled Age Group 2											0.3486	
<60	152	46 (30.3)	106 (69.7)	NE (11.2, NE)	151	48 (31.8)	103 (68.2)	NE (4.6, NE)	0.815 (0.543, 1.224)	0.3199		
≥60 - <65	36	7 (19.4)	29 (80.6)	NE (18.6, NE)	43	10 (23.3)	33 (76.7)	NE (4.5, NE)	0.775 (0.294, 2.043)	0.6047		
≥65	64	20 (31.3)	44 (68.8)	6.3 (1.6, NE)	59	16 (27.1)	43 (72.9)	NE (3.6, NE)	1.424 (0.738, 2.749)	0.2988		

N: number of subjects in analysis set; n: number of subjects in subgroup category with complete PRO baseline; %: proportion of number of subjects in n; CI: confidence interval; NE: not estimable. PRO: Patient Reported Outcome. A Minimal Clinically Important Difference of 10 is considered in this table.
 [a] Median time to first event is from Kaplan-Meier estimate. Confidence Interval for median was computed using the Brookmeyer-Crowley method.
 [b] Hazard ratio is from unstratified Cox proportional hazards model with treatment as the only categorical variable in the model. Confidence limits are based on the Wald test.
 [c] Two-sided p-value from unstratified log-rank test.
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Common Symptoms - Appetite Loss

Subgroup	n	Quizartinib (N=254)			n	Placebo (N=255)			Quizartinib vs Placebo		Interaction P-value [d]
		No. of subjects with events (%)	No. of subjects censored (%)	Median (95 % CI) [a]		No. of subjects with events (%)	No. of subjects censored (%)	Median (95 % CI) [a]	Hazard Ratio (95 % CI) [b]	Unstratified log-rank p-value [c]	
Sex											0.0813
Male	120	31 (25.8)	89 (74.2)	NE (8.0, NE)	109	36 (33.0)	73 (67.0)	7.5 (2.9, NE)	0.664 (0.410, 1.076)	0.0928	
Female	132	42 (31.8)	90 (68.2)	NE (5.1, NE)	144	38 (26.4)	106 (73.6)	NE (7.1, NE)	1.239 (0.799, 1.923)	0.3465	

N: number of subjects in analysis set; n: number of subjects in subgroup category with complete PRO baseline; %: proportion of number of subjects in n; CI: confidence interval; NE: not estimable. PRO: Patient Reported Outcome. A Minimal Clinically Important Difference of 10 is considered in this table.
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Common Symptoms - Appetite Loss

Subgroup	n	Quizartinib (N=254)			Placebo (N=255)			Quizartinib vs Placebo		Interaction P-value [d]
		No. of subjects with events (%)	No. of subjects censored (%)	Median (95 % CI) [a]	n	No. of subjects with events (%)	No. of subjects censored (%)	Median (95 % CI) [a]	Hazard Ratio (95 % CI) [b]	
Race by 2 categories										0.2968
White	150	48 (32.0)	102 (68.0)	NE (8.0, NE)	151	42 (27.8)	109 (72.2)	NE (5.6, NE)	1.087 (0.717, 1.650)	0.7171
Non-white	102	25 (24.5)	77 (75.5)	NE (7.4, NE)	102	32 (31.4)	70 (68.6)	NE (3.2, NE)	0.756 (0.448, 1.276)	0.2955

N: number of subjects in analysis set; n: number of subjects in subgroup category with complete PRO baseline; %: proportion of number of subjects in n; CI: confidence interval; NE: not estimable. PRO: Patient Reported Outcome. A Minimal Clinically Important Difference of 10 is considered in this table.
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 Table 2.20.2 EORTC QLQ-C30 - First deterioration - Time-to-event analysis - subgroup analysis - DCO 13-Aug-2021 - PRO Intent to Treat Analysis Set

Common Symptoms - Appetite Loss

Subgroup	n	Quizartinib (N=254)				Placebo (N=255)			Quizartinib vs Placebo		Interaction P-value [d]
		No. of subjects with events (%)	No. of subjects censored (%)	Median (95 % CI) [a]	n	No. of subjects with events (%)	No. of subjects censored (%)	Median (95 % CI) [a]	Hazard Ratio (95 % CI) [b]	Unstratified log-rank p-value [c]	
Geographic Region 1											0.9046
North America	16	4 (25.0)	12 (75.0)	2.8 (1.3, NE)	16	6 (37.5)	10 (62.5)	7.1 (2.3, NE)	1.307 (0.365, 4.675)	0.6796	
Europe	150	44 (29.3)	106 (70.7)	NE (14.3, NE)	150	40 (26.7)	110 (73.3)	NE (5.6, NE)	1.003 (0.652, 1.542)	0.9889	
Asia/Other Regions	86	25 (29.1)	61 (70.9)	NE (5.5, NE)	87	28 (32.2)	59 (67.8)	15.3 (3.2, NE)	0.847 (0.493, 1.454)	0.5465	

N: number of subjects in analysis set; n: number of subjects in subgroup category with complete PRO baseline; %: proportion of number of subjects in n; CI: confidence interval; NE: not estimable. PRO: Patient Reported Outcome. A Minimal Clinically Important Difference of 10 is considered in this table. [a] Median time to first event is from Kaplan-Meier estimate. Confidence Interval for median was computed using the Brookmeyer-Crowley method. [b] Hazard ratio is from unstratified Cox proportional hazards model with treatment as the only categorical variable in the model. Confidence limits are based on the Wald test. [c] Two-sided p-value from unstratified log-rank test. [d] Two-sided interaction p-value is for the interaction term from unstratified Cox proportional hazards model with treatment, subgroup, and treatment-by-subgroup interaction as categorical variables in the model. The p-value is based on the Wald test.
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 Run date: 15NOV2023 – 13:07; Program name: .sas; Output name: DE_T_2_20_2_QLQC30_FD_SUB_PRO_ITT.rtf

Medizinischer Nutzen, medizinischer Zusatznutzen, Patientengruppen mit therap. bedeutsamem Zusatznutzen

Daiichi Sankyo | Data Intelligence – Evidence Generation | AC220-A-U302 QUANTUM-First (DCO 13 Aug 2021) | Statistical analyses for AMNOG (HTA Germany)
 Table 2.20.2 EORTC QLQ-C30 - First deterioration - Time-to-event analysis - subgroup analysis - DCO 13-Aug-2021 - PRO Intent to Treat Analysis Set

Common Symptoms - Appetite Loss

Subgroup	n	Quizartinib (N=254)				Placebo (N=255)				Quizartinib vs Placebo		Interaction
		No. of subjects with events (%)	No. of subjects censored (%)	Median (95 % CI) [a]	n	No. of subjects with events (%)	No. of subjects censored (%)	Median (95 % CI) [a]	Hazard Ratio (95 % CI) [b]	Unstratified log-rank p-value [c]	P-value [d]	
WBC at initial diagnosis											0.3056	
< 40x10 ⁹ /L	128	41 (32.0)	87 (68.0)	15.1 (3.1, NE)	125	41 (32.8)	84 (67.2)	NE (5.6, NE)	1.118 (0.724, 1.724)	0.6218		
≥ 40x10 ⁹ /L	124	32 (25.8)	92 (74.2)	NE (14.1, NE)	128	33 (25.8)	95 (74.2)	NE (4.6, NE)	0.788 (0.482, 1.286)	0.3320		

N: number of subjects in analysis set; n: number of subjects in subgroup category with complete PRO baseline; %: proportion of number of subjects in n; CI: confidence interval; NE: not estimable. PRO: Patient Reported Outcome. A Minimal Clinically Important Difference of 10 is considered in this table. [a] Median time to first event is from Kaplan-Meier estimate. Confidence Interval for median was computed using the Brookmeyer-Crowley method. [b] Hazard ratio is from unstratified Cox proportional hazards model with treatment as the only categorical variable in the model. Confidence limits are based on the Wald test. [c] Two-sided p-value from unstratified log-rank test. [d] Two-sided interaction p-value is for the interaction term from unstratified Cox proportional hazards model with treatment, subgroup, and treatment-by-subgroup interaction as categorical variables in the model. The p-value is based on the Wald test.
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Common Symptoms - Appetite Loss

Subgroup	n	Quizartinib (N=254)				Placebo (N=255)				Quizartinib vs Placebo		Interaction P-value [d]
		No. of subjects with events (%)	No. of subjects censored (%)	Median (95 % CI) [a]	n	No. of subjects with events (%)	No. of subjects censored (%)	Median (95 % CI) [a]	Hazard Ratio (95 % CI) [b]	Unstratified log-rank p-value [c]		
Choice of Anthracycline												0.1445
Daunorubicin	116	28 (24.1)	88 (75.9)	NE (8.0, NE)	90	27 (30.0)	63 (70.0)	6.7 (3.0, NE)	0.669 (0.392, 1.141)	0.1377		
Idarubicin	136	45 (33.1)	91 (66.9)	18.6 (7.4, NE)	161	45 (28.0)	116 (72.0)	NE (15.3, NE)	1.182 (0.781, 1.787)	0.4343		

N: number of subjects in analysis set; n: number of subjects in subgroup category with complete PRO baseline; %: proportion of number of subjects in n; CI: confidence interval; NE: not estimable. PRO: Patient Reported Outcome. A Minimal Clinically Important Difference of 10 is considered in this table. [a] Median time to first event is from Kaplan-Meier estimate. Confidence Interval for median was computed using the Brookmeyer-Crowley method. [b] Hazard ratio is from unstratified Cox proportional hazards model with treatment as the only categorical variable in the model. Confidence limits are based on the Wald test. [c] Two-sided p-value from unstratified log-rank test. [d] Two-sided interaction p-value is for the interaction term from unstratified Cox proportional hazards model with treatment, subgroup, and treatment-by-subgroup interaction as categorical variables in the model. The p-value is based on the Wald test. Data source: \\AC220-A-U302\Production\Raw Data_Restricted\rstret_eg\rstret_20211102_eg\rstret_valos\20230516_AMNOG\ADAM\ Run date: 15NOV2023 – 13:07; Program name: .sas; Output name: DE_T_2_20_2_QLQC30_FD_SUB_PRO_ITT.rf

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Common Symptoms - Appetite Loss

Subgroup	n	Quizartinib (N=254)				Placebo (N=255)				Quizartinib vs Placebo		Interaction
		No. of subjects with events (%)	No. of subjects censored (%)	Median (95 % CI) [a]	n	No. of subjects with events (%)	No. of subjects censored (%)	Median (95 % CI) [a]	Hazard Ratio (95 % CI) [b]	Unstratified log-rank p-value [c]	P-value [d]	
AML Cytogenetic Risk Score											0.5824	
Favorable	12	3 (25.0)	9 (75.0)	NE (0.7, NE)	16	10 (62.5)	6 (37.5)	3.0 (1.3, NE)	0.513 (0.141, 1.869)	0.3031		
Intermediate	186	56 (30.1)	130 (69.9)	NE (7.6, NE)	180	45 (25.0)	135 (75.0)	NE (7.5, NE)	1.086 (0.733, 1.610)	0.6842		
Unfavorable	19	3 (15.8)	16 (84.2)	NE (7.1, NE)	26	7 (26.9)	19 (73.1)	NE (1.7, NE)	0.558 (0.140, 2.235)	0.4012		
Unknown	35	11 (31.4)	24 (68.6)	18.6 (2.6, NE)	30	12 (40.0)	18 (60.0)	6.7 (1.7, NE)	0.838 (0.368, 1.905)	0.6645		

N: number of subjects in analysis set; n: number of subjects in subgroup category with complete PRO baseline; %: proportion of number of subjects in n; CI: confidence interval; NE: not estimable. PRO: Patient Reported Outcome. A Minimal Clinically Important Difference of 10 is considered in this table. [a] Median time to first event is from Kaplan-Meier estimate. Confidence Interval for median was computed using the Brookmeyer-Crowley method. [b] Hazard ratio is from unstratified Cox proportional hazards model with treatment as the only categorical variable in the model. Confidence limits are based on the Wald test. [c] Two-sided p-value from unstratified log-rank test. [d] Two-sided interaction p-value is for the interaction term from unstratified Cox proportional hazards model with treatment, subgroup, and treatment-by-subgroup interaction as categorical variables in the model. The p-value is based on the Wald test.
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Common Symptoms - Appetite Loss

Subgroup	n	Quizartinib (N=254)			n	Placebo (N=255)			Quizartinib vs Placebo		Interaction p-value [d]
		No. of subjects with events (%)	No. of subjects censored (%)	Median (95 % CI) [a]		No. of subjects with events (%)	No. of subjects censored (%)	Median (95 % CI) [a]	Hazard Ratio (95 % CI) [b]	Unstratified log-rank p-value [c]	
ECOG Performance Status at Baseline											0.5081
0 - Fully Active	82	26 (31.7)	56 (68.3)	NE (7.1, NE)	92	24 (26.1)	68 (73.9)	NE (5.6, NE)	1.172 (0.671, 2.048)	0.5844	
1 - Restricted in Physically Strenuous Activity	126	37 (29.4)	89 (70.6)	NE (6.9, NE)	126	43 (34.1)	83 (65.9)	15.3 (2.9, NE)	0.804 (0.518, 1.249)	0.3262	
2 - Ambulatory and Capable of All Selfcare	44	10 (22.7)	34 (77.3)	NE (5.5, NE)	34	7 (20.6)	27 (79.4)	NE (2.3, NE)	1.024 (0.386, 2.720)	0.9605	

N: number of subjects in analysis set; n: number of subjects in subgroup category with complete PRO baseline; %: proportion of number of subjects in n; CI: confidence interval; NE: not estimable. PRO: Patient Reported Outcome. A Minimal Clinically Important Difference of 10 is considered in this table.
 [a] Median time to first event is from Kaplan-Meier estimate. Confidence Interval for median was computed using the Brookmeyer-Crowley method.
 [b] Hazard ratio is from unstratified Cox proportional hazards model with treatment as the only categorical variable in the model. Confidence limits are based on the Wald test.
 [c] Two-sided p-value from unstratified log-rank test.
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Common Symptoms - Appetite Loss

Subgroup	n	Quizartinib (N=254)				Placebo (N=255)				Quizartinib vs Placebo		Interaction P-value [d]
		No. of subjects with events (%)	No. of subjects censored (%)	Median (95 % CI) [a]	n	No. of subjects with events (%)	No. of subjects censored (%)	Median (95 % CI) [a]	Hazard Ratio (95 % CI) [b]	Unstratified log-rank p-value [c]		
FLT3-ITD category at Baseline												0.7673
≥3 to ≤25%	88	26 (29.5)	62 (70.5)	NE (6.3, NE)	92	29 (31.5)	63 (68.5)	NE (3.2, NE)	0.991 (0.583, 1.686)	0.9627		
>25% to ≤50%	135	39 (28.9)	96 (71.1)	NE (7.6, NE)	128	35 (27.3)	93 (72.7)	NE (6.7, NE)	0.956 (0.605, 1.511)	0.8427		
>50%	28	7 (25.0)	21 (75.0)	NE (18.6, NE)	33	10 (30.3)	23 (69.7)	NE (2.3, NE)	0.688 (0.261, 1.812)	0.4450		

N: number of subjects in analysis set; n: number of subjects in subgroup category with complete PRO baseline; %: proportion of number of subjects in n; CI: confidence interval; NE: not estimable. PRO: Patient Reported Outcome. A Minimal Clinically Important Difference of 10 is considered in this table.
 [a] Median time to first event is from Kaplan-Meier estimate. Confidence Interval for median was computed using the Brookmeyer-Crowley method.
 [b] Hazard ratio is from unstratified Cox proportional hazards model with treatment as the only categorical variable in the model. Confidence limits are based on the Wald test.
 [c] Two-sided p-value from unstratified log-rank test.
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Common Symptoms - Appetite Loss

Subgroup	n	Quizartinib (N=254)			Placebo (N=255)			Quizartinib vs Placebo		Interaction P-value [d]
		No. of subjects with events (%)	No. of subjects censored (%)	Median (95 % CI) [a]	n	No. of subjects with events (%)	No. of subjects censored (%)	Median (95 % CI) [a]	Hazard Ratio (95 % CI) [b]	
AML with Mutated NPM1										0.5425
Yes	130	36 (27.7)	94 (72.3)	NE (18.6, NE)	131	39 (29.8)	92 (70.2)	NE (NE, NE)	0.926 (0.588, 1.458)	0.7240
No	112	35 (31.3)	77 (68.8)	11.2 (5.1, NE)	111	28 (25.2)	83 (74.8)	15.3 (3.0, NE)	1.089 (0.662, 1.793)	0.7418

N: number of subjects in analysis set; n: number of subjects in subgroup category with complete PRO baseline; %: proportion of number of subjects in n; CI: confidence interval; NE: not estimable. PRO: Patient Reported Outcome. A Minimal Clinically Important Difference of 10 is considered in this table.
 [a] Median time to first event is from Kaplan-Meier estimate. Confidence Interval for median was computed using the Brookmeyer-Crowley method.
 [b] Hazard ratio is from unstratified Cox proportional hazards model with treatment as the only categorical variable in the model. Confidence limits are based on the Wald test.
 [c] Two-sided p-value from unstratified log-rank test.
 [d] Two-sided interaction p-value is for the interaction term from unstratified Cox proportional hazards model with treatment, subgroup, and treatment-by-subgroup interaction as categorical variables in the model. The p-value is based on the Wald test.
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Common Symptoms - Appetite Loss

Subgroup	n	Quizartinib (N=254)				Placebo (N=255)				Quizartinib vs Placebo		Interaction P-value [d]
		No. of subjects with events (%)	No. of subjects censored (%)	Median (95 % CI) [a]	n	No. of subjects with events (%)	No. of subjects censored (%)	Median (95 % CI) [a]	Hazard Ratio (95 % CI) [b]	Unstratified log-rank p-value [c]		
Age by 2 categories											0.2313	
≤60	157	46 (29.3)	111 (70.7)	NE (11.2, NE)	154	48 (31.2)	106 (68.8)	NE (4.6, NE)	0.800 (0.533, 1.201)	0.2773		
>60	95	27 (28.4)	68 (71.6)	NE (2.8, NE)	99	26 (26.3)	73 (73.7)	NE (7.1, NE)	1.224 (0.714, 2.098)	0.4717		

N: number of subjects in analysis set; n: number of subjects in subgroup category with complete PRO baseline; %: proportion of number of subjects in n; CI: confidence interval; NE: not estimable. PRO: Patient Reported Outcome. A Minimal Clinically Important Difference of 10 is considered in this table.
 [a] Median time to first event is from Kaplan-Meier estimate. Confidence Interval for median was computed using the Brookmeyer-Crowley method.
 [b] Hazard ratio is from unstratified Cox proportional hazards model with treatment as the only categorical variable in the model. Confidence limits are based on the Wald test.
 [c] Two-sided p-value from unstratified log-rank test.
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Common Symptoms - Constipation

Subgroup	n	Quizartinib (N=254)				Placebo (N=255)				Quizartinib vs Placebo		Interaction P-value [d]
		No. of subjects with events (%)	No. of subjects censored (%)	Median (95 % CI) [a]	n	No. of subjects with events (%)	No. of subjects censored (%)	Median (95 % CI) [a]	Hazard Ratio (95 % CI) [b]	Unstratified log-rank p-value [c]		
Pooled Age Group 2											0.0839	
<60	152	41 (27.0)	111 (73.0)	NE (13.6, NE)	151	49 (32.5)	102 (67.5)	15.0 (5.7, NE)	0.736 (0.486, 1.115)	0.1462		
≥60 - <65	36	10 (27.8)	26 (72.2)	NE (2.6, NE)	43	16 (37.2)	27 (62.8)	4.4 (1.9, NE)	0.602 (0.270, 1.342)	0.2075		
≥65	64	20 (31.3)	44 (68.8)	4.6 (2.5, NE)	59	14 (23.7)	45 (76.3)	NE (3.6, NE)	1.666 (0.841, 3.300)	0.1383		

N: number of subjects in analysis set; n: number of subjects in subgroup category with complete PRO baseline; %: proportion of number of subjects in n; CI: confidence interval; NE: not estimable. PRO: Patient Reported Outcome. A Minimal Clinically Important Difference of 10 is considered in this table. [a] Median time to first event is from Kaplan-Meier estimate. Confidence Interval for median was computed using the Brookmeyer-Crowley method. [b] Hazard ratio is from unstratified Cox proportional hazards model with treatment as the only categorical variable in the model. Confidence limits are based on the Wald test. [c] Two-sided p-value from unstratified log-rank test. [d] Two-sided interaction p-value is for the interaction term from unstratified Cox proportional hazards model with treatment, subgroup, and treatment-by-subgroup interaction as categorical variables in the model. The p-value is based on the Wald test. Data source: \\AC220-A-U302\Production\Raw Data_Restricted\rstrct_eg\rstrct_20211102_eg\rstrct_valos\20230516_AMNOG\ADAM\ Run date: 15NOV2023 – 13:07; Program name: .sas; Output name: DE_T_2_20_2_QLQC30_FD_SUB_PRO_ITT.rtf

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Common Symptoms - Constipation

Subgroup	n	Quizartinib (N=254)				Placebo (N=255)			Quizartinib vs Placebo		Interaction P-value [d]
		No. of subjects with events (%)	No. of subjects censored (%)	Median (95 % CI) [a]	n	No. of subjects with events (%)	No. of subjects censored (%)	Median (95 % CI) [a]	Hazard Ratio (95 % CI) [b]	Unstratified log-rank p-value [c]	
Sex											0.2091
Male	120	36 (30.0)	84 (70.0)	30.8 (5.5, NE)	109	28 (25.7)	81 (74.3)	NE (3.1, NE)	1.070 (0.652, 1.757)	0.7910	
Female	132	35 (26.5)	97 (73.5)	NE (10.4, NE)	144	51 (35.4)	93 (64.6)	15.0 (4.1, NE)	0.720 (0.468, 1.108)	0.1346	

N: number of subjects in analysis set; n: number of subjects in subgroup category with complete PRO baseline; %: proportion of number of subjects in n; CI: confidence interval; NE: not estimable. PRO: Patient Reported Outcome. A Minimal Clinically Important Difference of 10 is considered in this table.
 [a] Median time to first event is from Kaplan-Meier estimate. Confidence Interval for median was computed using the Brookmeyer-Crowley method.
 [b] Hazard ratio is from unstratified Cox proportional hazards model with treatment as the only categorical variable in the model. Confidence limits are based on the Wald test.
 [c] Two-sided p-value from unstratified log-rank test.
 [d] Two-sided interaction p-value is for the interaction term from unstratified Cox proportional hazards model with treatment, subgroup, and treatment-by-subgroup interaction as categorical variables in the model. The p-value is based on the Wald test.
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Common Symptoms - Constipation

Subgroup	n	Quizartinib (N=254)				Placebo (N=255)			Quizartinib vs Placebo		Interaction P-value [d]
		No. of subjects with events (%)	No. of subjects censored (%)	Median (95 % CI) [a]	n	No. of subjects with events (%)	No. of subjects censored (%)	Median (95 % CI) [a]	Hazard Ratio (95 % CI) [b]	Unstratified log-rank p-value [c]	
Race by 2 categories											0.3617
White	150	41 (27.3)	109 (72.7)	NE (6.4, NE)	151	39 (25.8)	112 (74.2)	NE (14.9, NE)	0.996 (0.642, 1.544)	0.9895	
Non-white	102	30 (29.4)	72 (70.6)	30.8 (3.4, NE)	102	40 (39.2)	62 (60.8)	3.1 (2.3, 19.3)	0.720 (0.448, 1.157)	0.1719	

N: number of subjects in analysis set; n: number of subjects in subgroup category with complete PRO baseline; %: proportion of number of subjects in n; CI: confidence interval; NE: not estimable. PRO: Patient Reported Outcome. A Minimal Clinically Important Difference of 10 is considered in this table. [a] Median time to first event is from Kaplan-Meier estimate. Confidence Interval for median was computed using the Brookmeyer-Crowley method. [b] Hazard ratio is from unstratified Cox proportional hazards model with treatment as the only categorical variable in the model. Confidence limits are based on the Wald test. [c] Two-sided p-value from unstratified log-rank test. [d] Two-sided interaction p-value is for the interaction term from unstratified Cox proportional hazards model with treatment, subgroup, and treatment-by-subgroup interaction as categorical variables in the model. The p-value is based on the Wald test.
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 Run date: 15NOV2023 – 13:07; Program name: .sas; Output name: DE_T_2_20_2_QLQC30_FD_SUB_PRO_ITT.rf

Medizinischer Nutzen, medizinischer Zusatznutzen, Patientengruppen mit therap. bedeutsamem Zusatznutzen

Daichi Sankyo | Data Intelligence – Evidence Generation | AC220-A-U302 QUANTUM-First (DCO 13 Aug 2021) | Statistical analyses for AMNOG (HTA Germany)
 Table 2.20.2 EORTC QLQ-C30 - First deterioration - Time-to-event analysis - subgroup analysis - DCO 13-Aug-2021 - PRO Intent to Treat Analysis Set

Common Symptoms - Constipation

Subgroup	n	Quizartinib (N=254)				Placebo (N=255)				Quizartinib vs Placebo		Interaction P-value [d]
		No. of subjects with events (%)	No. of subjects censored (%)	Median (95 % CI) [a]	n	No. of subjects with events (%)	No. of subjects censored (%)	Median (95 % CI) [a]	Hazard Ratio (95 % CI) [b]	Unstratified log-rank p-value [c]		
Geographic Region 1											0.9640	
North America	16	4 (25.0)	12 (75.0)	3.0 (0.7, NE)	16	7 (43.8)	9 (56.3)	2.9 (0.8, NE)	0.919 (0.268, 3.150)	0.8870		
Europe	150	40 (26.7)	110 (73.3)	NE (10.8, NE)	150	40 (26.7)	110 (73.3)	NE (9.9, NE)	0.907 (0.585, 1.407)	0.6649		
Asia/Other Regions	86	27 (31.4)	59 (68.6)	13.6 (3.4, NE)	87	32 (36.8)	55 (63.2)	4.4 (2.3, NE)	0.805 (0.482, 1.345)	0.4046		

N: number of subjects in analysis set; n: number of subjects in subgroup category with complete PRO baseline; %: proportion of number of subjects in n; CI: confidence interval; NE: not estimable. PRO: Patient Reported Outcome. A Minimal Clinically Important Difference of 10 is considered in this table. [a] Median time to first event is from Kaplan-Meier estimate. Confidence Interval for median was computed using the Brookmeyer-Crowley method. [b] Hazard ratio is from unstratified Cox proportional hazards model with treatment as the only categorical variable in the model. Confidence limits are based on the Wald test. [c] Two-sided p-value from unstratified log-rank test. [d] Two-sided interaction p-value is for the interaction term from unstratified Cox proportional hazards model with treatment, subgroup, and treatment-by-subgroup interaction as categorical variables in the model. The p-value is based on the Wald test.
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Common Symptoms - Constipation

Subgroup	n	Quizartinib (N=254)				Placebo (N=255)			Quizartinib vs Placebo		Interaction P-value [d]
		No. of subjects with events (%)	No. of subjects censored (%)	Median (95 % CI) [a]	n	No. of subjects with events (%)	No. of subjects censored (%)	Median (95 % CI) [a]	Hazard Ratio (95 % CI) [b]	Unstratified log-rank p-value [c]	
WBC at initial diagnosis											0.8264
< 40x10 ⁹ /L	128	34 (26.6)	94 (73.4)	NE (5.8, NE)	125	44 (35.2)	81 (64.8)	15.0 (3.1, NE)	0.833 (0.532, 1.303)	0.4218	
≥ 40x10 ⁹ /L	124	37 (29.8)	87 (70.2)	30.8 (5.5, NE)	128	35 (27.3)	93 (72.7)	19.3 (4.1, NE)	0.865 (0.544, 1.376)	0.5380	

N: number of subjects in analysis set; n: number of subjects in subgroup category with complete PRO baseline; %: proportion of number of subjects in n; CI: confidence interval; NE: not estimable. PRO: Patient Reported Outcome. A Minimal Clinically Important Difference of 10 is considered in this table.
 [a] Median time to first event is from Kaplan-Meier estimate. Confidence Interval for median was computed using the Brookmeyer-Crowley method.
 [b] Hazard ratio is from unstratified Cox proportional hazards model with treatment as the only categorical variable in the model. Confidence limits are based on the Wald test.
 [c] Two-sided p-value from unstratified log-rank test.
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Common Symptoms - Constipation

Subgroup	n	Quizartinib (N=254)				Placebo (N=255)			Quizartinib vs Placebo		Interaction P-value [d]
		No. of subjects with events (%)	No. of subjects censored (%)	Median (95 % CI) [a]	n	No. of subjects with events (%)	No. of subjects censored (%)	Median (95 % CI) [a]	Hazard Ratio (95 % CI) [b]	Unstratified log-rank p-value [c]	
Choice of Anthracycline											0.7556
Daunorubicin	116	34 (29.3)	82 (70.7)	12.1 (5.4, NE)	90	27 (30.0)	63 (70.0)	15.0 (4.1, NE)	0.925 (0.557, 1.535)	0.7610	
Idarubicin	136	37 (27.2)	99 (72.8)	NE (5.8, NE)	161	51 (31.7)	110 (68.3)	NE (3.6, NE)	0.831 (0.544, 1.269)	0.3911	

N: number of subjects in analysis set; n: number of subjects in subgroup category with complete PRO baseline; %: proportion of number of subjects in n; CI: confidence interval; NE: not estimable. PRO: Patient Reported Outcome. A Minimal Clinically Important Difference of 10 is considered in this table. [a] Median time to first event is from Kaplan-Meier estimate. Confidence Interval for median was computed using the Brookmeyer-Crowley method. [b] Hazard ratio is from unstratified Cox proportional hazards model with treatment as the only categorical variable in the model. Confidence limits are based on the Wald test. [c] Two-sided p-value from unstratified log-rank test. [d] Two-sided interaction p-value is for the interaction term from unstratified Cox proportional hazards model with treatment, subgroup, and treatment-by-subgroup interaction as categorical variables in the model. The p-value is based on the Wald test.
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Common Symptoms - Constipation

Subgroup	n	Quizartinib (N=254)				Placebo (N=255)				Quizartinib vs Placebo		Interaction P-value [d]
		No. of subjects with events (%)	No. of subjects censored (%)	Median (95 % CI) [a]	n	No. of subjects with events (%)	No. of subjects censored (%)	Median (95 % CI) [a]	Hazard Ratio (95 % CI) [b]	Unstratified log-rank p-value [c]		
AML Cytogenetic Risk Score												0.5342
Favorable	12	4 (33.3)	8 (66.7)	10.8 (0.7, NE)	16	9 (56.3)	7 (43.8)	4.4 (1.5, NE)	0.784 (0.241, 2.553)	0.6686		
Intermediate	186	56 (30.1)	130 (69.9)	30.8 (5.6, NE)	180	58 (32.2)	122 (67.8)	14.9 (2.8, NE)	0.818 (0.566, 1.181)	0.2827		
Unfavorable	19	6 (31.6)	13 (68.4)	4.0 (1.8, NE)	26	5 (19.2)	21 (80.8)	NE (3.0, NE)	1.950 (0.593, 6.414)	0.2628		
Unknown	35	5 (14.3)	30 (85.7)	NE (5.4, NE)	30	7 (23.3)	23 (76.7)	NE (4.1, NE)	0.636 (0.200, 2.023)	0.4421		

N: number of subjects in analysis set; n: number of subjects in subgroup category with complete PRO baseline; %: proportion of number of subjects in n; CI: confidence interval; NE: not estimable. PRO: Patient Reported Outcome. A Minimal Clinically Important Difference of 10 is considered in this table. [a] Median time to first event is from Kaplan-Meier estimate. Confidence Interval for median was computed using the Brookmeyer-Crowley method. [b] Hazard ratio is from unstratified Cox proportional hazards model with treatment as the only categorical variable in the model. Confidence limits are based on the Wald test. [c] Two-sided p-value from unstratified log-rank test. [d] Two-sided interaction p-value is for the interaction term from unstratified Cox proportional hazards model with treatment, subgroup, and treatment-by-subgroup interaction as categorical variables in the model. The p-value is based on the Wald test.
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Daiichi Sankyo | Data Intelligence – Evidence Generation | AC220-A-U302 QUANTUM-First (DCO 13 Aug 2021) | Statistical analyses for AMNOG (HTA Germany)
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Common Symptoms - Constipation

Subgroup	n	Quizartinib (N=254)			n	Placebo (N=255)			Quizartinib vs Placebo		Interaction P-value [d]
		No. of subjects with events (%)	No. of subjects censored (%)	Median (95 % CI) [a]		No. of subjects with events (%)	No. of subjects censored (%)	Median (95 % CI) [a]	Hazard Ratio (95 % CI) [b]	Unstratified log-rank p-value [c]	
ECOG Performance Status at Baseline											0.7890
0 - Fully Active	82	26 (31.7)	56 (68.3)	NE (4.0, NE)	92	29 (31.5)	63 (68.5)	NE (3.0, NE)	0.985 (0.580, 1.673)	0.9537	
1 - Restricted in Physically Strenuous Activity	126	33 (26.2)	93 (73.8)	NE (12.1, NE)	126	39 (31.0)	87 (69.0)	19.3 (3.1, NE)	0.767 (0.482, 1.222)	0.2648	
2 - Ambulatory and Capable of All Selfcare	44	12 (27.3)	32 (72.7)	10.4 (2.6, NE)	34	11 (32.4)	23 (67.6)	12.4 (2.0, NE)	0.816 (0.358, 1.859)	0.6293	

N: number of subjects in analysis set; n: number of subjects in subgroup category with complete PRO baseline; %: proportion of number of subjects in n; CI: confidence interval; NE: not estimable. PRO: Patient Reported Outcome. A Minimal Clinically Important Difference of 10 is considered in this table.
 [a] Median time to first event is from Kaplan-Meier estimate. Confidence Interval for median was computed using the Brookmeyer-Crowley method.
 [b] Hazard ratio is from unstratified Cox proportional hazards model with treatment as the only categorical variable in the model. Confidence limits are based on the Wald test.
 [c] Two-sided p-value from unstratified log-rank test.
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Common Symptoms - Constipation

Subgroup	n	Quizartinib (N=254)			n	Placebo (N=255)			Quizartinib vs Placebo		Interaction	
		No. of subjects with events (%)	No. of subjects censored (%)	Median (95 % CI) [a]		No. of subjects with events (%)	No. of subjects censored (%)	Median (95 % CI) [a]	Hazard Ratio (95 % CI) [b]	Unstratified log-rank p-value [c]	P-value [d]	
FLT3-ITD category at Baseline											0.5638	
≥3 to ≤25%	88	20 (22.7)	68 (77.3)	NE (5.8, NE)	92	31 (33.7)	61 (66.3)	NE (2.8, NE)	0.696 (0.396, 1.221)	0.2034		
>25% to ≤50%	135	40 (29.6)	95 (70.4)	30.8 (4.8, NE)	128	40 (31.3)	88 (68.8)	12.4 (3.6, NE)	0.836 (0.538, 1.299)	0.4244		
>50%	28	10 (35.7)	18 (64.3)	NE (1.9, NE)	33	8 (24.2)	25 (75.8)	NE (2.9, NE)	1.305 (0.514, 3.312)	0.5725		

N: number of subjects in analysis set; n: number of subjects in subgroup category with complete PRO baseline; %: proportion of number of subjects in n; CI: confidence interval; NE: not estimable. PRO: Patient Reported Outcome. A Minimal Clinically Important Difference of 10 is considered in this table.
 [a] Median time to first event is from Kaplan-Meier estimate. Confidence Interval for median was computed using the Brookmeyer-Crowley method.
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Common Symptoms - Constipation

Subgroup	n	Quizartinib (N=254)				Placebo (N=255)				Quizartinib vs Placebo		Interaction P-value [d]
		No. of subjects with events (%)	No. of subjects censored (%)	Median (95 % CI) [a]	n	No. of subjects with events (%)	No. of subjects censored (%)	Median (95 % CI) [a]	Hazard Ratio (95 % CI) [b]	Unstratified log-rank p-value [c]		
AML with Mutated NPM1											0.8472	
Yes	130	41 (31.5)	89 (68.5)	30.8 (5.8, NE)	131	46 (35.1)	85 (64.9)	14.9 (3.6, NE)	0.859 (0.564, 1.310)	0.4830		
No	112	28 (25.0)	84 (75.0)	NE (5.5, NE)	111	30 (27.0)	81 (73.0)	15.0 (2.5, NE)	0.819 (0.489, 1.371)	0.4479		

N: number of subjects in analysis set; n: number of subjects in subgroup category with complete PRO baseline; %: proportion of number of subjects in n; CI: confidence interval; NE: not estimable. PRO: Patient Reported Outcome. A Minimal Clinically Important Difference of 10 is considered in this table. [a] Median time to first event is from Kaplan-Meier estimate. Confidence Interval for median was computed using the Brookmeyer-Crowley method. [b] Hazard ratio is from unstratified Cox proportional hazards model with treatment as the only categorical variable in the model. Confidence limits are based on the Wald test. [c] Two-sided p-value from unstratified log-rank test. [d] Two-sided interaction p-value is for the interaction term from unstratified Cox proportional hazards model with treatment, subgroup, and treatment-by-subgroup interaction as categorical variables in the model. The p-value is based on the Wald test. Data source: \\AC220-A-U302\Production\Raw Data_Restricted\rstret_eg\rstret_20211102_eg\rstret_valos\20230516_AMNOG\ADAM\ Run date: 15NOV2023 – 13:07; Program name: .sas; Output name: DE_T_2_20_2_QLQC30_FD_SUB_PRO_ITT.rf

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Daiichi Sankyo | Data Intelligence – Evidence Generation | AC220-A-U302 QUANTUM-First (DCO 13 Aug 2021) | Statistical analyses for AMNOG (HTA Germany)
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Common Symptoms - Constipation

Subgroup	n	Quizartinib (N=254)			Placebo (N=255)			Quizartinib vs Placebo		Interaction P-value [d]
		No. of subjects with events (%)	No. of subjects censored (%)	Median (95 % CI) [a]	n	No. of subjects with events (%)	No. of subjects censored (%)	Median (95 % CI) [a]	Hazard Ratio (95 % CI) [b]	
Age by 2 categories										0.2426
≤60	157	42 (26.8)	115 (73.2)	NE (13.6, NE)	154	49 (31.8)	105 (68.2)	15.0 (5.7, NE)	0.746 (0.494, 1.128)	0.1633
>60	95	29 (30.5)	66 (69.5)	10.4 (3.1, NE)	99	30 (30.3)	69 (69.7)	NE (3.1, NE)	1.069 (0.641, 1.782)	0.8019

N: number of subjects in analysis set; n: number of subjects in subgroup category with complete PRO baseline; %: proportion of number of subjects in n; CI: confidence interval; NE: not estimable. PRO: Patient Reported Outcome. A Minimal Clinically Important Difference of 10 is considered in this table.
 [a] Median time to first event is from Kaplan-Meier estimate. Confidence Interval for median was computed using the Brookmeyer-Crowley method.
 [b] Hazard ratio is from unstratified Cox proportional hazards model with treatment as the only categorical variable in the model. Confidence limits are based on the Wald test.
 [c] Two-sided p-value from unstratified log-rank test.
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Daiichi Sankyo | Data Intelligence – Evidence Generation | AC220-A-U302 QUANTUM-First (DCO 13 Aug 2021) | Statistical analyses for AMNOG (HTA Germany)
 Table 2.20.2 EORTC QLQ-C30 - First deterioration - Time-to-event analysis - subgroup analysis - DCO 13-Aug-2021 - PRO Intent to Treat Analysis Set

Common Symptoms - Diarrhea

Subgroup	n	Quizartinib (N=254)				Placebo (N=255)				Quizartinib vs Placebo		Interaction P-value [d]
		No. of subjects with events (%)	No. of subjects censored (%)	Median CI [a]	(95 % n	No. of subjects with events (%)	No. of subjects censored (%)	Median (95 % CI [a]	Hazard Ratio (95 % CI [b]	Unstratified log-rank p-value [c]		
Pooled Age Group 2												0.8683
<60	152	36 (23.7)	116 (76.3)	NE (36.7, NE)	151	32 (21.2)	119 (78.8)	NE (22.6, NE)	1.028 (0.638, 1.657)	0.9178		
≥60 - <65	36	6 (16.7)	30 (83.3)	26.6 (14.9, NE)	43	5 (11.6)	38 (88.4)	NE (5.5, NE)	1.324 (0.401, 4.374)	0.6439		
≥65	64	15 (23.4)	49 (76.6)	21.3 (4.9, NE)	59	17 (28.8)	42 (71.2)	NE (2.9, NE)	0.916 (0.457, 1.837)	0.8086		

N: number of subjects in analysis set; n: number of subjects in subgroup category with complete PRO baseline; %: proportion of number of subjects in n; CI: confidence interval; NE: not estimable. PRO: Patient Reported Outcome. A Minimal Clinically Important Difference of 10 is considered in this table.
 [a] Median time to first event is from Kaplan-Meier estimate. Confidence Interval for median was computed using the Brookmeyer-Crowley method.
 [b] Hazard ratio is from unstratified Cox proportional hazards model with treatment as the only categorical variable in the model. Confidence limits are based on the Wald test.
 [c] Two-sided p-value from unstratified log-rank test.
 [d] Two-sided interaction p-value is for the interaction term from unstratified Cox proportional hazards model with treatment, subgroup, and treatment-by-subgroup interaction as categorical variables in the model. The p-value is based on the Wald test.
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Common Symptoms - Diarrhea

Subgroup	n	Quizartinib (N=254)				Placebo (N=255)				Quizartinib vs Placebo		Interaction P-value [d]
		No. of subjects with events (%)	No. of subjects censored (%)	Median (95 % CI) [a]	n	No. of subjects with events (%)	No. of subjects censored (%)	Median (95 % CI) [a]	Hazard Ratio (95 % CI) [b]	Unstratified log-rank p-value [c]		
Sex												0.9608
Male	120	25 (20.8)	95 (79.2)	NE (22.3, NE)	109	21 (19.3)	88 (80.7)	NE (9.0, NE)	1.049 (0.586, 1.875)	0.8719		
Female	132	32 (24.2)	100 (75.8)	36.7 (14.9, NE)	144	33 (22.9)	111 (77.1)	NE (22.6, NE)	1.011 (0.621, 1.647)	0.9697		

N: number of subjects in analysis set; n: number of subjects in subgroup category with complete PRO baseline; %: proportion of number of subjects in n; CI: confidence interval; NE: not estimable. PRO: Patient Reported Outcome. A Minimal Clinically Important Difference of 10 is considered in this table.
 [a] Median time to first event is from Kaplan-Meier estimate. Confidence Interval for median was computed using the Brookmeyer-Crowley method.
 [b] Hazard ratio is from unstratified Cox proportional hazards model with treatment as the only categorical variable in the model. Confidence limits are based on the Wald test.
 [c] Two-sided p-value from unstratified log-rank test.
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 Run date: 15NOV2023 – 13:07; Program name: .sas; Output name: DE_T_2_20_2_QLQC30_FD_SUB_PRO_ITT.rf

Medizinischer Nutzen, medizinischer Zusatznutzen, Patientengruppen mit therap. bedeutsamem Zusatznutzen

Daiichi Sankyo | Data Intelligence – Evidence Generation | AC220-A-U302 QUANTUM-First (DCO 13 Aug 2021) | Statistical analyses for AMNOG (HTA Germany)
 Table 2.20.2 EORTC QLQ-C30 - First deterioration - Time-to-event analysis - subgroup analysis - DCO 13-Aug-2021 - PRO Intent to Treat Analysis Set

Common Symptoms - Diarrhea

Subgroup	n	Quizartinib (N=254)			Placebo (N=255)			Quizartinib vs Placebo		Interaction P-value [d]
		No. of subjects with events (%)	No. of subjects censored (%)	Median (95 % CI) [a]	n	No. of subjects with events (%)	No. of subjects censored (%)	Median (95 % CI) [a]	Hazard Ratio (95 % CI) [b]	
Race by 2 categories										0.4476
White	150	35 (23.3)	115 (76.7)	NE (21.3, NE)	151	34 (22.5)	117 (77.5)	NE (18.9, NE)	0.915 (0.569, 1.470)	0.7038
Non-white	102	22 (21.6)	80 (78.4)	NE (9.0, NE)	102	20 (19.6)	82 (80.4)	NE (32.5, NE)	1.235 (0.673, 2.264)	0.4887

N: number of subjects in analysis set; n: number of subjects in subgroup category with complete PRO baseline; %: proportion of number of subjects in n; CI: confidence interval; NE: not estimable. PRO: Patient Reported Outcome. A Minimal Clinically Important Difference of 10 is considered in this table.
 [a] Median time to first event is from Kaplan-Meier estimate. Confidence Interval for median was computed using the Brookmeyer-Crowley method.
 [b] Hazard ratio is from unstratified Cox proportional hazards model with treatment as the only categorical variable in the model. Confidence limits are based on the Wald test.
 [c] Two-sided p-value from unstratified log-rank test.
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Daiichi Sankyo | Data Intelligence – Evidence Generation | AC220-A-U302 QUANTUM-First (DCO 13 Aug 2021) | Statistical analyses for AMNOG (HTA Germany)
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Common Symptoms - Diarrhea

Subgroup	n	Quizartinib (N=254)				Placebo (N=255)				Quizartinib vs Placebo		Interaction P-value [d]
		No. of subjects with events (%)	No. of subjects censored (%)	Median CI [a]	(95 % n	No. of subjects with events (%)	No. of subjects censored (%)	Median CI [a]	(95 % Hazard Ratio CI [b]	Unstratified log-rank p-value [c]		
Geographic Region 1												0.6890
North America	16	3 (18.8)	13 (81.3)	NE (0.7, NE)	16	3 (18.8)	13 (81.3)	NE (2.2, NE)	2.369 (0.469, 11.957)	0.2824		
Europe	150	36 (24.0)	114 (76.0)	36.7 (15.6, NE)	150	35 (23.3)	115 (76.7)	NE (8.5, NE)	0.906 (0.568, 1.445)	0.6720		
Asia/Other Regions	86	18 (20.9)	68 (79.1)	NE (22.3, NE)	87	16 (18.4)	71 (81.6)	NE (32.5, NE)	1.162 (0.592, 2.282)	0.6596		

N: number of subjects in analysis set; n: number of subjects in subgroup category with complete PRO baseline; %: proportion of number of subjects in n; CI: confidence interval; NE: not estimable. PRO: Patient Reported Outcome. A Minimal Clinically Important Difference of 10 is considered in this table. [a] Median time to first event is from Kaplan-Meier estimate. Confidence Interval for median was computed using the Brookmeyer-Crowley method. [b] Hazard ratio is from unstratified Cox proportional hazards model with treatment as the only categorical variable in the model. Confidence limits are based on the Wald test. [c] Two-sided p-value from unstratified log-rank test. [d] Two-sided interaction p-value is for the interaction term from unstratified Cox proportional hazards model with treatment, subgroup, and treatment-by-subgroup interaction as categorical variables in the model. The p-value is based on the Wald test.
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Common Symptoms - Diarrhea

Subgroup	n	Quizartinib (N=254)				Placebo (N=255)				Quizartinib vs Placebo		Interaction
		No. of subjects with events (%)	No. of subjects censored (%)	Median (95 % CI) [a]	n	No. of subjects with events (%)	No. of subjects censored (%)	Median (95 % CI) [a]	n	Hazard Ratio (95 % CI) [b]	Unstratified log-rank p-value [c]	P-value [d]
WBC at initial diagnosis												0.4227
< 40x10 ⁹ /L	128	30 (23.4)	98 (76.6)	NE (14.3, NE)	125	27 (21.6)	98 (78.4)	NE (NE, NE)	1.198 (0.712, 2.015)	0.4938		
≥ 40x10 ⁹ /L	124	27 (21.8)	97 (78.2)	36.7 (22.3, NE)	128	27 (21.1)	101 (78.9)	32.5 (8.0, NE)	0.888 (0.520, 1.517)	0.6521		

N: number of subjects in analysis set; n: number of subjects in subgroup category with complete PRO baseline; %: proportion of number of subjects in n; CI: confidence interval; NE: not estimable. PRO: Patient Reported Outcome. A Minimal Clinically Important Difference of 10 is considered in this table.
 [a] Median time to first event is from Kaplan-Meier estimate. Confidence Interval for median was computed using the Brookmeyer-Crowley method.
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 [c] Two-sided p-value from unstratified log-rank test.
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Common Symptoms - Diarrhea

Subgroup	n	Quizartinib (N=254)				Placebo (N=255)				Quizartinib vs Placebo		Interaction	
		No. of subjects with events (%)	No. of subjects censored (%)	Median (95 % CI) [a]	n	No. of subjects with events (%)	No. of subjects censored (%)	Median (95 % CI) [a]	n	Hazard Ratio (95 % CI) [b]	Unstratified log-rank p-value [c]	P-value [d]	
Choice of Anthracycline												0.4378	
Daunorubicin	116	28 (24.1)	88 (75.9)	36.7 (14.3, NE)	90	16 (17.8)	74 (82.2)	NE (18.9, NE)	1.195 (0.645, 2.215)	0.5709			
Idarubicin	136	29 (21.3)	107 (78.7)	NE (26.6, NE)	161	38 (23.6)	123 (76.4)	NE (22.6, NE)	0.907 (0.560, 1.471)	0.6847			

N: number of subjects in analysis set; n: number of subjects in subgroup category with complete PRO baseline; %: proportion of number of subjects in n; CI: confidence interval; NE: not estimable. PRO: Patient Reported Outcome. A Minimal Clinically Important Difference of 10 is considered in this table.
 [a] Median time to first event is from Kaplan-Meier estimate. Confidence Interval for median was computed using the Brookmeyer-Crowley method.
 [b] Hazard ratio is from unstratified Cox proportional hazards model with treatment as the only categorical variable in the model. Confidence limits are based on the Wald test.
 [c] Two-sided p-value from unstratified log-rank test.
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Daiichi Sankyo | Data Intelligence – Evidence Generation | AC220-A-U302 QUANTUM-First (DCO 13 Aug 2021) | Statistical analyses for AMNOG (HTA Germany)
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Common Symptoms - Diarrhea

Subgroup	n	Quizartinib (N=254)			n	Placebo (N=255)			Quizartinib vs Placebo		Interaction P-value [d]
		No. of subjects with events (%)	No. of subjects censored (%)	Median (95 % CI) [a]		No. of subjects with events (%)	No. of subjects censored (%)	Median (95 % CI) [a]	Hazard Ratio (95 % CI) [b]	Unstratified log-rank p-value [c]	
AML Cytogenetic Risk Score											0.5734
Favorable	12	1 (8.3)	11 (91.7)	NE (11.7, NE)	16	4 (25.0)	12 (75.0)	NE (2.0, NE)	0.385 (0.043, 3.452)	0.3762	
Intermediate	186	42 (22.6)	144 (77.4)	NE (22.3, NE)	180	34 (18.9)	146 (81.1)	NE (22.6, NE)	1.076 (0.684, 1.693)	0.7529	
Unfavorable	19	4 (21.1)	15 (78.9)	36.7 (0.7, NE)	26	3 (11.5)	23 (88.5)	18.9 (18.9, NE)	1.647 (0.322, 8.418)	0.5450	
Unknown	35	10 (28.6)	25 (71.4)	21.3 (2.6, NE)	30	12 (40.0)	18 (60.0)	4.1 (2.9, NE)	0.754 (0.324, 1.754)	0.5025	

N: number of subjects in analysis set; n: number of subjects in subgroup category with complete PRO baseline; %: proportion of number of subjects in n; CI: confidence interval; NE: not estimable. PRO: Patient Reported Outcome. A Minimal Clinically Important Difference of 10 is considered in this table. [a] Median time to first event is from Kaplan-Meier estimate. Confidence Interval for median was computed using the Brookmeyer-Crowley method. [b] Hazard ratio is from unstratified Cox proportional hazards model with treatment as the only categorical variable in the model. Confidence limits are based on the Wald test. [c] Two-sided p-value from unstratified log-rank test. [d] Two-sided interaction p-value is for the interaction term from unstratified Cox proportional hazards model with treatment, subgroup, and treatment-by-subgroup interaction as categorical variables in the model. The p-value is based on the Wald test.
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Medizinischer Nutzen, medizinischer Zusatznutzen, Patientengruppen mit therap. bedeutsamem Zusatznutzen

Daiichi Sankyo | Data Intelligence – Evidence Generation | AC220-A-U302 QUANTUM-First (DCO 13 Aug 2021) | Statistical analyses for AMNOG (HTA Germany)
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Common Symptoms - Diarrhea

Subgroup	n	Quizartinib (N=254)				Placebo (N=255)				Quizartinib vs Placebo		Interaction P-value [d]
		No. of subjects with events (%)	No. of subjects censored (%)	Median (95 % CI) [a]	n	No. of subjects with events (%)	No. of subjects censored (%)	Median (95 % CI) [a]	Hazard Ratio (95 % CI) [b]	Unstratified log-rank p-value [c]		
ECOG Performance Status at Baseline											0.6687	
0 - Fully Active	82	20 (24.4)	62 (75.6)	36.7 (21.3, NE)	92	22 (23.9)	70 (76.1)	NE (8.0, NE)	0.932 (0.507, 1.711)	0.8150		
1 - Restricted in Physically Strenuous Activity	126	28 (22.2)	98 (77.8)	NE (15.6, NE)	126	28 (22.2)	98 (77.8)	NE (NE, NE)	0.984 (0.582, 1.663)	0.9521		
2 - Ambulatory and Capable of All Selfcare	44	9 (20.5)	35 (79.5)	NE (9.0, NE)	34	4 (11.8)	30 (88.2)	32.5 (3.6, NE)	1.562 (0.475, 5.143)	0.4661		

N: number of subjects in analysis set; n: number of subjects in subgroup category with complete PRO baseline; %: proportion of number of subjects in n; CI: confidence interval; NE: not estimable. PRO: Patient Reported Outcome. A Minimal Clinically Important Difference of 10 is considered in this table.
 [a] Median time to first event is from Kaplan-Meier estimate. Confidence Interval for median was computed using the Brookmeyer-Crowley method.
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 [c] Two-sided p-value from unstratified log-rank test.
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Common Symptoms - Diarrhea

Subgroup	n	Quizartinib (N=254)				Placebo (N=255)				Quizartinib vs Placebo		Interaction
		No. of subjects with events (%)	No. of subjects censored (%)	Median (95 % CI) [a]	n	No. of subjects with events (%)	No. of subjects censored (%)	Median (95 % CI) [a]	Hazard Ratio (95 % CI) [b]	Unstratified log-rank p-value [c]	P-value [d]	
FLT3-ITD category at Baseline											0.6096	
≥3 to ≤25%	88	22 (25.0)	66 (75.0)	26.6 (14.3, NE)	92	25 (27.2)	67 (72.8)	NE (8.0, NE)	1.009 (0.569, 1.791)	0.9758		
>25% to ≤50%	135	30 (22.2)	105 (77.8)	36.7 (21.3, NE)	128	22 (17.2)	106 (82.8)	NE (NE, NE)	1.222 (0.704, 2.120)	0.4729		
>50%	28	5 (17.9)	23 (82.1)	NE (NE, NE)	33	7 (21.2)	26 (78.8)	32.5 (3.0, NE)	0.779 (0.247, 2.458)	0.6367		

N: number of subjects in analysis set; n: number of subjects in subgroup category with complete PRO baseline; %: proportion of number of subjects in n; CI: confidence interval; NE: not estimable. PRO: Patient Reported Outcome. A Minimal Clinically Important Difference of 10 is considered in this table.
 [a] Median time to first event is from Kaplan-Meier estimate. Confidence Interval for median was computed using the Brookmeyer-Crowley method.
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 Table 2.20.2 EORTC QLQ-C30 - First deterioration - Time-to-event analysis - subgroup analysis - DCO 13-Aug-2021 - PRO Intent to Treat Analysis Set

Common Symptoms - Diarrhea

Subgroup	n	Quizartinib (N=254)				Placebo (N=255)			Quizartinib vs Placebo		Interaction P-value [d]
		No. of subjects with events (%)	No. of subjects censored (%)	Median (95 % CI) [a]	n	No. of subjects with events (%)	No. of subjects censored (%)	Median (95 % CI) [a]	Hazard Ratio (95 % CI) [b]	Unstratified log-rank p-value [c]	
AML with Mutated NPM1											0.6378
Yes	130	30 (23.1)	100 (76.9)	NE (22.3, NE)	131	31 (23.7)	100 (76.3)	NE (32.5, NE)	0.919 (0.555, 1.521)	0.7374	
No	112	25 (22.3)	87 (77.7)	36.7 (7.1, NE)	111	22 (19.8)	89 (80.2)	22.6 (7.6, NE)	1.093 (0.615, 1.943)	0.7629	

N: number of subjects in analysis set; n: number of subjects in subgroup category with complete PRO baseline; %: proportion of number of subjects in n; CI: confidence interval; NE: not estimable. PRO: Patient Reported Outcome. A Minimal Clinically Important Difference of 10 is considered in this table.
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 [b] Hazard ratio is from unstratified Cox proportional hazards model with treatment as the only categorical variable in the model. Confidence limits are based on the Wald test.
 [c] Two-sided p-value from unstratified log-rank test.
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Daiichi Sankyo | Data Intelligence – Evidence Generation | AC220-A-U302 QUANTUM-First (DCO 13 Aug 2021) | Statistical analyses for AMNOG (HTA Germany)
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Common Symptoms - Diarrhea

Subgroup	n	Quizartinib (N=254)				Placebo (N=255)				Quizartinib vs Placebo		Interaction P-value [d]
		No. of subjects with events (%)	No. of subjects censored (%)	Median (95 % CI) [a]	n	No. of subjects with events (%)	No. of subjects censored (%)	Median (95 % CI) [a]	Hazard Ratio (95 % CI) [b]	Unstratified log-rank p-value [c]		
Age by 2 categories												0.9810
≤60	157	37 (23.6)	120 (76.4)	NE (36.7, NE)	154	32 (20.8)	122 (79.2)	NE (22.6, NE)	1.041 (0.648, 1.673)	0.8755		
>60	95	20 (21.1)	75 (78.9)	21.3 (14.9, NE)	99	22 (22.2)	77 (77.8)	NE (8.5, NE)	1.020 (0.555, 1.874)	0.9458		

N: number of subjects in analysis set; n: number of subjects in subgroup category with complete PRO baseline; %: proportion of number of subjects in n; CI: confidence interval; NE: not estimable. PRO: Patient Reported Outcome. A Minimal Clinically Important Difference of 10 is considered in this table.
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Medizinischer Nutzen, medizinischer Zusatznutzen, Patientengruppen mit therap. bedeutsamem Zusatznutzen

Daiichi Sankyo | Data Intelligence – Evidence Generation | AC220-A-U302 QUANTUM-First (DCO 13 Aug 2021) | Statistical analyses for AMNOG (HTA Germany)
 Table 2.20.2 EORTC QLQ-C30 - First deterioration - Time-to-event analysis - subgroup analysis - DCO 13-Aug-2021 - PRO Intent to Treat Analysis Set

Common Symptoms - Financial Difficulties

Subgroup	n	Quizartinib (N=254)				Placebo (N=255)				Quizartinib vs Placebo		Interaction P-value [d]
		No. of subjects with events (%)	No. of subjects censored (%)	Median (95 % CI) [a]	n	No. of subjects with events (%)	No. of subjects censored (%)	Median (95 % CI) [a]	Hazard Ratio (95 % CI) [b]	Unstratified log-rank p-value [c]		
Pooled Age Group 2											0.6415	
<60	149	54 (36.2)	95 (63.8)	10.7 (5.1, NE)	151	53 (35.1)	98 (64.9)	9.9 (4.7, 27.1)	0.885 (0.605, 1.294)	0.5304		
≥60 - <65	36	12 (33.3)	24 (66.7)	26.6 (0.8, NE)	42	11 (26.2)	31 (73.8)	NE (2.0, NE)	1.303 (0.572, 2.967)	0.5381		
≥65	63	16 (25.4)	47 (74.6)	24.4 (3.1, NE)	59	14 (23.7)	45 (76.3)	NE (4.8, NE)	1.242 (0.606, 2.547)	0.5511		

N: number of subjects in analysis set; n: number of subjects in subgroup category with complete PRO baseline; %: proportion of number of subjects in n; CI: confidence interval; NE: not estimable. PRO: Patient Reported Outcome. A Minimal Clinically Important Difference of 10 is considered in this table.
 [a] Median time to first event is from Kaplan-Meier estimate. Confidence Interval for median was computed using the Brookmeyer-Crowley method.
 [b] Hazard ratio is from unstratified Cox proportional hazards model with treatment as the only categorical variable in the model. Confidence limits are based on the Wald test.
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Medizinischer Nutzen, medizinischer Zusatznutzen, Patientengruppen mit therap. bedeutsamem Zusatznutzen

Daiichi Sankyo | Data Intelligence – Evidence Generation | AC220-A-U302 QUANTUM-First (DCO 13 Aug 2021) | Statistical analyses for AMNOG (HTA Germany)
 Table 2.20.2 EORTC QLQ-C30 - First deterioration - Time-to-event analysis - subgroup analysis - DCO 13-Aug-2021 - PRO Intent to Treat Analysis Set

Common Symptoms - Financial Difficulties

Subgroup	n	Quizartinib (N=254)				Placebo (N=255)				Quizartinib vs Placebo		Interaction P-value [d]
		No. of subjects with events (%)	No. of subjects censored (%)	Median (95 % CI) [a]	n	No. of subjects with events (%)	No. of subjects censored (%)	Median (95 % CI) [a]	Hazard Ratio (95 % CI) [b]	Unstratified log-rank p-value [c]		
Sex												0.1338
Male	119	35 (29.4)	84 (70.6)	24.4 (6.6, NE)	109	36 (33.0)	73 (67.0)	6.7 (2.8, NE)	0.765 (0.479, 1.222)	0.2551		
Female	129	47 (36.4)	82 (63.6)	11.0 (4.3, NE)	143	42 (29.4)	101 (70.6)	27.1 (9.1, NE)	1.234 (0.814, 1.871)	0.3235		

N: number of subjects in analysis set; n: number of subjects in subgroup category with complete PRO baseline; %: proportion of number of subjects in n; CI: confidence interval; NE: not estimable. PRO: Patient Reported Outcome. A Minimal Clinically Important Difference of 10 is considered in this table.
 [a] Median time to first event is from Kaplan-Meier estimate. Confidence Interval for median was computed using the Brookmeyer-Crowley method.
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Common Symptoms - Financial Difficulties

Subgroup	n	Quizartinib (N=254)				Placebo (N=255)				Quizartinib vs Placebo		Interaction P-value [d]
		No. of subjects with events (%)	No. of subjects censored (%)	Median (95 % CI) [a]	n	No. of subjects with events (%)	No. of subjects censored (%)	Median (95 % CI) [a]	Hazard Ratio (95 % CI) [b]	Unstratified log-rank p-value [c]		
Race by 2 categories											0.5302	
White	147	54 (36.7)	93 (63.3)	7.1 (4.2, NE)	150	48 (32.0)	102 (68.0)	9.9 (5.6, NE)	1.069 (0.724, 1.577)	0.7417		
Non-white	101	28 (27.7)	73 (72.3)	26.6 (7.6, NE)	102	30 (29.4)	72 (70.6)	NE (3.2, NE)	0.909 (0.542, 1.523)	0.7093		

N: number of subjects in analysis set; n: number of subjects in subgroup category with complete PRO baseline; %: proportion of number of subjects in n; CI: confidence interval; NE: not estimable. PRO: Patient Reported Outcome. A Minimal Clinically Important Difference of 10 is considered in this table.
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Common Symptoms - Financial Difficulties

Subgroup	n	Quizartinib (N=254)				Placebo (N=255)				Quizartinib vs Placebo		Interaction P-value [d]
		No. of subjects with events (%)	No. of subjects censored (%)	Median (95 % CI) [a]	n	No. of subjects with events (%)	No. of subjects censored (%)	Median (95 % CI) [a]	Hazard Ratio (95 % CI) [b]	Unstratified log-rank p-value [c]		
Geographic Region 1											0.8687	
North America	16	4 (25.0)	12 (75.0)	NE (0.7, NE)	16	7 (43.8)	9 (56.3)	4.8 (1.2, NE)	0.969 (0.282, 3.330)	0.9560		
Europe	146	55 (37.7)	91 (62.3)	7.1 (4.2, NE)	149	48 (32.2)	101 (67.8)	13.3 (5.6, NE)	1.066 (0.724, 1.570)	0.7459		
Asia/Other Regions	86	23 (26.7)	63 (73.3)	NE (13.6, NE)	87	23 (26.4)	64 (73.6)	NE (4.7, NE)	0.960 (0.537, 1.715)	0.8782		

N: number of subjects in analysis set; n: number of subjects in subgroup category with complete PRO baseline; %: proportion of number of subjects in n; CI: confidence interval; NE: not estimable. PRO: Patient Reported Outcome. A Minimal Clinically Important Difference of 10 is considered in this table. [a] Median time to first event is from Kaplan-Meier estimate. Confidence Interval for median was computed using the Brookmeyer-Crowley method. [b] Hazard ratio is from unstratified Cox proportional hazards model with treatment as the only categorical variable in the model. Confidence limits are based on the Wald test. [c] Two-sided p-value from unstratified log-rank test. [d] Two-sided interaction p-value is for the interaction term from unstratified Cox proportional hazards model with treatment, subgroup, and treatment-by-subgroup interaction as categorical variables in the model. The p-value is based on the Wald test.
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Common Symptoms - Financial Difficulties

Subgroup	n	Quizartinib (N=254)				Placebo (N=255)				Quizartinib vs Placebo		Interaction P-value [d]
		No. of subjects with events (%)	No. of subjects censored (%)	Median (95 % CI) [a]	n	No. of subjects with events (%)	No. of subjects censored (%)	Median (95 % CI) [a]	Hazard Ratio (95 % CI) [b]	Unstratified log-rank p-value [c]		
WBC at initial diagnosis											0.5768	
< 40x10 ⁹ /L	127	42 (33.1)	85 (66.9)	26.6 (4.2, NE)	125	48 (38.4)	77 (61.6)	9.1 (3.5, 27.1)	0.948 (0.626, 1.435)	0.7788		
≥ 40x10 ⁹ /L	121	40 (33.1)	81 (66.9)	13.6 (6.6, NE)	127	30 (23.6)	97 (76.4)	NE (9.9, NE)	1.126 (0.701, 1.811)	0.6141		

N: number of subjects in analysis set; n: number of subjects in subgroup category with complete PRO baseline; %: proportion of number of subjects in n; CI: confidence interval; NE: not estimable. PRO: Patient Reported Outcome. A Minimal Clinically Important Difference of 10 is considered in this table.
 [a] Median time to first event is from Kaplan-Meier estimate. Confidence Interval for median was computed using the Brookmeyer-Crowley method.
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 [c] Two-sided p-value from unstratified log-rank test.
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Common Symptoms - Financial Difficulties

Subgroup	n	Quizartinib (N=254)				Placebo (N=255)			Quizartinib vs Placebo		Interaction P-value [d]
		No. of subjects with events (%)	No. of subjects censored (%)	Median (95 % CI) [a]	n	No. of subjects with events (%)	No. of subjects censored (%)	Median (95 % CI) [a]	Hazard Ratio (95 % CI) [b]	Unstratified log-rank p-value [c]	
Choice of Anthracycline											0.5630
Daunorubicin	115	46 (40.0)	69 (60.0)	5.1 (3.0, 13.6)	89	32 (36.0)	57 (64.0)	6.7 (2.0, 27.1)	1.033 (0.657, 1.626)	0.8969	
Idarubicin	133	36 (27.1)	97 (72.9)	NE (10.7, NE)	161	45 (28.0)	116 (72.0)	NE (9.1, NE)	0.867 (0.559, 1.345)	0.5192	

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Common Symptoms - Financial Difficulties

Subgroup	n	Quizartinib (N=254)				Placebo (N=255)				Quizartinib vs Placebo		Interaction P-value [d]
		No. of subjects with events (%)	No. of subjects censored (%)	Median (95 % CI) [a]	n	No. of subjects with events (%)	No. of subjects censored (%)	Median (95 % CI) [a]	Hazard Ratio (95 % CI) [b]	Unstratified log-rank p-value [c]		
AML Cytogenetic Risk Score											0.7385	
Favorable	12	5 (41.7)	7 (58.3)	5.1 (0.7, NE)	16	8 (50.0)	8 (50.0)	9.9 (0.9, NE)	1.219 (0.391, 3.802)	0.7244		
Intermediate	182	57 (31.3)	125 (68.7)	26.6 (7.4, NE)	179	50 (27.9)	129 (72.1)	NE (5.6, NE)	0.936 (0.639, 1.370)	0.7235		
Unfavorable	19	6 (31.6)	13 (68.4)	7.1 (1.1, NE)	26	8 (30.8)	18 (69.2)	27.1 (3.5, NE)	1.365 (0.470, 3.961)	0.5600		
Unknown	35	14 (40.0)	21 (60.0)	4.2 (1.1, NE)	30	11 (36.7)	19 (63.3)	9.1 (2.4, NE)	1.396 (0.632, 3.085)	0.4047		

N: number of subjects in analysis set; n: number of subjects in subgroup category with complete PRO baseline; %: proportion of number of subjects in n; CI: confidence interval; NE: not estimable. PRO: Patient Reported Outcome. A Minimal Clinically Important Difference of 10 is considered in this table. [a] Median time to first event is from Kaplan-Meier estimate. Confidence Interval for median was computed using the Brookmeyer-Crowley method. [b] Hazard ratio is from unstratified Cox proportional hazards model with treatment as the only categorical variable in the model. Confidence limits are based on the Wald test. [c] Two-sided p-value from unstratified log-rank test. [d] Two-sided interaction p-value is for the interaction term from unstratified Cox proportional hazards model with treatment, subgroup, and treatment-by-subgroup interaction as categorical variables in the model. The p-value is based on the Wald test.
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Common Symptoms - Financial Difficulties

Subgroup	n	Quizartinib (N=254)				Placebo (N=255)				Quizartinib vs Placebo		Interaction P-value [d]
		No. of subjects with events (%)	No. of subjects censored (%)	Median (95 % CI) [a]	n	No. of subjects with events (%)	No. of subjects censored (%)	Median (95 % CI) [a]	Hazard Ratio (95 % CI) [b]	Unstratified log-rank p-value [c]		
ECOG Performance Status at Baseline											0.3075	
0 - Fully Active	81	33 (40.7)	48 (59.3)	7.1 (3.1, NE)	91	33 (36.3)	58 (63.7)	13.3 (2.4, NE)	1.053 (0.649, 1.707)	0.8379		
1 - Restricted in Physically Strenuous Activity	12	42 (33.9)	82 (66.1)	11.0 (4.2, NE)	126	36 (28.6)	90 (71.4)	15.5 (4.8, NE)	1.141 (0.730, 1.782)	0.5644		
2 - Ambulatory and Capable of All Selfcare	4	7 (16.3)	36 (83.7)	NE (13.6, NE)	34	9 (26.5)	25 (73.5)	9.8 (2.0, NE)	0.499 (0.182, 1.366)	0.1664		

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		No. of subjects with events (%)	No. of subjects censored (%)	Median (95 % CI) [a]	n	No. of subjects with events (%)	No. of subjects censored (%)	Median (95 % CI) [a]	Hazard Ratio (95 % CI) [b]	Unstratified log-rank p-value [c]		
FLT3-ITD category at Baseline												0.4693
≥3 to ≤25%	87	28 (32.2)	59 (67.8)	24.4 (3.8, NE)	91	32 (35.2)	59 (64.8)	9.8 (3.5, NE)	0.976 (0.586, 1.623)	0.9075		
>25% to ≤50%	133	46 (34.6)	87 (65.4)	10.7 (4.6, NE)	128	36 (28.1)	92 (71.9)	NE (6.7, NE)	1.113 (0.719, 1.723)	0.6241		
>50%	27	7 (25.9)	20 (74.1)	NE (3.5, NE)	33	10 (30.3)	23 (69.7)	NE (1.6, NE)	0.608 (0.229, 1.609)	0.3209		

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Subgroup	n	Quizartinib (N=254)				Placebo (N=255)				Quizartinib vs Placebo		Interaction P-value [d]
		No. of subjects with events (%)	No. of subjects censored (%)	Median (95 % CI) [a]	n	No. of subjects with events (%)	No. of subjects censored (%)	Median (95 % CI) [a]	Hazard Ratio (95 % CI) [b]	Unstratified log-rank p-value [c]		
AML with Mutated NPM1											0.5648	
Yes	127	46 (36.2)	81 (63.8)	13.6 (6.6, NE)	131	46 (35.1)	85 (64.9)	13.3 (5.6, NE)	0.929 (0.616, 1.401)	0.7127		
No	111	33 (29.7)	78 (70.3)	17.1 (3.1, NE)	110	27 (24.5)	83 (75.5)	27.1 (4.8, NE)	1.137 (0.684, 1.892)	0.6143		

N: number of subjects in analysis set; n: number of subjects in subgroup category with complete PRO baseline; %: proportion of number of subjects in n; CI: confidence interval; NE: not estimable. PRO: Patient Reported Outcome. A Minimal Clinically Important Difference of 10 is considered in this table. [a] Median time to first event is from Kaplan-Meier estimate. Confidence Interval for median was computed using the Brookmeyer-Crowley method. [b] Hazard ratio is from unstratified Cox proportional hazards model with treatment as the only categorical variable in the model. Confidence limits are based on the Wald test. [c] Two-sided p-value from unstratified log-rank test. [d] Two-sided interaction p-value is for the interaction term from unstratified Cox proportional hazards model with treatment, subgroup, and treatment-by-subgroup interaction as categorical variables in the model. The p-value is based on the Wald test. Data source: \\AC220-A-U302\Production\Raw Data_Restricted\rstret_eg\rstret_20211102_eg\rstret_valos\20230516_AMNOG\ADAM\ Run date: 15NOV2023 – 13:07; Program name: .sas; Output name: DE_T_2_20_2_QLQC30_FD_SUB_PRO_ITT.rf

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		No. of subjects with events (%)	No. of subjects censored (%)	Median (95 % CI) [a]	n	No. of subjects with events (%)	No. of subjects censored (%)	Median (95 % CI) [a]	Hazard Ratio (95 % CI) [b]	Unstratified log-rank p-value [c]		
Age by 2 categories											0.3708	
≤60	154	55 (35.7)	99 (64.3)	10.7 (5.1, NE)	154	53 (34.4)	101 (65.6)	9.9 (4.7, 27.1)	0.890 (0.609, 1.299)	0.5452		
>60	94	27 (28.7)	67 (71.3)	24.4 (4.2, NE)	98	25 (25.5)	73 (74.5)	NE (4.8, NE)	1.253 (0.726, 2.162)	0.4225		

N: number of subjects in analysis set; n: number of subjects in subgroup category with complete PRO baseline; %: proportion of number of subjects in n; CI: confidence interval; NE: not estimable. PRO: Patient Reported Outcome. A Minimal Clinically Important Difference of 10 is considered in this table.
 [a] Median time to first event is from Kaplan-Meier estimate. Confidence Interval for median was computed using the Brookmeyer-Crowley method.
 [b] Hazard ratio is from unstratified Cox proportional hazards model with treatment as the only categorical variable in the model. Confidence limits are based on the Wald test.
 [c] Two-sided p-value from unstratified log-rank test.
 [d] Two-sided interaction p-value is for the interaction term from unstratified Cox proportional hazards model with treatment, subgroup, and treatment-by-subgroup interaction as categorical variables in the model. The p-value is based on the Wald test.
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 Run date: 15NOV2023 – 13:07; Program name: .sas; Output name: DE_T_2_20_2_QLQC30_FD_SUB_PRO_ITT.rf

Anhang 4-H6c: Zeit bis zur erstmaligen Verbesserung

Daiichi Sankyo | Data Intelligence – Evidence Generation | AC220-A-U302 QUANTUM-First (DCO 13 Aug 2021) | Statistical analyses for AMNOG (HTA Germany)
 Table 2.20.4 EORTC QLQ-C30 - First Improvement - Time-to-event analysis - subgroup analysis - DCO 13-Aug-2021 - PRO Intent to Treat Analysis Set

Global Health Status

Subgroup	n	Quizartinib (N=254)			n	Placebo (N=255)			Quizartinib vs Placebo		Interaction
		No. of subjects with events (%)	No. of subjects censored (%)	Median (95 % CI) [a]		No. of subjects with events (%)	No. of subjects censored (%)	Median (95 % CI) [a]	Hazard Ratio (95 % CI) [b]	Unstratified log-rank p-value [c]	P-value [d]
Pooled Age Group 2											0.2556
<60	152	100 (65.8)	52 (34.2)	1.3 (0.8, 1.7)	151	91 (60.3)	60 (39.7)	1.1 (0.7, 1.7)	1.017 (0.765, 1.352)	0.9012	
≥60 - <65	36	25 (69.4)	11 (30.6)	0.8 (0.7, 1.7)	43	21 (48.8)	22 (51.2)	1.9 (1.4, 9.6)	1.740 (0.970, 3.122)	0.0677	
≥65	64	35 (54.7)	29 (45.3)	1.8 (1.2, 2.6)	59	36 (61.0)	23 (39.0)	1.5 (0.8, 3.0)	1.089 (0.682, 1.738)	0.7111	

N: number of subjects in analysis set; n: number of subjects in subgroup category with complete PRO baseline; %: proportion of number of subjects in n; CI: confidence interval; NE: not estimable. PRO: Patient Reported Outcome. A Minimal Clinically Important Difference of 10 is considered in this table. [a] Median time to first event is from Kaplan-Meier estimate. Confidence Interval for median was computed using the Brookmeyer-Crowley method. [b] Hazard ratio is from unstratified Cox proportional hazards model with treatment as the only categorical variable in the model. Confidence limits are based on the Wald test. [c] Two-sided p-value from unstratified log-rank test. [d] Two-sided interaction p-value is for the interaction term from unstratified Cox proportional hazards model with treatment, subgroup, and treatment-by-subgroup interaction as categorical variables in the model. The p-value is based on the Wald test.
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 Run date: 15NOV2023 – 13:11; Program name: .sas; Output name: DE_T_2_20_4_QLQC30_FI_SUB_PRO_ITT.rtf

Medizinischer Nutzen, medizinischer Zusatznutzen, Patientengruppen mit therap. bedeutsamem Zusatznutzen

Daiichi Sankyo | Data Intelligence – Evidence Generation | AC220-A-U302 QUANTUM-First (DCO 13 Aug 2021) | Statistical analyses for AMNOG (HTA Germany)
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Global Health Status

Subgroup	n	Quizartinib (N=254)			n	Placebo (N=255)			Quizartinib vs Placebo		Interaction P-value [d]
		No. of subjects with events (%)	No. of subjects censored (%)	Median (95 % CI) [a]		No. of subjects with events (%)	No. of subjects censored (%)	Median (95 % CI) [a]	Hazard Ratio (95 % CI) [b]	Unstratified log-rank p-value [c]	
Sex											0.3898
Male	120	74 (61.7)	46 (38.3)	1.3 (0.8, 1.7)	109	67 (61.5)	42 (38.5)	1.4 (0.7, 1.8)	0.999 (0.717, 1.393)	0.9849	
Female	132	86 (65.2)	46 (34.8)	1.5 (0.8, 1.8)	144	81 (56.3)	63 (43.8)	1.5 (0.8, 2.0)	1.209 (0.893, 1.639)	0.2121	

N: number of subjects in analysis set; n: number of subjects in subgroup category with complete PRO baseline; %: proportion of number of subjects in n; CI: confidence interval; NE: not estimable. PRO: Patient Reported Outcome. A Minimal Clinically Important Difference of 10 is considered in this table. [a] Median time to first event is from Kaplan-Meier estimate. Confidence Interval for median was computed using the Brookmeyer-Crowley method. [b] Hazard ratio is from unstratified Cox proportional hazards model with treatment as the only categorical variable in the model. Confidence limits are based on the Wald test. [c] Two-sided p-value from unstratified log-rank test. [d] Two-sided interaction p-value is for the interaction term from unstratified Cox proportional hazards model with treatment, subgroup, and treatment-by-subgroup interaction as categorical variables in the model. The p-value is based on the Wald test.
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Medizinischer Nutzen, medizinischer Zusatznutzen, Patientengruppen mit therap. bedeutsamem Zusatznutzen

Daiichi Sankyo | Data Intelligence – Evidence Generation | AC220-A-U302 QUANTUM-First (DCO 13 Aug 2021) | Statistical analyses for AMNOG (HTA Germany)
 Table 2.20.4 EORTC QLQ-C30 - First Improvement - Time-to-event analysis - subgroup analysis - DCO 13-Aug-2021 - PRO Intent to Treat Analysis Set

Global Health Status

Subgroup	n	Quizartinib (N=254)			Placebo (N=255)			Quizartinib vs Placebo		Interaction P-value [d]
		No. of subjects with events (%)	No. of subjects censored (%)	Median (95 % CI) [a]	n	No. of subjects with events (%)	No. of subjects censored (%)	Median (95 % CI) [a]	Hazard Ratio (95 % CI) [b]	
Race by 2 categories										0.2437
White	150	99 (66.0)	51 (34.0)	1.4 (0.8, 1.8)	151	83 (55.0)	68 (45.0)	1.5 (0.9, 2.3)	1.252 (0.935, 1.676)	0.1294
Non-white	102	61 (59.8)	41 (40.2)	1.3 (0.8, 1.8)	102	65 (63.7)	37 (36.3)	1.4 (0.7, 1.7)	0.949 (0.668, 1.346)	0.7748

N: number of subjects in analysis set; n: number of subjects in subgroup category with complete PRO baseline; %: proportion of number of subjects in n; CI: confidence interval; NE: not estimable. PRO: Patient Reported Outcome. A Minimal Clinically Important Difference of 10 is considered in this table.
 [a] Median time to first event is from Kaplan-Meier estimate. Confidence Interval for median was computed using the Brookmeyer-Crowley method.
 [b] Hazard ratio is from unstratified Cox proportional hazards model with treatment as the only categorical variable in the model. Confidence limits are based on the Wald test.
 [c] Two-sided p-value from unstratified log-rank test.
 [d] Two-sided interaction p-value is for the interaction term from unstratified Cox proportional hazards model with treatment, subgroup, and treatment-by-subgroup interaction as categorical variables in the model. The p-value is based on the Wald test.
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Medizinischer Nutzen, medizinischer Zusatznutzen, Patientengruppen mit therap. bedeutsamem Zusatznutzen

Daichi Sankyo | Data Intelligence – Evidence Generation | AC220-A-U302 QUANTUM-First (DCO 13 Aug 2021) | Statistical analyses for AMNOG (HTA Germany)
 Table 2.20.4 EORTC QLQ-C30 - First Improvement - Time-to-event analysis - subgroup analysis - DCO 13-Aug-2021 - PRO Intent to Treat Analysis Set

Global Health Status

Subgroup	n	Quizartinib (N=254)			n	Placebo (N=255)			Quizartinib vs Placebo		Interaction P-value [d]
		No. of subjects with events (%)	No. of subjects censored (%)	Median (95 % CI) [a]		No. of subjects with events (%)	No. of subjects censored (%)	Median (95 % CI) [a]	Hazard Ratio (95 % CI) [b]	Unstratified log-rank p-value [c]	
Geographic Region 1											0.6457
North America	16	10 (62.5)	6 (37.5)	1.3 (0.7, 2.6)	16	10 (62.5)	6 (37.5)	1.6 (0.7, 2.1)	1.501 (0.615, 3.664)	0.3915	
Europe	150	98 (65.3)	52 (34.7)	1.4 (0.8, 1.8)	150	84 (56.0)	66 (44.0)	1.5 (0.9, 2.8)	1.187 (0.887, 1.590)	0.2356	
Asia/Other Regions	86	52 (60.5)	34 (39.5)	1.4 (0.7, 2.0)	87	54 (62.1)	33 (37.9)	1.2 (0.7, 1.6)	0.964 (0.659, 1.412)	0.8542	

N: number of subjects in analysis set; n: number of subjects in subgroup category with complete PRO baseline; %: proportion of number of subjects in n; CI: confidence interval; NE: not estimable. PRO: Patient Reported Outcome. A Minimal Clinically Important Difference of 10 is considered in this table. [a] Median time to first event is from Kaplan-Meier estimate. Confidence Interval for median was computed using the Brookmeyer-Crowley method. [b] Hazard ratio is from unstratified Cox proportional hazards model with treatment as the only categorical variable in the model. Confidence limits are based on the Wald test. [c] Two-sided p-value from unstratified log-rank test. [d] Two-sided interaction p-value is for the interaction term from unstratified Cox proportional hazards model with treatment, subgroup, and treatment-by-subgroup interaction as categorical variables in the model. The p-value is based on the Wald test.
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Daiichi Sankyo | Data Intelligence – Evidence Generation | AC220-A-U302 QUANTUM-First (DCO 13 Aug 2021) | Statistical analyses for AMNOG (HTA Germany)
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Global Health Status

Subgroup	n	Quizartinib (N=254)			n	Placebo (N=255)			Quizartinib vs Placebo		Interaction P-value [d]
		No. of subjects with events (%)	No. of subjects censored (%)	Median (95 % CI) [a]		No. of subjects with events (%)	No. of subjects censored (%)	Median (95 % CI) [a]	Hazard Ratio (95 % CI) [b]	Unstratified log-rank p-value [c]	
WBC at initial diagnosis											0.8955
< 40x10 ⁹ /L	128	77 (60.2)	51 (39.8)	1.4 (0.8, 2.1)	125	78 (62.4)	47 (37.6)	1.5 (0.9, 2.2)	1.099 (0.802, 1.506)	0.5516	
≥ 40x10 ⁹ /L	124	83 (66.9)	41 (33.1)	1.3 (0.8, 1.7)	128	70 (54.7)	58 (45.3)	1.2 (0.7, 1.8)	1.124 (0.817, 1.545)	0.4726	

N: number of subjects in analysis set; n: number of subjects in subgroup category with complete PRO baseline; %: proportion of number of subjects in n; CI: confidence interval; NE: not estimable. PRO: Patient Reported Outcome. A Minimal Clinically Important Difference of 10 is considered in this table. [a] Median time to first event is from Kaplan-Meier estimate. Confidence Interval for median was computed using the Brookmeyer-Crowley method. [b] Hazard ratio is from unstratified Cox proportional hazards model with treatment as the only categorical variable in the model. Confidence limits are based on the Wald test. [c] Two-sided p-value from unstratified log-rank test. [d] Two-sided interaction p-value is for the interaction term from unstratified Cox proportional hazards model with treatment, subgroup, and treatment-by-subgroup interaction as categorical variables in the model. The p-value is based on the Wald test. Data source: \\AC220-A-U302\Production\Raw Data_Restricted\rstret_eg\rstret_20211102_eg\rstret_valos\20230516_AMNOG\ADAM\ Run date: 15NOV2023 – 13:11; Program name: .sas; Output name: DE_T_2_20_4_QLQC30_FI_SUB_PRO_ITT.rtf

Medizinischer Nutzen, medizinischer Zusatznutzen, Patientengruppen mit therap. bedeutsamem Zusatznutzen

Daiichi Sankyo | Data Intelligence – Evidence Generation | AC220-A-U302 QUANTUM-First (DCO 13 Aug 2021) | Statistical analyses for AMNOG (HTA Germany)
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Global Health Status

Subgroup	n	Quizartinib (N=254)			n	Placebo (N=255)			Quizartinib vs Placebo		Interaction P-value [d]
		No. of subjects with events (%)	No. of subjects censored (%)	Median (95 % CI) [a]		No. of subjects with events (%)	No. of subjects censored (%)	Median (95 % CI) [a]	Hazard Ratio (95 % CI) [b]	Unstratified log-rank p-value [c]	
Choice of Anthracycline											0.1059
Daunorubicin	116	76 (65.5)	40 (34.5)	0.8 (0.7, 1.3)	90	50 (55.6)	40 (44.4)	1.5 (0.8, 1.8)	1.385 (0.969, 1.980)	0.0830	
Idarubicin	136	84 (61.8)	52 (38.2)	1.7 (1.3, 2.5)	161	96 (59.6)	65 (40.4)	1.3 (0.8, 2.1)	0.959 (0.715, 1.286)	0.8265	

N: number of subjects in analysis set; n: number of subjects in subgroup category with complete PRO baseline; %: proportion of number of subjects in n; CI: confidence interval; NE: not estimable. PRO: Patient Reported Outcome. A Minimal Clinically Important Difference of 10 is considered in this table.
 [a] Median time to first event is from Kaplan-Meier estimate. Confidence Interval for median was computed using the Brookmeyer-Crowley method.
 [b] Hazard ratio is from unstratified Cox proportional hazards model with treatment as the only categorical variable in the model. Confidence limits are based on the Wald test.
 [c] Two-sided p-value from unstratified log-rank test.
 [d] Two-sided interaction p-value is for the interaction term from unstratified Cox proportional hazards model with treatment, subgroup, and treatment-by-subgroup interaction as categorical variables in the model. The p-value is based on the Wald test.
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Daiichi Sankyo | Data Intelligence – Evidence Generation | AC220-A-U302 QUANTUM-First (DCO 13 Aug 2021) | Statistical analyses for AMNOG (HTA Germany)
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Global Health Status

Subgroup	n	Quizartinib (N=254)			n	Placebo (N=255)			Quizartinib vs Placebo		Interaction P-value [d]
		No. of subjects with events (%)	No. of subjects censored (%)	Median (95 % CI) [a]		No. of subjects with events (%)	No. of subjects censored (%)	Median (95 % CI) [a]	Hazard Ratio (95 % CI) [b]	Unstratified log-rank p-value [c]	
AML Cytogenetic Risk Score											0.6800
Favorable	12	6 (50.0)	6 (50.0)	0.7 (0.7, NE)	16	11 (68.8)	5 (31.3)	1.6 (0.7, NE)	1.172 (0.429, 3.201)	0.9033	
Intermediate	186	126 (67.7)	60 (32.3)	1.1 (0.8, 1.5)	180	103 (57.2)	77 (42.8)	1.2 (0.8, 1.6)	1.201 (0.925, 1.559)	0.1653	
Unfavorable	19	10 (52.6)	9 (47.4)	1.8 (0.7, 2.9)	26	14 (53.8)	12 (46.2)	1.8 (0.7, 2.6)	1.118 (0.481, 2.600)	0.7696	
Unknown	35	18 (51.4)	17 (48.6)	3.1 (1.5, 6.5)	30	19 (63.3)	11 (36.7)	3.2 (0.8, 5.7)	0.730 (0.377, 1.414)	0.3462	

N: number of subjects in analysis set; n: number of subjects in subgroup category with complete PRO baseline; %: proportion of number of subjects in n; CI: confidence interval; NE: not estimable. PRO: Patient Reported Outcome. A Minimal Clinically Important Difference of 10 is considered in this table. [a] Median time to first event is from Kaplan-Meier estimate. Confidence Interval for median was computed using the Brookmeyer-Crowley method. [b] Hazard ratio is from unstratified Cox proportional hazards model with treatment as the only categorical variable in the model. Confidence limits are based on the Wald test. [c] Two-sided p-value from unstratified log-rank test. [d] Two-sided interaction p-value is for the interaction term from unstratified Cox proportional hazards model with treatment, subgroup, and treatment-by-subgroup interaction as categorical variables in the model. The p-value is based on the Wald test.
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Medizinischer Nutzen, medizinischer Zusatznutzen, Patientengruppen mit therap. bedeutsamem Zusatznutzen

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Global Health Status

Subgroup	n	Quizartinib (N=254)			n	Placebo (N=255)			Quizartinib vs Placebo		Interaction P-value [d]
		No. of subjects with events (%)	No. of subjects censored (%)	Median (95 % CI) [a]		No. of subjects with events (%)	No. of subjects censored (%)	Median (95 % CI) [a]	Hazard Ratio (95 % CI) [b]	Unstratified log-rank p-value [c]	
ECOG Performance Status at Baseline											0.6898
0 - Fully Active	82	53 (64.6)	29 (35.4)	1.8 (0.8, 2.9)	92	56 (60.9)	36 (39.1)	1.6 (0.8, 2.5)	1.010 (0.693, 1.472)	0.9450	
1 - Restricted in Physically Strenuous Activity	126	83 (65.9)	43 (34.1)	1.3 (0.8, 1.6)	126	75 (59.5)	51 (40.5)	1.4 (0.8, 1.8)	1.230 (0.899, 1.682)	0.1928	
2 - Ambulatory and Capable of All Selfcare	44	24 (54.5)	20 (45.5)	1.0 (0.7, 1.7)	34	17 (50.0)	17 (50.0)	1.5 (0.7, 3.2)	0.983 (0.520, 1.857)	0.9259	

N: number of subjects in analysis set; n: number of subjects in subgroup category with complete PRO baseline; %: proportion of number of subjects in n; CI: confidence interval; NE: not estimable. PRO: Patient Reported Outcome. A Minimal Clinically Important Difference of 10 is considered in this table.
 [a] Median time to first event is from Kaplan-Meier estimate. Confidence Interval for median was computed using the Brookmeyer-Crowley method.
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 [c] Two-sided p-value from unstratified log-rank test.
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 Table 2.20.4 EORTC QLQ-C30 - First Improvement - Time-to-event analysis - subgroup analysis - DCO 13-Aug-2021 - PRO Intent to Treat Analysis Set

Global Health Status

Subgroup	n	Quizartinib (N=254)			n	Placebo (N=255)			Quizartinib vs Placebo		Interaction P-value [d]
		No. of subjects with events (%)	No. of subjects censored (%)	Median (95 % CI) [a]		No. of subjects with events (%)	No. of subjects censored (%)	Median (95 % CI) [a]	Hazard Ratio (95 % CI) [b]	Unstratified log-rank p-value [c]	
FLT3-ITD category at Baseline											0.1072
≥3 to ≤25%	88	47 (53.4)	41 (46.6)	1.5 (1.2, 2.6)	92	58 (63.0)	34 (37.0)	1.4 (0.8, 2.1)	0.806 (0.548, 1.185)	0.2756	
>25% to ≤50%	135	91 (67.4)	44 (32.6)	1.2 (0.7, 1.7)	128	73 (57.0)	55 (43.0)	1.5 (0.8, 2.2)	1.273 (0.936, 1.733)	0.1274	
>50%	28	21 (75.0)	7 (25.0)	0.8 (0.7, 2.3)	33	17 (51.5)	16 (48.5)	1.5 (0.7, NE)	1.511 (0.795, 2.872)	0.1749	

N: number of subjects in analysis set; n: number of subjects in subgroup category with complete PRO baseline; %: proportion of number of subjects in n; CI: confidence interval; NE: not estimable. PRO: Patient Reported Outcome. A Minimal Clinically Important Difference of 10 is considered in this table.
 [a] Median time to first event is from Kaplan-Meier estimate. Confidence Interval for median was computed using the Brookmeyer-Crowley method.
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Medizinischer Nutzen, medizinischer Zusatznutzen, Patientengruppen mit therap. bedeutsamem Zusatznutzen

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 Table 2.20.4 EORTC QLQ-C30 - First Improvement - Time-to-event analysis - subgroup analysis - DCO 13-Aug-2021 - PRO Intent to Treat Analysis Set

Global Health Status

Subgroup	n	Quizartinib (N=254)			Placebo (N=255)			Quizartinib vs Placebo		Interaction P-value [d]
		No. of subjects with events (%)	No. of subjects censored (%)	Median (95 % CI) [a]	n	No. of subjects with events (%)	No. of subjects censored (%)	Median (95 % CI) [a]	Hazard Ratio (95 % CI) [b]	
AML with Mutated NPM1										0.0808
Yes	130	90 (69.2)	40 (30.8)	1.4 (0.8, 1.7)	131	79 (60.3)	52 (39.7)	1.5 (1.0, 2.2)	1.345 (0.993, 1.820)	0.0536
No	112	63 (56.3)	49 (43.8)	1.4 (0.8, 2.1)	111	60 (54.1)	51 (45.9)	1.3 (0.7, 1.8)	0.894 (0.626, 1.277)	0.5012

N: number of subjects in analysis set; n: number of subjects in subgroup category with complete PRO baseline; %: proportion of number of subjects in n; CI: confidence interval; NE: not estimable. PRO: Patient Reported Outcome. A Minimal Clinically Important Difference of 10 is considered in this table.
 [a] Median time to first event is from Kaplan-Meier estimate. Confidence Interval for median was computed using the Brookmeyer-Crowley method.
 [b] Hazard ratio is from unstratified Cox proportional hazards model with treatment as the only categorical variable in the model. Confidence limits are based on the Wald test.
 [c] Two-sided p-value from unstratified log-rank test.
 [d] Two-sided interaction p-value is for the interaction term from unstratified Cox proportional hazards model with treatment, subgroup, and treatment-by-subgroup interaction as categorical variables in the model. The p-value is based on the Wald test.
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 Run date: 15NOV2023 – 13:11; Program name: .sas; Output name: DE_T_2_20_4_QLQC30_FI_SUB_PRO_ITT.rtf

Medizinischer Nutzen, medizinischer Zusatznutzen, Patientengruppen mit therap. bedeutsamem Zusatznutzen

Daiichi Sankyo | Data Intelligence – Evidence Generation | AC220-A-U302 QUANTUM-First (DCO 13 Aug 2021) | Statistical analyses for AMNOG (HTA Germany)
 Table 2.20.4 EORTC QLQ-C30 - First Improvement - Time-to-event analysis - subgroup analysis - DCO 13-Aug-2021 - PRO Intent to Treat Analysis Set

Global Health Status

Subgroup	n	Quizartinib (N=254)			n	Placebo (N=255)			Quizartinib vs Placebo		Interaction P-value [d]
		No. of subjects with events (%)	No. of subjects censored (%)	Median (95 % CI) [a]		No. of subjects with events (%)	No. of subjects censored (%)	Median (95 % CI) [a]	Hazard Ratio (95 % CI) [b]	Unstratified log-rank p-value [c]	
Age by 2 categories											0.1774
≤60	157	102 (65.0)	55 (35.0)	1.3 (0.8, 1.8)	154	92 (59.7)	62 (40.3)	1.1 (0.7, 1.7)	0.998 (0.752, 1.323)	0.9920	
>60	95	58 (61.1)	37 (38.9)	1.5 (1.1, 2.1)	99	56 (56.6)	43 (43.4)	1.6 (1.3, 3.0)	1.385 (0.958, 2.001)	0.0820	

N: number of subjects in analysis set; n: number of subjects in subgroup category with complete PRO baseline; %: proportion of number of subjects in n; CI: confidence interval; NE: not estimable. PRO: Patient Reported Outcome. A Minimal Clinically Important Difference of 10 is considered in this table.
 [a] Median time to first event is from Kaplan-Meier estimate. Confidence Interval for median was computed using the Brookmeyer-Crowley method.
 [b] Hazard ratio is from unstratified Cox proportional hazards model with treatment as the only categorical variable in the model. Confidence limits are based on the Wald test.
 [c] Two-sided p-value from unstratified log-rank test.
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Daiichi Sankyo | Data Intelligence – Evidence Generation | AC220-A-U302 QUANTUM-First (DCO 13 Aug 2021) | Statistical analyses for AMNOG (HTA Germany)
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Functional Scales - Physical Functioning

Subgroup	n	Quizartinib (N=254)				Placebo (N=255)			Quizartinib vs Placebo		Interaction P-value [d]
		No. of subjects with events (%)	No. of subjects censored (%)	Median (95 % CI) [a]	n	No. of subjects with events (%)	No. of subjects censored (%)	Median (95 % CI) [a]	Hazard Ratio (95 % CI) [b]	Unstratified log-rank p-value [c]	
Pooled Age Group 2											0.4689
<60	150	70 (46.7)	80 (53.3)	2.8 (1.8, 19.8)	151	68 (45.0)	83 (55.0)	2.5 (1.7, 5.5)	0.920 (0.657, 1.286)	0.5935	
≥60 - <65	36	18 (50.0)	18 (50.0)	1.4 (0.7, 12.4)	42	18 (42.9)	24 (57.1)	3.2 (1.6, 11.6)	1.490 (0.774, 2.868)	0.2505	
≥65	63	22 (34.9)	41 (65.1)	3.8 (1.3, NE)	59	27 (45.8)	32 (54.2)	2.9 (1.3, 9.8)	0.965 (0.549, 1.695)	0.8710	

N: number of subjects in analysis set; n: number of subjects in subgroup category with complete PRO baseline; %: proportion of number of subjects in n; CI: confidence interval; NE: not estimable. PRO: Patient Reported Outcome. A Minimal Clinically Important Difference of 10 is considered in this table.
 [a] Median time to first event is from Kaplan-Meier estimate. Confidence Interval for median was computed using the Brookmeyer-Crowley method.
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 [c] Two-sided p-value from unstratified log-rank test.
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Functional Scales - Physical Functioning

Subgroup	n	Quizartinib (N=254)				Placebo (N=255)				Quizartinib vs Placebo		Interaction P-value [d]
		No. of subjects with events (%)	No. of subjects censored (%)	Median (95 % CI) [a]	n	No. of subjects with events (%)	No. of subjects censored (%)	Median (95 % CI) [a]	Hazard Ratio (95 % CI) [b]	Unstratified log-rank p-value [c]		
Sex												0.9980
Male	119	46 (38.7)	73 (61.3)	12.2 (1.6, NE)	108	43 (39.8)	65 (60.2)	5.7 (1.8, 11.6)	0.997 (0.656, 1.513)	0.9185		
Female	130	64 (49.2)	66 (50.8)	2.4 (1.6, 5.0)	144	70 (48.6)	74 (51.4)	2.2 (1.6, 3.1)	0.987 (0.703, 1.387)	0.9142		

N: number of subjects in analysis set; n: number of subjects in subgroup category with complete PRO baseline; %: proportion of number of subjects in n; CI: confidence interval; NE: not estimable. PRO: Patient Reported Outcome. A Minimal Clinically Important Difference of 10 is considered in this table.
 [a] Median time to first event is from Kaplan-Meier estimate. Confidence Interval for median was computed using the Brookmeyer-Crowley method.
 [b] Hazard ratio is from unstratified Cox proportional hazards model with treatment as the only categorical variable in the model. Confidence limits are based on the Wald test.
 [c] Two-sided p-value from unstratified log-rank test.
 [d] Two-sided interaction p-value is for the interaction term from unstratified Cox proportional hazards model with treatment, subgroup, and treatment-by-subgroup interaction as categorical variables in the model. The p-value is based on the Wald test.
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Functional Scales - Physical Functioning

Subgroup	n	Quizartinib (N=254)				Placebo (N=255)			Quizartinib vs Placebo		Interaction P-value [d]
		No. of subjects with events (%)	No. of subjects censored (%)	Median (95 % CI) [a]	n	No. of subjects with events (%)	No. of subjects censored (%)	Median (95 % CI) [a]	Hazard Ratio (95 % CI) [b]	Unstratified log-rank p-value [c]	
Race by 2 categories											0.7377
White	147	68 (46.3)	79 (53.7)	2.6 (1.7, 11.2)	151	66 (43.7)	85 (56.3)	2.6 (1.7, 6.7)	1.035 (0.737, 1.454)	0.8868	
Non-white	102	42 (41.2)	60 (58.8)	2.8 (1.5, 28.0)	101	47 (46.5)	54 (53.5)	2.6 (1.8, 7.7)	0.907 (0.597, 1.380)	0.6122	

N: number of subjects in analysis set; n: number of subjects in subgroup category with complete PRO baseline; %: proportion of number of subjects in n; CI: confidence interval; NE: not estimable. PRO: Patient Reported Outcome. A Minimal Clinically Important Difference of 10 is considered in this table.
 [a] Median time to first event is from Kaplan-Meier estimate. Confidence Interval for median was computed using the Brookmeyer-Crowley method.
 [b] Hazard ratio is from unstratified Cox proportional hazards model with treatment as the only categorical variable in the model. Confidence limits are based on the Wald test.
 [c] Two-sided p-value from unstratified log-rank test.
 [d] Two-sided interaction p-value is for the interaction term from unstratified Cox proportional hazards model with treatment, subgroup, and treatment-by-subgroup interaction as categorical variables in the model. The p-value is based on the Wald test.
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Functional Scales - Physical Functioning

Subgroup	n	Quizartinib (N=254)				Placebo (N=255)				Quizartinib vs Placebo		Interaction
		No. of subjects with events (%)	No. of subjects censored (%)	Median (95 % CI) [a]	n	No. of subjects with events (%)	No. of subjects censored (%)	Median (95 % CI) [a]	Hazard Ratio (95 % CI) [b]	Unstratified log-rank p-value [c]	P-value [d]	
Geographic Region 1											0.9946	
North America	16	5 (31.3)	11 (68.8)	12.4 (0.7, NE)	16	7 (43.8)	9 (56.3)	2.5 (1.6, NE)	1.201 (0.367, 3.927)	0.7620		
Europe	147	66 (44.9)	81 (55.1)	2.6 (1.6, 11.2)	149	67 (45.0)	82 (55.0)	2.6 (1.7, 5.7)	0.980 (0.697, 1.378)	0.8673		
Asia/Other Regions	86	39 (45.3)	47 (54.7)	2.8 (1.5, 18.3)	87	39 (44.8)	48 (55.2)	3.1 (1.4, 9.7)	0.968 (0.619, 1.514)	0.8409		

N: number of subjects in analysis set; n: number of subjects in subgroup category with complete PRO baseline; %: proportion of number of subjects in n; CI: confidence interval; NE: not estimable. PRO: Patient Reported Outcome. A Minimal Clinically Important Difference of 10 is considered in this table. [a] Median time to first event is from Kaplan-Meier estimate. Confidence Interval for median was computed using the Brookmeyer-Crowley method. [b] Hazard ratio is from unstratified Cox proportional hazards model with treatment as the only categorical variable in the model. Confidence limits are based on the Wald test. [c] Two-sided p-value from unstratified log-rank test. [d] Two-sided interaction p-value is for the interaction term from unstratified Cox proportional hazards model with treatment, subgroup, and treatment-by-subgroup interaction as categorical variables in the model. The p-value is based on the Wald test.
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Functional Scales - Physical Functioning

Subgroup	n	Quizartinib (N=254)				Placebo (N=255)				Quizartinib vs Placebo		Interaction
		No. of subjects with events (%)	No. of subjects censored (%)	Median (95 % CI) [a]	n	No. of subjects with events (%)	No. of subjects censored (%)	Median (95 % CI) [a]	Hazard Ratio (95 % CI) [b]	Unstratified log-rank p-value [c]	P-value [d]	
WBC at initial diagnosis											0.4712	
< 40x10 ⁹ /L	127	51 (40.2)	76 (59.8)	5.0 (1.8, 12.4)	125	62 (49.6)	63 (50.4)	2.3 (1.7, 5.7)	0.897 (0.619, 1.301)	0.5172		
≥ 40x10 ⁹ /L	122	59 (48.4)	63 (51.6)	1.9 (1.3, 8.2)	127	51 (40.2)	76 (59.8)	3.0 (1.7, 9.7)	1.078 (0.739, 1.572)	0.7299		

N: number of subjects in analysis set; n: number of subjects in subgroup category with complete PRO baseline; %: proportion of number of subjects in n; CI: confidence interval; NE: not estimable. PRO: Patient Reported Outcome. A Minimal Clinically Important Difference of 10 is considered in this table.
 [a] Median time to first event is from Kaplan-Meier estimate. Confidence Interval for median was computed using the Brookmeyer-Crowley method.
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 [c] Two-sided p-value from unstratified log-rank test.
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Functional Scales - Physical Functioning

Subgroup	n	Quizartinib (N=254)			Placebo (N=255)			Quizartinib vs Placebo		Interaction P-value [d]
		No. of subjects with events (%)	No. of subjects censored (%)	Median (95 % CI) [a]	n	No. of subjects with events (%)	No. of subjects censored (%)	Median (95 % CI) [a]	Hazard Ratio (95 % CI) [b]	
Choice of Anthracycline										0.2690
Daunorubicin	114	47 (41.2)	67 (58.8)	2.6 (1.5, 19.8)	90	42 (46.7)	48 (53.3)	1.8 (1.5, 3.0)	0.828 (0.544, 1.262)	0.3562
Idarubicin	135	63 (46.7)	72 (53.3)	2.6 (1.6, 12.4)	160	69 (43.1)	91 (56.9)	3.4 (2.1, 9.7)	1.105 (0.785, 1.557)	0.6130

N: number of subjects in analysis set; n: number of subjects in subgroup category with complete PRO baseline; %: proportion of number of subjects in n; CI: confidence interval; NE: not estimable. PRO: Patient Reported Outcome. A Minimal Clinically Important Difference of 10 is considered in this table.
 [a] Median time to first event is from Kaplan-Meier estimate. Confidence Interval for median was computed using the Brookmeyer-Crowley method.
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Daiichi Sankyo | Data Intelligence – Evidence Generation | AC220-A-U302 QUANTUM-First (DCO 13 Aug 2021) | Statistical analyses for AMNOG (HTA Germany)
 Table 2.20.4 EORTC QLQ-C30 - First Improvement - Time-to-event analysis - subgroup analysis - DCO 13-Aug-2021 - PRO Intent to Treat Analysis Set

Functional Scales - Physical Functioning

Subgroup	n	Quizartinib (N=254)				Placebo (N=255)				Quizartinib vs Placebo		Interaction
		No. of subjects with events (%)	No. of subjects censored (%)	Median (95 % CI) [a]	n	No. of subjects with events (%)	No. of subjects censored (%)	Median (95 % CI) [a]	Hazard Ratio (95 % CI) [b]	Unstratified log-rank p-value [c]	P-value [d]	
AML Cytogenetic Risk Score											0.4243	
Favorable	12	5 (41.7)	7 (58.3)	12.2 (0.7, NE)	16	8 (50.0)	8 (50.0)	2.5 (1.4, NE)	0.926 (0.294, 2.920)	0.8510		
Intermediate	185	89 (48.1)	96 (51.9)	1.9 (1.4, 5.0)	179	75 (41.9)	104 (58.1)	2.6 (1.8, 6.7)	1.114 (0.819, 1.516)	0.5318		
Unfavorable	17	4 (23.5)	13 (76.5)	11.2 (0.7, NE)	26	13 (50.0)	13 (50.0)	2.3 (0.7, NE)	0.455 (0.142, 1.457)	0.1744		
Unknown	35	12 (34.3)	23 (65.7)	8.2 (1.8, NE)	30	16 (53.3)	14 (46.7)	3.2 (0.9, NE)	0.672 (0.317, 1.423)	0.2902		

N: number of subjects in analysis set; n: number of subjects in subgroup category with complete PRO baseline; %: proportion of number of subjects in n; CI: confidence interval; NE: not estimable. PRO: Patient Reported Outcome. A Minimal Clinically Important Difference of 10 is considered in this table. [a] Median time to first event is from Kaplan-Meier estimate. Confidence Interval for median was computed using the Brookmeyer-Crowley method. [b] Hazard ratio is from unstratified Cox proportional hazards model with treatment as the only categorical variable in the model. Confidence limits are based on the Wald test. [c] Two-sided p-value from unstratified log-rank test. [d] Two-sided interaction p-value is for the interaction term from unstratified Cox proportional hazards model with treatment, subgroup, and treatment-by-subgroup interaction as categorical variables in the model. The p-value is based on the Wald test.
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Functional Scales - Physical Functioning

Subgroup	n	Quizartinib (N=254)			n	Placebo (N=255)			Quizartinib vs Placebo		Interaction p- P-value [d]
		No. of subjects with events (%)	No. of subjects censored (%)	Median (95 % CI) [a]		No. of subjects with events (%)	No. of subjects censored (%)	Median (95 % CI) [a]	Hazard Ratio (95 % CI) [b]	Unstratified log-rank p-value [c]	
ECOG Performance Status at Baseline											0.0054
0 - Fully Active	80	29 (36.3)	51 (63.8)	28.0 (5.0, NE)	92	46 (50.0)	46 (50.0)	2.5 (1.6, 7.7)	0.607 (0.379, 0.973)	0.0320	
1 - Restricted in Physically Strenuous Activity	126	63 (50.0)	63 (50.0)	1.8 (1.3, 2.9)	125	47 (37.6)	78 (62.4)	5.5 (2.2, NE)	1.502 (1.029, 2.192)	0.0372	
2 - Ambulatory and Capable of All Selfcare	43	18 (41.9)	25 (58.1)	1.3 (0.7, NE)	34	20 (58.8)	14 (41.2)	1.5 (0.7, 2.6)	0.679 (0.354, 1.301)	0.2008	

N: number of subjects in analysis set; n: number of subjects in subgroup category with complete PRO baseline; %: proportion of number of subjects in n; CI: confidence interval; NE: not estimable. PRO: Patient Reported Outcome. A Minimal Clinically Important Difference of 10 is considered in this table.
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Functional Scales - Physical Functioning

Subgroup	n	Quizartinib (N=254)				Placebo (N=255)				Quizartinib vs Placebo		Interaction P-value [d]
		No. of subjects with events (%)	No. of subjects censored (%)	Median (95 % CI) [a]	n	No. of subjects with events (%)	No. of subjects censored (%)	Median (95 % CI) [a]	Hazard Ratio (95 % CI) [b]	Unstratified log-rank p-value [c]		
FLT3-ITD category at Baseline											0.4371	
≥3 to ≤25%	86	36 (41.9)	50 (58.1)	2.8 (1.4, 28.0)	92	44 (47.8)	48 (52.2)	2.2 (1.7, 9.6)	0.909 (0.584, 1.413)	0.6408		
>25% to ≤50%	134	57 (42.5)	77 (57.5)	3.8 (1.8, 18.3)	127	57 (44.9)	70 (55.1)	3.0 (1.8, 6.7)	0.912 (0.630, 1.319)	0.5831		
>50%	28	16 (57.1)	12 (42.9)	0.8 (0.7, NE)	33	12 (36.4)	21 (63.6)	4.5 (1.3, NE)	1.746 (0.825, 3.697)	0.1438		

N: number of subjects in analysis set; n: number of subjects in subgroup category with complete PRO baseline; %: proportion of number of subjects in n; CI: confidence interval; NE: not estimable. PRO: Patient Reported Outcome. A Minimal Clinically Important Difference of 10 is considered in this table.
 [a] Median time to first event is from Kaplan-Meier estimate. Confidence Interval for median was computed using the Brookmeyer-Crowley method.
 [b] Hazard ratio is from unstratified Cox proportional hazards model with treatment as the only categorical variable in the model. Confidence limits are based on the Wald test.
 [c] Two-sided p-value from unstratified log-rank test.
 [d] Two-sided interaction p-value is for the interaction term from unstratified Cox proportional hazards model with treatment, subgroup, and treatment-by-subgroup interaction as categorical variables in the model. The p-value is based on the Wald test.
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 Run date: 15NOV2023 – 13:11; Program name: .sas; Output name: DE_T_2_20_4_QLQC30_FI_SUB_PRO_ITT.rtf

Medizinischer Nutzen, medizinischer Zusatznutzen, Patientengruppen mit therap. bedeutsamem Zusatznutzen

Daiichi Sankyo | Data Intelligence – Evidence Generation | AC220-A-U302 QUANTUM-First (DCO 13 Aug 2021) | Statistical analyses for AMNOG (HTA Germany)
 Table 2.20.4 EORTC QLQ-C30 - First Improvement - Time-to-event analysis - subgroup analysis - DCO 13-Aug-2021 - PRO Intent to Treat Analysis Set

Functional Scales - Physical Functioning

Subgroup	n	Quizartinib (N=254)				Placebo (N=255)				Quizartinib vs Placebo		Interaction P-value [d]
		No. of subjects with events (%)	No. of subjects censored (%)	Median (95 % CI) [a]	n	No. of subjects with events (%)	No. of subjects censored (%)	Median (95 % CI) [a]	Hazard Ratio (95 % CI) [b]	Unstratified log-rank p-value [c]		
AML with Mutated NPM1											0.1935	
Yes	128	63 (49.2)	65 (50.8)	1.8 (1.3, 7.6)	130	62 (47.7)	68 (52.3)	2.9 (1.8, 7.7)	1.155 (0.812, 1.642)	0.4810		
No	111	41 (36.9)	70 (63.1)	11.2 (2.5, 28.0)	111	44 (39.6)	67 (60.4)	2.3 (1.6, 9.7)	0.759 (0.494, 1.166)	0.2014		

N: number of subjects in analysis set; n: number of subjects in subgroup category with complete PRO baseline; %: proportion of number of subjects in n; CI: confidence interval; NE: not estimable. PRO: Patient Reported Outcome. A Minimal Clinically Important Difference of 10 is considered in this table.
 [a] Median time to first event is from Kaplan-Meier estimate. Confidence Interval for median was computed using the Brookmeyer-Crowley method.
 [b] Hazard ratio is from unstratified Cox proportional hazards model with treatment as the only categorical variable in the model. Confidence limits are based on the Wald test.
 [c] Two-sided p-value from unstratified log-rank test.
 [d] Two-sided interaction p-value is for the interaction term from unstratified Cox proportional hazards model with treatment, subgroup, and treatment-by-subgroup interaction as categorical variables in the model. The p-value is based on the Wald test.
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Medizinischer Nutzen, medizinischer Zusatznutzen, Patientengruppen mit therap. bedeutsamem Zusatznutzen

Daiichi Sankyo | Data Intelligence – Evidence Generation | AC220-A-U302 QUANTUM-First (DCO 13 Aug 2021) | Statistical analyses for AMNOG (HTA Germany)
 Table 2.20.4 EORTC QLQ-C30 - First Improvement - Time-to-event analysis - subgroup analysis - DCO 13-Aug-2021 - PRO Intent to Treat Analysis Set

Functional Scales - Physical Functioning

Subgroup	n	Quizartinib (N=254)				Placebo (N=255)			Quizartinib vs Placebo		Interaction P-value [d]
		No. of subjects with events (%)	No. of subjects censored (%)	Median (95 % CI) [a]	n	No. of subjects with events (%)	No. of subjects censored (%)	Median (95 % CI) [a]	Hazard Ratio (95 % CI) [b]	Unstratified log-rank p-value [c]	
Age by 2 categories											0.4415
≤60	155	71 (45.8)	84 (54.2)	2.8 (1.8, 19.8)	154	68 (44.2)	86 (55.8)	2.6 (1.7, 5.5)	0.924 (0.661, 1.291)	0.6077	
>60	94	39 (41.5)	55 (58.5)	1.9 (1.2, 12.4)	98	45 (45.9)	53 (54.1)	3.0 (1.7, 7.7)	1.135 (0.738, 1.744)	0.6073	

N: number of subjects in analysis set; n: number of subjects in subgroup category with complete PRO baseline; %: proportion of number of subjects in n; CI: confidence interval; NE: not estimable. PRO: Patient Reported Outcome. A Minimal Clinically Important Difference of 10 is considered in this table.
 [a] Median time to first event is from Kaplan-Meier estimate. Confidence Interval for median was computed using the Brookmeyer-Crowley method.
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 [c] Two-sided p-value from unstratified log-rank test.
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Medizinischer Nutzen, medizinischer Zusatznutzen, Patientengruppen mit therap. bedeutsamem Zusatznutzen

Daiichi Sankyo | Data Intelligence – Evidence Generation | AC220-A-U302 QUANTUM-First (DCO 13 Aug 2021) | Statistical analyses for AMNOG (HTA Germany)
 Table 2.20.4 EORTC QLQ-C30 - First Improvement - Time-to-event analysis - subgroup analysis - DCO 13-Aug-2021 - PRO Intent to Treat Analysis Set

Functional Scales - Role Functioning

Subgroup	n	Quizartinib (N=254)				Placebo (N=255)				Quizartinib vs Placebo		Interaction P-value [d]
		No. of subjects with events (%)	No. of subjects censored (%)	Median (95 % CI) [a]	n	No. of subjects with events (%)	No. of subjects censored (%)	Median (95 % CI) [a]	Hazard Ratio (95 % CI) [b]	Unstratified log-rank p-value [c]		
Pooled Age Group 2											0.1716	
<60	151	84 (55.6)	67 (44.4)	1.6 (1.3, 2.6)	151	85 (56.3)	66 (43.7)	1.5 (0.9, 1.7)	0.863 (0.638, 1.168)	0.3137		
≥60 - <65	36	23 (63.9)	13 (36.1)	0.8 (0.7, 1.8)	41	23 (56.1)	18 (43.9)	1.9 (1.3, 5.7)	1.808 (0.995, 3.285)	0.0543		
≥65	64	26 (40.6)	38 (59.4)	1.5 (1.3, 18.7)	59	30 (50.8)	29 (49.2)	1.7 (0.9, 4.2)	0.951 (0.561, 1.610)	0.8411		

N: number of subjects in analysis set; n: number of subjects in subgroup category with complete PRO baseline; %: proportion of number of subjects in n; CI: confidence interval; NE: not estimable. PRO: Patient Reported Outcome. A Minimal Clinically Important Difference of 10 is considered in this table.
 [a] Median time to first event is from Kaplan-Meier estimate. Confidence Interval for median was computed using the Brookmeyer-Crowley method.
 [b] Hazard ratio is from unstratified Cox proportional hazards model with treatment as the only categorical variable in the model. Confidence limits are based on the Wald test.
 [c] Two-sided p-value from unstratified log-rank test.
 [d] Two-sided interaction p-value is for the interaction term from unstratified Cox proportional hazards model with treatment, subgroup, and treatment-by-subgroup interaction as categorical variables in the model. The p-value is based on the Wald test.
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Medizinischer Nutzen, medizinischer Zusatznutzen, Patientengruppen mit therap. bedeutsamem Zusatznutzen

Daiichi Sankyo | Data Intelligence – Evidence Generation | AC220-A-U302 QUANTUM-First (DCO 13 Aug 2021) | Statistical analyses for AMNOG (HTA Germany)
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Functional Scales - Role Functioning

Subgroup	n	Quizartinib (N=254)			n	Placebo (N=255)			Quizartinib vs Placebo		Interaction P-value [d]
		No. of subjects with events (%)	No. of subjects censored (%)	Median (95 % CI) [a]		No. of subjects with events (%)	No. of subjects censored (%)	Median (95 % CI) [a]	Hazard Ratio (95 % CI) [b]	Unstratified log-rank p-value [c]	
Sex											0.8491
Male	119	59 (49.6)	60 (50.4)	1.4 (0.8, 2.4)	107	56 (52.3)	51 (47.7)	1.7 (0.9, 2.6)	0.937 (0.649, 1.352)	0.6883	
Female	132	74 (56.1)	58 (43.9)	1.5 (1.3, 1.8)	144	82 (56.9)	62 (43.1)	1.5 (0.9, 1.8)	0.980 (0.716, 1.343)	0.8931	

N: number of subjects in analysis set; n: number of subjects in subgroup category with complete PRO baseline; %: proportion of number of subjects in n; CI: confidence interval; NE: not estimable. PRO: Patient Reported Outcome. A Minimal Clinically Important Difference of 10 is considered in this table. [a] Median time to first event is from Kaplan-Meier estimate. Confidence Interval for median was computed using the Brookmeyer-Crowley method. [b] Hazard ratio is from unstratified Cox proportional hazards model with treatment as the only categorical variable in the model. Confidence limits are based on the Wald test. [c] Two-sided p-value from unstratified log-rank test. [d] Two-sided interaction p-value is for the interaction term from unstratified Cox proportional hazards model with treatment, subgroup, and treatment-by-subgroup interaction as categorical variables in the model. The p-value is based on the Wald test.
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Medizinischer Nutzen, medizinischer Zusatznutzen, Patientengruppen mit therap. bedeutsamem Zusatznutzen

Daiichi Sankyo | Data Intelligence – Evidence Generation | AC220-A-U302 QUANTUM-First (DCO 13 Aug 2021) | Statistical analyses for AMNOG (HTA Germany)
 Table 2.20.4 EORTC QLQ-C30 - First Improvement - Time-to-event analysis - subgroup analysis - DCO 13-Aug-2021 - PRO Intent to Treat Analysis Set

Functional Scales - Role Functioning

Subgroup	n	Quizartinib (N=254)			n	Placebo (N=255)			Quizartinib vs Placebo		Interaction P-value [d]
		No. of subjects with events (%)	No. of subjects censored (%)	Median (95 % CI) [a]		No. of subjects with events (%)	No. of subjects censored (%)	Median (95 % CI) [a]	Hazard Ratio (95 % CI) [b]	Unstratified log-rank p-value [c]	
Race by 2 categories											0.2916
White	149	87 (58.4)	62 (41.6)	1.4 (0.8, 1.8)	150	84 (56.0)	66 (44.0)	1.6 (1.2, 1.9)	1.066 (0.790, 1.439)	0.7095	
Non-white	102	46 (45.1)	56 (54.9)	1.8 (1.4, 8.5)	101	54 (53.5)	47 (46.5)	1.7 (0.8, 2.8)	0.813 (0.547, 1.206)	0.2823	

N: number of subjects in analysis set; n: number of subjects in subgroup category with complete PRO baseline; %: proportion of number of subjects in n; CI: confidence interval; NE: not estimable. PRO: Patient Reported Outcome. A Minimal Clinically Important Difference of 10 is considered in this table.
 [a] Median time to first event is from Kaplan-Meier estimate. Confidence Interval for median was computed using the Brookmeyer-Crowley method.
 [b] Hazard ratio is from unstratified Cox proportional hazards model with treatment as the only categorical variable in the model. Confidence limits are based on the Wald test.
 [c] Two-sided p-value from unstratified log-rank test.
 [d] Two-sided interaction p-value is for the interaction term from unstratified Cox proportional hazards model with treatment, subgroup, and treatment-by-subgroup interaction as categorical variables in the model. The p-value is based on the Wald test.
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Medizinischer Nutzen, medizinischer Zusatznutzen, Patientengruppen mit therap. bedeutsamem Zusatznutzen

Daiichi Sankyo | Data Intelligence – Evidence Generation | AC220-A-U302 QUANTUM-First (DCO 13 Aug 2021) | Statistical analyses for AMNOG (HTA Germany)
 Table 2.20.4 EORTC QLQ-C30 - First Improvement - Time-to-event analysis - subgroup analysis - DCO 13-Aug-2021 - PRO Intent to Treat Analysis Set

Functional Scales - Role Functioning

Subgroup	n	Quizartinib (N=254)			Placebo (N=255)			Quizartinib vs Placebo		Interaction P-value [d]
		No. of subjects with events (%)	No. of subjects censored (%)	Median (95 % CI) [a]	n	No. of subjects with events (%)	No. of subjects censored (%)	Median (95 % CI) [a]	Hazard Ratio (95 % CI) [b]	
Geographic Region 1										0.4797
North America	16	6 (37.5)	10 (62.5)	1.3 (0.7, NE)	16	12 (75.0)	4 (25.0)	1.7 (1.4, 2.0)	0.857 (0.318, 2.308)	0.7537
Europe	149	86 (57.7)	63 (42.3)	1.4 (0.8, 1.7)	148	79 (53.4)	69 (46.6)	1.6 (1.3, 2.0)	1.092 (0.805, 1.483)	0.5888
Asia/Other Regions	86	41 (47.7)	45 (52.3)	1.8 (1.4, 8.5)	87	47 (54.0)	40 (46.0)	1.3 (0.7, 5.5)	0.806 (0.530, 1.228)	0.2951

N: number of subjects in analysis set; n: number of subjects in subgroup category with complete PRO baseline; %: proportion of number of subjects in n; CI: confidence interval; NE: not estimable. PRO: Patient Reported Outcome. A Minimal Clinically Important Difference of 10 is considered in this table.
 [a] Median time to first event is from Kaplan-Meier estimate. Confidence Interval for median was computed using the Brookmeyer-Crowley method.
 [b] Hazard ratio is from unstratified Cox proportional hazards model with treatment as the only categorical variable in the model. Confidence limits are based on the Wald test.
 [c] Two-sided p-value from unstratified log-rank test.
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Medizinischer Nutzen, medizinischer Zusatznutzen, Patientengruppen mit therap. bedeutsamem Zusatznutzen

Daiichi Sankyo | Data Intelligence – Evidence Generation | AC220-A-U302 QUANTUM-First (DCO 13 Aug 2021) | Statistical analyses for AMNOG (HTA Germany)
 Table 2.20.4 EORTC QLQ-C30 - First Improvement - Time-to-event analysis - subgroup analysis - DCO 13-Aug-2021 - PRO Intent to Treat Analysis Set

Functional Scales - Role Functioning

Subgroup	n	Quizartinib (N=254)			n	Placebo (N=255)			Quizartinib vs Placebo		Interaction P-value [d]
		No. of subjects with events (%)	No. of subjects censored (%)	Median (95 % CI) [a]		No. of subjects with events (%)	No. of subjects censored (%)	Median (95 % CI) [a]	Hazard Ratio (95 % CI) [b]	Unstratified log-rank p-value [c]	
WBC at initial diagnosis											0.2504
< 40x10 ⁹ /L	127	67 (52.8)	60 (47.2)	1.4 (0.9, 1.8)	124	72 (58.1)	52 (41.9)	1.6 (1.3, 2.1)	1.103 (0.791, 1.539)	0.5893	
≥ 40x10 ⁹ /L	124	66 (53.2)	58 (46.8)	1.6 (1.3, 2.9)	127	66 (52.0)	61 (48.0)	1.5 (0.8, 2.0)	0.803 (0.569, 1.134)	0.1950	

N: number of subjects in analysis set; n: number of subjects in subgroup category with complete PRO baseline; %: proportion of number of subjects in n; CI: confidence interval; NE: not estimable. PRO: Patient Reported Outcome. A Minimal Clinically Important Difference of 10 is considered in this table.
 [a] Median time to first event is from Kaplan-Meier estimate. Confidence Interval for median was computed using the Brookmeyer-Crowley method.
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Medizinischer Nutzen, medizinischer Zusatznutzen, Patientengruppen mit therap. bedeutsamem Zusatznutzen

Daiichi Sankyo | Data Intelligence – Evidence Generation | AC220-A-U302 QUANTUM-First (DCO 13 Aug 2021) | Statistical analyses for AMNOG (HTA Germany)
 Table 2.20.4 EORTC QLQ-C30 - First Improvement - Time-to-event analysis - subgroup analysis - DCO 13-Aug-2021 - PRO Intent to Treat Analysis Set

Functional Scales - Role Functioning

Subgroup	n	Quizartinib (N=254)			n	Placebo (N=255)			Quizartinib vs Placebo		Interaction P-value [d]
		No. of subjects with events (%)	No. of subjects censored (%)	Median (95 % CI) [a]		No. of subjects with events (%)	No. of subjects censored (%)	Median (95 % CI) [a]	Hazard Ratio (95 % CI) [b]	Unstratified log-rank p-value [c]	
Choice of Anthracycline											0.7633
Daunorubicin	116	61 (52.6)	55 (47.4)	1.3 (0.8, 1.8)	90	48 (53.3)	42 (46.7)	1.4 (0.9, 1.9)	0.997 (0.682, 1.457)	0.9371	
Idarubicin	135	72 (53.3)	63 (46.7)	1.5 (1.3, 2.2)	159	88 (55.3)	71 (44.7)	1.6 (1.3, 2.5)	0.924 (0.677, 1.262)	0.6110	

N: number of subjects in analysis set; n: number of subjects in subgroup category with complete PRO baseline; %: proportion of number of subjects in n; CI: confidence interval; NE: not estimable. PRO: Patient Reported Outcome. A Minimal Clinically Important Difference of 10 is considered in this table.
 [a] Median time to first event is from Kaplan-Meier estimate. Confidence Interval for median was computed using the Brookmeyer-Crowley method.
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Daiichi Sankyo | Data Intelligence – Evidence Generation | AC220-A-U302 QUANTUM-First (DCO 13 Aug 2021) | Statistical analyses for AMNOG (HTA Germany)
 Table 2.20.4 EORTC QLQ-C30 - First Improvement - Time-to-event analysis - subgroup analysis - DCO 13-Aug-2021 - PRO Intent to Treat Analysis Set

Functional Scales - Role Functioning

Subgroup	n	Quizartinib (N=254)				Placebo (N=255)				Quizartinib vs Placebo		Interaction
		No. of subjects with events (%)	No. of subjects censored (%)	Median (95 % CI) [a]	n	No. of subjects with events (%)	No. of subjects censored (%)	Median (95 % CI) [a]	Hazard Ratio (95 % CI) [b]	Unstratified log-rank p-value [c]	P-value [d]	
AML Cytogenetic Risk Score											0.9393	
Favorable	12	6 (50.0)	6 (50.0)	13.6 (0.7, NE)	16	11 (68.8)	5 (31.3)	1.8 (1.4, 8.3)	1.162 (0.425, 3.175)	0.8533		
Intermediate	185	99 (53.5)	86 (46.5)	1.5 (1.3, 1.8)	179	95 (53.1)	84 (46.9)	1.3 (0.9, 1.7)	0.939 (0.708, 1.244)	0.6332		
Unfavorable	19	10 (52.6)	9 (47.4)	1.8 (0.7, NE)	26	13 (50.0)	13 (50.0)	2.1 (0.7, 3.9)	1.000 (0.421, 2.378)	0.9890		
Unknown	35	18 (51.4)	17 (48.6)	1.8 (0.7, 8.2)	29	18 (62.1)	11 (37.9)	1.5 (0.7, 3.2)	0.832 (0.425, 1.629)	0.5735		

N: number of subjects in analysis set; n: number of subjects in subgroup category with complete PRO baseline; %: proportion of number of subjects in n; CI: confidence interval; NE: not estimable. PRO: Patient Reported Outcome. A Minimal Clinically Important Difference of 10 is considered in this table. [a] Median time to first event is from Kaplan-Meier estimate. Confidence Interval for median was computed using the Brookmeyer-Crowley method. [b] Hazard ratio is from unstratified Cox proportional hazards model with treatment as the only categorical variable in the model. Confidence limits are based on the Wald test. [c] Two-sided p-value from unstratified log-rank test. [d] Two-sided interaction p-value is for the interaction term from unstratified Cox proportional hazards model with treatment, subgroup, and treatment-by-subgroup interaction as categorical variables in the model. The p-value is based on the Wald test.
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Medizinischer Nutzen, medizinischer Zusatznutzen, Patientengruppen mit therap. bedeutsamem Zusatznutzen

Daiichi Sankyo | Data Intelligence – Evidence Generation | AC220-A-U302 QUANTUM-First (DCO 13 Aug 2021) | Statistical analyses for AMNOG (HTA Germany)
 Table 2.20.4 EORTC QLQ-C30 - First Improvement - Time-to-event analysis - subgroup analysis - DCO 13-Aug-2021 - PRO Intent to Treat Analysis Set

Functional Scales - Role Functioning

Subgroup	n	Quizartinib (N=254)			n	Placebo (N=255)			Quizartinib vs Placebo		Interaction p- P-value [d]
		No. of subjects with events (%)	No. of subjects censored (%)	Median (95 % CI) [a]		No. of subjects with events (%)	No. of subjects censored (%)	Median (95 % CI) [a]	Hazard Ratio (95 % CI) [b]	Unstratified log-rank p-value [c]	
ECOG Performance Status at Baseline											0.3393
0 - Fully Active	82	45 (54.9)	37 (45.1)	1.8 (1.5, 4.3)	92	52 (56.5)	40 (43.5)	1.4 (0.9, 2.0)	0.860 (0.576, 1.282)	0.4624	
1 - Restricted in Physically Strenuous Activity	126	69 (54.8)	57 (45.2)	1.4 (0.9, 1.7)	124	67 (54.0)	57 (46.0)	1.7 (1.3, 2.6)	1.131 (0.808, 1.583)	0.5141	
2 - Ambulatory and Capable of All Selfcare	43	19 (44.2)	24 (55.8)	1.4 (0.8, 18.7)	34	19 (55.9)	15 (44.1)	1.4 (0.7, 2.0)	0.679 (0.352, 1.310)	0.2125	

N: number of subjects in analysis set; n: number of subjects in subgroup category with complete PRO baseline; %: proportion of number of subjects in n; CI: confidence interval; NE: not estimable. PRO: Patient Reported Outcome. A Minimal Clinically Important Difference of 10 is considered in this table.
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 [c] Two-sided p-value from unstratified log-rank test.
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 Run date: 15NOV2023 – 13:11; Program name: .sas; Output name: DE_T_2_20_4_QLQC30_FI_SUB_PRO_ITT.rtf

Medizinischer Nutzen, medizinischer Zusatznutzen, Patientengruppen mit therap. bedeutsamem Zusatznutzen

Daiichi Sankyo | Data Intelligence – Evidence Generation | AC220-A-U302 QUANTUM-First (DCO 13 Aug 2021) | Statistical analyses for AMNOG (HTA Germany)
 Table 2.20.4 EORTC QLQ-C30 - First Improvement - Time-to-event analysis - subgroup analysis - DCO 13-Aug-2021 - PRO Intent to Treat Analysis Set

Functional Scales - Role Functioning

Subgroup	n	Quizartinib (N=254)			Placebo (N=255)			Quizartinib vs Placebo		Interaction P-value [d]
		No. of subjects with events (%)	No. of subjects censored (%)	Median (95 % CI) [a]	n	No. of subjects with events (%)	No. of subjects censored (%)	Median (95 % CI) [a]	Hazard Ratio (95 % CI) [b]	
FLT3-ITD category at Baseline										0.7271
≥3 to ≤25%	87	44 (50.6)	43 (49.4)	1.4 (0.8, 2.1)	91	51 (56.0)	40 (44.0)	1.7 (0.8, 2.1)	1.061 (0.708, 1.589)	0.8213
>25% to ≤50%	135	71 (52.6)	64 (47.4)	1.6 (1.3, 2.3)	127	72 (56.7)	55 (43.3)	1.5 (0.9, 2.1)	0.883 (0.635, 1.227)	0.4402
>50%	28	17 (60.7)	11 (39.3)	1.7 (0.8, 7.5)	33	15 (45.5)	18 (54.5)	1.5 (0.9, NE)	1.061 (0.525, 2.145)	0.8336

N: number of subjects in analysis set; n: number of subjects in subgroup category with complete PRO baseline; %: proportion of number of subjects in n; CI: confidence interval; NE: not estimable. PRO: Patient Reported Outcome. A Minimal Clinically Important Difference of 10 is considered in this table.
 [a] Median time to first event is from Kaplan-Meier estimate. Confidence Interval for median was computed using the Brookmeyer-Crowley method.
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Functional Scales - Role Functioning

Subgroup	n	Quizartinib (N=254)			n	Placebo (N=255)			Quizartinib vs Placebo		Interaction P-value [d]
		No. of subjects with events (%)	No. of subjects censored (%)	Median (95 % CI) [a]		No. of subjects with events (%)	No. of subjects censored (%)	Median (95 % CI) [a]	Hazard Ratio (95 % CI) [b]	Unstratified log-rank p-value [c]	
AML with Mutated NPM1											0.4456
Yes	130	77 (59.2)	53 (40.8)	1.4 (0.9, 1.8)	129	78 (60.5)	51 (39.5)	1.5 (1.2, 1.8)	1.045 (0.762, 1.433)	0.8252	
No	111	51 (45.9)	60 (54.1)	1.7 (1.3, 2.9)	111	53 (47.7)	58 (52.3)	1.7 (0.8, 2.6)	0.860 (0.585, 1.263)	0.4342	

N: number of subjects in analysis set; n: number of subjects in subgroup category with complete PRO baseline; %: proportion of number of subjects in n; CI: confidence interval; NE: not estimable. PRO: Patient Reported Outcome. A Minimal Clinically Important Difference of 10 is considered in this table.
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 [c] Two-sided p-value from unstratified log-rank test.
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Functional Scales - Role Functioning

Subgroup	n	Quizartinib (N=254)			Placebo (N=255)			Quizartinib vs Placebo		Interaction P-value [d]
		No. of subjects with events (%)	No. of subjects censored (%)	Median (95 % CI) [a]	n	No. of subjects with events (%)	No. of subjects censored (%)	Median (95 % CI) [a]	Hazard Ratio (95 % CI) [b]	
Age by 2 categories										0.2783
≤60	156	87 (55.8)	69 (44.2)	1.6 (1.3, 2.4)	154	86 (55.8)	68 (44.2)	1.5 (0.9, 1.7)	0.869 (0.645, 1.172)	0.3316
>60	95	46 (48.4)	49 (51.6)	1.4 (0.8, 1.8)	97	52 (53.6)	45 (46.4)	1.9 (1.3, 3.2)	1.170 (0.786, 1.741)	0.4549

N: number of subjects in analysis set; n: number of subjects in subgroup category with complete PRO baseline; %: proportion of number of subjects in n; CI: confidence interval; NE: not estimable. PRO: Patient Reported Outcome. A Minimal Clinically Important Difference of 10 is considered in this table. [a] Median time to first event is from Kaplan-Meier estimate. Confidence Interval for median was computed using the Brookmeyer-Crowley method. [b] Hazard ratio is from unstratified Cox proportional hazards model with treatment as the only categorical variable in the model. Confidence limits are based on the Wald test. [c] Two-sided p-value from unstratified log-rank test. [d] Two-sided interaction p-value is for the interaction term from unstratified Cox proportional hazards model with treatment, subgroup, and treatment-by-subgroup interaction as categorical variables in the model. The p-value is based on the Wald test.
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Functional Scales - Emotional Functioning

Subgroup	n	Quizartinib (N=254)				Placebo (N=255)				Quizartinib vs Placebo		Interaction P-value [d]
		No. of subjects with events (%)	No. of subjects censored (%)	Median (95 % CI) [a]	n	No. of subjects with events (%)	No. of subjects censored (%)	Median (95 % CI) [a]	Hazard Ratio (95 % CI) [b]	Unstratified log-rank p-value [c]		
Pooled Age Group 2											0.1444	
<60	152	74 (48.7)	78 (51.3)	2.5 (1.7, 11.3)	151	71 (47.0)	80 (53.0)	2.1 (1.5, 4.1)	0.912 (0.657, 1.264)	0.5300		
≥60 - <65	36	18 (50.0)	18 (50.0)	1.3 (0.7, NE)	43	17 (39.5)	26 (60.5)	5.7 (2.0, NE)	1.706 (0.877, 3.319)	0.1210		
≥65	64	20 (31.3)	44 (68.8)	4.6 (2.0, NE)	59	29 (49.2)	30 (50.8)	2.0 (0.9, 5.5)	0.666 (0.376, 1.180)	0.1587		

N: number of subjects in analysis set; n: number of subjects in subgroup category with complete PRO baseline; %: proportion of number of subjects in n; CI: confidence interval; NE: not estimable. PRO: Patient Reported Outcome. A Minimal Clinically Important Difference of 10 is considered in this table.
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Functional Scales - Emotional Functioning

Subgroup	n	Quizartinib (N=254)				Placebo (N=255)			Quizartinib vs Placebo		Interaction P-value [d]
		No. of subjects with events (%)	No. of subjects censored (%)	Median (95 % CI) [a]	n	No. of subjects with events (%)	No. of subjects censored (%)	Median (95 % CI) [a]	Hazard Ratio (95 % CI) [b]	Unstratified log-rank p-value [c]	
Sex											0.1667
Male	120	50 (41.7)	70 (58.3)	3.2 (2.0, 18.9)	109	37 (33.9)	72 (66.1)	11.6 (2.1, NE)	1.199 (0.783, 1.835)	0.4031	
Female	132	62 (47.0)	70 (53.0)	2.3 (1.3, 11.8)	144	80 (55.6)	64 (44.4)	1.8 (1.3, 2.6)	0.822 (0.589, 1.147)	0.2100	

N: number of subjects in analysis set; n: number of subjects in subgroup category with complete PRO baseline; %: proportion of number of subjects in n; CI: confidence interval; NE: not estimable. PRO: Patient Reported Outcome. A Minimal Clinically Important Difference of 10 is considered in this table. [a] Median time to first event is from Kaplan-Meier estimate. Confidence Interval for median was computed using the Brookmeyer-Crowley method. [b] Hazard ratio is from unstratified Cox proportional hazards model with treatment as the only categorical variable in the model. Confidence limits are based on the Wald test. [c] Two-sided p-value from unstratified log-rank test. [d] Two-sided interaction p-value is for the interaction term from unstratified Cox proportional hazards model with treatment, subgroup, and treatment-by-subgroup interaction as categorical variables in the model. The p-value is based on the Wald test. Data source: \\AC220-A-U302\Production\Raw Data_Restricted\rstret_eg\rstret_20211102_eg\rstret_valos\20230516_AMNOG\ADAM\ Run date: 15NOV2023 – 13:11; Program name: .sas; Output name: DE_T_2_20_4_QLQC30_FI_SUB_PRO_ITT.rtf

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Functional Scales - Emotional Functioning

Subgroup	n	Quizartinib (N=254)			Placebo (N=255)			Quizartinib vs Placebo		Interaction P-value [d]
		No. of subjects with events (%)	No. of subjects censored (%)	Median (95 % CI) [a]	n	No. of subjects with events (%)	No. of subjects censored (%)	Median (95 % CI) [a]	Hazard Ratio (95 % CI) [b]	
Race by 2 categories										0.1960
White	150	64 (42.7)	86 (57.3)	2.6 (1.7, NE)	151	74 (49.0)	77 (51.0)	2.1 (1.5, 2.9)	0.831 (0.594, 1.163)	0.2443
Non-white	102	48 (47.1)	54 (52.9)	2.9 (1.6, 8.9)	102	43 (42.2)	59 (57.8)	5.1 (1.6, 11.6)	1.147 (0.760, 1.732)	0.5213

N: number of subjects in analysis set; n: number of subjects in subgroup category with complete PRO baseline; %: proportion of number of subjects in n; CI: confidence interval; NE: not estimable. PRO: Patient Reported Outcome. A Minimal Clinically Important Difference of 10 is considered in this table.
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Functional Scales - Emotional Functioning

Subgroup	n	Quizartinib (N=254)				Placebo (N=255)				Quizartinib vs Placebo		Interaction P-value [d]
		No. of subjects with events (%)	No. of subjects censored (%)	Median (95 % CI) [a]	n	No. of subjects with events (%)	No. of subjects censored (%)	Median (95 % CI) [a]	Hazard Ratio (95 % CI) [b]	Unstratified log-rank p-value [c]		
Geographic Region 1											0.2200	
North America	16	6 (37.5)	10 (62.5)	1.3 (0.7, NE)	16	7 (43.8)	9 (56.3)	2.1 (1.1, NE)	1.722 (0.575, 5.159)	0.3348		
Europe	150	64 (42.7)	86 (57.3)	2.6 (1.7, NE)	150	74 (49.3)	76 (50.7)	2.1 (1.4, 3.7)	0.790 (0.564, 1.105)	0.1469		
Asia/Other Regions	86	42 (48.8)	44 (51.2)	3.3 (1.6, 11.3)	87	36 (41.4)	51 (58.6)	2.7 (1.9, 8.2)	1.182 (0.757, 1.846)	0.4748		

N: number of subjects in analysis set; n: number of subjects in subgroup category with complete PRO baseline; %: proportion of number of subjects in n; CI: confidence interval; NE: not estimable. PRO: Patient Reported Outcome. A Minimal Clinically Important Difference of 10 is considered in this table. [a] Median time to first event is from Kaplan-Meier estimate. Confidence Interval for median was computed using the Brookmeyer-Crowley method. [b] Hazard ratio is from unstratified Cox proportional hazards model with treatment as the only categorical variable in the model. Confidence limits are based on the Wald test. [c] Two-sided p-value from unstratified log-rank test. [d] Two-sided interaction p-value is for the interaction term from unstratified Cox proportional hazards model with treatment, subgroup, and treatment-by-subgroup interaction as categorical variables in the model. The p-value is based on the Wald test.
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Subgroup	n	Quizartinib (N=254)			n	Placebo (N=255)			Quizartinib vs Placebo		Interaction P-value [d]
		No. of subjects with events (%)	No. of subjects censored (%)	Median (95 % CI) [a]		No. of subjects with events (%)	No. of subjects censored (%)	Median (95 % CI) [a]	Hazard Ratio (95 % CI) [b]	Unstratified log-rank p-value [c]	
WBC at initial diagnosis											0.1581
< 40x10 ⁹ /L	128	48 (37.5)	80 (62.5)	8.8 (2.5, NE)	125	63 (50.4)	62 (49.6)	2.6 (1.6, 5.5)	0.763 (0.524, 1.112)	0.1537	
≥ 40x10 ⁹ /L	124	64 (51.6)	60 (48.4)	2.0 (1.3, 3.2)	128	54 (42.2)	74 (57.8)	2.0 (1.5, 8.2)	1.118 (0.776, 1.610)	0.6005	

N: number of subjects in analysis set; n: number of subjects in subgroup category with complete PRO baseline; %: proportion of number of subjects in n; CI: confidence interval; NE: not estimable. PRO: Patient Reported Outcome. A Minimal Clinically Important Difference of 10 is considered in this table.
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Subgroup	n	Quizartinib (N=254)				Placebo (N=255)				Quizartinib vs Placebo		Interaction
		No. of subjects with events (%)	No. of subjects censored (%)	Median (95 % CI) [a]	n	No. of subjects with events (%)	No. of subjects censored (%)	Median (95 % CI) [a]	Hazard Ratio (95 % CI) [b]	Unstratified log-rank p-value [c]	P-value [d]	
Choice of Anthracycline											0.9083	
Daunorubicin	116	50 (43.1)	66 (56.9)	2.7 (1.1, 11.8)	90	41 (45.6)	49 (54.4)	2.1 (1.5, 4.5)	0.958 (0.632, 1.453)	0.7649		
Idarubicin	136	62 (45.6)	74 (54.4)	2.9 (2.0, 11.8)	161	76 (47.2)	85 (52.8)	2.3 (1.6, 5.7)	0.901 (0.644, 1.261)	0.5374		

N: number of subjects in analysis set; n: number of subjects in subgroup category with complete PRO baseline; %: proportion of number of subjects in n; CI: confidence interval; NE: not estimable. PRO: Patient Reported Outcome. A Minimal Clinically Important Difference of 10 is considered in this table.
 [a] Median time to first event is from Kaplan-Meier estimate. Confidence Interval for median was computed using the Brookmeyer-Crowley method.
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Subgroup	n	Quizartinib (N=254)				Placebo (N=255)				Quizartinib vs Placebo		Interaction P-value [d]
		No. of subjects with events (%)	No. of subjects censored (%)	Median (95 % CI) [a]	n	No. of subjects with events (%)	No. of subjects censored (%)	Median (95 % CI) [a]	Hazard Ratio (95 % CI) [b]	Unstratified log-rank p-value [c]		
AML Cytogenetic Risk Score												0.0663
Favorable	12	7 (58.3)	5 (41.7)	0.7 (0.7, NE)	16	8 (50.0)	8 (50.0)	2.7 (1.4, NE)	2.032 (0.729, 5.664)	0.2104		
Intermediate	186	87 (46.8)	99 (53.2)	2.5 (1.6, 5.1)	180	76 (42.2)	104 (57.8)	2.6 (1.8, 5.7)	1.060 (0.779, 1.443)	0.7328		
Unfavorable	19	5 (26.3)	14 (73.7)	17.8 (1.3, NE)	26	15 (57.7)	11 (42.3)	1.6 (0.7, 5.1)	0.263 (0.084, 0.820)	0.0148		
Unknown	35	13 (37.1)	22 (62.9)	3.5 (2.0, NE)	30	17 (56.7)	13 (43.3)	2.6 (1.0, 5.7)	0.655 (0.317, 1.355)	0.2434		

N: number of subjects in analysis set; n: number of subjects in subgroup category with complete PRO baseline; %: proportion of number of subjects in n; CI: confidence interval; NE: not estimable. PRO: Patient Reported Outcome. A Minimal Clinically Important Difference of 10 is considered in this table. [a] Median time to first event is from Kaplan-Meier estimate. Confidence Interval for median was computed using the Brookmeyer-Crowley method. [b] Hazard ratio is from unstratified Cox proportional hazards model with treatment as the only categorical variable in the model. Confidence limits are based on the Wald test. [c] Two-sided p-value from unstratified log-rank test. [d] Two-sided interaction p-value is for the interaction term from unstratified Cox proportional hazards model with treatment, subgroup, and treatment-by-subgroup interaction as categorical variables in the model. The p-value is based on the Wald test.
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 Run date: 15NOV2023 – 13:11; Program name: .sas; Output name: DE_T_2_20_4_QLQC30_FI_SUB_PRO_ITT.rtf

Medizinischer Nutzen, medizinischer Zusatznutzen, Patientengruppen mit therap. bedeutsamem Zusatznutzen

Daiichi Sankyo | Data Intelligence – Evidence Generation | AC220-A-U302 QUANTUM-First (DCO 13 Aug 2021) | Statistical analyses for AMNOG (HTA Germany)
 Table 2.20.4 EORTC QLQ-C30 - First Improvement - Time-to-event analysis - subgroup analysis - DCO 13-Aug-2021 - PRO Intent to Treat Analysis Set

Functional Scales - Emotional Functioning

Subgroup	n	Quizartinib (N=254)			Placebo (N=255)			Quizartinib vs Placebo		Interaction P-value [d]
		No. of subjects with events (%)	No. of subjects censored (%)	Median (95 % CI) [a]	n	No. of subjects with events (%)	No. of subjects censored (%)	Median (95 % CI) [a]	Hazard Ratio (95 % CI) [b]	
ECOG Performance Status at Baseline										0.3870
0 - Fully Active	82	40 (48.8)	42 (51.2)	2.6 (1.8, 11.8)	92	42 (45.7)	50 (54.3)	3.1 (2.0, 5.5)	1.101 (0.713, 1.698)	0.6767
1 - Restricted in Physically Strenuous Activity	126	57 (45.2)	69 (54.8)	2.1 (1.3, 11.8)	126	60 (47.6)	66 (52.4)	1.9 (1.3, 5.7)	0.931 (0.648, 1.339)	0.6486
2 - Ambulatory and Capable of All Selfcare	44	15 (34.1)	29 (65.9)	8.8 (1.7, NE)	34	15 (44.1)	19 (55.9)	1.6 (0.7, NE)	0.543 (0.252, 1.170)	0.1087

N: number of subjects in analysis set; n: number of subjects in subgroup category with complete PRO baseline; %: proportion of number of subjects in n; CI: confidence interval; NE: not estimable. PRO: Patient Reported Outcome. A Minimal Clinically Important Difference of 10 is considered in this table.
 [a] Median time to first event is from Kaplan-Meier estimate. Confidence Interval for median was computed using the Brookmeyer-Crowley method.
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Subgroup	n	Quizartinib (N=254)				Placebo (N=255)				Quizartinib vs Placebo		Interaction P-value [d]
		No. of subjects with events (%)	No. of subjects censored (%)	Median (95 % CI) [a]	n	No. of subjects with events (%)	No. of subjects censored (%)	Median (95 % CI) [a]	Hazard Ratio (95 % CI) [b]	Unstratified log-rank p-value [c]		
FLT3-ITD category at Baseline												0.5011
≥3 to ≤25%	88	35 (39.8)	53 (60.2)	4.6 (2.1, 24.3)	92	43 (46.7)	49 (53.3)	2.6 (1.6, 5.7)	0.832 (0.532, 1.302)	0.3891		
>25% to ≤50%	135	61 (45.2)	74 (54.8)	2.3 (1.3, 11.3)	128	62 (48.4)	66 (51.6)	2.3 (1.5, 3.1)	0.929 (0.651, 1.325)	0.6464		
>50%	28	16 (57.1)	12 (42.9)	2.0 (0.7, 8.9)	33	12 (36.4)	21 (63.6)	5.1 (1.3, NE)	1.302 (0.608, 2.787)	0.4776		

N: number of subjects in analysis set; n: number of subjects in subgroup category with complete PRO baseline; %: proportion of number of subjects in n; CI: confidence interval; NE: not estimable. PRO: Patient Reported Outcome. A Minimal Clinically Important Difference of 10 is considered in this table.
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Functional Scales - Emotional Functioning

Subgroup	n	Quizartinib (N=254)				Placebo (N=255)				Quizartinib vs Placebo		Interaction P-value [d]
		No. of subjects with events (%)	No. of subjects censored (%)	Median (95 % CI) [a]	n	No. of subjects with events (%)	No. of subjects censored (%)	Median (95 % CI) [a]	Hazard Ratio (95 % CI) [b]	Unstratified log-rank p-value [c]		
AML with Mutated NPM1											0.6902	
Yes	130	62 (47.7)	68 (52.3)	2.5 (1.5, 8.9)	131	68 (51.9)	63 (48.1)	2.1 (1.5, 5.5)	0.968 (0.685, 1.367)	0.7923		
No	112	45 (40.2)	67 (59.8)	2.9 (2.0, 18.9)	111	44 (39.6)	67 (60.4)	2.3 (1.6, 5.7)	0.842 (0.555, 1.279)	0.4149		

N: number of subjects in analysis set; n: number of subjects in subgroup category with complete PRO baseline; %: proportion of number of subjects in n; CI: confidence interval; NE: not estimable. PRO: Patient Reported Outcome. A Minimal Clinically Important Difference of 10 is considered in this table.
 [a] Median time to first event is from Kaplan-Meier estimate. Confidence Interval for median was computed using the Brookmeyer-Crowley method.
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Functional Scales - Emotional Functioning

Subgroup	n	Quizartinib (N=254)				Placebo (N=255)				Quizartinib vs Placebo		Interaction P-value [d]
		No. of subjects with events (%)	No. of subjects censored (%)	Median (95 % CI) [a]	n	No. of subjects with events (%)	No. of subjects censored (%)	Median (95 % CI) [a]	Hazard Ratio (95 % CI) [b]	Unstratified log-rank p-value [c]		
Age by 2 categories											0.6881	
≤60	157	75 (47.8)	82 (52.2)	2.5 (1.7, 11.3)	154	71 (46.1)	83 (53.9)	2.1 (1.5, 4.1)	0.905 (0.653, 1.254)	0.5021		
>60	95	37 (38.9)	58 (61.1)	2.7 (1.3, 11.8)	99	46 (46.5)	53 (53.5)	2.6 (1.6, 5.7)	0.999 (0.648, 1.541)	0.9787		

N: number of subjects in analysis set; n: number of subjects in subgroup category with complete PRO baseline; %: proportion of number of subjects in n; CI: confidence interval; NE: not estimable. PRO: Patient Reported Outcome. A Minimal Clinically Important Difference of 10 is considered in this table.
 [a] Median time to first event is from Kaplan-Meier estimate. Confidence Interval for median was computed using the Brookmeyer-Crowley method.
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Functional Scales - Cognitive Functioning

Subgroup	n	Quizartinib (N=254)				Placebo (N=255)				Quizartinib vs Placebo		Interaction P-value [d]
		No. of subjects with events (%)	No. of subjects censored (%)	Median (95 % CI) [a]	n	No. of subjects with events (%)	No. of subjects censored (%)	Median (95 % CI) [a]	Hazard Ratio (95 % CI) [b]	Unstratified log-rank p-value [c]		
Pooled Age Group 2											0.3018	
<60	152	66 (43.4)	86 (56.6)	3.2 (1.6, 24.3)	151	53 (35.1)	98 (64.9)	16.1 (2.5, NE)	1.270 (0.885, 1.824)	0.2004		
≥60 - <65	36	16 (44.4)	20 (55.6)	5.0 (0.7, NE)	43	13 (30.2)	30 (69.8)	25.5 (4.1, NE)	1.613 (0.774, 3.362)	0.2063		
≥65	64	17 (26.6)	47 (73.4)	NE (1.7, NE)	59	21 (35.6)	38 (64.4)	15.2 (1.1, NE)	0.788 (0.415, 1.496)	0.4584		

N: number of subjects in analysis set; n: number of subjects in subgroup category with complete PRO baseline; %: proportion of number of subjects in n; CI: confidence interval; NE: not estimable. PRO: Patient Reported Outcome. A Minimal Clinically Important Difference of 10 is considered in this table.
 [a] Median time to first event is from Kaplan-Meier estimate. Confidence Interval for median was computed using the Brookmeyer-Crowley method.
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Functional Scales - Cognitive Functioning

Subgroup	n	Quizartinib (N=254)				Placebo (N=255)			Quizartinib vs Placebo		Interaction P-value [d]
		No. of subjects with events (%)	No. of subjects censored (%)	Median (95 % CI) [a]	n	No. of subjects with events (%)	No. of subjects censored (%)	Median (95 % CI) [a]	Hazard Ratio (95 % CI) [b]	Unstratified log-rank p-value [c]	
Sex											0.8184
Male	120	40 (33.3)	80 (66.7)	NE (1.7, NE)	109	30 (27.5)	79 (72.5)	NE (6.7, NE)	1.265 (0.787, 2.032)	0.3481	
Female	132	59 (44.7)	73 (55.3)	2.1 (1.6, 19.6)	144	57 (39.6)	87 (60.4)	6.1 (2.1, NE)	1.194 (0.829, 1.718)	0.3460	

N: number of subjects in analysis set; n: number of subjects in subgroup category with complete PRO baseline; %: proportion of number of subjects in n; CI: confidence interval; NE: not estimable. PRO: Patient Reported Outcome. A Minimal Clinically Important Difference of 10 is considered in this table.
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Functional Scales - Cognitive Functioning

Subgroup	n	Quizartinib (N=254)			n	Placebo (N=255)			Quizartinib vs Placebo		Interaction P-value [d]
		No. of subjects with events (%)	No. of subjects censored (%)	Median (95 % CI) [a]		No. of subjects with events (%)	No. of subjects censored (%)	Median (95 % CI) [a]	Hazard Ratio (95 % CI) [b]	Unstratified log-rank p-value [c]	
Race by 2 categories											0.5631
White	150	62 (41.3)	88 (58.7)	5.0 (1.7, NE)	151	51 (33.8)	100 (66.2)	16.1 (2.9, NE)	1.298 (0.896, 1.880)	0.1740	
Non-white	102	37 (36.3)	65 (63.7)	4.6 (1.6, NE)	102	36 (35.3)	66 (64.7)	25.5 (2.8, NE)	1.086 (0.686, 1.718)	0.7451	

N: number of subjects in analysis set; n: number of subjects in subgroup category with complete PRO baseline; %: proportion of number of subjects in n; CI: confidence interval; NE: not estimable. PRO: Patient Reported Outcome. A Minimal Clinically Important Difference of 10 is considered in this table.
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		No. of subjects with events (%)	No. of subjects censored (%)	Median (95 % CI) [a]	n	No. of subjects with events (%)	No. of subjects censored (%)	Median (95 % CI) [a]	Hazard Ratio (95 % CI) [b]	
Geographic Region 1										0.2373
North America	16	7 (43.8)	9 (56.3)	1.6 (0.7, NE)	16	5 (31.3)	11 (68.8)	NE (1.7, NE)	3.050 (0.956, 9.733)	0.0481
Europe	150	58 (38.7)	92 (61.3)	6.0 (1.8, NE)	150	47 (31.3)	103 (68.7)	NE (5.7, NE)	1.263 (0.859, 1.855)	0.2398
Asia/Other Regions	86	34 (39.5)	52 (60.5)	3.8 (1.6, NE)	87	35 (40.2)	52 (59.8)	5.1 (1.6, NE)	0.979 (0.610, 1.571)	0.8934

N: number of subjects in analysis set; n: number of subjects in subgroup category with complete PRO baseline; %: proportion of number of subjects in n; CI: confidence interval; NE: not estimable. PRO: Patient Reported Outcome. A Minimal Clinically Important Difference of 10 is considered in this table.
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Subgroup	n	Quizartinib (N=254)				Placebo (N=255)				Quizartinib vs Placebo		Interaction P-value [d]
		No. of subjects with events (%)	No. of subjects censored (%)	Median (95 % CI) [a]	n	No. of subjects with events (%)	No. of subjects censored (%)	Median (95 % CI) [a]	Hazard Ratio (95 % CI) [b]	Unstratified log-rank p-value [c]		
WBC at initial diagnosis												0.6984
< 40x10 ⁹ /L	128	46 (35.9)	82 (64.1)	19.6 (2.3, NE)	125	42 (33.6)	83 (66.4)	NE (5.1, NE)	1.260 (0.829, 1.915)	0.2836		
≥ 40x10 ⁹ /L	124	53 (42.7)	71 (57.3)	1.8 (1.4, NE)	128	45 (35.2)	83 (64.8)	11.5 (1.8, NE)	1.145 (0.769, 1.704)	0.5151		

N: number of subjects in analysis set; n: number of subjects in subgroup category with complete PRO baseline; %: proportion of number of subjects in n; CI: confidence interval; NE: not estimable. PRO: Patient Reported Outcome. A Minimal Clinically Important Difference of 10 is considered in this table. [a] Median time to first event is from Kaplan-Meier estimate. Confidence Interval for median was computed using the Brookmeyer-Crowley method. [b] Hazard ratio is from unstratified Cox proportional hazards model with treatment as the only categorical variable in the model. Confidence limits are based on the Wald test. [c] Two-sided p-value from unstratified log-rank test. [d] Two-sided interaction p-value is for the interaction term from unstratified Cox proportional hazards model with treatment, subgroup, and treatment-by-subgroup interaction as categorical variables in the model. The p-value is based on the Wald test.
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Subgroup	n	Quizartinib (N=254)			n	Placebo (N=255)			Quizartinib vs Placebo		Interaction P-value [d]
		No. of subjects with events (%)	No. of subjects censored (%)	Median (95 % CI) [a]		No. of subjects with events (%)	No. of subjects censored (%)	Median (95 % CI) [a]	Hazard Ratio (95 % CI) [b]	Unstratified log-rank p-value [c]	
Choice of Anthracycline											0.8461
Daunorubicin	116	42 (36.2)	74 (63.8)	6.0 (1.6, NE)	90	32 (35.6)	58 (64.4)	6.7 (1.9, NE)	1.159 (0.731, 1.838)	0.5637	
Idarubicin	136	57 (41.9)	79 (58.1)	4.6 (1.6, NE)	161	55 (34.2)	106 (65.8)	25.5 (5.1, NE)	1.221 (0.843, 1.768)	0.2889	

N: number of subjects in analysis set; n: number of subjects in subgroup category with complete PRO baseline; %: proportion of number of subjects in n; CI: confidence interval; NE: not estimable. PRO: Patient Reported Outcome. A Minimal Clinically Important Difference of 10 is considered in this table.
 [a] Median time to first event is from Kaplan-Meier estimate. Confidence Interval for median was computed using the Brookmeyer-Crowley method.
 [b] Hazard ratio is from unstratified Cox proportional hazards model with treatment as the only categorical variable in the model. Confidence limits are based on the Wald test.
 [c] Two-sided p-value from unstratified log-rank test.
 [d] Two-sided interaction p-value is for the interaction term from unstratified Cox proportional hazards model with treatment, subgroup, and treatment-by-subgroup interaction as categorical variables in the model. The p-value is based on the Wald test.
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 Run date: 15NOV2023 – 13:11; Program name: .sas; Output name: DE_T_2_20_4_QLQC30_FI_SUB_PRO_ITT.rtf

Medizinischer Nutzen, medizinischer Zusatznutzen, Patientengruppen mit therap. bedeutsamem Zusatznutzen

Daiichi Sankyo | Data Intelligence – Evidence Generation | AC220-A-U302 QUANTUM-First (DCO 13 Aug 2021) | Statistical analyses for AMNOG (HTA Germany)
 Table 2.20.4 EORTC QLQ-C30 - First Improvement - Time-to-event analysis - subgroup analysis - DCO 13-Aug-2021 - PRO Intent to Treat Analysis Set

Functional Scales - Cognitive Functioning

Subgroup	n	Quizartinib (N=254)				Placebo (N=255)				Quizartinib vs Placebo		Interaction P-value [d]
		No. of subjects with events (%)	No. of subjects censored (%)	Median (95 % CI) [a]	n	No. of subjects with events (%)	No. of subjects censored (%)	Median (95 % CI) [a]	Hazard Ratio (95 % CI) [b]	Unstratified log-rank p-value [c]		
AML Cytogenetic Risk Score											0.4850	
Favorable	12	6 (50.0)	6 (50.0)	1.6 (0.7, NE)	16	7 (43.8)	9 (56.3)	16.1 (1.6, NE)	1.687 (0.561, 5.072)	0.3674		
Intermediate	186	75 (40.3)	111 (59.7)	2.3 (1.6, NE)	180	54 (30.0)	126 (70.0)	NE (5.7, NE)	1.384 (0.975, 1.963)	0.0720		
Unfavorable	19	7 (36.8)	12 (63.2)	19.6 (0.7, NE)	26	14 (53.8)	12 (46.2)	1.3 (0.7, NE)	0.591 (0.212, 1.644)	0.3000		
Unknown	35	11 (31.4)	24 (68.6)	6.0 (4.6, NE)	30	11 (36.7)	19 (63.3)	15.2 (1.2, NE)	0.924 (0.399, 2.138)	0.8581		

N: number of subjects in analysis set; n: number of subjects in subgroup category with complete PRO baseline; %: proportion of number of subjects in n; CI: confidence interval; NE: not estimable. PRO: Patient Reported Outcome. A Minimal Clinically Important Difference of 10 is considered in this table. [a] Median time to first event is from Kaplan-Meier estimate. Confidence Interval for median was computed using the Brookmeyer-Crowley method. [b] Hazard ratio is from unstratified Cox proportional hazards model with treatment as the only categorical variable in the model. Confidence limits are based on the Wald test. [c] Two-sided p-value from unstratified log-rank test. [d] Two-sided interaction p-value is for the interaction term from unstratified Cox proportional hazards model with treatment, subgroup, and treatment-by-subgroup interaction as categorical variables in the model. The p-value is based on the Wald test.
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Medizinischer Nutzen, medizinischer Zusatznutzen, Patientengruppen mit therap. bedeutsamem Zusatznutzen

Daiichi Sankyo | Data Intelligence – Evidence Generation | AC220-A-U302 QUANTUM-First (DCO 13 Aug 2021) | Statistical analyses for AMNOG (HTA Germany)
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Functional Scales - Cognitive Functioning

Subgroup	n	Quizartinib (N=254)			n	Placebo (N=255)			Quizartinib vs Placebo		Interaction P-value [d]
		No. of subjects with events (%)	No. of subjects censored (%)	Median (95 % CI) [a]		No. of subjects with events (%)	No. of subjects censored (%)	Median (95 % CI) [a]	Hazard Ratio (95 % CI) [b]	Unstratified log-rank p-value [c]	
ECOG Performance Status at Baseline											0.5595
0 - Fully Active	82	31 (37.8)	51 (62.2)	19.6 (1.8, NE)	92	25 (27.2)	67 (72.8)	NE (15.2, NE)	1.471 (0.868, 2.493)	0.1504	
1 - Restricted in Physically Strenuous Activity	126	49 (38.9)	77 (61.1)	5.0 (1.6, NE)	126	48 (38.1)	78 (61.9)	6.7 (2.1, NE)	1.046 (0.702, 1.557)	0.8475	
2 - Ambulatory and Capable of All Selfcare	44	19 (43.2)	25 (56.8)	1.4 (0.8, NE)	34	14 (41.2)	20 (58.8)	5.7 (0.7, NE)	1.135 (0.568, 2.270)	0.7316	

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Daiichi Sankyo | Data Intelligence – Evidence Generation | AC220-A-U302 QUANTUM-First (DCO 13 Aug 2021) | Statistical analyses for AMNOG (HTA Germany)
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Functional Scales - Cognitive Functioning

Subgroup	n	Quizartinib (N=254)			n	Placebo (N=255)			Quizartinib vs Placebo		Interaction	
		No. of subjects with events (%)	No. of subjects censored (%)	Median (95 % CI) [a]		No. of subjects with events (%)	No. of subjects censored (%)	Median (95 % CI) [a]	Hazard Ratio (95 % CI) [b]	Unstratified log-rank p-value [c]	P-value [d]	
FLT3-ITD category at Baseline											0.3073	
≥3 to ≤25%	88	28 (31.8)	60 (68.2)	24.3 (3.8, NE)	92	27 (29.3)	65 (70.7)	NE (4.1, NE)	1.272 (0.749, 2.159)	0.3969		
>25% to ≤50%	135	54 (40.0)	81 (60.0)	4.6 (1.6, NE)	128	49 (38.3)	79 (61.7)	11.5 (2.1, NE)	1.020 (0.693, 1.502)	0.9180		
>50%	28	17 (60.7)	11 (39.3)	1.4 (0.8, 2.9)	33	11 (33.3)	22 (66.7)	5.1 (1.6, NE)	2.134 (0.997, 4.568)	0.0463		

N: number of subjects in analysis set; n: number of subjects in subgroup category with complete PRO baseline; %: proportion of number of subjects in n; CI: confidence interval; NE: not estimable. PRO: Patient Reported Outcome. A Minimal Clinically Important Difference of 10 is considered in this table.
 [a] Median time to first event is from Kaplan-Meier estimate. Confidence Interval for median was computed using the Brookmeyer-Crowley method.
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Functional Scales - Cognitive Functioning

Subgroup	n	Quizartinib (N=254)				Placebo (N=255)				Quizartinib vs Placebo		Interaction P-value [d]
		No. of subjects with events (%)	No. of subjects censored (%)	Median (95 % CI) [a]	n	No. of subjects with events (%)	No. of subjects censored (%)	Median (95 % CI) [a]	Hazard Ratio (95 % CI) [b]	Unstratified log-rank p-value [c]		
AML with Mutated NPM1											0.8436	
Yes	130	54 (41.5)	76 (58.5)	3.2 (1.6, NE)	131	48 (36.6)	83 (63.4)	16.1 (5.7, NE)	1.268 (0.859, 1.871)	0.2481		
No	112	42 (37.5)	70 (62.5)	5.1 (1.8, 24.3)	111	33 (29.7)	78 (70.3)	NE (1.6, NE)	1.192 (0.756, 1.882)	0.4425		

N: number of subjects in analysis set; n: number of subjects in subgroup category with complete PRO baseline; %: proportion of number of subjects in n; CI: confidence interval; NE: not estimable. PRO: Patient Reported Outcome. A Minimal Clinically Important Difference of 10 is considered in this table. [a] Median time to first event is from Kaplan-Meier estimate. Confidence Interval for median was computed using the Brookmeyer-Crowley method. [b] Hazard ratio is from unstratified Cox proportional hazards model with treatment as the only categorical variable in the model. Confidence limits are based on the Wald test. [c] Two-sided p-value from unstratified log-rank test. [d] Two-sided interaction p-value is for the interaction term from unstratified Cox proportional hazards model with treatment, subgroup, and treatment-by-subgroup interaction as categorical variables in the model. The p-value is based on the Wald test.
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Daiichi Sankyo | Data Intelligence – Evidence Generation | AC220-A-U302 QUANTUM-First (DCO 13 Aug 2021) | Statistical analyses for AMNOG (HTA Germany)
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Functional Scales - Cognitive Functioning

Subgroup	n	Quizartinib (N=254)				Placebo (N=255)				Quizartinib vs Placebo		Interaction P-value [d]
		No. of subjects with events (%)	No. of subjects censored (%)	Median (95 % CI) [a]	n	No. of subjects with events (%)	No. of subjects censored (%)	Median (95 % CI) [a]	Hazard Ratio (95 % CI) [b]	Unstratified log-rank p-value [c]		
Age by 2 categories											0.4893	
≤60	157	68 (43.3)	89 (56.7)	3.2 (1.6, 24.3)	154	53 (34.4)	101 (65.6)	16.1 (2.5, NE)	1.292 (0.902, 1.850)	0.1684		
>60	95	31 (32.6)	64 (67.4)	NE (1.6, NE)	99	34 (34.3)	65 (65.7)	15.2 (3.6, NE)	1.038 (0.637, 1.690)	0.8953		

N: number of subjects in analysis set; n: number of subjects in subgroup category with complete PRO baseline; %: proportion of number of subjects in n; CI: confidence interval; NE: not estimable. PRO: Patient Reported Outcome. A Minimal Clinically Important Difference of 10 is considered in this table.
 [a] Median time to first event is from Kaplan-Meier estimate. Confidence Interval for median was computed using the Brookmeyer-Crowley method.
 [b] Hazard ratio is from unstratified Cox proportional hazards model with treatment as the only categorical variable in the model. Confidence limits are based on the Wald test.
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Daiichi Sankyo | Data Intelligence – Evidence Generation | AC220-A-U302 QUANTUM-First (DCO 13 Aug 2021) | Statistical analyses for AMNOG (HTA Germany)
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Functional Scales - Social Functioning

Subgroup	n	Quizartinib (N=254)				Placebo (N=255)				Quizartinib vs Placebo		Interaction
		No. of subjects with events (%)	No. of subjects censored (%)	Median (95 % CI) [a]	n	No. of subjects with events (%)	No. of subjects censored (%)	Median (95 % CI) [a]	Hazard Ratio (95 % CI) [b]	Unstratified log-rank p-value [c]	P-value [d]	
Pooled Age Group 2											0.9009	
<60	151	85 (56.3)	66 (43.7)	1.9 (1.1, 4.3)	151	80 (53.0)	71 (47.0)	1.7 (1.5, 2.8)	0.976 (0.718, 1.326)	0.8186		
≥60 - <65	36	17 (47.2)	19 (52.8)	2.3 (0.8, 12.9)	43	21 (48.8)	22 (51.2)	3.2 (1.1, 9.6)	1.089 (0.574, 2.069)	0.8008		
≥65	64	23 (35.9)	41 (64.1)	2.6 (1.5, NE)	59	29 (49.2)	30 (50.8)	2.0 (1.2, 15.2)	0.870 (0.502, 1.507)	0.6104		

N: number of subjects in analysis set; n: number of subjects in subgroup category with complete PRO baseline; %: proportion of number of subjects in n; CI: confidence interval; NE: not estimable. PRO: Patient Reported Outcome. A Minimal Clinically Important Difference of 10 is considered in this table.
 [a] Median time to first event is from Kaplan-Meier estimate. Confidence Interval for median was computed using the Brookmeyer-Crowley method.
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 [c] Two-sided p-value from unstratified log-rank test.
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Functional Scales - Social Functioning

Subgroup	n	Quizartinib (N=254)			n	Placebo (N=255)			Quizartinib vs Placebo		Interaction P-value [d]
		No. of subjects with events (%)	No. of subjects censored (%)	Median (95 % CI) [a]		No. of subjects with events (%)	No. of subjects censored (%)	Median (95 % CI) [a]	Hazard Ratio (95 % CI) [b]	Unstratified log-rank p-value [c]	
Sex											0.1447
Male	119	61 (51.3)	58 (48.7)	1.6 (0.8, 2.1)	109	50 (45.9)	59 (54.1)	2.5 (1.5, 5.7)	1.234 (0.848, 1.794)	0.2960	
Female	132	64 (48.5)	68 (51.5)	3.9 (1.7, 8.2)	144	80 (55.6)	64 (44.4)	1.7 (1.5, 2.6)	0.849 (0.610, 1.180)	0.3218	

N: number of subjects in analysis set; n: number of subjects in subgroup category with complete PRO baseline; %: proportion of number of subjects in n; CI: confidence interval; NE: not estimable. PRO: Patient Reported Outcome. A Minimal Clinically Important Difference of 10 is considered in this table.
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Functional Scales - Social Functioning

Subgroup	n	Quizartinib (N=254)			Placebo (N=255)			Quizartinib vs Placebo		Interaction P-value [d]
		No. of subjects with events (%)	No. of subjects censored (%)	Median (95 % CI) [a]	n	No. of subjects with events (%)	No. of subjects censored (%)	Median (95 % CI) [a]	Hazard Ratio (95 % CI) [b]	
Race by 2 categories										0.3026
White	149	76 (51.0)	73 (49.0)	2.1 (1.3, 6.0)	151	82 (54.3)	69 (45.7)	1.7 (1.4, 2.6)	0.894 (0.653, 1.223)	0.4658
Non-white	102	49 (48.0)	53 (52.0)	1.9 (1.3, 3.9)	102	48 (47.1)	54 (52.9)	2.6 (1.6, 6.9)	1.185 (0.794, 1.768)	0.4435

N: number of subjects in analysis set; n: number of subjects in subgroup category with complete PRO baseline; %: proportion of number of subjects in n; CI: confidence interval; NE: not estimable. PRO: Patient Reported Outcome. A Minimal Clinically Important Difference of 10 is considered in this table.
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Daiichi Sankyo | Data Intelligence – Evidence Generation | AC220-A-U302 QUANTUM-First (DCO 13 Aug 2021) | Statistical analyses for AMNOG (HTA Germany)
 Table 2.20.4 EORTC QLQ-C30 - First Improvement - Time-to-event analysis - subgroup analysis - DCO 13-Aug-2021 - PRO Intent to Treat Analysis Set

Functional Scales - Social Functioning

Subgroup	n	Quizartinib (N=254)			Placebo (N=255)			Quizartinib vs Placebo		Interaction P-value [d]
		No. of subjects with events (%)	No. of subjects censored (%)	Median (95 % CI) [a]	n	No. of subjects with events (%)	No. of subjects censored (%)	Median (95 % CI) [a]	Hazard Ratio (95 % CI) [b]	
Geographic Region 1										0.4176
North America	16	6 (37.5)	10 (62.5)	2.0 (0.7, NE)	16	13 (81.3)	3 (18.8)	1.6 (0.7, 2.0)	0.761 (0.288, 2.013)	0.5744
Europe	149	72 (48.3)	77 (51.7)	3.8 (1.4, 7.4)	150	76 (50.7)	74 (49.3)	1.9 (1.4, 3.2)	0.914 (0.662, 1.263)	0.5822
Asia/Other Regions	86	47 (54.7)	39 (45.3)	1.7 (0.8, 2.9)	87	41 (47.1)	46 (52.9)	2.1 (1.6, 6.9)	1.259 (0.826, 1.920)	0.3166

N: number of subjects in analysis set; n: number of subjects in subgroup category with complete PRO baseline; %: proportion of number of subjects in n; CI: confidence interval; NE: not estimable. PRO: Patient Reported Outcome. A Minimal Clinically Important Difference of 10 is considered in this table. [a] Median time to first event is from Kaplan-Meier estimate. Confidence Interval for median was computed using the Brookmeyer-Crowley method. [b] Hazard ratio is from unstratified Cox proportional hazards model with treatment as the only categorical variable in the model. Confidence limits are based on the Wald test. [c] Two-sided p-value from unstratified log-rank test. [d] Two-sided interaction p-value is for the interaction term from unstratified Cox proportional hazards model with treatment, subgroup, and treatment-by-subgroup interaction as categorical variables in the model. The p-value is based on the Wald test.
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Functional Scales - Social Functioning

Subgroup	n	Quizartinib (N=254)			n	Placebo (N=255)			Quizartinib vs Placebo		Interaction P-value [d]
		No. of subjects with events (%)	No. of subjects censored (%)	Median (95 % CI) [a]		No. of subjects with events (%)	No. of subjects censored (%)	Median (95 % CI) [a]	Hazard Ratio (95 % CI) [b]	Unstratified log-rank p-value [c]	
WBC at initial diagnosis											0.5390
< 40x10 ⁹ /L	127	59 (46.5)	68 (53.5)	2.1 (1.5, 6.0)	125	71 (56.8)	54 (43.2)	1.8 (1.6, 3.0)	0.915 (0.647, 1.293)	0.6040	
≥ 40x10 ⁹ /L	124	66 (53.2)	58 (46.8)	1.9 (0.8, 4.8)	128	59 (46.1)	69 (53.9)	1.9 (1.5, 3.4)	1.090 (0.766, 1.552)	0.6650	

N: number of subjects in analysis set; n: number of subjects in subgroup category with complete PRO baseline; %: proportion of number of subjects in n; CI: confidence interval; NE: not estimable. PRO: Patient Reported Outcome. A Minimal Clinically Important Difference of 10 is considered in this table. [a] Median time to first event is from Kaplan-Meier estimate. Confidence Interval for median was computed using the Brookmeyer-Crowley method. [b] Hazard ratio is from unstratified Cox proportional hazards model with treatment as the only categorical variable in the model. Confidence limits are based on the Wald test. [c] Two-sided p-value from unstratified log-rank test. [d] Two-sided interaction p-value is for the interaction term from unstratified Cox proportional hazards model with treatment, subgroup, and treatment-by-subgroup interaction as categorical variables in the model. The p-value is based on the Wald test.
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 Run date: 15NOV2023 – 13:11; Program name: .sas; Output name: DE_T_2_20_4_QLQC30_FI_SUB_PRO_ITT.rtf

Medizinischer Nutzen, medizinischer Zusatznutzen, Patientengruppen mit therap. bedeutsamem Zusatznutzen

Daiichi Sankyo | Data Intelligence – Evidence Generation | AC220-A-U302 QUANTUM-First (DCO 13 Aug 2021) | Statistical analyses for AMNOG (HTA Germany)
 Table 2.20.4 EORTC QLQ-C30 - First Improvement - Time-to-event analysis - subgroup analysis - DCO 13-Aug-2021 - PRO Intent to Treat Analysis Set

Functional Scales - Social Functioning

Subgroup	n	Quizartinib (N=254)			n	Placebo (N=255)			Quizartinib vs Placebo		Interaction P-value [d]
		No. of subjects with events (%)	No. of subjects censored (%)	Median (95 % CI) [a]		No. of subjects with events (%)	No. of subjects censored (%)	Median (95 % CI) [a]	Hazard Ratio (95 % CI) [b]	Unstratified log-rank p-value [c]	
Choice of Anthracycline											0.0111
Daunorubicin	116	55 (47.4)	61 (52.6)	5.6 (1.1, 8.2)	90	53 (58.9)	37 (41.1)	1.5 (0.8, 1.7)	0.630 (0.427, 0.931)	0.0170	
Idarubicin	135	70 (51.9)	65 (48.1)	1.7 (1.4, 2.6)	161	75 (46.6)	86 (53.4)	2.6 (1.7, 6.1)	1.264 (0.912, 1.751)	0.1705	

N: number of subjects in analysis set; n: number of subjects in subgroup category with complete PRO baseline; %: proportion of number of subjects in n; CI: confidence interval; NE: not estimable. PRO: Patient Reported Outcome. A Minimal Clinically Important Difference of 10 is considered in this table.
 [a] Median time to first event is from Kaplan-Meier estimate. Confidence Interval for median was computed using the Brookmeyer-Crowley method.
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 [c] Two-sided p-value from unstratified log-rank test.
 [d] Two-sided interaction p-value is for the interaction term from unstratified Cox proportional hazards model with treatment, subgroup, and treatment-by-subgroup interaction as categorical variables in the model. The p-value is based on the Wald test.
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Subgroup	n	Quizartinib (N=254)			n	Placebo (N=255)			Quizartinib vs Placebo		Interaction P-value [d]
		No. of subjects with events (%)	No. of subjects censored (%)	Median (95 % CI) [a]		No. of subjects with events (%)	No. of subjects censored (%)	Median (95 % CI) [a]	Hazard Ratio (95 % CI) [b]	Unstratified log-rank p-value [c]	
AML Cytogenetic Risk Score											0.9522
Favorable	12	5 (41.7)	7 (58.3)	6.5 (0.7, NE)	16	11 (68.8)	5 (31.3)	2.5 (1.6, 15.6)	0.703 (0.240, 2.057)	0.5024	
Intermediate	185	98 (53.0)	87 (47.0)	1.8 (1.4, 2.6)	180	91 (50.6)	89 (49.4)	1.6 (1.3, 2.6)	1.001 (0.752, 1.332)	0.9690	
Unfavorable	19	8 (42.1)	11 (57.9)	1.3 (0.7, NE)	26	14 (53.8)	12 (46.2)	1.6 (0.7, 7.1)	1.099 (0.460, 2.626)	0.8125	
Unknown	35	14 (40.0)	21 (60.0)	8.2 (1.1, NE)	30	13 (43.3)	17 (56.7)	4.2 (1.5, NE)	1.039 (0.485, 2.226)	0.9286	

N: number of subjects in analysis set; n: number of subjects in subgroup category with complete PRO baseline; %: proportion of number of subjects in n; CI: confidence interval; NE: not estimable. PRO: Patient Reported Outcome. A Minimal Clinically Important Difference of 10 is considered in this table. [a] Median time to first event is from Kaplan-Meier estimate. Confidence Interval for median was computed using the Brookmeyer-Crowley method. [b] Hazard ratio is from unstratified Cox proportional hazards model with treatment as the only categorical variable in the model. Confidence limits are based on the Wald test. [c] Two-sided p-value from unstratified log-rank test. [d] Two-sided interaction p-value is for the interaction term from unstratified Cox proportional hazards model with treatment, subgroup, and treatment-by-subgroup interaction as categorical variables in the model. The p-value is based on the Wald test.
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Functional Scales - Social Functioning

Subgroup	n	Quizartinib (N=254)			n	Placebo (N=255)			Quizartinib vs Placebo		Interaction P-value [d]
		No. of subjects with events (%)	No. of subjects censored (%)	Median (95 % CI) [a]		No. of subjects with events (%)	No. of subjects censored (%)	Median (95 % CI) [a]	Hazard Ratio (95 % CI) [b]	Unstratified log-rank p-value [c]	
ECOG Performance Status at Baseline											0.8908
0 - Fully Active	82	43 (52.4)	39 (47.6)	2.3 (1.5, 7.5)	92	50 (54.3)	42 (45.7)	2.0 (1.4, 3.7)	1.024 (0.681, 1.540)	0.9160	
1 - Restricted in Physically Strenuous Activity	126	62 (49.2)	64 (50.8)	2.1 (1.3, 6.5)	126	64 (50.8)	62 (49.2)	1.7 (1.4, 3.0)	0.957 (0.674, 1.358)	0.7754	
2 - Ambulatory and Capable of All Selfcare	43	20 (46.5)	23 (53.5)	1.5 (0.7, 6.5)	34	16 (47.1)	18 (52.9)	2.0 (1.4, 6.9)	1.022 (0.518, 2.018)	0.9995	

N: number of subjects in analysis set; n: number of subjects in subgroup category with complete PRO baseline; %: proportion of number of subjects in n; CI: confidence interval; NE: not estimable. PRO: Patient Reported Outcome. A Minimal Clinically Important Difference of 10 is considered in this table.
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 [c] Two-sided p-value from unstratified log-rank test.
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Functional Scales - Social Functioning

Subgroup	n	Quizartinib (N=254)			Placebo (N=255)			Quizartinib vs Placebo		Interaction P-value [d]
		No. of subjects with events (%)	No. of subjects censored (%)	Median (95 % CI) [a]	n	No. of subjects with events (%)	No. of subjects censored (%)	Median (95 % CI) [a]	Hazard Ratio (95 % CI) [b]	
FLT3-ITD category at Baseline										0.2746
≥3 to ≤25%	87	46 (52.9)	41 (47.1)	1.5 (1.1, 5.6)	92	49 (53.3)	43 (46.7)	2.8 (1.6, 6.6)	1.212 (0.809, 1.814)	0.3464
>25% to ≤50%	135	65 (48.1)	70 (51.9)	2.3 (1.6, 6.0)	128	63 (49.2)	65 (50.8)	2.1 (1.4, 3.7)	1.007 (0.711, 1.425)	0.9683
>50%	28	14 (50.0)	14 (50.0)	2.9 (0.8, NE)	33	18 (54.5)	15 (45.5)	1.6 (0.8, 1.7)	0.580 (0.279, 1.205)	0.1399

N: number of subjects in analysis set; n: number of subjects in subgroup category with complete PRO baseline; %: proportion of number of subjects in n; CI: confidence interval; NE: not estimable. PRO: Patient Reported Outcome. A Minimal Clinically Important Difference of 10 is considered in this table.
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Functional Scales - Social Functioning

Subgroup	n	Quizartinib (N=254)			n	Placebo (N=255)			Quizartinib vs Placebo		Interaction P-value [d]
		No. of subjects with events (%)	No. of subjects censored (%)	Median (95 % CI) [a]		No. of subjects with events (%)	No. of subjects censored (%)	Median (95 % CI) [a]	Hazard Ratio (95 % CI) [b]	Unstratified log-rank p-value [c]	
AML with Mutated NPM1											0.1338
Yes	130	73 (56.2)	57 (43.8)	2.1 (1.4, 5.6)	131	82 (62.6)	49 (37.4)	1.6 (1.3, 2.1)	0.871 (0.634, 1.196)	0.3593	
No	111	49 (44.1)	62 (55.9)	1.7 (0.8, 2.8)	111	42 (37.8)	69 (62.2)	3.0 (1.8, 8.2)	1.275 (0.844, 1.927)	0.2436	

N: number of subjects in analysis set; n: number of subjects in subgroup category with complete PRO baseline; %: proportion of number of subjects in n; CI: confidence interval; NE: not estimable. PRO: Patient Reported Outcome. A Minimal Clinically Important Difference of 10 is considered in this table.
 [a] Median time to first event is from Kaplan-Meier estimate. Confidence Interval for median was computed using the Brookmeyer-Crowley method.
 [b] Hazard ratio is from unstratified Cox proportional hazards model with treatment as the only categorical variable in the model. Confidence limits are based on the Wald test.
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Functional Scales - Social Functioning

Subgroup	n	Quizartinib (N=254)				Placebo (N=255)			Quizartinib vs Placebo		Interaction P-value [d]
		No. of subjects with events (%)	No. of subjects censored (%)	Median (95 % CI) [a]	n	No. of subjects with events (%)	No. of subjects censored (%)	Median (95 % CI) [a]	Hazard Ratio (95 % CI) [b]	Unstratified log-rank p-value [c]	
Age by 2 categories											0.8877
≤60	156	87 (55.8)	69 (44.2)	1.9 (1.3, 4.3)	154	80 (51.9)	74 (48.1)	1.7 (1.5, 2.8)	0.978 (0.721, 1.327)	0.8347	
>60	95	38 (40.0)	57 (60.0)	2.6 (1.4, 12.9)	99	50 (50.5)	49 (49.5)	2.1 (1.4, 5.7)	0.952 (0.624, 1.454)	0.8127	

N: number of subjects in analysis set; n: number of subjects in subgroup category with complete PRO baseline; %: proportion of number of subjects in n; CI: confidence interval; NE: not estimable. PRO: Patient Reported Outcome. A Minimal Clinically Important Difference of 10 is considered in this table.
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 Table 2.20.4 EORTC QLQ-C30 - First Improvement - Time-to-event analysis - subgroup analysis - DCO 13-Aug-2021 - PRO Intent to Treat Analysis Set

Symptom Scales – Fatigue

Subgroup	n	Quizartinib (N=254)				Placebo (N=255)				Quizartinib vs Placebo		Interaction P-value [d]
		No. of subjects with events (%)	No. of subjects censored (%)	Median (95 % CI) [a]	n	No. of subjects with events (%)	No. of subjects censored (%)	Median (95 % CI) [a]	Hazard Ratio (95 % CI) [b]	Unstratified log-rank p-value [c]		
Pooled Age Group 2											0.6123	
<60	151	109 (72.2)	42 (27.8)	0.7 (0.7, 0.8)	151	107 (70.9)	44 (29.1)	0.7 (0.7, 0.9)	0.984 (0.753, 1.285)	0.8426		
≥60 - <65	36	26 (72.2)	10 (27.8)	0.7 (0.7, 1.3)	42	28 (66.7)	14 (33.3)	1.1 (0.7, 2.0)	1.241 (0.725, 2.123)	0.4677		
≥65	64	34 (53.1)	30 (46.9)	1.5 (1.2, 1.9)	59	37 (62.7)	22 (37.3)	0.9 (0.7, 1.7)	0.847 (0.530, 1.353)	0.4726		

N: number of subjects in analysis set; n: number of subjects in subgroup category with complete PRO baseline; %: proportion of number of subjects in n; CI: confidence interval; NE: not estimable. PRO: Patient Reported Outcome. A Minimal Clinically Important Difference of 10 is considered in this table.
 [a] Median time to first event is from Kaplan-Meier estimate. Confidence Interval for median was computed using the Brookmeyer-Crowley method.
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Symptom Scales – Fatigue

Subgroup	n	Quizartinib (N=254)			n	Placebo (N=255)			Quizartinib vs Placebo		Interaction P-value [d]
		No. of subjects with events (%)	No. of subjects censored (%)	Median (95 % CI) [a]		No. of subjects with events (%)	No. of subjects censored (%)	Median (95 % CI) [a]	Hazard Ratio (95 % CI) [b]	Unstratified log-rank p-value [c]	
Sex											0.9361
Male	119	76 (63.9)	43 (36.1)	0.8 (0.7, 1.3)	108	68 (63.0)	40 (37.0)	0.9 (0.7, 1.5)	1.012 (0.729, 1.405)	0.9799	
Female	132	93 (70.5)	39 (29.5)	0.8 (0.7, 1.3)	144	104 (72.2)	40 (27.8)	0.8 (0.7, 1.0)	0.989 (0.747, 1.309)	0.9020	

N: number of subjects in analysis set; n: number of subjects in subgroup category with complete PRO baseline; %: proportion of number of subjects in n; CI: confidence interval; NE: not estimable. PRO: Patient Reported Outcome. A Minimal Clinically Important Difference of 10 is considered in this table.
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Symptom Scales – Fatigue

Subgroup	n	Quizartinib (N=254)			Placebo (N=255)			Quizartinib vs Placebo		Interaction P-value [d]
		No. of subjects with events (%)	No. of subjects censored (%)	Median (95 % CI) [a]	n	No. of subjects with events (%)	No. of subjects censored (%)	Median (95 % CI) [a]	Hazard Ratio (95 % CI) [b]	
Race by 2 categories										0.6137
White	149	98 (65.8)	51 (34.2)	0.8 (0.7, 1.3)	151	102 (67.5)	49 (32.5)	0.8 (0.7, 1.1)	0.953 (0.722, 1.258)	0.6763
Non-white	102	71 (69.6)	31 (30.4)	0.7 (0.7, 1.2)	101	70 (69.3)	31 (30.7)	0.8 (0.7, 1.3)	1.053 (0.756, 1.467)	0.8075

N: number of subjects in analysis set; n: number of subjects in subgroup category with complete PRO baseline; %: proportion of number of subjects in n; CI: confidence interval; NE: not estimable. PRO: Patient Reported Outcome. A Minimal Clinically Important Difference of 10 is considered in this table. [a] Median time to first event is from Kaplan-Meier estimate. Confidence Interval for median was computed using the Brookmeyer-Crowley method. [b] Hazard ratio is from unstratified Cox proportional hazards model with treatment as the only categorical variable in the model. Confidence limits are based on the Wald test. [c] Two-sided p-value from unstratified log-rank test. [d] Two-sided interaction p-value is for the interaction term from unstratified Cox proportional hazards model with treatment, subgroup, and treatment-by-subgroup interaction as categorical variables in the model. The p-value is based on the Wald test.
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Daiichi Sankyo | Data Intelligence – Evidence Generation | AC220-A-U302 QUANTUM-First (DCO 13 Aug 2021) | Statistical analyses for AMNOG (HTA Germany)
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Symptom Scales – Fatigue

Subgroup	n	Quizartinib (N=254)			Placebo (N=255)			Quizartinib vs Placebo		Interaction P-value [d]
		No. of subjects with events (%)	No. of subjects censored (%)	Median (95 % CI) [a]	n	No. of subjects with events (%)	No. of subjects censored (%)	Median (95 % CI) [a]	Hazard Ratio (95 % CI) [b]	
Geographic Region 1										0.8071
North America	16	10 (62.5)	6 (37.5)	1.3 (0.7, 2.3)	16	13 (81.3)	3 (18.8)	1.5 (0.7, 1.8)	0.765 (0.299, 1.959)	0.5341
Europe	149	99 (66.4)	50 (33.6)	0.8 (0.7, 1.3)	149	101 (67.8)	48 (32.2)	0.8 (0.7, 1.1)	0.945 (0.716, 1.247)	0.6600
Asia/Other Regions	86	60 (69.8)	26 (30.2)	0.7 (0.7, 1.4)	87	58 (66.7)	29 (33.3)	0.8 (0.7, 1.1)	1.059 (0.737, 1.522)	0.7969

N: number of subjects in analysis set; n: number of subjects in subgroup category with complete PRO baseline; %: proportion of number of subjects in n; CI: confidence interval; NE: not estimable. PRO: Patient Reported Outcome. A Minimal Clinically Important Difference of 10 is considered in this table. [a] Median time to first event is from Kaplan-Meier estimate. Confidence Interval for median was computed using the Brookmeyer-Crowley method. [b] Hazard ratio is from unstratified Cox proportional hazards model with treatment as the only categorical variable in the model. Confidence limits are based on the Wald test. [c] Two-sided p-value from unstratified log-rank test. [d] Two-sided interaction p-value is for the interaction term from unstratified Cox proportional hazards model with treatment, subgroup, and treatment-by-subgroup interaction as categorical variables in the model. The p-value is based on the Wald test.
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 Run date: 15NOV2023 – 13:11; Program name: .sas; Output name: DE_T_2_20_4_QLQC30_FI_SUB_PRO_ITT.rtf

Medizinischer Nutzen, medizinischer Zusatznutzen, Patientengruppen mit therap. bedeutsamem Zusatznutzen

Daiichi Sankyo | Data Intelligence – Evidence Generation | AC220-A-U302 QUANTUM-First (DCO 13 Aug 2021) | Statistical analyses for AMNOG (HTA Germany)
 Table 2.20.4 EORTC QLQ-C30 - First Improvement - Time-to-event analysis - subgroup analysis - DCO 13-Aug-2021 - PRO Intent to Treat Analysis Set

Symptom Scales – Fatigue

Subgroup	n	Quizartinib (N=254)			n	Placebo (N=255)			Quizartinib vs Placebo		Interaction P-value [d]
		No. of subjects with events (%)	No. of subjects censored (%)	Median (95 % CI) [a]		No. of subjects with events (%)	No. of subjects censored (%)	Median (95 % CI) [a]	Hazard Ratio (95 % CI) [b]	Unstratified log-rank p-value [c]	
WBC at initial diagnosis											0.4197
< 40x10 ⁹ /L	128	83 (64.8)	45 (35.2)	0.8 (0.7, 1.5)	125	91 (72.8)	34 (27.2)	0.8 (0.7, 1.1)	0.925 (0.686, 1.247)	0.5732	
≥ 40x10 ⁹ /L	123	86 (69.9)	37 (30.1)	0.8 (0.7, 1.2)	127	81 (63.8)	46 (36.2)	0.8 (0.7, 1.3)	1.099 (0.811, 1.489)	0.5986	

N: number of subjects in analysis set; n: number of subjects in subgroup category with complete PRO baseline; %: proportion of number of subjects in n; CI: confidence interval; NE: not estimable. PRO: Patient Reported Outcome. A Minimal Clinically Important Difference of 10 is considered in this table.
 [a] Median time to first event is from Kaplan-Meier estimate. Confidence Interval for median was computed using the Brookmeyer-Crowley method.
 [b] Hazard ratio is from unstratified Cox proportional hazards model with treatment as the only categorical variable in the model. Confidence limits are based on the Wald test.
 [c] Two-sided p-value from unstratified log-rank test.
 [d] Two-sided interaction p-value is for the interaction term from unstratified Cox proportional hazards model with treatment, subgroup, and treatment-by-subgroup interaction as categorical variables in the model. The p-value is based on the Wald test.
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Symptom Scales – Fatigue

Subgroup	n	Quizartinib (N=254)			Placebo (N=255)			Quizartinib vs Placebo		Interaction P-value [d]
		No. of subjects with events (%)	No. of subjects censored (%)	Median (95 % CI) [a]	n	No. of subjects with events (%)	No. of subjects censored (%)	Median (95 % CI) [a]	Hazard Ratio (95 % CI) [b]	
Choice of Anthracycline										0.3736
Daunorubicin	116	77 (66.4)	39 (33.6)	0.7 (0.7, 0.8)	90	57 (63.3)	33 (36.7)	0.9 (0.7, 1.4)	1.110 (0.785, 1.570)	0.6947
Idarubicin	135	92 (68.1)	43 (31.9)	1.2 (0.7, 1.5)	160	114 (71.3)	46 (28.8)	0.8 (0.7, 0.9)	0.903 (0.686, 1.190)	0.4794

N: number of subjects in analysis set; n: number of subjects in subgroup category with complete PRO baseline; %: proportion of number of subjects in n; CI: confidence interval; NE: not estimable. PRO: Patient Reported Outcome. A Minimal Clinically Important Difference of 10 is considered in this table. [a] Median time to first event is from Kaplan-Meier estimate. Confidence Interval for median was computed using the Brookmeyer-Crowley method. [b] Hazard ratio is from unstratified Cox proportional hazards model with treatment as the only categorical variable in the model. Confidence limits are based on the Wald test. [c] Two-sided p-value from unstratified log-rank test. [d] Two-sided interaction p-value is for the interaction term from unstratified Cox proportional hazards model with treatment, subgroup, and treatment-by-subgroup interaction as categorical variables in the model. The p-value is based on the Wald test.
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Symptom Scales – Fatigue

Subgroup	n	Quizartinib (N=254)			n	Placebo (N=255)			Quizartinib vs Placebo		Interaction P-value [d]
		No. of subjects with events (%)	No. of subjects censored (%)	Median (95 % CI) [a]		No. of subjects with events (%)	No. of subjects censored (%)	Median (95 % CI) [a]	Hazard Ratio (95 % CI) [b]	Unstratified log-rank p-value [c]	
AML Cytogenetic Risk Score											0.5875
Favorable	12	9 (75.0)	3 (25.0)	0.7 (0.7, 1.8)	16	13 (81.3)	3 (18.8)	1.4 (0.7, 1.8)	1.255 (0.529, 2.975)	0.7043	
Intermediate	185	127 (68.6)	58 (31.4)	0.8 (0.7, 1.1)	179	119 (66.5)	60 (33.5)	0.8 (0.7, 0.9)	0.951 (0.740, 1.222)	0.6206	
Unfavorable	19	12 (63.2)	7 (36.8)	0.7 (0.7, 1.5)	26	17 (65.4)	9 (34.6)	0.7 (0.7, 2.3)	1.673 (0.786, 3.562)	0.1417	
Unknown	35	21 (60.0)	14 (40.0)	1.3 (0.7, 2.6)	30	22 (73.3)	8 (26.7)	0.9 (0.7, 2.6)	0.930 (0.506, 1.707)	0.7935	

N: number of subjects in analysis set; n: number of subjects in subgroup category with complete PRO baseline; %: proportion of number of subjects in n; CI: confidence interval; NE: not estimable. PRO: Patient Reported Outcome. A Minimal Clinically Important Difference of 10 is considered in this table. [a] Median time to first event is from Kaplan-Meier estimate. Confidence Interval for median was computed using the Brookmeyer-Crowley method. [b] Hazard ratio is from unstratified Cox proportional hazards model with treatment as the only categorical variable in the model. Confidence limits are based on the Wald test. [c] Two-sided p-value from unstratified log-rank test. [d] Two-sided interaction p-value is for the interaction term from unstratified Cox proportional hazards model with treatment, subgroup, and treatment-by-subgroup interaction as categorical variables in the model. The p-value is based on the Wald test.
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Daiichi Sankyo | Data Intelligence – Evidence Generation | AC220-A-U302 QUANTUM-First (DCO 13 Aug 2021) | Statistical analyses for AMNOG (HTA Germany)
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Symptom Scales – Fatigue

Subgroup	n	Quizartinib (N=254)			n	Placebo (N=255)			Quizartinib vs Placebo		Interaction P-value [d]
		No. of subjects with events (%)	No. of subjects censored (%)	Median (95 % CI) [a]		No. of subjects with events (%)	No. of subjects censored (%)	Median (95 % CI) [a]	Hazard Ratio (95 % CI) [b]	Unstratified log-rank p-value [c]	
ECOG Performance Status at Baseline											0.7633
0 - Fully Active	82	59 (72.0)	23 (28.0)	0.8 (0.7, 1.7)	92	65 (70.7)	27 (29.3)	0.9 (0.7, 1.4)	1.011 (0.710, 1.439)	0.9944	
1 - Restricted in Physically Strenuous Activity	126	84 (66.7)	42 (33.3)	0.7 (0.7, 1.1)	125	85 (68.0)	40 (32.0)	0.8 (0.7, 1.0)	1.017 (0.752, 1.375)	0.9588	
2 - Ambulatory and Capable of All Selfcare	43	26 (60.5)	17 (39.5)	0.8 (0.7, 1.4)	34	22 (64.7)	12 (35.3)	0.7 (0.7, 1.5)	0.759 (0.423, 1.364)	0.3020	

N: number of subjects in analysis set; n: number of subjects in subgroup category with complete PRO baseline; %: proportion of number of subjects in n; CI: confidence interval; NE: not estimable. PRO: Patient Reported Outcome. A Minimal Clinically Important Difference of 10 is considered in this table.
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Daiichi Sankyo | Data Intelligence – Evidence Generation | AC220-A-U302 QUANTUM-First (DCO 13 Aug 2021) | Statistical analyses for AMNOG (HTA Germany)
 Table 2.20.4 EORTC QLQ-C30 - First Improvement - Time-to-event analysis - subgroup analysis - DCO 13-Aug-2021 - PRO Intent to Treat Analysis Set

Symptom Scales – Fatigue

Subgroup	n	Quizartinib (N=254)			Placebo (N=255)			Quizartinib vs Placebo		Interaction P-value [d]
		No. of subjects with events (%)	No. of subjects censored (%)	Median (95 % CI) [a]	n	No. of subjects with events (%)	No. of subjects censored (%)	Median (95 % CI) [a]	Hazard Ratio (95 % CI) [b]	
FLT3-ITD category at Baseline										0.6795
≥3 to ≤25%	88	58 (65.9)	30 (34.1)	0.7 (0.7, 1.1)	92	65 (70.7)	27 (29.3)	0.8 (0.7, 1.1)	1.083 (0.758, 1.548)	0.7165
>25% to ≤50%	135	91 (67.4)	44 (32.6)	0.8 (0.7, 1.4)	127	88 (69.3)	39 (30.7)	0.8 (0.7, 1.0)	0.917 (0.683, 1.231)	0.5180
>50%	27	19 (70.4)	8 (29.6)	0.8 (0.7, 1.7)	33	19 (57.6)	14 (42.4)	1.3 (0.7, 1.8)	1.173 (0.620, 2.216)	0.5855

N: number of subjects in analysis set; n: number of subjects in subgroup category with complete PRO baseline; %: proportion of number of subjects in n; CI: confidence interval; NE: not estimable. PRO: Patient Reported Outcome. A Minimal Clinically Important Difference of 10 is considered in this table.
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Symptom Scales – Fatigue

Subgroup	n	Quizartinib (N=254)			n	Placebo (N=255)			Quizartinib vs Placebo		Interaction P-value [d]
		No. of subjects with events (%)	No. of subjects censored (%)	Median (95 % CI) [a]		No. of subjects with events (%)	No. of subjects censored (%)	Median (95 % CI) [a]	Hazard Ratio (95 % CI) [b]	Unstratified log-rank p-value [c]	
AML with Mutated NPM1											0.7969
Yes	129	88 (68.2)	41 (31.8)	0.8 (0.7, 1.4)	130	95 (73.1)	35 (26.9)	0.8 (0.7, 1.3)	0.977 (0.731, 1.306)	0.7797	
No	112	72 (64.3)	40 (35.7)	0.8 (0.7, 1.3)	111	68 (61.3)	43 (38.7)	0.7 (0.7, 1.1)	0.912 (0.653, 1.273)	0.5659	

N: number of subjects in analysis set; n: number of subjects in subgroup category with complete PRO baseline; %: proportion of number of subjects in n; CI: confidence interval; NE: not estimable. PRO: Patient Reported Outcome. A Minimal Clinically Important Difference of 10 is considered in this table.
 [a] Median time to first event is from Kaplan-Meier estimate. Confidence Interval for median was computed using the Brookmeyer-Crowley method.
 [b] Hazard ratio is from unstratified Cox proportional hazards model with treatment as the only categorical variable in the model. Confidence limits are based on the Wald test.
 [c] Two-sided p-value from unstratified log-rank test.
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Symptom Scales – Fatigue

Subgroup	n	Quizartinib (N=254)			n	Placebo (N=255)			Quizartinib vs Placebo		Interaction P-value [d]
		No. of subjects with events (%)	No. of subjects censored (%)	Median (95 % CI) [a]		No. of subjects with events (%)	No. of subjects censored (%)	Median (95 % CI) [a]	Hazard Ratio (95 % CI) [b]	Unstratified log-rank p-value [c]	
Age by 2 categories											0.9715
≤60	156	112 (71.8)	44 (28.2)	0.7 (0.7, 0.8)	154	108 (70.1)	46 (29.9)	0.7 (0.7, 0.9)	0.984 (0.755, 1.282)	0.8590	
>60	95	57 (60.0)	38 (40.0)	1.3 (0.7, 1.7)	98	64 (65.3)	34 (34.7)	0.9 (0.8, 1.5)	0.968 (0.676, 1.385)	0.8122	

N: number of subjects in analysis set; n: number of subjects in subgroup category with complete PRO baseline; %: proportion of number of subjects in n; CI: confidence interval; NE: not estimable. PRO: Patient Reported Outcome. A Minimal Clinically Important Difference of 10 is considered in this table.
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 [c] Two-sided p-value from unstratified log-rank test.
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Daiichi Sankyo | Data Intelligence – Evidence Generation | AC220-A-U302 QUANTUM-First (DCO 13 Aug 2021) | Statistical analyses for AMNOG (HTA Germany)
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Symptom Scales - Nausea and Vomiting

Subgroup	n	Quizartinib (N=254)				Placebo (N=255)			Quizartinib vs Placebo		Interaction P-value [d]
		No. of subjects with events (%)	No. of subjects censored (%)	Median (95 % CI) [a]	n	No. of subjects with events (%)	No. of subjects censored (%)	Median (95 % CI) [a]	Hazard Ratio (95 % CI) [b]	Unstratified log-rank p-value [c]	
Pooled Age Group 2											0.4915
<60	152	61 (40.1)	91 (59.9)	5.3 (1.8, NE)	151	65 (43.0)	86 (57.0)	2.4 (1.6, NE)	0.852 (0.601, 1.209)	0.3762	
≥60 - <65	36	13 (36.1)	23 (63.9)	12.4 (1.6, NE)	43	14 (32.6)	29 (67.4)	NE (1.5, NE)	1.061 (0.498, 2.257)	0.8700	
≥65	63	24 (38.1)	39 (61.9)	2.6 (1.6, NE)	59	22 (37.3)	37 (62.7)	2.6 (1.7, NE)	1.208 (0.677, 2.158)	0.5377	

N: number of subjects in analysis set; n: number of subjects in subgroup category with complete PRO baseline; %: proportion of number of subjects in n; CI: confidence interval; NE: not estimable. PRO: Patient Reported Outcome. A Minimal Clinically Important Difference of 10 is considered in this table.
 [a] Median time to first event is from Kaplan-Meier estimate. Confidence Interval for median was computed using the Brookmeyer-Crowley method.
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Symptom Scales - Nausea and Vomiting

Subgroup	n	Quizartinib (N=254)			n	Placebo (N=255)			Quizartinib vs Placebo		Interaction P-value [d]
		No. of subjects with events (%)	No. of subjects censored (%)	Median (95 % CI) [a]		No. of subjects with events (%)	No. of subjects censored (%)	Median (95 % CI) [a]	Hazard Ratio (95 % CI) [b]	Unstratified log-rank p-value [c]	
Sex											0.1221
Male	119	33 (27.7)	86 (72.3)	NE (4.2, NE)	109	37 (33.9)	72 (66.1)	NE (2.4, NE)	0.748 (0.467, 1.196)	0.2314	
Female	132	65 (49.2)	67 (50.8)	1.8 (1.5, 2.6)	144	64 (44.4)	80 (55.6)	2.1 (1.6, NE)	1.167 (0.826, 1.648)	0.3883	

N: number of subjects in analysis set; n: number of subjects in subgroup category with complete PRO baseline; %: proportion of number of subjects in n; CI: confidence interval; NE: not estimable. PRO: Patient Reported Outcome. A Minimal Clinically Important Difference of 10 is considered in this table. [a] Median time to first event is from Kaplan-Meier estimate. Confidence Interval for median was computed using the Brookmeyer-Crowley method. [b] Hazard ratio is from unstratified Cox proportional hazards model with treatment as the only categorical variable in the model. Confidence limits are based on the Wald test. [c] Two-sided p-value from unstratified log-rank test. [d] Two-sided interaction p-value is for the interaction term from unstratified Cox proportional hazards model with treatment, subgroup, and treatment-by-subgroup interaction as categorical variables in the model. The p-value is based on the Wald test.
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Medizinischer Nutzen, medizinischer Zusatznutzen, Patientengruppen mit therap. bedeutsamem Zusatznutzen

Daiichi Sankyo | Data Intelligence – Evidence Generation | AC220-A-U302 QUANTUM-First (DCO 13 Aug 2021) | Statistical analyses for AMNOG (HTA Germany)
 Table 2.20.4 EORTC QLQ-C30 - First Improvement - Time-to-event analysis - subgroup analysis - DCO 13-Aug-2021 - PRO Intent to Treat Analysis Set

Symptom Scales - Nausea and Vomiting

Subgroup	n	Quizartinib (N=254)			Placebo (N=255)			Quizartinib vs Placebo		Interaction P-value [d]
		No. of subjects with events (%)	No. of subjects censored (%)	Median (95 % CI) [a]	n	No. of subjects with events (%)	No. of subjects censored (%)	Median (95 % CI) [a]	Hazard Ratio (95 % CI) [b]	
Race by 2 categories										0.4373
White	149	55 (36.9)	94 (63.1)	NE (1.8, NE)	151	61 (40.4)	90 (59.6)	2.6 (2.0, NE)	0.880 (0.611, 1.268)	0.4861
Non-white	102	43 (42.2)	59 (57.8)	2.5 (1.5, 9.3)	102	40 (39.2)	62 (60.8)	4.1 (1.6, NE)	1.097 (0.713, 1.687)	0.6545

N: number of subjects in analysis set; n: number of subjects in subgroup category with complete PRO baseline; %: proportion of number of subjects in n; CI: confidence interval; NE: not estimable. PRO: Patient Reported Outcome. A Minimal Clinically Important Difference of 10 is considered in this table. [a] Median time to first event is from Kaplan-Meier estimate. Confidence Interval for median was computed using the Brookmeyer-Crowley method. [b] Hazard ratio is from unstratified Cox proportional hazards model with treatment as the only categorical variable in the model. Confidence limits are based on the Wald test. [c] Two-sided p-value from unstratified log-rank test. [d] Two-sided interaction p-value is for the interaction term from unstratified Cox proportional hazards model with treatment, subgroup, and treatment-by-subgroup interaction as categorical variables in the model. The p-value is based on the Wald test.
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 Run date: 15NOV2023 – 13:11; Program name: .sas; Output name: DE_T_2_20_4_QLQC30_FI_SUB_PRO_ITT.rtf

Medizinischer Nutzen, medizinischer Zusatznutzen, Patientengruppen mit therap. bedeutsamem Zusatznutzen

Daiichi Sankyo | Data Intelligence – Evidence Generation | AC220-A-U302 QUANTUM-First (DCO 13 Aug 2021) | Statistical analyses for AMNOG (HTA Germany)
 Table 2.20.4 EORTC QLQ-C30 - First Improvement - Time-to-event analysis - subgroup analysis - DCO 13-Aug-2021 - PRO Intent to Treat Analysis Set

Symptom Scales - Nausea and Vomiting

Subgroup	n	Quizartinib (N=254)			Placebo (N=255)			Quizartinib vs Placebo		Interaction P-value [d]
		No. of subjects with events (%)	No. of subjects censored (%)	Median (95 % CI) [a]	n	No. of subjects with events (%)	No. of subjects censored (%)	Median (95 % CI) [a]	Hazard Ratio (95 % CI) [b]	
Geographic Region 1										0.4497
North America	16	5 (31.3)	11 (68.8)	2.1 (0.7, NE)	16	7 (43.8)	9 (56.3)	2.0 (0.8, NE)	1.096 (0.347, 3.465)	0.8758
Europe	149	55 (36.9)	94 (63.1)	NE (1.8, NE)	150	61 (40.7)	89 (59.3)	2.3 (1.8, NE)	0.835 (0.580, 1.203)	0.3374
Asia/Other Regions	86	38 (44.2)	48 (55.8)	2.6 (1.3, 9.3)	87	33 (37.9)	54 (62.1)	4.3 (1.6, NE)	1.193 (0.748, 1.902)	0.4584

N: number of subjects in analysis set; n: number of subjects in subgroup category with complete PRO baseline; %: proportion of number of subjects in n; CI: confidence interval; NE: not estimable. PRO: Patient Reported Outcome. A Minimal Clinically Important Difference of 10 is considered in this table. [a] Median time to first event is from Kaplan-Meier estimate. Confidence Interval for median was computed using the Brookmeyer-Crowley method. [b] Hazard ratio is from unstratified Cox proportional hazards model with treatment as the only categorical variable in the model. Confidence limits are based on the Wald test. [c] Two-sided p-value from unstratified log-rank test. [d] Two-sided interaction p-value is for the interaction term from unstratified Cox proportional hazards model with treatment, subgroup, and treatment-by-subgroup interaction as categorical variables in the model. The p-value is based on the Wald test.
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Subgroup	n	Quizartinib (N=254)			n	Placebo (N=255)			Quizartinib vs Placebo		Interaction P-value [d]
		No. of subjects with events (%)	No. of subjects censored (%)	Median (95 % CI) [a]		No. of subjects with events (%)	No. of subjects censored (%)	Median (95 % CI) [a]	Hazard Ratio (95 % CI) [b]	Unstratified log-rank p-value [c]	
WBC at initial diagnosis											0.2482
< 40x10 ⁹ /L	128	42 (32.8)	86 (67.2)	NE (2.6, NE)	125	52 (41.6)	73 (58.4)	2.7 (2.0, NE)	0.807 (0.537, 1.212)	0.3195	
≥ 40x10 ⁹ /L	123	56 (45.5)	67 (54.5)	2.0 (1.5, 9.3)	128	49 (38.3)	79 (61.7)	2.3 (1.7, NE)	1.119 (0.762, 1.642)	0.5870	

N: number of subjects in analysis set; n: number of subjects in subgroup category with complete PRO baseline; %: proportion of number of subjects in n; CI: confidence interval; NE: not estimable. PRO: Patient Reported Outcome. A Minimal Clinically Important Difference of 10 is considered in this table.
 [a] Median time to first event is from Kaplan-Meier estimate. Confidence Interval for median was computed using the Brookmeyer-Crowley method.
 [b] Hazard ratio is from unstratified Cox proportional hazards model with treatment as the only categorical variable in the model. Confidence limits are based on the Wald test.
 [c] Two-sided p-value from unstratified log-rank test.
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Daiichi Sankyo | Data Intelligence – Evidence Generation | AC220-A-U302 QUANTUM-First (DCO 13 Aug 2021) | Statistical analyses for AMNOG (HTA Germany)
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Symptom Scales - Nausea and Vomiting

Subgroup	n	Quizartinib (N=254)			n	Placebo (N=255)			Quizartinib vs Placebo		Interaction P-value [d]
		No. of subjects with events (%)	No. of subjects censored (%)	Median (95 % CI) [a]		No. of subjects with events (%)	No. of subjects censored (%)	Median (95 % CI) [a]	Hazard Ratio (95 % CI) [b]	Unstratified log-rank p-value [c]	
Choice of Anthracycline											0.7456
Daunorubicin	116	51 (44.0)	65 (56.0)	1.8 (0.8, 5.3)	90	45 (50.0)	45 (50.0)	1.6 (0.8, 2.0)	0.871 (0.582, 1.304)	0.4664	
Idarubicin	135	47 (34.8)	88 (65.2)	NE (2.5, NE)	161	56 (34.8)	105 (65.2)	NE (2.6, NE)	0.939 (0.637, 1.384)	0.7802	

N: number of subjects in analysis set; n: number of subjects in subgroup category with complete PRO baseline; %: proportion of number of subjects in n; CI: confidence interval; NE: not estimable. PRO: Patient Reported Outcome. A Minimal Clinically Important Difference of 10 is considered in this table.
 [a] Median time to first event is from Kaplan-Meier estimate. Confidence Interval for median was computed using the Brookmeyer-Crowley method.
 [b] Hazard ratio is from unstratified Cox proportional hazards model with treatment as the only categorical variable in the model. Confidence limits are based on the Wald test.
 [c] Two-sided p-value from unstratified log-rank test.
 [d] Two-sided interaction p-value is for the interaction term from unstratified Cox proportional hazards model with treatment, subgroup, and treatment-by-subgroup interaction as categorical variables in the model. The p-value is based on the Wald test.
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Symptom Scales - Nausea and Vomiting

Subgroup	n	Quizartinib (N=254)				Placebo (N=255)			Quizartinib vs Placebo		Interaction P-value [d]
		No. of subjects with events (%)	No. of subjects censored (%)	Median (95 % CI) [a]	n	No. of subjects with events (%)	No. of subjects censored (%)	Median (95 % CI) [a]	Hazard Ratio (95 % CI) [b]	Unstratified log-rank p-value [c]	
AML Cytogenetic Risk Score											0.1140
Favorable	12	7 (58.3)	5 (41.7)	1.5 (0.7, NE)	16	5 (31.3)	11 (68.8)	NE (0.7, NE)	2.738 (0.861, 8.703)	0.0690	
Intermediate	186	72 (38.7)	114 (61.3)	3.8 (1.9, NE)	180	73 (40.6)	107 (59.4)	2.3 (1.7, NE)	0.857 (0.618, 1.187)	0.3550	
Unfavorable	19	7 (36.8)	12 (63.2)	1.5 (0.7, NE)	26	7 (26.9)	19 (73.1)	NE (1.1, NE)	1.816 (0.636, 5.182)	0.2544	
Unknown	34	12 (35.3)	22 (64.7)	NE (0.7, NE)	30	15 (50.0)	15 (50.0)	2.1 (0.7, NE)	0.782 (0.366, 1.673)	0.5106	

N: number of subjects in analysis set; n: number of subjects in subgroup category with complete PRO baseline; %: proportion of number of subjects in n; CI: confidence interval; NE: not estimable. PRO: Patient Reported Outcome. A Minimal Clinically Important Difference of 10 is considered in this table.
 [a] Median time to first event is from Kaplan-Meier estimate. Confidence Interval for median was computed using the Brookmeyer-Crowley method.
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Medizinischer Nutzen, medizinischer Zusatznutzen, Patientengruppen mit therap. bedeutsamem Zusatznutzen

Daiichi Sankyo | Data Intelligence – Evidence Generation | AC220-A-U302 QUANTUM-First (DCO 13 Aug 2021) | Statistical analyses for AMNOG (HTA Germany)
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Symptom Scales - Nausea and Vomiting

Subgroup	n	Quizartinib (N=254)			n	Placebo (N=255)			Quizartinib vs Placebo		Interaction P-value [d]
		No. of subjects with events (%)	No. of subjects censored (%)	Median (95 % CI) [a]		No. of subjects with events (%)	No. of subjects censored (%)	Median (95 % CI) [a]	Hazard Ratio (95 % CI) [b]	Unstratified log-rank p-value [c]	
ECOG Performance Status at Baseline											0.0227
0 - Fully Active	82	32 (39.0)	50 (61.0)	12.4 (1.8, NE)	92	41 (44.6)	51 (55.4)	2.1 (1.6, NE)	0.813 (0.512, 1.292)	0.3763	
1 - Restricted in Physically Strenuous Activity	125	49 (39.2)	76 (60.8)	2.6 (1.6, NE)	126	38 (30.2)	88 (69.8)	NE (2.6, NE)	1.369 (0.896, 2.092)	0.1331	
2 - Ambulatory and Capable of All Selfcare	44	17 (38.6)	27 (61.4)	1.8 (0.8, NE)	34	22 (64.7)	12 (35.3)	0.7 (0.7, 1.6)	0.481 (0.255, 0.908)	0.0209	

N: number of subjects in analysis set; n: number of subjects in subgroup category with complete PRO baseline; %: proportion of number of subjects in n; CI: confidence interval; NE: not estimable. PRO: Patient Reported Outcome. A Minimal Clinically Important Difference of 10 is considered in this table.
 [a] Median time to first event is from Kaplan-Meier estimate. Confidence Interval for median was computed using the Brookmeyer-Crowley method.
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Daiichi Sankyo | Data Intelligence – Evidence Generation | AC220-A-U302 QUANTUM-First (DCO 13 Aug 2021) | Statistical analyses for AMNOG (HTA Germany)
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Symptom Scales - Nausea and Vomiting

Subgroup	n	Quizartinib (N=254)				Placebo (N=255)				Quizartinib vs Placebo		Interaction P-value [d]
		No. of subjects with events (%)	No. of subjects censored (%)	Median (95 % CI) [a]	n	No. of subjects with events (%)	No. of subjects censored (%)	Median (95 % CI) [a]	Hazard Ratio (95 % CI) [b]	Unstratified log-rank p-value [c]		
FLT3-ITD category at Baseline											0.9166	
≥3 to ≤25%	87	30 (34.5)	57 (65.5)	3.8 (1.5, NE)	92	38 (41.3)	54 (58.7)	2.1 (1.3, NE)	0.904 (0.560, 1.460)	0.6853		
>25% to ≤50%	135	54 (40.0)	81 (60.0)	4.2 (1.8, NE)	128	49 (38.3)	79 (61.7)	4.1 (2.1, NE)	1.000 (0.679, 1.473)	0.9942		
>50%	28	14 (50.0)	14 (50.0)	1.4 (0.7, NE)	33	14 (42.4)	19 (57.6)	1.7 (0.7, NE)	1.063 (0.506, 2.234)	0.8077		

N: number of subjects in analysis set; n: number of subjects in subgroup category with complete PRO baseline; %: proportion of number of subjects in n; CI: confidence interval; NE: not estimable. PRO: Patient Reported Outcome. A Minimal Clinically Important Difference of 10 is considered in this table.
 [a] Median time to first event is from Kaplan-Meier estimate. Confidence Interval for median was computed using the Brookmeyer-Crowley method.
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Daiichi Sankyo | Data Intelligence – Evidence Generation | AC220-A-U302 QUANTUM-First (DCO 13 Aug 2021) | Statistical analyses for AMNOG (HTA Germany)
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Symptom Scales - Nausea and Vomiting

Subgroup	n	Quizartinib (N=254)			n	Placebo (N=255)			Quizartinib vs Placebo		Interaction P-value [d]
		No. of subjects with events (%)	No. of subjects censored (%)	Median (95 % CI) [a]		No. of subjects with events (%)	No. of subjects censored (%)	Median (95 % CI) [a]	Hazard Ratio (95 % CI) [b]	Unstratified log-rank p-value [c]	
AML with Mutated NPM1											0.6004
Yes	129	56 (43.4)	73 (56.6)	2.4 (1.6, NE)	131	58 (44.3)	73 (55.7)	2.6 (1.7, NE)	1.017 (0.705, 1.469)	0.9379	
No	112	39 (34.8)	73 (65.2)	5.3 (1.8, NE)	111	39 (35.1)	72 (64.9)	2.6 (2.1, NE)	0.859 (0.550, 1.340)	0.5093	

N: number of subjects in analysis set; n: number of subjects in subgroup category with complete PRO baseline; %: proportion of number of subjects in n; CI: confidence interval; NE: not estimable. PRO: Patient Reported Outcome. A Minimal Clinically Important Difference of 10 is considered in this table.
 [a] Median time to first event is from Kaplan-Meier estimate. Confidence Interval for median was computed using the Brookmeyer-Crowley method.
 [b] Hazard ratio is from unstratified Cox proportional hazards model with treatment as the only categorical variable in the model. Confidence limits are based on the Wald test.
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Symptom Scales - Nausea and Vomiting

Subgroup	n	Quizartinib (N=254)			n	Placebo (N=255)			Quizartinib vs Placebo		Interaction P-value [d]
		No. of subjects with events (%)	No. of subjects censored (%)	Median (95 % CI) [a]		No. of subjects with events (%)	No. of subjects censored (%)	Median (95 % CI) [a]	Hazard Ratio (95 % CI) [b]	Unstratified log-rank p-value [c]	
Age by 2 categories											0.2401
≤60	157	62 (39.5)	95 (60.5)	5.3 (1.8, NE)	154	65 (42.2)	89 (57.8)	2.6 (1.6, NE)	0.851 (0.601, 1.206)	0.3717	
>60	94	36 (38.3)	58 (61.7)	2.6 (1.7, NE)	99	36 (36.4)	63 (63.6)	2.7 (2.0, NE)	1.177 (0.741, 1.869)	0.4971	

N: number of subjects in analysis set; n: number of subjects in subgroup category with complete PRO baseline; %: proportion of number of subjects in n; CI: confidence interval; NE: not estimable. PRO: Patient Reported Outcome. A Minimal Clinically Important Difference of 10 is considered in this table.
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Medizinischer Nutzen, medizinischer Zusatznutzen, Patientengruppen mit therap. bedeutsamem Zusatznutzen

Daiichi Sankyo | Data Intelligence – Evidence Generation | AC220-A-U302 QUANTUM-First (DCO 13 Aug 2021) | Statistical analyses for AMNOG (HTA Germany)
 Table 2.20.4 EORTC QLQ-C30 - First Improvement - Time-to-event analysis - subgroup analysis - DCO 13-Aug-2021 - PRO Intent to Treat Analysis Set

Symptom Scales - Pain

Subgroup	n	Quizartinib (N=254)			Placebo (N=255)			Quizartinib vs Placebo		Interaction P-value [d]
		No. of subjects with events (%)	No. of subjects censored (%)	Median (95 % CI) [a]	n	No. of subjects with events (%)	No. of subjects censored (%)	Median (95 % CI) [a]	Hazard Ratio (95 % CI) [b]	
Pooled Age Group 2										0.2157
<60	152	77 (50.7)	75 (49.3)	1.8 (1.2, 2.9)	151	74 (49.0)	77 (51.0)	1.5 (0.8, 2.4)	0.922 (0.670, 1.269)	0.6285
≥60 - <65	36	18 (50.0)	18 (50.0)	0.8 (0.7, NE)	43	16 (37.2)	27 (62.8)	5.7 (1.6, NE)	1.825 (0.928, 3.589)	0.0775
≥65	64	24 (37.5)	40 (62.5)	1.6 (1.2, NE)	59	25 (42.4)	34 (57.6)	1.6 (0.8, NE)	0.978 (0.558, 1.715)	0.9074

N: number of subjects in analysis set; n: number of subjects in subgroup category with complete PRO baseline; %: proportion of number of subjects in n; CI: confidence interval; NE: not estimable. PRO: Patient Reported Outcome. A Minimal Clinically Important Difference of 10 is considered in this table.
 [a] Median time to first event is from Kaplan-Meier estimate. Confidence Interval for median was computed using the Brookmeyer-Crowley method.
 [b] Hazard ratio is from unstratified Cox proportional hazards model with treatment as the only categorical variable in the model. Confidence limits are based on the Wald test.
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Symptom Scales - Pain

Subgroup	n	Quizartinib (N=254)			n	Placebo (N=255)			Quizartinib vs Placebo		Interaction P-value [d]
		No. of subjects with events (%)	No. of subjects censored (%)	Median (95 % CI) [a]		No. of subjects with events (%)	No. of subjects censored (%)	Median (95 % CI) [a]	Hazard Ratio (95 % CI) [b]	Unstratified log-rank p-value [c]	
Sex											0.7186
Male	120	51 (42.5)	69 (57.5)	1.8 (0.8, 8.0)	109	44 (40.4)	65 (59.6)	2.6 (1.5, NE)	1.094 (0.731, 1.638)	0.6761	
Female	132	68 (51.5)	64 (48.5)	1.6 (1.1, 2.5)	144	71 (49.3)	73 (50.7)	1.5 (0.8, 2.0)	1.007 (0.722, 1.405)	0.9598	

N: number of subjects in analysis set; n: number of subjects in subgroup category with complete PRO baseline; %: proportion of number of subjects in n; CI: confidence interval; NE: not estimable. PRO: Patient Reported Outcome. A Minimal Clinically Important Difference of 10 is considered in this table.
 [a] Median time to first event is from Kaplan-Meier estimate. Confidence Interval for median was computed using the Brookmeyer-Crowley method.
 [b] Hazard ratio is from unstratified Cox proportional hazards model with treatment as the only categorical variable in the model. Confidence limits are based on the Wald test.
 [c] Two-sided p-value from unstratified log-rank test.
 [d] Two-sided interaction p-value is for the interaction term from unstratified Cox proportional hazards model with treatment, subgroup, and treatment-by-subgroup interaction as categorical variables in the model. The p-value is based on the Wald test.
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 Run date: 15NOV2023 – 13:11; Program name: .sas; Output name: DE_T_2_20_4_QLQC30_FI_SUB_PRO_ITT.rtf

Medizinischer Nutzen, medizinischer Zusatznutzen, Patientengruppen mit therap. bedeutsamem Zusatznutzen

Daiichi Sankyo | Data Intelligence – Evidence Generation | AC220-A-U302 QUANTUM-First (DCO 13 Aug 2021) | Statistical analyses for AMNOG (HTA Germany)
 Table 2.20.4 EORTC QLQ-C30 - First Improvement - Time-to-event analysis - subgroup analysis - DCO 13-Aug-2021 - PRO Intent to Treat Analysis Set

Symptom Scales - Pain

Subgroup	n	Quizartinib (N=254)			Placebo (N=255)			Quizartinib vs Placebo		Interaction P-value [d]
		No. of subjects with events (%)	No. of subjects censored (%)	Median (95 % CI) [a]	n	No. of subjects with events (%)	No. of subjects censored (%)	Median (95 % CI) [a]	Hazard Ratio (95 % CI) [b]	
Race by 2 categories										0.7896
White	150	72 (48.0)	78 (52.0)	1.4 (0.8, 3.2)	151	66 (43.7)	85 (56.3)	1.7 (0.8, NE)	1.082 (0.775, 1.512)	0.6312
Non-white	102	47 (46.1)	55 (53.9)	1.9 (1.3, 7.4)	102	49 (48.0)	53 (52.0)	2.0 (1.3, 4.4)	0.993 (0.665, 1.482)	0.9608

N: number of subjects in analysis set; n: number of subjects in subgroup category with complete PRO baseline; %: proportion of number of subjects in n; CI: confidence interval; NE: not estimable. PRO: Patient Reported Outcome. A Minimal Clinically Important Difference of 10 is considered in this table.
 [a] Median time to first event is from Kaplan-Meier estimate. Confidence Interval for median was computed using the Brookmeyer-Crowley method.
 [b] Hazard ratio is from unstratified Cox proportional hazards model with treatment as the only categorical variable in the model. Confidence limits are based on the Wald test.
 [c] Two-sided p-value from unstratified log-rank test.
 [d] Two-sided interaction p-value is for the interaction term from unstratified Cox proportional hazards model with treatment, subgroup, and treatment-by-subgroup interaction as categorical variables in the model. The p-value is based on the Wald test.
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Medizinischer Nutzen, medizinischer Zusatznutzen, Patientengruppen mit therap. bedeutsamem Zusatznutzen

Daichi Sankyo | Data Intelligence – Evidence Generation | AC220-A-U302 QUANTUM-First (DCO 13 Aug 2021) | Statistical analyses for AMNOG (HTA Germany)
 Table 2.20.4 EORTC QLQ-C30 - First Improvement - Time-to-event analysis - subgroup analysis - DCO 13-Aug-2021 - PRO Intent to Treat Analysis Set

Symptom Scales - Pain

Subgroup	n	Quizartinib (N=254)			n	Placebo (N=255)			Quizartinib vs Placebo		Interaction P-value [d]
		No. of subjects with events (%)	No. of subjects censored (%)	Median (95 % CI) [a]		No. of subjects with events (%)	No. of subjects censored (%)	Median (95 % CI) [a]	Hazard Ratio (95 % CI) [b]	Unstratified log-rank p-value [c]	
Geographic Region 1											0.3483
North America	16	9 (56.3)	7 (43.8)	0.7 (0.7, 1.6)	16	9 (56.3)	7 (43.8)	1.7 (0.8, NE)	2.613 (1.011, 6.758)	0.0414	
Europe	150	68 (45.3)	82 (54.7)	1.4 (0.8, NE)	150	66 (44.0)	84 (56.0)	2.2 (0.8, 5.7)	0.979 (0.698, 1.375)	0.9180	
Asia/Other Regions	86	42 (48.8)	44 (51.2)	2.5 (1.3, 5.2)	87	40 (46.0)	47 (54.0)	1.6 (0.9, NE)	1.040 (0.674, 1.605)	0.8748	

N: number of subjects in analysis set; n: number of subjects in subgroup category with complete PRO baseline; %: proportion of number of subjects in n; CI: confidence interval; NE: not estimable. PRO: Patient Reported Outcome. A Minimal Clinically Important Difference of 10 is considered in this table. [a] Median time to first event is from Kaplan-Meier estimate. Confidence Interval for median was computed using the Brookmeyer-Crowley method. [b] Hazard ratio is from unstratified Cox proportional hazards model with treatment as the only categorical variable in the model. Confidence limits are based on the Wald test. [c] Two-sided p-value from unstratified log-rank test. [d] Two-sided interaction p-value is for the interaction term from unstratified Cox proportional hazards model with treatment, subgroup, and treatment-by-subgroup interaction as categorical variables in the model. The p-value is based on the Wald test.
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Medizinischer Nutzen, medizinischer Zusatznutzen, Patientengruppen mit therap. bedeutsamem Zusatznutzen

Daiichi Sankyo | Data Intelligence – Evidence Generation | AC220-A-U302 QUANTUM-First (DCO 13 Aug 2021) | Statistical analyses for AMNOG (HTA Germany)
 Table 2.20.4 EORTC QLQ-C30 - First Improvement - Time-to-event analysis - subgroup analysis - DCO 13-Aug-2021 - PRO Intent to Treat Analysis Set

Symptom Scales - Pain

Subgroup	n	Quizartinib (N=254)			n	Placebo (N=255)			Quizartinib vs Placebo		Interaction P-value [d]
		No. of subjects with events (%)	No. of subjects censored (%)	Median (95 % CI) [a]		No. of subjects with events (%)	No. of subjects censored (%)	Median (95 % CI) [a]	Hazard Ratio (95 % CI) [b]	Unstratified log-rank p-value [c]	
WBC at initial diagnosis											0.4132
< 40x10 ⁹ /L	128	53 (41.4)	75 (58.6)	2.5 (1.4, NE)	125	58 (46.4)	67 (53.6)	1.8 (1.3, NE)	0.934 (0.643, 1.355)	0.7468	
≥ 40x10 ⁹ /L	124	66 (53.2)	58 (46.8)	1.3 (0.8, 2.5)	128	57 (44.5)	71 (55.5)	1.7 (0.8, 2.5)	1.155 (0.810, 1.646)	0.4467	

N: number of subjects in analysis set; n: number of subjects in subgroup category with complete PRO baseline; %: proportion of number of subjects in n; CI: confidence interval; NE: not estimable. PRO: Patient Reported Outcome. A Minimal Clinically Important Difference of 10 is considered in this table. [a] Median time to first event is from Kaplan-Meier estimate. Confidence Interval for median was computed using the Brookmeyer-Crowley method. [b] Hazard ratio is from unstratified Cox proportional hazards model with treatment as the only categorical variable in the model. Confidence limits are based on the Wald test. [c] Two-sided p-value from unstratified log-rank test. [d] Two-sided interaction p-value is for the interaction term from unstratified Cox proportional hazards model with treatment, subgroup, and treatment-by-subgroup interaction as categorical variables in the model. The p-value is based on the Wald test. Data source: \\AC220-A-U302\Production\Raw Data_Restricted\rstret_eg\rstret_20211102_eg\rstret_valos\20230516_AMNOG\ADAM\ Run date: 15NOV2023 – 13:11; Program name: .sas; Output name: DE_T_2_20_4_QLQC30_FI_SUB_PRO_ITT.rtf

Medizinischer Nutzen, medizinischer Zusatznutzen, Patientengruppen mit therap. bedeutsamem Zusatznutzen

Daiichi Sankyo | Data Intelligence – Evidence Generation | AC220-A-U302 QUANTUM-First (DCO 13 Aug 2021) | Statistical analyses for AMNOG (HTA Germany)
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Symptom Scales - Pain

Subgroup	n	Quizartinib (N=254)			n	Placebo (N=255)			Quizartinib vs Placebo		Interaction P-value [d]
		No. of subjects with events (%)	No. of subjects censored (%)	Median (95 % CI) [a]		No. of subjects with events (%)	No. of subjects censored (%)	Median (95 % CI) [a]	Hazard Ratio (95 % CI) [b]	Unstratified log-rank p-value [c]	
Choice of Anthracycline											0.4367
Daunorubicin	116	49 (42.2)	67 (57.8)	1.8 (1.2, 8.2)	90	40 (44.4)	50 (55.6)	1.6 (0.8, NE)	0.934 (0.614, 1.421)	0.7350	
Idarubicin	136	70 (51.5)	66 (48.5)	1.5 (1.1, 2.5)	161	73 (45.3)	88 (54.7)	2.2 (1.0, 5.7)	1.144 (0.824, 1.587)	0.4059	

N: number of subjects in analysis set; n: number of subjects in subgroup category with complete PRO baseline; %: proportion of number of subjects in n; CI: confidence interval; NE: not estimable. PRO: Patient Reported Outcome. A Minimal Clinically Important Difference of 10 is considered in this table.
 [a] Median time to first event is from Kaplan-Meier estimate. Confidence Interval for median was computed using the Brookmeyer-Crowley method.
 [b] Hazard ratio is from unstratified Cox proportional hazards model with treatment as the only categorical variable in the model. Confidence limits are based on the Wald test.
 [c] Two-sided p-value from unstratified log-rank test.
 [d] Two-sided interaction p-value is for the interaction term from unstratified Cox proportional hazards model with treatment, subgroup, and treatment-by-subgroup interaction as categorical variables in the model. The p-value is based on the Wald test.
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Medizinischer Nutzen, medizinischer Zusatznutzen, Patientengruppen mit therap. bedeutsamem Zusatznutzen

Daiichi Sankyo | Data Intelligence – Evidence Generation | AC220-A-U302 QUANTUM-First (DCO 13 Aug 2021) | Statistical analyses for AMNOG (HTA Germany)
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Symptom Scales - Pain

Subgroup	n	Quizartinib (N=254)			n	Placebo (N=255)			Quizartinib vs Placebo		Interaction P-value [d]
		No. of subjects with events (%)	No. of subjects censored (%)	Median (95 % CI) [a]		No. of subjects with events (%)	No. of subjects censored (%)	Median (95 % CI) [a]	Hazard Ratio (95 % CI) [b]	Unstratified log-rank p-value [c]	
AML Cytogenetic Risk Score											0.3413
Favorable	12	3 (25.0)	9 (75.0)	NE (0.7, NE)	16	11 (68.8)	5 (31.3)	1.5 (0.7, 2.5)	0.309 (0.085, 1.120)	0.0573	
Intermediate	186	93 (50.0)	93 (50.0)	1.4 (0.9, 1.9)	180	79 (43.9)	101 (56.1)	1.6 (0.8, 4.4)	1.093 (0.810, 1.475)	0.5563	
Unfavorable	19	8 (42.1)	11 (57.9)	1.5 (0.7, NE)	26	11 (42.3)	15 (57.7)	2.6 (0.7, NE)	1.256 (0.503, 3.133)	0.5980	
Unknown	35	15 (42.9)	20 (57.1)	3.3 (0.7, NE)	30	13 (43.3)	17 (56.7)	3.2 (1.3, NE)	1.221 (0.579, 2.573)	0.6247	

N: number of subjects in analysis set; n: number of subjects in subgroup category with complete PRO baseline; %: proportion of number of subjects in n; CI: confidence interval; NE: not estimable. PRO: Patient Reported Outcome. A Minimal Clinically Important Difference of 10 is considered in this table. [a] Median time to first event is from Kaplan-Meier estimate. Confidence Interval for median was computed using the Brookmeyer-Crowley method. [b] Hazard ratio is from unstratified Cox proportional hazards model with treatment as the only categorical variable in the model. Confidence limits are based on the Wald test. [c] Two-sided p-value from unstratified log-rank test. [d] Two-sided interaction p-value is for the interaction term from unstratified Cox proportional hazards model with treatment, subgroup, and treatment-by-subgroup interaction as categorical variables in the model. The p-value is based on the Wald test.
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Medizinischer Nutzen, medizinischer Zusatznutzen, Patientengruppen mit therap. bedeutsamem Zusatznutzen

Daiichi Sankyo | Data Intelligence – Evidence Generation | AC220-A-U302 QUANTUM-First (DCO 13 Aug 2021) | Statistical analyses for AMNOG (HTA Germany)
 Table 2.20.4 EORTC QLQ-C30 - First Improvement - Time-to-event analysis - subgroup analysis - DCO 13-Aug-2021 - PRO Intent to Treat Analysis Set

Symptom Scales - Pain

Subgroup	n	Quizartinib (N=254)			n	Placebo (N=255)			Quizartinib vs Placebo		Interaction P-value [d]
		No. of subjects with events (%)	No. of subjects censored (%)	Median (95 % CI) [a]		No. of subjects with events (%)	No. of subjects censored (%)	Median (95 % CI) [a]	Hazard Ratio (95 % CI) [b]	Unstratified log-rank p-value [c]	
ECOG Performance Status at Baseline											0.5674
0 - Fully Active	82	33 (40.2)	49 (59.8)	4.0 (1.8, NE)	92	40 (43.5)	52 (56.5)	2.0 (1.3, NE)	0.845 (0.533, 1.342)	0.4871	
1 - Restricted in Physically Strenuous Activity	126	61 (48.4)	65 (51.6)	1.6 (1.1, 2.9)	126	54 (42.9)	72 (57.1)	2.2 (1.0, NE)	1.161 (0.805, 1.675)	0.4142	
2 - Ambulatory and Capable of All Selfcare	44	25 (56.8)	19 (43.2)	0.8 (0.7, 1.2)	34	21 (61.8)	13 (38.2)	0.8 (0.7, 2.0)	1.010 (0.559, 1.826)	0.9604	

N: number of subjects in analysis set; n: number of subjects in subgroup category with complete PRO baseline; %: proportion of number of subjects in n; CI: confidence interval; NE: not estimable. PRO: Patient Reported Outcome. A Minimal Clinically Important Difference of 10 is considered in this table.
 [a] Median time to first event is from Kaplan-Meier estimate. Confidence Interval for median was computed using the Brookmeyer-Crowley method.
 [b] Hazard ratio is from unstratified Cox proportional hazards model with treatment as the only categorical variable in the model. Confidence limits are based on the Wald test.
 [c] Two-sided p-value from unstratified log-rank test.
 [d] Two-sided interaction p-value is for the interaction term from unstratified Cox proportional hazards model with treatment, subgroup, and treatment-by-subgroup interaction as categorical variables in the model. The p-value is based on the Wald test.
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Medizinischer Nutzen, medizinischer Zusatznutzen, Patientengruppen mit therap. bedeutsamem Zusatznutzen

Daiichi Sankyo | Data Intelligence – Evidence Generation | AC220-A-U302 QUANTUM-First (DCO 13 Aug 2021) | Statistical analyses for AMNOG (HTA Germany)
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Symptom Scales - Pain

Subgroup	n	Quizartinib (N=254)				Placebo (N=255)				Quizartinib vs Placebo		Interaction
		No. of subjects with events (%)	No. of subjects censored (%)	Median (95 % CI) [a]	n	No. of subjects with events (%)	No. of subjects censored (%)	Median (95 % CI) [a]	Hazard Ratio (95 % CI) [b]	Unstratified log-rank p-value [c]	P-value [d]	
FLT3-ITD category at Baseline											0.7013	
≥3 to ≤25%	88	38 (43.2)	50 (56.8)	2.5 (1.2, 8.0)	92	40 (43.5)	52 (56.5)	1.6 (0.8, NE)	0.968 (0.621, 1.509)	0.8972		
>25% to ≤50%	135	65 (48.1)	70 (51.9)	1.6 (0.9, 2.9)	128	56 (43.8)	72 (56.3)	2.4 (1.3, 5.7)	1.170 (0.818, 1.673)	0.3968		
>50%	28	16 (57.1)	12 (42.9)	1.3 (0.7, NE)	33	19 (57.6)	14 (42.4)	1.5 (0.7, 2.2)	0.907 (0.466, 1.764)	0.7939		

N: number of subjects in analysis set; n: number of subjects in subgroup category with complete PRO baseline; %: proportion of number of subjects in n; CI: confidence interval; NE: not estimable. PRO: Patient Reported Outcome. A Minimal Clinically Important Difference of 10 is considered in this table.
 [a] Median time to first event is from Kaplan-Meier estimate. Confidence Interval for median was computed using the Brookmeyer-Crowley method.
 [b] Hazard ratio is from unstratified Cox proportional hazards model with treatment as the only categorical variable in the model. Confidence limits are based on the Wald test.
 [c] Two-sided p-value from unstratified log-rank test.
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Daiichi Sankyo | Data Intelligence – Evidence Generation | AC220-A-U302 QUANTUM-First (DCO 13 Aug 2021) | Statistical analyses for AMNOG (HTA Germany)
 Table 2.20.4 EORTC QLQ-C30 - First Improvement - Time-to-event analysis - subgroup analysis - DCO 13-Aug-2021 - PRO Intent to Treat Analysis Set

Symptom Scales - Pain

Subgroup	n	Quizartinib (N=254)			n	Placebo (N=255)			Quizartinib vs Placebo		Interaction P-value [d]
		No. of subjects with events (%)	No. of subjects censored (%)	Median (95 % CI) [a]		No. of subjects with events (%)	No. of subjects censored (%)	Median (95 % CI) [a]	Hazard Ratio (95 % CI) [b]	Unstratified log-rank p-value [c]	
AML with Mutated NPM1											0.3266
Yes	130	66 (50.8)	64 (49.2)	1.4 (1.2, 2.9)	131	71 (54.2)	60 (45.8)	1.5 (0.8, 2.2)	0.944 (0.675, 1.321)	0.7155	
No	112	49 (43.8)	63 (56.3)	1.8 (0.8, 4.0)	111	39 (35.1)	72 (64.9)	2.5 (1.3, NE)	1.203 (0.790, 1.833)	0.3685	

N: number of subjects in analysis set; n: number of subjects in subgroup category with complete PRO baseline; %: proportion of number of subjects in n; CI: confidence interval; NE: not estimable. PRO: Patient Reported Outcome. A Minimal Clinically Important Difference of 10 is considered in this table. [a] Median time to first event is from Kaplan-Meier estimate. Confidence Interval for median was computed using the Brookmeyer-Crowley method. [b] Hazard ratio is from unstratified Cox proportional hazards model with treatment as the only categorical variable in the model. Confidence limits are based on the Wald test. [c] Two-sided p-value from unstratified log-rank test. [d] Two-sided interaction p-value is for the interaction term from unstratified Cox proportional hazards model with treatment, subgroup, and treatment-by-subgroup interaction as categorical variables in the model. The p-value is based on the Wald test.
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Medizinischer Nutzen, medizinischer Zusatznutzen, Patientengruppen mit therap. bedeutsamem Zusatznutzen

Daiichi Sankyo | Data Intelligence – Evidence Generation | AC220-A-U302 QUANTUM-First (DCO 13 Aug 2021) | Statistical analyses for AMNOG (HTA Germany)
 Table 2.20.4 EORTC QLQ-C30 - First Improvement - Time-to-event analysis - subgroup analysis - DCO 13-Aug-2021 - PRO Intent to Treat Analysis Set

Symptom Scales - Pain

Subgroup	n	Quizartinib (N=254)				Placebo (N=255)				Quizartinib vs Placebo		Interaction P-value [d]
		No. of subjects with events (%)	No. of subjects censored (%)	Median (95 % CI) [a]	n	No. of subjects with events (%)	No. of subjects censored (%)	Median (95 % CI) [a]	Hazard Ratio (95 % CI) [b]	Unstratified log-rank p-value [c]		
Age by 2 categories											0.2930	
≤60	157	79 (50.3)	78 (49.7)	1.8 (1.2, 2.9)	154	74 (48.1)	80 (51.9)	1.5 (0.8, 2.4)	0.932 (0.679, 1.280)	0.6797		
>60	95	40 (42.1)	55 (57.9)	1.5 (0.8, 7.4)	99	41 (41.4)	58 (58.6)	2.6 (1.5, NE)	1.258 (0.814, 1.946)	0.3145		

N: number of subjects in analysis set; n: number of subjects in subgroup category with complete PRO baseline; %: proportion of number of subjects in n; CI: confidence interval; NE: not estimable. PRO: Patient Reported Outcome. A Minimal Clinically Important Difference of 10 is considered in this table.
 [a] Median time to first event is from Kaplan-Meier estimate. Confidence Interval for median was computed using the Brookmeyer-Crowley method.
 [b] Hazard ratio is from unstratified Cox proportional hazards model with treatment as the only categorical variable in the model. Confidence limits are based on the Wald test.
 [c] Two-sided p-value from unstratified log-rank test.
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Daiichi Sankyo | Data Intelligence – Evidence Generation | AC220-A-U302 QUANTUM-First (DCO 13 Aug 2021) | Statistical analyses for AMNOG (HTA Germany)
 Table 2.20.4 EORTC QLQ-C30 - First Improvement - Time-to-event analysis - subgroup analysis - DCO 13-Aug-2021 - PRO Intent to Treat Analysis Set

Common Symptoms - Dyspnea

Subgroup	n	Quizartinib (N=254)			n	Placebo (N=255)			Quizartinib vs Placebo		Interaction P-value [d]
		No. of subjects with events (%)	No. of subjects censored (%)	Median (95 % CI) [a]		No. of subjects with events (%)	No. of subjects censored (%)	Median (95 % CI) [a]	Hazard Ratio (95 % CI) [b]	Unstratified log-rank p-value [c]	
Pooled Age Group 2											0.5392
<60	152	56 (36.8)	96 (63.2)	NE (2.5, NE)	151	59 (39.1)	92 (60.9)	8.0 (1.8, NE)	0.876 (0.607, 1.263)	0.4445	
≥60 - <65	36	12 (33.3)	24 (66.7)	7.6 (0.8, NE)	43	17 (39.5)	26 (60.5)	4.1 (1.4, NE)	0.814 (0.387, 1.710)	0.5753	
≥65	64	19 (29.7)	45 (70.3)	NE (1.4, NE)	59	16 (27.1)	43 (72.9)	NE (1.5, NE)	1.292 (0.664, 2.512)	0.4491	

N: number of subjects in analysis set; n: number of subjects in subgroup category with complete PRO baseline; %: proportion of number of subjects in n; CI: confidence interval; NE: not estimable. PRO: Patient Reported Outcome. A Minimal Clinically Important Difference of 10 is considered in this table.
 [a] Median time to first event is from Kaplan-Meier estimate. Confidence Interval for median was computed using the Brookmeyer-Crowley method.
 [b] Hazard ratio is from unstratified Cox proportional hazards model with treatment as the only categorical variable in the model. Confidence limits are based on the Wald test.
 [c] Two-sided p-value from unstratified log-rank test.
 [d] Two-sided interaction p-value is for the interaction term from unstratified Cox proportional hazards model with treatment, subgroup, and treatment-by-subgroup interaction as categorical variables in the model. The p-value is based on the Wald test.
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 Run date: 15NOV2023 – 13:11; Program name: .sas; Output name: DE_T_2_20_4_QLQC30_FI_SUB_PRO_ITT.rtf

Medizinischer Nutzen, medizinischer Zusatznutzen, Patientengruppen mit therap. bedeutsamem Zusatznutzen

Daiichi Sankyo | Data Intelligence – Evidence Generation | AC220-A-U302 QUANTUM-First (DCO 13 Aug 2021) | Statistical analyses for AMNOG (HTA Germany)
 Table 2.20.4 EORTC QLQ-C30 - First Improvement - Time-to-event analysis - subgroup analysis - DCO 13-Aug-2021 - PRO Intent to Treat Analysis Set

Common Symptoms - Dyspnea

Subgroup	n	Quizartinib (N=254)			n	Placebo (N=255)			Quizartinib vs Placebo		Interaction P-value [d]
		No. of subjects with events (%)	No. of subjects censored (%)	Median (95 % CI) [a]		No. of subjects with events (%)	No. of subjects censored (%)	Median (95 % CI) [a]	Hazard Ratio (95 % CI) [b]	Unstratified log-rank p-value [c]	
Sex											0.4018
Male	120	30 (25.0)	90 (75.0)	NE (NE, NE)	109	32 (29.4)	77 (70.6)	NE (5.7, NE)	0.835 (0.507, 1.375)	0.4484	
Female	132	57 (43.2)	75 (56.8)	2.5 (1.6, NE)	144	60 (41.7)	84 (58.3)	4.1 (1.7, NE)	1.067 (0.742, 1.533)	0.7325	

N: number of subjects in analysis set; n: number of subjects in subgroup category with complete PRO baseline; %: proportion of number of subjects in n; CI: confidence interval; NE: not estimable. PRO: Patient Reported Outcome. A Minimal Clinically Important Difference of 10 is considered in this table.
 [a] Median time to first event is from Kaplan-Meier estimate. Confidence Interval for median was computed using the Brookmeyer-Crowley method.
 [b] Hazard ratio is from unstratified Cox proportional hazards model with treatment as the only categorical variable in the model. Confidence limits are based on the Wald test.
 [c] Two-sided p-value from unstratified log-rank test.
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Daiichi Sankyo | Data Intelligence – Evidence Generation | AC220-A-U302 QUANTUM-First (DCO 13 Aug 2021) | Statistical analyses for AMNOG (HTA Germany)
 Table 2.20.4 EORTC QLQ-C30 - First Improvement - Time-to-event analysis - subgroup analysis - DCO 13-Aug-2021 - PRO Intent to Treat Analysis Set

Common Symptoms - Dyspnea

Subgroup	n	Quizartinib (N=254)			n	Placebo (N=255)			Quizartinib vs Placebo		Interaction P-value [d]
		No. of subjects with events (%)	No. of subjects censored (%)	Median (95 % CI) [a]		No. of subjects with events (%)	No. of subjects censored (%)	Median (95 % CI) [a]	Hazard Ratio (95 % CI) [b]	Unstratified log-rank p-value [c]	
Race by 2 categories											0.0997
White	150	55 (36.7)	95 (63.3)	NE (1.8, NE)	151	48 (31.8)	103 (68.2)	NE (4.1, NE)	1.180 (0.801, 1.738)	0.4203	
Non-white	102	32 (31.4)	70 (68.6)	NE (2.5, NE)	102	44 (43.1)	58 (56.9)	1.9 (1.5, NE)	0.698 (0.442, 1.104)	0.1134	

N: number of subjects in analysis set; n: number of subjects in subgroup category with complete PRO baseline; %: proportion of number of subjects in n; CI: confidence interval; NE: not estimable. PRO: Patient Reported Outcome. A Minimal Clinically Important Difference of 10 is considered in this table.
 [a] Median time to first event is from Kaplan-Meier estimate. Confidence Interval for median was computed using the Brookmeyer-Crowley method.
 [b] Hazard ratio is from unstratified Cox proportional hazards model with treatment as the only categorical variable in the model. Confidence limits are based on the Wald test.
 [c] Two-sided p-value from unstratified log-rank test.
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Medizinischer Nutzen, medizinischer Zusatznutzen, Patientengruppen mit therap. bedeutsamem Zusatznutzen

Daiichi Sankyo | Data Intelligence – Evidence Generation | AC220-A-U302 QUANTUM-First (DCO 13 Aug 2021) | Statistical analyses for AMNOG (HTA Germany)
 Table 2.20.4 EORTC QLQ-C30 - First Improvement - Time-to-event analysis - subgroup analysis - DCO 13-Aug-2021 - PRO Intent to Treat Analysis Set

Common Symptoms - Dyspnea

Subgroup	n	Quizartinib (N=254)			Placebo (N=255)			Quizartinib vs Placebo		Interaction
		No. of subjects with events (%)	No. of subjects censored (%)	Median (95 % CI) [a]	n	No. of subjects with events (%)	No. of subjects censored (%)	Median (95 % CI) [a]	Hazard Ratio (95 % CI) [b]	Unstratified log-rank p-value [c]
Geographic Region 1										0.9081
North America	16	6 (37.5)	10 (62.5)	1.8 (0.7, NE)	16	9 (56.3)	7 (43.8)	1.7 (0.8, NE)	1.102 (0.390, 3.111)	0.8722
Europe	150	52 (34.7)	98 (65.3)	NE (2.1, NE)	150	50 (33.3)	100 (66.7)	NE (4.1, NE)	1.016 (0.689, 1.498)	0.9674
Asia/Other Regions	86	29 (33.7)	57 (66.3)	NE (1.7, NE)	87	33 (37.9)	54 (62.1)	18.4 (1.3, NE)	0.882 (0.535, 1.455)	0.6065

N: number of subjects in analysis set; n: number of subjects in subgroup category with complete PRO baseline; %: proportion of number of subjects in n; CI: confidence interval; NE: not estimable. PRO: Patient Reported Outcome. A Minimal Clinically Important Difference of 10 is considered in this table. [a] Median time to first event is from Kaplan-Meier estimate. Confidence Interval for median was computed using the Brookmeyer-Crowley method. [b] Hazard ratio is from unstratified Cox proportional hazards model with treatment as the only categorical variable in the model. Confidence limits are based on the Wald test. [c] Two-sided p-value from unstratified log-rank test. [d] Two-sided interaction p-value is for the interaction term from unstratified Cox proportional hazards model with treatment, subgroup, and treatment-by-subgroup interaction as categorical variables in the model. The p-value is based on the Wald test.
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Medizinischer Nutzen, medizinischer Zusatznutzen, Patientengruppen mit therap. bedeutsamem Zusatznutzen

Daiichi Sankyo | Data Intelligence – Evidence Generation | AC220-A-U302 QUANTUM-First (DCO 13 Aug 2021) | Statistical analyses for AMNOG (HTA Germany)
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Common Symptoms - Dyspnea

Subgroup	n	Quizartinib (N=254)				Placebo (N=255)				Quizartinib vs Placebo		Interaction P-value [d]
		No. of subjects with events (%)	No. of subjects censored (%)	Median (95 % CI) [a]	n	No. of subjects with events (%)	No. of subjects censored (%)	Median (95 % CI) [a]	Hazard Ratio (95 % CI) [b]	Unstratified log-rank p-value [c]		
WBC at initial diagnosis											0.1205	
< 40x10 ⁹ /L	128	36 (28.1)	92 (71.9)	NE (19.6, NE)	125	49 (39.2)	76 (60.8)	8.0 (1.8, NE)	0.740 (0.481, 1.139)	0.1627		
≥ 40x10 ⁹ /L	124	51 (41.1)	73 (58.9)	2.8 (1.6, NE)	128	43 (33.6)	85 (66.4)	18.4 (1.9, NE)	1.191 (0.794, 1.788)	0.4141		

N: number of subjects in analysis set; n: number of subjects in subgroup category with complete PRO baseline; %: proportion of number of subjects in n; CI: confidence interval; NE: not estimable. PRO: Patient Reported Outcome. A Minimal Clinically Important Difference of 10 is considered in this table.
 [a] Median time to first event is from Kaplan-Meier estimate. Confidence Interval for median was computed using the Brookmeyer-Crowley method.
 [b] Hazard ratio is from unstratified Cox proportional hazards model with treatment as the only categorical variable in the model. Confidence limits are based on the Wald test.
 [c] Two-sided p-value from unstratified log-rank test.
 [d] Two-sided interaction p-value is for the interaction term from unstratified Cox proportional hazards model with treatment, subgroup, and treatment-by-subgroup interaction as categorical variables in the model. The p-value is based on the Wald test.
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Medizinischer Nutzen, medizinischer Zusatznutzen, Patientengruppen mit therap. bedeutsamem Zusatznutzen

Daiichi Sankyo | Data Intelligence – Evidence Generation | AC220-A-U302 QUANTUM-First (DCO 13 Aug 2021) | Statistical analyses for AMNOG (HTA Germany)
 Table 2.20.4 EORTC QLQ-C30 - First Improvement - Time-to-event analysis - subgroup analysis - DCO 13-Aug-2021 - PRO Intent to Treat Analysis Set

Common Symptoms - Dyspnea

Subgroup	n	Quizartinib (N=254)			n	Placebo (N=255)			Quizartinib vs Placebo		Interaction P-value [d]
		No. of subjects with events (%)	No. of subjects censored (%)	Median (95 % CI) [a]		No. of subjects with events (%)	No. of subjects censored (%)	Median (95 % CI) [a]	Hazard Ratio (95 % CI) [b]	Unstratified log-rank p-value [c]	
Choice of Anthracycline											0.2542
Daunorubicin	116	36 (31.0)	80 (69.0)	NE (2.9, NE)	90	35 (38.9)	55 (61.1)	3.4 (1.6, NE)	0.755 (0.473, 1.205)	0.2147	
Idarubicin	136	51 (37.5)	85 (62.5)	4.6 (1.7, NE)	161	56 (34.8)	105 (65.2)	NE (2.1, NE)	1.090 (0.746, 1.594)	0.6612	

N: number of subjects in analysis set; n: number of subjects in subgroup category with complete PRO baseline; %: proportion of number of subjects in n; CI: confidence interval; NE: not estimable. PRO: Patient Reported Outcome. A Minimal Clinically Important Difference of 10 is considered in this table.
 [a] Median time to first event is from Kaplan-Meier estimate. Confidence Interval for median was computed using the Brookmeyer-Crowley method.
 [b] Hazard ratio is from unstratified Cox proportional hazards model with treatment as the only categorical variable in the model. Confidence limits are based on the Wald test.
 [c] Two-sided p-value from unstratified log-rank test.
 [d] Two-sided interaction p-value is for the interaction term from unstratified Cox proportional hazards model with treatment, subgroup, and treatment-by-subgroup interaction as categorical variables in the model. The p-value is based on the Wald test.
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Medizinischer Nutzen, medizinischer Zusatznutzen, Patientengruppen mit therap. bedeutsamem Zusatznutzen

Daiichi Sankyo | Data Intelligence – Evidence Generation | AC220-A-U302 QUANTUM-First (DCO 13 Aug 2021) | Statistical analyses for AMNOG (HTA Germany)
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Common Symptoms - Dyspnea

Subgroup	n	Quizartinib (N=254)				Placebo (N=255)				Quizartinib vs Placebo		Interaction P-value [d]
		No. of subjects with events (%)	No. of subjects censored (%)	Median (95 % CI) [a]	n	No. of subjects with events (%)	No. of subjects censored (%)	Median (95 % CI) [a]	Hazard Ratio (95 % CI) [b]	Unstratified log-rank p-value [c]		
AML Cytogenetic Risk Score											0.7039	
Favorable	12	3 (25.0)	9 (75.0)	NE (0.7, NE)	16	8 (50.0)	8 (50.0)	13.3 (1.0, NE)	0.639 (0.169, 2.410)	0.4863		
Intermediate	186	68 (36.6)	118 (63.4)	19.6 (1.8, NE)	180	65 (36.1)	115 (63.9)	5.7 (1.9, NE)	0.951 (0.677, 1.337)	0.7523		
Unfavorable	19	8 (42.1)	11 (57.9)	1.8 (0.7, NE)	26	9 (34.6)	17 (65.4)	NE (0.7, NE)	1.588 (0.612, 4.123)	0.3368		
Unknown	35	8 (22.9)	27 (77.1)	NE (2.6, NE)	30	9 (30.0)	21 (70.0)	NE (7.5, NE)	0.890 (0.343, 2.310)	0.8059		

N: number of subjects in analysis set; n: number of subjects in subgroup category with complete PRO baseline; %: proportion of number of subjects in n; CI: confidence interval; NE: not estimable. PRO: Patient Reported Outcome. A Minimal Clinically Important Difference of 10 is considered in this table. [a] Median time to first event is from Kaplan-Meier estimate. Confidence Interval for median was computed using the Brookmeyer-Crowley method. [b] Hazard ratio is from unstratified Cox proportional hazards model with treatment as the only categorical variable in the model. Confidence limits are based on the Wald test. [c] Two-sided p-value from unstratified log-rank test. [d] Two-sided interaction p-value is for the interaction term from unstratified Cox proportional hazards model with treatment, subgroup, and treatment-by-subgroup interaction as categorical variables in the model. The p-value is based on the Wald test.
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Medizinischer Nutzen, medizinischer Zusatznutzen, Patientengruppen mit therap. bedeutsamem Zusatznutzen

Daiichi Sankyo | Data Intelligence – Evidence Generation | AC220-A-U302 QUANTUM-First (DCO 13 Aug 2021) | Statistical analyses for AMNOG (HTA Germany)
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Common Symptoms - Dyspnea

Subgroup	n	Quizartinib (N=254)			n	Placebo (N=255)			Quizartinib vs Placebo		Interaction p- P-value [d]
		No. of subjects with events (%)	No. of subjects censored (%)	Median (95 % CI) [a]		No. of subjects with events (%)	No. of subjects censored (%)	Median (95 % CI) [a]	Hazard Ratio (95 % CI) [b]	Unstratified log-rank value [c]	
ECOG Performance Status at Baseline											0.2612
0 - Fully Active	82	25 (30.5)	57 (69.5)	NE (2.9, NE)	92	29 (31.5)	63 (68.5)	NE (8.0, NE)	0.957 (0.560, 1.635)	0.8589	
1 - Restricted in Physically Strenuous Activity	126	47 (37.3)	79 (62.7)	3.7 (1.7, NE)	126	44 (34.9)	82 (65.1)	NE (1.8, NE)	1.074 (0.712, 1.621)	0.7514	
2 - Ambulatory and Capable of All Selfcare	44	15 (34.1)	29 (65.9)	19.6 (0.8, NE)	34	19 (55.9)	15 (44.1)	1.5 (0.7, 2.0)	0.550 (0.276, 1.093)	0.0743	

N: number of subjects in analysis set; n: number of subjects in subgroup category with complete PRO baseline; %: proportion of number of subjects in n; CI: confidence interval; NE: not estimable. PRO: Patient Reported Outcome. A Minimal Clinically Important Difference of 10 is considered in this table.
 [a] Median time to first event is from Kaplan-Meier estimate. Confidence Interval for median was computed using the Brookmeyer-Crowley method.
 [b] Hazard ratio is from unstratified Cox proportional hazards model with treatment as the only categorical variable in the model. Confidence limits are based on the Wald test.
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Daiichi Sankyo | Data Intelligence – Evidence Generation | AC220-A-U302 QUANTUM-First (DCO 13 Aug 2021) | Statistical analyses for AMNOG (HTA Germany)
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Common Symptoms - Dyspnea

Subgroup	n	Quizartinib (N=254)			Placebo (N=255)			Quizartinib vs Placebo		Interaction P-value [d]
		No. of subjects with events (%)	No. of subjects censored (%)	Median (95 % CI) [a]	n	No. of subjects with events (%)	No. of subjects censored (%)	Median (95 % CI) [a]	Hazard Ratio (95 % CI) [b]	
FLT3-ITD category at Baseline										0.0322
≥3 to ≤25%	88	25 (28.4)	63 (71.6)	NE (2.8, NE)	92	40 (43.5)	52 (56.5)	1.9 (1.0, NE)	0.620 (0.375, 1.024)	0.0538
>25% to ≤50%	135	51 (37.8)	84 (62.2)	2.9 (1.6, NE)	128	39 (30.5)	89 (69.5)	NE (5.7, NE)	1.411 (0.929, 2.141)	0.1125
>50%	28	10 (35.7)	18 (64.3)	NE (1.3, NE)	33	13 (39.4)	20 (60.6)	1.7 (0.7, NE)	0.673 (0.294, 1.540)	0.3674

N: number of subjects in analysis set; n: number of subjects in subgroup category with complete PRO baseline; %: proportion of number of subjects in n; CI: confidence interval; NE: not estimable. PRO: Patient Reported Outcome. A Minimal Clinically Important Difference of 10 is considered in this table.
 [a] Median time to first event is from Kaplan-Meier estimate. Confidence Interval for median was computed using the Brookmeyer-Crowley method.
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 [c] Two-sided p-value from unstratified log-rank test.
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Daiichi Sankyo | Data Intelligence – Evidence Generation | AC220-A-U302 QUANTUM-First (DCO 13 Aug 2021) | Statistical analyses for AMNOG (HTA Germany)
 Table 2.20.4 EORTC QLQ-C30 - First Improvement - Time-to-event analysis - subgroup analysis - DCO 13-Aug-2021 - PRO Intent to Treat Analysis Set

Common Symptoms - Dyspnea

Subgroup	n	Quizartinib (N=254)			Placebo (N=255)			Quizartinib vs Placebo		Interaction P-value [d]
		No. of subjects with events (%)	No. of subjects censored (%)	Median (95 % CI) [a]	n	No. of subjects with events (%)	No. of subjects censored (%)	Median (95 % CI) [a]	Hazard Ratio (95 % CI) [b]	
AML with Mutated NPM1										0.9405
Yes	130	48 (36.9)	82 (63.1)	NE (2.1, NE)	131	54 (41.2)	77 (58.8)	7.5 (1.9, NE)	0.940 (0.637, 1.387)	0.7136
No	112	36 (32.1)	76 (67.9)	NE (1.8, NE)	111	34 (30.6)	77 (69.4)	NE (1.7, NE)	0.964 (0.603, 1.541)	0.8764

N: number of subjects in analysis set; n: number of subjects in subgroup category with complete PRO baseline; %: proportion of number of subjects in n; CI: confidence interval; NE: not estimable. PRO: Patient Reported Outcome. A Minimal Clinically Important Difference of 10 is considered in this table.
 [a] Median time to first event is from Kaplan-Meier estimate. Confidence Interval for median was computed using the Brookmeyer-Crowley method.
 [b] Hazard ratio is from unstratified Cox proportional hazards model with treatment as the only categorical variable in the model. Confidence limits are based on the Wald test.
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 [d] Two-sided interaction p-value is for the interaction term from unstratified Cox proportional hazards model with treatment, subgroup, and treatment-by-subgroup interaction as categorical variables in the model. The p-value is based on the Wald test.
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Medizinischer Nutzen, medizinischer Zusatznutzen, Patientengruppen mit therap. bedeutsamem Zusatznutzen

Daiichi Sankyo | Data Intelligence – Evidence Generation | AC220-A-U302 QUANTUM-First (DCO 13 Aug 2021) | Statistical analyses for AMNOG (HTA Germany)
 Table 2.20.4 EORTC QLQ-C30 - First Improvement - Time-to-event analysis - subgroup analysis - DCO 13-Aug-2021 - PRO Intent to Treat Analysis Set

Common Symptoms - Dyspnea

Subgroup	n	Quizartinib (N=254)			Placebo (N=255)			Quizartinib vs Placebo		Interaction P-value [d]
		No. of subjects with events (%)	No. of subjects censored (%)	Median (95 % CI) [a]	n	No. of subjects with events (%)	No. of subjects censored (%)	Median (95 % CI) [a]	Hazard Ratio (95 % CI) [b]	
Age by 2 categories										0.5705
≤60	157	57 (36.3)	100 (63.7)	NE (2.5, NE)	154	59 (38.3)	95 (61.7)	8.0 (1.8, NE)	0.883 (0.613, 1.272)	0.4648
>60	95	30 (31.6)	65 (68.4)	NE (1.6, NE)	99	33 (33.3)	66 (66.7)	NE (1.7, NE)	1.066 (0.650, 1.749)	0.7855

N: number of subjects in analysis set; n: number of subjects in subgroup category with complete PRO baseline; %: proportion of number of subjects in n; CI: confidence interval; NE: not estimable. PRO: Patient Reported Outcome. A Minimal Clinically Important Difference of 10 is considered in this table. [a] Median time to first event is from Kaplan-Meier estimate. Confidence Interval for median was computed using the Brookmeyer-Crowley method. [b] Hazard ratio is from unstratified Cox proportional hazards model with treatment as the only categorical variable in the model. Confidence limits are based on the Wald test. [c] Two-sided p-value from unstratified log-rank test. [d] Two-sided interaction p-value is for the interaction term from unstratified Cox proportional hazards model with treatment, subgroup, and treatment-by-subgroup interaction as categorical variables in the model. The p-value is based on the Wald test. Data source: \\AC220-A-U302\Production\Raw Data_Restricted\rstret_eg\rstret_20211102_eg\rstret_valos\20230516_AMNOG\ADAM\ Run date: 15NOV2023 – 13:11; Program name: .sas; Output name: DE_T_2_20_4_QLQC30_FI_SUB_PRO_ITT.rtf

Medizinischer Nutzen, medizinischer Zusatznutzen, Patientengruppen mit therap. bedeutsamem Zusatznutzen

Daiichi Sankyo | Data Intelligence – Evidence Generation | AC220-A-U302 QUANTUM-First (DCO 13 Aug 2021) | Statistical analyses for AMNOG (HTA Germany)
 Table 2.20.4 EORTC QLQ-C30 - First Improvement - Time-to-event analysis - subgroup analysis - DCO 13-Aug-2021 - PRO Intent to Treat Analysis Set

Common Symptoms - Insomnia

Subgroup	n	Quizartinib (N=254)			n	Placebo (N=255)			Quizartinib vs Placebo		Interaction P-value [d]
		No. of subjects with events (%)	No. of subjects censored (%)	Median (95 % CI) [a]		No. of subjects with events (%)	No. of subjects censored (%)	Median (95 % CI) [a]	Hazard Ratio (95 % CI) [b]	Unstratified log-rank p-value [c]	
Pooled Age Group 2											0.1540
<60	152	79 (52.0)	73 (48.0)	2.3 (1.5, 4.4)	151	61 (40.4)	90 (59.6)	4.5 (1.7, NE)	1.343 (0.962, 1.876)	0.0797	
≥60 - <65	36	14 (38.9)	22 (61.1)	1.3 (0.7, NE)	43	20 (46.5)	23 (53.5)	3.1 (1.6, 11.8)	1.032 (0.520, 2.048)	0.9467	
≥65	64	21 (32.8)	43 (67.2)	3.5 (1.6, NE)	59	28 (47.5)	31 (52.5)	2.0 (1.3, 2.4)	0.699 (0.396, 1.232)	0.2126	

N: number of subjects in analysis set; n: number of subjects in subgroup category with complete PRO baseline; %: proportion of number of subjects in n; CI: confidence interval; NE: not estimable. PRO: Patient Reported Outcome. A Minimal Clinically Important Difference of 10 is considered in this table.
 [a] Median time to first event is from Kaplan-Meier estimate. Confidence Interval for median was computed using the Brookmeyer-Crowley method.
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Common Symptoms - Insomnia

Subgroup	n	Quizartinib (N=254)				Placebo (N=255)			Quizartinib vs Placebo		Interaction P-value [d]
		No. of subjects with events (%)	No. of subjects censored (%)	Median (95 % CI) [a]	n	No. of subjects with events (%)	No. of subjects censored (%)	Median (95 % CI) [a]	Hazard Ratio (95 % CI) [b]	Unstratified log-rank p-value [c]	
Sex											0.4649
Male	120	54 (45.0)	66 (55.0)	2.5 (1.5, 11.3)	109	40 (36.7)	69 (63.3)	3.2 (2.0, NE)	1.257 (0.835, 1.892)	0.2745	
Female	132	60 (45.5)	72 (54.5)	2.0 (1.5, 7.6)	144	69 (47.9)	75 (52.1)	2.0 (1.6, 7.8)	1.040 (0.736, 1.470)	0.8089	

N: number of subjects in analysis set; n: number of subjects in subgroup category with complete PRO baseline; %: proportion of number of subjects in n; CI: confidence interval; NE: not estimable. PRO: Patient Reported Outcome. A Minimal Clinically Important Difference of 10 is considered in this table.
 [a] Median time to first event is from Kaplan-Meier estimate. Confidence Interval for median was computed using the Brookmeyer-Crowley method.
 [b] Hazard ratio is from unstratified Cox proportional hazards model with treatment as the only categorical variable in the model. Confidence limits are based on the Wald test.
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Daiichi Sankyo | Data Intelligence – Evidence Generation | AC220-A-U302 QUANTUM-First (DCO 13 Aug 2021) | Statistical analyses for AMNOG (HTA Germany)
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Common Symptoms - Insomnia

Subgroup	n	Quizartinib (N=254)				Placebo (N=255)				Quizartinib vs Placebo		Interaction P-value [d]
		No. of subjects with events (%)	No. of subjects censored (%)	Median (95 % CI) [a]	n	No. of subjects with events (%)	No. of subjects censored (%)	Median (95 % CI) [a]	Hazard Ratio (95 % CI) [b]	Unstratified log-rank p-value [c]		
Race by 2 categories											0.9146	
White	150	66 (44.0)	84 (56.0)	2.2 (1.3, 10.3)	151	64 (42.4)	87 (57.6)	2.4 (1.7, NE)	1.119 (0.794, 1.579)	0.5294		
Non-white	102	48 (47.1)	54 (52.9)	2.5 (1.6, 7.6)	102	45 (44.1)	57 (55.9)	3.1 (1.6, 8.7)	1.062 (0.704, 1.601)	0.7578		

N: number of subjects in analysis set; n: number of subjects in subgroup category with complete PRO baseline; %: proportion of number of subjects in n; CI: confidence interval; NE: not estimable. PRO: Patient Reported Outcome. A Minimal Clinically Important Difference of 10 is considered in this table. [a] Median time to first event is from Kaplan-Meier estimate. Confidence Interval for median was computed using the Brookmeyer-Crowley method. [b] Hazard ratio is from unstratified Cox proportional hazards model with treatment as the only categorical variable in the model. Confidence limits are based on the Wald test. [c] Two-sided p-value from unstratified log-rank test. [d] Two-sided interaction p-value is for the interaction term from unstratified Cox proportional hazards model with treatment, subgroup, and treatment-by-subgroup interaction as categorical variables in the model. The p-value is based on the Wald test.
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Daichi Sankyo | Data Intelligence – Evidence Generation | AC220-A-U302 QUANTUM-First (DCO 13 Aug 2021) | Statistical analyses for AMNOG (HTA Germany)
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Common Symptoms - Insomnia

Subgroup	n	Quizartinib (N=254)				Placebo (N=255)			Quizartinib vs Placebo		Interaction P-value [d]
		No. of subjects with events (%)	No. of subjects censored (%)	Median (95 % CI) [a]	n	No. of subjects with events (%)	No. of subjects censored (%)	Median (95 % CI) [a]	Hazard Ratio (95 % CI) [b]	Unstratified log-rank p-value [c]	
Geographic Region 1											0.9622
North America	16	7 (43.8)	9 (56.3)	2.6 (1.3, NE)	16	10 (62.5)	6 (37.5)	1.7 (0.7, 8.8)	1.026 (0.380, 2.771)	0.9604	
Europe	150	65 (43.3)	85 (56.7)	2.0 (1.5, 14.3)	150	61 (40.7)	89 (59.3)	2.6 (1.7, NE)	1.108 (0.782, 1.572)	0.5576	
Asia/Other Regions	86	42 (48.8)	44 (51.2)	2.5 (1.4, 10.6)	87	38 (43.7)	49 (56.3)	3.3 (1.7, 8.7)	1.116 (0.716, 1.739)	0.6271	

N: number of subjects in analysis set; n: number of subjects in subgroup category with complete PRO baseline; %: proportion of number of subjects in n; CI: confidence interval; NE: not estimable. PRO: Patient Reported Outcome. A Minimal Clinically Important Difference of 10 is considered in this table. [a] Median time to first event is from Kaplan-Meier estimate. Confidence Interval for median was computed using the Brookmeyer-Crowley method. [b] Hazard ratio is from unstratified Cox proportional hazards model with treatment as the only categorical variable in the model. Confidence limits are based on the Wald test. [c] Two-sided p-value from unstratified log-rank test. [d] Two-sided interaction p-value is for the interaction term from unstratified Cox proportional hazards model with treatment, subgroup, and treatment-by-subgroup interaction as categorical variables in the model. The p-value is based on the Wald test.
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Daiichi Sankyo | Data Intelligence – Evidence Generation | AC220-A-U302 QUANTUM-First (DCO 13 Aug 2021) | Statistical analyses for AMNOG (HTA Germany)
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Common Symptoms - Insomnia

Subgroup	n	Quizartinib (N=254)				Placebo (N=255)			Quizartinib vs Placebo		Interaction P-value [d]
		No. of subjects with events (%)	No. of subjects censored (%)	Median (95 % CI) [a]	n	No. of subjects with events (%)	No. of subjects censored (%)	Median (95 % CI) [a]	Hazard Ratio (95 % CI) [b]	Unstratified log-rank p-value [c]	
WBC at initial diagnosis											0.8191
< 40x10 ⁹ /L	128	52 (40.6)	76 (59.4)	3.0 (1.6, 19.5)	125	53 (42.4)	72 (57.6)	3.1 (1.9, NE)	1.143 (0.780, 1.677)	0.4961	
≥ 40x10 ⁹ /L	124	62 (50.0)	62 (50.0)	2.1 (1.4, 3.3)	128	56 (43.8)	72 (56.3)	2.0 (1.7, 5.5)	1.074 (0.748, 1.541)	0.6853	

N: number of subjects in analysis set; n: number of subjects in subgroup category with complete PRO baseline; %: proportion of number of subjects in n; CI: confidence interval; NE: not estimable. PRO: Patient Reported Outcome. A Minimal Clinically Important Difference of 10 is considered in this table.
 [a] Median time to first event is from Kaplan-Meier estimate. Confidence Interval for median was computed using the Brookmeyer-Crowley method.
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 [c] Two-sided p-value from unstratified log-rank test.
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Common Symptoms - Insomnia

Subgroup	n	Quizartinib (N=254)				Placebo (N=255)				Quizartinib vs Placebo		Interaction P-value [d]
		No. of subjects with events (%)	No. of subjects censored (%)	Median (95 % CI) [a]	n	No. of subjects with events (%)	No. of subjects censored (%)	Median (95 % CI) [a]	Hazard Ratio (95 % CI) [b]	Unstratified log-rank p-value [c]		
Choice of Anthracycline												0.8526
Daunorubicin	116	50 (43.1)	66 (56.9)	2.3 (1.1, 10.3)	90	35 (38.9)	55 (61.1)	2.1 (1.6, NE)	1.172 (0.760, 1.807)	0.4845		
Idarubicin	136	64 (47.1)	72 (52.9)	2.5 (1.5, 10.6)	161	72 (44.7)	89 (55.3)	2.6 (1.9, 5.5)	1.105 (0.789, 1.548)	0.5383		

N: number of subjects in analysis set; n: number of subjects in subgroup category with complete PRO baseline; %: proportion of number of subjects in n; CI: confidence interval; NE: not estimable. PRO: Patient Reported Outcome. A Minimal Clinically Important Difference of 10 is considered in this table. [a] Median time to first event is from Kaplan-Meier estimate. Confidence Interval for median was computed using the Brookmeyer-Crowley method. [b] Hazard ratio is from unstratified Cox proportional hazards model with treatment as the only categorical variable in the model. Confidence limits are based on the Wald test. [c] Two-sided p-value from unstratified log-rank test. [d] Two-sided interaction p-value is for the interaction term from unstratified Cox proportional hazards model with treatment, subgroup, and treatment-by-subgroup interaction as categorical variables in the model. The p-value is based on the Wald test.
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Daiichi Sankyo | Data Intelligence – Evidence Generation | AC220-A-U302 QUANTUM-First (DCO 13 Aug 2021) | Statistical analyses for AMNOG (HTA Germany)
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Common Symptoms - Insomnia

Subgroup	n	Quizartinib (N=254)			n	Placebo (N=255)			Quizartinib vs Placebo		Interaction P-value [d]
		No. of subjects with events (%)	No. of subjects censored (%)	Median (95 % CI) [a]		No. of subjects with events (%)	No. of subjects censored (%)	Median (95 % CI) [a]	Hazard Ratio (95 % CI) [b]	Unstratified log-rank p-value [c]	
AML Cytogenetic Risk Score											0.4106
Favorable	12	6 (50.0)	6 (50.0)	1.6 (0.7, NE)	16	8 (50.0)	8 (50.0)	8.8 (1.6, NE)	1.653 (0.566, 4.821)	0.3779	
Intermediate	186	89 (47.8)	97 (52.2)	2.2 (1.6, 3.5)	180	70 (38.9)	110 (61.1)	2.6 (1.7, NE)	1.232 (0.900, 1.684)	0.1862	
Unfavorable	19	8 (42.1)	11 (57.9)	1.3 (0.7, NE)	26	15 (57.7)	11 (42.3)	1.9 (0.7, 4.5)	0.964 (0.403, 2.305)	0.9936	
Unknown	35	11 (31.4)	24 (68.6)	17.1 (1.3, NE)	30	15 (50.0)	15 (50.0)	2.6 (0.8, NE)	0.654 (0.299, 1.429)	0.2955	

N: number of subjects in analysis set; n: number of subjects in subgroup category with complete PRO baseline; %: proportion of number of subjects in n; CI: confidence interval; NE: not estimable. PRO: Patient Reported Outcome. A Minimal Clinically Important Difference of 10 is considered in this table. [a] Median time to first event is from Kaplan-Meier estimate. Confidence Interval for median was computed using the Brookmeyer-Crowley method. [b] Hazard ratio is from unstratified Cox proportional hazards model with treatment as the only categorical variable in the model. Confidence limits are based on the Wald test. [c] Two-sided p-value from unstratified log-rank test. [d] Two-sided interaction p-value is for the interaction term from unstratified Cox proportional hazards model with treatment, subgroup, and treatment-by-subgroup interaction as categorical variables in the model. The p-value is based on the Wald test.
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Daiichi Sankyo | Data Intelligence – Evidence Generation | AC220-A-U302 QUANTUM-First (DCO 13 Aug 2021) | Statistical analyses for AMNOG (HTA Germany)
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Common Symptoms - Insomnia

Subgroup	n	Quizartinib (N=254)			n	Placebo (N=255)			Quizartinib vs Placebo		Interaction P-value [d]
		No. of subjects with events (%)	No. of subjects censored (%)	Median (95 % CI) [a]		No. of subjects with events (%)	No. of subjects censored (%)	Median (95 % CI) [a]	Hazard Ratio (95 % CI) [b]	Unstratified log-rank p-value [c]	
ECOG Performance Status at Baseline											0.0937
0 - Fully Active	82	36 (43.9)	46 (56.1)	7.6 (1.5, NE)	92	31 (33.7)	61 (66.3)	16.4 (2.6, NE)	1.603 (0.991, 2.594)	0.0526	
1 - Restricted in Physically Strenuous Activity	126	58 (46.0)	68 (54.0)	2.3 (1.6, 3.5)	126	58 (46.0)	68 (54.0)	2.1 (1.6, 3.3)	0.941 (0.653, 1.354)	0.7522	
2 - Ambulatory and Capable of All Selfcare	44	20 (45.5)	24 (54.5)	1.4 (0.8, 14.3)	34	20 (58.8)	14 (41.2)	1.6 (0.7, 2.0)	0.704 (0.372, 1.333)	0.2576	

N: number of subjects in analysis set; n: number of subjects in subgroup category with complete PRO baseline; %: proportion of number of subjects in n; CI: confidence interval; NE: not estimable. PRO: Patient Reported Outcome. A Minimal Clinically Important Difference of 10 is considered in this table.
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Common Symptoms - Insomnia

Subgroup	n	Quizartinib (N=254)			n	Placebo (N=255)			Quizartinib vs Placebo		Interaction	
		No. of subjects with events (%)	No. of subjects censored (%)	Median (95 % CI) [a]		No. of subjects with events (%)	No. of subjects censored (%)	Median (95 % CI) [a]	Hazard Ratio (95 % CI) [b]	Unstratified log-rank p-value [c]	P-value [d]	
FLT3-ITD category at Baseline											0.1544	
≥3 to ≤25%	88	40 (45.5)	48 (54.5)	1.8 (0.8, 14.3)	92	37 (40.2)	55 (59.8)	3.2 (1.6, NE)	1.325 (0.847, 2.073)	0.2224		
>25% to ≤50%	135	61 (45.2)	74 (54.8)	2.3 (1.6, 10.6)	128	53 (41.4)	75 (58.6)	2.6 (2.0, 8.8)	1.173 (0.811, 1.696)	0.3975		
>50%	28	13 (46.4)	15 (53.6)	2.8 (1.3, NE)	33	19 (57.6)	14 (42.4)	1.6 (0.7, 2.1)	0.622 (0.306, 1.262)	0.2134		

N: number of subjects in analysis set; n: number of subjects in subgroup category with complete PRO baseline; %: proportion of number of subjects in n; CI: confidence interval; NE: not estimable. PRO: Patient Reported Outcome. A Minimal Clinically Important Difference of 10 is considered in this table.
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Daiichi Sankyo | Data Intelligence – Evidence Generation | AC220-A-U302 QUANTUM-First (DCO 13 Aug 2021) | Statistical analyses for AMNOG (HTA Germany)
 Table 2.20.4 EORTC QLQ-C30 - First Improvement - Time-to-event analysis - subgroup analysis - DCO 13-Aug-2021 - PRO Intent to Treat Analysis Set

Common Symptoms - Insomnia

Subgroup	n	Quizartinib (N=254)				Placebo (N=255)			Quizartinib vs Placebo		Interaction P-value [d]
		No. of subjects with events (%)	No. of subjects censored (%)	Median (95 % CI) [a]	n	No. of subjects with events (%)	No. of subjects censored (%)	Median (95 % CI) [a]	Hazard Ratio (95 % CI) [b]	Unstratified log-rank p-value [c]	
AML with Mutated NPM1											0.9184
Yes	130	65 (50.0)	65 (50.0)	1.8 (1.3, 7.6)	131	66 (50.4)	65 (49.6)	2.1 (1.6, 8.8)	1.125 (0.798, 1.585)	0.5177	
No	112	45 (40.2)	67 (59.8)	2.5 (1.7, 14.3)	111	38 (34.2)	73 (65.8)	2.6 (1.9, 16.4)	1.119 (0.725, 1.728)	0.5967	

N: number of subjects in analysis set; n: number of subjects in subgroup category with complete PRO baseline; %: proportion of number of subjects in n; CI: confidence interval; NE: not estimable. PRO: Patient Reported Outcome. A Minimal Clinically Important Difference of 10 is considered in this table.
 [a] Median time to first event is from Kaplan-Meier estimate. Confidence Interval for median was computed using the Brookmeyer-Crowley method.
 [b] Hazard ratio is from unstratified Cox proportional hazards model with treatment as the only categorical variable in the model. Confidence limits are based on the Wald test.
 [c] Two-sided p-value from unstratified log-rank test.
 [d] Two-sided interaction p-value is for the interaction term from unstratified Cox proportional hazards model with treatment, subgroup, and treatment-by-subgroup interaction as categorical variables in the model. The p-value is based on the Wald test.
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 Run date: 15NOV2023 – 13:11; Program name: .sas; Output name: DE_T_2_20_4_QLQC30_FI_SUB_PRO_ITT.rtf

Medizinischer Nutzen, medizinischer Zusatznutzen, Patientengruppen mit therap. bedeutsamem Zusatznutzen

Daiichi Sankyo | Data Intelligence – Evidence Generation | AC220-A-U302 QUANTUM-First (DCO 13 Aug 2021) | Statistical analyses for AMNOG (HTA Germany)
 Table 2.20.4 EORTC QLQ-C30 - First Improvement - Time-to-event analysis - subgroup analysis - DCO 13-Aug-2021 - PRO Intent to Treat Analysis Set

Common Symptoms - Insomnia

Subgroup	n	Quizartinib (N=254)			n	Placebo (N=255)			Quizartinib vs Placebo		Interaction P-value [d]
		No. of subjects with events (%)	No. of subjects censored (%)	Median (95 % CI) [a]		No. of subjects with events (%)	No. of subjects censored (%)	Median (95 % CI) [a]	Hazard Ratio (95 % CI) [b]	Unstratified log-rank p-value [c]	
Age by 2 categories											0.1028
≤60	157	80 (51.0)	77 (49.0)	2.3 (1.5, 4.4)	154	62 (40.3)	92 (59.7)	4.5 (1.7, 16.4)	1.323 (0.949, 1.843)	0.0942	
>60	95	34 (35.8)	61 (64.2)	3.3 (1.5, NE)	99	47 (47.5)	52 (52.5)	2.1 (1.7, 3.2)	0.844 (0.542, 1.312)	0.4446	

N: number of subjects in analysis set; n: number of subjects in subgroup category with complete PRO baseline; %: proportion of number of subjects in n; CI: confidence interval; NE: not estimable. PRO: Patient Reported Outcome. A Minimal Clinically Important Difference of 10 is considered in this table.
 [a] Median time to first event is from Kaplan-Meier estimate. Confidence Interval for median was computed using the Brookmeyer-Crowley method.
 [b] Hazard ratio is from unstratified Cox proportional hazards model with treatment as the only categorical variable in the model. Confidence limits are based on the Wald test.
 [c] Two-sided p-value from unstratified log-rank test.
 [d] Two-sided interaction p-value is for the interaction term from unstratified Cox proportional hazards model with treatment, subgroup, and treatment-by-subgroup interaction as categorical variables in the model. The p-value is based on the Wald test.
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Medizinischer Nutzen, medizinischer Zusatznutzen, Patientengruppen mit therap. bedeutsamem Zusatznutzen

Daiichi Sankyo | Data Intelligence – Evidence Generation | AC220-A-U302 QUANTUM-First (DCO 13 Aug 2021) | Statistical analyses for AMNOG (HTA Germany)
 Table 2.20.4 EORTC QLQ-C30 - First Improvement - Time-to-event analysis - subgroup analysis - DCO 13-Aug-2021 - PRO Intent to Treat Analysis Set

Common Symptoms - Appetite Loss

Subgroup	n	Quizartinib (N=254)			n	Placebo (N=255)			Quizartinib vs Placebo		Interaction P-value [d]
		No. of subjects with events (%)	No. of subjects censored (%)	Median (95 % CI) [a]		No. of subjects with events (%)	No. of subjects censored (%)	Median (95 % CI) [a]	Hazard Ratio (95 % CI) [b]	Unstratified log-rank p-value [c]	
Pooled Age Group 2											0.1349
<60	152	87 (57.2)	65 (42.8)	1.6 (0.9, 2.3)	151	83 (55.0)	68 (45.0)	1.5 (0.7, 1.9)	0.972 (0.719, 1.313)	0.8504	
≥60 - <65	36	23 (63.9)	13 (36.1)	0.8 (0.7, 1.6)	43	21 (48.8)	22 (51.2)	2.0 (0.8, 6.1)	1.598 (0.882, 2.894)	0.1314	
≥65	64	25 (39.1)	39 (60.9)	2.9 (1.5, 9.3)	59	32 (54.2)	27 (45.8)	1.4 (0.9, 2.0)	0.650 (0.384, 1.100)	0.1084	

N: number of subjects in analysis set; n: number of subjects in subgroup category with complete PRO baseline; %: proportion of number of subjects in n; CI: confidence interval; NE: not estimable. PRO: Patient Reported Outcome. A Minimal Clinically Important Difference of 10 is considered in this table.
 [a] Median time to first event is from Kaplan-Meier estimate. Confidence Interval for median was computed using the Brookmeyer-Crowley method.
 [b] Hazard ratio is from unstratified Cox proportional hazards model with treatment as the only categorical variable in the model. Confidence limits are based on the Wald test.
 [c] Two-sided p-value from unstratified log-rank test.
 [d] Two-sided interaction p-value is for the interaction term from unstratified Cox proportional hazards model with treatment, subgroup, and treatment-by-subgroup interaction as categorical variables in the model. The p-value is based on the Wald test.
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Medizinischer Nutzen, medizinischer Zusatznutzen, Patientengruppen mit therap. bedeutsamem Zusatznutzen

Daiichi Sankyo | Data Intelligence – Evidence Generation | AC220-A-U302 QUANTUM-First (DCO 13 Aug 2021) | Statistical analyses for AMNOG (HTA Germany)
 Table 2.20.4 EORTC QLQ-C30 - First Improvement - Time-to-event analysis - subgroup analysis - DCO 13-Aug-2021 - PRO Intent to Treat Analysis Set

Common Symptoms - Appetite Loss

Subgroup	n	Quizartinib (N=254)			n	Placebo (N=255)			Quizartinib vs Placebo		Interaction P-value [d]
		No. of subjects with events (%)	No. of subjects censored (%)	Median (95 % CI) [a]		No. of subjects with events (%)	No. of subjects censored (%)	Median (95 % CI) [a]	Hazard Ratio (95 % CI) [b]	Unstratified log-rank p-value [c]	
Sex											0.3498
Male	120	61 (50.8)	59 (49.2)	1.5 (0.8, 2.2)	109	49 (45.0)	60 (55.0)	2.3 (0.8, 4.0)	1.139 (0.782, 1.659)	0.4937	
Female	132	74 (56.1)	58 (43.9)	2.0 (1.3, 2.6)	144	87 (60.4)	57 (39.6)	1.5 (0.9, 1.7)	0.893 (0.654, 1.219)	0.4709	

N: number of subjects in analysis set; n: number of subjects in subgroup category with complete PRO baseline; %: proportion of number of subjects in n; CI: confidence interval; NE: not estimable. PRO: Patient Reported Outcome. A Minimal Clinically Important Difference of 10 is considered in this table. [a] Median time to first event is from Kaplan-Meier estimate. Confidence Interval for median was computed using the Brookmeyer-Crowley method. [b] Hazard ratio is from unstratified Cox proportional hazards model with treatment as the only categorical variable in the model. Confidence limits are based on the Wald test. [c] Two-sided p-value from unstratified log-rank test. [d] Two-sided interaction p-value is for the interaction term from unstratified Cox proportional hazards model with treatment, subgroup, and treatment-by-subgroup interaction as categorical variables in the model. The p-value is based on the Wald test. Data source: \\AC220-A-U302\Production\Raw Data_Restricted\rstret_eg\rstret_20211102_eg\rstret_valos\20230516_AMNOG\ADAM\ Run date: 15NOV2023 – 13:11; Program name: .sas; Output name: DE_T_2_20_4_QLQC30_FI_SUB_PRO_ITT.rtf

Medizinischer Nutzen, medizinischer Zusatznutzen, Patientengruppen mit therap. bedeutsamem Zusatznutzen

Daiichi Sankyo | Data Intelligence – Evidence Generation | AC220-A-U302 QUANTUM-First (DCO 13 Aug 2021) | Statistical analyses for AMNOG (HTA Germany)
 Table 2.20.4 EORTC QLQ-C30 - First Improvement - Time-to-event analysis - subgroup analysis - DCO 13-Aug-2021 - PRO Intent to Treat Analysis Set

Common Symptoms - Appetite Loss

Subgroup	n	Quizartinib (N=254)			Placebo (N=255)			Quizartinib vs Placebo		Interaction P-value [d]
		No. of subjects with events (%)	No. of subjects censored (%)	Median (95 % CI) [a]	n	No. of subjects with events (%)	No. of subjects censored (%)	Median (95 % CI) [a]	Hazard Ratio (95 % CI) [b]	
Race by 2 categories										0.9809
White	150	78 (52.0)	72 (48.0)	1.6 (1.1, 2.5)	151	82 (54.3)	69 (45.7)	1.6 (0.9, 2.0)	0.964 (0.707, 1.315)	0.8006
Non-white	102	57 (55.9)	45 (44.1)	1.8 (1.0, 2.5)	102	54 (52.9)	48 (47.1)	1.6 (0.7, 2.3)	0.962 (0.662, 1.399)	0.8457

N: number of subjects in analysis set; n: number of subjects in subgroup category with complete PRO baseline; %: proportion of number of subjects in n; CI: confidence interval; NE: not estimable. PRO: Patient Reported Outcome. A Minimal Clinically Important Difference of 10 is considered in this table.
 [a] Median time to first event is from Kaplan-Meier estimate. Confidence Interval for median was computed using the Brookmeyer-Crowley method.
 [b] Hazard ratio is from unstratified Cox proportional hazards model with treatment as the only categorical variable in the model. Confidence limits are based on the Wald test.
 [c] Two-sided p-value from unstratified log-rank test.
 [d] Two-sided interaction p-value is for the interaction term from unstratified Cox proportional hazards model with treatment, subgroup, and treatment-by-subgroup interaction as categorical variables in the model. The p-value is based on the Wald test.
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Medizinischer Nutzen, medizinischer Zusatznutzen, Patientengruppen mit therap. bedeutsamem Zusatznutzen

Daichi Sankyo | Data Intelligence – Evidence Generation | AC220-A-U302 QUANTUM-First (DCO 13 Aug 2021) | Statistical analyses for AMNOG (HTA Germany)
 Table 2.20.4 EORTC QLQ-C30 - First Improvement - Time-to-event analysis - subgroup analysis - DCO 13-Aug-2021 - PRO Intent to Treat Analysis Set

Common Symptoms - Appetite Loss

Subgroup	n	Quizartinib (N=254)			Placebo (N=255)			Quizartinib vs Placebo		Interaction P-value [d]
		No. of subjects with events (%)	No. of subjects censored (%)	Median (95 % CI) [a]	n	No. of subjects with events (%)	No. of subjects censored (%)	Median (95 % CI) [a]	Hazard Ratio (95 % CI) [b]	
Geographic Region 1										0.9666
North America	16	7 (43.8)	9 (56.3)	1.3 (0.7, NE)	16	12 (75.0)	4 (25.0)	1.7 (0.7, 3.1)	1.061 (0.391, 2.878)	0.9323
Europe	150	78 (52.0)	72 (48.0)	1.6 (1.1, 2.5)	150	80 (53.3)	70 (46.7)	1.5 (0.8, 2.6)	0.947 (0.693, 1.293)	0.7356
Asia/Other Regions	86	50 (58.1)	36 (41.9)	2.0 (0.8, 3.5)	87	44 (50.6)	43 (49.4)	1.6 (0.8, 2.0)	1.021 (0.679, 1.536)	0.9416

N: number of subjects in analysis set; n: number of subjects in subgroup category with complete PRO baseline; %: proportion of number of subjects in n; CI: confidence interval; NE: not estimable. PRO: Patient Reported Outcome. A Minimal Clinically Important Difference of 10 is considered in this table. [a] Median time to first event is from Kaplan-Meier estimate. Confidence Interval for median was computed using the Brookmeyer-Crowley method. [b] Hazard ratio is from unstratified Cox proportional hazards model with treatment as the only categorical variable in the model. Confidence limits are based on the Wald test. [c] Two-sided p-value from unstratified log-rank test. [d] Two-sided interaction p-value is for the interaction term from unstratified Cox proportional hazards model with treatment, subgroup, and treatment-by-subgroup interaction as categorical variables in the model. The p-value is based on the Wald test.
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Daiichi Sankyo | Data Intelligence – Evidence Generation | AC220-A-U302 QUANTUM-First (DCO 13 Aug 2021) | Statistical analyses for AMNOG (HTA Germany)
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Common Symptoms - Appetite Loss

Subgroup	n	Quizartinib (N=254)			n	Placebo (N=255)			Quizartinib vs Placebo		Interaction P-value [d]
		No. of subjects with events (%)	No. of subjects censored (%)	Median (95 % CI) [a]		No. of subjects with events (%)	No. of subjects censored (%)	Median (95 % CI) [a]	Hazard Ratio (95 % CI) [b]	Unstratified log-rank p-value [c]	
WBC at initial diagnosis											0.8354
< 40x10 ⁹ /L	128	62 (48.4)	66 (51.6)	2.0 (1.3, 3.8)	125	69 (55.2)	56 (44.8)	1.9 (1.3, 2.8)	0.946 (0.671, 1.333)	0.7377	
≥ 40x10 ⁹ /L	124	73 (58.9)	51 (41.1)	1.3 (0.8, 2.2)	128	67 (52.3)	61 (47.7)	1.5 (0.7, 1.7)	0.995 (0.713, 1.386)	0.9745	

N: number of subjects in analysis set; n: number of subjects in subgroup category with complete PRO baseline; %: proportion of number of subjects in n; CI: confidence interval; NE: not estimable. PRO: Patient Reported Outcome. A Minimal Clinically Important Difference of 10 is considered in this table.
 [a] Median time to first event is from Kaplan-Meier estimate. Confidence Interval for median was computed using the Brookmeyer-Crowley method.
 [b] Hazard ratio is from unstratified Cox proportional hazards model with treatment as the only categorical variable in the model. Confidence limits are based on the Wald test.
 [c] Two-sided p-value from unstratified log-rank test.
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Medizinischer Nutzen, medizinischer Zusatznutzen, Patientengruppen mit therap. bedeutsamem Zusatznutzen

Daiichi Sankyo | Data Intelligence – Evidence Generation | AC220-A-U302 QUANTUM-First (DCO 13 Aug 2021) | Statistical analyses for AMNOG (HTA Germany)
 Table 2.20.4 EORTC QLQ-C30 - First Improvement - Time-to-event analysis - subgroup analysis - DCO 13-Aug-2021 - PRO Intent to Treat Analysis Set

Common Symptoms - Appetite Loss

Subgroup	n	Quizartinib (N=254)			n	Placebo (N=255)			Quizartinib vs Placebo		Interaction P-value [d]
		No. of subjects with events (%)	No. of subjects censored (%)	Median (95 % CI) [a]		No. of subjects with events (%)	No. of subjects censored (%)	Median (95 % CI) [a]	Hazard Ratio (95 % CI) [b]	Unstratified log-rank p-value [c]	
Choice of Anthracycline											0.2258
Daunorubicin	116	63 (54.3)	53 (45.7)	1.1 (0.7, 2.0)	90	47 (52.2)	43 (47.8)	1.6 (0.8, 2.3)	1.143 (0.783, 1.668)	0.5300	
Idarubicin	136	72 (52.9)	64 (47.1)	2.0 (1.5, 3.5)	161	89 (55.3)	72 (44.7)	1.5 (0.9, 1.9)	0.841 (0.616, 1.148)	0.2882	

N: number of subjects in analysis set; n: number of subjects in subgroup category with complete PRO baseline; %: proportion of number of subjects in n; CI: confidence interval; NE: not estimable. PRO: Patient Reported Outcome. A Minimal Clinically Important Difference of 10 is considered in this table.
 [a] Median time to first event is from Kaplan-Meier estimate. Confidence Interval for median was computed using the Brookmeyer-Crowley method.
 [b] Hazard ratio is from unstratified Cox proportional hazards model with treatment as the only categorical variable in the model. Confidence limits are based on the Wald test.
 [c] Two-sided p-value from unstratified log-rank test.
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Medizinischer Nutzen, medizinischer Zusatznutzen, Patientengruppen mit therap. bedeutsamem Zusatznutzen

Daiichi Sankyo | Data Intelligence – Evidence Generation | AC220-A-U302 QUANTUM-First (DCO 13 Aug 2021) | Statistical analyses for AMNOG (HTA Germany)
 Table 2.20.4 EORTC QLQ-C30 - First Improvement - Time-to-event analysis - subgroup analysis - DCO 13-Aug-2021 - PRO Intent to Treat Analysis Set

Common Symptoms - Appetite Loss

Subgroup	n	Quizartinib (N=254)			n	Placebo (N=255)			Quizartinib vs Placebo		Interaction P-value [d]
		No. of subjects with events (%)	No. of subjects censored (%)	Median (95 % CI) [a]		No. of subjects with events (%)	No. of subjects censored (%)	Median (95 % CI) [a]	Hazard Ratio (95 % CI) [b]	Unstratified log-rank p-value [c]	
AML Cytogenetic Risk Score											0.0013
Favorable	12	7 (58.3)	5 (41.7)	0.7 (0.6, NE)	16	6 (37.5)	10 (62.5)	8.7 (1.6, NE)	4.875 (1.373, 17.313)	0.0083	
Intermediate	186	100 (53.8)	86 (46.2)	1.7 (1.3, 2.5)	180	100 (55.6)	80 (44.4)	1.3 (0.8, 1.6)	0.816 (0.618, 1.078)	0.1502	
Unfavorable	19	12 (63.2)	7 (36.8)	0.7 (0.7, 1.5)	26	12 (46.2)	14 (53.8)	2.1 (0.7, NE)	2.989 (1.300, 6.872)	0.0059	
Unknown	35	16 (45.7)	19 (54.3)	3.0 (1.3, NE)	30	17 (56.7)	13 (43.3)	2.0 (0.9, NE)	0.836 (0.421, 1.659)	0.5911	

N: number of subjects in analysis set; n: number of subjects in subgroup category with complete PRO baseline; %: proportion of number of subjects in n; CI: confidence interval; NE: not estimable. PRO: Patient Reported Outcome. A Minimal Clinically Important Difference of 10 is considered in this table. [a] Median time to first event is from Kaplan-Meier estimate. Confidence Interval for median was computed using the Brookmeyer-Crowley method. [b] Hazard ratio is from unstratified Cox proportional hazards model with treatment as the only categorical variable in the model. Confidence limits are based on the Wald test. [c] Two-sided p-value from unstratified log-rank test. [d] Two-sided interaction p-value is for the interaction term from unstratified Cox proportional hazards model with treatment, subgroup, and treatment-by-subgroup interaction as categorical variables in the model. The p-value is based on the Wald test.
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Medizinischer Nutzen, medizinischer Zusatznutzen, Patientengruppen mit therap. bedeutsamem Zusatznutzen

Daiichi Sankyo | Data Intelligence – Evidence Generation | AC220-A-U302 QUANTUM-First (DCO 13 Aug 2021) | Statistical analyses for AMNOG (HTA Germany)
 Table 2.20.4 EORTC QLQ-C30 - First Improvement - Time-to-event analysis - subgroup analysis - DCO 13-Aug-2021 - PRO Intent to Treat Analysis Set

Common Symptoms - Appetite Loss

Subgroup	n	Quizartinib (N=254)			n	Placebo (N=255)			Quizartinib vs Placebo		Interaction P-value [d]
		No. of subjects with events (%)	No. of subjects censored (%)	Median (95 % CI) [a]		No. of subjects with events (%)	No. of subjects censored (%)	Median (95 % CI) [a]	Hazard Ratio (95 % CI) [b]	Unstratified log-rank p-value [c]	
ECOG Performance Status at Baseline											0.9593
0 - Fully Active	82	46 (56.1)	36 (43.9)	2.3 (1.0, 3.8)	92	52 (56.5)	40 (43.5)	1.6 (0.8, 2.0)	0.941 (0.632, 1.400)	0.7918	
1 - Restricted in Physically Strenuous Activity	126	67 (53.2)	59 (46.8)	1.5 (0.9, 2.5)	126	66 (52.4)	60 (47.6)	1.7 (1.0, 2.6)	1.016 (0.722, 1.428)	0.9502	
2 - Ambulatory and Capable of All Selfcare	44	22 (50.0)	22 (50.0)	1.5 (0.8, 2.0)	34	18 (52.9)	16 (47.1)	1.0 (0.7, 3.1)	0.944 (0.505, 1.763)	0.8251	

N: number of subjects in analysis set; n: number of subjects in subgroup category with complete PRO baseline; %: proportion of number of subjects in n; CI: confidence interval; NE: not estimable. PRO: Patient Reported Outcome. A Minimal Clinically Important Difference of 10 is considered in this table.
 [a] Median time to first event is from Kaplan-Meier estimate. Confidence Interval for median was computed using the Brookmeyer-Crowley method.
 [b] Hazard ratio is from unstratified Cox proportional hazards model with treatment as the only categorical variable in the model. Confidence limits are based on the Wald test.
 [c] Two-sided p-value from unstratified log-rank test.
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Daiichi Sankyo | Data Intelligence – Evidence Generation | AC220-A-U302 QUANTUM-First (DCO 13 Aug 2021) | Statistical analyses for AMNOG (HTA Germany)
 Table 2.20.4 EORTC QLQ-C30 - First Improvement - Time-to-event analysis - subgroup analysis - DCO 13-Aug-2021 - PRO Intent to Treat Analysis Set

Common Symptoms - Appetite Loss

Subgroup	n	Quizartinib (N=254)			Placebo (N=255)			Quizartinib vs Placebo		Interaction P-value [d]
		No. of subjects with events (%)	No. of subjects censored (%)	Median (95 % CI) [a]	n	No. of subjects with events (%)	No. of subjects censored (%)	Median (95 % CI) [a]	Hazard Ratio (95 % CI) [b]	
FLT3-ITD category at Baseline										0.7940
≥3 to ≤25%	88	45 (51.1)	43 (48.9)	1.7 (0.8, 2.5)	92	51 (55.4)	41 (44.6)	1.6 (0.8, 2.8)	1.089 (0.729, 1.628)	0.7270
>25% to ≤50%	135	74 (54.8)	61 (45.2)	1.8 (1.2, 2.6)	128	66 (51.6)	62 (48.4)	1.7 (0.8, 2.3)	0.962 (0.690, 1.342)	0.8300
>50%	28	16 (57.1)	12 (42.9)	1.3 (0.7, 4.6)	33	19 (57.6)	14 (42.4)	1.5 (0.7, 3.1)	0.851 (0.437, 1.657)	0.6670

N: number of subjects in analysis set; n: number of subjects in subgroup category with complete PRO baseline; %: proportion of number of subjects in n; CI: confidence interval; NE: not estimable. PRO: Patient Reported Outcome. A Minimal Clinically Important Difference of 10 is considered in this table.
 [a] Median time to first event is from Kaplan-Meier estimate. Confidence Interval for median was computed using the Brookmeyer-Crowley method.
 [b] Hazard ratio is from unstratified Cox proportional hazards model with treatment as the only categorical variable in the model. Confidence limits are based on the Wald test.
 [c] Two-sided p-value from unstratified log-rank test.
 [d] Two-sided interaction p-value is for the interaction term from unstratified Cox proportional hazards model with treatment, subgroup, and treatment-by-subgroup interaction as categorical variables in the model. The p-value is based on the Wald test.
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 Run date: 15NOV2023 – 13:11; Program name: .sas; Output name: DE_T_2_20_4_QLQC30_FI_SUB_PRO_ITT.rtf

Medizinischer Nutzen, medizinischer Zusatznutzen, Patientengruppen mit therap. bedeutsamem Zusatznutzen

Daiichi Sankyo | Data Intelligence – Evidence Generation | AC220-A-U302 QUANTUM-First (DCO 13 Aug 2021) | Statistical analyses for AMNOG (HTA Germany)
 Table 2.20.4 EORTC QLQ-C30 - First Improvement - Time-to-event analysis - subgroup analysis - DCO 13-Aug-2021 - PRO Intent to Treat Analysis Set

Common Symptoms - Appetite Loss

Subgroup	n	Quizartinib (N=254)			n	Placebo (N=255)			Quizartinib vs Placebo		Interaction P-value [d]
		No. of subjects with events (%)	No. of subjects censored (%)	Median (95 % CI) [a]		No. of subjects with events (%)	No. of subjects censored (%)	Median (95 % CI) [a]	Hazard Ratio (95 % CI) [b]	Unstratified log-rank p-value [c]	
AML with Mutated NPM1											0.9938
Yes	130	76 (58.5)	54 (41.5)	1.6 (1.2, 2.5)	131	83 (63.4)	48 (36.6)	1.5 (0.9, 1.8)	0.938 (0.687, 1.281)	0.6442	
No	112	53 (47.3)	59 (52.7)	2.0 (1.1, 2.6)	111	48 (43.2)	63 (56.8)	1.9 (0.7, 2.6)	0.948 (0.641, 1.402)	0.8158	

N: number of subjects in analysis set; n: number of subjects in subgroup category with complete PRO baseline; %: proportion of number of subjects in n; CI: confidence interval; NE: not estimable. PRO: Patient Reported Outcome. A Minimal Clinically Important Difference of 10 is considered in this table.
 [a] Median time to first event is from Kaplan-Meier estimate. Confidence Interval for median was computed using the Brookmeyer-Crowley method.
 [b] Hazard ratio is from unstratified Cox proportional hazards model with treatment as the only categorical variable in the model. Confidence limits are based on the Wald test.
 [c] Two-sided p-value from unstratified log-rank test.
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Daiichi Sankyo | Data Intelligence – Evidence Generation | AC220-A-U302 QUANTUM-First (DCO 13 Aug 2021) | Statistical analyses for AMNOG (HTA Germany)
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Common Symptoms - Appetite Loss

Subgroup	n	Quizartinib (N=254)			n	Placebo (N=255)			Quizartinib vs Placebo		Interaction P-value [d]
		No. of subjects with events (%)	No. of subjects censored (%)	Median (95 % CI) [a]		No. of subjects with events (%)	No. of subjects censored (%)	Median (95 % CI) [a]	Hazard Ratio (95 % CI) [b]	Unstratified log-rank p-value [c]	
Age by 2 categories											0.8827
≤60	157	89 (56.7)	68 (43.3)	1.6 (0.8, 2.3)	154	83 (53.9)	71 (46.1)	1.5 (0.7, 1.9)	0.993 (0.736, 1.340)	0.9523	
>60	95	46 (48.4)	49 (51.6)	1.8 (1.2, 3.5)	99	53 (53.5)	46 (46.5)	1.7 (1.3, 2.1)	0.934 (0.628, 1.388)	0.7383	

N: number of subjects in analysis set; n: number of subjects in subgroup category with complete PRO baseline; %: proportion of number of subjects in n; CI: confidence interval; NE: not estimable. PRO: Patient Reported Outcome. A Minimal Clinically Important Difference of 10 is considered in this table.
 [a] Median time to first event is from Kaplan-Meier estimate. Confidence Interval for median was computed using the Brookmeyer-Crowley method.
 [b] Hazard ratio is from unstratified Cox proportional hazards model with treatment as the only categorical variable in the model. Confidence limits are based on the Wald test.
 [c] Two-sided p-value from unstratified log-rank test.
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Daiichi Sankyo | Data Intelligence – Evidence Generation | AC220-A-U302 QUANTUM-First (DCO 13 Aug 2021) | Statistical analyses for AMNOG (HTA Germany)
 Table 2.20.4 EORTC QLQ-C30 - First Improvement - Time-to-event analysis - subgroup analysis - DCO 13-Aug-2021 - PRO Intent to Treat Analysis Set

Common Symptoms - Constipation

Subgroup	n	Quizartinib (N=254)				Placebo (N=255)				Quizartinib vs Placebo		Interaction P-value [d]
		No. of subjects with events (%)	No. of subjects censored (%)	Median (95 % CI) [a]	n	No. of subjects with events (%)	No. of subjects censored (%)	Median (95 % CI) [a]	Hazard Ratio (95 % CI) [b]	Unstratified log-rank p-value [c]		
Pooled Age Group 2											0.8884	
<60	152	52 (34.2)	100 (65.8)	NE (5.1, NE)	151	36 (23.8)	115 (76.2)	NE (NE, NE)	1.364 (0.892, 2.086)	0.1424		
≥60 - <65	36	9 (25.0)	27 (75.0)	NE (1.6, NE)	43	8 (18.6)	35 (81.4)	NE (5.7, NE)	1.518 (0.585, 3.936)	0.3944		
≥65	64	12 (18.8)	52 (81.3)	NE (NE, NE)	59	12 (20.3)	47 (79.7)	NE (NE, NE)	1.139 (0.512, 2.536)	0.7632		

N: number of subjects in analysis set; n: number of subjects in subgroup category with complete PRO baseline; %: proportion of number of subjects in n; CI: confidence interval; NE: not estimable. PRO: Patient Reported Outcome. A Minimal Clinically Important Difference of 10 is considered in this table.
 [a] Median time to first event is from Kaplan-Meier estimate. Confidence Interval for median was computed using the Brookmeyer-Crowley method.
 [b] Hazard ratio is from unstratified Cox proportional hazards model with treatment as the only categorical variable in the model. Confidence limits are based on the Wald test.
 [c] Two-sided p-value from unstratified log-rank test.
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Medizinischer Nutzen, medizinischer Zusatznutzen, Patientengruppen mit therap. bedeutsamem Zusatznutzen

Daiichi Sankyo | Data Intelligence – Evidence Generation | AC220-A-U302 QUANTUM-First (DCO 13 Aug 2021) | Statistical analyses for AMNOG (HTA Germany)
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Common Symptoms - Constipation

Subgroup	n	Quizartinib (N=254)			n	Placebo (N=255)			Quizartinib vs Placebo		Interaction P-value [d]
		No. of subjects with events (%)	No. of subjects censored (%)	Median (95 % CI) [a]		No. of subjects with events (%)	No. of subjects censored (%)	Median (95 % CI) [a]	Hazard Ratio (95 % CI) [b]	Unstratified log-rank p-value [c]	
Sex											0.0090
Male	120	26 (21.7)	94 (78.3)	NE (NE, NE)	109	28 (25.7)	81 (74.3)	NE (NE, NE)	0.801 (0.470, 1.367)	0.4202	
Female	132	47 (35.6)	85 (64.4)	6.1 (2.4, NE)	144	28 (19.4)	116 (80.6)	NE (NE, NE)	2.050 (1.284, 3.274)	0.0022	

N: number of subjects in analysis set; n: number of subjects in subgroup category with complete PRO baseline; %: proportion of number of subjects in n; CI: confidence interval; NE: not estimable. PRO: Patient Reported Outcome. A Minimal Clinically Important Difference of 10 is considered in this table.
 [a] Median time to first event is from Kaplan-Meier estimate. Confidence Interval for median was computed using the Brookmeyer-Crowley method.
 [b] Hazard ratio is from unstratified Cox proportional hazards model with treatment as the only categorical variable in the model. Confidence limits are based on the Wald test.
 [c] Two-sided p-value from unstratified log-rank test.
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Medizinischer Nutzen, medizinischer Zusatznutzen, Patientengruppen mit therap. bedeutsamem Zusatznutzen

Daiichi Sankyo | Data Intelligence – Evidence Generation | AC220-A-U302 QUANTUM-First (DCO 13 Aug 2021) | Statistical analyses for AMNOG (HTA Germany)
 Table 2.20.4 EORTC QLQ-C30 - First Improvement - Time-to-event analysis - subgroup analysis - DCO 13-Aug-2021 - PRO Intent to Treat Analysis Set

Common Symptoms - Constipation

Subgroup	n	Quizartinib (N=254)			n	Placebo (N=255)			Quizartinib vs Placebo		Interaction P-value [d]
		No. of subjects with events (%)	No. of subjects censored (%)	Median (95 % CI) [a]		No. of subjects with events (%)	No. of subjects censored (%)	Median (95 % CI) [a]	Hazard Ratio (95 % CI) [b]	Unstratified log-rank p-value [c]	
Race by 2 categories											0.1625
White	150	43 (28.7)	107 (71.3)	NE (6.1, NE)	151	26 (17.2)	125 (82.8)	NE (NE, NE)	1.714 (1.053, 2.789)	0.0281	
Non-white	102	30 (29.4)	72 (70.6)	NE (2.5, NE)	102	30 (29.4)	72 (70.6)	NE (5.7, NE)	1.044 (0.629, 1.732)	0.8638	

N: number of subjects in analysis set; n: number of subjects in subgroup category with complete PRO baseline; %: proportion of number of subjects in n; CI: confidence interval; NE: not estimable. PRO: Patient Reported Outcome. A Minimal Clinically Important Difference of 10 is considered in this table.
 [a] Median time to first event is from Kaplan-Meier estimate. Confidence Interval for median was computed using the Brookmeyer-Crowley method.
 [b] Hazard ratio is from unstratified Cox proportional hazards model with treatment as the only categorical variable in the model. Confidence limits are based on the Wald test.
 [c] Two-sided p-value from unstratified log-rank test.
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Medizinischer Nutzen, medizinischer Zusatznutzen, Patientengruppen mit therap. bedeutsamem Zusatznutzen

Daichi Sankyo | Data Intelligence – Evidence Generation | AC220-A-U302 QUANTUM-First (DCO 13 Aug 2021) | Statistical analyses for AMNOG (HTA Germany)
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Common Symptoms - Constipation

Subgroup	n	Quizartinib (N=254)			Placebo (N=255)			Quizartinib vs Placebo		Interaction P-value [d]
		No. of subjects with events (%)	No. of subjects censored (%)	Median (95 % CI) [a]	n	No. of subjects with events (%)	No. of subjects censored (%)	Median (95 % CI) [a]	Hazard Ratio (95 % CI) [b]	
Geographic Region 1										0.6681
North America	16	5 (31.3)	11 (68.8)	2.1 (0.7, NE)	16	4 (25.0)	12 (75.0)	NE (1.7, NE)	2.055 (0.549, 7.689)	0.2735
Europe	150	43 (28.7)	107 (71.3)	NE (5.7, NE)	150	29 (19.3)	121 (80.7)	NE (NE, NE)	1.489 (0.930, 2.386)	0.0968
Asia/Other Regions	86	25 (29.1)	61 (70.9)	NE (2.8, NE)	87	23 (26.4)	64 (73.6)	NE (8.7, NE)	1.151 (0.653, 2.029)	0.6159

N: number of subjects in analysis set; n: number of subjects in subgroup category with complete PRO baseline; %: proportion of number of subjects in n; CI: confidence interval; NE: not estimable. PRO: Patient Reported Outcome. A Minimal Clinically Important Difference of 10 is considered in this table. [a] Median time to first event is from Kaplan-Meier estimate. Confidence Interval for median was computed using the Brookmeyer-Crowley method. [b] Hazard ratio is from unstratified Cox proportional hazards model with treatment as the only categorical variable in the model. Confidence limits are based on the Wald test. [c] Two-sided p-value from unstratified log-rank test. [d] Two-sided interaction p-value is for the interaction term from unstratified Cox proportional hazards model with treatment, subgroup, and treatment-by-subgroup interaction as categorical variables in the model. The p-value is based on the Wald test.
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Daiichi Sankyo | Data Intelligence – Evidence Generation | AC220-A-U302 QUANTUM-First (DCO 13 Aug 2021) | Statistical analyses for AMNOG (HTA Germany)
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Common Symptoms - Constipation

Subgroup	n	Quizartinib (N=254)			n	Placebo (N=255)			Quizartinib vs Placebo		Interaction P-value [d]
		No. of subjects with events (%)	No. of subjects censored (%)	Median (95 % CI) [a]		No. of subjects with events (%)	No. of subjects censored (%)	Median (95 % CI) [a]	Hazard Ratio (95 % CI) [b]	Unstratified log-rank p-value [c]	
WBC at initial diagnosis											0.0665
< 40x10 ⁹ /L	128	39 (30.5)	89 (69.5)	NE (3.8, NE)	125	25 (20.0)	100 (80.0)	NE (NE, NE)	1.871 (1.132, 3.093)	0.0131	
≥ 40x10 ⁹ /L	124	34 (27.4)	90 (72.6)	NE (6.1, NE)	128	31 (24.2)	97 (75.8)	NE (NE, NE)	0.979 (0.601, 1.594)	0.9361	

N: number of subjects in analysis set; n: number of subjects in subgroup category with complete PRO baseline; %: proportion of number of subjects in n; CI: confidence interval; NE: not estimable. PRO: Patient Reported Outcome. A Minimal Clinically Important Difference of 10 is considered in this table.
 [a] Median time to first event is from Kaplan-Meier estimate. Confidence Interval for median was computed using the Brookmeyer-Crowley method.
 [b] Hazard ratio is from unstratified Cox proportional hazards model with treatment as the only categorical variable in the model. Confidence limits are based on the Wald test.
 [c] Two-sided p-value from unstratified log-rank test.
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Medizinischer Nutzen, medizinischer Zusatznutzen, Patientengruppen mit therap. bedeutsamem Zusatznutzen

Daiichi Sankyo | Data Intelligence – Evidence Generation | AC220-A-U302 QUANTUM-First (DCO 13 Aug 2021) | Statistical analyses for AMNOG (HTA Germany)
 Table 2.20.4 EORTC QLQ-C30 - First Improvement - Time-to-event analysis - subgroup analysis - DCO 13-Aug-2021 - PRO Intent to Treat Analysis Set

Common Symptoms - Constipation

Subgroup	n	Quizartinib (N=254)			n	Placebo (N=255)			Quizartinib vs Placebo		Interaction P-value [d]
		No. of subjects with events (%)	No. of subjects censored (%)	Median (95 % CI) [a]		No. of subjects with events (%)	No. of subjects censored (%)	Median (95 % CI) [a]	Hazard Ratio (95 % CI) [b]	Unstratified log-rank p-value [c]	
Choice of Anthracycline											0.2917
Daunorubicin	116	34 (29.3)	82 (70.7)	NE (5.1, NE)	90	24 (26.7)	66 (73.3)	NE (NE, NE)	1.064 (0.631, 1.796)	0.8136	
Idarubicin	136	39 (28.7)	97 (71.3)	NE (5.7, NE)	161	32 (19.9)	129 (80.1)	NE (NE, NE)	1.537 (0.963, 2.453)	0.0687	

N: number of subjects in analysis set; n: number of subjects in subgroup category with complete PRO baseline; %: proportion of number of subjects in n; CI: confidence interval; NE: not estimable. PRO: Patient Reported Outcome. A Minimal Clinically Important Difference of 10 is considered in this table.
 [a] Median time to first event is from Kaplan-Meier estimate. Confidence Interval for median was computed using the Brookmeyer-Crowley method.
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Medizinischer Nutzen, medizinischer Zusatznutzen, Patientengruppen mit therap. bedeutsamem Zusatznutzen

Daiichi Sankyo | Data Intelligence – Evidence Generation | AC220-A-U302 QUANTUM-First (DCO 13 Aug 2021) | Statistical analyses for AMNOG (HTA Germany)
 Table 2.20.4 EORTC QLQ-C30 - First Improvement - Time-to-event analysis - subgroup analysis - DCO 13-Aug-2021 - PRO Intent to Treat Analysis Set

Common Symptoms - Constipation

Subgroup	n	Quizartinib (N=254)			n	Placebo (N=255)			Quizartinib vs Placebo		Interaction P-value [d]
		No. of subjects with events (%)	No. of subjects censored (%)	Median (95 % CI) [a]		No. of subjects with events (%)	No. of subjects censored (%)	Median (95 % CI) [a]	Hazard Ratio (95 % CI) [b]	Unstratified log-rank p-value [c]	
AML Cytogenetic Risk Score											0.3583
Favorable	12	5 (41.7)	7 (58.3)	6.1 (1.6, NE)	16	1 (6.3)	15 (93.8)	NE (8.7, NE)	9.952 (1.151, 86.087)	0.0106	
Intermediate	186	52 (28.0)	134 (72.0)	NE (NE, NE)	180	40 (22.2)	140 (77.8)	NE (NE, NE)	1.201 (0.796, 1.815)	0.3847	
Unfavorable	19	4 (21.1)	15 (78.9)	NE (0.7, NE)	26	6 (23.1)	20 (76.9)	NE (2.2, NE)	1.119 (0.315, 3.979)	0.8524	
Unknown	35	12 (34.3)	23 (65.7)	NE (0.8, NE)	30	9 (30.0)	21 (70.0)	NE (3.4, NE)	1.372 (0.577, 3.262)	0.4832	

N: number of subjects in analysis set; n: number of subjects in subgroup category with complete PRO baseline; %: proportion of number of subjects in n; CI: confidence interval; NE: not estimable. PRO: Patient Reported Outcome. A Minimal Clinically Important Difference of 10 is considered in this table. [a] Median time to first event is from Kaplan-Meier estimate. Confidence Interval for median was computed using the Brookmeyer-Crowley method. [b] Hazard ratio is from unstratified Cox proportional hazards model with treatment as the only categorical variable in the model. Confidence limits are based on the Wald test. [c] Two-sided p-value from unstratified log-rank test. [d] Two-sided interaction p-value is for the interaction term from unstratified Cox proportional hazards model with treatment, subgroup, and treatment-by-subgroup interaction as categorical variables in the model. The p-value is based on the Wald test.
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Medizinischer Nutzen, medizinischer Zusatznutzen, Patientengruppen mit therap. bedeutsamem Zusatznutzen

Daiichi Sankyo | Data Intelligence – Evidence Generation | AC220-A-U302 QUANTUM-First (DCO 13 Aug 2021) | Statistical analyses for AMNOG (HTA Germany)
 Table 2.20.4 EORTC QLQ-C30 - First Improvement - Time-to-event analysis - subgroup analysis - DCO 13-Aug-2021 - PRO Intent to Treat Analysis Set

Common Symptoms - Constipation

Subgroup	n	Quizartinib (N=254)			n	Placebo (N=255)			Quizartinib vs Placebo		Interaction P-value [d]
		No. of subjects with events (%)	No. of subjects censored (%)	Median (95 % CI) [a]		No. of subjects with events (%)	No. of subjects censored (%)	Median (95 % CI) [a]	Hazard Ratio (95 % CI) [b]	Unstratified log-rank p-value [c]	
ECOG Performance Status at Baseline											0.8057
0 - Fully Active	82	24 (29.3)	58 (70.7)	NE (5.1, NE)	92	20 (21.7)	72 (78.3)	NE (NE, NE)	1.338 (0.739, 2.422)	0.3325	
1 - Restricted in Physically Strenuous Activity	126	38 (30.2)	88 (69.8)	NE (2.8, NE)	126	28 (22.2)	98 (77.8)	NE (NE, NE)	1.447 (0.888, 2.358)	0.1363	
2 - Ambulatory and Capable of All Selfcare	44	11 (25.0)	33 (75.0)	NE (1.5, NE)	34	8 (23.5)	26 (76.5)	NE (5.7, NE)	1.032 (0.414, 2.568)	0.9450	

N: number of subjects in analysis set; n: number of subjects in subgroup category with complete PRO baseline; %: proportion of number of subjects in n; CI: confidence interval; NE: not estimable. PRO: Patient Reported Outcome. A Minimal Clinically Important Difference of 10 is considered in this table.
 [a] Median time to first event is from Kaplan-Meier estimate. Confidence Interval for median was computed using the Brookmeyer-Crowley method.
 [b] Hazard ratio is from unstratified Cox proportional hazards model with treatment as the only categorical variable in the model. Confidence limits are based on the Wald test.
 [c] Two-sided p-value from unstratified log-rank test.
 [d] Two-sided interaction p-value is for the interaction term from unstratified Cox proportional hazards model with treatment, subgroup, and treatment-by-subgroup interaction as categorical variables in the model. The p-value is based on the Wald test.
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 Run date: 15NOV2023 – 13:11; Program name: .sas; Output name: DE_T_2_20_4_QLQC30_FI_SUB_PRO_ITT.rf

Medizinischer Nutzen, medizinischer Zusatznutzen, Patientengruppen mit therap. bedeutsamem Zusatznutzen

Daiichi Sankyo | Data Intelligence – Evidence Generation | AC220-A-U302 QUANTUM-First (DCO 13 Aug 2021) | Statistical analyses for AMNOG (HTA Germany)
 Table 2.20.4 EORTC QLQ-C30 - First Improvement - Time-to-event analysis - subgroup analysis - DCO 13-Aug-2021 - PRO Intent to Treat Analysis Set

Common Symptoms - Constipation

Subgroup	n	Quizartinib (N=254)			Placebo (N=255)			Quizartinib vs Placebo		Interaction P-value [d]
		No. of subjects with events (%)	No. of subjects censored (%)	Median (95 % CI) [a]	n	No. of subjects with events (%)	No. of subjects censored (%)	Median (95 % CI) [a]	Hazard Ratio (95 % CI) [b]	
FLT3-ITD category at Baseline										0.3176
≥3 to ≤25%	88	32 (36.4)	56 (63.6)	2.8 (1.6, NE)	92	21 (22.8)	71 (77.2)	NE (NE, NE)	1.924 (1.109, 3.339)	0.0178
>25% to ≤50%	135	33 (24.4)	102 (75.6)	NE (NE, NE)	128	27 (21.1)	101 (78.9)	NE (NE, NE)	1.144 (0.688, 1.903)	0.6006
>50%	28	8 (28.6)	20 (71.4)	NE (2.0, NE)	33	8 (24.2)	25 (75.8)	NE (2.2, NE)	0.999 (0.373, 2.672)	1.0000

N: number of subjects in analysis set; n: number of subjects in subgroup category with complete PRO baseline; %: proportion of number of subjects in n; CI: confidence interval; NE: not estimable. PRO: Patient Reported Outcome. A Minimal Clinically Important Difference of 10 is considered in this table.
 [a] Median time to first event is from Kaplan-Meier estimate. Confidence Interval for median was computed using the Brookmeyer-Crowley method.
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Common Symptoms - Constipation

Subgroup	n	Quizartinib (N=254)			n	Placebo (N=255)			Quizartinib vs Placebo		Interaction P-value [d]
		No. of subjects with events (%)	No. of subjects censored (%)	Median (95 % CI) [a]		No. of subjects with events (%)	No. of subjects censored (%)	Median (95 % CI) [a]	Hazard Ratio (95 % CI) [b]	Unstratified log-rank p-value [c]	
AML with Mutated NPM1											0.6745
Yes	130	37 (28.5)	93 (71.5)	NE (NE, NE)	131	32 (24.4)	99 (75.6)	NE (NE, NE)	1.256 (0.783, 2.017)	0.3507	
No	112	31 (27.7)	81 (72.3)	NE (3.8, NE)	111	20 (18.0)	91 (82.0)	NE (NE, NE)	1.462 (0.833, 2.565)	0.1789	

N: number of subjects in analysis set; n: number of subjects in subgroup category with complete PRO baseline; %: proportion of number of subjects in n; CI: confidence interval; NE: not estimable. PRO: Patient Reported Outcome. A Minimal Clinically Important Difference of 10 is considered in this table.
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 [b] Hazard ratio is from unstratified Cox proportional hazards model with treatment as the only categorical variable in the model. Confidence limits are based on the Wald test.
 [c] Two-sided p-value from unstratified log-rank test.
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Medizinischer Nutzen, medizinischer Zusatznutzen, Patientengruppen mit therap. bedeutsamem Zusatznutzen

Daiichi Sankyo | Data Intelligence – Evidence Generation | AC220-A-U302 QUANTUM-First (DCO 13 Aug 2021) | Statistical analyses for AMNOG (HTA Germany)
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Common Symptoms - Constipation

Subgroup	n	Quizartinib (N=254)			n	Placebo (N=255)			Quizartinib vs Placebo		Interaction P-value [d]
		No. of subjects with events (%)	No. of subjects censored (%)	Median (95 % CI) [a]		No. of subjects with events (%)	No. of subjects censored (%)	Median (95 % CI) [a]	Hazard Ratio (95 % CI) [b]	Unstratified log-rank p-value [c]	
Age by 2 categories											0.8612
≤60	157	52 (33.1)	105 (66.9)	NE (5.1, NE)	154	37 (24.0)	117 (76.0)	NE (NE, NE)	1.305 (0.856, 1.989)	0.2049	
>60	95	21 (22.1)	74 (77.9)	NE (NE, NE)	99	19 (19.2)	80 (80.8)	NE (NE, NE)	1.405 (0.755, 2.615)	0.2906	

N: number of subjects in analysis set; n: number of subjects in subgroup category with complete PRO baseline; %: proportion of number of subjects in n; CI: confidence interval; NE: not estimable. PRO: Patient Reported Outcome. A Minimal Clinically Important Difference of 10 is considered in this table.
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 [b] Hazard ratio is from unstratified Cox proportional hazards model with treatment as the only categorical variable in the model. Confidence limits are based on the Wald test.
 [c] Two-sided p-value from unstratified log-rank test.
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Medizinischer Nutzen, medizinischer Zusatznutzen, Patientengruppen mit therap. bedeutsamem Zusatznutzen

Daiichi Sankyo | Data Intelligence – Evidence Generation | AC220-A-U302 QUANTUM-First (DCO 13 Aug 2021) | Statistical analyses for AMNOG (HTA Germany)
 Table 2.20.4 EORTC QLQ-C30 - First Improvement - Time-to-event analysis - subgroup analysis - DCO 13-Aug-2021 - PRO Intent to Treat Analysis Set

Common Symptoms - Diarrhea

Subgroup	n	Quizartinib (N=254)			n	Placebo (N=255)			Quizartinib vs Placebo		Interaction P-value [d]
		No. of subjects with events (%)	No. of subjects censored (%)	Median (95 % CI) [a]		No. of subjects with events (%)	No. of subjects censored (%)	Median (95 % CI) [a]	Hazard Ratio (95 % CI) [b]	Unstratified log-rank p-value [c]	
Pooled Age Group 2											0.7358
<60	152	64 (42.1)	88 (57.9)	2.6 (1.5, NE)	151	61 (40.4)	90 (59.6)	2.5 (1.5, NE)	0.934 (0.658, 1.327)	0.7222	
≥60 - <65	36	14 (38.9)	22 (61.1)	1.7 (0.7, NE)	43	20 (46.5)	23 (53.5)	2.0 (0.9, 5.7)	0.933 (0.470, 1.854)	0.8168	
≥65	64	21 (32.8)	43 (67.2)	8.1 (1.2, NE)	59	19 (32.2)	40 (67.8)	NE (1.7, NE)	1.226 (0.659, 2.281)	0.5197	

N: number of subjects in analysis set; n: number of subjects in subgroup category with complete PRO baseline; %: proportion of number of subjects in n; CI: confidence interval; NE: not estimable. PRO: Patient Reported Outcome. A Minimal Clinically Important Difference of 10 is considered in this table.
 [a] Median time to first event is from Kaplan-Meier estimate. Confidence Interval for median was computed using the Brookmeyer-Crowley method.
 [b] Hazard ratio is from unstratified Cox proportional hazards model with treatment as the only categorical variable in the model. Confidence limits are based on the Wald test.
 [c] Two-sided p-value from unstratified log-rank test.
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Medizinischer Nutzen, medizinischer Zusatznutzen, Patientengruppen mit therap. bedeutsamem Zusatznutzen

Daiichi Sankyo | Data Intelligence – Evidence Generation | AC220-A-U302 QUANTUM-First (DCO 13 Aug 2021) | Statistical analyses for AMNOG (HTA Germany)
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Common Symptoms - Diarrhea

Subgroup	n	Quizartinib (N=254)			n	Placebo (N=255)			Quizartinib vs Placebo		Interaction P-value [d]
		No. of subjects with events (%)	No. of subjects censored (%)	Median (95 % CI) [a]		No. of subjects with events (%)	No. of subjects censored (%)	Median (95 % CI) [a]	Hazard Ratio (95 % CI) [b]	Unstratified log-rank p-value [c]	
Sex											0.8312
Male	120	47 (39.2)	73 (60.8)	2.0 (1.4, NE)	109	43 (39.4)	66 (60.6)	2.6 (1.4, NE)	0.948 (0.627, 1.434)	0.7997	
Female	132	52 (39.4)	80 (60.6)	2.6 (1.5, NE)	144	57 (39.6)	87 (60.4)	2.5 (1.6, NE)	1.012 (0.694, 1.473)	0.9382	

N: number of subjects in analysis set; n: number of subjects in subgroup category with complete PRO baseline; %: proportion of number of subjects in n; CI: confidence interval; NE: not estimable. PRO: Patient Reported Outcome. A Minimal Clinically Important Difference of 10 is considered in this table. [a] Median time to first event is from Kaplan-Meier estimate. Confidence Interval for median was computed using the Brookmeyer-Crowley method. [b] Hazard ratio is from unstratified Cox proportional hazards model with treatment as the only categorical variable in the model. Confidence limits are based on the Wald test. [c] Two-sided p-value from unstratified log-rank test. [d] Two-sided interaction p-value is for the interaction term from unstratified Cox proportional hazards model with treatment, subgroup, and treatment-by-subgroup interaction as categorical variables in the model. The p-value is based on the Wald test.
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Daiichi Sankyo | Data Intelligence – Evidence Generation | AC220-A-U302 QUANTUM-First (DCO 13 Aug 2021) | Statistical analyses for AMNOG (HTA Germany)
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Common Symptoms - Diarrhea

Subgroup	n	Quizartinib (N=254)			Placebo (N=255)			Quizartinib vs Placebo		Interaction P-value [d]
		No. of subjects with events (%)	No. of subjects censored (%)	Median (95 % CI) [a]	n	No. of subjects with events (%)	No. of subjects censored (%)	Median (95 % CI) [a]	Hazard Ratio (95 % CI) [b]	
Race by 2 categories										0.8895
White	150	55 (36.7)	95 (63.3)	NE (1.7, NE)	151	54 (35.8)	97 (64.2)	NE (2.0, NE)	1.011 (0.694, 1.471)	0.9468
Non-white	102	44 (43.1)	58 (56.9)	1.6 (1.1, 2.9)	102	46 (45.1)	56 (54.9)	1.7 (1.4, 2.6)	0.956 (0.632, 1.446)	0.8335

N: number of subjects in analysis set; n: number of subjects in subgroup category with complete PRO baseline; %: proportion of number of subjects in n; CI: confidence interval; NE: not estimable. PRO: Patient Reported Outcome. A Minimal Clinically Important Difference of 10 is considered in this table. [a] Median time to first event is from Kaplan-Meier estimate. Confidence Interval for median was computed using the Brookmeyer-Crowley method. [b] Hazard ratio is from unstratified Cox proportional hazards model with treatment as the only categorical variable in the model. Confidence limits are based on the Wald test. [c] Two-sided p-value from unstratified log-rank test. [d] Two-sided interaction p-value is for the interaction term from unstratified Cox proportional hazards model with treatment, subgroup, and treatment-by-subgroup interaction as categorical variables in the model. The p-value is based on the Wald test. Data source: \\AC220-A-U302\Production\Raw Data_Restricted\rstret_eg\rstret_20211102_eg\rstret_valos\20230516_AMNOG\ADAM\ Run date: 15NOV2023 – 13:11; Program name: .sas; Output name: DE_T_2_20_4_QLQC30_FI_SUB_PRO_ITT.rtf

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Common Symptoms - Diarrhea

Subgroup	n	Quizartinib (N=254)				Placebo (N=255)				Quizartinib vs Placebo		Interaction
		No. of subjects with events (%)	No. of subjects censored (%)	Median (95 % CI) [a]	n	No. of subjects with events (%)	No. of subjects censored (%)	Median (95 % CI) [a]	Hazard Ratio (95 % CI) [b]	Unstratified log-rank p-value [c]	P-value [d]	
Geographic Region 1											0.5865	
North America	16	7 (43.8)	9 (56.3)	1.3 (0.7, 2.0)	16	8 (50.0)	8 (50.0)	1.7 (0.8, NE)	2.028 (0.728, 5.651)	0.1738		
Europe	150	53 (35.3)	97 (64.7)	NE (1.9, NE)	150	52 (34.7)	98 (65.3)	NE (2.6, NE)	0.993 (0.677, 1.456)	0.9880		
Asia/Other Regions	86	39 (45.3)	47 (54.7)	1.6 (1.1, 2.9)	87	40 (46.0)	47 (54.0)	1.6 (0.8, 2.5)	0.897 (0.577, 1.396)	0.6115		

N: number of subjects in analysis set; n: number of subjects in subgroup category with complete PRO baseline; %: proportion of number of subjects in n; CI: confidence interval; NE: not estimable. PRO: Patient Reported Outcome. A Minimal Clinically Important Difference of 10 is considered in this table. [a] Median time to first event is from Kaplan-Meier estimate. Confidence Interval for median was computed using the Brookmeyer-Crowley method. [b] Hazard ratio is from unstratified Cox proportional hazards model with treatment as the only categorical variable in the model. Confidence limits are based on the Wald test. [c] Two-sided p-value from unstratified log-rank test. [d] Two-sided interaction p-value is for the interaction term from unstratified Cox proportional hazards model with treatment, subgroup, and treatment-by-subgroup interaction as categorical variables in the model. The p-value is based on the Wald test.
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Common Symptoms - Diarrhea

Subgroup	n	Quizartinib (N=254)			n	Placebo (N=255)			Quizartinib vs Placebo		Interaction P-value [d]
		No. of subjects with events (%)	No. of subjects censored (%)	Median (95 % CI) [a]		No. of subjects with events (%)	No. of subjects censored (%)	Median (95 % CI) [a]	Hazard Ratio (95 % CI) [b]	Unstratified log-rank p-value [c]	
WBC at initial diagnosis											0.2229
< 40x10 ⁹ /L	128	40 (31.3)	88 (68.8)	NE (1.7, NE)	125	52 (41.6)	73 (58.4)	3.2 (1.6, NE)	0.810 (0.536, 1.223)	0.3120	
≥ 40x10 ⁹ /L	124	59 (47.6)	65 (52.4)	1.6 (1.4, 2.9)	128	48 (37.5)	80 (62.5)	2.0 (1.5, NE)	1.144 (0.781, 1.675)	0.4872	

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Common Symptoms - Diarrhea

Subgroup	n	Quizartinib (N=254)			n	Placebo (N=255)			Quizartinib vs Placebo		Interaction P-value [d]
		No. of subjects with events (%)	No. of subjects censored (%)	Median (95 % CI) [a]		No. of subjects with events (%)	No. of subjects censored (%)	Median (95 % CI) [a]	Hazard Ratio (95 % CI) [b]	Unstratified log-rank p-value [c]	
Choice of Anthracycline											0.4561
Daunorubicin	116	40 (34.5)	76 (65.5)	NE (1.6, NE)	90	34 (37.8)	56 (62.2)	2.5 (1.5, NE)	0.874 (0.553, 1.382)	0.5632	
Idarubicin	136	59 (43.4)	77 (56.6)	1.9 (1.2, NE)	161	65 (40.4)	96 (59.6)	2.6 (1.6, NE)	1.086 (0.763, 1.545)	0.6322	

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Daiichi Sankyo | Data Intelligence – Evidence Generation | AC220-A-U302 QUANTUM-First (DCO 13 Aug 2021) | Statistical analyses for AMNOG (HTA Germany)
 Table 2.20.4 EORTC QLQ-C30 - First Improvement - Time-to-event analysis - subgroup analysis - DCO 13-Aug-2021 - PRO Intent to Treat Analysis Set

Common Symptoms - Diarrhea

Subgroup	n	Quizartinib (N=254)			n	Placebo (N=255)			Quizartinib vs Placebo		Interaction P-value [d]
		No. of subjects with events (%)	No. of subjects censored (%)	Median (95 % CI) [a]		No. of subjects with events (%)	No. of subjects censored (%)	Median (95 % CI) [a]	Hazard Ratio (95 % CI) [b]	Unstratified log-rank p-value [c]	
AML Cytogenetic Risk Score											0.6001
Favorable	12	2 (16.7)	10 (83.3)	NE (0.7, NE)	16	7 (43.8)	9 (56.3)	2.5 (0.7, NE)	0.456 (0.095, 2.196)	0.2911	
Intermediate	186	84 (45.2)	102 (54.8)	1.7 (1.2, 3.1)	180	73 (40.6)	107 (59.4)	1.8 (1.5, NE)	1.015 (0.742, 1.389)	0.9081	
Unfavorable	19	8 (42.1)	11 (57.9)	1.5 (0.7, NE)	26	12 (46.2)	14 (53.8)	1.6 (0.7, NE)	1.258 (0.513, 3.085)	0.5939	
Unknown	35	5 (14.3)	30 (85.7)	NE (NE, NE)	30	8 (26.7)	22 (73.3)	NE (3.2, NE)	0.658 (0.215, 2.011)	0.4493	

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Medizinischer Nutzen, medizinischer Zusatznutzen, Patientengruppen mit therap. bedeutsamem Zusatznutzen

Daiichi Sankyo | Data Intelligence – Evidence Generation | AC220-A-U302 QUANTUM-First (DCO 13 Aug 2021) | Statistical analyses for AMNOG (HTA Germany)
 Table 2.20.4 EORTC QLQ-C30 - First Improvement - Time-to-event analysis - subgroup analysis - DCO 13-Aug-2021 - PRO Intent to Treat Analysis Set

Common Symptoms - Diarrhea

Subgroup	n	Quizartinib (N=254)			n	Placebo (N=255)			Quizartinib vs Placebo		Interaction P-value [d]
		No. of subjects with events (%)	No. of subjects censored (%)	Median (95 % CI) [a]		No. of subjects with events (%)	No. of subjects censored (%)	Median (95 % CI) [a]	Hazard Ratio (95 % CI) [b]	Unstratified log-rank p-value [c]	
ECOG Performance Status at Baseline											0.5324
0 - Fully Active	82	31 (37.8)	51 (62.2)	NE (1.5, NE)	92	32 (34.8)	60 (65.2)	NE (2.0, NE)	1.145 (0.699, 1.877)	0.5824	
1 - Restricted in Physically Strenuous Activity	126	49 (38.9)	77 (61.1)	2.9 (1.6, NE)	126	53 (42.1)	73 (57.9)	1.9 (1.1, NE)	0.824 (0.558, 1.216)	0.3371	
2 - Ambulatory and Capable of All Selfcare	44	19 (43.2)	25 (56.8)	1.4 (0.7, NE)	34	15 (44.1)	19 (55.9)	2.0 (0.7, NE)	1.138 (0.577, 2.244)	0.7511	

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Common Symptoms - Diarrhea

Subgroup	n	Quizartinib (N=254)			Placebo (N=255)			Quizartinib vs Placebo		Interaction P-value [d]
		No. of subjects with events (%)	No. of subjects censored (%)	Median (95 % CI) [a]	n	No. of subjects with events (%)	No. of subjects censored (%)	Median (95 % CI) [a]	Hazard Ratio (95 % CI) [b]	
FLT3-ITD category at Baseline										0.8877
≥3 to ≤25%	88	25 (28.4)	63 (71.6)	NE (1.6, NE)	92	31 (33.7)	61 (66.3)	NE (2.5, NE)	0.880 (0.519, 1.490)	0.6431
>25% to ≤50%	135	58 (43.0)	77 (57.0)	1.7 (1.2, NE)	128	55 (43.0)	73 (57.0)	2.0 (1.4, NE)	1.007 (0.696, 1.457)	0.9762
>50%	28	16 (57.1)	12 (42.9)	2.3 (0.8, 3.1)	33	14 (42.4)	19 (57.6)	1.7 (1.5, NE)	1.087 (0.529, 2.233)	0.7743

N: number of subjects in analysis set; n: number of subjects in subgroup category with complete PRO baseline; %: proportion of number of subjects in n; CI: confidence interval; NE: not estimable. PRO: Patient Reported Outcome. A Minimal Clinically Important Difference of 10 is considered in this table.
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Common Symptoms - Diarrhea

Subgroup	n	Quizartinib (N=254)			Placebo (N=255)			Quizartinib vs Placebo		Interaction P-value [d]
		No. of subjects with events (%)	No. of subjects censored (%)	Median (95 % CI) [a]	n	No. of subjects with events (%)	No. of subjects censored (%)	Median (95 % CI) [a]	Hazard Ratio (95 % CI) [b]	
AML with Mutated NPM1										0.7741
Yes	130	60 (46.2)	70 (53.8)	1.7 (1.2, NE)	131	59 (45.0)	72 (55.0)	2.1 (1.5, NE)	1.084 (0.757, 1.553)	0.6656
No	112	38 (33.9)	74 (66.1)	NE (1.5, NE)	111	35 (31.5)	76 (68.5)	NE (1.6, NE)	0.993 (0.627, 1.573)	0.9849

N: number of subjects in analysis set; n: number of subjects in subgroup category with complete PRO baseline; %: proportion of number of subjects in n; CI: confidence interval; NE: not estimable. PRO: Patient Reported Outcome. A Minimal Clinically Important Difference of 10 is considered in this table. [a] Median time to first event is from Kaplan-Meier estimate. Confidence Interval for median was computed using the Brookmeyer-Crowley method. [b] Hazard ratio is from unstratified Cox proportional hazards model with treatment as the only categorical variable in the model. Confidence limits are based on the Wald test. [c] Two-sided p-value from unstratified log-rank test. [d] Two-sided interaction p-value is for the interaction term from unstratified Cox proportional hazards model with treatment, subgroup, and treatment-by-subgroup interaction as categorical variables in the model. The p-value is based on the Wald test.
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Common Symptoms - Diarrhea

Subgroup	n	Quizartinib (N=254)			Placebo (N=255)			Quizartinib vs Placebo		Interaction P-value [d]
		No. of subjects with events (%)	No. of subjects censored (%)	Median (95 % CI) [a]	n	No. of subjects with events (%)	No. of subjects censored (%)	Median (95 % CI) [a]	Hazard Ratio (95 % CI) [b]	
Age by 2 categories										0.6470
≤60	157	65 (41.4)	92 (58.6)	2.6 (1.5, NE)	154	61 (39.6)	93 (60.4)	2.5 (1.5, NE)	0.940 (0.663, 1.333)	0.7432
>60	95	34 (35.8)	61 (64.2)	3.1 (1.2, NE)	99	39 (39.4)	60 (60.6)	2.6 (1.6, NE)	1.066 (0.672, 1.689)	0.7938

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Daiichi Sankyo | Data Intelligence – Evidence Generation | AC220-A-U302 QUANTUM-First (DCO 13 Aug 2021) | Statistical analyses for AMNOG (HTA Germany)
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Common Symptoms - Financial Difficulties

Subgroup	n	Quizartinib (N=254)				Placebo (N=255)				Quizartinib vs Placebo		Interaction P-value [d]
		No. of subjects with events (%)	No. of subjects censored (%)	Median (95 % CI) [a]	n	No. of subjects with events (%)	No. of subjects censored (%)	Median (95 % CI) [a]	Hazard Ratio (95 % CI) [b]	Unstratified log-rank p-value [c]		
Pooled Age Group 2											0.5845	
<60	149	47 (31.5)	102 (68.5)	24.3 (8.8, NE)	151	41 (27.2)	110 (72.8)	NE (11.5, NE)	1.110 (0.730, 1.688)	0.6468		
≥60 - <65	36	7 (19.4)	29 (80.6)	NE (17.7, NE)	42	5 (11.9)	37 (88.1)	NE (NE, NE)	1.702 (0.538, 5.384)	0.3517		
≥65	63	12 (19.0)	51 (81.0)	NE (9.0, NE)	59	8 (13.6)	51 (86.4)	NE (NE, NE)	1.699 (0.694, 4.159)	0.2399		

N: number of subjects in analysis set; n: number of subjects in subgroup category with complete PRO baseline; %: proportion of number of subjects in n; CI: confidence interval; NE: not estimable. PRO: Patient Reported Outcome. A Minimal Clinically Important Difference of 10 is considered in this table.
 [a] Median time to first event is from Kaplan-Meier estimate. Confidence Interval for median was computed using the Brookmeyer-Crowley method.
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Common Symptoms - Financial Difficulties

Subgroup	n	Quizartinib (N=254)				Placebo (N=255)			Quizartinib vs Placebo		Interaction P-value [d]
		No. of subjects with events (%)	No. of subjects censored (%)	Median (95 % CI) [a]	n	No. of subjects with events (%)	No. of subjects censored (%)	Median (95 % CI) [a]	Hazard Ratio (95 % CI) [b]	Unstratified log-rank p-value [c]	
Sex											0.0332
Male	119	36 (30.3)	83 (69.7)	22.0 (4.5, NE)	109	18 (16.5)	91 (83.5)	NE (NE, NE)	1.994 (1.132, 3.512)	0.0149	
Female	129	30 (23.3)	99 (76.7)	NE (17.7, NE)	143	36 (25.2)	107 (74.8)	NE (28.0, NE)	0.898 (0.553, 1.458)	0.6437	

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Common Symptoms - Financial Difficulties

Subgroup	n	Quizartinib (N=254)			Placebo (N=255)			Quizartinib vs Placebo		Interaction P-value [d]
		No. of subjects with events (%)	No. of subjects censored (%)	Median (95 % CI) [a]	n	No. of subjects with events (%)	No. of subjects censored (%)	Median (95 % CI) [a]	Hazard Ratio (95 % CI) [b]	
Race by 2 categories										0.2810
White	147	34 (23.1)	113 (76.9)	NE (17.7, NE)	150	31 (20.7)	119 (79.3)	NE (28.0, NE)	1.081 (0.664, 1.759)	0.7536
Non-white	101	32 (31.7)	69 (68.3)	9.9 (4.9, NE)	102	23 (22.5)	79 (77.5)	NE (12.8, NE)	1.592 (0.931, 2.721)	0.0927

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		No. of subjects with events (%)	No. of subjects censored (%)	Median (95 % CI) [a]	n	No. of subjects with events (%)	No. of subjects censored (%)	Median (95 % CI) [a]	Hazard Ratio (95 % CI) [b]	Unstratified log-rank p-value [c]		
Geographic Region 1											0.6394	
North America	16	3 (18.8)	13 (81.3)	NE (1.6, NE)	16	3 (18.8)	13 (81.3)	NE (2.9, NE)	1.426 (0.286, 7.120)	0.6635		
Europe	146	32 (21.9)	114 (78.1)	NE (22.0, NE)	149	29 (19.5)	120 (80.5)	NE (28.0, NE)	1.091 (0.660, 1.804)	0.7325		
Asia/Other Regions	86	31 (36.0)	55 (64.0)	9.3 (3.8, NE)	87	22 (25.3)	65 (74.7)	NE (6.8, NE)	1.518 (0.879, 2.624)	0.1434		

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		No. of subjects with events (%)	No. of subjects censored (%)	Median (95 % CI) [a]		No. of subjects with events (%)	No. of subjects censored (%)	Median (95 % CI) [a]	Hazard Ratio (95 % CI) [b]	Unstratified log-rank p-value [c]	
WBC at initial diagnosis											0.6951
< 40x10 ⁹ /L	127	30 (23.6)	97 (76.4)	NE (9.4, NE)	125	29 (23.2)	96 (76.8)	NE (28.0, NE)	1.183 (0.710, 1.971)	0.5151	
≥ 40x10 ⁹ /L	121	36 (29.8)	85 (70.2)	NE (8.8, NE)	127	25 (19.7)	102 (80.3)	NE (NE, NE)	1.378 (0.827, 2.298)	0.2331	

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Subgroup	n	Quizartinib (N=254)			n	Placebo (N=255)			Quizartinib vs Placebo		Interaction P-value [d]
		No. of subjects with events (%)	No. of subjects censored (%)	Median (95 % CI) [a]		No. of subjects with events (%)	No. of subjects censored (%)	Median (95 % CI) [a]	Hazard Ratio (95 % CI) [b]	Unstratified log-rank p-value [c]	
Choice of Anthracycline											0.6218
Daunorubicin	115	29 (25.2)	86 (74.8)	NE (9.4, NE)	89	20 (22.5)	69 (77.5)	NE (11.5, NE)	1.147 (0.649, 2.029)	0.6597	
Idarubicin	133	37 (27.8)	96 (72.2)	NE (9.3, NE)	161	33 (20.5)	128 (79.5)	NE (NE, NE)	1.395 (0.872, 2.231)	0.1610	

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 [c] Two-sided p-value from unstratified log-rank test.
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 Data source: \\AC220-A-U302\Production\Raw Data_Restricted\rstret_eg\rstret_20211102_eg\rstret_valos\20230516_AMNOG\ADAM\
 Run date: 15NOV2023 – 13:11; Program name: .sas; Output name: DE_T_2_20_4_QLQC30_FI_SUB_PRO_ITT.rtf

Medizinischer Nutzen, medizinischer Zusatznutzen, Patientengruppen mit therap. bedeutsamem Zusatznutzen

Daiichi Sankyo | Data Intelligence – Evidence Generation | AC220-A-U302 QUANTUM-First (DCO 13 Aug 2021) | Statistical analyses for AMNOG (HTA Germany)
 Table 2.20.4 EORTC QLQ-C30 - First Improvement - Time-to-event analysis - subgroup analysis - DCO 13-Aug-2021 - PRO Intent to Treat Analysis Set

Common Symptoms - Financial Difficulties

Subgroup	n	Quizartinib (N=254)			n	Placebo (N=255)			Quizartinib vs Placebo		Interaction P-value [d]
		No. of subjects with events (%)	No. of subjects censored (%)	Median (95 % CI) [a]		No. of subjects with events (%)	No. of subjects censored (%)	Median (95 % CI) [a]	Hazard Ratio (95 % CI) [b]	Unstratified log-rank p-value [c]	
AML Cytogenetic Risk Score											0.8575
Favorable	12	2 (16.7)	10 (83.3)	NE (1.4, NE)	16	4 (25.0)	12 (75.0)	NE (2.5, NE)	0.935 (0.171, 5.122)	0.9379	
Intermediate	182	55 (30.2)	127 (69.8)	22.0 (8.8, NE)	179	41 (22.9)	138 (77.1)	NE (28.0, NE)	1.307 (0.872, 1.959)	0.2021	
Unfavorable	19	3 (15.8)	16 (84.2)	NE (2.6, NE)	26	5 (19.2)	21 (80.8)	NE (6.8, NE)	0.808 (0.190, 3.434)	0.7718	
Unknown	35	6 (17.1)	29 (82.9)	NE (13.7, NE)	30	4 (13.3)	26 (86.7)	NE (NE, NE)	1.454 (0.409, 5.165)	0.5542	

N: number of subjects in analysis set; n: number of subjects in subgroup category with complete PRO baseline; %: proportion of number of subjects in n; CI: confidence interval; NE: not estimable. PRO: Patient Reported Outcome. A Minimal Clinically Important Difference of 10 is considered in this table. [a] Median time to first event is from Kaplan-Meier estimate. Confidence Interval for median was computed using the Brookmeyer-Crowley method. [b] Hazard ratio is from unstratified Cox proportional hazards model with treatment as the only categorical variable in the model. Confidence limits are based on the Wald test. [c] Two-sided p-value from unstratified log-rank test. [d] Two-sided interaction p-value is for the interaction term from unstratified Cox proportional hazards model with treatment, subgroup, and treatment-by-subgroup interaction as categorical variables in the model. The p-value is based on the Wald test. Data source: \\AC220-A-U302\Production\Raw Data_Restricted\rstrct_eg\rstrct_20211102_eg\rstrct_valos\20230516_AMNOG\ADAM\ Run date: 15NOV2023 – 13:11; Program name: .sas; Output name: DE_T_2_20_4_QLQC30_FI_SUB_PRO_ITT.rtf

Medizinischer Nutzen, medizinischer Zusatznutzen, Patientengruppen mit therap. bedeutsamem Zusatznutzen

Daiichi Sankyo | Data Intelligence – Evidence Generation | AC220-A-U302 QUANTUM-First (DCO 13 Aug 2021) | Statistical analyses for AMNOG (HTA Germany)
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Common Symptoms - Financial Difficulties

Subgroup	n	Quizartinib (N=254)				Placebo (N=255)				Quizartinib vs Placebo		Interaction P-value [d]
		No. of subjects with events (%)	No. of subjects censored (%)	Median (95 % CI) [a]	n	No. of subjects with events (%)	No. of subjects censored (%)	Median (95 % CI) [a]	Hazard Ratio (95 % CI) [b]	Unstratified log-rank p-value [c]		
ECOG Performance Status at Baseline											0.2965	
0 - Fully Active	81	19 (23.5)	62 (76.5)	NE (NE, NE)	91	21 (23.1)	70 (76.9)	NE (12.8, NE)	0.991 (0.533, 1.845)	0.9686		
1 - Restricted in Physically Strenuous Activity	124	37 (29.8)	87 (70.2)	22.0 (9.3, NE)	126	24 (19.0)	102 (81.0)	NE (NE, NE)	1.701 (1.017, 2.844)	0.0414		
2 - Ambulatory and Capable of All Selfcare	43	10 (23.3)	33 (76.7)	9.0 (4.4, NE)	34	9 (26.5)	25 (73.5)	7.8 (2.4, NE)	0.823 (0.333, 2.039)	0.6747		

N: number of subjects in analysis set; n: number of subjects in subgroup category with complete PRO baseline; %: proportion of number of subjects in n; CI: confidence interval; NE: not estimable. PRO: Patient Reported Outcome. A Minimal Clinically Important Difference of 10 is considered in this table.
 [a] Median time to first event is from Kaplan-Meier estimate. Confidence Interval for median was computed using the Brookmeyer-Crowley method.
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Medizinischer Nutzen, medizinischer Zusatznutzen, Patientengruppen mit therap. bedeutsamem Zusatznutzen

Daiichi Sankyo | Data Intelligence – Evidence Generation | AC220-A-U302 QUANTUM-First (DCO 13 Aug 2021) | Statistical analyses for AMNOG (HTA Germany)
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Common Symptoms - Financial Difficulties

Subgroup	n	Quizartinib (N=254)				Placebo (N=255)				Quizartinib vs Placebo		Interaction
		No. of subjects with events (%)	No. of subjects censored (%)	Median (95 % CI) [a]	n	No. of subjects with events (%)	No. of subjects censored (%)	Median (95 % CI) [a]	Hazard Ratio (95 % CI) [b]	Unstratified log-rank p-value [c]	P-value [d]	
FLT3-ITD category at Baseline											0.8885	
≥3 to ≤25%	87	24 (27.6)	63 (72.4)	NE (6.5, NE)	91	21 (23.1)	70 (76.9)	NE (28.0, NE)	1.437 (0.800, 2.582)	0.2246		
>25% to ≤50%	133	33 (24.8)	100 (75.2)	NE (9.9, NE)	128	26 (20.3)	102 (79.7)	NE (NE, NE)	1.192 (0.713, 1.993)	0.5134		
>50%	27	9 (33.3)	18 (66.7)	NE (2.3, NE)	33	7 (21.2)	26 (78.8)	6.8 (6.3, NE)	1.291 (0.478, 3.484)	0.6262		

N: number of subjects in analysis set; n: number of subjects in subgroup category with complete PRO baseline; %: proportion of number of subjects in n; CI: confidence interval; NE: not estimable. PRO: Patient Reported Outcome. A Minimal Clinically Important Difference of 10 is considered in this table.
 [a] Median time to first event is from Kaplan-Meier estimate. Confidence Interval for median was computed using the Brookmeyer-Crowley method.
 [b] Hazard ratio is from unstratified Cox proportional hazards model with treatment as the only categorical variable in the model. Confidence limits are based on the Wald test.
 [c] Two-sided p-value from unstratified log-rank test.
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Common Symptoms - Financial Difficulties

Subgroup	n	Quizartinib (N=254)				Placebo (N=255)				Quizartinib vs Placebo		Interaction P-value [d]
		No. of subjects with events (%)	No. of subjects censored (%)	Median (95 % CI) [a]	n	No. of subjects with events (%)	No. of subjects censored (%)	Median (95 % CI) [a]	Hazard Ratio (95 % CI) [b]	Unstratified log-rank p-value [c]		
AML with Mutated NPM1											0.1671	
Yes	127	40 (31.5)	87 (68.5)	NE (9.0, NE)	131	29 (22.1)	102 (77.9)	NE (28.0, NE)	1.510 (0.936, 2.436)	0.0896		
No	111	22 (19.8)	89 (80.2)	NE (9.9, NE)	110	23 (20.9)	87 (79.1)	NE (NE, NE)	0.880 (0.490, 1.580)	0.6446		

N: number of subjects in analysis set; n: number of subjects in subgroup category with complete PRO baseline; %: proportion of number of subjects in n; CI: confidence interval; NE: not estimable. PRO: Patient Reported Outcome. A Minimal Clinically Important Difference of 10 is considered in this table.
 [a] Median time to first event is from Kaplan-Meier estimate. Confidence Interval for median was computed using the Brookmeyer-Crowley method.
 [b] Hazard ratio is from unstratified Cox proportional hazards model with treatment as the only categorical variable in the model. Confidence limits are based on the Wald test.
 [c] Two-sided p-value from unstratified log-rank test.
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Medizinischer Nutzen, medizinischer Zusatznutzen, Patientengruppen mit therap. bedeutsamem Zusatznutzen

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Common Symptoms - Financial Difficulties

Subgroup	n	Quizartinib (N=254)				Placebo (N=255)				Quizartinib vs Placebo		Interaction P-value [d]
		No. of subjects with events (%)	No. of subjects censored (%)	Median (95 % CI) [a]	n	No. of subjects with events (%)	No. of subjects censored (%)	Median (95 % CI) [a]	Hazard Ratio (95 % CI) [b]	Unstratified log-rank p-value [c]		
Age by 2 categories											0.3454	
≤60	154	48 (31.2)	106 (68.8)	24.3 (8.8, NE)	154	41 (26.6)	113 (73.4)	NE (11.5, NE)	1.117 (0.736, 1.695)	0.6228		
>60	94	18 (19.1)	76 (80.9)	NE (17.7, NE)	98	13 (13.3)	85 (86.7)	NE (NE, NE)	1.671 (0.818, 3.412)	0.1530		

N: number of subjects in analysis set; n: number of subjects in subgroup category with complete PRO baseline; %: proportion of number of subjects in n; CI: confidence interval; NE: not estimable. PRO: Patient Reported Outcome. A Minimal Clinically Important Difference of 10 is considered in this table.
 [a] Median time to first event is from Kaplan-Meier estimate. Confidence Interval for median was computed using the Brookmeyer-Crowley method.
 [b] Hazard ratio is from unstratified Cox proportional hazards model with treatment as the only categorical variable in the model. Confidence limits are based on the Wald test.
 [c] Two-sided p-value from unstratified log-rank test.
 [d] Two-sided interaction p-value is for the interaction term from unstratified Cox proportional hazards model with treatment, subgroup, and treatment-by-subgroup interaction as categorical variables in the model. The p-value is based on the Wald test.
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Anhang 4-H7: Jegliche unerwünschter Ereignisse

Anhang 4-H7a: UE aller Schweregrade

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 Table 3.1.2 Treatment-emergent adverse events - Time-to-event analysis - subgroup analysis - DCO 13-Aug-2021 - Safety Analysis Set

Subgroup	n	Quizartinib (N=265)				Placebo (N=268)				Quizartinib vs Placebo		Interaction
		No. of subjects with events (%)	No. of subjects censored (%)	Median (95 % CI) (weeks) [a]	n	No. of subjects with events (%)	No. of subjects censored (%)	Median (95 % CI) (weeks) [a]	n	Hazard Ratio (95 % CI) [b]	Unstratified log-rank p-value [c]	P-value [d]
Pooled Age Group 2											0.7161	
<60	159	159 (100)	0	0.3 (0.3, 0.4)	160	159 (99.4)	1 (0.6)	0.3 (0.1, 0.4)	0.977 (0.783, 1.218)	0.9144		
≥60 - <65	37	37 (100)	0	0.3 (0.1, 0.4)	43	42 (97.7)	1 (2.3)	0.4 (0.1, 0.6)	1.234 (0.792, 1.924)	0.3464		
≥65	69	68 (98.6)	1 (1.4)	0.3 (0.1, 0.4)	65	64 (98.5)	1 (1.5)	0.3 (0.3, 0.4)	1.037 (0.736, 1.461)	0.8299		

N: number of subjects in analysis set; n: number of subjects in subgroup category; %: proportion of number of subjects in n; CI: confidence interval; NE: not estimable.
 [a] Median time to first event is from Kaplan-Meier estimate. Confidence Interval for median was computed using the Brookmeyer-Crowley method.
 [b] Hazard ratio is from unstratified Cox proportional hazards model with treatment as the only categorical variable in the model. Confidence limits are based on the Wald test.
 [c] Two-sided p-value from unstratified log-rank test.
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Medizinischer Nutzen, medizinischer Zusatznutzen, Patientengruppen mit therap. bedeutsamem Zusatznutzen

Daichi Sankyo | Data Intelligence – Evidence Generation | Final | AC220-A-U302 QUANTUM-First (DCO 13 Aug 2021) | Statistical analyses for AMNOG (HTA Germany)
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		No. of subjects with events (%)	No. of subjects censored (%)	Median (95 % CI) (weeks) [a]	n	No. of subjects with events (%)	No. of subjects censored (%)	Median (95 % CI) (weeks) [a]	Hazard Ratio (95 % CI) [b]	Unstratified log-rank p-value [c]	P-value [d]	
Sex											0.3442	
Male	124	124 (100)	0	0.3 (0.3, 0.4)	120	119 (99.2)	1 (0.8)	0.3 (0.3, 0.4)	1.117 (0.868, 1.439)	0.3734		
Female	141	140 (99.3)	1 (0.7)	0.3 (0.3, 0.4)	148	146 (98.6)	2 (1.4)	0.3 (NE, NE)	0.944 (0.748, 1.191)	0.6558		

N: number of subjects in analysis set; n: number of subjects in subgroup category; %: proportion of number of subjects in n; CI: confidence interval; NE: not estimable.
 [a] Median time to first event is from Kaplan-Meier estimate. Confidence Interval for median was computed using the Brookmeyer-Crowley method.
 [b] Hazard ratio is from unstratified Cox proportional hazards model with treatment as the only categorical variable in the model. Confidence limits are based on the Wald test.
 [c] Two-sided p-value from unstratified log-rank test.
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		Quizartinib (N=265)				Placebo (N=268)				Quizartinib vs Placebo		Interaction
Subgroup	n	No. of subjects with events (%)	No. of subjects censored (%)	Median (95 % CI) (weeks) [a]	n	No. of subjects with events (%)	No. of subjects censored (%)	Median (95 % CI) (weeks) [a]	Hazard Ratio (95 % CI) [b]	Unstratified log-rank p-value [c]	P-value [d]	
Race by 2 categories											0.7942	
White	157	157 (100)	0	0.3 (0.3, 0.4)	161	159 (98.8)	2 (1.2)	0.3 (0.3, 0.4)	1.000 (0.802, 1.248)	0.9387		
Non-white	108	107 (99.1)	1 (0.9)	0.3 (NE, NE)	107	106 (99.1)	1 (0.9)	0.3 (0.3, 0.4)	1.043 (0.796, 1.366)	0.7441		

N: number of subjects in analysis set; n: number of subjects in subgroup category; %: proportion of number of subjects in n; CI: confidence interval; NE: not estimable.
 [a] Median time to first event is from Kaplan-Meier estimate. Confidence Interval for median was computed using the Brookmeyer-Crowley method.
 [b] Hazard ratio is from unstratified Cox proportional hazards model with treatment as the only categorical variable in the model. Confidence limits are based on the Wald test.
 [c] Two-sided p-value from unstratified log-rank test.
 [d] Two-sided interaction p-value is for the interaction term from unstratified Cox proportional hazards model with treatment, subgroup, and treatment-by-subgroup interaction as categorical variables in the model. The p-value is based on the Wald test.
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Subgroup	n	Quizartinib (N=265)				Placebo (N=268)				Quizartinib vs Placebo		Interaction
		No. of subjects with events (%)	No. of subjects censored (%)	Median (95 % CI) (weeks) [a]	n	No. of subjects with events (%)	No. of subjects censored (%)	Median (95 % CI) (weeks) [a]	n	Hazard Ratio (95 % CI) [b]	Unstratified log-rank p-value [c]	P-value [d]
Geographic Region 1											0.0684	
North America	16	16 (100)	0	0.3 (0.1, 0.4)	18	18 (100)	0	0.1 (NE, NE)	0.342 (0.158, 0.738)	0.0041		
Europe	161	161 (100)	0	0.3 (0.3, 0.4)	161	159 (98.8)	2 (1.2)	0.3 (0.3, 0.4)	1.016 (0.816, 1.266)	0.8697		
Asia/Other Regions	88	87 (98.9)	1 (1.1)	0.3 (NE, NE)	89	88 (98.9)	1 (1.1)	0.3 (0.3, 0.4)	1.107 (0.822, 1.491)	0.4987		

N: number of subjects in analysis set; n: number of subjects in subgroup category; %: proportion of number of subjects in n; CI: confidence interval; NE: not estimable.
 [a] Median time to first event is from Kaplan-Meier estimate. Confidence Interval for median was computed using the Brookmeyer-Crowley method.
 [b] Hazard ratio is from unstratified Cox proportional hazards model with treatment as the only categorical variable in the model. Confidence limits are based on the Wald test.
 [c] Two-sided p-value from unstratified log-rank test.
 [d] Two-sided interaction p-value is for the interaction term from unstratified Cox proportional hazards model with treatment, subgroup, and treatment-by-subgroup interaction as categorical variables in the model. The p-value is based on the Wald test.
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		No. of subjects with events (%)	No. of subjects censored (%)	Median (95 % CI) (weeks) [a]	n	No. of subjects with events (%)	No. of subjects censored (%)	Median (95 % CI) (weeks) [a]	Hazard Ratio (95 % CI) [b]	Unstratified log-rank p-value [c]	P-value [d]	
WBC at initial diagnosis											0.9355	
< 40x10 ⁹ /L	132	132 (100)	0	0.4 (0.3, 0.4)	133	132 (99.2)	1 (0.8)	0.3 (0.3, 0.4)	1.028 (0.807, 1.309)	0.7898		
≥ 40x10 ⁹ /L	133	132 (99.2)	1 (0.8)	0.3 (0.1, 0.3)	135	133 (98.5)	2 (1.5)	0.3 (0.1, 0.3)	1.008 (0.791, 1.283)	0.9781		

N: number of subjects in analysis set; n: number of subjects in subgroup category; %: proportion of number of subjects in n; CI: confidence interval; NE: not estimable.
 [a] Median time to first event is from Kaplan-Meier estimate. Confidence Interval for median was computed using the Brookmeyer-Crowley method.
 [b] Hazard ratio is from unstratified Cox proportional hazards model with treatment as the only categorical variable in the model. Confidence limits are based on the Wald test.
 [c] Two-sided p-value from unstratified log-rank test.
 [d] Two-sided interaction p-value is for the interaction term from unstratified Cox proportional hazards model with treatment, subgroup, and treatment-by-subgroup interaction as categorical variables in the model. The p-value is based on the Wald test.
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Daichi Sankyo | Data Intelligence – Evidence Generation | Final | AC220-A-U302 QUANTUM-First (DCO 13 Aug 2021) | Statistical analyses for AMNOG (HTA Germany)
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		Quizartinib (N=265)					Placebo (N=268)					Quizartinib vs Placebo		Interaction
Subgroup	n	No. of subjects with events (%)	No. of subjects censored (%)	Median (95 % CI) (weeks) [a]	n	No. of subjects with events (%)	No. of subjects censored (%)	Median (95 % CI) (weeks) [a]	Hazard Ratio (95 % CI) [b]	Unstratified log-rank p-value [c]	P-value [d]			
Choice of Anthracycline													0.9396	
Daunorubicin	123	123 (100)	0	0.3 (0.3, 0.4)	94	94 (100)	0	0.4 (0.3, 0.4)	1.013 (0.772, 1.327)	0.9687				
Idarubicin	142	141 (99.3)	1 (0.7)	0.3 (0.3, 0.4)	171	168 (98.2)	3 (1.8)	0.3 (0.1, 0.3)	1.001 (0.799, 1.254)	0.9379				

N: number of subjects in analysis set; n: number of subjects in subgroup category; %: proportion of number of subjects in n; CI: confidence interval; NE: not estimable.
 [a] Median time to first event is from Kaplan-Meier estimate. Confidence Interval for median was computed using the Brookmeyer-Crowley method.
 [b] Hazard ratio is from unstratified Cox proportional hazards model with treatment as the only categorical variable in the model. Confidence limits are based on the Wald test.
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AML Cytogenetic Risk Score													0.2859	
Favorable	13	13 (100)	0	0.4 (0.3, 0.9)	19	19 (100)	0	0.3 (0.1, 0.4)	0.601 (0.291, 1.241)	0.2044				
Intermediate	195	194 (99.5)	1 (0.5)	0.3 (0.3, 0.4)	190	188 (98.9)	2 (1.1)	0.3 (0.3, 0.4)	1.047 (0.855, 1.280)	0.5950				
Unfavorable	19	19 (100)	0	0.1 (0.1, 0.3)	27	26 (96.3)	1 (3.7)	0.3 (0.1, 0.4)	1.509 (0.826, 2.754)	0.1713				
Unknown	38	38 (100)	0	0.3 (0.1, 0.4)	31	31 (100)	0	0.3 (0.1, 0.4)	0.971 (0.600, 1.573)	0.8223				

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ECOG Performance Status at Baseline											0.7530	
0 - Fully Active	87	87 (100)	0	0.3 (0.1, 0.4)	97	97 (100)	0	0.3 (0.3, 0.4)	97	0.903 (0.673, 1.211)	0.4347	
1 - Restricted in Physically Strenuous Activity	133	132 (99.2)	1 (0.8)	0.3 (0.3, 0.4)	134	131 (97.8)	3 (2.2)	0.3 (0.3, 0.4)	134	1.062 (0.832, 1.355)	0.5631	
2 - Ambulatory and Capable of All Selfcare	45	45 (100)	0	0.1 (0.1, 0.3)	36	36 (100)	0	0.3 (0.1, 0.4)	36	1.046 (0.672, 1.628)	0.8814	

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FLT3-ITD category at Baseline											0.1962	
≥3 to ≤25%	94	93 (98.9)	1 (1.1)	0.4 (0.3, 0.4)	98	96 (98.0)	2 (2.0)	0.3 (0.3, 0.4)	0.863 (0.648, 1.148)	0.3237		
>25% to ≤50%	141	141 (100)	0	0.3 (0.1, 0.3)	136	136 (100)	0	0.3 (0.3, 0.4)	1.052 (0.830, 1.333)	0.6601		
>50%	29	29 (100)	0	0.1 (0.1, 0.4)	34	33 (97.1)	1 (2.9)	0.4 (0.1, 0.6)	1.558 (0.918, 2.643)	0.0832		

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AML with Mutated NPM1											0.6902	
Yes	139	139 (100)	0	0.3 (0.3, 0.4)	137	136 (99.3)	1 (0.7)	0.3 (0.1, 0.4)	0.972 (0.767, 1.232)	0.8384		
No	116	115 (99.1)	1 (0.9)	0.3 (0.3, 0.4)	120	118 (98.3)	2 (1.7)	0.3 (0.3, 0.4)	1.034 (0.799, 1.339)	0.7727		

N: number of subjects in analysis set; n: number of subjects in subgroup category; %: proportion of number of subjects in n; CI: confidence interval; NE: not estimable.
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Age by 2 categories											0.9166	
≤60	164	164 (100)	0	0.3 (0.3, 0.4)	163	161 (98.8)	2 (1.2)	0.3 (0.3, 0.4)	1.011 (0.813, 1.258)	0.8396		
>60	101	100 (99.0)	1 (1.0)	0.3 (0.1, 0.4)	105	104 (99.0)	1 (1.0)	0.3 (0.3, 0.4)	1.035 (0.787, 1.363)	0.8233		

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Anhang 4-H7b: SUE

Daiichi Sankyo | Data Intelligence – Evidence Generation | Final | AC220-A-U302 QUANTUM-First (DCO 13 Aug 2021) | Statistical analyses for AMNOG (HTA Germany)

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Pooled Age Group 2													0.4285	
<60	159	84 (52.8)	75 (47.2)	8.4 (3.3, 17.4)	160	64 (40.0)	96 (60.0)	11.2 (4.9, NE)	1.210 (0.873, 1.677)	0.2512				
≥60 - <65	37	19 (51.4)	18 (48.6)	4.6 (1.8, NE)	43	17 (39.5)	26 (60.5)	11.9 (4.4, NE)	1.268 (0.657, 2.447)	0.4771				
≥65	69	40 (58.0)	29 (42.0)	4.6 (1.5, 12.0)	65	42 (64.6)	23 (35.4)	2.7 (1.6, 6.0)	0.840 (0.543, 1.300)	0.4230				

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Sex												0.3236
Male	124	60 (48.4)	64 (51.6)	12.0 (3.3, 24.0)	120	53 (44.2)	67 (55.8)	7.1 (2.7, 28.6)	120	0.970 (0.669, 1.405)	0.8713	
Female	141	83 (58.9)	58 (41.1)	4.9 (2.0, 8.4)	148	70 (47.3)	78 (52.7)	6.9 (4.3, 11.2)	148	1.225 (0.890, 1.685)	0.2115	

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Race by 2 categories											0.7804	
White	157	89 (56.7)	68 (43.3)	4.6 (2.2, 12.2)	161	76 (47.2)	85 (52.8)	7.5 (2.7, 16.0)	1.087 (0.799, 1.479)	0.5910		
Non-white	108	54 (50.0)	54 (50.0)	6.7 (3.5, 19.0)	107	47 (43.9)	60 (56.1)	6.3 (4.9, 37.3)	1.135 (0.767, 1.680)	0.5267		

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Geographic Region 1													0.6660	
North America	16	8 (50.0)	8 (50.0)	2.5 (1.8, NE)	18	8 (44.4)	10 (55.6)	11.9 (2.4, NE)	1.640 (0.597, 4.506)	0.3330				
Europe	161	90 (55.9)	71 (44.1)	4.6 (2.1, 12.9)	161	78 (48.4)	83 (51.6)	6.3 (3.0, 10.7)	1.034 (0.762, 1.403)	0.8277				
Asia/Other Regions	88	45 (51.1)	43 (48.9)	6.7 (3.3, 12.7)	89	37 (41.6)	52 (58.4)	6.0 (4.3, NE)	1.158 (0.749, 1.791)	0.5131				

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		No. of subjects with events (%)	No. of subjects censored (%)	Median (95 % CI) (weeks) [a]	n	No. of subjects with events (%)	No. of subjects censored (%)	Median (95 % CI) (weeks) [a]	n	Hazard Ratio (95 % CI) [b]	Unstratified log-rank p-value [c]	P-value [d]
WBC at initial diagnosis											0.6220	
< 40x10 ⁹ /L	132	69 (52.3)	63 (47.7)	4.9 (2.3, 12.2)	133	61 (45.9)	72 (54.1)	7.5 (4.9, 28.6)	135	1.173 (0.830, 1.655)	0.3633	
≥ 40x10 ⁹ /L	133	74 (55.6)	59 (44.4)	6.3 (2.9, 15.4)	135	62 (45.9)	73 (54.1)	5.2 (3.2, 10.3)	135	1.037 (0.738, 1.459)	0.8334	

N: number of subjects in analysis set; n: number of subjects in subgroup category; %: proportion of number of subjects in n; CI: confidence interval; NE: not estimable.
 [a] Median time to first event is from Kaplan-Meier estimate. Confidence Interval for median was computed using the Brookmeyer-Crowley method.
 [b] Hazard ratio is from unstratified Cox proportional hazards model with treatment as the only categorical variable in the model. Confidence limits are based on the Wald test.
 [c] Two-sided p-value from unstratified log-rank test.
 [d] Two-sided interaction p-value is for the interaction term from unstratified Cox proportional hazards model with treatment, subgroup, and treatment-by-subgroup interaction as categorical variables in the model. The p-value is based on the Wald test.
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Medizinischer Nutzen, medizinischer Zusatznutzen, Patientengruppen mit therap. bedeutsamem Zusatznutzen

Daichi Sankyo | Data Intelligence – Evidence Generation | Final | AC220-A-U302 QUANTUM-First (DCO 13 Aug 2021) | Statistical analyses for AMNOG (HTA Germany)
 Table 3.2.2 Serious Treatment-emergent adverse events - Time-to-event analysis - subgroup analysis - DCO 13-Aug-2021 - Safety Analysis Set

Subgroup	n	Quizartinib (N=265)				Placebo (N=268)				Quizartinib vs Placebo		Interaction
		No. of subjects with events (%)	No. of subjects censored (%)	Median (95 % CI) (weeks) [a]	n	No. of subjects with events (%)	No. of subjects censored (%)	Median (95 % CI) (weeks) [a]	n	Hazard Ratio (95 % CI) [b]	Unstratified log-rank p-value [c]	P-value [d]
Choice of Anthracycline											0.2405	
Daunorubicin	123	65 (52.8)	58 (47.2)	7.2 (2.6, 15.4)	94	35 (37.2)	59 (62.8)	10.7 (7.1, NE)	1.333 (0.883, 2.014)	0.1694		
Idarubicin	142	78 (54.9)	64 (45.1)	4.6 (2.3, 12.0)	171	87 (50.9)	84 (49.1)	4.4 (2.7, 9.2)	1.007 (0.741, 1.368)	0.9668		

N: number of subjects in analysis set; n: number of subjects in subgroup category; %: proportion of number of subjects in n; CI: confidence interval; NE: not estimable.
 [a] Median time to first event is from Kaplan-Meier estimate. Confidence Interval for median was computed using the Brookmeyer-Crowley method.
 [b] Hazard ratio is from unstratified Cox proportional hazards model with treatment as the only categorical variable in the model. Confidence limits are based on the Wald test.
 [c] Two-sided p-value from unstratified log-rank test.
 [d] Two-sided interaction p-value is for the interaction term from unstratified Cox proportional hazards model with treatment, subgroup, and treatment-by-subgroup interaction as categorical variables in the model. The p-value is based on the Wald test.
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Subgroup	n	Quizartinib (N=265)				Placebo (N=268)				Quizartinib vs Placebo		Interaction	
		No. of subjects with events (%)	No. of subjects censored (%)	Median (95 % CI) (weeks) [a]	n	No. of subjects with events (%)	No. of subjects censored (%)	Median (95 % CI) (weeks) [a]	n	Hazard Ratio (95 % CI) [b]	Unstratified log-rank p-value [c]	P-value [d]	
AML Cytogenetic Risk Score											0.8257		
Favorable	13	7 (53.8)	6 (46.2)	2.9 (1.7, NE)	19	8 (42.1)	11 (57.9)	10.1 (3.2, NE)	1.645 (0.594, 4.559)	0.3337			
Intermediate	195	98 (50.3)	97 (49.7)	8.9 (3.5, 17.4)	190	83 (43.7)	107 (56.3)	7.5 (4.9, 16.0)	1.039 (0.775, 1.394)	0.7978			
Unfavorable	19	11 (57.9)	8 (42.1)	3.3 (0.9, NE)	27	15 (55.6)	12 (44.4)	2.6 (1.1, 11.2)	1.015 (0.464, 2.220)	0.9559			
Unknown	38	27 (71.1)	11 (28.9)	2.6 (1.3, 8.4)	31	16 (51.6)	15 (48.4)	6.0 (1.2, NE)	1.288 (0.693, 2.396)	0.4221			

N: number of subjects in analysis set; n: number of subjects in subgroup category; %: proportion of number of subjects in n; CI: confidence interval; NE: not estimable.
 [a] Median time to first event is from Kaplan-Meier estimate. Confidence Interval for median was computed using the Brookmeyer-Crowley method.
 [b] Hazard ratio is from unstratified Cox proportional hazards model with treatment as the only categorical variable in the model. Confidence limits are based on the Wald test.
 [c] Two-sided p-value from unstratified log-rank test.
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Daiichi Sankyo | Data Intelligence – Evidence Generation | Final | AC220-A-U302 QUANTUM-First (DCO 13 Aug 2021) | Statistical analyses for AMNOG (HTA Germany)
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Subgroup	n	Quizartinib (N=265)				Placebo (N=268)				Quizartinib vs Placebo		Interaction
		No. of subjects with events (%)	No. of subjects censored (%)	Median (95 % CI) (weeks) [a]	n	No. of subjects with events (%)	No. of subjects censored (%)	Median (95 % CI) (weeks) [a]	n	Hazard Ratio (95 % CI) [b]	Unstratified log-rank p-value [c]	P-value [d]
ECOG Performance Status at Baseline											0.6678	
0 - Fully Active	87	43 (49.4)	44 (50.6)	12.0 (3.3, 31.5)	97	44 (45.4)	53 (54.6)	9.2 (2.7, NE)	0.943 (0.618, 1.438)	0.7863		
1 - Restricted in Physically Strenuous Activity	133	72 (54.1)	61 (45.9)	4.6 (2.3, 10.6)	134	62 (46.3)	72 (53.7)	6.3 (3.4, 16.0)	1.141 (0.812, 1.604)	0.4455		
2 - Ambulatory and Capable of All Selfcare	45	28 (62.2)	17 (37.8)	2.2 (1.6, 19.3)	36	17 (47.2)	19 (52.8)	4.4 (2.6, 10.7)	1.218 (0.660, 2.246)	0.5272		

N: number of subjects in analysis set; n: number of subjects in subgroup category; %: proportion of number of subjects in n; CI: confidence interval; NE: not estimable.
 [a] Median time to first event is from Kaplan-Meier estimate. Confidence Interval for median was computed using the Brookmeyer-Crowley method.
 [b] Hazard ratio is from unstratified Cox proportional hazards model with treatment as the only categorical variable in the model. Confidence limits are based on the Wald test.
 [c] Two-sided p-value from unstratified log-rank test.
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Subgroup	n	Quizartinib (N=265)				Placebo (N=268)				Quizartinib vs Placebo		Interaction	
		No. of subjects with events (%)	No. of subjects censored (%)	Median (95 % CI) (weeks) [a]	n	No. of subjects with events (%)	No. of subjects censored (%)	Median (95 % CI) (weeks) [a]	n	Hazard Ratio (95 % CI) [b]	Unstratified log-rank p-value [c]	P-value [d]	
FLT3-ITD category at Baseline											0.9226		
≥3 to ≤25%	94	52 (55.3)	42 (44.7)	4.6 (2.2, 12.9)	98	49 (50.0)	49 (50.0)	5.2 (2.7, 11.9)	1.080 (0.730, 1.596)	0.7050			
>25% to ≤50%	141	77 (54.6)	64 (45.4)	6.7 (2.1, 12.2)	136	61 (44.9)	75 (55.1)	6.9 (4.4, 16.0)	1.162 (0.830, 1.627)	0.3816			
>50%	29	14 (48.3)	15 (51.7)	10.6 (2.9, NE)	34	13 (38.2)	21 (61.8)	7.5 (2.6, NE)	0.990 (0.461, 2.125)	0.9839			

N: number of subjects in analysis set; n: number of subjects in subgroup category; %: proportion of number of subjects in n; CI: confidence interval; NE: not estimable.
 [a] Median time to first event is from Kaplan-Meier estimate. Confidence Interval for median was computed using the Brookmeyer-Crowley method.
 [b] Hazard ratio is from unstratified Cox proportional hazards model with treatment as the only categorical variable in the model. Confidence limits are based on the Wald test.
 [c] Two-sided p-value from unstratified log-rank test.
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Daichi Sankyo | Data Intelligence – Evidence Generation | Final | AC220-A-U302 QUANTUM-First (DCO 13 Aug 2021) | Statistical analyses for AMNOG (HTA Germany)
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		Quizartinib (N=265)				Placebo (N=268)				Quizartinib vs Placebo		Interaction
Subgroup	n	No. of subjects with events (%)	No. of subjects censored (%)	Median (95 % CI) (weeks) [a]	n	No. of subjects with events (%)	No. of subjects censored (%)	Median (95 % CI) (weeks) [a]	Hazard Ratio (95 % CI) [b]	Unstratified log-rank p-value [c]	P-value [d]	
AML with Mutated NPM1											0.6357	
Yes	139	80 (57.6)	59 (42.4)	6.7 (2.3, 15.0)	137	71 (51.8)	66 (48.2)	6.9 (4.4, 10.7)	1.012 (0.734, 1.396)	0.9430		
No	116	58 (50.0)	58 (50.0)	4.1 (2.5, 12.9)	120	48 (40.0)	72 (60.0)	6.3 (3.2, NE)	1.159 (0.790, 1.700)	0.4484		

N: number of subjects in analysis set; n: number of subjects in subgroup category; %: proportion of number of subjects in n; CI: confidence interval; NE: not estimable.
 [a] Median time to first event is from Kaplan-Meier estimate. Confidence Interval for median was computed using the Brookmeyer-Crowley method.
 [b] Hazard ratio is from unstratified Cox proportional hazards model with treatment as the only categorical variable in the model. Confidence limits are based on the Wald test.
 [c] Two-sided p-value from unstratified log-rank test.
 [d] Two-sided interaction p-value is for the interaction term from unstratified Cox proportional hazards model with treatment, subgroup, and treatment-by-subgroup interaction as categorical variables in the model. The p-value is based on the Wald test.
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Subgroup	n	Quizartinib (N=265)				Placebo (N=268)				Quizartinib vs Placebo		Interaction
		No. of subjects with events (%)	No. of subjects censored (%)	Median (95 % CI) (weeks) [a]	n	No. of subjects with events (%)	No. of subjects censored (%)	Median (95 % CI) (weeks) [a]	n	Hazard Ratio (95 % CI) [b]	Unstratified log-rank p-value [c]	P-value [d]
Age by 2 categories											0.4054	
≤60	164	87 (53.0)	77 (47.0)	7.2 (3.3, 17.4)	163	64 (39.3)	99 (60.7)	11.2 (5.0, NE)	1.233 (0.891, 1.704)	0.2042		
>60	101	56 (55.4)	45 (44.6)	4.6 (1.8, 8.9)	105	59 (56.2)	46 (43.8)	4.9 (2.7, 7.5)	0.976 (0.676, 1.407)	0.8841		

N: number of subjects in analysis set; n: number of subjects in subgroup category; %: proportion of number of subjects in n; CI: confidence interval; NE: not estimable.
 [a] Median time to first event is from Kaplan-Meier estimate. Confidence Interval for median was computed using the Brookmeyer-Crowley method.
 [b] Hazard ratio is from unstratified Cox proportional hazards model with treatment as the only categorical variable in the model. Confidence limits are based on the Wald test.
 [c] Two-sided p-value from unstratified log-rank test.
 [d] Two-sided interaction p-value is for the interaction term from unstratified Cox proportional hazards model with treatment, subgroup, and treatment-by-subgroup interaction as categorical variables in the model. The p-value is based on the Wald test.
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Anhang 4-H7c: Schwere UE (CTCAE-Grad ≥ 3)

Daiichi Sankyo | Data Intelligence – Evidence Generation | Final | AC220-A-U302 QUANTUM-First (DCO 13 Aug 2021) | Statistical analyses for AMNOG (HTA Germany)
 Table 3.3.2 Severe Treatment-emergent adverse events (NCI CTCAE grade ≥ 3) - Time-to-event analysis - subgroup analysis - DCO 13-Aug-2021 - Safety Analysis Set

		Quizartinib (N=265)					Placebo (N=268)					Quizartinib vs Placebo		Interaction
Subgroup	n	No. of subjects with events (%)	No. of subjects censored (%)	Median (95 % CI) (weeks) [a]	n	No. of subjects with events (%)	No. of subjects censored (%)	Median (95 % CI) (weeks) [a]	Hazard Ratio (95 % CI) [b]	Unstratified log-rank p-value [c]	P-value [d]			
Pooled Age Group 2													0.6800	
<60	159	145 (91.2)	14 (8.8)	0.4 (0.2, 0.7)	160	142 (88.8)	18 (11.3)	0.3 (0.2, 0.4)	0.888 (0.703, 1.121)	0.3156				
≥60 - <65	37	35 (94.6)	2 (5.4)	0.2 (0.1, 1.3)	43	39 (90.7)	4 (9.3)	0.3 (0.2, 1.0)	1.041 (0.658, 1.647)	0.8797				
≥65	69	64 (92.8)	5 (7.2)	0.3 (0.2, 0.5)	65	59 (90.8)	6 (9.2)	0.2 (0.2, 0.4)	0.890 (0.624, 1.270)	0.5096				

N: number of subjects in analysis set; n: number of subjects in subgroup category; %: proportion of number of subjects in n; CI: confidence interval; NE: not estimable.
 [a] Median time to first event is from Kaplan-Meier estimate. Confidence Interval for median was computed using the Brookmeyer-Crowley method.
 [b] Hazard ratio is from unstratified Cox proportional hazards model with treatment as the only categorical variable in the model. Confidence limits are based on the Wald test.
 [c] Two-sided p-value from unstratified log-rank test.
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Subgroup	n	Quizartinib (N=265)				Placebo (N=268)				Quizartinib vs Placebo		Interaction
		No. of subjects with events (%)	No. of subjects censored (%)	Median (95 % CI) (weeks) [a]	n	No. of subjects with events (%)	No. of subjects censored (%)	Median (95 % CI) (weeks) [a]	Hazard Ratio (95 % CI) [b]	Unstratified log-rank p-value [c]	P-value [d]	
Sex											0.2303	
Male	124	112 (90.3)	12 (9.7)	0.3 (0.2, 0.6)	120	105 (87.5)	15 (12.5)	0.4 (0.3, 1.1)	1.047 (0.801, 1.369)	0.7518		
Female	141	132 (93.6)	9 (6.4)	0.4 (0.2, 0.5)	148	135 (91.2)	13 (8.8)	0.2 (0.2, 0.3)	0.826 (0.649, 1.051)	0.1183		

N: number of subjects in analysis set; n: number of subjects in subgroup category; %: proportion of number of subjects in n; CI: confidence interval; NE: not estimable.
 [a] Median time to first event is from Kaplan-Meier estimate. Confidence Interval for median was computed using the Brookmeyer-Crowley method.
 [b] Hazard ratio is from unstratified Cox proportional hazards model with treatment as the only categorical variable in the model. Confidence limits are based on the Wald test.
 [c] Two-sided p-value from unstratified log-rank test.
 [d] Two-sided interaction p-value is for the interaction term from unstratified Cox proportional hazards model with treatment, subgroup, and treatment-by-subgroup interaction as categorical variables in the model. The p-value is based on the Wald test.
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		Quizartinib (N=265)				Placebo (N=268)				Quizartinib vs Placebo		Interaction
Subgroup	n	No. of subjects with events (%)	No. of subjects censored (%)	Median (95 % CI) (weeks) [a]	n	No. of subjects with events (%)	No. of subjects censored (%)	Median (95 % CI) (weeks) [a]	Hazard Ratio (95 % CI) [b]	Unstratified log-rank p-value [c]	P-value [d]	
Race by 2 categories											0.2403	
White	157	145 (92.4)	12 (7.6)	0.3 (0.2, 0.4)	161	148 (91.9)	13 (8.1)	0.3 (0.2, 0.3)	0.838 (0.664, 1.057)	0.1290		
Non-white	108	99 (91.7)	9 (8.3)	0.4 (0.2, 0.7)	107	92 (86.0)	15 (14.0)	0.3 (0.2, 0.5)	1.033 (0.777, 1.374)	0.8001		

N: number of subjects in analysis set; n: number of subjects in subgroup category; %: proportion of number of subjects in n; CI: confidence interval; NE: not estimable.
 [a] Median time to first event is from Kaplan-Meier estimate. Confidence Interval for median was computed using the Brookmeyer-Crowley method.
 [b] Hazard ratio is from unstratified Cox proportional hazards model with treatment as the only categorical variable in the model. Confidence limits are based on the Wald test.
 [c] Two-sided p-value from unstratified log-rank test.
 [d] Two-sided interaction p-value is for the interaction term from unstratified Cox proportional hazards model with treatment, subgroup, and treatment-by-subgroup interaction as categorical variables in the model. The p-value is based on the Wald test.
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Medizinischer Nutzen, medizinischer Zusatznutzen, Patientengruppen mit therap. bedeutsamem Zusatznutzen

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Subgroup	n	Quizartinib (N=265)				Placebo (N=268)				Quizartinib vs Placebo		Interaction
		No. of subjects with events (%)	No. of subjects censored (%)	Median (95 % CI) (weeks) [a]	n	No. of subjects with events (%)	No. of subjects censored (%)	Median (95 % CI) (weeks) [a]	n	Hazard Ratio (95 % CI) [b]	Unstratified log-rank p-value [c]	P-value [d]
Geographic Region 1											0.0371	
North America	16	14 (87.5)	2 (12.5)	0.2 (0.1, 1.3)	18	18 (100)	0		0.1 (0.0, 0.2)	0.407 (0.194, 0.853)	0.0143	
Europe	161	148 (91.9)	13 (8.1)	0.3 (0.2, 0.4)	161	146 (90.7)	15 (9.3)		0.3 (0.2, 0.4)	0.919 (0.729, 1.157)	0.4534	
Asia/Other Regions	88	82 (93.2)	6 (6.8)	0.4 (0.3, 0.8)	89	76 (85.4)	13 (14.6)		0.3 (0.2, 1.1)	1.032 (0.754, 1.411)	0.8298	

N: number of subjects in analysis set; n: number of subjects in subgroup category; %: proportion of number of subjects in n; CI: confidence interval; NE: not estimable.
 [a] Median time to first event is from Kaplan-Meier estimate. Confidence Interval for median was computed using the Brookmeyer-Crowley method.
 [b] Hazard ratio is from unstratified Cox proportional hazards model with treatment as the only categorical variable in the model. Confidence limits are based on the Wald test.
 [c] Two-sided p-value from unstratified log-rank test.
 [d] Two-sided interaction p-value is for the interaction term from unstratified Cox proportional hazards model with treatment, subgroup, and treatment-by-subgroup interaction as categorical variables in the model. The p-value is based on the Wald test.
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Medizinischer Nutzen, medizinischer Zusatznutzen, Patientengruppen mit therap. bedeutsamem Zusatznutzen

Daichi Sankyo | Data Intelligence – Evidence Generation | Final | AC220-A-U302 QUANTUM-First (DCO 13 Aug 2021) | Statistical analyses for AMNOG (HTA Germany)
 Table 3.3.2 Severe Treatment-emergent adverse events (NCI CTCAE grade ≥ 3) - Time-to-event analysis - subgroup analysis - DCO 13-Aug-2021 - Safety Analysis Set

Subgroup	n	Quizartinib (N=265)				Placebo (N=268)				Quizartinib vs Placebo		Interaction
		No. of subjects with events (%)	No. of subjects censored (%)	Median (95 % CI) (weeks) [a]	n	No. of subjects with events (%)	No. of subjects censored (%)	Median (95 % CI) (weeks) [a]	n	Hazard Ratio (95 % CI) [b]	Unstratified log-rank p-value [c]	P-value [d]
WBC at initial diagnosis											0.1489	
< 40x10 ⁹ /L	132	118 (89.4)	14 (10.6)	0.3 (0.2, 0.6)	133	123 (92.5)	10 (7.5)	0.3 (0.2, 0.4)	0.771 (0.595, 0.999)	0.0442		
≥ 40x10 ⁹ /L	133	126 (94.7)	7 (5.3)	0.3 (0.2, 0.4)	135	117 (86.7)	18 (13.3)	0.3 (0.2, 0.3)	1.046 (0.813, 1.346)	0.7083		

N: number of subjects in analysis set; n: number of subjects in subgroup category; %: proportion of number of subjects in n; CI: confidence interval; NE: not estimable.
 [a] Median time to first event is from Kaplan-Meier estimate. Confidence Interval for median was computed using the Brookmeyer-Crowley method.
 [b] Hazard ratio is from unstratified Cox proportional hazards model with treatment as the only categorical variable in the model. Confidence limits are based on the Wald test.
 [c] Two-sided p-value from unstratified log-rank test.
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Subgroup	n	Quizartinib (N=265)				Placebo (N=268)				Quizartinib vs Placebo		Interaction
		No. of subjects with events (%)	No. of subjects censored (%)	Median (95 % CI) (weeks) [a]	n	No. of subjects with events (%)	No. of subjects censored (%)	Median (95 % CI) (weeks) [a]	Hazard Ratio (95 % CI) [b]	Unstratified log-rank p-value [c]	P-value [d]	
Choice of Anthracycline											0.4944	
Daunorubicin	123	112 (91.1)	11 (8.9)	0.4 (0.2, 0.7)	94	85 (90.4)	9 (9.6)	0.3 (0.2, 0.4)	0.813 (0.612, 1.081)	0.1505		
Idarubicin	142	132 (93.0)	10 (7.0)	0.3 (0.2, 0.4)	171	153 (89.5)	18 (10.5)	0.3 (0.2, 0.4)	0.954 (0.754, 1.205)	0.6833		

N: number of subjects in analysis set; n: number of subjects in subgroup category; %: proportion of number of subjects in n; CI: confidence interval; NE: not estimable.
 [a] Median time to first event is from Kaplan-Meier estimate. Confidence Interval for median was computed using the Brookmeyer-Crowley method.
 [b] Hazard ratio is from unstratified Cox proportional hazards model with treatment as the only categorical variable in the model. Confidence limits are based on the Wald test.
 [c] Two-sided p-value from unstratified log-rank test.
 [d] Two-sided interaction p-value is for the interaction term from unstratified Cox proportional hazards model with treatment, subgroup, and treatment-by-subgroup interaction as categorical variables in the model. The p-value is based on the Wald test.
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Medizinischer Nutzen, medizinischer Zusatznutzen, Patientengruppen mit therap. bedeutsamem Zusatznutzen

Daiichi Sankyo | Data Intelligence – Evidence Generation | Final | AC220-A-U302 QUANTUM-First (DCO 13 Aug 2021) | Statistical analyses for AMNOG (HTA Germany) Table 3.3.2 Severe Treatment-emergent adverse events (NCI CTCAE grade ≥ 3) - Time-to-event analysis - subgroup analysis - DCO 13-Aug-2021 - Safety Analysis Set

Subgroup	n	Quizartinib (N=265)				Placebo (N=268)				Quizartinib vs Placebo		Interaction
		No. of subjects with events (%)	No. of subjects censored (%)	Median (95 % CI) (weeks) [a]	n	No. of subjects with events (%)	No. of subjects censored (%)	Median (95 % CI) (weeks) [a]	n	Hazard Ratio (95 % CI) [b]	Unstratified log-rank p-value [c]	P-value [d]
AML Cytogenetic Risk Score											0.1441	
Favorable	13	11 (84.6)	2 (15.4)	1.1 (0.2, 2.9)	19	18 (94.7)	1 (5.3)	0.4 (0.1, 1.6)	0.618 (0.284, 1.346)	0.2320		
Intermediate	195	177 (90.8)	18 (9.2)	0.3 (0.2, 0.5)	190	171 (90.0)	19 (10.0)	0.3 (0.2, 0.4)	0.901 (0.730, 1.113)	0.3339		
Unfavorable	19	19 (100)	0	0.3 (0.0, 2.3)	27	25 (92.6)	2 (7.4)	0.2 (0.1, 0.4)	0.635 (0.325, 1.242)	0.1679		
Unknown	38	37 (97.4)	1 (2.6)	0.2 (0.1, 0.4)	31	25 (80.6)	6 (19.4)	0.2 (0.1, 1.4)	1.396 (0.837, 2.328)	0.1853		

N: number of subjects in analysis set; n: number of subjects in subgroup category; %: proportion of number of subjects in n; CI: confidence interval; NE: not estimable.
 [a] Median time to first event is from Kaplan-Meier estimate. Confidence Interval for median was computed using the Brookmeyer-Crowley method.
 [b] Hazard ratio is from unstratified Cox proportional hazards model with treatment as the only categorical variable in the model. Confidence limits are based on the Wald test.
 [c] Two-sided p-value from unstratified log-rank test.
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Medizinischer Nutzen, medizinischer Zusatznutzen, Patientengruppen mit therap. bedeutsamem Zusatznutzen

Daiichi Sankyo | Data Intelligence – Evidence Generation | Final | AC220-A-U302 QUANTUM-First (DCO 13 Aug 2021) | Statistical analyses for AMNOG (HTA Germany) Table 3.3.2 Severe Treatment-emergent adverse events (NCI CTCAE grade ≥ 3) - Time-to-event analysis - subgroup analysis - DCO 13-Aug-2021 - Safety Analysis Set

Subgroup	n	Quizartinib (N=265)				Placebo (N=268)				Quizartinib vs Placebo		Interaction
		No. of subjects with events (%)	No. of subjects censored (%)	Median (95 % CI) (weeks) [a]	n	No. of subjects with events (%)	No. of subjects censored (%)	Median (95 % CI) (weeks) [a]	n	Hazard Ratio (95 % CI) [b]	Unstratified log-rank p-value [c]	P-value [d]
ECOG Performance Status at Baseline											0.6216	
0 - Fully Active	87	79 (90.8)	8 (9.2)	0.5 (0.3, 1.0)	97	84 (86.6)	13 (13.4)	0.3 (0.2, 0.4)	0.827 (0.605, 1.129)	0.2368		
1 - Restricted in Physically Strenuous Activity	133	123 (92.5)	10 (7.5)	0.3 (0.2, 0.5)	134	122 (91.0)	12 (9.0)	0.3 (0.2, 0.5)	0.967 (0.752, 1.243)	0.7855		
2 - Ambulatory and Capable of All Selfcare	45	42 (93.3)	3 (6.7)	0.2 (0.1, 0.3)	36	34 (94.4)	2 (5.6)	0.2 (0.2, 0.3)	0.862 (0.541, 1.373)	0.5316		

N: number of subjects in analysis set; n: number of subjects in subgroup category; %: proportion of number of subjects in n; CI: confidence interval; NE: not estimable.
 [a] Median time to first event is from Kaplan-Meier estimate. Confidence Interval for median was computed using the Brookmeyer-Crowley method.
 [b] Hazard ratio is from unstratified Cox proportional hazards model with treatment as the only categorical variable in the model. Confidence limits are based on the Wald test.
 [c] Two-sided p-value from unstratified log-rank test.
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 Table 3.3.2 Severe Treatment-emergent adverse events (NCI CTCAE grade ≥ 3) - Time-to-event analysis - subgroup analysis - DCO 13-Aug-2021 - Safety Analysis Set

Subgroup	n	Quizartinib (N=265)				Placebo (N=268)				Quizartinib vs Placebo		Interaction
		No. of subjects with events (%)	No. of subjects censored (%)	Median (95 % CI) (weeks) [a]	n	No. of subjects with events (%)	No. of subjects censored (%)	Median (95 % CI) (weeks) [a]	n	Hazard Ratio (95 % CI) [b]	Unstratified log-rank p-value [c]	P-value [d]
FLT3-ITD category at Baseline											0.2898	
≥3 to ≤25%	94	85 (90.4)	9 (9.6)	0.3 (0.2, 0.6)	98	89 (90.8)	9 (9.2)	0.2 (0.2, 0.3)	98	0.757 (0.557, 1.029)	0.0689	
>25% to ≤50%	141	130 (92.2)	11 (7.8)	0.3 (0.2, 0.4)	136	120 (88.2)	16 (11.8)	0.3 (0.2, 0.7)	136	1.029 (0.802, 1.319)	0.8172	
>50%	29	28 (96.6)	1 (3.4)	0.5 (0.1, 1.2)	34	31 (91.2)	3 (8.8)	0.3 (0.2, 0.4)	34	0.953 (0.564, 1.611)	0.8524	

N: number of subjects in analysis set; n: number of subjects in subgroup category; %: proportion of number of subjects in n; CI: confidence interval; NE: not estimable.
 [a] Median time to first event is from Kaplan-Meier estimate. Confidence Interval for median was computed using the Brookmeyer-Crowley method.
 [b] Hazard ratio is from unstratified Cox proportional hazards model with treatment as the only categorical variable in the model. Confidence limits are based on the Wald test.
 [c] Two-sided p-value from unstratified log-rank test.
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Subgroup	n	Quizartinib (N=265)				Placebo (N=268)				Quizartinib vs Placebo		Interaction
		No. of subjects with events (%)	No. of subjects censored (%)	Median (95 % CI) (weeks) [a]	n	No. of subjects with events (%)	No. of subjects censored (%)	Median (95 % CI) (weeks) [a]	Hazard Ratio (95 % CI) [b]	Unstratified log-rank p-value [c]	P-value [d]	
AML with Mutated NPM1											0.3885	
Yes	139	133 (95.7)	6 (4.3)	0.2 (0.2, 0.4)	137	129 (94.2)	8 (5.8)	0.3 (0.2, 0.3)	0.867 (0.680, 1.107)	0.2515		
No	116	102 (87.9)	14 (12.1)	0.4 (0.3, 0.7)	120	101 (84.2)	19 (15.8)	0.3 (0.2, 0.6)	1.016 (0.771, 1.339)	0.8994		

N: number of subjects in analysis set; n: number of subjects in subgroup category; %: proportion of number of subjects in n; CI: confidence interval; NE: not estimable.
 [a] Median time to first event is from Kaplan-Meier estimate. Confidence Interval for median was computed using the Brookmeyer-Crowley method.
 [b] Hazard ratio is from unstratified Cox proportional hazards model with treatment as the only categorical variable in the model. Confidence limits are based on the Wald test.
 [c] Two-sided p-value from unstratified log-rank test.
 [d] Two-sided interaction p-value is for the interaction term from unstratified Cox proportional hazards model with treatment, subgroup, and treatment-by-subgroup interaction as categorical variables in the model. The p-value is based on the Wald test.
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Subgroup	n	Quizartinib (N=265)				Placebo (N=268)				Quizartinib vs Placebo		Interaction	
		No. of subjects with events (%)	No. of subjects censored (%)	Median (95 % CI) (weeks) [a]	n	No. of subjects with events (%)	No. of subjects censored (%)	Median (95 % CI) (weeks) [a]	n	Hazard Ratio (95 % CI) [b]	Unstratified log-rank p-value [c]	P-value [d]	
Age by 2 categories											0.9181		
≤60	164	150 (91.5)	14 (8.5)	0.4 (0.2, 0.7)	163	143 (87.7)	20 (12.3)	0.3 (0.2, 0.4)	0.917 (0.728, 1.155)	0.4597			
>60	101	94 (93.1)	7 (6.9)	0.3 (0.2, 0.5)	105	97 (92.4)	8 (7.6)	0.2 (0.2, 0.3)	0.924 (0.695, 1.228)	0.5749			

N: number of subjects in analysis set; n: number of subjects in subgroup category; %: proportion of number of subjects in n; CI: confidence interval; NE: not estimable.
 [a] Median time to first event is from Kaplan-Meier estimate. Confidence Interval for median was computed using the Brookmeyer-Crowley method.
 [b] Hazard ratio is from unstratified Cox proportional hazards model with treatment as the only categorical variable in the model. Confidence limits are based on the Wald test.
 [c] Two-sided p-value from unstratified log-rank test.
 [d] Two-sided interaction p-value is for the interaction term from unstratified Cox proportional hazards model with treatment, subgroup, and treatment-by-subgroup interaction as categorical variables in the model. The p-value is based on the Wald test.
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Anhang 4-H7d: UE, die zum Therapieabbruch führten

Daiichi Sankyo | Data Intelligence – Evidence Generation | Final | AC220-A-U302 QUANTUM-First (DCO 13 Aug 2021) | Statistical analyses for AMNOG (HTA Germany)
 Table 3.4.2 Treatment-emergent adverse events associated with discontinuation of study treatment - Time-to-event analysis - subgroup analysis - DCO 13-Aug-2021 - Safety Analysis Set

		Quizartinib (N=265)					Placebo (N=268)					Quizartinib vs Placebo		Interaction
Subgroup	n	No. of subjects with events (%)	No. of subjects censored (%)	Median (95 % CI) (weeks) [a]	n	No. of subjects with events (%)	No. of subjects censored (%)	Median (95 % CI) (weeks) [a]	Hazard Ratio (95 % CI) [b]	Unstratified log-rank p-value [c]	P-value [d]			
Pooled Age Group 2													0.8860	
<60	159	26 (16.4)	133 (83.6)	NE (NE, NE)	160	11 (6.9)	149 (93.1)	NE (NE, NE)	2.036 (1.004, 4.129)	0.0440				
≥60 - <65	37	8 (21.6)	29 (78.4)	NE (16.2, NE)	43	4 (9.3)	39 (90.7)	NE (20.2, NE)	2.191 (0.659, 7.288)	0.1898				
≥65	69	20 (29.0)	49 (71.0)	26.5 (13.2, NE)	65	8 (12.3)	57 (87.7)	NE (NE, NE)	2.599 (1.143, 5.911)	0.0180				

N: number of subjects in analysis set; n: number of subjects in subgroup category; %: proportion of number of subjects in n; CI: confidence interval; NE: not estimable.
 [a] Median time to first event is from Kaplan-Meier estimate. Confidence Interval for median was computed using the Brookmeyer-Crowley method.
 [b] Hazard ratio is from unstratified Cox proportional hazards model with treatment as the only categorical variable in the model. Confidence limits are based on the Wald test.
 [c] Two-sided p-value from unstratified log-rank test.
 [d] Two-sided interaction p-value is for the interaction term from unstratified Cox proportional hazards model with treatment, subgroup, and treatment-by-subgroup interaction as categorical variables in the model. The p-value is based on the Wald test.
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 Table 3.4.2 Treatment-emergent adverse events associated with discontinuation of study treatment - Time-to-event analysis - subgroup analysis - DCO 13-Aug-2021 - Safety Analysis Set

Subgroup	n	Quizartinib (N=265)				Placebo (N=268)				Quizartinib vs Placebo		Interaction
		No. of subjects with events (%)	No. of subjects censored (%)	Median (95 % CI) (weeks) [a]	n	No. of subjects with events (%)	No. of subjects censored (%)	Median (95 % CI) (weeks) [a]	Hazard Ratio (95 % CI) [b]	Unstratified log-rank p-value [c]	P-value [d]	
Sex											0.7259	
Male	124	25 (20.2)	99 (79.8)	NE (NE, NE)	120	9 (7.5)	111 (92.5)	NE (NE, NE)	2.418 (1.127, 5.188)	0.0192		
Female	141	29 (20.6)	112 (79.4)	NE (NE, NE)	148	14 (9.5)	134 (90.5)	NE (NE, NE)	2.032 (1.073, 3.848)	0.0262		

N: number of subjects in analysis set; n: number of subjects in subgroup category; %: proportion of number of subjects in n; CI: confidence interval; NE: not estimable.
 [a] Median time to first event is from Kaplan-Meier estimate. Confidence Interval for median was computed using the Brookmeyer-Crowley method.
 [b] Hazard ratio is from unstratified Cox proportional hazards model with treatment as the only categorical variable in the model. Confidence limits are based on the Wald test.
 [c] Two-sided p-value from unstratified log-rank test.
 [d] Two-sided interaction p-value is for the interaction term from unstratified Cox proportional hazards model with treatment, subgroup, and treatment-by-subgroup interaction as categorical variables in the model. The p-value is based on the Wald test.
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 Table 3.4.2 Treatment-emergent adverse events associated with discontinuation of study treatment - Time-to-event analysis - subgroup analysis - DCO 13-Aug-2021 - Safety Analysis Set

		Quizartinib (N=265)				Placebo (N=268)				Quizartinib vs Placebo		Interaction
Subgroup	n	No. of subjects with events (%)	No. of subjects censored (%)	Median (95 % CI) (weeks) [a]	n	No. of subjects with events (%)	No. of subjects censored (%)	Median (95 % CI) (weeks) [a]	Hazard Ratio (95 % CI) [b]	Unstratified log-rank p-value [c]	P-value [d]	
Race by 2 categories											0.9181	
White	157	35 (22.3)	122 (77.7)	NE (NE, NE)	161	15 (9.3)	146 (90.7)	NE (NE, NE)	2.166 (1.181, 3.970)	0.0103		
Non-white	108	19 (17.6)	89 (82.4)	NE (NE, NE)	107	8 (7.5)	99 (92.5)	NE (NE, NE)	2.196 (0.961, 5.020)	0.0554		

N: number of subjects in analysis set; n: number of subjects in subgroup category; %: proportion of number of subjects in n; CI: confidence interval; NE: not estimable.
 [a] Median time to first event is from Kaplan-Meier estimate. Confidence Interval for median was computed using the Brookmeyer-Crowley method.
 [b] Hazard ratio is from unstratified Cox proportional hazards model with treatment as the only categorical variable in the model. Confidence limits are based on the Wald test.
 [c] Two-sided p-value from unstratified log-rank test.
 [d] Two-sided interaction p-value is for the interaction term from unstratified Cox proportional hazards model with treatment, subgroup, and treatment-by-subgroup interaction as categorical variables in the model. The p-value is based on the Wald test.
 Data source: \\AC220-A-U302\Production\Raw\Data_Restricted\rstret_eg\rstret_20211102_eg\rstret_valos\20230516_AMNOG\ADAM\
 Run date: 21JUL2023 – 22:27; Program name: DE_T_1_1_1_OS_SUB_ITT.sas; Output name: DE_T_3_4_2_TEAEDISC_SUB_SAS.rtf

Medizinischer Nutzen, medizinischer Zusatznutzen, Patientengruppen mit therap. bedeutsamem Zusatznutzen

Daiichi Sankyo | Data Intelligence – Evidence Generation | Final | AC220-A-U302 QUANTUM-First (DCO 13 Aug 2021) | Statistical analyses for AMNOG (HTA Germany)
 Table 3.4.2 Treatment-emergent adverse events associated with discontinuation of study treatment - Time-to-event analysis - subgroup analysis - DCO 13-Aug-2021 - Safety Analysis Set

Subgroup	n	Quizartinib (N=265)				Placebo (N=268)				Quizartinib vs Placebo		Interaction
		No. of subjects with events (%)	No. of subjects censored (%)	Median (95 % CI) (weeks) [a]	n	No. of subjects with events (%)	No. of subjects censored (%)	Median (95 % CI) (weeks) [a]	Hazard Ratio (95 % CI) [b]	Unstratified log-rank p-value [c]	P-value [d]	
Geographic Region 1											0.5311	
North America	16	1 (6.3)	15 (93.8)	NE (NE, NE)	18	2 (11.1)	16 (88.9)	NE (10.3, NE)	0.648 (0.058, 7.221)	0.7184		
Europe	161	37 (23.0)	124 (77.0)	NE (NE, NE)	161	16 (9.9)	145 (90.1)	NE (NE, NE)	2.036 (1.131, 3.667)	0.0155		
Asia/Other Regions	88	16 (18.2)	72 (81.8)	NE (26.5, NE)	89	5 (5.6)	84 (94.4)	NE (NE, NE)	2.981 (1.091, 8.150)	0.0254		

N: number of subjects in analysis set; n: number of subjects in subgroup category; %: proportion of number of subjects in n; CI: confidence interval; NE: not estimable.
 [a] Median time to first event is from Kaplan-Meier estimate. Confidence Interval for median was computed using the Brookmeyer-Crowley method.
 [b] Hazard ratio is from unstratified Cox proportional hazards model with treatment as the only categorical variable in the model. Confidence limits are based on the Wald test.
 [c] Two-sided p-value from unstratified log-rank test.
 [d] Two-sided interaction p-value is for the interaction term from unstratified Cox proportional hazards model with treatment, subgroup, and treatment-by-subgroup interaction as categorical variables in the model. The p-value is based on the Wald test.
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Medizinischer Nutzen, medizinischer Zusatznutzen, Patientengruppen mit therap. bedeutsamem Zusatznutzen

Daichi Sankyo | Data Intelligence – Evidence Generation | Final | AC220-A-U302 QUANTUM-First (DCO 13 Aug 2021) | Statistical analyses for AMNOG (HTA Germany)
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Subgroup	n	Quizartinib (N=265)				Placebo (N=268)				Quizartinib vs Placebo		Interaction
		No. of subjects with events (%)	No. of subjects censored (%)	Median (95 % CI) (weeks) [a]	n	No. of subjects with events (%)	No. of subjects censored (%)	Median (95 % CI) (weeks) [a]	n	Hazard Ratio (95 % CI) [b]	Unstratified log-rank p-value [c]	P-value [d]
WBC at initial diagnosis											0.2236	
< 40x10 ⁹ /L	132	29 (22.0)	103 (78.0)	NE (NE, NE)	133	10 (7.5)	123 (92.5)	NE (NE, NE)	2.989 (1.456, 6.136)	0.0017		
≥ 40x10 ⁹ /L	133	25 (18.8)	108 (81.2)	NE (NE, NE)	135	13 (9.6)	122 (90.4)	NE (NE, NE)	1.626 (0.829, 3.189)	0.1526		

N: number of subjects in analysis set; n: number of subjects in subgroup category; %: proportion of number of subjects in n; CI: confidence interval; NE: not estimable.
 [a] Median time to first event is from Kaplan-Meier estimate. Confidence Interval for median was computed using the Brookmeyer-Crowley method.
 [b] Hazard ratio is from unstratified Cox proportional hazards model with treatment as the only categorical variable in the model. Confidence limits are based on the Wald test.
 [c] Two-sided p-value from unstratified log-rank test.
 [d] Two-sided interaction p-value is for the interaction term from unstratified Cox proportional hazards model with treatment, subgroup, and treatment-by-subgroup interaction as categorical variables in the model. The p-value is based on the Wald test.
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Medizinischer Nutzen, medizinischer Zusatznutzen, Patientengruppen mit therap. bedeutsamem Zusatznutzen

Daichi Sankyo | Data Intelligence – Evidence Generation | Final | AC220-A-U302 QUANTUM-First (DCO 13 Aug 2021) | Statistical analyses for AMNOG (HTA Germany)
 Table 3.4.2 Treatment-emergent adverse events associated with discontinuation of study treatment - Time-to-event analysis - subgroup analysis - DCO 13-Aug-2021 - Safety Analysis Set

Subgroup	n	Quizartinib (N=265)				Placebo (N=268)				Quizartinib vs Placebo		Interaction
		No. of subjects with events (%)	No. of subjects censored (%)	Median (95 % CI) (weeks) [a]	n	No. of subjects with events (%)	No. of subjects censored (%)	Median (95 % CI) (weeks) [a]	n	Hazard Ratio (95 % CI) [b]	Unstratified log-rank p-value [c]	P-value [d]
Choice of Anthracycline											0.5359	
Daunorubicin	123	21 (17.1)	102 (82.9)	NE (NE, NE)	94	8 (8.5)	86 (91.5)	NE (NE, NE)	1.809 (0.800, 4.091)	0.1484		
Idarubicin	142	33 (23.2)	109 (76.8)	NE (28.0, NE)	171	15 (8.8)	156 (91.2)	NE (NE, NE)	2.444 (1.326, 4.504)	0.0030		

N: number of subjects in analysis set; n: number of subjects in subgroup category; %: proportion of number of subjects in n; CI: confidence interval; NE: not estimable.
 [a] Median time to first event is from Kaplan-Meier estimate. Confidence Interval for median was computed using the Brookmeyer-Crowley method.
 [b] Hazard ratio is from unstratified Cox proportional hazards model with treatment as the only categorical variable in the model. Confidence limits are based on the Wald test.
 [c] Two-sided p-value from unstratified log-rank test.
 [d] Two-sided interaction p-value is for the interaction term from unstratified Cox proportional hazards model with treatment, subgroup, and treatment-by-subgroup interaction as categorical variables in the model. The p-value is based on the Wald test.
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Medizinischer Nutzen, medizinischer Zusatznutzen, Patientengruppen mit therap. bedeutsamem Zusatznutzen

Daichi Sankyo | Data Intelligence – Evidence Generation | Final | AC220-A-U302 QUANTUM-First (DCO 13 Aug 2021) | Statistical analyses for AMNOG (HTA Germany)
 Table 3.4.2 Treatment-emergent adverse events associated with discontinuation of study treatment - Time-to-event analysis - subgroup analysis - DCO 13-Aug-2021 - Safety Analysis Set

		Quizartinib (N=265)					Placebo (N=268)					Quizartinib vs Placebo		Interaction
Subgroup	n	No. of subjects with events (%)	No. of subjects censored (%)	Median (95 % CI) (weeks) [a]	n	No. of subjects with events (%)	No. of subjects censored (%)	Median (95 % CI) (weeks) [a]	Hazard Ratio (95 % CI) [b]	Unstratified log-rank p-value [c]	P-value [d]			
AML Cytogenetic Risk Score													0.9338	
Favorable	13	2 (15.4)	11 (84.6)	NE (1.5, NE)	19	1 (5.3)	18 (94.7)	NE (NE, NE)	3.221 (0.292, 35.594)	0.3127				
Intermediate	195	37 (19.0)	158 (81.0)	NE (NE, NE)	190	15 (7.9)	175 (92.1)	NE (NE, NE)	2.133 (1.169, 3.890)	0.0115				
Unfavorable	19	4 (21.1)	15 (78.9)	NE (7.7, NE)	27	2 (7.4)	25 (92.6)	NE (11.3, NE)	2.350 (0.421, 13.104)	0.3163				
Unknown	38	11 (28.9)	27 (71.1)	NE (16.2, NE)	31	5 (16.1)	26 (83.9)	NE (19.9, NE)	1.761 (0.610, 5.087)	0.2858				

N: number of subjects in analysis set; n: number of subjects in subgroup category; %: proportion of number of subjects in n; CI: confidence interval; NE: not estimable.
 [a] Median time to first event is from Kaplan-Meier estimate. Confidence Interval for median was computed using the Brookmeyer-Crowley method.
 [b] Hazard ratio is from unstratified Cox proportional hazards model with treatment as the only categorical variable in the model. Confidence limits are based on the Wald test.
 [c] Two-sided p-value from unstratified log-rank test.
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Medizinischer Nutzen, medizinischer Zusatznutzen, Patientengruppen mit therap. bedeutsamem Zusatznutzen

Daiichi Sankyo | Data Intelligence – Evidence Generation | Final | AC220-A-U302 QUANTUM-First (DCO 13 Aug 2021) | Statistical analyses for AMNOG (HTA Germany)
 Table 3.4.2 Treatment-emergent adverse events associated with discontinuation of study treatment - Time-to-event analysis - subgroup analysis - DCO 13-Aug-2021 - Safety Analysis Set

Subgroup	n	Quizartinib (N=265)				Placebo (N=268)				Quizartinib vs Placebo		Interaction
		No. of subjects with events (%)	No. of subjects censored (%)	Median (95 % CI) (weeks) [a]	n	No. of subjects with events (%)	No. of subjects censored (%)	Median (95 % CI) (weeks) [a]	n	Hazard Ratio (95 % CI) [b]	Unstratified log-rank p-value [c]	P-value [d]
ECOG Performance Status at Baseline											0.8628	
0 - Fully Active	87	17 (19.5)	70 (80.5)	NE (28.0, NE)	97	9 (9.3)	88 (90.7)	NE (NE, NE)	1.847 (0.822, 4.150)	0.1316		
1 - Restricted in Physically Strenuous Activity	133	26 (19.5)	107 (80.5)	NE (NE, NE)	134	10 (7.5)	124 (92.5)	NE (NE, NE)	2.463 (1.187, 5.111)	0.0123		
2 - Ambulatory and Capable of All Selfcare	45	11 (24.4)	34 (75.6)	NE (13.2, NE)	36	4 (11.1)	32 (88.9)	NE (13.4, NE)	1.945 (0.613, 6.176)	0.2496		

N: number of subjects in analysis set; n: number of subjects in subgroup category; %: proportion of number of subjects in n; CI: confidence interval; NE: not estimable.
 [a] Median time to first event is from Kaplan-Meier estimate. Confidence Interval for median was computed using the Brookmeyer-Crowley method.
 [b] Hazard ratio is from unstratified Cox proportional hazards model with treatment as the only categorical variable in the model. Confidence limits are based on the Wald test.
 [c] Two-sided p-value from unstratified log-rank test.
 [d] Two-sided interaction p-value is for the interaction term from unstratified Cox proportional hazards model with treatment, subgroup, and treatment-by-subgroup interaction as categorical variables in the model. The p-value is based on the Wald test.
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Medizinischer Nutzen, medizinischer Zusatznutzen, Patientengruppen mit therap. bedeutsamem Zusatznutzen

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Subgroup	n	Quizartinib (N=265)				Placebo (N=268)				Quizartinib vs Placebo		Interaction
		No. of subjects with events (%)	No. of subjects censored (%)	Median (95 % CI) (weeks) [a]	n	No. of subjects with events (%)	No. of subjects censored (%)	Median (95 % CI) (weeks) [a]	n	Hazard Ratio (95 % CI) [b]	Unstratified log-rank p-value [c]	P-value [d]
FLT3-ITD category at Baseline											0.8833	
≥3 to ≤25%	94	18 (19.1)	76 (80.9)	NE (NE, NE)	98	8 (8.2)	90 (91.8)	NE (NE, NE)	2.305 (1.001, 5.304)	0.0430		
>25% to ≤50%	141	29 (20.6)	112 (79.4)	NE (NE, NE)	136	13 (9.6)	123 (90.4)	NE (NE, NE)	1.980 (1.028, 3.813)	0.0372		
>50%	29	7 (24.1)	22 (75.9)	NE (6.9, NE)	34	2 (5.9)	32 (94.1)	NE (NE, NE)	2.843 (0.582, 13.898)	0.1781		

N: number of subjects in analysis set; n: number of subjects in subgroup category; %: proportion of number of subjects in n; CI: confidence interval; NE: not estimable.
 [a] Median time to first event is from Kaplan-Meier estimate. Confidence Interval for median was computed using the Brookmeyer-Crowley method.
 [b] Hazard ratio is from unstratified Cox proportional hazards model with treatment as the only categorical variable in the model. Confidence limits are based on the Wald test.
 [c] Two-sided p-value from unstratified log-rank test.
 [d] Two-sided interaction p-value is for the interaction term from unstratified Cox proportional hazards model with treatment, subgroup, and treatment-by-subgroup interaction as categorical variables in the model. The p-value is based on the Wald test.
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Subgroup	n	Quizartinib (N=265)				Placebo (N=268)				Quizartinib vs Placebo		Interaction
		No. of subjects with events (%)	No. of subjects censored (%)	Median (95 % CI) (weeks) [a]	n	No. of subjects with events (%)	No. of subjects censored (%)	Median (95 % CI) (weeks) [a]	n	Hazard Ratio (95 % CI) [b]	Unstratified log-rank p-value [c]	P-value [d]
AML with Mutated NPM1											0.9193	
Yes	139	29 (20.9)	110 (79.1)	NE (NE, NE)	137	13 (9.5)	124 (90.5)	NE (NE, NE)	2.022 (1.050, 3.896)	0.0318		
No	116	23 (19.8)	93 (80.2)	NE (28.0, NE)	120	10 (8.3)	110 (91.7)	NE (NE, NE)	2.128 (1.011, 4.475)	0.0412		

N: number of subjects in analysis set; n: number of subjects in subgroup category; %: proportion of number of subjects in n; CI: confidence interval; NE: not estimable.
 [a] Median time to first event is from Kaplan-Meier estimate. Confidence Interval for median was computed using the Brookmeyer-Crowley method.
 [b] Hazard ratio is from unstratified Cox proportional hazards model with treatment as the only categorical variable in the model. Confidence limits are based on the Wald test.
 [c] Two-sided p-value from unstratified log-rank test.
 [d] Two-sided interaction p-value is for the interaction term from unstratified Cox proportional hazards model with treatment, subgroup, and treatment-by-subgroup interaction as categorical variables in the model. The p-value is based on the Wald test.
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Medizinischer Nutzen, medizinischer Zusatznutzen, Patientengruppen mit therap. bedeutsamem Zusatznutzen

Daichi Sankyo | Data Intelligence – Evidence Generation | Final | AC220-A-U302 QUANTUM-First (DCO 13 Aug 2021) | Statistical analyses for AMNOG (HTA Germany)
 Table 3.4.2 Treatment-emergent adverse events associated with discontinuation of study treatment - Time-to-event analysis - subgroup analysis - DCO 13-Aug-2021 - Safety Analysis Set

Subgroup	n	Quizartinib (N=265)				Placebo (N=268)				Quizartinib vs Placebo		Interaction
		No. of subjects with events (%)	No. of subjects censored (%)	Median (95 % CI) (weeks) [a]	n	No. of subjects with events (%)	No. of subjects censored (%)	Median (95 % CI) (weeks) [a]	Hazard Ratio (95 % CI) [b]	Unstratified log-rank p-value [c]	P-value [d]	
Age by 2 categories											0.8685	
≤60	164	28 (17.1)	136 (82.9)	NE (NE, NE)	163	11 (6.7)	152 (93.3)	NE (NE, NE)	2.176 (1.081, 4.379)	0.0256		
>60	101	26 (25.7)	75 (74.3)	NE (16.2, NE)	105	12 (11.4)	93 (88.6)	NE (NE, NE)	2.367 (1.194, 4.695)	0.0110		

N: number of subjects in analysis set; n: number of subjects in subgroup category; %: proportion of number of subjects in n; CI: confidence interval; NE: not estimable.
 [a] Median time to first event is from Kaplan-Meier estimate. Confidence Interval for median was computed using the Brookmeyer-Crowley method.
 [b] Hazard ratio is from unstratified Cox proportional hazards model with treatment as the only categorical variable in the model. Confidence limits are based on the Wald test.
 [c] Two-sided p-value from unstratified log-rank test.
 [d] Two-sided interaction p-value is for the interaction term from unstratified Cox proportional hazards model with treatment, subgroup, and treatment-by-subgroup interaction as categorical variables in the model. The p-value is based on the Wald test.
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Anhang 4-H8: Unerwünschte Ereignisse von besonderem Interesse

Anhang 4-H8a: UE von besonderem Interesse aller Schweregrade

Daiichi Sankyo | Data Intelligence – Evidence Generation | Final | AC220-A-U302 QUANTUM-First (DCO 13 Aug 2021) | Statistical analyses for AMNOG (HTA Germany)
 Table 3.5.2 Adverse events of special interest - QTcF prolongation ≥ Grade 3 - Time-to-event analysis - subgroup analysis - DCO 13-Aug-2021 - Safety Analysis Set

Subgroup	n	Quizartinib (N=265)					Placebo (N=268)					Quizartinib vs Placebo		Interaction
		No. of subjects with events (%)	No. of subjects censored (%)	Median (95 % CI) (weeks) [a]	n	No. of subjects with events (%)	No. of subjects censored (%)	Median (95 % CI) (weeks) [a]	Hazard Ratio (95 % CI) [b]	Unstratified log-rank p-value [c]	P-value [d]			
Pooled Age Group 2													1.0000	
<60	159	1 (0.6)	158 (99.4)	NE (NE, NE)	160	0	160 (100)	NE (NE, NE)	NE (0.000, NE)	0.3127				
≥60 - <65	37	4 (10.8)	33 (89.2)	NE (NE, NE)	43	0	43 (100)	NE (NE, NE)	NE (0.000, NE)	0.0341				
≥65	69	1 (1.4)	68 (98.6)	NE (NE, NE)	65	2 (3.1)	63 (96.9)	NE (NE, NE)	0.498 (0.045, 5.496)	0.5615				

N: number of subjects in analysis set; n: number of subjects in subgroup category; %: proportion of number of subjects in n; CI: confidence interval; NE: not estimable. Only treatment-emergent adverse events of special interest are considered.
 [a] Median time to first event is from Kaplan-Meier estimate. Confidence Interval for median was computed using the Brookmeyer-Crowley method.
 [b] Hazard ratio is from unstratified Cox proportional hazards model with treatment as the only categorical variable in the model. Confidence limits are based on the Wald test.
 [c] Two-sided p-value from unstratified log-rank test.
 [d] Two-sided interaction p-value is for the interaction term from unstratified Cox proportional hazards model with treatment, subgroup, and treatment-by-subgroup interaction as categorical variables in the model. The p-value is based on the Wald test.
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Medizinischer Nutzen, medizinischer Zusatznutzen, Patientengruppen mit therap. bedeutsamem Zusatznutzen

Daiichi Sankyo | Data Intelligence – Evidence Generation | Final | AC220-A-U302 QUANTUM-First (DCO 13 Aug 2021) | Statistical analyses for AMNOG (HTA Germany)
 Table 3.5.2 Adverse events of special interest - QTcF prolongation ≥ Grade 3 - Time-to-event analysis - subgroup analysis - DCO 13-Aug-2021 - Safety Analysis Set

Subgroup	n	Quizartinib (N=265)				Placebo (N=268)				Quizartinib vs Placebo		Interaction
		No. of subjects with events (%)	No. of subjects censored (%)	Median (95 % CI) (weeks) [a]	n	No. of subjects with events (%)	No. of subjects censored (%)	Median (95 % CI) (weeks) [a]	n	Hazard Ratio (95 % CI) [b]	Unstratified log-rank p-value [c]	P-value [d]
Sex												0.9567
Male	124	3 (2.4)	121 (97.6)	NE (NE, NE)	120	1 (0.8)	119 (99.2)	NE (NE, NE)	2.769 (0.288, 26.637)	0.3568		
Female	141	3 (2.1)	138 (97.9)	NE (NE, NE)	148	1 (0.7)	147 (99.3)	NE (NE, NE)	3.096 (0.322, 29.783)	0.3021		

N: number of subjects in analysis set; n: number of subjects in subgroup category; %: proportion of number of subjects in n; CI: confidence interval; NE: not estimable. Only treatment-emergent adverse events of special interest are considered.
 [a] Median time to first event is from Kaplan-Meier estimate. Confidence Interval for median was computed using the Brookmeyer-Crowley method.
 [b] Hazard ratio is from unstratified Cox proportional hazards model with treatment as the only categorical variable in the model. Confidence limits are based on the Wald test.
 [c] Two-sided p-value from unstratified log-rank test.
 [d] Two-sided interaction p-value is for the interaction term from unstratified Cox proportional hazards model with treatment, subgroup, and treatment-by-subgroup interaction as categorical variables in the model. The p-value is based on the Wald test.
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 Run date: 21JUL2023 – 22:28; Program name: DE_T_1_1_1_OS_SUB_ITT.sas; Output name: DE_T_3_5_2_AESII_SUB_SAS.rtf

Medizinischer Nutzen, medizinischer Zusatznutzen, Patientengruppen mit therap. bedeutsamem Zusatznutzen

Daiichi Sankyo | Data Intelligence – Evidence Generation | Final | AC220-A-U302 QUANTUM-First (DCO 13 Aug 2021) | Statistical analyses for AMNOG (HTA Germany)
 Table 3.5.2 Adverse events of special interest - QTcF prolongation ≥ Grade 3 - Time-to-event analysis - subgroup analysis - DCO 13-Aug-2021 - Safety Analysis Set

Subgroup	n	Quizartinib (N=265)				Placebo (N=268)				Quizartinib vs Placebo		Interaction
		No. of subjects with events (%)	No. of subjects censored (%)	Median (95 % CI) (weeks) [a]	n	No. of subjects with events (%)	No. of subjects censored (%)	Median (95 % CI) (weeks) [a]	n	Hazard Ratio (95 % CI) [b]	Unstratified log-rank p-value [c]	P-value [d]
Race by 2 categories											0.9998	
White	157	6 (3.8)	151 (96.2)	NE (NE, NE)	161	2 (1.2)	159 (98.8)	NE (NE, NE)	2.932 (0.591, 14.544)	0.1671		
Non-white	108	0	108 (100)	NE (NE, NE)	107	0	107 (100)	NE (NE, NE)	NE (NE, NE)	NE		

N: number of subjects in analysis set; n: number of subjects in subgroup category; %: proportion of number of subjects in n; CI: confidence interval; NE: not estimable. Only treatment-emergent adverse events of special interest are considered.
 [a] Median time to first event is from Kaplan-Meier estimate. Confidence Interval for median was computed using the Brookmeyer-Crowley method.
 [b] Hazard ratio is from unstratified Cox proportional hazards model with treatment as the only categorical variable in the model. Confidence limits are based on the Wald test.
 [c] Two-sided p-value from unstratified log-rank test.
 [d] Two-sided interaction p-value is for the interaction term from unstratified Cox proportional hazards model with treatment, subgroup, and treatment-by-subgroup interaction as categorical variables in the model. The p-value is based on the Wald test.
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Subgroup	n	Quizartinib (N=265)					Placebo (N=268)					Quizartinib vs Placebo		Interaction
		No. of subjects with events (%)	No. of subjects censored (%)	Median (95 % CI) (weeks) [a]	n	No. of subjects with events (%)	No. of subjects censored (%)	Median (95 % CI) (weeks) [a]	Hazard Ratio (95 % CI) [b]	Unstratified log-rank p-value [c]	P-value [d]			
Geographic Region 1													1.0000	
North America	16	0	16 (100)	NE (NE, NE)	18	0	18 (100)	NE (NE, NE)	NE (NE, NE)	NE				
Europe	161	6 (3.7)	155 (96.3)	NE (NE, NE)	161	2 (1.2)	159 (98.8)	NE (NE, NE)	2.863 (0.577, 14.198)	0.1775				
Asia/Other Regions	88	0	88 (100)	NE (NE, NE)	89	0	89 (100)	NE (NE, NE)	NE (NE, NE)	NE				

N: number of subjects in analysis set; n: number of subjects in subgroup category; %: proportion of number of subjects in n; CI: confidence interval; NE: not estimable. Only treatment-emergent adverse events of special interest are considered.
 [a] Median time to first event is from Kaplan-Meier estimate. Confidence Interval for median was computed using the Brookmeyer-Crowley method.
 [b] Hazard ratio is from unstratified Cox proportional hazards model with treatment as the only categorical variable in the model. Confidence limits are based on the Wald test.
 [c] Two-sided p-value from unstratified log-rank test.
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Medizinischer Nutzen, medizinischer Zusatznutzen, Patientengruppen mit therap. bedeutsamem Zusatznutzen

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Subgroup	n	Quizartinib (N=265)					Placebo (N=268)					Quizartinib vs Placebo		Interaction
		No. of subjects with events (%)	No. of subjects censored (%)	Median (95 % CI) (weeks) [a]	n	No. of subjects with events (%)	No. of subjects censored (%)	Median (95 % CI) (weeks) [a]	Hazard Ratio (95 % CI) [b]	Unstratified log-rank p-value [c]	P-value [d]			
WBC at initial diagnosis													0.7189	
< 40x10 ⁹ /L	132	2 (1.5)	130 (98.5)	NE (NE, NE)	133	1 (0.8)	132 (99.2)	NE (NE, NE)	2.061 (0.187, 22.737)	0.5462				
≥ 40x10 ⁹ /L	133	4 (3.0)	129 (97.0)	NE (NE, NE)	135	1 (0.7)	134 (99.3)	NE (NE, NE)	3.749 (0.418, 33.616)	0.2045				

N: number of subjects in analysis set; n: number of subjects in subgroup category; %: proportion of number of subjects in n; CI: confidence interval; NE: not estimable. Only treatment-emergent adverse events of special interest are considered.
 [a] Median time to first event is from Kaplan-Meier estimate. Confidence Interval for median was computed using the Brookmeyer-Crowley method.
 [b] Hazard ratio is from unstratified Cox proportional hazards model with treatment as the only categorical variable in the model. Confidence limits are based on the Wald test.
 [c] Two-sided p-value from unstratified log-rank test.
 [d] Two-sided interaction p-value is for the interaction term from unstratified Cox proportional hazards model with treatment, subgroup, and treatment-by-subgroup interaction as categorical variables in the model. The p-value is based on the Wald test.
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Medizinischer Nutzen, medizinischer Zusatznutzen, Patientengruppen mit therap. bedeutsamem Zusatznutzen

Daiichi Sankyo | Data Intelligence – Evidence Generation | Final | AC220-A-U302 QUANTUM-First (DCO 13 Aug 2021) | Statistical analyses for AMNOG (HTA Germany)
 Table 3.5.2 Adverse events of special interest - QTcF prolongation ≥ Grade 3 - Time-to-event analysis - subgroup analysis - DCO 13-Aug-2021 - Safety Analysis Set

Subgroup	n	Quizartinib (N=265)				Placebo (N=268)				Quizartinib vs Placebo		Interaction
		No. of subjects with events (%)	No. of subjects censored (%)	Median (95 % CI) (weeks) [a]	n	No. of subjects with events (%)	No. of subjects censored (%)	Median (95 % CI) (weeks) [a]	Hazard Ratio (95 % CI) [b]	Unstratified log-rank p-value [c]	P-value [d]	
Choice of Anthracycline											0.4870	
Daunorubicin	123	2 (1.6)	121 (98.4)	NE (NE, NE)	94	1 (1.1)	93 (98.9)	NE (NE, NE)	1.532 (0.139, 16.899)	0.7248		
Idarubicin	142	4 (2.8)	138 (97.2)	NE (NE, NE)	171	1 (0.6)	170 (99.4)	NE (NE, NE)	4.598 (0.514, 41.162)	0.1336		

N: number of subjects in analysis set; n: number of subjects in subgroup category; %: proportion of number of subjects in n; CI: confidence interval; NE: not estimable. Only treatment-emergent adverse events of special interest are considered.
 [a] Median time to first event is from Kaplan-Meier estimate. Confidence Interval for median was computed using the Brookmeyer-Crowley method.
 [b] Hazard ratio is from unstratified Cox proportional hazards model with treatment as the only categorical variable in the model. Confidence limits are based on the Wald test.
 [c] Two-sided p-value from unstratified log-rank test.
 [d] Two-sided interaction p-value is for the interaction term from unstratified Cox proportional hazards model with treatment, subgroup, and treatment-by-subgroup interaction as categorical variables in the model. The p-value is based on the Wald test.
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Medizinischer Nutzen, medizinischer Zusatznutzen, Patientengruppen mit therap. bedeutsamem Zusatznutzen

Daichi Sankyo | Data Intelligence – Evidence Generation | Final | AC220-A-U302 QUANTUM-First (DCO 13 Aug 2021) | Statistical analyses for AMNOG (HTA Germany)
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Subgroup	n	Quizartinib (N=265)				Placebo (N=268)				Quizartinib vs Placebo		Interaction
		No. of subjects with events (%)	No. of subjects censored (%)	Median (95 % CI) (weeks) [a]	n	No. of subjects with events (%)	No. of subjects censored (%)	Median (95 % CI) (weeks) [a]	Hazard Ratio (95 % CI) [b]	Unstratified log-rank p-value [c]	P-value [d]	
AML Cytogenetic Risk Score											0.9480	
Favorable	13	0	13 (100)	NE (NE, NE)	19	0	19 (100)	NE (NE, NE)	NE (NE, NE)	NE		
Intermediate	195	5 (2.6)	190 (97.4)	NE (NE, NE)	190	1 (0.5)	189 (99.5)	NE (NE, NE)	4.403 (0.514, 37.745)	0.1390		
Unfavorable	19	1 (5.3)	18 (94.7)	NE (NE, NE)	27	1 (3.7)	26 (96.3)	NE (NE, NE)	1.507 (0.094, 24.095)	0.7703		
Unknown	38	0	38 (100)	NE (NE, NE)	31	0	31 (100)	NE (NE, NE)	NE (NE, NE)	NE		

N: number of subjects in analysis set; n: number of subjects in subgroup category; %: proportion of number of subjects in n; CI: confidence interval; NE: not estimable. Only treatment-emergent adverse events of special interest are considered.
 [a] Median time to first event is from Kaplan-Meier estimate. Confidence Interval for median was computed using the Brookmeyer-Crowley method.
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Subgroup	n	Quizartinib (N=265)					Placebo (N=268)					Quizartinib vs Placebo		Interaction
		No. of subjects with events (%)	No. of subjects censored (%)	Median (95 % CI) (weeks) [a]	n	No. of subjects with events (%)	No. of subjects censored (%)	Median (95 % CI) (weeks) [a]	Hazard Ratio (95 % CI) [b]	Unstratified log-rank p-value [c]	P-value [d]			
ECOG Performance Status at Baseline													0.9714	
0 - Fully Active	87	3 (3.4)	84 (96.6)	NE (NE, NE)	97	0	97 (100)	NE (NE, NE)	NE (0.000, NE)	0.0652				
1 - Restricted in Physically Strenuous Activity	133	1 (0.8)	132 (99.2)	NE (NE, NE)	134	1 (0.7)	133 (99.3)	NE (NE, NE)	0.947 (0.059, 15.175)	0.9692				
2 - Ambulatory and Capable of All Selfcare	45	2 (4.4)	43 (95.6)	NE (NE, NE)	36	1 (2.8)	35 (97.2)	NE (NE, NE)	1.541 (0.140, 16.995)	0.7220				

N: number of subjects in analysis set; n: number of subjects in subgroup category; %: proportion of number of subjects in n; CI: confidence interval; NE: not estimable. Only treatment-emergent adverse events of special interest are considered.
 [a] Median time to first event is from Kaplan-Meier estimate. Confidence Interval for median was computed using the Brookmeyer-Crowley method.
 [b] Hazard ratio is from unstratified Cox proportional hazards model with treatment as the only categorical variable in the model. Confidence limits are based on the Wald test.
 [c] Two-sided p-value from unstratified log-rank test.
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Subgroup	n	Quizartinib (N=265)				Placebo (N=268)				Quizartinib vs Placebo		Interaction
		No. of subjects with events (%)	No. of subjects censored (%)	Median (95 % CI) (weeks) [a]	n	No. of subjects with events (%)	No. of subjects censored (%)	Median (95 % CI) (weeks) [a]	n	Hazard Ratio (95 % CI) [b]	Unstratified log-rank p-value [c]	P-value [d]
FLT3-ITD category at Baseline											1.0000	
≥3 to ≤25%	94	1 (1.1)	93 (98.9)	NE (NE, NE)	98	2 (2.0)	96 (98.0)	NE (NE, NE)	98	0.529 (0.048, 5.839)	0.5975	
>25% to ≤50%	141	4 (2.8)	137 (97.2)	NE (NE, NE)	136	0	136 (100)	NE (NE, NE)	136	NE (0.000, NE)	0.0492	
>50%	29	1 (3.4)	28 (96.6)	NE (NE, NE)	34	0	34 (100)	NE (NE, NE)	34	NE (0.000, NE)	0.3865	

N: number of subjects in analysis set; n: number of subjects in subgroup category; %: proportion of number of subjects in n; CI: confidence interval; NE: not estimable. Only treatment-emergent adverse events of special interest are considered.
 [a] Median time to first event is from Kaplan-Meier estimate. Confidence Interval for median was computed using the Brookmeyer-Crowley method.
 [b] Hazard ratio is from unstratified Cox proportional hazards model with treatment as the only categorical variable in the model. Confidence limits are based on the Wald test.
 [c] Two-sided p-value from unstratified log-rank test.
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Subgroup	n	Quizartinib (N=265)				Placebo (N=268)				Quizartinib vs Placebo		Interaction
		No. of subjects with events (%)	No. of subjects censored (%)	Median (95 % CI) (weeks) [a]	n	No. of subjects with events (%)	No. of subjects censored (%)	Median (95 % CI) (weeks) [a]	Hazard Ratio (95 % CI) [b]	Unstratified log-rank p-value [c]	P-value [d]	
AML with Mutated NPM1												0.9940
Yes	139	4 (2.9)	135 (97.1)	NE (NE, NE)	137	0	137 (100)	NE (NE, NE)	NE (0.000, NE)	0.0509		
No	116	2 (1.7)	114 (98.3)	NE (NE, NE)	120	2 (1.7)	118 (98.3)	NE (NE, NE)	0.997 (0.140, 7.080)	0.9974		

N: number of subjects in analysis set; n: number of subjects in subgroup category; %: proportion of number of subjects in n; CI: confidence interval; NE: not estimable. Only treatment-emergent adverse events of special interest are considered.
 [a] Median time to first event is from Kaplan-Meier estimate. Confidence Interval for median was computed using the Brookmeyer-Crowley method.
 [b] Hazard ratio is from unstratified Cox proportional hazards model with treatment as the only categorical variable in the model. Confidence limits are based on the Wald test.
 [c] Two-sided p-value from unstratified log-rank test.
 [d] Two-sided interaction p-value is for the interaction term from unstratified Cox proportional hazards model with treatment, subgroup, and treatment-by-subgroup interaction as categorical variables in the model. The p-value is based on the Wald test.
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Subgroup	n	Quizartinib (N=265)				Placebo (N=268)				Quizartinib vs Placebo		Interaction
		No. of subjects with events (%)	No. of subjects censored (%)	Median (95 % CI) (weeks) [a]	n	No. of subjects with events (%)	No. of subjects censored (%)	Median (95 % CI) (weeks) [a]	n	Hazard Ratio (95 % CI) [b]	Unstratified log-rank p-value [c]	P-value [d]
Age by 2 categories											0.9926	
≤60	164	2 (1.2)	162 (98.8)	NE (NE, NE)	163	0	163 (100)	NE (NE, NE)	163	NE (0.000, NE)	0.1744	
>60	101	4 (4.0)	97 (96.0)	NE (NE, NE)	105	2 (1.9)	103 (98.1)	NE (NE, NE)	105	2.115 (0.387, 11.551)	0.3755	

N: number of subjects in analysis set; n: number of subjects in subgroup category; %: proportion of number of subjects in n; CI: confidence interval; NE: not estimable. Only treatment-emergent adverse events of special interest are considered.
 [a] Median time to first event is from Kaplan-Meier estimate. Confidence Interval for median was computed using the Brookmeyer-Crowley method.
 [b] Hazard ratio is from unstratified Cox proportional hazards model with treatment as the only categorical variable in the model. Confidence limits are based on the Wald test.
 [c] Two-sided p-value from unstratified log-rank test.
 [d] Two-sided interaction p-value is for the interaction term from unstratified Cox proportional hazards model with treatment, subgroup, and treatment-by-subgroup interaction as categorical variables in the model. The p-value is based on the Wald test.
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Medizinischer Nutzen, medizinischer Zusatznutzen, Patientengruppen mit therap. bedeutsamem Zusatznutzen

Daiichi Sankyo | Data Intelligence – Evidence Generation | Final | AC220-A-U302 QUANTUM-First (DCO 13 Aug 2021) | Statistical analyses for AMNOG (HTA Germany)
 Table 3.6.2 Adverse events of special interest - Combined Elevations of Aminotransferases and Bilirubin - Time-to-event analysis - subgroup analysis - DCO 13-Aug-2021 - Safety Analysis Set

Subgroup	n	Quizartinib (N=265)				Placebo (N=268)				Quizartinib vs Placebo		Interaction
		No. of subjects with events (%)	No. of subjects censored (%)	Median (95 % CI) (weeks) [a]	n	No. of subjects with events (%)	No. of subjects censored (%)	Median (95 % CI) (weeks) [a]	n	Hazard Ratio (95 % CI) [b]	Unstratified log-rank p-value [c]	P-value [d]
Pooled Age Group 2											0.9999	
<60	159	5 (3.1)	154 (96.9)	NE (NE, NE)	160	7 (4.4)	153 (95.6)	NE (NE, NE)	160	0.676 (0.214, 2.132)	0.5014	
≥60 - <65	37	1 (2.7)	36 (97.3)	NE (NE, NE)	43	0	43 (100)	NE (NE, NE)	43	NE (0.000, NE)	0.2810	
≥65	69	0	69 (100)	NE (NE, NE)	65	2 (3.1)	63 (96.9)	NE (NE, NE)	65	0.000 (0.000, NE)	0.1722	

N: number of subjects in analysis set; n: number of subjects in subgroup category; %: proportion of number of subjects in n; CI: confidence interval; NE: not estimable. Only treatment-emergent adverse events of special interest are considered.
 [a] Median time to first event is from Kaplan-Meier estimate. Confidence Interval for median was computed using the Brookmeyer-Crowley method.
 [b] Hazard ratio is from unstratified Cox proportional hazards model with treatment as the only categorical variable in the model. Confidence limits are based on the Wald test.
 [c] Two-sided p-value from unstratified log-rank test.
 [d] Two-sided interaction p-value is for the interaction term from unstratified Cox proportional hazards model with treatment, subgroup, and treatment-by-subgroup interaction as categorical variables in the model. The p-value is based on the Wald test.
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Medizinischer Nutzen, medizinischer Zusatznutzen, Patientengruppen mit therap. bedeutsamem Zusatznutzen

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Subgroup	n	Quizartinib (N=265)				Placebo (N=268)				Quizartinib vs Placebo		Interaction
		No. of subjects with events (%)	No. of subjects censored (%)	Median (95 % CI) (weeks) [a]	n	No. of subjects with events (%)	No. of subjects censored (%)	Median (95 % CI) (weeks) [a]	n	Hazard Ratio (95 % CI) [b]	Unstratified log-rank p-value [c]	P-value [d]
Sex												0.1143
Male	124	4 (3.2)	120 (96.8)	NE (NE, NE)	120	2 (1.7)	118 (98.3)	NE (NE, NE)	1.870 (0.342, 10.228)	0.4628		
Female	141	2 (1.4)	139 (98.6)	NE (NE, NE)	148	7 (4.7)	141 (95.3)	NE (NE, NE)	0.287 (0.060, 1.383)	0.0972		

N: number of subjects in analysis set; n: number of subjects in subgroup category; %: proportion of number of subjects in n; CI: confidence interval; NE: not estimable. Only treatment-emergent adverse events of special interest are considered.
 [a] Median time to first event is from Kaplan-Meier estimate. Confidence Interval for median was computed using the Brookmeyer-Crowley method.
 [b] Hazard ratio is from unstratified Cox proportional hazards model with treatment as the only categorical variable in the model. Confidence limits are based on the Wald test.
 [c] Two-sided p-value from unstratified log-rank test.
 [d] Two-sided interaction p-value is for the interaction term from unstratified Cox proportional hazards model with treatment, subgroup, and treatment-by-subgroup interaction as categorical variables in the model. The p-value is based on the Wald test.
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Medizinischer Nutzen, medizinischer Zusatznutzen, Patientengruppen mit therap. bedeutsamem Zusatznutzen

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 Table 3.6.2 Adverse events of special interest - Combined Elevations of Aminotransferases and Bilirubin - Time-to-event analysis - subgroup analysis - DCO 13-Aug-2021 - Safety Analysis Set

Subgroup	n	Quizartinib (N=265)				Placebo (N=268)				Quizartinib vs Placebo		Interaction
		No. of subjects with events (%)	No. of subjects censored (%)	Median (95 % CI) (weeks) [a]	n	No. of subjects with events (%)	No. of subjects censored (%)	Median (95 % CI) (weeks) [a]	Hazard Ratio (95 % CI) [b]	Unstratified log-rank p-value [c]	P-value [d]	
Race by 2 categories												0.7821
White	157	5 (3.2)	152 (96.8)	NE (NE, NE)	161	7 (4.3)	154 (95.7)	NE (NE, NE)	0.697 (0.221, 2.200)	0.5360		
Non-white	108	1 (0.9)	107 (99.1)	NE (NE, NE)	107	2 (1.9)	105 (98.1)	NE (NE, NE)	0.479 (0.043, 5.283)	0.5386		

N: number of subjects in analysis set; n: number of subjects in subgroup category; %: proportion of number of subjects in n; CI: confidence interval; NE: not estimable. Only treatment-emergent adverse events of special interest are considered.
 [a] Median time to first event is from Kaplan-Meier estimate. Confidence Interval for median was computed using the Brookmeyer-Crowley method.
 [b] Hazard ratio is from unstratified Cox proportional hazards model with treatment as the only categorical variable in the model. Confidence limits are based on the Wald test.
 [c] Two-sided p-value from unstratified log-rank test.
 [d] Two-sided interaction p-value is for the interaction term from unstratified Cox proportional hazards model with treatment, subgroup, and treatment-by-subgroup interaction as categorical variables in the model. The p-value is based on the Wald test.
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Subgroup	n	Quizartinib (N=265)				Placebo (N=268)				Quizartinib vs Placebo		Interaction
		No. of subjects with events (%)	No. of subjects censored (%)	Median (95 % CI) (weeks) [a]	n	No. of subjects with events (%)	No. of subjects censored (%)	Median (95 % CI) (weeks) [a]	Hazard Ratio (95 % CI) [b]	Unstratified log-rank p-value [c]	P-value [d]	
Geographic Region 1											0.7731	
North America	16	0	16 (100)	NE (NE, NE)	18	0	18 (100)	NE (NE, NE)	NE (NE, NE)	NE		
Europe	161	5 (3.1)	156 (96.9)	NE (NE, NE)	161	6 (3.7)	155 (96.3)	NE (NE, NE)	0.775 (0.236, 2.542)	0.6727		
Asia/Other Regions	88	1 (1.1)	87 (98.9)	NE (NE, NE)	89	3 (3.4)	86 (96.6)	NE (NE, NE)	0.329 (0.034, 3.162)	0.3108		

N: number of subjects in analysis set; n: number of subjects in subgroup category; %: proportion of number of subjects in n; CI: confidence interval; NE: not estimable. Only treatment-emergent adverse events of special interest are considered.
 [a] Median time to first event is from Kaplan-Meier estimate. Confidence Interval for median was computed using the Brookmeyer-Crowley method.
 [b] Hazard ratio is from unstratified Cox proportional hazards model with treatment as the only categorical variable in the model. Confidence limits are based on the Wald test.
 [c] Two-sided p-value from unstratified log-rank test.
 [d] Two-sided interaction p-value is for the interaction term from unstratified Cox proportional hazards model with treatment, subgroup, and treatment-by-subgroup interaction as categorical variables in the model. The p-value is based on the Wald test.
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Subgroup	n	Quizartinib (N=265)				Placebo (N=268)				Quizartinib vs Placebo		Interaction	
		No. of subjects with events (%)	No. of subjects censored (%)	Median (95 % CI) (weeks) [a]	n	No. of subjects with events (%)	No. of subjects censored (%)	Median (95 % CI) (weeks) [a]	n	Hazard Ratio (95 % CI) [b]	Unstratified log-rank p-value [c]	P-value [d]	
WBC at initial diagnosis											0.3491		
< 40x10 ⁹ /L	132	1 (0.8)	131 (99.2)	NE (NE, NE)	133	4 (3.0)	129 (97.0)	NE (NE, NE)	0.260 (0.029, 2.324)	0.1938			
≥ 40x10 ⁹ /L	133	5 (3.8)	128 (96.2)	NE (NE, NE)	135	5 (3.7)	130 (96.3)	NE (NE, NE)	0.897 (0.259, 3.110)	0.8654			

N: number of subjects in analysis set; n: number of subjects in subgroup category; %: proportion of number of subjects in n; CI: confidence interval; NE: not estimable. Only treatment-emergent adverse events of special interest are considered.
 [a] Median time to first event is from Kaplan-Meier estimate. Confidence Interval for median was computed using the Brookmeyer-Crowley method.
 [b] Hazard ratio is from unstratified Cox proportional hazards model with treatment as the only categorical variable in the model. Confidence limits are based on the Wald test.
 [c] Two-sided p-value from unstratified log-rank test.
 [d] Two-sided interaction p-value is for the interaction term from unstratified Cox proportional hazards model with treatment, subgroup, and treatment-by-subgroup interaction as categorical variables in the model. The p-value is based on the Wald test.
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Subgroup	n	Quizartinib (N=265)				Placebo (N=268)				Quizartinib vs Placebo		Interaction	
		No. of subjects with events (%)	No. of subjects censored (%)	Median (95 % CI) (weeks) [a]	n	No. of subjects with events (%)	No. of subjects censored (%)	Median (95 % CI) (weeks) [a]	n	Hazard Ratio (95 % CI) [b]	Unstratified log-rank p-value [c]	P-value [d]	
Choice of Anthracycline											0.9540		
Daunorubicin	123	2 (1.6)	121 (98.4)	NE (NE, NE)	94	2 (2.1)	92 (97.9)	NE (NE, NE)	0.709 (0.100, 5.053)	0.7305			
Idarubicin	142	4 (2.8)	138 (97.2)	NE (NE, NE)	171	7 (4.1)	164 (95.9)	NE (NE, NE)	0.669 (0.196, 2.287)	0.5185			

N: number of subjects in analysis set; n: number of subjects in subgroup category; %: proportion of number of subjects in n; CI: confidence interval; NE: not estimable. Only treatment-emergent adverse events of special interest are considered.
 [a] Median time to first event is from Kaplan-Meier estimate. Confidence Interval for median was computed using the Brookmeyer-Crowley method.
 [b] Hazard ratio is from unstratified Cox proportional hazards model with treatment as the only categorical variable in the model. Confidence limits are based on the Wald test.
 [c] Two-sided p-value from unstratified log-rank test.
 [d] Two-sided interaction p-value is for the interaction term from unstratified Cox proportional hazards model with treatment, subgroup, and treatment-by-subgroup interaction as categorical variables in the model. The p-value is based on the Wald test.
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		Quizartinib (N=265)					Placebo (N=268)					Quizartinib vs Placebo		Interaction
Subgroup	n	No. of subjects with events (%)	No. of subjects censored (%)	Median (95 % CI) (weeks) [a]	n	No. of subjects with events (%)	No. of subjects censored (%)	Median (95 % CI) (weeks) [a]	Hazard Ratio (95 % CI) [b]	Unstratified log-rank p-value [c]	P-value [d]			
AML Cytogenetic Risk Score													0.9090	
Favorable	13	0	13 (100)	NE (NE, NE)	19	1 (5.3)	18 (94.7)	NE (9.5, NE)	0.000 (0.000, NE)	0.5271				
Intermediate	195	5 (2.6)	190 (97.4)	NE (NE, NE)	190	4 (2.1)	186 (97.9)	NE (NE, NE)	1.173 (0.315, 4.370)	0.8123				
Unfavorable	19	0	19 (100)	NE (NE, NE)	27	2 (7.4)	25 (92.6)	NE (NE, NE)	0.000 (0.000, NE)	0.2437				
Unknown	38	1 (2.6)	37 (97.4)	NE (NE, NE)	31	2 (6.5)	29 (93.5)	NE (NE, NE)	0.410 (0.037, 4.561)	0.4540				

N: number of subjects in analysis set; n: number of subjects in subgroup category; %: proportion of number of subjects in n; CI: confidence interval; NE: not estimable. Only treatment-emergent adverse events of special interest are considered.
 [a] Median time to first event is from Kaplan-Meier estimate. Confidence Interval for median was computed using the Brookmeyer-Crowley method.
 [b] Hazard ratio is from unstratified Cox proportional hazards model with treatment as the only categorical variable in the model. Confidence limits are based on the Wald test.
 [c] Two-sided p-value from unstratified log-rank test.
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 Table 3.6.2 Adverse events of special interest - Combined Elevations of Aminotransferases and Bilirubin - Time-to-event analysis - subgroup analysis - DCO 13-Aug-2021 - Safety Analysis Set

Subgroup	n	Quizartinib (N=265)				Placebo (N=268)				Quizartinib vs Placebo		Interaction
		No. of subjects with events (%)	No. of subjects censored (%)	Median (95 % CI) (weeks) [a]	n	No. of subjects with events (%)	No. of subjects censored (%)	Median (95 % CI) (weeks) [a]	n	Hazard Ratio (95 % CI) [b]	Unstratified log-rank p-value [c]	P-value [d]
ECOG Performance Status at Baseline											0.9866	
0 - Fully Active	87	3 (3.4)	84 (96.6)	NE (NE, NE)	97	4 (4.1)	93 (95.9)	NE (NE, NE)	0.789 (0.176, 3.529)	0.7561		
1 - Restricted in Physically Strenuous Activity	133	3 (2.3)	130 (97.7)	NE (NE, NE)	134	3 (2.2)	131 (97.8)	NE (NE, NE)	0.989 (0.199, 4.903)	0.9888		
2 - Ambulatory and Capable of All Selfcare	45	0	45 (100)	NE (NE, NE)	36	2 (5.6)	34 (94.4)	NE (NE, NE)	0.000 (0.000, NE)	0.1242		

N: number of subjects in analysis set; n: number of subjects in subgroup category; %: proportion of number of subjects in n; CI: confidence interval; NE: not estimable. Only treatment-emergent adverse events of special interest are considered.
 [a] Median time to first event is from Kaplan-Meier estimate. Confidence Interval for median was computed using the Brookmeyer-Crowley method.
 [b] Hazard ratio is from unstratified Cox proportional hazards model with treatment as the only categorical variable in the model. Confidence limits are based on the Wald test.
 [c] Two-sided p-value from unstratified log-rank test.
 [d] Two-sided interaction p-value is for the interaction term from unstratified Cox proportional hazards model with treatment, subgroup, and treatment-by-subgroup interaction as categorical variables in the model. The p-value is based on the Wald test.
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Subgroup	n	Quizartinib (N=265)					Placebo (N=268)					Quizartinib vs Placebo		Interaction
		No. of subjects with events (%)	No. of subjects censored (%)	Median (95 % CI) (weeks) [a]	n	No. of subjects with events (%)	No. of subjects censored (%)	Median (95 % CI) (weeks) [a]	Hazard Ratio (95 % CI) [b]	Unstratified log-rank p-value [c]	P-value [d]			
FLT3-ITD category at Baseline													0.9881	
≥3 to ≤25%	94	0	94 (100)	NE (NE, NE)	98	4 (4.1)	94 (95.9)	NE (NE, NE)	0.000 (0.000, NE)	0.0506				
>25% to ≤50%	141	5 (3.5)	136 (96.5)	NE (NE, NE)	136	4 (2.9)	132 (97.1)	NE (NE, NE)	1.178 (0.316, 4.392)	0.8059				
>50%	29	1 (3.4)	28 (96.6)	NE (NE, NE)	34	1 (2.9)	33 (97.1)	NE (NE, NE)	1.180 (0.074, 18.868)	0.9066				

N: number of subjects in analysis set; n: number of subjects in subgroup category; %: proportion of number of subjects in n; CI: confidence interval; NE: not estimable. Only treatment-emergent adverse events of special interest are considered.
 [a] Median time to first event is from Kaplan-Meier estimate. Confidence Interval for median was computed using the Brookmeyer-Crowley method.
 [b] Hazard ratio is from unstratified Cox proportional hazards model with treatment as the only categorical variable in the model. Confidence limits are based on the Wald test.
 [c] Two-sided p-value from unstratified log-rank test.
 [d] Two-sided interaction p-value is for the interaction term from unstratified Cox proportional hazards model with treatment, subgroup, and treatment-by-subgroup interaction as categorical variables in the model. The p-value is based on the Wald test.
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Subgroup	n	Quizartinib (N=265)				Placebo (N=268)				Quizartinib vs Placebo		Interaction
		No. of subjects with events (%)	No. of subjects censored (%)	Median (95 % CI) (weeks) [a]	n	No. of subjects with events (%)	No. of subjects censored (%)	Median (95 % CI) (weeks) [a]	n	Hazard Ratio (95 % CI) [b]	Unstratified log-rank p-value [c]	P-value [d]
AML with Mutated NPM1											0.6365	
Yes	139	4 (2.9)	135 (97.1)	NE (NE, NE)	137	5 (3.6)	132 (96.4)	NE (NE, NE)	0.778 (0.209, 2.901)	0.7078		
No	116	2 (1.7)	114 (98.3)	NE (NE, NE)	120	4 (3.3)	116 (96.7)	NE (NE, NE)	0.471 (0.086, 2.576)	0.3741		

N: number of subjects in analysis set; n: number of subjects in subgroup category; %: proportion of number of subjects in n; CI: confidence interval; NE: not estimable. Only treatment-emergent adverse events of special interest are considered.
 [a] Median time to first event is from Kaplan-Meier estimate. Confidence Interval for median was computed using the Brookmeyer-Crowley method.
 [b] Hazard ratio is from unstratified Cox proportional hazards model with treatment as the only categorical variable in the model. Confidence limits are based on the Wald test.
 [c] Two-sided p-value from unstratified log-rank test.
 [d] Two-sided interaction p-value is for the interaction term from unstratified Cox proportional hazards model with treatment, subgroup, and treatment-by-subgroup interaction as categorical variables in the model. The p-value is based on the Wald test.
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Subgroup	n	Quizartinib (N=265)				Placebo (N=268)				Quizartinib vs Placebo		Interaction
		No. of subjects with events (%)	No. of subjects censored (%)	Median (95 % CI) (weeks) [a]	n	No. of subjects with events (%)	No. of subjects censored (%)	Median (95 % CI) (weeks) [a]	n	Hazard Ratio (95 % CI) [b]	Unstratified log-rank p-value [c]	P-value [d]
Age by 2 categories											0.8893	
≤60	164	5 (3.0)	159 (97.0)	NE (NE, NE)	163	7 (4.3)	156 (95.7)	NE (NE, NE)	0.664 (0.210, 2.095)	0.4823		
>60	101	1 (1.0)	100 (99.0)	NE (NE, NE)	105	2 (1.9)	103 (98.1)	NE (NE, NE)	0.507 (0.046, 5.587)	0.5713		

N: number of subjects in analysis set; n: number of subjects in subgroup category; %: proportion of number of subjects in n; CI: confidence interval; NE: not estimable. Only treatment-emergent adverse events of special interest are considered.
 [a] Median time to first event is from Kaplan-Meier estimate. Confidence Interval for median was computed using the Brookmeyer-Crowley method.
 [b] Hazard ratio is from unstratified Cox proportional hazards model with treatment as the only categorical variable in the model. Confidence limits are based on the Wald test.
 [c] Two-sided p-value from unstratified log-rank test.
 [d] Two-sided interaction p-value is for the interaction term from unstratified Cox proportional hazards model with treatment, subgroup, and treatment-by-subgroup interaction as categorical variables in the model. The p-value is based on the Wald test.
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Anhang 4-H8b: SUE von besonderem Interesse

Daiichi Sankyo | Data Intelligence – Evidence Generation | Final | AC220-A-U302 QUANTUM-First (DCO 13 Aug 2021) | Statistical analyses for AMNOG (HTA Germany)
 Table 3.7.2 Serious Adverse events of special interest - QTcF prolongation ≥ Grade 3 - Time-to-event analysis - subgroup analysis - DCO 13-Aug-2021 - Safety Analysis Set

		Quizartinib (N=265)					Placebo (N=268)					Quizartinib vs Placebo		Interaction
Subgroup	n	No. of subjects with events (%)	No. of subjects censored (%)	Median (95 % CI) (weeks) [a]	n	No. of subjects with events (%)	No. of subjects censored (%)	Median (95 % CI) (weeks) [a]	Hazard Ratio (95 % CI) [b]	Unstratified log-rank p-value [c]	P-value [d]			
Pooled Age Group 2												NE		
<60	159	0	159 (100)	NE (NE, NE)	160	0	160 (100)	NE (NE, NE)	NE (NE, NE)	NE				
≥60 - <65	37	0	37 (100)	NE (NE, NE)	43	0	43 (100)	NE (NE, NE)	NE (NE, NE)	NE				
≥65	69	0	69 (100)	NE (NE, NE)	65	0	65 (100)	NE (NE, NE)	NE (NE, NE)	NE				

N: number of subjects in analysis set; n: number of subjects in subgroup category; %: proportion of number of subjects in n; CI: confidence interval; NE: not estimable. Only treatment-emergent adverse events of special interest are considered.
 [a] Median time to first event is from Kaplan-Meier estimate. Confidence Interval for median was computed using the Brookmeyer-Crowley method.
 [b] Hazard ratio is from unstratified Cox proportional hazards model with treatment as the only categorical variable in the model. Confidence limits are based on the Wald test.
 [c] Two-sided p-value from unstratified log-rank test.
 [d] Two-sided interaction p-value is for the interaction term from unstratified Cox proportional hazards model with treatment, subgroup, and treatment-by-subgroup interaction as categorical variables in the model. The p-value is based on the Wald test.
 Data source: \\AC220-A-U302\Production\Raw\Data_Restricted\rstret_eg\rstret_20211102_eg\rstret_valos\20230516_AMNOG\ADAM\
 Run date: 21JUL2023 – 22:28; Program name: DE_T_1_1_1_OS_SUB_ITT.sas; Output name: DE_T_3_7_2_AESHSER_SUB_SAS.rtf

Medizinischer Nutzen, medizinischer Zusatznutzen, Patientengruppen mit therap. bedeutsamem Zusatznutzen

Daiichi Sankyo | Data Intelligence – Evidence Generation | Final | AC220-A-U302 QUANTUM-First (DCO 13 Aug 2021) | Statistical analyses for AMNOG (HTA Germany)
 Table 3.7.2 Serious Adverse events of special interest - QTcF prolongation ≥ Grade 3 - Time-to-event analysis - subgroup analysis - DCO 13-Aug-2021 - Safety Analysis Set

Subgroup	n	Quizartinib (N=265)				Placebo (N=268)				Quizartinib vs Placebo		Interaction
		No. of subjects with events (%)	No. of subjects censored (%)	Median (95 % CI) (weeks) [a]	n	No. of subjects with events (%)	No. of subjects censored (%)	Median (95 % CI) (weeks) [a]	n	Hazard Ratio (95 % CI) [b]	Unstratified log-rank p-value [c]	P-value [d]
Sex												NE
Male	124	0	124 (100)	NE (NE, NE)	120	0	120 (100)	NE (NE, NE)	120	NE (NE, NE)	NE	
Female	141	0	141 (100)	NE (NE, NE)	148	0	148 (100)	NE (NE, NE)	148	NE (NE, NE)	NE	

N: number of subjects in analysis set; n: number of subjects in subgroup category; %: proportion of number of subjects in n; CI: confidence interval; NE: not estimable. Only treatment-emergent adverse events of special interest are considered.
 [a] Median time to first event is from Kaplan-Meier estimate. Confidence Interval for median was computed using the Brookmeyer-Crowley method.
 [b] Hazard ratio is from unstratified Cox proportional hazards model with treatment as the only categorical variable in the model. Confidence limits are based on the Wald test.
 [c] Two-sided p-value from unstratified log-rank test.
 [d] Two-sided interaction p-value is for the interaction term from unstratified Cox proportional hazards model with treatment, subgroup, and treatment-by-subgroup interaction as categorical variables in the model. The p-value is based on the Wald test.
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Daiichi Sankyo | Data Intelligence – Evidence Generation | Final | AC220-A-U302 QUANTUM-First (DCO 13 Aug 2021) | Statistical analyses for AMNOG (HTA Germany)
 Table 3.7.2 Serious Adverse events of special interest - QTcF prolongation ≥ Grade 3 - Time-to-event analysis - subgroup analysis - DCO 13-Aug-2021 - Safety Analysis Set

Subgroup	n	Quizartinib (N=265)				Placebo (N=268)				Quizartinib vs Placebo		Interaction	
		No. of subjects with events (%)	No. of subjects censored (%)	Median (95 % CI) (weeks) [a]	n	No. of subjects with events (%)	No. of subjects censored (%)	Median (95 % CI) (weeks) [a]	n	Hazard Ratio (95 % CI) [b]	Unstratified log-rank p-value [c]	P-value [d]	
Race by 2 categories												NE	
White	157	0	157 (100)	NE (NE, NE)	161	0	161 (100)	NE (NE, NE)	161	NE (NE, NE)	NE		
Non-white	108	0	108 (100)	NE (NE, NE)	107	0	107 (100)	NE (NE, NE)	107	NE (NE, NE)	NE		

N: number of subjects in analysis set; n: number of subjects in subgroup category; %: proportion of number of subjects in n; CI: confidence interval; NE: not estimable. Only treatment-emergent adverse events of special interest are considered.
 [a] Median time to first event is from Kaplan-Meier estimate. Confidence Interval for median was computed using the Brookmeyer-Crowley method.
 [b] Hazard ratio is from unstratified Cox proportional hazards model with treatment as the only categorical variable in the model. Confidence limits are based on the Wald test.
 [c] Two-sided p-value from unstratified log-rank test.
 [d] Two-sided interaction p-value is for the interaction term from unstratified Cox proportional hazards model with treatment, subgroup, and treatment-by-subgroup interaction as categorical variables in the model. The p-value is based on the Wald test.
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Medizinischer Nutzen, medizinischer Zusatznutzen, Patientengruppen mit therap. bedeutsamem Zusatznutzen

Daiichi Sankyo | Data Intelligence – Evidence Generation | Final | AC220-A-U302 QUANTUM-First (DCO 13 Aug 2021) | Statistical analyses for AMNOG (HTA Germany) Table 3.7.2 Serious Adverse events of special interest - QTcF prolongation ≥ Grade 3 - Time-to-event analysis - subgroup analysis - DCO 13-Aug-2021 - Safety Analysis Set

		Quizartinib (N=265)					Placebo (N=268)					Quizartinib vs Placebo		Interaction
Subgroup	n	No. of subjects with events (%)	No. of subjects censored (%)	Median (95 % CI) (weeks) [a]	n	No. of subjects with events (%)	No. of subjects censored (%)	Median (95 % CI) (weeks) [a]	Hazard Ratio (95 % CI) [b]	Unstratified log-rank p-value [c]	P-value [d]			
Geographic Region 1											NE			
North America	16	0	16 (100)	NE (NE, NE)	18	0	18 (100)	NE (NE, NE)	NE (NE, NE)	NE				
Europe	161	0	161 (100)	NE (NE, NE)	161	0	161 (100)	NE (NE, NE)	NE (NE, NE)	NE				
Asia/Other Regions	88	0	88 (100)	NE (NE, NE)	89	0	89 (100)	NE (NE, NE)	NE (NE, NE)	NE				

N: number of subjects in analysis set; n: number of subjects in subgroup category; %: proportion of number of subjects in n; CI: confidence interval; NE: not estimable. Only treatment-emergent adverse events of special interest are considered.
 [a] Median time to first event is from Kaplan-Meier estimate. Confidence Interval for median was computed using the Brookmeyer-Crowley method.
 [b] Hazard ratio is from unstratified Cox proportional hazards model with treatment as the only categorical variable in the model. Confidence limits are based on the Wald test.
 [c] Two-sided p-value from unstratified log-rank test.
 [d] Two-sided interaction p-value is for the interaction term from unstratified Cox proportional hazards model with treatment, subgroup, and treatment-by-subgroup interaction as categorical variables in the model. The p-value is based on the Wald test.
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Medizinischer Nutzen, medizinischer Zusatznutzen, Patientengruppen mit therap. bedeutsamem Zusatznutzen

Daiichi Sankyo | Data Intelligence – Evidence Generation | Final | AC220-A-U302 QUANTUM-First (DCO 13 Aug 2021) | Statistical analyses for AMNOG (HTA Germany)
 Table 3.7.2 Serious Adverse events of special interest - QTcF prolongation ≥ Grade 3 - Time-to-event analysis - subgroup analysis - DCO 13-Aug-2021 - Safety Analysis Set

Subgroup	n	Quizartinib (N=265)					Placebo (N=268)					Quizartinib vs Placebo		Interaction
		No. of subjects with events (%)	No. of subjects censored (%)	Median (95 % CI) (weeks) [a]	n	No. of subjects with events (%)	No. of subjects censored (%)	Median (95 % CI) (weeks) [a]	Hazard Ratio (95 % CI) [b]	Unstratified log-rank p-value [c]	P-value [d]			
WBC at initial diagnosis													NE	
< 40x10 ⁹ /L	132	0	132 (100)	NE (NE, NE)	133	0	133 (100)	NE (NE, NE)	NE (NE, NE)	NE				
≥ 40x10 ⁹ /L	133	0	133 (100)	NE (NE, NE)	135	0	135 (100)	NE (NE, NE)	NE (NE, NE)	NE				

N: number of subjects in analysis set; n: number of subjects in subgroup category; %: proportion of number of subjects in n; CI: confidence interval; NE: not estimable. Only treatment-emergent adverse events of special interest are considered.
 [a] Median time to first event is from Kaplan-Meier estimate. Confidence Interval for median was computed using the Brookmeyer-Crowley method.
 [b] Hazard ratio is from unstratified Cox proportional hazards model with treatment as the only categorical variable in the model. Confidence limits are based on the Wald test.
 [c] Two-sided p-value from unstratified log-rank test.
 [d] Two-sided interaction p-value is for the interaction term from unstratified Cox proportional hazards model with treatment, subgroup, and treatment-by-subgroup interaction as categorical variables in the model. The p-value is based on the Wald test.
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Medizinischer Nutzen, medizinischer Zusatznutzen, Patientengruppen mit therap. bedeutsamem Zusatznutzen

Daiichi Sankyo | Data Intelligence – Evidence Generation | Final | AC220-A-U302 QUANTUM-First (DCO 13 Aug 2021) | Statistical analyses for AMNOG (HTA Germany)
 Table 3.7.2 Serious Adverse events of special interest - QTcF prolongation ≥ Grade 3 - Time-to-event analysis - subgroup analysis - DCO 13-Aug-2021 - Safety Analysis Set

Subgroup	n	Quizartinib (N=265)				Placebo (N=268)				Quizartinib vs Placebo		Interaction	
		No. of subjects with events (%)	No. of subjects censored (%)	Median (95 % CI) (weeks) [a]	n	No. of subjects with events (%)	No. of subjects censored (%)	Median (95 % CI) (weeks) [a]	n	Hazard Ratio (95 % CI) [b]	Unstratified log-rank p-value [c]	P-value [d]	
Choice of Anthracycline												NE	
Daunorubicin	123	0	123 (100)	NE (NE, NE)	94	0	94 (100)	NE (NE, NE)	94	NE (NE, NE)	NE		
Idarubicin	142	0	142 (100)	NE (NE, NE)	171	0	171 (100)	NE (NE, NE)	171	NE (NE, NE)	NE		

N: number of subjects in analysis set; n: number of subjects in subgroup category; %: proportion of number of subjects in n; CI: confidence interval; NE: not estimable. Only treatment-emergent adverse events of special interest are considered.
 [a] Median time to first event is from Kaplan-Meier estimate. Confidence Interval for median was computed using the Brookmeyer-Crowley method.
 [b] Hazard ratio is from unstratified Cox proportional hazards model with treatment as the only categorical variable in the model. Confidence limits are based on the Wald test.
 [c] Two-sided p-value from unstratified log-rank test.
 [d] Two-sided interaction p-value is for the interaction term from unstratified Cox proportional hazards model with treatment, subgroup, and treatment-by-subgroup interaction as categorical variables in the model. The p-value is based on the Wald test.
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Medizinischer Nutzen, medizinischer Zusatznutzen, Patientengruppen mit therap. bedeutsamem Zusatznutzen

Daichi Sankyo | Data Intelligence – Evidence Generation | Final | AC220-A-U302 QUANTUM-First (DCO 13 Aug 2021) | Statistical analyses for AMNOG (HTA Germany)
 Table 3.7.2 Serious Adverse events of special interest - QTcF prolongation ≥ Grade 3 - Time-to-event analysis - subgroup analysis - DCO 13-Aug-2021 - Safety Analysis Set

Subgroup	n	Quizartinib (N=265)				Placebo (N=268)				Quizartinib vs Placebo		Interaction
		No. of subjects with events (%)	No. of subjects censored (%)	Median (95 % CI) (weeks) [a]	n	No. of subjects with events (%)	No. of subjects censored (%)	Median (95 % CI) (weeks) [a]	n	Hazard Ratio (95 % CI) [b]	Unstratified log-rank p-value [c]	P-value [d]
AML Cytogenetic Risk Score											NE	
Favorable	13	0	13 (100)	NE (NE, NE)	19	0	19 (100)	NE (NE, NE)	NE (NE, NE)	NE		
Intermediate	195	0	195 (100)	NE (NE, NE)	190	0	190 (100)	NE (NE, NE)	NE (NE, NE)	NE		
Unfavorable	19	0	19 (100)	NE (NE, NE)	27	0	27 (100)	NE (NE, NE)	NE (NE, NE)	NE		
Unknown	38	0	38 (100)	NE (NE, NE)	31	0	31 (100)	NE (NE, NE)	NE (NE, NE)	NE		

N: number of subjects in analysis set; n: number of subjects in subgroup category; %: proportion of number of subjects in n; CI: confidence interval; NE: not estimable. Only treatment-emergent adverse events of special interest are considered.
 [a] Median time to first event is from Kaplan-Meier estimate. Confidence Interval for median was computed using the Brookmeyer-Crowley method.
 [b] Hazard ratio is from unstratified Cox proportional hazards model with treatment as the only categorical variable in the model. Confidence limits are based on the Wald test.
 [c] Two-sided p-value from unstratified log-rank test.
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 Table 3.7.2 Serious Adverse events of special interest - QTcF prolongation ≥ Grade 3 - Time-to-event analysis - subgroup analysis - DCO 13-Aug-2021 - Safety Analysis Set

Subgroup	n	Quizartinib (N=265)				Placebo (N=268)				Quizartinib vs Placebo		Interaction		
		No. of subjects with events (%)	No. of subjects censored (%)	Median (95 % CI) (weeks) [a]	n	No. of subjects with events (%)	No. of subjects censored (%)	Median (95 % CI) (weeks) [a]	n	Hazard Ratio (95 % CI) [b]	Unstratified log-rank p-value [c]	P-value [d]		
ECOG Performance Status at Baseline												NE		
0 - Fully Active	87	0	87 (100)	NE (NE, NE)	97	0	97 (100)	NE (NE, NE)	97	0	97 (100)	NE (NE, NE)	NE	NE
1 - Restricted in Physically Strenuous Activity	133	0	133 (100)	NE (NE, NE)	134	0	134 (100)	NE (NE, NE)	134	0	134 (100)	NE (NE, NE)	NE	NE
2 - Ambulatory and Capable of All Selfcare	45	0	45 (100)	NE (NE, NE)	36	0	36 (100)	NE (NE, NE)	36	0	36 (100)	NE (NE, NE)	NE	NE

N: number of subjects in analysis set; n: number of subjects in subgroup category; %: proportion of number of subjects in n; CI: confidence interval; NE: not estimable. Only treatment-emergent adverse events of special interest are considered.
 [a] Median time to first event is from Kaplan-Meier estimate. Confidence Interval for median was computed using the Brookmeyer-Crowley method.
 [b] Hazard ratio is from unstratified Cox proportional hazards model with treatment as the only categorical variable in the model. Confidence limits are based on the Wald test.
 [c] Two-sided p-value from unstratified log-rank test.
 [d] Two-sided interaction p-value is for the interaction term from unstratified Cox proportional hazards model with treatment, subgroup, and treatment-by-subgroup interaction as categorical variables in the model. The p-value is based on the Wald test.
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Subgroup	n	Quizartinib (N=265)					Placebo (N=268)					Quizartinib vs Placebo		Interaction
		No. of subjects with events (%)	No. of subjects censored (%)	Median (95 % CI) (weeks) [a]	n	No. of subjects with events (%)	No. of subjects censored (%)	Median (95 % CI) (weeks) [a]	Hazard Ratio (95 % CI) [b]	Unstratified log-rank p-value [c]	P-value [d]			
FLT3-ITD category at Baseline													NE	
≥3 to ≤25%	94	0	94 (100)	NE (NE, NE)	98	0	98 (100)	NE (NE, NE)	NE (NE, NE)	NE				
>25% to ≤50%	141	0	141 (100)	NE (NE, NE)	136	0	136 (100)	NE (NE, NE)	NE (NE, NE)	NE				
>50%	29	0	29 (100)	NE (NE, NE)	34	0	34 (100)	NE (NE, NE)	NE (NE, NE)	NE				

N: number of subjects in analysis set; n: number of subjects in subgroup category; %: proportion of number of subjects in n; CI: confidence interval; NE: not estimable. Only treatment-emergent adverse events of special interest are considered.
 [a] Median time to first event is from Kaplan-Meier estimate. Confidence Interval for median was computed using the Brookmeyer-Crowley method.
 [b] Hazard ratio is from unstratified Cox proportional hazards model with treatment as the only categorical variable in the model. Confidence limits are based on the Wald test.
 [c] Two-sided p-value from unstratified log-rank test.
 [d] Two-sided interaction p-value is for the interaction term from unstratified Cox proportional hazards model with treatment, subgroup, and treatment-by-subgroup interaction as categorical variables in the model. The p-value is based on the Wald test.
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Subgroup	n	Quizartinib (N=265)				Placebo (N=268)				Quizartinib vs Placebo		Interaction	
		No. of subjects with events (%)	No. of subjects censored (%)	Median (95 % CI) (weeks) [a]	n	No. of subjects with events (%)	No. of subjects censored (%)	Median (95 % CI) (weeks) [a]	n	Hazard Ratio (95 % CI) [b]	Unstratified log-rank p-value [c]	P-value [d]	
AML with Mutated NPM1												NE	
Yes	139	0	139 (100)	NE (NE, NE)	137	0	137 (100)	NE (NE, NE)	137	NE (NE, NE)	NE		
No	116	0	116 (100)	NE (NE, NE)	120	0	120 (100)	NE (NE, NE)	120	NE (NE, NE)	NE		

N: number of subjects in analysis set; n: number of subjects in subgroup category; %: proportion of number of subjects in n; CI: confidence interval; NE: not estimable. Only treatment-emergent adverse events of special interest are considered.
 [a] Median time to first event is from Kaplan-Meier estimate. Confidence Interval for median was computed using the Brookmeyer-Crowley method.
 [b] Hazard ratio is from unstratified Cox proportional hazards model with treatment as the only categorical variable in the model. Confidence limits are based on the Wald test.
 [c] Two-sided p-value from unstratified log-rank test.
 [d] Two-sided interaction p-value is for the interaction term from unstratified Cox proportional hazards model with treatment, subgroup, and treatment-by-subgroup interaction as categorical variables in the model. The p-value is based on the Wald test.
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Medizinischer Nutzen, medizinischer Zusatznutzen, Patientengruppen mit therap. bedeutsamem Zusatznutzen

Daiichi Sankyo | Data Intelligence – Evidence Generation | Final | AC220-A-U302 QUANTUM-First (DCO 13 Aug 2021) | Statistical analyses for AMNOG (HTA Germany)
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Subgroup	n	Quizartinib (N=265)				Placebo (N=268)				Quizartinib vs Placebo		Interaction	
		No. of subjects with events (%)	No. of subjects censored (%)	Median (95 % CI) (weeks) [a]	n	No. of subjects with events (%)	No. of subjects censored (%)	Median (95 % CI) (weeks) [a]	n	Hazard Ratio (95 % CI) [b]	Unstratified log-rank p-value [c]	P-value [d]	
Age by 2 categories												NE	
≤60	164	0	164 (100)	NE (NE, NE)	163	0	163 (100)	NE (NE, NE)	163	NE (NE, NE)	NE		
>60	101	0	101 (100)	NE (NE, NE)	105	0	105 (100)	NE (NE, NE)	105	NE (NE, NE)	NE		

N: number of subjects in analysis set; n: number of subjects in subgroup category; %: proportion of number of subjects in n; CI: confidence interval; NE: not estimable. Only treatment-emergent adverse events of special interest are considered.
 [a] Median time to first event is from Kaplan-Meier estimate. Confidence Interval for median was computed using the Brookmeyer-Crowley method.
 [b] Hazard ratio is from unstratified Cox proportional hazards model with treatment as the only categorical variable in the model. Confidence limits are based on the Wald test.
 [c] Two-sided p-value is from unstratified log-rank test.
 [d] Two-sided interaction p-value is for the interaction term from unstratified Cox proportional hazards model with treatment, subgroup, and treatment-by-subgroup interaction as categorical variables in the model. The p-value is based on the Wald test.
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Medizinischer Nutzen, medizinischer Zusatznutzen, Patientengruppen mit therap. bedeutsamem Zusatznutzen

Daiichi Sankyo | Data Intelligence – Evidence Generation | Final | AC220-A-U302 QUANTUM-First (DCO 13 Aug 2021) | Statistical analyses for AMNOG (HTA Germany)
 Table 3.8.2 Serious Adverse events of special interest - Combined Elevations of Aminotransferases and Bilirubin - Time-to-event analysis - subgroup analysis - DCO 13-Aug-2021 - Safety Analysis Set

Subgroup	n	Quizartinib (N=265)				Placebo (N=268)				Quizartinib vs Placebo		Interaction
		No. of subjects with events (%)	No. of subjects censored (%)	Median (95 % CI) (weeks) [a]	n	No. of subjects with events (%)	No. of subjects censored (%)	Median (95 % CI) (weeks) [a]	n	Hazard Ratio (95 % CI) [b]	Unstratified log-rank p-value [c]	P-value [d]
Pooled Age Group 2											1.0000	
<60	159	2 (1.3)	157 (98.7)	NE (NE, NE)	160	3 (1.9)	157 (98.1)	NE (NE, NE)	160	0.599 (0.100, 3.597)	0.5707	
≥60 - <65	37	0	37 (100)	NE (NE, NE)	43	0	43 (100)	NE (NE, NE)	43	NE (NE, NE)	NE	
≥65	69	0	69 (100)	NE (NE, NE)	65	0	65 (100)	NE (NE, NE)	65	NE (NE, NE)	NE	

N: number of subjects in analysis set; n: number of subjects in subgroup category; %: proportion of number of subjects in n; CI: confidence interval; NE: not estimable. Only treatment-emergent adverse events of special interest are considered.
 [a] Median time to first event is from Kaplan-Meier estimate. Confidence Interval for median was computed using the Brookmeyer-Crowley method.
 [b] Hazard ratio is from unstratified Cox proportional hazards model with treatment as the only categorical variable in the model. Confidence limits are based on the Wald test.
 [c] Two-sided p-value from unstratified log-rank test.
 [d] Two-sided interaction p-value is for the interaction term from unstratified Cox proportional hazards model with treatment, subgroup, and treatment-by-subgroup interaction as categorical variables in the model. The p-value is based on the Wald test.
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 Run date: 21JUL2023 – 22:28; Program name: DE_T_1_1_1_OS_SUB_ITT.sas; Output name: DE_T_3_8_2_AESI2SER_SUB_SAS.rtf

Medizinischer Nutzen, medizinischer Zusatznutzen, Patientengruppen mit therap. bedeutsamem Zusatznutzen

Daichi Sankyo | Data Intelligence – Evidence Generation | Final | AC220-A-U302 QUANTUM-First (DCO 13 Aug 2021) | Statistical analyses for AMNOG (HTA Germany)
 Table 3.8.2 Serious Adverse events of special interest - Combined Elevations of Aminotransferases and Bilirubin - Time-to-event analysis - subgroup analysis - DCO 13-Aug-2021 - Safety Analysis Set

Subgroup	n	Quizartinib (N=265)				Placebo (N=268)				Quizartinib vs Placebo		Interaction
		No. of subjects with events (%)	No. of subjects censored (%)	Median (95 % CI) (weeks) [a]	n	No. of subjects with events (%)	No. of subjects censored (%)	Median (95 % CI) (weeks) [a]	n	Hazard Ratio (95 % CI) [b]	Unstratified log-rank p-value [c]	P-value [d]
Sex												0.7627
Male	124	1 (0.8)	123 (99.2)	NE (NE, NE)	120	1 (0.8)	119 (99.2)	NE (NE, NE)	0.922 (0.058, 14.778)	0.9545		
Female	141	1 (0.7)	140 (99.3)	NE (NE, NE)	148	2 (1.4)	146 (98.6)	NE (NE, NE)	0.500 (0.045, 5.523)	0.5636		

N: number of subjects in analysis set; n: number of subjects in subgroup category; %: proportion of number of subjects in n; CI: confidence interval; NE: not estimable. Only treatment-emergent adverse events of special interest are considered.
 [a] Median time to first event is from Kaplan-Meier estimate. Confidence Interval for median was computed using the Brookmeyer-Crowley method.
 [b] Hazard ratio is from unstratified Cox proportional hazards model with treatment as the only categorical variable in the model. Confidence limits are based on the Wald test.
 [c] Two-sided p-value from unstratified log-rank test.
 [d] Two-sided interaction p-value is for the interaction term from unstratified Cox proportional hazards model with treatment, subgroup, and treatment-by-subgroup interaction as categorical variables in the model. The p-value is based on the Wald test.
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		No. of subjects with events (%)	No. of subjects censored (%)	Median (95 % CI) (weeks) [a]	n	No. of subjects with events (%)	No. of subjects censored (%)	Median (95 % CI) (weeks) [a]	n	Hazard Ratio (95 % CI) [b]	Unstratified log-rank p-value [c]	P-value [d]
Race by 2 categories											0.7089	
White	157	1 (0.6)	156 (99.4)	NE (NE, NE)	161	2 (1.2)	159 (98.8)	NE (NE, NE)	0.445 (0.040, 4.926)	0.4976		
Non-white	108	1 (0.9)	107 (99.1)	NE (NE, NE)	107	1 (0.9)	106 (99.1)	NE (NE, NE)	0.987 (0.062, 15.779)	0.9926		

N: number of subjects in analysis set; n: number of subjects in subgroup category; %: proportion of number of subjects in n; CI: confidence interval; NE: not estimable. Only treatment-emergent adverse events of special interest are considered.
 [a] Median time to first event is from Kaplan-Meier estimate. Confidence Interval for median was computed using the Brookmeyer-Crowley method.
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 [c] Two-sided p-value from unstratified log-rank test.
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		No. of subjects with events (%)	No. of subjects censored (%)	Median (95 % CI) (weeks) [a]	n	No. of subjects with events (%)	No. of subjects censored (%)	Median (95 % CI) (weeks) [a]	Hazard Ratio (95 % CI) [b]	Unstratified log-rank p-value [c]	P-value [d]			
Geographic Region 1													0.9302	
North America	16	0	16 (100)	NE (NE, NE)	18	0	18 (100)	NE (NE, NE)	NE (NE, NE)	NE				
Europe	161	1 (0.6)	160 (99.4)	NE (NE, NE)	161	1 (0.6)	160 (99.4)	NE (NE, NE)	0.829 (0.052, 13.261)	0.8945				
Asia/Other Regions	88	1 (1.1)	87 (98.9)	NE (NE, NE)	89	2 (2.2)	87 (97.8)	NE (NE, NE)	0.502 (0.045, 5.533)	0.5655				

N: number of subjects in analysis set; n: number of subjects in subgroup category; %: proportion of number of subjects in n; CI: confidence interval; NE: not estimable. Only treatment-emergent adverse events of special interest are considered.
 [a] Median time to first event is from Kaplan-Meier estimate. Confidence Interval for median was computed using the Brookmeyer-Crowley method.
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 [c] Two-sided p-value from unstratified log-rank test.
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		No. of subjects with events (%)	No. of subjects censored (%)	Median (95 % CI) (weeks) [a]	n	No. of subjects with events (%)	No. of subjects censored (%)	Median (95 % CI) (weeks) [a]	Hazard Ratio (95 % CI) [b]	Unstratified log-rank p-value [c]	P-value [d]			
WBC at initial diagnosis													0.9954	
< 40x10 ⁹ /L	132	0	132 (100)	NE (NE, NE)	133	2 (1.5)	131 (98.5)	NE (NE, NE)	0.000 (0.000, NE)	0.1613				
≥ 40x10 ⁹ /L	133	2 (1.5)	131 (98.5)	NE (NE, NE)	135	1 (0.7)	134 (99.3)	NE (NE, NE)	1.773 (0.160, 19.625)	0.6361				

N: number of subjects in analysis set; n: number of subjects in subgroup category; %: proportion of number of subjects in n; CI: confidence interval; NE: not estimable. Only treatment-emergent adverse events of special interest are considered.
 [a] Median time to first event is from Kaplan-Meier estimate. Confidence Interval for median was computed using the Brookmeyer-Crowley method.
 [b] Hazard ratio is from unstratified Cox proportional hazards model with treatment as the only categorical variable in the model. Confidence limits are based on the Wald test.
 [c] Two-sided p-value from unstratified log-rank test.
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		No. of subjects with events (%)	No. of subjects censored (%)	Median (95 % CI) (weeks) [a]	n	No. of subjects with events (%)	No. of subjects censored (%)	Median (95 % CI) (weeks) [a]	Hazard Ratio (95 % CI) [b]	Unstratified log-rank p-value [c]	P-value [d]			
Choice of Anthracycline													0.9025	
Daunorubicin	123	1 (0.8)	122 (99.2)	NE (NE, NE)	94	1 (1.1)	93 (98.9)	NE (NE, NE)	0.654 (0.041, 10.528)	0.7629				
Idarubicin	142	1 (0.7)	141 (99.3)	NE (NE, NE)	171	2 (1.2)	169 (98.8)	NE (NE, NE)	0.589 (0.053, 6.508)	0.6625				

N: number of subjects in analysis set; n: number of subjects in subgroup category; %: proportion of number of subjects in n; CI: confidence interval; NE: not estimable. Only treatment-emergent adverse events of special interest are considered.
 [a] Median time to first event is from Kaplan-Meier estimate. Confidence Interval for median was computed using the Brookmeyer-Crowley method.
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		No. of subjects with events (%)	No. of subjects censored (%)	Median (95 % CI) (weeks) [a]	n	No. of subjects with events (%)	No. of subjects censored (%)	Median (95 % CI) (weeks) [a]	Hazard Ratio (95 % CI) [b]	Unstratified log-rank p-value [c]	P-value [d]			
AML Cytogenetic Risk Score													1.0000	
Favorable	13	0	13 (100)	NE (NE, NE)	19	1 (5.3)	18 (94.7)	NE (9.5, NE)	0.000 (0.000, NE)	0.5271				
Intermediate	195	1 (0.5)	194 (99.5)	NE (NE, NE)	190	0	190 (100)	NE (NE, NE)	NE (0.000, NE)	0.3428				
Unfavorable	19	0	19 (100)	NE (NE, NE)	27	2 (7.4)	25 (92.6)	NE (NE, NE)	0.000 (0.000, NE)	0.2437				
Unknown	38	1 (2.6)	37 (97.4)	NE (NE, NE)	31	0	31 (100)	NE (NE, NE)	NE (0.000, NE)	0.3291				

N: number of subjects in analysis set; n: number of subjects in subgroup category; %: proportion of number of subjects in n; CI: confidence interval; NE: not estimable. Only treatment-emergent adverse events of special interest are considered.
 [a] Median time to first event is from Kaplan-Meier estimate. Confidence Interval for median was computed using the Brookmeyer-Crowley method.
 [b] Hazard ratio is from unstratified Cox proportional hazards model with treatment as the only categorical variable in the model. Confidence limits are based on the Wald test.
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		No. of subjects with events (%)	No. of subjects censored (%)	Median (95 % CI) (weeks) [a]	n	No. of subjects with events (%)	No. of subjects censored (%)	Median (95 % CI) (weeks) [a]	Hazard Ratio (95 % CI) [b]	Unstratified log-rank p-value [c]	P-value [d]			
ECOG Performance Status at Baseline													1.0000	
0 - Fully Active	87	2 (2.3)	85 (97.7)	NE (NE, NE)	97	1 (1.0)	96 (99.0)	NE (NE, NE)	2.100 (0.190, 23.173)	0.5356				
1 - Restricted in Physically Strenuous Activity	133	0	133 (100)	NE (NE, NE)	134	1 (0.7)	133 (99.3)	NE (NE, NE)	0.000 (0.000, NE)	0.3247				
2 - Ambulatory and Capable of All Selfcare	45	0	45 (100)	NE (NE, NE)	36	1 (2.8)	35 (97.2)	NE (NE, NE)	0.000 (0.000, NE)	0.2801				

N: number of subjects in analysis set; n: number of subjects in subgroup category; %: proportion of number of subjects in n; CI: confidence interval; NE: not estimable. Only treatment-emergent adverse events of special interest are considered.
 [a] Median time to first event is from Kaplan-Meier estimate. Confidence Interval for median was computed using the Brookmeyer-Crowley method.
 [b] Hazard ratio is from unstratified Cox proportional hazards model with treatment as the only categorical variable in the model. Confidence limits are based on the Wald test.
 [c] Two-sided p-value from unstratified log-rank test.
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		No. of subjects with events (%)	No. of subjects censored (%)	Median (95 % CI) (weeks) [a]	n	No. of subjects with events (%)	No. of subjects censored (%)	Median (95 % CI) (weeks) [a]	Hazard Ratio (95 % CI) [b]	Unstratified log-rank p-value [c]	P-value [d]			
FLT3-ITD category at Baseline													1.0000	
≥3 to ≤25%	94	0	94 (100)	NE (NE, NE)	98	1 (1.0)	97 (99.0)	NE (NE, NE)	0.000 (0.000, NE)	0.3294				
>25% to ≤50%	141	2 (1.4)	139 (98.6)	NE (NE, NE)	136	1 (0.7)	135 (99.3)	NE (NE, NE)	1.911 (0.173, 21.101)	0.5906				
>50%	29	0	29 (100)	NE (NE, NE)	34	1 (2.9)	33 (97.1)	NE (NE, NE)	0.000 (0.000, NE)	0.3570				

N: number of subjects in analysis set; n: number of subjects in subgroup category; %: proportion of number of subjects in n; CI: confidence interval; NE: not estimable. Only treatment-emergent adverse events of special interest are considered.
 [a] Median time to first event is from Kaplan-Meier estimate. Confidence Interval for median was computed using the Brookmeyer-Crowley method.
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		No. of subjects with events (%)	No. of subjects censored (%)	Median (95 % CI) (weeks) [a]	n	No. of subjects with events (%)	No. of subjects censored (%)	Median (95 % CI) (weeks) [a]	n	Hazard Ratio (95 % CI) [b]	Unstratified log-rank p-value [c]	P-value [d]
AML with Mutated NPM1											0.7008	
Yes	139	1 (0.7)	138 (99.3)	NE (NE, NE)	137	1 (0.7)	136 (99.3)	NE (NE, NE)	0.914 (0.057, 14.678)	0.9493		
No	116	1 (0.9)	115 (99.1)	NE (NE, NE)	120	2 (1.7)	118 (98.3)	NE (NE, NE)	0.477 (0.043, 5.271)	0.5364		

N: number of subjects in analysis set; n: number of subjects in subgroup category; %: proportion of number of subjects in n; CI: confidence interval; NE: not estimable. Only treatment-emergent adverse events of special interest are considered.
 [a] Median time to first event is from Kaplan-Meier estimate. Confidence Interval for median was computed using the Brookmeyer-Crowley method.
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 [d] Two-sided interaction p-value is for the interaction term from unstratified Cox proportional hazards model with treatment, subgroup, and treatment-by-subgroup interaction as categorical variables in the model. The p-value is based on the Wald test.
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Subgroup	n	Quizartinib (N=265)				Placebo (N=268)				Quizartinib vs Placebo		Interaction	
		No. of subjects with events (%)	No. of subjects censored (%)	Median (95 % CI) (weeks) [a]	n	No. of subjects with events (%)	No. of subjects censored (%)	Median (95 % CI) (weeks) [a]	n	Hazard Ratio (95 % CI) [b]	Unstratified log-rank p-value [c]	P-value [d]	
Age by 2 categories											0.9999		
≤60	164	2 (1.2)	162 (98.8)	NE (NE, NE)	163	3 (1.8)	160 (98.2)	NE (NE, NE)	0.588 (0.098, 3.536)	0.5576			
>60	101	0	101 (100)	NE (NE, NE)	105	0	105 (100)	NE (NE, NE)	NE (NE, NE)	NE			

N: number of subjects in analysis set; n: number of subjects in subgroup category; %: proportion of number of subjects in n; CI: confidence interval; NE: not estimable. Only treatment-emergent adverse events of special interest are considered.
 [a] Median time to first event is from Kaplan-Meier estimate. Confidence Interval for median was computed using the Brookmeyer-Crowley method.
 [b] Hazard ratio is from unstratified Cox proportional hazards model with treatment as the only categorical variable in the model. Confidence limits are based on the Wald test.
 [c] Two-sided p-value from unstratified log-rank test.
 [d] Two-sided interaction p-value is for the interaction term from unstratified Cox proportional hazards model with treatment, subgroup, and treatment-by-subgroup interaction as categorical variables in the model. The p-value is based on the Wald test.
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Anhang 4-H8c: Schwere UE (CTCAE-Grad ≥ 3) von besonderem Interesse

Daiichi Sankyo | Data Intelligence – Evidence Generation | Final | AC220-A-U302 QUANTUM-First (DCO 13 Aug 2021) | Statistical analyses for AMNOG (HTA Germany)

Table 3.9.2 Severe Adverse events of special interest (CTCAE Grade ≥ 3) - QTcF prolongation ≥ Grade 3 - Time-to-event analysis - subgroup analysis - DCO 13-Aug-2021 - Safety Analysis Set

		Quizartinib (N=265)					Placebo (N=268)					Quizartinib vs Placebo		Interaction
Subgroup	n	No. of subjects with events (%)	No. of subjects censored (%)	Median (95 % CI) (weeks) [a]	n	No. of subjects with events (%)	No. of subjects censored (%)	Median (95 % CI) (weeks) [a]	Hazard Ratio (95 % CI) [b]	Unstratified log-rank p-value [c]	P-value [d]			
Pooled Age Group 2													1.0000	
<60	159	1 (0.6)	158 (99.4)	NE (NE, NE)	160	0	160 (100)	NE (NE, NE)	NE (0.000, NE)	0.3127				
≥60 - <65	37	4 (10.8)	33 (89.2)	NE (NE, NE)	43	0	43 (100)	NE (NE, NE)	NE (0.000, NE)	0.0341				
≥65	69	1 (1.4)	68 (98.6)	NE (NE, NE)	65	2 (3.1)	63 (96.9)	NE (NE, NE)	0.498 (0.045, 5.496)	0.5615				

N: number of subjects in analysis set; n: number of subjects in subgroup category; %: proportion of number of subjects in n; CI: confidence interval; NE: not estimable. Only treatment-emergent adverse events of special interest are considered.
 [a] Median time to first event is from Kaplan-Meier estimate. Confidence Interval for median was computed using the Brookmeyer-Crowley method.
 [b] Hazard ratio is from unstratified Cox proportional hazards model with treatment as the only categorical variable in the model. Confidence limits are based on the Wald test.
 [c] Two-sided p-value from unstratified log-rank test.
 [d] Two-sided interaction p-value is for the interaction term from unstratified Cox proportional hazards model with treatment, subgroup, and treatment-by-subgroup interaction as categorical variables in the model. The p-value is based on the Wald test.
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 Run date: 21JUL2023 – 22:28; Program name: DE_T_1_1_1_OS_SUB_ITT.sas; Output name: DE_T_3_9_2_AESHSEV_SUB_SAS.rtf

Medizinischer Nutzen, medizinischer Zusatznutzen, Patientengruppen mit therap. bedeutsamem Zusatznutzen

Daiichi Sankyo | Data Intelligence – Evidence Generation | Final | AC220-A-U302 QUANTUM-First (DCO 13 Aug 2021) | Statistical analyses for AMNOG (HTA Germany)
 Table 3.9.2 Severe Adverse events of special interest (CTCAE Grade ≥ 3) - QTcF prolongation ≥ Grade 3 - Time-to-event analysis - subgroup analysis - DCO 13-Aug-2021 - Safety Analysis Set

Subgroup	n	Quizartinib (N=265)				Placebo (N=268)				Quizartinib vs Placebo		Interaction
		No. of subjects with events (%)	No. of subjects censored (%)	Median (95 % CI) (weeks) [a]	n	No. of subjects with events (%)	No. of subjects censored (%)	Median (95 % CI) (weeks) [a]	Hazard Ratio (95 % CI) [b]	Unstratified log-rank p-value [c]	P-value [d]	
Sex												0.9567
Male	124	3 (2.4)	121 (97.6)	NE (NE, NE)	120	1 (0.8)	119 (99.2)	NE (NE, NE)	2.769 (0.288, 26.637)	0.3568		
Female	141	3 (2.1)	138 (97.9)	NE (NE, NE)	148	1 (0.7)	147 (99.3)	NE (NE, NE)	3.096 (0.322, 29.783)	0.3021		

N: number of subjects in analysis set; n: number of subjects in subgroup category; %: proportion of number of subjects in n; CI: confidence interval; NE: not estimable. Only treatment-emergent adverse events of special interest are considered.
 [a] Median time to first event is from Kaplan-Meier estimate. Confidence Interval for median was computed using the Brookmeyer-Crowley method.
 [b] Hazard ratio is from unstratified Cox proportional hazards model with treatment as the only categorical variable in the model. Confidence limits are based on the Wald test.
 [c] Two-sided unstratified log-rank test.
 [d] Two-sided interaction p-value is for the interaction term from unstratified Cox proportional hazards model with treatment, subgroup, and treatment-by-subgroup interaction as categorical variables in the model. The p-value is based on the Wald test.
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 Table 3.9.2 Severe Adverse events of special interest (CTCAE Grade ≥ 3) - QTcF prolongation ≥ Grade 3 - Time-to-event analysis - subgroup analysis - DCO 13-Aug-2021 - Safety Analysis Set

		Quizartinib (N=265)				Placebo (N=268)				Quizartinib vs Placebo		Interaction
Subgroup	n	No. of subjects with events (%)	No. of subjects censored (%)	Median (95 % CI) (weeks) [a]	n	No. of subjects with events (%)	No. of subjects censored (%)	Median (95 % CI) (weeks) [a]	Hazard Ratio (95 % CI) [b]	Unstratified log-rank p-value [c]	P-value [d]	
Race by 2 categories											0.9998	
White	157	6 (3.8)	151 (96.2)	NE (NE, NE)	161	2 (1.2)	159 (98.8)	NE (NE, NE)	2.932 (0.591, 14.544)	0.1671		
Non-white	108	0	108 (100)	NE (NE, NE)	107	0	107 (100)	NE (NE, NE)	NE (NE, NE)	NE		

N: number of subjects in analysis set; n: number of subjects in subgroup category; %: proportion of number of subjects in n; CI: confidence interval; NE: not estimable. Only treatment-emergent adverse events of special interest are considered.
 [a] Median time to first event is from Kaplan-Meier estimate. Confidence Interval for median was computed using the Brookmeyer-Crowley method.
 [b] Hazard ratio is from unstratified Cox proportional hazards model with treatment as the only categorical variable in the model. Confidence limits are based on the Wald test.
 [c] Two-sided p-value from unstratified log-rank test.
 [d] Two-sided interaction p-value is for the interaction term from unstratified Cox proportional hazards model with treatment, subgroup, and treatment-by-subgroup interaction as categorical variables in the model. The p-value is based on the Wald test.
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Medizinischer Nutzen, medizinischer Zusatznutzen, Patientengruppen mit therap. bedeutsamem Zusatznutzen

Daiichi Sankyo | Data Intelligence – Evidence Generation | Final | AC220-A-U302 QUANTUM-First (DCO 13 Aug 2021) | Statistical analyses for AMNOG (HTA Germany)
 Table 3.9.2 Severe Adverse events of special interest (CTCAE Grade ≥ 3) - QTcF prolongation ≥ Grade 3 - Time-to-event analysis - subgroup analysis - DCO 13-Aug-2021 - Safety Analysis Set

		Quizartinib (N=265)					Placebo (N=268)					Quizartinib vs Placebo		Interaction
Subgroup	n	No. of subjects with events (%)	No. of subjects censored (%)	Median (95 % CI) (weeks) [a]	n	No. of subjects with events (%)	No. of subjects censored (%)	Median (95 % CI) (weeks) [a]	Hazard Ratio (95 % CI) [b]	Unstratified log-rank p-value [c]	P-value [d]			
Geographic Region 1											1.0000			
North America	16	0	16 (100)	NE (NE, NE)	18	0	18 (100)	NE (NE, NE)	NE (NE, NE)	NE				
Europe	161	6 (3.7)	155 (96.3)	NE (NE, NE)	161	2 (1.2)	159 (98.8)	NE (NE, NE)	2.863 (0.577, 14.198)	0.1775				
Asia/Other Regions	88	0	88 (100)	NE (NE, NE)	89	0	89 (100)	NE (NE, NE)	NE (NE, NE)	NE				

N: number of subjects in analysis set; n: number of subjects in subgroup category; %: proportion of number of subjects in n; CI: confidence interval; NE: not estimable. Only treatment-emergent adverse events of special interest are considered.
 [a] Median time to first event is from Kaplan-Meier estimate. Confidence Interval for median was computed using the Brookmeyer-Crowley method.
 [b] Hazard ratio is from unstratified Cox proportional hazards model with treatment as the only categorical variable in the model. Confidence limits are based on the Wald test.
 [c] Two-sided p-value from unstratified log-rank test.
 [d] Two-sided interaction p-value is for the interaction term from unstratified Cox proportional hazards model with treatment, subgroup, and treatment-by-subgroup interaction as categorical variables in the model. The p-value is based on the Wald test.
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Medizinischer Nutzen, medizinischer Zusatznutzen, Patientengruppen mit therap. bedeutsamem Zusatznutzen

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 Table 3.9.2 Severe Adverse events of special interest (CTCAE Grade ≥ 3) - QTcF prolongation ≥ Grade 3 - Time-to-event analysis - subgroup analysis - DCO 13-Aug-2021 - Safety Analysis Set

Subgroup	n	Quizartinib (N=265)				Placebo (N=268)				Quizartinib vs Placebo		Interaction	
		No. of subjects with events (%)	No. of subjects censored (%)	Median (95 % CI) (weeks) [a]	n	No. of subjects with events (%)	No. of subjects censored (%)	Median (95 % CI) (weeks) [a]	n	Hazard Ratio (95 % CI) [b]	Unstratified log-rank p-value [c]	P-value [d]	
WBC at initial diagnosis												0.7189	
< 40x10 ⁹ /L	132	2 (1.5)	130 (98.5)	NE (NE, NE)	133	1 (0.8)	132 (99.2)	NE (NE, NE)	2.061 (0.187, 22.737)	0.5462			
≥ 40x10 ⁹ /L	133	4 (3.0)	129 (97.0)	NE (NE, NE)	135	1 (0.7)	134 (99.3)	NE (NE, NE)	3.749 (0.418, 33.616)	0.2045			

N: number of subjects in analysis set; n: number of subjects in subgroup category; %: proportion of number of subjects in n; CI: confidence interval; NE: not estimable. Only treatment-emergent adverse events of special interest are considered.
 [a] Median time to first event is from Kaplan-Meier estimate. Confidence Interval for median was computed using the Brookmeyer-Crowley method.
 [b] Hazard ratio is from unstratified Cox proportional hazards model with treatment as the only categorical variable in the model. Confidence limits are based on the Wald test.
 [c] Two-sided p-value from unstratified log-rank test.
 [d] Two-sided interaction p-value is for the interaction term from unstratified Cox proportional hazards model with treatment, subgroup, and treatment-by-subgroup interaction as categorical variables in the model. The p-value is based on the Wald test.
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Medizinischer Nutzen, medizinischer Zusatznutzen, Patientengruppen mit therap. bedeutsamem Zusatznutzen

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 Table 3.9.2 Severe Adverse events of special interest (CTCAE Grade ≥ 3) - QTcF prolongation ≥ Grade 3 - Time-to-event analysis - subgroup analysis - DCO 13-Aug-2021 - Safety Analysis Set

Subgroup	n	Quizartinib (N=265)				Placebo (N=268)				Quizartinib vs Placebo		Interaction
		No. of subjects with events (%)	No. of subjects censored (%)	Median (95 % CI) (weeks) [a]	n	No. of subjects with events (%)	No. of subjects censored (%)	Median (95 % CI) (weeks) [a]	Hazard Ratio (95 % CI) [b]	Unstratified log-rank p-value [c]	P-value [d]	
Choice of Anthracycline											0.4870	
Daunorubicin	123	2 (1.6)	121 (98.4)	NE (NE, NE)	94	1 (1.1)	93 (98.9)	NE (NE, NE)	1.532 (0.139, 16.899)	0.7248		
Idarubicin	142	4 (2.8)	138 (97.2)	NE (NE, NE)	171	1 (0.6)	170 (99.4)	NE (NE, NE)	4.598 (0.514, 41.162)	0.1336		

N: number of subjects in analysis set; n: number of subjects in subgroup category; %: proportion of number of subjects in n; CI: confidence interval; NE: not estimable. Only treatment-emergent adverse events of special interest are considered.
 [a] Median time to first event is from Kaplan-Meier estimate. Confidence Interval for median was computed using the Brookmeyer-Crowley method.
 [b] Hazard ratio is from unstratified Cox proportional hazards model with treatment as the only categorical variable in the model. Confidence limits are based on the Wald test.
 [c] Two-sided p-value from unstratified log-rank test.
 [d] Two-sided interaction p-value is for the interaction term from unstratified Cox proportional hazards model with treatment, subgroup, and treatment-by-subgroup interaction as categorical variables in the model. The p-value is based on the Wald test.
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		Quizartinib (N=265)					Placebo (N=268)					Quizartinib vs Placebo		Interaction
Subgroup	n	No. of subjects with events (%)	No. of subjects censored (%)	Median (95 % CI) (weeks) [a]	n	No. of subjects with events (%)	No. of subjects censored (%)	Median (95 % CI) (weeks) [a]	Hazard Ratio (95 % CI) [b]	Unstratified log-rank p-value [c]	P-value [d]			
AML Cytogenetic Risk Score											0.9480			
Favorable	13	0	13 (100)	NE (NE, NE)	19	0	19 (100)	NE (NE, NE)	NE (NE, NE)	NE				
Intermediate	195	5 (2.6)	190 (97.4)	NE (NE, NE)	190	1 (0.5)	189 (99.5)	NE (NE, NE)	4.403 (0.514, 37.745)	0.1390				
Unfavorable	19	1 (5.3)	18 (94.7)	NE (NE, NE)	27	1 (3.7)	26 (96.3)	NE (NE, NE)	1.507 (0.094, 24.095)	0.7703				
Unknown	38	0	38 (100)	NE (NE, NE)	31	0	31 (100)	NE (NE, NE)	NE (NE, NE)	NE				

N: number of subjects in analysis set; n: number of subjects in subgroup category; %: proportion of number of subjects in n; CI: confidence interval; NE: not estimable. Only treatment-emergent adverse events of special interest are considered.
 [a] Median time to first event is from Kaplan-Meier estimate. Confidence Interval for median was computed using the Brookmeyer-Crowley method.
 [b] Hazard ratio is from unstratified Cox proportional hazards model with treatment as the only categorical variable in the model. Confidence limits are based on the Wald test.
 [c] Two-sided p-value from unstratified log-rank test.
 [d] Two-sided interaction p-value is for the interaction term from unstratified Cox proportional hazards model with treatment, subgroup, and treatment-by-subgroup interaction as categorical variables in the model. The p-value is based on the Wald test.
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 Table 3.9.2 Severe Adverse events of special interest (CTCAE Grade ≥ 3) - QTcF prolongation ≥ Grade 3 - Time-to-event analysis - subgroup analysis - DCO 13-Aug-2021 - Safety Analysis Set

Subgroup	n	Quizartinib (N=265)					Placebo (N=268)					Quizartinib vs Placebo		Interaction
		No. of subjects with events (%)	No. of subjects censored (%)	Median (95 % CI) (weeks) [a]	n	No. of subjects with events (%)	No. of subjects censored (%)	Median (95 % CI) (weeks) [a]	Hazard Ratio (95 % CI) [b]	Unstratified log-rank p-value [c]	P-value [d]			
ECOG Performance Status at Baseline													0.9714	
0 - Fully Active	87	3 (3.4)	84 (96.6)	NE (NE, NE)	97	0	97 (100)	NE (NE, NE)	NE (0.000, NE)	0.0652				
1 - Restricted in Physically Strenuous Activity	133	1 (0.8)	132 (99.2)	NE (NE, NE)	134	1 (0.7)	133 (99.3)	NE (NE, NE)	0.947 (0.059, 15.175)	0.9692				
2 - Ambulatory and Capable of All Selfcare	45	2 (4.4)	43 (95.6)	NE (NE, NE)	36	1 (2.8)	35 (97.2)	NE (NE, NE)	1.541 (0.140, 16.995)	0.7220				

N: number of subjects in analysis set; n: number of subjects in subgroup category; %: proportion of number of subjects in n; CI: confidence interval; NE: not estimable. Only treatment-emergent adverse events of special interest are considered.
 [a] Median time to first event is from Kaplan-Meier estimate. Confidence Interval for median was computed using the Brookmeyer-Crowley method.
 [b] Hazard ratio is from unstratified Cox proportional hazards model with treatment as the only categorical variable in the model. Confidence limits are based on the Wald test.
 [c] Two-sided p-value from unstratified log-rank test.
 [d] Two-sided interaction p-value is for the interaction term from unstratified Cox proportional hazards model with treatment, subgroup, and treatment-by-subgroup interaction as categorical variables in the model. The p-value is based on the Wald test.
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Subgroup	n	Quizartinib (N=265)				Placebo (N=268)				Quizartinib vs Placebo		Interaction
		No. of subjects with events (%)	No. of subjects censored (%)	Median (95 % CI) (weeks) [a]	n	No. of subjects with events (%)	No. of subjects censored (%)	Median (95 % CI) (weeks) [a]	n	Hazard Ratio (95 % CI) [b]	Unstratified log-rank p-value [c]	P-value [d]
FLT3-ITD category at Baseline											1.0000	
≥3 to ≤25%	94	1 (1.1)	93 (98.9)	NE (NE, NE)	98	2 (2.0)	96 (98.0)	NE (NE, NE)	98	0.529 (0.048, 5.839)	0.5975	
>25% to ≤50%	141	4 (2.8)	137 (97.2)	NE (NE, NE)	136	0	136 (100)	NE (NE, NE)	136	NE (0.000, NE)	0.0492	
>50%	29	1 (3.4)	28 (96.6)	NE (NE, NE)	34	0	34 (100)	NE (NE, NE)	34	NE (0.000, NE)	0.3865	

N: number of subjects in analysis set; n: number of subjects in subgroup category; %: proportion of number of subjects in n; CI: confidence interval; NE: not estimable. Only treatment-emergent adverse events of special interest are considered.
 [a] Median time to first event is from Kaplan-Meier estimate. Confidence Interval for median was computed using the Brookmeyer-Crowley method.
 [b] Hazard ratio is from unstratified Cox proportional hazards model with treatment as the only categorical variable in the model. Confidence limits are based on the Wald test.
 [c] Two-sided p-value from unstratified log-rank test.
 [d] Two-sided interaction p-value is for the interaction term from unstratified Cox proportional hazards model with treatment, subgroup, and treatment-by-subgroup interaction as categorical variables in the model. The p-value is based on the Wald test.
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Subgroup	n	Quizartinib (N=265)				Placebo (N=268)				Quizartinib vs Placebo		Interaction	
		No. of subjects with events (%)	No. of subjects censored (%)	Median (95 % CI) (weeks) [a]	n	No. of subjects with events (%)	No. of subjects censored (%)	Median (95 % CI) (weeks) [a]	n	Hazard Ratio (95 % CI) [b]	Unstratified log-rank p-value [c]	P-value [d]	
AML with Mutated NPM1											0.9940		
Yes	139	4 (2.9)	135 (97.1)	NE (NE, NE)	137	0	137 (100)	NE (NE, NE)	NE (0.000, NE)	0.0509			
No	116	2 (1.7)	114 (98.3)	NE (NE, NE)	120	2 (1.7)	118 (98.3)	NE (NE, NE)	0.997 (0.140, 7.080)	0.9974			

N: number of subjects in analysis set; n: number of subjects in subgroup category; %: proportion of number of subjects in n; CI: confidence interval; NE: not estimable. Only treatment-emergent adverse events of special interest are considered.
 [a] Median time to first event is from Kaplan-Meier estimate. Confidence Interval for median was computed using the Brookmeyer-Crowley method.
 [b] Hazard ratio is from unstratified Cox proportional hazards model with treatment as the only categorical variable in the model. Confidence limits are based on the Wald test.
 [c] Two-sided p-value from unstratified log-rank test.
 [d] Two-sided interaction p-value is for the interaction term from unstratified Cox proportional hazards model with treatment, subgroup, and treatment-by-subgroup interaction as categorical variables in the model. The p-value is based on the Wald test.
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Medizinischer Nutzen, medizinischer Zusatznutzen, Patientengruppen mit therap. bedeutsamem Zusatznutzen

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Subgroup	n	Quizartinib (N=265)				Placebo (N=268)				Quizartinib vs Placebo		Interaction
		No. of subjects with events (%)	No. of subjects censored (%)	Median (95 % CI) (weeks) [a]	n	No. of subjects with events (%)	No. of subjects censored (%)	Median (95 % CI) (weeks) [a]	Hazard Ratio (95 % CI) [b]	Unstratified log-rank p-value [c]	P-value [d]	
Age by 2 categories											0.9926	
≤60	164	2 (1.2)	162 (98.8)	NE (NE, NE)	163	0	163 (100)	NE (NE, NE)	NE (0.000, NE)	0.1744		
>60	101	4 (4.0)	97 (96.0)	NE (NE, NE)	105	2 (1.9)	103 (98.1)	NE (NE, NE)	2.115 (0.387, 11.551)	0.3755		

N: number of subjects in analysis set; n: number of subjects in subgroup category; %: proportion of number of subjects in n; CI: confidence interval; NE: not estimable. Only treatment-emergent adverse events of special interest are considered.
 [a] Median time to first event is from Kaplan-Meier estimate. Confidence Interval for median was computed using the Brookmeyer-Crowley method.
 [b] Hazard ratio is from unstratified Cox proportional hazards model with treatment as the only categorical variable in the model. Confidence limits are based on the Wald test.
 [c] Two-sided p-value from unstratified log-rank test.
 [d] Two-sided interaction p-value is for the interaction term from unstratified Cox proportional hazards model with treatment, subgroup, and treatment-by-subgroup interaction as categorical variables in the model. The p-value is based on the Wald test.
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Medizinischer Nutzen, medizinischer Zusatznutzen, Patientengruppen mit therap. bedeutsamem Zusatznutzen

Daiichi Sankyo | Data Intelligence – Evidence Generation | Final | AC220-A-U302 QUANTUM-First (DCO 13 Aug 2021) | Statistical analyses for AMNOG (HTA Germany)
 Table 3.10.2 Severe Adverse events of special interest (CTCAE Grade ≥ 3) - Combined Elevations of Aminotransferases and Bilirubin - Time-to-event analysis - subgroup analysis - DCO 13-Aug-2021 - Safety Analysis Set

		Quizartinib (N=265)					Placebo (N=268)					Quizartinib vs Placebo		Interaction
Subgroup	n	No. of subjects with events (%)	No. of subjects censored (%)	Median (95 % CI) (weeks) [a]	n	No. of subjects with events (%)	No. of subjects censored (%)	Median (95 % CI) (weeks) [a]	Hazard Ratio (95 % CI) [b]	Unstratified log-rank p-value [c]	P-value [d]			
Pooled Age Group 2											1.0000			
<60	159	4 (2.5)	155 (97.5)	NE (NE, NE)	160	6 (3.8)	154 (96.3)	NE (NE, NE)	0.634 (0.179, 2.249)	0.4768				
≥60 - <65	37	0	37 (100)	NE (NE, NE)	43	0	43 (100)	NE (NE, NE)	NE (NE, NE)	NE				
≥65	69	0	69 (100)	NE (NE, NE)	65	2 (3.1)	63 (96.9)	NE (NE, NE)	0.000 (0.000, NE)	0.1722				

N: number of subjects in analysis set; n: number of subjects in subgroup category; %: proportion of number of subjects in n; CI: confidence interval; NE: not estimable. Only treatment-emergent adverse events of special interest are considered.
 [a] Median time to first event is from Kaplan-Meier estimate. Confidence Interval for median was computed using the Brookmeyer-Crowley method.
 [b] Hazard ratio is from unstratified Cox proportional hazards model with treatment as the only categorical variable in the model. Confidence limits are based on the Wald test.
 [c] Two-sided p-value from unstratified log-rank test.
 [d] Two-sided interaction p-value is for the interaction term from unstratified Cox proportional hazards model with treatment, subgroup, and treatment-by-subgroup interaction as categorical variables in the model. The p-value is based on the Wald test.
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Subgroup	n	Quizartinib (N=265)				Placebo (N=268)				Quizartinib vs Placebo		Interaction
		No. of subjects with events (%)	No. of subjects censored (%)	Median (95 % CI) (weeks) [a]	n	No. of subjects with events (%)	No. of subjects censored (%)	Median (95 % CI) (weeks) [a]	Hazard Ratio (95 % CI) [b]	Unstratified log-rank p-value [c]	P-value [d]	
Sex												0.1363
Male	124	3 (2.4)	121 (97.6)	NE (NE, NE)	120	2 (1.7)	118 (98.3)	NE (NE, NE)	1.376 (0.229, 8.254)	0.7259		
Female	141	1 (0.7)	140 (99.3)	NE (NE, NE)	148	6 (4.1)	142 (95.9)	NE (NE, NE)	0.166 (0.020, 1.381)	0.0584		

N: number of subjects in analysis set; n: number of subjects in subgroup category; %: proportion of number of subjects in n; CI: confidence interval; NE: not estimable. Only treatment-emergent adverse events of special interest are considered.
 [a] Median time to first event is from Kaplan-Meier estimate. Confidence Interval for median was computed using the Brookmeyer-Crowley method.
 [b] Hazard ratio is from unstratified Cox proportional hazards model with treatment as the only categorical variable in the model. Confidence limits are based on the Wald test.
 [c] Two-sided p-value from unstratified log-rank test.
 [d] Two-sided interaction p-value is for the interaction term from unstratified Cox proportional hazards model with treatment, subgroup, and treatment-by-subgroup interaction as categorical variables in the model. The p-value is based on the Wald test.
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Subgroup	n	Quizartinib (N=265)				Placebo (N=268)				Quizartinib vs Placebo		Interaction
		No. of subjects with events (%)	No. of subjects censored (%)	Median (95 % CI) (weeks) [a]	n	No. of subjects with events (%)	No. of subjects censored (%)	Median (95 % CI) (weeks) [a]	Hazard Ratio (95 % CI) [b]	Unstratified log-rank p-value [c]	P-value [d]	
Race by 2 categories											0.9936	
White	157	3 (1.9)	154 (98.1)	NE (NE, NE)	161	6 (3.7)	155 (96.3)	NE (NE, NE)	0.480 (0.120, 1.924)	0.2893		
Non-white	108	1 (0.9)	107 (99.1)	NE (NE, NE)	107	2 (1.9)	105 (98.1)	NE (NE, NE)	0.479 (0.043, 5.283)	0.5386		

N: number of subjects in analysis set; n: number of subjects in subgroup category; %: proportion of number of subjects in n; CI: confidence interval; NE: not estimable. Only treatment-emergent adverse events of special interest are considered.
 [a] Median time to first event is from Kaplan-Meier estimate. Confidence Interval for median was computed using the Brookmeyer-Crowley method.
 [b] Hazard ratio is from unstratified Cox proportional hazards model with treatment as the only categorical variable in the model. Confidence limits are based on the Wald test.
 [c] Two-sided p-value from unstratified log-rank test.
 [d] Two-sided interaction p-value is for the interaction term from unstratified Cox proportional hazards model with treatment, subgroup, and treatment-by-subgroup interaction as categorical variables in the model. The p-value is based on the Wald test.
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Subgroup	n	Quizartinib (N=265)				Placebo (N=268)				Quizartinib vs Placebo		Interaction
		No. of subjects with events (%)	No. of subjects censored (%)	Median (95 % CI) (weeks) [a]	n	No. of subjects with events (%)	No. of subjects censored (%)	Median (95 % CI) (weeks) [a]	Hazard Ratio (95 % CI) [b]	Unstratified log-rank p-value [c]	P-value [d]	
Geographic Region 1											0.9071	
North America	16	0	16 (100)	NE (NE, NE)	18	0	18 (100)	NE (NE, NE)	NE (NE, NE)	NE		
Europe	161	3 (1.9)	158 (98.1)	NE (NE, NE)	161	5 (3.1)	156 (96.9)	NE (NE, NE)	0.544 (0.130, 2.283)	0.3986		
Asia/Other Regions	88	1 (1.1)	87 (98.9)	NE (NE, NE)	89	3 (3.4)	86 (96.6)	NE (NE, NE)	0.329 (0.034, 3.162)	0.3108		

N: number of subjects in analysis set; n: number of subjects in subgroup category; %: proportion of number of subjects in n; CI: confidence interval; NE: not estimable. Only treatment-emergent adverse events of special interest are considered.
 [a] Median time to first event is from Kaplan-Meier estimate. Confidence Interval for median was computed using the Brookmeyer-Crowley method.
 [b] Hazard ratio is from unstratified Cox proportional hazards model with treatment as the only categorical variable in the model. Confidence limits are based on the Wald test.
 [c] Two-sided p-value from unstratified log-rank test.
 [d] Two-sided interaction p-value is for the interaction term from unstratified Cox proportional hazards model with treatment, subgroup, and treatment-by-subgroup interaction as categorical variables in the model. The p-value is based on the Wald test.
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Subgroup	n	Quizartinib (N=265)				Placebo (N=268)				Quizartinib vs Placebo		Interaction
		No. of subjects with events (%)	No. of subjects censored (%)	Median (95 % CI) (weeks) [a]	n	No. of subjects with events (%)	No. of subjects censored (%)	Median (95 % CI) (weeks) [a]	Hazard Ratio (95 % CI) [b]	Unstratified log-rank p-value [c]	P-value [d]	
WBC at initial diagnosis											0.9931	
< 40x10 ⁹ /L	132	0	132 (100)	NE (NE, NE)	133	4 (3.0)	129 (97.0)	NE (NE, NE)	0.000 (0.000, NE)	0.0489		
≥ 40x10 ⁹ /L	133	4 (3.0)	129 (97.0)	NE (NE, NE)	135	4 (3.0)	131 (97.0)	NE (NE, NE)	0.910 (0.227, 3.656)	0.8959		

N: number of subjects in analysis set; n: number of subjects in subgroup category; %: proportion of number of subjects in n; CI: confidence interval; NE: not estimable. Only treatment-emergent adverse events of special interest are considered.
 [a] Median time to first event is from Kaplan-Meier estimate. Confidence Interval for median was computed using the Brookmeyer-Crowley method.
 [b] Hazard ratio is from unstratified Cox proportional hazards model with treatment as the only categorical variable in the model. Confidence limits are based on the Wald test.
 [c] Two-sided p-value from unstratified log-rank test.
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Subgroup	n	Quizartinib (N=265)				Placebo (N=268)				Quizartinib vs Placebo		Interaction
		No. of subjects with events (%)	No. of subjects censored (%)	Median (95 % CI) (weeks) [a]	n	No. of subjects with events (%)	No. of subjects censored (%)	Median (95 % CI) (weeks) [a]	Hazard Ratio (95 % CI) [b]	Unstratified log-rank p-value [c]	P-value [d]	
Choice of Anthracycline											0.7276	
Daunorubicin	123	1 (0.8)	122 (99.2)	NE (NE, NE)	94	2 (2.1)	92 (97.9)	NE (NE, NE)	0.344 (0.031, 3.808)	0.3618		
Idarubicin	142	3 (2.1)	139 (97.9)	NE (NE, NE)	171	6 (3.5)	165 (96.5)	NE (NE, NE)	0.582 (0.145, 2.327)	0.4377		

N: number of subjects in analysis set; n: number of subjects in subgroup category; %: proportion of number of subjects in n; CI: confidence interval; NE: not estimable. Only treatment-emergent adverse events of special interest are considered.
 [a] Median time to first event is from Kaplan-Meier estimate. Confidence Interval for median was computed using the Brookmeyer-Crowley method.
 [b] Hazard ratio is from unstratified Cox proportional hazards model with treatment as the only categorical variable in the model. Confidence limits are based on the Wald test.
 [c] Two-sided p-value from unstratified log-rank test.
 [d] Two-sided interaction p-value is for the interaction term from unstratified Cox proportional hazards model with treatment, subgroup, and treatment-by-subgroup interaction as categorical variables in the model. The p-value is based on the Wald test.
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Subgroup	n	Quizartinib (N=265)				Placebo (N=268)				Quizartinib vs Placebo		Interaction
		No. of subjects with events (%)	No. of subjects censored (%)	Median (95 % CI) (weeks) [a]	n	No. of subjects with events (%)	No. of subjects censored (%)	Median (95 % CI) (weeks) [a]	Hazard Ratio (95 % CI) [b]	Unstratified log-rank p-value [c]	P-value [d]	
AML Cytogenetic Risk Score											0.9997	
Favorable	13	0	13 (100)	NE (NE, NE)	19	1 (5.3)	18 (94.7)	NE (9.5, NE)	0.000 (0.000, NE)	0.5271		
Intermediate	195	3 (1.5)	192 (98.5)	NE (NE, NE)	190	4 (2.1)	186 (97.9)	NE (NE, NE)	0.693 (0.155, 3.103)	0.6302		
Unfavorable	19	0	19 (100)	NE (NE, NE)	27	2 (7.4)	25 (92.6)	NE (NE, NE)	0.000 (0.000, NE)	0.2437		
Unknown	38	1 (2.6)	37 (97.4)	NE (NE, NE)	31	1 (3.2)	30 (96.8)	NE (NE, NE)	0.787 (0.049, 12.739)	0.8657		

N: number of subjects in analysis set; n: number of subjects in subgroup category; %: proportion of number of subjects in n; CI: confidence interval; NE: not estimable. Only treatment-emergent adverse events of special interest are considered.
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Subgroup	n	Quizartinib (N=265)				Placebo (N=268)				Quizartinib vs Placebo		Interaction
		No. of subjects with events (%)	No. of subjects censored (%)	Median (95 % CI) (weeks) [a]	n	No. of subjects with events (%)	No. of subjects censored (%)	Median (95 % CI) (weeks) [a]	Hazard Ratio (95 % CI) [b]	Unstratified log-rank p-value [c]	P-value [d]	
ECOG Performance Status at Baseline											0.6890	
0 - Fully Active	87	3 (3.4)	84 (96.6)	NE (NE, NE)	97	3 (3.1)	94 (96.9)	NE (NE, NE)	1.052 (0.212, 5.217)	0.9507		
1 - Restricted in Physically Strenuous Activity	133	1 (0.8)	132 (99.2)	NE (NE, NE)	134	3 (2.2)	131 (97.8)	NE (NE, NE)	0.322 (0.033, 3.098)	0.3008		
2 - Ambulatory and Capable of All Selfcare	45	0	45 (100)	NE (NE, NE)	36	2 (5.6)	34 (94.4)	NE (NE, NE)	0.000 (0.000, NE)	0.1242		

N: number of subjects in analysis set; n: number of subjects in subgroup category; %: proportion of number of subjects in n; CI: confidence interval; NE: not estimable. Only treatment-emergent adverse events of special interest are considered.
 [a] Median time to first event is from Kaplan-Meier estimate. Confidence Interval for median was computed using the Brookmeyer-Crowley method.
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Subgroup	Quizartinib (N=265)					Placebo (N=268)					Quizartinib vs Placebo		Interaction
	n	No. of subjects with events (%)	No. of subjects censored (%)	Median (95 % CI) (weeks) [a]	n	No. of subjects with events (%)	No. of subjects censored (%)	Median (95 % CI) (weeks) [a]	Hazard Ratio (95 % CI) [b]	Unstratified log-rank p-value [c]	P-value [d]		
FLT3-ITD category at Baseline											0.9999		
≥3 to ≤25%	94	0	94 (100)	NE (NE, NE)	98	4 (4.1)	94 (95.9)	NE (NE, NE)	0.000 (0.000, NE)	0.0506			
>25% to ≤50%	141	3 (2.1)	138 (97.9)	NE (NE, NE)	136	3 (2.2)	133 (97.8)	NE (NE, NE)	0.925 (0.186, 4.591)	0.9249			
>50%	29	1 (3.4)	28 (96.6)	NE (NE, NE)	34	1 (2.9)	33 (97.1)	NE (NE, NE)	1.180 (0.074, 18.868)	0.9066			

N: number of subjects in analysis set; n: number of subjects in subgroup category; %: proportion of number of subjects in n; CI: confidence interval; NE: not estimable. Only treatment-emergent adverse events of special interest are considered.
 [a] Median time to first event is from Kaplan-Meier estimate. Confidence Interval for median was computed using the Brookmeyer-Crowley method.
 [b] Hazard ratio is from unstratified Cox proportional hazards model with treatment as the only categorical variable in the model. Confidence limits are based on the Wald test.
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Subgroup	n	Quizartinib (N=265)				Placebo (N=268)				Quizartinib vs Placebo		Interaction
		No. of subjects with events (%)	No. of subjects censored (%)	Median (95 % CI) (weeks) [a]	n	No. of subjects with events (%)	No. of subjects censored (%)	Median (95 % CI) (weeks) [a]	Hazard Ratio (95 % CI) [b]	Unstratified log-rank p-value [c]	P-value [d]	
AML with Mutated NPM1											0.6432	
Yes	139	3 (2.2)	136 (97.8)	NE (NE, NE)	137	5 (3.6)	132 (96.4)	NE (NE, NE)	0.576 (0.137, 2.414)	0.4448		
No	116	1 (0.9)	115 (99.1)	NE (NE, NE)	120	3 (2.5)	117 (97.5)	NE (NE, NE)	0.323 (0.033, 3.108)	0.3023		

N: number of subjects in analysis set; n: number of subjects in subgroup category; %: proportion of number of subjects in n; CI: confidence interval; NE: not estimable. Only treatment-emergent adverse events of special interest are considered.
 [a] Median time to first event is from Kaplan-Meier estimate. Confidence Interval for median was computed using the Brookmeyer-Crowley method.
 [b] Hazard ratio is from unstratified Cox proportional hazards model with treatment as the only categorical variable in the model. Confidence limits are based on the Wald test.
 [c] Two-sided p-value from unstratified log-rank test.
 [d] Two-sided interaction p-value is for the interaction term from unstratified Cox proportional hazards model with treatment, subgroup, and treatment-by-subgroup interaction as categorical variables in the model. The p-value is based on the Wald test.
 Data source: \\AC220-A-U302\Production\Raw\Data_Restricted\rstrct_eg\rstrct_20211102_eg\rstrct_valos\20230516_AMNOG\ADAM\
 Run date: 21JUL2023 – 22:28; Program name: DE_T_1_1_1_OS_SUB_ITT.sas; Output name: DE_T_3_10_2_AESI2SEV_SUB_SAS.rtf

Medizinischer Nutzen, medizinischer Zusatznutzen, Patientengruppen mit therap. bedeutsamem Zusatznutzen

Daiichi Sankyo | Data Intelligence – Evidence Generation | Final | AC220-A-U302 QUANTUM-First (DCO 13 Aug 2021) | Statistical analyses for AMNOG (HTA Germany)
 Table 3.10.2 Severe Adverse events of special interest (CTCAE Grade ≥ 3) - Combined Elevations of Aminotransferases and Bilirubin - Time-to-event analysis - subgroup analysis - DCO 13-Aug-2021 - Safety Analysis Set

Subgroup	n	Quizartinib (N=265)				Placebo (N=268)				Quizartinib vs Placebo		Interaction
		No. of subjects with events (%)	No. of subjects censored (%)	Median (95 % CI) (weeks) [a]	n	No. of subjects with events (%)	No. of subjects censored (%)	Median (95 % CI) (weeks) [a]	Hazard Ratio (95 % CI) [b]	Unstratified log-rank p-value [c]	P-value [d]	
Age by 2 categories											0.9913	
≤60	164	4 (2.4)	160 (97.6)	NE (NE, NE)	163	6 (3.7)	157 (96.3)	NE (NE, NE)	0.623 (0.176, 2.213)	0.4610		
>60	101	0	101 (100)	NE (NE, NE)	105	2 (1.9)	103 (98.1)	NE (NE, NE)	0.000 (0.000, NE)	0.1526		

N: number of subjects in analysis set; n: number of subjects in subgroup category; %: proportion of number of subjects in n; CI: confidence interval; NE: not estimable. Only treatment-emergent adverse events of special interest are considered.
 [a] Median time to first event is from Kaplan-Meier estimate. Confidence Interval for median was computed using the Brookmeyer-Crowley method.
 [b] Hazard ratio is from unstratified Cox proportional hazards model with treatment as the only categorical variable in the model. Confidence limits are based on the Wald test.
 [c] Two-sided p-value from unstratified log-rank test.
 [d] Two-sided interaction p-value is for the interaction term from unstratified Cox proportional hazards model with treatment, subgroup, and treatment-by-subgroup interaction as categorical variables in the model. The p-value is based on the Wald test.
 Data source: \\AC220-A-U302\Production\Raw\Data_Restricted\rstrct_eg\rstrct_20211102_eg\rstrct_valos\20230516_AMNOG\ADAM\
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Anhang 4-H9: Unerwünschter Ereignisse nach SOC und PT

Anhang 4-H9a: UE aller Schweregrade nach SOC und PT

Daiichi Sankyo | Data Intelligence – Evidence Generation | Final | AC220-A-U302 QUANTUM-First (DCO 13 Aug 2021) | Statistical analyses for AMNOG (HTA Germany) Table 3.11.2 Treatment-emergent adverse events by system organ class (SOC) and preferred term (PT) observed for ≥ 10 patients in at least one arm and ≥ 1% of the patients in at least one arm - Time-to-event analysis - subgroup analysis - DCO 13-Aug-2021 - Safety Analysis Set

SOC: Gastrointestinal disorders; PT: Any PT

		Quizartinib (N=265)				Placebo (N=268)				Quizartinib vs Placebo		Interaction
Subgroup	n	No. of subjects with events (%)	No. of subjects censored (%)	Median (95 % CI) (months) [a]	n	No. of subjects with events (%)	No. of subjects censored (%)	Median (95 % CI) (months) [a]	Hazard Ratio (95 % CI) [b]	Unstratified log-rank p-value [c]	P-value [d]	
Pooled Age Group 2											0.2535	
<60	159	129 (81.1)	30 (18.9)	0.3 (0.2, 0.6)	160	121 (75.6)	39 (24.4)	0.3 (0.2, 0.8)	1.070 (0.835, 1.372)	0.5464		
≥60 - <65	37	25 (67.6)	12 (32.4)	0.3 (0.2, 2.0)	43	36 (83.7)	7 (16.3)	0.3 (0.1, 1.2)	0.744 (0.445, 1.243)	0.2425		
≥65	69	61 (88.4)	8 (11.6)	0.2 (0.1, 0.3)	65	52 (80.0)	13 (20.0)	0.3 (0.2, 0.5)	1.297 (0.894, 1.884)	0.1706		

N: number of subjects in analysis set; n: number of subjects in subgroup category; %: proportion of number of subjects in n; CI: confidence interval; NE: not estimable. PT: Preferred Term, SOC: System Organ Class.

[a] Median time to first event is from Kaplan-Meier estimate. Confidence Interval for median was computed using the Brookmeyer-Crowley method.

[b] Hazard ratio is from unstratified Cox proportional hazards model with treatment as the only categorical variable in the model. Confidence limits are based on the Wald test.

[c] Two-sided p-value from unstratified log-rank test.

[d] Two-sided interaction p-value is for the interaction term from unstratified Cox proportional hazards model with treatment, subgroup, and treatment-by-subgroup interaction as categorical variables in the model. The p-value is based on the Wald test.

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Medizinischer Nutzen, medizinischer Zusatznutzen, Patientengruppen mit therap. bedeutsamem Zusatznutzen

Daichi Sankyo | Data Intelligence – Evidence Generation | Final | AC220-A-U302 QUANTUM-First (DCO 13 Aug 2021) | Statistical analyses for AMNOG (HTA Germany)
 Table 3.11.2 Treatment-emergent adverse events by system organ class (SOC) and preferred term (PT) observed for ≥ 10 patients in at least one arm and ≥ 1% of the patients in at least one arm - Time-to-event analysis - subgroup analysis - DCO 13-Aug-2021 - Safety Analysis Set

SOC: Gastrointestinal disorders; PT: Any PT

		Quizartinib (N=265)				Placebo (N=268)				Quizartinib vs Placebo		Interaction
Subgroup	n	No. of subjects with events (%)	No. of subjects censored (%)	Median (95 % CI) (months) [a]	n	No. of subjects with events (%)	No. of subjects censored (%)	Median (95 % CI) (months) [a]	Hazard Ratio (95 % CI) [b]	Unstratified log-rank p-value [c]	P-value [d]	
Sex											0.7198	
Male	124	97 (78.2)	27 (21.8)	0.3 (0.2, 0.4)	120	94 (78.3)	26 (21.7)	0.3 (0.2, 0.8)	1.017 (0.766, 1.352)	0.9237		
Female	141	118 (83.7)	23 (16.3)	0.2 (0.2, 0.4)	148	115 (77.7)	33 (22.3)	0.2 (0.1, 0.4)	1.090 (0.843, 1.409)	0.4761		

N: number of subjects in analysis set; n: number of subjects in subgroup category; %: proportion of number of subjects in n; CI: confidence interval; NE: not estimable. PT: Preferred Term, SOC: System Organ Class.

[a] Median time to first event is from Kaplan-Meier estimate. Confidence Interval for median was computed using the Brookmeyer-Crowley method.

[b] Hazard ratio is from unstratified Cox proportional hazards model with treatment as the only categorical variable in the model. Confidence limits are based on the Wald test.

[c] Two-sided p-value from unstratified log-rank test.

[d] Two-sided interaction p-value is for the interaction term from unstratified Cox proportional hazards model with treatment, subgroup, and treatment-by-subgroup interaction as categorical variables in the model. The p-value is based on the Wald test.

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Medizinischer Nutzen, medizinischer Zusatznutzen, Patientengruppen mit therap. bedeutsamem Zusatznutzen

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SOC: Gastrointestinal disorders; PT: Any PT

		Quizartinib (N=265)				Placebo (N=268)				Quizartinib vs Placebo		Interaction
Subgroup	n	No. of subjects with events (%)	No. of subjects censored (%)	Median (95 % CI) (months) [a]	n	No. of subjects with events (%)	No. of subjects censored (%)	Median (95 % CI) (months) [a]	Hazard Ratio (95 % CI) [b]	Unstratified log-rank p-value [c]	P-value [d]	
Race by 2 categories											0.6998	
White	157	116 (73.9)	41 (26.1)	0.3 (0.2, 0.9)	161	115 (71.4)	46 (28.6)	0.2 (0.2, 0.6)	1.026 (0.792, 1.328)	0.8227		
Non-white	108	99 (91.7)	9 (8.3)	0.2 (0.2, 0.3)	107	94 (87.9)	13 (12.1)	0.3 (0.2, 0.6)	1.104 (0.831, 1.465)	0.4942		

N: number of subjects in analysis set; n: number of subjects in subgroup category; %: proportion of number of subjects in n; CI: confidence interval; NE: not estimable. PT: Preferred Term, SOC: System Organ Class.

[a] Median time to first event is from Kaplan-Meier estimate. Confidence Interval for median was computed using the Brookmeyer-Crowley method.

[b] Hazard ratio is from unstratified Cox proportional hazards model with treatment as the only categorical variable in the model. Confidence limits are based on the Wald test.

[c] Two-sided p-value from unstratified log-rank test.

[d] Two-sided interaction p-value is for the interaction term from unstratified Cox proportional hazards model with treatment, subgroup, and treatment-by-subgroup interaction as categorical variables in the model. The p-value is based on the Wald test.

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SOC: Gastrointestinal disorders; PT: Any PT

		Quizartinib (N=265)				Placebo (N=268)				Quizartinib vs Placebo		Interaction
Subgroup	n	No. of subjects with events (%)	No. of subjects censored (%)	Median (95 % CI) (months) [a]	n	No. of subjects with events (%)	No. of subjects censored (%)	Median (95 % CI) (months) [a]	Hazard Ratio (95 % CI) [b]	Unstratified log-rank p-value [c]	P-value [d]	
Geographic Region 1											0.0521	
North America	16	15 (93.8)	1 (6.3)	0.2 (0.1, 1.4)	18	18 (100)	0	0.1 (0.1, 0.1)	0.345 (0.159, 0.747)	0.0050		
Europe	161	121 (75.2)	40 (24.8)	0.4 (0.2, 1.0)	161	114 (70.8)	47 (29.2)	0.3 (0.2, 0.9)	1.070 (0.829, 1.383)	0.5888		
Asia/Other Regions	88	79 (89.8)	9 (10.2)	0.2 (0.1, 0.3)	89	77 (86.5)	12 (13.5)	0.4 (0.2, 0.8)	1.225 (0.893, 1.679)	0.2118		

N: number of subjects in analysis set; n: number of subjects in subgroup category; %: proportion of number of subjects in n; CI: confidence interval; NE: not estimable. PT: Preferred Term, SOC: System Organ Class.

[a] Median time to first event is from Kaplan-Meier estimate. Confidence Interval for median was computed using the Brookmeyer-Crowley method.

[b] Hazard ratio is from unstratified Cox proportional hazards model with treatment as the only categorical variable in the model. Confidence limits are based on the Wald test.

[c] Two-sided p-value from unstratified log-rank test.

[d] Two-sided interaction p-value is for the interaction term from unstratified Cox proportional hazards model with treatment, subgroup, and treatment-by-subgroup interaction as categorical variables in the model. The p-value is based on the Wald test.

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Medizinischer Nutzen, medizinischer Zusatznutzen, Patientengruppen mit therap. bedeutsamem Zusatznutzen

Daiichi Sankyo | Data Intelligence – Evidence Generation | Final | AC220-A-U302 QUANTUM-First (DCO 13 Aug 2021) | Statistical analyses for AMNOG (HTA Germany)
 Table 3.11.2 Treatment-emergent adverse events by system organ class (SOC) and preferred term (PT) observed for ≥ 10 patients in at least one arm and ≥ 1% of the patients in at least one arm - Time-to-event analysis - subgroup analysis - DCO 13-Aug-2021 - Safety Analysis Set

SOC: Gastrointestinal disorders; PT: Any PT

		Quizartinib (N=265)				Placebo (N=268)				Quizartinib vs Placebo		Interaction
Subgroup	n	No. of subjects with events (%)	No. of subjects censored (%)	Median (95 % CI) (months) [a]	n	No. of subjects with events (%)	No. of subjects censored (%)	Median (95 % CI) (months) [a]	Hazard Ratio (95 % CI) [b]	Unstratified log-rank p-value [c]	P-value [d]	
WBC at initial diagnosis											0.9222	
< 40x10 ⁹ /L	132	102 (77.3)	30 (22.7)	0.4 (0.3, 0.9)	133	102 (76.7)	31 (23.3)	0.4 (0.3, 1.1)	1.080 (0.820, 1.422)	0.5662		
≥ 40x10 ⁹ /L	133	113 (85.0)	20 (15.0)	0.2 (0.1, 0.3)	135	107 (79.3)	28 (20.7)	0.2 (0.1, 0.3)	1.053 (0.808, 1.372)	0.7006		

N: number of subjects in analysis set; n: number of subjects in subgroup category; %: proportion of number of subjects in n; CI: confidence interval; NE: not estimable. PT: Preferred Term, SOC: System Organ Class.

[a] Median time to first event is from Kaplan-Meier estimate. Confidence Interval for median was computed using the Brookmeyer-Crowley method.

[b] Hazard ratio is from unstratified Cox proportional hazards model with treatment as the only categorical variable in the model. Confidence limits are based on the Wald test.

[c] Two-sided p-value from unstratified log-rank test.

[d] Two-sided interaction p-value is for the interaction term from unstratified Cox proportional hazards model with treatment, subgroup, and treatment-by-subgroup interaction as categorical variables in the model. The p-value is based on the Wald test.

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SOC: Gastrointestinal disorders; PT: Any PT

		Quizartinib (N=265)				Placebo (N=268)				Quizartinib vs Placebo		Interaction
Subgroup	n	No. of subjects with events (%)	No. of subjects censored (%)	Median (95 % CI) (months) [a]	n	No. of subjects with events (%)	No. of subjects censored (%)	Median (95 % CI) (months) [a]	Hazard Ratio (95 % CI) [b]	Unstratified log-rank p-value [c]	P-value [d]	
Choice of Anthracycline											0.7027	
Daunorubicin	123	96 (78.0)	27 (22.0)	0.3 (0.2, 0.6)	94	72 (76.6)	22 (23.4)	0.4 (0.2, 1.1)	1.033 (0.761, 1.404)	0.8496		
Idarubicin	142	119 (83.8)	23 (16.2)	0.2 (0.2, 0.4)	171	134 (78.4)	37 (21.6)	0.3 (0.1, 0.4)	1.114 (0.870, 1.427)	0.3523		

N: number of subjects in analysis set; n: number of subjects in subgroup category; %: proportion of number of subjects in n; CI: confidence interval; NE: not estimable. PT: Preferred Term, SOC: System Organ Class.

[a] Median time to first event is from Kaplan-Meier estimate. Confidence Interval for median was computed using the Brookmeyer-Crowley method.

[b] Hazard ratio is from unstratified Cox proportional hazards model with treatment as the only categorical variable in the model. Confidence limits are based on the Wald test.

[c] Two-sided p-value from unstratified log-rank test.

[d] Two-sided interaction p-value is for the interaction term from unstratified Cox proportional hazards model with treatment, subgroup, and treatment-by-subgroup interaction as categorical variables in the model. The p-value is based on the Wald test.

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Medizinischer Nutzen, medizinischer Zusatznutzen, Patientengruppen mit therap. bedeutsamem Zusatznutzen

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SOC: Gastrointestinal disorders; PT: Any PT

		Quizartinib (N=265)				Placebo (N=268)				Quizartinib vs Placebo		Interaction
Subgroup	n	No. of subjects with events (%)	No. of subjects censored (%)	Median (95 % CI) (months) [a]	n	No. of subjects with events (%)	No. of subjects censored (%)	Median (95 % CI) (months) [a]	Hazard Ratio (95 % CI) [b]	Unstratified log-rank p-value [c]	P-value [d]	
AML Cytogenetic Risk Score											0.5922	
Favorable	13	11 (84.6)	2 (15.4)	0.2 (0.1, 0.9)	19	18 (94.7)	1 (5.3)	0.1 (0.1, 0.4)	0.745 (0.350, 1.586)	0.4674		
Intermediate	195	158 (81.0)	37 (19.0)	0.3 (0.2, 0.5)	190	145 (76.3)	45 (23.7)	0.3 (0.2, 0.5)	1.047 (0.836, 1.312)	0.6678		
Unfavorable	19	17 (89.5)	2 (10.5)	0.3 (0.1, 0.5)	27	22 (81.5)	5 (18.5)	0.4 (0.1, 1.2)	1.278 (0.670, 2.439)	0.4650		
Unknown	38	29 (76.3)	9 (23.7)	0.2 (0.1, 0.3)	31	23 (74.2)	8 (25.8)	0.4 (0.2, 3.0)	1.329 (0.766, 2.307)	0.3187		

N: number of subjects in analysis set; n: number of subjects in subgroup category; %: proportion of number of subjects in n; CI: confidence interval; NE: not estimable. PT: Preferred Term, SOC: System Organ Class.

[a] Median time to first event is from Kaplan-Meier estimate. Confidence Interval for median was computed using the Brookmeyer-Crowley method.

[b] Hazard ratio is from unstratified Cox proportional hazards model with treatment as the only categorical variable in the model. Confidence limits are based on the Wald test.

[c] Two-sided p-value from unstratified log-rank test.

[d] Two-sided interaction p-value is for the interaction term from unstratified Cox proportional hazards model with treatment, subgroup, and treatment-by-subgroup interaction as categorical variables in the model. The p-value is based on the Wald test.

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Medizinischer Nutzen, medizinischer Zusatznutzen, Patientengruppen mit therap. bedeutsamem Zusatznutzen

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SOC: Gastrointestinal disorders; PT: Any PT

		Quizartinib (N=265)				Placebo (N=268)				Quizartinib vs Placebo		Interaction
Subgroup	n	No. of subjects with events (%)	No. of subjects censored (%)	Median (95 % CI) (months) [a]	n	No. of subjects with events (%)	No. of subjects censored (%)	Median (95 % CI) (months) [a]	Hazard Ratio (95 % CI) [b]	Unstratified log-rank p-value [c]	P-value [d]	
ECOG Performance Status at Baseline											0.8528	
0 - Fully Active	87	70 (80.5)	17 (19.5)	0.4 (0.2, 1.0)	97	76 (78.4)	21 (21.6)	0.3 (0.1, 0.8)	1.011 (0.730, 1.401)	0.8966		
1 - Restricted in Physically Strenuous Activity	133	107 (80.5)	26 (19.5)	0.2 (0.2, 0.5)	134	101 (75.4)	33 (24.6)	0.4 (0.2, 0.9)	1.118 (0.852, 1.468)	0.4200		
2 - Ambulatory and Capable of All Selfcare	45	38 (84.4)	7 (15.6)	0.1 (0.1, 0.3)	36	31 (86.1)	5 (13.9)	0.2 (0.1, 0.4)	1.017 (0.633, 1.636)	0.9378		

N: number of subjects in analysis set; n: number of subjects in subgroup category; %: proportion of number of subjects in n; CI: confidence interval; NE: not estimable. PT: Preferred Term, SOC: System Organ Class.

[a] Median time to first event is from Kaplan-Meier estimate. Confidence Interval for median was computed using the Brookmeyer-Crowley method.

[b] Hazard ratio is from unstratified Cox proportional hazards model with treatment as the only categorical variable in the model. Confidence limits are based on the Wald test.

[c] Two-sided p-value is for the interaction term from unstratified log-rank test.

[d] Two-sided interaction p-value is for the interaction term from unstratified Cox proportional hazards model with treatment, subgroup, and treatment-by-subgroup interaction as categorical variables in the model. The p-value is based on the Wald test.

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SOC: Gastrointestinal disorders; PT: Any PT

Subgroup	n	Quizartinib (N=265)				Placebo (N=268)				Quizartinib vs Placebo		Interaction
		No. of subjects with events (%)	No. of subjects censored (%)	Median (95 % CI) (months) [a]	n	No. of subjects with events (%)	No. of subjects censored (%)	Median (95 % CI) (months) [a]	n	Hazard Ratio (95 % CI) [b]	Unstratified log-rank p-value [c]	P-value [d]
FLT3-ITD category at Baseline											0.1343	
≥3 to ≤25%	94	72 (76.6)	22 (23.4)	0.4 (0.2, 0.6)	98	81 (82.7)	17 (17.3)	0.2 (0.1, 0.4)	98	0.832 (0.605, 1.143)	0.2788	
>25% to ≤50%	141	119 (84.4)	22 (15.6)	0.2 (0.2, 0.3)	136	107 (78.7)	29 (21.3)	0.3 (0.2, 0.8)	136	1.164 (0.896, 1.512)	0.2605	
>50%	29	24 (82.8)	5 (17.2)	0.2 (0.1, 1.1)	34	21 (61.8)	13 (38.2)	0.9 (0.1, NE)	34	1.535 (0.853, 2.760)	0.1479	

N: number of subjects in analysis set; n: number of subjects in subgroup category; %: proportion of number of subjects in n; CI: confidence interval; NE: not estimable. PT: Preferred Term, SOC: System Organ Class.

[a] Median time to first event is from Kaplan-Meier estimate. Confidence Interval for median was computed using the Brookmeyer-Crowley method.

[b] Hazard ratio is from unstratified Cox proportional hazards model with treatment as the only categorical variable in the model. Confidence limits are based on the Wald test.

[c] Two-sided p-value from unstratified log-rank test.

[d] Two-sided interaction p-value is for the interaction term from unstratified Cox proportional hazards model with treatment, subgroup, and treatment-by-subgroup interaction as categorical variables in the model. The p-value is based on the Wald test.

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Medizinischer Nutzen, medizinischer Zusatznutzen, Patientengruppen mit therap. bedeutsamem Zusatznutzen

Daiichi Sankyo | Data Intelligence – Evidence Generation | Final | AC220-A-U302 QUANTUM-First (DCO 13 Aug 2021) | Statistical analyses for AMNOG (HTA Germany)
 Table 3.11.2 Treatment-emergent adverse events by system organ class (SOC) and preferred term (PT) observed for ≥ 10 patients in at least one arm and ≥ 1% of the patients in at least one arm - Time-to-event analysis - subgroup analysis - DCO 13-Aug-2021 - Safety Analysis Set

SOC: Gastrointestinal disorders; PT: Any PT

		Quizartinib (N=265)				Placebo (N=268)				Quizartinib vs Placebo		Interaction
Subgroup	n	No. of subjects with events (%)	No. of subjects censored (%)	Median (95 % CI) (months) [a]	n	No. of subjects with events (%)	No. of subjects censored (%)	Median (95 % CI) (months) [a]	Hazard Ratio (95 % CI) [b]	Unstratified log-rank p-value [c]	P-value [d]	
AML with Mutated NPM1											0.5726	
Yes	139	114 (82.0)	25 (18.0)	0.2 (0.1, 0.8)	137	109 (79.6)	28 (20.4)	0.2 (0.1, 0.4)	0.991 (0.762, 1.288)	0.9492		
No	116	92 (79.3)	24 (20.7)	0.3 (0.2, 0.4)	120	91 (75.8)	29 (24.2)	0.3 (0.2, 0.8)	1.119 (0.837, 1.495)	0.4321		

N: number of subjects in analysis set; n: number of subjects in subgroup category; %: proportion of number of subjects in n; CI: confidence interval; NE: not estimable. PT: Preferred Term, SOC: System Organ Class.

[a] Median time to first event is from Kaplan-Meier estimate. Confidence Interval for median was computed using the Brookmeyer-Crowley method.

[b] Hazard ratio is from unstratified Cox proportional hazards model with treatment as the only categorical variable in the model. Confidence limits are based on the Wald test.

[c] Two-sided p-value from unstratified log-rank test.

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SOC: Gastrointestinal disorders; PT: Any PT

Subgroup	n	Quizartinib (N=265)				Placebo (N=268)				Quizartinib vs Placebo		Interaction
		No. of subjects with events (%)	No. of subjects censored (%)	Median (95 % CI) [a]	n	No. of subjects with events (%)	No. of subjects censored (%)	Median (95 % CI) [a]	n	Hazard Ratio (95 % CI) [b]	Unstratified log-rank p-value [c]	P-value [d]
Age by 2 categories											0.8318	
≤60	164	131 (79.9)	33 (20.1)	0.3 (0.2, 0.6)	163	123 (75.5)	40 (24.5)	0.3 (0.2, 0.8)	163	1.049 (0.820, 1.342)	0.6643	
>60	101	84 (83.2)	17 (16.8)	0.2 (0.1, 0.3)	105	86 (81.9)	19 (18.1)	0.3 (0.2, 0.4)	105	1.102 (0.815, 1.490)	0.5530	

N: number of subjects in analysis set; n: number of subjects in subgroup category; %: proportion of number of subjects in n; CI: confidence interval; NE: not estimable. PT: Preferred Term, SOC: System Organ Class.

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[b] Hazard ratio is from unstratified Cox proportional hazards model with treatment as the only categorical variable in the model. Confidence limits are based on the Wald test.

[c] Two-sided p-value from unstratified log-rank test.

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SOC: Gastrointestinal disorders; PT: Diarrhoea

		Quizartinib (N=265)					Placebo (N=268)					Quizartinib vs Placebo		Interaction
Subgroup	n	No. of subjects with events (%)	No. of subjects censored (%)	Median (95 % CI) (months) [a]	n	No. of subjects with events (%)	No. of subjects censored (%)	Median (95 % CI) (months) [a]	Hazard Ratio (95 % CI) [b]	Unstratified log-rank p-value [c]	P-value [d]			
Pooled Age Group 2												0.0847		
<60	159	50 (31.4)	109 (68.6)	NE (26.9, NE)	160	55 (34.4)	105 (65.6)	NE (9.3, NE)	0.808 (0.549, 1.187)	0.2781				
≥60 - <65	37	13 (35.1)	24 (64.9)	22.3 (2.6, NE)	43	16 (37.2)	27 (62.8)	7.5 (3.5, NE)	0.858 (0.411, 1.789)	0.6804				
≥65	69	35 (50.7)	34 (49.3)	6.7 (1.0, NE)	65	23 (35.4)	42 (64.6)	NE (5.9, NE)	1.668 (0.985, 2.825)	0.0549				

N: number of subjects in analysis set; n: number of subjects in subgroup category; %: proportion of number of subjects in n; CI: confidence interval; NE: not estimable. PT: Preferred Term, SOC: System Organ Class.

[a] Median time to first event is from Kaplan-Meier estimate. Confidence Interval for median was computed using the Brookmeyer-Crowley method.

[b] Hazard ratio is from unstratified Cox proportional hazards model with treatment as the only categorical variable in the model. Confidence limits are based on the Wald test.

[c] Two-sided p-value from unstratified log-rank test.

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SOC: Gastrointestinal disorders; PT: Diarrhoea

		Quizartinib (N=265)					Placebo (N=268)					Quizartinib vs Placebo		Interaction
Subgroup	n	No. of subjects with events (%)	No. of subjects censored (%)	Median (95 % CI) (months) [a]	n	No. of subjects with events (%)	No. of subjects censored (%)	Median (95 % CI) (months) [a]	Hazard Ratio (95 % CI) [b]	Unstratified log-rank p-value [c]	P-value [d]			
Sex											0.3057			
Male	124	46 (37.1)	78 (62.9)	NE (13.2, NE)	120	37 (30.8)	83 (69.2)	NE (7.5, NE)	1.179 (0.764, 1.821)	0.4610				
Female	141	52 (36.9)	89 (63.1)	NE (14.0, NE)	148	57 (38.5)	91 (61.5)	NE (6.1, NE)	0.873 (0.599, 1.274)	0.4767				

N: number of subjects in analysis set; n: number of subjects in subgroup category; %: proportion of number of subjects in n; CI: confidence interval; NE: not estimable. PT: Preferred Term, SOC: System Organ Class.

[a] Median time to first event is from Kaplan-Meier estimate. Confidence Interval for median was computed using the Brookmeyer-Crowley method.

[b] Hazard ratio is from unstratified Cox proportional hazards model with treatment as the only categorical variable in the model. Confidence limits are based on the Wald test.

[c] Two-sided p-value from unstratified log-rank test.

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SOC: Gastrointestinal disorders; PT: Diarrhoea

		Quizartinib (N=265)					Placebo (N=268)					Quizartinib vs Placebo		Interaction
Subgroup	n	No. of subjects with events (%)	No. of subjects censored (%)	Median (95 % CI) (months) [a]	n	No. of subjects with events (%)	No. of subjects censored (%)	Median (95 % CI) (months) [a]	Hazard Ratio (95 % CI) [b]	Unstratified log-rank p-value [c]	P-value [d]			
Race by 2 categories												0.8508		
White	157	53 (33.8)	104 (66.2)	NE (19.4, NE)	161	51 (31.7)	110 (68.3)	NE (9.3, NE)	1.008 (0.685, 1.483)	0.9713				
Non-white	108	45 (41.7)	63 (58.3)	18.7 (6.7, NE)	107	43 (40.2)	64 (59.8)	NE (3.5, NE)	0.965 (0.635, 1.467)	0.8728				

N: number of subjects in analysis set; n: number of subjects in subgroup category; %: proportion of number of subjects in n; CI: confidence interval; NE: not estimable. PT: Preferred Term, SOC: System Organ Class.

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[c] Two-sided p-value from unstratified log-rank test.

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SOC: Gastrointestinal disorders; PT: Diarrhoea

		Quizartinib (N=265)					Placebo (N=268)					Quizartinib vs Placebo		Interaction
Subgroup	n	No. of subjects with events (%)	No. of subjects censored (%)	Median (95 % CI) (months) [a]	n	No. of subjects with events (%)	No. of subjects censored (%)	Median (95 % CI) (months) [a]	CI	Hazard Ratio (95 % CI) [b]	Unstratified log-rank p-value [c]	P-value [d]		
Geographic Region 1												0.3327		
North America	16	7 (43.8)	9 (56.3)	7.7 (0.3, NE)	18	13 (72.2)	5 (27.8)	0.5 (0.1, 7.1)		0.547 (0.217, 1.379)	0.1924			
Europe	161	49 (30.4)	112 (69.6)	NE (NE, NE)	161	46 (28.6)	115 (71.4)	NE (11.4, NE)		1.011 (0.675, 1.514)	0.9663			
Asia/Other Regions	88	42 (47.7)	46 (52.3)	12.1 (2.1, NE)	89	35 (39.3)	54 (60.7)	NE (3.8, NE)		1.146 (0.730, 1.798)	0.5479			

N: number of subjects in analysis set; n: number of subjects in subgroup category; %: proportion of number of subjects in n; CI: confidence interval; NE: not estimable. PT: Preferred Term, SOC: System Organ Class.

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[b] Hazard ratio is from unstratified Cox proportional hazards model with treatment as the only categorical variable in the model. Confidence limits are based on the Wald test.

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SOC: Gastrointestinal disorders; PT: Diarrhoea

Subgroup	n	Quizartinib (N=265)					Placebo (N=268)					Quizartinib vs Placebo		Interaction
		No. of subjects with events (%)	No. of subjects censored (%)	Median (95 % CI) [a]	n	No. of subjects with events (%)	No. of subjects censored (%)	Median (95 % CI) [a]	Hazard Ratio (95 % CI) [b]	Unstratified log-rank p-value [c]	P-value [d]			
WBC at initial diagnosis													0.0774	
< 40x10 ⁹ /L	132	49 (37.1)	83 (62.9)	NE (NE)	(12.1, 133	39 (29.3)	94 (70.7)	NE (NE, NE)	1.321 (0.867, 2.013)	0.1915				
≥ 40x10 ⁹ /L	133	49 (36.8)	84 (63.2)	26.9 (NE)	(13.3, 135	55 (40.7)	80 (59.3)	9.3 (4.3, NE)	0.757 (0.512, 1.117)	0.1547				

N: number of subjects in analysis set; n: number of subjects in subgroup category; %: proportion of number of subjects in n; CI: confidence interval; NE: not estimable. PT: Preferred Term, SOC: System Organ Class.

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		Quizartinib (N=265)					Placebo (N=268)					Quizartinib vs Placebo		Interaction
Subgroup	n	No. of subjects with events (%)	No. of subjects censored (%)	Median (95 % CI) (months) [a]	n	No. of subjects with events (%)	No. of subjects censored (%)	Median (95 % CI) (months) [a]	Hazard Ratio (95 % CI) [b]	Unstratified log-rank p-value [c]	P-value [d]			
Choice of Anthracycline												0.8540		
Daunorubicin	123	40 (32.5)	83 (67.5)	NE (22.3, NE)	94	26 (27.7)	68 (72.3)	NE (9.3, NE)	1.074 (0.653, 1.765)	0.7806				
Idarubicin	142	58 (40.8)	84 (59.2)	16.4 (9.3, NE)	171	67 (39.2)	104 (60.8)	NE (7.0, NE)	1.010 (0.710, 1.437)	0.9555				

N: number of subjects in analysis set; n: number of subjects in subgroup category; %: proportion of number of subjects in n; CI: confidence interval; NE: not estimable. PT: Preferred Term, SOC: System Organ Class.

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		Quizartinib (N=265)					Placebo (N=268)					Quizartinib vs Placebo		Interaction
Subgroup	n	No. of subjects with events (%)	No. of subjects censored (%)	Median (95 % CI) (months) [a]	n	No. of subjects with events (%)	No. of subjects censored (%)	Median (95 % CI) (months) [a]	n	Hazard Ratio (95 % CI) [b]	Unstratified log-rank p-value [c]	P-value [d]		
AML Cytogenetic Risk Score												0.9438		
Favorable	13	4 (30.8)	9 (69.2)	NE (0.9, NE)	19	7 (36.8)	12 (63.2)	NE (0.6, NE)	19	0.833 (0.244, 2.846)	0.7678			
Intermediate	195	72 (36.9)	123 (63.1)	NE (13.3, NE)	190	64 (33.7)	126 (66.3)	NE (9.3, NE)	190	1.010 (0.720, 1.417)	0.9547			
Unfavorable	19	7 (36.8)	12 (63.2)	26.9 (0.9, NE)	27	12 (44.4)	15 (55.6)	6.1 (2.0, NE)	27	0.710 (0.273, 1.844)	0.4744			
Unknown	38	15 (39.5)	23 (60.5)	16.4 (2.1, NE)	31	11 (35.5)	20 (64.5)	NE (2.9, NE)	31	1.171 (0.537, 2.554)	0.6865			

N: number of subjects in analysis set; n: number of subjects in subgroup category; %: proportion of number of subjects in n; CI: confidence interval; NE: not estimable. PT: Preferred Term, SOC: System Organ Class.

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Medizinischer Nutzen, medizinischer Zusatznutzen, Patientengruppen mit therap. bedeutsamem Zusatznutzen

Daichi Sankyo | Data Intelligence – Evidence Generation | Final | AC220-A-U302 QUANTUM-First (DCO 13 Aug 2021) | Statistical analyses for AMNOG (HTA Germany)
 Table 3.11.2 Treatment-emergent adverse events by system organ class (SOC) and preferred term (PT) observed for ≥ 10 patients in at least one arm and ≥ 1% of the patients in at least one arm - Time-to-event analysis - subgroup analysis - DCO 13-Aug-2021 - Safety Analysis Set

SOC: Gastrointestinal disorders; PT: Diarrhoea

		Quizartinib (N=265)					Placebo (N=268)					Quizartinib vs Placebo		Interaction
Subgroup	n	No. of subjects with events (%)	No. of subjects censored (%)	Median (95 % CI) (months) [a]	n	No. of subjects with events (%)	No. of subjects censored (%)	Median (95 % CI) (months) [a]	Hazard Ratio (95 % CI) [b]	Unstratified log-rank p-value [c]	P-value [d]			
ECOG Performance Status at Baseline												0.7163		
0 - Fully Active	87	26 (29.9)	61 (70.1)	NE (16.4, NE)	97	23 (23.7)	74 (76.3)	NE (NE, NE)	1.175 (0.670, 2.063)	0.5662				
1 - Restricted in Physically Strenuous Activity	133	53 (39.8)	80 (60.2)	22.3 (9.5, NE)	134	55 (41.0)	79 (59.0)	7.5 (4.4, NE)	0.913 (0.625, 1.332)	0.6325				
2 - Ambulatory and Capable of All Selfcare	45	19 (42.2)	26 (57.8)	19.4 (1.8, NE)	36	16 (44.4)	20 (55.6)	5.9 (1.3, NE)	0.805 (0.402, 1.609)	0.5189				

N: number of subjects in analysis set; n: number of subjects in subgroup category; %: proportion of number of subjects in n; CI: confidence interval; NE: not estimable. PT: Preferred Term, SOC: System Organ Class.

[a] Median time to first event is from Kaplan-Meier estimate. Confidence Interval for median was computed using the Brookmeyer-Crowley method.

[b] Hazard ratio is from unstratified Cox proportional hazards model with treatment as the only categorical variable in the model. Confidence limits are based on the Wald test.

[c] Two-sided p-value is for the interaction term from unstratified log-rank test.

[d] Two-sided interaction p-value is for the interaction term from unstratified Cox proportional hazards model with treatment, subgroup, and treatment-by-subgroup interaction as categorical variables in the model. The p-value is based on the Wald test.

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SOC: Gastrointestinal disorders; PT: Diarrhoea

Subgroup	n	Quizartinib (N=265)				Placebo (N=268)				Quizartinib vs Placebo		Interaction
		No. of subjects with events (%)	No. of subjects censored (%)	Median (95 % CI) (months) [a]	n	No. of subjects with events (%)	No. of subjects censored (%)	Median (95 % CI) (months) [a]	n	Hazard Ratio (95 % CI) [b]	Unstratified log-rank p-value [c]	P-value [d]
FLT3-ITD category at Baseline											0.9863	
≥3 to ≤25%	94	34 (36.2)	60 (63.8)	NE (13.2, NE)	98	34 (34.7)	64 (65.3)	NE (6.1, NE)	98	1.018 (0.632, 1.638)	0.9501	
>25% to ≤50%	141	54 (38.3)	87 (61.7)	NE (9.5, NE)	136	50 (36.8)	86 (63.2)	11.4 (7.0, NE)	136	0.977 (0.664, 1.438)	0.9095	
>50%	29	10 (34.5)	19 (65.5)	NE (9.3, NE)	34	10 (29.4)	24 (70.6)	NE (4.4, NE)	34	0.967 (0.392, 2.389)	0.9455	

N: number of subjects in analysis set; n: number of subjects in subgroup category; %: proportion of number of subjects in n; CI: confidence interval; NE: not estimable. PT: Preferred Term, SOC: System Organ Class.

[a] Median time to first event is from Kaplan-Meier estimate. Confidence Interval for median was computed using the Brookmeyer-Crowley method.

[b] Hazard ratio is from unstratified Cox proportional hazards model with treatment as the only categorical variable in the model. Confidence limits are based on the Wald test.

[c] Two-sided p-value from unstratified log-rank test.

[d] Two-sided interaction p-value is for the interaction term from unstratified Cox proportional hazards model with treatment, subgroup, and treatment-by-subgroup interaction as categorical variables in the model. The p-value is based on the Wald test.

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SOC: Gastrointestinal disorders; PT: Diarrhoea

		Quizartinib (N=265)					Placebo (N=268)					Quizartinib vs Placebo		Interaction
Subgroup	n	No. of subjects with events (%)	No. of subjects censored (%)	Median (95 % CI) (months) [a]	n	No. of subjects with events (%)	No. of subjects censored (%)	Median (95 % CI) (months) [a]	Hazard Ratio (95 % CI) [b]	Unstratified log-rank p-value [c]	P-value [d]			
AML with Mutated NPM1												0.0513		
Yes	139	45 (32.4)	94 (67.6)	NE (19.4, NE)	137	52 (38.0)	85 (62.0)	NE (7.1, NE)	0.763 (0.511, 1.140)	0.1820				
No	116	50 (43.1)	66 (56.9)	13.2 (1.9, NE)	120	39 (32.5)	81 (67.5)	NE (6.1, NE)	1.351 (0.888, 2.054)	0.1552				

N: number of subjects in analysis set; n: number of subjects in subgroup category; %: proportion of number of subjects in n; CI: confidence interval; NE: not estimable. PT: Preferred Term, SOC: System Organ Class.

[a] Median time to first event is from Kaplan-Meier estimate. Confidence Interval for median was computed using the Brookmeyer-Crowley method.

[b] Hazard ratio is from unstratified Cox proportional hazards model with treatment as the only categorical variable in the model. Confidence limits are based on the Wald test.

[c] Two-sided p-value from unstratified log-rank test.

[d] Two-sided interaction p-value is for the interaction term from unstratified Cox proportional hazards model with treatment, subgroup, and treatment-by-subgroup interaction as categorical variables in the model. The p-value is based on the Wald test.

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SOC: Gastrointestinal disorders; PT: Diarrhoea

		Quizartinib (N=265)					Placebo (N=268)					Quizartinib vs Placebo		Interaction
Subgroup	n	No. of subjects with events (%)	No. of subjects censored (%)	Median (95 % CI) (months) [a]	n	No. of subjects with events (%)	No. of subjects censored (%)	Median (95 % CI) (months) [a]	Hazard Ratio (95 % CI) [b]	Unstratified log-rank p-value [c]	P-value [d]			
Age by 2 categories												0.1108		
≤60	164	52 (31.7)	112 (68.3)	NE (26.9, NE)	163	55 (33.7)	108 (66.3)	NE (9.3, NE)	0.830 (0.567, 1.215)	0.3380				
>60	101	46 (45.5)	55 (54.5)	16.4 (2.4, NE)	105	39 (37.1)	66 (62.9)	NE (5.9, NE)	1.305 (0.851, 2.000)	0.2232				

N: number of subjects in analysis set; n: number of subjects in subgroup category; %: proportion of number of subjects in n; CI: confidence interval; NE: not estimable. PT: Preferred Term, SOC: System Organ Class.

[a] Median time to first event is from Kaplan-Meier estimate. Confidence Interval for median was computed using the Brookmeyer-Crowley method.

[b] Hazard ratio is from unstratified Cox proportional hazards model with treatment as the only categorical variable in the model. Confidence limits are based on the Wald test.

[c] Two-sided p-value from unstratified log-rank test.

[d] Two-sided interaction p-value is for the interaction term from unstratified Cox proportional hazards model with treatment, subgroup, and treatment-by-subgroup interaction as categorical variables in the model. The p-value is based on the Wald test.

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SOC: Gastrointestinal disorders; PT: Nausea

		Quizartinib (N=265)					Placebo (N=268)					Quizartinib vs Placebo		Interaction
Subgroup	n	No. of subjects with events (%)	No. of subjects censored (%)	Median (95 % CI) (months) [a]	n	No. of subjects with events (%)	No. of subjects censored (%)	Median (95 % CI) (months) [a]	n	Hazard Ratio (95 % CI) [b]	Unstratified log-rank p-value [c]	P-value [d]		
Pooled Age Group 2												0.0712		
<60	159	50 (31.4)	109 (68.6)	NE (14.8, NE)	160	55 (34.4)	105 (65.6)	NE (11.0, NE)	160	0.804 (0.548, 1.180)	0.2661			
≥60 - <65	37	12 (32.4)	25 (67.6)	NE (1.9, NE)	43	6 (14.0)	37 (86.0)	NE (NE, NE)	43	2.682 (1.005, 7.159)	0.0404			
≥65	69	28 (40.6)	41 (59.4)	14.8 (3.3, NE)	65	23 (35.4)	42 (64.6)	NE (2.9, NE)	65	1.129 (0.650, 1.963)	0.6632			

N: number of subjects in analysis set; n: number of subjects in subgroup category; %: proportion of number of subjects in n; CI: confidence interval; NE: not estimable. PT: Preferred Term, SOC: System Organ Class.

[a] Median time to first event is from Kaplan-Meier estimate. Confidence Interval for median was computed using the Brookmeyer-Crowley method.

[b] Hazard ratio is from unstratified Cox proportional hazards model with treatment as the only categorical variable in the model. Confidence limits are based on the Wald test.

[c] Two-sided p-value from unstratified log-rank test.

[d] Two-sided interaction p-value is for the interaction term from unstratified Cox proportional hazards model with treatment, subgroup, and treatment-by-subgroup interaction as categorical variables in the model. The p-value is based on the Wald test.

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SOC: Gastrointestinal disorders; PT: Nausea

Subgroup	n	Quizartinib (N=265)					Placebo (N=268)					Quizartinib vs Placebo		Interaction
		No. of subjects with events (%)	No. of subjects censored (%)	Median (95 % CI) [a]	n	No. of subjects with events (%)	No. of subjects censored (%)	Median (95 % CI) [a]	n	Hazard Ratio (95 % CI) [b]	Unstratified log-rank p-value [c]	P-value [d]		
Sex													0.5452	
Male	124	38 (30.6)	86 (69.4)	NE (14.9, NE)	120	36 (30.0)	84 (70.0)	NE (5.9, NE)	120	0.937 (0.593, 1.480)	0.7767			
Female	141	52 (36.9)	89 (63.1)	17.3 (8.1, NE)	148	48 (32.4)	100 (67.6)	NE (11.0, NE)	148	1.115 (0.753, 1.651)	0.5829			

N: number of subjects in analysis set; n: number of subjects in subgroup category; %: proportion of number of subjects in n; CI: confidence interval; NE: not estimable. PT: Preferred Term, SOC: System Organ Class.

[a] Median time to first event is from Kaplan-Meier estimate. Confidence Interval for median was computed using the Brookmeyer-Crowley method.

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SOC: Gastrointestinal disorders; PT: Nausea

		Quizartinib (N=265)					Placebo (N=268)					Quizartinib vs Placebo		Interaction
Subgroup	n	No. of subjects with events (%)	No. of subjects censored (%)	Median (95 % CI) (months) [a]	n	No. of subjects with events (%)	No. of subjects censored (%)	Median (95 % CI) (months) [a]	Hazard Ratio (95 % CI) [b]	Unstratified log-rank p-value [c]	P-value [d]			
Race by 2 categories												0.4151		
White	157	50 (31.8)	107 (68.2)	NE (14.8, NE)	161	52 (32.3)	109 (67.7)	NE (11.0, NE)	0.944 (0.639, 1.393)	0.7669				
Non-white	108	40 (37.0)	68 (63.0)	15.5 (5.3, NE)	107	32 (29.9)	75 (70.1)	NE (6.0, NE)	1.190 (0.747, 1.895)	0.4602				

N: number of subjects in analysis set; n: number of subjects in subgroup category; %: proportion of number of subjects in n; CI: confidence interval; NE: not estimable. PT: Preferred Term, SOC: System Organ Class.

[a] Median time to first event is from Kaplan-Meier estimate. Confidence Interval for median was computed using the Brookmeyer-Crowley method.

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[c] Two-sided p-value from unstratified log-rank test.

[d] Two-sided interaction p-value is for the interaction term from unstratified Cox proportional hazards model with treatment, subgroup, and treatment-by-subgroup interaction as categorical variables in the model. The p-value is based on the Wald test.

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SOC: Gastrointestinal disorders; PT: Nausea

		Quizartinib (N=265)					Placebo (N=268)					Quizartinib vs Placebo		Interaction
Subgroup	n	No. of subjects with events (%)	No. of subjects censored (%)	Median (95 % CI) (months) [a]	n	No. of subjects with events (%)	No. of subjects censored (%)	Median (95 % CI) (months) [a]	Hazard Ratio (95 % CI) [b]	Unstratified log-rank p-value [c]	P-value [d]			
Geographic Region 1													0.6937	
North America	16	6 (37.5)	10 (62.5)	14.8 (1.2, NE)	18	8 (44.4)	10 (55.6)	6.4 (0.4, NE)	0.848 (0.292, 2.463)	0.7617				
Europe	161	50 (31.1)	111 (68.9)	NE (17.3, NE)	161	49 (30.4)	112 (69.6)	NE (15.6, NE)	0.957 (0.645, 1.420)	0.8276				
Asia/Other Regions	88	34 (38.6)	54 (61.4)	15.5 (4.5, NE)	89	27 (30.3)	62 (69.7)	NE (5.3, NE)	1.228 (0.741, 2.037)	0.4241				

N: number of subjects in analysis set; n: number of subjects in subgroup category; %: proportion of number of subjects in n; CI: confidence interval; NE: not estimable. PT: Preferred Term, SOC: System Organ Class.

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SOC: Gastrointestinal disorders; PT: Nausea

		Quizartinib (N=265)					Placebo (N=268)					Quizartinib vs Placebo		Interaction
Subgroup	n	No. of subjects with events (%)	No. of subjects censored (%)	Median (95 % CI) (months) [a]	n	No. of subjects with events (%)	No. of subjects censored (%)	Median (95 % CI) (months) [a]	Hazard Ratio (95 % CI) [b]	Unstratified log-rank p-value [c]	P-value [d]			
WBC at initial diagnosis												0.3331		
< 40x10 ⁹ /L	132	45 (34.1)	87 (65.9)	NE (10.9, NE)	133	48 (36.1)	85 (63.9)	NE (5.9, NE)	0.893 (0.594, 1.341)	0.5856				
≥ 40x10 ⁹ /L	133	45 (33.8)	88 (66.2)	NE (14.8, NE)	135	36 (26.7)	99 (73.3)	NE (NE, NE)	1.228 (0.792, 1.904)	0.3588				

N: number of subjects in analysis set; n: number of subjects in subgroup category; %: proportion of number of subjects in n; CI: confidence interval; NE: not estimable. PT: Preferred Term, SOC: System Organ Class.

[a] Median time to first event is from Kaplan-Meier estimate. Confidence Interval for median was computed using the Brookmeyer-Crowley method.

[b] Hazard ratio is from unstratified Cox proportional hazards model with treatment as the only categorical variable in the model. Confidence limits are based on the Wald test.

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SOC: Gastrointestinal disorders; PT: Nausea

		Quizartinib (N=265)					Placebo (N=268)					Quizartinib vs Placebo		Interaction
Subgroup	n	No. of subjects with events (%)	No. of subjects censored (%)	Median (95 % CI) (months) [a]	n	No. of subjects with events (%)	No. of subjects censored (%)	Median (95 % CI) (months) [a]	Hazard Ratio (95 % CI) [b]	Unstratified log-rank p-value [c]	p-	P-value [d]		
Choice of Anthracycline													0.5396	
Daunorubicin	123	37 (30.1)	86 (69.9)	NE (17.3, NE)	94	29 (30.9)	65 (69.1)	NE (6.0, NE)	0.913 (0.561, 1.488)	0.7166				
Idarubicin	142	53 (37.3)	89 (62.7)	15.5 (10.5, NE)	171	55 (32.2)	116 (67.8)	NE (NE, NE)	1.098 (0.753, 1.602)	0.6247				

N: number of subjects in analysis set; n: number of subjects in subgroup category; %: proportion of number of subjects in n; CI: confidence interval; NE: not estimable. PT: Preferred Term, SOC: System Organ Class.

[a] Median time to first event is from Kaplan-Meier estimate. Confidence Interval for median was computed using the Brookmeyer-Crowley method.

[b] Hazard ratio is from unstratified Cox proportional hazards model with treatment as the only categorical variable in the model. Confidence limits are based on the Wald test.

[c] Two-sided p-value from unstratified log-rank test.

[d] Two-sided interaction p-value is for the interaction term from unstratified Cox proportional hazards model with treatment, subgroup, and treatment-by-subgroup interaction as categorical variables in the model. The p-value is based on the Wald test.

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Medizinischer Nutzen, medizinischer Zusatznutzen, Patientengruppen mit therap. bedeutsamem Zusatznutzen

Daichi Sankyo | Data Intelligence – Evidence Generation | Final | AC220-A-U302 QUANTUM-First (DCO 13 Aug 2021) | Statistical analyses for AMNOG (HTA Germany)
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SOC: Gastrointestinal disorders; PT: Nausea

		Quizartinib (N=265)					Placebo (N=268)					Quizartinib vs Placebo		Interaction
Subgroup	n	No. of subjects with events (%)	No. of subjects censored (%)	Median (95 % CI) (months) [a]	n	No. of subjects with events (%)	No. of subjects censored (%)	Median (95 % CI) (months) [a]		Hazard Ratio (95 % CI) [b]	Unstratified log-rank p-value [c]	P-value [d]		
AML Cytogenetic Risk Score												0.2008		
Favorable	13	6 (46.2)	7 (53.8)	4.5 (0.7, NE)	19	10 (52.6)	9 (47.4)	6.4 (0.2, NE)		1.049 (0.370, 2.970)	0.9409			
Intermediate	195	68 (34.9)	127 (65.1)	NE (14.8, NE)	190	50 (26.3)	140 (73.7)	NE (NE, NE)		1.280 (0.888, 1.845)	0.1847			
Unfavorable	19	7 (36.8)	12 (63.2)	8.1 (2.3, NE)	27	11 (40.7)	16 (59.3)	11.0 (1.8, NE)		0.851 (0.328, 2.210)	0.7426			
Unknown	38	9 (23.7)	29 (76.3)	NE (10.9, NE)	31	13 (41.9)	18 (58.1)	NE (1.5, NE)		0.498 (0.212, 1.168)	0.1020			

N: number of subjects in analysis set; n: number of subjects in subgroup category; %: proportion of number of subjects in n; CI: confidence interval; NE: not estimable. PT: Preferred Term, SOC: System Organ Class.

[a] Median time to first event is from Kaplan-Meier estimate. Confidence Interval for median was computed using the Brookmeyer-Crowley method.

[b] Hazard ratio is from unstratified Cox proportional hazards model with treatment as the only categorical variable in the model. Confidence limits are based on the Wald test.

[c] Two-sided p-value from unstratified log-rank test.

[d] Two-sided interaction p-value is for the interaction term from unstratified Cox proportional hazards model with treatment, subgroup, and treatment-by-subgroup interaction as categorical variables in the model. The p-value is based on the Wald test.

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SOC: Gastrointestinal disorders; PT: Nausea

		Quizartinib (N=265)					Placebo (N=268)					Quizartinib vs Placebo		Interaction
Subgroup	n	No. of subjects with events (%)	No. of subjects censored (%)	Median (95 % CI) (months) [a]	n	No. of subjects with events (%)	No. of subjects censored (%)	Median (95 % CI) (months) [a]	n	Hazard Ratio (95 % CI) [b]	Unstratified log-rank p-value [c]	P-value [d]		
ECOG Performance Status at Baseline												0.4651		
0 - Fully Active	87	29 (33.3)	58 (66.7)	NE (8.1, NE)	97	29 (29.9)	68 (70.1)	NE (NE, NE)	97	1.023 (0.611, 1.713)	0.9275			
1 - Restricted in Physically Strenuous Activity	133	44 (33.1)	89 (66.9)	NE (14.8, NE)	134	46 (34.3)	88 (65.7)	NE (6.0, NE)	134	0.909 (0.601, 1.375)	0.6519			
2 - Ambulatory and Capable of All Selfcare	45	17 (37.8)	28 (62.2)	17.3 (2.7, NE)	36	9 (25.0)	27 (75.0)	NE (5.9, NE)	36	1.578 (0.700, 3.558)	0.2676			

N: number of subjects in analysis set; n: number of subjects in subgroup category; %: proportion of number of subjects in n; CI: confidence interval; NE: not estimable. PT: Preferred Term, SOC: System Organ Class.

[a] Median time to first event is from Kaplan-Meier estimate. Confidence Interval for median was computed using the Brookmeyer-Crowley method.

[b] Hazard ratio is from unstratified Cox proportional hazards model with treatment as the only categorical variable in the model. Confidence limits are based on the Wald test.

[c] Two-sided p-value from unstratified log-rank test.

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SOC: Gastrointestinal disorders; PT: Nausea

Subgroup	n	Quizartinib (N=265)					Placebo (N=268)					Quizartinib vs Placebo		Interaction
		No. of subjects with events (%)	No. of subjects censored (%)	Median (95 % CI) (months) [a]	n	No. of subjects with events (%)	No. of subjects censored (%)	Median (95 % CI) (months) [a]	n	Hazard Ratio (95 % CI) [b]	Unstratified log-rank p-value [c]	P-value [d]		
FLT3-ITD category at Baseline														0.5749
≥3 to ≤25%	94	27 (28.7)	67 (71.3)	NE (17.3, NE)	98	32 (32.7)	66 (67.3)	NE (11.0, NE)	98	0.866 (0.519, 1.446)	0.5798			
>25% to ≤50%	141	54 (38.3)	87 (61.7)	15.5 (8.1, NE)	136	46 (33.8)	90 (66.2)	NE (6.0, NE)	136	1.075 (0.725, 1.594)	0.7180			
>50%	29	9 (31.0)	20 (69.0)	10.9 (6.9, NE)	34	6 (17.6)	28 (82.4)	NE (NE, NE)	34	1.403 (0.494, 3.990)	0.5198			

N: number of subjects in analysis set; n: number of subjects in subgroup category; %: proportion of number of subjects in n; CI: confidence interval; NE: not estimable. PT: Preferred Term, SOC: System Organ Class.

[a] Median time to first event is from Kaplan-Meier estimate. Confidence Interval for median was computed using the Brookmeyer-Crowley method.

[b] Hazard ratio is from unstratified Cox proportional hazards model with treatment as the only categorical variable in the model. Confidence limits are based on the Wald test.

[c] Two-sided p-value from unstratified log-rank test.

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SOC: Gastrointestinal disorders; PT: Nausea

		Quizartinib (N=265)					Placebo (N=268)					Quizartinib vs Placebo		Interaction
Subgroup	n	No. of subjects with events (%)	No. of subjects censored (%)	Median (95 % CI) (months) [a]	n	No. of subjects with events (%)	No. of subjects censored (%)	Median (95 % CI) (months) [a]	Hazard Ratio (95 % CI) [b]	Unstratified log-rank p-value [c]	p-	P-value [d]		
AML with Mutated NPM1													0.4068	
Yes	139	47 (33.8)	92 (66.2)	NE (14.8, NE)	137	41 (29.9)	96 (70.1)	NE (NE, NE)	1.109 (0.729, 1.687)	0.6273				
No	116	37 (31.9)	79 (68.1)	NE (6.9, NE)	120	40 (33.3)	80 (66.7)	NE (5.3, NE)	0.853 (0.545, 1.335)	0.4850				

N: number of subjects in analysis set; n: number of subjects in subgroup category; %: proportion of number of subjects in n; CI: confidence interval; NE: not estimable. PT: Preferred Term, SOC: System Organ Class.

[a] Median time to first event is from Kaplan-Meier estimate. Confidence Interval for median was computed using the Brookmeyer-Crowley method.

[b] Hazard ratio is from unstratified Cox proportional hazards model with treatment as the only categorical variable in the model. Confidence limits are based on the Wald test.

[c] Two-sided p-value from unstratified log-rank test.

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SOC: Gastrointestinal disorders; PT: Nausea

Subgroup	n	Quizartinib (N=265)					Placebo (N=268)					Quizartinib vs Placebo		Interaction
		No. of subjects with events (%)	No. of subjects censored (%)	Median (95 % CI) [a]	n	No. of subjects with events (%)	No. of subjects censored (%)	Median (95 % CI) [a]	Hazard Ratio (95 % CI) [b]	Unstratified log-rank p-value [c]	P-value [d]			
Age by 2 categories													0.0714	
≤60	164	52 (31.7)	112 (68.3)	NE (14.8, NE)	163	55 (33.7)	108 (66.3)	NE (11.0, NE)	0.825 (0.564, 1.207)	0.3243				
>60	101	38 (37.6)	63 (62.4)	14.9 (8.1, NE)	105	29 (27.6)	76 (72.4)	NE (NE, NE)	1.462 (0.901, 2.371)	0.1217				

N: number of subjects in analysis set; n: number of subjects in subgroup category; %: proportion of number of subjects in n; CI: confidence interval; NE: not estimable. PT: Preferred Term, SOC: System Organ Class.

[a] Median time to first event is from Kaplan-Meier estimate. Confidence Interval for median was computed using the Brookmeyer-Crowley method.

[b] Hazard ratio is from unstratified Cox proportional hazards model with treatment as the only categorical variable in the model. Confidence limits are based on the Wald test.

[c] Two-sided p-value from unstratified log-rank test.

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SOC: Gastrointestinal disorders; PT: Vomiting

		Quizartinib (N=265)				Placebo (N=268)				Quizartinib vs Placebo		Interaction	
Subgroup	n	No. of subjects with events (%)	No. of subjects censored (%)	Median (95 % CI) (months) [a]	n	No. of subjects with events (%)	No. of subjects censored (%)	Median (95 % CI) (months) [a]	Hazard Ratio (95 % CI) [b]	Unstratified log-rank p-value [c]	p-	P-value [d]	
Pooled Age Group 2											0.6274		
<60	159	38 (23.9)	121 (76.1)	NE (NE, NE)	160	33 (20.6)	127 (79.4)	NE (NE, NE)	1.034 (0.648, 1.650)	0.8862			
≥60 - <65	37	8 (21.6)	29 (78.4)	NE (NE, NE)	43	8 (18.6)	35 (81.4)	NE (37.3, NE)	1.295 (0.483, 3.472)	0.6121			
≥65	69	19 (27.5)	50 (72.5)	NE (10.9, NE)	65	12 (18.5)	53 (81.5)	NE (NE, NE)	1.604 (0.778, 3.304)	0.1953			

N: number of subjects in analysis set; n: number of subjects in subgroup category; %: proportion of number of subjects in n; CI: confidence interval; NE: not estimable. PT: Preferred Term, SOC: System Organ Class.

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SOC: Gastrointestinal disorders; PT: Vomiting

Subgroup	n	Quizartinib (N=265)				Placebo (N=268)				Quizartinib vs Placebo		Interaction
		No. of subjects with events (%)	No. of subjects censored (%)	Median (95 % CI) [a]	n	No. of subjects with events (%)	No. of subjects censored (%)	Median (95 % CI) [a]	n	Hazard Ratio (95 % CI) [b]	Unstratified log-rank p-value [c]	P-value [d]
Sex												0.6623
Male	124	20 (16.1)	104 (83.9)	NE (NE, NE)	120	16 (13.3)	104 (86.7)	NE (NE, NE)	120	1.100 (0.569, 2.127)	0.7741	
Female	141	45 (31.9)	96 (68.1)	NE (10.9, NE)	148	37 (25.0)	111 (75.0)	NE (37.3, NE)	148	1.312 (0.849, 2.027)	0.2196	

N: number of subjects in analysis set; n: number of subjects in subgroup category; %: proportion of number of subjects in n; CI: confidence interval; NE: not estimable. PT: Preferred Term, SOC: System Organ Class.

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SOC: Gastrointestinal disorders; PT: Vomiting

		Quizartinib (N=265)				Placebo (N=268)				Quizartinib vs Placebo		Interaction
Subgroup	n	No. of subjects with events (%)	No. of subjects censored (%)	Median (95 % CI) (months) [a]	n	No. of subjects with events (%)	No. of subjects censored (%)	Median (95 % CI) (months) [a]	Hazard Ratio (95 % CI) [b]	Unstratified log-rank p-value [c]	P-value [d]	
Race by 2 categories											0.3229	
White	157	32 (20.4)	125 (79.6)	NE (NE, NE)	161	31 (19.3)	130 (80.7)	NE (NE, NE)	1.011 (0.616, 1.660)	0.9655		
Non-white	108	33 (30.6)	75 (69.4)	NE (8.7, NE)	107	22 (20.6)	85 (79.4)	NE (37.3, NE)	1.457 (0.849, 2.500)	0.1689		

N: number of subjects in analysis set; n: number of subjects in subgroup category; %: proportion of number of subjects in n; CI: confidence interval; NE: not estimable. PT: Preferred Term, SOC: System Organ Class.

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SOC: Gastrointestinal disorders; PT: Vomiting

		Quizartinib (N=265)					Placebo (N=268)					Quizartinib vs Placebo		Interaction
Subgroup	n	No. of subjects with events (%)	No. of subjects censored (%)	Median (95 % CI) (months) [a]	n	No. of subjects with events (%)	No. of subjects censored (%)	Median (95 % CI) (months) [a]	Hazard Ratio (95 % CI) [b]	Unstratified log-rank p-value [c]	P-value [d]			
Geographic Region 1													0.6640	
North America	16	5 (31.3)	11 (68.8)	14.8 (1.9, NE)	18	6 (33.3)	12 (66.7)	NE (1.5, NE)	1.022 (0.311, 3.356)	0.9718				
Europe	161	29 (18.0)	132 (82.0)	NE (NE, NE)	161	26 (16.1)	135 (83.9)	NE (NE, NE)	1.071 (0.630, 1.822)	0.7999				
Asia/Other Regions	88	31 (35.2)	57 (64.8)	23.9 (7.0, NE)	89	21 (23.6)	68 (76.4)	NE (37.3, NE)	1.454 (0.835, 2.530)	0.1835				

N: number of subjects in analysis set; n: number of subjects in subgroup category; %: proportion of number of subjects in n; CI: confidence interval; NE: not estimable. PT: Preferred Term, SOC: System Organ Class.

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SOC: Gastrointestinal disorders; PT: Vomiting

		Quizartinib (N=265)					Placebo (N=268)					Quizartinib vs Placebo		Interaction
Subgroup	n	No. of subjects with events (%)	No. of subjects censored (%)	Median (95 % CI) (months) [a]	n	No. of subjects with events (%)	No. of subjects censored (%)	Median (95 % CI) (months) [a]	Hazard Ratio (95 % CI) [b]	Unstratified log-rank p-value [c]	p-	P-value [d]		
WBC at initial diagnosis														0.0117
< 40x10 ⁹ /L	132	33 (25.0)	99 (75.0)	NE (NE)	(23.9, 133	18 (13.5)	115 (86.5)	NE (NE, NE)	2.023 (1.139, 3.595)	0.0141				
≥ 40x10 ⁹ /L	133	32 (24.1)	101 (75.9)	NE (NE, NE)	135	35 (25.9)	100 (74.1)	NE (NE)	(37.3, 0.764 (0.471, 1.238)	0.2726				

N: number of subjects in analysis set; n: number of subjects in subgroup category; %: proportion of number of subjects in n; CI: confidence interval; NE: not estimable. PT: Preferred Term, SOC: System Organ Class.

[a] Median time to first event is from Kaplan-Meier estimate. Confidence Interval for median was computed using the Brookmeyer-Crowley method.

[b] Hazard ratio is from unstratified Cox proportional hazards model with treatment as the only categorical variable in the model. Confidence limits are based on the Wald test.

[c] Two-sided p-value from unstratified log-rank test.

[d] Two-sided interaction p-value is for the interaction term from unstratified Cox proportional hazards model with treatment, subgroup, and treatment-by-subgroup interaction as categorical variables in the model. The p-value is based on the Wald test.

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Medizinischer Nutzen, medizinischer Zusatznutzen, Patientengruppen mit therap. bedeutsamem Zusatznutzen

Daiichi Sankyo | Data Intelligence – Evidence Generation | Final | AC220-A-U302 QUANTUM-First (DCO 13 Aug 2021) | Statistical analyses for AMNOG (HTA Germany)
 Table 3.11.2 Treatment-emergent adverse events by system organ class (SOC) and preferred term (PT) observed for ≥ 10 patients in at least one arm and ≥ 1% of the patients in at least one arm - Time-to-event analysis - subgroup analysis - DCO 13-Aug-2021 - Safety Analysis Set

SOC: Gastrointestinal disorders; PT: Vomiting

		Quizartinib (N=265)					Placebo (N=268)					Quizartinib vs Placebo		Interaction
Subgroup	n	No. of subjects with events (%)	No. of subjects censored (%)	Median (95 % CI) (months) [a]	n	No. of subjects with events (%)	No. of subjects censored (%)	Median (95 % CI) (months) [a]	n	Hazard Ratio (95 % CI) [b]	Unstratified log-rank p-value [c]	P-value [d]		
Choice of Anthracycline												0.4733		
Daunorubicin	123	26 (21.1)	97 (78.9)	NE (NE, NE)	94	18 (19.1)	76 (80.9)	NE (NE, NE)		0.989 (0.541, 1.809)	0.9715			
Idarubicin	142	39 (27.5)	103 (72.5)	NE (23.9, NE)	171	35 (20.5)	136 (79.5)	NE (37.3, NE)		1.331 (0.843, 2.101)	0.2178			

N: number of subjects in analysis set; n: number of subjects in subgroup category; %: proportion of number of subjects in n; CI: confidence interval; NE: not estimable. PT: Preferred Term, SOC: System Organ Class.

[a] Median time to first event is from Kaplan-Meier estimate. Confidence Interval for median was computed using the Brookmeyer-Crowley method.

[b] Hazard ratio is from unstratified Cox proportional hazards model with treatment as the only categorical variable in the model. Confidence limits are based on the Wald test.

[c] Two-sided p-value from unstratified log-rank test.

[d] Two-sided interaction p-value is for the interaction term from unstratified Cox proportional hazards model with treatment, subgroup, and treatment-by-subgroup interaction as categorical variables in the model. The p-value is based on the Wald test.

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SOC: Gastrointestinal disorders; PT: Vomiting

		Quizartinib (N=265)					Placebo (N=268)					Quizartinib vs Placebo		Interaction
Subgroup	n	No. of subjects with events (%)	No. of subjects censored (%)	Median (95 % CI) (months) [a]	n	No. of subjects with events (%)	No. of subjects censored (%)	Median (95 % CI) (months) [a]	n	Hazard Ratio (95 % CI) [b]	Unstratified log-rank p-value [c]	P-value [d]		
AML Cytogenetic Risk Score												0.3693		
Favorable	13	3 (23.1)	10 (76.9)	NE (1.3, NE)	19	4 (21.1)	15 (78.9)	NE (NE, NE)		1.204 (0.268, 5.403)	0.8079			
Intermediate	195	50 (25.6)	145 (74.4)	NE (NE, NE)	190	38 (20.0)	152 (80.0)	NE (37.3, NE)		1.187 (0.778, 1.812)	0.4251			
Unfavorable	19	3 (15.8)	16 (84.2)	NE (4.3, NE)	27	8 (29.6)	19 (70.4)	NE (13.1, NE)		0.495 (0.131, 1.876)	0.2929			
Unknown	38	9 (23.7)	29 (76.3)	NE (11.6, NE)	31	3 (9.7)	28 (90.3)	NE (NE, NE)		2.571 (0.695, 9.513)	0.1428			

N: number of subjects in analysis set; n: number of subjects in subgroup category; %: proportion of number of subjects in n; CI: confidence interval; NE: not estimable. PT: Preferred Term, SOC: System Organ Class.

[a] Median time to first event is from Kaplan-Meier estimate. Confidence Interval for median was computed using the Brookmeyer-Crowley method.

[b] Hazard ratio is from unstratified Cox proportional hazards model with treatment as the only categorical variable in the model. Confidence limits are based on the Wald test.

[c] Two-sided p-value from unstratified log-rank test.

[d] Two-sided interaction p-value is for the interaction term from unstratified Cox proportional hazards model with treatment, subgroup, and treatment-by-subgroup interaction as categorical variables in the model. The p-value is based on the Wald test.

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SOC: Gastrointestinal disorders; PT: Vomiting

		Quizartinib (N=265)					Placebo (N=268)					Quizartinib vs Placebo		Interaction
Subgroup	n	No. of subjects with events (%)	No. of subjects censored (%)	Median (95 % CI) (months) [a]	n	No. of subjects with events (%)	No. of subjects censored (%)	Median (95 % CI) (months) [a]	Hazard Ratio (95 % CI) [b]	Unstratified log-rank p-value [c]	P-value [d]			
ECOG Performance Status at Baseline												0.4176		
0 - Fully Active	87	24 (27.6)	63 (72.4)	NE (14.8, NE)	97	16 (16.5)	81 (83.5)	NE (NE, NE)	1.630 (0.865, 3.070)	0.1263				
1 - Restricted in Physically Strenuous Activity	133	29 (21.8)	104 (78.2)	NE (NE, NE)	134	27 (20.1)	107 (79.9)	NE (37.3, NE)	1.042 (0.617, 1.761)	0.8754				
2 - Ambulatory and Capable of All Selfcare	45	12 (26.7)	33 (73.3)	NE (9.0, NE)	36	10 (27.8)	26 (72.2)	NE (9.6, NE)	0.859 (0.369, 2.002)	0.7280				

N: number of subjects in analysis set; n: number of subjects in subgroup category; %: proportion of number of subjects in n; CI: confidence interval; NE: not estimable. PT: Preferred Term, SOC: System Organ Class.

[a] Median time to first event is from Kaplan-Meier estimate. Confidence Interval for median was computed using the Brookmeyer-Crowley method.

[b] Hazard ratio is from unstratified Cox proportional hazards model with treatment as the only categorical variable in the model. Confidence limits are based on the Wald test.

[c] Two-sided p-value from unstratified log-rank test.

[d] Two-sided interaction p-value is for the interaction term from unstratified Cox proportional hazards model with treatment, subgroup, and treatment-by-subgroup interaction as categorical variables in the model. The p-value is based on the Wald test.

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SOC: Gastrointestinal disorders; PT: Vomiting

		Quizartinib (N=265)					Placebo (N=268)					Quizartinib vs Placebo		Interaction
Subgroup	n	No. of subjects with events (%)	No. of subjects censored (%)	Median (95 % CI) (months) [a]	n	No. of subjects with events (%)	No. of subjects censored (%)	Median (95 % CI) (months) [a]	n	Hazard Ratio (95 % CI) [b]	Unstratified log-rank p-value [c]	P-value [d]		
FLT3-ITD category at Baseline												0.4482		
≥3 to ≤25%	94	20 (21.3)	74 (78.7)	NE (NE, NE)	98	24 (24.5)	74 (75.5)	NE (NE, NE)	98	0.891 (0.492, 1.614)	0.7013			
>25% to ≤50%	141	41 (29.1)	100 (70.9)	NE (14.8, NE)	136	26 (19.1)	110 (80.9)	NE (37.3, NE)	136	1.471 (0.899, 2.407)	0.1214			
>50%	29	4 (13.8)	25 (86.2)	NE (9.0, NE)	34	3 (8.8)	31 (91.2)	NE (NE, NE)	34	1.070 (0.231, 4.948)	0.9307			

N: number of subjects in analysis set; n: number of subjects in subgroup category; %: proportion of number of subjects in n; CI: confidence interval; NE: not estimable. PT: Preferred Term, SOC: System Organ Class.

[a] Median time to first event is from Kaplan-Meier estimate. Confidence Interval for median was computed using the Brookmeyer-Crowley method.

[b] Hazard ratio is from unstratified Cox proportional hazards model with treatment as the only categorical variable in the model. Confidence limits are based on the Wald test.

[c] Two-sided p-value from unstratified log-rank test.

[d] Two-sided interaction p-value is for the interaction term from unstratified Cox proportional hazards model with treatment, subgroup, and treatment-by-subgroup interaction as categorical variables in the model. The p-value is based on the Wald test.

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SOC: Gastrointestinal disorders; PT: Vomiting

		Quizartinib (N=265)					Placebo (N=268)					Quizartinib vs Placebo		Interaction
Subgroup	n	No. of subjects with events (%)	No. of subjects censored (%)	Median (95 % CI) (months) [a]	n	No. of subjects with events (%)	No. of subjects censored (%)	Median (95 % CI) (months) [a]	n	Hazard Ratio (95 % CI) [b]	Unstratified log-rank p-value [c]	P-value [d]		
AML with Mutated NPM1												0.4457		
Yes	139	31 (22.3)	108 (77.7)	NE (NE, NE)	137	29 (21.2)	108 (78.8)	NE (37.3, NE)	137	1.010 (0.608, 1.678)	0.9675			
No	116	28 (24.1)	88 (75.9)	NE (12.2, NE)	120	21 (17.5)	99 (82.5)	NE (NE, NE)	120	1.330 (0.755, 2.344)	0.3220			

N: number of subjects in analysis set; n: number of subjects in subgroup category; %: proportion of number of subjects in n; CI: confidence interval; NE: not estimable. PT: Preferred Term, SOC: System Organ Class.

[a] Median time to first event is from Kaplan-Meier estimate. Confidence Interval for median was computed using the Brookmeyer-Crowley method.

[b] Hazard ratio is from unstratified Cox proportional hazards model with treatment as the only categorical variable in the model. Confidence limits are based on the Wald test.

[c] Two-sided p-value from unstratified log-rank test.

[d] Two-sided interaction p-value is for the interaction term from unstratified Cox proportional hazards model with treatment, subgroup, and treatment-by-subgroup interaction as categorical variables in the model. The p-value is based on the Wald test.

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SOC: Gastrointestinal disorders; PT: Vomiting

		Quizartinib (N=265)				Placebo (N=268)				Quizartinib vs Placebo		Interaction
Subgroup	n	No. of subjects with events (%)	No. of subjects censored (%)	Median (95 % CI) (months) [a]	n	No. of subjects with events (%)	No. of subjects censored (%)	Median (95 % CI) (months) [a]	Hazard Ratio (95 % CI) [b]	Unstratified log-rank p-value [c]	P-value [d]	
Age by 2 categories											0.3076	
≤60	164	38 (23.2)	126 (76.8)	NE (NE, NE)	163	33 (20.2)	130 (79.8)	NE (NE, NE)	1.017 (0.637, 1.623)	0.9417		
>60	101	27 (26.7)	74 (73.3)	NE (NE, NE)	105	20 (19.0)	85 (81.0)	NE (37.3, NE)	1.519 (0.852, 2.710)	0.1542		

N: number of subjects in analysis set; n: number of subjects in subgroup category; %: proportion of number of subjects in n; CI: confidence interval; NE: not estimable. PT: Preferred Term, SOC: System Organ Class.

[a] Median time to first event is from Kaplan-Meier estimate. Confidence Interval for median was computed using the Brookmeyer-Crowley method.

[b] Hazard ratio is from unstratified Cox proportional hazards model with treatment as the only categorical variable in the model. Confidence limits are based on the Wald test.

[c] Two-sided p-value from unstratified log-rank test.

[d] Two-sided interaction p-value is for the interaction term from unstratified Cox proportional hazards model with treatment, subgroup, and treatment-by-subgroup interaction as categorical variables in the model. The p-value is based on the Wald test.

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SOC: Gastrointestinal disorders; PT: Stomatitis

Subgroup	n	Quizartinib (N=265)				Placebo (N=268)				Quizartinib vs Placebo		Interaction	
		No. of subjects with events (%)	No. of subjects censored (%)	Median (95 % CI) (months) [a]	n	No. of subjects with events (%)	No. of subjects censored (%)	Median (95 % CI) (months) [a]	n	Hazard Ratio (95 % CI) [b]	Unstratified log-rank p-value [c]	p-	P-value [d]
Pooled Age Group 2												0.3921	
<60	159	34 (21.4)	125 (78.6)	NE (NE, NE)	160	28 (17.5)	132 (82.5)	NE (NE, NE)	1.145 (0.693, 1.890)	0.5927			
≥60 - <65	37	5 (13.5)	32 (86.5)	NE (NE, NE)	43	10 (23.3)	33 (76.7)	NE (11.4, NE)	0.532 (0.181, 1.563)	0.2429			
≥65	69	18 (26.1)	51 (73.9)	NE (NE, NE)	65	18 (27.7)	47 (72.3)	NE (NE, NE)	0.983 (0.511, 1.889)	0.9556			

N: number of subjects in analysis set; n: number of subjects in subgroup category; %: proportion of number of subjects in n; CI: confidence interval; NE: not estimable. PT: Preferred Term, SOC: System Organ Class.

[a] Median time to first event is from Kaplan-Meier estimate. Confidence Interval for median was computed using the Brookmeyer-Crowley method.

[b] Hazard ratio is from unstratified Cox proportional hazards model with treatment as the only categorical variable in the model. Confidence limits are based on the Wald test.

[c] Two-sided p-value from unstratified log-rank test.

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SOC: Gastrointestinal disorders; PT: Stomatitis

		Quizartinib (N=265)				Placebo (N=268)				Quizartinib vs Placebo		Interaction
Subgroup	n	No. of subjects with events (%)	No. of subjects censored (%)	Median (95 % CI) (months) [a]	n	No. of subjects with events (%)	No. of subjects censored (%)	Median (95 % CI) (months) [a]	Hazard Ratio (95 % CI) [b]	Unstratified log-rank p-value [c]	P-value [d]	
Sex											0.8044	
Male	124	23 (18.5)	101 (81.5)	NE (NE, NE)	120	21 (17.5)	99 (82.5)	NE (NE, NE)	1.049 (0.580, 1.897)	0.8799		
Female	141	34 (24.1)	107 (75.9)	NE (NE, NE)	148	35 (23.6)	113 (76.4)	NE (NE, NE)	0.969 (0.604, 1.553)	0.9021		

N: number of subjects in analysis set; n: number of subjects in subgroup category; %: proportion of number of subjects in n; CI: confidence interval; NE: not estimable. PT: Preferred Term, SOC: System Organ Class.

[a] Median time to first event is from Kaplan-Meier estimate. Confidence Interval for median was computed using the Brookmeyer-Crowley method.

[b] Hazard ratio is from unstratified Cox proportional hazards model with treatment as the only categorical variable in the model. Confidence limits are based on the Wald test.

[c] Two-sided p-value from unstratified log-rank test.

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SOC: Gastrointestinal disorders; PT: Stomatitis

		Quizartinib (N=265)					Placebo (N=268)					Quizartinib vs Placebo		Interaction
Subgroup	n	No. of subjects with events (%)	No. of subjects censored (%)	Median (95 % CI) (months) [a]	n	No. of subjects with events (%)	No. of subjects censored (%)	Median (95 % CI) (months) [a]	n	Hazard Ratio (95 % CI) [b]	Unstratified log-rank p-value [c]	P-value [d]		
Race by 2 categories												0.1677		
White	157	28 (17.8)	129 (82.2)	NE (NE, NE)	161	34 (21.1)	127 (78.9)	NE (NE, NE)	157	0.801 (0.485, 1.322)	0.3843			
Non-white	108	29 (26.9)	79 (73.1)	NE (17.3, NE)	107	22 (20.6)	85 (79.4)	NE (NE, NE)	108	1.335 (0.767, 2.324)	0.3051			

N: number of subjects in analysis set; n: number of subjects in subgroup category; %: proportion of number of subjects in n; CI: confidence interval; NE: not estimable. PT: Preferred Term, SOC: System Organ Class.

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 Table 3.11.2 Treatment-emergent adverse events by system organ class (SOC) and preferred term (PT) observed for ≥ 10 patients in at least one arm and ≥ 1% of the patients in at least one arm - Time-to-event analysis - subgroup analysis - DCO 13-Aug-2021 - Safety Analysis Set

SOC: Gastrointestinal disorders; PT: Stomatitis

		Quizartinib (N=265)				Placebo (N=268)				Quizartinib vs Placebo		Interaction
Subgroup	n	No. of subjects with events (%)	No. of subjects censored (%)	Median (95 % CI) (months) [a]	n	No. of subjects with events (%)	No. of subjects censored (%)	Median (95 % CI) (months) [a]	Hazard Ratio (95 % CI) [b]	Unstratified log-rank p-value [c]	P-value [d]	
Geographic Region 1											0.1215	
North America	16	4 (25.0)	12 (75.0)	NE (2.8, NE)	18	6 (33.3)	12 (66.7)	NE (0.2, NE)	0.704 (0.197, 2.507)	0.5867		
Europe	161	25 (15.5)	136 (84.5)	NE (NE, NE)	161	32 (19.9)	129 (80.1)	NE (NE, NE)	0.741 (0.438, 1.251)	0.2590		
Asia/Other Regions	88	28 (31.8)	60 (68.2)	NE (9.3, NE)	89	18 (20.2)	71 (79.8)	NE (NE, NE)	1.643 (0.909, 2.972)	0.0964		

N: number of subjects in analysis set; n: number of subjects in subgroup category; %: proportion of number of subjects in n; CI: confidence interval; NE: not estimable. PT: Preferred Term, SOC: System Organ Class.

[a] Median time to first event is from Kaplan-Meier estimate. Confidence Interval for median was computed using the Brookmeyer-Crowley method.

[b] Hazard ratio is from unstratified Cox proportional hazards model with treatment as the only categorical variable in the model. Confidence limits are based on the Wald test.

[c] Two-sided p-value from unstratified log-rank test.

[d] Two-sided interaction p-value is for the interaction term from unstratified Cox proportional hazards model with treatment, subgroup, and treatment-by-subgroup interaction as categorical variables in the model. The p-value is based on the Wald test.

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Subgroup	n	No. of subjects with events (%)	No. of subjects censored (%)	Median (95 % CI) (months) [a]	n	No. of subjects with events (%)	No. of subjects censored (%)	Median (95 % CI) (months) [a]	Hazard Ratio (95 % CI) [b]	Unstratified log-rank p-value [c]	P-value [d]	
WBC at initial diagnosis											0.7768	
< 40x10 ⁹ /L	132	25 (18.9)	107 (81.1)	NE (NE, NE)	133	27 (20.3)	106 (79.7)	NE (NE, NE)	0.952 (0.552, 1.640)	0.8591		
≥ 40x10 ⁹ /L	133	32 (24.1)	101 (75.9)	NE (NE, NE)	135	29 (21.5)	106 (78.5)	NE (NE, NE)	1.035 (0.625, 1.714)	0.8927		

N: number of subjects in analysis set; n: number of subjects in subgroup category; %: proportion of number of subjects in n; CI: confidence interval; NE: not estimable. PT: Preferred Term, SOC: System Organ Class.

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SOC: Gastrointestinal disorders; PT: Stomatitis

		Quizartinib (N=265)				Placebo (N=268)				Quizartinib vs Placebo		Interaction
Subgroup	n	No. of subjects with events (%)	No. of subjects censored (%)	Median (95 % CI) (months) [a]	n	No. of subjects with events (%)	No. of subjects censored (%)	Median (95 % CI) (months) [a]	Hazard Ratio (95 % CI) [b]	Unstratified log-rank p-value [c]	P-value [d]	
Choice of Anthracycline											0.3035	
Daunorubicin	123	27 (22.0)	96 (78.0)	NE (NE, NE)	94	15 (16.0)	79 (84.0)	NE (NE, NE)	1.349 (0.717, 2.537)	0.3524		
Idarubicin	142	30 (21.1)	112 (78.9)	NE (NE, NE)	171	40 (23.4)	131 (76.6)	NE (NE, NE)	0.874 (0.544, 1.403)	0.5782		

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SOC: Gastrointestinal disorders; PT: Stomatitis

		Quizartinib (N=265)				Placebo (N=268)				Quizartinib vs Placebo		Interaction
Subgroup	n	No. of subjects with events (%)	No. of subjects censored (%)	Median (95 % CI) (months) [a]	n	No. of subjects with events (%)	No. of subjects censored (%)	Median (95 % CI) (months) [a]	Hazard Ratio (95 % CI) [b]	Unstratified log-rank p-value [c]	P-value [d]	
AML Cytogenetic Risk Score											0.7065	
Favorable	13	2 (15.4)	11 (84.6)	NE (1.8, NE)	19	5 (26.3)	14 (73.7)	NE (1.7, NE)	0.583 (0.113, 3.007)	0.5138		
Intermediate	195	42 (21.5)	153 (78.5)	NE (NE, NE)	190	40 (21.1)	150 (78.9)	NE (NE, NE)	0.959 (0.621, 1.479)	0.8480		
Unfavorable	19	6 (31.6)	13 (68.4)	NE (1.7, NE)	27	8 (29.6)	19 (70.4)	NE (1.3, NE)	1.103 (0.382, 3.180)	0.8534		
Unknown	38	7 (18.4)	31 (81.6)	NE (17.3, NE)	31	3 (9.7)	28 (90.3)	NE (NE, NE)	2.015 (0.521, 7.797)	0.3014		

N: number of subjects in analysis set; n: number of subjects in subgroup category; %: proportion of number of subjects in n; CI: confidence interval; NE: not estimable. PT: Preferred Term, SOC: System Organ Class.

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SOC: Gastrointestinal disorders; PT: Stomatitis

		Quizartinib (N=265)				Placebo (N=268)				Quizartinib vs Placebo		Interaction
Subgroup	n	No. of subjects with events (%)	No. of subjects censored (%)	Median (95 % CI) (months) [a]	n	No. of subjects with events (%)	No. of subjects censored (%)	Median (95 % CI) (months) [a]	Hazard Ratio (95 % CI) [b]	Unstratified log-rank p-value [c]	P-value [d]	
ECOG Performance Status at Baseline											0.7867	
0 - Fully Active	87	19 (21.8)	68 (78.2)	NE (NE, NE)	97	18 (18.6)	79 (81.4)	NE (NE, NE)	1.157 (0.607, 2.204)	0.6543		
1 - Restricted in Physically Strenuous Activity	133	25 (18.8)	108 (81.2)	NE (NE, NE)	134	28 (20.9)	106 (79.1)	NE (NE, NE)	0.853 (0.497, 1.464)	0.5641		
2 - Ambulatory and Capable of All Selfcare	45	13 (28.9)	32 (71.1)	NE (6.2, NE)	36	10 (27.8)	26 (72.2)	NE (9.3, NE)	1.053 (0.461, 2.404)	0.9050		

N: number of subjects in analysis set; n: number of subjects in subgroup category; %: proportion of number of subjects in n; CI: confidence interval; NE: not estimable. PT: Preferred Term, SOC: System Organ Class.

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SOC: Gastrointestinal disorders; PT: Stomatitis

		Quizartinib (N=265)				Placebo (N=268)				Quizartinib vs Placebo		Interaction
Subgroup	n	No. of subjects with events (%)	No. of subjects censored (%)	Median (95 % CI) (months) [a]	n	No. of subjects with events (%)	No. of subjects censored (%)	Median (95 % CI) (months) [a]	Hazard Ratio (95 % CI) [b]	Unstratified log-rank p-value [c]	P-value [d]	
FLT3-ITD category at Baseline											0.1068	
≥3 to ≤25%	94	17 (18.1)	77 (81.9)	NE (NE, NE)	98	27 (27.6)	71 (72.4)	NE (NE, NE)	0.622 (0.339, 1.141)	0.1224		
>25% to ≤50%	141	34 (24.1)	107 (75.9)	NE (NE, NE)	136	26 (19.1)	110 (80.9)	NE (NE, NE)	1.240 (0.743, 2.069)	0.4120		
>50%	29	6 (20.7)	23 (79.3)	NE (9.3, NE)	34	3 (8.8)	31 (91.2)	NE (NE, NE)	2.081 (0.517, 8.378)	0.2918		

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SOC: Gastrointestinal disorders; PT: Stomatitis

Subgroup	n	Quizartinib (N=265)				Placebo (N=268)				Quizartinib vs Placebo		Interaction
		No. of subjects with events (%)	No. of subjects censored (%)	Median (95 % CI) (months) [a]	n	No. of subjects with events (%)	No. of subjects censored (%)	Median (95 % CI) (months) [a]	n	Hazard Ratio (95 % CI) [b]	Unstratified log-rank p-value [c]	P-value [d]
AML with Mutated NPM1											0.5984	
Yes	139	31 (22.3)	108 (77.7)	NE (NE, NE)	137	29 (21.2)	108 (78.8)	NE (NE, NE)	137	1.065 (0.641, 1.767)	0.8131	
No	116	25 (21.6)	91 (78.4)	NE (NE, NE)	120	27 (22.5)	93 (77.5)	NE (NE, NE)	120	0.882 (0.511, 1.521)	0.6575	

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Subgroup	n	No. of subjects with events (%)	No. of subjects censored (%)	Median (95 % CI) (months) [a]	n	No. of subjects with events (%)	No. of subjects censored (%)	Median (95 % CI) (months) [a]	Hazard Ratio (95 % CI) [b]	Unstratified log-rank p-value [c]	P-value [d]	
Age by 2 categories											0.4332	
≤60	164	35 (21.3)	129 (78.7)	NE (NE, NE)	163	29 (17.8)	134 (82.2)	NE (NE, NE)	1.122 (0.685, 1.838)	0.6426		
>60	101	22 (21.8)	79 (78.2)	NE (NE, NE)	105	27 (25.7)	78 (74.3)	NE (NE, NE)	0.852 (0.485, 1.496)	0.5748		

N: number of subjects in analysis set; n: number of subjects in subgroup category; %: proportion of number of subjects in n; CI: confidence interval; NE: not estimable. PT: Preferred Term, SOC: System Organ Class.

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SOC: Gastrointestinal disorders; PT: Constipation

Subgroup	n	Quizartinib (N=265)				Placebo (N=268)				Quizartinib vs Placebo		Interaction
		No. of subjects with events (%)	No. of subjects censored (%)	Median (95 % CI) [a]	n	No. of subjects with events (%)	No. of subjects censored (%)	Median (95 % CI) [a]	n	Hazard Ratio (95 % CI) [b]	Unstratified log-rank p-value [c]	P-value [d]
Pooled Age Group 2											0.5477	
<60	159	30 (18.9)	129 (81.1)	NE (NE, NE)	160	38 (23.8)	122 (76.3)	NE (NE, NE)	0.700 (0.433, 1.132)	0.1440		
≥60 - <65	37	6 (16.2)	31 (83.8)	NE (NE, NE)	43	10 (23.3)	33 (76.7)	NE (7.0, NE)	0.534 (0.191, 1.488)	0.2228		
≥65	69	20 (29.0)	49 (71.0)	17.3 (3.9, NE)	65	21 (32.3)	44 (67.7)	27.8 (6.6, NE)	0.998 (0.539, 1.846)	0.9973		

N: number of subjects in analysis set; n: number of subjects in subgroup category; %: proportion of number of subjects in n; CI: confidence interval; NE: not estimable. PT: Preferred Term, SOC: System Organ Class.

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SOC: Gastrointestinal disorders; PT: Constipation

		Quizartinib (N=265)					Placebo (N=268)					Quizartinib vs Placebo		Interaction
Subgroup	n	No. of subjects with events (%)	No. of subjects censored (%)	Median (95 % CI) (months) [a]	n	No. of subjects with events (%)	No. of subjects censored (%)	Median (95 % CI) (months) [a]	CI	Hazard Ratio (95 % CI) [b]	Unstratified log-rank p-value [c]	P-value [d]		
Sex												0.8095		
Male	124	25 (20.2)	99 (79.8)	NE (NE, NE)	120	28 (23.3)	92 (76.7)	NE (16.5, NE)		0.791 (0.460, 1.358)	0.3943			
Female	141	31 (22.0)	110 (78.0)	NE (34.3, NE)	148	41 (27.7)	107 (72.3)	NE (27.8, NE)		0.714 (0.447, 1.140)	0.1565			

N: number of subjects in analysis set; n: number of subjects in subgroup category; %: proportion of number of subjects in n; CI: confidence interval; NE: not estimable. PT: Preferred Term, SOC: System Organ Class.

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[c] Two-sided p-value from unstratified log-rank test.

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Medizinischer Nutzen, medizinischer Zusatznutzen, Patientengruppen mit therap. bedeutsamem Zusatznutzen

Daiichi Sankyo | Data Intelligence – Evidence Generation | Final | AC220-A-U302 QUANTUM-First (DCO 13 Aug 2021) | Statistical analyses for AMNOG (HTA Germany)
 Table 3.11.2 Treatment-emergent adverse events by system organ class (SOC) and preferred term (PT) observed for ≥ 10 patients in at least one arm and ≥ 1% of the patients in at least one arm - Time-to-event analysis - subgroup analysis - DCO 13-Aug-2021 - Safety Analysis Set

SOC: Gastrointestinal disorders; PT: Constipation

		Quizartinib (N=265)					Placebo (N=268)					Quizartinib vs Placebo		Interaction
Subgroup	n	No. of subjects with events (%)	No. of subjects censored (%)	Median (95 % CI) (months) [a]	n	No. of subjects with events (%)	No. of subjects censored (%)	Median (95 % CI) (months) [a]	n	Hazard Ratio (95 % CI) [b]	Unstratified log-rank p-value [c]	P-value [d]		
Race by 2 categories												0.8710		
White	157	28 (17.8)	129 (82.2)	NE (NE, NE)	161	36 (22.4)	125 (77.6)	NE (NE, NE)		0.752 (0.459, 1.234)	0.2583			
Non-white	108	28 (25.9)	80 (74.1)	NE (24.4, NE)	107	33 (30.8)	74 (69.2)	NE (7.0, NE)		0.712 (0.430, 1.180)	0.1861			

N: number of subjects in analysis set; n: number of subjects in subgroup category; %: proportion of number of subjects in n; CI: confidence interval; NE: not estimable. PT: Preferred Term, SOC: System Organ Class.

[a] Median time to first event is from Kaplan-Meier estimate. Confidence Interval for median was computed using the Brookmeyer-Crowley method.

[b] Hazard ratio is from unstratified Cox proportional hazards model with treatment as the only categorical variable in the model. Confidence limits are based on the Wald test.

[c] Two-sided p-value from unstratified log-rank test.

[d] Two-sided interaction p-value is for the interaction term from unstratified Cox proportional hazards model with treatment, subgroup, and treatment-by-subgroup interaction as categorical variables in the model. The p-value is based on the Wald test.

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SOC: Gastrointestinal disorders; PT: Constipation

		Quizartinib (N=265)					Placebo (N=268)					Quizartinib vs Placebo		Interaction
Subgroup	n	No. of subjects with events (%)	No. of subjects censored (%)	Median (95 % CI) (months) [a]	n	No. of subjects with events (%)	No. of subjects censored (%)	Median (95 % CI) (months) [a]	CI	Hazard Ratio (95 % CI) [b]	Unstratified log-rank p-value [c]	P-value [d]		
Geographic Region 1												0.3202		
North America	16	3 (18.8)	13 (81.3)	NE (7.2, NE)	18	8 (44.4)	10 (55.6)	16.5 (1.4, NE)		0.385 (0.101, 1.471)	0.1483			
Europe	161	27 (16.8)	134 (83.2)	NE (NE, NE)	161	38 (23.6)	123 (76.4)	NE (NE, NE)		0.659 (0.402, 1.080)	0.0954			
Asia/Other Regions	88	26 (29.5)	62 (70.5)	34.3 (17.3, NE)	89	23 (25.8)	66 (74.2)	NE (27.8, NE)		1.000 (0.570, 1.755)	0.9978			

N: number of subjects in analysis set; n: number of subjects in subgroup category; %: proportion of number of subjects in n; CI: confidence interval; NE: not estimable. PT: Preferred Term, SOC: System Organ Class.

[a] Median time to first event is from Kaplan-Meier estimate. Confidence Interval for median was computed using the Brookmeyer-Crowley method.

[b] Hazard ratio is from unstratified Cox proportional hazards model with treatment as the only categorical variable in the model. Confidence limits are based on the Wald test.

[c] Two-sided p-value from unstratified log-rank test.

[d] Two-sided interaction p-value is for the interaction term from unstratified Cox proportional hazards model with treatment, subgroup, and treatment-by-subgroup interaction as categorical variables in the model. The p-value is based on the Wald test.

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SOC: Gastrointestinal disorders; PT: Constipation

		Quizartinib (N=265)					Placebo (N=268)					Quizartinib vs Placebo		Interaction
Subgroup	n	No. of subjects with events (%)	No. of subjects censored (%)	Median (95 % CI) (months) [a]	n	No. of subjects with events (%)	No. of subjects censored (%)	Median (95 % CI) (months) [a]	Hazard Ratio (95 % CI) [b]	Unstratified log-rank p-value [c]	P-value [d]			
WBC at initial diagnosis												0.3384		
< 40x10 ⁹ /L	132	26 (19.7)	106 (80.3)	NE (34.3, NE)	133	30 (22.6)	103 (77.4)	NE (NE, NE)	0.883 (0.522, 1.494)	0.6420				
≥ 40x10 ⁹ /L	133	30 (22.6)	103 (77.4)	NE (NE, NE)	135	39 (28.9)	96 (71.1)	NE (16.5, NE)	0.625 (0.387, 1.010)	0.0533				

N: number of subjects in analysis set; n: number of subjects in subgroup category; %: proportion of number of subjects in n; CI: confidence interval; NE: not estimable. PT: Preferred Term, SOC: System Organ Class.

[a] Median time to first event is from Kaplan-Meier estimate. Confidence Interval for median was computed using the Brookmeyer-Crowley method.

[b] Hazard ratio is from unstratified Cox proportional hazards model with treatment as the only categorical variable in the model. Confidence limits are based on the Wald test.

[c] Two-sided p-value from unstratified log-rank test.

[d] Two-sided interaction p-value is for the interaction term from unstratified Cox proportional hazards model with treatment, subgroup, and treatment-by-subgroup interaction as categorical variables in the model. The p-value is based on the Wald test.

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SOC: Gastrointestinal disorders; PT: Constipation

		Quizartinib (N=265)					Placebo (N=268)					Quizartinib vs Placebo		Interaction
Subgroup	n	No. of subjects with events (%)	No. of subjects censored (%)	Median (95 % CI) (months) [a]	n	No. of subjects with events (%)	No. of subjects censored (%)	Median (95 % CI) (months) [a]	Hazard Ratio (95 % CI) [b]	Unstratified log-rank p-value [c]	P-value [d]			
Choice of Anthracycline												0.3902		
Daunorubicin	123	25 (20.3)	98 (79.7)	NE (NE, NE)	94	26 (27.7)	68 (72.3)	NE (8.6, NE)	0.630 (0.363, 1.092)	0.0975				
Idarubicin	142	31 (21.8)	111 (78.2)	NE (34.3, NE)	171	41 (24.0)	130 (76.0)	NE (NE, NE)	0.849 (0.532, 1.355)	0.4929				

N: number of subjects in analysis set; n: number of subjects in subgroup category; %: proportion of number of subjects in n; CI: confidence interval; NE: not estimable. PT: Preferred Term, SOC: System Organ Class.

[a] Median time to first event is from Kaplan-Meier estimate. Confidence Interval for median was computed using the Brookmeyer-Crowley method.

[b] Hazard ratio is from unstratified Cox proportional hazards model with treatment as the only categorical variable in the model. Confidence limits are based on the Wald test.

[c] Two-sided p-value from unstratified log-rank test.

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SOC: Gastrointestinal disorders; PT: Constipation

		Quizartinib (N=265)					Placebo (N=268)					Quizartinib vs Placebo		Interaction
Subgroup	n	No. of subjects with events (%)	No. of subjects censored (%)	Median (95 % CI) (months) [a]	n	No. of subjects with events (%)	No. of subjects censored (%)	Median (95 % CI) (months) [a]	CI	Hazard Ratio (95 % CI) [b]	Unstratified log-rank p-value [c]	P-value [d]		
AML Cytogenetic Risk Score												0.5562		
Favorable	13	2 (15.4)	11 (84.6)	NE (5.8, NE)	19	8 (42.1)	11 (57.9)	16.5 (1.4, NE)		0.277 (0.057, 1.353)	0.0930			
Intermediate	195	39 (20.0)	156 (80.0)	NE (NE, NE)	190	46 (24.2)	144 (75.8)	NE (NE, NE)		0.732 (0.477, 1.122)	0.1511			
Unfavorable	19	6 (31.6)	13 (68.4)	NE (1.6, NE)	27	7 (25.9)	20 (74.1)	NE (4.4, NE)		1.164 (0.388, 3.494)	0.7933			
Unknown	38	9 (23.7)	29 (76.3)	NE (NE, NE)	31	8 (25.8)	23 (74.2)	NE (NE, NE)		0.946 (0.365, 2.452)	0.9092			

N: number of subjects in analysis set; n: number of subjects in subgroup category; %: proportion of number of subjects in n; CI: confidence interval; NE: not estimable. PT: Preferred Term, SOC: System Organ Class.

[a] Median time to first event is from Kaplan-Meier estimate. Confidence Interval for median was computed using the Brookmeyer-Crowley method.

[b] Hazard ratio is from unstratified Cox proportional hazards model with treatment as the only categorical variable in the model. Confidence limits are based on the Wald test.

[c] Two-sided p-value from unstratified log-rank test.

[d] Two-sided interaction p-value is for the interaction term from unstratified Cox proportional hazards model with treatment, subgroup, and treatment-by-subgroup interaction as categorical variables in the model. The p-value is based on the Wald test.

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SOC: Gastrointestinal disorders; PT: Constipation

		Quizartinib (N=265)					Placebo (N=268)					Quizartinib vs Placebo		Interaction
Subgroup	n	No. of subjects with events (%)	No. of subjects censored (%)	Median (95 % CI) (months) [a]	n	No. of subjects with events (%)	No. of subjects censored (%)	Median (95 % CI) (months) [a]	n	Hazard Ratio (95 % CI) [b]	Unstratified log-rank p-value [c]	P-value [d]		
ECOG Performance Status at Baseline												0.9548		
0 - Fully Active	87	13 (14.9)	74 (85.1)	NE (NE, NE)	97	20 (20.6)	77 (79.4)	NE (NE, NE)		0.673 (0.334, 1.353)	0.2627			
1 - Restricted in Physically Strenuous Activity	133	34 (25.6)	99 (74.4)	NE (25.7, NE)	134	41 (30.6)	93 (69.4)	NE (16.5, NE)		0.755 (0.479, 1.190)	0.2244			
2 - Ambulatory and Capable of All Selfcare	45	9 (20.0)	36 (80.0)	NE (6.6, NE)	36	8 (22.2)	28 (77.8)	NE (4.4, NE)		0.727 (0.278, 1.902)	0.5161			

N: number of subjects in analysis set; n: number of subjects in subgroup category; %: proportion of number of subjects in n; CI: confidence interval; NE: not estimable. PT: Preferred Term, SOC: System Organ Class.

[a] Median time to first event is from Kaplan-Meier estimate. Confidence Interval for median was computed using the Brookmeyer-Crowley method.

[b] Hazard ratio is from unstratified Cox proportional hazards model with treatment as the only categorical variable in the model. Confidence limits are based on the Wald test.

[c] Two-sided p-value is for the interaction term from unstratified log-rank test.

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SOC: Gastrointestinal disorders; PT: Constipation

		Quizartinib (N=265)					Placebo (N=268)					Quizartinib vs Placebo		Interaction
Subgroup	n	No. of subjects with events (%)	No. of subjects censored (%)	Median (95 % CI) (months) [a]	n	No. of subjects with events (%)	No. of subjects censored (%)	Median (95 % CI) (months) [a]	Hazard Ratio (95 % CI) [b]	Unstratified log-rank p-value [c]	P-value [d]			
FLT3-ITD category at Baseline													0.2239	
≥3 to ≤25%	94	16 (17.0)	78 (83.0)	NE (NE, NE)	98	31 (31.6)	67 (68.4)	NE (27.8, NE)	0.503 (0.275, 0.920)	0.0231				
>25% to ≤50%	141	36 (25.5)	105 (74.5)	NE (25.7, NE)	136	33 (24.3)	103 (75.7)	NE (NE, NE)	0.953 (0.594, 1.531)	0.8451				
>50%	29	4 (13.8)	25 (86.2)	NE (17.6, NE)	34	5 (14.7)	29 (85.3)	NE (6.6, NE)	0.671 (0.176, 2.563)	0.5572				

N: number of subjects in analysis set; n: number of subjects in subgroup category; %: proportion of number of subjects in n; CI: confidence interval; NE: not estimable. PT: Preferred Term, SOC: System Organ Class.

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SOC: Gastrointestinal disorders; PT: Constipation

		Quizartinib (N=265)					Placebo (N=268)					Quizartinib vs Placebo		Interaction
Subgroup	n	No. of subjects with events (%)	No. of subjects censored (%)	Median (95 % CI) (months) [a]	n	No. of subjects with events (%)	No. of subjects censored (%)	Median (95 % CI) (months) [a]	CI	Hazard Ratio (95 % CI) [b]	Unstratified log-rank p-value [c]	P-value [d]		
AML with Mutated NPM1												0.4790		
Yes	139	25 (18.0)	114 (82.0)	NE (NE, NE)	137	36 (26.3)	101 (73.7)	NE (27.8, NE)		0.587 (0.351, 0.979)	0.0390			
No	116	26 (22.4)	90 (77.6)	NE (25.7, NE)	120	31 (25.8)	89 (74.2)	NE (NE, NE)		0.800 (0.475, 1.348)	0.4025			

N: number of subjects in analysis set; n: number of subjects in subgroup category; %: proportion of number of subjects in n; CI: confidence interval; NE: not estimable. PT: Preferred Term, SOC: System Organ Class.

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[b] Hazard ratio is from unstratified Cox proportional hazards model with treatment as the only categorical variable in the model. Confidence limits are based on the Wald test.

[c] Two-sided p-value from unstratified log-rank test.

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SOC: Gastrointestinal disorders; PT: Constipation

		Quizartinib (N=265)					Placebo (N=268)					Quizartinib vs Placebo		Interaction
Subgroup	n	No. of subjects with events (%)	No. of subjects censored (%)	Median (95 % CI) (months) [a]	n	No. of subjects with events (%)	No. of subjects censored (%)	Median (95 % CI) (months) [a]	n	Hazard Ratio (95 % CI) [b]	Unstratified log-rank p-value [c]	P-value [d]		
Age by 2 categories												0.4113		
≤60	164	30 (18.3)	134 (81.7)	NE (NE, NE)	163	39 (23.9)	124 (76.1)	NE (NE, NE)	163	0.669 (0.415, 1.078)	0.0968			
>60	101	26 (25.7)	75 (74.3)	NE (10.8, NE)	105	30 (28.6)	75 (71.4)	NE (16.5, NE)	105	0.885 (0.523, 1.497)	0.6487			

N: number of subjects in analysis set; n: number of subjects in subgroup category; %: proportion of number of subjects in n; CI: confidence interval; NE: not estimable. PT: Preferred Term, SOC: System Organ Class.

[a] Median time to first event is from Kaplan-Meier estimate. Confidence Interval for median was computed using the Brookmeyer-Crowley method.

[b] Hazard ratio is from unstratified Cox proportional hazards model with treatment as the only categorical variable in the model. Confidence limits are based on the Wald test.

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SOC: Gastrointestinal disorders; PT: Abdominal pain

		Quizartinib (N=265)				Placebo (N=268)				Quizartinib vs Placebo		Interaction
Subgroup	n	No. of subjects with events (%)	No. of subjects censored (%)	Median (95 % CI) (months) [a]	n	No. of subjects with events (%)	No. of subjects censored (%)	Median (95 % CI) (months) [a]	Hazard Ratio (95 % CI) [b]	Unstratified log-rank p-value [c]	P-value [d]	
Pooled Age Group 2											0.2634	
<60	159	24 (15.1)	135 (84.9)	NE (NE, NE)	160	22 (13.8)	138 (86.3)	NE (NE, NE)	1.063 (0.596, 1.897)	0.8331		
≥60 - <65	37	6 (16.2)	31 (83.8)	NE (NE, NE)	43	8 (18.6)	35 (81.4)	NE (NE, NE)	0.773 (0.267, 2.236)	0.6403		
≥65	69	16 (23.2)	53 (76.8)	NE (10.4, NE)	65	8 (12.3)	57 (87.7)	NE (NE, NE)	2.154 (0.921, 5.036)	0.0700		

N: number of subjects in analysis set; n: number of subjects in subgroup category; %: proportion of number of subjects in n; CI: confidence interval; NE: not estimable. PT: Preferred Term, SOC: System Organ Class.

[a] Median time to first event is from Kaplan-Meier estimate. Confidence Interval for median was computed using the Brookmeyer-Crowley method.

[b] Hazard ratio is from unstratified Cox proportional hazards model with treatment as the only categorical variable in the model. Confidence limits are based on the Wald test.

[c] Two-sided p-value from unstratified log-rank test.

[d] Two-sided interaction p-value is for the interaction term from unstratified Cox proportional hazards model with treatment, subgroup, and treatment-by-subgroup interaction as categorical variables in the model. The p-value is based on the Wald test.

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Medizinischer Nutzen, medizinischer Zusatznutzen, Patientengruppen mit therap. bedeutsamem Zusatznutzen

Daiichi Sankyo | Data Intelligence – Evidence Generation | Final | AC220-A-U302 QUANTUM-First (DCO 13 Aug 2021) | Statistical analyses for AMNOG (HTA Germany)
 Table 3.11.2 Treatment-emergent adverse events by system organ class (SOC) and preferred term (PT) observed for ≥ 10 patients in at least one arm and ≥ 1% of the patients in at least one arm - Time-to-event analysis - subgroup analysis - DCO 13-Aug-2021 - Safety Analysis Set

SOC: Gastrointestinal disorders; PT: Abdominal pain

		Quizartinib (N=265)				Placebo (N=268)				Quizartinib vs Placebo		Interaction
Subgroup	n	No. of subjects with events (%)	No. of subjects censored (%)	Median (95 % CI) (months) [a]	n	No. of subjects with events (%)	No. of subjects censored (%)	Median (95 % CI) (months) [a]	Hazard Ratio (95 % CI) [b]	Unstratified log-rank p-value [c]	P-value [d]	
Sex											0.6465	
Male	124	17 (13.7)	107 (86.3)	NE (NE, NE)	120	15 (12.5)	105 (87.5)	NE (NE, NE)	1.085 (0.542, 2.174)	0.8166		
Female	141	29 (20.6)	112 (79.4)	NE (NE, NE)	148	23 (15.5)	125 (84.5)	NE (NE, NE)	1.305 (0.755, 2.256)	0.3354		

N: number of subjects in analysis set; n: number of subjects in subgroup category; %: proportion of number of subjects in n; CI: confidence interval; NE: not estimable. PT: Preferred Term, SOC: System Organ Class.

[a] Median time to first event is from Kaplan-Meier estimate. Confidence Interval for median was computed using the Brookmeyer-Crowley method.

[b] Hazard ratio is from unstratified Cox proportional hazards model with treatment as the only categorical variable in the model. Confidence limits are based on the Wald test.

[c] Two-sided p-value from unstratified log-rank test.

[d] Two-sided interaction p-value is for the interaction term from unstratified Cox proportional hazards model with treatment, subgroup, and treatment-by-subgroup interaction as categorical variables in the model. The p-value is based on the Wald test.

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SOC: Gastrointestinal disorders; PT: Abdominal pain

		Quizartinib (N=265)				Placebo (N=268)				Quizartinib vs Placebo		Interaction
Subgroup	n	No. of subjects with events (%)	No. of subjects censored (%)	Median (95 % CI) (months) [a]	n	No. of subjects with events (%)	No. of subjects censored (%)	Median (95 % CI) (months) [a]	Hazard Ratio (95 % CI) [b]	Unstratified log-rank p-value [c]	P-value [d]	
Race by 2 categories											0.6272	
White	157	23 (14.6)	134 (85.4)	NE (NE, NE)	161	21 (13.0)	140 (87.0)	NE (NE, NE)	1.087 (0.601, 1.966)	0.7800		
Non-white	108	23 (21.3)	85 (78.7)	NE (NE, NE)	107	17 (15.9)	90 (84.1)	NE (NE, NE)	1.357 (0.725, 2.540)	0.3371		

N: number of subjects in analysis set; n: number of subjects in subgroup category; %: proportion of number of subjects in n; CI: confidence interval; NE: not estimable. PT: Preferred Term, SOC: System Organ Class.

[a] Median time to first event is from Kaplan-Meier estimate. Confidence Interval for median was computed using the Brookmeyer-Crowley method.

[b] Hazard ratio is from unstratified Cox proportional hazards model with treatment as the only categorical variable in the model. Confidence limits are based on the Wald test.

[c] Two-sided p-value from unstratified log-rank test.

[d] Two-sided interaction p-value is for the interaction term from unstratified Cox proportional hazards model with treatment, subgroup, and treatment-by-subgroup interaction as categorical variables in the model. The p-value is based on the Wald test.

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SOC: Gastrointestinal disorders; PT: Abdominal pain

		Quizartinib (N=265)				Placebo (N=268)				Quizartinib vs Placebo		Interaction
Subgroup	n	No. of subjects with events (%)	No. of subjects censored (%)	Median (95 % CI) (months) [a]	n	No. of subjects with events (%)	No. of subjects censored (%)	Median (95 % CI) (months) [a]	Hazard Ratio (95 % CI) [b]	Unstratified log-rank p-value [c]	P-value [d]	
Geographic Region 1											0.2317	
North America	16	2 (12.5)	14 (87.5)	NE (NE, NE)	18	6 (33.3)	12 (66.7)	5.6 (0.2, NE)	0.324 (0.065, 1.609)	0.1454		
Europe	161	27 (16.8)	134 (83.2)	NE (NE, NE)	161	19 (11.8)	142 (88.2)	NE (NE, NE)	1.395 (0.775, 2.509)	0.2639		
Asia/Other Regions	88	17 (19.3)	71 (80.7)	NE (NE, NE)	89	13 (14.6)	76 (85.4)	NE (NE, NE)	1.357 (0.659, 2.795)	0.4069		

N: number of subjects in analysis set; n: number of subjects in subgroup category; %: proportion of number of subjects in n; CI: confidence interval; NE: not estimable. PT: Preferred Term, SOC: System Organ Class.

[a] Median time to first event is from Kaplan-Meier estimate. Confidence Interval for median was computed using the Brookmeyer-Crowley method.

[b] Hazard ratio is from unstratified Cox proportional hazards model with treatment as the only categorical variable in the model. Confidence limits are based on the Wald test.

[c] Two-sided p-value from unstratified log-rank test.

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SOC: Gastrointestinal disorders; PT: Abdominal pain

		Quizartinib (N=265)				Placebo (N=268)				Quizartinib vs Placebo		Interaction
Subgroup	n	No. of subjects with events (%)	No. of subjects censored (%)	Median (95 % CI) (months) [a]	n	No. of subjects with events (%)	No. of subjects censored (%)	Median (95 % CI) (months) [a]	Hazard Ratio (95 % CI) [b]	Unstratified log-rank p-value [c]	P-value [d]	
WBC at initial diagnosis											0.7620	
< 40x10 ⁹ /L	132	22 (16.7)	110 (83.3)	NE (NE, NE)	133	20 (15.0)	113 (85.0)	NE (NE, NE)	1.133 (0.618, 2.076)	0.6822		
≥ 40x10 ⁹ /L	133	24 (18.0)	109 (82.0)	NE (NE, NE)	135	18 (13.3)	117 (86.7)	NE (NE, NE)	1.269 (0.688, 2.342)	0.4436		

N: number of subjects in analysis set; n: number of subjects in subgroup category; %: proportion of number of subjects in n; CI: confidence interval; NE: not estimable. PT: Preferred Term, SOC: System Organ Class.

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SOC: Gastrointestinal disorders; PT: Abdominal pain

		Quizartinib (N=265)				Placebo (N=268)				Quizartinib vs Placebo		Interaction
Subgroup	n	No. of subjects with events (%)	No. of subjects censored (%)	Median (95 % CI) (months) [a]	n	No. of subjects with events (%)	No. of subjects censored (%)	Median (95 % CI) (months) [a]	Hazard Ratio (95 % CI) [b]	Unstratified log-rank p-value [c]	P-value [d]	
Choice of Anthracycline											0.6573	
Daunorubicin	123	15 (12.2)	108 (87.8)	NE (NE, NE)	94	7 (7.4)	87 (92.6)	NE (NE, NE)	1.555 (0.633, 3.821)	0.3305		
Idarubicin	142	31 (21.8)	111 (78.2)	NE (NE, NE)	171	30 (17.5)	141 (82.5)	NE (NE, NE)	1.265 (0.765, 2.090)	0.3573		

N: number of subjects in analysis set; n: number of subjects in subgroup category; %: proportion of number of subjects in n; CI: confidence interval; NE: not estimable. PT: Preferred Term, SOC: System Organ Class.

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SOC: Gastrointestinal disorders; PT: Abdominal pain

		Quizartinib (N=265)					Placebo (N=268)					Quizartinib vs Placebo		Interaction
Subgroup	n	No. of subjects with events (%)	No. of subjects censored (%)	Median (95 % CI) (months) [a]	n	No. of subjects with events (%)	No. of subjects censored (%)	Median (95 % CI) (months) [a]	Hazard Ratio (95 % CI) [b]	Unstratified log-rank p-value [c]	P-value [d]			
AML Cytogenetic Risk Score													0.9064	
Favorable	13	0	13 (100)	NE (NE, NE)	19	6 (31.6)	13 (68.4)	NE (0.2, NE)	0.000 (0.000, NE)	0.0316				
Intermediate	195	35 (17.9)	160 (82.1)	NE (NE, NE)	190	25 (13.2)	165 (86.8)	NE (NE, NE)	1.324 (0.792, 2.213)	0.2809				
Unfavorable	19	2 (10.5)	17 (89.5)	NE (NE, NE)	27	3 (11.1)	24 (88.9)	NE (5.6, NE)	0.767 (0.123, 4.803)	0.7766				
Unknown	38	9 (23.7)	29 (76.3)	NE (NE, NE)	31	4 (12.9)	27 (87.1)	NE (NE, NE)	2.063 (0.634, 6.711)	0.2176				

N: number of subjects in analysis set; n: number of subjects in subgroup category; %: proportion of number of subjects in n; CI: confidence interval; NE: not estimable. PT: Preferred Term, SOC: System Organ Class.

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[b] Hazard ratio is from unstratified Cox proportional hazards model with treatment as the only categorical variable in the model. Confidence limits are based on the Wald test.

[c] Two-sided p-value from unstratified log-rank test.

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SOC: Gastrointestinal disorders; PT: Abdominal pain

		Quizartinib (N=265)					Placebo (N=268)					Quizartinib vs Placebo		Interaction
Subgroup	n	No. of subjects with events (%)	No. of subjects censored (%)	Median (95 % CI) (months) [a]	n	No. of subjects with events (%)	No. of subjects censored (%)	Median (95 % CI) (months) [a]	n	Hazard Ratio (95 % CI) [b]	Unstratified log-rank p-value [c]	P-value [d]		
ECOG Performance Status at Baseline												0.3475		
0 - Fully Active	87	10 (11.5)	77 (88.5)	NE (NE, NE)	97	14 (14.4)	83 (85.6)	NE (NE, NE)	97	0.753 (0.334, 1.695)	0.4950			
1 - Restricted in Physically Strenuous Activity	133	32 (24.1)	101 (75.9)	NE (NE, NE)	134	21 (15.7)	113 (84.3)	NE (NE, NE)	134	1.558 (0.898, 2.703)	0.1112			
2 - Ambulatory and Capable of All Selfcare	45	4 (8.9)	41 (91.1)	NE (NE, NE)	36	3 (8.3)	33 (91.7)	NE (9.7, NE)	36	1.014 (0.226, 4.547)	0.9852			

N: number of subjects in analysis set; n: number of subjects in subgroup category; %: proportion of number of subjects in n; CI: confidence interval; NE: not estimable. PT: Preferred Term, SOC: System Organ Class.

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SOC: Gastrointestinal disorders; PT: Abdominal pain

		Quizartinib (N=265)				Placebo (N=268)				Quizartinib vs Placebo		Interaction
Subgroup	n	No. of subjects with events (%)	No. of subjects censored (%)	Median (95 % CI) (months) [a]	n	No. of subjects with events (%)	No. of subjects censored (%)	Median (95 % CI) (months) [a]	Hazard Ratio (95 % CI) [b]	Unstratified log-rank p-value [c]	P-value [d]	
FLT3-ITD category at Baseline											0.0932	
≥3 to ≤25%	94	11 (11.7)	83 (88.3)	NE (NE, NE)	98	16 (16.3)	82 (83.7)	NE (NE, NE)	0.676 (0.314, 1.457)	0.3183		
>25% to ≤50%	141	29 (20.6)	112 (79.4)	NE (NE, NE)	136	21 (15.4)	115 (84.6)	NE (NE, NE)	1.365 (0.778, 2.394)	0.2769		
>50%	29	6 (20.7)	23 (79.3)	NE (NE, NE)	34	1 (2.9)	33 (97.1)	NE (NE, NE)	7.326 (0.882, 60.842)	0.0307		

N: number of subjects in analysis set; n: number of subjects in subgroup category; %: proportion of number of subjects in n; CI: confidence interval; NE: not estimable. PT: Preferred Term, SOC: System Organ Class.

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SOC: Gastrointestinal disorders; PT: Abdominal pain

		Quizartinib (N=265)				Placebo (N=268)				Quizartinib vs Placebo		Interaction
Subgroup	n	No. of subjects with events (%)	No. of subjects censored (%)	Median (95 % CI) (months) [a]	n	No. of subjects with events (%)	No. of subjects censored (%)	Median (95 % CI) (months) [a]	Hazard Ratio (95 % CI) [b]	Unstratified log-rank p-value [c]	P-value [d]	
AML with Mutated NPM1											0.6699	
Yes	139	26 (18.7)	113 (81.3)	NE (NE, NE)	137	20 (14.6)	117 (85.4)	NE (NE, NE)	1.291 (0.720, 2.313)	0.3871		
No	116	18 (15.5)	98 (84.5)	NE (NE, NE)	120	17 (14.2)	103 (85.8)	NE (NE, NE)	1.044 (0.538, 2.026)	0.9002		

N: number of subjects in analysis set; n: number of subjects in subgroup category; %: proportion of number of subjects in n; CI: confidence interval; NE: not estimable. PT: Preferred Term, SOC: System Organ Class.

[a] Median time to first event is from Kaplan-Meier estimate. Confidence Interval for median was computed using the Brookmeyer-Crowley method.

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SOC: Gastrointestinal disorders; PT: Abdominal pain

		Quizartinib (N=265)				Placebo (N=268)				Quizartinib vs Placebo		Interaction
Subgroup	n	No. of subjects with events (%)	No. of subjects censored (%)	Median (95 % CI) (months) [a]	n	No. of subjects with events (%)	No. of subjects censored (%)	Median (95 % CI) (months) [a]	Hazard Ratio (95 % CI) [b]	Unstratified log-rank p-value [c]	P-value [d]	
Age by 2 categories											0.5165	
≤60	164	25 (15.2)	139 (84.8)	NE (NE, NE)	163	22 (13.5)	141 (86.5)	NE (NE, NE)	1.094 (0.616, 1.941)	0.7570		
>60	101	21 (20.8)	80 (79.2)	NE (NE, NE)	105	16 (15.2)	89 (84.8)	NE (NE, NE)	1.418 (0.740, 2.718)	0.2878		

N: number of subjects in analysis set; n: number of subjects in subgroup category; %: proportion of number of subjects in n; CI: confidence interval; NE: not estimable. PT: Preferred Term, SOC: System Organ Class.

[a] Median time to first event is from Kaplan-Meier estimate. Confidence Interval for median was computed using the Brookmeyer-Crowley method.

[b] Hazard ratio is from unstratified Cox proportional hazards model with treatment as the only categorical variable in the model. Confidence limits are based on the Wald test.

[c] Two-sided p-value from unstratified log-rank test.

[d] Two-sided interaction p-value is for the interaction term from unstratified Cox proportional hazards model with treatment, subgroup, and treatment-by-subgroup interaction as categorical variables in the model. The p-value is based on the Wald test.

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Medizinischer Nutzen, medizinischer Zusatznutzen, Patientengruppen mit therap. bedeutsamem Zusatznutzen

Daiichi Sankyo | Data Intelligence – Evidence Generation | Final | AC220-A-U302 QUANTUM-First (DCO 13 Aug 2021) | Statistical analyses for AMNOG (HTA Germany)
 Table 3.11.2 Treatment-emergent adverse events by system organ class (SOC) and preferred term (PT) observed for ≥ 10 patients in at least one arm and ≥ 1% of the patients in at least one arm - Time-to-event analysis - subgroup analysis - DCO 13-Aug-2021 - Safety Analysis Set

SOC: Gastrointestinal disorders; PT: Dyspepsia

		Quizartinib (N=265)				Placebo (N=268)				Quizartinib vs Placebo		Interaction	
Subgroup	n	No. of subjects with events (%)	No. of subjects censored (%)	Median (95 % CI) (months) [a]	n	No. of subjects with events (%)	No. of subjects censored (%)	Median (95 % CI) (months) [a]	Hazard Ratio (95 % CI) [b]	Unstratified log-rank p-value [c]	P-value [d]		
Pooled Age Group 2											0.8535		
<60	159	17 (10.7)	142 (89.3)	NE (NE, NE)	160	14 (8.8)	146 (91.3)	NE (NE, NE)	1.125 (0.554, 2.288)	0.7437			
≥60 - <65	37	4 (10.8)	33 (89.2)	NE (NE, NE)	43	3 (7.0)	40 (93.0)	NE (21.4, NE)	1.354 (0.300, 6.121)	0.6959			
≥65	69	9 (13.0)	60 (87.0)	NE (NE, NE)	65	6 (9.2)	59 (90.8)	NE (NE, NE)	1.503 (0.535, 4.225)	0.4359			

N: number of subjects in analysis set; n: number of subjects in subgroup category; %: proportion of number of subjects in n; CI: confidence interval; NE: not estimable. PT: Preferred Term, SOC: System Organ Class.

[a] Median time to first event is from Kaplan-Meier estimate. Confidence Interval for median was computed using the Brookmeyer-Crowley method.

[b] Hazard ratio is from unstratified Cox proportional hazards model with treatment as the only categorical variable in the model. Confidence limits are based on the Wald test.

[c] Two-sided p-value from unstratified log-rank test.

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SOC: Gastrointestinal disorders; PT: Dyspepsia

		Quizartinib (N=265)				Placebo (N=268)				Quizartinib vs Placebo		Interaction
Subgroup	n	No. of subjects with events (%)	No. of subjects censored (%)	Median (95 % CI) (months) [a]	n	No. of subjects with events (%)	No. of subjects censored (%)	Median (95 % CI) (months) [a]	Hazard Ratio (95 % CI) [b]	Unstratified log-rank p-value [c]	P-value [d]	
Sex											0.5431	
Male	124	15 (12.1)	109 (87.9)	NE (NE, NE)	120	9 (7.5)	111 (92.5)	NE (NE, NE)	1.529 (0.668, 3.498)	0.3110		
Female	141	15 (10.6)	126 (89.4)	NE (NE, NE)	148	14 (9.5)	134 (90.5)	NE (35.0, NE)	1.080 (0.520, 2.241)	0.8381		

N: number of subjects in analysis set; n: number of subjects in subgroup category; %: proportion of number of subjects in n; CI: confidence interval; NE: not estimable. PT: Preferred Term, SOC: System Organ Class.

[a] Median time to first event is from Kaplan-Meier estimate. Confidence Interval for median was computed using the Brookmeyer-Crowley method.

[b] Hazard ratio is from unstratified Cox proportional hazards model with treatment as the only categorical variable in the model. Confidence limits are based on the Wald test.

[c] Two-sided p-value from unstratified log-rank test.

[d] Two-sided interaction p-value is for the interaction term from unstratified Cox proportional hazards model with treatment, subgroup, and treatment-by-subgroup interaction as categorical variables in the model. The p-value is based on the Wald test.

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SOC: Gastrointestinal disorders; PT: Dyspepsia

		Quizartinib (N=265)				Placebo (N=268)				Quizartinib vs Placebo		Interaction
Subgroup	n	No. of subjects with events (%)	No. of subjects censored (%)	Median (95 % CI) (months) [a]	n	No. of subjects with events (%)	No. of subjects censored (%)	Median (95 % CI) (months) [a]	Hazard Ratio (95 % CI) [b]	Unstratified log-rank p-value [c]	P-value [d]	
Race by 2 categories											0.2951	
White	157	18 (11.5)	139 (88.5)	NE (NE, NE)	161	17 (10.6)	144 (89.4)	NE (NE, NE)	1.030 (0.530, 2.000)	0.9306		
Non-white	108	12 (11.1)	96 (88.9)	NE (NE, NE)	107	6 (5.6)	101 (94.4)	NE (NE, NE)	1.961 (0.735, 5.231)	0.1708		

N: number of subjects in analysis set; n: number of subjects in subgroup category; %: proportion of number of subjects in n; CI: confidence interval; NE: not estimable. PT: Preferred Term, SOC: System Organ Class.

[a] Median time to first event is from Kaplan-Meier estimate. Confidence Interval for median was computed using the Brookmeyer-Crowley method.

[b] Hazard ratio is from unstratified Cox proportional hazards model with treatment as the only categorical variable in the model. Confidence limits are based on the Wald test.

[c] Two-sided p-value from unstratified log-rank test.

[d] Two-sided interaction p-value is for the interaction term from unstratified Cox proportional hazards model with treatment, subgroup, and treatment-by-subgroup interaction as categorical variables in the model. The p-value is based on the Wald test.

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SOC: Gastrointestinal disorders; PT: Dyspepsia

		Quizartinib (N=265)					Placebo (N=268)					Quizartinib vs Placebo		Interaction
Subgroup	n	No. of subjects with events (%)	No. of subjects censored (%)	Median (95 % CI) (months) [a]	n	No. of subjects with events (%)	No. of subjects censored (%)	Median (95 % CI) (months) [a]	Hazard Ratio (95 % CI) [b]	Unstratified log-rank p-value [c]	P-value [d]			
Geographic Region 1													0.3038	
North America	16	3 (18.8)	13 (81.3)	22.0 (22.0, NE)	18	3 (16.7)	15 (83.3)	35.0 (4.8, NE)	1.591 (0.317, 7.979)	0.5689				
Europe	161	15 (9.3)	146 (90.7)	NE (NE, NE)	161	15 (9.3)	146 (90.7)	NE (NE, NE)	0.908 (0.443, 1.861)	0.7925				
Asia/Other Regions	88	12 (13.6)	76 (86.4)	NE (NE, NE)	89	5 (5.6)	84 (94.4)	NE (NE, NE)	2.504 (0.882, 7.112)	0.0745				

N: number of subjects in analysis set; n: number of subjects in subgroup category; %: proportion of number of subjects in n; CI: confidence interval; NE: not estimable. PT: Preferred Term, SOC: System Organ Class.

[a] Median time to first event is from Kaplan-Meier estimate. Confidence Interval for median was computed using the Brookmeyer-Crowley method.

[b] Hazard ratio is from unstratified Cox proportional hazards model with treatment as the only categorical variable in the model. Confidence limits are based on the Wald test.

[c] Two-sided p-value from unstratified log-rank test.

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SOC: Gastrointestinal disorders; PT: Dyspepsia

		Quizartinib (N=265)				Placebo (N=268)				Quizartinib vs Placebo		Interaction
Subgroup	n	No. of subjects with events (%)	No. of subjects censored (%)	Median (95 % CI) (months) [a]	n	No. of subjects with events (%)	No. of subjects censored (%)	Median (95 % CI) (months) [a]	Hazard Ratio (95 % CI) [b]	Unstratified log-rank p-value [c]	P-value [d]	
WBC at initial diagnosis											0.7450	
< 40x10 ⁹ /L	132	13 (9.8)	119 (90.2)	NE (NE, NE)	133	12 (9.0)	121 (91.0)	NE (NE, NE)	1.121 (0.511, 2.458)	0.7766		
≥ 40x10 ⁹ /L	133	17 (12.8)	116 (87.2)	NE (NE, NE)	135	11 (8.1)	124 (91.9)	NE (NE, NE)	1.401 (0.655, 2.999)	0.3820		

N: number of subjects in analysis set; n: number of subjects in subgroup category; %: proportion of number of subjects in n; CI: confidence interval; NE: not estimable. PT: Preferred Term, SOC: System Organ Class.

[a] Median time to first event is from Kaplan-Meier estimate. Confidence Interval for median was computed using the Brookmeyer-Crowley method.

[b] Hazard ratio is from unstratified Cox proportional hazards model with treatment as the only categorical variable in the model. Confidence limits are based on the Wald test.

[c] Two-sided p-value from unstratified log-rank test.

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SOC: Gastrointestinal disorders; PT: Dyspepsia

		Quizartinib (N=265)				Placebo (N=268)				Quizartinib vs Placebo		Interaction
Subgroup	n	No. of subjects with events (%)	No. of subjects censored (%)	Median (95 % CI) (months) [a]	n	No. of subjects with events (%)	No. of subjects censored (%)	Median (95 % CI) (months) [a]	Hazard Ratio (95 % CI) [b]	Unstratified log-rank p-value [c]	P-value [d]	
Choice of Anthracycline											0.0379	
Daunorubicin	123	6 (4.9)	117 (95.1)	NE (NE, NE)	94	8 (8.5)	86 (91.5)	NE (NE, NE)	0.507 (0.175, 1.469)	0.2027		
Idarubicin	142	24 (16.9)	118 (83.1)	NE (NE, NE)	171	15 (8.8)	156 (91.2)	NE (NE, NE)	1.926 (1.009, 3.675)	0.0431		

N: number of subjects in analysis set; n: number of subjects in subgroup category; %: proportion of number of subjects in n; CI: confidence interval; NE: not estimable. PT: Preferred Term, SOC: System Organ Class.

[a] Median time to first event is from Kaplan-Meier estimate. Confidence Interval for median was computed using the Brookmeyer-Crowley method.

[b] Hazard ratio is from unstratified Cox proportional hazards model with treatment as the only categorical variable in the model. Confidence limits are based on the Wald test.

[c] Two-sided p-value from unstratified log-rank test.

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SOC: Gastrointestinal disorders; PT: Dyspepsia

		Quizartinib (N=265)					Placebo (N=268)					Quizartinib vs Placebo		Interaction
Subgroup	n	No. of subjects with events (%)	No. of subjects censored (%)	Median (95 % CI) (months) [a]	n	No. of subjects with events (%)	No. of subjects censored (%)	Median (95 % CI) (months) [a]		Hazard Ratio (95 % CI) [b]	Unstratified log-rank p-value [c]	P-value [d]		
AML Cytogenetic Risk Score												0.6834		
Favorable	13	1 (7.7)	12 (92.3)	NE (NE, NE)	19	2 (10.5)	17 (89.5)	NE (6.6, NE)		1.732 (0.108, 27.890)	0.6949			
Intermediate	195	24 (12.3)	171 (87.7)	NE (NE, NE)	190	14 (7.4)	176 (92.6)	NE (NE, NE)		1.552 (0.802, 3.004)	0.1885			
Unfavorable	19	2 (10.5)	17 (89.5)	NE (2.2, NE)	27	3 (11.1)	24 (88.9)	23.2 (6.1, NE)		0.870 (0.137, 5.517)	0.8827			
Unknown	38	3 (7.9)	35 (92.1)	NE (NE, NE)	31	4 (12.9)	27 (87.1)	NE (NE, NE)		0.662 (0.148, 2.959)	0.5858			

N: number of subjects in analysis set; n: number of subjects in subgroup category; %: proportion of number of subjects in n; CI: confidence interval; NE: not estimable. PT: Preferred Term, SOC: System Organ Class.

[a] Median time to first event is from Kaplan-Meier estimate. Confidence Interval for median was computed using the Brookmeyer-Crowley method.

[b] Hazard ratio is from unstratified Cox proportional hazards model with treatment as the only categorical variable in the model. Confidence limits are based on the Wald test.

[c] Two-sided p-value from unstratified log-rank test.

[d] Two-sided interaction p-value is for the interaction term from unstratified Cox proportional hazards model with treatment, subgroup, and treatment-by-subgroup interaction as categorical variables in the model. The p-value is based on the Wald test.

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SOC: Gastrointestinal disorders; PT: Dyspepsia

		Quizartinib (N=265)					Placebo (N=268)					Quizartinib vs Placebo		Interaction
Subgroup	n	No. of subjects with events (%)	No. of subjects censored (%)	Median (95 % CI) (months) [a]	n	No. of subjects with events (%)	No. of subjects censored (%)	Median (95 % CI) (months) [a]	n	Hazard Ratio (95 % CI) [b]	Unstratified log-rank p-value [c]	P-value [d]		
ECOG Performance Status at Baseline												0.2785		
0 - Fully Active	87	10 (11.5)	77 (88.5)	NE (NE, NE)	97	6 (6.2)	91 (93.8)	NE (NE, NE)		1.830 (0.665, 5.041)	0.2349			
1 - Restricted in Physically Strenuous Activity	133	13 (9.8)	120 (90.2)	NE (NE, NE)	134	15 (11.2)	119 (88.8)	NE (35.0, NE)		0.814 (0.387, 1.714)	0.5878			
2 - Ambulatory and Capable of All Selfcare	45	7 (15.6)	38 (84.4)	NE (20.8, NE)	36	2 (5.6)	34 (94.4)	NE (NE, NE)		2.436 (0.495, 11.995)	0.2589			

N: number of subjects in analysis set; n: number of subjects in subgroup category; %: proportion of number of subjects in n; CI: confidence interval; NE: not estimable. PT: Preferred Term, SOC: System Organ Class.

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[c] Two-sided p-value from unstratified log-rank test.

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		Quizartinib (N=265)				Placebo (N=268)				Quizartinib vs Placebo		Interaction	
Subgroup	n	No. of subjects with events (%)	No. of subjects censored (%)	Median (95 % CI) (months) [a]	n	No. of subjects with events (%)	No. of subjects censored (%)	Median (95 % CI) (months) [a]	Hazard Ratio (95 % CI) [b]	Unstratified log-rank p-value [c]	p-	P-value [d]	
FLT3-ITD category at Baseline												0.9574	
≥3 to ≤25%	94	12 (12.8)	82 (87.2)	NE (NE, NE)	98	10 (10.2)	88 (89.8)	NE (NE, NE)	1.222 (0.528, 2.830)	0.6402			
>25% to ≤50%	141	16 (11.3)	125 (88.7)	NE (NE, NE)	136	12 (8.8)	124 (91.2)	NE (NE, NE)	1.283 (0.606, 2.716)	0.5143			
>50%	29	2 (6.9)	27 (93.1)	NE (NE, NE)	34	1 (2.9)	33 (97.1)	NE (NE, NE)	1.898 (0.171, 21.061)	0.5957			

N: number of subjects in analysis set; n: number of subjects in subgroup category; %: proportion of number of subjects in n; CI: confidence interval; NE: not estimable. PT: Preferred Term, SOC: System Organ Class.

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Daiichi Sankyo | Data Intelligence – Evidence Generation | Final | AC220-A-U302 QUANTUM-First (DCO 13 Aug 2021) | Statistical analyses for AMNOG (HTA Germany)
 Table 3.11.2 Treatment-emergent adverse events by system organ class (SOC) and preferred term (PT) observed for ≥ 10 patients in at least one arm and ≥ 1% of the patients in at least one arm - Time-to-event analysis - subgroup analysis - DCO 13-Aug-2021 - Safety Analysis Set

SOC: Gastrointestinal disorders; PT: Dyspepsia

		Quizartinib (N=265)				Placebo (N=268)				Quizartinib vs Placebo		Interaction
Subgroup	n	No. of subjects with events (%)	No. of subjects censored (%)	Median (95 % CI) (months) [a]	n	No. of subjects with events (%)	No. of subjects censored (%)	Median (95 % CI) (months) [a]	Hazard Ratio (95 % CI) [b]	Unstratified log-rank p-value [c]	P-value [d]	
AML with Mutated NPM1											0.9503	
Yes	139	17 (12.2)	122 (87.8)	NE (NE, NE)	137	13 (9.5)	124 (90.5)	NE (NE, NE)	1.248 (0.605, 2.575)	0.5477		
No	116	13 (11.2)	103 (88.8)	NE (NE, NE)	120	10 (8.3)	110 (91.7)	NE (NE, NE)	1.276 (0.559, 2.912)	0.5608		

N: number of subjects in analysis set; n: number of subjects in subgroup category; %: proportion of number of subjects in n; CI: confidence interval; NE: not estimable. PT: Preferred Term, SOC: System Organ Class.

[a] Median time to first event is from Kaplan-Meier estimate. Confidence Interval for median was computed using the Brookmeyer-Crowley method.

[b] Hazard ratio is from unstratified Cox proportional hazards model with treatment as the only categorical variable in the model. Confidence limits are based on the Wald test.

[c] Two-sided p-value from unstratified log-rank test.

[d] Two-sided interaction p-value is for the interaction term from unstratified Cox proportional hazards model with treatment, subgroup, and treatment-by-subgroup interaction as categorical variables in the model. The p-value is based on the Wald test.

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SOC: Gastrointestinal disorders; PT: Dyspepsia

		Quizartinib (N=265)				Placebo (N=268)				Quizartinib vs Placebo		Interaction
Subgroup	n	No. of subjects with events (%)	No. of subjects censored (%)	Median (95 % CI) (months) [a]	n	No. of subjects with events (%)	No. of subjects censored (%)	Median (95 % CI) (months) [a]	Hazard Ratio (95 % CI) [b]	Unstratified log-rank p-value [c]	P-value [d]	
Age by 2 categories											0.6963	
≤60	164	18 (11.0)	146 (89.0)	NE (NE, NE)	163	14 (8.6)	149 (91.4)	NE (NE, NE)	1.178 (0.585, 2.374)	0.6462		
>60	101	12 (11.9)	89 (88.1)	NE (NE, NE)	105	9 (8.6)	96 (91.4)	NE (35.0, NE)	1.414 (0.595, 3.358)	0.4302		

N: number of subjects in analysis set; n: number of subjects in subgroup category; %: proportion of number of subjects in n; CI: confidence interval; NE: not estimable. PT: Preferred Term, SOC: System Organ Class.

[a] Median time to first event is from Kaplan-Meier estimate. Confidence Interval for median was computed using the Brookmeyer-Crowley method.

[b] Hazard ratio is from unstratified Cox proportional hazards model with treatment as the only categorical variable in the model. Confidence limits are based on the Wald test.

[c] Two-sided p-value from unstratified log-rank test.

[d] Two-sided interaction p-value is for the interaction term from unstratified Cox proportional hazards model with treatment, subgroup, and treatment-by-subgroup interaction as categorical variables in the model. The p-value is based on the Wald test.

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SOC: Gastrointestinal disorders; PT: Abdominal pain upper

Subgroup	n	Quizartinib (N=265)				Placebo (N=268)				Quizartinib vs Placebo		Interaction
		No. of subjects with events (%)	No. of subjects censored (%)	Median (95 % CI) (months) [a]	n	No. of subjects with events (%)	No. of subjects censored (%)	Median (95 % CI) (months) [a]	n	Hazard Ratio (95 % CI) [b]	Unstratified log-rank p-value [c]	P-value [d]
Pooled Age Group 2											0.7453	
<60	159	19 (11.9)	140 (88.1)	NE (NE, NE)	160	18 (11.3)	142 (88.8)	NE (NE, NE)	160	0.994 (0.521, 1.895)	0.9859	
≥60 - <65	37	3 (8.1)	34 (91.9)	NE (NE, NE)	43	2 (4.7)	41 (95.3)	NE (NE, NE)	43	1.776 (0.297, 10.634)	0.5235	
≥65	69	7 (10.1)	62 (89.9)	NE (NE, NE)	65	5 (7.7)	60 (92.3)	NE (NE, NE)	65	1.458 (0.462, 4.601)	0.5184	

N: number of subjects in analysis set; n: number of subjects in subgroup category; %: proportion of number of subjects in n; CI: confidence interval; NE: not estimable. PT: Preferred Term, SOC: System Organ Class.

[a] Median time to first event is from Kaplan-Meier estimate. Confidence Interval for median was computed using the Brookmeyer-Crowley method.

[b] Hazard ratio is from unstratified Cox proportional hazards model with treatment as the only categorical variable in the model. Confidence limits are based on the Wald test.

[c] Two-sided p-value from unstratified log-rank test.

[d] Two-sided interaction p-value is for the interaction term from unstratified Cox proportional hazards model with treatment, subgroup, and treatment-by-subgroup interaction as categorical variables in the model. The p-value is based on the Wald test.

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SOC: Gastrointestinal disorders; PT: Abdominal pain upper

		Quizartinib (N=265)				Placebo (N=268)				Quizartinib vs Placebo		Interaction
Subgroup	n	No. of subjects with events (%)	No. of subjects censored (%)	Median (95 % CI) (months) [a]	n	No. of subjects with events (%)	No. of subjects censored (%)	Median (95 % CI) (months) [a]	Hazard Ratio (95 % CI) [b]	Unstratified log-rank p-value [c]	P-value [d]	
Sex											0.1118	
Male	124	9 (7.3)	115 (92.7)	NE (NE, NE)	120	12 (10.0)	108 (90.0)	NE (NE, NE)	0.657 (0.276, 1.562)	0.3379		
Female	141	20 (14.2)	121 (85.8)	NE (NE, NE)	148	13 (8.8)	135 (91.2)	NE (NE, NE)	1.646 (0.819, 3.309)	0.1578		

N: number of subjects in analysis set; n: number of subjects in subgroup category; %: proportion of number of subjects in n; CI: confidence interval; NE: not estimable. PT: Preferred Term, SOC: System Organ Class.

[a] Median time to first event is from Kaplan-Meier estimate. Confidence Interval for median was computed using the Brookmeyer-Crowley method.

[b] Hazard ratio is from unstratified Cox proportional hazards model with treatment as the only categorical variable in the model. Confidence limits are based on the Wald test.

[c] Two-sided p-value from unstratified log-rank test.

[d] Two-sided interaction p-value is for the interaction term from unstratified Cox proportional hazards model with treatment, subgroup, and treatment-by-subgroup interaction as categorical variables in the model. The p-value is based on the Wald test.

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SOC: Gastrointestinal disorders; PT: Abdominal pain upper

		Quizartinib (N=265)				Placebo (N=268)				Quizartinib vs Placebo		Interaction
Subgroup	n	No. of subjects with events (%)	No. of subjects censored (%)	Median (95 % CI) (months) [a]	n	No. of subjects with events (%)	No. of subjects censored (%)	Median (95 % CI) (months) [a]	Hazard Ratio (95 % CI) [b]	Unstratified log-rank p-value [c]	P-value [d]	
Race by 2 categories											0.5194	
White	157	16 (10.2)	141 (89.8)	NE (NE, NE)	161	16 (9.9)	145 (90.1)	NE (NE, NE)	0.979 (0.489, 1.960)	0.9531		
Non-white	108	13 (12.0)	95 (88.0)	NE (NE, NE)	107	9 (8.4)	98 (91.6)	NE (NE, NE)	1.415 (0.605, 3.310)	0.4217		

N: number of subjects in analysis set; n: number of subjects in subgroup category; %: proportion of number of subjects in n; CI: confidence interval; NE: not estimable. PT: Preferred Term, SOC: System Organ Class.

[a] Median time to first event is from Kaplan-Meier estimate. Confidence Interval for median was computed using the Brookmeyer-Crowley method.

[b] Hazard ratio is from unstratified Cox proportional hazards model with treatment as the only categorical variable in the model. Confidence limits are based on the Wald test.

[c] Two-sided p-value from unstratified log-rank test.

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SOC: Gastrointestinal disorders; PT: Abdominal pain upper

		Quizartinib (N=265)				Placebo (N=268)				Quizartinib vs Placebo		Interaction
Subgroup	n	No. of subjects with events (%)	No. of subjects censored (%)	Median (95 % CI) (months) [a]	n	No. of subjects with events (%)	No. of subjects censored (%)	Median (95 % CI) (months) [a]	Hazard Ratio (95 % CI) [b]	Unstratified log-rank p-value [c]	P-value [d]	
Geographic Region 1											0.6667	
North America	16	1 (6.3)	15 (93.8)	NE (4.2, NE)	18	1 (5.6)	17 (94.4)	NE (NE, NE)	1.255 (0.078, 20.147)	0.8723		
Europe	161	17 (10.6)	144 (89.4)	NE (NE, NE)	161	17 (10.6)	144 (89.4)	NE (NE, NE)	0.935 (0.477, 1.833)	0.8470		
Asia/Other Regions	88	11 (12.5)	77 (87.5)	NE (NE, NE)	89	7 (7.9)	82 (92.1)	NE (NE, NE)	1.625 (0.630, 4.195)	0.3109		

N: number of subjects in analysis set; n: number of subjects in subgroup category; %: proportion of number of subjects in n; CI: confidence interval; NE: not estimable. PT: Preferred Term, SOC: System Organ Class.

[a] Median time to first event is from Kaplan-Meier estimate. Confidence Interval for median was computed using the Brookmeyer-Crowley method.

[b] Hazard ratio is from unstratified Cox proportional hazards model with treatment as the only categorical variable in the model. Confidence limits are based on the Wald test.

[c] Two-sided p-value from unstratified log-rank test.

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SOC: Gastrointestinal disorders; PT: Abdominal pain upper

		Quizartinib (N=265)				Placebo (N=268)				Quizartinib vs Placebo		Interaction
Subgroup	n	No. of subjects with events (%)	No. of subjects censored (%)	Median (95 % CI) (months) [a]	n	No. of subjects with events (%)	No. of subjects censored (%)	Median (95 % CI) (months) [a]	Hazard Ratio (95 % CI) [b]	Unstratified log-rank p-value [c]	P-value [d]	
WBC at initial diagnosis											0.1748	
< 40x10 ⁹ /L	132	8 (6.1)	124 (93.9)	NE (NE, NE)	133	12 (9.0)	121 (91.0)	NE (NE, NE)	0.688 (0.281, 1.683)	0.4091		
≥ 40x10 ⁹ /L	133	21 (15.8)	112 (84.2)	NE (NE, NE)	135	13 (9.6)	122 (90.4)	NE (NE, NE)	1.476 (0.738, 2.953)	0.2678		

N: number of subjects in analysis set; n: number of subjects in subgroup category; %: proportion of number of subjects in n; CI: confidence interval; NE: not estimable. PT: Preferred Term, SOC: System Organ Class.

[a] Median time to first event is from Kaplan-Meier estimate. Confidence Interval for median was computed using the Brookmeyer-Crowley method.

[b] Hazard ratio is from unstratified Cox proportional hazards model with treatment as the only categorical variable in the model. Confidence limits are based on the Wald test.

[c] Two-sided p-value from unstratified log-rank test.

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SOC: Gastrointestinal disorders; PT: Abdominal pain upper

		Quizartinib (N=265)				Placebo (N=268)				Quizartinib vs Placebo		Interaction
Subgroup	n	No. of subjects with events (%)	No. of subjects censored (%)	Median (95 % CI) (months) [a]	n	No. of subjects with events (%)	No. of subjects censored (%)	Median (95 % CI) (months) [a]	Hazard Ratio (95 % CI) [b]	Unstratified log-rank p-value [c]	P-value [d]	
Choice of Anthracycline											0.1919	
Daunorubicin	123	15 (12.2)	108 (87.8)	NE (NE, NE)	94	6 (6.4)	88 (93.6)	NE (NE, NE)	1.847 (0.716, 4.764)	0.1974		
Idarubicin	142	14 (9.9)	128 (90.1)	NE (NE, NE)	171	19 (11.1)	152 (88.9)	NE (NE, NE)	0.857 (0.430, 1.711)	0.6622		

N: number of subjects in analysis set; n: number of subjects in subgroup category; %: proportion of number of subjects in n; CI: confidence interval; NE: not estimable. PT: Preferred Term, SOC: System Organ Class.

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[b] Hazard ratio is from unstratified Cox proportional hazards model with treatment as the only categorical variable in the model. Confidence limits are based on the Wald test.

[c] Two-sided p-value from unstratified log-rank test.

[d] Two-sided interaction p-value is for the interaction term from unstratified Cox proportional hazards model with treatment, subgroup, and treatment-by-subgroup interaction as categorical variables in the model. The p-value is based on the Wald test.

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SOC: Gastrointestinal disorders; PT: Abdominal pain upper

		Quizartinib (N=265)				Placebo (N=268)				Quizartinib vs Placebo		Interaction
Subgroup	n	No. of subjects with events (%)	No. of subjects censored (%)	Median (95 % CI) (months) [a]	n	No. of subjects with events (%)	No. of subjects censored (%)	Median (95 % CI) (months) [a]	Hazard Ratio (95 % CI) [b]	Unstratified log-rank p-value [c]	P-value [d]	
AML Cytogenetic Risk Score											0.3756	
Favorable	13	0	13 (100)	NE (NE, NE)	19	0	19 (100)	NE (NE, NE)	NE (NE, NE)	NE		
Intermediate	195	23 (11.8)	172 (88.2)	NE (NE, NE)	190	14 (7.4)	176 (92.6)	NE (NE, NE)	1.505 (0.774, 2.928)	0.2241		
Unfavorable	19	1 (5.3)	18 (94.7)	NE (NE, NE)	27	5 (18.5)	22 (81.5)	NE (NE, NE)	0.312 (0.036, 2.667)	0.2602		
Unknown	38	5 (13.2)	33 (86.8)	NE (NE, NE)	31	6 (19.4)	25 (80.6)	NE (NE, NE)	0.741 (0.226, 2.433)	0.6201		

N: number of subjects in analysis set; n: number of subjects in subgroup category; %: proportion of number of subjects in n; CI: confidence interval; NE: not estimable. PT: Preferred Term, SOC: System Organ Class.

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SOC: Gastrointestinal disorders; PT: Abdominal pain upper

		Quizartinib (N=265)				Placebo (N=268)				Quizartinib vs Placebo		Interaction
Subgroup	n	No. of subjects with events (%)	No. of subjects censored (%)	Median (95 % CI) (months) [a]	n	No. of subjects with events (%)	No. of subjects censored (%)	Median (95 % CI) (months) [a]	Hazard Ratio (95 % CI) [b]	Unstratified log-rank p-value [c]	P-value [d]	
ECOG Performance Status at Baseline											0.8602	
0 - Fully Active	87	8 (9.2)	79 (90.8)	NE (NE, NE)	97	9 (9.3)	88 (90.7)	NE (NE, NE)	0.954 (0.368, 2.473)	0.9242		
1 - Restricted in Physically Strenuous Activity	133	12 (9.0)	121 (91.0)	NE (NE, NE)	134	9 (6.7)	125 (93.3)	NE (NE, NE)	1.312 (0.553, 3.116)	0.5365		
2 - Ambulatory and Capable of All Selfcare	45	9 (20.0)	36 (80.0)	NE (10.5, NE)	36	7 (19.4)	29 (80.6)	NE (NE, NE)	0.986 (0.365, 2.665)	0.9764		

N: number of subjects in analysis set; n: number of subjects in subgroup category; %: proportion of number of subjects in n; CI: confidence interval; NE: not estimable. PT: Preferred Term, SOC: System Organ Class.

[a] Median time to first event is from Kaplan-Meier estimate. Confidence Interval for median was computed using the Brookmeyer-Crowley method.

[b] Hazard ratio is from unstratified Cox proportional hazards model with treatment as the only categorical variable in the model. Confidence limits are based on the Wald test.

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[d] The p-value is based on the Wald test.

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Medizinischer Nutzen, medizinischer Zusatznutzen, Patientengruppen mit therap. bedeutsamem Zusatznutzen

Daiichi Sankyo | Data Intelligence – Evidence Generation | Final | AC220-A-U302 QUANTUM-First (DCO 13 Aug 2021) | Statistical analyses for AMNOG (HTA Germany)
 Table 3.11.2 Treatment-emergent adverse events by system organ class (SOC) and preferred term (PT) observed for ≥ 10 patients in at least one arm and ≥ 1% of the patients in at least one arm - Time-to-event analysis - subgroup analysis - DCO 13-Aug-2021 - Safety Analysis Set

SOC: Gastrointestinal disorders; PT: Abdominal pain upper

		Quizartinib (N=265)				Placebo (N=268)				Quizartinib vs Placebo		Interaction
Subgroup	n	No. of subjects with events (%)	No. of subjects censored (%)	Median (95 % CI) (months) [a]	n	No. of subjects with events (%)	No. of subjects censored (%)	Median (95 % CI) (months) [a]	Hazard Ratio (95 % CI) [b]	Unstratified log-rank p-value [c]	P-value [d]	
FLT3-ITD category at Baseline											0.3510	
≥3 to ≤25%	94	10 (10.6)	84 (89.4)	NE (NE, NE)	98	11 (11.2)	87 (88.8)	NE (NE, NE)	0.962 (0.409, 2.266)	0.9305		
>25% to ≤50%	141	14 (9.9)	127 (90.1)	NE (NE, NE)	136	13 (9.6)	123 (90.4)	NE (NE, NE)	1.007 (0.473, 2.143)	0.9849		
>50%	29	5 (17.2)	24 (82.8)	NE (NE, NE)	34	1 (2.9)	33 (97.1)	NE (NE, NE)	5.006 (0.582, 43.076)	0.1037		

N: number of subjects in analysis set; n: number of subjects in subgroup category; %: proportion of number of subjects in n; CI: confidence interval; NE: not estimable. PT: Preferred Term, SOC: System Organ Class.

[a] Median time to first event is from Kaplan-Meier estimate. Confidence Interval for median was computed using the Brookmeyer-Crowley method.

[b] Hazard ratio is from unstratified Cox proportional hazards model with treatment as the only categorical variable in the model. Confidence limits are based on the Wald test.

[c] Two-sided p-value from unstratified log-rank test.

[d] Two-sided interaction p-value is for the interaction term from unstratified Cox proportional hazards model with treatment, subgroup, and treatment-by-subgroup interaction as categorical variables in the model. The p-value is based on the Wald test.

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SOC: Gastrointestinal disorders; PT: Abdominal pain upper

		Quizartinib (N=265)				Placebo (N=268)				Quizartinib vs Placebo		Interaction
Subgroup	n	No. of subjects with events (%)	No. of subjects censored (%)	Median (95 % CI) (months) [a]	n	No. of subjects with events (%)	No. of subjects censored (%)	Median (95 % CI) (months) [a]	Hazard Ratio (95 % CI) [b]	Unstratified log-rank p-value [c]	P-value [d]	
AML with Mutated NPM1											0.5439	
Yes	139	17 (12.2)	122 (87.8)	NE (NE, NE)	137	12 (8.8)	125 (91.2)	NE (NE, NE)	1.371 (0.655, 2.874)	0.4014		
No	116	11 (9.5)	105 (90.5)	NE (NE, NE)	120	11 (9.2)	109 (90.8)	NE (NE, NE)	0.991 (0.430, 2.287)	0.9849		

N: number of subjects in analysis set; n: number of subjects in subgroup category; %: proportion of number of subjects in n; CI: confidence interval; NE: not estimable. PT: Preferred Term, SOC: System Organ Class.

[a] Median time to first event is from Kaplan-Meier estimate. Confidence Interval for median was computed using the Brookmeyer-Crowley method.

[b] Hazard ratio is from unstratified Cox proportional hazards model with treatment as the only categorical variable in the model. Confidence limits are based on the Wald test.

[c] Two-sided p-value from unstratified log-rank test.

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SOC: Gastrointestinal disorders; PT: Abdominal pain upper

		Quizartinib (N=265)				Placebo (N=268)				Quizartinib vs Placebo		Interaction
Subgroup	n	No. of subjects with events (%)	No. of subjects censored (%)	Median (95 % CI) (months) [a]	n	No. of subjects with events (%)	No. of subjects censored (%)	Median (95 % CI) (months) [a]	Hazard Ratio (95 % CI) [b]	Unstratified log-rank p-value [c]	P-value [d]	
Age by 2 categories											0.3959	
≤60	164	19 (11.6)	145 (88.4)	NE (NE, NE)	163	18 (11.0)	145 (89.0)	NE (NE, NE)	0.977 (0.512, 1.864)	0.9457		
>60	101	10 (9.9)	91 (90.1)	NE (NE, NE)	105	7 (6.7)	98 (93.3)	NE (NE, NE)	1.596 (0.607, 4.196)	0.3404		

N: number of subjects in analysis set; n: number of subjects in subgroup category; %: proportion of number of subjects in n; CI: confidence interval; NE: not estimable. PT: Preferred Term, SOC: System Organ Class.

[a] Median time to first event is from Kaplan-Meier estimate. Confidence Interval for median was computed using the Brookmeyer-Crowley method.

[b] Hazard ratio is from unstratified Cox proportional hazards model with treatment as the only categorical variable in the model. Confidence limits are based on the Wald test.

[c] Two-sided p-value from unstratified log-rank test.

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SOC: Gastrointestinal disorders; PT: Haemorrhoids

		Quizartinib (N=265)				Placebo (N=268)				Quizartinib vs Placebo		Interaction
Subgroup	n	No. of subjects with events (%)	No. of subjects censored (%)	Median (95 % CI) (months) [a]	n	No. of subjects with events (%)	No. of subjects censored (%)	Median (95 % CI) (months) [a]	Hazard Ratio (95 % CI) [b]	Unstratified log-rank p-value [c]	P-value [d]	
Pooled Age Group 2											0.5487	
<60	159	17 (10.7)	142 (89.3)	NE (NE, NE)	160	16 (10.0)	144 (90.0)	NE (NE, NE)	0.996 (0.502, 1.975)	0.9906		
≥60 - <65	37	2 (5.4)	35 (94.6)	NE (NE, NE)	43	1 (2.3)	42 (97.7)	NE (NE, NE)	2.061 (0.185, 22.973)	0.5482		
≥65	69	6 (8.7)	63 (91.3)	NE (NE, NE)	65	3 (4.6)	62 (95.4)	NE (NE, NE)	2.150 (0.536, 8.627)	0.2685		

N: number of subjects in analysis set; n: number of subjects in subgroup category; %: proportion of number of subjects in n; CI: confidence interval; NE: not estimable. PT: Preferred Term, SOC: System Organ Class.

[a] Median time to first event is from Kaplan-Meier estimate. Confidence Interval for median was computed using the Brookmeyer-Crowley method.

[b] Hazard ratio is from unstratified Cox proportional hazards model with treatment as the only categorical variable in the model. Confidence limits are based on the Wald test.

[c] Two-sided p-value from unstratified log-rank test.

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SOC: Gastrointestinal disorders; PT: Haemorrhoids

		Quizartinib (N=265)				Placebo (N=268)				Quizartinib vs Placebo		Interaction
Subgroup	n	No. of subjects with events (%)	No. of subjects censored (%)	Median (95 % CI) (months) [a]	n	No. of subjects with events (%)	No. of subjects censored (%)	Median (95 % CI) (months) [a]	Hazard Ratio (95 % CI) [b]	Unstratified log-rank p-value [c]	P-value [d]	
Sex											0.1716	
Male	124	8 (6.5)	116 (93.5)	NE (NE, NE)	120	10 (8.3)	110 (91.7)	NE (NE, NE)	0.750 (0.296, 1.902)	0.5426		
Female	141	17 (12.1)	124 (87.9)	NE (NE, NE)	148	10 (6.8)	138 (93.2)	NE (NE, NE)	1.745 (0.798, 3.815)	0.1577		

N: number of subjects in analysis set; n: number of subjects in subgroup category; %: proportion of number of subjects in n; CI: confidence interval; NE: not estimable. PT: Preferred Term, SOC: System Organ Class.

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SOC: Gastrointestinal disorders; PT: Haemorrhoids

		Quizartinib (N=265)				Placebo (N=268)				Quizartinib vs Placebo		Interaction
Subgroup	n	No. of subjects with events (%)	No. of subjects censored (%)	Median (95 % CI) (months) [a]	n	No. of subjects with events (%)	No. of subjects censored (%)	Median (95 % CI) (months) [a]	Hazard Ratio (95 % CI) [b]	Unstratified log-rank p-value [c]	P-value [d]	
Race by 2 categories											0.7184	
White	157	11 (7.0)	146 (93.0)	NE (NE, NE)	161	8 (5.0)	153 (95.0)	NE (NE, NE)	1.401 (0.563, 3.487)	0.4658		
Non-white	108	14 (13.0)	94 (87.0)	NE (NE, NE)	107	12 (11.2)	95 (88.8)	NE (NE, NE)	1.113 (0.515, 2.407)	0.7854		

N: number of subjects in analysis set; n: number of subjects in subgroup category; %: proportion of number of subjects in n; CI: confidence interval; NE: not estimable. PT: Preferred Term, SOC: System Organ Class.

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[c] Two-sided p-value from unstratified log-rank test.

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Subgroup	n	No. of subjects with events (%)	No. of subjects censored (%)	Median (95 % CI) (months) [a]	n	No. of subjects with events (%)	No. of subjects censored (%)	Median (95 % CI) (months) [a]	Hazard Ratio (95 % CI) [b]	Unstratified log-rank p-value [c]	P-value [d]	
Geographic Region 1											0.6662	
North America	16	1 (6.3)	15 (93.8)	NE (NE, NE)	18	0	18 (100)	NE (NE, NE)	NE (0.000, NE)	0.2888		
Europe	161	15 (9.3)	146 (90.7)	NE (NE, NE)	161	10 (6.2)	151 (93.8)	NE (NE, NE)	1.482 (0.665, 3.303)	0.3326		
Asia/Other Regions	88	9 (10.2)	79 (89.8)	NE (33.4, NE)	89	10 (11.2)	79 (88.8)	NE (NE, NE)	0.838 (0.340, 2.066)	0.7004		

N: number of subjects in analysis set; n: number of subjects in subgroup category; %: proportion of number of subjects in n; CI: confidence interval; NE: not estimable. PT: Preferred Term, SOC: System Organ Class.

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Subgroup	n	No. of subjects with events (%)	No. of subjects censored (%)	Median (95 % CI) (months) [a]	n	No. of subjects with events (%)	No. of subjects censored (%)	Median (95 % CI) (months) [a]	Hazard Ratio (95 % CI) [b]	Unstratified log-rank p-value [c]	P-value [d]	
WBC at initial diagnosis											0.1609	
< 40x10 ⁹ /L	132	13 (9.8)	119 (90.2)	NE (NE, NE)	133	7 (5.3)	126 (94.7)	NE (NE, NE)	2.005 (0.800, 5.027)	0.1300		
≥ 40x10 ⁹ /L	133	12 (9.0)	121 (91.0)	NE (NE, NE)	135	13 (9.6)	122 (90.4)	NE (NE, NE)	0.827 (0.376, 1.820)	0.6364		

N: number of subjects in analysis set; n: number of subjects in subgroup category; %: proportion of number of subjects in n; CI: confidence interval; NE: not estimable. PT: Preferred Term, SOC: System Organ Class.

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Subgroup	n	No. of subjects with events (%)	No. of subjects censored (%)	Median (95 % CI) (months) [a]	n	No. of subjects with events (%)	No. of subjects censored (%)	Median (95 % CI) (months) [a]	Hazard Ratio (95 % CI) [b]	Unstratified log-rank p-value [c]	P-value [d]	
Choice of Anthracycline											0.6275	
Daunorubicin	123	11 (8.9)	112 (91.1)	NE (NE, NE)	94	5 (5.3)	89 (94.7)	NE (NE, NE)	1.642 (0.570, 4.731)	0.3531		
Idarubicin	142	14 (9.9)	128 (90.1)	NE (NE, NE)	171	14 (8.2)	157 (91.8)	NE (NE, NE)	1.175 (0.560, 2.469)	0.6698		

N: number of subjects in analysis set; n: number of subjects in subgroup category; %: proportion of number of subjects in n; CI: confidence interval; NE: not estimable. PT: Preferred Term, SOC: System Organ Class.

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Subgroup	n	No. of subjects with events (%)	No. of subjects censored (%)	Median (95 % CI) (months) [a]	n	No. of subjects with events (%)	No. of subjects censored (%)	Median (95 % CI) (months) [a]	Hazard Ratio (95 % CI) [b]	Unstratified log-rank p-value [c]	P-value [d]	
AML Cytogenetic Risk Score											0.4992	
Favorable	13	3 (23.1)	10 (76.9)	NE (1.2, NE)	19	1 (5.3)	18 (94.7)	NE (NE, NE)	5.048 (0.523, 48.751)	0.1200		
Intermediate	195	18 (9.2)	177 (90.8)	NE (NE, NE)	190	14 (7.4)	176 (92.6)	NE (NE, NE)	1.173 (0.583, 2.362)	0.6531		
Unfavorable	19	1 (5.3)	18 (94.7)	NE (NE, NE)	27	2 (7.4)	25 (92.6)	NE (NE, NE)	0.722 (0.065, 7.962)	0.7892		
Unknown	38	3 (7.9)	35 (92.1)	NE (NE, NE)	31	3 (9.7)	28 (90.3)	NE (NE, NE)	0.938 (0.189, 4.657)	0.9380		

N: number of subjects in analysis set; n: number of subjects in subgroup category; %: proportion of number of subjects in n; CI: confidence interval; NE: not estimable. PT: Preferred Term, SOC: System Organ Class.

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[b] Hazard ratio is from unstratified Cox proportional hazards model with treatment as the only categorical variable in the model. Confidence limits are based on the Wald test.

[c] Two-sided p-value from unstratified log-rank test.

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Medizinischer Nutzen, medizinischer Zusatznutzen, Patientengruppen mit therap. bedeutsamem Zusatznutzen

Daichi Sankyo | Data Intelligence – Evidence Generation | Final | AC220-A-U302 QUANTUM-First (DCO 13 Aug 2021) | Statistical analyses for AMNOG (HTA Germany)
 Table 3.11.2 Treatment-emergent adverse events by system organ class (SOC) and preferred term (PT) observed for ≥ 10 patients in at least one arm and ≥ 1% of the patients in at least one arm - Time-to-event analysis - subgroup analysis - DCO 13-Aug-2021 - Safety Analysis Set

SOC: Gastrointestinal disorders; PT: Haemorrhoids

Subgroup	n	Quizartinib (N=265)				Placebo (N=268)				Quizartinib vs Placebo		Interaction
		No. of subjects with events (%)	No. of subjects censored (%)	Median (95 % CI) (months) [a]	n	No. of subjects with events (%)	No. of subjects censored (%)	Median (95 % CI) (months) [a]	n	Hazard Ratio (95 % CI) [b]	Unstratified log-rank p-value [c]	P-value [d]
ECOG Performance Status at Baseline											0.1497	
0 - Fully Active	87	6 (6.9)	81 (93.1)	NE (NE, NE)	97	7 (7.2)	90 (92.8)	NE (NE, NE)	97	0.930 (0.312, 2.768)	0.8955	
1 - Restricted in Physically Strenuous Activity	133	16 (12.0)	117 (88.0)	NE (NE, NE)	134	8 (6.0)	126 (94.0)	NE (NE, NE)	134	2.026 (0.867, 4.736)	0.0958	
2 - Ambulatory and Capable of All Selfcare	45	3 (6.7)	42 (93.3)	NE (33.4, NE)	36	5 (13.9)	31 (86.1)	NE (NE, NE)	36	0.301 (0.058, 1.553)	0.1283	

N: number of subjects in analysis set; n: number of subjects in subgroup category; %: proportion of number of subjects in n; CI: confidence interval; NE: not estimable. PT: Preferred Term, SOC: System Organ Class.

[a] Median time to first event is from Kaplan-Meier estimate. Confidence Interval for median was computed using the Brookmeyer-Crowley method.

[b] Hazard ratio is from unstratified Cox proportional hazards model with treatment as the only categorical variable in the model. Confidence limits are based on the Wald test.

[c] Two-sided p-value is for the interaction term from unstratified Cox proportional hazards model with treatment, subgroup, and treatment-by-subgroup interaction as categorical variables in the model.

[d] The p-value is based on the Wald test.

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SOC: Gastrointestinal disorders; PT: Haemorrhoids

		Quizartinib (N=265)					Placebo (N=268)					Quizartinib vs Placebo		Interaction
Subgroup	n	No. of subjects with events (%)	No. of subjects censored (%)	Median (95 % CI) (months) [a]	n	No. of subjects with events (%)	No. of subjects censored (%)	Median (95 % CI) (months) [a]	Hazard Ratio (95 % CI) [b]	Unstratified log-rank p-value [c]	p-	P-value [d]		
FLT3-ITD category at Baseline														0.3950
≥3 to ≤25%	94	5 (5.3)	89 (94.7)	NE (NE, NE)	98	5 (5.1)	93 (94.9)	NE (NE, NE)	1.064 (0.308, 3.676)	0.9218				
>25% to ≤50%	141	19 (13.5)	122 (86.5)	NE (NE, NE)	136	12 (8.8)	124 (91.2)	NE (NE, NE)	1.519 (0.737, 3.133)	0.2543				
>50%	29	1 (3.4)	28 (96.6)	NE (NE, NE)	34	3 (8.8)	31 (91.2)	NE (NE, NE)	0.368 (0.038, 3.538)	0.3669				

N: number of subjects in analysis set; n: number of subjects in subgroup category; %: proportion of number of subjects in n; CI: confidence interval; NE: not estimable. PT: Preferred Term, SOC: System Organ Class.

[a] Median time to first event is from Kaplan-Meier estimate. Confidence Interval for median was computed using the Brookmeyer-Crowley method.

[b] Hazard ratio is from unstratified Cox proportional hazards model with treatment as the only categorical variable in the model. Confidence limits are based on the Wald test.

[c] Two-sided p-value from unstratified log-rank test.

[d] Two-sided interaction p-value is for the interaction term from unstratified Cox proportional hazards model with treatment, subgroup, and treatment-by-subgroup interaction as categorical variables in the model. The p-value is based on the Wald test.

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SOC: Gastrointestinal disorders; PT: Haemorrhoids

		Quizartinib (N=265)				Placebo (N=268)				Quizartinib vs Placebo		Interaction
Subgroup	n	No. of subjects with events (%)	No. of subjects censored (%)	Median (95 % CI) (months) [a]	n	No. of subjects with events (%)	No. of subjects censored (%)	Median (95 % CI) (months) [a]	Hazard Ratio (95 % CI) [b]	Unstratified log-rank p-value [c]	P-value [d]	
AML with Mutated NPM1											0.3982	
Yes	139	15 (10.8)	124 (89.2)	NE (NE, NE)	137	14 (10.2)	123 (89.8)	NE (NE, NE)	1.018 (0.491, 2.112)	0.9604		
No	116	9 (7.8)	107 (92.2)	NE (NE, NE)	120	5 (4.2)	115 (95.8)	NE (NE, NE)	1.866 (0.625, 5.567)	0.2559		

N: number of subjects in analysis set; n: number of subjects in subgroup category; %: proportion of number of subjects in n; CI: confidence interval; NE: not estimable. PT: Preferred Term, SOC: System Organ Class.

[a] Median time to first event is from Kaplan-Meier estimate. Confidence Interval for median was computed using the Brookmeyer-Crowley method.

[b] Hazard ratio is from unstratified Cox proportional hazards model with treatment as the only categorical variable in the model. Confidence limits are based on the Wald test.

[c] Two-sided p-value from unstratified log-rank test.

[d] Two-sided interaction p-value is for the interaction term from unstratified Cox proportional hazards model with treatment, subgroup, and treatment-by-subgroup interaction as categorical variables in the model. The p-value is based on the Wald test.

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SOC: Gastrointestinal disorders; PT: Haemorrhoids

		Quizartinib (N=265)				Placebo (N=268)				Quizartinib vs Placebo		Interaction
Subgroup	n	No. of subjects with events (%)	No. of subjects censored (%)	Median (95 % CI) (months) [a]	n	No. of subjects with events (%)	No. of subjects censored (%)	Median (95 % CI) (months) [a]	Hazard Ratio (95 % CI) [b]	Unstratified log-rank p-value [c]	P-value [d]	
Age by 2 categories											0.2377	
≤60	164	17 (10.4)	147 (89.6)	NE (NE, NE)	163	16 (9.8)	147 (90.2)	NE (NE, NE)	0.978 (0.493, 1.939)	0.9483		
>60	101	8 (7.9)	93 (92.1)	NE (NE, NE)	105	4 (3.8)	101 (96.2)	NE (NE, NE)	2.219 (0.668, 7.371)	0.1819		

N: number of subjects in analysis set; n: number of subjects in subgroup category; %: proportion of number of subjects in n; CI: confidence interval; NE: not estimable. PT: Preferred Term, SOC: System Organ Class.

[a] Median time to first event is from Kaplan-Meier estimate. Confidence Interval for median was computed using the Brookmeyer-Crowley method.

[b] Hazard ratio is from unstratified Cox proportional hazards model with treatment as the only categorical variable in the model. Confidence limits are based on the Wald test.

[c] Two-sided p-value from unstratified log-rank test.

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SOC: Gastrointestinal disorders; PT: Gingival bleeding

		Quizartinib (N=265)				Placebo (N=268)				Quizartinib vs Placebo		Interaction
Subgroup	n	No. of subjects with events (%)	No. of subjects censored (%)	Median (95 % CI) (months) [a]	n	No. of subjects with events (%)	No. of subjects censored (%)	Median (95 % CI) (months) [a]	Hazard Ratio (95 % CI) [b]	Unstratified log-rank p-value [c]	P-value [d]	
Pooled Age Group 2											0.7753	
<60	159	7 (4.4)	152 (95.6)	NE (NE, NE)	160	10 (6.3)	150 (93.8)	NE (NE, NE)	0.689 (0.262, 1.810)	0.4466		
≥60 - <65	37	3 (8.1)	34 (91.9)	NE (NE, NE)	43	0	43 (100)	NE (NE, NE)	NE (0.000, NE)	0.0613		
≥65	69	4 (5.8)	65 (94.2)	NE (NE, NE)	65	3 (4.6)	62 (95.4)	NE (NE, NE)	1.304 (0.292, 5.825)	0.7278		

N: number of subjects in analysis set; n: number of subjects in subgroup category; %: proportion of number of subjects in n; CI: confidence interval; NE: not estimable. PT: Preferred Term, SOC: System Organ Class.

[a] Median time to first event is from Kaplan-Meier estimate. Confidence Interval for median was computed using the Brookmeyer-Crowley method.

[b] Hazard ratio is from unstratified Cox proportional hazards model with treatment as the only categorical variable in the model. Confidence limits are based on the Wald test.

[c] Two-sided p-value from unstratified log-rank test.

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SOC: Gastrointestinal disorders; PT: Gingival bleeding

		Quizartinib (N=265)				Placebo (N=268)				Quizartinib vs Placebo		Interaction
Subgroup	n	No. of subjects with events (%)	No. of subjects censored (%)	Median (95 % CI) (months) [a]	n	No. of subjects with events (%)	No. of subjects censored (%)	Median (95 % CI) (months) [a]	Hazard Ratio (95 % CI) [b]	Unstratified log-rank p-value [c]	P-value [d]	
Sex											0.7456	
Male	124	7 (5.6)	117 (94.4)	NE (NE, NE)	120	7 (5.8)	113 (94.2)	NE (NE, NE)	0.966 (0.339, 2.754)	0.9479		
Female	141	7 (5.0)	134 (95.0)	NE (NE, NE)	148	6 (4.1)	142 (95.9)	NE (NE, NE)	1.242 (0.417, 3.696)	0.6958		

N: number of subjects in analysis set; n: number of subjects in subgroup category; %: proportion of number of subjects in n; CI: confidence interval; NE: not estimable. PT: Preferred Term, SOC: System Organ Class.

[a] Median time to first event is from Kaplan-Meier estimate. Confidence Interval for median was computed using the Brookmeyer-Crowley method.

[b] Hazard ratio is from unstratified Cox proportional hazards model with treatment as the only categorical variable in the model. Confidence limits are based on the Wald test.

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Subgroup	n	No. of subjects with events (%)	No. of subjects censored (%)	Median (95 % CI) (months) [a]	n	No. of subjects with events (%)	No. of subjects censored (%)	Median (95 % CI) (months) [a]	Hazard Ratio (95 % CI) [b]	Unstratified log-rank p-value [c]	P-value [d]	
Race by 2 categories											0.5751	
White	157	6 (3.8)	151 (96.2)	NE (NE, NE)	161	7 (4.3)	154 (95.7)	NE (NE, NE)	0.872 (0.293, 2.595)	0.8049		
Non-white	108	8 (7.4)	100 (92.6)	NE (NE, NE)	107	6 (5.6)	101 (94.4)	NE (NE, NE)	1.349 (0.468, 3.888)	0.5778		

N: number of subjects in analysis set; n: number of subjects in subgroup category; %: proportion of number of subjects in n; CI: confidence interval; NE: not estimable. PT: Preferred Term, SOC: System Organ Class.

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SOC: Gastrointestinal disorders; PT: Gingival bleeding

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Subgroup	n	No. of subjects with events (%)	No. of subjects censored (%)	Median (95 % CI) (months) [a]	n	No. of subjects with events (%)	No. of subjects censored (%)	Median (95 % CI) (months) [a]	Hazard Ratio (95 % CI) [b]	Unstratified log-rank p-value [c]	P-value [d]	
Geographic Region 1											0.5069	
North America	16	2 (12.5)	14 (87.5)	NE (1.8, NE)	18	1 (5.6)	17 (94.4)	NE (NE, NE)	2.633 (0.237, 29.277)	0.4132		
Europe	161	6 (3.7)	155 (96.3)	NE (NE, NE)	161	8 (5.0)	153 (95.0)	NE (NE, NE)	0.730 (0.253, 2.104)	0.5582		
Asia/Other Regions	88	6 (6.8)	82 (93.2)	NE (NE, NE)	89	4 (4.5)	85 (95.5)	NE (NE, NE)	1.564 (0.441, 5.543)	0.4849		

N: number of subjects in analysis set; n: number of subjects in subgroup category; %: proportion of number of subjects in n; CI: confidence interval; NE: not estimable. PT: Preferred Term, SOC: System Organ Class.

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Subgroup	n	No. of subjects with events (%)	No. of subjects censored (%)	Median (95 % CI) (months) [a]	n	No. of subjects with events (%)	No. of subjects censored (%)	Median (95 % CI) (months) [a]	Hazard Ratio (95 % CI) [b]	Unstratified log-rank p-value [c]	P-value [d]	
WBC at initial diagnosis											0.3826	
< 40x10 ⁹ /L	132	4 (3.0)	128 (97.0)	NE (NE, NE)	133	6 (4.5)	127 (95.5)	NE (NE, NE)	0.710 (0.200, 2.517)	0.5940		
≥ 40x10 ⁹ /L	133	10 (7.5)	123 (92.5)	NE (NE, NE)	135	7 (5.2)	128 (94.8)	NE (NE, NE)	1.450 (0.552, 3.811)	0.4483		

N: number of subjects in analysis set; n: number of subjects in subgroup category; %: proportion of number of subjects in n; CI: confidence interval; NE: not estimable. PT: Preferred Term, SOC: System Organ Class.

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[c] Two-sided p-value from unstratified log-rank test.

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SOC: Gastrointestinal disorders; PT: Gingival bleeding

		Quizartinib (N=265)				Placebo (N=268)				Quizartinib vs Placebo		Interaction
Subgroup	n	No. of subjects with events (%)	No. of subjects censored (%)	Median (95 % CI) (months) [a]	n	No. of subjects with events (%)	No. of subjects censored (%)	Median (95 % CI) (months) [a]	Hazard Ratio (95 % CI) [b]	Unstratified log-rank p-value [c]	P-value [d]	
Choice of Anthracycline											0.0617	
Daunorubicin	123	9 (7.3)	114 (92.7)	NE (NE, NE)	94	2 (2.1)	92 (97.9)	NE (NE, NE)	3.538 (0.764, 16.376)	0.0843		
Idarubicin	142	5 (3.5)	137 (96.5)	NE (NE, NE)	171	10 (5.8)	161 (94.2)	NE (NE, NE)	0.599 (0.205, 1.752)	0.3441		

N: number of subjects in analysis set; n: number of subjects in subgroup category; %: proportion of number of subjects in n; CI: confidence interval; NE: not estimable. PT: Preferred Term, SOC: System Organ Class.

[a] Median time to first event is from Kaplan-Meier estimate. Confidence Interval for median was computed using the Brookmeyer-Crowley method.

[b] Hazard ratio is from unstratified Cox proportional hazards model with treatment as the only categorical variable in the model. Confidence limits are based on the Wald test.

[c] Two-sided p-value from unstratified log-rank test.

[d] Two-sided interaction p-value is for the interaction term from unstratified Cox proportional hazards model with treatment, subgroup, and treatment-by-subgroup interaction as categorical variables in the model. The p-value is based on the Wald test.

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Medizinischer Nutzen, medizinischer Zusatznutzen, Patientengruppen mit therap. bedeutsamem Zusatznutzen

Daichi Sankyo | Data Intelligence – Evidence Generation | Final | AC220-A-U302 QUANTUM-First (DCO 13 Aug 2021) | Statistical analyses for AMNOG (HTA Germany)
 Table 3.11.2 Treatment-emergent adverse events by system organ class (SOC) and preferred term (PT) observed for ≥ 10 patients in at least one arm and ≥ 1% of the patients in at least one arm - Time-to-event analysis - subgroup analysis - DCO 13-Aug-2021 - Safety Analysis Set

SOC: Gastrointestinal disorders; PT: Gingival bleeding

		Quizartinib (N=265)					Placebo (N=268)					Quizartinib vs Placebo		Interaction
Subgroup	n	No. of subjects with events (%)	No. of subjects censored (%)	Median (95 % CI) (months) [a]	n	No. of subjects with events (%)	No. of subjects censored (%)	Median (95 % CI) (months) [a]	n	Hazard Ratio (95 % CI) [b]	Unstratified log-rank p-value [c]	P-value [d]		
AML Cytogenetic Risk Score												0.7829		
Favorable	13	0	13 (100)	NE (NE, NE)	19	2 (10.5)	17 (89.5)	NE (NE, NE)	19	0.000 (0.000, NE)	0.3162			
Intermediate	195	9 (4.6)	186 (95.4)	NE (NE, NE)	190	4 (2.1)	186 (97.9)	NE (NE, NE)	190	2.207 (0.679, 7.166)	0.1763			
Unfavorable	19	2 (10.5)	17 (89.5)	NE (NE, NE)	27	3 (11.1)	24 (88.9)	NE (NE, NE)	27	1.037 (0.173, 6.213)	0.9775			
Unknown	38	3 (7.9)	35 (92.1)	NE (NE, NE)	31	3 (9.7)	28 (90.3)	NE (NE, NE)	31	0.839 (0.169, 4.158)	0.8294			

N: number of subjects in analysis set; n: number of subjects in subgroup category; %: proportion of number of subjects in n; CI: confidence interval; NE: not estimable. PT: Preferred Term, SOC: System Organ Class.

[a] Median time to first event is from Kaplan-Meier estimate. Confidence Interval for median was computed using the Brookmeyer-Crowley method.

[b] Hazard ratio is from unstratified Cox proportional hazards model with treatment as the only categorical variable in the model. Confidence limits are based on the Wald test.

[c] Two-sided p-value from unstratified log-rank test.

[d] Two-sided interaction p-value is for the interaction term from unstratified Cox proportional hazards model with treatment, subgroup, and treatment-by-subgroup interaction as categorical variables in the model. The p-value is based on the Wald test.

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SOC: Gastrointestinal disorders; PT: Gingival bleeding

Subgroup	n	Quizartinib (N=265)				Placebo (N=268)				Quizartinib vs Placebo		Interaction
		No. of subjects with events (%)	No. of subjects censored (%)	Median (95 % CI) (months) [a]	n	No. of subjects with events (%)	No. of subjects censored (%)	Median (95 % CI) (months) [a]	n	Hazard Ratio (95 % CI) [b]	Unstratified log-rank p-value [c]	P-value [d]
ECOG Performance Status at Baseline											0.2032	
0 - Fully Active	87	4 (4.6)	83 (95.4)	NE (NE, NE)	97	7 (7.2)	90 (92.8)	NE (NE, NE)	97	0.631 (0.185, 2.156)	0.4590	
1 - Restricted in Physically Strenuous Activity	133	8 (6.0)	125 (94.0)	NE (NE, NE)	134	3 (2.2)	131 (97.8)	NE (NE, NE)	134	2.697 (0.715, 10.168)	0.1270	
2 - Ambulatory and Capable of All Selfcare	45	2 (4.4)	43 (95.6)	NE (NE, NE)	36	3 (8.3)	33 (91.7)	NE (NE, NE)	36	0.541 (0.090, 3.240)	0.4949	

N: number of subjects in analysis set; n: number of subjects in subgroup category; %: proportion of number of subjects in n; CI: confidence interval; NE: not estimable. PT: Preferred Term, SOC: System Organ Class.

[a] Median time to first event is from Kaplan-Meier estimate. Confidence Interval for median was computed using the Brookmeyer-Crowley method.

[b] Hazard ratio is from unstratified Cox proportional hazards model with treatment as the only categorical variable in the model. Confidence limits are based on the Wald test.

[c] Two-sided p-value from unstratified log-rank test.

[d] Two-sided interaction p-value is for the interaction term from unstratified Cox proportional hazards model with treatment, subgroup, and treatment-by-subgroup interaction as categorical variables in the model. The p-value is based on the Wald test.

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SOC: Gastrointestinal disorders; PT: Gingival bleeding

		Quizartinib (N=265)				Placebo (N=268)				Quizartinib vs Placebo		Interaction
Subgroup	n	No. of subjects with events (%)	No. of subjects censored (%)	Median (95 % CI) (months) [a]	n	No. of subjects with events (%)	No. of subjects censored (%)	Median (95 % CI) (months) [a]	Hazard Ratio (95 % CI) [b]	Unstratified log-rank p-value [c]	P-value [d]	
FLT3-ITD category at Baseline											0.6922	
≥3 to ≤25%	94	5 (5.3)	89 (94.7)	NE (NE, NE)	98	4 (4.1)	94 (95.9)	NE (NE, NE)	1.353 (0.363, 5.039)	0.6508		
>25% to ≤50%	141	6 (4.3)	135 (95.7)	NE (NE, NE)	136	9 (6.6)	127 (93.4)	NE (NE, NE)	0.644 (0.229, 1.811)	0.4007		
>50%	29	3 (10.3)	26 (89.7)	NE (NE, NE)	34	0	34 (100)	NE (NE, NE)	NE (0.000, NE)	0.0830		

N: number of subjects in analysis set; n: number of subjects in subgroup category; %: proportion of number of subjects in n; CI: confidence interval; NE: not estimable. PT: Preferred Term, SOC: System Organ Class.

[a] Median time to first event is from Kaplan-Meier estimate. Confidence Interval for median was computed using the Brookmeyer-Crowley method.

[b] Hazard ratio is from unstratified Cox proportional hazards model with treatment as the only categorical variable in the model. Confidence limits are based on the Wald test.

[c] Two-sided p-value from unstratified log-rank test.

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SOC: Gastrointestinal disorders; PT: Gingival bleeding

		Quizartinib (N=265)				Placebo (N=268)				Quizartinib vs Placebo		Interaction
Subgroup	n	No. of subjects with events (%)	No. of subjects censored (%)	Median (95 % CI) (months) [a]	n	No. of subjects with events (%)	No. of subjects censored (%)	Median (95 % CI) (months) [a]	Hazard Ratio (95 % CI) [b]	Unstratified log-rank p-value [c]	P-value [d]	
AML with Mutated NPM1											0.3217	
Yes	139	9 (6.5)	130 (93.5)	NE (NE, NE)	137	6 (4.4)	131 (95.6)	NE (NE, NE)	1.529 (0.544, 4.296)	0.4167		
No	116	4 (3.4)	112 (96.6)	NE (NE, NE)	120	6 (5.0)	114 (95.0)	NE (NE, NE)	0.670 (0.189, 2.376)	0.5328		

N: number of subjects in analysis set; n: number of subjects in subgroup category; %: proportion of number of subjects in n; CI: confidence interval; NE: not estimable. PT: Preferred Term, SOC: System Organ Class.

[a] Median time to first event is from Kaplan-Meier estimate. Confidence Interval for median was computed using the Brookmeyer-Crowley method.

[b] Hazard ratio is from unstratified Cox proportional hazards model with treatment as the only categorical variable in the model. Confidence limits are based on the Wald test.

[c] Two-sided p-value from unstratified log-rank test.

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SOC: Gastrointestinal disorders; PT: Gingival bleeding

		Quizartinib (N=265)				Placebo (N=268)				Quizartinib vs Placebo		Interaction
Subgroup	n	No. of subjects with events (%)	No. of subjects censored (%)	Median (95 % CI) (months) [a]	n	No. of subjects with events (%)	No. of subjects censored (%)	Median (95 % CI) (months) [a]	Hazard Ratio (95 % CI) [b]	Unstratified log-rank p-value [c]	P-value [d]	
Age by 2 categories											0.1211	
≤60	164	7 (4.3)	157 (95.7)	NE (NE, NE)	163	10 (6.1)	153 (93.9)	NE (NE, NE)	0.678 (0.258, 1.781)	0.4270		
>60	101	7 (6.9)	94 (93.1)	NE (NE, NE)	105	3 (2.9)	102 (97.1)	NE (NE, NE)	2.556 (0.661, 9.885)	0.1583		

N: number of subjects in analysis set; n: number of subjects in subgroup category; %: proportion of number of subjects in n; CI: confidence interval; NE: not estimable. PT: Preferred Term, SOC: System Organ Class.

[a] Median time to first event is from Kaplan-Meier estimate. Confidence Interval for median was computed using the Brookmeyer-Crowley method.

[b] Hazard ratio is from unstratified Cox proportional hazards model with treatment as the only categorical variable in the model. Confidence limits are based on the Wald test.

[c] Two-sided p-value from unstratified log-rank test.

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SOC: Gastrointestinal disorders; PT: Gastroesophageal reflux disease

		Quizartinib (N=265)				Placebo (N=268)				Quizartinib vs Placebo		Interaction
Subgroup	n	No. of subjects with events (%)	No. of subjects censored (%)	Median (95 % CI) (months) [a]	n	No. of subjects with events (%)	No. of subjects censored (%)	Median (95 % CI) (months) [a]	Hazard Ratio (95 % CI) [b]	Unstratified log-rank p-value [c]	P-value [d]	
Pooled Age Group 2											0.9775	
<60	159	10 (6.3)	149 (93.7)	NE (NE, NE)	160	3 (1.9)	157 (98.1)	NE (NE, NE)	2.779 (0.762, 10.140)	0.1064		
≥60 - <65	37	1 (2.7)	36 (97.3)	NE (NE, NE)	43	0	43 (100)	NE (NE, NE)	NE (0.000, NE)	0.2791		
≥65	69	2 (2.9)	67 (97.1)	NE (NE, NE)	65	1 (1.5)	64 (98.5)	NE (NE, NE)	2.248 (0.203, 24.926)	0.4977		

N: number of subjects in analysis set; n: number of subjects in subgroup category; %: proportion of number of subjects in n; CI: confidence interval; NE: not estimable. PT: Preferred Term, SOC: System Organ Class.

[a] Median time to first event is from Kaplan-Meier estimate. Confidence Interval for median was computed using the Brookmeyer-Crowley method.

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Subgroup	n	Quizartinib (N=265)				Placebo (N=268)				Quizartinib vs Placebo		Interaction
		No. of subjects with events (%)	No. of subjects censored (%)	Median (95 % CI) (months) [a]	n	No. of subjects with events (%)	No. of subjects censored (%)	Median (95 % CI) (months) [a]	n	Hazard Ratio (95 % CI) [b]	Unstratified log-rank p-value [c]	P-value [d]
Sex												0.9917
Male	124	7 (5.6)	117 (94.4)	NE (NE, NE)	120	2 (1.7)	118 (98.3)	NE (NE, NE)	120	2.967 (0.613, 14.362)	0.1566	
Female	141	6 (4.3)	135 (95.7)	NE (NE, NE)	148	2 (1.4)	146 (98.6)	NE (NE, NE)	148	2.880 (0.580, 14.289)	0.1755	

N: number of subjects in analysis set; n: number of subjects in subgroup category; %: proportion of number of subjects in n; CI: confidence interval; NE: not estimable. PT: Preferred Term, SOC: System Organ Class.

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Subgroup	n	No. of subjects with events (%)	No. of subjects censored (%)	Median (95 % CI) (months) [a]	n	No. of subjects with events (%)	No. of subjects censored (%)	Median (95 % CI) (months) [a]	Hazard Ratio (95 % CI) [b]	Unstratified log-rank p-value [c]	P-value [d]	
Race by 2 categories											0.4744	
White	157	4 (2.5)	153 (97.5)	NE (NE, NE)	161	2 (1.2)	159 (98.8)	NE (NE, NE)	1.868 (0.340, 10.267)	0.4650		
Non-white	108	9 (8.3)	99 (91.7)	NE (NE, NE)	107	2 (1.9)	105 (98.1)	NE (NE, NE)	4.145 (0.895, 19.203)	0.0484		

N: number of subjects in analysis set; n: number of subjects in subgroup category; %: proportion of number of subjects in n; CI: confidence interval; NE: not estimable. PT: Preferred Term, SOC: System Organ Class.

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SOC: Gastrointestinal disorders; PT: Gastroesophageal reflux disease

		Quizartinib (N=265)					Placebo (N=268)					Quizartinib vs Placebo		Interaction
Subgroup	n	No. of subjects with events (%)	No. of subjects censored (%)	Median (95 % CI) (months) [a]	n	No. of subjects with events (%)	No. of subjects censored (%)	Median (95 % CI) (months) [a]	Hazard Ratio (95 % CI) [b]	Unstratified log-rank p-value [c]	P-value [d]			
Geographic Region 1													0.8978	
North America	16	3 (18.8)	13 (81.3)	NE (NE, NE) (17.4, NE)	18	2 (11.1)	16 (88.9)	NE (NE, NE)	1.799 (0.300, 10.775)	0.5142				
Europe	161	2 (1.2)	159 (98.8)	NE (NE, NE)	161	0	161 (100)	NE (NE, NE)	NE (0.000, NE)	0.2445				
Asia/Other Regions	88	8 (9.1)	80 (90.9)	NE (NE, NE)	89	2 (2.2)	87 (97.8)	NE (NE, NE)	3.711 (0.786, 17.513)	0.0757				

N: number of subjects in analysis set; n: number of subjects in subgroup category; %: proportion of number of subjects in n; CI: confidence interval; NE: not estimable. PT: Preferred Term, SOC: System Organ Class.

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Subgroup	n	Quizartinib (N=265)				Placebo (N=268)				Quizartinib vs Placebo		Interaction
		No. of subjects with events (%)	No. of subjects censored (%)	Median (95 % CI) (months) [a]	n	No. of subjects with events (%)	No. of subjects censored (%)	Median (95 % CI) (months) [a]	n	Hazard Ratio (95 % CI) [b]	Unstratified log-rank p-value [c]	P-value [d]
WBC at initial diagnosis											0.7077	
< 40x10 ⁹ /L	132	4 (3.0)	128 (97.0)	NE (NE, NE)	133	1 (0.8)	132 (99.2)	NE (NE, NE)	133	4.215 (0.471, 37.731)	0.1614	
≥ 40x10 ⁹ /L	133	9 (6.8)	124 (93.2)	NE (NE, NE)	135	3 (2.2)	132 (97.8)	NE (NE, NE)	135	2.503 (0.673, 9.309)	0.1571	

N: number of subjects in analysis set; n: number of subjects in subgroup category; %: proportion of number of subjects in n; CI: confidence interval; NE: not estimable. PT: Preferred Term, SOC: System Organ Class.

[a] Median time to first event is from Kaplan-Meier estimate. Confidence Interval for median was computed using the Brookmeyer-Crowley method.

[b] Hazard ratio is from unstratified Cox proportional hazards model with treatment as the only categorical variable in the model. Confidence limits are based on the Wald test.

[c] Two-sided p-value from unstratified log-rank test.

[d] Two-sided interaction p-value is for the interaction term from unstratified Cox proportional hazards model with treatment, subgroup, and treatment-by-subgroup interaction as categorical variables in the model. The p-value is based on the Wald test.

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Medizinischer Nutzen, medizinischer Zusatznutzen, Patientengruppen mit therap. bedeutsamem Zusatznutzen

Daiichi Sankyo | Data Intelligence – Evidence Generation | Final | AC220-A-U302 QUANTUM-First (DCO 13 Aug 2021) | Statistical analyses for AMNOG (HTA Germany)
 Table 3.11.2 Treatment-emergent adverse events by system organ class (SOC) and preferred term (PT) observed for ≥ 10 patients in at least one arm and ≥ 1% of the patients in at least one arm - Time-to-event analysis - subgroup analysis - DCO 13-Aug-2021 - Safety Analysis Set

SOC: Gastrointestinal disorders; PT: Gastroesophageal reflux disease

		Quizartinib (N=265)				Placebo (N=268)				Quizartinib vs Placebo		Interaction
Subgroup	n	No. of subjects with events (%)	No. of subjects censored (%)	Median (95 % CI) (months) [a]	n	No. of subjects with events (%)	No. of subjects censored (%)	Median (95 % CI) (months) [a]	Hazard Ratio (95 % CI) [b]	Unstratified log-rank p-value [c]	P-value [d]	
Choice of Anthracycline											0.9289	
Daunorubicin	123	5 (4.1)	118 (95.9)	NE (NE, NE)	94	1 (1.1)	93 (98.9)	NE (NE, NE)	3.133 (0.365, 26.918)	0.2724		
Idarubicin	142	8 (5.6)	134 (94.4)	NE (NE, NE)	171	3 (1.8)	168 (98.2)	NE (NE, NE)	3.013 (0.798, 11.379)	0.0875		

N: number of subjects in analysis set; n: number of subjects in subgroup category; %: proportion of number of subjects in n; CI: confidence interval; NE: not estimable. PT: Preferred Term, SOC: System Organ Class.

[a] Median time to first event is from Kaplan-Meier estimate. Confidence Interval for median was computed using the Brookmeyer-Crowley method.

[b] Hazard ratio is from unstratified Cox proportional hazards model with treatment as the only categorical variable in the model. Confidence limits are based on the Wald test.

[c] Two-sided p-value from unstratified log-rank test.

[d] Two-sided interaction p-value is for the interaction term from unstratified Cox proportional hazards model with treatment, subgroup, and treatment-by-subgroup interaction as categorical variables in the model. The p-value is based on the Wald test.

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SOC: Gastrointestinal disorders; PT: Gastrooesophageal reflux disease

		Quizartinib (N=265)				Placebo (N=268)				Quizartinib vs Placebo		Interaction
Subgroup	n	No. of subjects with events (%)	No. of subjects censored (%)	Median (95 % CI) (months) [a]	n	No. of subjects with events (%)	No. of subjects censored (%)	Median (95 % CI) (months) [a]	Hazard Ratio (95 % CI) [b]	Unstratified log-rank p-value [c]	P-value [d]	
AML Cytogenetic Risk Score											0.6866	
Favorable	13	0	13 (100)	NE (NE, NE)	19	1 (5.3)	18 (94.7)	NE (NE, NE)	0.000 (0.000, NE)	0.4142		
Intermediate	195	12 (6.2)	183 (93.8)	NE (NE, NE)	190	2 (1.1)	188 (98.9)	NE (NE, NE)	5.271 (1.178, 23.587)	0.0151		
Unfavorable	19	0	19 (100)	NE (NE, NE)	27	0	27 (100)	NE (NE, NE)	NE (NE, NE)	NE		
Unknown	38	1 (2.6)	37 (97.4)	NE (NE, NE)	31	1 (3.2)	30 (96.8)	NE (16.6, NE)	0.677 (0.042, 10.863)	0.7816		

N: number of subjects in analysis set; n: number of subjects in subgroup category; %: proportion of number of subjects in n; CI: confidence interval; NE: not estimable. PT: Preferred Term, SOC: System Organ Class.

[a] Median time to first event is from Kaplan-Meier estimate. Confidence Interval for median was computed using the Brookmeyer-Crowley method.

[b] Hazard ratio is from unstratified Cox proportional hazards model with treatment as the only categorical variable in the model. Confidence limits are based on the Wald test.

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SOC: Gastrointestinal disorders; PT: Gastroesophageal reflux disease

		Quizartinib (N=265)					Placebo (N=268)					Quizartinib vs Placebo		Interaction
Subgroup	n	No. of subjects with events (%)	No. of subjects censored (%)	Median (95 % CI) (months) [a]	n	No. of subjects with events (%)	No. of subjects censored (%)	Median (95 % CI) (months) [a]	Hazard Ratio (95 % CI) [b]	Unstratified log-rank p-value [c]	P-value [d]			
ECOG Performance Status at Baseline												0.6685		
0 - Fully Active	87	5 (5.7)	82 (94.3)	NE (NE, NE)	97	1 (1.0)	96 (99.0)	NE (NE, NE)	4.691 (0.547, 40.208)	0.1201				
1 - Restricted in Physically Strenuous Activity	133	5 (3.8)	128 (96.2)	NE (NE, NE)	134	3 (2.2)	131 (97.8)	NE (NE, NE)	1.558 (0.372, 6.532)	0.5408				
2 - Ambulatory and Capable of All Selfcare	45	3 (6.7)	42 (93.3)	NE (NE, NE)	36	0	36 (100)	NE (NE, NE)	NE (0.000, NE)	0.1109				

N: number of subjects in analysis set; n: number of subjects in subgroup category; %: proportion of number of subjects in n; CI: confidence interval; NE: not estimable. PT: Preferred Term, SOC: System Organ Class.

[a] Median time to first event is from Kaplan-Meier estimate. Confidence Interval for median was computed using the Brookmeyer-Crowley method.

[b] Hazard ratio is from unstratified Cox proportional hazards model with treatment as the only categorical variable in the model. Confidence limits are based on the Wald test.

[c] Two-sided p-value from unstratified log-rank test.

[d] Two-sided interaction p-value is for the interaction term from unstratified Cox proportional hazards model with treatment, subgroup, and treatment-by-subgroup interaction as categorical variables in the model. The p-value is based on the Wald test.

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SOC: Gastrointestinal disorders; PT: Gastroesophageal reflux disease

		Quizartinib (N=265)				Placebo (N=268)				Quizartinib vs Placebo		Interaction
Subgroup	n	No. of subjects with events (%)	No. of subjects censored (%)	Median (95 % CI) (months) [a]	n	No. of subjects with events (%)	No. of subjects censored (%)	Median (95 % CI) (months) [a]	Hazard Ratio (95 % CI) [b]	Unstratified log-rank p-value [c]	P-value [d]	
FLT3-ITD category at Baseline											0.8261	
≥3 to ≤25%	94	4 (4.3)	90 (95.7)	NE (NE, NE)	98	2 (2.0)	96 (98.0)	NE (NE, NE)	1.946 (0.356, 10.647)	0.4342		
>25% to ≤50%	141	9 (6.4)	132 (93.6)	NE (NE, NE)	136	2 (1.5)	134 (98.5)	NE (NE, NE)	4.099 (0.885, 18.998)	0.0505		
>50%	29	0	29 (100)	NE (NE, NE)	34	0	34 (100)	NE (NE, NE)	NE (NE, NE)	NE		

N: number of subjects in analysis set; n: number of subjects in subgroup category; %: proportion of number of subjects in n; CI: confidence interval; NE: not estimable. PT: Preferred Term, SOC: System Organ Class.

[a] Median time to first event is from Kaplan-Meier estimate. Confidence Interval for median was computed using the Brookmeyer-Crowley method.

[b] Hazard ratio is from unstratified Cox proportional hazards model with treatment as the only categorical variable in the model. Confidence limits are based on the Wald test.

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SOC: Gastrointestinal disorders; PT: Gastroesophageal reflux disease

Subgroup	n	Quizartinib (N=265)				Placebo (N=268)				Quizartinib vs Placebo		Interaction
		No. of subjects with events (%)	No. of subjects censored (%)	Median (95 % CI) (months) [a]	n	No. of subjects with events (%)	No. of subjects censored (%)	Median (95 % CI) (months) [a]	n	Hazard Ratio (95 % CI) [b]	Unstratified log-rank p-value [c]	P-value [d]
AML with Mutated NPM1											0.9309	
Yes	139	7 (5.0)	132 (95.0)	NE (NE, NE)	137	2 (1.5)	135 (98.5)	NE (NE, NE)	137	3.277 (0.679, 15.814)	0.1177	
No	116	6 (5.2)	110 (94.8)	NE (NE, NE)	120	2 (1.7)	118 (98.3)	NE (NE, NE)	120	2.733 (0.550, 13.567)	0.1999	

N: number of subjects in analysis set; n: number of subjects in subgroup category; %: proportion of number of subjects in n; CI: confidence interval; NE: not estimable. PT: Preferred Term, SOC: System Organ Class.

[a] Median time to first event is from Kaplan-Meier estimate. Confidence Interval for median was computed using the Brookmeyer-Crowley method.

[b] Hazard ratio is from unstratified Cox proportional hazards model with treatment as the only categorical variable in the model. Confidence limits are based on the Wald test.

[c] Two-sided p-value from unstratified log-rank test.

[d] Two-sided interaction p-value is for the interaction term from unstratified Cox proportional hazards model with treatment, subgroup, and treatment-by-subgroup interaction as categorical variables in the model. The p-value is based on the Wald test.

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SOC: Gastrointestinal disorders; PT: Gastrooesophageal reflux disease

Subgroup	n	Quizartinib (N=265)				Placebo (N=268)				Quizartinib vs Placebo		Interaction
		No. of subjects with events (%)	No. of subjects censored (%)	Median (95 % CI) (months) [a]	n	No. of subjects with events (%)	No. of subjects censored (%)	Median (95 % CI) (months) [a]	n	Hazard Ratio (95 % CI) [b]	Unstratified log-rank p-value [c]	P-value [d]
Age by 2 categories											0.9266	
≤60	164	10 (6.1)	154 (93.9)	NE (NE, NE)	163	3 (1.8)	160 (98.2)	NE (NE, NE)	163	2.736 (0.750, 9.984)	0.1124	
>60	101	3 (3.0)	98 (97.0)	NE (NE, NE)	105	1 (1.0)	104 (99.0)	NE (NE, NE)	105	3.352 (0.349, 32.234)	0.2666	

N: number of subjects in analysis set; n: number of subjects in subgroup category; %: proportion of number of subjects in n; CI: confidence interval; NE: not estimable. PT: Preferred Term, SOC: System Organ Class.

[a] Median time to first event is from Kaplan-Meier estimate. Confidence Interval for median was computed using the Brookmeyer-Crowley method.

[b] Hazard ratio is from unstratified Cox proportional hazards model with treatment as the only categorical variable in the model. Confidence limits are based on the Wald test.

[c] Two-sided p-value from unstratified log-rank test.

[d] Two-sided interaction p-value is for the interaction term from unstratified Cox proportional hazards model with treatment, subgroup, and treatment-by-subgroup interaction as categorical variables in the model. The p-value is based on the Wald test.

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SOC: Gastrointestinal disorders; PT: Proctalgia

Subgroup	n	Quizartinib (N=265)				Placebo (N=268)				Quizartinib vs Placebo		Interaction
		No. of subjects with events (%)	No. of subjects censored (%)	Median (95 % CI) (months) [a]	n	No. of subjects with events (%)	No. of subjects censored (%)	Median (95 % CI) (months) [a]	n	Hazard Ratio (95 % CI) [b]	Unstratified log-rank p-value [c]	P-value [d]
Pooled Age Group 2											0.9999	
<60	159	10 (6.3)	149 (93.7)	NE (NE, NE)	160	6 (3.8)	154 (96.3)	NE (NE, NE)	160	1.653 (0.601, 4.550)	0.3253	
≥60 - <65	37	0	37 (100)	NE (NE, NE)	43	1 (2.3)	42 (97.7)	NE (NE, NE)	43	0.000 (0.000, NE)	0.3602	
≥65	69	0	69 (100)	NE (NE, NE)	65	1 (1.5)	64 (98.5)	NE (NE, NE)	65	0.000 (0.000, NE)	0.3336	

N: number of subjects in analysis set; n: number of subjects in subgroup category; %: proportion of number of subjects in n; CI: confidence interval; NE: not estimable. PT: Preferred Term, SOC: System Organ Class.

[a] Median time to first event is from Kaplan-Meier estimate. Confidence Interval for median was computed using the Brookmeyer-Crowley method.

[b] Hazard ratio is from unstratified Cox proportional hazards model with treatment as the only categorical variable in the model. Confidence limits are based on the Wald test.

[c] Two-sided p-value from unstratified log-rank test.

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		Quizartinib (N=265)				Placebo (N=268)				Quizartinib vs Placebo		Interaction
Subgroup	n	No. of subjects with events (%)	No. of subjects censored (%)	Median (95 % CI) (months) [a]	n	No. of subjects with events (%)	No. of subjects censored (%)	Median (95 % CI) (months) [a]	Hazard Ratio (95 % CI) [b]	Unstratified log-rank p-value [c]	P-value [d]	
Sex											0.4405	
Male	124	6 (4.8)	118 (95.2)	NE (NE, NE)	120	6 (5.0)	114 (95.0)	NE (NE, NE)	0.951 (0.307, 2.952)	0.9323		
Female	141	4 (2.8)	137 (97.2)	NE (NE, NE)	148	2 (1.4)	146 (98.6)	NE (NE, NE)	2.116 (0.388, 11.555)	0.3756		

N: number of subjects in analysis set; n: number of subjects in subgroup category; %: proportion of number of subjects in n; CI: confidence interval; NE: not estimable. PT: Preferred Term, SOC: System Organ Class.

[a] Median time to first event is from Kaplan-Meier estimate. Confidence Interval for median was computed using the Brookmeyer-Crowley method.

[b] Hazard ratio is from unstratified Cox proportional hazards model with treatment as the only categorical variable in the model. Confidence limits are based on the Wald test.

[c] Two-sided p-value from unstratified log-rank test.

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SOC: Gastrointestinal disorders; PT: Proctalgia

		Quizartinib (N=265)				Placebo (N=268)				Quizartinib vs Placebo		Interaction
Subgroup	n	No. of subjects with events (%)	No. of subjects censored (%)	Median (95 % CI) (months) [a]	n	No. of subjects with events (%)	No. of subjects censored (%)	Median (95 % CI) (months) [a]	Hazard Ratio (95 % CI) [b]	Unstratified log-rank p-value [c]	P-value [d]	
Race by 2 categories											0.0853	
White	157	1 (0.6)	156 (99.4)	NE (NE, NE)	161	4 (2.5)	157 (97.5)	NE (NE, NE)	0.260 (0.029, 2.323)	0.1938		
Non-white	108	9 (8.3)	99 (91.7)	NE (NE, NE)	107	4 (3.7)	103 (96.3)	NE (NE, NE)	2.266 (0.698, 7.358)	0.1614		

N: number of subjects in analysis set; n: number of subjects in subgroup category; %: proportion of number of subjects in n; CI: confidence interval; NE: not estimable. PT: Preferred Term, SOC: System Organ Class.

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[c] Two-sided p-value from unstratified log-rank test.

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SOC: Gastrointestinal disorders; PT: Proctalgia

		Quizartinib (N=265)				Placebo (N=268)				Quizartinib vs Placebo		Interaction
Subgroup	n	No. of subjects with events (%)	No. of subjects censored (%)	Median (95 % CI) (months) [a]	n	No. of subjects with events (%)	No. of subjects censored (%)	Median (95 % CI) (months) [a]	Hazard Ratio (95 % CI) [b]	Unstratified log-rank p-value [c]	P-value [d]	
Geographic Region 1											0.3767	
North America	16	1 (6.3)	15 (93.8)	NE (NE, NE)	18	1 (5.6)	17 (94.4)	NE (NE, NE)	1.093 (0.068, 17.486)	0.9497		
Europe	161	1 (0.6)	160 (99.4)	NE (NE, NE)	161	3 (1.9)	158 (98.1)	NE (NE, NE)	0.335 (0.035, 3.225)	0.3204		
Asia/Other Regions	88	8 (9.1)	80 (90.9)	NE (NE, NE)	89	4 (4.5)	85 (95.5)	NE (NE, NE)	2.029 (0.611, 6.741)	0.2378		

N: number of subjects in analysis set; n: number of subjects in subgroup category; %: proportion of number of subjects in n; CI: confidence interval; NE: not estimable. PT: Preferred Term, SOC: System Organ Class.

[a] Median time to first event is from Kaplan-Meier estimate. Confidence Interval for median was computed using the Brookmeyer-Crowley method.

[b] Hazard ratio is from unstratified Cox proportional hazards model with treatment as the only categorical variable in the model. Confidence limits are based on the Wald test.

[c] Two-sided p-value from unstratified log-rank test.

[d] Two-sided interaction p-value is for the interaction term from unstratified Cox proportional hazards model with treatment, subgroup, and treatment-by-subgroup interaction as categorical variables in the model. The p-value is based on the Wald test.

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Run date: 21JUL2023 – 22:02; Program name: DE_T_3_11_2.sas; Output name: DE_T_3_11_2_TEAESOCPT_SUB_SAS.rtf

Medizinischer Nutzen, medizinischer Zusatznutzen, Patientengruppen mit therap. bedeutsamem Zusatznutzen

Daiichi Sankyo | Data Intelligence – Evidence Generation | Final | AC220-A-U302 QUANTUM-First (DCO 13 Aug 2021) | Statistical analyses for AMNOG (HTA Germany)
 Table 3.11.2 Treatment-emergent adverse events by system organ class (SOC) and preferred term (PT) observed for ≥ 10 patients in at least one arm and ≥ 1% of the patients in at least one arm - Time-to-event analysis - subgroup analysis - DCO 13-Aug-2021 - Safety Analysis Set

SOC: Gastrointestinal disorders; PT: Proctalgia

		Quizartinib (N=265)				Placebo (N=268)				Quizartinib vs Placebo		Interaction
Subgroup	n	No. of subjects with events (%)	No. of subjects censored (%)	Median (95 % CI) (months) [a]	n	No. of subjects with events (%)	No. of subjects censored (%)	Median (95 % CI) (months) [a]	Hazard Ratio (95 % CI) [b]	Unstratified log-rank p-value [c]	P-value [d]	
WBC at initial diagnosis											0.0966	
< 40x10 ⁹ /L	132	5 (3.8)	127 (96.2)	NE (NE, NE)	133	1 (0.8)	132 (99.2)	NE (NE, NE)	5.338 (0.624, 45.704)	0.0863		
≥ 40x10 ⁹ /L	133	5 (3.8)	128 (96.2)	NE (NE, NE)	135	7 (5.2)	128 (94.8)	NE (NE, NE)	0.666 (0.211, 2.103)	0.4862		

N: number of subjects in analysis set; n: number of subjects in subgroup category; %: proportion of number of subjects in n; CI: confidence interval; NE: not estimable. PT: Preferred Term, SOC: System Organ Class.

[a] Median time to first event is from Kaplan-Meier estimate. Confidence Interval for median was computed using the Brookmeyer-Crowley method.

[b] Hazard ratio is from unstratified Cox proportional hazards model with treatment as the only categorical variable in the model. Confidence limits are based on the Wald test.

[c] Two-sided p-value from unstratified log-rank test.

[d] Two-sided interaction p-value is for the interaction term from unstratified Cox proportional hazards model with treatment, subgroup, and treatment-by-subgroup interaction as categorical variables in the model. The p-value is based on the Wald test.

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SOC: Gastrointestinal disorders; PT: Proctalgia

		Quizartinib (N=265)				Placebo (N=268)				Quizartinib vs Placebo		Interaction
Subgroup	n	No. of subjects with events (%)	No. of subjects censored (%)	Median (95 % CI) (months) [a]	n	No. of subjects with events (%)	No. of subjects censored (%)	Median (95 % CI) (months) [a]	Hazard Ratio (95 % CI) [b]	Unstratified log-rank p-value [c]	P-value [d]	
Choice of Anthracycline											0.7200	
Daunorubicin	123	3 (2.4)	120 (97.6)	NE (NE, NE)	94	2 (2.1)	92 (97.9)	NE (NE, NE)	1.160 (0.194, 6.940)	0.8710		
Idarubicin	142	7 (4.9)	135 (95.1)	NE (NE, NE)	171	5 (2.9)	166 (97.1)	NE (NE, NE)	1.679 (0.533, 5.292)	0.3701		

N: number of subjects in analysis set; n: number of subjects in subgroup category; %: proportion of number of subjects in n; CI: confidence interval; NE: not estimable. PT: Preferred Term, SOC: System Organ Class.

[a] Median time to first event is from Kaplan-Meier estimate. Confidence Interval for median was computed using the Brookmeyer-Crowley method.

[b] Hazard ratio is from unstratified Cox proportional hazards model with treatment as the only categorical variable in the model. Confidence limits are based on the Wald test.

[c] Two-sided p-value from unstratified log-rank test.

[d] Two-sided interaction p-value is for the interaction term from unstratified Cox proportional hazards model with treatment, subgroup, and treatment-by-subgroup interaction as categorical variables in the model. The p-value is based on the Wald test.

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SOC: Gastrointestinal disorders; PT: Proctalgia

		Quizartinib (N=265)					Placebo (N=268)					Quizartinib vs Placebo		Interaction
Subgroup	n	No. of subjects with events (%)	No. of subjects censored (%)	Median (95 % CI) (months) [a]	n	No. of subjects with events (%)	No. of subjects censored (%)	Median (95 % CI) (months) [a]	n	Hazard Ratio (95 % CI) [b]	Unstratified log-rank p-value [c]	P-value [d]		
AML Cytogenetic Risk Score												1.0000		
Favorable	13	0	13 (100)	NE (NE, NE)	19	2 (10.5)	17 (89.5)	NE (NE, NE)	19	0.000 (0.000, NE)	0.2384			
Intermediate	195	5 (2.6)	190 (97.4)	NE (NE, NE)	190	6 (3.2)	184 (96.8)	NE (NE, NE)	190	0.786 (0.240, 2.577)	0.6896			
Unfavorable	19	2 (10.5)	17 (89.5)	NE (NE, NE)	27	0	27 (100)	NE (NE, NE)	27	NE (NE, NE)	0.0789			
Unknown	38	3 (7.9)	35 (92.1)	NE (NE, NE)	31	0	31 (100)	NE (NE, NE)	31	NE (NE, NE)	0.0900			

N: number of subjects in analysis set; n: number of subjects in subgroup category; %: proportion of number of subjects in n; CI: confidence interval; NE: not estimable. PT: Preferred Term, SOC: System Organ Class.

[a] Median time to first event is from Kaplan-Meier estimate. Confidence Interval for median was computed using the Brookmeyer-Crowley method.

[b] Hazard ratio is from unstratified Cox proportional hazards model with treatment as the only categorical variable in the model. Confidence limits are based on the Wald test.

[c] Two-sided p-value from unstratified log-rank test.

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SOC: Gastrointestinal disorders; PT: Proctalgia

		Quizartinib (N=265)					Placebo (N=268)					Quizartinib vs Placebo		Interaction
Subgroup	n	No. of subjects with events (%)	No. of subjects censored (%)	Median (95 % CI) (months) [a]	n	No. of subjects with events (%)	No. of subjects censored (%)	Median (95 % CI) (months) [a]	n	Hazard Ratio (95 % CI) [b]	Unstratified log-rank p-value [c]	P-value [d]		
ECOG Performance Status at Baseline												0.9967		
0 - Fully Active	87	3 (3.4)	84 (96.6)	NE (NE, NE)	97	3 (3.1)	94 (96.9)	NE (NE, NE)	97	1.118 (0.226, 5.538)	0.8918			
1 - Restricted in Physically Strenuous Activity	133	6 (4.5)	127 (95.5)	NE (NE, NE)	134	5 (3.7)	129 (96.3)	NE (NE, NE)	134	1.204 (0.367, 3.947)	0.7584			
2 - Ambulatory and Capable of All Selfcare	45	1 (2.2)	44 (97.8)	NE (NE, NE)	36	0	36 (100)	NE (NE, NE)	36	NE (0.000, NE)	0.3634			

N: number of subjects in analysis set; n: number of subjects in subgroup category; %: proportion of number of subjects in n; CI: confidence interval; NE: not estimable. PT: Preferred Term, SOC: System Organ Class.

[a] Median time to first event is from Kaplan-Meier estimate. Confidence Interval for median was computed using the Brookmeyer-Crowley method.

[b] Hazard ratio is from unstratified Cox proportional hazards model with treatment as the only categorical variable in the model. Confidence limits are based on the Wald test.

[c] Two-sided p-value from unstratified log-rank test.

[d] Two-sided interaction p-value is for the interaction term from unstratified Cox proportional hazards model with treatment, subgroup, and treatment-by-subgroup interaction as categorical variables in the model. The p-value is based on the Wald test.

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SOC: Gastrointestinal disorders; PT: Proctalgia

		Quizartinib (N=265)					Placebo (N=268)					Quizartinib vs Placebo		Interaction
Subgroup	n	No. of subjects with events (%)	No. of subjects censored (%)	Median (95 % CI) (months) [a]	n	No. of subjects with events (%)	No. of subjects censored (%)	Median (95 % CI) (months) [a]	Hazard Ratio (95 % CI) [b]	Unstratified log-rank p-value [c]	P-value [d]			
FLT3-ITD category at Baseline													0.5351	
≥3 to ≤25%	94	2 (2.1)	92 (97.9)	NE (NE, NE)	98	4 (4.1)	94 (95.9)	NE (NE, NE)	0.514 (0.094, 2.807)	0.4345				
>25% to ≤50%	141	7 (5.0)	134 (95.0)	NE (NE, NE)	136	4 (2.9)	132 (97.1)	NE (NE, NE)	1.732 (0.507, 5.916)	0.3754				
>50%	29	1 (3.4)	28 (96.6)	NE (NE, NE)	34	0	34 (100)	NE (NE, NE)	NE (0.000, NE)	0.2850				

N: number of subjects in analysis set; n: number of subjects in subgroup category; %: proportion of number of subjects in n; CI: confidence interval; NE: not estimable. PT: Preferred Term, SOC: System Organ Class.

[a] Median time to first event is from Kaplan-Meier estimate. Confidence Interval for median was computed using the Brookmeyer-Crowley method.

[b] Hazard ratio is from unstratified Cox proportional hazards model with treatment as the only categorical variable in the model. Confidence limits are based on the Wald test.

[c] Two-sided p-value from unstratified log-rank test.

[d] Two-sided interaction p-value is for the interaction term from unstratified Cox proportional hazards model with treatment, subgroup, and treatment-by-subgroup interaction as categorical variables in the model. The p-value is based on the Wald test.

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SOC: Gastrointestinal disorders; PT: Proctalgia

		Quizartinib (N=265)				Placebo (N=268)				Quizartinib vs Placebo		Interaction
Subgroup	n	No. of subjects with events (%)	No. of subjects censored (%)	Median (95 % CI) (months) [a]	n	No. of subjects with events (%)	No. of subjects censored (%)	Median (95 % CI) (months) [a]	Hazard Ratio (95 % CI) [b]	Unstratified log-rank p-value [c]	P-value [d]	
AML with Mutated NPM1											0.4875	
Yes	139	3 (2.2)	136 (97.8)	NE (NE, NE)	137	4 (2.9)	133 (97.1)	NE (NE, NE)	0.763 (0.171, 3.410)	0.7225		
No	116	6 (5.2)	110 (94.8)	NE (NE, NE)	120	4 (3.3)	116 (96.7)	NE (NE, NE)	1.502 (0.423, 5.326)	0.5250		

N: number of subjects in analysis set; n: number of subjects in subgroup category; %: proportion of number of subjects in n; CI: confidence interval; NE: not estimable. PT: Preferred Term, SOC: System Organ Class.

[a] Median time to first event is from Kaplan-Meier estimate. Confidence Interval for median was computed using the Brookmeyer-Crowley method.

[b] Hazard ratio is from unstratified Cox proportional hazards model with treatment as the only categorical variable in the model. Confidence limits are based on the Wald test.

[c] Two-sided p-value from unstratified log-rank test.

[d] Two-sided interaction p-value is for the interaction term from unstratified Cox proportional hazards model with treatment, subgroup, and treatment-by-subgroup interaction as categorical variables in the model. The p-value is based on the Wald test.

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SOC: Gastrointestinal disorders; PT: Proctalgia

		Quizartinib (N=265)				Placebo (N=268)				Quizartinib vs Placebo		Interaction
Subgroup	n	No. of subjects with events (%)	No. of subjects censored (%)	Median (95 % CI) (months) [a]	n	No. of subjects with events (%)	No. of subjects censored (%)	Median (95 % CI) (months) [a]	Hazard Ratio (95 % CI) [b]	Unstratified log-rank p-value [c]	P-value [d]	
Age by 2 categories											0.9891	
≤60	164	10 (6.1)	154 (93.9)	NE (NE, NE)	163	6 (3.7)	157 (96.3)	NE (NE, NE)	1.628 (0.591, 4.482)	0.3405		
>60	101	0	101 (100)	NE (NE, NE)	105	2 (1.9)	103 (98.1)	NE (NE, NE)	0.000 (0.000, NE)	0.1770		

N: number of subjects in analysis set; n: number of subjects in subgroup category; %: proportion of number of subjects in n; CI: confidence interval; NE: not estimable. PT: Preferred Term, SOC: System Organ Class.

[a] Median time to first event is from Kaplan-Meier estimate. Confidence Interval for median was computed using the Brookmeyer-Crowley method.

[b] Hazard ratio is from unstratified Cox proportional hazards model with treatment as the only categorical variable in the model. Confidence limits are based on the Wald test.

[c] Two-sided p-value from unstratified log-rank test.

[d] Two-sided interaction p-value is for the interaction term from unstratified Cox proportional hazards model with treatment, subgroup, and treatment-by-subgroup interaction as categorical variables in the model. The p-value is based on the Wald test.

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SOC: Gastrointestinal disorders; PT: Mouth ulceration

Subgroup	n	Quizartinib (N=265)				Placebo (N=268)				Quizartinib vs Placebo		Interaction
		No. of subjects with events (%)	No. of subjects censored (%)	Median (95 % CI) (months) [a]	n	No. of subjects with events (%)	No. of subjects censored (%)	Median (95 % CI) (months) [a]	n	Hazard Ratio (95 % CI) [b]	Unstratified log-rank p-value [c]	P-value [d]
Pooled Age Group 2											0.9999	
<60	159	9 (5.7)	150 (94.3)	NE (NE, NE)	160	7 (4.4)	153 (95.6)	NE (NE, NE)	160	1.183 (0.440, 3.182)	0.7381	
≥60 - <65	37	0	37 (100)	NE (NE, NE)	43	1 (2.3)	42 (97.7)	NE (NE, NE)	43	0.000 (0.000, NE)	0.3375	
≥65	69	0	69 (100)	NE (NE, NE)	65	4 (6.2)	61 (93.8)	NE (NE, NE)	65	0.000 (0.000, NE)	0.0423	

N: number of subjects in analysis set; n: number of subjects in subgroup category; %: proportion of number of subjects in n; CI: confidence interval; NE: not estimable. PT: Preferred Term, SOC: System Organ Class.

[a] Median time to first event is from Kaplan-Meier estimate. Confidence Interval for median was computed using the Brookmeyer-Crowley method.

[b] Hazard ratio is from unstratified Cox proportional hazards model with treatment as the only categorical variable in the model. Confidence limits are based on the Wald test.

[c] Two-sided p-value from unstratified log-rank test.

[d] Two-sided interaction p-value is for the interaction term from unstratified Cox proportional hazards model with treatment, subgroup, and treatment-by-subgroup interaction as categorical variables in the model. The p-value is based on the Wald test.

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SOC: Gastrointestinal disorders; PT: Mouth ulceration

Subgroup	n	Quizartinib (N=265)				Placebo (N=268)				Quizartinib vs Placebo		Interaction
		No. of subjects with events (%)	No. of subjects censored (%)	Median (95 % CI) (months) [a]	n	No. of subjects with events (%)	No. of subjects censored (%)	Median (95 % CI) (months) [a]	n	Hazard Ratio (95 % CI) [b]	Unstratified log-rank p-value [c]	P-value [d]
Sex												0.1021
Male	124	3 (2.4)	121 (97.6)	NE (NE, NE)	120	8 (6.7)	112 (93.3)	NE (NE, NE)	120	0.333 (0.088, 1.257)	0.0882	
Female	141	6 (4.3)	135 (95.7)	NE (NE, NE)	148	4 (2.7)	144 (97.3)	NE (NE, NE)	148	1.547 (0.437, 5.485)	0.4956	

N: number of subjects in analysis set; n: number of subjects in subgroup category; %: proportion of number of subjects in n; CI: confidence interval; NE: not estimable. PT: Preferred Term, SOC: System Organ Class.

[a] Median time to first event is from Kaplan-Meier estimate. Confidence Interval for median was computed using the Brookmeyer-Crowley method.

[b] Hazard ratio is from unstratified Cox proportional hazards model with treatment as the only categorical variable in the model. Confidence limits are based on the Wald test.

[c] Two-sided p-value from unstratified log-rank test.

[d] Two-sided interaction p-value is for the interaction term from unstratified Cox proportional hazards model with treatment, subgroup, and treatment-by-subgroup interaction as categorical variables in the model. The p-value is based on the Wald test.

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SOC: Gastrointestinal disorders; PT: Mouth ulceration

		Quizartinib (N=265)				Placebo (N=268)				Quizartinib vs Placebo		Interaction
Subgroup	n	No. of subjects with events (%)	No. of subjects censored (%)	Median (95 % CI) (months) [a]	n	No. of subjects with events (%)	No. of subjects censored (%)	Median (95 % CI) (months) [a]	Hazard Ratio (95 % CI) [b]	Unstratified log-rank p-value [c]	P-value [d]	
Race by 2 categories											0.4160	
White	157	3 (1.9)	154 (98.1)	NE (NE, NE)	161	6 (3.7)	155 (96.3)	NE (NE, NE)	0.455 (0.113, 1.827)	0.2546		
Non-white	108	6 (5.6)	102 (94.4)	NE (NE, NE)	107	6 (5.6)	101 (94.4)	NE (NE, NE)	0.995 (0.321, 3.085)	0.9936		

N: number of subjects in analysis set; n: number of subjects in subgroup category; %: proportion of number of subjects in n; CI: confidence interval; NE: not estimable. PT: Preferred Term, SOC: System Organ Class.

[a] Median time to first event is from Kaplan-Meier estimate. Confidence Interval for median was computed using the Brookmeyer-Crowley method.

[b] Hazard ratio is from unstratified Cox proportional hazards model with treatment as the only categorical variable in the model. Confidence limits are based on the Wald test.

[c] Two-sided p-value from unstratified log-rank test.

[d] Two-sided interaction p-value is for the interaction term from unstratified Cox proportional hazards model with treatment, subgroup, and treatment-by-subgroup interaction as categorical variables in the model. The p-value is based on the Wald test.

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Run date: 21JUL2023 – 22:02; Program name: DE_T_3_11_2.sas; Output name: DE_T_3_11_2_TEAESOCPT_SUB_SAS.rtf

Medizinischer Nutzen, medizinischer Zusatznutzen, Patientengruppen mit therap. bedeutsamem Zusatznutzen

Daichi Sankyo | Data Intelligence – Evidence Generation | Final | AC220-A-U302 QUANTUM-First (DCO 13 Aug 2021) | Statistical analyses for AMNOG (HTA Germany)
 Table 3.11.2 Treatment-emergent adverse events by system organ class (SOC) and preferred term (PT) observed for ≥ 10 patients in at least one arm and ≥ 1% of the patients in at least one arm - Time-to-event analysis - subgroup analysis - DCO 13-Aug-2021 - Safety Analysis Set

SOC: Gastrointestinal disorders; PT: Mouth ulceration

		Quizartinib (N=265)					Placebo (N=268)					Quizartinib vs Placebo		Interaction
Subgroup	n	No. of subjects with events (%)	No. of subjects censored (%)	Median (95 % CI) (months) [a]	n	No. of subjects with events (%)	No. of subjects censored (%)	Median (95 % CI) (months) [a]	Hazard Ratio (95 % CI) [b]	Unstratified log-rank p-value [c]	P-value [d]			
Geographic Region 1													0.8426	
North America	16	0	16 (100)	NE (NE, NE)	18	2 (11.1)	16 (88.9)	NE (NE, NE)	0.000 (0.000, NE)	0.1762				
Europe	161	3 (1.9)	158 (98.1)	NE (NE, NE)	161	2 (1.2)	159 (98.8)	NE (NE, NE)	1.323 (0.220, 7.959)	0.7590				
Asia/Other Regions	88	6 (6.8)	82 (93.2)	NE (NE, NE)	89	8 (9.0)	81 (91.0)	NE (NE, NE)	0.742 (0.257, 2.141)	0.5819				

N: number of subjects in analysis set; n: number of subjects in subgroup category; %: proportion of number of subjects in n; CI: confidence interval; NE: not estimable. PT: Preferred Term, SOC: System Organ Class.

[a] Median time to first event is from Kaplan-Meier estimate. Confidence Interval for median was computed using the Brookmeyer-Crowley method.

[b] Hazard ratio is from unstratified Cox proportional hazards model with treatment as the only categorical variable in the model. Confidence limits are based on the Wald test.

[c] Two-sided p-value from unstratified log-rank test.

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SOC: Gastrointestinal disorders; PT: Mouth ulceration

		Quizartinib (N=265)				Placebo (N=268)				Quizartinib vs Placebo		Interaction
Subgroup	n	No. of subjects with events (%)	No. of subjects censored (%)	Median (95 % CI) (months) [a]	n	No. of subjects with events (%)	No. of subjects censored (%)	Median (95 % CI) (months) [a]	Hazard Ratio (95 % CI) [b]	Unstratified log-rank p-value [c]	P-value [d]	
WBC at initial diagnosis											0.9191	
< 40x10 ⁹ /L	132	4 (3.0)	128 (97.0)	NE (NE, NE)	133	6 (4.5)	127 (95.5)	NE (NE, NE)	0.671 (0.189, 2.378)	0.5342		
≥ 40x10 ⁹ /L	133	5 (3.8)	128 (96.2)	NE (NE, NE)	135	6 (4.4)	129 (95.6)	NE (NE, NE)	0.734 (0.223, 2.414)	0.6087		

N: number of subjects in analysis set; n: number of subjects in subgroup category; %: proportion of number of subjects in n; CI: confidence interval; NE: not estimable. PT: Preferred Term, SOC: System Organ Class.

[a] Median time to first event is from Kaplan-Meier estimate. Confidence Interval for median was computed using the Brookmeyer-Crowley method.

[b] Hazard ratio is from unstratified Cox proportional hazards model with treatment as the only categorical variable in the model. Confidence limits are based on the Wald test.

[c] Two-sided p-value from unstratified log-rank test.

[d] Two-sided interaction p-value is for the interaction term from unstratified Cox proportional hazards model with treatment, subgroup, and treatment-by-subgroup interaction as categorical variables in the model. The p-value is based on the Wald test.

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SOC: Gastrointestinal disorders; PT: Mouth ulceration

		Quizartinib (N=265)				Placebo (N=268)				Quizartinib vs Placebo		Interaction
Subgroup	n	No. of subjects with events (%)	No. of subjects censored (%)	Median (95 % CI) (months) [a]	n	No. of subjects with events (%)	No. of subjects censored (%)	Median (95 % CI) (months) [a]	Hazard Ratio (95 % CI) [b]	Unstratified log-rank p-value [c]	P-value [d]	
Choice of Anthracycline											0.6869	
Daunorubicin	123	4 (3.3)	119 (96.7)	NE (NE, NE)	94	5 (5.3)	89 (94.7)	NE (NE, NE)	0.551 (0.148, 2.057)	0.3690		
Idarubicin	142	5 (3.5)	137 (96.5)	NE (NE, NE)	171	7 (4.1)	164 (95.9)	NE (NE, NE)	0.819 (0.260, 2.585)	0.7341		

N: number of subjects in analysis set; n: number of subjects in subgroup category; %: proportion of number of subjects in n; CI: confidence interval; NE: not estimable. PT: Preferred Term, SOC: System Organ Class.

[a] Median time to first event is from Kaplan-Meier estimate. Confidence Interval for median was computed using the Brookmeyer-Crowley method.

[b] Hazard ratio is from unstratified Cox proportional hazards model with treatment as the only categorical variable in the model. Confidence limits are based on the Wald test.

[c] Two-sided p-value from unstratified log-rank test.

[d] Two-sided interaction p-value is for the interaction term from unstratified Cox proportional hazards model with treatment, subgroup, and treatment-by-subgroup interaction as categorical variables in the model. The p-value is based on the Wald test.

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SOC: Gastrointestinal disorders; PT: Mouth ulceration

		Quizartinib (N=265)					Placebo (N=268)					Quizartinib vs Placebo		Interaction
Subgroup	n	No. of subjects with events (%)	No. of subjects censored (%)	Median (95 % CI) (months) [a]	n	No. of subjects with events (%)	No. of subjects censored (%)	Median (95 % CI) (months) [a]	n	Hazard Ratio (95 % CI) [b]	Unstratified log-rank p-value [c]	P-value [d]		
AML Cytogenetic Risk Score												0.9548		
Favorable	13	1 (7.7)	12 (92.3)	NE (NE, NE)	19	1 (5.3)	18 (94.7)	NE (NE, NE)	19	1.498 (0.094, 23.970)	0.7738			
Intermediate	195	6 (3.1)	189 (96.9)	NE (NE, NE)	190	7 (3.7)	183 (96.3)	NE (NE, NE)	190	0.779 (0.262, 2.322)	0.6551			
Unfavorable	19	0	19 (100)	NE (NE, NE)	27	2 (7.4)	25 (92.6)	NE (NE, NE)	27	0.000 (0.000, NE)	0.2530			
Unknown	38	2 (5.3)	36 (94.7)	NE (NE, NE)	31	2 (6.5)	29 (93.5)	NE (27.0, NE)	31	0.804 (0.113, 5.739)	0.8278			

N: number of subjects in analysis set; n: number of subjects in subgroup category; %: proportion of number of subjects in n; CI: confidence interval; NE: not estimable. PT: Preferred Term, SOC: System Organ Class.

[a] Median time to first event is from Kaplan-Meier estimate. Confidence Interval for median was computed using the Brookmeyer-Crowley method.

[b] Hazard ratio is from unstratified Cox proportional hazards model with treatment as the only categorical variable in the model. Confidence limits are based on the Wald test.

[c] Two-sided p-value from unstratified log-rank test.

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SOC: Gastrointestinal disorders; PT: Mouth ulceration

		Quizartinib (N=265)					Placebo (N=268)					Quizartinib vs Placebo		Interaction
Subgroup	n	No. of subjects with events (%)	No. of subjects censored (%)	Median (95 % CI) (months) [a]	n	No. of subjects with events (%)	No. of subjects censored (%)	Median (95 % CI) (months) [a]	Hazard Ratio (95 % CI) [b]	Unstratified log-rank p-value [c]	P-value [d]			
ECOG Performance Status at Baseline												0.7237		
0 - Fully Active	87	1 (1.1)	86 (98.9)	NE (NE, NE)	97	3 (3.1)	94 (96.9)	NE (NE, NE)	0.358 (0.037, 3.442)	0.3528				
1 - Restricted in Physically Strenuous Activity	133	5 (3.8)	128 (96.2)	NE (NE, NE)	134	7 (5.2)	127 (94.8)	NE (NE, NE)	0.690 (0.219, 2.176)	0.5253				
2 - Ambulatory and Capable of All Selfcare	45	3 (6.7)	42 (93.3)	NE (NE, NE)	36	2 (5.6)	34 (94.4)	NE (NE, NE)	1.112 (0.184, 6.723)	0.9081				

N: number of subjects in analysis set; n: number of subjects in subgroup category; %: proportion of number of subjects in n; CI: confidence interval; NE: not estimable. PT: Preferred Term, SOC: System Organ Class.

[a] Median time to first event is from Kaplan-Meier estimate. Confidence Interval for median was computed using the Brookmeyer-Crowley method.

[b] Hazard ratio is from unstratified Cox proportional hazards model with treatment as the only categorical variable in the model. Confidence limits are based on the Wald test.

[c] Two-sided p-value from unstratified log-rank test.

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SOC: Gastrointestinal disorders; PT: Mouth ulceration

		Quizartinib (N=265)				Placebo (N=268)				Quizartinib vs Placebo		Interaction
Subgroup	n	No. of subjects with events (%)	No. of subjects censored (%)	Median (95 % CI) (months) [a]	n	No. of subjects with events (%)	No. of subjects censored (%)	Median (95 % CI) (months) [a]	Hazard Ratio (95 % CI) [b]	Unstratified log-rank p-value [c]	P-value [d]	
FLT3-ITD category at Baseline											0.9161	
≥3 to ≤25%	94	3 (3.2)	91 (96.8)	NE (NE, NE)	98	6 (6.1)	92 (93.9)	NE (NE, NE)	0.517 (0.129, 2.069)	0.3443		
>25% to ≤50%	141	5 (3.5)	136 (96.5)	NE (NE, NE)	136	6 (4.4)	130 (95.6)	NE (NE, NE)	0.752 (0.229, 2.469)	0.6377		
>50%	29	1 (3.4)	28 (96.6)	NE (NE, NE)	34	0	34 (100)	NE (NE, NE)	NE (0.000, NE)	0.2850		

N: number of subjects in analysis set; n: number of subjects in subgroup category; %: proportion of number of subjects in n; CI: confidence interval; NE: not estimable. PT: Preferred Term, SOC: System Organ Class.

[a] Median time to first event is from Kaplan-Meier estimate. Confidence Interval for median was computed using the Brookmeyer-Crowley method.

[b] Hazard ratio is from unstratified Cox proportional hazards model with treatment as the only categorical variable in the model. Confidence limits are based on the Wald test.

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SOC: Gastrointestinal disorders; PT: Mouth ulceration

		Quizartinib (N=265)				Placebo (N=268)				Quizartinib vs Placebo		Interaction
Subgroup	n	No. of subjects with events (%)	No. of subjects censored (%)	Median (95 % CI) (months) [a]	n	No. of subjects with events (%)	No. of subjects censored (%)	Median (95 % CI) (months) [a]	Hazard Ratio (95 % CI) [b]	Unstratified log-rank p-value [c]	P-value [d]	
AML with Mutated NPM1											0.2791	
Yes	139	6 (4.3)	133 (95.7)	NE (NE, NE)	137	6 (4.4)	131 (95.6)	NE (NE, NE)	0.950 (0.306, 2.949)	0.9295		
No	116	2 (1.7)	114 (98.3)	NE (NE, NE)	120	6 (5.0)	114 (95.0)	NE (NE, NE)	0.322 (0.065, 1.597)	0.1439		

N: number of subjects in analysis set; n: number of subjects in subgroup category; %: proportion of number of subjects in n; CI: confidence interval; NE: not estimable. PT: Preferred Term, SOC: System Organ Class.

[a] Median time to first event is from Kaplan-Meier estimate. Confidence Interval for median was computed using the Brookmeyer-Crowley method.

[b] Hazard ratio is from unstratified Cox proportional hazards model with treatment as the only categorical variable in the model. Confidence limits are based on the Wald test.

[c] Two-sided p-value from unstratified log-rank test.

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SOC: Gastrointestinal disorders; PT: Mouth ulceration

		Quizartinib (N=265)				Placebo (N=268)				Quizartinib vs Placebo		Interaction
Subgroup	n	No. of subjects with events (%)	No. of subjects censored (%)	Median (95 % CI) (months) [a]	n	No. of subjects with events (%)	No. of subjects censored (%)	Median (95 % CI) (months) [a]	Hazard Ratio (95 % CI) [b]	Unstratified log-rank p-value [c]	P-value [d]	
Age by 2 categories											0.9874	
≤60	164	9 (5.5)	155 (94.5)	NE (NE, NE)	163	7 (4.3)	156 (95.7)	NE (NE, NE)	1.164 (0.433, 3.134)	0.7616		
>60	101	0	101 (100)	NE (NE, NE)	105	5 (4.8)	100 (95.2)	NE (NE, NE)	0.000 (0.000, NE)	0.0286		

N: number of subjects in analysis set; n: number of subjects in subgroup category; %: proportion of number of subjects in n; CI: confidence interval; NE: not estimable. PT: Preferred Term, SOC: System Organ Class.

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[b] Hazard ratio is from unstratified Cox proportional hazards model with treatment as the only categorical variable in the model. Confidence limits are based on the Wald test.

[c] Two-sided p-value from unstratified log-rank test.

[d] Two-sided interaction p-value is for the interaction term from unstratified Cox proportional hazards model with treatment, subgroup, and treatment-by-subgroup interaction as categorical variables in the model. The p-value is based on the Wald test.

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SOC: Gastrointestinal disorders; PT: Toothache

		Quizartinib (N=265)				Placebo (N=268)				Quizartinib vs Placebo		Interaction
Subgroup	n	No. of subjects with events (%)	No. of subjects censored (%)	Median (95 % CI) (months) [a]	n	No. of subjects with events (%)	No. of subjects censored (%)	Median (95 % CI) (months) [a]	Hazard Ratio (95 % CI) [b]	Unstratified log-rank p-value [c]	P-value [d]	
Pooled Age Group 2											0.9924	
<60	159	8 (5.0)	151 (95.0)	NE (NE, NE)	160	8 (5.0)	152 (95.0)	NE (NE, NE)	0.905 (0.339, 2.418)	0.8422		
≥60 - <65	37	1 (2.7)	36 (97.3)	NE (NE, NE)	43	1 (2.3)	42 (97.7)	NE (NE, NE)	1.116 (0.070, 17.839)	0.9385		
≥65	69	0	69 (100)	NE (NE, NE)	65	2 (3.1)	63 (96.9)	NE (NE, NE)	0.000 (0.000, NE)	0.1435		

N: number of subjects in analysis set; n: number of subjects in subgroup category; %: proportion of number of subjects in n; CI: confidence interval; NE: not estimable. PT: Preferred Term, SOC: System Organ Class.

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[b] Hazard ratio is from unstratified Cox proportional hazards model with treatment as the only categorical variable in the model. Confidence limits are based on the Wald test.

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SOC: Gastrointestinal disorders; PT: Toothache

		Quizartinib (N=265)				Placebo (N=268)				Quizartinib vs Placebo		Interaction
Subgroup	n	No. of subjects with events (%)	No. of subjects censored (%)	Median (95 % CI) (months) [a]	n	No. of subjects with events (%)	No. of subjects censored (%)	Median (95 % CI) (months) [a]	Hazard Ratio (95 % CI) [b]	Unstratified log-rank p-value [c]	P-value [d]	
Sex											0.3775	
Male	124	6 (4.8)	118 (95.2)	NE (NE, NE)	120	5 (4.2)	115 (95.8)	NE (NE, NE)	1.129 (0.344, 3.704)	0.8411		
Female	141	3 (2.1)	138 (97.9)	NE (NE, NE)	148	6 (4.1)	142 (95.9)	NE (NE, NE)	0.511 (0.128, 2.043)	0.3328		

N: number of subjects in analysis set; n: number of subjects in subgroup category; %: proportion of number of subjects in n; CI: confidence interval; NE: not estimable. PT: Preferred Term, SOC: System Organ Class.

[a] Median time to first event is from Kaplan-Meier estimate. Confidence Interval for median was computed using the Brookmeyer-Crowley method.

[b] Hazard ratio is from unstratified Cox proportional hazards model with treatment as the only categorical variable in the model. Confidence limits are based on the Wald test.

[c] Two-sided p-value from unstratified log-rank test.

[d] Two-sided interaction p-value is for the interaction term from unstratified Cox proportional hazards model with treatment, subgroup, and treatment-by-subgroup interaction as categorical variables in the model. The p-value is based on the Wald test.

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Medizinischer Nutzen, medizinischer Zusatznutzen, Patientengruppen mit therap. bedeutsamem Zusatznutzen

Daiichi Sankyo | Data Intelligence – Evidence Generation | Final | AC220-A-U302 QUANTUM-First (DCO 13 Aug 2021) | Statistical analyses for AMNOG (HTA Germany)
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SOC: Gastrointestinal disorders; PT: Toothache

		Quizartinib (N=265)				Placebo (N=268)				Quizartinib vs Placebo		Interaction
Subgroup	n	No. of subjects with events (%)	No. of subjects censored (%)	Median (95 % CI) (months) [a]	n	No. of subjects with events (%)	No. of subjects censored (%)	Median (95 % CI) (months) [a]	Hazard Ratio (95 % CI) [b]	Unstratified log-rank p-value [c]	P-value [d]	
Race by 2 categories											0.4425	
White	157	5 (3.2)	152 (96.8)	NE (NE, NE)	161	8 (5.0)	153 (95.0)	NE (NE, NE)	0.592 (0.193, 1.814)	0.3538		
Non-white	108	4 (3.7)	104 (96.3)	NE (NE, NE)	107	3 (2.8)	104 (97.2)	NE (NE, NE)	1.305 (0.292, 5.830)	0.7268		

N: number of subjects in analysis set; n: number of subjects in subgroup category; %: proportion of number of subjects in n; CI: confidence interval; NE: not estimable. PT: Preferred Term, SOC: System Organ Class.

[a] Median time to first event is from Kaplan-Meier estimate. Confidence Interval for median was computed using the Brookmeyer-Crowley method.

[b] Hazard ratio is from unstratified Cox proportional hazards model with treatment as the only categorical variable in the model. Confidence limits are based on the Wald test.

[c] Two-sided p-value from unstratified log-rank test.

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SOC: Gastrointestinal disorders; PT: Toothache

		Quizartinib (N=265)				Placebo (N=268)				Quizartinib vs Placebo		Interaction
Subgroup	n	No. of subjects with events (%)	No. of subjects censored (%)	Median (95 % CI) (months) [a]	n	No. of subjects with events (%)	No. of subjects censored (%)	Median (95 % CI) (months) [a]	Hazard Ratio (95 % CI) [b]	Unstratified log-rank p-value [c]	P-value [d]	
Geographic Region 1											0.7078	
North America	16	3 (18.8)	13 (81.3)	NE (2.3, NE)	18	0	18 (100)	NE (NE, NE)	NE (0.000, NE)	0.0058		
Europe	161	2 (1.2)	159 (98.8)	NE (NE, NE)	161	6 (3.7)	155 (96.3)	NE (NE, NE)	0.290 (0.058, 1.444)	0.1079		
Asia/Other Regions	88	4 (4.5)	84 (95.5)	NE (NE, NE)	89	5 (5.6)	84 (94.4)	NE (NE, NE)	0.792 (0.213, 2.949)	0.7274		

N: number of subjects in analysis set; n: number of subjects in subgroup category; %: proportion of number of subjects in n; CI: confidence interval; NE: not estimable. PT: Preferred Term, SOC: System Organ Class.

[a] Median time to first event is from Kaplan-Meier estimate. Confidence Interval for median was computed using the Brookmeyer-Crowley method.

[b] Hazard ratio is from unstratified Cox proportional hazards model with treatment as the only categorical variable in the model. Confidence limits are based on the Wald test.

[c] Two-sided p-value from unstratified log-rank test.

[d] Two-sided interaction p-value is for the interaction term from unstratified Cox proportional hazards model with treatment, subgroup, and treatment-by-subgroup interaction as categorical variables in the model. The p-value is based on the Wald test.

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SOC: Gastrointestinal disorders; PT: Toothache

		Quizartinib (N=265)					Placebo (N=268)					Quizartinib vs Placebo		Interaction
Subgroup	n	No. of subjects with events (%)	No. of subjects censored (%)	Median (95 % CI) (months) [a]	n	No. of subjects with events (%)	No. of subjects censored (%)	Median (95 % CI) (months) [a]	Hazard Ratio (95 % CI) [b]	Unstratified log-rank p-value [c]	p-	P-value [d]		
WBC at initial diagnosis														0.9084
< 40x10 ⁹ /L	132	6 (4.5)	126 (95.5)	NE (NE, NE)	133	8 (6.0)	125 (94.0)	NE (NE, NE)	0.784 (0.272, 2.260)	0.6515				
≥ 40x10 ⁹ /L	133	3 (2.3)	130 (97.7)	NE (NE, NE)	135	3 (2.2)	132 (97.8)	NE (NE, NE)	0.867 (0.174, 4.327)	0.8624				

N: number of subjects in analysis set; n: number of subjects in subgroup category; %: proportion of number of subjects in n; CI: confidence interval; NE: not estimable. PT: Preferred Term, SOC: System Organ Class.

[a] Median time to first event is from Kaplan-Meier estimate. Confidence Interval for median was computed using the Brookmeyer-Crowley method.

[b] Hazard ratio is from unstratified Cox proportional hazards model with treatment as the only categorical variable in the model. Confidence limits are based on the Wald test.

[c] Two-sided p-value from unstratified log-rank test.

[d] Two-sided interaction p-value is for the interaction term from unstratified Cox proportional hazards model with treatment, subgroup, and treatment-by-subgroup interaction as categorical variables in the model.

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SOC: Gastrointestinal disorders; PT: Toothache

		Quizartinib (N=265)				Placebo (N=268)				Quizartinib vs Placebo		Interaction
Subgroup	n	No. of subjects with events (%)	No. of subjects censored (%)	Median (95 % CI) (months) [a]	n	No. of subjects with events (%)	No. of subjects censored (%)	Median (95 % CI) (months) [a]	Hazard Ratio (95 % CI) [b]	Unstratified log-rank p-value [c]	P-value [d]	
Choice of Anthracycline											0.1334	
Daunorubicin	123	3 (2.4)	120 (97.6)	NE (NE, NE)	94	6 (6.4)	88 (93.6)	NE (NE, NE)	0.353 (0.088, 1.416)	0.1247		
Idarubicin	142	6 (4.2)	136 (95.8)	NE (NE, NE)	171	5 (2.9)	166 (97.1)	NE (NE, NE)	1.384 (0.422, 4.542)	0.5901		

N: number of subjects in analysis set; n: number of subjects in subgroup category; %: proportion of number of subjects in n; CI: confidence interval; NE: not estimable. PT: Preferred Term, SOC: System Organ Class.

[a] Median time to first event is from Kaplan-Meier estimate. Confidence Interval for median was computed using the Brookmeyer-Crowley method.

[b] Hazard ratio is from unstratified Cox proportional hazards model with treatment as the only categorical variable in the model. Confidence limits are based on the Wald test.

[c] Two-sided p-value from unstratified log-rank test.

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SOC: Gastrointestinal disorders; PT: Toothache

Subgroup	n	Quizartinib (N=265)				Placebo (N=268)				Quizartinib vs Placebo		Interaction
		No. of subjects with events (%)	No. of subjects censored (%)	Median (95 % CI) (months) [a]	n	No. of subjects with events (%)	No. of subjects censored (%)	Median (95 % CI) (months) [a]	n	Hazard Ratio (95 % CI) [b]	Unstratified log-rank p-value [c]	P-value [d]
AML Cytogenetic Risk Score											0.6145	
Favorable	13	2 (15.4)	11 (84.6)	NE (2.5, NE)	19	3 (15.8)	16 (84.2)	NE (6.4, NE)	19	1.371 (0.225, 8.340)	0.7308	
Intermediate	195	5 (2.6)	190 (97.4)	NE (NE, NE)	190	3 (1.6)	187 (98.4)	NE (NE, NE)	190	1.507 (0.359, 6.317)	0.5723	
Unfavorable	19	1 (5.3)	18 (94.7)	NE (3.3, NE)	27	2 (7.4)	25 (92.6)	NE (NE, NE)	27	0.732 (0.066, 8.088)	0.7982	
Unknown	38	1 (2.6)	37 (97.4)	NE (NE, NE)	31	3 (9.7)	28 (90.3)	NE (NE, NE)	31	0.283 (0.029, 2.728)	0.2442	

N: number of subjects in analysis set; n: number of subjects in subgroup category; %: proportion of number of subjects in n; CI: confidence interval; NE: not estimable. PT: Preferred Term, SOC: System Organ Class.

[a] Median time to first event is from Kaplan-Meier estimate. Confidence Interval for median was computed using the Brookmeyer-Crowley method.

[b] Hazard ratio is from unstratified Cox proportional hazards model with treatment as the only categorical variable in the model. Confidence limits are based on the Wald test.

[c] Two-sided p-value from unstratified log-rank test.

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SOC: Gastrointestinal disorders; PT: Toothache

		Quizartinib (N=265)					Placebo (N=268)					Quizartinib vs Placebo		Interaction
Subgroup	n	No. of subjects with events (%)	No. of subjects censored (%)	Median (95 % CI) (months) [a]	n	No. of subjects with events (%)	No. of subjects censored (%)	Median (95 % CI) (months) [a]	Hazard Ratio (95 % CI) [b]	Unstratified log-rank p-value [c]	P-value [d]			
ECOG Performance Status at Baseline												0.5407		
0 - Fully Active	87	5 (5.7)	82 (94.3)	NE (NE, NE)	97	4 (4.1)	93 (95.9)	NE (NE, NE)	1.294 (0.347, 4.827)	0.6999				
1 - Restricted in Physically Strenuous Activity	133	2 (1.5)	131 (98.5)	NE (NE, NE)	134	4 (3.0)	130 (97.0)	NE (NE, NE)	0.484 (0.089, 2.644)	0.3918				
2 - Ambulatory and Capable of All Selfcare	45	2 (4.4)	43 (95.6)	NE (NE, NE)	36	3 (8.3)	33 (91.7)	NE (NE, NE)	0.573 (0.096, 3.432)	0.5370				

N: number of subjects in analysis set; n: number of subjects in subgroup category; %: proportion of number of subjects in n; CI: confidence interval; NE: not estimable. PT: Preferred Term, SOC: System Organ Class.

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Subgroup	n	No. of subjects with events (%)	No. of subjects censored (%)	Median (95 % CI) (months) [a]	n	No. of subjects with events (%)	No. of subjects censored (%)	Median (95 % CI) (months) [a]	Hazard Ratio (95 % CI) [b]	Unstratified log-rank p-value [c]	P-value [d]	
FLT3-ITD category at Baseline											0.9782	
≥3 to ≤25%	94	5 (5.3)	89 (94.7)	NE (NE, NE)	98	7 (7.1)	91 (92.9)	NE (NE, NE)	0.740 (0.235, 2.334)	0.6066		
>25% to ≤50%	141	3 (2.1)	138 (97.9)	NE (NE, NE)	136	3 (2.2)	133 (97.8)	NE (NE, NE)	0.985 (0.199, 4.882)	0.9856		
>50%	29	1 (3.4)	28 (96.6)	NE (NE, NE)	34	1 (2.9)	33 (97.1)	NE (NE, NE)	0.791 (0.049, 12.704)	0.8682		

N: number of subjects in analysis set; n: number of subjects in subgroup category; %: proportion of number of subjects in n; CI: confidence interval; NE: not estimable. PT: Preferred Term, SOC: System Organ Class.

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Subgroup	n	No. of subjects with events (%)	No. of subjects censored (%)	Median (95 % CI) (months) [a]	n	No. of subjects with events (%)	No. of subjects censored (%)	Median (95 % CI) (months) [a]	Hazard Ratio (95 % CI) [b]	Unstratified log-rank p-value [c]	P-value [d]	
AML with Mutated NPM1											0.6054	
Yes	139	3 (2.2)	136 (97.8)	NE (NE, NE)	137	5 (3.6)	132 (96.4)	NE (NE, NE)	0.567 (0.135, 2.377)	0.4317		
No	116	6 (5.2)	110 (94.8)	NE (NE, NE)	120	6 (5.0)	114 (95.0)	NE (NE, NE)	0.952 (0.307, 2.955)	0.9318		

N: number of subjects in analysis set; n: number of subjects in subgroup category; %: proportion of number of subjects in n; CI: confidence interval; NE: not estimable. PT: Preferred Term, SOC: System Organ Class.

[a] Median time to first event is from Kaplan-Meier estimate. Confidence Interval for median was computed using the Brookmeyer-Crowley method.

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[c] Two-sided p-value from unstratified log-rank test.

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SOC: Gastrointestinal disorders; PT: Toothache

		Quizartinib (N=265)				Placebo (N=268)				Quizartinib vs Placebo		Interaction
Subgroup	n	No. of subjects with events (%)	No. of subjects censored (%)	Median (95 % CI) (months) [a]	n	No. of subjects with events (%)	No. of subjects censored (%)	Median (95 % CI) (months) [a]	Hazard Ratio (95 % CI) [b]	Unstratified log-rank p-value [c]	P-value [d]	
Age by 2 categories											0.4662	
≤60	164	8 (4.9)	156 (95.1)	NE (NE, NE)	163	8 (4.9)	155 (95.1)	NE (NE, NE)	0.887 (0.332, 2.371)	0.8115		
>60	101	1 (1.0)	100 (99.0)	NE (NE, NE)	105	3 (2.9)	102 (97.1)	NE (NE, NE)	0.355 (0.037, 3.409)	0.3479		

N: number of subjects in analysis set; n: number of subjects in subgroup category; %: proportion of number of subjects in n; CI: confidence interval; NE: not estimable. PT: Preferred Term, SOC: System Organ Class.

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[c] Two-sided p-value from unstratified log-rank test.

[d] Two-sided interaction p-value is for the interaction term from unstratified Cox proportional hazards model with treatment, subgroup, and treatment-by-subgroup interaction as categorical variables in the model. The p-value is based on the Wald test.

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 Table 3.11.2 Treatment-emergent adverse events by system organ class (SOC) and preferred term (PT) observed for ≥ 10 patients in at least one arm and ≥ 1% of the patients in at least one arm - Time-to-event analysis - subgroup analysis - DCO 13-Aug-2021 - Safety Analysis Set

SOC: Infections and infestations; PT: Any PT

Subgroup	n	Quizartinib (N=265)				Placebo (N=268)				Quizartinib vs Placebo		Interaction	
		No. of subjects with events (%)	No. of subjects censored (%)	Median (95 % CI) [a]	n	No. of subjects with events (%)	No. of subjects censored (%)	Median (95 % CI) [a]	n	Hazard Ratio (95 % CI) [b]	Unstratified log-rank p-value [c]	p-	P-value [d]
Pooled Age Group 2												0.6698	
<60	159	121 (76.1)	38 (23.9)	1.7 (1.2, 2.0)	160	114 (71.3)	46 (28.8)	1.4 (1.0, 2.2)	1.074 (0.831, 1.387)	0.5853			
≥60 - <65	37	27 (73.0)	10 (27.0)	1.8 (0.4, 2.3)	43	25 (58.1)	18 (41.9)	4.6 (1.1, 8.9)	1.380 (0.799, 2.385)	0.2508			
≥65	69	56 (81.2)	13 (18.8)	0.6 (0.3, 1.6)	65	49 (75.4)	16 (24.6)	1.5 (0.6, 2.4)	1.080 (0.731, 1.594)	0.7125			

N: number of subjects in analysis set; n: number of subjects in subgroup category; %: proportion of number of subjects in n; CI: confidence interval; NE: not estimable. PT: Preferred Term, SOC: System Organ Class.

[a] Median time to first event is from Kaplan-Meier estimate. Confidence Interval for median was computed using the Brookmeyer-Crowley method.

[b] Hazard ratio is from unstratified Cox proportional hazards model with treatment as the only categorical variable in the model. Confidence limits are based on the Wald test.

[c] Two-sided p-value from unstratified log-rank test.

[d] Two-sided interaction p-value is for the interaction term from unstratified Cox proportional hazards model with treatment, subgroup, and treatment-by-subgroup interaction as categorical variables in the model. The p-value is based on the Wald test.

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Medizinischer Nutzen, medizinischer Zusatznutzen, Patientengruppen mit therap. bedeutsamem Zusatznutzen

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SOC: Infections and infestations; PT: Any PT

		Quizartinib (N=265)				Placebo (N=268)				Quizartinib vs Placebo		Interaction
Subgroup	n	No. of subjects with events (%)	No. of subjects censored (%)	Median (95 % CI) (months) [a]	n	No. of subjects with events (%)	No. of subjects censored (%)	Median (95 % CI) (months) [a]	Hazard Ratio (95 % CI) [b]	Unstratified log-rank p-value [c]	P-value [d]	
Sex											0.8810	
Male	124	94 (75.8)	30 (24.2)	1.1 (0.6, 1.7)	120	84 (70.0)	36 (30.0)	1.4 (0.6, 2.5)	1.157 (0.862, 1.553)	0.3317		
Female	141	110 (78.0)	31 (22.0)	1.7 (0.8, 2.0)	148	104 (70.3)	44 (29.7)	1.6 (1.2, 2.4)	1.130 (0.863, 1.478)	0.3708		

N: number of subjects in analysis set; n: number of subjects in subgroup category; %: proportion of number of subjects in n; CI: confidence interval; NE: not estimable. PT: Preferred Term, SOC: System Organ Class.

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SOC: Infections and infestations; PT: Any PT

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Subgroup	n	No. of subjects with events (%)	No. of subjects censored (%)	Median (95 % CI) (months) [a]	n	No. of subjects with events (%)	No. of subjects censored (%)	Median (95 % CI) (months) [a]	Hazard Ratio (95 % CI) [b]	Unstratified log-rank p-value [c]	P-value [d]	
Race by 2 categories											0.4201	
White	157	121 (77.1)	36 (22.9)	1.4 (0.6, 1.7)	161	109 (67.7)	52 (32.3)	1.6 (1.2, 2.8)	1.216 (0.939, 1.576)	0.1390		
Non-white	108	83 (76.9)	25 (23.1)	1.6 (0.8, 2.0)	107	79 (73.8)	28 (26.2)	1.5 (0.7, 2.2)	1.039 (0.763, 1.416)	0.8115		

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SOC: Infections and infestations; PT: Any PT

		Quizartinib (N=265)				Placebo (N=268)				Quizartinib vs Placebo		Interaction
Subgroup	n	No. of subjects with events (%)	No. of subjects censored (%)	Median (95 % CI) (months) [a]	n	No. of subjects with events (%)	No. of subjects censored (%)	Median (95 % CI) (months) [a]	Hazard Ratio (95 % CI) [b]	Unstratified log-rank p-value [c]	P-value [d]	
Geographic Region 1											0.7204	
North America	16	13 (81.3)	3 (18.8)	0.6 (0.2, 2.8)	18	16 (88.9)	2 (11.1)	1.4 (0.4, 2.6)	1.094 (0.515, 2.322)	0.8224		
Europe	161	126 (78.3)	35 (21.7)	1.2 (0.5, 1.7)	161	109 (67.7)	52 (32.3)	1.5 (1.2, 2.9)	1.222 (0.945, 1.579)	0.1239		
Asia/Other Regions	88	65 (73.9)	23 (26.1)	1.7 (0.8, 2.3)	89	63 (70.8)	26 (29.2)	1.7 (0.6, 2.4)	1.043 (0.736, 1.478)	0.8125		

N: number of subjects in analysis set; n: number of subjects in subgroup category; %: proportion of number of subjects in n; CI: confidence interval; NE: not estimable. PT: Preferred Term, SOC: System Organ Class.

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SOC: Infections and infestations; PT: Any PT

Subgroup	n	Quizartinib (N=265)				Placebo (N=268)				Quizartinib vs Placebo		Interaction
		No. of subjects with events (%)	No. of subjects censored (%)	Median (95 % CI) [a]	n	No. of subjects with events (%)	No. of subjects censored (%)	Median (95 % CI) [a]	n	Hazard Ratio (95 % CI) [b]	Unstratified log-rank p-value [c]	P-value [d]
WBC at initial diagnosis											0.6156	
< 40x10 ⁹ /L	132	98 (74.2)	34 (25.8)	1.7 (1.0, 2.6)	133	95 (71.4)	38 (28.6)	1.5 (1.1, 2.8)	135	1.085 (0.818, 1.439)	0.5814	
≥ 40x10 ⁹ /L	133	106 (79.7)	27 (20.3)	1.1 (0.4, 1.6)	135	93 (68.9)	42 (31.1)	1.6 (1.0, 2.4)	135	1.215 (0.919, 1.607)	0.1677	

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		Quizartinib (N=265)				Placebo (N=268)				Quizartinib vs Placebo		Interaction
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Choice of Anthracycline											0.5968	
Daunorubicin	123	95 (77.2)	28 (22.8)	1.7 (0.8, 2.0)	94	66 (70.2)	28 (29.8)	1.2 (0.5, 2.4)	1.035 (0.756, 1.418)	0.8321		
Idarubicin	142	109 (76.8)	33 (23.2)	1.2 (0.5, 1.8)	171	121 (70.8)	50 (29.2)	1.9 (1.2, 2.6)	1.170 (0.903, 1.515)	0.2389		

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AML Cytogenetic Risk Score											0.5181	
Favorable	13	9 (69.2)	4 (30.8)	2.9 (0.3, NE)	19	11 (57.9)	8 (42.1)	4.9 (2.5, NE)	2.238 (0.899, 5.572)	0.0781		
Intermediate	195	149 (76.4)	46 (23.6)	1.4 (0.8, 1.7)	190	134 (70.5)	56 (29.5)	1.5 (1.0, 2.2)	1.052 (0.833, 1.330)	0.6765		
Unfavorable	19	15 (78.9)	4 (21.1)	1.4 (0.3, 2.8)	27	19 (70.4)	8 (29.6)	1.5 (0.2, 2.6)	1.013 (0.512, 2.005)	0.9663		
Unknown	38	31 (81.6)	7 (18.4)	1.2 (0.3, 2.0)	31	23 (74.2)	8 (25.8)	1.4 (0.3, 3.4)	1.286 (0.747, 2.214)	0.3494		

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ECOG Performance Status at Baseline											0.4410	
0 - Fully Active	87	69 (79.3)	18 (20.7)	1.7 (0.9, 2.6)	97	70 (72.2)	27 (27.8)	1.5 (0.6, 3.3)	1.021 (0.731, 1.424)	0.9069		
1 - Restricted in Physically Strenuous Activity	133	96 (72.2)	37 (27.8)	1.6 (0.7, 2.0)	134	93 (69.4)	41 (30.6)	1.6 (1.2, 2.4)	1.110 (0.834, 1.477)	0.4785		
2 - Ambulatory and Capable of All Selfcare	45	39 (86.7)	6 (13.3)	0.5 (0.2, 1.4)	36	25 (69.4)	11 (30.6)	1.1 (0.3, 3.6)	1.620 (0.972, 2.700)	0.0624		

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FLT3-ITD category at Baseline											0.6081	
≥3 to ≤25%	94	72 (76.6)	22 (23.4)	1.4 (0.5, 2.6)	98	70 (71.4)	28 (28.6)	1.6 (1.2, 2.6)	1.088 (0.782, 1.514)	0.6224		
>25% to ≤50%	141	110 (78.0)	31 (22.0)	1.3 (0.6, 1.7)	136	99 (72.8)	37 (27.2)	1.2 (0.6, 2.4)	1.091 (0.832, 1.432)	0.5219		
>50%	29	22 (75.9)	7 (24.1)	1.6 (0.5, 2.1)	34	19 (55.9)	15 (44.1)	3.4 (0.9, NE)	1.608 (0.858, 3.014)	0.1336		

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Subgroup	n	No. of subjects with events (%)	No. of subjects censored (%)	Median (95 % CI) (months) [a]	n	No. of subjects with events (%)	No. of subjects censored (%)	Median (95 % CI) (months) [a]	Hazard Ratio (95 % CI) [b]	Unstratified log-rank p-value [c]	P-value [d]	
AML with Mutated NPM1											0.1161	
Yes	139	109 (78.4)	30 (21.6)	1.4 (0.8, 1.8)	137	101 (73.7)	36 (26.3)	1.6 (1.1, 2.5)	1.015 (0.773, 1.332)	0.9226		
No	116	89 (76.7)	27 (23.3)	1.3 (0.6, 2.0)	120	77 (64.2)	43 (35.8)	1.9 (1.2, 2.8)	1.397 (1.029, 1.896)	0.0319		

N: number of subjects in analysis set; n: number of subjects in subgroup category; %: proportion of number of subjects in n; CI: confidence interval; NE: not estimable. PT: Preferred Term, SOC: System Organ Class.

[a] Median time to first event is from Kaplan-Meier estimate. Confidence Interval for median was computed using the Brookmeyer-Crowley method.

[b] Hazard ratio is from unstratified Cox proportional hazards model with treatment as the only categorical variable in the model. Confidence limits are based on the Wald test.

[c] Two-sided p-value from unstratified log-rank test.

[d] Two-sided interaction p-value is for the interaction term from unstratified Cox proportional hazards model with treatment, subgroup, and treatment-by-subgroup interaction as categorical variables in the model. The p-value is based on the Wald test.

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Run date: 21JUL2023 – 22:02; Program name: DE_T_3_11_2.sas; Output name: DE_T_3_11_2_TEAESOCPT_SUB_SAS.rtf

Medizinischer Nutzen, medizinischer Zusatznutzen, Patientengruppen mit therap. bedeutsamem Zusatznutzen

Daiichi Sankyo | Data Intelligence – Evidence Generation | Final | AC220-A-U302 QUANTUM-First (DCO 13 Aug 2021) | Statistical analyses for AMNOG (HTA Germany)
 Table 3.11.2 Treatment-emergent adverse events by system organ class (SOC) and preferred term (PT) observed for ≥ 10 patients in at least one arm and ≥ 1% of the patients in at least one arm - Time-to-event analysis - subgroup analysis - DCO 13-Aug-2021 - Safety Analysis Set

SOC: Infections and infestations; PT: Any PT

Subgroup	n	Quizartinib (N=265)				Placebo (N=268)				Quizartinib vs Placebo		Interaction
		No. of subjects with events (%)	No. of subjects censored (%)	Median (95 % CI) [a]	n	No. of subjects with events (%)	No. of subjects censored (%)	Median (95 % CI) [a]	n	Hazard Ratio (95 % CI) [b]	Unstratified log-rank p-value [c]	P-value [d]
Age by 2 categories											0.4324	
≤60	164	124 (75.6)	40 (24.4)	1.7 (1.2, 2.0)	163	114 (69.9)	49 (30.1)	1.5 (1.0, 2.4)	163	1.070 (0.830, 1.380)	0.6002	
>60	101	80 (79.2)	21 (20.8)	0.7 (0.4, 1.6)	105	74 (70.5)	31 (29.5)	1.7 (0.9, 2.9)	105	1.240 (0.902, 1.705)	0.1904	

N: number of subjects in analysis set; n: number of subjects in subgroup category; %: proportion of number of subjects in n; CI: confidence interval; NE: not estimable. PT: Preferred Term, SOC: System Organ Class.

[a] Median time to first event is from Kaplan-Meier estimate. Confidence Interval for median was computed using the Brookmeyer-Crowley method.

[b] Hazard ratio is from unstratified Cox proportional hazards model with treatment as the only categorical variable in the model. Confidence limits are based on the Wald test.

[c] Two-sided p-value from unstratified log-rank test.

[d] Two-sided interaction p-value is for the interaction term from unstratified Cox proportional hazards model with treatment, subgroup, and treatment-by-subgroup interaction as categorical variables in the model. The p-value is based on the Wald test.

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SOC: Infections and infestations; PT: Pneumonia

Subgroup	n	Quizartinib (N=265)				Placebo (N=268)				Quizartinib vs Placebo		Interaction
		No. of subjects with events (%)	No. of subjects censored (%)	Median (95 % CI) (months) [a]	n	No. of subjects with events (%)	No. of subjects censored (%)	Median (95 % CI) (months) [a]	n	Hazard Ratio (95 % CI) [b]	Unstratified log-rank p-value [c]	P-value [d]
Pooled Age Group 2											0.6962	
<60	159	22 (13.8)	137 (86.2)	NE (NE, NE)	160	25 (15.6)	135 (84.4)	NE (NE, NE)	160	0.801 (0.451, 1.423)	0.4481	
≥60 - <65	37	5 (13.5)	32 (86.5)	NE (NE, NE)	43	6 (14.0)	37 (86.0)	NE (16.6, NE)	43	0.906 (0.276, 2.972)	0.8699	
≥65	69	12 (17.4)	57 (82.6)	NE (15.7, NE)	65	10 (15.4)	55 (84.6)	NE (NE, NE)	65	1.244 (0.536, 2.888)	0.6097	

N: number of subjects in analysis set; n: number of subjects in subgroup category; %: proportion of number of subjects in n; CI: confidence interval; NE: not estimable. PT: Preferred Term, SOC: System Organ Class.

[a] Median time to first event is from Kaplan-Meier estimate. Confidence Interval for median was computed using the Brookmeyer-Crowley method.

[b] Hazard ratio is from unstratified Cox proportional hazards model with treatment as the only categorical variable in the model. Confidence limits are based on the Wald test.

[c] Two-sided p-value from unstratified log-rank test.

[d] Two-sided interaction p-value is for the interaction term from unstratified Cox proportional hazards model with treatment, subgroup, and treatment-by-subgroup interaction as categorical variables in the model. The p-value is based on the Wald test.

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SOC: Infections and infestations; PT: Pneumonia

		Quizartinib (N=265)				Placebo (N=268)				Quizartinib vs Placebo		Interaction
Subgroup	n	No. of subjects with events (%)	No. of subjects censored (%)	Median (95 % CI) (months) [a]	n	No. of subjects with events (%)	No. of subjects censored (%)	Median (95 % CI) (months) [a]	Hazard Ratio (95 % CI) [b]	Unstratified log-rank p-value [c]	P-value [d]	
Sex											0.3332	
Male	124	20 (16.1)	104 (83.9)	NE (NE, NE)	120	16 (13.3)	104 (86.7)	NE (NE, NE)	1.162 (0.602, 2.244)	0.6546		
Female	141	19 (13.5)	122 (86.5)	NE (NE, NE)	148	25 (16.9)	123 (83.1)	NE (34.7, NE)	0.731 (0.402, 1.328)	0.3021		

N: number of subjects in analysis set; n: number of subjects in subgroup category; %: proportion of number of subjects in n; CI: confidence interval; NE: not estimable. PT: Preferred Term, SOC: System Organ Class.

[a] Median time to first event is from Kaplan-Meier estimate. Confidence Interval for median was computed using the Brookmeyer-Crowley method.

[b] Hazard ratio is from unstratified Cox proportional hazards model with treatment as the only categorical variable in the model. Confidence limits are based on the Wald test.

[c] Two-sided p-value from unstratified log-rank test.

[d] Two-sided interaction p-value is for the interaction term from unstratified Cox proportional hazards model with treatment, subgroup, and treatment-by-subgroup interaction as categorical variables in the model. The p-value is based on the Wald test.

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SOC: Infections and infestations; PT: Pneumonia

		Quizartinib (N=265)				Placebo (N=268)				Quizartinib vs Placebo		Interaction
Subgroup	n	No. of subjects with events (%)	No. of subjects censored (%)	Median (95 % CI) (months) [a]	n	No. of subjects with events (%)	No. of subjects censored (%)	Median (95 % CI) (months) [a]	Hazard Ratio (95 % CI) [b]	Unstratified log-rank p-value [c]	P-value [d]	
Race by 2 categories											0.9648	
White	157	23 (14.6)	134 (85.4)	NE (NE, NE)	161	24 (14.9)	137 (85.1)	NE (NE, NE)	0.909 (0.512, 1.612)	0.7459		
Non-white	108	16 (14.8)	92 (85.2)	NE (NE, NE)	107	17 (15.9)	90 (84.1)	NE (NE, NE)	0.900 (0.455, 1.781)	0.7618		

N: number of subjects in analysis set; n: number of subjects in subgroup category; %: proportion of number of subjects in n; CI: confidence interval; NE: not estimable. PT: Preferred Term, SOC: System Organ Class.

[a] Median time to first event is from Kaplan-Meier estimate. Confidence Interval for median was computed using the Brookmeyer-Crowley method.

[b] Hazard ratio is from unstratified Cox proportional hazards model with treatment as the only categorical variable in the model. Confidence limits are based on the Wald test.

[c] Two-sided p-value from unstratified log-rank test.

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SOC: Infections and infestations; PT: Pneumonia

		Quizartinib (N=265)					Placebo (N=268)					Quizartinib vs Placebo		Interaction
Subgroup	n	No. of subjects with events (%)	No. of subjects censored (%)	Median (95 % CI) (months) [a]	n	No. of subjects with events (%)	No. of subjects censored (%)	Median (95 % CI) (months) [a]	Hazard Ratio (95 % CI) [b]	Unstratified log-rank p-value [c]	P-value [d]			
Geographic Region 1												0.2091		
North America	16	4 (25.0)	12 (75.0)	NE (NE)	18	1 (5.6)	17 (94.4)	NE (NE, NE)	4.923 (0.550, 44.073)	0.1152				
Europe	161	20 (12.4)	141 (87.6)	NE (NE, NE)	161	24 (14.9)	137 (85.1)	NE (34.7, NE)	0.759 (0.418, 1.376)	0.3620				
Asia/Other Regions	88	15 (17.0)	73 (83.0)	NE (20.0, NE)	89	16 (18.0)	73 (82.0)	NE (NE, NE)	0.896 (0.443, 1.814)	0.7604				

N: number of subjects in analysis set; n: number of subjects in subgroup category; %: proportion of number of subjects in n; CI: confidence interval; NE: not estimable. PT: Preferred Term, SOC: System Organ Class.

[a] Median time to first event is from Kaplan-Meier estimate. Confidence Interval for median was computed using the Brookmeyer-Crowley method.

[b] Hazard ratio is from unstratified Cox proportional hazards model with treatment as the only categorical variable in the model. Confidence limits are based on the Wald test.

[c] Two-sided p-value from unstratified log-rank test.

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SOC: Infections and infestations; PT: Pneumonia

		Quizartinib (N=265)				Placebo (N=268)				Quizartinib vs Placebo		Interaction
Subgroup	n	No. of subjects with events (%)	No. of subjects censored (%)	Median (95 % CI) (months) [a]	n	No. of subjects with events (%)	No. of subjects censored (%)	Median (95 % CI) (months) [a]	Hazard Ratio (95 % CI) [b]	Unstratified log-rank p-value [c]	P-value [d]	
WBC at initial diagnosis											0.9238	
< 40x10 ⁹ /L	132	15 (11.4)	117 (88.6)	NE (NE, NE)	133	17 (12.8)	116 (87.2)	NE (NE, NE)	0.866 (0.432, 1.735)	0.6837		
≥ 40x10 ⁹ /L	133	24 (18.0)	109 (82.0)	NE (NE, NE)	135	24 (17.8)	111 (82.2)	NE (NE, NE)	0.932 (0.528, 1.644)	0.8105		

N: number of subjects in analysis set; n: number of subjects in subgroup category; %: proportion of number of subjects in n; CI: confidence interval; NE: not estimable. PT: Preferred Term, SOC: System Organ Class.

[a] Median time to first event is from Kaplan-Meier estimate. Confidence Interval for median was computed using the Brookmeyer-Crowley method.

[b] Hazard ratio is from unstratified Cox proportional hazards model with treatment as the only categorical variable in the model. Confidence limits are based on the Wald test.

[c] Two-sided p-value from unstratified log-rank test.

[d] Two-sided interaction p-value is for the interaction term from unstratified Cox proportional hazards model with treatment, subgroup, and treatment-by-subgroup interaction as categorical variables in the model. The p-value is based on the Wald test.

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SOC: Infections and infestations; PT: Pneumonia

		Quizartinib (N=265)				Placebo (N=268)				Quizartinib vs Placebo		Interaction
Subgroup	n	No. of subjects with events (%)	No. of subjects censored (%)	Median (95 % CI) (months) [a]	n	No. of subjects with events (%)	No. of subjects censored (%)	Median (95 % CI) (months) [a]	Hazard Ratio (95 % CI) [b]	Unstratified log-rank p-value [c]	P-value [d]	
Choice of Anthracycline											0.8895	
Daunorubicin	123	18 (14.6)	105 (85.4)	NE (NE, NE)	94	13 (13.8)	81 (86.2)	NE (NE, NE)	0.954 (0.467, 1.952)	0.8984		
Idarubicin	142	21 (14.8)	121 (85.2)	NE (NE, NE)	171	27 (15.8)	144 (84.2)	NE (NE, NE)	0.895 (0.506, 1.584)	0.7025		

N: number of subjects in analysis set; n: number of subjects in subgroup category; %: proportion of number of subjects in n; CI: confidence interval; NE: not estimable. PT: Preferred Term, SOC: System Organ Class.

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[c] Two-sided p-value from unstratified log-rank test.

[d] Two-sided interaction p-value is for the interaction term from unstratified Cox proportional hazards model with treatment, subgroup, and treatment-by-subgroup interaction as categorical variables in the model. The p-value is based on the Wald test.

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SOC: Infections and infestations; PT: Pneumonia

		Quizartinib (N=265)					Placebo (N=268)					Quizartinib vs Placebo		Interaction
Subgroup	n	No. of subjects with events (%)	No. of subjects censored (%)	Median (95 % CI) (months) [a]	n	No. of subjects with events (%)	No. of subjects censored (%)	Median (95 % CI) (months) [a]	n	Hazard Ratio (95 % CI) [b]	Unstratified log-rank p-value [c]	P-value [d]		
AML Cytogenetic Risk Score												0.7258		
Favorable	13	1 (7.7)	12 (92.3)	NE (5.5, NE)	19	0	19 (100)	NE (NE, NE)	19	NE (0.000, NE)	0.1069			
Intermediate	195	30 (15.4)	165 (84.6)	NE (NE, NE)	190	27 (14.2)	163 (85.8)	NE (NE, NE)	190	0.975 (0.579, 1.643)	0.9258			
Unfavorable	19	1 (5.3)	18 (94.7)	NE (20.0, NE)	27	4 (14.8)	23 (85.2)	NE (NE, NE)	27	0.262 (0.027, 2.508)	0.2172			
Unknown	38	7 (18.4)	31 (81.6)	NE (NE, NE)	31	9 (29.0)	22 (71.0)	34.7 (34.7, NE)	31	0.665 (0.247, 1.786)	0.4124			

N: number of subjects in analysis set; n: number of subjects in subgroup category; %: proportion of number of subjects in n; CI: confidence interval; NE: not estimable. PT: Preferred Term, SOC: System Organ Class.

[a] Median time to first event is from Kaplan-Meier estimate. Confidence Interval for median was computed using the Brookmeyer-Crowley method.

[b] Hazard ratio is from unstratified Cox proportional hazards model with treatment as the only categorical variable in the model. Confidence limits are based on the Wald test.

[c] Two-sided p-value from unstratified log-rank test.

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SOC: Infections and infestations; PT: Pneumonia

		Quizartinib (N=265)					Placebo (N=268)					Quizartinib vs Placebo		Interaction
Subgroup	n	No. of subjects with events (%)	No. of subjects censored (%)	Median (95 % CI) (months) [a]	n	No. of subjects with events (%)	No. of subjects censored (%)	Median (95 % CI) (months) [a]	n	Hazard Ratio (95 % CI) [b]	Unstratified log-rank p-value [c]	P-value [d]		
ECOG Performance Status at Baseline												0.7825		
0 - Fully Active	87	8 (9.2)	79 (90.8)	NE (NE, NE)	97	11 (11.3)	86 (88.7)	NE (NE, NE)	97	0.707 (0.283, 1.761)	0.4539			
1 - Restricted in Physically Strenuous Activity	133	17 (12.8)	116 (87.2)	NE (NE, NE)	134	21 (15.7)	113 (84.3)	NE (NE, NE)	134	0.790 (0.417, 1.499)	0.4690			
2 - Ambulatory and Capable of All Selfcare	45	14 (31.1)	31 (68.9)	NE (19.3, NE)	36	9 (25.0)	27 (75.0)	NE (NE, NE)	36	1.163 (0.498, 2.716)	0.7263			

N: number of subjects in analysis set; n: number of subjects in subgroup category; %: proportion of number of subjects in n; CI: confidence interval; NE: not estimable. PT: Preferred Term, SOC: System Organ Class.

[a] Median time to first event is from Kaplan-Meier estimate. Confidence Interval for median was computed using the Brookmeyer-Crowley method.

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SOC: Infections and infestations; PT: Pneumonia

		Quizartinib (N=265)					Placebo (N=268)					Quizartinib vs Placebo		Interaction
Subgroup	n	No. of subjects with events (%)	No. of subjects censored (%)	Median (95 % CI) (months) [a]	n	No. of subjects with events (%)	No. of subjects censored (%)	Median (95 % CI) (months) [a]	CI	Hazard Ratio (95 % CI) [b]	Unstratified log-rank p-value [c]	P-value [d]		
FLT3-ITD category at Baseline												0.2442		
≥3 to ≤25%	94	16 (17.0)	78 (83.0)	NE (NE, NE)	98	13 (13.3)	85 (86.7)	NE (34.7, NE)		1.295 (0.623, 2.694)	0.4873			
>25% to ≤50%	141	21 (14.9)	120 (85.1)	NE (NE, NE)	136	22 (16.2)	114 (83.8)	NE (NE, NE)		0.868 (0.477, 1.581)	0.6446			
>50%	29	2 (6.9)	27 (93.1)	NE (19.3, NE)	34	6 (17.6)	28 (82.4)	NE (NE, NE)		0.315 (0.062, 1.604)	0.1426			

N: number of subjects in analysis set; n: number of subjects in subgroup category; %: proportion of number of subjects in n; CI: confidence interval; NE: not estimable. PT: Preferred Term, SOC: System Organ Class.

[a] Median time to first event is from Kaplan-Meier estimate. Confidence Interval for median was computed using the Brookmeyer-Crowley method.

[b] Hazard ratio is from unstratified Cox proportional hazards model with treatment as the only categorical variable in the model. Confidence limits are based on the Wald test.

[c] Two-sided p-value from unstratified log-rank test.

[d] Two-sided interaction p-value is for the interaction term from unstratified Cox proportional hazards model with treatment, subgroup, and treatment-by-subgroup interaction as categorical variables in the model. The p-value is based on the Wald test.

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Run date: 21JUL2023 – 22:02; Program name: DE_T_3_11_2.sas; Output name: DE_T_3_11_2_TEAESOCPT_SUB_SAS.rtf

Medizinischer Nutzen, medizinischer Zusatznutzen, Patientengruppen mit therap. bedeutsamem Zusatznutzen

Daichi Sankyo | Data Intelligence – Evidence Generation | Final | AC220-A-U302 QUANTUM-First (DCO 13 Aug 2021) | Statistical analyses for AMNOG (HTA Germany)
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SOC: Infections and infestations; PT: Pneumonia

		Quizartinib (N=265)				Placebo (N=268)				Quizartinib vs Placebo		Interaction
Subgroup	n	No. of subjects with events (%)	No. of subjects censored (%)	Median (95 % CI) (months) [a]	n	No. of subjects with events (%)	No. of subjects censored (%)	Median (95 % CI) (months) [a]	Hazard Ratio (95 % CI) [b]	Unstratified log-rank p-value [c]	P-value [d]	
AML with Mutated NPM1											0.1327	
Yes	139	24 (17.3)	115 (82.7)	NE (NE, NE)	137	20 (14.6)	117 (85.4)	NE (NE, NE)	1.144 (0.632, 2.073)	0.6556		
No	116	10 (8.6)	106 (91.4)	NE (NE, NE)	120	17 (14.2)	103 (85.8)	NE (NE, NE)	0.553 (0.253, 1.210)	0.1326		

N: number of subjects in analysis set; n: number of subjects in subgroup category; %: proportion of number of subjects in n; CI: confidence interval; NE: not estimable. PT: Preferred Term, SOC: System Organ Class.

[a] Median time to first event is from Kaplan-Meier estimate. Confidence Interval for median was computed using the Brookmeyer-Crowley method.

[b] Hazard ratio is from unstratified Cox proportional hazards model with treatment as the only categorical variable in the model. Confidence limits are based on the Wald test.

[c] Two-sided p-value from unstratified log-rank test.

[d] Two-sided interaction p-value is for the interaction term from unstratified Cox proportional hazards model with treatment, subgroup, and treatment-by-subgroup interaction as categorical variables in the model. The p-value is based on the Wald test.

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SOC: Infections and infestations; PT: Pneumonia

		Quizartinib (N=265)				Placebo (N=268)				Quizartinib vs Placebo		Interaction
Subgroup	n	No. of subjects with events (%)	No. of subjects censored (%)	Median (95 % CI) (months) [a]	n	No. of subjects with events (%)	No. of subjects censored (%)	Median (95 % CI) (months) [a]	Hazard Ratio (95 % CI) [b]	Unstratified log-rank p-value [c]	P-value [d]	
Age by 2 categories											0.4082	
≤60	164	22 (13.4)	142 (86.6)	NE (NE, NE)	163	25 (15.3)	138 (84.7)	NE (NE, NE)	0.788 (0.443, 1.400)	0.4149		
>60	101	17 (16.8)	84 (83.2)	NE (NE, NE)	105	16 (15.2)	89 (84.8)	NE (NE, NE)	1.134 (0.573, 2.246)	0.7172		

N: number of subjects in analysis set; n: number of subjects in subgroup category; %: proportion of number of subjects in n; CI: confidence interval; NE: not estimable. PT: Preferred Term, SOC: System Organ Class.

[a] Median time to first event is from Kaplan-Meier estimate. Confidence Interval for median was computed using the Brookmeyer-Crowley method.

[b] Hazard ratio is from unstratified Cox proportional hazards model with treatment as the only categorical variable in the model. Confidence limits are based on the Wald test.

[c] Two-sided p-value from unstratified log-rank test.

[d] Two-sided interaction p-value is for the interaction term from unstratified Cox proportional hazards model with treatment, subgroup, and treatment-by-subgroup interaction as categorical variables in the model. The p-value is based on the Wald test.

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SOC: Infections and infestations; PT: Upper respiratory tract infection

Subgroup	n	Quizartinib (N=265)					Placebo (N=268)					Quizartinib vs Placebo		Interaction
		No. of subjects with events (%)	No. of subjects censored (%)	Median (95 % CI) (months) [a]	n	No. of subjects with events (%)	No. of subjects censored (%)	Median (95 % CI) (months) [a]	Hazard Ratio (95 % CI) [b]	Unstratified log-rank p-value [c]	P-value [d]			
Pooled Age Group 2													0.1047	
<60	159	18 (11.3)	141 (88.7)	NE (NE)	(38.0, 160	7 (4.4)	153 (95.6)	NE (NE, NE)	2.016 (0.839, 4.846)	0.1101				
≥60 - <65	37	2 (5.4)	35 (94.6)	NE (NE)	(19.7, 43	3 (7.0)	40 (93.0)	NE (NE)	0.597 (0.100, 3.582)	0.5687				
≥65	69	1 (1.4)	68 (98.6)	NE (NE)	(30.1, 65	5 (7.7)	60 (92.3)	NE (NE)	0.205 (0.024, 1.765)	0.1106				

N: number of subjects in analysis set; n: number of subjects in subgroup category; %: proportion of number of subjects in n; CI: confidence interval; NE: not estimable. PT: Preferred Term, SOC: System Organ Class.

[a] Median time to first event is from Kaplan-Meier estimate. Confidence Interval for median was computed using the Brookmeyer-Crowley method.

[b] Hazard ratio is from unstratified Cox proportional hazards model with treatment as the only categorical variable in the model. Confidence limits are based on the Wald test.

[c] Two-sided p-value from unstratified log-rank test.

[d] Two-sided interaction p-value is for the interaction term from unstratified Cox proportional hazards model with treatment, subgroup, and treatment-by-subgroup interaction as categorical variables in the model. The p-value is based on the Wald test.

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SOC: Infections and infestations; PT: Upper respiratory tract infection

Subgroup	n	Quizartinib (N=265)					Placebo (N=268)					Quizartinib vs Placebo		Interaction
		No. of subjects with events (%)	No. of subjects censored (%)	Median (95 % CI) [a]	n	No. of subjects with events (%)	No. of subjects censored (%)	Median (95 % CI) [a]	Hazard Ratio (95 % CI) [b]	Unstratified log-rank p-value [c]	P-value [d]			
Sex														0.3586
Male	124	9 (7.3)	115 (92.7)	NE (NE, NE) (38.0, NE)	120	4 (3.3)	116 (96.7)	NE (NE, NE)	1.813 (0.553, 5.940)	0.3189				
Female	141	12 (8.5)	129 (91.5)	NE (NE, NE)	148	11 (7.4)	137 (92.6)	NE (NE, NE)	0.918 (0.404, 2.085)	0.8384				

N: number of subjects in analysis set; n: number of subjects in subgroup category; %: proportion of number of subjects in n; CI: confidence interval; NE: not estimable. PT: Preferred Term, SOC: System Organ Class.

[a] Median time to first event is from Kaplan-Meier estimate. Confidence Interval for median was computed using the Brookmeyer-Crowley method.

[b] Hazard ratio is from unstratified Cox proportional hazards model with treatment as the only categorical variable in the model. Confidence limits are based on the Wald test.

[c] Two-sided p-value from unstratified log-rank test.

[d] Two-sided interaction p-value is for the interaction term from unstratified Cox proportional hazards model with treatment, subgroup, and treatment-by-subgroup interaction as categorical variables in the model. The p-value is based on the Wald test.

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SOC: Infections and infestations; PT: Upper respiratory tract infection

		Quizartinib (N=265)					Placebo (N=268)					Quizartinib vs Placebo		Interaction
Subgroup	n	No. of subjects with events (%)	No. of subjects censored (%)	Median (95 % CI) (months) [a]	n	No. of subjects with events (%)	No. of subjects censored (%)	Median (95 % CI) (months) [a]	Hazard Ratio (95 % CI) [b]	Unstratified log-rank p-value [c]	P-value [d]			
Race by 2 categories												0.4923		
White	157	8 (5.1)	149 (94.9)	NE (NE)	38.0, 161	7 (4.3)	154 (95.7)	NE (NE, NE)	0.935 (0.338, 2.588)	0.8976				
Non-white	108	13 (12.0)	95 (88.0)	NE (NE)	24.0, 107	8 (7.5)	99 (92.5)	NE (NE, NE)	1.423 (0.589, 3.438)	0.4301				

N: number of subjects in analysis set; n: number of subjects in subgroup category; %: proportion of number of subjects in n; CI: confidence interval; NE: not estimable. PT: Preferred Term, SOC: System Organ Class.

[a] Median time to first event is from Kaplan-Meier estimate. Confidence Interval for median was computed using the Brookmeyer-Crowley method.

[b] Hazard ratio is from unstratified Cox proportional hazards model with treatment as the only categorical variable in the model. Confidence limits are based on the Wald test.

[c] Two-sided p-value from unstratified log-rank test.

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SOC: Infections and infestations; PT: Upper respiratory tract infection

		Quizartinib (N=265)					Placebo (N=268)					Quizartinib vs Placebo		Interaction
Subgroup	n	No. of subjects with events (%)	No. of subjects censored (%)	Median (95 % CI) (months) [a]	n	No. of subjects with events (%)	No. of subjects censored (%)	Median (95 % CI) (months) [a]	Hazard Ratio (95 % CI) [b]	Unstratified log-rank p-value [c]	P-value [d]			
Geographic Region 1													0.6371	
North America	16	2 (12.5)	14 (87.5)	30.8 (23.6, NE)	18	1 (5.6)	17 (94.4)	NE (10.0, NE)	2.786 (0.249, 31.160)	0.3860				
Europe	161	6 (3.7)	155 (96.3)	NE (NE, NE)	161	5 (3.1)	156 (96.9)	NE (NE, NE)	0.923 (0.281, 3.037)	0.8958				
Asia/Other Regions	88	13 (14.8)	75 (85.2)	30.1 (19.7, NE)	89	9 (10.1)	80 (89.9)	NE (22.3, NE)	1.264 (0.538, 2.965)	0.5900				

N: number of subjects in analysis set; n: number of subjects in subgroup category; %: proportion of number of subjects in n; CI: confidence interval; NE: not estimable. PT: Preferred Term, SOC: System Organ Class.

[a] Median time to first event is from Kaplan-Meier estimate. Confidence Interval for median was computed using the Brookmeyer-Crowley method.

[b] Hazard ratio is from unstratified Cox proportional hazards model with treatment as the only categorical variable in the model. Confidence limits are based on the Wald test.

[c] Two-sided p-value from unstratified log-rank test.

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SOC: Infections and infestations; PT: Upper respiratory tract infection

		Quizartinib (N=265)					Placebo (N=268)					Quizartinib vs Placebo		Interaction
Subgroup	n	No. of subjects with events (%)	No. of subjects censored (%)	Median (95 % CI) (months) [a]	n	No. of subjects with events (%)	No. of subjects censored (%)	Median (95 % CI) (months) [a]	Hazard Ratio (95 % CI) [b]	Unstratified log-rank p-value [c]	P-value [d]			
WBC at initial diagnosis												0.5586		
< 40x10 ⁹ /L	132	10 (7.6)	122 (92.4)	NE (NE, NE) (38.0, NE)	133	7 (5.3)	126 (94.7)	NE (NE, NE)	1.377 (0.524, 3.623)	0.5145				
≥ 40x10 ⁹ /L	133	11 (8.3)	122 (91.7)	NE (NE, NE)	135	8 (5.9)	127 (94.1)	NE (NE, NE)	0.899 (0.360, 2.242)	0.8192				

N: number of subjects in analysis set; n: number of subjects in subgroup category; %: proportion of number of subjects in n; CI: confidence interval; NE: not estimable. PT: Preferred Term, SOC: System Organ Class.

[a] Median time to first event is from Kaplan-Meier estimate. Confidence Interval for median was computed using the Brookmeyer-Crowley method.

[b] Hazard ratio is from unstratified Cox proportional hazards model with treatment as the only categorical variable in the model. Confidence limits are based on the Wald test.

[c] Two-sided p-value from unstratified log-rank test.

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Subgroup	n	No. of subjects with events (%)	No. of subjects censored (%)	Median (95 % CI) (months) [a]	n	No. of subjects with events (%)	No. of subjects censored (%)	Median (95 % CI) (months) [a]	Hazard Ratio (95 % CI) [b]	Unstratified log-rank p-value [c]	P-value [d]			
Choice of Anthracycline												0.2248		
Daunorubicin	123	6 (4.9)	117 (95.1)	NE (NE, NE)	94	5 (5.3)	89 (94.7)	NE (NE, NE)	0.623 (0.189, 2.048)	0.4312				
Idarubicin	142	15 (10.6)	127 (89.4)	NE (30.1, NE)	171	10 (5.8)	161 (94.2)	NE (NE, NE)	1.613 (0.723, 3.597)	0.2386				

N: number of subjects in analysis set; n: number of subjects in subgroup category; %: proportion of number of subjects in n; CI: confidence interval; NE: not estimable. PT: Preferred Term, SOC: System Organ Class.

[a] Median time to first event is from Kaplan-Meier estimate. Confidence Interval for median was computed using the Brookmeyer-Crowley method.

[b] Hazard ratio is from unstratified Cox proportional hazards model with treatment as the only categorical variable in the model. Confidence limits are based on the Wald test.

[c] Two-sided p-value from unstratified log-rank test.

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SOC: Infections and infestations; PT: Upper respiratory tract infection

		Quizartinib (N=265)					Placebo (N=268)					Quizartinib vs Placebo		Interaction
Subgroup	n	No. of subjects with events (%)	No. of subjects censored (%)	Median (95 % CI) (months) [a]	n	No. of subjects with events (%)	No. of subjects censored (%)	Median (95 % CI) (months) [a]	Hazard Ratio (95 % CI) [b]	Unstratified log-rank p-value [c]	P-value [d]			
AML Cytogenetic Risk Score												0.5093		
Favorable	13	2 (15.4)	11 (84.6)	NE (11.1, NE)	19	1 (5.3)	18 (94.7)	NE (10.0, NE)	4.073 (0.367, 45.253)	0.2159				
Intermediate	195	16 (8.2)	179 (91.8)	NE (NE, NE)	190	11 (5.8)	179 (94.2)	NE (NE, NE)	1.105 (0.512, 2.384)	0.7989				
Unfavorable	19	2 (10.5)	17 (89.5)	NE (12.7, NE)	27	3 (11.1)	24 (88.9)	NE (6.3, NE)	0.558 (0.084, 3.716)	0.5425				
Unknown	38	1 (2.6)	37 (97.4)	NE (22.1, NE)	31	0	31 (100)	NE (NE, NE)	NE (0.000, NE)	0.4028				

N: number of subjects in analysis set; n: number of subjects in subgroup category; %: proportion of number of subjects in n; CI: confidence interval; NE: not estimable. PT: Preferred Term, SOC: System Organ Class.

[a] Median time to first event is from Kaplan-Meier estimate. Confidence Interval for median was computed using the Brookmeyer-Crowley method.

[b] Hazard ratio is from unstratified Cox proportional hazards model with treatment as the only categorical variable in the model. Confidence limits are based on the Wald test.

[c] Two-sided p-value from unstratified log-rank test.

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 Table 3.11.2 Treatment-emergent adverse events by system organ class (SOC) and preferred term (PT) observed for ≥ 10 patients in at least one arm and ≥ 1% of the patients in at least one arm - Time-to-event analysis - subgroup analysis - DCO 13-Aug-2021 - Safety Analysis Set

SOC: Infections and infestations; PT: Upper respiratory tract infection

		Quizartinib (N=265)					Placebo (N=268)					Quizartinib vs Placebo		Interaction
Subgroup	n	No. of subjects with events (%)	No. of subjects censored (%)	Median (95 % CI) (months) [a]	n	No. of subjects with events (%)	No. of subjects censored (%)	Median (95 % CI) (months) [a]	Hazard Ratio (95 % CI) [b]	Unstratified log-rank p-value [c]	P-value [d]			
ECOG Performance Status at Baseline												0.3404		
0 - Fully Active	87	9 (10.3)	78 (89.7)	NE (38.0, NE)	97	4 (4.1)	93 (95.9)	NE (NE, NE)	2.027 (0.623, 6.590)	0.2306				
1 - Restricted in Physically Strenuous Activity	133	10 (7.5)	123 (92.5)	NE (NE, NE)	134	9 (6.7)	125 (93.3)	NE (NE, NE)	1.011 (0.410, 2.490)	0.9816				
2 - Ambulatory and Capable of All Selfcare	45	2 (4.4)	43 (95.6)	NE (NE, NE)	36	2 (5.6)	34 (94.4)	NE (9.9, NE)	0.399 (0.052, 3.083)	0.3643				

N: number of subjects in analysis set; n: number of subjects in subgroup category; %: proportion of number of subjects in n; CI: confidence interval; NE: not estimable. PT: Preferred Term, SOC: System Organ Class.

[a] Median time to first event is from Kaplan-Meier estimate. Confidence Interval for median was computed using the Brookmeyer-Crowley method.

[b] Hazard ratio is from unstratified Cox proportional hazards model with treatment as the only categorical variable in the model. Confidence limits are based on the Wald test.

[c] Two-sided p-value from unstratified log-rank test.

[d] Two-sided interaction p-value is for the interaction term from unstratified Cox proportional hazards model with treatment, subgroup, and treatment-by-subgroup interaction as categorical variables in the model. The p-value is based on the Wald test.

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Medizinischer Nutzen, medizinischer Zusatznutzen, Patientengruppen mit therap. bedeutsamem Zusatznutzen

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SOC: Infections and infestations; PT: Upper respiratory tract infection

		Quizartinib (N=265)					Placebo (N=268)					Quizartinib vs Placebo		Interaction
Subgroup	n	No. of subjects with events (%)	No. of subjects censored (%)	Median (95 % CI) (months) [a]	n	No. of subjects with events (%)	No. of subjects censored (%)	Median (95 % CI) (months) [a]	Hazard Ratio (95 % CI) [b]	Unstratified log-rank p-value [c]	P-value [d]			
FLT3-ITD category at Baseline												0.2392		
≥3 to ≤25%	94	8 (8.5)	86 (91.5)	NE (NE) (38.0, NE)	98	4 (4.1)	94 (95.9)	NE (NE, NE)	2.111 (0.632, 7.056)	0.2145				
>25% to ≤50%	141	12 (8.5)	129 (91.5)	NE (NE) (30.1, NE)	136	9 (6.6)	127 (93.4)	NE (NE, NE)	1.025 (0.431, 2.439)	0.9546				
>50%	29	1 (3.4)	28 (96.6)	NE (NE, NE)	34	2 (5.9)	32 (94.1)	NE (6.3, NE)	0.219 (0.019, 2.472)	0.1795				

N: number of subjects in analysis set; n: number of subjects in subgroup category; %: proportion of number of subjects in n; CI: confidence interval; NE: not estimable. PT: Preferred Term, SOC: System Organ Class.

[a] Median time to first event is from Kaplan-Meier estimate. Confidence Interval for median was computed using the Brookmeyer-Crowley method.

[b] Hazard ratio is from unstratified Cox proportional hazards model with treatment as the only categorical variable in the model. Confidence limits are based on the Wald test.

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SOC: Infections and infestations; PT: Upper respiratory tract infection

Subgroup	n	Quizartinib (N=265)				Placebo (N=268)				Quizartinib vs Placebo		Interaction
		No. of subjects with events (%)	No. of subjects censored (%)	Median (95 % CI) (months) [a]	n	No. of subjects with events (%)	No. of subjects censored (%)	Median (95 % CI) (months) [a]	n	Hazard Ratio (95 % CI) [b]	Unstratified log-rank p-value [c]	P-value [d]
AML with Mutated NPM1											0.1680	
Yes	139	11 (7.9)	128 (92.1)	NE (NE, NE)	137	9 (6.6)	128 (93.4)	NE (NE, NE)	137	0.972 (0.402, 2.350)	0.9497	
No	116	10 (8.6)	106 (91.4)	NE (25.7, NE)	120	3 (2.5)	117 (97.5)	NE (NE, NE)	120	2.949 (0.807, 10.774)	0.0865	

N: number of subjects in analysis set; n: number of subjects in subgroup category; %: proportion of number of subjects in n; CI: confidence interval; NE: not estimable. PT: Preferred Term, SOC: System Organ Class.

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[b] Hazard ratio is from unstratified Cox proportional hazards model with treatment as the only categorical variable in the model. Confidence limits are based on the Wald test.

[c] Two-sided p-value from unstratified log-rank test.

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SOC: Infections and infestations; PT: Upper respiratory tract infection

Subgroup	n	Quizartinib (N=265)					Placebo (N=268)					Quizartinib vs Placebo		Interaction
		No. of subjects with events (%)	No. of subjects censored (%)	Median (95 % CI) [a]	n	No. of subjects with events (%)	No. of subjects censored (%)	Median (95 % CI) [a]	Hazard Ratio (95 % CI) [b]	Unstratified log-rank p-value [c]	P-value [d]			
Age by 2 categories													0.0425	
≤60	164	18 (11.0)	146 (89.0)	NE (38.0, NE)	163	7 (4.3)	156 (95.7)	NE (NE, NE)	1.978 (0.823, 4.756)	0.1205				
>60	101	3 (3.0)	98 (97.0)	NE (30.1, NE)	105	8 (7.6)	97 (92.4)	NE (23.8, NE)	0.371 (0.098, 1.400)	0.1277				

N: number of subjects in analysis set; n: number of subjects in subgroup category; %: proportion of number of subjects in n; CI: confidence interval; NE: not estimable. PT: Preferred Term, SOC: System Organ Class.

[a] Median time to first event is from Kaplan-Meier estimate. Confidence Interval for median was computed using the Brookmeyer-Crowley method.

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[c] Two-sided p-value from unstratified log-rank test.

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SOC: Infections and infestations; PT: Oral herpes

Subgroup	n	Quizartinib (N=265)				Placebo (N=268)				Quizartinib vs Placebo		Interaction
		No. of subjects with events (%)	No. of subjects censored (%)	Median (95 % CI) (months) [a]	n	No. of subjects with events (%)	No. of subjects censored (%)	Median (95 % CI) (months) [a]	n	Hazard Ratio (95 % CI) [b]	Unstratified log-rank p-value [c]	P-value [d]
Pooled Age Group 2											0.1702	
<60	159	13 (8.2)	146 (91.8)	NE (NE, NE)	160	6 (3.8)	154 (96.3)	NE (NE, NE)	160	1.964 (0.744, 5.184)	0.1648	
≥60 - <65	37	3 (8.1)	34 (91.9)	NE (NE, NE)	43	0	43 (100)	NE (NE, NE)	43	NE (0.000, NE)	0.0597	
≥65	69	2 (2.9)	67 (97.1)	NE (NE, NE)	65	6 (9.2)	59 (90.8)	NE (NE, NE)	65	0.322 (0.065, 1.596)	0.1436	

N: number of subjects in analysis set; n: number of subjects in subgroup category; %: proportion of number of subjects in n; CI: confidence interval; NE: not estimable. PT: Preferred Term, SOC: System Organ Class.

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		Quizartinib (N=265)				Placebo (N=268)				Quizartinib vs Placebo		Interaction
Subgroup	n	No. of subjects with events (%)	No. of subjects censored (%)	Median (95 % CI) (months) [a]	n	No. of subjects with events (%)	No. of subjects censored (%)	Median (95 % CI) (months) [a]	Hazard Ratio (95 % CI) [b]	Unstratified log-rank p-value [c]	P-value [d]	
Sex											0.9209	
Male	124	3 (2.4)	121 (97.6)	NE (NE, NE)	120	2 (1.7)	118 (98.3)	NE (NE, NE)	1.241 (0.206, 7.466)	0.8131		
Female	141	15 (10.6)	126 (89.4)	NE (NE, NE)	148	10 (6.8)	138 (93.2)	NE (NE, NE)	1.525 (0.684, 3.397)	0.2992		

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Subgroup	n	No. of subjects with events (%)	No. of subjects censored (%)	Median (95 % CI) (months) [a]	n	No. of subjects with events (%)	No. of subjects censored (%)	Median (95 % CI) (months) [a]	Hazard Ratio (95 % CI) [b]	Unstratified log-rank p-value [c]	P-value [d]	
Race by 2 categories											0.8799	
White	157	13 (8.3)	144 (91.7)	NE (NE, NE)	161	9 (5.6)	152 (94.4)	NE (NE, NE)	1.440 (0.615, 3.375)	0.3991		
Non-white	108	5 (4.6)	103 (95.4)	NE (NE, NE)	107	3 (2.8)	104 (97.2)	NE (NE, NE)	1.497 (0.357, 6.274)	0.5785		

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Geographic Region 1											0.9044	
North America	16	0	16 (100)	NE (NE, NE)	18	0	18 (100)	NE (NE, NE)	NE (NE, NE)	NE		
Europe	161	14 (8.7)	147 (91.3)	NE (NE, NE)	161	10 (6.2)	151 (93.8)	NE (NE, NE)	1.280 (0.567, 2.890)	0.5510		
Asia/Other Regions	88	4 (4.5)	84 (95.5)	NE (NE, NE)	89	2 (2.2)	87 (97.8)	NE (NE, NE)	1.913 (0.350, 10.467)	0.4465		

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Subgroup	n	No. of subjects with events (%)	No. of subjects censored (%)	Median (95 % CI) (months) [a]	n	No. of subjects with events (%)	No. of subjects censored (%)	Median (95 % CI) (months) [a]	Hazard Ratio (95 % CI) [b]	Unstratified log-rank p-value [c]	P-value [d]	
WBC at initial diagnosis											0.7555	
< 40x10 ⁹ /L	132	9 (6.8)	123 (93.2)	NE (NE, NE)	133	7 (5.3)	126 (94.7)	NE (NE, NE)	1.270 (0.473, 3.414)	0.6341		
≥ 40x10 ⁹ /L	133	9 (6.8)	124 (93.2)	NE (NE, NE)	135	5 (3.7)	130 (96.3)	NE (NE, NE)	1.700 (0.568, 5.085)	0.3370		

N: number of subjects in analysis set; n: number of subjects in subgroup category; %: proportion of number of subjects in n; CI: confidence interval; NE: not estimable. PT: Preferred Term, SOC: System Organ Class.

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Subgroup	n	No. of subjects with events (%)	No. of subjects censored (%)	Median (95 % CI) (months) [a]	n	No. of subjects with events (%)	No. of subjects censored (%)	Median (95 % CI) (months) [a]	Hazard Ratio (95 % CI) [b]	Unstratified log-rank p-value [c]	P-value [d]	
Choice of Anthracycline											0.7694	
Daunorubicin	123	9 (7.3)	114 (92.7)	NE (NE, NE)	94	4 (4.3)	90 (95.7)	NE (NE, NE)	1.587 (0.488, 5.165)	0.4385		
Idarubicin	142	9 (6.3)	133 (93.7)	NE (NE, NE)	171	8 (4.7)	163 (95.3)	NE (NE, NE)	1.284 (0.494, 3.332)	0.6076		

N: number of subjects in analysis set; n: number of subjects in subgroup category; %: proportion of number of subjects in n; CI: confidence interval; NE: not estimable. PT: Preferred Term, SOC: System Organ Class.

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Daichi Sankyo | Data Intelligence – Evidence Generation | Final | AC220-A-U302 QUANTUM-First (DCO 13 Aug 2021) | Statistical analyses for AMNOG (HTA Germany)
 Table 3.11.2 Treatment-emergent adverse events by system organ class (SOC) and preferred term (PT) observed for ≥ 10 patients in at least one arm and ≥ 1% of the patients in at least one arm - Time-to-event analysis - subgroup analysis - DCO 13-Aug-2021 - Safety Analysis Set

SOC: Infections and infestations; PT: Oral herpes

		Quizartinib (N=265)					Placebo (N=268)					Quizartinib vs Placebo		Interaction
Subgroup	n	No. of subjects with events (%)	No. of subjects censored (%)	Median (95 % CI) (months) [a]	n	No. of subjects with events (%)	No. of subjects censored (%)	Median (95 % CI) (months) [a]	n	Hazard Ratio (95 % CI) [b]	Unstratified log-rank p-value [c]	P-value [d]		
AML Cytogenetic Risk Score												0.8846		
Favorable	13	2 (15.4)	11 (84.6)	26.3 (26.3, NE)	19	2 (10.5)	17 (89.5)	NE (NE, NE)		2.220 (0.302, 16.334)	0.4226			
Intermediate	195	12 (6.2)	183 (93.8)	NE (NE, NE)	190	7 (3.7)	183 (96.3)	NE (NE, NE)		1.503 (0.591, 3.825)	0.3893			
Unfavorable	19	1 (5.3)	18 (94.7)	NE (NE, NE)	27	0	27 (100)	NE (NE, NE)		NE (0.000, NE)	0.2207			
Unknown	38	3 (7.9)	35 (92.1)	NE (NE, NE)	31	3 (9.7)	28 (90.3)	NE (NE, NE)		0.886 (0.179, 4.391)	0.8824			

N: number of subjects in analysis set; n: number of subjects in subgroup category; %: proportion of number of subjects in n; CI: confidence interval; NE: not estimable. PT: Preferred Term, SOC: System Organ Class.

[a] Median time to first event is from Kaplan-Meier estimate. Confidence Interval for median was computed using the Brookmeyer-Crowley method.

[b] Hazard ratio is from unstratified Cox proportional hazards model with treatment as the only categorical variable in the model. Confidence limits are based on the Wald test.

[c] Two-sided p-value from unstratified log-rank test.

[d] Two-sided interaction p-value is for the interaction term from unstratified Cox proportional hazards model with treatment, subgroup, and treatment-by-subgroup interaction as categorical variables in the model. The p-value is based on the Wald test.

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SOC: Infections and infestations; PT: Oral herpes

		Quizartinib (N=265)				Placebo (N=268)				Quizartinib vs Placebo		Interaction
Subgroup	n	No. of subjects with events (%)	No. of subjects censored (%)	Median (95 % CI) (months) [a]	n	No. of subjects with events (%)	No. of subjects censored (%)	Median (95 % CI) (months) [a]	Hazard Ratio (95 % CI) [b]	Unstratified log-rank p-value [c]	P-value [d]	
ECOG Performance Status at Baseline											0.9823	
0 - Fully Active	87	9 (10.3)	78 (89.7)	NE (NE, NE)	97	6 (6.2)	91 (93.8)	NE (NE, NE)	1.587 (0.564, 4.464)	0.3776		
1 - Restricted in Physically Strenuous Activity	133	7 (5.3)	126 (94.7)	NE (NE, NE)	134	5 (3.7)	129 (96.3)	NE (NE, NE)	1.347 (0.427, 4.251)	0.6095		
2 - Ambulatory and Capable of All Selfcare	45	2 (4.4)	43 (95.6)	NE (NE, NE)	36	1 (2.8)	35 (97.2)	NE (NE, NE)	1.674 (0.152, 18.470)	0.6707		

N: number of subjects in analysis set; n: number of subjects in subgroup category; %: proportion of number of subjects in n; CI: confidence interval; NE: not estimable. PT: Preferred Term, SOC: System Organ Class.

[a] Median time to first event is from Kaplan-Meier estimate. Confidence Interval for median was computed using the Brookmeyer-Crowley method.

[b] Hazard ratio is from unstratified Cox proportional hazards model with treatment as the only categorical variable in the model. Confidence limits are based on the Wald test.

[c] Two-sided p-value from unstratified log-rank test.

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SOC: Infections and infestations; PT: Oral herpes

		Quizartinib (N=265)				Placebo (N=268)				Quizartinib vs Placebo		Interaction
Subgroup	n	No. of subjects with events (%)	No. of subjects censored (%)	Median (95 % CI) (months) [a]	n	No. of subjects with events (%)	No. of subjects censored (%)	Median (95 % CI) (months) [a]	Hazard Ratio (95 % CI) [b]	Unstratified log-rank p-value [c]	P-value [d]	
FLT3-ITD category at Baseline											0.4835	
≥3 to ≤25%	94	4 (4.3)	90 (95.7)	NE (NE, NE)	98	6 (6.1)	92 (93.9)	NE (NE, NE)	0.673 (0.190, 2.389)	0.5379		
>25% to ≤50%	141	12 (8.5)	129 (91.5)	NE (NE, NE)	136	6 (4.4)	130 (95.6)	NE (NE, NE)	1.841 (0.690, 4.911)	0.2156		
>50%	29	2 (6.9)	27 (93.1)	NE (NE, NE)	34	0	34 (100)	NE (NE, NE)	NE (0.000, NE)	0.1224		

N: number of subjects in analysis set; n: number of subjects in subgroup category; %: proportion of number of subjects in n; CI: confidence interval; NE: not estimable. PT: Preferred Term, SOC: System Organ Class.

[a] Median time to first event is from Kaplan-Meier estimate. Confidence Interval for median was computed using the Brookmeyer-Crowley method.

[b] Hazard ratio is from unstratified Cox proportional hazards model with treatment as the only categorical variable in the model. Confidence limits are based on the Wald test.

[c] Two-sided p-value from unstratified log-rank test.

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SOC: Infections and infestations; PT: Oral herpes

		Quizartinib (N=265)				Placebo (N=268)				Quizartinib vs Placebo		Interaction
Subgroup	n	No. of subjects with events (%)	No. of subjects censored (%)	Median (95 % CI) (months) [a]	n	No. of subjects with events (%)	No. of subjects censored (%)	Median (95 % CI) (months) [a]	Hazard Ratio (95 % CI) [b]	Unstratified log-rank p-value [c]	P-value [d]	
AML with Mutated NPM1											0.1749	
Yes	139	7 (5.0)	132 (95.0)	NE (NE, NE)	137	8 (5.8)	129 (94.2)	NE (NE, NE)	0.847 (0.307, 2.338)	0.7468		
No	116	10 (8.6)	106 (91.4)	NE (NE, NE)	120	4 (3.3)	116 (96.7)	NE (NE, NE)	2.373 (0.743, 7.578)	0.1325		

N: number of subjects in analysis set; n: number of subjects in subgroup category; %: proportion of number of subjects in n; CI: confidence interval; NE: not estimable. PT: Preferred Term, SOC: System Organ Class.

[a] Median time to first event is from Kaplan-Meier estimate. Confidence Interval for median was computed using the Brookmeyer-Crowley method.

[b] Hazard ratio is from unstratified Cox proportional hazards model with treatment as the only categorical variable in the model. Confidence limits are based on the Wald test.

[c] Two-sided p-value from unstratified log-rank test.

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SOC: Infections and infestations; PT: Oral herpes

		Quizartinib (N=265)				Placebo (N=268)				Quizartinib vs Placebo		Interaction
Subgroup	n	No. of subjects with events (%)	No. of subjects censored (%)	Median (95 % CI) (months) [a]	n	No. of subjects with events (%)	No. of subjects censored (%)	Median (95 % CI) (months) [a]	Hazard Ratio (95 % CI) [b]	Unstratified log-rank p-value [c]	P-value [d]	
Age by 2 categories											0.3231	
≤60	164	13 (7.9)	151 (92.1)	NE (NE, NE)	163	6 (3.7)	157 (96.3)	NE (NE, NE)	1.930 (0.731, 5.096)	0.1764		
>60	101	5 (5.0)	96 (95.0)	NE (NE, NE)	105	6 (5.7)	99 (94.3)	NE (NE, NE)	0.869 (0.265, 2.850)	0.8147		

N: number of subjects in analysis set; n: number of subjects in subgroup category; %: proportion of number of subjects in n; CI: confidence interval; NE: not estimable. PT: Preferred Term, SOC: System Organ Class.

[a] Median time to first event is from Kaplan-Meier estimate. Confidence Interval for median was computed using the Brookmeyer-Crowley method.

[b] Hazard ratio is from unstratified Cox proportional hazards model with treatment as the only categorical variable in the model. Confidence limits are based on the Wald test.

[c] Two-sided p-value from unstratified log-rank test.

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SOC: Infections and infestations; PT: Conjunctivitis

Subgroup	n	Quizartinib (N=265)				Placebo (N=268)				Quizartinib vs Placebo		Interaction
		No. of subjects with events (%)	No. of subjects censored (%)	Median (95 % CI) (months) [a]	n	No. of subjects with events (%)	No. of subjects censored (%)	Median (95 % CI) (months) [a]	n	Hazard Ratio (95 % CI) [b]	Unstratified log-rank p-value [c]	P-value [d]
Pooled Age Group 2											0.9999	
<60	159	11 (6.9)	148 (93.1)	NE (NE, NE)	160	6 (3.8)	154 (96.3)	NE (NE, NE)	160	1.772 (0.655, 4.796)	0.2529	
≥60 - <65	37	0	37 (100)	NE (NE, NE)	43	2 (4.7)	41 (95.3)	NE (NE, NE)	43	0.000 (0.000, NE)	0.1456	
≥65	69	5 (7.2)	64 (92.8)	NE (28.1, NE)	65	0	65 (100)	NE (NE, NE)	65	NE (0.000, NE)	0.0178	

N: number of subjects in analysis set; n: number of subjects in subgroup category; %: proportion of number of subjects in n; CI: confidence interval; NE: not estimable. PT: Preferred Term, SOC: System Organ Class.

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Subgroup	n	No. of subjects with events (%)	No. of subjects censored (%)	Median (95 % CI) (months) [a]	n	No. of subjects with events (%)	No. of subjects censored (%)	Median (95 % CI) (months) [a]	Hazard Ratio (95 % CI) [b]	Unstratified log-rank p-value [c]	P-value [d]	
Sex											0.6156	
Male	124	8 (6.5)	116 (93.5)	NE (NE, NE)	120	3 (2.5)	117 (97.5)	NE (NE, NE)	2.530 (0.671, 9.542)	0.1557		
Female	141	8 (5.7)	133 (94.3)	NE (NE, NE)	148	5 (3.4)	143 (96.6)	NE (NE, NE)	1.522 (0.497, 4.664)	0.4591		

N: number of subjects in analysis set; n: number of subjects in subgroup category; %: proportion of number of subjects in n; CI: confidence interval; NE: not estimable. PT: Preferred Term, SOC: System Organ Class.

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Subgroup	n	No. of subjects with events (%)	No. of subjects censored (%)	Median (95 % CI) (months) [a]	n	No. of subjects with events (%)	No. of subjects censored (%)	Median (95 % CI) (months) [a]	Hazard Ratio (95 % CI) [b]	Unstratified log-rank p-value [c]	P-value [d]	
Race by 2 categories											0.4967	
White	157	12 (7.6)	145 (92.4)	NE (NE, NE)	161	5 (3.1)	156 (96.9)	NE (NE, NE)	2.341 (0.823, 6.657)	0.1003		
Non-white	108	4 (3.7)	104 (96.3)	NE (NE, NE)	107	3 (2.8)	104 (97.2)	NE (NE, NE)	1.250 (0.280, 5.591)	0.7697		

N: number of subjects in analysis set; n: number of subjects in subgroup category; %: proportion of number of subjects in n; CI: confidence interval; NE: not estimable. PT: Preferred Term, SOC: System Organ Class.

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Subgroup	n	No. of subjects with events (%)	No. of subjects censored (%)	Median (95 % CI) (months) [a]	n	No. of subjects with events (%)	No. of subjects censored (%)	Median (95 % CI) (months) [a]	Hazard Ratio (95 % CI) [b]	Unstratified log-rank p-value [c]	P-value [d]	
Geographic Region 1											0.5105	
North America	16	1 (6.3)	15 (93.8)	NE (NE, NE)	18	0	18 (100)	NE (NE, NE)	NE (0.000, NE)	0.2888		
Europe	161	14 (8.7)	147 (91.3)	NE (NE, NE)	161	6 (3.7)	155 (96.3)	NE (NE, NE)	2.118 (0.812, 5.524)	0.1161		
Asia/Other Regions	88	1 (1.1)	87 (98.9)	NE (NE, NE)	89	2 (2.2)	87 (97.8)	NE (NE, NE)	0.498 (0.045, 5.487)	0.5608		

N: number of subjects in analysis set; n: number of subjects in subgroup category; %: proportion of number of subjects in n; CI: confidence interval; NE: not estimable. PT: Preferred Term, SOC: System Organ Class.

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		No. of subjects with events (%)	No. of subjects censored (%)	Median (95 % CI) [a]	n	No. of subjects with events (%)	No. of subjects censored (%)	Median (95 % CI) [a]	n	Hazard Ratio (95 % CI) [b]	Unstratified log-rank p-value [c]	P-value [d]
WBC at initial diagnosis											0.1030	
< 40x10 ⁹ /L	132	9 (6.8)	123 (93.2)	NE (NE, NE)	133	2 (1.5)	131 (98.5)	NE (NE, NE)	133	4.759 (1.028, 22.037)	0.0276	
≥ 40x10 ⁹ /L	133	7 (5.3)	126 (94.7)	NE (NE, NE)	135	6 (4.4)	129 (95.6)	NE (NE, NE)	135	1.026 (0.343, 3.066)	0.9627	

N: number of subjects in analysis set; n: number of subjects in subgroup category; %: proportion of number of subjects in n; CI: confidence interval; NE: not estimable. PT: Preferred Term, SOC: System Organ Class.

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[c] Two-sided p-value from unstratified log-rank test.

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Medizinischer Nutzen, medizinischer Zusatznutzen, Patientengruppen mit therap. bedeutsamem Zusatznutzen

Daichi Sankyo | Data Intelligence – Evidence Generation | Final | AC220-A-U302 QUANTUM-First (DCO 13 Aug 2021) | Statistical analyses for AMNOG (HTA Germany)
 Table 3.11.2 Treatment-emergent adverse events by system organ class (SOC) and preferred term (PT) observed for ≥ 10 patients in at least one arm and ≥ 1% of the patients in at least one arm - Time-to-event analysis - subgroup analysis - DCO 13-Aug-2021 - Safety Analysis Set

SOC: Infections and infestations; PT: Conjunctivitis

		Quizartinib (N=265)				Placebo (N=268)				Quizartinib vs Placebo		Interaction
Subgroup	n	No. of subjects with events (%)	No. of subjects censored (%)	Median (95 % CI) (months) [a]	n	No. of subjects with events (%)	No. of subjects censored (%)	Median (95 % CI) (months) [a]	Hazard Ratio (95 % CI) [b]	Unstratified log-rank p-value [c]	P-value [d]	
Choice of Anthracycline											0.1413	
Daunorubicin	123	11 (8.9)	112 (91.1)	NE (NE, NE)	94	2 (2.1)	92 (97.9)	NE (NE, NE)	3.975 (0.880, 17.962)	0.0526		
Idarubicin	142	5 (3.5)	137 (96.5)	NE (NE, NE)	171	6 (3.5)	165 (96.5)	NE (NE, NE)	0.937 (0.285, 3.075)	0.9139		

N: number of subjects in analysis set; n: number of subjects in subgroup category; %: proportion of number of subjects in n; CI: confidence interval; NE: not estimable. PT: Preferred Term, SOC: System Organ Class.

[a] Median time to first event is from Kaplan-Meier estimate. Confidence Interval for median was computed using the Brookmeyer-Crowley method.

[b] Hazard ratio is from unstratified Cox proportional hazards model with treatment as the only categorical variable in the model. Confidence limits are based on the Wald test.

[c] Two-sided p-value from unstratified log-rank test.

[d] Two-sided interaction p-value is for the interaction term from unstratified Cox proportional hazards model with treatment, subgroup, and treatment-by-subgroup interaction as categorical variables in the model. The p-value is based on the Wald test.

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SOC: Infections and infestations; PT: Conjunctivitis

		Quizartinib (N=265)				Placebo (N=268)				Quizartinib vs Placebo		Interaction
Subgroup	n	No. of subjects with events (%)	No. of subjects censored (%)	Median (95 % CI) (months) [a]	n	No. of subjects with events (%)	No. of subjects censored (%)	Median (95 % CI) (months) [a]	Hazard Ratio (95 % CI) [b]	Unstratified log-rank p-value [c]	P-value [d]	
AML Cytogenetic Risk Score											0.9130	
Favorable	13	1 (7.7)	12 (92.3)	NE (1.5, NE)	19	0	19 (100)	NE (NE, NE)	NE (0.000, NE)	0.1797		
Intermediate	195	12 (6.2)	183 (93.8)	NE (NE, NE)	190	6 (3.2)	184 (96.8)	NE (NE, NE)	1.717 (0.643, 4.581)	0.2741		
Unfavorable	19	1 (5.3)	18 (94.7)	NE (NE, NE)	27	2 (7.4)	25 (92.6)	NE (NE, NE)	0.843 (0.076, 9.309)	0.8889		
Unknown	38	2 (5.3)	36 (94.7)	NE (NE, NE)	31	0	31 (100)	NE (NE, NE)	NE (0.000, NE)	0.1738		

N: number of subjects in analysis set; n: number of subjects in subgroup category; %: proportion of number of subjects in n; CI: confidence interval; NE: not estimable. PT: Preferred Term, SOC: System Organ Class.

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[b] Hazard ratio is from unstratified Cox proportional hazards model with treatment as the only categorical variable in the model. Confidence limits are based on the Wald test.

[c] Two-sided p-value from unstratified log-rank test.

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SOC: Infections and infestations; PT: Conjunctivitis

Subgroup	n	Quizartinib (N=265)				Placebo (N=268)				Quizartinib vs Placebo		Interaction
		No. of subjects with events (%)	No. of subjects censored (%)	Median (95 % CI) (months) [a]	n	No. of subjects with events (%)	No. of subjects censored (%)	Median (95 % CI) (months) [a]	n	Hazard Ratio (95 % CI) [b]	Unstratified log-rank p-value [c]	P-value [d]
ECOG Performance Status at Baseline											0.9702	
0 - Fully Active	87	6 (6.9)	81 (93.1)	NE (NE, NE)	97	4 (4.1)	93 (95.9)	NE (NE, NE)	1.506 (0.424, 5.358)	0.5240		
1 - Restricted in Physically Strenuous Activity	133	8 (6.0)	125 (94.0)	NE (NE, NE)	134	4 (3.0)	130 (97.0)	NE (NE, NE)	1.939 (0.583, 6.445)	0.2705		
2 - Ambulatory and Capable of All Selfcare	45	2 (4.4)	43 (95.6)	NE (NE, NE)	36	0	36 (100)	NE (NE, NE)	NE (0.000, NE)	0.1774		

N: number of subjects in analysis set; n: number of subjects in subgroup category; %: proportion of number of subjects in n; CI: confidence interval; NE: not estimable. PT: Preferred Term, SOC: System Organ Class.

[a] Median time to first event is from Kaplan-Meier estimate. Confidence Interval for median was computed using the Brookmeyer-Crowley method.

[b] Hazard ratio is from unstratified Cox proportional hazards model with treatment as the only categorical variable in the model. Confidence limits are based on the Wald test.

[c] Two-sided p-value from unstratified log-rank test.

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SOC: Infections and infestations; PT: Conjunctivitis

		Quizartinib (N=265)				Placebo (N=268)				Quizartinib vs Placebo		Interaction
Subgroup	n	No. of subjects with events (%)	No. of subjects censored (%)	Median (95 % CI) (months) [a]	n	No. of subjects with events (%)	No. of subjects censored (%)	Median (95 % CI) (months) [a]	Hazard Ratio (95 % CI) [b]	Unstratified log-rank p-value [c]	P-value [d]	
FLT3-ITD category at Baseline											0.9988	
≥3 to ≤25%	94	5 (5.3)	89 (94.7)	NE (NE, NE)	98	3 (3.1)	95 (96.9)	NE (NE, NE)	1.752 (0.418, 7.335)	0.4369		
>25% to ≤50%	141	10 (7.1)	131 (92.9)	NE (NE, NE)	136	5 (3.7)	131 (96.3)	NE (NE, NE)	1.843 (0.628, 5.405)	0.2576		
>50%	29	1 (3.4)	28 (96.6)	NE (NE, NE)	34	0	34 (100)	NE (NE, NE)	NE (0.000, NE)	0.2850		

N: number of subjects in analysis set; n: number of subjects in subgroup category; %: proportion of number of subjects in n; CI: confidence interval; NE: not estimable. PT: Preferred Term, SOC: System Organ Class.

[a] Median time to first event is from Kaplan-Meier estimate. Confidence Interval for median was computed using the Brookmeyer-Crowley method.

[b] Hazard ratio is from unstratified Cox proportional hazards model with treatment as the only categorical variable in the model. Confidence limits are based on the Wald test.

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SOC: Infections and infestations; PT: Conjunctivitis

		Quizartinib (N=265)					Placebo (N=268)					Quizartinib vs Placebo		Interaction
Subgroup	n	No. of subjects with events (%)	No. of subjects censored (%)	Median (95 % CI) (months) [a]	n	No. of subjects with events (%)	No. of subjects censored (%)	Median (95 % CI) (months) [a]	Hazard Ratio (95 % CI) [b]	Unstratified log-rank p-value [c]	P-value [d]			
AML with Mutated NPM1														0.0596
Yes	139	7 (5.0)	132 (95.0)	NE (NE, NE)	137	7 (5.1)	130 (94.9)	NE (NE, NE)	0.956 (0.335, 2.732)	0.9336				
No	116	9 (7.8)	107 (92.2)	NE (NE, NE)	120	1 (0.8)	119 (99.2)	NE (NE, NE)	8.596 (1.088, 67.900)	0.0141				

N: number of subjects in analysis set; n: number of subjects in subgroup category; %: proportion of number of subjects in n; CI: confidence interval; NE: not estimable. PT: Preferred Term, SOC: System Organ Class.

[a] Median time to first event is from Kaplan-Meier estimate. Confidence Interval for median was computed using the Brookmeyer-Crowley method.

[b] Hazard ratio is from unstratified Cox proportional hazards model with treatment as the only categorical variable in the model. Confidence limits are based on the Wald test.

[c] Two-sided p-value from unstratified log-rank test.

[d] Two-sided interaction p-value is for the interaction term from unstratified Cox proportional hazards model with treatment, subgroup, and treatment-by-subgroup interaction as categorical variables in the model. The p-value is based on the Wald test.

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SOC: Infections and infestations; PT: Conjunctivitis

		Quizartinib (N=265)				Placebo (N=268)				Quizartinib vs Placebo		Interaction
Subgroup	n	No. of subjects with events (%)	No. of subjects censored (%)	Median (95 % CI) (months) [a]	n	No. of subjects with events (%)	No. of subjects censored (%)	Median (95 % CI) (months) [a]	Hazard Ratio (95 % CI) [b]	Unstratified log-rank p-value [c]	P-value [d]	
Age by 2 categories											0.5952	
≤60	164	11 (6.7)	153 (93.3)	NE (NE, NE)	163	6 (3.7)	157 (96.3)	NE (NE, NE)	1.734 (0.641, 4.693)	0.2718		
>60	101	5 (5.0)	96 (95.0)	NE (NE, NE)	105	2 (1.9)	103 (98.1)	NE (NE, NE)	2.632 (0.510, 13.593)	0.2300		

N: number of subjects in analysis set; n: number of subjects in subgroup category; %: proportion of number of subjects in n; CI: confidence interval; NE: not estimable. PT: Preferred Term, SOC: System Organ Class.

[a] Median time to first event is from Kaplan-Meier estimate. Confidence Interval for median was computed using the Brookmeyer-Crowley method.

[b] Hazard ratio is from unstratified Cox proportional hazards model with treatment as the only categorical variable in the model. Confidence limits are based on the Wald test.

[c] Two-sided p-value from unstratified log-rank test.

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SOC: Infections and infestations; PT: Bacteraemia

Subgroup	n	Quizartinib (N=265)				Placebo (N=268)				Quizartinib vs Placebo		Interaction
		No. of subjects with events (%)	No. of subjects censored (%)	Median (95 % CI) (months) [a]	n	No. of subjects with events (%)	No. of subjects censored (%)	Median (95 % CI) (months) [a]	n	Hazard Ratio (95 % CI) [b]	Unstratified log-rank p-value [c]	P-value [d]
Pooled Age Group 2											0.3644	
<60	159	9 (5.7)	150 (94.3)	NE (NE, NE)	160	2 (1.3)	158 (98.8)	NE (NE, NE)	160	4.339 (0.937, 20.094)	0.0405	
≥60 - <65	37	4 (10.8)	33 (89.2)	NE (NE, NE)	43	1 (2.3)	42 (97.7)	NE (NE, NE)	43	4.385 (0.488, 39.370)	0.1494	
≥65	69	3 (4.3)	66 (95.7)	NE (NE, NE)	65	3 (4.6)	62 (95.4)	NE (NE, NE)	65	0.965 (0.195, 4.784)	0.9630	

N: number of subjects in analysis set; n: number of subjects in subgroup category; %: proportion of number of subjects in n; CI: confidence interval; NE: not estimable. PT: Preferred Term, SOC: System Organ Class.

[a] Median time to first event is from Kaplan-Meier estimate. Confidence Interval for median was computed using the Brookmeyer-Crowley method.

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Subgroup	n	Quizartinib (N=265)				Placebo (N=268)				Quizartinib vs Placebo		Interaction
		No. of subjects with events (%)	No. of subjects censored (%)	Median (95 % CI) (months) [a]	n	No. of subjects with events (%)	No. of subjects censored (%)	Median (95 % CI) (months) [a]	n	Hazard Ratio (95 % CI) [b]	Unstratified log-rank p-value [c]	P-value [d]
Sex												0.7245
Male	124	7 (5.6)	117 (94.4)	NE (NE, NE)	120	2 (1.7)	118 (98.3)	NE (NE, NE)	120	3.361 (0.698, 16.186)	0.1086	
Female	141	9 (6.4)	132 (93.6)	NE (NE, NE)	148	4 (2.7)	144 (97.3)	NE (NE, NE)	148	2.336 (0.719, 7.589)	0.1456	

N: number of subjects in analysis set; n: number of subjects in subgroup category; %: proportion of number of subjects in n; CI: confidence interval; NE: not estimable. PT: Preferred Term, SOC: System Organ Class.

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SOC: Infections and infestations; PT: Bacteraemia

		Quizartinib (N=265)				Placebo (N=268)				Quizartinib vs Placebo		Interaction
Subgroup	n	No. of subjects with events (%)	No. of subjects censored (%)	Median (95 % CI) (months) [a]	n	No. of subjects with events (%)	No. of subjects censored (%)	Median (95 % CI) (months) [a]	Hazard Ratio (95 % CI) [b]	Unstratified log-rank p-value [c]	P-value [d]	
Race by 2 categories											0.3574	
White	157	6 (3.8)	151 (96.2)	NE (NE, NE)	161	1 (0.6)	160 (99.4)	NE (NE, NE)	5.960 (0.717, 49.538)	0.0600		
Non-white	108	10 (9.3)	98 (90.7)	NE (NE, NE)	107	5 (4.7)	102 (95.3)	NE (NE, NE)	1.998 (0.683, 5.846)	0.1975		

N: number of subjects in analysis set; n: number of subjects in subgroup category; %: proportion of number of subjects in n; CI: confidence interval; NE: not estimable. PT: Preferred Term, SOC: System Organ Class.

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		Quizartinib (N=265)				Placebo (N=268)				Quizartinib vs Placebo		Interaction
Subgroup	n	No. of subjects with events (%)	No. of subjects censored (%)	Median (95 % CI) (months) [a]	n	No. of subjects with events (%)	No. of subjects censored (%)	Median (95 % CI) (months) [a]	Hazard Ratio (95 % CI) [b]	Unstratified log-rank p-value [c]	P-value [d]	
Geographic Region 1											0.8259	
North America	16	2 (12.5)	14 (87.5)	NE (NE, NE)	18	1 (5.6)	17 (94.4)	NE (NE, NE)	2.258 (0.205, 24.901)	0.4905		
Europe	161	5 (3.1)	156 (96.9)	NE (NE, NE)	161	1 (0.6)	160 (99.4)	NE (NE, NE)	4.691 (0.548, 40.188)	0.1200		
Asia/Other Regions	88	9 (10.2)	79 (89.8)	NE (NE, NE)	89	4 (4.5)	85 (95.5)	NE (NE, NE)	2.257 (0.695, 7.334)	0.1641		

N: number of subjects in analysis set; n: number of subjects in subgroup category; %: proportion of number of subjects in n; CI: confidence interval; NE: not estimable. PT: Preferred Term, SOC: System Organ Class.

[a] Median time to first event is from Kaplan-Meier estimate. Confidence Interval for median was computed using the Brookmeyer-Crowley method.

[b] Hazard ratio is from unstratified Cox proportional hazards model with treatment as the only categorical variable in the model. Confidence limits are based on the Wald test.

[c] Two-sided p-value from unstratified log-rank test.

[d] Two-sided interaction p-value is for the interaction term from unstratified Cox proportional hazards model with treatment, subgroup, and treatment-by-subgroup interaction as categorical variables in the model. The p-value is based on the Wald test.

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Medizinischer Nutzen, medizinischer Zusatznutzen, Patientengruppen mit therap. bedeutsamem Zusatznutzen

Daiichi Sankyo | Data Intelligence – Evidence Generation | Final | AC220-A-U302 QUANTUM-First (DCO 13 Aug 2021) | Statistical analyses for AMNOG (HTA Germany)
 Table 3.11.2 Treatment-emergent adverse events by system organ class (SOC) and preferred term (PT) observed for ≥ 10 patients in at least one arm and ≥ 1% of the patients in at least one arm - Time-to-event analysis - subgroup analysis - DCO 13-Aug-2021 - Safety Analysis Set

SOC: Infections and infestations; PT: Bacteraemia

Subgroup	n	Quizartinib (N=265)				Placebo (N=268)				Quizartinib vs Placebo		Interaction
		No. of subjects with events (%)	No. of subjects censored (%)	Median (95 % CI) [a]	n	No. of subjects with events (%)	No. of subjects censored (%)	Median (95 % CI) [a]	n	Hazard Ratio (95 % CI) [b]	Unstratified log-rank p-value [c]	P-value [d]
WBC at initial diagnosis											0.0137	
< 40x10 ⁹ /L	132	1 (0.8)	131 (99.2)	NE (NE, NE)	133	4 (3.0)	129 (97.0)	NE (NE, NE)	133	0.257 (0.029, 2.300)	0.1900	
≥ 40x10 ⁹ /L	133	15 (11.3)	118 (88.7)	NE (NE, NE)	135	2 (1.5)	133 (98.5)	NE (NE, NE)	135	7.239 (1.654, 31.678)	0.0021	

N: number of subjects in analysis set; n: number of subjects in subgroup category; %: proportion of number of subjects in n; CI: confidence interval; NE: not estimable. PT: Preferred Term, SOC: System Organ Class.

[a] Median time to first event is from Kaplan-Meier estimate. Confidence Interval for median was computed using the Brookmeyer-Crowley method.

[b] Hazard ratio is from unstratified Cox proportional hazards model with treatment as the only categorical variable in the model. Confidence limits are based on the Wald test.

[c] Two-sided p-value from unstratified log-rank test.

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SOC: Infections and infestations; PT: Bacteraemia

		Quizartinib (N=265)				Placebo (N=268)				Quizartinib vs Placebo		Interaction
Subgroup	n	No. of subjects with events (%)	No. of subjects censored (%)	Median (95 % CI) (months) [a]	n	No. of subjects with events (%)	No. of subjects censored (%)	Median (95 % CI) (months) [a]	Hazard Ratio (95 % CI) [b]	Unstratified log-rank p-value [c]	P-value [d]	
Choice of Anthracycline											0.9881	
Daunorubicin	123	7 (5.7)	116 (94.3)	NE (NE, NE)	94	0	94 (100)	NE (NE, NE)	NE (0.000, NE)	0.0208		
Idarubicin	142	9 (6.3)	133 (93.7)	NE (NE, NE)	171	6 (3.5)	165 (96.5)	NE (NE, NE)	1.786 (0.635, 5.020)	0.2648		

N: number of subjects in analysis set; n: number of subjects in subgroup category; %: proportion of number of subjects in n; CI: confidence interval; NE: not estimable. PT: Preferred Term, SOC: System Organ Class.

[a] Median time to first event is from Kaplan-Meier estimate. Confidence Interval for median was computed using the Brookmeyer-Crowley method.

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[c] Two-sided p-value from unstratified log-rank test.

[d] Two-sided interaction p-value is for the interaction term from unstratified Cox proportional hazards model with treatment, subgroup, and treatment-by-subgroup interaction as categorical variables in the model. The p-value is based on the Wald test.

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SOC: Infections and infestations; PT: Bacteraemia

		Quizartinib (N=265)					Placebo (N=268)					Quizartinib vs Placebo		Interaction
Subgroup	n	No. of subjects with events (%)	No. of subjects censored (%)	Median (95 % CI) (months) [a]	n	No. of subjects with events (%)	No. of subjects censored (%)	Median (95 % CI) (months) [a]	n	Hazard Ratio (95 % CI) [b]	Unstratified log-rank p-value [c]	P-value [d]		
AML Cytogenetic Risk Score												1.0000		
Favorable	13	1 (7.7)	12 (92.3)	NE (NE, NE)	19	0	19 (100)	NE (NE, NE)	19	NE (NE, NE)	0.2207			
Intermediate	195	11 (5.6)	184 (94.4)	NE (NE, NE)	190	6 (3.2)	184 (96.8)	NE (NE, NE)	190	1.667 (0.616, 4.514)	0.3090			
Unfavorable	19	2 (10.5)	17 (89.5)	NE (4.3, NE)	27	0	27 (100)	NE (NE, NE)	27	NE (NE, NE)	0.0909			
Unknown	38	2 (5.3)	36 (94.7)	NE (NE, NE)	31	0	31 (100)	NE (NE, NE)	31	NE (NE, NE)	0.1796			

N: number of subjects in analysis set; n: number of subjects in subgroup category; %: proportion of number of subjects in n; CI: confidence interval; NE: not estimable. PT: Preferred Term, SOC: System Organ Class.

[a] Median time to first event is from Kaplan-Meier estimate. Confidence Interval for median was computed using the Brookmeyer-Crowley method.

[b] Hazard ratio is from unstratified Cox proportional hazards model with treatment as the only categorical variable in the model. Confidence limits are based on the Wald test.

[c] Two-sided p-value from unstratified log-rank test.

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SOC: Infections and infestations; PT: Bacteraemia

Subgroup	n	Quizartinib (N=265)				Placebo (N=268)				Quizartinib vs Placebo		Interaction
		No. of subjects with events (%)	No. of subjects censored (%)	Median (95 % CI) (months) [a]	n	No. of subjects with events (%)	No. of subjects censored (%)	Median (95 % CI) (months) [a]	n	Hazard Ratio (95 % CI) [b]	Unstratified log-rank p-value [c]	P-value [d]
ECOG Performance Status at Baseline											0.5430	
0 - Fully Active	87	5 (5.7)	82 (94.3)	NE (NE, NE)	97	1 (1.0)	96 (99.0)	NE (NE, NE)	5.307 (0.620, 45.441)	0.0879		
1 - Restricted in Physically Strenuous Activity	133	7 (5.3)	126 (94.7)	NE (NE, NE)	134	5 (3.7)	129 (96.3)	NE (NE, NE)	1.409 (0.447, 4.441)	0.5561		
2 - Ambulatory and Capable of All Selfcare	45	4 (8.9)	41 (91.1)	NE (NE, NE)	36	0	36 (100)	NE (NE, NE)	NE (0.000, NE)	0.0617		

N: number of subjects in analysis set; n: number of subjects in subgroup category; %: proportion of number of subjects in n; CI: confidence interval; NE: not estimable. PT: Preferred Term, SOC: System Organ Class.

[a] Median time to first event is from Kaplan-Meier estimate. Confidence Interval for median was computed using the Brookmeyer-Crowley method.

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SOC: Infections and infestations; PT: Bacteraemia

		Quizartinib (N=265)				Placebo (N=268)				Quizartinib vs Placebo		Interaction
Subgroup	n	No. of subjects with events (%)	No. of subjects censored (%)	Median (95 % CI) (months) [a]	n	No. of subjects with events (%)	No. of subjects censored (%)	Median (95 % CI) (months) [a]	Hazard Ratio (95 % CI) [b]	Unstratified log-rank p-value [c]	P-value [d]	
FLT3-ITD category at Baseline											0.7072	
≥3 to ≤25%	94	7 (7.4)	87 (92.6)	NE (NE, NE)	98	4 (4.1)	94 (95.9)	NE (NE, NE)	1.926 (0.564, 6.580)	0.2871		
>25% to ≤50%	141	9 (6.4)	132 (93.6)	NE (NE, NE)	136	2 (1.5)	134 (98.5)	NE (NE, NE)	4.282 (0.925, 19.832)	0.0426		
>50%	29	0	29 (100)	NE (NE, NE)	34	0	34 (100)	NE (NE, NE)	NE (NE, NE)	NE		

N: number of subjects in analysis set; n: number of subjects in subgroup category; %: proportion of number of subjects in n; CI: confidence interval; NE: not estimable. PT: Preferred Term, SOC: System Organ Class.

[a] Median time to first event is from Kaplan-Meier estimate. Confidence Interval for median was computed using the Brookmeyer-Crowley method.

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SOC: Infections and infestations; PT: Bacteraemia

Subgroup	n	Quizartinib (N=265)				Placebo (N=268)				Quizartinib vs Placebo		Interaction
		No. of subjects with events (%)	No. of subjects censored (%)	Median (95 % CI) (months) [a]	n	No. of subjects with events (%)	No. of subjects censored (%)	Median (95 % CI) (months) [a]	n	Hazard Ratio (95 % CI) [b]	Unstratified log-rank p-value [c]	P-value [d]
AML with Mutated NPM1											0.3647	
Yes	139	10 (7.2)	129 (92.8)	NE (NE, NE)	137	5 (3.6)	132 (96.4)	NE (NE, NE)	137	1.984 (0.678, 5.808)	0.2022	
No	116	6 (5.2)	110 (94.8)	NE (NE, NE)	120	1 (0.8)	119 (99.2)	NE (NE, NE)	120	6.018 (0.725, 49.976)	0.0582	

N: number of subjects in analysis set; n: number of subjects in subgroup category; %: proportion of number of subjects in n; CI: confidence interval; NE: not estimable. PT: Preferred Term, SOC: System Organ Class.

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[b] Hazard ratio is from unstratified Cox proportional hazards model with treatment as the only categorical variable in the model. Confidence limits are based on the Wald test.

[c] Two-sided p-value from unstratified log-rank test.

[d] Two-sided interaction p-value is for the interaction term from unstratified Cox proportional hazards model with treatment, subgroup, and treatment-by-subgroup interaction as categorical variables in the model. The p-value is based on the Wald test.

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SOC: Infections and infestations; PT: Bacteraemia

		Quizartinib (N=265)				Placebo (N=268)				Quizartinib vs Placebo		Interaction
Subgroup	n	No. of subjects with events (%)	No. of subjects censored (%)	Median (95 % CI) (months) [a]	n	No. of subjects with events (%)	No. of subjects censored (%)	Median (95 % CI) (months) [a]	Hazard Ratio (95 % CI) [b]	Unstratified log-rank p-value [c]	P-value [d]	
Age by 2 categories											0.2858	
≤60	164	10 (6.1)	154 (93.9)	NE (NE, NE)	163	2 (1.2)	161 (98.8)	NE (NE, NE)	4.747 (1.040, 21.679)	0.0265		
>60	101	6 (5.9)	95 (94.1)	NE (NE, NE)	105	4 (3.8)	101 (96.2)	NE (NE, NE)	1.620 (0.457, 5.742)	0.4512		

N: number of subjects in analysis set; n: number of subjects in subgroup category; %: proportion of number of subjects in n; CI: confidence interval; NE: not estimable. PT: Preferred Term, SOC: System Organ Class.

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[c] Two-sided p-value from unstratified log-rank test.

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SOC: Infections and infestations; PT: Sepsis

Subgroup	n	Quizartinib (N=265)				Placebo (N=268)				Quizartinib vs Placebo		Interaction
		No. of subjects with events (%)	No. of subjects censored (%)	Median (95 % CI) (months) [a]	n	No. of subjects with events (%)	No. of subjects censored (%)	Median (95 % CI) (months) [a]	n	Hazard Ratio (95 % CI) [b]	Unstratified log-rank p-value [c]	P-value [d]
Pooled Age Group 2											0.6940	
<60	159	7 (4.4)	152 (95.6)	NE (NE, NE)	160	16 (10.0)	144 (90.0)	NE (NE, NE)	160	0.400 (0.164, 0.973)	0.0364	
≥60 - <65	37	2 (5.4)	35 (94.6)	NE (NE, NE)	43	4 (9.3)	39 (90.7)	NE (NE, NE)	43	0.538 (0.098, 2.945)	0.4674	
≥65	69	6 (8.7)	63 (91.3)	NE (NE, NE)	65	8 (12.3)	57 (87.7)	NE (NE, NE)	65	0.735 (0.255, 2.120)	0.5678	

N: number of subjects in analysis set; n: number of subjects in subgroup category; %: proportion of number of subjects in n; CI: confidence interval; NE: not estimable. PT: Preferred Term, SOC: System Organ Class.

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[b] Hazard ratio is from unstratified Cox proportional hazards model with treatment as the only categorical variable in the model. Confidence limits are based on the Wald test.

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SOC: Infections and infestations; PT: Sepsis

		Quizartinib (N=265)				Placebo (N=268)				Quizartinib vs Placebo		Interaction
Subgroup	n	No. of subjects with events (%)	No. of subjects censored (%)	Median (95 % CI) (months) [a]	n	No. of subjects with events (%)	No. of subjects censored (%)	Median (95 % CI) (months) [a]	Hazard Ratio (95 % CI) [b]	Unstratified log-rank p-value [c]	P-value [d]	
Sex											0.7510	
Male	124	6 (4.8)	118 (95.2)	NE (NE, NE)	120	12 (10.0)	108 (90.0)	NE (NE, NE)	0.451 (0.169, 1.204)	0.1027		
Female	141	9 (6.4)	132 (93.6)	NE (NE, NE)	148	16 (10.8)	132 (89.2)	NE (NE, NE)	0.563 (0.249, 1.274)	0.1619		

N: number of subjects in analysis set; n: number of subjects in subgroup category; %: proportion of number of subjects in n; CI: confidence interval; NE: not estimable. PT: Preferred Term, SOC: System Organ Class.

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[c] Two-sided p-value from unstratified log-rank test.

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SOC: Infections and infestations; PT: Sepsis

		Quizartinib (N=265)				Placebo (N=268)				Quizartinib vs Placebo		Interaction
Subgroup	n	No. of subjects with events (%)	No. of subjects censored (%)	Median (95 % CI) (months) [a]	n	No. of subjects with events (%)	No. of subjects censored (%)	Median (95 % CI) (months) [a]	Hazard Ratio (95 % CI) [b]	Unstratified log-rank p-value [c]	P-value [d]	
Race by 2 categories											0.2822	
White	157	11 (7.0)	146 (93.0)	NE (NE, NE)	161	16 (9.9)	145 (90.1)	NE (NE, NE)	0.690 (0.320, 1.486)	0.3395		
Non-white	108	4 (3.7)	104 (96.3)	NE (NE, NE)	107	12 (11.2)	95 (88.8)	NE (NE, NE)	0.308 (0.099, 0.957)	0.0311		

N: number of subjects in analysis set; n: number of subjects in subgroup category; %: proportion of number of subjects in n; CI: confidence interval; NE: not estimable. PT: Preferred Term, SOC: System Organ Class.

[a] Median time to first event is from Kaplan-Meier estimate. Confidence Interval for median was computed using the Brookmeyer-Crowley method.

[b] Hazard ratio is from unstratified Cox proportional hazards model with treatment as the only categorical variable in the model. Confidence limits are based on the Wald test.

[c] Two-sided p-value from unstratified log-rank test.

[d] Two-sided interaction p-value is for the interaction term from unstratified Cox proportional hazards model with treatment, subgroup, and treatment-by-subgroup interaction as categorical variables in the model. The p-value is based on the Wald test.

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Run date: 21JUL2023 – 22:02; Program name: DE_T_3_11_2.sas; Output name: DE_T_3_11_2_TEAESOCPT_SUB_SAS.rtf

Medizinischer Nutzen, medizinischer Zusatznutzen, Patientengruppen mit therap. bedeutsamem Zusatznutzen

Daiichi Sankyo | Data Intelligence – Evidence Generation | Final | AC220-A-U302 QUANTUM-First (DCO 13 Aug 2021) | Statistical analyses for AMNOG (HTA Germany)
 Table 3.11.2 Treatment-emergent adverse events by system organ class (SOC) and preferred term (PT) observed for ≥ 10 patients in at least one arm and ≥ 1% of the patients in at least one arm - Time-to-event analysis - subgroup analysis - DCO 13-Aug-2021 - Safety Analysis Set

SOC: Infections and infestations; PT: Sepsis

		Quizartinib (N=265)					Placebo (N=268)					Quizartinib vs Placebo		Interaction
Subgroup	n	No. of subjects with events (%)	No. of subjects censored (%)	Median (95 % CI) (months) [a]	n	No. of subjects with events (%)	No. of subjects censored (%)	Median (95 % CI) (months) [a]	Hazard Ratio (95 % CI) [b]	Unstratified log-rank p-value [c]	P-value [d]			
Geographic Region 1													0.9131	
North America	16	0	16 (100)	NE (NE, NE)	18	1 (5.6)	17 (94.4)	NE (NE, NE)	0.000 (0.000, NE)	0.3458				
Europe	161	11 (6.8)	150 (93.2)	NE (NE, NE)	161	18 (11.2)	143 (88.8)	NE (NE, NE)	0.576 (0.272, 1.221)	0.1450				
Asia/Other Regions	88	4 (4.5)	84 (95.5)	NE (NE, NE)	89	9 (10.1)	80 (89.9)	NE (NE, NE)	0.416 (0.128, 1.352)	0.1319				

N: number of subjects in analysis set; n: number of subjects in subgroup category; %: proportion of number of subjects in n; CI: confidence interval; NE: not estimable. PT: Preferred Term, SOC: System Organ Class.

[a] Median time to first event is from Kaplan-Meier estimate. Confidence Interval for median was computed using the Brookmeyer-Crowley method.

[b] Hazard ratio is from unstratified Cox proportional hazards model with treatment as the only categorical variable in the model. Confidence limits are based on the Wald test.

[c] Two-sided p-value from unstratified log-rank test.

[d] Two-sided interaction p-value is for the interaction term from unstratified Cox proportional hazards model with treatment, subgroup, and treatment-by-subgroup interaction as categorical variables in the model. The p-value is based on the Wald test.

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SOC: Infections and infestations; PT: Sepsis

		Quizartinib (N=265)				Placebo (N=268)				Quizartinib vs Placebo		Interaction
Subgroup	n	No. of subjects with events (%)	No. of subjects censored (%)	Median (95 % CI) (months) [a]	n	No. of subjects with events (%)	No. of subjects censored (%)	Median (95 % CI) (months) [a]	Hazard Ratio (95 % CI) [b]	Unstratified log-rank p-value [c]	P-value [d]	
WBC at initial diagnosis											0.1487	
< 40x10 ⁹ /L	132	10 (7.6)	122 (92.4)	NE (NE, NE)	133	13 (9.8)	120 (90.2)	NE (NE, NE)	0.780 (0.342, 1.780)	0.5545		
≥ 40x10 ⁹ /L	133	5 (3.8)	128 (96.2)	NE (NE, NE)	135	15 (11.1)	120 (88.9)	NE (NE, NE)	0.293 (0.106, 0.809)	0.0118		

N: number of subjects in analysis set; n: number of subjects in subgroup category; %: proportion of number of subjects in n; CI: confidence interval; NE: not estimable. PT: Preferred Term, SOC: System Organ Class.

[a] Median time to first event is from Kaplan-Meier estimate. Confidence Interval for median was computed using the Brookmeyer-Crowley method.

[b] Hazard ratio is from unstratified Cox proportional hazards model with treatment as the only categorical variable in the model. Confidence limits are based on the Wald test.

[c] Two-sided p-value from unstratified log-rank test.

[d] Two-sided interaction p-value is for the interaction term from unstratified Cox proportional hazards model with treatment, subgroup, and treatment-by-subgroup interaction as categorical variables in the model. The p-value is based on the Wald test.

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SOC: Infections and infestations; PT: Sepsis

		Quizartinib (N=265)				Placebo (N=268)				Quizartinib vs Placebo		Interaction
Subgroup	n	No. of subjects with events (%)	No. of subjects censored (%)	Median (95 % CI) (months) [a]	n	No. of subjects with events (%)	No. of subjects censored (%)	Median (95 % CI) (months) [a]	Hazard Ratio (95 % CI) [b]	Unstratified log-rank p-value [c]	P-value [d]	
Choice of Anthracycline											0.5015	
Daunorubicin	123	8 (6.5)	115 (93.5)	NE (NE, NE)	94	9 (9.6)	85 (90.4)	NE (NE, NE)	0.654 (0.252, 1.696)	0.3782		
Idarubicin	142	7 (4.9)	135 (95.1)	NE (NE, NE)	171	19 (11.1)	152 (88.9)	NE (NE, NE)	0.414 (0.174, 0.985)	0.0396		

N: number of subjects in analysis set; n: number of subjects in subgroup category; %: proportion of number of subjects in n; CI: confidence interval; NE: not estimable. PT: Preferred Term, SOC: System Organ Class.

[a] Median time to first event is from Kaplan-Meier estimate. Confidence Interval for median was computed using the Brookmeyer-Crowley method.

[b] Hazard ratio is from unstratified Cox proportional hazards model with treatment as the only categorical variable in the model. Confidence limits are based on the Wald test.

[c] Two-sided p-value from unstratified log-rank test.

[d] Two-sided interaction p-value is for the interaction term from unstratified Cox proportional hazards model with treatment, subgroup, and treatment-by-subgroup interaction as categorical variables in the model. The p-value is based on the Wald test.

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SOC: Infections and infestations; PT: Sepsis

		Quizartinib (N=265)				Placebo (N=268)				Quizartinib vs Placebo		Interaction
Subgroup	n	No. of subjects with events (%)	No. of subjects censored (%)	Median (95 % CI) (months) [a]	n	No. of subjects with events (%)	No. of subjects censored (%)	Median (95 % CI) (months) [a]	Hazard Ratio (95 % CI) [b]	Unstratified log-rank p-value [c]	P-value [d]	
AML Cytogenetic Risk Score											0.7122	
Favorable	13	1 (7.7)	12 (92.3)	NE (1.8, NE)	19	2 (10.5)	17 (89.5)	NE (NE, NE)	0.926 (0.083, 10.298)	0.9500		
Intermediate	195	10 (5.1)	185 (94.9)	NE (NE, NE)	190	14 (7.4)	176 (92.6)	NE (NE, NE)	0.652 (0.290, 1.470)	0.2995		
Unfavorable	19	1 (5.3)	18 (94.7)	NE (NE, NE)	27	7 (25.9)	20 (74.1)	NE (3.4, NE)	0.186 (0.023, 1.511)	0.0777		
Unknown	38	3 (7.9)	35 (92.1)	NE (NE, NE)	31	5 (16.1)	26 (83.9)	NE (NE, NE)	0.482 (0.115, 2.018)	0.3089		

N: number of subjects in analysis set; n: number of subjects in subgroup category; %: proportion of number of subjects in n; CI: confidence interval; NE: not estimable. PT: Preferred Term, SOC: System Organ Class.

[a] Median time to first event is from Kaplan-Meier estimate. Confidence Interval for median was computed using the Brookmeyer-Crowley method.

[b] Hazard ratio is from unstratified Cox proportional hazards model with treatment as the only categorical variable in the model. Confidence limits are based on the Wald test.

[c] Two-sided p-value from unstratified log-rank test.

[d] Two-sided interaction p-value is for the interaction term from unstratified Cox proportional hazards model with treatment, subgroup, and treatment-by-subgroup interaction as categorical variables in the model. The p-value is based on the Wald test.

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SOC: Infections and infestations; PT: Sepsis

		Quizartinib (N=265)				Placebo (N=268)				Quizartinib vs Placebo		Interaction
Subgroup	n	No. of subjects with events (%)	No. of subjects censored (%)	Median (95 % CI) (months) [a]	n	No. of subjects with events (%)	No. of subjects censored (%)	Median (95 % CI) (months) [a]	Hazard Ratio (95 % CI) [b]	Unstratified log-rank p-value [c]	P-value [d]	
ECOG Performance Status at Baseline											0.5688	
0 - Fully Active	87	4 (4.6)	83 (95.4)	NE (NE, NE)	97	9 (9.3)	88 (90.7)	NE (NE, NE)	0.470 (0.145, 1.527)	0.1982		
1 - Restricted in Physically Strenuous Activity	133	9 (6.8)	124 (93.2)	NE (NE, NE)	134	13 (9.7)	121 (90.3)	NE (NE, NE)	0.659 (0.281, 1.541)	0.3332		
2 - Ambulatory and Capable of All Selfcare	45	2 (4.4)	43 (95.6)	NE (NE, NE)	36	6 (16.7)	30 (83.3)	NE (5.2, NE)	0.261 (0.052, 1.303)	0.0784		

N: number of subjects in analysis set; n: number of subjects in subgroup category; %: proportion of number of subjects in n; CI: confidence interval; NE: not estimable. PT: Preferred Term, SOC: System Organ Class.

[a] Median time to first event is from Kaplan-Meier estimate. Confidence Interval for median was computed using the Brookmeyer-Crowley method.

[b] Hazard ratio is from unstratified Cox proportional hazards model with treatment as the only categorical variable in the model. Confidence limits are based on the Wald test.

[c] Two-sided p-value from unstratified log-rank test.

[d] Two-sided interaction p-value is for the interaction term from unstratified Cox proportional hazards model with treatment, subgroup, and treatment-by-subgroup interaction as categorical variables in the model. The p-value is based on the Wald test.

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SOC: Infections and infestations; PT: Sepsis

Subgroup	n	Quizartinib (N=265)				Placebo (N=268)				Quizartinib vs Placebo		Interaction
		No. of subjects with events (%)	No. of subjects censored (%)	Median (95 % CI) (months) [a]	n	No. of subjects with events (%)	No. of subjects censored (%)	Median (95 % CI) (months) [a]	n	Hazard Ratio (95 % CI) [b]	Unstratified log-rank p-value [c]	P-value [d]
FLT3-ITD category at Baseline											0.9426	
≥3 to ≤25%	94	3 (3.2)	91 (96.8)	NE (NE, NE)	98	6 (6.1)	92 (93.9)	NE (NE, NE)	98	0.518 (0.129, 2.070)	0.3427	
>25% to ≤50%	141	12 (8.5)	129 (91.5)	NE (NE, NE)	136	16 (11.8)	120 (88.2)	NE (NE, NE)	136	0.684 (0.324, 1.448)	0.3194	
>50%	29	0	29 (100)	NE (NE, NE)	34	6 (17.6)	28 (82.4)	NE (NE, NE)	34	0.000 (0.000, NE)	0.0108	

N: number of subjects in analysis set; n: number of subjects in subgroup category; %: proportion of number of subjects in n; CI: confidence interval; NE: not estimable. PT: Preferred Term, SOC: System Organ Class.

[a] Median time to first event is from Kaplan-Meier estimate. Confidence Interval for median was computed using the Brookmeyer-Crowley method.

[b] Hazard ratio is from unstratified Cox proportional hazards model with treatment as the only categorical variable in the model. Confidence limits are based on the Wald test.

[c] Two-sided p-value from unstratified log-rank test.

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SOC: Infections and infestations; PT: Sepsis

		Quizartinib (N=265)				Placebo (N=268)				Quizartinib vs Placebo		Interaction
Subgroup	n	No. of subjects with events (%)	No. of subjects censored (%)	Median (95 % CI) (months) [a]	n	No. of subjects with events (%)	No. of subjects censored (%)	Median (95 % CI) (months) [a]	Hazard Ratio (95 % CI) [b]	Unstratified log-rank p-value [c]	P-value [d]	
AML with Mutated NPM1											0.9199	
Yes	139	7 (5.0)	132 (95.0)	NE (NE, NE)	137	14 (10.2)	123 (89.8)	NE (NE, NE)	0.467 (0.188, 1.157)	0.0922		
No	116	7 (6.0)	109 (94.0)	NE (NE, NE)	120	13 (10.8)	107 (89.2)	NE (NE, NE)	0.529 (0.211, 1.326)	0.1667		

N: number of subjects in analysis set; n: number of subjects in subgroup category; %: proportion of number of subjects in n; CI: confidence interval; NE: not estimable. PT: Preferred Term, SOC: System Organ Class.

[a] Median time to first event is from Kaplan-Meier estimate. Confidence Interval for median was computed using the Brookmeyer-Crowley method.

[b] Hazard ratio is from unstratified Cox proportional hazards model with treatment as the only categorical variable in the model. Confidence limits are based on the Wald test.

[c] Two-sided p-value from unstratified log-rank test.

[d] Two-sided interaction p-value is for the interaction term from unstratified Cox proportional hazards model with treatment, subgroup, and treatment-by-subgroup interaction as categorical variables in the model. The p-value is based on the Wald test.

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SOC: Infections and infestations; PT: Sepsis

		Quizartinib (N=265)				Placebo (N=268)				Quizartinib vs Placebo		Interaction
Subgroup	n	No. of subjects with events (%)	No. of subjects censored (%)	Median (95 % CI) (months) [a]	n	No. of subjects with events (%)	No. of subjects censored (%)	Median (95 % CI) (months) [a]	Hazard Ratio (95 % CI) [b]	Unstratified log-rank p-value [c]	P-value [d]	
Age by 2 categories											0.6470	
≤60	164	8 (4.9)	156 (95.1)	NE (NE, NE)	163	16 (9.8)	147 (90.2)	NE (NE, NE)	0.451 (0.193, 1.055)	0.0593		
>60	101	7 (6.9)	94 (93.1)	NE (NE, NE)	105	12 (11.4)	93 (88.6)	NE (NE, NE)	0.606 (0.239, 1.540)	0.2880		

N: number of subjects in analysis set; n: number of subjects in subgroup category; %: proportion of number of subjects in n; CI: confidence interval; NE: not estimable. PT: Preferred Term, SOC: System Organ Class.

[a] Median time to first event is from Kaplan-Meier estimate. Confidence Interval for median was computed using the Brookmeyer-Crowley method.

[b] Hazard ratio is from unstratified Cox proportional hazards model with treatment as the only categorical variable in the model. Confidence limits are based on the Wald test.

[c] Two-sided p-value from unstratified log-rank test.

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SOC: Infections and infestations; PT: Folliculitis

		Quizartinib (N=265)				Placebo (N=268)				Quizartinib vs Placebo		Interaction
Subgroup	n	No. of subjects with events (%)	No. of subjects censored (%)	Median (95 % CI) (months) [a]	n	No. of subjects with events (%)	No. of subjects censored (%)	Median (95 % CI) (months) [a]	Hazard Ratio (95 % CI) [b]	Unstratified log-rank p-value [c]	P-value [d]	
Pooled Age Group 2											1.0000	
<60	159	11 (6.9)	148 (93.1)	NE (NE, NE)	160	4 (2.5)	156 (97.5)	NE (NE, NE)	2.564 (0.815, 8.065)	0.0950		
≥60 - <65	37	0	37 (100)	NE (NE, NE)	43	0	43 (100)	NE (NE, NE)	NE (NE, NE)	NE		
≥65	69	3 (4.3)	66 (95.7)	NE (NE, NE)	65	0	65 (100)	NE (NE, NE)	NE (0.000, NE)	0.0748		

N: number of subjects in analysis set; n: number of subjects in subgroup category; %: proportion of number of subjects in n; CI: confidence interval; NE: not estimable. PT: Preferred Term, SOC: System Organ Class.

[a] Median time to first event is from Kaplan-Meier estimate. Confidence Interval for median was computed using the Brookmeyer-Crowley method.

[b] Hazard ratio is from unstratified Cox proportional hazards model with treatment as the only categorical variable in the model. Confidence limits are based on the Wald test.

[c] Two-sided p-value from unstratified log-rank test.

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SOC: Infections and infestations; PT: Folliculitis

Subgroup	n	Quizartinib (N=265)				Placebo (N=268)				Quizartinib vs Placebo		Interaction
		No. of subjects with events (%)	No. of subjects censored (%)	Median (95 % CI) (months) [a]	n	No. of subjects with events (%)	No. of subjects censored (%)	Median (95 % CI) (months) [a]	n	Hazard Ratio (95 % CI) [b]	Unstratified log-rank p-value [c]	P-value [d]
Sex												0.3413
Male	124	7 (5.6)	117 (94.4)	NE (NE, NE)	120	3 (2.5)	117 (97.5)	NE (NE, NE)	120	2.233 (0.577, 8.638)	0.2318	
Female	141	7 (5.0)	134 (95.0)	NE (NE, NE)	148	1 (0.7)	147 (99.3)	NE (NE, NE)	148	6.807 (0.837, 55.362)	0.0375	

N: number of subjects in analysis set; n: number of subjects in subgroup category; %: proportion of number of subjects in n; CI: confidence interval; NE: not estimable. PT: Preferred Term, SOC: System Organ Class.

[a] Median time to first event is from Kaplan-Meier estimate. Confidence Interval for median was computed using the Brookmeyer-Crowley method.

[b] Hazard ratio is from unstratified Cox proportional hazards model with treatment as the only categorical variable in the model. Confidence limits are based on the Wald test.

[c] Two-sided p-value from unstratified log-rank test.

[d] Two-sided interaction p-value is for the interaction term from unstratified Cox proportional hazards model with treatment, subgroup, and treatment-by-subgroup interaction as categorical variables in the model. The p-value is based on the Wald test.

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Medizinischer Nutzen, medizinischer Zusatznutzen, Patientengruppen mit therap. bedeutsamem Zusatznutzen

Daichi Sankyo | Data Intelligence – Evidence Generation | Final | AC220-A-U302 QUANTUM-First (DCO 13 Aug 2021) | Statistical analyses for AMNOG (HTA Germany)
 Table 3.11.2 Treatment-emergent adverse events by system organ class (SOC) and preferred term (PT) observed for ≥ 10 patients in at least one arm and ≥ 1% of the patients in at least one arm - Time-to-event analysis - subgroup analysis - DCO 13-Aug-2021 - Safety Analysis Set

SOC: Infections and infestations; PT: Folliculitis

		Quizartinib (N=265)				Placebo (N=268)				Quizartinib vs Placebo		Interaction
Subgroup	n	No. of subjects with events (%)	No. of subjects censored (%)	Median (95 % CI) (months) [a]	n	No. of subjects with events (%)	No. of subjects censored (%)	Median (95 % CI) (months) [a]	Hazard Ratio (95 % CI) [b]	Unstratified log-rank p-value [c]	P-value [d]	
Race by 2 categories											0.5258	
White	157	6 (3.8)	151 (96.2)	NE (NE, NE)	161	1 (0.6)	160 (99.4)	NE (NE, NE)	5.941 (0.714, 49.400)	0.0608		
Non-white	108	8 (7.4)	100 (92.6)	NE (NE, NE)	107	3 (2.8)	104 (97.2)	NE (NE, NE)	2.605 (0.691, 9.822)	0.1421		

N: number of subjects in analysis set; n: number of subjects in subgroup category; %: proportion of number of subjects in n; CI: confidence interval; NE: not estimable. PT: Preferred Term, SOC: System Organ Class.

[a] Median time to first event is from Kaplan-Meier estimate. Confidence Interval for median was computed using the Brookmeyer-Crowley method.

[b] Hazard ratio is from unstratified Cox proportional hazards model with treatment as the only categorical variable in the model. Confidence limits are based on the Wald test.

[c] Two-sided p-value from unstratified log-rank test.

[d] Two-sided interaction p-value is for the interaction term from unstratified Cox proportional hazards model with treatment, subgroup, and treatment-by-subgroup interaction as categorical variables in the model. The p-value is based on the Wald test.

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SOC: Infections and infestations; PT: Folliculitis

		Quizartinib (N=265)				Placebo (N=268)				Quizartinib vs Placebo		Interaction
Subgroup	n	No. of subjects with events (%)	No. of subjects censored (%)	Median (95 % CI) (months) [a]	n	No. of subjects with events (%)	No. of subjects censored (%)	Median (95 % CI) (months) [a]	Hazard Ratio (95 % CI) [b]	Unstratified log-rank p-value [c]	P-value [d]	
Geographic Region 1											0.9359	
North America	16	0	16 (100)	NE (NE, NE)	18	0	18 (100)	NE (NE, NE)	NE (NE, NE)	NE		
Europe	161	5 (3.1)	156 (96.9)	NE (NE, NE)	161	1 (0.6)	160 (99.4)	NE (NE, NE)	4.718 (0.550, 40.441)	0.1186		
Asia/Other Regions	88	9 (10.2)	79 (89.8)	NE (NE, NE)	89	3 (3.4)	86 (96.6)	NE (NE, NE)	2.940 (0.795, 10.872)	0.0899		

N: number of subjects in analysis set; n: number of subjects in subgroup category; %: proportion of number of subjects in n; CI: confidence interval; NE: not estimable. PT: Preferred Term, SOC: System Organ Class.

[a] Median time to first event is from Kaplan-Meier estimate. Confidence Interval for median was computed using the Brookmeyer-Crowley method.

[b] Hazard ratio is from unstratified Cox proportional hazards model with treatment as the only categorical variable in the model. Confidence limits are based on the Wald test.

[c] Two-sided p-value from unstratified log-rank test.

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SOC: Infections and infestations; PT: Folliculitis

		Quizartinib (N=265)				Placebo (N=268)				Quizartinib vs Placebo		Interaction
Subgroup	n	No. of subjects with events (%)	No. of subjects censored (%)	Median (95 % CI) (months) [a]	n	No. of subjects with events (%)	No. of subjects censored (%)	Median (95 % CI) (months) [a]	Hazard Ratio (95 % CI) [b]	Unstratified log-rank p-value [c]	P-value [d]	
WBC at initial diagnosis											0.6073	
< 40x10 ⁹ /L	132	5 (3.8)	127 (96.2)	NE (NE, NE)	133	1 (0.8)	132 (99.2)	NE (NE, NE)	5.214 (0.609, 44.648)	0.0922		
≥ 40x10 ⁹ /L	133	9 (6.8)	124 (93.2)	NE (NE, NE)	135	3 (2.2)	132 (97.8)	NE (NE, NE)	2.698 (0.729, 9.991)	0.1219		

N: number of subjects in analysis set; n: number of subjects in subgroup category; %: proportion of number of subjects in n; CI: confidence interval; NE: not estimable. PT: Preferred Term, SOC: System Organ Class.

[a] Median time to first event is from Kaplan-Meier estimate. Confidence Interval for median was computed using the Brookmeyer-Crowley method.

[b] Hazard ratio is from unstratified Cox proportional hazards model with treatment as the only categorical variable in the model. Confidence limits are based on the Wald test.

[c] Two-sided p-value from unstratified log-rank test.

[d] Two-sided interaction p-value is for the interaction term from unstratified Cox proportional hazards model with treatment, subgroup, and treatment-by-subgroup interaction as categorical variables in the model. The p-value is based on the Wald test.

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SOC: Infections and infestations; PT: Folliculitis

		Quizartinib (N=265)				Placebo (N=268)				Quizartinib vs Placebo		Interaction
Subgroup	n	No. of subjects with events (%)	No. of subjects censored (%)	Median (95 % CI) (months) [a]	n	No. of subjects with events (%)	No. of subjects censored (%)	Median (95 % CI) (months) [a]	Hazard Ratio (95 % CI) [b]	Unstratified log-rank p-value [c]	P-value [d]	
Choice of Anthracycline											0.9895	
Daunorubicin	123	8 (6.5)	115 (93.5)	NE (NE, NE)	94	0	94 (100)	NE (NE, NE)	NE (0.000, NE)	0.0190		
Idarubicin	142	6 (4.2)	136 (95.8)	NE (NE, NE)	171	4 (2.3)	167 (97.7)	NE (NE, NE)	1.808 (0.510, 6.408)	0.3522		

N: number of subjects in analysis set; n: number of subjects in subgroup category; %: proportion of number of subjects in n; CI: confidence interval; NE: not estimable. PT: Preferred Term, SOC: System Organ Class.

[a] Median time to first event is from Kaplan-Meier estimate. Confidence Interval for median was computed using the Brookmeyer-Crowley method.

[b] Hazard ratio is from unstratified Cox proportional hazards model with treatment as the only categorical variable in the model. Confidence limits are based on the Wald test.

[c] Two-sided p-value from unstratified log-rank test.

[d] Two-sided interaction p-value is for the interaction term from unstratified Cox proportional hazards model with treatment, subgroup, and treatment-by-subgroup interaction as categorical variables in the model. The p-value is based on the Wald test.

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SOC: Infections and infestations; PT: Folliculitis

		Quizartinib (N=265)				Placebo (N=268)				Quizartinib vs Placebo		Interaction
Subgroup	n	No. of subjects with events (%)	No. of subjects censored (%)	Median (95 % CI) (months) [a]	n	No. of subjects with events (%)	No. of subjects censored (%)	Median (95 % CI) (months) [a]	Hazard Ratio (95 % CI) [b]	Unstratified log-rank p-value [c]	P-value [d]	
AML Cytogenetic Risk Score											1.0000	
Favorable	13	0	13 (100)	NE (NE, NE)	19	0	19 (100)	NE (NE, NE)	NE (NE, NE)	NE		
Intermediate	195	11 (5.6)	184 (94.4)	NE (NE, NE)	190	4 (2.1)	186 (97.9)	NE (NE, NE)	2.440 (0.776, 7.676)	0.1150		
Unfavorable	19	1 (5.3)	18 (94.7)	NE (5.0, NE)	27	0	27 (100)	NE (NE, NE)	NE (0.000, NE)	0.2689		
Unknown	38	2 (5.3)	36 (94.7)	NE (NE, NE)	31	0	31 (100)	NE (NE, NE)	NE (0.000, NE)	0.1836		

N: number of subjects in analysis set; n: number of subjects in subgroup category; %: proportion of number of subjects in n; CI: confidence interval; NE: not estimable. PT: Preferred Term, SOC: System Organ Class.

[a] Median time to first event is from Kaplan-Meier estimate. Confidence Interval for median was computed using the Brookmeyer-Crowley method.

[b] Hazard ratio is from unstratified Cox proportional hazards model with treatment as the only categorical variable in the model. Confidence limits are based on the Wald test.

[c] Two-sided p-value from unstratified log-rank test.

[d] Two-sided interaction p-value is for the interaction term from unstratified Cox proportional hazards model with treatment, subgroup, and treatment-by-subgroup interaction as categorical variables in the model. The p-value is based on the Wald test.

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SOC: Infections and infestations; PT: Folliculitis

Subgroup	n	Quizartinib (N=265)				Placebo (N=268)				Quizartinib vs Placebo		Interaction
		No. of subjects with events (%)	No. of subjects censored (%)	Median (95 % CI) (months) [a]	n	No. of subjects with events (%)	No. of subjects censored (%)	Median (95 % CI) (months) [a]	n	Hazard Ratio (95 % CI) [b]	Unstratified log-rank p-value [c]	P-value [d]
ECOG Performance Status at Baseline											0.9948	
0 - Fully Active	87	5 (5.7)	82 (94.3)	NE (NE, NE)	97	2 (2.1)	95 (97.9)	NE (NE, NE)	2.779 (0.539, 14.329)	0.2022		
1 - Restricted in Physically Strenuous Activity	133	5 (3.8)	128 (96.2)	NE (NE, NE)	134	2 (1.5)	132 (98.5)	NE (NE, NE)	2.276 (0.441, 11.755)	0.3127		
2 - Ambulatory and Capable of All Selfcare	45	4 (8.9)	41 (91.1)	NE (NE, NE)	36	0	36 (100)	NE (NE, NE)	NE (0.000, NE)	0.0881		

N: number of subjects in analysis set; n: number of subjects in subgroup category; %: proportion of number of subjects in n; CI: confidence interval; NE: not estimable. PT: Preferred Term, SOC: System Organ Class.

[a] Median time to first event is from Kaplan-Meier estimate. Confidence Interval for median was computed using the Brookmeyer-Crowley method.

[b] Hazard ratio is from unstratified Cox proportional hazards model with treatment as the only categorical variable in the model. Confidence limits are based on the Wald test.

[c] Two-sided p-value from unstratified log-rank test.

[d] Two-sided interaction p-value is for the interaction term from unstratified Cox proportional hazards model with treatment, subgroup, and treatment-by-subgroup interaction as categorical variables in the model. The p-value is based on the Wald test.

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SOC: Infections and infestations; PT: Folliculitis

Subgroup	n	Quizartinib (N=265)				Placebo (N=268)				Quizartinib vs Placebo		Interaction
		No. of subjects with events (%)	No. of subjects censored (%)	Median (95 % CI) (months) [a]	n	No. of subjects with events (%)	No. of subjects censored (%)	Median (95 % CI) (months) [a]	n	Hazard Ratio (95 % CI) [b]	Unstratified log-rank p-value [c]	P-value [d]
FLT3-ITD category at Baseline											0.9999	
≥3 to ≤25%	94	5 (5.3)	89 (94.7)	NE (NE, NE)	98	0	98 (100)	NE (NE, NE)	NE (NE, NE)	(0.000, NE)	0.0202	
>25% to ≤50%	141	8 (5.7)	133 (94.3)	NE (NE, NE)	136	4 (2.9)	132 (97.1)	NE (NE, NE)	1.866 (0.561, 6.207)		0.3014	
>50%	29	1 (3.4)	28 (96.6)	NE (NE, NE)	34	0	34 (100)	NE (NE, NE)	NE (NE, NE)	(0.000, NE)	0.2789	

N: number of subjects in analysis set; n: number of subjects in subgroup category; %: proportion of number of subjects in n; CI: confidence interval; NE: not estimable. PT: Preferred Term, SOC: System Organ Class.

[a] Median time to first event is from Kaplan-Meier estimate. Confidence Interval for median was computed using the Brookmeyer-Crowley method.

[b] Hazard ratio is from unstratified Cox proportional hazards model with treatment as the only categorical variable in the model. Confidence limits are based on the Wald test.

[c] Two-sided p-value from unstratified log-rank test.

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SOC: Infections and infestations; PT: Folliculitis

		Quizartinib (N=265)				Placebo (N=268)				Quizartinib vs Placebo		Interaction
Subgroup	n	No. of subjects with events (%)	No. of subjects censored (%)	Median (95 % CI) (months) [a]	n	No. of subjects with events (%)	No. of subjects censored (%)	Median (95 % CI) (months) [a]	Hazard Ratio (95 % CI) [b]	Unstratified log-rank p-value [c]	P-value [d]	
AML with Mutated NPM1											0.7868	
Yes	139	8 (5.8)	131 (94.2)	NE (NE, NE)	137	2 (1.5)	135 (98.5)	NE (NE, NE)	3.897 (0.827, 18.365)	0.0636		
No	116	6 (5.2)	110 (94.8)	NE (NE, NE)	120	2 (1.7)	118 (98.3)	NE (NE, NE)	2.935 (0.592, 14.557)	0.1672		

N: number of subjects in analysis set; n: number of subjects in subgroup category; %: proportion of number of subjects in n; CI: confidence interval; NE: not estimable. PT: Preferred Term, SOC: System Organ Class.

[a] Median time to first event is from Kaplan-Meier estimate. Confidence Interval for median was computed using the Brookmeyer-Crowley method.

[b] Hazard ratio is from unstratified Cox proportional hazards model with treatment as the only categorical variable in the model. Confidence limits are based on the Wald test.

[c] Two-sided p-value from unstratified log-rank test.

[d] Two-sided interaction p-value is for the interaction term from unstratified Cox proportional hazards model with treatment, subgroup, and treatment-by-subgroup interaction as categorical variables in the model. The p-value is based on the Wald test.

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SOC: Infections and infestations; PT: Folliculitis

Subgroup	n	Quizartinib (N=265)				Placebo (N=268)				Quizartinib vs Placebo		Interaction
		No. of subjects with events (%)	No. of subjects censored (%)	Median (95 % CI) (months) [a]	n	No. of subjects with events (%)	No. of subjects censored (%)	Median (95 % CI) (months) [a]	n	Hazard Ratio (95 % CI) [b]	Unstratified log-rank p-value [c]	P-value [d]
Age by 2 categories											0.9897	
≤60	164	11 (6.7)	153 (93.3)	NE (NE, NE)	163	4 (2.5)	159 (97.5)	NE (NE, NE)	2.519 (0.801, 7.923)	0.1019		
>60	101	3 (3.0)	98 (97.0)	NE (NE, NE)	105	0	105 (100)	NE (NE, NE)	NE (0.000, NE)	0.0724		

N: number of subjects in analysis set; n: number of subjects in subgroup category; %: proportion of number of subjects in n; CI: confidence interval; NE: not estimable. PT: Preferred Term, SOC: System Organ Class.

[a] Median time to first event is from Kaplan-Meier estimate. Confidence Interval for median was computed using the Brookmeyer-Crowley method.

[b] Hazard ratio is from unstratified Cox proportional hazards model with treatment as the only categorical variable in the model. Confidence limits are based on the Wald test.

[c] Two-sided p-value from unstratified log-rank test.

[d] Two-sided interaction p-value is for the interaction term from unstratified Cox proportional hazards model with treatment, subgroup, and treatment-by-subgroup interaction as categorical variables in the model. The p-value is based on the Wald test.

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SOC: Infections and infestations; PT: Septic shock

Subgroup	n	Quizartinib (N=265)				Placebo (N=268)				Quizartinib vs Placebo		Interaction
		No. of subjects with events (%)	No. of subjects censored (%)	Median (95 % CI) (months) [a]	n	No. of subjects with events (%)	No. of subjects censored (%)	Median (95 % CI) (months) [a]	n	Hazard Ratio (95 % CI) [b]	Unstratified log-rank p-value [c]	P-value [d]
Pooled Age Group 2											0.8474	
<60	159	5 (3.1)	154 (96.9)	NE (NE, NE)	160	5 (3.1)	155 (96.9)	NE (NE, NE)	160	0.978 (0.283, 3.381)	0.9719	
≥60 - <65	37	2 (5.4)	35 (94.6)	NE (NE, NE)	43	0	43 (100)	NE (NE, NE)	43	NE (0.000, NE)	0.1285	
≥65	69	5 (7.2)	64 (92.8)	NE (26.5, NE)	65	3 (4.6)	62 (95.4)	NE (NE, NE)	65	1.696 (0.405, 7.101)	0.4644	

N: number of subjects in analysis set; n: number of subjects in subgroup category; %: proportion of number of subjects in n; CI: confidence interval; NE: not estimable. PT: Preferred Term, SOC: System Organ Class.

[a] Median time to first event is from Kaplan-Meier estimate. Confidence Interval for median was computed using the Brookmeyer-Crowley method.

[b] Hazard ratio is from unstratified Cox proportional hazards model with treatment as the only categorical variable in the model. Confidence limits are based on the Wald test.

[c] Two-sided p-value from unstratified log-rank test.

[d] Two-sided interaction p-value is for the interaction term from unstratified Cox proportional hazards model with treatment, subgroup, and treatment-by-subgroup interaction as categorical variables in the model. The p-value is based on the Wald test.

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Run date: 21JUL2023 – 22:02; Program name: DE_T_3_11_2.sas; Output name: DE_T_3_11_2_TEAESOCPT_SUB_SAS.rtf

Medizinischer Nutzen, medizinischer Zusatznutzen, Patientengruppen mit therap. bedeutsamem Zusatznutzen

Daichi Sankyo | Data Intelligence – Evidence Generation | Final | AC220-A-U302 QUANTUM-First (DCO 13 Aug 2021) | Statistical analyses for AMNOG (HTA Germany)
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SOC: Infections and infestations; PT: Septic shock

		Quizartinib (N=265)				Placebo (N=268)				Quizartinib vs Placebo		Interaction
Subgroup	n	No. of subjects with events (%)	No. of subjects censored (%)	Median (95 % CI) (months) [a]	n	No. of subjects with events (%)	No. of subjects censored (%)	Median (95 % CI) (months) [a]	Hazard Ratio (95 % CI) [b]	Unstratified log-rank p-value [c]	P-value [d]	
Sex											0.7665	
Male	124	4 (3.2)	120 (96.8)	NE (NE, NE)	120	2 (1.7)	118 (98.3)	NE (NE, NE)	1.842 (0.337, 10.071)	0.4740		
Female	141	8 (5.7)	133 (94.3)	NE (NE, NE)	148	6 (4.1)	142 (95.9)	NE (NE, NE)	1.406 (0.488, 4.053)	0.5261		

N: number of subjects in analysis set; n: number of subjects in subgroup category; %: proportion of number of subjects in n; CI: confidence interval; NE: not estimable. PT: Preferred Term, SOC: System Organ Class.

[a] Median time to first event is from Kaplan-Meier estimate. Confidence Interval for median was computed using the Brookmeyer-Crowley method.

[b] Hazard ratio is from unstratified Cox proportional hazards model with treatment as the only categorical variable in the model. Confidence limits are based on the Wald test.

[c] Two-sided p-value from unstratified log-rank test.

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SOC: Infections and infestations; PT: Septic shock

		Quizartinib (N=265)				Placebo (N=268)				Quizartinib vs Placebo		Interaction
Subgroup	n	No. of subjects with events (%)	No. of subjects censored (%)	Median (95 % CI) (months) [a]	n	No. of subjects with events (%)	No. of subjects censored (%)	Median (95 % CI) (months) [a]	Hazard Ratio (95 % CI) [b]	Unstratified log-rank p-value [c]	P-value [d]	
Race by 2 categories											0.8597	
White	157	7 (4.5)	150 (95.5)	NE (NE, NE)	161	5 (3.1)	156 (96.9)	NE (NE, NE)	1.423 (0.451, 4.486)	0.5450		
Non-white	108	5 (4.6)	103 (95.4)	NE (NE, NE)	107	3 (2.8)	104 (97.2)	NE (NE, NE)	1.601 (0.382, 6.708)	0.5157		

N: number of subjects in analysis set; n: number of subjects in subgroup category; %: proportion of number of subjects in n; CI: confidence interval; NE: not estimable. PT: Preferred Term, SOC: System Organ Class.

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SOC: Infections and infestations; PT: Septic shock

		Quizartinib (N=265)					Placebo (N=268)					Quizartinib vs Placebo		Interaction
Subgroup	n	No. of subjects with events (%)	No. of subjects censored (%)	Median (95 % CI) (months) [a]	n	No. of subjects with events (%)	No. of subjects censored (%)	Median (95 % CI) (months) [a]	Hazard Ratio (95 % CI) [b]	Unstratified log-rank p-value [c]	P-value [d]			
Geographic Region 1													0.6253	
North America	16	1 (6.3)	15 (93.8)	NE (NE, NE)	18	0	18 (100)	NE (NE, NE)	NE (0.000, NE)	0.2888				
Europe	161	6 (3.7)	155 (96.3)	NE (NE, NE)	161	6 (3.7)	155 (96.3)	NE (NE, NE)	0.970 (0.313, 3.009)	0.9571				
Asia/Other Regions	88	5 (5.7)	83 (94.3)	NE (NE, NE)	89	2 (2.2)	87 (97.8)	NE (NE, NE)	2.481 (0.481, 12.791)	0.2612				

N: number of subjects in analysis set; n: number of subjects in subgroup category; %: proportion of number of subjects in n; CI: confidence interval; NE: not estimable. PT: Preferred Term, SOC: System Organ Class.

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SOC: Infections and infestations; PT: Septic shock

Subgroup	n	Quizartinib (N=265)				Placebo (N=268)				Quizartinib vs Placebo		Interaction
		No. of subjects with events (%)	No. of subjects censored (%)	Median (95 % CI) [a]	n	No. of subjects with events (%)	No. of subjects censored (%)	Median (95 % CI) [a]	n	Hazard Ratio (95 % CI) [b]	Unstratified log-rank p-value [c]	P-value [d]
WBC at initial diagnosis											0.0222	
< 40x10 ⁹ /L	132	8 (6.1)	124 (93.9)	NE (NE, NE)	133	1 (0.8)	132 (99.2)	NE (NE, NE)	133	8.774 (1.097, 70.188)	0.0134	
≥ 40x10 ⁹ /L	133	4 (3.0)	129 (97.0)	NE (NE, NE)	135	7 (5.2)	128 (94.8)	NE (NE, NE)	135	0.511 (0.149, 1.754)	0.2772	

N: number of subjects in analysis set; n: number of subjects in subgroup category; %: proportion of number of subjects in n; CI: confidence interval; NE: not estimable. PT: Preferred Term, SOC: System Organ Class.

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		Quizartinib (N=265)				Placebo (N=268)				Quizartinib vs Placebo		Interaction
Subgroup	n	No. of subjects with events (%)	No. of subjects censored (%)	Median (95 % CI) (months) [a]	n	No. of subjects with events (%)	No. of subjects censored (%)	Median (95 % CI) (months) [a]	Hazard Ratio (95 % CI) [b]	Unstratified log-rank p-value [c]	P-value [d]	
Choice of Anthracycline											0.9898	
Daunorubicin	123	2 (1.6)	121 (98.4)	NE (NE, NE)	94	0	94 (100)	NE (NE, NE)	NE (0.000, NE)	0.2153		
Idarubicin	142	10 (7.0)	132 (93.0)	NE (NE, NE)	171	8 (4.7)	163 (95.3)	NE (NE, NE)	1.472 (0.580, 3.732)	0.4127		

N: number of subjects in analysis set; n: number of subjects in subgroup category; %: proportion of number of subjects in n; CI: confidence interval; NE: not estimable. PT: Preferred Term, SOC: System Organ Class.

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SOC: Infections and infestations; PT: Septic shock

		Quizartinib (N=265)				Placebo (N=268)				Quizartinib vs Placebo		Interaction
Subgroup	n	No. of subjects with events (%)	No. of subjects censored (%)	Median (95 % CI) (months) [a]	n	No. of subjects with events (%)	No. of subjects censored (%)	Median (95 % CI) (months) [a]	Hazard Ratio (95 % CI) [b]	Unstratified log-rank p-value [c]	P-value [d]	
AML Cytogenetic Risk Score											0.9991	
Favorable	13	0	13 (100)	NE (NE, NE)	19	0	19 (100)	NE (NE, NE)	NE (NE, NE)	NE		
Intermediate	195	9 (4.6)	186 (95.4)	NE (NE, NE)	190	6 (3.2)	184 (96.8)	NE (NE, NE)	1.428 (0.508, 4.012)	0.4977		
Unfavorable	19	1 (5.3)	18 (94.7)	NE (4.3, NE)	27	1 (3.7)	26 (96.3)	NE (NE, NE)	1.414 (0.088, 22.637)	0.8055		
Unknown	38	2 (5.3)	36 (94.7)	NE (26.5, NE)	31	1 (3.2)	30 (96.8)	NE (NE, NE)	1.551 (0.138, 17.481)	0.7206		

N: number of subjects in analysis set; n: number of subjects in subgroup category; %: proportion of number of subjects in n; CI: confidence interval; NE: not estimable. PT: Preferred Term, SOC: System Organ Class.

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Subgroup	n	Quizartinib (N=265)				Placebo (N=268)				Quizartinib vs Placebo		Interaction
		No. of subjects with events (%)	No. of subjects censored (%)	Median (95 % CI) (months) [a]	n	No. of subjects with events (%)	No. of subjects censored (%)	Median (95 % CI) (months) [a]	n	Hazard Ratio (95 % CI) [b]	Unstratified log-rank p-value [c]	P-value [d]
ECOG Performance Status at Baseline											0.6453	
0 - Fully Active	87	3 (3.4)	84 (96.6)	NE (NE, NE)	97	2 (2.1)	95 (97.9)	NE (NE, NE)	97	1.448 (0.240, 8.729)	0.6844	
1 - Restricted in Physically Strenuous Activity	133	5 (3.8)	128 (96.2)	NE (NE, NE)	134	5 (3.7)	129 (96.3)	NE (NE, NE)	134	1.010 (0.292, 3.489)	0.9874	
2 - Ambulatory and Capable of All Selfcare	45	4 (8.9)	41 (91.1)	NE (NE, NE)	36	1 (2.8)	35 (97.2)	NE (NE, NE)	36	3.287 (0.367, 29.432)	0.2594	

N: number of subjects in analysis set; n: number of subjects in subgroup category; %: proportion of number of subjects in n; CI: confidence interval; NE: not estimable. PT: Preferred Term, SOC: System Organ Class.

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FLT3-ITD category at Baseline											0.9992	
≥3 to ≤25%	94	4 (4.3)	90 (95.7)	NE (NE, NE)	98	3 (3.1)	95 (96.9)	NE (NE, NE)	1.429 (0.320, 6.388)	0.6386		
>25% to ≤50%	141	8 (5.7)	133 (94.3)	NE (NE, NE)	136	5 (3.7)	131 (96.3)	NE (NE, NE)	1.527 (0.499, 4.671)	0.4548		
>50%	29	0	29 (100)	NE (NE, NE)	34	0	34 (100)	NE (NE, NE)	NE (NE, NE)	NE		

N: number of subjects in analysis set; n: number of subjects in subgroup category; %: proportion of number of subjects in n; CI: confidence interval; NE: not estimable. PT: Preferred Term, SOC: System Organ Class.

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SOC: Infections and infestations; PT: Septic shock

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Subgroup	n	No. of subjects with events (%)	No. of subjects censored (%)	Median (95 % CI) (months) [a]	n	No. of subjects with events (%)	No. of subjects censored (%)	Median (95 % CI) (months) [a]	Hazard Ratio (95 % CI) [b]	Unstratified log-rank p-value [c]	P-value [d]	
AML with Mutated NPM1											0.4545	
Yes	139	8 (5.8)	131 (94.2)	NE (NE, NE)	137	4 (2.9)	133 (97.1)	NE (NE, NE)	1.949 (0.586, 6.479)	0.2679		
No	116	4 (3.4)	112 (96.6)	NE (NE, NE)	120	4 (3.3)	116 (96.7)	NE (NE, NE)	0.983 (0.246, 3.934)	0.9812		

N: number of subjects in analysis set; n: number of subjects in subgroup category; %: proportion of number of subjects in n; CI: confidence interval; NE: not estimable. PT: Preferred Term, SOC: System Organ Class.

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SOC: Infections and infestations; PT: Septic shock

		Quizartinib (N=265)				Placebo (N=268)				Quizartinib vs Placebo		Interaction
Subgroup	n	No. of subjects with events (%)	No. of subjects censored (%)	Median (95 % CI) (months) [a]	n	No. of subjects with events (%)	No. of subjects censored (%)	Median (95 % CI) (months) [a]	Hazard Ratio (95 % CI) [b]	Unstratified log-rank p-value [c]	P-value [d]	
Age by 2 categories											0.4875	
≤60	164	6 (3.7)	158 (96.3)	NE (NE, NE)	163	5 (3.1)	158 (96.9)	NE (NE, NE)	1.155 (0.352, 3.786)	0.8117		
>60	101	6 (5.9)	95 (94.1)	NE (NE, NE)	105	3 (2.9)	102 (97.1)	NE (NE, NE)	2.198 (0.550, 8.795)	0.2529		

N: number of subjects in analysis set; n: number of subjects in subgroup category; %: proportion of number of subjects in n; CI: confidence interval; NE: not estimable. PT: Preferred Term, SOC: System Organ Class.

[a] Median time to first event is from Kaplan-Meier estimate. Confidence Interval for median was computed using the Brookmeyer-Crowley method.

[b] Hazard ratio is from unstratified Cox proportional hazards model with treatment as the only categorical variable in the model. Confidence limits are based on the Wald test.

[c] Two-sided p-value from unstratified log-rank test.

[d] Two-sided interaction p-value is for the interaction term from unstratified Cox proportional hazards model with treatment, subgroup, and treatment-by-subgroup interaction as categorical variables in the model. The p-value is based on the Wald test.

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Medizinischer Nutzen, medizinischer Zusatznutzen, Patientengruppen mit therap. bedeutsamem Zusatznutzen

Daichi Sankyo | Data Intelligence – Evidence Generation | Final | AC220-A-U302 QUANTUM-First (DCO 13 Aug 2021) | Statistical analyses for AMNOG (HTA Germany)
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SOC: Infections and infestations; PT: Nasopharyngitis

Subgroup	n	Quizartinib (N=265)				Placebo (N=268)				Quizartinib vs Placebo		Interaction
		No. of subjects with events (%)	No. of subjects censored (%)	Median (95 % CI) (months) [a]	n	No. of subjects with events (%)	No. of subjects censored (%)	Median (95 % CI) (months) [a]	n	Hazard Ratio (95 % CI) [b]	Unstratified log-rank p-value [c]	P-value [d]
Pooled Age Group 2											1.0000	
<60	159	9 (5.7)	150 (94.3)	NE (NE, NE)	160	7 (4.4)	153 (95.6)	NE (NE, NE)	0.991 (0.368, 2.669)	0.9864		
≥60 - <65	37	1 (2.7)	36 (97.3)	NE (27.3, NE)	43	0	43 (100)	NE (NE, NE)	NE (0.000, NE)	0.2733		
≥65	69	2 (2.9)	67 (97.1)	NE (NE, NE)	65	0	65 (100)	NE (NE, NE)	NE (0.000, NE)	0.1385		

N: number of subjects in analysis set; n: number of subjects in subgroup category; %: proportion of number of subjects in n; CI: confidence interval; NE: not estimable. PT: Preferred Term, SOC: System Organ Class.

[a] Median time to first event is from Kaplan-Meier estimate. Confidence Interval for median was computed using the Brookmeyer-Crowley method.

[b] Hazard ratio is from unstratified Cox proportional hazards model with treatment as the only categorical variable in the model. Confidence limits are based on the Wald test.

[c] Two-sided p-value from unstratified log-rank test.

[d] Two-sided interaction p-value is for the interaction term from unstratified Cox proportional hazards model with treatment, subgroup, and treatment-by-subgroup interaction as categorical variables in the model. The p-value is based on the Wald test.

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SOC: Infections and infestations; PT: Nasopharyngitis

		Quizartinib (N=265)				Placebo (N=268)				Quizartinib vs Placebo		Interaction
Subgroup	n	No. of subjects with events (%)	No. of subjects censored (%)	Median (95 % CI) (months) [a]	n	No. of subjects with events (%)	No. of subjects censored (%)	Median (95 % CI) (months) [a]	Hazard Ratio (95 % CI) [b]	Unstratified log-rank p-value [c]	P-value [d]	
Sex											0.2746	
Male	124	6 (4.8)	118 (95.2)	NE (NE, NE)	120	5 (4.2)	115 (95.8)	NE (NE, NE)	0.901 (0.274, 2.959)	0.8639		
Female	141	6 (4.3)	135 (95.7)	NE (NE, NE)	148	2 (1.4)	146 (98.6)	NE (NE, NE)	2.722 (0.548, 13.508)	0.2018		

N: number of subjects in analysis set; n: number of subjects in subgroup category; %: proportion of number of subjects in n; CI: confidence interval; NE: not estimable. PT: Preferred Term, SOC: System Organ Class.

[a] Median time to first event is from Kaplan-Meier estimate. Confidence Interval for median was computed using the Brookmeyer-Crowley method.

[b] Hazard ratio is from unstratified Cox proportional hazards model with treatment as the only categorical variable in the model. Confidence limits are based on the Wald test.

[c] Two-sided p-value from unstratified log-rank test.

[d] Two-sided interaction p-value is for the interaction term from unstratified Cox proportional hazards model with treatment, subgroup, and treatment-by-subgroup interaction as categorical variables in the model. The p-value is based on the Wald test.

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SOC: Infections and infestations; PT: Nasopharyngitis

		Quizartinib (N=265)				Placebo (N=268)				Quizartinib vs Placebo		Interaction
Subgroup	n	No. of subjects with events (%)	No. of subjects censored (%)	Median (95 % CI) (months) [a]	n	No. of subjects with events (%)	No. of subjects censored (%)	Median (95 % CI) (months) [a]	Hazard Ratio (95 % CI) [b]	Unstratified log-rank p-value [c]	P-value [d]	
Race by 2 categories											0.7917	
White	157	8 (5.1)	149 (94.9)	NE (NE, NE)	161	5 (3.1)	156 (96.9)	NE (NE, NE)	1.289 (0.421, 3.950)	0.6562		
Non-white	108	4 (3.7)	104 (96.3)	NE (NE, NE)	107	2 (1.9)	105 (98.1)	NE (NE, NE)	1.845 (0.337, 10.090)	0.4728		

N: number of subjects in analysis set; n: number of subjects in subgroup category; %: proportion of number of subjects in n; CI: confidence interval; NE: not estimable. PT: Preferred Term, SOC: System Organ Class.

[a] Median time to first event is from Kaplan-Meier estimate. Confidence Interval for median was computed using the Brookmeyer-Crowley method.

[b] Hazard ratio is from unstratified Cox proportional hazards model with treatment as the only categorical variable in the model. Confidence limits are based on the Wald test.

[c] Two-sided p-value from unstratified log-rank test.

[d] Two-sided interaction p-value is for the interaction term from unstratified Cox proportional hazards model with treatment, subgroup, and treatment-by-subgroup interaction as categorical variables in the model. The p-value is based on the Wald test.

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SOC: Infections and infestations; PT: Nasopharyngitis

		Quizartinib (N=265)				Placebo (N=268)				Quizartinib vs Placebo		Interaction
Subgroup	n	No. of subjects with events (%)	No. of subjects censored (%)	Median (95 % CI) (months) [a]	n	No. of subjects with events (%)	No. of subjects censored (%)	Median (95 % CI) (months) [a]	Hazard Ratio (95 % CI) [b]	Unstratified log-rank p-value [c]	P-value [d]	
Geographic Region 1											0.9285	
North America	16	0	16 (100)	NE (NE, NE)	18	0	18 (100)	NE (NE, NE)	NE (NE, NE)	NE		
Europe	161	8 (5.0)	153 (95.0)	NE (NE, NE)	161	4 (2.5)	157 (97.5)	NE (NE, NE)	1.619 (0.487, 5.387)	0.4273		
Asia/Other Regions	88	4 (4.5)	84 (95.5)	NE (NE, NE)	89	3 (3.4)	86 (96.6)	NE (NE, NE)	1.226 (0.274, 5.493)	0.7898		

N: number of subjects in analysis set; n: number of subjects in subgroup category; %: proportion of number of subjects in n; CI: confidence interval; NE: not estimable. PT: Preferred Term, SOC: System Organ Class.

[a] Median time to first event is from Kaplan-Meier estimate. Confidence Interval for median was computed using the Brookmeyer-Crowley method.

[b] Hazard ratio is from unstratified Cox proportional hazards model with treatment as the only categorical variable in the model. Confidence limits are based on the Wald test.

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SOC: Infections and infestations; PT: Nasopharyngitis

		Quizartinib (N=265)					Placebo (N=268)					Quizartinib vs Placebo		Interaction
Subgroup	n	No. of subjects with events (%)	No. of subjects censored (%)	Median (95 % CI) (months) [a]	n	No. of subjects with events (%)	No. of subjects censored (%)	Median (95 % CI) (months) [a]	Hazard Ratio (95 % CI) [b]	Unstratified log-rank p-value [c]	P-value [d]			
WBC at initial diagnosis												0.3216		
< 40x10 ⁹ /L	132	7 (5.3)	125 (94.7)	NE (NE, NE) (38.6, NE)	133	3 (2.3)	130 (97.7)	NE (NE, NE)	2.282 (0.590, 8.824)	0.2187				
≥ 40x10 ⁹ /L	133	5 (3.8)	128 (96.2)	NE (NE, NE)	135	4 (3.0)	131 (97.0)	NE (NE, NE)	0.930 (0.248, 3.488)	0.9150				

N: number of subjects in analysis set; n: number of subjects in subgroup category; %: proportion of number of subjects in n; CI: confidence interval; NE: not estimable. PT: Preferred Term, SOC: System Organ Class.

[a] Median time to first event is from Kaplan-Meier estimate. Confidence Interval for median was computed using the Brookmeyer-Crowley method.

[b] Hazard ratio is from unstratified Cox proportional hazards model with treatment as the only categorical variable in the model. Confidence limits are based on the Wald test.

[c] Two-sided p-value from unstratified log-rank test.

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SOC: Infections and infestations; PT: Nasopharyngitis

		Quizartinib (N=265)				Placebo (N=268)				Quizartinib vs Placebo		Interaction
Subgroup	n	No. of subjects with events (%)	No. of subjects censored (%)	Median (95 % CI) (months) [a]	n	No. of subjects with events (%)	No. of subjects censored (%)	Median (95 % CI) (months) [a]	Hazard Ratio (95 % CI) [b]	Unstratified log-rank p-value [c]	P-value [d]	
Choice of Anthracycline											0.8554	
Daunorubicin	123	6 (4.9)	117 (95.1)	NE (NE, NE)	94	3 (3.2)	91 (96.8)	NE (NE, NE)	1.177 (0.293, 4.721)	0.8180		
Idarubicin	142	6 (4.2)	136 (95.8)	NE (NE, NE)	171	4 (2.3)	167 (97.7)	NE (NE, NE)	1.448 (0.407, 5.149)	0.5654		

N: number of subjects in analysis set; n: number of subjects in subgroup category; %: proportion of number of subjects in n; CI: confidence interval; NE: not estimable. PT: Preferred Term, SOC: System Organ Class.

[a] Median time to first event is from Kaplan-Meier estimate. Confidence Interval for median was computed using the Brookmeyer-Crowley method.

[b] Hazard ratio is from unstratified Cox proportional hazards model with treatment as the only categorical variable in the model. Confidence limits are based on the Wald test.

[c] Two-sided p-value from unstratified log-rank test.

[d] Two-sided interaction p-value is for the interaction term from unstratified Cox proportional hazards model with treatment, subgroup, and treatment-by-subgroup interaction as categorical variables in the model. The p-value is based on the Wald test.

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SOC: Infections and infestations; PT: Nasopharyngitis

		Quizartinib (N=265)				Placebo (N=268)				Quizartinib vs Placebo		Interaction
Subgroup	n	No. of subjects with events (%)	No. of subjects censored (%)	Median (95 % CI) (months) [a]	n	No. of subjects with events (%)	No. of subjects censored (%)	Median (95 % CI) (months) [a]	Hazard Ratio (95 % CI) [b]	Unstratified log-rank p-value [c]	P-value [d]	
AML Cytogenetic Risk Score											1.0000	
Favorable	13	0	13 (100)	NE (NE, NE)	19	3 (15.8)	16 (84.2)	NE (6.4, NE)	0.000 (0.000, NE)	0.2162		
Intermediate	195	11 (5.6)	184 (94.4)	NE (NE, NE)	190	4 (2.1)	186 (97.9)	NE (NE, NE)	2.181 (0.694, 6.858)	0.1714		
Unfavorable	19	0	19 (100)	NE (NE, NE)	27	0	27 (100)	NE (NE, NE)	NE (NE, NE)	NE		
Unknown	38	1 (2.6)	37 (97.4)	NE (NE, NE)	31	0	31 (100)	NE (NE, NE)	NE (0.000, NE)	0.4201		

N: number of subjects in analysis set; n: number of subjects in subgroup category; %: proportion of number of subjects in n; CI: confidence interval; NE: not estimable. PT: Preferred Term, SOC: System Organ Class.

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[b] Hazard ratio is from unstratified Cox proportional hazards model with treatment as the only categorical variable in the model. Confidence limits are based on the Wald test.

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SOC: Infections and infestations; PT: Nasopharyngitis

		Quizartinib (N=265)					Placebo (N=268)					Quizartinib vs Placebo		Interaction
Subgroup	n	No. of subjects with events (%)	No. of subjects censored (%)	Median (95 % CI) (months) [a]	n	No. of subjects with events (%)	No. of subjects censored (%)	Median (95 % CI) (months) [a]	Hazard Ratio (95 % CI) [b]	Unstratified log-rank p-value [c]	P-value [d]			
ECOG Performance Status at Baseline												0.7455		
0 - Fully Active	87	5 (5.7)	82 (94.3)	NE (38.6, NE)	97	3 (3.1)	94 (96.9)	NE (NE, NE)	1.540 (0.367, 6.455)	0.5517				
1 - Restricted in Physically Strenuous Activity	133	6 (4.5)	127 (95.5)	NE (NE, NE)	134	3 (2.2)	131 (97.8)	NE (NE, NE)	1.780 (0.445, 7.124)	0.4083				
2 - Ambulatory and Capable of All Selfcare	45	1 (2.2)	44 (97.8)	NE (NE, NE)	36	1 (2.8)	35 (97.2)	NE (NE, NE)	0.492 (0.028, 8.712)	0.6225				

N: number of subjects in analysis set; n: number of subjects in subgroup category; %: proportion of number of subjects in n; CI: confidence interval; NE: not estimable. PT: Preferred Term, SOC: System Organ Class.

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[b] Hazard ratio is from unstratified Cox proportional hazards model with treatment as the only categorical variable in the model. Confidence limits are based on the Wald test.

[c] Two-sided p-value from unstratified log-rank test.

[d] Two-sided interaction p-value is for the interaction term from unstratified Cox proportional hazards model with treatment, subgroup, and treatment-by-subgroup interaction as categorical variables in the model. The p-value is based on the Wald test.

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SOC: Infections and infestations; PT: Nasopharyngitis

		Quizartinib (N=265)					Placebo (N=268)					Quizartinib vs Placebo		Interaction
Subgroup	n	No. of subjects with events (%)	No. of subjects censored (%)	Median (95 % CI) (months) [a]	n	No. of subjects with events (%)	No. of subjects censored (%)	Median (95 % CI) (months) [a]	Hazard Ratio (95 % CI) [b]	Unstratified log-rank p-value [c]	p-	P-value [d]		
FLT3-ITD category at Baseline													0.6578	
≥3 to ≤25%	94	5 (5.3)	89 (94.7)	NE (38.6, NE)	98	5 (5.1)	93 (94.9)	NE (NE, NE)	0.929 (0.269, 3.212)	0.9077				
>25% to ≤50%	141	6 (4.3)	135 (95.7)	NE (NE, NE)	136	2 (1.5)	134 (98.5)	NE (NE, NE)	2.613 (0.527, 12.972)	0.2222				
>50%	29	1 (3.4)	28 (96.6)	NE (11.2, NE)	34	0	34 (100)	NE (NE, NE)	NE (0.000, NE)	0.5271				

N: number of subjects in analysis set; n: number of subjects in subgroup category; %: proportion of number of subjects in n; CI: confidence interval; NE: not estimable. PT: Preferred Term, SOC: System Organ Class.

[a] Median time to first event is from Kaplan-Meier estimate. Confidence Interval for median was computed using the Brookmeyer-Crowley method.

[b] Hazard ratio is from unstratified Cox proportional hazards model with treatment as the only categorical variable in the model. Confidence limits are based on the Wald test.

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Daiichi Sankyo | Data Intelligence – Evidence Generation | Final | AC220-A-U302 QUANTUM-First (DCO 13 Aug 2021) | Statistical analyses for AMNOG (HTA Germany)
 Table 3.11.2 Treatment-emergent adverse events by system organ class (SOC) and preferred term (PT) observed for ≥ 10 patients in at least one arm and ≥ 1% of the patients in at least one arm - Time-to-event analysis - subgroup analysis - DCO 13-Aug-2021 - Safety Analysis Set

SOC: Infections and infestations; PT: Nasopharyngitis

		Quizartinib (N=265)				Placebo (N=268)				Quizartinib vs Placebo		Interaction
Subgroup	n	No. of subjects with events (%)	No. of subjects censored (%)	Median (95 % CI) (months) [a]	n	No. of subjects with events (%)	No. of subjects censored (%)	Median (95 % CI) (months) [a]	Hazard Ratio (95 % CI) [b]	Unstratified log-rank p-value [c]	P-value [d]	
AML with Mutated NPM1											0.8133	
Yes	139	8 (5.8)	131 (94.2)	NE (NE, NE)	137	5 (3.6)	132 (96.4)	NE (NE, NE)	1.363 (0.445, 4.175)	0.5859		
No	116	4 (3.4)	112 (96.6)	NE (NE, NE)	120	2 (1.7)	118 (98.3)	NE (NE, NE)	1.716 (0.314, 9.388)	0.5282		

N: number of subjects in analysis set; n: number of subjects in subgroup category; %: proportion of number of subjects in n; CI: confidence interval; NE: not estimable. PT: Preferred Term, SOC: System Organ Class.

[a] Median time to first event is from Kaplan-Meier estimate. Confidence Interval for median was computed using the Brookmeyer-Crowley method.

[b] Hazard ratio is from unstratified Cox proportional hazards model with treatment as the only categorical variable in the model. Confidence limits are based on the Wald test.

[c] Two-sided p-value from unstratified log-rank test.

[d] Two-sided interaction p-value is for the interaction term from unstratified Cox proportional hazards model with treatment, subgroup, and treatment-by-subgroup interaction as categorical variables in the model. The p-value is based on the Wald test.

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SOC: Infections and infestations; PT: Nasopharyngitis

		Quizartinib (N=265)				Placebo (N=268)				Quizartinib vs Placebo		Interaction
Subgroup	n	No. of subjects with events (%)	No. of subjects censored (%)	Median (95 % CI) (months) [a]	n	No. of subjects with events (%)	No. of subjects censored (%)	Median (95 % CI) (months) [a]	Hazard Ratio (95 % CI) [b]	Unstratified log-rank p-value [c]	P-value [d]	
Age by 2 categories											0.9924	
≤60	164	9 (5.5)	155 (94.5)	NE (NE, NE)	163	7 (4.3)	156 (95.7)	NE (NE, NE)	0.975 (0.362, 2.624)	0.9596		
>60	101	3 (3.0)	98 (97.0)	NE (27.3, NE)	105	0	105 (100)	NE (NE, NE)	NE (0.000, NE)	0.0634		

N: number of subjects in analysis set; n: number of subjects in subgroup category; %: proportion of number of subjects in n; CI: confidence interval; NE: not estimable. PT: Preferred Term, SOC: System Organ Class.

[a] Median time to first event is from Kaplan-Meier estimate. Confidence Interval for median was computed using the Brookmeyer-Crowley method.

[b] Hazard ratio is from unstratified Cox proportional hazards model with treatment as the only categorical variable in the model. Confidence limits are based on the Wald test.

[c] Two-sided p-value from unstratified log-rank test.

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SOC: Infections and infestations; PT: Oral candidiasis

Subgroup	n	Quizartinib (N=265)				Placebo (N=268)				Quizartinib vs Placebo		Interaction
		No. of subjects with events (%)	No. of subjects censored (%)	Median (95 % CI) (months) [a]	n	No. of subjects with events (%)	No. of subjects censored (%)	Median (95 % CI) (months) [a]	n	Hazard Ratio (95 % CI) [b]	Unstratified log-rank p-value [c]	P-value [d]
Pooled Age Group 2											0.4421	
<60	159	9 (5.7)	150 (94.3)	NE (NE, NE)	160	3 (1.9)	157 (98.1)	NE (NE, NE)	160	2.890 (0.781, 10.696)	0.0961	
≥60 - <65	37	2 (5.4)	35 (94.6)	NE (NE, NE)	43	3 (7.0)	40 (93.0)	NE (NE, NE)	43	0.523 (0.085, 3.206)	0.4765	
≥65	69	0	69 (100)	NE (NE, NE)	65	3 (4.6)	62 (95.4)	NE (NE, NE)	65	0.000 (0.000, NE)	0.0832	

N: number of subjects in analysis set; n: number of subjects in subgroup category; %: proportion of number of subjects in n; CI: confidence interval; NE: not estimable. PT: Preferred Term, SOC: System Organ Class.

[a] Median time to first event is from Kaplan-Meier estimate. Confidence Interval for median was computed using the Brookmeyer-Crowley method.

[b] Hazard ratio is from unstratified Cox proportional hazards model with treatment as the only categorical variable in the model. Confidence limits are based on the Wald test.

[c] Two-sided p-value from unstratified log-rank test.

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SOC: Infections and infestations; PT: Oral candidiasis

Subgroup	n	Quizartinib (N=265)				Placebo (N=268)				Quizartinib vs Placebo		Interaction
		No. of subjects with events (%)	No. of subjects censored (%)	Median (95 % CI) (months) [a]	n	No. of subjects with events (%)	No. of subjects censored (%)	Median (95 % CI) (months) [a]	n	Hazard Ratio (95 % CI) [b]	Unstratified log-rank p-value [c]	P-value [d]
Sex												0.3881
Male	124	6 (4.8)	118 (95.2)	NE (NE, NE)	120	3 (2.5)	117 (97.5)	NE (NE, NE)	120	1.852 (0.462, 7.432)	0.3765	
Female	141	5 (3.5)	136 (96.5)	NE (NE, NE)	148	6 (4.1)	142 (95.9)	NE (NE, NE)	148	0.800 (0.243, 2.631)	0.7127	

N: number of subjects in analysis set; n: number of subjects in subgroup category; %: proportion of number of subjects in n; CI: confidence interval; NE: not estimable. PT: Preferred Term, SOC: System Organ Class.

[a] Median time to first event is from Kaplan-Meier estimate. Confidence Interval for median was computed using the Brookmeyer-Crowley method.

[b] Hazard ratio is from unstratified Cox proportional hazards model with treatment as the only categorical variable in the model. Confidence limits are based on the Wald test.

[c] Two-sided p-value from unstratified log-rank test.

[d] Two-sided interaction p-value is for the interaction term from unstratified Cox proportional hazards model with treatment, subgroup, and treatment-by-subgroup interaction as categorical variables in the model. The p-value is based on the Wald test.

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SOC: Infections and infestations; PT: Oral candidiasis

		Quizartinib (N=265)				Placebo (N=268)				Quizartinib vs Placebo		Interaction
Subgroup	n	No. of subjects with events (%)	No. of subjects censored (%)	Median (95 % CI) (months) [a]	n	No. of subjects with events (%)	No. of subjects censored (%)	Median (95 % CI) (months) [a]	Hazard Ratio (95 % CI) [b]	Unstratified log-rank p-value [c]	P-value [d]	
Race by 2 categories											0.1928	
White	157	8 (5.1)	149 (94.9)	NE (NE, NE)	161	4 (2.5)	157 (97.5)	NE (NE, NE)	1.912 (0.574, 6.372)	0.2834		
Non-white	108	3 (2.8)	105 (97.2)	NE (NE, NE)	107	5 (4.7)	102 (95.3)	NE (NE, NE)	0.560 (0.134, 2.347)	0.4212		

N: number of subjects in analysis set; n: number of subjects in subgroup category; %: proportion of number of subjects in n; CI: confidence interval; NE: not estimable. PT: Preferred Term, SOC: System Organ Class.

[a] Median time to first event is from Kaplan-Meier estimate. Confidence Interval for median was computed using the Brookmeyer-Crowley method.

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[c] Two-sided p-value from unstratified log-rank test.

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SOC: Infections and infestations; PT: Oral candidiasis

		Quizartinib (N=265)					Placebo (N=268)					Quizartinib vs Placebo		Interaction
Subgroup	n	No. of subjects with events (%)	No. of subjects censored (%)	Median (95 % CI) (months) [a]	n	No. of subjects with events (%)	No. of subjects censored (%)	Median (95 % CI) (months) [a]	Hazard Ratio (95 % CI) [b]	Unstratified log-rank p-value [c]	P-value [d]			
Geographic Region 1													0.6289	
North America	16	3 (18.8)	13 (81.3)	11.4 (10.3, NE)	18	3 (16.7)	15 (83.3)	NE (5.4, NE)	1.372 (0.273, 6.904)	0.6999				
Europe	161	6 (3.7)	155 (96.3)	NE (NE, NE)	161	3 (1.9)	158 (98.1)	NE (NE, NE)	1.940 (0.484, 7.770)	0.3405				
Asia/Other Regions	88	2 (2.3)	86 (97.7)	NE (NE, NE)	89	3 (3.4)	86 (96.6)	NE (NE, NE)	0.671 (0.112, 4.017)	0.6602				

N: number of subjects in analysis set; n: number of subjects in subgroup category; %: proportion of number of subjects in n; CI: confidence interval; NE: not estimable. PT: Preferred Term, SOC: System Organ Class.

[a] Median time to first event is from Kaplan-Meier estimate. Confidence Interval for median was computed using the Brookmeyer-Crowley method.

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		Quizartinib (N=265)				Placebo (N=268)				Quizartinib vs Placebo		Interaction
Subgroup	n	No. of subjects with events (%)	No. of subjects censored (%)	Median (95 % CI) (months) [a]	n	No. of subjects with events (%)	No. of subjects censored (%)	Median (95 % CI) (months) [a]	Hazard Ratio (95 % CI) [b]	Unstratified log-rank p-value [c]	P-value [d]	
WBC at initial diagnosis											0.1940	
< 40x10 ⁹ /L	132	5 (3.8)	127 (96.2)	NE (NE, NE)	133	7 (5.3)	126 (94.7)	NE (NE, NE)	0.709 (0.225, 2.234)	0.5546		
≥ 40x10 ⁹ /L	133	6 (4.5)	127 (95.5)	NE (NE, NE)	135	2 (1.5)	133 (98.5)	NE (NE, NE)	2.862 (0.575, 14.238)	0.1794		

N: number of subjects in analysis set; n: number of subjects in subgroup category; %: proportion of number of subjects in n; CI: confidence interval; NE: not estimable. PT: Preferred Term, SOC: System Organ Class.

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Choice of Anthracycline											0.4088	
Daunorubicin	123	3 (2.4)	120 (97.6)	NE (NE, NE)	94	3 (3.2)	91 (96.8)	NE (NE, NE)	0.717 (0.144, 3.562)	0.6832		
Idarubicin	142	8 (5.6)	134 (94.4)	NE (NE, NE)	171	6 (3.5)	165 (96.5)	NE (NE, NE)	1.521 (0.527, 4.393)	0.4347		

N: number of subjects in analysis set; n: number of subjects in subgroup category; %: proportion of number of subjects in n; CI: confidence interval; NE: not estimable. PT: Preferred Term, SOC: System Organ Class.

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AML Cytogenetic Risk Score											0.9782	
Favorable	13	1 (7.7)	12 (92.3)	NE (NE, NE)	19	1 (5.3)	18 (94.7)	NE (8.4, NE)	1.936 (0.118, 31.668)	0.6372		
Intermediate	195	9 (4.6)	186 (95.4)	NE (NE, NE)	190	8 (4.2)	182 (95.8)	NE (NE, NE)	0.975 (0.375, 2.538)	0.9589		
Unfavorable	19	0	19 (100)	NE (NE, NE)	27	0	27 (100)	NE (NE, NE)	NE (NE, NE)	NE		
Unknown	38	1 (2.6)	37 (97.4)	NE (NE, NE)	31	0	31 (100)	NE (NE, NE)	NE (0.000, NE)	0.3534		

N: number of subjects in analysis set; n: number of subjects in subgroup category; %: proportion of number of subjects in n; CI: confidence interval; NE: not estimable. PT: Preferred Term, SOC: System Organ Class.

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		Quizartinib (N=265)				Placebo (N=268)				Quizartinib vs Placebo		Interaction
Subgroup	n	No. of subjects with events (%)	No. of subjects censored (%)	Median (95 % CI) (months) [a]	n	No. of subjects with events (%)	No. of subjects censored (%)	Median (95 % CI) (months) [a]	Hazard Ratio (95 % CI) [b]	Unstratified log-rank p-value [c]	P-value [d]	
ECOG Performance Status at Baseline											0.0920	
0 - Fully Active	87	7 (8.0)	80 (92.0)	NE (NE, NE)	97	2 (2.1)	95 (97.9)	NE (NE, NE)	3.608 (0.749, 17.391)	0.0871		
1 - Restricted in Physically Strenuous Activity	133	2 (1.5)	131 (98.5)	NE (NE, NE)	134	6 (4.5)	128 (95.5)	NE (NE, NE)	0.315 (0.063, 1.565)	0.1360		
2 - Ambulatory and Capable of All Selfcare	45	2 (4.4)	43 (95.6)	NE (NE, NE)	36	1 (2.8)	35 (97.2)	NE (NE, NE)	1.676 (0.152, 18.480)	0.6699		

N: number of subjects in analysis set; n: number of subjects in subgroup category; %: proportion of number of subjects in n; CI: confidence interval; NE: not estimable. PT: Preferred Term, SOC: System Organ Class.

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Medizinischer Nutzen, medizinischer Zusatznutzen, Patientengruppen mit therap. bedeutsamem Zusatznutzen

Daichi Sankyo | Data Intelligence – Evidence Generation | Final | AC220-A-U302 QUANTUM-First (DCO 13 Aug 2021) | Statistical analyses for AMNOG (HTA Germany)
 Table 3.11.2 Treatment-emergent adverse events by system organ class (SOC) and preferred term (PT) observed for ≥ 10 patients in at least one arm and ≥ 1% of the patients in at least one arm - Time-to-event analysis - subgroup analysis - DCO 13-Aug-2021 - Safety Analysis Set

SOC: Infections and infestations; PT: Oral candidiasis

Subgroup	n	Quizartinib (N=265)				Placebo (N=268)				Quizartinib vs Placebo		Interaction
		No. of subjects with events (%)	No. of subjects censored (%)	Median (95 % CI) (months) [a]	n	No. of subjects with events (%)	No. of subjects censored (%)	Median (95 % CI) (months) [a]	n	Hazard Ratio (95 % CI) [b]	Unstratified log-rank p-value [c]	P-value [d]
FLT3-ITD category at Baseline											0.6998	
≥3 to ≤25%	94	2 (2.1)	92 (97.9)	NE (NE, NE)	98	4 (4.1)	94 (95.9)	NE (NE, NE)	98	0.528 (0.097, 2.884)	0.4540	
>25% to ≤50%	141	7 (5.0)	134 (95.0)	NE (NE, NE)	136	5 (3.7)	131 (96.3)	NE (NE, NE)	136	1.196 (0.378, 3.785)	0.7609	
>50%	29	2 (6.9)	27 (93.1)	NE (NE, NE)	34	0	34 (100)	NE (NE, NE)	34	NE (0.000, NE)	0.1479	

N: number of subjects in analysis set; n: number of subjects in subgroup category; %: proportion of number of subjects in n; CI: confidence interval; NE: not estimable. PT: Preferred Term, SOC: System Organ Class.

[a] Median time to first event is from Kaplan-Meier estimate. Confidence Interval for median was computed using the Brookmeyer-Crowley method.

[b] Hazard ratio is from unstratified Cox proportional hazards model with treatment as the only categorical variable in the model. Confidence limits are based on the Wald test.

[c] Two-sided p-value from unstratified log-rank test.

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SOC: Infections and infestations; PT: Oral candidiasis

Subgroup	n	Quizartinib (N=265)				Placebo (N=268)				Quizartinib vs Placebo		Interaction
		No. of subjects with events (%)	No. of subjects censored (%)	Median (95 % CI) (months) [a]	n	No. of subjects with events (%)	No. of subjects censored (%)	Median (95 % CI) (months) [a]	n	Hazard Ratio (95 % CI) [b]	Unstratified log-rank p-value [c]	P-value [d]
AML with Mutated NPM1											0.3655	
Yes	139	8 (5.8)	131 (94.2)	NE (NE, NE)	137	8 (5.8)	129 (94.2)	NE (NE, NE)	137	0.935 (0.350, 2.498)	0.8933	
No	116	3 (2.6)	113 (97.4)	NE (NE, NE)	120	1 (0.8)	119 (99.2)	NE (NE, NE)	120	2.935 (0.305, 28.224)	0.3282	

N: number of subjects in analysis set; n: number of subjects in subgroup category; %: proportion of number of subjects in n; CI: confidence interval; NE: not estimable. PT: Preferred Term, SOC: System Organ Class.

[a] Median time to first event is from Kaplan-Meier estimate. Confidence Interval for median was computed using the Brookmeyer-Crowley method.

[b] Hazard ratio is from unstratified Cox proportional hazards model with treatment as the only categorical variable in the model. Confidence limits are based on the Wald test.

[c] Two-sided p-value from unstratified log-rank test.

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SOC: Infections and infestations; PT: Oral candidiasis

		Quizartinib (N=265)				Placebo (N=268)				Quizartinib vs Placebo		Interaction
Subgroup	n	No. of subjects with events (%)	No. of subjects censored (%)	Median (95 % CI) (months) [a]	n	No. of subjects with events (%)	No. of subjects censored (%)	Median (95 % CI) (months) [a]	Hazard Ratio (95 % CI) [b]	Unstratified log-rank p-value [c]	P-value [d]	
Age by 2 categories											0.0451	
≤60	164	9 (5.5)	155 (94.5)	NE (NE, NE)	163	3 (1.8)	160 (98.2)	NE (NE, NE)	2.850 (0.770, 10.547)	0.1010		
>60	101	2 (2.0)	99 (98.0)	NE (NE, NE)	105	6 (5.7)	99 (94.3)	NE (NE, NE)	0.320 (0.064, 1.592)	0.1427		

N: number of subjects in analysis set; n: number of subjects in subgroup category; %: proportion of number of subjects in n; CI: confidence interval; NE: not estimable. PT: Preferred Term, SOC: System Organ Class.

[a] Median time to first event is from Kaplan-Meier estimate. Confidence Interval for median was computed using the Brookmeyer-Crowley method.

[b] Hazard ratio is from unstratified Cox proportional hazards model with treatment as the only categorical variable in the model. Confidence limits are based on the Wald test.

[c] Two-sided p-value from unstratified log-rank test.

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SOC: Infections and infestations; PT: Urinary tract infection

Subgroup	n	Quizartinib (N=265)				Placebo (N=268)				Quizartinib vs Placebo		Interaction
		No. of subjects with events (%)	No. of subjects censored (%)	Median (95 % CI) (months) [a]	n	No. of subjects with events (%)	No. of subjects censored (%)	Median (95 % CI) (months) [a]	n	Hazard Ratio (95 % CI) [b]	Unstratified log-rank p-value [c]	P-value [d]
Pooled Age Group 2											0.3987	
<60	159	5 (3.1)	154 (96.9)	NE (NE, NE)	160	5 (3.1)	155 (96.9)	NE (NE, NE)	160	0.908 (0.263, 3.142)	0.8795	
≥60 - <65	37	1 (2.7)	36 (97.3)	NE (NE, NE)	43	2 (4.7)	41 (95.3)	NE (NE, NE)	43	0.407 (0.036, 4.561)	0.4516	
≥65	69	5 (7.2)	64 (92.8)	NE (26.5, NE)	65	2 (3.1)	63 (96.9)	NE (29.3, NE)	65	2.903 (0.561, 15.007)	0.1831	

N: number of subjects in analysis set; n: number of subjects in subgroup category; %: proportion of number of subjects in n; CI: confidence interval; NE: not estimable. PT: Preferred Term, SOC: System Organ Class.

[a] Median time to first event is from Kaplan-Meier estimate. Confidence Interval for median was computed using the Brookmeyer-Crowley method.

[b] Hazard ratio is from unstratified Cox proportional hazards model with treatment as the only categorical variable in the model. Confidence limits are based on the Wald test.

[c] Two-sided p-value from unstratified log-rank test.

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SOC: Infections and infestations; PT: Urinary tract infection

Subgroup	n	Quizartinib (N=265)				Placebo (N=268)				Quizartinib vs Placebo		Interaction
		No. of subjects with events (%)	No. of subjects censored (%)	Median (95 % CI) [a]	n	No. of subjects with events (%)	No. of subjects censored (%)	Median (95 % CI) [a]	n	Hazard Ratio (95 % CI) [b]	Unstratified log-rank p-value [c]	P-value [d]
Sex												0.9916
Male	124	0	124 (100)	NE (NE, NE)	120	3 (2.5)	117 (97.5)	NE (NE, NE)	0.000 (0.000, NE)	0.0562		
Female	141	11 (7.8)	130 (92.2)	NE (NE, NE)	148	6 (4.1)	142 (95.9)	NE (NE, NE)	1.783 (0.659, 4.827)	0.2483		

N: number of subjects in analysis set; n: number of subjects in subgroup category; %: proportion of number of subjects in n; CI: confidence interval; NE: not estimable. PT: Preferred Term, SOC: System Organ Class.

[a] Median time to first event is from Kaplan-Meier estimate. Confidence Interval for median was computed using the Brookmeyer-Crowley method.

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SOC: Infections and infestations; PT: Urinary tract infection

		Quizartinib (N=265)				Placebo (N=268)				Quizartinib vs Placebo		Interaction
Subgroup	n	No. of subjects with events (%)	No. of subjects censored (%)	Median (95 % CI) (months) [a]	n	No. of subjects with events (%)	No. of subjects censored (%)	Median (95 % CI) (months) [a]	Hazard Ratio (95 % CI) [b]	Unstratified log-rank p-value [c]	P-value [d]	
Race by 2 categories											0.4745	
White	157	7 (4.5)	150 (95.5)	NE (NE, NE)	161	7 (4.3)	154 (95.7)	NE (NE, NE)	0.862 (0.302, 2.465)	0.7821		
Non-white	108	4 (3.7)	104 (96.3)	NE (NE, NE)	107	2 (1.9)	105 (98.1)	NE (NE, NE)	1.907 (0.349, 10.435)	0.4487		

N: number of subjects in analysis set; n: number of subjects in subgroup category; %: proportion of number of subjects in n; CI: confidence interval; NE: not estimable. PT: Preferred Term, SOC: System Organ Class.

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[c] Two-sided p-value from unstratified log-rank test.

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Subgroup	n	No. of subjects with events (%)	No. of subjects censored (%)	Median (95 % CI) (months) [a]	n	No. of subjects with events (%)	No. of subjects censored (%)	Median (95 % CI) (months) [a]	Hazard Ratio (95 % CI) [b]	Unstratified log-rank p-value [c]	P-value [d]			
Geographic Region 1													0.2897	
North America	16	1 (6.3)	15 (93.8)	NE (12.1, NE)	18	3 (16.7)	15 (83.3)	NE (4.0, NE)	0.471 (0.049, 4.544)	0.5050				
Europe	161	5 (3.1)	156 (96.9)	NE (NE, NE)	161	5 (3.1)	156 (96.9)	NE (NE, NE)	0.826 (0.239, 2.861)	0.7631				
Asia/Other Regions	88	5 (5.7)	83 (94.3)	NE (NE, NE)	89	1 (1.1)	88 (98.9)	NE (NE, NE)	5.145 (0.601, 44.038)	0.0953				

N: number of subjects in analysis set; n: number of subjects in subgroup category; %: proportion of number of subjects in n; CI: confidence interval; NE: not estimable. PT: Preferred Term, SOC: System Organ Class.

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Subgroup	n	No. of subjects with events (%)	No. of subjects censored (%)	Median (95 % CI) (months) [a]	n	No. of subjects with events (%)	No. of subjects censored (%)	Median (95 % CI) (months) [a]	Hazard Ratio (95 % CI) [b]	Unstratified log-rank p-value [c]	p-	P-value [d]		
WBC at initial diagnosis														0.3909
< 40x10 ⁹ /L	132	5 (3.8)	127 (96.2)	NE (NE, NE)	133	3 (2.3)	130 (97.7)	NE (NE, NE)	1.748 (0.417, 7.323)	0.4387				
≥ 40x10 ⁹ /L	133	6 (4.5)	127 (95.5)	NE (NE, NE)	135	6 (4.4)	129 (95.6)	NE (NE, NE)	0.756 (0.243, 2.355)	0.6288				

N: number of subjects in analysis set; n: number of subjects in subgroup category; %: proportion of number of subjects in n; CI: confidence interval; NE: not estimable. PT: Preferred Term, SOC: System Organ Class.

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		Quizartinib (N=265)				Placebo (N=268)				Quizartinib vs Placebo		Interaction
Subgroup	n	No. of subjects with events (%)	No. of subjects censored (%)	Median (95 % CI) (months) [a]	n	No. of subjects with events (%)	No. of subjects censored (%)	Median (95 % CI) (months) [a]	Hazard Ratio (95 % CI) [b]	Unstratified log-rank p-value [c]	P-value [d]	
Choice of Anthracycline											0.8912	
Daunorubicin	123	6 (4.9)	117 (95.1)	NE (NE, NE)	94	4 (4.3)	90 (95.7)	NE (NE, NE)	0.967 (0.272, 3.442)	0.9588		
Idarubicin	142	5 (3.5)	137 (96.5)	NE (NE, NE)	171	5 (2.9)	166 (97.1)	NE (NE, NE)	1.102 (0.319, 3.814)	0.8780		

N: number of subjects in analysis set; n: number of subjects in subgroup category; %: proportion of number of subjects in n; CI: confidence interval; NE: not estimable. PT: Preferred Term, SOC: System Organ Class.

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		Quizartinib (N=265)					Placebo (N=268)					Quizartinib vs Placebo		Interaction
Subgroup	n	No. of subjects with events (%)	No. of subjects censored (%)	Median (95 % CI) (months) [a]	n	No. of subjects with events (%)	No. of subjects censored (%)	Median (95 % CI) (months) [a]	CI	Hazard Ratio (95 % CI) [b]	Unstratified log-rank p-value [c]	P-value [d]		
AML Cytogenetic Risk Score												0.9976		
Favorable	13	0	13 (100)	NE (NE, NE)	19	3 (15.8)	16 (84.2)	NE (NE, NE)	(29.3, NE)	0.000 (0.000, NE)	0.3480			
Intermediate	195	7 (3.6)	188 (96.4)	NE (NE, NE)	190	5 (2.6)	185 (97.4)	NE (NE, NE)		1.169 (0.370, 3.694)	0.7894			
Unfavorable	19	2 (10.5)	17 (89.5)	NE (9.7, NE)	27	0	27 (100)	NE (NE, NE)		NE (0.000, NE)	0.0753			
Unknown	38	2 (5.3)	36 (94.7)	NE (NE, NE)	31	1 (3.2)	30 (96.8)	NE (NE, NE)		1.701 (0.153, 18.870)	0.6615			

N: number of subjects in analysis set; n: number of subjects in subgroup category; %: proportion of number of subjects in n; CI: confidence interval; NE: not estimable. PT: Preferred Term, SOC: System Organ Class.

[a] Median time to first event is from Kaplan-Meier estimate. Confidence Interval for median was computed using the Brookmeyer-Crowley method.

[b] Hazard ratio is from unstratified Cox proportional hazards model with treatment as the only categorical variable in the model. Confidence limits are based on the Wald test.

[c] Two-sided p-value from unstratified log-rank test.

[d] Two-sided interaction p-value is for the interaction term from unstratified Cox proportional hazards model with treatment, subgroup, and treatment-by-subgroup interaction as categorical variables in the model. The p-value is based on the Wald test.

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Medizinischer Nutzen, medizinischer Zusatznutzen, Patientengruppen mit therap. bedeutsamem Zusatznutzen

Daichi Sankyo | Data Intelligence – Evidence Generation | Final | AC220-A-U302 QUANTUM-First (DCO 13 Aug 2021) | Statistical analyses for AMNOG (HTA Germany)
 Table 3.11.2 Treatment-emergent adverse events by system organ class (SOC) and preferred term (PT) observed for ≥ 10 patients in at least one arm and ≥ 1% of the patients in at least one arm - Time-to-event analysis - subgroup analysis - DCO 13-Aug-2021 - Safety Analysis Set

SOC: Infections and infestations; PT: Urinary tract infection

		Quizartinib (N=265)				Placebo (N=268)				Quizartinib vs Placebo		Interaction
Subgroup	n	No. of subjects with events (%)	No. of subjects censored (%)	Median (95 % CI) (months) [a]	n	No. of subjects with events (%)	No. of subjects censored (%)	Median (95 % CI) (months) [a]	Hazard Ratio (95 % CI) [b]	Unstratified log-rank p-value [c]	P-value [d]	
ECOG Performance Status at Baseline											0.5825	
0 - Fully Active	87	6 (6.9)	81 (93.1)	NE (NE, NE)	97	4 (4.1)	93 (95.9)	NE (NE, NE)	1.564 (0.441, 5.544)	0.4853		
1 - Restricted in Physically Strenuous Activity	133	3 (2.3)	130 (97.7)	NE (NE, NE)	134	5 (3.7)	129 (96.3)	NE (NE, NE)	0.541 (0.129, 2.265)	0.3927		
2 - Ambulatory and Capable of All Selfcare	45	2 (4.4)	43 (95.6)	NE (NE, NE)	36	0	36 (100)	NE (NE, NE)	NE (0.000, NE)	0.1740		

N: number of subjects in analysis set; n: number of subjects in subgroup category; %: proportion of number of subjects in n; CI: confidence interval; NE: not estimable. PT: Preferred Term, SOC: System Organ Class.

[a] Median time to first event is from Kaplan-Meier estimate. Confidence Interval for median was computed using the Brookmeyer-Crowley method.

[b] Hazard ratio is from unstratified Cox proportional hazards model with treatment as the only categorical variable in the model. Confidence limits are based on the Wald test.

[c] Two-sided p-value from unstratified log-rank test.

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SOC: Infections and infestations; PT: Urinary tract infection

Subgroup	n	Quizartinib (N=265)				Placebo (N=268)				Quizartinib vs Placebo		Interaction
		No. of subjects with events (%)	No. of subjects censored (%)	Median (95 % CI) (months) [a]	n	No. of subjects with events (%)	No. of subjects censored (%)	Median (95 % CI) (months) [a]	n	Hazard Ratio (95 % CI) [b]	Unstratified log-rank p-value [c]	P-value [d]
FLT3-ITD category at Baseline											0.2525	
≥3 to ≤25%	94	3 (3.2)	91 (96.8)	NE (NE, NE)	98	5 (5.1)	93 (94.9)	NE (NE, NE)	0.618 (0.148, 2.585)	0.5054		
>25% to ≤50%	141	8 (5.7)	133 (94.3)	NE (NE, NE)	136	2 (1.5)	134 (98.5)	NE (NE, NE)	3.565 (0.756, 16.820)	0.0863		
>50%	29	0	29 (100)	NE (NE, NE)	34	2 (5.9)	32 (94.1)	NE (NE, NE)	0.000 (0.000, NE)	0.1197		

N: number of subjects in analysis set; n: number of subjects in subgroup category; %: proportion of number of subjects in n; CI: confidence interval; NE: not estimable. PT: Preferred Term, SOC: System Organ Class.

[a] Median time to first event is from Kaplan-Meier estimate. Confidence Interval for median was computed using the Brookmeyer-Crowley method.

[b] Hazard ratio is from unstratified Cox proportional hazards model with treatment as the only categorical variable in the model. Confidence limits are based on the Wald test.

[c] Two-sided p-value from unstratified log-rank test.

[d] Two-sided interaction p-value is for the interaction term from unstratified Cox proportional hazards model with treatment, subgroup, and treatment-by-subgroup interaction as categorical variables in the model. The p-value is based on the Wald test.

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SOC: Infections and infestations; PT: Urinary tract infection

		Quizartinib (N=265)					Placebo (N=268)					Quizartinib vs Placebo		Interaction
Subgroup	n	No. of subjects with events (%)	No. of subjects censored (%)	Median (95 % CI) (months) [a]	n	No. of subjects with events (%)	No. of subjects censored (%)	Median (95 % CI) (months) [a]	Hazard Ratio (95 % CI) [b]	Unstratified log-rank p-value [c]	P-value [d]			
AML with Mutated NPM1												0.1660		
Yes	139	7 (5.0)	132 (95.0)	NE (NE, NE)	137	4 (2.9)	133 (97.1)	NE (NE, NE)	1.534 (0.448, 5.256)	0.4927				
No	116	2 (1.7)	114 (98.3)	NE (NE, NE)	120	5 (4.2)	115 (95.8)	NE (NE, NE)	0.354 (0.069, 1.830)	0.1955				

N: number of subjects in analysis set; n: number of subjects in subgroup category; %: proportion of number of subjects in n; CI: confidence interval; NE: not estimable. PT: Preferred Term, SOC: System Organ Class.

[a] Median time to first event is from Kaplan-Meier estimate. Confidence Interval for median was computed using the Brookmeyer-Crowley method.

[b] Hazard ratio is from unstratified Cox proportional hazards model with treatment as the only categorical variable in the model. Confidence limits are based on the Wald test.

[c] Two-sided p-value from unstratified log-rank test.

[d] Two-sided interaction p-value is for the interaction term from unstratified Cox proportional hazards model with treatment, subgroup, and treatment-by-subgroup interaction as categorical variables in the model. The p-value is based on the Wald test.

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SOC: Infections and infestations; PT: Urinary tract infection

		Quizartinib (N=265)				Placebo (N=268)				Quizartinib vs Placebo		Interaction
Subgroup	n	No. of subjects with events (%)	No. of subjects censored (%)	Median (95 % CI) (months) [a]	n	No. of subjects with events (%)	No. of subjects censored (%)	Median (95 % CI) (months) [a]	Hazard Ratio (95 % CI) [b]	Unstratified log-rank p-value [c]	P-value [d]	
Age by 2 categories											0.4707	
≤60	164	5 (3.0)	159 (97.0)	NE (NE, NE)	163	5 (3.1)	158 (96.9)	NE (NE, NE)	0.891 (0.257, 3.081)	0.8550		
>60	101	6 (5.9)	95 (94.1)	NE (NE, NE)	105	4 (3.8)	101 (96.2)	NE (NE, NE)	1.592 (0.448, 5.658)	0.4687		

N: number of subjects in analysis set; n: number of subjects in subgroup category; %: proportion of number of subjects in n; CI: confidence interval; NE: not estimable. PT: Preferred Term, SOC: System Organ Class.

[a] Median time to first event is from Kaplan-Meier estimate. Confidence Interval for median was computed using the Brookmeyer-Crowley method.

[b] Hazard ratio is from unstratified Cox proportional hazards model with treatment as the only categorical variable in the model. Confidence limits are based on the Wald test.

[c] Two-sided p-value from unstratified log-rank test.

[d] Two-sided interaction p-value is for the interaction term from unstratified Cox proportional hazards model with treatment, subgroup, and treatment-by-subgroup interaction as categorical variables in the model. The p-value is based on the Wald test.

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SOC: Infections and infestations; PT: Sinusitis

Subgroup	n	Quizartinib (N=265)				Placebo (N=268)				Quizartinib vs Placebo		Interaction
		No. of subjects with events (%)	No. of subjects censored (%)	Median (95 % CI) (months) [a]	n	No. of subjects with events (%)	No. of subjects censored (%)	Median (95 % CI) (months) [a]	n	Hazard Ratio (95 % CI) [b]	Unstratified log-rank p-value [c]	P-value [d]
Pooled Age Group 2											0.9256	
<60	159	7 (4.4)	152 (95.6)	NE (NE, NE)	160	4 (2.5)	156 (97.5)	NE (NE, NE)	160	1.717 (0.502, 5.873)	0.3820	
≥60 - <65	37	2 (5.4)	35 (94.6)	NE (NE, NE)	43	0	43 (100)	NE (NE, NE)	43	NE (0.000, NE)	0.1243	
≥65	69	2 (2.9)	67 (97.1)	NE (NE, NE)	65	2 (3.1)	63 (96.9)	NE (NE, NE)	65	1.197 (0.168, 8.523)	0.8571	

N: number of subjects in analysis set; n: number of subjects in subgroup category; %: proportion of number of subjects in n; CI: confidence interval; NE: not estimable. PT: Preferred Term, SOC: System Organ Class.

[a] Median time to first event is from Kaplan-Meier estimate. Confidence Interval for median was computed using the Brookmeyer-Crowley method.

[b] Hazard ratio is from unstratified Cox proportional hazards model with treatment as the only categorical variable in the model. Confidence limits are based on the Wald test.

[c] Two-sided p-value from unstratified log-rank test.

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SOC: Infections and infestations; PT: Sinusitis

		Quizartinib (N=265)				Placebo (N=268)				Quizartinib vs Placebo		Interaction
Subgroup	n	No. of subjects with events (%)	No. of subjects censored (%)	Median (95 % CI) (months) [a]	n	No. of subjects with events (%)	No. of subjects censored (%)	Median (95 % CI) (months) [a]	Hazard Ratio (95 % CI) [b]	Unstratified log-rank p-value [c]	P-value [d]	
Sex											0.1948	
Male	124	4 (3.2)	120 (96.8)	NE (NE, NE)	120	4 (3.3)	116 (96.7)	NE (NE, NE)	0.884 (0.220, 3.544)	0.8617		
Female	141	7 (5.0)	134 (95.0)	NE (NE, NE)	148	2 (1.4)	146 (98.6)	NE (NE, NE)	3.710 (0.770, 17.866)	0.0794		

N: number of subjects in analysis set; n: number of subjects in subgroup category; %: proportion of number of subjects in n; CI: confidence interval; NE: not estimable. PT: Preferred Term, SOC: System Organ Class.

[a] Median time to first event is from Kaplan-Meier estimate. Confidence Interval for median was computed using the Brookmeyer-Crowley method.

[b] Hazard ratio is from unstratified Cox proportional hazards model with treatment as the only categorical variable in the model. Confidence limits are based on the Wald test.

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Subgroup	n	No. of subjects with events (%)	No. of subjects censored (%)	Median (95 % CI) (months) [a]	n	No. of subjects with events (%)	No. of subjects censored (%)	Median (95 % CI) (months) [a]	Hazard Ratio (95 % CI) [b]	Unstratified log-rank p-value [c]	P-value [d]	
Race by 2 categories											0.3256	
White	157	8 (5.1)	149 (94.9)	NE (NE, NE)	161	3 (1.9)	158 (98.1)	NE (NE, NE)	2.701 (0.716, 10.193)	0.1263		
Non-white	108	3 (2.8)	105 (97.2)	NE (NE, NE)	107	3 (2.8)	104 (97.2)	NE (NE, NE)	0.946 (0.191, 4.689)	0.9470		

N: number of subjects in analysis set; n: number of subjects in subgroup category; %: proportion of number of subjects in n; CI: confidence interval; NE: not estimable. PT: Preferred Term, SOC: System Organ Class.

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SOC: Infections and infestations; PT: Sinusitis

Subgroup	n	Quizartinib (N=265)				Placebo (N=268)				Quizartinib vs Placebo		Interaction
		No. of subjects with events (%)	No. of subjects censored (%)	Median (95 % CI) (months) [a]	n	No. of subjects with events (%)	No. of subjects censored (%)	Median (95 % CI) (months) [a]	n	Hazard Ratio (95 % CI) [b]	Unstratified log-rank p-value [c]	P-value [d]
Geographic Region 1											0.7044	
North America	16	1 (6.3)	15 (93.8)	NE (NE, NE)	18	1 (5.6)	17 (94.4)	NE (7.7, NE)	18	1.403 (0.086, 22.815)	0.8110	
Europe	161	8 (5.0)	153 (95.0)	NE (NE, NE)	161	3 (1.9)	158 (98.1)	NE (NE, NE)	161	2.649 (0.702, 9.990)	0.1346	
Asia/Other Regions	88	2 (2.3)	86 (97.7)	NE (NE, NE)	89	2 (2.2)	87 (97.8)	NE (NE, NE)	89	0.991 (0.140, 7.037)	0.9926	

N: number of subjects in analysis set; n: number of subjects in subgroup category; %: proportion of number of subjects in n; CI: confidence interval; NE: not estimable. PT: Preferred Term, SOC: System Organ Class.

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		Quizartinib (N=265)				Placebo (N=268)				Quizartinib vs Placebo		Interaction
Subgroup	n	No. of subjects with events (%)	No. of subjects censored (%)	Median (95 % CI) (months) [a]	n	No. of subjects with events (%)	No. of subjects censored (%)	Median (95 % CI) (months) [a]	Hazard Ratio (95 % CI) [b]	Unstratified log-rank p-value [c]	P-value [d]	
WBC at initial diagnosis											0.9916	
< 40x10 ⁹ /L	132	7 (5.3)	125 (94.7)	NE (NE, NE)	133	4 (3.0)	129 (97.0)	NE (NE, NE)	1.829 (0.535, 6.251)	0.3273		
≥ 40x10 ⁹ /L	133	4 (3.0)	129 (97.0)	NE (NE, NE)	135	2 (1.5)	133 (98.5)	NE (NE, NE)	1.836 (0.335, 10.066)	0.4771		

N: number of subjects in analysis set; n: number of subjects in subgroup category; %: proportion of number of subjects in n; CI: confidence interval; NE: not estimable. PT: Preferred Term, SOC: System Organ Class.

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[b] Hazard ratio is from unstratified Cox proportional hazards model with treatment as the only categorical variable in the model. Confidence limits are based on the Wald test.

[c] Two-sided p-value from unstratified log-rank test.

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		Quizartinib (N=265)				Placebo (N=268)				Quizartinib vs Placebo		Interaction
Subgroup	n	No. of subjects with events (%)	No. of subjects censored (%)	Median (95 % CI) (months) [a]	n	No. of subjects with events (%)	No. of subjects censored (%)	Median (95 % CI) (months) [a]	Hazard Ratio (95 % CI) [b]	Unstratified log-rank p-value [c]	P-value [d]	
Choice of Anthracycline											0.4874	
Daunorubicin	123	5 (4.1)	118 (95.9)	NE (NE, NE)	94	3 (3.2)	91 (96.8)	NE (NE, NE)	1.204 (0.287, 5.052)	0.7986		
Idarubicin	142	6 (4.2)	136 (95.8)	NE (NE, NE)	171	3 (1.8)	168 (98.2)	NE (NE, NE)	2.382 (0.595, 9.537)	0.2057		

N: number of subjects in analysis set; n: number of subjects in subgroup category; %: proportion of number of subjects in n; CI: confidence interval; NE: not estimable. PT: Preferred Term, SOC: System Organ Class.

[a] Median time to first event is from Kaplan-Meier estimate. Confidence Interval for median was computed using the Brookmeyer-Crowley method.

[b] Hazard ratio is from unstratified Cox proportional hazards model with treatment as the only categorical variable in the model. Confidence limits are based on the Wald test.

[c] Two-sided p-value from unstratified log-rank test.

[d] Two-sided interaction p-value is for the interaction term from unstratified Cox proportional hazards model with treatment, subgroup, and treatment-by-subgroup interaction as categorical variables in the model. The p-value is based on the Wald test.

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Medizinischer Nutzen, medizinischer Zusatznutzen, Patientengruppen mit therap. bedeutsamem Zusatznutzen

Daichi Sankyo | Data Intelligence – Evidence Generation | Final | AC220-A-U302 QUANTUM-First (DCO 13 Aug 2021) | Statistical analyses for AMNOG (HTA Germany)
 Table 3.11.2 Treatment-emergent adverse events by system organ class (SOC) and preferred term (PT) observed for ≥ 10 patients in at least one arm and ≥ 1% of the patients in at least one arm - Time-to-event analysis - subgroup analysis - DCO 13-Aug-2021 - Safety Analysis Set

SOC: Infections and infestations; PT: Sinusitis

Subgroup	n	Quizartinib (N=265)				Placebo (N=268)				Quizartinib vs Placebo		Interaction
		No. of subjects with events (%)	No. of subjects censored (%)	Median (95 % CI) (months) [a]	n	No. of subjects with events (%)	No. of subjects censored (%)	Median (95 % CI) (months) [a]	n	Hazard Ratio (95 % CI) [b]	Unstratified log-rank p-value [c]	P-value [d]
AML Cytogenetic Risk Score											1.0000	
Favorable	13	0	13 (100)	NE (NE, NE)	19	1 (5.3)	18 (94.7)	NE (7.7, NE)	0.000 (0.000, NE)	0.4795		
Intermediate	195	7 (3.6)	188 (96.4)	NE (NE, NE)	190	4 (2.1)	186 (97.9)	NE (NE, NE)	1.638 (0.479, 5.603)	0.4268		
Unfavorable	19	1 (5.3)	18 (94.7)	NE (2.7, NE)	27	0	27 (100)	NE (NE, NE)	NE (0.000, NE)	0.1923		
Unknown	38	3 (7.9)	35 (92.1)	NE (NE, NE)	31	0	31 (100)	NE (NE, NE)	NE (0.000, NE)	0.1026		

N: number of subjects in analysis set; n: number of subjects in subgroup category; %: proportion of number of subjects in n; CI: confidence interval; NE: not estimable. PT: Preferred Term, SOC: System Organ Class.

[a] Median time to first event is from Kaplan-Meier estimate. Confidence Interval for median was computed using the Brookmeyer-Crowley method.

[b] Hazard ratio is from unstratified Cox proportional hazards model with treatment as the only categorical variable in the model. Confidence limits are based on the Wald test.

[c] Two-sided p-value from unstratified log-rank test.

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SOC: Infections and infestations; PT: Sinusitis

Subgroup	n	Quizartinib (N=265)				Placebo (N=268)				Quizartinib vs Placebo		Interaction
		No. of subjects with events (%)	No. of subjects censored (%)	Median (95 % CI) (months) [a]	n	No. of subjects with events (%)	No. of subjects censored (%)	Median (95 % CI) (months) [a]	n	Hazard Ratio (95 % CI) [b]	Unstratified log-rank p-value [c]	P-value [d]
ECOG Performance Status at Baseline											0.7292	
0 - Fully Active	87	3 (3.4)	84 (96.6)	NE (NE, NE)	97	1 (1.0)	96 (99.0)	NE (NE, NE)	36	3.209 (0.333, 30.884)	0.2858	
1 - Restricted in Physically Strenuous Activity	133	7 (5.3)	126 (94.7)	NE (NE, NE)	134	4 (3.0)	130 (97.0)	NE (NE, NE)	134	1.740 (0.509, 5.947)	0.3709	
2 - Ambulatory and Capable of All Selfcare	45	1 (2.2)	44 (97.8)	NE (NE, NE)	36	1 (2.8)	35 (97.2)	NE (NE, NE)	36	0.836 (0.052, 13.358)	0.8987	

N: number of subjects in analysis set; n: number of subjects in subgroup category; %: proportion of number of subjects in n; CI: confidence interval; NE: not estimable. PT: Preferred Term, SOC: System Organ Class.

[a] Median time to first event is from Kaplan-Meier estimate. Confidence Interval for median was computed using the Brookmeyer-Crowley method.

[b] Hazard ratio is from unstratified Cox proportional hazards model with treatment as the only categorical variable in the model. Confidence limits are based on the Wald test.

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SOC: Infections and infestations; PT: Sinusitis

		Quizartinib (N=265)				Placebo (N=268)				Quizartinib vs Placebo		Interaction
Subgroup	n	No. of subjects with events (%)	No. of subjects censored (%)	Median (95 % CI) (months) [a]	n	No. of subjects with events (%)	No. of subjects censored (%)	Median (95 % CI) (months) [a]	Hazard Ratio (95 % CI) [b]	Unstratified log-rank p-value [c]	P-value [d]	
FLT3-ITD category at Baseline											0.2529	
≥3 to ≤25%	94	1 (1.1)	93 (98.9)	NE (NE, NE)	98	3 (3.1)	95 (96.9)	NE (NE, NE)	0.344 (0.036, 3.311)	0.3331		
>25% to ≤50%	141	10 (7.1)	131 (92.9)	NE (NE, NE)	136	3 (2.2)	133 (97.8)	NE (NE, NE)	3.200 (0.880, 11.634)	0.0616		
>50%	29	0	29 (100)	NE (NE, NE)	34	0	34 (100)	NE (NE, NE)	NE (NE, NE)	NE		

N: number of subjects in analysis set; n: number of subjects in subgroup category; %: proportion of number of subjects in n; CI: confidence interval; NE: not estimable. PT: Preferred Term, SOC: System Organ Class.

[a] Median time to first event is from Kaplan-Meier estimate. Confidence Interval for median was computed using the Brookmeyer-Crowley method.

[b] Hazard ratio is from unstratified Cox proportional hazards model with treatment as the only categorical variable in the model. Confidence limits are based on the Wald test.

[c] Two-sided p-value from unstratified log-rank test.

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SOC: Infections and infestations; PT: Sinusitis

Subgroup	n	Quizartinib (N=265)				Placebo (N=268)				Quizartinib vs Placebo		Interaction
		No. of subjects with events (%)	No. of subjects censored (%)	Median (95 % CI) (months) [a]	n	No. of subjects with events (%)	No. of subjects censored (%)	Median (95 % CI) (months) [a]	n	Hazard Ratio (95 % CI) [b]	Unstratified log-rank p-value [c]	P-value [d]
AML with Mutated NPM1											0.2172	
Yes	139	5 (3.6)	134 (96.4)	NE (NE, NE)	137	4 (2.9)	133 (97.1)	NE (NE, NE)	137	1.227 (0.329, 4.577)	0.7608	
No	116	6 (5.2)	110 (94.8)	NE (NE, NE)	120	1 (0.8)	119 (99.2)	NE (NE, NE)	120	5.878 (0.708, 48.834)	0.0625	

N: number of subjects in analysis set; n: number of subjects in subgroup category; %: proportion of number of subjects in n; CI: confidence interval; NE: not estimable. PT: Preferred Term, SOC: System Organ Class.

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SOC: Infections and infestations; PT: Sinusitis

		Quizartinib (N=265)				Placebo (N=268)				Quizartinib vs Placebo		Interaction
Subgroup	n	No. of subjects with events (%)	No. of subjects censored (%)	Median (95 % CI) (months) [a]	n	No. of subjects with events (%)	No. of subjects censored (%)	Median (95 % CI) (months) [a]	Hazard Ratio (95 % CI) [b]	Unstratified log-rank p-value [c]	P-value [d]	
Age by 2 categories											0.7672	
≤60	164	7 (4.3)	157 (95.7)	NE (NE, NE)	163	4 (2.5)	159 (97.5)	NE (NE, NE)	1.695 (0.496, 5.796)	0.3942		
>60	101	4 (4.0)	97 (96.0)	NE (NE, NE)	105	2 (1.9)	103 (98.1)	NE (NE, NE)	2.271 (0.415, 12.412)	0.3306		

N: number of subjects in analysis set; n: number of subjects in subgroup category; %: proportion of number of subjects in n; CI: confidence interval; NE: not estimable. PT: Preferred Term, SOC: System Organ Class.

[a] Median time to first event is from Kaplan-Meier estimate. Confidence Interval for median was computed using the Brookmeyer-Crowley method.

[b] Hazard ratio is from unstratified Cox proportional hazards model with treatment as the only categorical variable in the model. Confidence limits are based on the Wald test.

[c] Two-sided p-value from unstratified log-rank test.

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SOC: Infections and infestations; PT: Cellulitis

Subgroup	n	Quizartinib (N=265)				Placebo (N=268)				Quizartinib vs Placebo		Interaction
		No. of subjects with events (%)	No. of subjects censored (%)	Median (95 % CI) (months) [a]	n	No. of subjects with events (%)	No. of subjects censored (%)	Median (95 % CI) (months) [a]	n	Hazard Ratio (95 % CI) [b]	Unstratified log-rank p-value [c]	P-value [d]
Pooled Age Group 2											0.9148	
<60	159	6 (3.8)	153 (96.2)	NE (NE, NE)	160	6 (3.8)	154 (96.3)	NE (NE, NE)	160	0.921 (0.296, 2.864)	0.8873	
≥60 - <65	37	0	37 (100)	NE (NE, NE)	43	2 (4.7)	41 (95.3)	NE (NE, NE)	43	0.000 (0.000, NE)	0.1900	
≥65	69	4 (5.8)	65 (94.2)	NE (NE, NE)	65	3 (4.6)	62 (95.4)	NE (NE, NE)	65	1.401 (0.313, 6.265)	0.6572	

N: number of subjects in analysis set; n: number of subjects in subgroup category; %: proportion of number of subjects in n; CI: confidence interval; NE: not estimable. PT: Preferred Term, SOC: System Organ Class.

[a] Median time to first event is from Kaplan-Meier estimate. Confidence Interval for median was computed using the Brookmeyer-Crowley method.

[b] Hazard ratio is from unstratified Cox proportional hazards model with treatment as the only categorical variable in the model. Confidence limits are based on the Wald test.

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		No. of subjects with events (%)	No. of subjects censored (%)	Median (95 % CI) (months) [a]	n	No. of subjects with events (%)	No. of subjects censored (%)	Median (95 % CI) (months) [a]	n	Hazard Ratio (95 % CI) [b]	Unstratified log-rank p-value [c]	P-value [d]
Sex												0.5910
Male	124	4 (3.2)	120 (96.8)	NE (NE, NE)	120	3 (2.5)	117 (97.5)	NE (NE, NE)	120	1.294 (0.290, 5.784)	0.7349	
Female	141	6 (4.3)	135 (95.7)	NE (NE, NE)	148	8 (5.4)	140 (94.6)	NE (NE, NE)	148	0.743 (0.257, 2.143)	0.5815	

N: number of subjects in analysis set; n: number of subjects in subgroup category; %: proportion of number of subjects in n; CI: confidence interval; NE: not estimable. PT: Preferred Term, SOC: System Organ Class.

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Subgroup	n	No. of subjects with events (%)	No. of subjects censored (%)	Median (95 % CI) (months) [a]	n	No. of subjects with events (%)	No. of subjects censored (%)	Median (95 % CI) (months) [a]	Hazard Ratio (95 % CI) [b]	Unstratified log-rank p-value [c]	P-value [d]	
Race by 2 categories											0.5594	
White	157	6 (3.8)	151 (96.2)	NE (NE, NE)	161	8 (5.0)	153 (95.0)	NE (NE, NE)	0.728 (0.252, 2.102)	0.5562		
Non-white	108	4 (3.7)	104 (96.3)	NE (NE, NE)	107	3 (2.8)	104 (97.2)	NE (NE, NE)	1.258 (0.281, 5.630)	0.7636		

N: number of subjects in analysis set; n: number of subjects in subgroup category; %: proportion of number of subjects in n; CI: confidence interval; NE: not estimable. PT: Preferred Term, SOC: System Organ Class.

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SOC: Infections and infestations; PT: Cellulitis

		Quizartinib (N=265)				Placebo (N=268)				Quizartinib vs Placebo		Interaction
Subgroup	n	No. of subjects with events (%)	No. of subjects censored (%)	Median (95 % CI) (months) [a]	n	No. of subjects with events (%)	No. of subjects censored (%)	Median (95 % CI) (months) [a]	Hazard Ratio (95 % CI) [b]	Unstratified log-rank p-value [c]	P-value [d]	
Geographic Region 1											0.8624	
North America	16	1 (6.3)	15 (93.8)	NE (2.8, NE)	18	2 (11.1)	16 (88.9)	NE (NE, NE)	0.826 (0.073, 9.349)	0.8770		
Europe	161	4 (2.5)	157 (97.5)	NE (NE, NE)	161	5 (3.1)	156 (96.9)	NE (NE, NE)	0.742 (0.199, 2.770)	0.6566		
Asia/Other Regions	88	5 (5.7)	83 (94.3)	NE (NE, NE)	89	4 (4.5)	85 (95.5)	NE (NE, NE)	1.242 (0.333, 4.627)	0.7462		

N: number of subjects in analysis set; n: number of subjects in subgroup category; %: proportion of number of subjects in n; CI: confidence interval; NE: not estimable. PT: Preferred Term, SOC: System Organ Class.

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		Quizartinib (N=265)				Placebo (N=268)				Quizartinib vs Placebo		Interaction
Subgroup	n	No. of subjects with events (%)	No. of subjects censored (%)	Median (95 % CI) (months) [a]	n	No. of subjects with events (%)	No. of subjects censored (%)	Median (95 % CI) (months) [a]	Hazard Ratio (95 % CI) [b]	Unstratified log-rank p-value [c]	P-value [d]	
WBC at initial diagnosis											0.0983	
< 40x10 ⁹ /L	132	7 (5.3)	125 (94.7)	NE (NE, NE)	133	4 (3.0)	129 (97.0)	NE (NE, NE)	1.834 (0.537, 6.267)	0.3252		
≥ 40x10 ⁹ /L	133	3 (2.3)	130 (97.7)	NE (NE, NE)	135	7 (5.2)	128 (94.8)	NE (NE, NE)	0.408 (0.105, 1.583)	0.1804		

N: number of subjects in analysis set; n: number of subjects in subgroup category; %: proportion of number of subjects in n; CI: confidence interval; NE: not estimable. PT: Preferred Term, SOC: System Organ Class.

[a] Median time to first event is from Kaplan-Meier estimate. Confidence Interval for median was computed using the Brookmeyer-Crowley method.

[b] Hazard ratio is from unstratified Cox proportional hazards model with treatment as the only categorical variable in the model. Confidence limits are based on the Wald test.

[c] Two-sided p-value from unstratified log-rank test.

[d] Two-sided interaction p-value is for the interaction term from unstratified Cox proportional hazards model with treatment, subgroup, and treatment-by-subgroup interaction as categorical variables in the model. The p-value is based on the Wald test.

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Medizinischer Nutzen, medizinischer Zusatznutzen, Patientengruppen mit therap. bedeutsamem Zusatznutzen

Daichi Sankyo | Data Intelligence – Evidence Generation | Final | AC220-A-U302 QUANTUM-First (DCO 13 Aug 2021) | Statistical analyses for AMNOG (HTA Germany)
 Table 3.11.2 Treatment-emergent adverse events by system organ class (SOC) and preferred term (PT) observed for ≥ 10 patients in at least one arm and ≥ 1% of the patients in at least one arm - Time-to-event analysis - subgroup analysis - DCO 13-Aug-2021 - Safety Analysis Set

SOC: Infections and infestations; PT: Cellulitis

		Quizartinib (N=265)				Placebo (N=268)				Quizartinib vs Placebo		Interaction
Subgroup	n	No. of subjects with events (%)	No. of subjects censored (%)	Median (95 % CI) (months) [a]	n	No. of subjects with events (%)	No. of subjects censored (%)	Median (95 % CI) (months) [a]	Hazard Ratio (95 % CI) [b]	Unstratified log-rank p-value [c]	P-value [d]	
Choice of Anthracycline											0.2092	
Daunorubicin	123	4 (3.3)	119 (96.7)	NE (NE, NE)	94	6 (6.4)	88 (93.6)	NE (NE, NE)	0.467 (0.132, 1.660)	0.2285		
Idarubicin	142	6 (4.2)	136 (95.8)	NE (NE, NE)	171	5 (2.9)	166 (97.1)	NE (NE, NE)	1.443 (0.440, 4.732)	0.5425		

N: number of subjects in analysis set; n: number of subjects in subgroup category; %: proportion of number of subjects in n; CI: confidence interval; NE: not estimable. PT: Preferred Term, SOC: System Organ Class.

[a] Median time to first event is from Kaplan-Meier estimate. Confidence Interval for median was computed using the Brookmeyer-Crowley method.

[b] Hazard ratio is from unstratified Cox proportional hazards model with treatment as the only categorical variable in the model. Confidence limits are based on the Wald test.

[c] Two-sided p-value from unstratified log-rank test.

[d] Two-sided interaction p-value is for the interaction term from unstratified Cox proportional hazards model with treatment, subgroup, and treatment-by-subgroup interaction as categorical variables in the model. The p-value is based on the Wald test.

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SOC: Infections and infestations; PT: Cellulitis

		Quizartinib (N=265)					Placebo (N=268)					Quizartinib vs Placebo		Interaction
Subgroup	n	No. of subjects with events (%)	No. of subjects censored (%)	Median (95 % CI) (months) [a]	n	No. of subjects with events (%)	No. of subjects censored (%)	Median (95 % CI) (months) [a]	n	Hazard Ratio (95 % CI) [b]	Unstratified log-rank p-value [c]	P-value [d]		
AML Cytogenetic Risk Score												0.7148		
Favorable	13	1 (7.7)	12 (92.3)	NE (NE, NE) (25.8, NE)	19	1 (5.3)	18 (94.7)	NE (NE, NE)	19	1.732 (0.108, 27.890)	0.6949			
Intermediate	195	6 (3.1)	189 (96.9)	NE (NE, NE)	190	8 (4.2)	182 (95.8)	NE (NE, NE)	190	0.717 (0.249, 2.066)	0.5359			
Unfavorable	19	2 (10.5)	17 (89.5)	NE (2.8, NE)	27	1 (3.7)	26 (96.3)	NE (NE, NE)	27	2.914 (0.262, 32.372)	0.3618			
Unknown	38	1 (2.6)	37 (97.4)	NE (NE, NE)	31	1 (3.2)	30 (96.8)	NE (NE, NE)	31	0.829 (0.052, 13.348)	0.8948			

N: number of subjects in analysis set; n: number of subjects in subgroup category; %: proportion of number of subjects in n; CI: confidence interval; NE: not estimable. PT: Preferred Term, SOC: System Organ Class.

[a] Median time to first event is from Kaplan-Meier estimate. Confidence Interval for median was computed using the Brookmeyer-Crowley method.

[b] Hazard ratio is from unstratified Cox proportional hazards model with treatment as the only categorical variable in the model. Confidence limits are based on the Wald test.

[c] Two-sided p-value from unstratified log-rank test.

[d] Two-sided interaction p-value is for the interaction term from unstratified Cox proportional hazards model with treatment, subgroup, and treatment-by-subgroup interaction as categorical variables in the model. The p-value is based on the Wald test.

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Medizinischer Nutzen, medizinischer Zusatznutzen, Patientengruppen mit therap. bedeutsamem Zusatznutzen

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SOC: Infections and infestations; PT: Cellulitis

Subgroup	n	Quizartinib (N=265)				Placebo (N=268)				Quizartinib vs Placebo		Interaction
		No. of subjects with events (%)	No. of subjects censored (%)	Median (95 % CI) (months) [a]	n	No. of subjects with events (%)	No. of subjects censored (%)	Median (95 % CI) (months) [a]	n	Hazard Ratio (95 % CI) [b]	Unstratified log-rank p-value [c]	P-value [d]
ECOG Performance Status at Baseline											0.7545	
0 - Fully Active	87	4 (4.6)	83 (95.4)	NE (NE, NE)	97	4 (4.1)	93 (95.9)	NE (NE, NE)	1.054 (0.263, 4.216)	0.9395		
1 - Restricted in Physically Strenuous Activity	133	5 (3.8)	128 (96.2)	NE (NE, NE)	134	5 (3.7)	129 (96.3)	NE (NE, NE)	0.993 (0.287, 3.431)	0.9906		
2 - Ambulatory and Capable of All Selfcare	45	1 (2.2)	44 (97.8)	NE (NE, NE)	36	2 (5.6)	34 (94.4)	NE (NE, NE)	0.405 (0.037, 4.466)	0.4451		

N: number of subjects in analysis set; n: number of subjects in subgroup category; %: proportion of number of subjects in n; CI: confidence interval; NE: not estimable. PT: Preferred Term, SOC: System Organ Class.

[a] Median time to first event is from Kaplan-Meier estimate. Confidence Interval for median was computed using the Brookmeyer-Crowley method.

[b] Hazard ratio is from unstratified Cox proportional hazards model with treatment as the only categorical variable in the model. Confidence limits are based on the Wald test.

[c] Two-sided p-value from unstratified log-rank test.

[d] Two-sided interaction p-value is for the interaction term from unstratified Cox proportional hazards model with treatment, subgroup, and treatment-by-subgroup interaction as categorical variables in the model. The p-value is based on the Wald test.

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SOC: Infections and infestations; PT: Cellulitis

		Quizartinib (N=265)				Placebo (N=268)				Quizartinib vs Placebo		Interaction
Subgroup	n	No. of subjects with events (%)	No. of subjects censored (%)	Median (95 % CI) (months) [a]	n	No. of subjects with events (%)	No. of subjects censored (%)	Median (95 % CI) (months) [a]	Hazard Ratio (95 % CI) [b]	Unstratified log-rank p-value [c]	P-value [d]	
FLT3-ITD category at Baseline											0.5009	
≥3 to ≤25%	94	2 (2.1)	92 (97.9)	NE (NE, NE)	98	5 (5.1)	93 (94.9)	NE (NE, NE)	0.409 (0.079, 2.111)	0.2702		
>25% to ≤50%	141	6 (4.3)	135 (95.7)	NE (NE, NE)	136	5 (3.7)	131 (96.3)	NE (NE, NE)	1.106 (0.337, 3.629)	0.8680		
>50%	29	2 (6.9)	27 (93.1)	NE (NE, NE)	34	1 (2.9)	33 (97.1)	NE (NE, NE)	2.285 (0.207, 25.197)	0.4877		

N: number of subjects in analysis set; n: number of subjects in subgroup category; %: proportion of number of subjects in n; CI: confidence interval; NE: not estimable. PT: Preferred Term, SOC: System Organ Class.

[a] Median time to first event is from Kaplan-Meier estimate. Confidence Interval for median was computed using the Brookmeyer-Crowley method.

[b] Hazard ratio is from unstratified Cox proportional hazards model with treatment as the only categorical variable in the model. Confidence limits are based on the Wald test.

[c] Two-sided p-value from unstratified log-rank test.

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SOC: Infections and infestations; PT: Cellulitis

		Quizartinib (N=265)				Placebo (N=268)				Quizartinib vs Placebo		Interaction
Subgroup	n	No. of subjects with events (%)	No. of subjects censored (%)	Median (95 % CI) (months) [a]	n	No. of subjects with events (%)	No. of subjects censored (%)	Median (95 % CI) (months) [a]	Hazard Ratio (95 % CI) [b]	Unstratified log-rank p-value [c]	P-value [d]	
AML with Mutated NPM1											0.5343	
Yes	139	6 (4.3)	133 (95.7)	NE (NE, NE)	137	8 (5.8)	129 (94.2)	NE (NE, NE)	0.749 (0.260, 2.159)	0.5922		
No	116	4 (3.4)	112 (96.6)	NE (NE, NE)	120	3 (2.5)	117 (97.5)	NE (NE, NE)	1.173 (0.262, 5.256)	0.8348		

N: number of subjects in analysis set; n: number of subjects in subgroup category; %: proportion of number of subjects in n; CI: confidence interval; NE: not estimable. PT: Preferred Term, SOC: System Organ Class.

[a] Median time to first event is from Kaplan-Meier estimate. Confidence Interval for median was computed using the Brookmeyer-Crowley method.

[b] Hazard ratio is from unstratified Cox proportional hazards model with treatment as the only categorical variable in the model. Confidence limits are based on the Wald test.

[c] Two-sided p-value from unstratified log-rank test.

[d] Two-sided interaction p-value is for the interaction term from unstratified Cox proportional hazards model with treatment, subgroup, and treatment-by-subgroup interaction as categorical variables in the model. The p-value is based on the Wald test.

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SOC: Infections and infestations; PT: Cellulitis

		Quizartinib (N=265)				Placebo (N=268)				Quizartinib vs Placebo		Interaction
Subgroup	n	No. of subjects with events (%)	No. of subjects censored (%)	Median (95 % CI) (months) [a]	n	No. of subjects with events (%)	No. of subjects censored (%)	Median (95 % CI) (months) [a]	Hazard Ratio (95 % CI) [b]	Unstratified log-rank p-value [c]	P-value [d]	
Age by 2 categories											0.9483	
≤60	164	6 (3.7)	158 (96.3)	NE (NE, NE)	163	6 (3.7)	157 (96.3)	NE (NE, NE)	0.906 (0.291, 2.817)	0.8644		
>60	101	4 (4.0)	97 (96.0)	NE (NE, NE)	105	5 (4.8)	100 (95.2)	NE (NE, NE)	0.858 (0.230, 3.194)	0.8187		

N: number of subjects in analysis set; n: number of subjects in subgroup category; %: proportion of number of subjects in n; CI: confidence interval; NE: not estimable. PT: Preferred Term, SOC: System Organ Class.

[a] Median time to first event is from Kaplan-Meier estimate. Confidence Interval for median was computed using the Brookmeyer-Crowley method.

[b] Hazard ratio is from unstratified Cox proportional hazards model with treatment as the only categorical variable in the model. Confidence limits are based on the Wald test.

[c] Two-sided p-value from unstratified log-rank test.

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SOC: Infections and infestations; PT: Herpes zoster

Subgroup	n	Quizartinib (N=265)				Placebo (N=268)				Quizartinib vs Placebo		Interaction
		No. of subjects with events (%)	No. of subjects censored (%)	Median (95 % CI) (months) [a]	n	No. of subjects with events (%)	No. of subjects censored (%)	Median (95 % CI) (months) [a]	n	Hazard Ratio (95 % CI) [b]	Unstratified log-rank p-value [c]	P-value [d]
Pooled Age Group 2											0.4687	
<60	159	7 (4.4)	152 (95.6)	NE (NE, NE)	160	1 (0.6)	159 (99.4)	NE (NE, NE)	5.341 (0.655, 43.522)	0.0796		
≥60 - <65	37	1 (2.7)	36 (97.3)	NE (NE, NE)	43	1 (2.3)	42 (97.7)	NE (NE, NE)	0.829 (0.052, 13.258)	0.8945		
≥65	69	2 (2.9)	67 (97.1)	NE (32.5, NE)	65	2 (3.1)	63 (96.9)	NE (NE, NE)	0.975 (0.137, 6.947)	0.9800		

N: number of subjects in analysis set; n: number of subjects in subgroup category; %: proportion of number of subjects in n; CI: confidence interval; NE: not estimable. PT: Preferred Term, SOC: System Organ Class.

[a] Median time to first event is from Kaplan-Meier estimate. Confidence Interval for median was computed using the Brookmeyer-Crowley method.

[b] Hazard ratio is from unstratified Cox proportional hazards model with treatment as the only categorical variable in the model. Confidence limits are based on the Wald test.

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SOC: Infections and infestations; PT: Herpes zoster

		Quizartinib (N=265)				Placebo (N=268)				Quizartinib vs Placebo		Interaction
Subgroup	n	No. of subjects with events (%)	No. of subjects censored (%)	Median (95 % CI) (months) [a]	n	No. of subjects with events (%)	No. of subjects censored (%)	Median (95 % CI) (months) [a]	Hazard Ratio (95 % CI) [b]	Unstratified log-rank p-value [c]	P-value [d]	
Sex											0.1091	
Male	124	3 (2.4)	121 (97.6)	NE (NE, NE)	120	3 (2.5)	117 (97.5)	NE (NE, NE)	0.740 (0.148, 3.685)	0.7118		
Female	141	7 (5.0)	134 (95.0)	NE (NE, NE)	148	1 (0.7)	147 (99.3)	NE (NE, NE)	6.525 (0.802, 53.089)	0.0433		

N: number of subjects in analysis set; n: number of subjects in subgroup category; %: proportion of number of subjects in n; CI: confidence interval; NE: not estimable. PT: Preferred Term, SOC: System Organ Class.

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[c] Two-sided p-value from unstratified log-rank test.

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SOC: Infections and infestations; PT: Herpes zoster

		Quizartinib (N=265)				Placebo (N=268)				Quizartinib vs Placebo		Interaction
Subgroup	n	No. of subjects with events (%)	No. of subjects censored (%)	Median (95 % CI) (months) [a]	n	No. of subjects with events (%)	No. of subjects censored (%)	Median (95 % CI) (months) [a]	Hazard Ratio (95 % CI) [b]	Unstratified log-rank p-value [c]	P-value [d]	
Race by 2 categories											0.7673	
White	157	2 (1.3)	155 (98.7)	NE (NE, NE)	161	1 (0.6)	160 (99.4)	NE (NE, NE)	1.471 (0.133, 16.231)	0.7512		
Non-white	108	8 (7.4)	100 (92.6)	NE (33.0, NE)	107	3 (2.8)	104 (97.2)	NE (NE, NE)	2.461 (0.652, 9.282)	0.1691		

N: number of subjects in analysis set; n: number of subjects in subgroup category; %: proportion of number of subjects in n; CI: confidence interval; NE: not estimable. PT: Preferred Term, SOC: System Organ Class.

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[c] Two-sided p-value from unstratified log-rank test.

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SOC: Infections and infestations; PT: Herpes zoster

		Quizartinib (N=265)				Placebo (N=268)				Quizartinib vs Placebo		Interaction
Subgroup	n	No. of subjects with events (%)	No. of subjects censored (%)	Median (95 % CI) (months) [a]	n	No. of subjects with events (%)	No. of subjects censored (%)	Median (95 % CI) (months) [a]	Hazard Ratio (95 % CI) [b]	Unstratified log-rank p-value [c]	P-value [d]	
Geographic Region 1											0.9936	
North America	16	0	16 (100)	NE (NE, NE)	18	0	18 (100)	NE (NE, NE)	NE (NE, NE)	NE		
Europe	161	3 (1.9)	158 (98.1)	NE (NE, NE)	161	1 (0.6)	160 (99.4)	NE (NE, NE)	2.349 (0.244, 22.635)	0.4464		
Asia/Other Regions	88	7 (8.0)	81 (92.0)	NE (33.0, NE)	89	3 (3.4)	86 (96.6)	NE (NE, NE)	2.044 (0.527, 7.932)	0.2909		

N: number of subjects in analysis set; n: number of subjects in subgroup category; %: proportion of number of subjects in n; CI: confidence interval; NE: not estimable. PT: Preferred Term, SOC: System Organ Class.

[a] Median time to first event is from Kaplan-Meier estimate. Confidence Interval for median was computed using the Brookmeyer-Crowley method.

[b] Hazard ratio is from unstratified Cox proportional hazards model with treatment as the only categorical variable in the model. Confidence limits are based on the Wald test.

[c] Two-sided p-value from unstratified log-rank test.

[d] Two-sided interaction p-value is for the interaction term from unstratified Cox proportional hazards model with treatment, subgroup, and treatment-by-subgroup interaction as categorical variables in the model. The p-value is based on the Wald test.

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Run date: 21JUL2023 – 22:02; Program name: DE_T_3_11_2.sas; Output name: DE_T_3_11_2_TEAESOCPT_SUB_SAS.rtf

Medizinischer Nutzen, medizinischer Zusatznutzen, Patientengruppen mit therap. bedeutsamem Zusatznutzen

Daichi Sankyo | Data Intelligence – Evidence Generation | Final | AC220-A-U302 QUANTUM-First (DCO 13 Aug 2021) | Statistical analyses for AMNOG (HTA Germany)
 Table 3.11.2 Treatment-emergent adverse events by system organ class (SOC) and preferred term (PT) observed for ≥ 10 patients in at least one arm and ≥ 1% of the patients in at least one arm - Time-to-event analysis - subgroup analysis - DCO 13-Aug-2021 - Safety Analysis Set

SOC: Infections and infestations; PT: Herpes zoster

Subgroup	n	Quizartinib (N=265)				Placebo (N=268)				Quizartinib vs Placebo		Interaction
		No. of subjects with events (%)	No. of subjects censored (%)	Median (95 % CI) [a]	n	No. of subjects with events (%)	No. of subjects censored (%)	Median (95 % CI) [a]	n	Hazard Ratio (95 % CI) [b]	Unstratified log-rank p-value [c]	P-value [d]
WBC at initial diagnosis											0.6401	
< 40x10 ⁹ /L	132	3 (2.3)	129 (97.7)	NE (NE, NE)	133	2 (1.5)	131 (98.5)	NE (NE, NE)	133	1.415 (0.236, 8.481)	0.7028	
≥ 40x10 ⁹ /L	133	7 (5.3)	126 (94.7)	NE (NE, NE)	135	2 (1.5)	133 (98.5)	NE (NE, NE)	135	2.548 (0.527, 12.310)	0.2279	

N: number of subjects in analysis set; n: number of subjects in subgroup category; %: proportion of number of subjects in n; CI: confidence interval; NE: not estimable. PT: Preferred Term, SOC: System Organ Class.

[a] Median time to first event is from Kaplan-Meier estimate. Confidence Interval for median was computed using the Brookmeyer-Crowley method.

[b] Hazard ratio is from unstratified Cox proportional hazards model with treatment as the only categorical variable in the model. Confidence limits are based on the Wald test.

[c] Two-sided p-value from unstratified log-rank test.

[d] Two-sided interaction p-value is for the interaction term from unstratified Cox proportional hazards model with treatment, subgroup, and treatment-by-subgroup interaction as categorical variables in the model. The p-value is based on the Wald test.

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SOC: Infections and infestations; PT: Herpes zoster

		Quizartinib (N=265)				Placebo (N=268)				Quizartinib vs Placebo		Interaction
Subgroup	n	No. of subjects with events (%)	No. of subjects censored (%)	Median (95 % CI) (months) [a]	n	No. of subjects with events (%)	No. of subjects censored (%)	Median (95 % CI) (months) [a]	Hazard Ratio (95 % CI) [b]	Unstratified log-rank p-value [c]	P-value [d]	
Choice of Anthracycline											0.9920	
Daunorubicin	123	2 (1.6)	121 (98.4)	NE (NE, NE)	94	0	94 (100)	NE (NE, NE)	NE (0.000, NE)	0.3050		
Idarubicin	142	8 (5.6)	134 (94.4)	NE (NE, NE)	171	4 (2.3)	167 (97.7)	NE (NE, NE)	1.959 (0.588, 6.526)	0.2646		

N: number of subjects in analysis set; n: number of subjects in subgroup category; %: proportion of number of subjects in n; CI: confidence interval; NE: not estimable. PT: Preferred Term, SOC: System Organ Class.

[a] Median time to first event is from Kaplan-Meier estimate. Confidence Interval for median was computed using the Brookmeyer-Crowley method.

[b] Hazard ratio is from unstratified Cox proportional hazards model with treatment as the only categorical variable in the model. Confidence limits are based on the Wald test.

[c] Two-sided p-value from unstratified log-rank test.

[d] Two-sided interaction p-value is for the interaction term from unstratified Cox proportional hazards model with treatment, subgroup, and treatment-by-subgroup interaction as categorical variables in the model. The p-value is based on the Wald test.

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SOC: Infections and infestations; PT: Herpes zoster

		Quizartinib (N=265)				Placebo (N=268)				Quizartinib vs Placebo		Interaction
Subgroup	n	No. of subjects with events (%)	No. of subjects censored (%)	Median (95 % CI) (months) [a]	n	No. of subjects with events (%)	No. of subjects censored (%)	Median (95 % CI) (months) [a]	Hazard Ratio (95 % CI) [b]	Unstratified log-rank p-value [c]	P-value [d]	
AML Cytogenetic Risk Score											1.0000	
Favorable	13	0	13 (100)	NE (NE, NE)	19	0	19 (100)	NE (NE, NE)	NE (NE, NE)	NE		
Intermediate	195	8 (4.1)	187 (95.9)	NE (NE, NE)	190	4 (2.1)	186 (97.9)	NE (NE, NE)	1.511 (0.454, 5.027)	0.4979		
Unfavorable	19	0	19 (100)	NE (NE, NE)	27	0	27 (100)	NE (NE, NE)	NE (NE, NE)	NE		
Unknown	38	2 (5.3)	36 (94.7)	NE (NE, NE)	31	0	31 (100)	NE (NE, NE)	NE (0.000, NE)	0.1651		

N: number of subjects in analysis set; n: number of subjects in subgroup category; %: proportion of number of subjects in n; CI: confidence interval; NE: not estimable. PT: Preferred Term, SOC: System Organ Class.

[a] Median time to first event is from Kaplan-Meier estimate. Confidence Interval for median was computed using the Brookmeyer-Crowley method.

[b] Hazard ratio is from unstratified Cox proportional hazards model with treatment as the only categorical variable in the model. Confidence limits are based on the Wald test.

[c] Two-sided p-value from unstratified log-rank test.

[d] Two-sided interaction p-value is for the interaction term from unstratified Cox proportional hazards model with treatment, subgroup, and treatment-by-subgroup interaction as categorical variables in the model. The p-value is based on the Wald test.

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SOC: Infections and infestations; PT: Herpes zoster

		Quizartinib (N=265)				Placebo (N=268)				Quizartinib vs Placebo		Interaction
Subgroup	n	No. of subjects with events (%)	No. of subjects censored (%)	Median (95 % CI) (months) [a]	n	No. of subjects with events (%)	No. of subjects censored (%)	Median (95 % CI) (months) [a]	Hazard Ratio (95 % CI) [b]	Unstratified log-rank p-value [c]	P-value [d]	
ECOG Performance Status at Baseline											0.8397	
0 - Fully Active	87	3 (3.4)	84 (96.6)	NE (NE, NE)	97	1 (1.0)	96 (99.0)	NE (NE, NE)	2.628 (0.272, 25.417)	0.3862		
1 - Restricted in Physically Strenuous Activity	133	5 (3.8)	128 (96.2)	NE (NE, NE)	134	2 (1.5)	132 (98.5)	NE (NE, NE)	2.335 (0.452, 12.069)	0.2976		
2 - Ambulatory and Capable of All Selfcare	45	2 (4.4)	43 (95.6)	NE (NE, NE)	36	1 (2.8)	35 (97.2)	NE (9.6, NE)	0.819 (0.074, 9.135)	0.8712		

N: number of subjects in analysis set; n: number of subjects in subgroup category; %: proportion of number of subjects in n; CI: confidence interval; NE: not estimable. PT: Preferred Term, SOC: System Organ Class.

[a] Median time to first event is from Kaplan-Meier estimate. Confidence Interval for median was computed using the Brookmeyer-Crowley method.

[b] Hazard ratio is from unstratified Cox proportional hazards model with treatment as the only categorical variable in the model. Confidence limits are based on the Wald test.

[c] Two-sided p-value from unstratified log-rank test.

[d] Two-sided interaction p-value is for the interaction term from unstratified Cox proportional hazards model with treatment, subgroup, and treatment-by-subgroup interaction as categorical variables in the model. The p-value is based on the Wald test.

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SOC: Infections and infestations; PT: Herpes zoster

Subgroup	n	Quizartinib (N=265)				Placebo (N=268)				Quizartinib vs Placebo		Interaction
		No. of subjects with events (%)	No. of subjects censored (%)	Median (95 % CI) (months) [a]	n	No. of subjects with events (%)	No. of subjects censored (%)	Median (95 % CI) (months) [a]	n	Hazard Ratio (95 % CI) [b]	Unstratified log-rank p-value [c]	P-value [d]
FLT3-ITD category at Baseline											1.0000	
≥3 to ≤25%	94	5 (5.3)	89 (94.7)	NE (NE, NE)	98	4 (4.1)	94 (95.9)	NE (NE, NE)	98	1.222 (0.328, 4.557)	0.7647	
>25% to ≤50%	141	4 (2.8)	137 (97.2)	NE (NE, NE)	136	0	136 (100)	NE (NE, NE)	136	NE (0.000, NE)	0.0598	
>50%	29	1 (3.4)	28 (96.6)	NE (10.6, NE)	34	0	34 (100)	NE (NE, NE)	34	NE (0.000, NE)	0.5271	

N: number of subjects in analysis set; n: number of subjects in subgroup category; %: proportion of number of subjects in n; CI: confidence interval; NE: not estimable. PT: Preferred Term, SOC: System Organ Class.

[a] Median time to first event is from Kaplan-Meier estimate. Confidence Interval for median was computed using the Brookmeyer-Crowley method.

[b] Hazard ratio is from unstratified Cox proportional hazards model with treatment as the only categorical variable in the model. Confidence limits are based on the Wald test.

[c] Two-sided p-value from unstratified log-rank test.

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SOC: Infections and infestations; PT: Herpes zoster

		Quizartinib (N=265)				Placebo (N=268)				Quizartinib vs Placebo		Interaction
Subgroup	n	No. of subjects with events (%)	No. of subjects censored (%)	Median (95 % CI) (months) [a]	n	No. of subjects with events (%)	No. of subjects censored (%)	Median (95 % CI) (months) [a]	Hazard Ratio (95 % CI) [b]	Unstratified log-rank p-value [c]	P-value [d]	
AML with Mutated NPM1											0.8296	
Yes	139	7 (5.0)	132 (95.0)	NE (NE, NE)	137	3 (2.2)	134 (97.8)	NE (NE, NE)	1.951 (0.503, 7.558)	0.3246		
No	116	3 (2.6)	113 (97.4)	NE (NE, NE)	120	1 (0.8)	119 (99.2)	NE (NE, NE)	2.582 (0.268, 24.882)	0.3946		

N: number of subjects in analysis set; n: number of subjects in subgroup category; %: proportion of number of subjects in n; CI: confidence interval; NE: not estimable. PT: Preferred Term, SOC: System Organ Class.

[a] Median time to first event is from Kaplan-Meier estimate. Confidence Interval for median was computed using the Brookmeyer-Crowley method.

[b] Hazard ratio is from unstratified Cox proportional hazards model with treatment as the only categorical variable in the model. Confidence limits are based on the Wald test.

[c] Two-sided p-value from unstratified log-rank test.

[d] Two-sided interaction p-value is for the interaction term from unstratified Cox proportional hazards model with treatment, subgroup, and treatment-by-subgroup interaction as categorical variables in the model. The p-value is based on the Wald test.

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SOC: Infections and infestations; PT: Herpes zoster

Subgroup	n	Quizartinib (N=265)				Placebo (N=268)				Quizartinib vs Placebo		Interaction
		No. of subjects with events (%)	No. of subjects censored (%)	Median (95 % CI) (months) [a]	n	No. of subjects with events (%)	No. of subjects censored (%)	Median (95 % CI) (months) [a]	n	Hazard Ratio (95 % CI) [b]	Unstratified log-rank p-value [c]	P-value [d]
Age by 2 categories											0.2366	
≤60	164	7 (4.3)	157 (95.7)	NE (NE, NE)	163	1 (0.6)	162 (99.4)	NE (NE, NE)	163	5.236 (0.642, 42.676)	0.0841	
>60	101	3 (3.0)	98 (97.0)	NE (NE, NE) (32.5, NE)	105	3 (2.9)	102 (97.1)	NE (NE, NE)	105	1.038 (0.209, 5.162)	0.9634	

N: number of subjects in analysis set; n: number of subjects in subgroup category; %: proportion of number of subjects in n; CI: confidence interval; NE: not estimable. PT: Preferred Term, SOC: System Organ Class.

[a] Median time to first event is from Kaplan-Meier estimate. Confidence Interval for median was computed using the Brookmeyer-Crowley method.

[b] Hazard ratio is from unstratified Cox proportional hazards model with treatment as the only categorical variable in the model. Confidence limits are based on the Wald test.

[c] Two-sided p-value from unstratified log-rank test.

[d] Two-sided interaction p-value is for the interaction term from unstratified Cox proportional hazards model with treatment, subgroup, and treatment-by-subgroup interaction as categorical variables in the model. The p-value is based on the Wald test.

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SOC: Infections and infestations; PT: Staphylococcal infection

Subgroup	n	Quizartinib (N=265)				Placebo (N=268)				Quizartinib vs Placebo		Interaction
		No. of subjects with events (%)	No. of subjects censored (%)	Median (95 % CI) (months) [a]	n	No. of subjects with events (%)	No. of subjects censored (%)	Median (95 % CI) (months) [a]	n	Hazard Ratio (95 % CI) [b]	Unstratified log-rank p-value [c]	P-value [d]
Pooled Age Group 2											0.8414	
<60	159	5 (3.1)	154 (96.9)	NE (NE, NE)	160	5 (3.1)	155 (96.9)	NE (NE, NE)	160	0.961 (0.278, 3.323)	0.9498	
≥60 - <65	37	0	37 (100)	NE (NE, NE)	43	3 (7.0)	40 (93.0)	NE (NE, NE)	43	0.000 (0.000, NE)	0.1039	
≥65	69	2 (2.9)	67 (97.1)	NE (NE, NE)	65	4 (6.2)	61 (93.8)	NE (NE, NE)	65	0.522 (0.096, 2.851)	0.4449	

N: number of subjects in analysis set; n: number of subjects in subgroup category; %: proportion of number of subjects in n; CI: confidence interval; NE: not estimable. PT: Preferred Term, SOC: System Organ Class.

[a] Median time to first event is from Kaplan-Meier estimate. Confidence Interval for median was computed using the Brookmeyer-Crowley method.

[b] Hazard ratio is from unstratified Cox proportional hazards model with treatment as the only categorical variable in the model. Confidence limits are based on the Wald test.

[c] Two-sided p-value from unstratified log-rank test.

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SOC: Infections and infestations; PT: Staphylococcal infection

Subgroup	n	Quizartinib (N=265)				Placebo (N=268)				Quizartinib vs Placebo		Interaction
		No. of subjects with events (%)	No. of subjects censored (%)	Median (95 % CI) (months) [a]	n	No. of subjects with events (%)	No. of subjects censored (%)	Median (95 % CI) (months) [a]	n	Hazard Ratio (95 % CI) [b]	Unstratified log-rank p-value [c]	P-value [d]
Sex												0.3671
Male	124	4 (3.2)	120 (96.8)	NE (NE, NE)	120	4 (3.3)	116 (96.7)	NE (NE, NE)	120	0.927 (0.232, 3.713)	0.9151	
Female	141	3 (2.1)	138 (97.9)	NE (NE, NE)	148	8 (5.4)	140 (94.6)	NE (NE, NE)	148	0.373 (0.099, 1.408)	0.1301	

N: number of subjects in analysis set; n: number of subjects in subgroup category; %: proportion of number of subjects in n; CI: confidence interval; NE: not estimable. PT: Preferred Term, SOC: System Organ Class.

[a] Median time to first event is from Kaplan-Meier estimate. Confidence Interval for median was computed using the Brookmeyer-Crowley method.

[b] Hazard ratio is from unstratified Cox proportional hazards model with treatment as the only categorical variable in the model. Confidence limits are based on the Wald test.

[c] Two-sided p-value from unstratified log-rank test.

[d] Two-sided interaction p-value is for the interaction term from unstratified Cox proportional hazards model with treatment, subgroup, and treatment-by-subgroup interaction as categorical variables in the model. The p-value is based on the Wald test.

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SOC: Infections and infestations; PT: Staphylococcal infection

		Quizartinib (N=265)				Placebo (N=268)				Quizartinib vs Placebo		Interaction
Subgroup	n	No. of subjects with events (%)	No. of subjects censored (%)	Median (95 % CI) (months) [a]	n	No. of subjects with events (%)	No. of subjects censored (%)	Median (95 % CI) (months) [a]	Hazard Ratio (95 % CI) [b]	Unstratified log-rank p-value [c]	P-value [d]	
Race by 2 categories											0.5531	
White	157	5 (3.2)	152 (96.8)	NE (NE, NE)	161	10 (6.2)	151 (93.8)	NE (NE, NE)	0.483 (0.165, 1.413)	0.1744		
Non-white	108	2 (1.9)	106 (98.1)	NE (NE, NE)	107	2 (1.9)	105 (98.1)	NE (NE, NE)	0.963 (0.136, 6.843)	0.9703		

N: number of subjects in analysis set; n: number of subjects in subgroup category; %: proportion of number of subjects in n; CI: confidence interval; NE: not estimable. PT: Preferred Term, SOC: System Organ Class.

[a] Median time to first event is from Kaplan-Meier estimate. Confidence Interval for median was computed using the Brookmeyer-Crowley method.

[b] Hazard ratio is from unstratified Cox proportional hazards model with treatment as the only categorical variable in the model. Confidence limits are based on the Wald test.

[c] Two-sided p-value from unstratified log-rank test.

[d] Two-sided interaction p-value is for the interaction term from unstratified Cox proportional hazards model with treatment, subgroup, and treatment-by-subgroup interaction as categorical variables in the model. The p-value is based on the Wald test.

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Run date: 21JUL2023 – 22:02; Program name: DE_T_3_11_2.sas; Output name: DE_T_3_11_2_TEAESOCPT_SUB_SAS.rtf

Medizinischer Nutzen, medizinischer Zusatznutzen, Patientengruppen mit therap. bedeutsamem Zusatznutzen

Daichi Sankyo | Data Intelligence – Evidence Generation | Final | AC220-A-U302 QUANTUM-First (DCO 13 Aug 2021) | Statistical analyses for AMNOG (HTA Germany)
 Table 3.11.2 Treatment-emergent adverse events by system organ class (SOC) and preferred term (PT) observed for ≥ 10 patients in at least one arm and ≥ 1% of the patients in at least one arm - Time-to-event analysis - subgroup analysis - DCO 13-Aug-2021 - Safety Analysis Set

SOC: Infections and infestations; PT: Staphylococcal infection

		Quizartinib (N=265)					Placebo (N=268)					Quizartinib vs Placebo		Interaction
Subgroup	n	No. of subjects with events (%)	No. of subjects censored (%)	Median (95 % CI) (months) [a]	n	No. of subjects with events (%)	No. of subjects censored (%)	Median (95 % CI) (months) [a]	Hazard Ratio (95 % CI) [b]	Unstratified log-rank p-value [c]	P-value [d]			
Geographic Region 1													0.9999	
North America	16	0	16 (100)	NE (NE, NE)	18	5 (27.8)	13 (72.2)	NE (5.1, NE)	0.000 (0.000, NE)	0.0526				
Europe	161	6 (3.7)	155 (96.3)	NE (NE, NE)	161	7 (4.3)	154 (95.7)	NE (NE, NE)	0.816 (0.274, 2.431)	0.7156				
Asia/Other Regions	88	1 (1.1)	87 (98.9)	NE (NE, NE)	89	0	89 (100)	NE (NE, NE)	NE (0.000, NE)	0.3117				

N: number of subjects in analysis set; n: number of subjects in subgroup category; %: proportion of number of subjects in n; CI: confidence interval; NE: not estimable. PT: Preferred Term, SOC: System Organ Class.

[a] Median time to first event is from Kaplan-Meier estimate. Confidence Interval for median was computed using the Brookmeyer-Crowley method.

[b] Hazard ratio is from unstratified Cox proportional hazards model with treatment as the only categorical variable in the model. Confidence limits are based on the Wald test.

[c] Two-sided p-value from unstratified log-rank test.

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SOC: Infections and infestations; PT: Staphylococcal infection

		Quizartinib (N=265)				Placebo (N=268)				Quizartinib vs Placebo		Interaction
Subgroup	n	No. of subjects with events (%)	No. of subjects censored (%)	Median (95 % CI) (months) [a]	n	No. of subjects with events (%)	No. of subjects censored (%)	Median (95 % CI) (months) [a]	Hazard Ratio (95 % CI) [b]	Unstratified log-rank p-value [c]	P-value [d]	
WBC at initial diagnosis											0.6848	
< 40x10 ⁹ /L	132	5 (3.8)	127 (96.2)	NE (NE, NE)	133	8 (6.0)	125 (94.0)	NE (NE, NE)	0.667 (0.218, 2.039)	0.4744		
≥ 40x10 ⁹ /L	133	2 (1.5)	131 (98.5)	NE (NE, NE)	135	4 (3.0)	131 (97.0)	NE (NE, NE)	0.452 (0.082, 2.479)	0.3483		

N: number of subjects in analysis set; n: number of subjects in subgroup category; %: proportion of number of subjects in n; CI: confidence interval; NE: not estimable. PT: Preferred Term, SOC: System Organ Class.

[a] Median time to first event is from Kaplan-Meier estimate. Confidence Interval for median was computed using the Brookmeyer-Crowley method.

[b] Hazard ratio is from unstratified Cox proportional hazards model with treatment as the only categorical variable in the model. Confidence limits are based on the Wald test.

[c] Two-sided p-value from unstratified log-rank test.

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SOC: Infections and infestations; PT: Staphylococcal infection

		Quizartinib (N=265)				Placebo (N=268)				Quizartinib vs Placebo		Interaction
Subgroup	n	No. of subjects with events (%)	No. of subjects censored (%)	Median (95 % CI) (months) [a]	n	No. of subjects with events (%)	No. of subjects censored (%)	Median (95 % CI) (months) [a]	Hazard Ratio (95 % CI) [b]	Unstratified log-rank p-value [c]	P-value [d]	
Choice of Anthracycline											0.4812	
Daunorubicin	123	2 (1.6)	121 (98.4)	NE (NE, NE)	94	4 (4.3)	90 (95.7)	NE (NE, NE)	0.370 (0.068, 2.023)	0.2320		
Idarubicin	142	5 (3.5)	137 (96.5)	NE (NE, NE)	171	8 (4.7)	163 (95.3)	NE (NE, NE)	0.727 (0.238, 2.225)	0.5753		

N: number of subjects in analysis set; n: number of subjects in subgroup category; %: proportion of number of subjects in n; CI: confidence interval; NE: not estimable. PT: Preferred Term, SOC: System Organ Class.

[a] Median time to first event is from Kaplan-Meier estimate. Confidence Interval for median was computed using the Brookmeyer-Crowley method.

[b] Hazard ratio is from unstratified Cox proportional hazards model with treatment as the only categorical variable in the model. Confidence limits are based on the Wald test.

[c] Two-sided p-value from unstratified log-rank test.

[d] Two-sided interaction p-value is for the interaction term from unstratified Cox proportional hazards model with treatment, subgroup, and treatment-by-subgroup interaction as categorical variables in the model. The p-value is based on the Wald test.

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SOC: Infections and infestations; PT: Staphylococcal infection

Subgroup	n	Quizartinib (N=265)				Placebo (N=268)				Quizartinib vs Placebo		Interaction
		No. of subjects with events (%)	No. of subjects censored (%)	Median (95 % CI) (months) [a]	n	No. of subjects with events (%)	No. of subjects censored (%)	Median (95 % CI) (months) [a]	n	Hazard Ratio (95 % CI) [b]	Unstratified log-rank p-value [c]	P-value [d]
AML Cytogenetic Risk Score											0.9362	
Favorable	13	1 (7.7)	12 (92.3)	NE (NE, NE)	19	1 (5.3)	18 (94.7)	NE (NE, NE)	1.770 (0.109, 28.654)	0.6839		
Intermediate	195	6 (3.1)	189 (96.9)	NE (NE, NE)	190	7 (3.7)	183 (96.3)	NE (NE, NE)	0.779 (0.261, 2.321)	0.6533		
Unfavorable	19	0	19 (100)	NE (NE, NE)	27	2 (7.4)	25 (92.6)	NE (5.1, NE)	0.000 (0.000, NE)	0.1900		
Unknown	38	0	38 (100)	NE (NE, NE)	31	2 (6.5)	29 (93.5)	NE (NE, NE)	0.000 (0.000, NE)	0.1396		

N: number of subjects in analysis set; n: number of subjects in subgroup category; %: proportion of number of subjects in n; CI: confidence interval; NE: not estimable. PT: Preferred Term, SOC: System Organ Class.

[a] Median time to first event is from Kaplan-Meier estimate. Confidence Interval for median was computed using the Brookmeyer-Crowley method.

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[c] Two-sided p-value from unstratified log-rank test.

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SOC: Infections and infestations; PT: Staphylococcal infection

		Quizartinib (N=265)				Placebo (N=268)				Quizartinib vs Placebo		Interaction
Subgroup	n	No. of subjects with events (%)	No. of subjects censored (%)	Median (95 % CI) (months) [a]	n	No. of subjects with events (%)	No. of subjects censored (%)	Median (95 % CI) (months) [a]	Hazard Ratio (95 % CI) [b]	Unstratified log-rank p-value [c]	P-value [d]	
ECOG Performance Status at Baseline											0.5792	
0 - Fully Active	87	1 (1.1)	86 (98.9)	NE (NE, NE)	97	4 (4.1)	93 (95.9)	NE (NE, NE)	0.250 (0.028, 2.241)	0.1802		
1 - Restricted in Physically Strenuous Activity	133	6 (4.5)	127 (95.5)	NE (NE, NE)	134	6 (4.5)	128 (95.5)	NE (NE, NE)	0.985 (0.317, 3.055)	0.9797		
2 - Ambulatory and Capable of All Selfcare	45	0	45 (100)	NE (NE, NE)	36	2 (5.6)	34 (94.4)	NE (NE, NE)	0.000 (0.000, NE)	0.1159		

N: number of subjects in analysis set; n: number of subjects in subgroup category; %: proportion of number of subjects in n; CI: confidence interval; NE: not estimable. PT: Preferred Term, SOC: System Organ Class.

[a] Median time to first event is from Kaplan-Meier estimate. Confidence Interval for median was computed using the Brookmeyer-Crowley method.

[b] Hazard ratio is from unstratified Cox proportional hazards model with treatment as the only categorical variable in the model. Confidence limits are based on the Wald test.

[c] Two-sided p-value from unstratified log-rank test.

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SOC: Infections and infestations; PT: Staphylococcal infection

Subgroup	n	Quizartinib (N=265)				Placebo (N=268)				Quizartinib vs Placebo		Interaction
		No. of subjects with events (%)	No. of subjects censored (%)	Median (95 % CI) (months) [a]	n	No. of subjects with events (%)	No. of subjects censored (%)	Median (95 % CI) (months) [a]	n	Hazard Ratio (95 % CI) [b]	Unstratified log-rank p-value [c]	P-value [d]
FLT3-ITD category at Baseline											0.7211	
≥3 to ≤25%	94	4 (4.3)	90 (95.7)	NE (NE, NE)	98	6 (6.1)	92 (93.9)	NE (NE, NE)	0.711 (0.201, 2.519)	0.5949		
>25% to ≤50%	141	2 (1.4)	139 (98.6)	NE (NE, NE)	136	6 (4.4)	130 (95.6)	NE (NE, NE)	0.303 (0.061, 1.503)	0.1212		
>50%	29	1 (3.4)	28 (96.6)	NE (NE, NE)	34	0	34 (100)	NE (NE, NE)	NE (0.000, NE)	0.2850		

N: number of subjects in analysis set; n: number of subjects in subgroup category; %: proportion of number of subjects in n; CI: confidence interval; NE: not estimable. PT: Preferred Term, SOC: System Organ Class.

[a] Median time to first event is from Kaplan-Meier estimate. Confidence Interval for median was computed using the Brookmeyer-Crowley method.

[b] Hazard ratio is from unstratified Cox proportional hazards model with treatment as the only categorical variable in the model. Confidence limits are based on the Wald test.

[c] Two-sided p-value from unstratified log-rank test.

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SOC: Infections and infestations; PT: Staphylococcal infection

Subgroup	n	Quizartinib (N=265)				Placebo (N=268)				Quizartinib vs Placebo		Interaction
		No. of subjects with events (%)	No. of subjects censored (%)	Median (95 % CI) (months) [a]	n	No. of subjects with events (%)	No. of subjects censored (%)	Median (95 % CI) (months) [a]	n	Hazard Ratio (95 % CI) [b]	Unstratified log-rank p-value [c]	P-value [d]
AML with Mutated NPM1											0.3760	
Yes	139	2 (1.4)	137 (98.6)	NE (NE, NE)	137	6 (4.4)	131 (95.6)	NE (NE, NE)	137	0.316 (0.064, 1.569)	0.1370	
No	116	5 (4.3)	111 (95.7)	NE (NE, NE)	120	6 (5.0)	114 (95.0)	NE (NE, NE)	120	0.794 (0.242, 2.606)	0.7041	

N: number of subjects in analysis set; n: number of subjects in subgroup category; %: proportion of number of subjects in n; CI: confidence interval; NE: not estimable. PT: Preferred Term, SOC: System Organ Class.

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[c] Two-sided p-value from unstratified log-rank test.

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SOC: Infections and infestations; PT: Staphylococcal infection

		Quizartinib (N=265)				Placebo (N=268)				Quizartinib vs Placebo		Interaction
Subgroup	n	No. of subjects with events (%)	No. of subjects censored (%)	Median (95 % CI) (months) [a]	n	No. of subjects with events (%)	No. of subjects censored (%)	Median (95 % CI) (months) [a]	Hazard Ratio (95 % CI) [b]	Unstratified log-rank p-value [c]	P-value [d]	
Age by 2 categories											0.2644	
≤60	164	5 (3.0)	159 (97.0)	NE (NE, NE)	163	5 (3.1)	158 (96.9)	NE (NE, NE)	0.942 (0.272, 3.258)	0.9250		
>60	101	2 (2.0)	99 (98.0)	NE (NE, NE)	105	7 (6.7)	98 (93.3)	NE (NE, NE)	0.296 (0.061, 1.424)	0.1063		

N: number of subjects in analysis set; n: number of subjects in subgroup category; %: proportion of number of subjects in n; CI: confidence interval; NE: not estimable. PT: Preferred Term, SOC: System Organ Class.

[a] Median time to first event is from Kaplan-Meier estimate. Confidence Interval for median was computed using the Brookmeyer-Crowley method.

[b] Hazard ratio is from unstratified Cox proportional hazards model with treatment as the only categorical variable in the model. Confidence limits are based on the Wald test.

[c] Two-sided p-value from unstratified log-rank test.

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SOC: Infections and infestations; PT: Staphylococcal sepsis

Subgroup	n	Quizartinib (N=265)				Placebo (N=268)				Quizartinib vs Placebo		Interaction
		No. of subjects with events (%)	No. of subjects censored (%)	Median (95 % CI) (months) [a]	n	No. of subjects with events (%)	No. of subjects censored (%)	Median (95 % CI) (months) [a]	n	Hazard Ratio (95 % CI) [b]	Unstratified log-rank p-value [c]	P-value [d]
Pooled Age Group 2											0.3255	
<60	159	1 (0.6)	158 (99.4)	NE (NE, NE)	160	5 (3.1)	155 (96.9)	NE (NE, NE)	160	0.186 (0.022, 1.598)	0.0858	
≥60 - <65	37	0	37 (100)	NE (NE, NE)	43	3 (7.0)	40 (93.0)	NE (NE, NE)	43	0.000 (0.000, NE)	0.0761	
≥65	69	3 (4.3)	66 (95.7)	NE (NE, NE)	65	2 (3.1)	63 (96.9)	NE (NE, NE)	65	1.542 (0.258, 9.232)	0.6324	

N: number of subjects in analysis set; n: number of subjects in subgroup category; %: proportion of number of subjects in n; CI: confidence interval; NE: not estimable. PT: Preferred Term, SOC: System Organ Class.

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SOC: Infections and infestations; PT: Staphylococcal sepsis

Subgroup	n	Quizartinib (N=265)				Placebo (N=268)				Quizartinib vs Placebo		Interaction
		No. of subjects with events (%)	No. of subjects censored (%)	Median (95 % CI) (months) [a]	n	No. of subjects with events (%)	No. of subjects censored (%)	Median (95 % CI) (months) [a]	n	Hazard Ratio (95 % CI) [b]	Unstratified log-rank p-value [c]	P-value [d]
Sex												0.8238
Male	124	2 (1.6)	122 (98.4)	NE (NE, NE)	120	4 (3.3)	116 (96.7)	NE (NE, NE)	120	0.451 (0.082, 2.466)	0.3454	
Female	141	2 (1.4)	139 (98.6)	NE (NE, NE)	148	6 (4.1)	142 (95.9)	NE (NE, NE)	148	0.335 (0.068, 1.662)	0.1599	

N: number of subjects in analysis set; n: number of subjects in subgroup category; %: proportion of number of subjects in n; CI: confidence interval; NE: not estimable. PT: Preferred Term, SOC: System Organ Class.

[a] Median time to first event is from Kaplan-Meier estimate. Confidence Interval for median was computed using the Brookmeyer-Crowley method.

[b] Hazard ratio is from unstratified Cox proportional hazards model with treatment as the only categorical variable in the model. Confidence limits are based on the Wald test.

[c] Two-sided p-value from unstratified log-rank test.

[d] Two-sided interaction p-value is for the interaction term from unstratified Cox proportional hazards model with treatment, subgroup, and treatment-by-subgroup interaction as categorical variables in the model. The p-value is based on the Wald test.

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Medizinischer Nutzen, medizinischer Zusatznutzen, Patientengruppen mit therap. bedeutsamem Zusatznutzen

Daichi Sankyo | Data Intelligence – Evidence Generation | Final | AC220-A-U302 QUANTUM-First (DCO 13 Aug 2021) | Statistical analyses for AMNOG (HTA Germany)
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SOC: Infections and infestations; PT: Staphylococcal sepsis

		Quizartinib (N=265)				Placebo (N=268)				Quizartinib vs Placebo		Interaction
Subgroup	n	No. of subjects with events (%)	No. of subjects censored (%)	Median (95 % CI) (months) [a]	n	No. of subjects with events (%)	No. of subjects censored (%)	Median (95 % CI) (months) [a]	Hazard Ratio (95 % CI) [b]	Unstratified log-rank p-value [c]	P-value [d]	
Race by 2 categories											0.1451	
White	157	1 (0.6)	156 (99.4)	NE (NE, NE)	161	7 (4.3)	154 (95.7)	NE (NE, NE)	0.130 (0.016, 1.057)	0.0242		
Non-white	108	3 (2.8)	105 (97.2)	NE (NE, NE)	107	3 (2.8)	104 (97.2)	NE (NE, NE)	0.972 (0.196, 4.814)	0.9718		

N: number of subjects in analysis set; n: number of subjects in subgroup category; %: proportion of number of subjects in n; CI: confidence interval; NE: not estimable. PT: Preferred Term, SOC: System Organ Class.

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[b] Hazard ratio is from unstratified Cox proportional hazards model with treatment as the only categorical variable in the model. Confidence limits are based on the Wald test.

[c] Two-sided p-value from unstratified log-rank test.

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SOC: Infections and infestations; PT: Staphylococcal sepsis

		Quizartinib (N=265)				Placebo (N=268)				Quizartinib vs Placebo		Interaction
Subgroup	n	No. of subjects with events (%)	No. of subjects censored (%)	Median (95 % CI) (months) [a]	n	No. of subjects with events (%)	No. of subjects censored (%)	Median (95 % CI) (months) [a]	Hazard Ratio (95 % CI) [b]	Unstratified log-rank p-value [c]	P-value [d]	
Geographic Region 1											0.6181	
North America	16	1 (6.3)	15 (93.8)	NE (NE, NE)	18	0	18 (100)	NE (NE, NE)	NE (0.000, NE)	0.2850		
Europe	161	2 (1.2)	159 (98.8)	NE (NE, NE)	161	9 (5.6)	152 (94.4)	NE (NE, NE)	0.199 (0.043, 0.922)	0.0219		
Asia/Other Regions	88	1 (1.1)	87 (98.9)	NE (NE, NE)	89	1 (1.1)	88 (98.9)	NE (NE, NE)	0.949 (0.059, 15.184)	0.9707		

N: number of subjects in analysis set; n: number of subjects in subgroup category; %: proportion of number of subjects in n; CI: confidence interval; NE: not estimable. PT: Preferred Term, SOC: System Organ Class.

[a] Median time to first event is from Kaplan-Meier estimate. Confidence Interval for median was computed using the Brookmeyer-Crowley method.

[b] Hazard ratio is from unstratified Cox proportional hazards model with treatment as the only categorical variable in the model. Confidence limits are based on the Wald test.

[c] Two-sided p-value from unstratified log-rank test.

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SOC: Infections and infestations; PT: Staphylococcal sepsis

		Quizartinib (N=265)				Placebo (N=268)				Quizartinib vs Placebo		Interaction
Subgroup	n	No. of subjects with events (%)	No. of subjects censored (%)	Median (95 % CI) (months) [a]	n	No. of subjects with events (%)	No. of subjects censored (%)	Median (95 % CI) (months) [a]	Hazard Ratio (95 % CI) [b]	Unstratified log-rank p-value [c]	P-value [d]	
WBC at initial diagnosis											0.7051	
< 40x10 ⁹ /L	132	1 (0.8)	131 (99.2)	NE (NE, NE)	133	4 (3.0)	129 (97.0)	NE (NE, NE)	0.262 (0.029, 2.348)	0.1979		
≥ 40x10 ⁹ /L	133	3 (2.3)	130 (97.7)	NE (NE, NE)	135	6 (4.4)	129 (95.6)	NE (NE, NE)	0.452 (0.113, 1.812)	0.2497		

N: number of subjects in analysis set; n: number of subjects in subgroup category; %: proportion of number of subjects in n; CI: confidence interval; NE: not estimable. PT: Preferred Term, SOC: System Organ Class.

[a] Median time to first event is from Kaplan-Meier estimate. Confidence Interval for median was computed using the Brookmeyer-Crowley method.

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SOC: Infections and infestations; PT: Staphylococcal sepsis

		Quizartinib (N=265)				Placebo (N=268)				Quizartinib vs Placebo		Interaction
Subgroup	n	No. of subjects with events (%)	No. of subjects censored (%)	Median (95 % CI) (months) [a]	n	No. of subjects with events (%)	No. of subjects censored (%)	Median (95 % CI) (months) [a]	Hazard Ratio (95 % CI) [b]	Unstratified log-rank p-value [c]	P-value [d]	
Choice of Anthracycline											0.9924	
Daunorubicin	123	4 (3.3)	119 (96.7)	NE (NE, NE)	94	4 (4.3)	90 (95.7)	NE (NE, NE)	0.702 (0.175, 2.810)	0.6148		
Idarubicin	142	0	142 (100)	NE (NE, NE)	171	6 (3.5)	165 (96.5)	NE (NE, NE)	0.000 (0.000, NE)	0.0225		

N: number of subjects in analysis set; n: number of subjects in subgroup category; %: proportion of number of subjects in n; CI: confidence interval; NE: not estimable. PT: Preferred Term, SOC: System Organ Class.

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SOC: Infections and infestations; PT: Staphylococcal sepsis

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Subgroup	n	No. of subjects with events (%)	No. of subjects censored (%)	Median (95 % CI) (months) [a]	n	No. of subjects with events (%)	No. of subjects censored (%)	Median (95 % CI) (months) [a]	Hazard Ratio (95 % CI) [b]	Unstratified log-rank p-value [c]	P-value [d]	
AML Cytogenetic Risk Score											1.0000	
Favorable	13	0	13 (100)	NE (NE, NE)	19	0	19 (100)	NE (NE, NE)	NE (NE, NE)	NE		
Intermediate	195	4 (2.1)	191 (97.9)	NE (NE, NE)	190	4 (2.1)	186 (97.9)	NE (NE, NE)	0.880 (0.219, 3.529)	0.8571		
Unfavorable	19	0	19 (100)	NE (NE, NE)	27	2 (7.4)	25 (92.6)	NE (NE, NE)	0.000 (0.000, NE)	0.2569		
Unknown	38	0	38 (100)	NE (NE, NE)	31	4 (12.9)	27 (87.1)	NE (NE, NE)	0.000 (0.000, NE)	0.0335		

N: number of subjects in analysis set; n: number of subjects in subgroup category; %: proportion of number of subjects in n; CI: confidence interval; NE: not estimable. PT: Preferred Term, SOC: System Organ Class.

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Subgroup	n	No. of subjects with events (%)	No. of subjects censored (%)	Median (95 % CI) (months) [a]	n	No. of subjects with events (%)	No. of subjects censored (%)	Median (95 % CI) (months) [a]	Hazard Ratio (95 % CI) [b]	Unstratified log-rank p-value [c]	P-value [d]	
ECOG Performance Status at Baseline											0.8486	
0 - Fully Active	87	1 (1.1)	86 (98.9)	NE (NE, NE)	97	3 (3.1)	94 (96.9)	NE (NE, NE)	0.346 (0.036, 3.325)	0.3352		
1 - Restricted in Physically Strenuous Activity	133	2 (1.5)	131 (98.5)	NE (NE, NE)	134	6 (4.5)	128 (95.5)	NE (NE, NE)	0.312 (0.063, 1.545)	0.1310		
2 - Ambulatory and Capable of All Selfcare	45	1 (2.2)	44 (97.8)	NE (NE, NE)	36	1 (2.8)	35 (97.2)	NE (NE, NE)	0.861 (0.054, 13.765)	0.9154		

N: number of subjects in analysis set; n: number of subjects in subgroup category; %: proportion of number of subjects in n; CI: confidence interval; NE: not estimable. PT: Preferred Term, SOC: System Organ Class.

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		No. of subjects with events (%)	No. of subjects censored (%)	Median (95 % CI) (months) [a]	n	No. of subjects with events (%)	No. of subjects censored (%)	Median (95 % CI) (months) [a]	n	Hazard Ratio (95 % CI) [b]	Unstratified log-rank p-value [c]	P-value [d]
FLT3-ITD category at Baseline											0.8553	
≥3 to ≤25%	94	1 (1.1)	93 (98.9)	NE (NE, NE)	98	4 (4.1)	94 (95.9)	NE (NE, NE)	98	0.264 (0.029, 2.363)	0.2002	
>25% to ≤50%	141	3 (2.1)	138 (97.9)	NE (NE, NE)	136	5 (3.7)	131 (96.3)	NE (NE, NE)	136	0.543 (0.130, 2.274)	0.3958	
>50%	29	0	29 (100)	NE (NE, NE)	34	1 (2.9)	33 (97.1)	NE (NE, NE)	34	0.000 (0.000, NE)	0.2278	

N: number of subjects in analysis set; n: number of subjects in subgroup category; %: proportion of number of subjects in n; CI: confidence interval; NE: not estimable. PT: Preferred Term, SOC: System Organ Class.

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AML with Mutated NPM1											0.5794	
Yes	139	3 (2.2)	136 (97.8)	NE (NE, NE)	137	6 (4.4)	131 (95.6)	NE (NE, NE)	137	0.476 (0.119, 1.905)	0.2827	
No	116	1 (0.9)	115 (99.1)	NE (NE, NE)	120	4 (3.3)	116 (96.7)	NE (NE, NE)	120	0.226 (0.025, 2.023)	0.1455	

N: number of subjects in analysis set; n: number of subjects in subgroup category; %: proportion of number of subjects in n; CI: confidence interval; NE: not estimable. PT: Preferred Term, SOC: System Organ Class.

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Subgroup	n	No. of subjects with events (%)	No. of subjects censored (%)	Median (95 % CI) (months) [a]	n	No. of subjects with events (%)	No. of subjects censored (%)	Median (95 % CI) (months) [a]	Hazard Ratio (95 % CI) [b]	Unstratified log-rank p-value [c]	P-value [d]	
Age by 2 categories											0.3344	
≤60	164	1 (0.6)	163 (99.4)	NE (NE, NE)	163	5 (3.1)	158 (96.9)	NE (NE, NE)	0.184 (0.021, 1.573)	0.0822		
>60	101	3 (3.0)	98 (97.0)	NE (NE, NE)	105	5 (4.8)	100 (95.2)	NE (NE, NE)	0.630 (0.151, 2.638)	0.5238		

N: number of subjects in analysis set; n: number of subjects in subgroup category; %: proportion of number of subjects in n; CI: confidence interval; NE: not estimable. PT: Preferred Term, SOC: System Organ Class.

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 Table 3.11.2 Treatment-emergent adverse events by system organ class (SOC) and preferred term (PT) observed for ≥ 10 patients in at least one arm and ≥ 1% of the patients in at least one arm - Time-to-event analysis - subgroup analysis - DCO 13-Aug-2021 - Safety Analysis Set

SOC: General disorders and administration site conditions; PT: Any PT

Subgroup	n	Quizartinib (N=265)				Placebo (N=268)				Quizartinib vs Placebo		Interaction
		No. of subjects with events (%)	No. of subjects censored (%)	Median (95 % CI) (months) [a]	n	No. of subjects with events (%)	No. of subjects censored (%)	Median (95 % CI) (months) [a]	n	Hazard Ratio (95 % CI) [b]	Unstratified log-rank p-value [c]	P-value [d]
Pooled Age Group 2											0.9728	
<60	159	105 (66.0)	54 (34.0)	1.6 (1.3, 2.2)	160	98 (61.3)	62 (38.8)	1.5 (1.1, 3.3)	0.990 (0.751, 1.306)	0.9515		
≥60 - <65	37	27 (73.0)	10 (27.0)	1.1 (0.2, 2.5)	43	31 (72.1)	12 (27.9)	1.3 (0.5, 2.4)	1.062 (0.628, 1.795)	0.8392		
≥65	69	45 (65.2)	24 (34.8)	1.5 (0.8, 2.6)	65	44 (67.7)	21 (32.3)	2.0 (1.2, 3.3)	0.990 (0.653, 1.502)	0.9685		

N: number of subjects in analysis set; n: number of subjects in subgroup category; %: proportion of number of subjects in n; CI: confidence interval; NE: not estimable. PT: Preferred Term, SOC: System Organ Class.

[a] Median time to first event is from Kaplan-Meier estimate. Confidence Interval for median was computed using the Brookmeyer-Crowley method.

[b] Hazard ratio is from unstratified Cox proportional hazards model with treatment as the only categorical variable in the model. Confidence limits are based on the Wald test.

[c] Two-sided p-value from unstratified log-rank test.

[d] Two-sided interaction p-value is for the interaction term from unstratified Cox proportional hazards model with treatment, subgroup, and treatment-by-subgroup interaction as categorical variables in the model. The p-value is based on the Wald test.

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Medizinischer Nutzen, medizinischer Zusatznutzen, Patientengruppen mit therap. bedeutsamem Zusatznutzen

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SOC: General disorders and administration site conditions; PT: Any PT

Subgroup	n	Quizartinib (N=265)				Placebo (N=268)				Quizartinib vs Placebo		Interaction
		No. of subjects with events (%)	No. of subjects censored (%)	Median (95 % CI) [a]	n	No. of subjects with events (%)	No. of subjects censored (%)	Median (95 % CI) [a]	n	Hazard Ratio (95 % CI) [b]	Unstratified log-rank p-value [c]	P-value [d]
Sex												0.6835
Male	124	83 (66.9)	41 (33.1)	1.5 (1.1, 2.0)	120	81 (67.5)	39 (32.5)	1.5 (1.0, 2.4)	120	0.943 (0.694, 1.283)	0.7102	
Female	141	94 (66.7)	47 (33.3)	1.6 (1.2, 2.5)	148	92 (62.2)	56 (37.8)	1.8 (1.3, 2.7)	148	1.026 (0.769, 1.370)	0.8690	

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		No. of subjects with events (%)	No. of subjects censored (%)	Median (95 % CI) [a]	n	No. of subjects with events (%)	No. of subjects censored (%)	Median (95 % CI) [a]	n	Hazard Ratio (95 % CI) [b]	Unstratified log-rank p-value [c]	P-value [d]
Race by 2 categories											0.5979	
White	157	104 (66.2)	53 (33.8)	1.6 (1.1, 2.1)	161	106 (65.8)	55 (34.2)	1.5 (0.9, 2.0)	0.932 (0.710, 1.225)	0.6128		
Non-white	108	73 (67.6)	35 (32.4)	1.6 (1.1, 2.4)	107	67 (62.6)	40 (37.4)	2.1 (1.3, 3.7)	1.039 (0.744, 1.451)	0.8203		

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SOC: General disorders and administration site conditions; PT: Any PT

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Subgroup	n	No. of subjects with events (%)	No. of subjects censored (%)	Median (95 % CI) (months) [a]	n	No. of subjects with events (%)	No. of subjects censored (%)	Median (95 % CI) (months) [a]	Hazard Ratio (95 % CI) [b]	Unstratified log-rank p-value [c]	P-value [d]	
Geographic Region 1											0.0512	
North America	16	11 (68.8)	5 (31.3)	1.2 (0.2, NE)	18	15 (83.3)	3 (16.7)	0.8 (0.2, 1.5)	0.746 (0.342, 1.626)	0.4627		
Europe	161	101 (62.7)	60 (37.3)	1.7 (1.3, 2.8)	161	106 (65.8)	55 (34.2)	1.5 (0.9, 2.0)	0.830 (0.630, 1.093)	0.1856		
Asia/Other Regions	88	65 (73.9)	23 (26.1)	1.3 (0.6, 2.0)	89	52 (58.4)	37 (41.6)	2.4 (1.5, 5.9)	1.398 (0.969, 2.016)	0.0717		

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Subgroup	n	No. of subjects with events (%)	No. of subjects censored (%)	Median (95 % CI) (months) [a]	n	No. of subjects with events (%)	No. of subjects censored (%)	Median (95 % CI) (months) [a]	Hazard Ratio (95 % CI) [b]	Unstratified log-rank p-value [c]	P-value [d]	
WBC at initial diagnosis											0.6342	
< 40x10 ⁹ /L	132	86 (65.2)	46 (34.8)	1.6 (1.0, 2.1)	133	84 (63.2)	49 (36.8)	2.0 (1.2, 3.7)	1.023 (0.755, 1.386)	0.8877		
≥ 40x10 ⁹ /L	133	91 (68.4)	42 (31.6)	1.6 (1.2, 2.2)	135	89 (65.9)	46 (34.1)	1.5 (1.1, 2.1)	0.939 (0.700, 1.259)	0.6754		

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		No. of subjects with events (%)	No. of subjects censored (%)	Median (95 % CI) [a]	n	No. of subjects with events (%)	No. of subjects censored (%)	Median (95 % CI) [a]	n	Hazard Ratio (95 % CI) [b]	Unstratified log-rank p-value [c]	P-value [d]
Choice of Anthracycline												0.2378
Daunorubicin	123	81 (65.9)	42 (34.1)	2.0 (1.6, 2.8)	94	61 (64.9)	33 (35.1)	1.5 (1.1, 2.2)		0.836 (0.598, 1.170)	0.2915	
Idarubicin	142	96 (67.6)	46 (32.4)	1.3 (0.7, 1.6)	171	109 (63.7)	62 (36.3)	1.8 (1.2, 2.7)		1.121 (0.851, 1.475)	0.4137	

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AML Cytogenetic Risk Score												0.4852		
Favorable	13	7 (53.8)	6 (46.2)	3.8 (0.1, NE)	19	17 (89.5)	2 (10.5)	1.2 (0.1, 4.9)	0.602 (0.248, 1.458)	0.2603				
Intermediate	195	129 (66.2)	66 (33.8)	1.6 (1.2, 2.0)	190	115 (60.5)	75 (39.5)	2.0 (1.3, 3.3)	1.069 (0.831, 1.376)	0.6073				
Unfavorable	19	12 (63.2)	7 (36.8)	1.1 (0.1, NE)	27	18 (66.7)	9 (33.3)	1.7 (0.4, 8.7)	0.854 (0.399, 1.826)	0.6648				
Unknown	38	29 (76.3)	9 (23.7)	1.6 (0.4, 2.2)	31	23 (74.2)	8 (25.8)	1.3 (0.2, 2.0)	0.853 (0.492, 1.479)	0.5667				

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ECOG Performance Status at Baseline											0.4108	
0 - Fully Active	87	60 (69.0)	27 (31.0)	1.5 (0.8, 2.1)	97	62 (63.9)	35 (36.1)	1.7 (1.2, 6.5)	1.105 (0.774, 1.578)	0.5834		
1 - Restricted in Physically Strenuous Activity	133	91 (68.4)	42 (31.6)	1.6 (1.1, 2.2)	134	85 (63.4)	49 (36.6)	2.0 (1.2, 3.3)	1.001 (0.743, 1.347)	0.9933		
2 - Ambulatory and Capable of All Selfcare	45	26 (57.8)	19 (42.2)	2.0 (0.5, 16.2)	36	25 (69.4)	11 (30.6)	1.3 (0.4, 2.1)	0.724 (0.415, 1.262)	0.2577		

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FLT3-ITD category at Baseline												0.2369	
≥3 to ≤25%	94	61 (64.9)	33 (35.1)	1.7 (1.2, 3.8)	98	59 (60.2)	39 (39.8)	2.0 (1.1, 11.8)	0.990 (0.690, 1.421)	0.9593			
>25% to ≤50%	141	93 (66.0)	48 (34.0)	1.6 (1.0, 2.2)	136	94 (69.1)	42 (30.9)	1.4 (1.0, 2.0)	0.870 (0.652, 1.160)	0.3423			
>50%	29	23 (79.3)	6 (20.7)	1.1 (0.3, 1.7)	34	20 (58.8)	14 (41.2)	4.0 (0.8, 6.8)	1.631 (0.892, 2.980)	0.1091			

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AML with Mutated NPM1											0.6547	
Yes	139	91 (65.5)	48 (34.5)	1.6 (1.1, 2.2)	137	92 (67.2)	45 (32.8)	1.6 (1.2, 2.4)	137	0.957 (0.715, 1.281)	0.7645	
No	116	79 (68.1)	37 (31.9)	1.5 (0.9, 2.0)	120	75 (62.5)	45 (37.5)	1.5 (1.1, 2.4)	120	1.034 (0.753, 1.421)	0.8317	

N: number of subjects in analysis set; n: number of subjects in subgroup category; %: proportion of number of subjects in n; CI: confidence interval; NE: not estimable. PT: Preferred Term, SOC: System Organ Class.

[a] Median time to first event is from Kaplan-Meier estimate. Confidence Interval for median was computed using the Brookmeyer-Crowley method.

[b] Hazard ratio is from unstratified Cox proportional hazards model with treatment as the only categorical variable in the model. Confidence limits are based on the Wald test.

[c] Two-sided p-value from unstratified log-rank test.

[d] Two-sided interaction p-value is for the interaction term from unstratified Cox proportional hazards model with treatment, subgroup, and treatment-by-subgroup interaction as categorical variables in the model. The p-value is based on the Wald test.

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Run date: 21JUL2023 – 22:02; Program name: DE_T_3_11_2.sas; Output name: DE_T_3_11_2_TEAESOCPT_SUB_SAS.rtf

Medizinischer Nutzen, medizinischer Zusatznutzen, Patientengruppen mit therap. bedeutsamem Zusatznutzen

Daiichi Sankyo | Data Intelligence – Evidence Generation | Final | AC220-A-U302 QUANTUM-First (DCO 13 Aug 2021) | Statistical analyses for AMNOG (HTA Germany)
 Table 3.11.2 Treatment-emergent adverse events by system organ class (SOC) and preferred term (PT) observed for ≥ 10 patients in at least one arm and ≥ 1% of the patients in at least one arm - Time-to-event analysis - subgroup analysis - DCO 13-Aug-2021 - Safety Analysis Set

SOC: General disorders and administration site conditions; PT: Any PT

		Quizartinib (N=265)				Placebo (N=268)				Quizartinib vs Placebo		Interaction
Subgroup	n	No. of subjects with events (%)	No. of subjects censored (%)	Median (95 % CI) (months) [a]	n	No. of subjects with events (%)	No. of subjects censored (%)	Median (95 % CI) (months) [a]	Hazard Ratio (95 % CI) [b]	Unstratified log-rank p-value [c]	P-value [d]	
Age by 2 categories											0.9379	
≤60	164	109 (66.5)	55 (33.5)	1.6 (1.3, 2.2)	163	98 (60.1)	65 (39.9)	1.6 (1.2, 5.0)	1.020 (0.775, 1.341)	0.8838		
>60	101	68 (67.3)	33 (32.7)	1.4 (0.8, 2.1)	105	75 (71.4)	30 (28.6)	1.5 (1.2, 2.4)	0.965 (0.694, 1.341)	0.8262		

N: number of subjects in analysis set; n: number of subjects in subgroup category; %: proportion of number of subjects in n; CI: confidence interval; NE: not estimable. PT: Preferred Term, SOC: System Organ Class.

[a] Median time to first event is from Kaplan-Meier estimate. Confidence Interval for median was computed using the Brookmeyer-Crowley method.

[b] Hazard ratio is from unstratified Cox proportional hazards model with treatment as the only categorical variable in the model. Confidence limits are based on the Wald test.

[c] Two-sided p-value from unstratified log-rank test.

[d] Two-sided interaction p-value is for the interaction term from unstratified Cox proportional hazards model with treatment, subgroup, and treatment-by-subgroup interaction as categorical variables in the model. The p-value is based on the Wald test.

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SOC: General disorders and administration site conditions; PT: Pyrexia

Subgroup	n	Quizartinib (N=265)					Placebo (N=268)					Quizartinib vs Placebo		Interaction
		No. of subjects with events (%)	No. of subjects censored (%)	Median (95 % CI) [a]	n	No. of subjects with events (%)	No. of subjects censored (%)	Median (95 % CI) [a]	n	Hazard Ratio (95 % CI) [b]	Unstratified log-rank p-value [c]	P-value [d]		
Pooled Age Group 2														0.3879
<60	159	65 (40.9)	94 (59.1)	32.7 (6.5, NE)	160	63 (39.4)	97 (60.6)	NE (5.0, NE)		0.953 (0.674, 1.350)	0.7912			
≥60 - <65	37	20 (54.1)	17 (45.9)	2.0 (1.6, NE)	43	16 (37.2)	27 (62.8)	NE (2.3, NE)		1.523 (0.788, 2.943)	0.2109			
≥65	69	27 (39.1)	42 (60.9)	13.2 (2.1, NE)	65	30 (46.2)	35 (53.8)	4.0 (2.0, NE)		0.935 (0.556, 1.573)	0.7941			

N: number of subjects in analysis set; n: number of subjects in subgroup category; %: proportion of number of subjects in n; CI: confidence interval; NE: not estimable. PT: Preferred Term, SOC: System Organ Class.

[a] Median time to first event is from Kaplan-Meier estimate. Confidence Interval for median was computed using the Brookmeyer-Crowley method.

[b] Hazard ratio is from unstratified Cox proportional hazards model with treatment as the only categorical variable in the model. Confidence limits are based on the Wald test.

[c] Two-sided p-value from unstratified log-rank test.

[d] Two-sided interaction p-value is for the interaction term from unstratified Cox proportional hazards model with treatment, subgroup, and treatment-by-subgroup interaction as categorical variables in the model. The p-value is based on the Wald test.

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Medizinischer Nutzen, medizinischer Zusatznutzen, Patientengruppen mit therap. bedeutsamem Zusatznutzen

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SOC: General disorders and administration site conditions; PT: Pyrexia

Subgroup	n	Quizartinib (N=265)					Placebo (N=268)					Quizartinib vs Placebo		Interaction
		No. of subjects with events (%)	No. of subjects censored (%)	Median (95 % CI) [a]	n	No. of subjects with events (%)	No. of subjects censored (%)	Median (95 % CI) [a]	n	Hazard Ratio (95 % CI) [b]	Unstratified log-rank p-value [c]	P-value [d]		
Sex													0.5153	
Male	124	52 (41.9)	72 (58.1)	28.2 (2.1, NE)	120	51 (42.5)	69 (57.5)	6.8 (2.4, NE)	120	0.927 (0.630, 1.366)	0.6973			
Female	141	60 (42.6)	81 (57.4)	20.1 (3.0, NE)	148	58 (39.2)	90 (60.8)	9.4 (4.7, NE)	148	1.097 (0.764, 1.574)	0.6147			

N: number of subjects in analysis set; n: number of subjects in subgroup category; %: proportion of number of subjects in n; CI: confidence interval; NE: not estimable. PT: Preferred Term, SOC: System Organ Class.

[a] Median time to first event is from Kaplan-Meier estimate. Confidence Interval for median was computed using the Brookmeyer-Crowley method.

[b] Hazard ratio is from unstratified Cox proportional hazards model with treatment as the only categorical variable in the model. Confidence limits are based on the Wald test.

[c] Two-sided p-value from unstratified log-rank test.

[d] Two-sided interaction p-value is for the interaction term from unstratified Cox proportional hazards model with treatment, subgroup, and treatment-by-subgroup interaction as categorical variables in the model. The p-value is based on the Wald test.

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SOC: General disorders and administration site conditions; PT: Pyrexia

		Quizartinib (N=265)					Placebo (N=268)					Quizartinib vs Placebo		Interaction
Subgroup	n	No. of subjects with events (%)	No. of subjects censored (%)	Median (95 % CI) (months) [a]	n	No. of subjects with events (%)	No. of subjects censored (%)	Median (95 % CI) (months) [a]		Hazard Ratio (95 % CI) [b]	Unstratified log-rank p-value [c]	P-value [d]		
Race by 2 categories												0.9942		
White	157	71 (45.2)	86 (54.8)	6.3 (2.1, NE)	161	70 (43.5)	91 (56.5)	6.5 (2.7, NE)		1.019 (0.732, 1.418)	0.9157			
Non-white	108	41 (38.0)	67 (62.0)	30.7 (13.2, NE)	107	39 (36.4)	68 (63.6)	14.3 (5.2, NE)		1.015 (0.654, 1.574)	0.9487			

N: number of subjects in analysis set; n: number of subjects in subgroup category; %: proportion of number of subjects in n; CI: confidence interval; NE: not estimable. PT: Preferred Term, SOC: System Organ Class.

[a] Median time to first event is from Kaplan-Meier estimate. Confidence Interval for median was computed using the Brookmeyer-Crowley method.

[b] Hazard ratio is from unstratified Cox proportional hazards model with treatment as the only categorical variable in the model. Confidence limits are based on the Wald test.

[c] Two-sided p-value from unstratified log-rank test.

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SOC: General disorders and administration site conditions; PT: Pyrexia

		Quizartinib (N=265)				Placebo (N=268)				Quizartinib vs Placebo		Interaction
Subgroup	n	No. of subjects with events (%)	No. of subjects censored (%)	Median (95 % CI) (months) [a]	n	No. of subjects with events (%)	No. of subjects censored (%)	Median (95 % CI) (months) [a]	Hazard Ratio (95 % CI) [b]	Unstratified log-rank p-value [c]	P-value [d]	
Geographic Region 1											0.6257	
North America	16	2 (12.5)	14 (87.5)	NE (1.5, NE)	18	3 (16.7)	15 (83.3)	NE (6.5, NE)	0.865 (0.143, 5.219)	0.8742		
Europe	161	73 (45.3)	88 (54.7)	6.5 (2.2, NE)	161	75 (46.6)	86 (53.4)	5.0 (2.0, NE)	0.905 (0.655, 1.250)	0.5420		
Asia/Other Regions	88	37 (42.0)	51 (58.0)	20.1 (3.0, NE)	89	31 (34.8)	58 (65.2)	NE (4.0, NE)	1.212 (0.751, 1.956)	0.4318		

N: number of subjects in analysis set; n: number of subjects in subgroup category; %: proportion of number of subjects in n; CI: confidence interval; NE: not estimable. PT: Preferred Term, SOC: System Organ Class.

[a] Median time to first event is from Kaplan-Meier estimate. Confidence Interval for median was computed using the Brookmeyer-Crowley method.

[b] Hazard ratio is from unstratified Cox proportional hazards model with treatment as the only categorical variable in the model. Confidence limits are based on the Wald test.

[c] Two-sided p-value from unstratified log-rank test.

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SOC: General disorders and administration site conditions; PT: Pyrexia

Subgroup	n	Quizartinib (N=265)					Placebo (N=268)					Quizartinib vs Placebo		Interaction
		No. of subjects with events (%)	No. of subjects censored (%)	Median (95 % CI) [a]	n	No. of subjects with events (%)	No. of subjects censored (%)	Median (95 % CI) [a]	Hazard Ratio (95 % CI) [b]	Unstratified log-rank p-value [c]	P-value [d]			
WBC at initial diagnosis													0.4567	
< 40x10 ⁹ /L	132	58 (43.9)	74 (56.1)	20.1 (2.1, NE)	133	55 (41.4)	78 (58.6)	7.0 (5.0, NE)	1.110 (0.767, 1.606)	0.5827				
≥ 40x10 ⁹ /L	133	54 (40.6)	79 (59.4)	NE (3.5, NE)	135	54 (40.0)	81 (60.0)	9.4 (2.3, NE)	0.932 (0.638, 1.360)	0.7154				

N: number of subjects in analysis set; n: number of subjects in subgroup category; %: proportion of number of subjects in n; CI: confidence interval; NE: not estimable. PT: Preferred Term, SOC: System Organ Class.

[a] Median time to first event is from Kaplan-Meier estimate. Confidence Interval for median was computed using the Brookmeyer-Crowley method.

[b] Hazard ratio is from unstratified Cox proportional hazards model with treatment as the only categorical variable in the model. Confidence limits are based on the Wald test.

[c] Two-sided p-value from unstratified log-rank test.

[d] Two-sided interaction p-value is for the interaction term from unstratified Cox proportional hazards model with treatment, subgroup, and treatment-by-subgroup interaction as categorical variables in the model. The p-value is based on the Wald test.

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SOC: General disorders and administration site conditions; PT: Pyrexia

		Quizartinib (N=265)					Placebo (N=268)					Quizartinib vs Placebo		Interaction
Subgroup	n	No. of subjects with events (%)	No. of subjects censored (%)	Median (95 % CI) (months) [a]	n	No. of subjects with events (%)	No. of subjects censored (%)	Median (95 % CI) (months) [a]	Hazard Ratio (95 % CI) [b]	Unstratified log-rank p-value [c]	p-	P-value [d]		
Choice of Anthracycline													0.7757	
Daunorubicin	123	47 (38.2)	76 (61.8)	28.2 (8.9, NE)	94	33 (35.1)	61 (64.9)	NE (5.0, NE)	1.013 (0.648, 1.581)	0.9580				
Idarubicin	142	65 (45.8)	77 (54.2)	6.3 (2.1, NE)	171	73 (42.7)	98 (57.3)	6.5 (3.3, NE)	1.116 (0.798, 1.559)	0.5252				

N: number of subjects in analysis set; n: number of subjects in subgroup category; %: proportion of number of subjects in n; CI: confidence interval; NE: not estimable. PT: Preferred Term, SOC: System Organ Class.

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[c] Two-sided p-value from unstratified log-rank test.

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SOC: General disorders and administration site conditions; PT: Pyrexia

		Quizartinib (N=265)					Placebo (N=268)					Quizartinib vs Placebo		Interaction
Subgroup	n	No. of subjects with events (%)	No. of subjects censored (%)	Median (95 % CI) (months) [a]	n	No. of subjects with events (%)	No. of subjects censored (%)	Median (95 % CI) (months) [a]	n	Hazard Ratio (95 % CI) [b]	Unstratified log-rank p-value [c]	P-value [d]		
AML Cytogenetic Risk Score												0.3542		
Favorable	13	7 (53.8)	6 (46.2)	3.6 (0.5, NE)	19	8 (42.1)	11 (57.9)	NE (1.2, NE)	19	1.559 (0.557, 4.360)	0.3942			
Intermediate	195	76 (39.0)	119 (61.0)	32.7 (8.9, NE)	190	73 (38.4)	117 (61.6)	14.3 (4.7, NE)	190	0.954 (0.691, 1.316)	0.7712			
Unfavorable	19	10 (52.6)	9 (47.4)	2.0 (0.1, NE)	27	10 (37.0)	17 (63.0)	6.5 (2.1, NE)	27	1.709 (0.700, 4.171)	0.2243			
Unknown	38	19 (50.0)	19 (50.0)	6.5 (1.3, NE)	31	18 (58.1)	13 (41.9)	2.0 (0.8, NE)	31	0.774 (0.405, 1.479)	0.4330			

N: number of subjects in analysis set; n: number of subjects in subgroup category; %: proportion of number of subjects in n; CI: confidence interval; NE: not estimable. PT: Preferred Term, SOC: System Organ Class.

[a] Median time to first event is from Kaplan-Meier estimate. Confidence Interval for median was computed using the Brookmeyer-Crowley method.

[b] Hazard ratio is from unstratified Cox proportional hazards model with treatment as the only categorical variable in the model. Confidence limits are based on the Wald test.

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SOC: General disorders and administration site conditions; PT: Pyrexia

		Quizartinib (N=265)					Placebo (N=268)					Quizartinib vs Placebo		Interaction
Subgroup	n	No. of subjects with events (%)	No. of subjects censored (%)	Median (95 % CI) (months) [a]	n	No. of subjects with events (%)	No. of subjects censored (%)	Median (95 % CI) (months) [a]	Hazard Ratio (95 % CI) [b]	Unstratified log-rank p-value [c]	P-value [d]			
ECOG Performance Status at Baseline												0.6011		
0 - Fully Active	87	41 (47.1)	46 (52.9)	8.9 (2.0, NE)	97	41 (42.3)	56 (57.7)	7.0 (2.3, NE)	1.106 (0.717, 1.706)	0.6524				
1 - Restricted in Physically Strenuous Activity	133	57 (42.9)	76 (57.1)	28.2 (2.8, NE)	134	54 (40.3)	80 (59.7)	6.8 (4.7, NE)	1.047 (0.722, 1.520)	0.8079				
2 - Ambulatory and Capable of All Selfcare	45	14 (31.1)	31 (68.9)	NE (6.5, NE)	36	14 (38.9)	22 (61.1)	NE (1.4, NE)	0.696 (0.327, 1.483)	0.3440				

N: number of subjects in analysis set; n: number of subjects in subgroup category; %: proportion of number of subjects in n; CI: confidence interval; NE: not estimable. PT: Preferred Term, SOC: System Organ Class.

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Daiichi Sankyo | Data Intelligence – Evidence Generation | Final | AC220-A-U302 QUANTUM-First (DCO 13 Aug 2021) | Statistical analyses for AMNOG (HTA Germany)
 Table 3.11.2 Treatment-emergent adverse events by system organ class (SOC) and preferred term (PT) observed for ≥ 10 patients in at least one arm and ≥ 1% of the patients in at least one arm - Time-to-event analysis - subgroup analysis - DCO 13-Aug-2021 - Safety Analysis Set

SOC: General disorders and administration site conditions; PT: Pyrexia

Subgroup	n	Quizartinib (N=265)				Placebo (N=268)				Quizartinib vs Placebo		Interaction
		No. of subjects with events (%)	No. of subjects censored (%)	Median (95 % CI) (months) [a]	n	No. of subjects with events (%)	No. of subjects censored (%)	Median (95 % CI) (months) [a]	n	Hazard Ratio (95 % CI) [b]	Unstratified log-rank p-value [c]	P-value [d]
FLT3-ITD category at Baseline											0.1392	
≥3 to ≤25%	94	42 (44.7)	52 (55.3)	13.2 (2.8, NE)	98	31 (31.6)	67 (68.4)	NE (6.5, NE)	1.405 (0.883, 2.235)	0.1502		
>25% to ≤50%	141	56 (39.7)	85 (60.3)	NE (2.6, NE)	136	65 (47.8)	71 (52.2)	2.7 (1.8, 14.3)	0.803 (0.561, 1.148)	0.2250		
>50%	29	14 (48.3)	15 (51.7)	NE (1.2, NE)	34	13 (38.2)	21 (61.8)	6.5 (4.0, NE)	1.205 (0.565, 2.570)	0.6340		

N: number of subjects in analysis set; n: number of subjects in subgroup category; %: proportion of number of subjects in n; CI: confidence interval; NE: not estimable. PT: Preferred Term, SOC: System Organ Class.

[a] Median time to first event is from Kaplan-Meier estimate. Confidence Interval for median was computed using the Brookmeyer-Crowley method.

[b] Hazard ratio is from unstratified Cox proportional hazards model with treatment as the only categorical variable in the model. Confidence limits are based on the Wald test.

[c] Two-sided p-value from unstratified log-rank test.

[d] Two-sided interaction p-value is for the interaction term from unstratified Cox proportional hazards model with treatment, subgroup, and treatment-by-subgroup interaction as categorical variables in the model. The p-value is based on the Wald test.

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Medizinischer Nutzen, medizinischer Zusatznutzen, Patientengruppen mit therap. bedeutsamem Zusatznutzen

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SOC: General disorders and administration site conditions; PT: Pyrexia

		Quizartinib (N=265)					Placebo (N=268)					Quizartinib vs Placebo		Interaction
Subgroup	n	No. of subjects with events (%)	No. of subjects censored (%)	Median (95 % CI) (months) [a]	n	No. of subjects with events (%)	No. of subjects censored (%)	Median (95 % CI) (months) [a]	Hazard Ratio (95 % CI) [b]	Unstratified log-rank p-value [c]	P-value [d]			
AML with Mutated NPM1													0.7552	
Yes	139	60 (43.2)	79 (56.8)	20.1 (3.0, NE)	137	57 (41.6)	80 (58.4)	9.4 (4.0, NE)	1.078 (0.750, 1.549)	0.6857				
No	116	49 (42.2)	67 (57.8)	28.2 (2.2, NE)	120	47 (39.2)	73 (60.8)	6.5 (2.4, NE)	0.985 (0.659, 1.472)	0.9388				

N: number of subjects in analysis set; n: number of subjects in subgroup category; %: proportion of number of subjects in n; CI: confidence interval; NE: not estimable. PT: Preferred Term, SOC: System Organ Class.

[a] Median time to first event is from Kaplan-Meier estimate. Confidence Interval for median was computed using the Brookmeyer-Crowley method.

[b] Hazard ratio is from unstratified Cox proportional hazards model with treatment as the only categorical variable in the model. Confidence limits are based on the Wald test.

[c] Two-sided p-value from unstratified log-rank test.

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SOC: General disorders and administration site conditions; PT: Pyrexia

		Quizartinib (N=265)					Placebo (N=268)					Quizartinib vs Placebo		Interaction
Subgroup	n	No. of subjects with events (%)	No. of subjects censored (%)	Median (95 % CI) (months) [a]	n	No. of subjects with events (%)	No. of subjects censored (%)	Median (95 % CI) (months) [a]	Hazard Ratio (95 % CI) [b]	Unstratified log-rank p-value [c]	P-value [d]			
Age by 2 categories												0.6838		
≤60	164	68 (41.5)	96 (58.5)	32.7 (6.5, NE)	163	63 (38.7)	100 (61.3)	NE (5.2, NE)	0.991 (0.703, 1.397)	0.9607				
>60	101	44 (43.6)	57 (56.4)	6.3 (1.9, NE)	105	46 (43.8)	59 (56.2)	6.5 (2.4, NE)	1.084 (0.717, 1.640)	0.7091				

N: number of subjects in analysis set; n: number of subjects in subgroup category; %: proportion of number of subjects in n; CI: confidence interval; NE: not estimable. PT: Preferred Term, SOC: System Organ Class.

[a] Median time to first event is from Kaplan-Meier estimate. Confidence Interval for median was computed using the Brookmeyer-Crowley method.

[b] Hazard ratio is from unstratified Cox proportional hazards model with treatment as the only categorical variable in the model. Confidence limits are based on the Wald test.

[c] Two-sided p-value from unstratified log-rank test.

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SOC: General disorders and administration site conditions; PT: Oedema peripheral

Subgroup	n	Quizartinib (N=265)				Placebo (N=268)				Quizartinib vs Placebo		Interaction
		No. of subjects with events (%)	No. of subjects censored (%)	Median (95 % CI) (months) [a]	n	No. of subjects with events (%)	No. of subjects censored (%)	Median (95 % CI) (months) [a]	n	Hazard Ratio (95 % CI) [b]	Unstratified log-rank p-value [c]	P-value [d]
Pooled Age Group 2											0.9326	
<60	159	17 (10.7)	142 (89.3)	NE (NE, NE)	160	21 (13.1)	139 (86.9)	NE (NE, NE)	160	0.680 (0.357, 1.294)	0.2376	
≥60 - <65	37	6 (16.2)	31 (83.8)	NE (22.1, NE)	43	8 (18.6)	35 (81.4)	NE (10.1, NE)	43	0.694 (0.238, 2.024)	0.5002	
≥65	69	7 (10.1)	62 (89.9)	NE (NE, NE)	65	8 (12.3)	57 (87.7)	NE (NE, NE)	65	0.823 (0.298, 2.271)	0.7081	

N: number of subjects in analysis set; n: number of subjects in subgroup category; %: proportion of number of subjects in n; CI: confidence interval; NE: not estimable. PT: Preferred Term, SOC: System Organ Class.

[a] Median time to first event is from Kaplan-Meier estimate. Confidence Interval for median was computed using the Brookmeyer-Crowley method.

[b] Hazard ratio is from unstratified Cox proportional hazards model with treatment as the only categorical variable in the model. Confidence limits are based on the Wald test.

[c] Two-sided p-value from unstratified log-rank test.

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SOC: General disorders and administration site conditions; PT: Oedema peripheral

Subgroup	n	Quizartinib (N=265)				Placebo (N=268)				Quizartinib vs Placebo		Interaction
		No. of subjects with events (%)	No. of subjects censored (%)	Median (95 % CI) [a]	n	No. of subjects with events (%)	No. of subjects censored (%)	Median (95 % CI) [a]	n	Hazard Ratio (95 % CI) [b]	Unstratified log-rank p-value [c]	P-value [d]
Sex												0.5139
Male	124	15 (12.1)	109 (87.9)	NE (NE, NE)	120	15 (12.5)	105 (87.5)	NE (NE, NE)	120	0.824 (0.401, 1.694)	0.5997	
Female	141	15 (10.6)	126 (89.4)	NE (NE, NE)	148	22 (14.9)	126 (85.1)	NE (NE, NE)	148	0.616 (0.319, 1.189)	0.1455	

N: number of subjects in analysis set; n: number of subjects in subgroup category; %: proportion of number of subjects in n; CI: confidence interval; NE: not estimable. PT: Preferred Term, SOC: System Organ Class.

[a] Median time to first event is from Kaplan-Meier estimate. Confidence Interval for median was computed using the Brookmeyer-Crowley method.

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SOC: General disorders and administration site conditions; PT: Oedema peripheral

		Quizartinib (N=265)				Placebo (N=268)				Quizartinib vs Placebo		Interaction
Subgroup	n	No. of subjects with events (%)	No. of subjects censored (%)	Median (95 % CI) (months) [a]	n	No. of subjects with events (%)	No. of subjects censored (%)	Median (95 % CI) (months) [a]	Hazard Ratio (95 % CI) [b]	Unstratified log-rank p-value [c]	P-value [d]	
Race by 2 categories											0.4702	
White	157	15 (9.6)	142 (90.4)	NE (NE, NE)	161	22 (13.7)	139 (86.3)	NE (NE, NE)	0.623 (0.322, 1.204)	0.1563		
Non-white	108	15 (13.9)	93 (86.1)	NE (NE, NE)	107	15 (14.0)	92 (86.0)	NE (NE, NE)	0.822 (0.401, 1.686)	0.5903		

N: number of subjects in analysis set; n: number of subjects in subgroup category; %: proportion of number of subjects in n; CI: confidence interval; NE: not estimable. PT: Preferred Term, SOC: System Organ Class.

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SOC: General disorders and administration site conditions; PT: Oedema peripheral

		Quizartinib (N=265)					Placebo (N=268)					Quizartinib vs Placebo		Interaction
Subgroup	n	No. of subjects with events (%)	No. of subjects censored (%)	Median (95 % CI) (months) [a]	n	No. of subjects with events (%)	No. of subjects censored (%)	Median (95 % CI) (months) [a]	Hazard Ratio (95 % CI) [b]	Unstratified log-rank p-value [c]	P-value [d]			
Geographic Region 1													0.1425	
North America	16	1 (6.3)	15 (93.8)	NE (NE)	18	7 (38.9)	11 (61.1)	11.9 (0.5, NE)	0.138 (0.017, 1.123)	0.0305				
Europe	161	13 (8.1)	148 (91.9)	NE (NE, NE)	161	18 (11.2)	143 (88.8)	NE (NE, NE)	0.633 (0.309, 1.297)	0.2074				
Asia/Other Regions	88	16 (18.2)	72 (81.8)	NE (NE, NE)	89	12 (13.5)	77 (86.5)	NE (NE, NE)	1.134 (0.535, 2.404)	0.7443				

N: number of subjects in analysis set; n: number of subjects in subgroup category; %: proportion of number of subjects in n; CI: confidence interval; NE: not estimable. PT: Preferred Term, SOC: System Organ Class.

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		Quizartinib (N=265)				Placebo (N=268)				Quizartinib vs Placebo		Interaction
Subgroup	n	No. of subjects with events (%)	No. of subjects censored (%)	Median (95 % CI) (months) [a]	n	No. of subjects with events (%)	No. of subjects censored (%)	Median (95 % CI) (months) [a]	Hazard Ratio (95 % CI) [b]	Unstratified log-rank p-value [c]	P-value [d]	
WBC at initial diagnosis											0.7525	
< 40x10 ⁹ /L	132	13 (9.8)	119 (90.2)	NE (NE, NE)	133	16 (12.0)	117 (88.0)	NE (NE, NE)	0.759 (0.365, 1.581)	0.4612		
≥ 40x10 ⁹ /L	133	17 (12.8)	116 (87.2)	NE (NE, NE)	135	21 (15.6)	114 (84.4)	NE (NE, NE)	0.654 (0.343, 1.247)	0.1939		

N: number of subjects in analysis set; n: number of subjects in subgroup category; %: proportion of number of subjects in n; CI: confidence interval; NE: not estimable. PT: Preferred Term, SOC: System Organ Class.

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		Quizartinib (N=265)				Placebo (N=268)				Quizartinib vs Placebo		Interaction
Subgroup	n	No. of subjects with events (%)	No. of subjects censored (%)	Median (95 % CI) (months) [a]	n	No. of subjects with events (%)	No. of subjects censored (%)	Median (95 % CI) (months) [a]	Hazard Ratio (95 % CI) [b]	Unstratified log-rank p-value [c]	P-value [d]	
Choice of Anthracycline											0.6151	
Daunorubicin	123	15 (12.2)	108 (87.8)	NE (NE, NE)	94	12 (12.8)	82 (87.2)	NE (NE, NE)	0.792 (0.369, 1.700)	0.5502		
Idarubicin	142	15 (10.6)	127 (89.4)	NE (NE, NE)	171	25 (14.6)	146 (85.4)	NE (NE, NE)	0.624 (0.328, 1.186)	0.1459		

N: number of subjects in analysis set; n: number of subjects in subgroup category; %: proportion of number of subjects in n; CI: confidence interval; NE: not estimable. PT: Preferred Term, SOC: System Organ Class.

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Subgroup	n	No. of subjects with events (%)	No. of subjects censored (%)	Median (95 % CI) (months) [a]	n	No. of subjects with events (%)	No. of subjects censored (%)	Median (95 % CI) (months) [a]	Hazard Ratio (95 % CI) [b]	Unstratified log-rank p-value [c]	P-value [d]	
AML Cytogenetic Risk Score											0.7796	
Favorable	13	1 (7.7)	12 (92.3)	NE (NE, NE)	19	3 (15.8)	16 (84.2)	NE (10.3, NE)	0.517 (0.053, 5.015)	0.5682		
Intermediate	195	24 (12.3)	171 (87.7)	NE (NE, NE)	190	24 (12.6)	166 (87.4)	NE (NE, NE)	0.825 (0.467, 1.458)	0.5086		
Unfavorable	19	0	19 (100)	NE (NE, NE)	27	8 (29.6)	19 (70.4)	NE (3.3, NE)	0.000 (0.000, NE)	0.0098		
Unknown	38	5 (13.2)	33 (86.8)	NE (22.1, NE)	31	2 (6.5)	29 (93.5)	NE (NE, NE)	1.791 (0.346, 9.277)	0.4811		

N: number of subjects in analysis set; n: number of subjects in subgroup category; %: proportion of number of subjects in n; CI: confidence interval; NE: not estimable. PT: Preferred Term, SOC: System Organ Class.

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[c] Two-sided p-value from unstratified log-rank test.

[d] Two-sided interaction p-value is for the interaction term from unstratified Cox proportional hazards model with treatment, subgroup, and treatment-by-subgroup interaction as categorical variables in the model. The p-value is based on the Wald test.

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Medizinischer Nutzen, medizinischer Zusatznutzen, Patientengruppen mit therap. bedeutsamem Zusatznutzen

Daiichi Sankyo | Data Intelligence – Evidence Generation | Final | AC220-A-U302 QUANTUM-First (DCO 13 Aug 2021) | Statistical analyses for AMNOG (HTA Germany)
 Table 3.11.2 Treatment-emergent adverse events by system organ class (SOC) and preferred term (PT) observed for ≥ 10 patients in at least one arm and ≥ 1% of the patients in at least one arm - Time-to-event analysis - subgroup analysis - DCO 13-Aug-2021 - Safety Analysis Set

SOC: General disorders and administration site conditions; PT: Oedema peripheral

		Quizartinib (N=265)				Placebo (N=268)				Quizartinib vs Placebo		Interaction
Subgroup	n	No. of subjects with events (%)	No. of subjects censored (%)	Median (95 % CI) (months) [a]	n	No. of subjects with events (%)	No. of subjects censored (%)	Median (95 % CI) (months) [a]	Hazard Ratio (95 % CI) [b]	Unstratified log-rank p-value [c]	P-value [d]	
ECOG Performance Status at Baseline											0.0731	
0 - Fully Active	87	11 (12.6)	76 (87.4)	NE (NE, NE)	97	7 (7.2)	90 (92.8)	NE (NE, NE)	1.622 (0.628, 4.191)	0.3130		
1 - Restricted in Physically Strenuous Activity	133	16 (12.0)	117 (88.0)	NE (NE, NE)	134	23 (17.2)	111 (82.8)	NE (NE, NE)	0.573 (0.302, 1.089)	0.0855		
2 - Ambulatory and Capable of All Selfcare	45	3 (6.7)	42 (93.3)	NE (NE, NE)	36	7 (19.4)	29 (80.6)	NE (7.8, NE)	0.280 (0.071, 1.102)	0.0534		

N: number of subjects in analysis set; n: number of subjects in subgroup category; %: proportion of number of subjects in n; CI: confidence interval; NE: not estimable. PT: Preferred Term, SOC: System Organ Class.

[a] Median time to first event is from Kaplan-Meier estimate. Confidence Interval for median was computed using the Brookmeyer-Crowley method.

[b] Hazard ratio is from unstratified Cox proportional hazards model with treatment as the only categorical variable in the model. Confidence limits are based on the Wald test.

[c] Two-sided p-value from unstratified log-rank test.

[d] Two-sided interaction p-value is for the interaction term from unstratified Cox proportional hazards model with treatment, subgroup, and treatment-by-subgroup interaction as categorical variables in the model. The p-value is based on the Wald test.

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SOC: General disorders and administration site conditions; PT: Oedema peripheral

Subgroup	n	Quizartinib (N=265)				Placebo (N=268)				Quizartinib vs Placebo		Interaction
		No. of subjects with events (%)	No. of subjects censored (%)	Median (95 % CI) (months) [a]	n	No. of subjects with events (%)	No. of subjects censored (%)	Median (95 % CI) (months) [a]	n	Hazard Ratio (95 % CI) [b]	Unstratified log-rank p-value [c]	P-value [d]
FLT3-ITD category at Baseline											0.5135	
≥3 to ≤25%	94	8 (8.5)	86 (91.5)	NE (NE, NE)	98	15 (15.3)	83 (84.7)	NE (NE, NE)	98	0.496 (0.210, 1.173)	0.1039	
>25% to ≤50%	141	19 (13.5)	122 (86.5)	NE (NE, NE)	136	20 (14.7)	116 (85.3)	NE (NE, NE)	136	0.798 (0.425, 1.500)	0.4844	
>50%	29	3 (10.3)	26 (89.7)	NE (NE, NE)	34	2 (5.9)	32 (94.1)	NE (NE, NE)	34	1.264 (0.202, 7.909)	0.8021	

N: number of subjects in analysis set; n: number of subjects in subgroup category; %: proportion of number of subjects in n; CI: confidence interval; NE: not estimable. PT: Preferred Term, SOC: System Organ Class.

[a] Median time to first event is from Kaplan-Meier estimate. Confidence Interval for median was computed using the Brookmeyer-Crowley method.

[b] Hazard ratio is from unstratified Cox proportional hazards model with treatment as the only categorical variable in the model. Confidence limits are based on the Wald test.

[c] Two-sided p-value from unstratified log-rank test.

[d] Two-sided interaction p-value is for the interaction term from unstratified Cox proportional hazards model with treatment, subgroup, and treatment-by-subgroup interaction as categorical variables in the model. The p-value is based on the Wald test.

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SOC: General disorders and administration site conditions; PT: Oedema peripheral

		Quizartinib (N=265)				Placebo (N=268)				Quizartinib vs Placebo		Interaction
Subgroup	n	No. of subjects with events (%)	No. of subjects censored (%)	Median (95 % CI) (months) [a]	n	No. of subjects with events (%)	No. of subjects censored (%)	Median (95 % CI) (months) [a]	Hazard Ratio (95 % CI) [b]	Unstratified log-rank p-value [c]	P-value [d]	
AML with Mutated NPM1											0.5045	
Yes	139	17 (12.2)	122 (87.8)	NE (NE, NE)	137	23 (16.8)	114 (83.2)	NE (NE, NE)	0.628 (0.334, 1.178)	0.1439		
No	116	12 (10.3)	104 (89.7)	NE (NE, NE)	120	12 (10.0)	108 (90.0)	NE (NE, NE)	0.899 (0.403, 2.008)	0.7959		

N: number of subjects in analysis set; n: number of subjects in subgroup category; %: proportion of number of subjects in n; CI: confidence interval; NE: not estimable. PT: Preferred Term, SOC: System Organ Class.

[a] Median time to first event is from Kaplan-Meier estimate. Confidence Interval for median was computed using the Brookmeyer-Crowley method.

[b] Hazard ratio is from unstratified Cox proportional hazards model with treatment as the only categorical variable in the model. Confidence limits are based on the Wald test.

[c] Two-sided p-value from unstratified log-rank test.

[d] Two-sided interaction p-value is for the interaction term from unstratified Cox proportional hazards model with treatment, subgroup, and treatment-by-subgroup interaction as categorical variables in the model. The p-value is based on the Wald test.

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SOC: General disorders and administration site conditions; PT: Oedema peripheral

		Quizartinib (N=265)					Placebo (N=268)					Quizartinib vs Placebo		Interaction
Subgroup	n	No. of subjects with events (%)	No. of subjects censored (%)	Median (95 % CI) (months) [a]	n	No. of subjects with events (%)	No. of subjects censored (%)	Median (95 % CI) (months) [a]	Hazard Ratio (95 % CI) [b]	Unstratified log-rank p-value [c]	p-	P-value [d]		
Age by 2 categories														0.8956
≤60	164	18 (11.0)	146 (89.0)	NE (NE, NE)	163	21 (12.9)	142 (87.1)	NE (NE, NE)	0.709 (0.376, 1.336)	0.2856				
>60	101	12 (11.9)	89 (88.1)	NE (23.2, NE)	105	16 (15.2)	89 (84.8)	NE (NE, NE)	0.730 (0.345, 1.545)	0.4098				

N: number of subjects in analysis set; n: number of subjects in subgroup category; %: proportion of number of subjects in n; CI: confidence interval; NE: not estimable. PT: Preferred Term, SOC: System Organ Class.

[a] Median time to first event is from Kaplan-Meier estimate. Confidence Interval for median was computed using the Brookmeyer-Crowley method.

[b] Hazard ratio is from unstratified Cox proportional hazards model with treatment as the only categorical variable in the model. Confidence limits are based on the Wald test.

[c] Two-sided p-value from unstratified log-rank test.

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SOC: General disorders and administration site conditions; PT: Fatigue

Subgroup	n	Quizartinib (N=265)				Placebo (N=268)				Quizartinib vs Placebo		Interaction	
		No. of subjects with events (%)	No. of subjects censored (%)	Median (95 % CI) (months) [a]	n	No. of subjects with events (%)	No. of subjects censored (%)	Median (95 % CI) (months) [a]	n	Hazard Ratio (95 % CI) [b]	Unstratified log-rank p-value [c]	p-	P-value [d]
Pooled Age Group 2												0.5501	
<60	159	15 (9.4)	144 (90.6)	NE (NE, NE)	160	14 (8.8)	146 (91.3)	NE (NE, NE)	160	0.894 (0.429, 1.860)	0.7645		
≥60 - <65	37	7 (18.9)	30 (81.1)	NE (NE, NE)	43	4 (9.3)	39 (90.7)	NE (30.2, NE)	43	2.051 (0.599, 7.027)	0.2427		
≥65	69	7 (10.1)	62 (89.9)	NE (NE, NE)	65	5 (7.7)	60 (92.3)	NE (NE, NE)	65	1.365 (0.433, 4.302)	0.5937		

N: number of subjects in analysis set; n: number of subjects in subgroup category; %: proportion of number of subjects in n; CI: confidence interval; NE: not estimable. PT: Preferred Term, SOC: System Organ Class.

[a] Median time to first event is from Kaplan-Meier estimate. Confidence Interval for median was computed using the Brookmeyer-Crowley method.

[b] Hazard ratio is from unstratified Cox proportional hazards model with treatment as the only categorical variable in the model. Confidence limits are based on the Wald test.

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SOC: General disorders and administration site conditions; PT: Fatigue

Subgroup	n	Quizartinib (N=265)				Placebo (N=268)				Quizartinib vs Placebo		Interaction
		No. of subjects with events (%)	No. of subjects censored (%)	Median (95 % CI) [a]	n	No. of subjects with events (%)	No. of subjects censored (%)	Median (95 % CI) [a]	n	Hazard Ratio (95 % CI) [b]	Unstratified log-rank p-value [c]	P-value [d]
Sex												0.6095
Male	124	14 (11.3)	110 (88.7)	NE (NE, NE)	120	9 (7.5)	111 (92.5)	NE (NE, NE)	120	1.403 (0.606, 3.248)	0.4275	
Female	141	15 (10.6)	126 (89.4)	NE (NE, NE)	148	14 (9.5)	134 (90.5)	NE (NE, NE)	148	0.996 (0.479, 2.070)	0.9919	

N: number of subjects in analysis set; n: number of subjects in subgroup category; %: proportion of number of subjects in n; CI: confidence interval; NE: not estimable. PT: Preferred Term, SOC: System Organ Class.

[a] Median time to first event is from Kaplan-Meier estimate. Confidence Interval for median was computed using the Brookmeyer-Crowley method.

[b] Hazard ratio is from unstratified Cox proportional hazards model with treatment as the only categorical variable in the model. Confidence limits are based on the Wald test.

[c] Two-sided p-value from unstratified log-rank test.

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SOC: General disorders and administration site conditions; PT: Fatigue

		Quizartinib (N=265)				Placebo (N=268)				Quizartinib vs Placebo		Interaction
Subgroup	n	No. of subjects with events (%)	No. of subjects censored (%)	Median (95 % CI) (months) [a]	n	No. of subjects with events (%)	No. of subjects censored (%)	Median (95 % CI) (months) [a]	Hazard Ratio (95 % CI) [b]	Unstratified log-rank p-value [c]	P-value [d]	
Race by 2 categories											0.2200	
White	157	17 (10.8)	140 (89.2)	NE (NE, NE)	161	17 (10.6)	144 (89.4)	NE (NE, NE)	0.891 (0.453, 1.752)	0.7383		
Non-white	108	12 (11.1)	96 (88.9)	NE (NE, NE)	107	6 (5.6)	101 (94.4)	NE (NE, NE)	1.915 (0.718, 5.106)	0.1862		

N: number of subjects in analysis set; n: number of subjects in subgroup category; %: proportion of number of subjects in n; CI: confidence interval; NE: not estimable. PT: Preferred Term, SOC: System Organ Class.

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SOC: General disorders and administration site conditions; PT: Fatigue

		Quizartinib (N=265)					Placebo (N=268)					Quizartinib vs Placebo		Interaction
Subgroup	n	No. of subjects with events (%)	No. of subjects censored (%)	Median (95 % CI) (months) [a]	n	No. of subjects with events (%)	No. of subjects censored (%)	Median (95 % CI) (months) [a]		Hazard Ratio (95 % CI) [b]	Unstratified log-rank p-value [c]	P-value [d]		
Geographic Region 1												0.8040		
North America	16	5 (31.3)	11 (68.8)	NE (1.4, NE)	18	6 (33.3)	12 (66.7)	30.2 (3.0, NE)		1.511 (0.448, 5.092)	0.5030			
Europe	161	15 (9.3)	146 (90.7)	NE (NE, NE)	161	12 (7.5)	149 (92.5)	NE (NE, NE)		1.063 (0.496, 2.281)	0.8740			
Asia/Other Regions	88	9 (10.2)	79 (89.8)	NE (NE, NE)	89	5 (5.6)	84 (94.4)	NE (NE, NE)		1.699 (0.568, 5.077)	0.3361			

N: number of subjects in analysis set; n: number of subjects in subgroup category; %: proportion of number of subjects in n; CI: confidence interval; NE: not estimable. PT: Preferred Term, SOC: System Organ Class.

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[b] Hazard ratio is from unstratified Cox proportional hazards model with treatment as the only categorical variable in the model. Confidence limits are based on the Wald test.

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SOC: General disorders and administration site conditions; PT: Fatigue

		Quizartinib (N=265)				Placebo (N=268)				Quizartinib vs Placebo		Interaction
Subgroup	n	No. of subjects with events (%)	No. of subjects censored (%)	Median (95 % CI) (months) [a]	n	No. of subjects with events (%)	No. of subjects censored (%)	Median (95 % CI) (months) [a]	Hazard Ratio (95 % CI) [b]	Unstratified log-rank p-value [c]	P-value [d]	
WBC at initial diagnosis											0.2992	
< 40x10 ⁹ /L	132	15 (11.4)	117 (88.6)	NE (NE, NE)	133	10 (7.5)	123 (92.5)	NE (NE, NE)	1.543 (0.693, 3.438)	0.2842		
≥ 40x10 ⁹ /L	133	14 (10.5)	119 (89.5)	NE (NE, NE)	135	13 (9.6)	122 (90.4)	NE (NE, NE)	0.878 (0.410, 1.881)	0.7368		

N: number of subjects in analysis set; n: number of subjects in subgroup category; %: proportion of number of subjects in n; CI: confidence interval; NE: not estimable. PT: Preferred Term, SOC: System Organ Class.

[a] Median time to first event is from Kaplan-Meier estimate. Confidence Interval for median was computed using the Brookmeyer-Crowley method.

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[c] Two-sided p-value from unstratified log-rank test.

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SOC: General disorders and administration site conditions; PT: Fatigue

		Quizartinib (N=265)					Placebo (N=268)					Quizartinib vs Placebo		Interaction
Subgroup	n	No. of subjects with events (%)	No. of subjects censored (%)	Median (95 % CI) (months) [a]	n	No. of subjects with events (%)	No. of subjects censored (%)	Median (95 % CI) (months) [a]	CI	Hazard Ratio (95 % CI) [b]	Unstratified log-rank p-value [c]	P-value [d]		
Choice of Anthracycline												0.4337		
Daunorubicin	123	14 (11.4)	109 (88.6)	NE (NE, NE)	94	10 (10.6)	84 (89.4)	NE (NE, NE)	(30.2, 1.946)	0.857 (0.377, 1.946)	0.7109			
Idarubicin	142	15 (10.6)	127 (89.4)	NE (NE, NE)	171	12 (7.0)	159 (93.0)	NE (NE, NE)		1.424 (0.666, 3.045)	0.3605			

N: number of subjects in analysis set; n: number of subjects in subgroup category; %: proportion of number of subjects in n; CI: confidence interval; NE: not estimable. PT: Preferred Term, SOC: System Organ Class.

[a] Median time to first event is from Kaplan-Meier estimate. Confidence Interval for median was computed using the Brookmeyer-Crowley method.

[b] Hazard ratio is from unstratified Cox proportional hazards model with treatment as the only categorical variable in the model. Confidence limits are based on the Wald test.

[c] Two-sided p-value from unstratified log-rank test.

[d] Two-sided interaction p-value is for the interaction term from unstratified Cox proportional hazards model with treatment, subgroup, and treatment-by-subgroup interaction as categorical variables in the model. The p-value is based on the Wald test.

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Medizinischer Nutzen, medizinischer Zusatznutzen, Patientengruppen mit therap. bedeutsamem Zusatznutzen

Daichi Sankyo | Data Intelligence – Evidence Generation | Final | AC220-A-U302 QUANTUM-First (DCO 13 Aug 2021) | Statistical analyses for AMNOG (HTA Germany)
 Table 3.11.2 Treatment-emergent adverse events by system organ class (SOC) and preferred term (PT) observed for ≥ 10 patients in at least one arm and ≥ 1% of the patients in at least one arm - Time-to-event analysis - subgroup analysis - DCO 13-Aug-2021 - Safety Analysis Set

SOC: General disorders and administration site conditions; PT: Fatigue

		Quizartinib (N=265)					Placebo (N=268)					Quizartinib vs Placebo		Interaction
Subgroup	n	No. of subjects with events (%)	No. of subjects censored (%)	Median (95 % CI) (months) [a]	n	No. of subjects with events (%)	No. of subjects censored (%)	Median (95 % CI) (months) [a]		Hazard Ratio (95 % CI) [b]	Unstratified log-rank p-value [c]	P-value [d]		
AML Cytogenetic Risk Score												0.4620		
Favorable	13	0	13 (100)	NE (NE, NE)	19	5 (26.3)	14 (73.7)	NE (6.6, NE)		0.000 (0.000, NE)	0.0894			
Intermediate	195	26 (13.3)	169 (86.7)	NE (NE, NE)	190	14 (7.4)	176 (92.6)	NE (NE, NE)		1.613 (0.841, 3.095)	0.1464			
Unfavorable	19	2 (10.5)	17 (89.5)	NE (8.4, NE)	27	1 (3.7)	26 (96.3)	NE (11.8, NE)		2.742 (0.248, 30.274)	0.3907			
Unknown	38	1 (2.6)	37 (97.4)	NE (NE, NE)	31	3 (9.7)	28 (90.3)	NE (17.0, NE)		0.278 (0.029, 2.693)	0.2379			

N: number of subjects in analysis set; n: number of subjects in subgroup category; %: proportion of number of subjects in n; CI: confidence interval; NE: not estimable. PT: Preferred Term, SOC: System Organ Class.

[a] Median time to first event is from Kaplan-Meier estimate. Confidence Interval for median was computed using the Brookmeyer-Crowley method.

[b] Hazard ratio is from unstratified Cox proportional hazards model with treatment as the only categorical variable in the model. Confidence limits are based on the Wald test.

[c] Two-sided p-value from unstratified log-rank test.

[d] Two-sided interaction p-value is for the interaction term from unstratified Cox proportional hazards model with treatment, subgroup, and treatment-by-subgroup interaction as categorical variables in the model. The p-value is based on the Wald test.

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SOC: General disorders and administration site conditions; PT: Fatigue

		Quizartinib (N=265)				Placebo (N=268)				Quizartinib vs Placebo		Interaction
Subgroup	n	No. of subjects with events (%)	No. of subjects censored (%)	Median (95 % CI) (months) [a]	n	No. of subjects with events (%)	No. of subjects censored (%)	Median (95 % CI) (months) [a]	Hazard Ratio (95 % CI) [b]	Unstratified log-rank p-value [c]	P-value [d]	
ECOG Performance Status at Baseline											0.5482	
0 - Fully Active	87	9 (10.3)	78 (89.7)	NE (NE, NE)	97	9 (9.3)	88 (90.7)	NE (NE, NE)	1.004 (0.398, 2.533)	0.9930		
1 - Restricted in Physically Strenuous Activity	133	13 (9.8)	120 (90.2)	NE (NE, NE)	134	12 (9.0)	122 (91.0)	NE (NE, NE)	0.975 (0.444, 2.143)	0.9492		
2 - Ambulatory and Capable of All Selfcare	45	7 (15.6)	38 (84.4)	NE (NE, NE)	36	2 (5.6)	34 (94.4)	NE (NE, NE)	2.902 (0.600, 14.039)	0.1646		

N: number of subjects in analysis set; n: number of subjects in subgroup category; %: proportion of number of subjects in n; CI: confidence interval; NE: not estimable. PT: Preferred Term, SOC: System Organ Class.

[a] Median time to first event is from Kaplan-Meier estimate. Confidence Interval for median was computed using the Brookmeyer-Crowley method.

[b] Hazard ratio is from unstratified Cox proportional hazards model with treatment as the only categorical variable in the model. Confidence limits are based on the Wald test.

[c] Two-sided p-value from unstratified log-rank test.

[d] Two-sided interaction p-value is for the interaction term from unstratified Cox proportional hazards model with treatment, subgroup, and treatment-by-subgroup interaction as categorical variables in the model. The p-value is based on the Wald test.

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SOC: General disorders and administration site conditions; PT: Fatigue

Subgroup	n	Quizartinib (N=265)				Placebo (N=268)				Quizartinib vs Placebo		Interaction
		No. of subjects with events (%)	No. of subjects censored (%)	Median (95 % CI) (months) [a]	n	No. of subjects with events (%)	No. of subjects censored (%)	Median (95 % CI) (months) [a]	n	Hazard Ratio (95 % CI) [b]	Unstratified log-rank p-value [c]	P-value [d]
FLT3-ITD category at Baseline											0.9002	
≥3 to ≤25%	94	10 (10.6)	84 (89.4)	NE (NE, NE)	98	10 (10.2)	88 (89.8)	NE (NE, NE)	98	1.010 (0.420, 2.432)	0.9799	
>25% to ≤50%	141	18 (12.8)	123 (87.2)	NE (NE, NE)	136	12 (8.8)	124 (91.2)	NE (NE, NE)	136	1.295 (0.622, 2.696)	0.4880	
>50%	29	1 (3.4)	28 (96.6)	NE (NE, NE)	34	1 (2.9)	33 (97.1)	NE (NE, NE)	34	1.140 (0.071, 18.227)	0.9265	

N: number of subjects in analysis set; n: number of subjects in subgroup category; %: proportion of number of subjects in n; CI: confidence interval; NE: not estimable. PT: Preferred Term, SOC: System Organ Class.

[a] Median time to first event is from Kaplan-Meier estimate. Confidence Interval for median was computed using the Brookmeyer-Crowley method.

[b] Hazard ratio is from unstratified Cox proportional hazards model with treatment as the only categorical variable in the model. Confidence limits are based on the Wald test.

[c] Two-sided p-value from unstratified log-rank test.

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SOC: General disorders and administration site conditions; PT: Fatigue

Subgroup	n	Quizartinib (N=265)				Placebo (N=268)				Quizartinib vs Placebo		Interaction
		No. of subjects with events (%)	No. of subjects censored (%)	Median (95 % CI) (months) [a]	n	No. of subjects with events (%)	No. of subjects censored (%)	Median (95 % CI) (months) [a]	n	Hazard Ratio (95 % CI) [b]	Unstratified log-rank p-value [c]	P-value [d]
AML with Mutated NPM1											0.6358	
Yes	139	19 (13.7)	120 (86.3)	NE (NE, NE)	137	16 (11.7)	121 (88.3)	NE (NE, NE)	137	1.055 (0.541, 2.056)	0.8748	
No	116	10 (8.6)	106 (91.4)	NE (NE, NE)	120	7 (5.8)	113 (94.2)	NE (NE, NE)	120	1.399 (0.532, 3.682)	0.4947	

N: number of subjects in analysis set; n: number of subjects in subgroup category; %: proportion of number of subjects in n; CI: confidence interval; NE: not estimable. PT: Preferred Term, SOC: System Organ Class.

[a] Median time to first event is from Kaplan-Meier estimate. Confidence Interval for median was computed using the Brookmeyer-Crowley method.

[b] Hazard ratio is from unstratified Cox proportional hazards model with treatment as the only categorical variable in the model. Confidence limits are based on the Wald test.

[c] Two-sided p-value from unstratified log-rank test.

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SOC: General disorders and administration site conditions; PT: Fatigue

Subgroup	n	Quizartinib (N=265)				Placebo (N=268)				Quizartinib vs Placebo		Interaction
		No. of subjects with events (%)	No. of subjects censored (%)	Median (95 % CI) (months) [a]	n	No. of subjects with events (%)	No. of subjects censored (%)	Median (95 % CI) (months) [a]	n	Hazard Ratio (95 % CI) [b]	Unstratified log-rank p-value [c]	P-value [d]
Age by 2 categories											0.2679	
≤60	164	15 (9.1)	149 (90.9)	NE (NE, NE)	163	14 (8.6)	149 (91.4)	NE (NE, NE)		0.877 (0.421, 1.827)	0.7263	
>60	101	14 (13.9)	87 (86.1)	NE (NE, NE)	105	9 (8.6)	96 (91.4)	NE (30.2, NE)		1.670 (0.722, 3.860)	0.2255	

N: number of subjects in analysis set; n: number of subjects in subgroup category; %: proportion of number of subjects in n; CI: confidence interval; NE: not estimable. PT: Preferred Term, SOC: System Organ Class.

[a] Median time to first event is from Kaplan-Meier estimate. Confidence Interval for median was computed using the Brookmeyer-Crowley method.

[b] Hazard ratio is from unstratified Cox proportional hazards model with treatment as the only categorical variable in the model. Confidence limits are based on the Wald test.

[c] Two-sided p-value from unstratified log-rank test.

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SOC: General disorders and administration site conditions; PT: Asthenia

Subgroup	n	Quizartinib (N=265)				Placebo (N=268)				Quizartinib vs Placebo		Interaction
		No. of subjects with events (%)	No. of subjects censored (%)	Median (95 % CI) (months) [a]	n	No. of subjects with events (%)	No. of subjects censored (%)	Median (95 % CI) (months) [a]	n	Hazard Ratio (95 % CI) [b]	Unstratified log-rank p-value [c]	P-value [d]
Pooled Age Group 2											0.0486	
<60	159	5 (3.1)	154 (96.9)	NE (NE, NE)	160	14 (8.8)	146 (91.3)	NE (NE, NE)	0.335 (0.121, 0.931)	0.0277		
≥60 - <65	37	3 (8.1)	34 (91.9)	NE (NE, NE)	43	3 (7.0)	40 (93.0)	NE (NE, NE)	1.037 (0.207, 5.183)	0.9648		
≥65	69	8 (11.6)	61 (88.4)	NE (NE, NE)	65	4 (6.2)	61 (93.8)	NE (NE, NE)	2.308 (0.693, 7.687)	0.1610		

N: number of subjects in analysis set; n: number of subjects in subgroup category; %: proportion of number of subjects in n; CI: confidence interval; NE: not estimable. PT: Preferred Term, SOC: System Organ Class.

[a] Median time to first event is from Kaplan-Meier estimate. Confidence Interval for median was computed using the Brookmeyer-Crowley method.

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		No. of subjects with events (%)	No. of subjects censored (%)	Median (95 % CI) (months) [a]	n	No. of subjects with events (%)	No. of subjects censored (%)	Median (95 % CI) (months) [a]	n	Hazard Ratio (95 % CI) [b]	Unstratified log-rank p-value [c]	P-value [d]
Sex												0.2182
Male	124	8 (6.5)	116 (93.5)	NE (NE, NE)	120	6 (5.0)	114 (95.0)	NE (NE, NE)	120	1.206 (0.418, 3.483)	0.7284	
Female	141	8 (5.7)	133 (94.3)	NE (NE, NE)	148	15 (10.1)	133 (89.9)	NE (NE, NE)	148	0.516 (0.218, 1.218)	0.1244	

N: number of subjects in analysis set; n: number of subjects in subgroup category; %: proportion of number of subjects in n; CI: confidence interval; NE: not estimable. PT: Preferred Term, SOC: System Organ Class.

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Subgroup	n	No. of subjects with events (%)	No. of subjects censored (%)	Median (95 % CI) (months) [a]	n	No. of subjects with events (%)	No. of subjects censored (%)	Median (95 % CI) (months) [a]	Hazard Ratio (95 % CI) [b]	Unstratified log-rank p-value [c]	P-value [d]	
Race by 2 categories											0.5811	
White	157	10 (6.4)	147 (93.6)	NE (NE, NE)	161	15 (9.3)	146 (90.7)	NE (NE, NE)	0.638 (0.286, 1.421)	0.2674		
Non-white	108	6 (5.6)	102 (94.4)	NE (NE, NE)	107	6 (5.6)	101 (94.4)	NE (NE, NE)	0.909 (0.293, 2.822)	0.8689		

N: number of subjects in analysis set; n: number of subjects in subgroup category; %: proportion of number of subjects in n; CI: confidence interval; NE: not estimable. PT: Preferred Term, SOC: System Organ Class.

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		Quizartinib (N=265)				Placebo (N=268)				Quizartinib vs Placebo		Interaction
Subgroup	n	No. of subjects with events (%)	No. of subjects censored (%)	Median (95 % CI) (months) [a]	n	No. of subjects with events (%)	No. of subjects censored (%)	Median (95 % CI) (months) [a]	Hazard Ratio (95 % CI) [b]	Unstratified log-rank p-value [c]	P-value [d]	
Geographic Region 1											0.5734	
North America	16	1 (6.3)	15 (93.8)	NE (2.2, NE)	18	0	18 (100)	NE (NE, NE)	NE (0.000, NE)	0.1824		
Europe	161	10 (6.2)	151 (93.8)	NE (NE, NE)	161	17 (10.6)	144 (89.4)	NE (NE, NE)	0.527 (0.241, 1.154)	0.1037		
Asia/Other Regions	88	5 (5.7)	83 (94.3)	NE (NE, NE)	89	4 (4.5)	85 (95.5)	NE (NE, NE)	1.120 (0.300, 4.186)	0.8659		

N: number of subjects in analysis set; n: number of subjects in subgroup category; %: proportion of number of subjects in n; CI: confidence interval; NE: not estimable. PT: Preferred Term, SOC: System Organ Class.

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		Quizartinib (N=265)				Placebo (N=268)				Quizartinib vs Placebo		Interaction
Subgroup	n	No. of subjects with events (%)	No. of subjects censored (%)	Median (95 % CI) (months) [a]	n	No. of subjects with events (%)	No. of subjects censored (%)	Median (95 % CI) (months) [a]	Hazard Ratio (95 % CI) [b]	Unstratified log-rank p-value [c]	P-value [d]	
WBC at initial diagnosis											0.4464	
< 40x10 ⁹ /L	132	9 (6.8)	123 (93.2)	NE (NE, NE)	133	10 (7.5)	123 (92.5)	NE (NE, NE)	0.910 (0.369, 2.241)	0.8371		
≥ 40x10 ⁹ /L	133	7 (5.3)	126 (94.7)	NE (NE, NE)	135	11 (8.1)	124 (91.9)	NE (NE, NE)	0.554 (0.214, 1.435)	0.2177		

N: number of subjects in analysis set; n: number of subjects in subgroup category; %: proportion of number of subjects in n; CI: confidence interval; NE: not estimable. PT: Preferred Term, SOC: System Organ Class.

[a] Median time to first event is from Kaplan-Meier estimate. Confidence Interval for median was computed using the Brookmeyer-Crowley method.

[b] Hazard ratio is from unstratified Cox proportional hazards model with treatment as the only categorical variable in the model. Confidence limits are based on the Wald test.

[c] Two-sided p-value from unstratified log-rank test.

[d] Two-sided interaction p-value is for the interaction term from unstratified Cox proportional hazards model with treatment, subgroup, and treatment-by-subgroup interaction as categorical variables in the model. The p-value is based on the Wald test.

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Medizinischer Nutzen, medizinischer Zusatznutzen, Patientengruppen mit therap. bedeutsamem Zusatznutzen

Daiichi Sankyo | Data Intelligence – Evidence Generation | Final | AC220-A-U302 QUANTUM-First (DCO 13 Aug 2021) | Statistical analyses for AMNOG (HTA Germany)
 Table 3.11.2 Treatment-emergent adverse events by system organ class (SOC) and preferred term (PT) observed for ≥ 10 patients in at least one arm and ≥ 1% of the patients in at least one arm - Time-to-event analysis - subgroup analysis - DCO 13-Aug-2021 - Safety Analysis Set

SOC: General disorders and administration site conditions; PT: Asthenia

Subgroup	n	Quizartinib (N=265)				Placebo (N=268)				Quizartinib vs Placebo		Interaction
		No. of subjects with events (%)	No. of subjects censored (%)	Median (95 % CI) (months) [a]	n	No. of subjects with events (%)	No. of subjects censored (%)	Median (95 % CI) (months) [a]	n	Hazard Ratio (95 % CI) [b]	Unstratified log-rank p-value [c]	P-value [d]
Choice of Anthracycline											0.9242	
Daunorubicin	123	7 (5.7)	116 (94.3)	NE (NE, NE)	94	7 (7.4)	87 (92.6)	NE (NE, NE)	0.689 (0.241, 1.970)	0.4845		
Idarubicin	142	9 (6.3)	133 (93.7)	NE (NE, NE)	171	14 (8.2)	157 (91.8)	NE (NE, NE)	0.730 (0.316, 1.688)	0.4599		

N: number of subjects in analysis set; n: number of subjects in subgroup category; %: proportion of number of subjects in n; CI: confidence interval; NE: not estimable. PT: Preferred Term, SOC: System Organ Class.

[a] Median time to first event is from Kaplan-Meier estimate. Confidence Interval for median was computed using the Brookmeyer-Crowley method.

[b] Hazard ratio is from unstratified Cox proportional hazards model with treatment as the only categorical variable in the model. Confidence limits are based on the Wald test.

[c] Two-sided p-value from unstratified log-rank test.

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SOC: General disorders and administration site conditions; PT: Asthenia

Subgroup	n	Quizartinib (N=265)				Placebo (N=268)				Quizartinib vs Placebo		Interaction
		No. of subjects with events (%)	No. of subjects censored (%)	Median (95 % CI) (months) [a]	n	No. of subjects with events (%)	No. of subjects censored (%)	Median (95 % CI) (months) [a]	n	Hazard Ratio (95 % CI) [b]	Unstratified log-rank p-value [c]	P-value [d]
AML Cytogenetic Risk Score											0.8610	
Favorable	13	0	13 (100)	NE (NE, NE)	19	1 (5.3)	18 (94.7)	NE (NE, NE)	0.000 (0.000, NE)	0.4081		
Intermediate	195	14 (7.2)	181 (92.8)	NE (NE, NE)	190	14 (7.4)	176 (92.6)	NE (NE, NE)	0.879 (0.418, 1.846)	0.7343		
Unfavorable	19	0	19 (100)	NE (NE, NE)	27	2 (7.4)	25 (92.6)	NE (NE, NE)	0.000 (0.000, NE)	0.2400		
Unknown	38	2 (5.3)	36 (94.7)	NE (NE, NE)	31	4 (12.9)	27 (87.1)	NE (NE, NE)	0.372 (0.068, 2.037)	0.2353		

N: number of subjects in analysis set; n: number of subjects in subgroup category; %: proportion of number of subjects in n; CI: confidence interval; NE: not estimable. PT: Preferred Term, SOC: System Organ Class.

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[c] Two-sided p-value from unstratified log-rank test.

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SOC: General disorders and administration site conditions; PT: Asthenia

		Quizartinib (N=265)					Placebo (N=268)					Quizartinib vs Placebo		Interaction
Subgroup	n	No. of subjects with events (%)	No. of subjects censored (%)	Median (95 % CI) (months) [a]	n	No. of subjects with events (%)	No. of subjects censored (%)	Median (95 % CI) (months) [a]	Hazard Ratio (95 % CI) [b]	Unstratified log-rank p-value [c]	P-value [d]			
ECOG Performance Status at Baseline												0.9883		
0 - Fully Active	87	8 (9.2)	79 (90.8)	NE (NE, NE)	97	11 (11.3)	86 (88.7)	NE (NE, NE)	0.745 (0.299, 1.856)	0.5270				
1 - Restricted in Physically Strenuous Activity	133	7 (5.3)	126 (94.7)	NE (NE, NE)	134	10 (7.5)	124 (92.5)	NE (NE, NE)	0.663 (0.252, 1.743)	0.4013				
2 - Ambulatory and Capable of All Selfcare	45	1 (2.2)	44 (97.8)	NE (NE, NE)	36	0	36 (100)	NE (NE, NE)	NE (0.000, NE)	0.5930				

N: number of subjects in analysis set; n: number of subjects in subgroup category; %: proportion of number of subjects in n; CI: confidence interval; NE: not estimable. PT: Preferred Term, SOC: System Organ Class.

[a] Median time to first event is from Kaplan-Meier estimate. Confidence Interval for median was computed using the Brookmeyer-Crowley method.

[b] Hazard ratio is from unstratified Cox proportional hazards model with treatment as the only categorical variable in the model. Confidence limits are based on the Wald test.

[c] Two-sided p-value from unstratified log-rank test.

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SOC: General disorders and administration site conditions; PT: Asthenia

Subgroup	n	Quizartinib (N=265)				Placebo (N=268)				Quizartinib vs Placebo		Interaction
		No. of subjects with events (%)	No. of subjects censored (%)	Median (95 % CI) (months) [a]	n	No. of subjects with events (%)	No. of subjects censored (%)	Median (95 % CI) (months) [a]	n	Hazard Ratio (95 % CI) [b]	Unstratified log-rank p-value [c]	P-value [d]
FLT3-ITD category at Baseline											0.6850	
≥3 to ≤25%	94	4 (4.3)	90 (95.7)	NE (NE, NE)	98	7 (7.1)	91 (92.9)	NE (NE, NE)	98	0.592 (0.173, 2.025)	0.3981	
>25% to ≤50%	141	10 (7.1)	131 (92.9)	NE (NE, NE)	136	13 (9.6)	123 (90.4)	NE (NE, NE)	136	0.690 (0.302, 1.576)	0.3771	
>50%	29	2 (6.9)	27 (93.1)	NE (NE, NE)	34	1 (2.9)	33 (97.1)	NE (6.8, NE)	34	1.931 (0.172, 21.723)	0.5878	

N: number of subjects in analysis set; n: number of subjects in subgroup category; %: proportion of number of subjects in n; CI: confidence interval; NE: not estimable. PT: Preferred Term, SOC: System Organ Class.

[a] Median time to first event is from Kaplan-Meier estimate. Confidence Interval for median was computed using the Brookmeyer-Crowley method.

[b] Hazard ratio is from unstratified Cox proportional hazards model with treatment as the only categorical variable in the model. Confidence limits are based on the Wald test.

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SOC: General disorders and administration site conditions; PT: Asthenia

Subgroup	n	Quizartinib (N=265)				Placebo (N=268)				Quizartinib vs Placebo		Interaction
		No. of subjects with events (%)	No. of subjects censored (%)	Median (95 % CI) (months) [a]	n	No. of subjects with events (%)	No. of subjects censored (%)	Median (95 % CI) (months) [a]	n	Hazard Ratio (95 % CI) [b]	Unstratified log-rank p-value [c]	P-value [d]
AML with Mutated NPM1											0.5198	
Yes	139	10 (7.2)	129 (92.8)	NE (NE, NE)	137	11 (8.0)	126 (92.0)	NE (NE, NE)	137	0.847 (0.359, 1.998)	0.7043	
No	116	6 (5.2)	110 (94.8)	NE (NE, NE)	120	10 (8.3)	110 (91.7)	NE (NE, NE)	120	0.568 (0.206, 1.564)	0.2674	

N: number of subjects in analysis set; n: number of subjects in subgroup category; %: proportion of number of subjects in n; CI: confidence interval; NE: not estimable. PT: Preferred Term, SOC: System Organ Class.

[a] Median time to first event is from Kaplan-Meier estimate. Confidence Interval for median was computed using the Brookmeyer-Crowley method.

[b] Hazard ratio is from unstratified Cox proportional hazards model with treatment as the only categorical variable in the model. Confidence limits are based on the Wald test.

[c] Two-sided p-value from unstratified log-rank test.

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SOC: General disorders and administration site conditions; PT: Asthenia

Subgroup	n	Quizartinib (N=265)				Placebo (N=268)				Quizartinib vs Placebo		Interaction
		No. of subjects with events (%)	No. of subjects censored (%)	Median (95 % CI) (months) [a]	n	No. of subjects with events (%)	No. of subjects censored (%)	Median (95 % CI) (months) [a]	n	Hazard Ratio (95 % CI) [b]	Unstratified log-rank p-value [c]	P-value [d]
Age by 2 categories											0.0138	
≤60	164	5 (3.0)	159 (97.0)	NE (NE, NE)	163	14 (8.6)	149 (91.4)	NE (NE, NE)	163	0.330 (0.119, 0.918)	0.0255	
>60	101	11 (10.9)	90 (89.1)	NE (NE, NE)	105	7 (6.7)	98 (93.3)	NE (NE, NE)	105	1.757 (0.680, 4.542)	0.2383	

N: number of subjects in analysis set; n: number of subjects in subgroup category; %: proportion of number of subjects in n; CI: confidence interval; NE: not estimable. PT: Preferred Term, SOC: System Organ Class.

[a] Median time to first event is from Kaplan-Meier estimate. Confidence Interval for median was computed using the Brookmeyer-Crowley method.

[b] Hazard ratio is from unstratified Cox proportional hazards model with treatment as the only categorical variable in the model. Confidence limits are based on the Wald test.

[c] Two-sided p-value from unstratified log-rank test.

[d] Two-sided interaction p-value is for the interaction term from unstratified Cox proportional hazards model with treatment, subgroup, and treatment-by-subgroup interaction as categorical variables in the model. The p-value is based on the Wald test.

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SOC: General disorders and administration site conditions; PT: Non-cardiac chest pain

Subgroup	n	Quizartinib (N=265)				Placebo (N=268)				Quizartinib vs Placebo		Interaction
		No. of subjects with events (%)	No. of subjects censored (%)	Median (95 % CI) (months) [a]	n	No. of subjects with events (%)	No. of subjects censored (%)	Median (95 % CI) (months) [a]	n	Hazard Ratio (95 % CI) [b]	Unstratified log-rank p-value [c]	P-value [d]
Pooled Age Group 2											0.7594	
<60	159	9 (5.7)	150 (94.3)	NE (NE, NE)	160	3 (1.9)	157 (98.1)	NE (NE, NE)	160	2.806 (0.758, 10.388)	0.1065	
≥60 - <65	37	1 (2.7)	36 (97.3)	NE (NE, NE)	43	1 (2.3)	42 (97.7)	NE (NE, NE)	43	1.203 (0.075, 19.237)	0.8958	
≥65	69	4 (5.8)	65 (94.2)	NE (26.1, NE)	65	1 (1.5)	64 (98.5)	NE (NE, NE)	65	4.213 (0.471, 37.709)	0.1617	

N: number of subjects in analysis set; n: number of subjects in subgroup category; %: proportion of number of subjects in n; CI: confidence interval; NE: not estimable. PT: Preferred Term, SOC: System Organ Class.

[a] Median time to first event is from Kaplan-Meier estimate. Confidence Interval for median was computed using the Brookmeyer-Crowley method.

[b] Hazard ratio is from unstratified Cox proportional hazards model with treatment as the only categorical variable in the model. Confidence limits are based on the Wald test.

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SOC: General disorders and administration site conditions; PT: Non-cardiac chest pain

Subgroup	n	Quizartinib (N=265)				Placebo (N=268)				Quizartinib vs Placebo		Interaction
		No. of subjects with events (%)	No. of subjects censored (%)	Median (95 % CI) (months) [a]	n	No. of subjects with events (%)	No. of subjects censored (%)	Median (95 % CI) (months) [a]	n	Hazard Ratio (95 % CI) [b]	Unstratified log-rank p-value [c]	P-value [d]
Sex												0.4184
Male	124	6 (4.8)	118 (95.2)	NE (NE, NE)	120	1 (0.8)	119 (99.2)	NE (NE, NE)	120	5.352 (0.644, 44.505)	0.0818	
Female	141	8 (5.7)	133 (94.3)	NE (NE, NE)	148	4 (2.7)	144 (97.3)	NE (NE, NE)	148	2.103 (0.633, 6.989)	0.2143	

N: number of subjects in analysis set; n: number of subjects in subgroup category; %: proportion of number of subjects in n; CI: confidence interval; NE: not estimable. PT: Preferred Term, SOC: System Organ Class.

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SOC: General disorders and administration site conditions; PT: Non-cardiac chest pain

		Quizartinib (N=265)				Placebo (N=268)				Quizartinib vs Placebo		Interaction
Subgroup	n	No. of subjects with events (%)	No. of subjects censored (%)	Median (95 % CI) (months) [a]	n	No. of subjects with events (%)	No. of subjects censored (%)	Median (95 % CI) (months) [a]	Hazard Ratio (95 % CI) [b]	Unstratified log-rank p-value [c]	P-value [d]	
Race by 2 categories											0.7288	
White	157	10 (6.4)	147 (93.6)	NE (NE, NE)	161	4 (2.5)	157 (97.5)	NE (NE, NE)	2.449 (0.767, 7.823)	0.1182		
Non-white	108	4 (3.7)	104 (96.3)	NE (NE, NE)	107	1 (0.9)	106 (99.1)	NE (NE, NE)	3.726 (0.416, 33.402)	0.2072		

N: number of subjects in analysis set; n: number of subjects in subgroup category; %: proportion of number of subjects in n; CI: confidence interval; NE: not estimable. PT: Preferred Term, SOC: System Organ Class.

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[c] Two-sided p-value from unstratified log-rank test.

[d] Two-sided interaction p-value is for the interaction term from unstratified Cox proportional hazards model with treatment, subgroup, and treatment-by-subgroup interaction as categorical variables in the model. The p-value is based on the Wald test.

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SOC: General disorders and administration site conditions; PT: Non-cardiac chest pain

		Quizartinib (N=265)				Placebo (N=268)				Quizartinib vs Placebo		Interaction
Subgroup	n	No. of subjects with events (%)	No. of subjects censored (%)	Median (95 % CI) (months) [a]	n	No. of subjects with events (%)	No. of subjects censored (%)	Median (95 % CI) (months) [a]	Hazard Ratio (95 % CI) [b]	Unstratified log-rank p-value [c]	P-value [d]	
Geographic Region 1											0.6839	
North America	16	3 (18.8)	13 (81.3)	NE (2.3, NE)	18	1 (5.6)	17 (94.4)	NE (NE, NE)	4.175 (0.432, 40.378)	0.1803		
Europe	161	6 (3.7)	155 (96.3)	NE (NE, NE)	161	3 (1.9)	158 (98.1)	NE (NE, NE)	1.819 (0.454, 7.293)	0.3912		
Asia/Other Regions	88	5 (5.7)	83 (94.3)	NE (NE, NE)	89	1 (1.1)	88 (98.9)	NE (NE, NE)	5.040 (0.589, 43.146)	0.1004		

N: number of subjects in analysis set; n: number of subjects in subgroup category; %: proportion of number of subjects in n; CI: confidence interval; NE: not estimable. PT: Preferred Term, SOC: System Organ Class.

[a] Median time to first event is from Kaplan-Meier estimate. Confidence Interval for median was computed using the Brookmeyer-Crowley method.

[b] Hazard ratio is from unstratified Cox proportional hazards model with treatment as the only categorical variable in the model. Confidence limits are based on the Wald test.

[c] Two-sided p-value from unstratified log-rank test.

[d] Two-sided interaction p-value is for the interaction term from unstratified Cox proportional hazards model with treatment, subgroup, and treatment-by-subgroup interaction as categorical variables in the model. The p-value is based on the Wald test.

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Run date: 21JUL2023 – 22:02; Program name: DE_T_3_11_2.sas; Output name: DE_T_3_11_2_TEAESOCPT_SUB_SAS.rtf

Medizinischer Nutzen, medizinischer Zusatznutzen, Patientengruppen mit therap. bedeutsamem Zusatznutzen

Daiichi Sankyo | Data Intelligence – Evidence Generation | Final | AC220-A-U302 QUANTUM-First (DCO 13 Aug 2021) | Statistical analyses for AMNOG (HTA Germany)
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SOC: General disorders and administration site conditions; PT: Non-cardiac chest pain

		Quizartinib (N=265)				Placebo (N=268)				Quizartinib vs Placebo		Interaction
Subgroup	n	No. of subjects with events (%)	No. of subjects censored (%)	Median (95 % CI) (months) [a]	n	No. of subjects with events (%)	No. of subjects censored (%)	Median (95 % CI) (months) [a]	Hazard Ratio (95 % CI) [b]	Unstratified log-rank p-value [c]	P-value [d]	
WBC at initial diagnosis											0.9876	
< 40x10 ⁹ /L	132	5 (3.8)	127 (96.2)	NE (NE, NE)	133	2 (1.5)	131 (98.5)	NE (NE, NE)	2.539 (0.492, 13.105)	0.2487		
≥ 40x10 ⁹ /L	133	9 (6.8)	124 (93.2)	NE (NE, NE)	135	3 (2.2)	132 (97.8)	NE (NE, NE)	2.681 (0.725, 9.924)	0.1242		

N: number of subjects in analysis set; n: number of subjects in subgroup category; %: proportion of number of subjects in n; CI: confidence interval; NE: not estimable. PT: Preferred Term, SOC: System Organ Class.

[a] Median time to first event is from Kaplan-Meier estimate. Confidence Interval for median was computed using the Brookmeyer-Crowley method.

[b] Hazard ratio is from unstratified Cox proportional hazards model with treatment as the only categorical variable in the model. Confidence limits are based on the Wald test.

[c] Two-sided p-value from unstratified log-rank test.

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SOC: General disorders and administration site conditions; PT: Non-cardiac chest pain

		Quizartinib (N=265)				Placebo (N=268)				Quizartinib vs Placebo		Interaction
Subgroup	n	No. of subjects with events (%)	No. of subjects censored (%)	Median (95 % CI) (months) [a]	n	No. of subjects with events (%)	No. of subjects censored (%)	Median (95 % CI) (months) [a]	Hazard Ratio (95 % CI) [b]	Unstratified log-rank p-value [c]	P-value [d]	
Choice of Anthracycline											0.1150	
Daunorubicin	123	2 (1.6)	121 (98.4)	NE (NE, NE)	94	2 (2.1)	92 (97.9)	NE (NE, NE)	0.749 (0.105, 5.315)	0.7715		
Idarubicin	142	12 (8.5)	130 (91.5)	NE (NE, NE)	171	3 (1.8)	168 (98.2)	NE (NE, NE)	4.633 (1.306, 16.433)	0.0090		

N: number of subjects in analysis set; n: number of subjects in subgroup category; %: proportion of number of subjects in n; CI: confidence interval; NE: not estimable. PT: Preferred Term, SOC: System Organ Class.

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SOC: General disorders and administration site conditions; PT: Non-cardiac chest pain

Subgroup	n	Quizartinib (N=265)				Placebo (N=268)				Quizartinib vs Placebo		Interaction
		No. of subjects with events (%)	No. of subjects censored (%)	Median (95 % CI) (months) [a]	n	No. of subjects with events (%)	No. of subjects censored (%)	Median (95 % CI) (months) [a]	n	Hazard Ratio (95 % CI) [b]	Unstratified log-rank p-value [c]	P-value [d]
AML Cytogenetic Risk Score											0.9664	
Favorable	13	0	13 (100)	NE (NE, NE)	19	0	19 (100)	NE (NE, NE)	19	NE (NE, NE)	NE	
Intermediate	195	9 (4.6)	186 (95.4)	NE (NE, NE)	190	3 (1.6)	187 (98.4)	NE (NE, NE)	190	2.757 (0.745, 10.200)	0.1129	
Unfavorable	19	1 (5.3)	18 (94.7)	NE (6.1, NE)	27	1 (3.7)	26 (96.3)	NE (NE, NE)	27	1.299 (0.081, 20.918)	0.8532	
Unknown	38	4 (10.5)	34 (89.5)	NE (26.1, NE)	31	1 (3.2)	30 (96.8)	NE (NE, NE)	31	3.298 (0.364, 29.851)	0.2610	

N: number of subjects in analysis set; n: number of subjects in subgroup category; %: proportion of number of subjects in n; CI: confidence interval; NE: not estimable. PT: Preferred Term, SOC: System Organ Class.

[a] Median time to first event is from Kaplan-Meier estimate. Confidence Interval for median was computed using the Brookmeyer-Crowley method.

[b] Hazard ratio is from unstratified Cox proportional hazards model with treatment as the only categorical variable in the model. Confidence limits are based on the Wald test.

[c] Two-sided p-value from unstratified log-rank test.

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SOC: General disorders and administration site conditions; PT: Non-cardiac chest pain

		Quizartinib (N=265)				Placebo (N=268)				Quizartinib vs Placebo		Interaction
Subgroup	n	No. of subjects with events (%)	No. of subjects censored (%)	Median (95 % CI) (months) [a]	n	No. of subjects with events (%)	No. of subjects censored (%)	Median (95 % CI) (months) [a]	Hazard Ratio (95 % CI) [b]	Unstratified log-rank p-value [c]	P-value [d]	
ECOG Performance Status at Baseline											0.9636	
0 - Fully Active	87	6 (6.9)	81 (93.1)	NE (NE, NE)	97	2 (2.1)	95 (97.9)	NE (NE, NE)	3.073 (0.619, 15.265)	0.1484		
1 - Restricted in Physically Strenuous Activity	133	5 (3.8)	128 (96.2)	NE (NE, NE)	134	2 (1.5)	132 (98.5)	NE (NE, NE)	2.460 (0.477, 12.692)	0.2661		
2 - Ambulatory and Capable of All Selfcare	45	3 (6.7)	42 (93.3)	NE (NE, NE)	36	1 (2.8)	35 (97.2)	NE (NE, NE)	2.360 (0.243, 22.880)	0.4453		

N: number of subjects in analysis set; n: number of subjects in subgroup category; %: proportion of number of subjects in n; CI: confidence interval; NE: not estimable. PT: Preferred Term, SOC: System Organ Class.

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[c] Two-sided p-value is for the interaction term from unstratified Cox proportional hazards model with treatment, subgroup, and treatment-by-subgroup interaction as categorical variables in the model.

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SOC: General disorders and administration site conditions; PT: Non-cardiac chest pain

Subgroup	n	Quizartinib (N=265)				Placebo (N=268)				Quizartinib vs Placebo		Interaction
		No. of subjects with events (%)	No. of subjects censored (%)	Median (95 % CI) (months) [a]	n	No. of subjects with events (%)	No. of subjects censored (%)	Median (95 % CI) (months) [a]	n	Hazard Ratio (95 % CI) [b]	Unstratified log-rank p-value [c]	P-value [d]
FLT3-ITD category at Baseline											0.9999	
≥3 to ≤25%	94	3 (3.2)	91 (96.8)	NE (NE, NE)	98	0	98 (100)	NE (NE, NE)	NE (NE, NE)	(0.000, NE)	0.0736	
>25% to ≤50%	141	8 (5.7)	133 (94.3)	NE (NE, NE)	136	5 (3.7)	131 (96.3)	NE (NE, NE)	1.484 (0.485, 4.542)	0.4863		
>50%	29	3 (10.3)	26 (89.7)	NE (NE, NE)	34	0	34 (100)	NE (NE, NE)	NE (NE, NE)	(0.000, NE)	0.0898	

N: number of subjects in analysis set; n: number of subjects in subgroup category; %: proportion of number of subjects in n; CI: confidence interval; NE: not estimable. PT: Preferred Term, SOC: System Organ Class.

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SOC: General disorders and administration site conditions; PT: Non-cardiac chest pain

Subgroup	n	Quizartinib (N=265)				Placebo (N=268)				Quizartinib vs Placebo		Interaction
		No. of subjects with events (%)	No. of subjects censored (%)	Median (95 % CI) (months) [a]	n	No. of subjects with events (%)	No. of subjects censored (%)	Median (95 % CI) (months) [a]	n	Hazard Ratio (95 % CI) [b]	Unstratified log-rank p-value [c]	P-value [d]
AML with Mutated NPM1											0.6947	
Yes	139	10 (7.2)	129 (92.8)	NE (NE, NE)	137	4 (2.9)	133 (97.1)	NE (NE, NE)	137	2.397 (0.751, 7.657)	0.1278	
No	116	4 (3.4)	112 (96.6)	NE (NE, NE)	120	1 (0.8)	119 (99.2)	NE (NE, NE)	120	3.811 (0.425, 34.163)	0.1984	

N: number of subjects in analysis set; n: number of subjects in subgroup category; %: proportion of number of subjects in n; CI: confidence interval; NE: not estimable. PT: Preferred Term, SOC: System Organ Class.

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[c] Two-sided p-value from unstratified log-rank test.

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SOC: General disorders and administration site conditions; PT: Non-cardiac chest pain

Subgroup	n	Quizartinib (N=265)				Placebo (N=268)				Quizartinib vs Placebo		Interaction
		No. of subjects with events (%)	No. of subjects censored (%)	Median (95 % CI) (months) [a]	n	No. of subjects with events (%)	No. of subjects censored (%)	Median (95 % CI) (months) [a]	n	Hazard Ratio (95 % CI) [b]	Unstratified log-rank p-value [c]	P-value [d]
Age by 2 categories											0.9858	
≤60	164	9 (5.5)	155 (94.5)	NE (NE, NE)	163	3 (1.8)	160 (98.2)	NE (NE, NE)	163	2.758 (0.745, 10.210)	0.1130	
>60	101	5 (5.0)	96 (95.0)	NE (NE, NE)	105	2 (1.9)	103 (98.1)	NE (NE, NE)	105	2.778 (0.539, 14.326)	0.2025	

N: number of subjects in analysis set; n: number of subjects in subgroup category; %: proportion of number of subjects in n; CI: confidence interval; NE: not estimable. PT: Preferred Term, SOC: System Organ Class.

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SOC: General disorders and administration site conditions; PT: Pain

Subgroup	n	Quizartinib (N=265)				Placebo (N=268)				Quizartinib vs Placebo		Interaction
		No. of subjects with events (%)	No. of subjects censored (%)	Median (95 % CI) (months) [a]	n	No. of subjects with events (%)	No. of subjects censored (%)	Median (95 % CI) (months) [a]	n	Hazard Ratio (95 % CI) [b]	Unstratified log-rank p-value [c]	P-value [d]
Pooled Age Group 2											0.6993	
<60	159	7 (4.4)	152 (95.6)	NE (NE, NE)	160	3 (1.9)	157 (98.1)	NE (NE, NE)	160	2.248 (0.580, 8.707)	0.2286	
≥60 - <65	37	1 (2.7)	36 (97.3)	NE (NE, NE)	43	1 (2.3)	42 (97.7)	NE (37.3, NE)	43	1.326 (0.082, 21.305)	0.8418	
≥65	69	4 (5.8)	65 (94.2)	NE (NE, NE)	65	4 (6.2)	61 (93.8)	NE (NE, NE)	65	0.985 (0.246, 3.938)	0.9824	

N: number of subjects in analysis set; n: number of subjects in subgroup category; %: proportion of number of subjects in n; CI: confidence interval; NE: not estimable. PT: Preferred Term, SOC: System Organ Class.

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SOC: General disorders and administration site conditions; PT: Pain

Subgroup	n	Quizartinib (N=265)				Placebo (N=268)				Quizartinib vs Placebo		Interaction
		No. of subjects with events (%)	No. of subjects censored (%)	Median (95 % CI) (months) [a]	n	No. of subjects with events (%)	No. of subjects censored (%)	Median (95 % CI) (months) [a]	n	Hazard Ratio (95 % CI) [b]	Unstratified log-rank p-value [c]	P-value [d]
Sex												0.9378
Male	124	5 (4.0)	119 (96.0)	NE (NE, NE)	120	3 (2.5)	117 (97.5)	NE (NE, NE)	120	1.573 (0.376, 6.586)	0.5317	
Female	141	7 (5.0)	134 (95.0)	NE (NE, NE)	148	5 (3.4)	143 (96.6)	NE (NE, NE)	148	1.426 (0.452, 4.496)	0.5426	

N: number of subjects in analysis set; n: number of subjects in subgroup category; %: proportion of number of subjects in n; CI: confidence interval; NE: not estimable. PT: Preferred Term, SOC: System Organ Class.

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 Table 3.11.2 Treatment-emergent adverse events by system organ class (SOC) and preferred term (PT) observed for ≥ 10 patients in at least one arm and ≥ 1% of the patients in at least one arm - Time-to-event analysis - subgroup analysis - DCO 13-Aug-2021 - Safety Analysis Set

SOC: General disorders and administration site conditions; PT: Pain

		Quizartinib (N=265)				Placebo (N=268)				Quizartinib vs Placebo		Interaction
Subgroup	n	No. of subjects with events (%)	No. of subjects censored (%)	Median (95 % CI) (months) [a]	n	No. of subjects with events (%)	No. of subjects censored (%)	Median (95 % CI) (months) [a]	Hazard Ratio (95 % CI) [b]	Unstratified log-rank p-value [c]	P-value [d]	
Race by 2 categories											0.9815	
White	157	6 (3.8)	151 (96.2)	NE (NE, NE)	161	4 (2.5)	157 (97.5)	NE (NE, NE)	1.444 (0.406, 5.127)	0.5681		
Non-white	108	6 (5.6)	102 (94.4)	NE (NE, NE)	107	4 (3.7)	103 (96.3)	NE (37.3, NE)	1.438 (0.405, 5.110)	0.5719		

N: number of subjects in analysis set; n: number of subjects in subgroup category; %: proportion of number of subjects in n; CI: confidence interval; NE: not estimable. PT: Preferred Term, SOC: System Organ Class.

[a] Median time to first event is from Kaplan-Meier estimate. Confidence Interval for median was computed using the Brookmeyer-Crowley method.

[b] Hazard ratio is from unstratified Cox proportional hazards model with treatment as the only categorical variable in the model. Confidence limits are based on the Wald test.

[c] Two-sided p-value from unstratified log-rank test.

[d] Two-sided interaction p-value is for the interaction term from unstratified Cox proportional hazards model with treatment, subgroup, and treatment-by-subgroup interaction as categorical variables in the model. The p-value is based on the Wald test.

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SOC: General disorders and administration site conditions; PT: Pain

		Quizartinib (N=265)					Placebo (N=268)					Quizartinib vs Placebo		Interaction
Subgroup	n	No. of subjects with events (%)	No. of subjects censored (%)	Median (95 % CI) (months) [a]	n	No. of subjects with events (%)	No. of subjects censored (%)	Median (95 % CI) (months) [a]	Hazard Ratio (95 % CI) [b]	Unstratified log-rank p-value [c]	P-value [d]			
Geographic Region 1													0.9989	
North America	16	0	16 (100)	NE (NE, NE)	18	2 (11.1)	16 (88.9)	NE (NE, NE)	0.000 (0.000, NE)	0.3230				
Europe	161	6 (3.7)	155 (96.3)	NE (NE, NE)	161	3 (1.9)	158 (98.1)	NE (NE, NE)	1.876 (0.468, 7.516)	0.3662				
Asia/Other Regions	88	6 (6.8)	82 (93.2)	NE (NE, NE)	89	3 (3.4)	86 (96.6)	NE (37.3, NE)	1.970 (0.492, 7.893)	0.3291				

N: number of subjects in analysis set; n: number of subjects in subgroup category; %: proportion of number of subjects in n; CI: confidence interval; NE: not estimable. PT: Preferred Term, SOC: System Organ Class.

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SOC: General disorders and administration site conditions; PT: Pain

Subgroup	n	Quizartinib (N=265)				Placebo (N=268)				Quizartinib vs Placebo		Interaction
		No. of subjects with events (%)	No. of subjects censored (%)	Median (95 % CI) (months) [a]	n	No. of subjects with events (%)	No. of subjects censored (%)	Median (95 % CI) (months) [a]	n	Hazard Ratio (95 % CI) [b]	Unstratified log-rank p-value [c]	P-value [d]
WBC at initial diagnosis											0.1115	
< 40x10 ⁹ /L	132	7 (5.3)	125 (94.7)	NE (NE, NE)	133	2 (1.5)	131 (98.5)	NE (NE, NE)	133	3.782 (0.785, 18.216)	0.0746	
≥ 40x10 ⁹ /L	133	5 (3.8)	128 (96.2)	NE (NE, NE)	135	6 (4.4)	129 (95.6)	NE (NE, NE)	135	0.749 (0.228, 2.461)	0.6331	

N: number of subjects in analysis set; n: number of subjects in subgroup category; %: proportion of number of subjects in n; CI: confidence interval; NE: not estimable. PT: Preferred Term, SOC: System Organ Class.

[a] Median time to first event is from Kaplan-Meier estimate. Confidence Interval for median was computed using the Brookmeyer-Crowley method.

[b] Hazard ratio is from unstratified Cox proportional hazards model with treatment as the only categorical variable in the model. Confidence limits are based on the Wald test.

[c] Two-sided p-value from unstratified log-rank test.

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SOC: General disorders and administration site conditions; PT: Pain

		Quizartinib (N=265)				Placebo (N=268)				Quizartinib vs Placebo		Interaction
Subgroup	n	No. of subjects with events (%)	No. of subjects censored (%)	Median (95 % CI) (months) [a]	n	No. of subjects with events (%)	No. of subjects censored (%)	Median (95 % CI) (months) [a]	Hazard Ratio (95 % CI) [b]	Unstratified log-rank p-value [c]	P-value [d]	
Choice of Anthracycline											0.7446	
Daunorubicin	123	5 (4.1)	118 (95.9)	NE (NE, NE)	94	2 (2.1)	92 (97.9)	NE (NE, NE)	1.922 (0.373, 9.906)	0.4272		
Idarubicin	142	7 (4.9)	135 (95.1)	NE (NE, NE)	171	6 (3.5)	165 (96.5)	NE (NE, NE)	1.329 (0.446, 3.959)	0.6087		

N: number of subjects in analysis set; n: number of subjects in subgroup category; %: proportion of number of subjects in n; CI: confidence interval; NE: not estimable. PT: Preferred Term, SOC: System Organ Class.

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[c] Two-sided p-value from unstratified log-rank test.

[d] Two-sided interaction p-value is for the interaction term from unstratified Cox proportional hazards model with treatment, subgroup, and treatment-by-subgroup interaction as categorical variables in the model. The p-value is based on the Wald test.

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SOC: General disorders and administration site conditions; PT: Pain

		Quizartinib (N=265)					Placebo (N=268)					Quizartinib vs Placebo		Interaction
Subgroup	n	No. of subjects with events (%)	No. of subjects censored (%)	Median (95 % CI) (months) [a]	n	No. of subjects with events (%)	No. of subjects censored (%)	Median (95 % CI) (months) [a]	n	Hazard Ratio (95 % CI) [b]	Unstratified log-rank p-value [c]	P-value [d]		
AML Cytogenetic Risk Score												0.9985		
Favorable	13	1 (7.7)	12 (92.3)	NE (NE, NE)	19	0	19 (100)	NE (NE, NE)	19	NE (0.000, NE)	0.2267			
Intermediate	195	8 (4.1)	187 (95.9)	NE (NE, NE)	190	7 (3.7)	183 (96.3)	NE (NE, NE)	190	1.052 (0.381, 2.905)	0.9216			
Unfavorable	19	1 (5.3)	18 (94.7)	NE (6.1, NE)	27	1 (3.7)	26 (96.3)	NE (NE, NE)	27	1.225 (0.076, 19.862)	0.8864			
Unknown	38	2 (5.3)	36 (94.7)	NE (NE, NE)	31	0	31 (100)	NE (NE, NE)	31	NE (0.000, NE)	0.1764			

N: number of subjects in analysis set; n: number of subjects in subgroup category; %: proportion of number of subjects in n; CI: confidence interval; NE: not estimable. PT: Preferred Term, SOC: System Organ Class.

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SOC: General disorders and administration site conditions; PT: Pain

		Quizartinib (N=265)				Placebo (N=268)				Quizartinib vs Placebo		Interaction
Subgroup	n	No. of subjects with events (%)	No. of subjects censored (%)	Median (95 % CI) (months) [a]	n	No. of subjects with events (%)	No. of subjects censored (%)	Median (95 % CI) (months) [a]	Hazard Ratio (95 % CI) [b]	Unstratified log-rank p-value [c]	P-value [d]	
ECOG Performance Status at Baseline											0.1338	
0 - Fully Active	87	7 (8.0)	80 (92.0)	NE (NE, NE)	97	1 (1.0)	96 (99.0)	NE (NE, NE)	7.647 (0.941, 62.177)	0.0246		
1 - Restricted in Physically Strenuous Activity	133	4 (3.0)	129 (97.0)	NE (NE, NE)	134	6 (4.5)	128 (95.5)	NE (37.3, NE)	0.658 (0.186, 2.334)	0.5141		
2 - Ambulatory and Capable of All Selfcare	45	1 (2.2)	44 (97.8)	NE (NE, NE)	36	1 (2.8)	35 (97.2)	NE (NE, NE)	0.749 (0.047, 11.986)	0.8377		

N: number of subjects in analysis set; n: number of subjects in subgroup category; %: proportion of number of subjects in n; CI: confidence interval; NE: not estimable. PT: Preferred Term, SOC: System Organ Class.

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SOC: General disorders and administration site conditions; PT: Pain

		Quizartinib (N=265)				Placebo (N=268)				Quizartinib vs Placebo		Interaction
Subgroup	n	No. of subjects with events (%)	No. of subjects censored (%)	Median (95 % CI) (months) [a]	n	No. of subjects with events (%)	No. of subjects censored (%)	Median (95 % CI) (months) [a]	Hazard Ratio (95 % CI) [b]	Unstratified log-rank p-value [c]	P-value [d]	
FLT3-ITD category at Baseline											0.8251	
≥3 to ≤25%	94	6 (6.4)	88 (93.6)	NE (NE, NE)	98	4 (4.1)	94 (95.9)	NE (NE, NE)	1.652 (0.466, 5.857)	0.4319		
>25% to ≤50%	141	4 (2.8)	137 (97.2)	NE (NE, NE)	136	4 (2.9)	132 (97.1)	NE (NE, NE)	0.864 (0.216, 3.466)	0.8369		
>50%	29	2 (6.9)	27 (93.1)	NE (NE, NE)	34	0	34 (100)	NE (NE, NE)	NE (0.000, NE)	0.1485		

N: number of subjects in analysis set; n: number of subjects in subgroup category; %: proportion of number of subjects in n; CI: confidence interval; NE: not estimable. PT: Preferred Term, SOC: System Organ Class.

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SOC: General disorders and administration site conditions; PT: Pain

		Quizartinib (N=265)				Placebo (N=268)				Quizartinib vs Placebo		Interaction
Subgroup	n	No. of subjects with events (%)	No. of subjects censored (%)	Median (95 % CI) (months) [a]	n	No. of subjects with events (%)	No. of subjects censored (%)	Median (95 % CI) (months) [a]	Hazard Ratio (95 % CI) [b]	Unstratified log-rank p-value [c]	P-value [d]	
AML with Mutated NPM1											0.7006	
Yes	139	7 (5.0)	132 (95.0)	NE (NE, NE)	137	4 (2.9)	133 (97.1)	NE (NE, NE)	1.701 (0.498, 5.816)	0.3912		
No	116	5 (4.3)	111 (95.7)	NE (NE, NE)	120	4 (3.3)	116 (96.7)	NE (NE, NE)	1.207 (0.324, 4.502)	0.7790		

N: number of subjects in analysis set; n: number of subjects in subgroup category; %: proportion of number of subjects in n; CI: confidence interval; NE: not estimable. PT: Preferred Term, SOC: System Organ Class.

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[c] Two-sided p-value from unstratified log-rank test.

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SOC: General disorders and administration site conditions; PT: Pain

Subgroup	n	Quizartinib (N=265)				Placebo (N=268)				Quizartinib vs Placebo		Interaction
		No. of subjects with events (%)	No. of subjects censored (%)	Median (95 % CI) (months) [a]	n	No. of subjects with events (%)	No. of subjects censored (%)	Median (95 % CI) (months) [a]	n	Hazard Ratio (95 % CI) [b]	Unstratified log-rank p-value [c]	P-value [d]
Age by 2 categories											0.4353	
≤60	164	7 (4.3)	157 (95.7)	NE (NE, NE)	163	3 (1.8)	160 (98.2)	NE (NE, NE)		2.212 (0.571, 8.568)	0.2384	
>60	101	5 (5.0)	96 (95.0)	NE (NE, NE)	105	5 (4.8)	100 (95.2)	NE (37.3, NE)		1.048 (0.303, 3.620)	0.9413	

N: number of subjects in analysis set; n: number of subjects in subgroup category; %: proportion of number of subjects in n; CI: confidence interval; NE: not estimable. PT: Preferred Term, SOC: System Organ Class.

[a] Median time to first event is from Kaplan-Meier estimate. Confidence Interval for median was computed using the Brookmeyer-Crowley method.

[b] Hazard ratio is from unstratified Cox proportional hazards model with treatment as the only categorical variable in the model. Confidence limits are based on the Wald test.

[c] Two-sided p-value from unstratified log-rank test.

[d] Two-sided interaction p-value is for the interaction term from unstratified Cox proportional hazards model with treatment, subgroup, and treatment-by-subgroup interaction as categorical variables in the model. The p-value is based on the Wald test.

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SOC: General disorders and administration site conditions; PT: Catheter site pain

Subgroup	n	Quizartinib (N=265)				Placebo (N=268)				Quizartinib vs Placebo		Interaction
		No. of subjects with events (%)	No. of subjects censored (%)	Median (95 % CI) (months) [a]	n	No. of subjects with events (%)	No. of subjects censored (%)	Median (95 % CI) (months) [a]	n	Hazard Ratio (95 % CI) [b]	Unstratified log-rank p-value [c]	P-value [d]
Pooled Age Group 2											0.7307	
<60	159	6 (3.8)	153 (96.2)	NE (NE, NE)	160	4 (2.5)	156 (97.5)	NE (NE, NE)	160	1.502 (0.424, 5.322)	0.5264	
≥60 - <65	37	2 (5.4)	35 (94.6)	NE (NE, NE)	43	1 (2.3)	42 (97.7)	NE (NE, NE)	43	2.315 (0.210, 25.531)	0.4805	
≥65	69	4 (5.8)	65 (94.2)	NE (NE, NE)	65	1 (1.5)	64 (98.5)	NE (NE, NE)	65	4.045 (0.452, 36.197)	0.1758	

N: number of subjects in analysis set; n: number of subjects in subgroup category; %: proportion of number of subjects in n; CI: confidence interval; NE: not estimable. PT: Preferred Term, SOC: System Organ Class.

[a] Median time to first event is from Kaplan-Meier estimate. Confidence Interval for median was computed using the Brookmeyer-Crowley method.

[b] Hazard ratio is from unstratified Cox proportional hazards model with treatment as the only categorical variable in the model. Confidence limits are based on the Wald test.

[c] Two-sided p-value from unstratified log-rank test.

[d] Two-sided interaction p-value is for the interaction term from unstratified Cox proportional hazards model with treatment, subgroup, and treatment-by-subgroup interaction as categorical variables in the model. The p-value is based on the Wald test.

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Run date: 21JUL2023 – 22:02; Program name: DE_T_3_11_2.sas; Output name: DE_T_3_11_2_TEAESOCPT_SUB_SAS.rtf

Medizinischer Nutzen, medizinischer Zusatznutzen, Patientengruppen mit therap. bedeutsamem Zusatznutzen

Daichi Sankyo | Data Intelligence – Evidence Generation | Final | AC220-A-U302 QUANTUM-First (DCO 13 Aug 2021) | Statistical analyses for AMNOG (HTA Germany)
 Table 3.11.2 Treatment-emergent adverse events by system organ class (SOC) and preferred term (PT) observed for ≥ 10 patients in at least one arm and ≥ 1% of the patients in at least one arm - Time-to-event analysis - subgroup analysis - DCO 13-Aug-2021 - Safety Analysis Set

SOC: General disorders and administration site conditions; PT: Catheter site pain

Subgroup	n	Quizartinib (N=265)				Placebo (N=268)				Quizartinib vs Placebo		Interaction
		No. of subjects with events (%)	No. of subjects censored (%)	Median (95 % CI) (months) [a]	n	No. of subjects with events (%)	No. of subjects censored (%)	Median (95 % CI) (months) [a]	n	Hazard Ratio (95 % CI) [b]	Unstratified log-rank p-value [c]	P-value [d]
Sex												0.8036
Male	124	7 (5.6)	117 (94.4)	NE (NE, NE)	120	3 (2.5)	117 (97.5)	NE (NE, NE)	120	2.288 (0.592, 8.847)	0.2172	
Female	141	5 (3.5)	136 (96.5)	NE (NE, NE)	148	3 (2.0)	145 (98.0)	NE (NE, NE)	148	1.795 (0.429, 7.513)	0.4164	

N: number of subjects in analysis set; n: number of subjects in subgroup category; %: proportion of number of subjects in n; CI: confidence interval; NE: not estimable. PT: Preferred Term, SOC: System Organ Class.

[a] Median time to first event is from Kaplan-Meier estimate. Confidence Interval for median was computed using the Brookmeyer-Crowley method.

[b] Hazard ratio is from unstratified Cox proportional hazards model with treatment as the only categorical variable in the model. Confidence limits are based on the Wald test.

[c] Two-sided p-value from unstratified log-rank test.

[d] Two-sided interaction p-value is for the interaction term from unstratified Cox proportional hazards model with treatment, subgroup, and treatment-by-subgroup interaction as categorical variables in the model. The p-value is based on the Wald test.

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SOC: General disorders and administration site conditions; PT: Catheter site pain

		Quizartinib (N=265)				Placebo (N=268)				Quizartinib vs Placebo		Interaction
Subgroup	n	No. of subjects with events (%)	No. of subjects censored (%)	Median (95 % CI) (months) [a]	n	No. of subjects with events (%)	No. of subjects censored (%)	Median (95 % CI) (months) [a]	Hazard Ratio (95 % CI) [b]	Unstratified log-rank p-value [c]	P-value [d]	
Race by 2 categories											0.7784	
White	157	7 (4.5)	150 (95.5)	NE (NE, NE)	161	4 (2.5)	157 (97.5)	NE (NE, NE)	1.855 (0.543, 6.337)	0.3164		
Non-white	108	5 (4.6)	103 (95.4)	NE (NE, NE)	107	2 (1.9)	105 (98.1)	NE (NE, NE)	2.487 (0.483, 12.821)	0.2597		

N: number of subjects in analysis set; n: number of subjects in subgroup category; %: proportion of number of subjects in n; CI: confidence interval; NE: not estimable. PT: Preferred Term, SOC: System Organ Class.

[a] Median time to first event is from Kaplan-Meier estimate. Confidence Interval for median was computed using the Brookmeyer-Crowley method.

[b] Hazard ratio is from unstratified Cox proportional hazards model with treatment as the only categorical variable in the model. Confidence limits are based on the Wald test.

[c] Two-sided p-value from unstratified log-rank test.

[d] Two-sided interaction p-value is for the interaction term from unstratified Cox proportional hazards model with treatment, subgroup, and treatment-by-subgroup interaction as categorical variables in the model. The p-value is based on the Wald test.

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SOC: General disorders and administration site conditions; PT: Catheter site pain

		Quizartinib (N=265)				Placebo (N=268)				Quizartinib vs Placebo		Interaction
Subgroup	n	No. of subjects with events (%)	No. of subjects censored (%)	Median (95 % CI) (months) [a]	n	No. of subjects with events (%)	No. of subjects censored (%)	Median (95 % CI) (months) [a]	Hazard Ratio (95 % CI) [b]	Unstratified log-rank p-value [c]	P-value [d]	
Geographic Region 1											0.4368	
North America	16	4 (25.0)	12 (75.0)	NE (1.6, NE)	18	2 (11.1)	16 (88.9)	NE (NE, NE)	2.995 (0.537, 16.703)	0.1902		
Europe	161	3 (1.9)	158 (98.1)	NE (NE, NE)	161	3 (1.9)	158 (98.1)	NE (NE, NE)	1.016 (0.205, 5.036)	0.9842		
Asia/Other Regions	88	5 (5.7)	83 (94.3)	NE (NE, NE)	89	1 (1.1)	88 (98.9)	NE (NE, NE)	5.098 (0.596, 43.633)	0.0977		

N: number of subjects in analysis set; n: number of subjects in subgroup category; %: proportion of number of subjects in n; CI: confidence interval; NE: not estimable. PT: Preferred Term, SOC: System Organ Class.

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SOC: General disorders and administration site conditions; PT: Catheter site pain

Subgroup	n	Quizartinib (N=265)				Placebo (N=268)				Quizartinib vs Placebo		Interaction
		No. of subjects with events (%)	No. of subjects censored (%)	Median (95 % CI) [a]	n	No. of subjects with events (%)	No. of subjects censored (%)	Median (95 % CI) [a]	n	Hazard Ratio (95 % CI) [b]	Unstratified log-rank p-value [c]	P-value [d]
WBC at initial diagnosis												0.9915
< 40x10 ⁹ /L	132	5 (3.8)	127 (96.2)	NE (NE, NE)	133	0	133 (100)	NE (NE, NE)	NE (NE, NE)	(0.000, NE)	0.0199	
≥ 40x10 ⁹ /L	133	7 (5.3)	126 (94.7)	NE (NE, NE)	135	6 (4.4)	129 (95.6)	NE (NE, NE)	1.134 (0.381, 3.375)	0.8233		

N: number of subjects in analysis set; n: number of subjects in subgroup category; %: proportion of number of subjects in n; CI: confidence interval; NE: not estimable. PT: Preferred Term, SOC: System Organ Class.

[a] Median time to first event is from Kaplan-Meier estimate. Confidence Interval for median was computed using the Brookmeyer-Crowley method.

[b] Hazard ratio is from unstratified Cox proportional hazards model with treatment as the only categorical variable in the model. Confidence limits are based on the Wald test.

[c] Two-sided p-value from unstratified log-rank test.

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SOC: General disorders and administration site conditions; PT: Catheter site pain

Subgroup	n	Quizartinib (N=265)				Placebo (N=268)				Quizartinib vs Placebo		Interaction
		No. of subjects with events (%)	No. of subjects censored (%)	Median (95 % CI) (months) [a]	n	No. of subjects with events (%)	No. of subjects censored (%)	Median (95 % CI) (months) [a]	n	Hazard Ratio (95 % CI) [b]	Unstratified log-rank p-value [c]	P-value [d]
Choice of Anthracycline											0.4131	
Daunorubicin	123	5 (4.1)	118 (95.9)	NE (NE, NE)	94	3 (3.2)	91 (96.8)	NE (NE, NE)	1.264 (0.302, 5.290)	0.7489		
Idarubicin	142	7 (4.9)	135 (95.1)	NE (NE, NE)	171	3 (1.8)	168 (98.2)	NE (NE, NE)	2.886 (0.746, 11.163)	0.1077		

N: number of subjects in analysis set; n: number of subjects in subgroup category; %: proportion of number of subjects in n; CI: confidence interval; NE: not estimable. PT: Preferred Term, SOC: System Organ Class.

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SOC: General disorders and administration site conditions; PT: Catheter site pain

		Quizartinib (N=265)				Placebo (N=268)				Quizartinib vs Placebo		Interaction
Subgroup	n	No. of subjects with events (%)	No. of subjects censored (%)	Median (95 % CI) (months) [a]	n	No. of subjects with events (%)	No. of subjects censored (%)	Median (95 % CI) (months) [a]	Hazard Ratio (95 % CI) [b]	Unstratified log-rank p-value [c]	P-value [d]	
AML Cytogenetic Risk Score											0.6970	
Favorable	13	0	13 (100)	NE (NE, NE)	19	1 (5.3)	18 (94.7)	NE (NE, NE)	0.000 (0.000, NE)	0.4561		
Intermediate	195	9 (4.6)	186 (95.4)	NE (NE, NE)	190	2 (1.1)	188 (98.9)	NE (NE, NE)	4.355 (0.941, 20.160)	0.0397		
Unfavorable	19	1 (5.3)	18 (94.7)	NE (NE, NE)	27	2 (7.4)	25 (92.6)	NE (NE, NE)	0.792 (0.072, 8.733)	0.8483		
Unknown	38	2 (5.3)	36 (94.7)	NE (NE, NE)	31	1 (3.2)	30 (96.8)	NE (NE, NE)	1.772 (0.161, 19.548)	0.6410		

N: number of subjects in analysis set; n: number of subjects in subgroup category; %: proportion of number of subjects in n; CI: confidence interval; NE: not estimable. PT: Preferred Term, SOC: System Organ Class.

[a] Median time to first event is from Kaplan-Meier estimate. Confidence Interval for median was computed using the Brookmeyer-Crowley method.

[b] Hazard ratio is from unstratified Cox proportional hazards model with treatment as the only categorical variable in the model. Confidence limits are based on the Wald test.

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SOC: General disorders and administration site conditions; PT: Catheter site pain

		Quizartinib (N=265)				Placebo (N=268)				Quizartinib vs Placebo		Interaction
Subgroup	n	No. of subjects with events (%)	No. of subjects censored (%)	Median (95 % CI) (months) [a]	n	No. of subjects with events (%)	No. of subjects censored (%)	Median (95 % CI) (months) [a]	Hazard Ratio (95 % CI) [b]	Unstratified log-rank p-value [c]	P-value [d]	
ECOG Performance Status at Baseline											0.8620	
0 - Fully Active	87	2 (2.3)	85 (97.7)	NE (NE, NE)	97	0	97 (100)	NE (NE, NE)	NE (0.000, NE)	0.1393		
1 - Restricted in Physically Strenuous Activity	133	6 (4.5)	127 (95.5)	NE (NE, NE)	134	3 (2.2)	131 (97.8)	NE (NE, NE)	2.035 (0.509, 8.136)	0.3054		
2 - Ambulatory and Capable of All Selfcare	45	4 (8.9)	41 (91.1)	NE (NE, NE)	36	3 (8.3)	33 (91.7)	NE (NE, NE)	1.137 (0.254, 5.085)	0.8663		

N: number of subjects in analysis set; n: number of subjects in subgroup category; %: proportion of number of subjects in n; CI: confidence interval; NE: not estimable. PT: Preferred Term, SOC: System Organ Class.

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FLT3-ITD category at Baseline											0.8254	
≥3 to ≤25%	94	4 (4.3)	90 (95.7)	NE (NE, NE)	98	3 (3.1)	95 (96.9)	NE (NE, NE)	98	1.468 (0.329, 6.562)	0.6129	
>25% to ≤50%	141	6 (4.3)	135 (95.7)	NE (NE, NE)	136	2 (1.5)	134 (98.5)	NE (NE, NE)	136	2.974 (0.600, 14.737)	0.1609	
>50%	29	2 (6.9)	27 (93.1)	NE (NE, NE)	34	1 (2.9)	33 (97.1)	NE (NE, NE)	34	2.198 (0.198, 24.385)	0.5104	

N: number of subjects in analysis set; n: number of subjects in subgroup category; %: proportion of number of subjects in n; CI: confidence interval; NE: not estimable. PT: Preferred Term, SOC: System Organ Class.

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		No. of subjects with events (%)	No. of subjects censored (%)	Median (95 % CI) (months) [a]	n	No. of subjects with events (%)	No. of subjects censored (%)	Median (95 % CI) (months) [a]	n	Hazard Ratio (95 % CI) [b]	Unstratified log-rank p-value [c]	P-value [d]
AML with Mutated NPM1											0.1865	
Yes	139	6 (4.3)	133 (95.7)	NE (NE, NE)	137	1 (0.7)	136 (99.3)	NE (NE, NE)	6.240 (0.752, 51.814)	0.0520		
No	116	6 (5.2)	110 (94.8)	NE (NE, NE)	120	5 (4.2)	115 (95.8)	NE (NE, NE)	1.208 (0.368, 3.957)	0.7564		

N: number of subjects in analysis set; n: number of subjects in subgroup category; %: proportion of number of subjects in n; CI: confidence interval; NE: not estimable. PT: Preferred Term, SOC: System Organ Class.

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		No. of subjects with events (%)	No. of subjects censored (%)	Median (95 % CI) (months) [a]	n	No. of subjects with events (%)	No. of subjects censored (%)	Median (95 % CI) (months) [a]	n	Hazard Ratio (95 % CI) [b]	Unstratified log-rank p-value [c]	P-value [d]
Age by 2 categories											0.6484	
≤60	164	7 (4.3)	157 (95.7)	NE (NE, NE)	163	4 (2.5)	159 (97.5)	NE (NE, NE)	163	1.720 (0.503, 5.876)	0.3814	
>60	101	5 (5.0)	96 (95.0)	NE (NE, NE)	105	2 (1.9)	103 (98.1)	NE (NE, NE)	105	2.718 (0.527, 14.009)	0.2131	

N: number of subjects in analysis set; n: number of subjects in subgroup category; %: proportion of number of subjects in n; CI: confidence interval; NE: not estimable. PT: Preferred Term, SOC: System Organ Class.

[a] Median time to first event is from Kaplan-Meier estimate. Confidence Interval for median was computed using the Brookmeyer-Crowley method.

[b] Hazard ratio is from unstratified Cox proportional hazards model with treatment as the only categorical variable in the model. Confidence limits are based on the Wald test.

[c] Two-sided p-value from unstratified log-rank test.

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Medizinischer Nutzen, medizinischer Zusatznutzen, Patientengruppen mit therap. bedeutsamem Zusatznutzen

Daiichi Sankyo | Data Intelligence – Evidence Generation | Final | AC220-A-U302 QUANTUM-First (DCO 13 Aug 2021) | Statistical analyses for AMNOG (HTA Germany)
 Table 3.11.2 Treatment-emergent adverse events by system organ class (SOC) and preferred term (PT) observed for ≥ 10 patients in at least one arm and ≥ 1% of the patients in at least one arm - Time-to-event analysis - subgroup analysis - DCO 13-Aug-2021 - Safety Analysis Set

SOC: General disorders and administration site conditions; PT: Chills

Subgroup	n	Quizartinib (N=265)				Placebo (N=268)				Quizartinib vs Placebo		Interaction
		No. of subjects with events (%)	No. of subjects censored (%)	Median (95 % CI) (months) [a]	n	No. of subjects with events (%)	No. of subjects censored (%)	Median (95 % CI) (months) [a]	n	Hazard Ratio (95 % CI) [b]	Unstratified log-rank p-value [c]	P-value [d]
Pooled Age Group 2											0.8706	
<60	159	6 (3.8)	153 (96.2)	NE (NE, NE)	160	9 (5.6)	151 (94.4)	NE (NE, NE)	160	0.650 (0.231, 1.827)	0.4104	
≥60 - <65	37	2 (5.4)	35 (94.6)	NE (20.5, NE)	43	2 (4.7)	41 (95.3)	NE (NE, NE)	43	1.097 (0.154, 7.802)	0.9263	
≥65	69	0	69 (100)	NE (NE, NE)	65	3 (4.6)	62 (95.4)	NE (NE, NE)	65	0.000 (0.000, NE)	0.0864	

N: number of subjects in analysis set; n: number of subjects in subgroup category; %: proportion of number of subjects in n; CI: confidence interval; NE: not estimable. PT: Preferred Term, SOC: System Organ Class.

[a] Median time to first event is from Kaplan-Meier estimate. Confidence Interval for median was computed using the Brookmeyer-Crowley method.

[b] Hazard ratio is from unstratified Cox proportional hazards model with treatment as the only categorical variable in the model. Confidence limits are based on the Wald test.

[c] Two-sided p-value from unstratified log-rank test.

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SOC: General disorders and administration site conditions; PT: Chills

Subgroup	n	Quizartinib (N=265)				Placebo (N=268)				Quizartinib vs Placebo		Interaction
		No. of subjects with events (%)	No. of subjects censored (%)	Median (95 % CI) (months) [a]	n	No. of subjects with events (%)	No. of subjects censored (%)	Median (95 % CI) (months) [a]	n	Hazard Ratio (95 % CI) [b]	Unstratified log-rank p-value [c]	P-value [d]
Sex												0.3571
Male	124	1 (0.8)	123 (99.2)	NE (NE, NE)	120	4 (3.3)	116 (96.7)	NE (NE, NE)	120	0.241 (0.027, 2.157)	0.1668	
Female	141	7 (5.0)	134 (95.0)	NE (NE, NE)	148	10 (6.8)	138 (93.2)	NE (NE, NE)	148	0.707 (0.269, 1.858)	0.4797	

N: number of subjects in analysis set; n: number of subjects in subgroup category; %: proportion of number of subjects in n; CI: confidence interval; NE: not estimable. PT: Preferred Term, SOC: System Organ Class.

[a] Median time to first event is from Kaplan-Meier estimate. Confidence Interval for median was computed using the Brookmeyer-Crowley method.

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SOC: General disorders and administration site conditions; PT: Chills

		Quizartinib (N=265)				Placebo (N=268)				Quizartinib vs Placebo		Interaction
Subgroup	n	No. of subjects with events (%)	No. of subjects censored (%)	Median (95 % CI) (months) [a]	n	No. of subjects with events (%)	No. of subjects censored (%)	Median (95 % CI) (months) [a]	Hazard Ratio (95 % CI) [b]	Unstratified log-rank p-value [c]	P-value [d]	
Race by 2 categories											0.2490	
White	157	7 (4.5)	150 (95.5)	NE (NE, NE)	161	9 (5.6)	152 (94.4)	NE (NE, NE)	0.764 (0.284, 2.056)	0.5940		
Non-white	108	1 (0.9)	107 (99.1)	NE (NE, NE)	107	5 (4.7)	102 (95.3)	NE (NE, NE)	0.197 (0.023, 1.682)	0.0980		

N: number of subjects in analysis set; n: number of subjects in subgroup category; %: proportion of number of subjects in n; CI: confidence interval; NE: not estimable. PT: Preferred Term, SOC: System Organ Class.

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[c] Two-sided p-value from unstratified log-rank test.

[d] Two-sided interaction p-value is for the interaction term from unstratified Cox proportional hazards model with treatment, subgroup, and treatment-by-subgroup interaction as categorical variables in the model. The p-value is based on the Wald test.

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SOC: General disorders and administration site conditions; PT: Chills

		Quizartinib (N=265)					Placebo (N=268)					Quizartinib vs Placebo		Interaction
Subgroup	n	No. of subjects with events (%)	No. of subjects censored (%)	Median (95 % CI) (months) [a]	n	No. of subjects with events (%)	No. of subjects censored (%)	Median (95 % CI) (months) [a]	Hazard Ratio (95 % CI) [b]	Unstratified log-rank p-value [c]	P-value [d]			
Geographic Region 1													0.7638	
North America	16	0	16 (100)	NE (NE, NE)	18	3 (16.7)	15 (83.3)	NE (NE, NE)	0.000 (0.000, NE)	0.0926				
Europe	161	7 (4.3)	154 (95.7)	NE (NE, NE)	161	8 (5.0)	153 (95.0)	NE (NE, NE)	0.820 (0.297, 2.267)	0.7013				
Asia/Other Regions	88	1 (1.1)	87 (98.9)	NE (NE, NE)	89	3 (3.4)	86 (96.6)	NE (NE, NE)	0.336 (0.035, 3.234)	0.3217				

N: number of subjects in analysis set; n: number of subjects in subgroup category; %: proportion of number of subjects in n; CI: confidence interval; NE: not estimable. PT: Preferred Term, SOC: System Organ Class.

[a] Median time to first event is from Kaplan-Meier estimate. Confidence Interval for median was computed using the Brookmeyer-Crowley method.

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SOC: General disorders and administration site conditions; PT: Chills

Subgroup	n	Quizartinib (N=265)				Placebo (N=268)				Quizartinib vs Placebo		Interaction
		No. of subjects with events (%)	No. of subjects censored (%)	Median (95 % CI) (months) [a]	n	No. of subjects with events (%)	No. of subjects censored (%)	Median (95 % CI) (months) [a]	n	Hazard Ratio (95 % CI) [b]	Unstratified log-rank p-value [c]	P-value [d]
WBC at initial diagnosis											0.0952	
< 40x10 ⁹ /L	132	5 (3.8)	127 (96.2)	NE (NE, NE)	133	4 (3.0)	129 (97.0)	NE (NE, NE)	135	1.291 (0.346, 4.814)	0.7028	
≥ 40x10 ⁹ /L	133	3 (2.3)	130 (97.7)	NE (NE, NE)	135	10 (7.4)	125 (92.6)	NE (NE, NE)	135	0.282 (0.077, 1.025)	0.0401	

N: number of subjects in analysis set; n: number of subjects in subgroup category; %: proportion of number of subjects in n; CI: confidence interval; NE: not estimable. PT: Preferred Term, SOC: System Organ Class.

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		Quizartinib (N=265)				Placebo (N=268)				Quizartinib vs Placebo		Interaction
Subgroup	n	No. of subjects with events (%)	No. of subjects censored (%)	Median (95 % CI) (months) [a]	n	No. of subjects with events (%)	No. of subjects censored (%)	Median (95 % CI) (months) [a]	Hazard Ratio (95 % CI) [b]	Unstratified log-rank p-value [c]	P-value [d]	
Choice of Anthracycline											0.9858	
Daunorubicin	123	0	123 (100)	NE (NE, NE)	94	7 (7.4)	87 (92.6)	NE (NE, NE)	0.000 (0.000, NE)	0.0021		
Idarubicin	142	8 (5.6)	134 (94.4)	NE (NE, NE)	171	6 (3.5)	165 (96.5)	NE (NE, NE)	1.578 (0.547, 4.552)	0.3944		

N: number of subjects in analysis set; n: number of subjects in subgroup category; %: proportion of number of subjects in n; CI: confidence interval; NE: not estimable. PT: Preferred Term, SOC: System Organ Class.

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[c] Two-sided p-value from unstratified log-rank test.

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Subgroup	n	No. of subjects with events (%)	No. of subjects censored (%)	Median (95 % CI) (months) [a]	n	No. of subjects with events (%)	No. of subjects censored (%)	Median (95 % CI) (months) [a]	Hazard Ratio (95 % CI) [b]	Unstratified log-rank p-value [c]	P-value [d]	
AML Cytogenetic Risk Score											0.3910	
Favorable	13	0	13 (100)	NE (NE, NE)	19	1 (5.3)	18 (94.7)	NE (NE, NE)	0.000 (0.000, NE)	0.4268		
Intermediate	195	3 (1.5)	192 (98.5)	NE (NE, NE)	190	10 (5.3)	180 (94.7)	NE (NE, NE)	0.275 (0.076, 1.000)	0.0359		
Unfavorable	19	0	19 (100)	NE (NE, NE)	27	0	27 (100)	NE (NE, NE)	NE (NE, NE)	NE		
Unknown	38	5 (13.2)	33 (86.8)	NE (NE, NE)	31	3 (9.7)	28 (90.3)	NE (NE, NE)	1.573 (0.376, 6.585)	0.5318		

N: number of subjects in analysis set; n: number of subjects in subgroup category; %: proportion of number of subjects in n; CI: confidence interval; NE: not estimable. PT: Preferred Term, SOC: System Organ Class.

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		Quizartinib (N=265)				Placebo (N=268)				Quizartinib vs Placebo		Interaction
Subgroup	n	No. of subjects with events (%)	No. of subjects censored (%)	Median (95 % CI) (months) [a]	n	No. of subjects with events (%)	No. of subjects censored (%)	Median (95 % CI) (months) [a]	Hazard Ratio (95 % CI) [b]	Unstratified log-rank p-value [c]	P-value [d]	
ECOG Performance Status at Baseline											0.9922	
0 - Fully Active	87	3 (3.4)	84 (96.6)	NE (NE, NE)	97	6 (6.2)	91 (93.8)	NE (NE, NE)	0.529 (0.132, 2.116)	0.3597		
1 - Restricted in Physically Strenuous Activity	133	3 (2.3)	130 (97.7)	NE (NE, NE)	134	5 (3.7)	129 (96.3)	NE (NE, NE)	0.581 (0.139, 2.431)	0.4512		
2 - Ambulatory and Capable of All Selfcare	45	2 (4.4)	43 (95.6)	NE (NE, NE)	36	3 (8.3)	33 (91.7)	NE (NE, NE)	0.630 (0.105, 3.771)	0.6092		

N: number of subjects in analysis set; n: number of subjects in subgroup category; %: proportion of number of subjects in n; CI: confidence interval; NE: not estimable. PT: Preferred Term, SOC: System Organ Class.

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Subgroup	n	Quizartinib (N=265)				Placebo (N=268)				Quizartinib vs Placebo		Interaction
		No. of subjects with events (%)	No. of subjects censored (%)	Median (95 % CI) (months) [a]	n	No. of subjects with events (%)	No. of subjects censored (%)	Median (95 % CI) (months) [a]	n	Hazard Ratio (95 % CI) [b]	Unstratified log-rank p-value [c]	P-value [d]
FLT3-ITD category at Baseline											0.7718	
≥3 to ≤25%	94	1 (1.1)	93 (98.9)	NE (NE, NE)	98	3 (3.1)	95 (96.9)	NE (NE, NE)	98	0.356 (0.037, 3.419)	0.3494	
>25% to ≤50%	141	5 (3.5)	136 (96.5)	NE (NE, NE)	136	9 (6.6)	127 (93.4)	NE (NE, NE)	136	0.515 (0.172, 1.537)	0.2258	
>50%	29	2 (6.9)	27 (93.1)	NE (NE, NE)	34	2 (5.9)	32 (94.1)	NE (NE, NE)	34	0.943 (0.132, 6.743)	0.9538	

N: number of subjects in analysis set; n: number of subjects in subgroup category; %: proportion of number of subjects in n; CI: confidence interval; NE: not estimable. PT: Preferred Term, SOC: System Organ Class.

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Subgroup	n	Quizartinib (N=265)				Placebo (N=268)				Quizartinib vs Placebo		Interaction
		No. of subjects with events (%)	No. of subjects censored (%)	Median (95 % CI) (months) [a]	n	No. of subjects with events (%)	No. of subjects censored (%)	Median (95 % CI) (months) [a]	n	Hazard Ratio (95 % CI) [b]	Unstratified log-rank p-value [c]	P-value [d]
AML with Mutated NPM1											0.5704	
Yes	139	6 (4.3)	133 (95.7)	NE (NE, NE)	137	11 (8.0)	126 (92.0)	NE (NE, NE)	137	0.518 (0.191, 1.402)	0.1878	
No	116	2 (1.7)	114 (98.3)	NE (NE, NE)	120	2 (1.7)	118 (98.3)	NE (NE, NE)	120	1.037 (0.146, 7.364)	0.9708	

N: number of subjects in analysis set; n: number of subjects in subgroup category; %: proportion of number of subjects in n; CI: confidence interval; NE: not estimable. PT: Preferred Term, SOC: System Organ Class.

[a] Median time to first event is from Kaplan-Meier estimate. Confidence Interval for median was computed using the Brookmeyer-Crowley method.

[b] Hazard ratio is from unstratified Cox proportional hazards model with treatment as the only categorical variable in the model. Confidence limits are based on the Wald test.

[c] Two-sided p-value from unstratified log-rank test.

[d] Two-sided interaction p-value is for the interaction term from unstratified Cox proportional hazards model with treatment, subgroup, and treatment-by-subgroup interaction as categorical variables in the model. The p-value is based on the Wald test.

Data source: \\AC220-A-U302\Production\Raw\Data_Restricted\rstret_eg\rstret_20211102_eg\rstret_valos\20230516_AMNOG\ADAM\

Run date: 21JUL2023 – 22:02; Program name: DE_T_3_11_2.sas; Output name: DE_T_3_11_2_TEAESOCPT_SUB_SAS.rtf

Medizinischer Nutzen, medizinischer Zusatznutzen, Patientengruppen mit therap. bedeutsamem Zusatznutzen

Daiichi Sankyo | Data Intelligence – Evidence Generation | Final | AC220-A-U302 QUANTUM-First (DCO 13 Aug 2021) | Statistical analyses for AMNOG (HTA Germany)
 Table 3.11.2 Treatment-emergent adverse events by system organ class (SOC) and preferred term (PT) observed for ≥ 10 patients in at least one arm and ≥ 1% of the patients in at least one arm - Time-to-event analysis - subgroup analysis - DCO 13-Aug-2021 - Safety Analysis Set

SOC: General disorders and administration site conditions; PT: Chills

		Quizartinib (N=265)				Placebo (N=268)				Quizartinib vs Placebo		Interaction
Subgroup	n	No. of subjects with events (%)	No. of subjects censored (%)	Median (95 % CI) (months) [a]	n	No. of subjects with events (%)	No. of subjects censored (%)	Median (95 % CI) (months) [a]	Hazard Ratio (95 % CI) [b]	Unstratified log-rank p-value [c]	P-value [d]	
Age by 2 categories											0.7293	
≤60	164	6 (3.7)	158 (96.3)	NE (NE, NE)	163	9 (5.5)	154 (94.5)	NE (NE, NE)	0.641 (0.228, 1.802)	0.3952		
>60	101	2 (2.0)	99 (98.0)	NE (NE, NE)	105	5 (4.8)	100 (95.2)	NE (NE, NE)	0.449 (0.087, 2.317)	0.3262		

N: number of subjects in analysis set; n: number of subjects in subgroup category; %: proportion of number of subjects in n; CI: confidence interval; NE: not estimable. PT: Preferred Term, SOC: System Organ Class.

[a] Median time to first event is from Kaplan-Meier estimate. Confidence Interval for median was computed using the Brookmeyer-Crowley method.

[b] Hazard ratio is from unstratified Cox proportional hazards model with treatment as the only categorical variable in the model. Confidence limits are based on the Wald test.

[c] Two-sided p-value from unstratified log-rank test.

[d] Two-sided interaction p-value is for the interaction term from unstratified Cox proportional hazards model with treatment, subgroup, and treatment-by-subgroup interaction as categorical variables in the model. The p-value is based on the Wald test.

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Medizinischer Nutzen, medizinischer Zusatznutzen, Patientengruppen mit therap. bedeutsamem Zusatznutzen

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SOC: Blood and lymphatic system disorders; PT: Any PT

Subgroup	n	Quizartinib (N=265)				Placebo (N=268)				Quizartinib vs Placebo		Interaction
		No. of subjects with events (%)	No. of subjects censored (%)	Median (95 % CI) (months) [a]	n	No. of subjects with events (%)	No. of subjects censored (%)	Median (95 % CI) (months) [a]	n	Hazard Ratio (95 % CI) [b]	Unstratified log-rank p-value [c]	P-value [d]
Pooled Age Group 2											0.9404	
<60	159	104 (65.4)	55 (34.6)	2.1 (1.6, 4.2)	160	88 (55.0)	72 (45.0)	2.3 (1.5, 4.1)	1.094 (0.823, 1.454)	0.5304		
≥60 - <65	37	26 (70.3)	11 (29.7)	1.9 (1.1, 5.4)	43	23 (53.5)	20 (46.5)	1.6 (0.9, NE)	1.183 (0.673, 2.077)	0.5530		
≥65	69	38 (55.1)	31 (44.9)	2.0 (1.5, 9.7)	65	32 (49.2)	33 (50.8)	2.7 (1.5, NE)	1.069 (0.667, 1.712)	0.7669		

N: number of subjects in analysis set; n: number of subjects in subgroup category; %: proportion of number of subjects in n; CI: confidence interval; NE: not estimable. PT: Preferred Term, SOC: System Organ Class.

[a] Median time to first event is from Kaplan-Meier estimate. Confidence Interval for median was computed using the Brookmeyer-Crowley method.

[b] Hazard ratio is from unstratified Cox proportional hazards model with treatment as the only categorical variable in the model. Confidence limits are based on the Wald test.

[c] Two-sided p-value from unstratified log-rank test.

[d] Two-sided interaction p-value is for the interaction term from unstratified Cox proportional hazards model with treatment, subgroup, and treatment-by-subgroup interaction as categorical variables in the model. The p-value is based on the Wald test.

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Medizinischer Nutzen, medizinischer Zusatznutzen, Patientengruppen mit therap. bedeutsamem Zusatznutzen

Daichi Sankyo | Data Intelligence – Evidence Generation | Final | AC220-A-U302 QUANTUM-First (DCO 13 Aug 2021) | Statistical analyses for AMNOG (HTA Germany)
 Table 3.11.2 Treatment-emergent adverse events by system organ class (SOC) and preferred term (PT) observed for ≥ 10 patients in at least one arm and ≥ 1% of the patients in at least one arm - Time-to-event analysis - subgroup analysis - DCO 13-Aug-2021 - Safety Analysis Set

SOC: Blood and lymphatic system disorders; PT: Any PT

Subgroup	n	Quizartinib (N=265)				Placebo (N=268)				Quizartinib vs Placebo		Interaction
		No. of subjects with events (%)	No. of subjects censored (%)	Median (95 % CI) [a]	n	No. of subjects with events (%)	No. of subjects censored (%)	Median (95 % CI) [a]	n	Hazard Ratio (95 % CI) [b]	Unstratified log-rank p-value [c]	P-value [d]
Sex												0.1676
Male	124	77 (62.1)	47 (37.9)	2.0 (1.6, 2.6)	120	55 (45.8)	65 (54.2)	3.9 (1.6, NE)	120	1.331 (0.940, 1.882)	0.1052	
Female	141	91 (64.5)	50 (35.5)	2.2 (1.6, 5.9)	148	88 (59.5)	60 (40.5)	1.6 (1.2, 3.0)	148	0.960 (0.715, 1.287)	0.7957	

N: number of subjects in analysis set; n: number of subjects in subgroup category; %: proportion of number of subjects in n; CI: confidence interval; NE: not estimable. PT: Preferred Term, SOC: System Organ Class.

[a] Median time to first event is from Kaplan-Meier estimate. Confidence Interval for median was computed using the Brookmeyer-Crowley method.

[b] Hazard ratio is from unstratified Cox proportional hazards model with treatment as the only categorical variable in the model. Confidence limits are based on the Wald test.

[c] Two-sided p-value from unstratified log-rank test.

[d] Two-sided interaction p-value is for the interaction term from unstratified Cox proportional hazards model with treatment, subgroup, and treatment-by-subgroup interaction as categorical variables in the model. The p-value is based on the Wald test.

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 Table 3.11.2 Treatment-emergent adverse events by system organ class (SOC) and preferred term (PT) observed for ≥ 10 patients in at least one arm and ≥ 1% of the patients in at least one arm - Time-to-event analysis - subgroup analysis - DCO 13-Aug-2021 - Safety Analysis Set

SOC: Blood and lymphatic system disorders; PT: Any PT

		Quizartinib (N=265)				Placebo (N=268)				Quizartinib vs Placebo		Interaction
Subgroup	n	No. of subjects with events (%)	No. of subjects censored (%)	Median (95 % CI) (months) [a]	n	No. of subjects with events (%)	No. of subjects censored (%)	Median (95 % CI) (months) [a]	Hazard Ratio (95 % CI) [b]	Unstratified log-rank p-value [c]	P-value [d]	
Race by 2 categories											0.5595	
White	157	104 (66.2)	53 (33.8)	1.9 (1.6, 2.5)	161	92 (57.1)	69 (42.9)	1.6 (1.3, 3.0)	1.042 (0.786, 1.381)	0.7659		
Non-white	108	64 (59.3)	44 (40.7)	4.5 (1.6, 7.5)	107	51 (47.7)	56 (52.3)	4.1 (1.6, NE)	1.179 (0.815, 1.704)	0.3752		

N: number of subjects in analysis set; n: number of subjects in subgroup category; %: proportion of number of subjects in n; CI: confidence interval; NE: not estimable. PT: Preferred Term, SOC: System Organ Class.

[a] Median time to first event is from Kaplan-Meier estimate. Confidence Interval for median was computed using the Brookmeyer-Crowley method.

[b] Hazard ratio is from unstratified Cox proportional hazards model with treatment as the only categorical variable in the model. Confidence limits are based on the Wald test.

[c] Two-sided p-value from unstratified log-rank test.

[d] Two-sided interaction p-value is for the interaction term from unstratified Cox proportional hazards model with treatment, subgroup, and treatment-by-subgroup interaction as categorical variables in the model. The p-value is based on the Wald test.

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SOC: Blood and lymphatic system disorders; PT: Any PT

		Quizartinib (N=265)				Placebo (N=268)				Quizartinib vs Placebo		Interaction
Subgroup	n	No. of subjects with events (%)	No. of subjects censored (%)	Median (95 % CI) (months) [a]	n	No. of subjects with events (%)	No. of subjects censored (%)	Median (95 % CI) (months) [a]	Hazard Ratio (95 % CI) [b]	Unstratified log-rank p-value [c]	P-value [d]	
Geographic Region 1											0.1827	
North America	16	10 (62.5)	6 (37.5)	1.7 (0.2, NE)	18	14 (77.8)	4 (22.2)	0.3 (0.1, 3.0)	0.652 (0.287, 1.485)	0.3211		
Europe	161	102 (63.4)	59 (36.6)	2.0 (1.6, 5.3)	161	87 (54.0)	74 (46.0)	2.5 (1.5, 6.2)	1.050 (0.788, 1.400)	0.7339		
Asia/Other Regions	88	56 (63.6)	32 (36.4)	2.1 (1.5, 6.0)	89	42 (47.2)	47 (52.8)	4.0 (1.6, NE)	1.341 (0.898, 2.002)	0.1482		

N: number of subjects in analysis set; n: number of subjects in subgroup category; %: proportion of number of subjects in n; CI: confidence interval; NE: not estimable. PT: Preferred Term, SOC: System Organ Class.

[a] Median time to first event is from Kaplan-Meier estimate. Confidence Interval for median was computed using the Brookmeyer-Crowley method.

[b] Hazard ratio is from unstratified Cox proportional hazards model with treatment as the only categorical variable in the model. Confidence limits are based on the Wald test.

[c] Two-sided p-value from unstratified log-rank test.

[d] Two-sided interaction p-value is for the interaction term from unstratified Cox proportional hazards model with treatment, subgroup, and treatment-by-subgroup interaction as categorical variables in the model. The p-value is based on the Wald test.

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Medizinischer Nutzen, medizinischer Zusatznutzen, Patientengruppen mit therap. bedeutsamem Zusatznutzen

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SOC: Blood and lymphatic system disorders; PT: Any PT

		Quizartinib (N=265)				Placebo (N=268)				Quizartinib vs Placebo		Interaction
Subgroup	n	No. of subjects with events (%)	No. of subjects censored (%)	Median (95 % CI) (months) [a]	n	No. of subjects with events (%)	No. of subjects censored (%)	Median (95 % CI) (months) [a]	Hazard Ratio (95 % CI) [b]	Unstratified log-rank p-value [c]	P-value [d]	
WBC at initial diagnosis											0.3644	
< 40x10 ⁹ /L	132	82 (62.1)	50 (37.9)	2.0 (1.5, 5.8)	133	77 (57.9)	56 (42.1)	1.7 (1.3, 4.0)	0.988 (0.723, 1.351)	0.9440		
≥ 40x10 ⁹ /L	133	86 (64.7)	47 (35.3)	2.1 (1.6, 5.3)	135	66 (48.9)	69 (51.1)	2.9 (1.6, 10.3)	1.205 (0.873, 1.661)	0.2514		

N: number of subjects in analysis set; n: number of subjects in subgroup category; %: proportion of number of subjects in n; CI: confidence interval; NE: not estimable. PT: Preferred Term, SOC: System Organ Class.

[a] Median time to first event is from Kaplan-Meier estimate. Confidence Interval for median was computed using the Brookmeyer-Crowley method.

[b] Hazard ratio is from unstratified Cox proportional hazards model with treatment as the only categorical variable in the model. Confidence limits are based on the Wald test.

[c] Two-sided p-value from unstratified log-rank test.

[d] Two-sided interaction p-value is for the interaction term from unstratified Cox proportional hazards model with treatment, subgroup, and treatment-by-subgroup interaction as categorical variables in the model. The p-value is based on the Wald test.

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SOC: Blood and lymphatic system disorders; PT: Any PT

		Quizartinib (N=265)				Placebo (N=268)				Quizartinib vs Placebo		Interaction
Subgroup	n	No. of subjects with events (%)	No. of subjects censored (%)	Median (95 % CI) (months) [a]	n	No. of subjects with events (%)	No. of subjects censored (%)	Median (95 % CI) (months) [a]	Hazard Ratio (95 % CI) [b]	Unstratified log-rank p-value [c]	P-value [d]	
Choice of Anthracycline											0.6664	
Daunorubicin	123	82 (66.7)	41 (33.3)	1.8 (1.4, 2.9)	94	52 (55.3)	42 (44.7)	1.6 (1.2, 5.2)	1.127 (0.795, 1.596)	0.4965		
Idarubicin	142	86 (60.6)	56 (39.4)	2.5 (1.7, 6.5)	171	89 (52.0)	82 (48.0)	2.7 (1.6, 6.2)	1.034 (0.768, 1.392)	0.8207		

N: number of subjects in analysis set; n: number of subjects in subgroup category; %: proportion of number of subjects in n; CI: confidence interval; NE: not estimable. PT: Preferred Term, SOC: System Organ Class.

[a] Median time to first event is from Kaplan-Meier estimate. Confidence Interval for median was computed using the Brookmeyer-Crowley method.

[b] Hazard ratio is from unstratified Cox proportional hazards model with treatment as the only categorical variable in the model. Confidence limits are based on the Wald test.

[c] Two-sided p-value from unstratified log-rank test.

[d] Two-sided interaction p-value is for the interaction term from unstratified Cox proportional hazards model with treatment, subgroup, and treatment-by-subgroup interaction as categorical variables in the model. The p-value is based on the Wald test.

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SOC: Blood and lymphatic system disorders; PT: Any PT

		Quizartinib (N=265)					Placebo (N=268)					Quizartinib vs Placebo		Interaction
Subgroup	n	No. of subjects with events (%)	No. of subjects censored (%)	Median (95 % CI) (months) [a]	n	No. of subjects with events (%)	No. of subjects censored (%)	Median (95 % CI) (months) [a]	Hazard Ratio (95 % CI) [b]	Unstratified log-rank p-value [c]	P-value [d]			
AML Cytogenetic Risk Score													0.2985	
Favorable	13	8 (61.5)	5 (38.5)	1.7 (0.7, NE)	19	16 (84.2)	3 (15.8)	0.5 (0.2, 1.6)	0.511 (0.218, 1.199)	0.1227				
Intermediate	195	120 (61.5)	75 (38.5)	2.1 (1.7, 4.5)	190	98 (51.6)	92 (48.4)	2.7 (1.6, 6.2)	1.089 (0.834, 1.422)	0.5250				
Unfavorable	19	12 (63.2)	7 (36.8)	2.5 (0.1, NE)	27	15 (55.6)	12 (44.4)	2.9 (0.6, NE)	1.116 (0.517, 2.409)	0.8052				
Unknown	38	28 (73.7)	10 (26.3)	1.6 (0.4, 8.6)	31	14 (45.2)	17 (54.8)	NE (1.2, NE)	1.670 (0.876, 3.184)	0.1110				

N: number of subjects in analysis set; n: number of subjects in subgroup category; %: proportion of number of subjects in n; CI: confidence interval; NE: not estimable. PT: Preferred Term, SOC: System Organ Class.

[a] Median time to first event is from Kaplan-Meier estimate. Confidence Interval for median was computed using the Brookmeyer-Crowley method.

[b] Hazard ratio is from unstratified Cox proportional hazards model with treatment as the only categorical variable in the model. Confidence limits are based on the Wald test.

[c] Two-sided p-value from unstratified log-rank test.

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Medizinischer Nutzen, medizinischer Zusatznutzen, Patientengruppen mit therap. bedeutsamem Zusatznutzen

Daichi Sankyo | Data Intelligence – Evidence Generation | Final | AC220-A-U302 QUANTUM-First (DCO 13 Aug 2021) | Statistical analyses for AMNOG (HTA Germany)
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SOC: Blood and lymphatic system disorders; PT: Any PT

		Quizartinib (N=265)					Placebo (N=268)					Quizartinib vs Placebo		Interaction
Subgroup	n	No. of subjects with events (%)	No. of subjects censored (%)	Median (95 % CI) (months) [a]	n	No. of subjects with events (%)	No. of subjects censored (%)	Median (95 % CI) (months) [a]	Hazard Ratio (95 % CI) [b]	Unstratified log-rank p-value [c]	P-value [d]			
ECOG Performance Status at Baseline												0.1923		
0 - Fully Active	87	51 (58.6)	36 (41.4)	2.6 (1.8, 8.2)	97	56 (57.7)	41 (42.3)	2.3 (1.2, 5.2)	0.861 (0.588, 1.260)	0.4428				
1 - Restricted in Physically Strenuous Activity	133	88 (66.2)	45 (33.8)	1.9 (1.6, 5.3)	134	65 (48.5)	69 (51.5)	2.9 (1.6, NE)	1.312 (0.952, 1.810)	0.0942				
2 - Ambulatory and Capable of All Selfcare	45	29 (64.4)	16 (35.6)	2.1 (0.9, 6.7)	36	21 (58.3)	15 (41.7)	1.6 (0.9, 7.1)	1.075 (0.612, 1.888)	0.8055				

N: number of subjects in analysis set; n: number of subjects in subgroup category; %: proportion of number of subjects in n; CI: confidence interval; NE: not estimable. PT: Preferred Term, SOC: System Organ Class.

[a] Median time to first event is from Kaplan-Meier estimate. Confidence Interval for median was computed using the Brookmeyer-Crowley method.

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[c] Two-sided p-value from unstratified log-rank test.

[d] Two-sided interaction p-value is for the interaction term from unstratified Cox proportional hazards model with treatment, subgroup, and treatment-by-subgroup interaction as categorical variables in the model. The p-value is based on the Wald test.

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Medizinischer Nutzen, medizinischer Zusatznutzen, Patientengruppen mit therap. bedeutsamem Zusatznutzen

Daichi Sankyo | Data Intelligence – Evidence Generation | Final | AC220-A-U302 QUANTUM-First (DCO 13 Aug 2021) | Statistical analyses for AMNOG (HTA Germany)
 Table 3.11.2 Treatment-emergent adverse events by system organ class (SOC) and preferred term (PT) observed for ≥ 10 patients in at least one arm and ≥ 1% of the patients in at least one arm - Time-to-event analysis - subgroup analysis - DCO 13-Aug-2021 - Safety Analysis Set

SOC: Blood and lymphatic system disorders; PT: Any PT

Subgroup	n	Quizartinib (N=265)				Placebo (N=268)				Quizartinib vs Placebo		Interaction
		No. of subjects with events (%)	No. of subjects censored (%)	Median (95 % CI) (months) [a]	n	No. of subjects with events (%)	No. of subjects censored (%)	Median (95 % CI) (months) [a]	n	Hazard Ratio (95 % CI) [b]	Unstratified log-rank p-value [c]	P-value [d]
FLT3-ITD category at Baseline											0.0938	
≥3 to ≤25%	94	59 (62.8)	35 (37.2)	2.1 (1.6, 6.4)	98	60 (61.2)	38 (38.8)	1.5 (1.0, 2.1)	0.772 (0.536, 1.113)	0.1676		
>25% to ≤50%	141	88 (62.4)	53 (37.6)	1.9 (1.6, 4.2)	136	67 (49.3)	69 (50.7)	3.6 (1.7, NE)	1.332 (0.969, 1.831)	0.0753		
>50%	29	20 (69.0)	9 (31.0)	2.2 (1.6, 6.7)	34	16 (47.1)	18 (52.9)	3.1 (0.5, NE)	1.203 (0.622, 2.328)	0.5779		

N: number of subjects in analysis set; n: number of subjects in subgroup category; %: proportion of number of subjects in n; CI: confidence interval; NE: not estimable. PT: Preferred Term, SOC: System Organ Class.

[a] Median time to first event is from Kaplan-Meier estimate. Confidence Interval for median was computed using the Brookmeyer-Crowley method.

[b] Hazard ratio is from unstratified Cox proportional hazards model with treatment as the only categorical variable in the model. Confidence limits are based on the Wald test.

[c] Two-sided p-value from unstratified log-rank test.

[d] Two-sided interaction p-value is for the interaction term from unstratified Cox proportional hazards model with treatment, subgroup, and treatment-by-subgroup interaction as categorical variables in the model. The p-value is based on the Wald test.

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AML with Mutated NPM1											0.4603	
Yes	139	86 (61.9)	53 (38.1)	2.9 (1.6, 6.7)	137	79 (57.7)	58 (42.3)	2.3 (1.6, 5.2)	0.986 (0.726, 1.339)	0.9403		
No	116	75 (64.7)	41 (35.3)	1.9 (1.6, 2.5)	120	61 (50.8)	59 (49.2)	2.0 (1.2, 4.1)	1.177 (0.839, 1.652)	0.3438		

N: number of subjects in analysis set; n: number of subjects in subgroup category; %: proportion of number of subjects in n; CI: confidence interval; NE: not estimable. PT: Preferred Term, SOC: System Organ Class.

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Subgroup	n	No. of subjects with events (%)	No. of subjects censored (%)	Median (95 % CI) (months) [a]	n	No. of subjects with events (%)	No. of subjects censored (%)	Median (95 % CI) (months) [a]	Hazard Ratio (95 % CI) [b]	Unstratified log-rank p-value [c]	P-value [d]	
Age by 2 categories											0.7176	
≤60	164	108 (65.9)	56 (34.1)	2.1 (1.6, 3.7)	163	88 (54.0)	75 (46.0)	2.5 (1.6, 5.2)	1.135 (0.856, 1.504)	0.3768		
>60	101	60 (59.4)	41 (40.6)	2.0 (1.6, 5.9)	105	55 (52.4)	50 (47.6)	1.8 (1.4, 7.1)	1.047 (0.726, 1.512)	0.7959		

N: number of subjects in analysis set; n: number of subjects in subgroup category; %: proportion of number of subjects in n; CI: confidence interval; NE: not estimable. PT: Preferred Term, SOC: System Organ Class.

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SOC: Blood and lymphatic system disorders; PT: Febrile neutropenia

		Quizartinib (N=265)				Placebo (N=268)				Quizartinib vs Placebo		Interaction
Subgroup	n	No. of subjects with events (%)	No. of subjects censored (%)	Median (95 % CI) (months) [a]	n	No. of subjects with events (%)	No. of subjects censored (%)	Median (95 % CI) (months) [a]	Hazard Ratio (95 % CI) [b]	Unstratified log-rank p-value [c]	P-value [d]	
Pooled Age Group 2											0.8020	
<60	159	72 (45.3)	87 (54.7)	4.2 (2.2, NE)	160	71 (44.4)	89 (55.6)	4.1 (2.7, NE)	0.975 (0.702, 1.354)	0.8829		
≥60 - <65	37	18 (48.6)	19 (51.4)	2.9 (1.6, NE)	43	16 (37.2)	27 (62.8)	NE (1.5, NE)	1.240 (0.632, 2.434)	0.5238		
≥65	69	27 (39.1)	42 (60.9)	18.9 (1.7, NE)	65	26 (40.0)	39 (60.0)	NE (1.6, NE)	0.965 (0.563, 1.654)	0.9015		

N: number of subjects in analysis set; n: number of subjects in subgroup category; %: proportion of number of subjects in n; CI: confidence interval; NE: not estimable. PT: Preferred Term, SOC: System Organ Class.

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Subgroup	n	No. of subjects with events (%)	No. of subjects censored (%)	Median (95 % CI) (months) [a]	n	No. of subjects with events (%)	No. of subjects censored (%)	Median (95 % CI) (months) [a]	Hazard Ratio (95 % CI) [b]	Unstratified log-rank p-value [c]	P-value [d]	
Sex											0.0924	
Male	124	56 (45.2)	68 (54.8)	3.9 (2.1, NE)	120	42 (35.0)	78 (65.0)	NE (4.1, NE)	1.302 (0.872, 1.943)	0.1940		
Female	141	61 (43.3)	80 (56.7)	5.5 (2.2, NE)	148	71 (48.0)	77 (52.0)	3.4 (1.7, NE)	0.827 (0.587, 1.165)	0.2782		

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Race by 2 categories											0.6229	
White	157	74 (47.1)	83 (52.9)	2.8 (1.9, NE)	161	74 (46.0)	87 (54.0)	3.1 (1.6, NE)	0.965 (0.699, 1.332)	0.8339		
Non-white	108	43 (39.8)	65 (60.2)	18.9 (3.4, NE)	107	39 (36.4)	68 (63.6)	NE (4.1, NE)	1.091 (0.707, 1.683)	0.6927		

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Geographic Region 1											0.5432	
North America	16	8 (50.0)	8 (50.0)	2.2 (0.2, NE)	18	11 (61.1)	7 (38.9)	1.0 (0.1, NE)	0.712 (0.286, 1.775)	0.4782		
Europe	161	68 (42.2)	93 (57.8)	NE (2.0, NE)	161	67 (41.6)	94 (58.4)	9.0 (2.7, NE)	0.965 (0.688, 1.352)	0.8357		
Asia/Other Regions	88	41 (46.6)	47 (53.4)	4.5 (2.1, NE)	89	35 (39.3)	54 (60.7)	NE (3.4, NE)	1.206 (0.768, 1.894)	0.4137		

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WBC at initial diagnosis											0.0300	
< 40x10 ⁹ /L	132	54 (40.9)	78 (59.1)	NE (2.6, NE)	133	68 (51.1)	65 (48.9)	3.4 (1.6, 9.0)		0.766 (0.536, 1.095)	0.1408	
≥ 40x10 ⁹ /L	133	63 (47.4)	70 (52.6)	3.7 (2.1, NE)	135	45 (33.3)	90 (66.7)	NE (4.1, NE)		1.356 (0.924, 1.988)	0.1165	

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Choice of Anthracycline													0.7135	
Daunorubicin	123	60 (48.8)	63 (51.2)	3.5 (1.7, 18.9)	94	44 (46.8)	50 (53.2)	3.7 (1.6, NE)	1.016 (0.689, 1.501)	0.9328				
Idarubicin	142	57 (40.1)	85 (59.9)	NE (2.5, NE)	171	68 (39.8)	103 (60.2)	NE (3.6, NE)	0.947 (0.666, 1.347)	0.7646				

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AML Cytogenetic Risk Score											0.1506	
Favorable	13	5 (38.5)	8 (61.5)	NE (0.7, NE)	19	13 (68.4)	6 (31.6)	1.2 (0.2, NE)		0.427 (0.152, 1.201)	0.0976	
Intermediate	195	83 (42.6)	112 (57.4)	5.5 (2.8, NE)	190	79 (41.6)	111 (58.4)	9.0 (3.0, NE)		0.945 (0.694, 1.287)	0.7243	
Unfavorable	19	11 (57.9)	8 (42.1)	2.5 (0.1, NE)	27	9 (33.3)	18 (66.7)	NE (2.1, NE)		2.034 (0.842, 4.913)	0.1114	
Unknown	38	18 (47.4)	20 (52.6)	2.0 (1.2, NE)	31	12 (38.7)	19 (61.3)	NE (1.5, NE)		1.267 (0.609, 2.634)	0.5168	

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[a] Median time to first event is from Kaplan-Meier estimate. Confidence Interval for median was computed using the Brookmeyer-Crowley method.

[b] Hazard ratio is from unstratified Cox proportional hazards model with treatment as the only categorical variable in the model. Confidence limits are based on the Wald test.

[c] Two-sided p-value from unstratified log-rank test.

[d] Two-sided interaction p-value is for the interaction term from unstratified Cox proportional hazards model with treatment, subgroup, and treatment-by-subgroup interaction as categorical variables in the model. The p-value is based on the Wald test.

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Run date: 21JUL2023 – 22:02; Program name: DE_T_3_11_2.sas; Output name: DE_T_3_11_2_TEAESOCPT_SUB_SAS.rtf

Medizinischer Nutzen, medizinischer Zusatznutzen, Patientengruppen mit therap. bedeutsamem Zusatznutzen

Daichi Sankyo | Data Intelligence – Evidence Generation | Final | AC220-A-U302 QUANTUM-First (DCO 13 Aug 2021) | Statistical analyses for AMNOG (HTA Germany)
 Table 3.11.2 Treatment-emergent adverse events by system organ class (SOC) and preferred term (PT) observed for ≥ 10 patients in at least one arm and ≥ 1% of the patients in at least one arm - Time-to-event analysis - subgroup analysis - DCO 13-Aug-2021 - Safety Analysis Set

SOC: Blood and lymphatic system disorders; PT: Febrile neutropenia

		Quizartinib (N=265)					Placebo (N=268)					Quizartinib vs Placebo		Interaction
Subgroup	n	No. of subjects with events (%)	No. of subjects censored (%)	Median (95 % CI) (months) [a]	n	No. of subjects with events (%)	No. of subjects censored (%)	Median (95 % CI) (months) [a]	Hazard Ratio (95 % CI) [b]	Unstratified log-rank p-value [c]	P-value [d]			
ECOG Performance Status at Baseline												0.4327		
0 - Fully Active	87	38 (43.7)	49 (56.3)	NE (2.1, NE)	97	47 (48.5)	50 (51.5)	3.6 (1.8, NE)	0.818 (0.533, 1.255)	0.3561				
1 - Restricted in Physically Strenuous Activity	133	61 (45.9)	72 (54.1)	3.9 (2.0, NE)	134	52 (38.8)	82 (61.2)	NE (3.7, NE)	1.138 (0.786, 1.647)	0.4896				
2 - Ambulatory and Capable of All Selfcare	45	18 (40.0)	27 (60.0)	2.2 (1.6, NE)	36	13 (36.1)	23 (63.9)	7.1 (1.5, NE)	1.264 (0.618, 2.587)	0.5150				

N: number of subjects in analysis set; n: number of subjects in subgroup category; %: proportion of number of subjects in n; CI: confidence interval; NE: not estimable. PT: Preferred Term, SOC: System Organ Class.

[a] Median time to first event is from Kaplan-Meier estimate. Confidence Interval for median was computed using the Brookmeyer-Crowley method.

[b] Hazard ratio is from unstratified Cox proportional hazards model with treatment as the only categorical variable in the model. Confidence limits are based on the Wald test.

[c] Two-sided p-value is from unstratified log-rank test.

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SOC: Blood and lymphatic system disorders; PT: Febrile neutropenia

Subgroup	n	Quizartinib (N=265)				Placebo (N=268)				Quizartinib vs Placebo		Interaction
		No. of subjects with events (%)	No. of subjects censored (%)	Median (95 % CI) (months) [a]	n	No. of subjects with events (%)	No. of subjects censored (%)	Median (95 % CI) (months) [a]	n	Hazard Ratio (95 % CI) [b]	Unstratified log-rank p-value [c]	P-value [d]
FLT3-ITD category at Baseline											0.0231	
≥3 to ≤25%	94	34 (36.2)	60 (63.8)	NE (2.6, NE)	98	49 (50.0)	49 (50.0)	2.1 (1.5, NE)	0.633 (0.408, 0.981)	0.0391		
>25% to ≤50%	141	69 (48.9)	72 (51.1)	3.5 (1.9, 18.9)	136	52 (38.2)	84 (61.8)	NE (3.6, NE)	1.355 (0.945, 1.942)	0.0960		
>50%	29	14 (48.3)	15 (51.7)	NE (1.6, NE)	34	12 (35.3)	22 (64.7)	4.0 (2.7, NE)	1.177 (0.543, 2.548)	0.6822		

N: number of subjects in analysis set; n: number of subjects in subgroup category; %: proportion of number of subjects in n; CI: confidence interval; NE: not estimable. PT: Preferred Term, SOC: System Organ Class.

[a] Median time to first event is from Kaplan-Meier estimate. Confidence Interval for median was computed using the Brookmeyer-Crowley method.

[b] Hazard ratio is from unstratified Cox proportional hazards model with treatment as the only categorical variable in the model. Confidence limits are based on the Wald test.

[c] Two-sided p-value from unstratified log-rank test.

[d] Two-sided interaction p-value is for the interaction term from unstratified Cox proportional hazards model with treatment, subgroup, and treatment-by-subgroup interaction as categorical variables in the model. The p-value is based on the Wald test.

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SOC: Blood and lymphatic system disorders; PT: Febrile neutropenia

		Quizartinib (N=265)				Placebo (N=268)				Quizartinib vs Placebo		Interaction
Subgroup	n	No. of subjects with events (%)	No. of subjects censored (%)	Median (95 % CI) (months) [a]	n	No. of subjects with events (%)	No. of subjects censored (%)	Median (95 % CI) (months) [a]	Hazard Ratio (95 % CI) [b]	Unstratified log-rank p-value [c]	P-value [d]	
AML with Mutated NPM1											0.3621	
Yes	139	56 (40.3)	83 (59.7)	NE (2.9, NE)	137	60 (43.8)	77 (56.2)	9.0 (2.7, NE)	0.894 (0.621, 1.287)	0.5499		
No	116	60 (51.7)	56 (48.3)	2.1 (1.7, 4.2)	120	51 (42.5)	69 (57.5)	NE (1.5, NE)	1.148 (0.790, 1.669)	0.4653		

N: number of subjects in analysis set; n: number of subjects in subgroup category; %: proportion of number of subjects in n; CI: confidence interval; NE: not estimable. PT: Preferred Term, SOC: System Organ Class.

[a] Median time to first event is from Kaplan-Meier estimate. Confidence Interval for median was computed using the Brookmeyer-Crowley method.

[b] Hazard ratio is from unstratified Cox proportional hazards model with treatment as the only categorical variable in the model. Confidence limits are based on the Wald test.

[c] Two-sided p-value from unstratified log-rank test.

[d] Two-sided interaction p-value is for the interaction term from unstratified Cox proportional hazards model with treatment, subgroup, and treatment-by-subgroup interaction as categorical variables in the model. The p-value is based on the Wald test.

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SOC: Blood and lymphatic system disorders; PT: Febrile neutropenia

		Quizartinib (N=265)				Placebo (N=268)				Quizartinib vs Placebo		Interaction
Subgroup	n	No. of subjects with events (%)	No. of subjects censored (%)	Median (95 % CI) (months) [a]	n	No. of subjects with events (%)	No. of subjects censored (%)	Median (95 % CI) (months) [a]	Hazard Ratio (95 % CI) [b]	Unstratified log-rank p-value [c]	P-value [d]	
Age by 2 categories											0.8524	
≤60	164	76 (46.3)	88 (53.7)	3.9 (2.1, NE)	163	71 (43.6)	92 (56.4)	5.2 (3.0, NE)	1.025 (0.741, 1.416)	0.8820		
>60	101	41 (40.6)	60 (59.4)	18.9 (1.9, NE)	105	42 (40.0)	63 (60.0)	NE (1.8, NE)	0.975 (0.634, 1.500)	0.9154		

N: number of subjects in analysis set; n: number of subjects in subgroup category; %: proportion of number of subjects in n; CI: confidence interval; NE: not estimable. PT: Preferred Term, SOC: System Organ Class.

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[c] Two-sided p-value from unstratified log-rank test.

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SOC: Blood and lymphatic system disorders; PT: Neutropenia

		Quizartinib (N=265)					Placebo (N=268)					Quizartinib vs Placebo		Interaction
Subgroup	n	No. of subjects with events (%)	No. of subjects censored (%)	Median (95 % CI) (months) [a]	n	No. of subjects with events (%)	No. of subjects censored (%)	Median (95 % CI) (months) [a]	Hazard Ratio (95 % CI) [b]	Unstratified log-rank p-value [c]	P-value [d]			
Pooled Age Group 2												0.7166		
<60	159	33 (20.8)	126 (79.2)	NE (NE)	(22.5, 160	17 (10.6)	143 (89.4)	NE (NE, NE)	1.672 (0.930, 3.006)	0.0824				
≥60 - <65	37	9 (24.3)	28 (75.7)	17.5 (13.2, NE)	43	4 (9.3)	39 (90.7)	NE (NE, NE)	2.619 (0.785, 8.741)	0.1055				
≥65	69	12 (17.4)	57 (82.6)	24.6 (11.6, NE)	65	6 (9.2)	59 (90.8)	NE (NE)	2.739 (1.009, 7.433)	0.0400				

N: number of subjects in analysis set; n: number of subjects in subgroup category; %: proportion of number of subjects in n; CI: confidence interval; NE: not estimable. PT: Preferred Term, SOC: System Organ Class.

[a] Median time to first event is from Kaplan-Meier estimate. Confidence Interval for median was computed using the Brookmeyer-Crowley method.

[b] Hazard ratio is from unstratified Cox proportional hazards model with treatment as the only categorical variable in the model. Confidence limits are based on the Wald test.

[c] Two-sided p-value from unstratified log-rank test.

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		Quizartinib (N=265)					Placebo (N=268)					Quizartinib vs Placebo		Interaction
Subgroup	n	No. of subjects with events (%)	No. of subjects censored (%)	Median (95 % CI) (months) [a]	n	No. of subjects with events (%)	No. of subjects censored (%)	Median (95 % CI) (months) [a]	Hazard Ratio (95 % CI) [b]	Unstratified log-rank p-value [c]	P-value [d]			
Sex											0.1808			
Male	124	22 (17.7)	102 (82.3)	NE (NE) (20.5, NE)	120	6 (5.0)	114 (95.0)	NE (NE, NE)	3.178 (1.287, 7.847)	0.0081				
Female	141	32 (22.7)	109 (77.3)	28.5 (17.2, NE)	148	21 (14.2)	127 (85.8)	NE (NE)	1.576 (0.908, 2.738)	0.1037				

N: number of subjects in analysis set; n: number of subjects in subgroup category; %: proportion of number of subjects in n; CI: confidence interval; NE: not estimable. PT: Preferred Term, SOC: System Organ Class.

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Subgroup	n	No. of subjects with events (%)	No. of subjects censored (%)	Median (95 % CI) (months) [a]	n	No. of subjects with events (%)	No. of subjects censored (%)	Median (95 % CI) (months) [a]	Hazard Ratio (95 % CI) [b]	Unstratified log-rank p-value [c]	P-value [d]			
Race by 2 categories												0.2806		
White	157	36 (22.9)	121 (77.1)	28.5 (17.5, NE)	161	21 (13.0)	140 (87.0)	NE (38.7, NE)	1.632 (0.952, 2.799)	0.0722				
Non-white	108	18 (16.7)	90 (83.3)	NE (22.6, NE)	107	6 (5.6)	101 (94.4)	NE (NE, NE)	2.766 (1.097, 6.977)	0.0246				

N: number of subjects in analysis set; n: number of subjects in subgroup category; %: proportion of number of subjects in n; CI: confidence interval; NE: not estimable. PT: Preferred Term, SOC: System Organ Class.

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Subgroup	n	No. of subjects with events (%)	No. of subjects censored (%)	Median (95 % CI) (months) [a]	n	No. of subjects with events (%)	No. of subjects censored (%)	Median (95 % CI) (months) [a]	Hazard Ratio (95 % CI) [b]	Unstratified log-rank p-value [c]	P-value [d]			
Geographic Region 1													0.2522	
North America	16	2 (12.5)	14 (87.5)	NE (NE)	18	2 (11.1)	16 (88.9)	NE (NE, NE)	1.355 (0.190, 9.682)	0.7609				
Europe	161	36 (22.4)	125 (77.6)	28.5 (18.3, NE)	161	21 (13.0)	140 (87.0)	NE (38.7, NE)	1.497 (0.873, 2.568)	0.1396				
Asia/Other Regions	88	16 (18.2)	72 (81.8)	NE (14.5, NE)	89	4 (4.5)	85 (95.5)	NE (NE, NE)	3.806 (1.267, 11.426)	0.0105				

N: number of subjects in analysis set; n: number of subjects in subgroup category; %: proportion of number of subjects in n; CI: confidence interval; NE: not estimable. PT: Preferred Term, SOC: System Organ Class.

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		Quizartinib (N=265)					Placebo (N=268)					Quizartinib vs Placebo		Interaction
Subgroup	n	No. of subjects with events (%)	No. of subjects censored (%)	Median (95 % CI) (months) [a]	n	No. of subjects with events (%)	No. of subjects censored (%)	Median (95 % CI) (months) [a]	Hazard Ratio (95 % CI) [b]	Unstratified log-rank p-value [c]	P-value [d]			
WBC at initial diagnosis												0.6064		
< 40x10 ⁹ /L	132	32 (24.2)	100 (75.8)	38.8 (13.7, NE)	133	16 (12.0)	117 (88.0)	NE (38.7, NE)	2.121 (1.163, 3.868)	0.0121				
≥ 40x10 ⁹ /L	133	22 (16.5)	111 (83.5)	31.5 (22.6, NE)	135	11 (8.1)	124 (91.9)	NE (NE, NE)	1.661 (0.803, 3.433)	0.1666				

N: number of subjects in analysis set; n: number of subjects in subgroup category; %: proportion of number of subjects in n; CI: confidence interval; NE: not estimable. PT: Preferred Term, SOC: System Organ Class.

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Subgroup	n	No. of subjects with events (%)	No. of subjects censored (%)	Median (95 % CI) (months) [a]	n	No. of subjects with events (%)	No. of subjects censored (%)	Median (95 % CI) (months) [a]	Hazard Ratio (95 % CI) [b]	Unstratified log-rank p-value [c]	P-value [d]			
Choice of Anthracycline												0.1740		
Daunorubicin	123	21 (17.1)	102 (82.9)	38.8 (NE)	94	11 (11.7)	83 (88.3)	NE (NE)	1.316 (0.632, 2.740)	0.4613				
Idarubicin	142	33 (23.2)	109 (76.8)	31.5 (NE)	171	15 (8.8)	156 (91.2)	NE (NE, NE)	2.499 (1.357, 4.604)	0.0023				

N: number of subjects in analysis set; n: number of subjects in subgroup category; %: proportion of number of subjects in n; CI: confidence interval; NE: not estimable. PT: Preferred Term, SOC: System Organ Class.

[a] Median time to first event is from Kaplan-Meier estimate. Confidence Interval for median was computed using the Brookmeyer-Crowley method.

[b] Hazard ratio is from unstratified Cox proportional hazards model with treatment as the only categorical variable in the model. Confidence limits are based on the Wald test.

[c] Two-sided p-value from unstratified log-rank test.

[d] Two-sided interaction p-value is for the interaction term from unstratified Cox proportional hazards model with treatment, subgroup, and treatment-by-subgroup interaction as categorical variables in the model. The p-value is based on the Wald test.

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Medizinischer Nutzen, medizinischer Zusatznutzen, Patientengruppen mit therap. bedeutsamem Zusatznutzen

Daiichi Sankyo | Data Intelligence – Evidence Generation | Final | AC220-A-U302 QUANTUM-First (DCO 13 Aug 2021) | Statistical analyses for AMNOG (HTA Germany)
 Table 3.11.2 Treatment-emergent adverse events by system organ class (SOC) and preferred term (PT) observed for ≥ 10 patients in at least one arm and ≥ 1% of the patients in at least one arm - Time-to-event analysis - subgroup analysis - DCO 13-Aug-2021 - Safety Analysis Set

SOC: Blood and lymphatic system disorders; PT: Neutropenia

		Quizartinib (N=265)					Placebo (N=268)					Quizartinib vs Placebo		Interaction
Subgroup	n	No. of subjects with events (%)	No. of subjects censored (%)	Median (95 % CI) (months) [a]	n	No. of subjects with events (%)	No. of subjects censored (%)	Median (95 % CI) (months) [a]	n	Hazard Ratio (95 % CI) [b]	Unstratified log-rank p-value [c]	P-value [d]		
AML Cytogenetic Risk Score												0.7030		
Favorable	13	0	13 (100)	NE (NE, NE)	19	0	19 (100)	NE (NE, NE)	19	NE (NE, NE)	NE			
Intermediate	195	42 (21.5)	153 (78.5)	28.5 (17.2, NE)	190	19 (10.0)	171 (90.0)	NE (NE, NE)	190	1.949 (1.132, 3.356)	0.0142			
Unfavorable	19	2 (10.5)	17 (89.5)	NE (18.3, NE)	27	3 (11.1)	24 (88.9)	NE (NE, NE)	27	0.789 (0.120, 5.186)	0.8052			
Unknown	38	10 (26.3)	28 (73.7)	26.8 (11.5, NE)	31	5 (16.1)	26 (83.9)	NE (17.1, NE)	31	1.588 (0.540, 4.670)	0.3968			

N: number of subjects in analysis set; n: number of subjects in subgroup category; %: proportion of number of subjects in n; CI: confidence interval; NE: not estimable. PT: Preferred Term, SOC: System Organ Class.

[a] Median time to first event is from Kaplan-Meier estimate. Confidence Interval for median was computed using the Brookmeyer-Crowley method.

[b] Hazard ratio is from unstratified Cox proportional hazards model with treatment as the only categorical variable in the model. Confidence limits are based on the Wald test.

[c] Two-sided p-value from unstratified log-rank test.

[d] Two-sided interaction p-value is for the interaction term from unstratified Cox proportional hazards model with treatment, subgroup, and treatment-by-subgroup interaction as categorical variables in the model. The p-value is based on the Wald test.

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SOC: Blood and lymphatic system disorders; PT: Neutropenia

		Quizartinib (N=265)					Placebo (N=268)					Quizartinib vs Placebo		Interaction
Subgroup	n	No. of subjects with events (%)	No. of subjects censored (%)	Median (95 % CI) (months) [a]	n	No. of subjects with events (%)	No. of subjects censored (%)	Median (95 % CI) (months) [a]	Hazard Ratio (95 % CI) [b]	Unstratified log-rank p-value [c]	P-value [d]			
ECOG Performance Status at Baseline												0.1065		
0 - Fully Active	87	16 (18.4)	71 (81.6)	NE (20.5, NE)	97	13 (13.4)	84 (86.6)	NE (38.7, NE)	1.169 (0.561, 2.436)	0.6763				
1 - Restricted in Physically Strenuous Activity	133	27 (20.3)	106 (79.7)	28.5 (22.5, NE)	134	8 (6.0)	126 (94.0)	NE (NE, NE)	3.536 (1.601, 7.811)	0.0009				
2 - Ambulatory and Capable of All Selfcare	45	11 (24.4)	34 (75.6)	17.1 (9.2, NE)	36	6 (16.7)	30 (83.3)	NE (NE, NE)	1.188 (0.435, 3.247)	0.7414				

N: number of subjects in analysis set; n: number of subjects in subgroup category; %: proportion of number of subjects in n; CI: confidence interval; NE: not estimable. PT: Preferred Term, SOC: System Organ Class.

[a] Median time to first event is from Kaplan-Meier estimate. Confidence Interval for median was computed using the Brookmeyer-Crowley method.

[b] Hazard ratio is from unstratified Cox proportional hazards model with treatment as the only categorical variable in the model. Confidence limits are based on the Wald test.

[c] Two-sided p-value is for the interaction term from unstratified log-rank test.

[d] Two-sided interaction p-value is for the interaction term from unstratified Cox proportional hazards model with treatment, subgroup, and treatment-by-subgroup interaction as categorical variables in the model. The p-value is based on the Wald test.

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SOC: Blood and lymphatic system disorders; PT: Neutropenia

Subgroup	n	Quizartinib (N=265)					Placebo (N=268)					Quizartinib vs Placebo		Interaction
		No. of subjects with events (%)	No. of subjects censored (%)	Median (95 % CI) (months) [a]	n	No. of subjects with events (%)	No. of subjects censored (%)	Median (95 % CI) (months) [a]	Hazard Ratio (95 % CI) [b]	Unstratified log-rank p-value [c]	P-value [d]			
FLT3-ITD category at Baseline													0.5419	
≥3 to ≤25%	94	19 (20.2)	75 (79.8)	38.8 (17.5, NE)	98	14 (4.3)	84 (85.7)	NE (38.7, NE)	1.420 (0.711, 2.834)	0.3177				
>25% to ≤50%	141	27 (19.1)	114 (80.9)	NE (22.5, NE)	136	10 (7.4)	126 (92.6)	NE (NE, NE)	2.437 (1.178, 5.042)	0.0130				
>50%	29	8 (27.6)	21 (72.4)	14.3 (7.6, NE)	34	3 (8.8)	31 (91.2)	NE (NE, NE)	1.766 (0.461, 6.768)	0.4054				

N: number of subjects in analysis set; n: number of subjects in subgroup category; %: proportion of number of subjects in n; CI: confidence interval; NE: not estimable. PT: Preferred Term, SOC: System Organ Class.

[a] Median time to first event is from Kaplan-Meier estimate. Confidence Interval for median was computed using the Brookmeyer-Crowley method.

[b] Hazard ratio is from unstratified Cox proportional hazards model with treatment as the only categorical variable in the model. Confidence limits are based on the Wald test.

[c] Two-sided p-value from unstratified log-rank test.

[d] Two-sided interaction p-value is for the interaction term from unstratified Cox proportional hazards model with treatment, subgroup, and treatment-by-subgroup interaction as categorical variables in the model. The p-value is based on the Wald test.

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SOC: Blood and lymphatic system disorders; PT: Neutropenia

		Quizartinib (N=265)					Placebo (N=268)					Quizartinib vs Placebo		Interaction
Subgroup	n	No. of subjects with events (%)	No. of subjects censored (%)	Median (95 % CI) (months) [a]	n	No. of subjects with events (%)	No. of subjects censored (%)	Median (95 % CI) (months) [a]	Hazard Ratio (95 % CI) [b]	Unstratified log-rank p-value [c]	P-value [d]			
AML with Mutated NPM1												0.3166		
Yes	139	31 (22.3)	108 (77.7)	38.8 (17.2, NE)	137	19 (13.9)	118 (86.1)	NE (NE, NE)	1.529 (0.863, 2.708)	0.1436				
No	116	22 (19.0)	94 (81.0)	28.5 (18.3, NE)	120	8 (6.7)	112 (93.3)	NE (38.7, NE)	2.574 (1.144, 5.792)	0.0178				

N: number of subjects in analysis set; n: number of subjects in subgroup category; %: proportion of number of subjects in n; CI: confidence interval; NE: not estimable. PT: Preferred Term, SOC: System Organ Class.

[a] Median time to first event is from Kaplan-Meier estimate. Confidence Interval for median was computed using the Brookmeyer-Crowley method.

[b] Hazard ratio is from unstratified Cox proportional hazards model with treatment as the only categorical variable in the model. Confidence limits are based on the Wald test.

[c] Two-sided p-value from unstratified log-rank test.

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SOC: Blood and lymphatic system disorders; PT: Neutropenia

		Quizartinib (N=265)					Placebo (N=268)					Quizartinib vs Placebo		Interaction
Subgroup	n	No. of subjects with events (%)	No. of subjects censored (%)	Median (95 % CI) (months) [a]	n	No. of subjects with events (%)	No. of subjects censored (%)	Median (95 % CI) (months) [a]	Hazard Ratio (95 % CI) [b]	Unstratified log-rank p-value [c]	P-value [d]			
Age by 2 categories												0.4519		
≤60	164	34 (20.7)	130 (79.3)	NE (NE)	22.5, 163	17 (10.4)	146 (89.6)	NE (NE, NE)	1.688 (0.942, 3.026)	0.0751				
>60	101	20 (19.8)	81 (80.2)	24.6 (13.5, 38.8)	105	10 (9.5)	95 (90.5)	NE (NE, NE)	2.540 (1.177, 5.479)	0.0140				

N: number of subjects in analysis set; n: number of subjects in subgroup category; %: proportion of number of subjects in n; CI: confidence interval; NE: not estimable. PT: Preferred Term, SOC: System Organ Class.

[a] Median time to first event is from Kaplan-Meier estimate. Confidence Interval for median was computed using the Brookmeyer-Crowley method.

[b] Hazard ratio is from unstratified Cox proportional hazards model with treatment as the only categorical variable in the model. Confidence limits are based on the Wald test.

[c] Two-sided p-value from unstratified log-rank test.

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SOC: Blood and lymphatic system disorders; PT: Thrombocytopenia

		Quizartinib (N=265)				Placebo (N=268)				Quizartinib vs Placebo		Interaction
Subgroup	n	No. of subjects with events (%)	No. of subjects censored (%)	Median (95 % CI) (months) [a]	n	No. of subjects with events (%)	No. of subjects censored (%)	Median (95 % CI) (months) [a]	Hazard Ratio (95 % CI) [b]	Unstratified log-rank p-value [c]	P-value [d]	
Pooled Age Group 2											0.9499	
<60	159	19 (11.9)	140 (88.1)	NE (NE, NE)	160	17 (10.6)	143 (89.4)	NE (NE, NE)	0.932 (0.483, 1.797)	0.8335		
≥60 - <65	37	5 (13.5)	32 (86.5)	NE (12.2, NE)	43	5 (11.6)	38 (88.4)	NE (NE, NE)	0.913 (0.262, 3.180)	0.8861		
≥65	69	6 (8.7)	63 (91.3)	NE (NE, NE)	65	8 (12.3)	57 (87.7)	NE (17.8, NE)	0.767 (0.266, 2.212)	0.6228		

N: number of subjects in analysis set; n: number of subjects in subgroup category; %: proportion of number of subjects in n; CI: confidence interval; NE: not estimable. PT: Preferred Term, SOC: System Organ Class.

[a] Median time to first event is from Kaplan-Meier estimate. Confidence Interval for median was computed using the Brookmeyer-Crowley method.

[b] Hazard ratio is from unstratified Cox proportional hazards model with treatment as the only categorical variable in the model. Confidence limits are based on the Wald test.

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SOC: Blood and lymphatic system disorders; PT: Thrombocytopenia

		Quizartinib (N=265)				Placebo (N=268)				Quizartinib vs Placebo		Interaction
Subgroup	n	No. of subjects with events (%)	No. of subjects censored (%)	Median (95 % CI) (months) [a]	n	No. of subjects with events (%)	No. of subjects censored (%)	Median (95 % CI) (months) [a]	Hazard Ratio (95 % CI) [b]	Unstratified log-rank p-value [c]	P-value [d]	
Sex											0.5748	
Male	124	11 (8.9)	113 (91.1)	NE (NE, NE)	120	12 (10.0)	108 (90.0)	NE (NE, NE)	0.751 (0.330, 1.708)	0.4947		
Female	141	19 (13.5)	122 (86.5)	NE (NE, NE)	148	18 (12.2)	130 (87.8)	NE (NE, NE)	0.969 (0.508, 1.849)	0.9254		

N: number of subjects in analysis set; n: number of subjects in subgroup category; %: proportion of number of subjects in n; CI: confidence interval; NE: not estimable. PT: Preferred Term, SOC: System Organ Class.

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[b] Hazard ratio is from unstratified Cox proportional hazards model with treatment as the only categorical variable in the model. Confidence limits are based on the Wald test.

[c] Two-sided p-value from unstratified log-rank test.

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SOC: Blood and lymphatic system disorders; PT: Thrombocytopenia

		Quizartinib (N=265)				Placebo (N=268)				Quizartinib vs Placebo		Interaction
Subgroup	n	No. of subjects with events (%)	No. of subjects censored (%)	Median (95 % CI) (months) [a]	n	No. of subjects with events (%)	No. of subjects censored (%)	Median (95 % CI) (months) [a]	Hazard Ratio (95 % CI) [b]	Unstratified log-rank p-value [c]	P-value [d]	
Race by 2 categories											0.7964	
White	157	21 (13.4)	136 (86.6)	NE (NE, NE)	161	20 (12.4)	141 (87.6)	NE (NE, NE)	0.894 (0.484, 1.654)	0.7230		
Non-white	108	9 (8.3)	99 (91.7)	NE (NE, NE)	107	10 (9.3)	97 (90.7)	NE (NE, NE)	0.796 (0.323, 1.960)	0.6182		

N: number of subjects in analysis set; n: number of subjects in subgroup category; %: proportion of number of subjects in n; CI: confidence interval; NE: not estimable. PT: Preferred Term, SOC: System Organ Class.

[a] Median time to first event is from Kaplan-Meier estimate. Confidence Interval for median was computed using the Brookmeyer-Crowley method.

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[c] Two-sided p-value from unstratified log-rank test.

[d] Two-sided interaction p-value is for the interaction term from unstratified Cox proportional hazards model with treatment, subgroup, and treatment-by-subgroup interaction as categorical variables in the model. The p-value is based on the Wald test.

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SOC: Blood and lymphatic system disorders; PT: Thrombocytopenia

		Quizartinib (N=265)					Placebo (N=268)					Quizartinib vs Placebo		Interaction
Subgroup	n	No. of subjects with events (%)	No. of subjects censored (%)	Median (95 % CI) (months) [a]	n	No. of subjects with events (%)	No. of subjects censored (%)	Median (95 % CI) (months) [a]	Hazard Ratio (95 % CI) [b]	Unstratified log-rank p-value [c]	P-value [d]			
Geographic Region 1													0.4826	
North America	16	0	16 (100)	NE (NE, NE)	18	5 (27.8)	13 (72.2)	NE (1.6, NE)	0.000 (0.000, NE)	0.0443				
Europe	161	20 (12.4)	141 (87.6)	NE (NE, NE)	161	20 (12.4)	141 (87.6)	NE (NE, NE)	0.818 (0.439, 1.524)	0.5265				
Asia/Other Regions	88	10 (11.4)	78 (88.6)	NE (NE, NE)	89	5 (5.6)	84 (94.4)	NE (NE, NE)	1.783 (0.608, 5.227)	0.2856				

N: number of subjects in analysis set; n: number of subjects in subgroup category; %: proportion of number of subjects in n; CI: confidence interval; NE: not estimable. PT: Preferred Term, SOC: System Organ Class.

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SOC: Blood and lymphatic system disorders; PT: Thrombocytopenia

		Quizartinib (N=265)				Placebo (N=268)				Quizartinib vs Placebo		Interaction
Subgroup	n	No. of subjects with events (%)	No. of subjects censored (%)	Median (95 % CI) (months) [a]	n	No. of subjects with events (%)	No. of subjects censored (%)	Median (95 % CI) (months) [a]	Hazard Ratio (95 % CI) [b]	Unstratified log-rank p-value [c]	P-value [d]	
WBC at initial diagnosis											0.7185	
< 40x10 ⁹ /L	132	15 (11.4)	117 (88.6)	NE (NE, NE)	133	18 (13.5)	115 (86.5)	NE (NE, NE)	0.808 (0.407, 1.604)	0.5411		
≥ 40x10 ⁹ /L	133	15 (11.3)	118 (88.7)	NE (NE, NE)	135	12 (8.9)	123 (91.1)	NE (NE, NE)	0.968 (0.451, 2.075)	0.9337		

N: number of subjects in analysis set; n: number of subjects in subgroup category; %: proportion of number of subjects in n; CI: confidence interval; NE: not estimable. PT: Preferred Term, SOC: System Organ Class.

[a] Median time to first event is from Kaplan-Meier estimate. Confidence Interval for median was computed using the Brookmeyer-Crowley method.

[b] Hazard ratio is from unstratified Cox proportional hazards model with treatment as the only categorical variable in the model. Confidence limits are based on the Wald test.

[c] Two-sided p-value from unstratified log-rank test.

[d] Two-sided interaction p-value is for the interaction term from unstratified Cox proportional hazards model with treatment, subgroup, and treatment-by-subgroup interaction as categorical variables in the model. The p-value is based on the Wald test.

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Medizinischer Nutzen, medizinischer Zusatznutzen, Patientengruppen mit therap. bedeutsamem Zusatznutzen

Daichi Sankyo | Data Intelligence – Evidence Generation | Final | AC220-A-U302 QUANTUM-First (DCO 13 Aug 2021) | Statistical analyses for AMNOG (HTA Germany)
 Table 3.11.2 Treatment-emergent adverse events by system organ class (SOC) and preferred term (PT) observed for ≥ 10 patients in at least one arm and ≥ 1% of the patients in at least one arm - Time-to-event analysis - subgroup analysis - DCO 13-Aug-2021 - Safety Analysis Set

SOC: Blood and lymphatic system disorders; PT: Thrombocytopenia

		Quizartinib (N=265)				Placebo (N=268)				Quizartinib vs Placebo		Interaction
Subgroup	n	No. of subjects with events (%)	No. of subjects censored (%)	Median (95 % CI) (months) [a]	n	No. of subjects with events (%)	No. of subjects censored (%)	Median (95 % CI) (months) [a]	Hazard Ratio (95 % CI) [b]	Unstratified log-rank p-value [c]	P-value [d]	
Choice of Anthracycline											0.3312	
Daunorubicin	123	15 (12.2)	108 (87.8)	NE (NE, NE)	94	8 (8.5)	86 (91.5)	NE (NE, NE)	1.227 (0.519, 2.901)	0.6399		
Idarubicin	142	15 (10.6)	127 (89.4)	NE (NE, NE)	171	21 (12.3)	150 (87.7)	NE (NE, NE)	0.725 (0.373, 1.409)	0.3408		

N: number of subjects in analysis set; n: number of subjects in subgroup category; %: proportion of number of subjects in n; CI: confidence interval; NE: not estimable. PT: Preferred Term, SOC: System Organ Class.

[a] Median time to first event is from Kaplan-Meier estimate. Confidence Interval for median was computed using the Brookmeyer-Crowley method.

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[c] Two-sided p-value from unstratified log-rank test.

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SOC: Blood and lymphatic system disorders; PT: Thrombocytopenia

		Quizartinib (N=265)					Placebo (N=268)					Quizartinib vs Placebo		Interaction
Subgroup	n	No. of subjects with events (%)	No. of subjects censored (%)	Median (95 % CI) (months) [a]	n	No. of subjects with events (%)	No. of subjects censored (%)	Median (95 % CI) (months) [a]	n	Hazard Ratio (95 % CI) [b]	Unstratified log-rank p-value [c]	P-value [d]		
AML Cytogenetic Risk Score												0.9664		
Favorable	13	0	13 (100)	NE (NE, NE)	19	2 (10.5)	17 (89.5)	NE (NE, NE)	19	0.000 (0.000, NE)	0.2595			
Intermediate	195	21 (10.8)	174 (89.2)	NE (NE, NE)	190	21 (11.1)	169 (88.9)	NE (NE, NE)	190	0.804 (0.439, 1.475)	0.4808			
Unfavorable	19	2 (10.5)	17 (89.5)	NE (5.2, NE)	27	2 (7.4)	25 (92.6)	NE (NE, NE)	27	1.266 (0.176, 9.115)	0.8141			
Unknown	38	7 (18.4)	31 (81.6)	NE (13.7, NE)	31	5 (16.1)	26 (83.9)	NE (17.8, NE)	31	1.058 (0.334, 3.351)	0.9230			

N: number of subjects in analysis set; n: number of subjects in subgroup category; %: proportion of number of subjects in n; CI: confidence interval; NE: not estimable. PT: Preferred Term, SOC: System Organ Class.

[a] Median time to first event is from Kaplan-Meier estimate. Confidence Interval for median was computed using the Brookmeyer-Crowley method.

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[c] Two-sided p-value from unstratified log-rank test.

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SOC: Blood and lymphatic system disorders; PT: Thrombocytopenia

		Quizartinib (N=265)					Placebo (N=268)					Quizartinib vs Placebo		Interaction
Subgroup	n	No. of subjects with events (%)	No. of subjects censored (%)	Median (95 % CI) (months) [a]	n	No. of subjects with events (%)	No. of subjects censored (%)	Median (95 % CI) (months) [a]	n	Hazard Ratio (95 % CI) [b]	Unstratified log-rank p-value [c]	P-value [d]		
ECOG Performance Status at Baseline												0.1514		
0 - Fully Active	87	6 (6.9)	81 (93.1)	NE (NE, NE)	97	14 (14.4)	83 (85.6)	NE (NE, NE)	97	0.394 (0.151, 1.028)	0.0486			
1 - Restricted in Physically Strenuous Activity	133	16 (12.0)	117 (88.0)	NE (NE, NE)	134	12 (9.0)	122 (91.0)	NE (NE, NE)	134	1.171 (0.553, 2.479)	0.6804			
2 - Ambulatory and Capable of All Selfcare	45	8 (17.8)	37 (82.2)	NE (10.6, NE)	36	4 (11.1)	32 (88.9)	NE (NE, NE)	36	1.288 (0.384, 4.327)	0.6803			

N: number of subjects in analysis set; n: number of subjects in subgroup category; %: proportion of number of subjects in n; CI: confidence interval; NE: not estimable. PT: Preferred Term, SOC: System Organ Class.

[a] Median time to first event is from Kaplan-Meier estimate. Confidence Interval for median was computed using the Brookmeyer-Crowley method.

[b] Hazard ratio is from unstratified Cox proportional hazards model with treatment as the only categorical variable in the model. Confidence limits are based on the Wald test.

[c] Two-sided p-value from unstratified log-rank test.

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SOC: Blood and lymphatic system disorders; PT: Thrombocytopenia

		Quizartinib (N=265)				Placebo (N=268)				Quizartinib vs Placebo		Interaction
Subgroup	n	No. of subjects with events (%)	No. of subjects censored (%)	Median (95 % CI) (months) [a]	n	No. of subjects with events (%)	No. of subjects censored (%)	Median (95 % CI) (months) [a]	Hazard Ratio (95 % CI) [b]	Unstratified log-rank p-value [c]	P-value [d]	
FLT3-ITD category at Baseline											0.9793	
≥3 to ≤25%	94	10 (10.6)	84 (89.4)	NE (NE, NE)	98	11 (11.2)	87 (88.8)	NE (NE, NE)	0.905 (0.384, 2.131)	0.8183		
>25% to ≤50%	141	14 (9.9)	127 (90.1)	NE (NE, NE)	136	14 (10.3)	122 (89.7)	NE (NE, NE)	0.804 (0.382, 1.691)	0.5638		
>50%	29	5 (17.2)	24 (82.8)	NE (6.7, NE)	34	5 (14.7)	29 (85.3)	NE (NE, NE)	0.816 (0.230, 2.901)	0.7534		

N: number of subjects in analysis set; n: number of subjects in subgroup category; %: proportion of number of subjects in n; CI: confidence interval; NE: not estimable. PT: Preferred Term, SOC: System Organ Class.

[a] Median time to first event is from Kaplan-Meier estimate. Confidence Interval for median was computed using the Brookmeyer-Crowley method.

[b] Hazard ratio is from unstratified Cox proportional hazards model with treatment as the only categorical variable in the model. Confidence limits are based on the Wald test.

[c] Two-sided p-value from unstratified log-rank test.

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SOC: Blood and lymphatic system disorders; PT: Thrombocytopenia

		Quizartinib (N=265)				Placebo (N=268)				Quizartinib vs Placebo		Interaction
Subgroup	n	No. of subjects with events (%)	No. of subjects censored (%)	Median (95 % CI) (months) [a]	n	No. of subjects with events (%)	No. of subjects censored (%)	Median (95 % CI) (months) [a]	Hazard Ratio (95 % CI) [b]	Unstratified log-rank p-value [c]	P-value [d]	
AML with Mutated NPM1											0.0232	
Yes	139	17 (12.2)	122 (87.8)	NE (NE, NE)	137	25 (18.2)	112 (81.8)	NE (NE, NE)	0.570 (0.307, 1.058)	0.0710		
No	116	11 (9.5)	105 (90.5)	NE (NE, NE)	120	4 (3.3)	116 (96.7)	NE (NE, NE)	2.561 (0.814, 8.051)	0.0953		

N: number of subjects in analysis set; n: number of subjects in subgroup category; %: proportion of number of subjects in n; CI: confidence interval; NE: not estimable. PT: Preferred Term, SOC: System Organ Class.

[a] Median time to first event is from Kaplan-Meier estimate. Confidence Interval for median was computed using the Brookmeyer-Crowley method.

[b] Hazard ratio is from unstratified Cox proportional hazards model with treatment as the only categorical variable in the model. Confidence limits are based on the Wald test.

[c] Two-sided p-value from unstratified log-rank test.

[d] Two-sided interaction p-value is for the interaction term from unstratified Cox proportional hazards model with treatment, subgroup, and treatment-by-subgroup interaction as categorical variables in the model. The p-value is based on the Wald test.

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SOC: Blood and lymphatic system disorders; PT: Thrombocytopenia

		Quizartinib (N=265)				Placebo (N=268)				Quizartinib vs Placebo		Interaction
Subgroup	n	No. of subjects with events (%)	No. of subjects censored (%)	Median (95 % CI) (months) [a]	n	No. of subjects with events (%)	No. of subjects censored (%)	Median (95 % CI) (months) [a]	Hazard Ratio (95 % CI) [b]	Unstratified log-rank p-value [c]	P-value [d]	
Age by 2 categories											0.6737	
≤60	164	20 (12.2)	144 (87.8)	NE (NE, NE)	163	17 (10.4)	146 (89.6)	NE (NE, NE)	0.967 (0.505, 1.851)	0.9204		
>60	101	10 (9.9)	91 (90.1)	NE (NE, NE)	105	13 (12.4)	92 (87.6)	NE (NE, NE)	0.750 (0.329, 1.713)	0.4938		

N: number of subjects in analysis set; n: number of subjects in subgroup category; %: proportion of number of subjects in n; CI: confidence interval; NE: not estimable. PT: Preferred Term, SOC: System Organ Class.

[a] Median time to first event is from Kaplan-Meier estimate. Confidence Interval for median was computed using the Brookmeyer-Crowley method.

[b] Hazard ratio is from unstratified Cox proportional hazards model with treatment as the only categorical variable in the model. Confidence limits are based on the Wald test.

[c] Two-sided p-value from unstratified log-rank test.

[d] Two-sided interaction p-value is for the interaction term from unstratified Cox proportional hazards model with treatment, subgroup, and treatment-by-subgroup interaction as categorical variables in the model. The p-value is based on the Wald test.

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SOC: Blood and lymphatic system disorders; PT: Anaemia

Subgroup	n	Quizartinib (N=265)				Placebo (N=268)				Quizartinib vs Placebo		Interaction
		No. of subjects with events (%)	No. of subjects censored (%)	Median (95 % CI) (months) [a]	n	No. of subjects with events (%)	No. of subjects censored (%)	Median (95 % CI) (months) [a]	n	Hazard Ratio (95 % CI) [b]	Unstratified log-rank p-value [c]	P-value [d]
Pooled Age Group 2											0.9180	
<60	159	18 (11.3)	141 (88.7)	NE (NE, NE)	160	14 (8.8)	146 (91.3)	NE (NE, NE)	160	1.058 (0.524, 2.134)	0.8752	
≥60 - <65	37	4 (10.8)	33 (89.2)	NE (NE, NE)	43	5 (11.6)	38 (88.4)	NE (NE, NE)	43	0.845 (0.225, 3.177)	0.8023	
≥65	69	7 (10.1)	62 (89.9)	NE (NE, NE)	65	0	65 (100)	NE (NE, NE)	65	NE (0.000, NE)	0.0064	

N: number of subjects in analysis set; n: number of subjects in subgroup category; %: proportion of number of subjects in n; CI: confidence interval; NE: not estimable. PT: Preferred Term, SOC: System Organ Class.

[a] Median time to first event is from Kaplan-Meier estimate. Confidence Interval for median was computed using the Brookmeyer-Crowley method.

[b] Hazard ratio is from unstratified Cox proportional hazards model with treatment as the only categorical variable in the model. Confidence limits are based on the Wald test.

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SOC: Blood and lymphatic system disorders; PT: Anaemia

Subgroup	n	Quizartinib (N=265)				Placebo (N=268)				Quizartinib vs Placebo		Interaction
		No. of subjects with events (%)	No. of subjects censored (%)	Median (95 % CI) [a]	n	No. of subjects with events (%)	No. of subjects censored (%)	Median (95 % CI) [a]	n	Hazard Ratio (95 % CI) [b]	Unstratified log-rank p-value [c]	P-value [d]
Sex												0.4912
Male	124	12 (9.7)	112 (90.3)	NE (NE, NE)	120	9 (7.5)	111 (92.5)	NE (NE, NE)	120	1.097 (0.460, 2.616)	0.8347	
Female	141	17 (12.1)	124 (87.9)	NE (NE, NE)	148	10 (6.8)	138 (93.2)	NE (NE, NE)	148	1.668 (0.763, 3.644)	0.1950	

N: number of subjects in analysis set; n: number of subjects in subgroup category; %: proportion of number of subjects in n; CI: confidence interval; NE: not estimable. PT: Preferred Term, SOC: System Organ Class.

[a] Median time to first event is from Kaplan-Meier estimate. Confidence Interval for median was computed using the Brookmeyer-Crowley method.

[b] Hazard ratio is from unstratified Cox proportional hazards model with treatment as the only categorical variable in the model. Confidence limits are based on the Wald test.

[c] Two-sided p-value from unstratified log-rank test.

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SOC: Blood and lymphatic system disorders; PT: Anaemia

		Quizartinib (N=265)				Placebo (N=268)				Quizartinib vs Placebo		Interaction
Subgroup	n	No. of subjects with events (%)	No. of subjects censored (%)	Median (95 % CI) (months) [a]	n	No. of subjects with events (%)	No. of subjects censored (%)	Median (95 % CI) (months) [a]	Hazard Ratio (95 % CI) [b]	Unstratified log-rank p-value [c]	P-value [d]	
Race by 2 categories											0.5164	
White	157	18 (11.5)	139 (88.5)	NE (NE, NE)	161	10 (6.2)	151 (93.8)	NE (NE, NE)	1.618 (0.745, 3.514)	0.2193		
Non-white	108	11 (10.2)	97 (89.8)	NE (NE, NE)	107	9 (8.4)	98 (91.6)	NE (NE, NE)	1.120 (0.464, 2.706)	0.8003		

N: number of subjects in analysis set; n: number of subjects in subgroup category; %: proportion of number of subjects in n; CI: confidence interval; NE: not estimable. PT: Preferred Term, SOC: System Organ Class.

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[b] Hazard ratio is from unstratified Cox proportional hazards model with treatment as the only categorical variable in the model. Confidence limits are based on the Wald test.

[c] Two-sided p-value from unstratified log-rank test.

[d] Two-sided interaction p-value is for the interaction term from unstratified Cox proportional hazards model with treatment, subgroup, and treatment-by-subgroup interaction as categorical variables in the model. The p-value is based on the Wald test.

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SOC: Blood and lymphatic system disorders; PT: Anaemia

		Quizartinib (N=265)				Placebo (N=268)				Quizartinib vs Placebo		Interaction
Subgroup	n	No. of subjects with events (%)	No. of subjects censored (%)	Median (95 % CI) (months) [a]	n	No. of subjects with events (%)	No. of subjects censored (%)	Median (95 % CI) (months) [a]	Hazard Ratio (95 % CI) [b]	Unstratified log-rank p-value [c]	P-value [d]	
Geographic Region 1											0.4150	
North America	16	1 (6.3)	15 (93.8)	NE (NE, NE)	18	4 (22.2)	14 (77.8)	NE (3.0, NE)	0.340 (0.037, 3.103)	0.3167		
Europe	161	18 (11.2)	143 (88.8)	NE (NE, NE)	161	10 (6.2)	151 (93.8)	NE (NE, NE)	1.527 (0.703, 3.317)	0.2816		
Asia/Other Regions	88	10 (11.4)	78 (88.6)	NE (NE, NE)	89	5 (5.6)	84 (94.4)	NE (NE, NE)	1.886 (0.644, 5.527)	0.2395		

N: number of subjects in analysis set; n: number of subjects in subgroup category; %: proportion of number of subjects in n; CI: confidence interval; NE: not estimable. PT: Preferred Term, SOC: System Organ Class.

[a] Median time to first event is from Kaplan-Meier estimate. Confidence Interval for median was computed using the Brookmeyer-Crowley method.

[b] Hazard ratio is from unstratified Cox proportional hazards model with treatment as the only categorical variable in the model. Confidence limits are based on the Wald test.

[c] Two-sided p-value from unstratified log-rank test.

[d] Two-sided interaction p-value is for the interaction term from unstratified Cox proportional hazards model with treatment, subgroup, and treatment-by-subgroup interaction as categorical variables in the model. The p-value is based on the Wald test.

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Run date: 21JUL2023 – 22:02; Program name: DE_T_3_11_2.sas; Output name: DE_T_3_11_2_TEAESOCPT_SUB_SAS.rtf

Medizinischer Nutzen, medizinischer Zusatznutzen, Patientengruppen mit therap. bedeutsamem Zusatznutzen

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SOC: Blood and lymphatic system disorders; PT: Anaemia

		Quizartinib (N=265)				Placebo (N=268)				Quizartinib vs Placebo		Interaction
Subgroup	n	No. of subjects with events (%)	No. of subjects censored (%)	Median (95 % CI) (months) [a]	n	No. of subjects with events (%)	No. of subjects censored (%)	Median (95 % CI) (months) [a]	Hazard Ratio (95 % CI) [b]	Unstratified log-rank p-value [c]	P-value [d]	
WBC at initial diagnosis											0.0618	
< 40x10 ⁹ /L	132	17 (12.9)	115 (87.1)	NE (NE, NE)	133	7 (5.3)	126 (94.7)	NE (NE, NE)	2.505 (1.038, 6.045)	0.0344		
≥ 40x10 ⁹ /L	133	12 (9.0)	121 (91.0)	NE (NE, NE)	135	12 (8.9)	123 (91.1)	NE (NE, NE)	0.801 (0.358, 1.793)	0.5885		

N: number of subjects in analysis set; n: number of subjects in subgroup category; %: proportion of number of subjects in n; CI: confidence interval; NE: not estimable. PT: Preferred Term, SOC: System Organ Class.

[a] Median time to first event is from Kaplan-Meier estimate. Confidence Interval for median was computed using the Brookmeyer-Crowley method.

[b] Hazard ratio is from unstratified Cox proportional hazards model with treatment as the only categorical variable in the model. Confidence limits are based on the Wald test.

[c] Two-sided p-value from unstratified log-rank test.

[d] Two-sided interaction p-value is for the interaction term from unstratified Cox proportional hazards model with treatment, subgroup, and treatment-by-subgroup interaction as categorical variables in the model. The p-value is based on the Wald test.

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SOC: Blood and lymphatic system disorders; PT: Anaemia

		Quizartinib (N=265)				Placebo (N=268)				Quizartinib vs Placebo		Interaction
Subgroup	n	No. of subjects with events (%)	No. of subjects censored (%)	Median (95 % CI) (months) [a]	n	No. of subjects with events (%)	No. of subjects censored (%)	Median (95 % CI) (months) [a]	Hazard Ratio (95 % CI) [b]	Unstratified log-rank p-value [c]	P-value [d]	
Choice of Anthracycline											0.4854	
Daunorubicin	123	14 (11.4)	109 (88.6)	NE (NE, NE)	94	5 (5.3)	89 (94.7)	NE (NE, NE)	1.897 (0.682, 5.278)	0.2122		
Idarubicin	142	15 (10.6)	127 (89.4)	NE (NE, NE)	171	13 (7.6)	158 (92.4)	NE (NE, NE)	1.221 (0.580, 2.572)	0.5975		

N: number of subjects in analysis set; n: number of subjects in subgroup category; %: proportion of number of subjects in n; CI: confidence interval; NE: not estimable. PT: Preferred Term, SOC: System Organ Class.

[a] Median time to first event is from Kaplan-Meier estimate. Confidence Interval for median was computed using the Brookmeyer-Crowley method.

[b] Hazard ratio is from unstratified Cox proportional hazards model with treatment as the only categorical variable in the model. Confidence limits are based on the Wald test.

[c] Two-sided p-value from unstratified log-rank test.

[d] Two-sided interaction p-value is for the interaction term from unstratified Cox proportional hazards model with treatment, subgroup, and treatment-by-subgroup interaction as categorical variables in the model. The p-value is based on the Wald test.

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SOC: Blood and lymphatic system disorders; PT: Anaemia

		Quizartinib (N=265)					Placebo (N=268)					Quizartinib vs Placebo		Interaction
Subgroup	n	No. of subjects with events (%)	No. of subjects censored (%)	Median (95 % CI) (months) [a]	n	No. of subjects with events (%)	No. of subjects censored (%)	Median (95 % CI) (months) [a]	Hazard Ratio (95 % CI) [b]	Unstratified log-rank p-value [c]	P-value [d]			
AML Cytogenetic Risk Score													0.6653	
Favorable	13	1 (7.7)	12 (92.3)	NE (NE, NE) (27.5, NE)	19	2 (10.5)	17 (89.5)	NE (NE, NE)	0.911 (0.082, 10.179)	0.9397				
Intermediate	195	23 (11.8)	172 (88.2)	NE (NE, NE)	190	11 (5.8)	179 (94.2)	NE (NE, NE)	1.755 (0.854, 3.607)	0.1209				
Unfavorable	19	2 (10.5)	17 (89.5)	NE (5.2, NE)	27	3 (11.1)	24 (88.9)	NE (NE, NE)	0.947 (0.158, 5.688)	0.9526				
Unknown	38	3 (7.9)	35 (92.1)	NE (NE, NE)	31	3 (9.7)	28 (90.3)	NE (NE, NE)	0.806 (0.161, 4.022)	0.7874				

N: number of subjects in analysis set; n: number of subjects in subgroup category; %: proportion of number of subjects in n; CI: confidence interval; NE: not estimable. PT: Preferred Term, SOC: System Organ Class.

[a] Median time to first event is from Kaplan-Meier estimate. Confidence Interval for median was computed using the Brookmeyer-Crowley method.

[b] Hazard ratio is from unstratified Cox proportional hazards model with treatment as the only categorical variable in the model. Confidence limits are based on the Wald test.

[c] Two-sided p-value from unstratified log-rank test.

[d] Two-sided interaction p-value is for the interaction term from unstratified Cox proportional hazards model with treatment, subgroup, and treatment-by-subgroup interaction as categorical variables in the model. The p-value is based on the Wald test.

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SOC: Blood and lymphatic system disorders; PT: Anaemia

		Quizartinib (N=265)					Placebo (N=268)					Quizartinib vs Placebo		Interaction
Subgroup	n	No. of subjects with events (%)	No. of subjects censored (%)	Median (95 % CI) (months) [a]	n	No. of subjects with events (%)	No. of subjects censored (%)	Median (95 % CI) (months) [a]	Hazard Ratio (95 % CI) [b]	Unstratified log-rank p-value [c]	P-value [d]			
ECOG Performance Status at Baseline												0.5019		
0 - Fully Active	87	10 (11.5)	77 (88.5)	NE (NE, NE)	97	6 (6.2)	91 (93.8)	NE (NE, NE)	1.656 (0.600, 4.565)	0.3250				
1 - Restricted in Physically Strenuous Activity	133	15 (11.3)	118 (88.7)	NE (NE, NE)	134	9 (6.7)	125 (93.3)	NE (NE, NE)	1.516 (0.663, 3.469)	0.3206				
2 - Ambulatory and Capable of All Selfcare	45	4 (8.9)	41 (91.1)	NE (NE, NE)	36	4 (11.1)	32 (88.9)	NE (NE, NE)	0.641 (0.156, 2.640)	0.5314				

N: number of subjects in analysis set; n: number of subjects in subgroup category; %: proportion of number of subjects in n; CI: confidence interval; NE: not estimable. PT: Preferred Term, SOC: System Organ Class.

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[b] Hazard ratio is from unstratified Cox proportional hazards model with treatment as the only categorical variable in the model. Confidence limits are based on the Wald test.

[c] Two-sided p-value is for the interaction term from unstratified log-rank test.

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SOC: Blood and lymphatic system disorders; PT: Anaemia

		Quizartinib (N=265)				Placebo (N=268)				Quizartinib vs Placebo		Interaction
Subgroup	n	No. of subjects with events (%)	No. of subjects censored (%)	Median (95 % CI) (months) [a]	n	No. of subjects with events (%)	No. of subjects censored (%)	Median (95 % CI) (months) [a]	Hazard Ratio (95 % CI) [b]	Unstratified log-rank p-value [c]	P-value [d]	
FLT3-ITD category at Baseline											0.2213	
≥3 to ≤25%	94	13 (13.8)	81 (86.2)	NE (NE, NE)	98	10 (10.2)	88 (89.8)	NE (NE, NE)	1.354 (0.593, 3.088)	0.4700		
>25% to ≤50%	141	15 (10.6)	126 (89.4)	NE (NE, NE)	136	6 (4.4)	130 (95.6)	NE (NE, NE)	2.074 (0.803, 5.359)	0.1238		
>50%	29	1 (3.4)	28 (96.6)	NE (NE, NE)	34	3 (8.8)	31 (91.2)	NE (NE, NE)	0.367 (0.038, 3.541)	0.3664		

N: number of subjects in analysis set; n: number of subjects in subgroup category; %: proportion of number of subjects in n; CI: confidence interval; NE: not estimable. PT: Preferred Term, SOC: System Organ Class.

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[b] Hazard ratio is from unstratified Cox proportional hazards model with treatment as the only categorical variable in the model. Confidence limits are based on the Wald test.

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SOC: Blood and lymphatic system disorders; PT: Anaemia

		Quizartinib (N=265)				Placebo (N=268)				Quizartinib vs Placebo		Interaction
Subgroup	n	No. of subjects with events (%)	No. of subjects censored (%)	Median (95 % CI) (months) [a]	n	No. of subjects with events (%)	No. of subjects censored (%)	Median (95 % CI) (months) [a]	Hazard Ratio (95 % CI) [b]	Unstratified log-rank p-value [c]	P-value [d]	
AML with Mutated NPM1											0.1083	
Yes	139	15 (10.8)	124 (89.2)	NE (NE, NE)	137	14 (10.2)	123 (89.8)	NE (NE, NE)	0.956 (0.461, 1.985)	0.9052		
No	116	12 (10.3)	104 (89.7)	NE (NE, NE)	120	4 (3.3)	116 (96.7)	NE (NE, NE)	2.765 (0.891, 8.583)	0.0664		

N: number of subjects in analysis set; n: number of subjects in subgroup category; %: proportion of number of subjects in n; CI: confidence interval; NE: not estimable. PT: Preferred Term, SOC: System Organ Class.

[a] Median time to first event is from Kaplan-Meier estimate. Confidence Interval for median was computed using the Brookmeyer-Crowley method.

[b] Hazard ratio is from unstratified Cox proportional hazards model with treatment as the only categorical variable in the model. Confidence limits are based on the Wald test.

[c] Two-sided p-value from unstratified log-rank test.

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SOC: Blood and lymphatic system disorders; PT: Anaemia

		Quizartinib (N=265)				Placebo (N=268)				Quizartinib vs Placebo		Interaction
Subgroup	n	No. of subjects with events (%)	No. of subjects censored (%)	Median (95 % CI) (months) [a]	n	No. of subjects with events (%)	No. of subjects censored (%)	Median (95 % CI) (months) [a]	Hazard Ratio (95 % CI) [b]	Unstratified log-rank p-value [c]	P-value [d]	
Age by 2 categories											0.3158	
≤60	164	19 (11.6)	145 (88.4)	NE (NE, NE)	163	14 (8.6)	149 (91.4)	NE (NE, NE)	1.107 (0.553, 2.215)	0.7746		
>60	101	10 (9.9)	91 (90.1)	NE (NE, NE)	105	5 (4.8)	100 (95.2)	NE (NE, NE)	2.081 (0.711, 6.092)	0.1715		

N: number of subjects in analysis set; n: number of subjects in subgroup category; %: proportion of number of subjects in n; CI: confidence interval; NE: not estimable. PT: Preferred Term, SOC: System Organ Class.

[a] Median time to first event is from Kaplan-Meier estimate. Confidence Interval for median was computed using the Brookmeyer-Crowley method.

[b] Hazard ratio is from unstratified Cox proportional hazards model with treatment as the only categorical variable in the model. Confidence limits are based on the Wald test.

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SOC: Metabolism and nutrition disorders; PT: Any PT

		Quizartinib (N=265)				Placebo (N=268)				Quizartinib vs Placebo		Interaction
Subgroup	n	No. of subjects with events (%)	No. of subjects censored (%)	Median (95 % CI) (months) [a]	n	No. of subjects with events (%)	No. of subjects censored (%)	Median (95 % CI) (months) [a]	Hazard Ratio (95 % CI) [b]	Unstratified log-rank p-value [c]	P-value [d]	
Pooled Age Group 2											0.3222	
<60	159	94 (59.1)	65 (40.9)	2.5 (1.6, 9.6)	160	91 (56.9)	69 (43.1)	1.8 (0.8, 4.8)	0.948 (0.710, 1.265)	0.7254		
≥60 - <65	37	24 (64.9)	13 (35.1)	1.5 (0.2, 7.3)	43	26 (60.5)	17 (39.5)	2.1 (0.4, 7.9)	1.151 (0.660, 2.007)	0.6263		
≥65	69	47 (68.1)	22 (31.9)	0.9 (0.3, 2.2)	65	36 (55.4)	29 (44.6)	4.9 (0.6, 21.0)	1.437 (0.929, 2.224)	0.0994		

N: number of subjects in analysis set; n: number of subjects in subgroup category; %: proportion of number of subjects in n; CI: confidence interval; NE: not estimable. PT: Preferred Term, SOC: System Organ Class.

[a] Median time to first event is from Kaplan-Meier estimate. Confidence Interval for median was computed using the Brookmeyer-Crowley method.

[b] Hazard ratio is from unstratified Cox proportional hazards model with treatment as the only categorical variable in the model. Confidence limits are based on the Wald test.

[c] Two-sided p-value from unstratified log-rank test.

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SOC: Metabolism and nutrition disorders; PT: Any PT

Subgroup	n	Quizartinib (N=265)				Placebo (N=268)				Quizartinib vs Placebo		Interaction
		No. of subjects with events (%)	No. of subjects censored (%)	Median (95 % CI) [a]	n	No. of subjects with events (%)	No. of subjects censored (%)	Median (95 % CI) [a]	n	Hazard Ratio (95 % CI) [b]	Unstratified log-rank p-value [c]	P-value [d]
Sex												0.3762
Male	124	82 (66.1)	42 (33.9)	1.6 (0.5, 2.6)	120	69 (57.5)	51 (42.5)	2.1 (0.5, 6.8)	120	1.174 (0.852, 1.617)	0.3249	
Female	141	83 (58.9)	58 (41.1)	2.5 (1.3, 7.3)	148	84 (56.8)	64 (43.2)	1.8 (0.7, 6.1)	148	0.965 (0.712, 1.307)	0.8285	

N: number of subjects in analysis set; n: number of subjects in subgroup category; %: proportion of number of subjects in n; CI: confidence interval; NE: not estimable. PT: Preferred Term, SOC: System Organ Class.

[a] Median time to first event is from Kaplan-Meier estimate. Confidence Interval for median was computed using the Brookmeyer-Crowley method.

[b] Hazard ratio is from unstratified Cox proportional hazards model with treatment as the only categorical variable in the model. Confidence limits are based on the Wald test.

[c] Two-sided p-value from unstratified log-rank test.

[d] Two-sided interaction p-value is for the interaction term from unstratified Cox proportional hazards model with treatment, subgroup, and treatment-by-subgroup interaction as categorical variables in the model.

The p-value is based on the Wald test.

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Medizinischer Nutzen, medizinischer Zusatznutzen, Patientengruppen mit therap. bedeutsamem Zusatznutzen

Daichi Sankyo | Data Intelligence – Evidence Generation | Final | AC220-A-U302 QUANTUM-First (DCO 13 Aug 2021) | Statistical analyses for AMNOG (HTA Germany)
 Table 3.11.2 Treatment-emergent adverse events by system organ class (SOC) and preferred term (PT) observed for ≥ 10 patients in at least one arm and ≥ 1% of the patients in at least one arm - Time-to-event analysis - subgroup analysis - DCO 13-Aug-2021 - Safety Analysis Set

SOC: Metabolism and nutrition disorders; PT: Any PT

		Quizartinib (N=265)				Placebo (N=268)				Quizartinib vs Placebo		Interaction
Subgroup	n	No. of subjects with events (%)	No. of subjects censored (%)	Median (95 % CI) (months) [a]	n	No. of subjects with events (%)	No. of subjects censored (%)	Median (95 % CI) (months) [a]	Hazard Ratio (95 % CI) [b]	Unstratified log-rank p-value [c]	P-value [d]	
Race by 2 categories											0.8044	
White	157	92 (58.6)	65 (41.4)	2.8 (1.0, 8.8)	161	86 (53.4)	75 (46.6)	2.6 (1.0, 7.1)	1.086 (0.809, 1.458)	0.5763		
Non-white	108	73 (67.6)	35 (32.4)	1.6 (0.5, 2.2)	107	67 (62.6)	40 (37.4)	1.1 (0.5, 4.8)	1.030 (0.739, 1.435)	0.8626		

N: number of subjects in analysis set; n: number of subjects in subgroup category; %: proportion of number of subjects in n; CI: confidence interval; NE: not estimable. PT: Preferred Term, SOC: System Organ Class.

[a] Median time to first event is from Kaplan-Meier estimate. Confidence Interval for median was computed using the Brookmeyer-Crowley method.

[b] Hazard ratio is from unstratified Cox proportional hazards model with treatment as the only categorical variable in the model. Confidence limits are based on the Wald test.

[c] Two-sided p-value from unstratified log-rank test.

[d] Two-sided interaction p-value is for the interaction term from unstratified Cox proportional hazards model with treatment, subgroup, and treatment-by-subgroup interaction as categorical variables in the model. The p-value is based on the Wald test.

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SOC: Metabolism and nutrition disorders; PT: Any PT

		Quizartinib (N=265)					Placebo (N=268)					Quizartinib vs Placebo		Interaction
Subgroup	n	No. of subjects with events (%)	No. of subjects censored (%)	Median (95 % CI) (months) [a]	n	No. of subjects with events (%)	No. of subjects censored (%)	Median (95 % CI) (months) [a]	n	Hazard Ratio (95 % CI) [b]	Unstratified log-rank p-value [c]	P-value [d]		
Geographic Region 1												0.1807		
North America	16	13 (81.3)	3 (18.8)	1.1 (0.2, 2.2)	18	18 (100)	0	0.2 (0.1, 0.3)	18	0.639 (0.303, 1.347)	0.2460			
Europe	161	89 (55.3)	72 (44.7)	4.9 (1.6, 10.1)	161	81 (50.3)	80 (49.7)	6.6 (1.6, 10.1)	161	1.097 (0.812, 1.484)	0.5455			
Asia/Other Regions	88	63 (71.6)	25 (28.4)	1.5 (0.5, 2.0)	89	54 (60.7)	35 (39.3)	1.1 (0.5, 3.1)	89	1.165 (0.809, 1.678)	0.4080			

N: number of subjects in analysis set; n: number of subjects in subgroup category; %: proportion of number of subjects in n; CI: confidence interval; NE: not estimable. PT: Preferred Term, SOC: System Organ Class.

[a] Median time to first event is from Kaplan-Meier estimate. Confidence Interval for median was computed using the Brookmeyer-Crowley method.

[b] Hazard ratio is from unstratified Cox proportional hazards model with treatment as the only categorical variable in the model. Confidence limits are based on the Wald test.

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SOC: Metabolism and nutrition disorders; PT: Any PT

		Quizartinib (N=265)					Placebo (N=268)					Quizartinib vs Placebo		Interaction
Subgroup	n	No. of subjects with events (%)	No. of subjects censored (%)	Median (95 % CI) (months) [a]	n	No. of subjects with events (%)	No. of subjects censored (%)	Median (95 % CI) (months) [a]	Hazard Ratio (95 % CI) [b]	Unstratified log-rank p-value [c]	P-value [d]			
WBC at initial diagnosis												0.9105		
< 40x10 ⁹ /L	132	75 (56.8)	57 (43.2)	2.5 (1.0, 10.1)	133	75 (56.4)	58 (43.6)	4.8 (1.1, 7.1)	1.041 (0.756, 1.434)	0.8098				
≥ 40x10 ⁹ /L	133	90 (67.7)	43 (32.3)	1.6 (0.5, 3.1)	135	78 (57.8)	57 (42.2)	1.1 (0.5, 3.0)	1.074 (0.793, 1.456)	0.6339				

N: number of subjects in analysis set; n: number of subjects in subgroup category; %: proportion of number of subjects in n; CI: confidence interval; NE: not estimable. PT: Preferred Term, SOC: System Organ Class.

[a] Median time to first event is from Kaplan-Meier estimate. Confidence Interval for median was computed using the Brookmeyer-Crowley method.

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SOC: Metabolism and nutrition disorders; PT: Any PT

		Quizartinib (N=265)				Placebo (N=268)				Quizartinib vs Placebo		Interaction
Subgroup	n	No. of subjects with events (%)	No. of subjects censored (%)	Median (95 % CI) (months) [a]	n	No. of subjects with events (%)	No. of subjects censored (%)	Median (95 % CI) (months) [a]	Hazard Ratio (95 % CI) [b]	Unstratified log-rank p-value [c]	P-value [d]	
Choice of Anthracycline											0.6343	
Daunorubicin	123	80 (65.0)	43 (35.0)	1.7 (0.9, 2.8)	94	52 (55.3)	42 (44.7)	2.6 (0.4, 6.6)	1.108 (0.781, 1.572)	0.5557		
Idarubicin	142	85 (59.9)	57 (40.1)	2.2 (0.8, 9.4)	171	100 (58.5)	71 (41.5)	1.8 (0.7, 5.3)	0.997 (0.746, 1.331)	0.9775		

N: number of subjects in analysis set; n: number of subjects in subgroup category; %: proportion of number of subjects in n; CI: confidence interval; NE: not estimable. PT: Preferred Term, SOC: System Organ Class.

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[c] Two-sided p-value from unstratified log-rank test.

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SOC: Metabolism and nutrition disorders; PT: Any PT

		Quizartinib (N=265)					Placebo (N=268)					Quizartinib vs Placebo		Interaction
Subgroup	n	No. of subjects with events (%)	No. of subjects censored (%)	Median (95 % CI) (months) [a]	n	No. of subjects with events (%)	No. of subjects censored (%)	Median (95 % CI) (months) [a]	n	Hazard Ratio (95 % CI) [b]	Unstratified log-rank p-value [c]	P-value [d]		
AML Cytogenetic Risk Score												0.5673		
Favorable	13	6 (46.2)	7 (53.8)	2.2 (0.9, NE)	19	11 (57.9)	8 (42.1)	4.7 (0.2, NE)	19	0.769 (0.282, 2.093)	0.6041			
Intermediate	195	123 (63.1)	72 (36.9)	1.8 (0.8, 3.3)	190	108 (56.8)	82 (43.2)	2.2 (0.9, 6.1)	190	1.092 (0.843, 1.414)	0.4968			
Unfavorable	19	15 (78.9)	4 (21.1)	0.4 (0.1, 2.6)	27	16 (59.3)	11 (40.7)	1.1 (0.5, NE)	27	1.647 (0.812, 3.341)	0.1647			
Unknown	38	21 (55.3)	17 (44.7)	9.6 (1.5, 12.2)	31	17 (54.8)	14 (45.2)	1.6 (0.3, NE)	31	0.923 (0.487, 1.751)	0.8051			

N: number of subjects in analysis set; n: number of subjects in subgroup category; %: proportion of number of subjects in n; CI: confidence interval; NE: not estimable. PT: Preferred Term, SOC: System Organ Class.

[a] Median time to first event is from Kaplan-Meier estimate. Confidence Interval for median was computed using the Brookmeyer-Crowley method.

[b] Hazard ratio is from unstratified Cox proportional hazards model with treatment as the only categorical variable in the model. Confidence limits are based on the Wald test.

[c] Two-sided p-value from unstratified log-rank test.

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SOC: Metabolism and nutrition disorders; PT: Any PT

		Quizartinib (N=265)					Placebo (N=268)					Quizartinib vs Placebo		Interaction
Subgroup	n	No. of subjects with events (%)	No. of subjects censored (%)	Median (95 % CI) (months) [a]	n	No. of subjects with events (%)	No. of subjects censored (%)	Median (95 % CI) (months) [a]	n	Hazard Ratio (95 % CI) [b]	Unstratified log-rank p-value [c]	P-value [d]		
ECOG Performance Status at Baseline												0.2324		
0 - Fully Active	87	46 (52.9)	41 (47.1)	5.2 (2.2, 11.6)	97	41 (42.3)	56 (57.7)	10.1 (4.7, NE)	97	1.171 (0.768, 1.784)	0.4568			
1 - Restricted in Physically Strenuous Activity	133	88 (66.2)	45 (33.8)	1.2 (0.5, 2.3)	134	83 (61.9)	51 (38.1)	1.3 (0.6, 3.0)	134	1.089 (0.807, 1.471)	0.5797			
2 - Ambulatory and Capable of All Selfcare	45	31 (68.9)	14 (31.1)	0.4 (0.2, 2.7)	36	29 (80.6)	7 (19.4)	0.3 (0.2, 0.5)	36	0.726 (0.435, 1.212)	0.2111			

N: number of subjects in analysis set; n: number of subjects in subgroup category; %: proportion of number of subjects in n; CI: confidence interval; NE: not estimable. PT: Preferred Term, SOC: System Organ Class.

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SOC: Metabolism and nutrition disorders; PT: Any PT

Subgroup	n	Quizartinib (N=265)				Placebo (N=268)				Quizartinib vs Placebo		Interaction
		No. of subjects with events (%)	No. of subjects censored (%)	Median (95 % CI) (months) [a]	n	No. of subjects with events (%)	No. of subjects censored (%)	Median (95 % CI) (months) [a]	n	Hazard Ratio (95 % CI) [b]	Unstratified log-rank p-value [c]	P-value [d]
FLT3-ITD category at Baseline											0.0241	
≥3 to ≤25%	94	56 (59.6)	38 (40.4)	2.2 (0.8, 10.9)	98	55 (56.1)	43 (43.9)	2.2 (1.1, 7.3)	98	1.069 (0.736, 1.553)	0.7288	
>25% to ≤50%	141	95 (67.4)	46 (32.6)	1.4 (0.5, 2.0)	136	75 (55.1)	61 (44.9)	2.2 (0.6, 7.9)	136	1.237 (0.914, 1.675)	0.1638	
>50%	29	13 (44.8)	16 (55.2)	9.1 (2.3, NE)	34	23 (67.6)	11 (32.4)	0.7 (0.3, 5.3)	34	0.332 (0.152, 0.725)	0.0037	

N: number of subjects in analysis set; n: number of subjects in subgroup category; %: proportion of number of subjects in n; CI: confidence interval; NE: not estimable. PT: Preferred Term, SOC: System Organ Class.

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SOC: Metabolism and nutrition disorders; PT: Any PT

		Quizartinib (N=265)					Placebo (N=268)					Quizartinib vs Placebo		Interaction
Subgroup	n	No. of subjects with events (%)	No. of subjects censored (%)	Median (95 % CI) (months) [a]	n	No. of subjects with events (%)	No. of subjects censored (%)	Median (95 % CI) (months) [a]	Hazard Ratio (95 % CI) [b]	Unstratified log-rank p-value [c]	P-value [d]			
AML with Mutated NPM1													0.8165	
Yes	139	89 (64.0)	50 (36.0)	1.7 (0.5, 5.2)	137	87 (63.5)	50 (36.5)	1.6 (0.6, 4.8)	1.032 (0.767, 1.387)	0.8338				
No	116	67 (57.8)	49 (42.2)	2.2 (1.6, 10.1)	120	58 (48.3)	62 (51.7)	3.1 (1.1, NE)	1.083 (0.761, 1.539)	0.6537				

N: number of subjects in analysis set; n: number of subjects in subgroup category; %: proportion of number of subjects in n; CI: confidence interval; NE: not estimable. PT: Preferred Term, SOC: System Organ Class.

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[c] Two-sided p-value from unstratified log-rank test.

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SOC: Metabolism and nutrition disorders; PT: Any PT

		Quizartinib (N=265)				Placebo (N=268)				Quizartinib vs Placebo		Interaction
Subgroup	n	No. of subjects with events (%)	No. of subjects censored (%)	Median (95 % CI) (months) [a]	n	No. of subjects with events (%)	No. of subjects censored (%)	Median (95 % CI) (months) [a]	Hazard Ratio (95 % CI) [b]	Unstratified log-rank p-value [c]	P-value [d]	
Age by 2 categories											0.1676	
≤60	164	96 (58.5)	68 (41.5)	2.5 (1.6, 9.6)	163	92 (56.4)	71 (43.6)	1.8 (0.9, 4.8)	0.947 (0.711, 1.262)	0.7181		
>60	101	69 (68.3)	32 (31.7)	1.0 (0.4, 2.2)	105	61 (58.1)	44 (41.9)	2.1 (0.6, 7.3)	1.304 (0.923, 1.840)	0.1286		

N: number of subjects in analysis set; n: number of subjects in subgroup category; %: proportion of number of subjects in n; CI: confidence interval; NE: not estimable. PT: Preferred Term, SOC: System Organ Class.

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SOC: Metabolism and nutrition disorders; PT: Hypokalaemia

Subgroup	n	Quizartinib (N=265)					Placebo (N=268)					Quizartinib vs Placebo		Interaction
		No. of subjects with events (%)	No. of subjects censored (%)	Median (95 % CI) (months) [a]	n	No. of subjects with events (%)	No. of subjects censored (%)	Median (95 % CI) (months) [a]	n	Hazard Ratio (95 % CI) [b]	Unstratified log-rank p-value [c]	P-value [d]		
Pooled Age Group 2												0.9491		
<60	159	55 (34.6)	104 (65.4)	NE (18.4, NE)	160	57 (35.6)	103 (64.4)	NE (5.1, NE)	160	0.914 (0.630, 1.324)	0.6311			
≥60 - <65	37	14 (37.8)	23 (62.2)	NE (2.7, NE)	43	15 (34.9)	28 (65.1)	NE (1.1, NE)	43	1.097 (0.529, 2.274)	0.8028			
≥65	69	24 (34.8)	45 (65.2)	NE (4.6, NE)	65	24 (36.9)	41 (63.1)	NE (3.3, NE)	65	0.993 (0.564, 1.750)	0.9835			

N: number of subjects in analysis set; n: number of subjects in subgroup category; %: proportion of number of subjects in n; CI: confidence interval; NE: not estimable. PT: Preferred Term, SOC: System Organ Class.

[a] Median time to first event is from Kaplan-Meier estimate. Confidence Interval for median was computed using the Brookmeyer-Crowley method.

[b] Hazard ratio is from unstratified Cox proportional hazards model with treatment as the only categorical variable in the model. Confidence limits are based on the Wald test.

[c] Two-sided p-value from unstratified log-rank test.

[d] Two-sided interaction p-value is for the interaction term from unstratified Cox proportional hazards model with treatment, subgroup, and treatment-by-subgroup interaction as categorical variables in the model. The p-value is based on the Wald test.

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Run date: 21JUL2023 – 22:02; Program name: DE_T_3_11_2.sas; Output name: DE_T_3_11_2_TEAESOCPT_SUB_SAS.rtf

Medizinischer Nutzen, medizinischer Zusatznutzen, Patientengruppen mit therap. bedeutsamem Zusatznutzen

Daichi Sankyo | Data Intelligence – Evidence Generation | Final | AC220-A-U302 QUANTUM-First (DCO 13 Aug 2021) | Statistical analyses for AMNOG (HTA Germany)
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SOC: Metabolism and nutrition disorders; PT: Hypokalaemia

		Quizartinib (N=265)					Placebo (N=268)					Quizartinib vs Placebo		Interaction
Subgroup	n	No. of subjects with events (%)	No. of subjects censored (%)	Median (95 % CI) (months) [a]	n	No. of subjects with events (%)	No. of subjects censored (%)	Median (95 % CI) (months) [a]	Hazard Ratio (95 % CI) [b]	Unstratified log-rank p-value [c]	P-value [d]			
Sex											0.4396			
Male	124	45 (36.3)	79 (63.7)	NE (16.9, NE)	120	41 (34.2)	79 (65.8)	NE (NE, NE)	1.083 (0.709, 1.654)	0.7207				
Female	141	48 (34.0)	93 (66.0)	NE (18.4, NE)	148	55 (37.2)	93 (62.8)	NE (4.7, NE)	0.852 (0.579, 1.256)	0.4211				

N: number of subjects in analysis set; n: number of subjects in subgroup category; %: proportion of number of subjects in n; CI: confidence interval; NE: not estimable. PT: Preferred Term, SOC: System Organ Class.

[a] Median time to first event is from Kaplan-Meier estimate. Confidence Interval for median was computed using the Brookmeyer-Crowley method.

[b] Hazard ratio is from unstratified Cox proportional hazards model with treatment as the only categorical variable in the model. Confidence limits are based on the Wald test.

[c] Two-sided p-value from unstratified log-rank test.

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SOC: Metabolism and nutrition disorders; PT: Hypokalaemia

		Quizartinib (N=265)				Placebo (N=268)				Quizartinib vs Placebo		Interaction
Subgroup	n	No. of subjects with events (%)	No. of subjects censored (%)	Median (95 % CI) (months) [a]	n	No. of subjects with events (%)	No. of subjects censored (%)	Median (95 % CI) (months) [a]	Hazard Ratio (95 % CI) [b]	Unstratified log-rank p-value [c]	P-value [d]	
Race by 2 categories											0.4089	
White	157	47 (29.9)	110 (70.1)	NE (NE, NE)	161	55 (34.2)	106 (65.8)	NE (6.8, NE)	0.843 (0.571, 1.244)	0.3874		
Non-white	108	46 (42.6)	62 (57.4)	NE (2.2, NE)	107	41 (38.3)	66 (61.7)	NE (3.7, NE)	1.087 (0.713, 1.656)	0.6986		

N: number of subjects in analysis set; n: number of subjects in subgroup category; %: proportion of number of subjects in n; CI: confidence interval; NE: not estimable. PT: Preferred Term, SOC: System Organ Class.

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[b] Hazard ratio is from unstratified Cox proportional hazards model with treatment as the only categorical variable in the model. Confidence limits are based on the Wald test.

[c] Two-sided p-value from unstratified log-rank test.

[d] Two-sided interaction p-value is for the interaction term from unstratified Cox proportional hazards model with treatment, subgroup, and treatment-by-subgroup interaction as categorical variables in the model. The p-value is based on the Wald test.

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SOC: Metabolism and nutrition disorders; PT: Hypokalaemia

		Quizartinib (N=265)				Placebo (N=268)				Quizartinib vs Placebo		Interaction
Subgroup	n	No. of subjects with events (%)	No. of subjects censored (%)	Median (95 % CI) (months) [a]	n	No. of subjects with events (%)	No. of subjects censored (%)	Median (95 % CI) (months) [a]	Hazard Ratio (95 % CI) [b]	Unstratified log-rank p-value [c]	P-value [d]	
Geographic Region 1											0.6837	
North America	16	8 (50.0)	8 (50.0)	3.0 (0.6, NE)	18	7 (38.9)	11 (61.1)	NE (0.3, NE)	1.463 (0.522, 4.099)	0.4595		
Europe	161	46 (28.6)	115 (71.4)	NE (NE, NE)	161	51 (31.7)	110 (68.3)	NE (NE, NE)	0.866 (0.581, 1.291)	0.4797		
Asia/Other Regions	88	39 (44.3)	49 (55.7)	17.1 (1.9, NE)	89	38 (42.7)	51 (57.3)	NE (2.3, NE)	1.026 (0.656, 1.603)	0.9159		

N: number of subjects in analysis set; n: number of subjects in subgroup category; %: proportion of number of subjects in n; CI: confidence interval; NE: not estimable. PT: Preferred Term, SOC: System Organ Class.

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[b] Hazard ratio is from unstratified Cox proportional hazards model with treatment as the only categorical variable in the model. Confidence limits are based on the Wald test.

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SOC: Metabolism and nutrition disorders; PT: Hypokalaemia

Subgroup	n	Quizartinib (N=265)					Placebo (N=268)					Quizartinib vs Placebo		Interaction
		No. of subjects with events (%)	No. of subjects censored (%)	Median (95 % CI) (months) [a]	n	No. of subjects with events (%)	No. of subjects censored (%)	Median (95 % CI) (months) [a]	Hazard Ratio (95 % CI) [b]	Unstratified log-rank p-value [c]	P-value [d]			
WBC at initial diagnosis													0.9010	
< 40x10 ⁹ /L	132	40 (30.3)	92 (69.7)	NE (17.1, NE)	133	44 (33.1)	89 (66.9)	NE (NE, NE)	0.924 (0.602, 1.417)	0.7179				
≥ 40x10 ⁹ /L	133	53 (39.8)	80 (60.2)	NE (3.3, NE)	135	52 (38.5)	83 (61.5)	NE (3.7, NE)	0.963 (0.657, 1.413)	0.8453				

N: number of subjects in analysis set; n: number of subjects in subgroup category; %: proportion of number of subjects in n; CI: confidence interval; NE: not estimable. PT: Preferred Term, SOC: System Organ Class.

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SOC: Metabolism and nutrition disorders; PT: Hypokalaemia

		Quizartinib (N=265)					Placebo (N=268)					Quizartinib vs Placebo		Interaction
Subgroup	n	No. of subjects with events (%)	No. of subjects censored (%)	Median (95 % CI) (months) [a]	n	No. of subjects with events (%)	No. of subjects censored (%)	Median (95 % CI) (months) [a]	Hazard Ratio (95 % CI) [b]	Unstratified log-rank p-value [c]	P-value [d]			
Choice of Anthracycline												0.7203		
Daunorubicin	123	44 (35.8)	79 (64.2)	NE (18.4, NE)	94	32 (34.0)	62 (66.0)	NE (4.7, NE)	1.017 (0.645, 1.604)	0.9444				
Idarubicin	142	49 (34.5)	93 (65.5)	NE (17.1, NE)	171	63 (36.8)	108 (63.2)	NE (6.8, NE)	0.905 (0.623, 1.314)	0.5954				

N: number of subjects in analysis set; n: number of subjects in subgroup category; %: proportion of number of subjects in n; CI: confidence interval; NE: not estimable. PT: Preferred Term, SOC: System Organ Class.

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SOC: Metabolism and nutrition disorders; PT: Hypokalaemia

		Quizartinib (N=265)					Placebo (N=268)					Quizartinib vs Placebo		Interaction
Subgroup	n	No. of subjects with events (%)	No. of subjects censored (%)	Median (95 % CI) (months) [a]	n	No. of subjects with events (%)	No. of subjects censored (%)	Median (95 % CI) (months) [a]	Hazard Ratio (95 % CI) [b]	Unstratified log-rank p-value [c]	P-value [d]			
AML Cytogenetic Risk Score												0.2887		
Favorable	13	4 (30.8)	9 (69.2)	NE (1.9, NE)	19	6 (31.6)	13 (68.4)	NE (3.4, NE)	1.163 (0.325, 4.159)	0.8167				
Intermediate	195	71 (36.4)	124 (63.6)	NE (18.4, NE)	190	70 (36.8)	120 (63.2)	NE (7.1, NE)	0.954 (0.686, 1.328)	0.7825				
Unfavorable	19	9 (47.4)	10 (52.6)	16.9 (0.4, NE)	27	7 (25.9)	20 (74.1)	NE (5.3, NE)	1.875 (0.688, 5.113)	0.2148				
Unknown	38	9 (23.7)	29 (76.3)	NE (NE, NE)	31	12 (38.7)	19 (61.3)	NE (1.5, NE)	0.573 (0.241, 1.360)	0.2020				

N: number of subjects in analysis set; n: number of subjects in subgroup category; %: proportion of number of subjects in n; CI: confidence interval; NE: not estimable. PT: Preferred Term, SOC: System Organ Class.

[a] Median time to first event is from Kaplan-Meier estimate. Confidence Interval for median was computed using the Brookmeyer-Crowley method.

[b] Hazard ratio is from unstratified Cox proportional hazards model with treatment as the only categorical variable in the model. Confidence limits are based on the Wald test.

[c] Two-sided p-value from unstratified log-rank test.

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SOC: Metabolism and nutrition disorders; PT: Hypokalaemia

		Quizartinib (N=265)					Placebo (N=268)					Quizartinib vs Placebo		Interaction
Subgroup	n	No. of subjects with events (%)	No. of subjects censored (%)	Median (95 % CI) (months) [a]	n	No. of subjects with events (%)	No. of subjects censored (%)	Median (95 % CI) (months) [a]	n	Hazard Ratio (95 % CI) [b]	Unstratified log-rank p-value [c]	P-value [d]		
ECOG Performance Status at Baseline												0.9839		
0 - Fully Active	87	21 (24.1)	66 (75.9)	NE (NE, NE)	97	24 (24.7)	73 (75.3)	NE (NE, NE)		0.904 (0.503, 1.624)	0.7333			
1 - Restricted in Physically Strenuous Activity	133	50 (37.6)	83 (62.4)	NE (12.1, NE)	134	53 (39.6)	81 (60.4)	NE (3.7, NE)		0.930 (0.632, 1.369)	0.7122			
2 - Ambulatory and Capable of All Selfcare	45	22 (48.9)	23 (51.1)	2.7 (0.4, NE)	36	19 (52.8)	17 (47.2)	0.9 (0.3, NE)		0.869 (0.469, 1.612)	0.6490			

N: number of subjects in analysis set; n: number of subjects in subgroup category; %: proportion of number of subjects in n; CI: confidence interval; NE: not estimable. PT: Preferred Term, SOC: System Organ Class.

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SOC: Metabolism and nutrition disorders; PT: Hypokalaemia

Subgroup	n	Quizartinib (N=265)				Placebo (N=268)				Quizartinib vs Placebo		Interaction
		No. of subjects with events (%)	No. of subjects censored (%)	Median (95 % CI) (months) [a]	n	No. of subjects with events (%)	No. of subjects censored (%)	Median (95 % CI) (months) [a]	n	Hazard Ratio (95 % CI) [b]	Unstratified log-rank p-value [c]	P-value [d]
FLT3-ITD category at Baseline											0.5589	
≥3 to ≤25%	94	34 (36.2)	60 (63.8)	NE (16.9, NE)	98	33 (33.7)	65 (66.3)	NE (4.7, NE)	1.087 (0.673, 1.756)	0.7361		
>25% to ≤50%	141	51 (36.2)	90 (63.8)	NE (4.6, NE)	136	50 (36.8)	86 (63.2)	NE (7.1, NE)	0.945 (0.640, 1.396)	0.7781		
>50%	29	8 (27.6)	21 (72.4)	NE (NE, NE)	34	13 (38.2)	21 (61.8)	6.8 (2.3, NE)	0.615 (0.253, 1.493)	0.2777		

N: number of subjects in analysis set; n: number of subjects in subgroup category; %: proportion of number of subjects in n; CI: confidence interval; NE: not estimable. PT: Preferred Term, SOC: System Organ Class.

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SOC: Metabolism and nutrition disorders; PT: Hypokalaemia

Subgroup	n	Quizartinib (N=265)				Placebo (N=268)				Quizartinib vs Placebo		Interaction
		No. of subjects with events (%)	No. of subjects censored (%)	Median (95 % CI) (months) [a]	n	No. of subjects with events (%)	No. of subjects censored (%)	Median (95 % CI) (months) [a]	n	Hazard Ratio (95 % CI) [b]	Unstratified log-rank p-value [c]	P-value [d]
AML with Mutated NPM1											0.5371	
Yes	139	50 (36.0)	89 (64.0)	NE (NE, NE)	137	49 (35.8)	88 (64.2)	NE (7.1, NE)	120	1.040 (0.701, 1.542)	0.8473	
No	116	38 (32.8)	78 (67.2)	NE (16.9, NE)	120	42 (35.0)	78 (65.0)	NE (5.3, NE)	120	0.842 (0.543, 1.307)	0.4430	

N: number of subjects in analysis set; n: number of subjects in subgroup category; %: proportion of number of subjects in n; CI: confidence interval; NE: not estimable. PT: Preferred Term, SOC: System Organ Class.

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Medizinischer Nutzen, medizinischer Zusatznutzen, Patientengruppen mit therap. bedeutsamem Zusatznutzen

Daiichi Sankyo | Data Intelligence – Evidence Generation | Final | AC220-A-U302 QUANTUM-First (DCO 13 Aug 2021) | Statistical analyses for AMNOG (HTA Germany)
 Table 3.11.2 Treatment-emergent adverse events by system organ class (SOC) and preferred term (PT) observed for ≥ 10 patients in at least one arm and ≥ 1% of the patients in at least one arm - Time-to-event analysis - subgroup analysis - DCO 13-Aug-2021 - Safety Analysis Set

SOC: Metabolism and nutrition disorders; PT: Hypokalaemia

		Quizartinib (N=265)					Placebo (N=268)					Quizartinib vs Placebo		Interaction
Subgroup	n	No. of subjects with events (%)	No. of subjects censored (%)	Median (95 % CI) (months) [a]	n	No. of subjects with events (%)	No. of subjects censored (%)	Median (95 % CI) (months) [a]	Hazard Ratio (95 % CI) [b]	Unstratified log-rank p-value [c]	P-value [d]			
Age by 2 categories												0.8113		
≤60	164	57 (34.8)	107 (65.2)	NE (18.4, NE)	163	58 (35.6)	105 (64.4)	NE (5.1, NE)	0.921 (0.639, 1.328)	0.6571				
>60	101	36 (35.6)	65 (64.4)	NE (4.6, NE)	105	38 (36.2)	67 (63.8)	NE (7.1, NE)	1.006 (0.637, 1.586)	0.9757				

N: number of subjects in analysis set; n: number of subjects in subgroup category; %: proportion of number of subjects in n; CI: confidence interval; NE: not estimable. PT: Preferred Term, SOC: System Organ Class.

[a] Median time to first event is from Kaplan-Meier estimate. Confidence Interval for median was computed using the Brookmeyer-Crowley method.

[b] Hazard ratio is from unstratified Cox proportional hazards model with treatment as the only categorical variable in the model. Confidence limits are based on the Wald test.

[c] Two-sided p-value from unstratified log-rank test.

[d] Two-sided interaction p-value is for the interaction term from unstratified Cox proportional hazards model with treatment, subgroup, and treatment-by-subgroup interaction as categorical variables in the model. The p-value is based on the Wald test.

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SOC: Metabolism and nutrition disorders; PT: Decreased appetite

Subgroup	n	Quizartinib (N=265)				Placebo (N=268)				Quizartinib vs Placebo		Interaction
		No. of subjects with events (%)	No. of subjects censored (%)	Median (95 % CI) (months) [a]	n	No. of subjects with events (%)	No. of subjects censored (%)	Median (95 % CI) (months) [a]	n	Hazard Ratio (95 % CI) [b]	Unstratified log-rank p-value [c]	P-value [d]
Pooled Age Group 2											0.2544	
<60	159	20 (12.6)	139 (87.4)	NE (NE, NE)	160	21 (13.1)	139 (86.9)	NE (NE, NE)	160	0.887 (0.480, 1.640)	0.6993	
≥60 - <65	37	7 (18.9)	30 (81.1)	NE (NE, NE)	43	4 (9.3)	39 (90.7)	NE (NE, NE)	43	1.879 (0.548, 6.437)	0.3042	
≥65	69	19 (27.5)	50 (72.5)	NE (8.7, NE)	65	11 (16.9)	54 (83.1)	NE (NE, NE)	65	1.841 (0.875, 3.870)	0.1022	

N: number of subjects in analysis set; n: number of subjects in subgroup category; %: proportion of number of subjects in n; CI: confidence interval; NE: not estimable. PT: Preferred Term, SOC: System Organ Class.

[a] Median time to first event is from Kaplan-Meier estimate. Confidence Interval for median was computed using the Brookmeyer-Crowley method.

[b] Hazard ratio is from unstratified Cox proportional hazards model with treatment as the only categorical variable in the model. Confidence limits are based on the Wald test.

[c] Two-sided p-value from unstratified log-rank test.

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SOC: Metabolism and nutrition disorders; PT: Decreased appetite

Subgroup	n	Quizartinib (N=265)				Placebo (N=268)				Quizartinib vs Placebo		Interaction
		No. of subjects with events (%)	No. of subjects censored (%)	Median (95 % CI) [a]	n	No. of subjects with events (%)	No. of subjects censored (%)	Median (95 % CI) [a]	n	Hazard Ratio (95 % CI) [b]	Unstratified log-rank p-value [c]	P-value [d]
Sex												0.2048
Male	124	24 (19.4)	100 (80.6)	NE (NE, NE)	120	13 (10.8)	107 (89.2)	NE (NE, NE)	120	1.725 (0.878, 3.391)	0.1081	
Female	141	22 (15.6)	119 (84.4)	NE (NE, NE)	148	23 (15.5)	125 (84.5)	NE (NE, NE)	148	0.990 (0.551, 1.777)	0.9712	

N: number of subjects in analysis set; n: number of subjects in subgroup category; %: proportion of number of subjects in n; CI: confidence interval; NE: not estimable. PT: Preferred Term, SOC: System Organ Class.

[a] Median time to first event is from Kaplan-Meier estimate. Confidence Interval for median was computed using the Brookmeyer-Crowley method.

[b] Hazard ratio is from unstratified Cox proportional hazards model with treatment as the only categorical variable in the model. Confidence limits are based on the Wald test.

[c] Two-sided p-value from unstratified log-rank test.

[d] Two-sided interaction p-value is for the interaction term from unstratified Cox proportional hazards model with treatment, subgroup, and treatment-by-subgroup interaction as categorical variables in the model. The p-value is based on the Wald test.

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SOC: Metabolism and nutrition disorders; PT: Decreased appetite

		Quizartinib (N=265)				Placebo (N=268)				Quizartinib vs Placebo		Interaction
Subgroup	n	No. of subjects with events (%)	No. of subjects censored (%)	Median (95 % CI) (months) [a]	n	No. of subjects with events (%)	No. of subjects censored (%)	Median (95 % CI) (months) [a]	Hazard Ratio (95 % CI) [b]	Unstratified log-rank p-value [c]	P-value [d]	
Race by 2 categories											0.2401	
White	157	20 (12.7)	137 (87.3)	NE (NE, NE)	161	20 (12.4)	141 (87.6)	NE (NE, NE)	0.968 (0.520, 1.804)	0.9157		
Non-white	108	26 (24.1)	82 (75.9)	NE (NE, NE)	107	16 (15.0)	91 (85.0)	NE (NE, NE)	1.645 (0.882, 3.067)	0.1132		

N: number of subjects in analysis set; n: number of subjects in subgroup category; %: proportion of number of subjects in n; CI: confidence interval; NE: not estimable. PT: Preferred Term, SOC: System Organ Class.

[a] Median time to first event is from Kaplan-Meier estimate. Confidence Interval for median was computed using the Brookmeyer-Crowley method.

[b] Hazard ratio is from unstratified Cox proportional hazards model with treatment as the only categorical variable in the model. Confidence limits are based on the Wald test.

[c] Two-sided p-value from unstratified log-rank test.

[d] Two-sided interaction p-value is for the interaction term from unstratified Cox proportional hazards model with treatment, subgroup, and treatment-by-subgroup interaction as categorical variables in the model. The p-value is based on the Wald test.

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SOC: Metabolism and nutrition disorders; PT: Decreased appetite

		Quizartinib (N=265)					Placebo (N=268)					Quizartinib vs Placebo		Interaction
Subgroup	n	No. of subjects with events (%)	No. of subjects censored (%)	Median (95 % CI) (months) [a]	n	No. of subjects with events (%)	No. of subjects censored (%)	Median (95 % CI) (months) [a]	Hazard Ratio (95 % CI) [b]	Unstratified log-rank p-value [c]	P-value [d]			
Geographic Region 1													0.2905	
North America	16	4 (25.0)	12 (75.0)	14.8 (7.8, NE)	18	7 (38.9)	11 (61.1)	NE (1.0, NE)	0.583 (0.170, 2.004)	0.3864				
Europe	161	19 (11.8)	142 (88.2)	NE (NE, NE)	161	16 (9.9)	145 (90.1)	NE (NE, NE)	1.113 (0.571, 2.168)	0.7546				
Asia/Other Regions	88	23 (26.1)	65 (73.9)	NE (NE, NE)	89	13 (14.6)	76 (85.4)	NE (NE, NE)	1.850 (0.937, 3.652)	0.0717				

N: number of subjects in analysis set; n: number of subjects in subgroup category; %: proportion of number of subjects in n; CI: confidence interval; NE: not estimable. PT: Preferred Term, SOC: System Organ Class.

[a] Median time to first event is from Kaplan-Meier estimate. Confidence Interval for median was computed using the Brookmeyer-Crowley method.

[b] Hazard ratio is from unstratified Cox proportional hazards model with treatment as the only categorical variable in the model. Confidence limits are based on the Wald test.

[c] Two-sided p-value from unstratified log-rank test.

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SOC: Metabolism and nutrition disorders; PT: Decreased appetite

		Quizartinib (N=265)				Placebo (N=268)				Quizartinib vs Placebo		Interaction
Subgroup	n	No. of subjects with events (%)	No. of subjects censored (%)	Median (95 % CI) (months) [a]	n	No. of subjects with events (%)	No. of subjects censored (%)	Median (95 % CI) (months) [a]	Hazard Ratio (95 % CI) [b]	Unstratified log-rank p-value [c]	P-value [d]	
WBC at initial diagnosis											0.2598	
< 40x10 ⁹ /L	132	21 (15.9)	111 (84.1)	NE (NE, NE)	133	13 (9.8)	120 (90.2)	NE (NE, NE)	1.680 (0.841, 3.355)	0.1377		
≥ 40x10 ⁹ /L	133	25 (18.8)	108 (81.2)	NE (NE, NE)	135	23 (17.0)	112 (83.0)	NE (NE, NE)	1.007 (0.570, 1.778)	0.9828		

N: number of subjects in analysis set; n: number of subjects in subgroup category; %: proportion of number of subjects in n; CI: confidence interval; NE: not estimable. PT: Preferred Term, SOC: System Organ Class.

[a] Median time to first event is from Kaplan-Meier estimate. Confidence Interval for median was computed using the Brookmeyer-Crowley method.

[b] Hazard ratio is from unstratified Cox proportional hazards model with treatment as the only categorical variable in the model. Confidence limits are based on the Wald test.

[c] Two-sided p-value from unstratified log-rank test.

[d] Two-sided interaction p-value is for the interaction term from unstratified Cox proportional hazards model with treatment, subgroup, and treatment-by-subgroup interaction as categorical variables in the model. The p-value is based on the Wald test.

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SOC: Metabolism and nutrition disorders; PT: Decreased appetite

		Quizartinib (N=265)				Placebo (N=268)				Quizartinib vs Placebo		Interaction
Subgroup	n	No. of subjects with events (%)	No. of subjects censored (%)	Median (95 % CI) (months) [a]	n	No. of subjects with events (%)	No. of subjects censored (%)	Median (95 % CI) (months) [a]	Hazard Ratio (95 % CI) [b]	Unstratified log-rank p-value [c]	P-value [d]	
Choice of Anthracycline											0.5020	
Daunorubicin	123	19 (15.4)	104 (84.6)	NE (NE, NE)	94	13 (13.8)	81 (86.2)	NE (NE, NE)	1.037 (0.511, 2.103)	0.9227		
Idarubicin	142	27 (19.0)	115 (81.0)	NE (NE, NE)	171	23 (13.5)	148 (86.5)	NE (NE, NE)	1.412 (0.809, 2.463)	0.2225		

N: number of subjects in analysis set; n: number of subjects in subgroup category; %: proportion of number of subjects in n; CI: confidence interval; NE: not estimable. PT: Preferred Term, SOC: System Organ Class.

[a] Median time to first event is from Kaplan-Meier estimate. Confidence Interval for median was computed using the Brookmeyer-Crowley method.

[b] Hazard ratio is from unstratified Cox proportional hazards model with treatment as the only categorical variable in the model. Confidence limits are based on the Wald test.

[c] Two-sided p-value from unstratified log-rank test.

[d] Two-sided interaction p-value is for the interaction term from unstratified Cox proportional hazards model with treatment, subgroup, and treatment-by-subgroup interaction as categorical variables in the model. The p-value is based on the Wald test.

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SOC: Metabolism and nutrition disorders; PT: Decreased appetite

		Quizartinib (N=265)				Placebo (N=268)				Quizartinib vs Placebo		Interaction
Subgroup	n	No. of subjects with events (%)	No. of subjects censored (%)	Median (95 % CI) (months) [a]	n	No. of subjects with events (%)	No. of subjects censored (%)	Median (95 % CI) (months) [a]	Hazard Ratio (95 % CI) [b]	Unstratified log-rank p-value [c]	P-value [d]	
AML Cytogenetic Risk Score											0.7890	
Favorable	13	0	13 (100)	NE (NE, NE)	19	5 (26.3)	14 (73.7)	NE (NE, NE)	0.000 (0.000, NE)	0.0545		
Intermediate	195	37 (19.0)	158 (81.0)	NE (NE, NE)	190	21 (11.1)	169 (88.9)	NE (NE, NE)	1.661 (0.972, 2.839)	0.0609		
Unfavorable	19	5 (26.3)	14 (73.7)	NE (0.5, NE)	27	6 (22.2)	21 (77.8)	NE (NE, NE)	1.418 (0.432, 4.652)	0.5630		
Unknown	38	4 (10.5)	34 (89.5)	NE (NE, NE)	31	4 (12.9)	27 (87.1)	NE (NE, NE)	0.801 (0.200, 3.212)	0.7537		

N: number of subjects in analysis set; n: number of subjects in subgroup category; %: proportion of number of subjects in n; CI: confidence interval; NE: not estimable. PT: Preferred Term, SOC: System Organ Class.

[a] Median time to first event is from Kaplan-Meier estimate. Confidence Interval for median was computed using the Brookmeyer-Crowley method.

[b] Hazard ratio is from unstratified Cox proportional hazards model with treatment as the only categorical variable in the model. Confidence limits are based on the Wald test.

[c] Two-sided p-value from unstratified log-rank test.

[d] Two-sided interaction p-value is for the interaction term from unstratified Cox proportional hazards model with treatment, subgroup, and treatment-by-subgroup interaction as categorical variables in the model. The p-value is based on the Wald test.

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SOC: Metabolism and nutrition disorders; PT: Decreased appetite

		Quizartinib (N=265)					Placebo (N=268)					Quizartinib vs Placebo		Interaction
Subgroup	n	No. of subjects with events (%)	No. of subjects censored (%)	Median (95 % CI) (months) [a]	n	No. of subjects with events (%)	No. of subjects censored (%)	Median (95 % CI) (months) [a]	n	Hazard Ratio (95 % CI) [b]	Unstratified log-rank p-value [c]	P-value [d]		
ECOG Performance Status at Baseline												0.2258		
0 - Fully Active	87	13 (14.9)	74 (85.1)	NE (NE, NE)	97	7 (7.2)	90 (92.8)	NE (NE, NE)	97	1.957 (0.780, 4.908)	0.1448			
1 - Restricted in Physically Strenuous Activity	133	22 (16.5)	111 (83.5)	NE (NE, NE)	134	24 (17.9)	110 (82.1)	NE (NE, NE)	134	0.885 (0.496, 1.580)	0.6781			
2 - Ambulatory and Capable of All Selfcare	45	11 (24.4)	34 (75.6)	NE (18.1, NE)	36	5 (13.9)	31 (86.1)	NE (13.6, NE)	36	1.775 (0.609, 5.173)	0.2868			

N: number of subjects in analysis set; n: number of subjects in subgroup category; %: proportion of number of subjects in n; CI: confidence interval; NE: not estimable. PT: Preferred Term, SOC: System Organ Class.

[a] Median time to first event is from Kaplan-Meier estimate. Confidence Interval for median was computed using the Brookmeyer-Crowley method.

[b] Hazard ratio is from unstratified Cox proportional hazards model with treatment as the only categorical variable in the model. Confidence limits are based on the Wald test.

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SOC: Metabolism and nutrition disorders; PT: Decreased appetite

Subgroup	n	Quizartinib (N=265)				Placebo (N=268)				Quizartinib vs Placebo		Interaction
		No. of subjects with events (%)	No. of subjects censored (%)	Median (95 % CI) (months) [a]	n	No. of subjects with events (%)	No. of subjects censored (%)	Median (95 % CI) (months) [a]	n	Hazard Ratio (95 % CI) [b]	Unstratified log-rank p-value [c]	P-value [d]
FLT3-ITD category at Baseline											0.1067	
≥3 to ≤25%	94	18 (19.1)	76 (80.9)	NE (NE, NE)	98	14 (14.3)	84 (85.7)	NE (NE, NE)	1.329 (0.661, 2.674)	0.4244		
>25% to ≤50%	141	27 (19.1)	114 (80.9)	NE (NE, NE)	136	16 (11.8)	120 (88.2)	NE (NE, NE)	1.657 (0.893, 3.076)	0.1060		
>50%	29	1 (3.4)	28 (96.6)	NE (NE, NE)	34	6 (17.6)	28 (82.4)	13.6 (13.6, NE)	0.126 (0.014, 1.130)	0.0338		

N: number of subjects in analysis set; n: number of subjects in subgroup category; %: proportion of number of subjects in n; CI: confidence interval; NE: not estimable. PT: Preferred Term, SOC: System Organ Class.

[a] Median time to first event is from Kaplan-Meier estimate. Confidence Interval for median was computed using the Brookmeyer-Crowley method.

[b] Hazard ratio is from unstratified Cox proportional hazards model with treatment as the only categorical variable in the model. Confidence limits are based on the Wald test.

[c] Two-sided p-value from unstratified log-rank test.

[d] Two-sided interaction p-value is for the interaction term from unstratified Cox proportional hazards model with treatment, subgroup, and treatment-by-subgroup interaction as categorical variables in the model. The p-value is based on the Wald test.

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Run date: 21JUL2023 – 22:02; Program name: DE_T_3_11_2.sas; Output name: DE_T_3_11_2_TEAESOCPT_SUB_SAS.rtf

Medizinischer Nutzen, medizinischer Zusatznutzen, Patientengruppen mit therap. bedeutsamem Zusatznutzen

Daiichi Sankyo | Data Intelligence – Evidence Generation | Final | AC220-A-U302 QUANTUM-First (DCO 13 Aug 2021) | Statistical analyses for AMNOG (HTA Germany)
 Table 3.11.2 Treatment-emergent adverse events by system organ class (SOC) and preferred term (PT) observed for ≥ 10 patients in at least one arm and ≥ 1% of the patients in at least one arm - Time-to-event analysis - subgroup analysis - DCO 13-Aug-2021 - Safety Analysis Set

SOC: Metabolism and nutrition disorders; PT: Decreased appetite

Subgroup	n	Quizartinib (N=265)				Placebo (N=268)				Quizartinib vs Placebo		Interaction
		No. of subjects with events (%)	No. of subjects censored (%)	Median (95 % CI) (months) [a]	n	No. of subjects with events (%)	No. of subjects censored (%)	Median (95 % CI) (months) [a]	n	Hazard Ratio (95 % CI) [b]	Unstratified log-rank p-value [c]	P-value [d]
AML with Mutated NPM1											0.8177	
Yes	139	29 (20.9)	110 (79.1)	NE (NE, NE)	137	22 (16.1)	115 (83.9)	NE (NE, NE)	1.269 (0.729, 2.211)	0.3985		
No	116	15 (12.9)	101 (87.1)	NE (NE, NE)	120	13 (10.8)	107 (89.2)	NE (NE, NE)	1.142 (0.543, 2.401)	0.7253		

N: number of subjects in analysis set; n: number of subjects in subgroup category; %: proportion of number of subjects in n; CI: confidence interval; NE: not estimable. PT: Preferred Term, SOC: System Organ Class.

[a] Median time to first event is from Kaplan-Meier estimate. Confidence Interval for median was computed using the Brookmeyer-Crowley method.

[b] Hazard ratio is from unstratified Cox proportional hazards model with treatment as the only categorical variable in the model. Confidence limits are based on the Wald test.

[c] Two-sided p-value from unstratified log-rank test.

[d] Two-sided interaction p-value is for the interaction term from unstratified Cox proportional hazards model with treatment, subgroup, and treatment-by-subgroup interaction as categorical variables in the model. The p-value is based on the Wald test.

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SOC: Metabolism and nutrition disorders; PT: Decreased appetite

		Quizartinib (N=265)					Placebo (N=268)					Quizartinib vs Placebo		Interaction
Subgroup	n	No. of subjects with events (%)	No. of subjects censored (%)	Median (95 % CI) (months) [a]	n	No. of subjects with events (%)	No. of subjects censored (%)	Median (95 % CI) (months) [a]	n	Hazard Ratio (95 % CI) [b]	Unstratified log-rank p-value [c]	P-value [d]		
Age by 2 categories												0.0767		
≤60	164	20 (12.2)	144 (87.8)	NE (NE, NE)	163	21 (12.9)	142 (87.1)	NE (NE, NE)	163	0.873 (0.472, 1.614)	0.6628			
>60	101	26 (25.7)	75 (74.3)	NE (14.8, NE)	105	15 (14.3)	90 (85.7)	NE (NE, NE)	105	1.934 (1.024, 3.652)	0.0383			

N: number of subjects in analysis set; n: number of subjects in subgroup category; %: proportion of number of subjects in n; CI: confidence interval; NE: not estimable. PT: Preferred Term, SOC: System Organ Class.

[a] Median time to first event is from Kaplan-Meier estimate. Confidence Interval for median was computed using the Brookmeyer-Crowley method.

[b] Hazard ratio is from unstratified Cox proportional hazards model with treatment as the only categorical variable in the model. Confidence limits are based on the Wald test.

[c] Two-sided p-value from unstratified log-rank test.

[d] Two-sided interaction p-value is for the interaction term from unstratified Cox proportional hazards model with treatment, subgroup, and treatment-by-subgroup interaction as categorical variables in the model. The p-value is based on the Wald test.

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SOC: Metabolism and nutrition disorders; PT: Hypomagnesaemia

		Quizartinib (N=265)				Placebo (N=268)				Quizartinib vs Placebo		Interaction	
Subgroup	n	No. of subjects with events (%)	No. of subjects censored (%)	Median (95 % CI) (months) [a]	n	No. of subjects with events (%)	No. of subjects censored (%)	Median (95 % CI) (months) [a]	Hazard Ratio (95 % CI) [b]	Unstratified log-rank p-value [c]	P-value [d]		
Pooled Age Group 2											0.7751		
<60	159	21 (13.2)	138 (86.8)	NE (NE, NE)	160	20 (12.5)	140 (87.5)	NE (NE, NE)	0.944 (0.511, 1.745)	0.8558			
≥60 - <65	37	4 (10.8)	33 (89.2)	NE (NE, NE)	43	3 (7.0)	40 (93.0)	NE (NE, NE)	1.460 (0.326, 6.530)	0.6188			
≥65	69	5 (7.2)	64 (92.8)	NE (NE, NE)	65	7 (10.8)	58 (89.2)	NE (NE, NE)	0.712 (0.226, 2.245)	0.5602			

N: number of subjects in analysis set; n: number of subjects in subgroup category; %: proportion of number of subjects in n; CI: confidence interval; NE: not estimable. PT: Preferred Term, SOC: System Organ Class.

[a] Median time to first event is from Kaplan-Meier estimate. Confidence Interval for median was computed using the Brookmeyer-Crowley method.

[b] Hazard ratio is from unstratified Cox proportional hazards model with treatment as the only categorical variable in the model. Confidence limits are based on the Wald test.

[c] Two-sided p-value from unstratified log-rank test.

[d] Two-sided interaction p-value is for the interaction term from unstratified Cox proportional hazards model with treatment, subgroup, and treatment-by-subgroup interaction as categorical variables in the model. The p-value is based on the Wald test.

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SOC: Metabolism and nutrition disorders; PT: Hypomagnesaemia

Subgroup	n	Quizartinib (N=265)				Placebo (N=268)				Quizartinib vs Placebo		Interaction
		No. of subjects with events (%)	No. of subjects censored (%)	Median (95 % CI) [a]	n	No. of subjects with events (%)	No. of subjects censored (%)	Median (95 % CI) [a]	n	Hazard Ratio (95 % CI) [b]	Unstratified log-rank p-value [c]	P-value [d]
Sex												0.5081
Male	124	15 (12.1)	109 (87.9)	NE (NE, NE)	120	12 (10.0)	108 (90.0)	NE (NE, NE)	120	1.161 (0.543, 2.482)	0.7006	
Female	141	15 (10.6)	126 (89.4)	NE (NE, NE)	148	18 (12.2)	130 (87.8)	NE (NE, NE)	148	0.812 (0.409, 1.613)	0.5521	

N: number of subjects in analysis set; n: number of subjects in subgroup category; %: proportion of number of subjects in n; CI: confidence interval; NE: not estimable. PT: Preferred Term, SOC: System Organ Class.

[a] Median time to first event is from Kaplan-Meier estimate. Confidence Interval for median was computed using the Brookmeyer-Crowley method.

[b] Hazard ratio is from unstratified Cox proportional hazards model with treatment as the only categorical variable in the model. Confidence limits are based on the Wald test.

[c] Two-sided p-value from unstratified log-rank test.

[d] Two-sided interaction p-value is for the interaction term from unstratified Cox proportional hazards model with treatment, subgroup, and treatment-by-subgroup interaction as categorical variables in the model. The p-value is based on the Wald test.

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SOC: Metabolism and nutrition disorders; PT: Hypomagnesaemia

		Quizartinib (N=265)				Placebo (N=268)				Quizartinib vs Placebo		Interaction
Subgroup	n	No. of subjects with events (%)	No. of subjects censored (%)	Median (95 % CI) (months) [a]	n	No. of subjects with events (%)	No. of subjects censored (%)	Median (95 % CI) (months) [a]	Hazard Ratio (95 % CI) [b]	Unstratified log-rank p-value [c]	P-value [d]	
Race by 2 categories											0.6239	
White	157	19 (12.1)	138 (87.9)	NE (NE, NE)	161	21 (13.0)	140 (87.0)	NE (NE, NE)	0.867 (0.466, 1.614)	0.6510		
Non-white	108	11 (10.2)	97 (89.8)	NE (NE, NE)	107	9 (8.4)	98 (91.6)	NE (NE, NE)	1.146 (0.475, 2.768)	0.7595		

N: number of subjects in analysis set; n: number of subjects in subgroup category; %: proportion of number of subjects in n; CI: confidence interval; NE: not estimable. PT: Preferred Term, SOC: System Organ Class.

[a] Median time to first event is from Kaplan-Meier estimate. Confidence Interval for median was computed using the Brookmeyer-Crowley method.

[b] Hazard ratio is from unstratified Cox proportional hazards model with treatment as the only categorical variable in the model. Confidence limits are based on the Wald test.

[c] Two-sided p-value from unstratified log-rank test.

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SOC: Metabolism and nutrition disorders; PT: Hypomagnesaemia

		Quizartinib (N=265)				Placebo (N=268)				Quizartinib vs Placebo		Interaction
Subgroup	n	No. of subjects with events (%)	No. of subjects censored (%)	Median (95 % CI) (months) [a]	n	No. of subjects with events (%)	No. of subjects censored (%)	Median (95 % CI) (months) [a]	Hazard Ratio (95 % CI) [b]	Unstratified log-rank p-value [c]	P-value [d]	
Geographic Region 1											0.3028	
North America	16	4 (25.0)	12 (75.0)	NE (2.0, NE)	18	3 (16.7)	15 (83.3)	NE (NE, NE)	1.572 (0.350, 7.054)	0.5518		
Europe	161	13 (8.1)	148 (91.9)	NE (NE, NE)	161	18 (11.2)	143 (88.8)	NE (NE, NE)	0.662 (0.324, 1.352)	0.2534		
Asia/Other Regions	88	13 (14.8)	75 (85.2)	NE (NE, NE)	89	9 (10.1)	80 (89.9)	NE (NE, NE)	1.356 (0.579, 3.176)	0.4807		

N: number of subjects in analysis set; n: number of subjects in subgroup category; %: proportion of number of subjects in n; CI: confidence interval; NE: not estimable. PT: Preferred Term, SOC: System Organ Class.

[a] Median time to first event is from Kaplan-Meier estimate. Confidence Interval for median was computed using the Brookmeyer-Crowley method.

[b] Hazard ratio is from unstratified Cox proportional hazards model with treatment as the only categorical variable in the model. Confidence limits are based on the Wald test.

[c] Two-sided p-value from unstratified log-rank test.

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SOC: Metabolism and nutrition disorders; PT: Hypomagnesaemia

Subgroup	n	Quizartinib (N=265)				Placebo (N=268)				Quizartinib vs Placebo		Interaction
		No. of subjects with events (%)	No. of subjects censored (%)	Median (95 % CI) (months) [a]	n	No. of subjects with events (%)	No. of subjects censored (%)	Median (95 % CI) (months) [a]	n	Hazard Ratio (95 % CI) [b]	Unstratified log-rank p-value [c]	P-value [d]
WBC at initial diagnosis											0.1504	
< 40x10 ⁹ /L	132	15 (11.4)	117 (88.6)	NE (NE, NE)	133	11 (8.3)	122 (91.7)	NE (NE, NE)	133	1.442 (0.662, 3.141)	0.3536	
≥ 40x10 ⁹ /L	133	15 (11.3)	118 (88.7)	NE (NE, NE)	135	19 (14.1)	116 (85.9)	NE (NE, NE)	135	0.673 (0.341, 1.328)	0.2503	

N: number of subjects in analysis set; n: number of subjects in subgroup category; %: proportion of number of subjects in n; CI: confidence interval; NE: not estimable. PT: Preferred Term, SOC: System Organ Class.

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[c] Two-sided p-value from unstratified log-rank test.

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SOC: Metabolism and nutrition disorders; PT: Hypomagnesaemia

		Quizartinib (N=265)				Placebo (N=268)				Quizartinib vs Placebo		Interaction
Subgroup	n	No. of subjects with events (%)	No. of subjects censored (%)	Median (95 % CI) (months) [a]	n	No. of subjects with events (%)	No. of subjects censored (%)	Median (95 % CI) (months) [a]	Hazard Ratio (95 % CI) [b]	Unstratified log-rank p-value [c]	P-value [d]	
Choice of Anthracycline											0.6362	
Daunorubicin	123	14 (11.4)	109 (88.6)	NE (NE, NE)	94	9 (9.6)	85 (90.4)	NE (NE, NE)	1.118 (0.484, 2.587)	0.7947		
Idarubicin	142	16 (11.3)	126 (88.7)	NE (NE, NE)	171	21 (12.3)	150 (87.7)	NE (NE, NE)	0.860 (0.448, 1.649)	0.6498		

N: number of subjects in analysis set; n: number of subjects in subgroup category; %: proportion of number of subjects in n; CI: confidence interval; NE: not estimable. PT: Preferred Term, SOC: System Organ Class.

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[c] Two-sided p-value from unstratified log-rank test.

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		Quizartinib (N=265)				Placebo (N=268)				Quizartinib vs Placebo		Interaction
Subgroup	n	No. of subjects with events (%)	No. of subjects censored (%)	Median (95 % CI) (months) [a]	n	No. of subjects with events (%)	No. of subjects censored (%)	Median (95 % CI) (months) [a]	Hazard Ratio (95 % CI) [b]	Unstratified log-rank p-value [c]	P-value [d]	
AML Cytogenetic Risk Score											0.8307	
Favorable	13	2 (15.4)	11 (84.6)	NE (2.0, NE)	19	2 (10.5)	17 (89.5)	NE (NE, NE)	1.746 (0.243, 12.533)	0.5748		
Intermediate	195	20 (10.3)	175 (89.7)	NE (NE, NE)	190	21 (11.1)	169 (88.9)	NE (NE, NE)	0.831 (0.450, 1.536)	0.5572		
Unfavorable	19	3 (15.8)	16 (84.2)	NE (25.8, NE)	27	3 (11.1)	24 (88.9)	NE (NE, NE)	1.166 (0.216, 6.299)	0.8585		
Unknown	38	5 (13.2)	33 (86.8)	NE (NE, NE)	31	4 (12.9)	27 (87.1)	NE (NE, NE)	1.054 (0.282, 3.942)	0.9374		

N: number of subjects in analysis set; n: number of subjects in subgroup category; %: proportion of number of subjects in n; CI: confidence interval; NE: not estimable. PT: Preferred Term, SOC: System Organ Class.

[a] Median time to first event is from Kaplan-Meier estimate. Confidence Interval for median was computed using the Brookmeyer-Crowley method.

[b] Hazard ratio is from unstratified Cox proportional hazards model with treatment as the only categorical variable in the model. Confidence limits are based on the Wald test.

[c] Two-sided p-value from unstratified log-rank test.

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SOC: Metabolism and nutrition disorders; PT: Hypomagnesaemia

		Quizartinib (N=265)					Placebo (N=268)					Quizartinib vs Placebo		Interaction
Subgroup	n	No. of subjects with events (%)	No. of subjects censored (%)	Median (95 % CI) (months) [a]	n	No. of subjects with events (%)	No. of subjects censored (%)	Median (95 % CI) (months) [a]	Hazard Ratio (95 % CI) [b]	Unstratified log-rank p-value [c]	P-value [d]			
ECOG Performance Status at Baseline												0.0555		
0 - Fully Active	87	11 (12.6)	76 (87.4)	NE (NE, NE)	97	9 (9.3)	88 (90.7)	NE (NE, NE)	1.218 (0.504, 2.943)	0.6612				
1 - Restricted in Physically Strenuous Activity	133	17 (12.8)	116 (87.2)	NE (NE, NE)	134	13 (9.7)	121 (90.3)	NE (NE, NE)	1.291 (0.627, 2.658)	0.4876				
2 - Ambulatory and Capable of All Selfcare	45	2 (4.4)	43 (95.6)	NE (NE, NE)	36	8 (22.2)	28 (77.8)	NE (NE, NE)	0.182 (0.038, 0.861)	0.0160				

N: number of subjects in analysis set; n: number of subjects in subgroup category; %: proportion of number of subjects in n; CI: confidence interval; NE: not estimable. PT: Preferred Term, SOC: System Organ Class.

[a] Median time to first event is from Kaplan-Meier estimate. Confidence Interval for median was computed using the Brookmeyer-Crowley method.

[b] Hazard ratio is from unstratified Cox proportional hazards model with treatment as the only categorical variable in the model. Confidence limits are based on the Wald test.

[c] Two-sided p-value from unstratified log-rank test.

[d] Two-sided interaction p-value is for the interaction term from unstratified Cox proportional hazards model with treatment, subgroup, and treatment-by-subgroup interaction as categorical variables in the model. The p-value is based on the Wald test.

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Run date: 21JUL2023 – 22:02; Program name: DE_T_3_11_2.sas; Output name: DE_T_3_11_2_TEAESOCPT_SUB_SAS.rtf

Medizinischer Nutzen, medizinischer Zusatznutzen, Patientengruppen mit therap. bedeutsamem Zusatznutzen

Daichi Sankyo | Data Intelligence – Evidence Generation | Final | AC220-A-U302 QUANTUM-First (DCO 13 Aug 2021) | Statistical analyses for AMNOG (HTA Germany)
 Table 3.11.2 Treatment-emergent adverse events by system organ class (SOC) and preferred term (PT) observed for ≥ 10 patients in at least one arm and ≥ 1% of the patients in at least one arm - Time-to-event analysis - subgroup analysis - DCO 13-Aug-2021 - Safety Analysis Set

SOC: Metabolism and nutrition disorders; PT: Hypomagnesaemia

		Quizartinib (N=265)				Placebo (N=268)				Quizartinib vs Placebo		Interaction
Subgroup	n	No. of subjects with events (%)	No. of subjects censored (%)	Median (95 % CI) (months) [a]	n	No. of subjects with events (%)	No. of subjects censored (%)	Median (95 % CI) (months) [a]	Hazard Ratio (95 % CI) [b]	Unstratified log-rank p-value [c]	P-value [d]	
FLT3-ITD category at Baseline											0.1246	
≥3 to ≤25%	94	10 (10.6)	84 (89.4)	NE (NE, NE)	98	11 (11.2)	87 (88.8)	NE (NE, NE)	0.945 (0.401, 2.225)	0.8967		
>25% to ≤50%	141	18 (12.8)	123 (87.2)	NE (NE, NE)	136	12 (8.8)	124 (91.2)	NE (NE, NE)	1.403 (0.676, 2.915)	0.3616		
>50%	29	2 (6.9)	27 (93.1)	NE (NE, NE)	34	7 (20.6)	27 (79.4)	NE (4.6, NE)	0.227 (0.045, 1.132)	0.0503		

N: number of subjects in analysis set; n: number of subjects in subgroup category; %: proportion of number of subjects in n; CI: confidence interval; NE: not estimable. PT: Preferred Term, SOC: System Organ Class.

[a] Median time to first event is from Kaplan-Meier estimate. Confidence Interval for median was computed using the Brookmeyer-Crowley method.

[b] Hazard ratio is from unstratified Cox proportional hazards model with treatment as the only categorical variable in the model. Confidence limits are based on the Wald test.

[c] Two-sided p-value from unstratified log-rank test.

[d] Two-sided interaction p-value is for the interaction term from unstratified Cox proportional hazards model with treatment, subgroup, and treatment-by-subgroup interaction as categorical variables in the model. The p-value is based on the Wald test.

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SOC: Metabolism and nutrition disorders; PT: Hypomagnesaemia

Subgroup	n	Quizartinib (N=265)				Placebo (N=268)				Quizartinib vs Placebo		Interaction
		No. of subjects with events (%)	No. of subjects censored (%)	Median (95 % CI) (months) [a]	n	No. of subjects with events (%)	No. of subjects censored (%)	Median (95 % CI) (months) [a]	n	Hazard Ratio (95 % CI) [b]	Unstratified log-rank p-value [c]	P-value [d]
AML with Mutated NPM1											0.2672	
Yes	139	13 (9.4)	126 (90.6)	NE (NE, NE)	137	17 (12.4)	120 (87.6)	NE (NE, NE)	137	0.699 (0.339, 1.441)	0.3301	
No	116	16 (13.8)	100 (86.2)	NE (NE, NE)	120	12 (10.0)	108 (90.0)	NE (NE, NE)	120	1.306 (0.618, 2.761)	0.4844	

N: number of subjects in analysis set; n: number of subjects in subgroup category; %: proportion of number of subjects in n; CI: confidence interval; NE: not estimable. PT: Preferred Term, SOC: System Organ Class.

[a] Median time to first event is from Kaplan-Meier estimate. Confidence Interval for median was computed using the Brookmeyer-Crowley method.

[b] Hazard ratio is from unstratified Cox proportional hazards model with treatment as the only categorical variable in the model. Confidence limits are based on the Wald test.

[c] Two-sided p-value from unstratified log-rank test.

[d] Two-sided interaction p-value is for the interaction term from unstratified Cox proportional hazards model with treatment, subgroup, and treatment-by-subgroup interaction as categorical variables in the model. The p-value is based on the Wald test.

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SOC: Metabolism and nutrition disorders; PT: Hypomagnesaemia

		Quizartinib (N=265)				Placebo (N=268)				Quizartinib vs Placebo		Interaction
Subgroup	n	No. of subjects with events (%)	No. of subjects censored (%)	Median (95 % CI) (months) [a]	n	No. of subjects with events (%)	No. of subjects censored (%)	Median (95 % CI) (months) [a]	Hazard Ratio (95 % CI) [b]	Unstratified log-rank p-value [c]	P-value [d]	
Age by 2 categories											0.8137	
≤60	164	22 (13.4)	142 (86.6)	NE (NE, NE)	163	20 (12.3)	143 (87.7)	NE (NE, NE)	0.976 (0.532, 1.792)	0.9397		
>60	101	8 (7.9)	93 (92.1)	NE (NE, NE)	105	10 (9.5)	95 (90.5)	NE (NE, NE)	0.848 (0.335, 2.148)	0.7273		

N: number of subjects in analysis set; n: number of subjects in subgroup category; %: proportion of number of subjects in n; CI: confidence interval; NE: not estimable. PT: Preferred Term, SOC: System Organ Class.

[a] Median time to first event is from Kaplan-Meier estimate. Confidence Interval for median was computed using the Brookmeyer-Crowley method.

[b] Hazard ratio is from unstratified Cox proportional hazards model with treatment as the only categorical variable in the model. Confidence limits are based on the Wald test.

[c] Two-sided p-value from unstratified log-rank test.

[d] Two-sided interaction p-value is for the interaction term from unstratified Cox proportional hazards model with treatment, subgroup, and treatment-by-subgroup interaction as categorical variables in the model. The p-value is based on the Wald test.

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SOC: Metabolism and nutrition disorders; PT: Hypophosphataemia

Subgroup	n	Quizartinib (N=265)				Placebo (N=268)				Quizartinib vs Placebo		Interaction
		No. of subjects with events (%)	No. of subjects censored (%)	Median (95 % CI) (months) [a]	n	No. of subjects with events (%)	No. of subjects censored (%)	Median (95 % CI) (months) [a]	n	Hazard Ratio (95 % CI) [b]	Unstratified log-rank p-value [c]	P-value [d]
Pooled Age Group 2											0.6055	
<60	159	15 (9.4)	144 (90.6)	NE (NE, NE)	160	15 (9.4)	145 (90.6)	NE (NE, NE)	160	0.962 (0.470, 1.969)	0.9187	
≥60 - <65	37	3 (8.1)	34 (91.9)	NE (NE, NE)	43	4 (9.3)	39 (90.7)	NE (NE, NE)	43	0.884 (0.198, 3.951)	0.8713	
≥65	69	9 (13.0)	60 (87.0)	NE (26.8, NE)	65	5 (7.7)	60 (92.3)	NE (NE, NE)	65	1.793 (0.601, 5.353)	0.2878	

N: number of subjects in analysis set; n: number of subjects in subgroup category; %: proportion of number of subjects in n; CI: confidence interval; NE: not estimable. PT: Preferred Term, SOC: System Organ Class.

[a] Median time to first event is from Kaplan-Meier estimate. Confidence Interval for median was computed using the Brookmeyer-Crowley method.

[b] Hazard ratio is from unstratified Cox proportional hazards model with treatment as the only categorical variable in the model. Confidence limits are based on the Wald test.

[c] Two-sided p-value from unstratified log-rank test.

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SOC: Metabolism and nutrition disorders; PT: Hypophosphataemia

Subgroup	n	Quizartinib (N=265)				Placebo (N=268)				Quizartinib vs Placebo		Interaction
		No. of subjects with events (%)	No. of subjects censored (%)	Median (95 % CI) (months) [a]	n	No. of subjects with events (%)	No. of subjects censored (%)	Median (95 % CI) (months) [a]	n	Hazard Ratio (95 % CI) [b]	Unstratified log-rank p-value [c]	P-value [d]
Sex												0.1181
Male	124	14 (11.3)	110 (88.7)	NE (NE, NE)	120	7 (5.8)	113 (94.2)	NE (NE, NE)	120	1.931 (0.779, 4.787)	0.1481	
Female	141	13 (9.2)	128 (90.8)	NE (NE, NE)	148	17 (11.5)	131 (88.5)	NE (NE, NE)	148	0.779 (0.378, 1.604)	0.4996	

N: number of subjects in analysis set; n: number of subjects in subgroup category; %: proportion of number of subjects in n; CI: confidence interval; NE: not estimable. PT: Preferred Term, SOC: System Organ Class.

[a] Median time to first event is from Kaplan-Meier estimate. Confidence Interval for median was computed using the Brookmeyer-Crowley method.

[b] Hazard ratio is from unstratified Cox proportional hazards model with treatment as the only categorical variable in the model. Confidence limits are based on the Wald test.

[c] Two-sided p-value from unstratified log-rank test.

[d] Two-sided interaction p-value is for the interaction term from unstratified Cox proportional hazards model with treatment, subgroup, and treatment-by-subgroup interaction as categorical variables in the model. The p-value is based on the Wald test.

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SOC: Metabolism and nutrition disorders; PT: Hypophosphataemia

		Quizartinib (N=265)				Placebo (N=268)				Quizartinib vs Placebo		Interaction
Subgroup	n	No. of subjects with events (%)	No. of subjects censored (%)	Median (95 % CI) (months) [a]	n	No. of subjects with events (%)	No. of subjects censored (%)	Median (95 % CI) (months) [a]	Hazard Ratio (95 % CI) [b]	Unstratified log-rank p-value [c]	P-value [d]	
Race by 2 categories											0.4624	
White	157	14 (8.9)	143 (91.1)	NE (NE, NE)	161	15 (9.3)	146 (90.7)	NE (NE, NE)	0.944 (0.456, 1.957)	0.8796		
Non-white	108	13 (12.0)	95 (88.0)	NE (NE, NE)	107	9 (8.4)	98 (91.6)	NE (NE, NE)	1.430 (0.611, 3.345)	0.4076		

N: number of subjects in analysis set; n: number of subjects in subgroup category; %: proportion of number of subjects in n; CI: confidence interval; NE: not estimable. PT: Preferred Term, SOC: System Organ Class.

[a] Median time to first event is from Kaplan-Meier estimate. Confidence Interval for median was computed using the Brookmeyer-Crowley method.

[b] Hazard ratio is from unstratified Cox proportional hazards model with treatment as the only categorical variable in the model. Confidence limits are based on the Wald test.

[c] Two-sided p-value from unstratified log-rank test.

[d] Two-sided interaction p-value is for the interaction term from unstratified Cox proportional hazards model with treatment, subgroup, and treatment-by-subgroup interaction as categorical variables in the model. The p-value is based on the Wald test.

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SOC: Metabolism and nutrition disorders; PT: Hypophosphataemia

		Quizartinib (N=265)				Placebo (N=268)				Quizartinib vs Placebo		Interaction
Subgroup	n	No. of subjects with events (%)	No. of subjects censored (%)	Median (95 % CI) (months) [a]	n	No. of subjects with events (%)	No. of subjects censored (%)	Median (95 % CI) (months) [a]	Hazard Ratio (95 % CI) [b]	Unstratified log-rank p-value [c]	P-value [d]	
Geographic Region 1											0.0919	
North America	16	4 (25.0)	12 (75.0)	NE (1.3, NE)	18	10 (55.6)	8 (44.4)	2.6 (0.2, NE)	0.392 (0.123, 1.253)	0.1012		
Europe	161	13 (8.1)	148 (91.9)	NE (NE, NE)	161	7 (4.3)	154 (95.7)	NE (NE, NE)	1.833 (0.730, 4.598)	0.1895		
Asia/Other Regions	88	10 (11.4)	78 (88.6)	NE (NE, NE)	89	7 (7.9)	82 (92.1)	NE (NE, NE)	1.440 (0.548, 3.787)	0.4557		

N: number of subjects in analysis set; n: number of subjects in subgroup category; %: proportion of number of subjects in n; CI: confidence interval; NE: not estimable. PT: Preferred Term, SOC: System Organ Class.

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[b] Hazard ratio is from unstratified Cox proportional hazards model with treatment as the only categorical variable in the model. Confidence limits are based on the Wald test.

[c] Two-sided p-value from unstratified log-rank test.

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SOC: Metabolism and nutrition disorders; PT: Hypophosphataemia

Subgroup	n	Quizartinib (N=265)				Placebo (N=268)				Quizartinib vs Placebo		Interaction
		No. of subjects with events (%)	No. of subjects censored (%)	Median (95 % CI) (months) [a]	n	No. of subjects with events (%)	No. of subjects censored (%)	Median (95 % CI) (months) [a]	n	Hazard Ratio (95 % CI) [b]	Unstratified log-rank p-value [c]	P-value [d]
WBC at initial diagnosis											0.5315	
< 40x10 ⁹ /L	132	12 (9.1)	120 (90.9)	NE (NE, NE)	133	13 (9.8)	120 (90.2)	NE (NE, NE)	133	0.941 (0.429, 2.062)	0.8795	
≥ 40x10 ⁹ /L	133	15 (11.3)	118 (88.7)	NE (NE, NE)	135	11 (8.1)	124 (91.9)	NE (NE, NE)	135	1.332 (0.611, 2.905)	0.4694	

N: number of subjects in analysis set; n: number of subjects in subgroup category; %: proportion of number of subjects in n; CI: confidence interval; NE: not estimable. PT: Preferred Term, SOC: System Organ Class.

[a] Median time to first event is from Kaplan-Meier estimate. Confidence Interval for median was computed using the Brookmeyer-Crowley method.

[b] Hazard ratio is from unstratified Cox proportional hazards model with treatment as the only categorical variable in the model. Confidence limits are based on the Wald test.

[c] Two-sided p-value from unstratified log-rank test.

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SOC: Metabolism and nutrition disorders; PT: Hypophosphataemia

		Quizartinib (N=265)				Placebo (N=268)				Quizartinib vs Placebo		Interaction
Subgroup	n	No. of subjects with events (%)	No. of subjects censored (%)	Median (95 % CI) (months) [a]	n	No. of subjects with events (%)	No. of subjects censored (%)	Median (95 % CI) (months) [a]	Hazard Ratio (95 % CI) [b]	Unstratified log-rank p-value [c]	P-value [d]	
Choice of Anthracycline											0.2299	
Daunorubicin	123	10 (8.1)	113 (91.9)	NE (NE, NE)	94	10 (10.6)	84 (89.4)	NE (NE, NE)	0.746 (0.310, 1.792)	0.5116		
Idarubicin	142	17 (12.0)	125 (88.0)	NE (NE, NE)	171	14 (8.2)	157 (91.8)	NE (NE, NE)	1.460 (0.720, 2.964)	0.2908		

N: number of subjects in analysis set; n: number of subjects in subgroup category; %: proportion of number of subjects in n; CI: confidence interval; NE: not estimable. PT: Preferred Term, SOC: System Organ Class.

[a] Median time to first event is from Kaplan-Meier estimate. Confidence Interval for median was computed using the Brookmeyer-Crowley method.

[b] Hazard ratio is from unstratified Cox proportional hazards model with treatment as the only categorical variable in the model. Confidence limits are based on the Wald test.

[c] Two-sided p-value from unstratified log-rank test.

[d] Two-sided interaction p-value is for the interaction term from unstratified Cox proportional hazards model with treatment, subgroup, and treatment-by-subgroup interaction as categorical variables in the model. The p-value is based on the Wald test.

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SOC: Metabolism and nutrition disorders; PT: Hypophosphataemia

Subgroup	n	Quizartinib (N=265)				Placebo (N=268)				Quizartinib vs Placebo		Interaction
		No. of subjects with events (%)	No. of subjects censored (%)	Median (95 % CI) (months) [a]	n	No. of subjects with events (%)	No. of subjects censored (%)	Median (95 % CI) (months) [a]	n	Hazard Ratio (95 % CI) [b]	Unstratified log-rank p-value [c]	P-value [d]
AML Cytogenetic Risk Score											0.9943	
Favorable	13	0	13 (100)	NE (NE, NE)	19	4 (21.1)	15 (78.9)	NE (NE, NE)	0.000 (0.000, NE)	0.0838		
Intermediate	195	22 (11.3)	173 (88.7)	NE (NE, NE)	190	16 (8.4)	174 (91.6)	NE (NE, NE)	1.322 (0.694, 2.518)	0.3945		
Unfavorable	19	1 (5.3)	18 (94.7)	NE (NE, NE)	27	1 (3.7)	26 (96.3)	NE (NE, NE)	1.543 (0.097, 24.683)	0.7571		
Unknown	38	4 (10.5)	34 (89.5)	NE (26.8, NE)	31	3 (9.7)	28 (90.3)	NE (NE, NE)	0.997 (0.222, 4.470)	0.9970		

N: number of subjects in analysis set; n: number of subjects in subgroup category; %: proportion of number of subjects in n; CI: confidence interval; NE: not estimable. PT: Preferred Term, SOC: System Organ Class.

[a] Median time to first event is from Kaplan-Meier estimate. Confidence Interval for median was computed using the Brookmeyer-Crowley method.

[b] Hazard ratio is from unstratified Cox proportional hazards model with treatment as the only categorical variable in the model. Confidence limits are based on the Wald test.

[c] Two-sided p-value from unstratified log-rank test.

[d] Two-sided interaction p-value is for the interaction term from unstratified Cox proportional hazards model with treatment, subgroup, and treatment-by-subgroup interaction as categorical variables in the model. The p-value is based on the Wald test.

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Run date: 21JUL2023 – 22:02; Program name: DE_T_3_11_2.sas; Output name: DE_T_3_11_2_TEAESOCPT_SUB_SAS.rtf

Medizinischer Nutzen, medizinischer Zusatznutzen, Patientengruppen mit therap. bedeutsamem Zusatznutzen

Daichi Sankyo | Data Intelligence – Evidence Generation | Final | AC220-A-U302 QUANTUM-First (DCO 13 Aug 2021) | Statistical analyses for AMNOG (HTA Germany)
 Table 3.11.2 Treatment-emergent adverse events by system organ class (SOC) and preferred term (PT) observed for ≥ 10 patients in at least one arm and ≥ 1% of the patients in at least one arm - Time-to-event analysis - subgroup analysis - DCO 13-Aug-2021 - Safety Analysis Set

SOC: Metabolism and nutrition disorders; PT: Hypophosphataemia

		Quizartinib (N=265)					Placebo (N=268)					Quizartinib vs Placebo		Interaction
Subgroup	n	No. of subjects with events (%)	No. of subjects censored (%)	Median (95 % CI) (months) [a]	n	No. of subjects with events (%)	No. of subjects censored (%)	Median (95 % CI) (months) [a]	Hazard Ratio (95 % CI) [b]	Unstratified log-rank p-value [c]	P-value [d]			
ECOG Performance Status at Baseline												0.9584		
0 - Fully Active	87	7 (8.0)	80 (92.0)	NE (NE, NE)	97	7 (7.2)	90 (92.8)	NE (NE, NE)	1.097 (0.385, 3.128)	0.8616				
1 - Restricted in Physically Strenuous Activity	133	15 (11.3)	118 (88.7)	NE (NE, NE)	134	14 (10.4)	120 (89.6)	NE (NE, NE)	1.059 (0.511, 2.195)	0.8759				
2 - Ambulatory and Capable of All Selfcare	45	5 (11.1)	40 (88.9)	NE (NE, NE)	36	3 (8.3)	33 (91.7)	NE (NE, NE)	1.378 (0.329, 5.765)	0.6615				

N: number of subjects in analysis set; n: number of subjects in subgroup category; %: proportion of number of subjects in n; CI: confidence interval; NE: not estimable. PT: Preferred Term, SOC: System Organ Class.

[a] Median time to first event is from Kaplan-Meier estimate. Confidence Interval for median was computed using the Brookmeyer-Crowley method.

[b] Hazard ratio is from unstratified Cox proportional hazards model with treatment as the only categorical variable in the model. Confidence limits are based on the Wald test.

[c] Two-sided p-value from unstratified log-rank test.

[d] Two-sided interaction p-value is for the interaction term from unstratified Cox proportional hazards model with treatment, subgroup, and treatment-by-subgroup interaction as categorical variables in the model. The p-value is based on the Wald test.

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SOC: Metabolism and nutrition disorders; PT: Hypophosphataemia

		Quizartinib (N=265)				Placebo (N=268)				Quizartinib vs Placebo		Interaction
Subgroup	n	No. of subjects with events (%)	No. of subjects censored (%)	Median (95 % CI) (months) [a]	n	No. of subjects with events (%)	No. of subjects censored (%)	Median (95 % CI) (months) [a]	Hazard Ratio (95 % CI) [b]	Unstratified log-rank p-value [c]	P-value [d]	
FLT3-ITD category at Baseline											0.4202	
≥3 to ≤25%	94	9 (9.6)	85 (90.4)	NE (NE, NE)	98	7 (7.1)	91 (92.9)	NE (NE, NE)	1.349 (0.502, 3.624)	0.5513		
>25% to ≤50%	141	16 (11.3)	125 (88.7)	NE (NE, NE)	136	12 (8.8)	124 (91.2)	NE (NE, NE)	1.292 (0.611, 2.732)	0.4997		
>50%	29	2 (6.9)	27 (93.1)	NE (NE, NE)	34	5 (14.7)	29 (85.3)	NE (NE, NE)	0.428 (0.083, 2.214)	0.2989		

N: number of subjects in analysis set; n: number of subjects in subgroup category; %: proportion of number of subjects in n; CI: confidence interval; NE: not estimable. PT: Preferred Term, SOC: System Organ Class.

[a] Median time to first event is from Kaplan-Meier estimate. Confidence Interval for median was computed using the Brookmeyer-Crowley method.

[b] Hazard ratio is from unstratified Cox proportional hazards model with treatment as the only categorical variable in the model. Confidence limits are based on the Wald test.

[c] Two-sided p-value from unstratified log-rank test.

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SOC: Metabolism and nutrition disorders; PT: Hypophosphataemia

Subgroup	n	Quizartinib (N=265)				Placebo (N=268)				Quizartinib vs Placebo		Interaction
		No. of subjects with events (%)	No. of subjects censored (%)	Median (95 % CI) (months) [a]	n	No. of subjects with events (%)	No. of subjects censored (%)	Median (95 % CI) (months) [a]	n	Hazard Ratio (95 % CI) [b]	Unstratified log-rank p-value [c]	P-value [d]
AML with Mutated NPM1											0.6688	
Yes	139	17 (12.2)	122 (87.8)	NE (NE, NE)	137	16 (11.7)	121 (88.3)	NE (NE, NE)	137	1.036 (0.523, 2.052)	0.9177	
No	116	8 (6.9)	108 (93.1)	NE (NE, NE)	120	6 (5.0)	114 (95.0)	NE (NE, NE)	120	1.376 (0.477, 3.967)	0.5521	

N: number of subjects in analysis set; n: number of subjects in subgroup category; %: proportion of number of subjects in n; CI: confidence interval; NE: not estimable. PT: Preferred Term, SOC: System Organ Class.

[a] Median time to first event is from Kaplan-Meier estimate. Confidence Interval for median was computed using the Brookmeyer-Crowley method.

[b] Hazard ratio is from unstratified Cox proportional hazards model with treatment as the only categorical variable in the model. Confidence limits are based on the Wald test.

[c] Two-sided p-value from unstratified log-rank test.

[d] Two-sided interaction p-value is for the interaction term from unstratified Cox proportional hazards model with treatment, subgroup, and treatment-by-subgroup interaction as categorical variables in the model. The p-value is based on the Wald test.

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SOC: Metabolism and nutrition disorders; PT: Hypophosphataemia

		Quizartinib (N=265)				Placebo (N=268)				Quizartinib vs Placebo		Interaction
Subgroup	n	No. of subjects with events (%)	No. of subjects censored (%)	Median (95 % CI) (months) [a]	n	No. of subjects with events (%)	No. of subjects censored (%)	Median (95 % CI) (months) [a]	Hazard Ratio (95 % CI) [b]	Unstratified log-rank p-value [c]	P-value [d]	
Age by 2 categories											0.6718	
≤60	164	16 (9.8)	148 (90.2)	NE (NE, NE)	163	15 (9.2)	148 (90.8)	NE (NE, NE)	1.016 (0.502, 2.057)	0.9615		
>60	101	11 (10.9)	90 (89.1)	NE (NE, NE)	105	9 (8.6)	96 (91.4)	NE (NE, NE)	1.314 (0.545, 3.172)	0.5417		

N: number of subjects in analysis set; n: number of subjects in subgroup category; %: proportion of number of subjects in n; CI: confidence interval; NE: not estimable. PT: Preferred Term, SOC: System Organ Class.

[a] Median time to first event is from Kaplan-Meier estimate. Confidence Interval for median was computed using the Brookmeyer-Crowley method.

[b] Hazard ratio is from unstratified Cox proportional hazards model with treatment as the only categorical variable in the model. Confidence limits are based on the Wald test.

[c] Two-sided p-value from unstratified log-rank test.

[d] Two-sided interaction p-value is for the interaction term from unstratified Cox proportional hazards model with treatment, subgroup, and treatment-by-subgroup interaction as categorical variables in the model. The p-value is based on the Wald test.

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SOC: Metabolism and nutrition disorders; PT: Hypocalcaemia

		Quizartinib (N=265)				Placebo (N=268)				Quizartinib vs Placebo		Interaction
Subgroup	n	No. of subjects with events (%)	No. of subjects censored (%)	Median (95 % CI) (months) [a]	n	No. of subjects with events (%)	No. of subjects censored (%)	Median (95 % CI) (months) [a]	Hazard Ratio (95 % CI) [b]	Unstratified log-rank p-value [c]	P-value [d]	
Pooled Age Group 2											0.0380	
<60	159	12 (7.5)	147 (92.5)	NE (NE, NE)	160	20 (12.5)	140 (87.5)	NE (NE, NE)	0.583 (0.285, 1.193)	0.1352		
≥60 - <65	37	8 (21.6)	29 (78.4)	NE (NE, NE)	43	1 (2.3)	42 (97.7)	NE (NE, NE)	10.216 (1.277, 81.706)	0.0066		
≥65	69	6 (8.7)	63 (91.3)	NE (NE, NE)	65	8 (12.3)	57 (87.7)	NE (NE, NE)	0.735 (0.255, 2.119)	0.5620		

N: number of subjects in analysis set; n: number of subjects in subgroup category; %: proportion of number of subjects in n; CI: confidence interval; NE: not estimable. PT: Preferred Term, SOC: System Organ Class.

[a] Median time to first event is from Kaplan-Meier estimate. Confidence Interval for median was computed using the Brookmeyer-Crowley method.

[b] Hazard ratio is from unstratified Cox proportional hazards model with treatment as the only categorical variable in the model. Confidence limits are based on the Wald test.

[c] Two-sided p-value from unstratified log-rank test.

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SOC: Metabolism and nutrition disorders; PT: Hypocalcaemia

Subgroup	n	Quizartinib (N=265)				Placebo (N=268)				Quizartinib vs Placebo		Interaction
		No. of subjects with events (%)	No. of subjects censored (%)	Median (95 % CI) (months) [a]	n	No. of subjects with events (%)	No. of subjects censored (%)	Median (95 % CI) (months) [a]	n	Hazard Ratio (95 % CI) [b]	Unstratified log-rank p-value [c]	P-value [d]
Sex												0.2127
Male	124	9 (7.3)	115 (92.7)	NE (NE, NE)	120	14 (11.7)	106 (88.3)	NE (NE, NE)	120	0.610 (0.264, 1.410)	0.2428	
Female	141	17 (12.1)	124 (87.9)	NE (NE, NE)	148	15 (10.1)	133 (89.9)	NE (NE, NE)	148	1.208 (0.603, 2.420)	0.5937	

N: number of subjects in analysis set; n: number of subjects in subgroup category; %: proportion of number of subjects in n; CI: confidence interval; NE: not estimable. PT: Preferred Term, SOC: System Organ Class.

[a] Median time to first event is from Kaplan-Meier estimate. Confidence Interval for median was computed using the Brookmeyer-Crowley method.

[b] Hazard ratio is from unstratified Cox proportional hazards model with treatment as the only categorical variable in the model. Confidence limits are based on the Wald test.

[c] Two-sided p-value from unstratified log-rank test.

[d] Two-sided interaction p-value is for the interaction term from unstratified Cox proportional hazards model with treatment, subgroup, and treatment-by-subgroup interaction as categorical variables in the model. The p-value is based on the Wald test.

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SOC: Metabolism and nutrition disorders; PT: Hypocalcaemia

		Quizartinib (N=265)				Placebo (N=268)				Quizartinib vs Placebo		Interaction
Subgroup	n	No. of subjects with events (%)	No. of subjects censored (%)	Median (95 % CI) (months) [a]	n	No. of subjects with events (%)	No. of subjects censored (%)	Median (95 % CI) (months) [a]	Hazard Ratio (95 % CI) [b]	Unstratified log-rank p-value [c]	P-value [d]	
Race by 2 categories											0.7026	
White	157	17 (10.8)	140 (89.2)	NE (NE, NE)	161	18 (11.2)	143 (88.8)	NE (NE, NE)	0.977 (0.503, 1.896)	0.9441		
Non-white	108	9 (8.3)	99 (91.7)	NE (NE, NE)	107	11 (10.3)	96 (89.7)	NE (NE, NE)	0.792 (0.328, 1.910)	0.6033		

N: number of subjects in analysis set; n: number of subjects in subgroup category; %: proportion of number of subjects in n; CI: confidence interval; NE: not estimable. PT: Preferred Term, SOC: System Organ Class.

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[b] Hazard ratio is from unstratified Cox proportional hazards model with treatment as the only categorical variable in the model. Confidence limits are based on the Wald test.

[c] Two-sided p-value from unstratified log-rank test.

[d] Two-sided interaction p-value is for the interaction term from unstratified Cox proportional hazards model with treatment, subgroup, and treatment-by-subgroup interaction as categorical variables in the model. The p-value is based on the Wald test.

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SOC: Metabolism and nutrition disorders; PT: Hypocalcaemia

		Quizartinib (N=265)				Placebo (N=268)				Quizartinib vs Placebo		Interaction
Subgroup	n	No. of subjects with events (%)	No. of subjects censored (%)	Median (95 % CI) (months) [a]	n	No. of subjects with events (%)	No. of subjects censored (%)	Median (95 % CI) (months) [a]	Hazard Ratio (95 % CI) [b]	Unstratified log-rank p-value [c]	P-value [d]	
Geographic Region 1											0.4262	
North America	16	3 (18.8)	13 (81.3)	NE (2.2, NE)	18	1 (5.6)	17 (94.4)	NE (NE, NE)	3.891 (0.400, 37.834)	0.2046		
Europe	161	14 (8.7)	147 (91.3)	NE (NE, NE)	161	18 (11.2)	143 (88.8)	NE (NE, NE)	0.770 (0.383, 1.549)	0.4614		
Asia/Other Regions	88	9 (10.2)	79 (89.8)	NE (NE, NE)	89	10 (11.2)	79 (88.8)	NE (NE, NE)	0.894 (0.363, 2.201)	0.8093		

N: number of subjects in analysis set; n: number of subjects in subgroup category; %: proportion of number of subjects in n; CI: confidence interval; NE: not estimable. PT: Preferred Term, SOC: System Organ Class.

[a] Median time to first event is from Kaplan-Meier estimate. Confidence Interval for median was computed using the Brookmeyer-Crowley method.

[b] Hazard ratio is from unstratified Cox proportional hazards model with treatment as the only categorical variable in the model. Confidence limits are based on the Wald test.

[c] Two-sided p-value from unstratified log-rank test.

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SOC: Metabolism and nutrition disorders; PT: Hypocalcaemia

Subgroup	n	Quizartinib (N=265)				Placebo (N=268)				Quizartinib vs Placebo		Interaction
		No. of subjects with events (%)	No. of subjects censored (%)	Median (95 % CI) (months) [a]	n	No. of subjects with events (%)	No. of subjects censored (%)	Median (95 % CI) (months) [a]	n	Hazard Ratio (95 % CI) [b]	Unstratified log-rank p-value [c]	P-value [d]
WBC at initial diagnosis											0.0551	
< 40x10 ⁹ /L	132	15 (11.4)	117 (88.6)	NE (NE, NE)	133	10 (7.5)	123 (92.5)	NE (NE, NE)	133	1.624 (0.729, 3.616)	0.2308	
≥ 40x10 ⁹ /L	133	11 (8.3)	122 (91.7)	NE (NE, NE)	135	19 (14.1)	116 (85.9)	NE (NE, NE)	135	0.561 (0.267, 1.180)	0.1217	

N: number of subjects in analysis set; n: number of subjects in subgroup category; %: proportion of number of subjects in n; CI: confidence interval; NE: not estimable. PT: Preferred Term, SOC: System Organ Class.

[a] Median time to first event is from Kaplan-Meier estimate. Confidence Interval for median was computed using the Brookmeyer-Crowley method.

[b] Hazard ratio is from unstratified Cox proportional hazards model with treatment as the only categorical variable in the model. Confidence limits are based on the Wald test.

[c] Two-sided p-value from unstratified log-rank test.

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 Table 3.11.2 Treatment-emergent adverse events by system organ class (SOC) and preferred term (PT) observed for ≥ 10 patients in at least one arm and ≥ 1% of the patients in at least one arm - Time-to-event analysis - subgroup analysis - DCO 13-Aug-2021 - Safety Analysis Set

SOC: Metabolism and nutrition disorders; PT: Hypocalcaemia

		Quizartinib (N=265)				Placebo (N=268)				Quizartinib vs Placebo		Interaction
Subgroup	n	No. of subjects with events (%)	No. of subjects censored (%)	Median (95 % CI) (months) [a]	n	No. of subjects with events (%)	No. of subjects censored (%)	Median (95 % CI) (months) [a]	Hazard Ratio (95 % CI) [b]	Unstratified log-rank p-value [c]	P-value [d]	
Choice of Anthracycline											0.8225	
Daunorubicin	123	8 (6.5)	115 (93.5)	NE (NE, NE)	94	7 (7.4)	87 (92.6)	NE (NE, NE)	0.867 (0.314, 2.391)	0.7859		
Idarubicin	142	18 (12.7)	124 (87.3)	NE (NE, NE)	171	22 (12.9)	149 (87.1)	NE (NE, NE)	0.987 (0.529, 1.840)	0.9671		

N: number of subjects in analysis set; n: number of subjects in subgroup category; %: proportion of number of subjects in n; CI: confidence interval; NE: not estimable. PT: Preferred Term, SOC: System Organ Class.

[a] Median time to first event is from Kaplan-Meier estimate. Confidence Interval for median was computed using the Brookmeyer-Crowley method.

[b] Hazard ratio is from unstratified Cox proportional hazards model with treatment as the only categorical variable in the model. Confidence limits are based on the Wald test.

[c] Two-sided p-value from unstratified log-rank test.

[d] Two-sided interaction p-value is for the interaction term from unstratified Cox proportional hazards model with treatment, subgroup, and treatment-by-subgroup interaction as categorical variables in the model. The p-value is based on the Wald test.

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AML Cytogenetic Risk Score											0.7685	
Favorable	13	1 (7.7)	12 (92.3)	NE (NE, NE)	19	3 (15.8)	16 (84.2)	NE (NE, NE)	0.479 (0.050, 4.613)	0.5150		
Intermediate	195	16 (8.2)	179 (91.8)	NE (NE, NE)	190	15 (7.9)	175 (92.1)	NE (NE, NE)	1.029 (0.509, 2.082)	0.9369		
Unfavorable	19	4 (21.1)	15 (78.9)	NE (NE, NE)	27	4 (14.8)	23 (85.2)	NE (NE, NE)	1.557 (0.389, 6.233)	0.5279		
Unknown	38	5 (13.2)	33 (86.8)	NE (NE, NE)	31	6 (19.4)	25 (80.6)	NE (NE, NE)	0.683 (0.208, 2.237)	0.5256		

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SOC: Metabolism and nutrition disorders; PT: Hypocalcaemia

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Subgroup	n	No. of subjects with events (%)	No. of subjects censored (%)	Median (95 % CI) (months) [a]	n	No. of subjects with events (%)	No. of subjects censored (%)	Median (95 % CI) (months) [a]	Hazard Ratio (95 % CI) [b]	Unstratified log-rank p-value [c]	P-value [d]	
ECOG Performance Status at Baseline											0.1582	
0 - Fully Active	87	4 (4.6)	83 (95.4)	NE (NE, NE)	97	10 (10.3)	87 (89.7)	NE (NE, NE)	0.430 (0.135, 1.371)	0.1418		
1 - Restricted in Physically Strenuous Activity	133	17 (12.8)	116 (87.2)	NE (NE, NE)	134	12 (9.0)	122 (91.0)	NE (NE, NE)	1.440 (0.688, 3.015)	0.3310		
2 - Ambulatory and Capable of All Selfcare	45	5 (11.1)	40 (88.9)	NE (NE, NE)	36	7 (19.4)	29 (80.6)	NE (NE, NE)	0.584 (0.185, 1.842)	0.3498		

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SOC: Metabolism and nutrition disorders; PT: Hypocalcaemia

		Quizartinib (N=265)				Placebo (N=268)				Quizartinib vs Placebo		Interaction
Subgroup	n	No. of subjects with events (%)	No. of subjects censored (%)	Median (95 % CI) (months) [a]	n	No. of subjects with events (%)	No. of subjects censored (%)	Median (95 % CI) (months) [a]	Hazard Ratio (95 % CI) [b]	Unstratified log-rank p-value [c]	P-value [d]	
FLT3-ITD category at Baseline											0.7431	
≥3 to ≤25%	94	11 (11.7)	83 (88.3)	NE (NE, NE)	98	11 (11.2)	87 (88.8)	NE (NE, NE)	1.087 (0.471, 2.508)	0.8437		
>25% to ≤50%	141	12 (8.5)	129 (91.5)	NE (NE, NE)	136	14 (10.3)	122 (89.7)	NE (NE, NE)	0.821 (0.380, 1.775)	0.6139		
>50%	29	2 (6.9)	27 (93.1)	NE (NE, NE)	34	4 (11.8)	30 (88.2)	NE (NE, NE)	0.562 (0.103, 3.067)	0.4980		

N: number of subjects in analysis set; n: number of subjects in subgroup category; %: proportion of number of subjects in n; CI: confidence interval; NE: not estimable. PT: Preferred Term, SOC: System Organ Class.

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SOC: Metabolism and nutrition disorders; PT: Hypocalcaemia

Subgroup	n	Quizartinib (N=265)				Placebo (N=268)				Quizartinib vs Placebo		Interaction
		No. of subjects with events (%)	No. of subjects censored (%)	Median (95 % CI) (months) [a]	n	No. of subjects with events (%)	No. of subjects censored (%)	Median (95 % CI) (months) [a]	n	Hazard Ratio (95 % CI) [b]	Unstratified log-rank p-value [c]	P-value [d]
AML with Mutated NPM1											0.9928	
Yes	139	12 (8.6)	127 (91.4)	NE (NE, NE)	137	12 (8.8)	125 (91.2)	NE (NE, NE)	137	1.003 (0.451, 2.234)	0.9931	
No	116	11 (9.5)	105 (90.5)	NE (NE, NE)	120	11 (9.2)	109 (90.8)	NE (NE, NE)	120	1.011 (0.438, 2.331)	0.9820	

N: number of subjects in analysis set; n: number of subjects in subgroup category; %: proportion of number of subjects in n; CI: confidence interval; NE: not estimable. PT: Preferred Term, SOC: System Organ Class.

[a] Median time to first event is from Kaplan-Meier estimate. Confidence Interval for median was computed using the Brookmeyer-Crowley method.

[b] Hazard ratio is from unstratified Cox proportional hazards model with treatment as the only categorical variable in the model. Confidence limits are based on the Wald test.

[c] Two-sided p-value from unstratified log-rank test.

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SOC: Metabolism and nutrition disorders; PT: Hypocalcaemia

Subgroup	n	Quizartinib (N=265)				Placebo (N=268)				Quizartinib vs Placebo		Interaction
		No. of subjects with events (%)	No. of subjects censored (%)	Median (95 % CI) (months) [a]	n	No. of subjects with events (%)	No. of subjects censored (%)	Median (95 % CI) (months) [a]	n	Hazard Ratio (95 % CI) [b]	Unstratified log-rank p-value [c]	P-value [d]
Age by 2 categories											0.0918	
≤60	164	13 (7.9)	151 (92.1)	NE (NE, NE)	163	20 (12.3)	143 (87.7)	NE (NE, NE)	163	0.623 (0.310, 1.253)	0.1810	
>60	101	13 (12.9)	88 (87.1)	NE (NE, NE)	105	9 (8.6)	96 (91.4)	NE (NE, NE)	105	1.598 (0.683, 3.739)	0.2775	

N: number of subjects in analysis set; n: number of subjects in subgroup category; %: proportion of number of subjects in n; CI: confidence interval; NE: not estimable. PT: Preferred Term, SOC: System Organ Class.

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SOC: Metabolism and nutrition disorders; PT: Hypoalbuminaemia

Subgroup	n	Quizartinib (N=265)				Placebo (N=268)				Quizartinib vs Placebo		Interaction
		No. of subjects with events (%)	No. of subjects censored (%)	Median (95 % CI) (months) [a]	n	No. of subjects with events (%)	No. of subjects censored (%)	Median (95 % CI) (months) [a]	n	Hazard Ratio (95 % CI) [b]	Unstratified log-rank p-value [c]	P-value [d]
Pooled Age Group 2											0.9038	
<60	159	13 (8.2)	146 (91.8)	NE (NE, NE)	160	12 (7.5)	148 (92.5)	NE (NE, NE)	160	1.101 (0.502, 2.413)	0.8093	
≥60 - <65	37	4 (10.8)	33 (89.2)	NE (NE, NE)	43	4 (9.3)	39 (90.7)	NE (NE, NE)	43	1.124 (0.280, 4.506)	0.8695	
≥65	69	6 (8.7)	63 (91.3)	NE (NE, NE)	65	7 (10.8)	58 (89.2)	NE (36.7, NE)	65	0.833 (0.280, 2.479)	0.7436	

N: number of subjects in analysis set; n: number of subjects in subgroup category; %: proportion of number of subjects in n; CI: confidence interval; NE: not estimable. PT: Preferred Term, SOC: System Organ Class.

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Sex												0.2616
Male	124	14 (11.3)	110 (88.7)	NE (NE, NE)	120	10 (8.3)	110 (91.7)	NE (NE, NE)	120	1.400 (0.621, 3.154)	0.4153	
Female	141	9 (6.4)	132 (93.6)	NE (NE, NE)	148	13 (8.8)	135 (91.2)	NE (NE, NE)	148	0.724 (0.309, 1.693)	0.4549	

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Race by 2 categories											0.1590	
White	157	10 (6.4)	147 (93.6)	NE (NE, NE)	161	15 (9.3)	146 (90.7)	NE (NE, NE)	0.697 (0.313, 1.553)	0.3752		
Non-white	108	13 (12.0)	95 (88.0)	NE (NE, NE)	107	8 (7.5)	99 (92.5)	NE (NE, NE)	1.622 (0.672, 3.915)	0.2773		

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Subgroup	n	No. of subjects with events (%)	No. of subjects censored (%)	Median (95 % CI) (months) [a]	n	No. of subjects with events (%)	No. of subjects censored (%)	Median (95 % CI) (months) [a]	CI	Hazard Ratio (95 % CI) [b]	Unstratified log-rank p-value [c]	P-value [d]		
Geographic Region 1												0.5896		
North America	16	0	16 (100)	NE (NE, NE)	18	2 (11.1)	16 (88.9)	36.7 (36.7, NE)		0.000 (0.000, NE)	0.1695			
Europe	161	13 (8.1)	148 (91.9)	NE (NE, NE)	161	15 (9.3)	146 (90.7)	NE (NE, NE)		0.875 (0.416, 1.841)	0.7253			
Asia/Other Regions	88	10 (11.4)	78 (88.6)	NE (NE, NE)	89	6 (6.7)	83 (93.3)	NE (NE, NE)		1.700 (0.618, 4.676)	0.3001			

N: number of subjects in analysis set; n: number of subjects in subgroup category; %: proportion of number of subjects in n; CI: confidence interval; NE: not estimable. PT: Preferred Term, SOC: System Organ Class.

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[c] Two-sided p-value from unstratified log-rank test.

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Run date: 21JUL2023 – 22:02; Program name: DE_T_3_11_2.sas; Output name: DE_T_3_11_2_TEAESOCPT_SUB_SAS.rtf

Medizinischer Nutzen, medizinischer Zusatznutzen, Patientengruppen mit therap. bedeutsamem Zusatznutzen

Daiichi Sankyo | Data Intelligence – Evidence Generation | Final | AC220-A-U302 QUANTUM-First (DCO 13 Aug 2021) | Statistical analyses for AMNOG (HTA Germany)
 Table 3.11.2 Treatment-emergent adverse events by system organ class (SOC) and preferred term (PT) observed for ≥ 10 patients in at least one arm and ≥ 1% of the patients in at least one arm - Time-to-event analysis - subgroup analysis - DCO 13-Aug-2021 - Safety Analysis Set

SOC: Metabolism and nutrition disorders; PT: Hypoalbuminaemia

		Quizartinib (N=265)					Placebo (N=268)					Quizartinib vs Placebo		Interaction
Subgroup	n	No. of subjects with events (%)	No. of subjects censored (%)	Median (95 % CI) (months) [a]	n	No. of subjects with events (%)	No. of subjects censored (%)	Median (95 % CI) (months) [a]	Hazard Ratio (95 % CI) [b]	Unstratified log-rank p-value [c]	p-	P-value [d]		
WBC at initial diagnosis														0.1173
< 40x10 ⁹ /L	132	12 (9.1)	120 (90.9)	NE (NE, NE)	133	7 (5.3)	126 (94.7)	NE (NE, NE)	1.793 (0.706, 4.555)	0.2125				
≥ 40x10 ⁹ /L	133	11 (8.3)	122 (91.7)	NE (NE, NE)	135	16 (11.9)	119 (88.1)	NE (NE, NE)	0.676 (0.313, 1.459)	0.3166				

N: number of subjects in analysis set; n: number of subjects in subgroup category; %: proportion of number of subjects in n; CI: confidence interval; NE: not estimable. PT: Preferred Term, SOC: System Organ Class.

[a] Median time to first event is from Kaplan-Meier estimate. Confidence Interval for median was computed using the Brookmeyer-Crowley method.

[b] Hazard ratio is from unstratified Cox proportional hazards model with treatment as the only categorical variable in the model. Confidence limits are based on the Wald test.

[c] Two-sided p-value from unstratified log-rank test.

[d] Two-sided interaction p-value is for the interaction term from unstratified Cox proportional hazards model with treatment, subgroup, and treatment-by-subgroup interaction as categorical variables in the model. The p-value is based on the Wald test.

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SOC: Metabolism and nutrition disorders; PT: Hypoalbuminaemia

		Quizartinib (N=265)				Placebo (N=268)				Quizartinib vs Placebo		Interaction
Subgroup	n	No. of subjects with events (%)	No. of subjects censored (%)	Median (95 % CI) (months) [a]	n	No. of subjects with events (%)	No. of subjects censored (%)	Median (95 % CI) (months) [a]	Hazard Ratio (95 % CI) [b]	Unstratified log-rank p-value [c]	P-value [d]	
Choice of Anthracycline											0.1298	
Daunorubicin	123	15 (12.2)	108 (87.8)	NE (NE, NE)	94	7 (7.4)	87 (92.6)	NE (NE, NE)	1.669 (0.681, 4.094)	0.2575		
Idarubicin	142	8 (5.6)	134 (94.4)	NE (NE, NE)	171	15 (8.8)	156 (91.2)	NE (NE, NE)	0.632 (0.268, 1.492)	0.2908		

N: number of subjects in analysis set; n: number of subjects in subgroup category; %: proportion of number of subjects in n; CI: confidence interval; NE: not estimable. PT: Preferred Term, SOC: System Organ Class.

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[b] Hazard ratio is from unstratified Cox proportional hazards model with treatment as the only categorical variable in the model. Confidence limits are based on the Wald test.

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SOC: Metabolism and nutrition disorders; PT: Hypoalbuminaemia

		Quizartinib (N=265)					Placebo (N=268)					Quizartinib vs Placebo		Interaction
Subgroup	n	No. of subjects with events (%)	No. of subjects censored (%)	Median (95 % CI) (months) [a]	n	No. of subjects with events (%)	No. of subjects censored (%)	Median (95 % CI) (months) [a]	n	Hazard Ratio (95 % CI) [b]	Unstratified log-rank p-value [c]	P-value [d]		
AML Cytogenetic Risk Score												0.3479		
Favorable	13	1 (7.7)	12 (92.3)	NE (NE, NE)	19	3 (15.8)	16 (84.2)	NE (36.7, NE)	19	0.784 (0.071, 8.650)	0.8420			
Intermediate	195	18 (9.2)	177 (90.8)	NE (NE, NE)	190	12 (6.3)	178 (93.7)	NE (NE, NE)	190	1.465 (0.706, 3.043)	0.3030			
Unfavorable	19	3 (15.8)	16 (84.2)	NE (2.6, NE)	27	4 (14.8)	23 (85.2)	NE (NE, NE)	27	1.164 (0.260, 5.205)	0.8360			
Unknown	38	1 (2.6)	37 (97.4)	NE (NE, NE)	31	4 (12.9)	27 (87.1)	NE (NE, NE)	31	0.200 (0.022, 1.787)	0.1084			

N: number of subjects in analysis set; n: number of subjects in subgroup category; %: proportion of number of subjects in n; CI: confidence interval; NE: not estimable. PT: Preferred Term, SOC: System Organ Class.

[a] Median time to first event is from Kaplan-Meier estimate. Confidence Interval for median was computed using the Brookmeyer-Crowley method.

[b] Hazard ratio is from unstratified Cox proportional hazards model with treatment as the only categorical variable in the model. Confidence limits are based on the Wald test.

[c] Two-sided p-value from unstratified log-rank test.

[d] Two-sided interaction p-value is for the interaction term from unstratified Cox proportional hazards model with treatment, subgroup, and treatment-by-subgroup interaction as categorical variables in the model. The p-value is based on the Wald test.

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SOC: Metabolism and nutrition disorders; PT: Hypoalbuminaemia

		Quizartinib (N=265)					Placebo (N=268)					Quizartinib vs Placebo		Interaction
Subgroup	n	No. of subjects with events (%)	No. of subjects censored (%)	Median (95 % CI) (months) [a]	n	No. of subjects with events (%)	No. of subjects censored (%)	Median (95 % CI) (months) [a]	Hazard Ratio (95 % CI) [b]	Unstratified log-rank p-value [c]	P-value [d]			
ECOG Performance Status at Baseline												0.8524		
0 - Fully Active	87	4 (4.6)	83 (95.4)	NE (NE, NE)	97	6 (6.2)	91 (93.8)	NE (NE, NE)	0.743 (0.210, 2.635)	0.6429				
1 - Restricted in Physically Strenuous Activity	133	13 (9.8)	120 (90.2)	NE (NE, NE)	134	12 (9.0)	122 (91.0)	NE (NE, NE)	1.124 (0.513, 2.466)	0.7694				
2 - Ambulatory and Capable of All Selfcare	45	6 (13.3)	39 (86.7)	NE (NE, NE)	36	5 (13.9)	31 (86.1)	NE (NE, NE)	0.999 (0.305, 3.276)	0.9919				

N: number of subjects in analysis set; n: number of subjects in subgroup category; %: proportion of number of subjects in n; CI: confidence interval; NE: not estimable. PT: Preferred Term, SOC: System Organ Class.

[a] Median time to first event is from Kaplan-Meier estimate. Confidence Interval for median was computed using the Brookmeyer-Crowley method.

[b] Hazard ratio is from unstratified Cox proportional hazards model with treatment as the only categorical variable in the model. Confidence limits are based on the Wald test.

[c] Two-sided p-value is for the interaction term from unstratified Cox proportional hazards model with treatment, subgroup, and treatment-by-subgroup interaction as categorical variables in the model.

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SOC: Metabolism and nutrition disorders; PT: Hypoalbuminaemia

		Quizartinib (N=265)				Placebo (N=268)				Quizartinib vs Placebo		Interaction
Subgroup	n	No. of subjects with events (%)	No. of subjects censored (%)	Median (95 % CI) (months) [a]	n	No. of subjects with events (%)	No. of subjects censored (%)	Median (95 % CI) (months) [a]	Hazard Ratio (95 % CI) [b]	Unstratified log-rank p-value [c]	P-value [d]	
FLT3-ITD category at Baseline											0.0935	
≥3 to ≤25%	94	12 (12.8)	82 (87.2)	NE (NE, NE)	98	6 (6.1)	92 (93.9)	NE (NE, NE)	2.225 (0.835, 5.929)	0.1009		
>25% to ≤50%	141	10 (7.1)	131 (92.9)	NE (NE, NE)	136	12 (8.8)	124 (91.2)	NE (NE, NE)	0.795 (0.343, 1.840)	0.5905		
>50%	29	1 (3.4)	28 (96.6)	NE (NE, NE)	34	5 (14.7)	29 (85.3)	NE (NE, NE)	0.227 (0.027, 1.943)	0.1386		

N: number of subjects in analysis set; n: number of subjects in subgroup category; %: proportion of number of subjects in n; CI: confidence interval; NE: not estimable. PT: Preferred Term, SOC: System Organ Class.

[a] Median time to first event is from Kaplan-Meier estimate. Confidence Interval for median was computed using the Brookmeyer-Crowley method.

[b] Hazard ratio is from unstratified Cox proportional hazards model with treatment as the only categorical variable in the model. Confidence limits are based on the Wald test.

[c] Two-sided p-value from unstratified log-rank test.

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SOC: Metabolism and nutrition disorders; PT: Hypoalbuminaemia

Subgroup	n	Quizartinib (N=265)				Placebo (N=268)				Quizartinib vs Placebo		Interaction
		No. of subjects with events (%)	No. of subjects censored (%)	Median (95 % CI) (months) [a]	n	No. of subjects with events (%)	No. of subjects censored (%)	Median (95 % CI) (months) [a]	n	Hazard Ratio (95 % CI) [b]	Unstratified log-rank p-value [c]	P-value [d]
AML with Mutated NPM1											0.4560	
Yes	139	14 (10.1)	125 (89.9)	NE (NE, NE)	137	16 (11.7)	121 (88.3)	NE (NE, NE)	137	0.879 (0.429, 1.800)	0.7218	
No	116	6 (5.2)	110 (94.8)	NE (NE, NE)	120	4 (3.3)	116 (96.7)	NE (NE, NE)	120	1.536 (0.433, 5.445)	0.5029	

N: number of subjects in analysis set; n: number of subjects in subgroup category; %: proportion of number of subjects in n; CI: confidence interval; NE: not estimable. PT: Preferred Term, SOC: System Organ Class.

[a] Median time to first event is from Kaplan-Meier estimate. Confidence Interval for median was computed using the Brookmeyer-Crowley method.

[b] Hazard ratio is from unstratified Cox proportional hazards model with treatment as the only categorical variable in the model. Confidence limits are based on the Wald test.

[c] Two-sided p-value from unstratified log-rank test.

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SOC: Metabolism and nutrition disorders; PT: Hypoalbuminaemia

		Quizartinib (N=265)				Placebo (N=268)				Quizartinib vs Placebo		Interaction
Subgroup	n	No. of subjects with events (%)	No. of subjects censored (%)	Median (95 % CI) (months) [a]	n	No. of subjects with events (%)	No. of subjects censored (%)	Median (95 % CI) (months) [a]	Hazard Ratio (95 % CI) [b]	Unstratified log-rank p-value [c]	P-value [d]	
Age by 2 categories											0.6411	
≤60	164	14 (8.5)	150 (91.5)	NE (NE, NE)	163	12 (7.4)	151 (92.6)	NE (NE, NE)	1.173 (0.543, 2.537)	0.6828		
>60	101	9 (8.9)	92 (91.1)	NE (NE, NE)	105	11 (10.5)	94 (89.5)	NE (NE, NE)	0.881 (0.365, 2.126)	0.7794		

N: number of subjects in analysis set; n: number of subjects in subgroup category; %: proportion of number of subjects in n; CI: confidence interval; NE: not estimable. PT: Preferred Term, SOC: System Organ Class.

[a] Median time to first event is from Kaplan-Meier estimate. Confidence Interval for median was computed using the Brookmeyer-Crowley method.

[b] Hazard ratio is from unstratified Cox proportional hazards model with treatment as the only categorical variable in the model. Confidence limits are based on the Wald test.

[c] Two-sided p-value from unstratified log-rank test.

[d] Two-sided interaction p-value is for the interaction term from unstratified Cox proportional hazards model with treatment, subgroup, and treatment-by-subgroup interaction as categorical variables in the model. The p-value is based on the Wald test.

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SOC: Metabolism and nutrition disorders; PT: Hyperglycaemia

		Quizartinib (N=265)				Placebo (N=268)				Quizartinib vs Placebo		Interaction	
Subgroup	n	No. of subjects with events (%)	No. of subjects censored (%)	Median (95 % CI) (months) [a]	n	No. of subjects with events (%)	No. of subjects censored (%)	Median (95 % CI) (months) [a]	Hazard Ratio (95 % CI) [b]	Unstratified log-rank p-value [c]	p-	P-value [d]	
Pooled Age Group 2												0.5263	
<60	159	6 (3.8)	153 (96.2)	NE (NE, NE)	160	4 (2.5)	156 (97.5)	NE (NE, NE)	1.345 (0.378, 4.783)	0.6459			
≥60 - <65	37	1 (2.7)	36 (97.3)	NE (NE, NE)	43	2 (4.7)	41 (95.3)	NE (16.2, NE)	0.533 (0.048, 5.906)	0.6025			
≥65	69	5 (7.2)	64 (92.8)	NE (NE, NE)	65	9 (13.8)	56 (86.2)	NE (NE, NE)	0.543 (0.182, 1.619)	0.2655			

N: number of subjects in analysis set; n: number of subjects in subgroup category; %: proportion of number of subjects in n; CI: confidence interval; NE: not estimable. PT: Preferred Term, SOC: System Organ Class.

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SOC: Metabolism and nutrition disorders; PT: Hyperglycaemia

Subgroup	n	Quizartinib (N=265)				Placebo (N=268)				Quizartinib vs Placebo		Interaction
		No. of subjects with events (%)	No. of subjects censored (%)	Median (95 % CI) (months) [a]	n	No. of subjects with events (%)	No. of subjects censored (%)	Median (95 % CI) (months) [a]	n	Hazard Ratio (95 % CI) [b]	Unstratified log-rank p-value [c]	P-value [d]
Sex												0.4109
Male	124	7 (5.6)	117 (94.4)	NE (NE, NE)	120	6 (5.0)	114 (95.0)	NE (NE, NE)	120	1.060 (0.356, 3.163)	0.9169	
Female	141	5 (3.5)	136 (96.5)	NE (NE, NE)	148	9 (6.1)	139 (93.9)	NE (NE, NE)	148	0.554 (0.185, 1.656)	0.2838	

N: number of subjects in analysis set; n: number of subjects in subgroup category; %: proportion of number of subjects in n; CI: confidence interval; NE: not estimable. PT: Preferred Term, SOC: System Organ Class.

[a] Median time to first event is from Kaplan-Meier estimate. Confidence Interval for median was computed using the Brookmeyer-Crowley method.

[b] Hazard ratio is from unstratified Cox proportional hazards model with treatment as the only categorical variable in the model. Confidence limits are based on the Wald test.

[c] Two-sided p-value from unstratified log-rank test.

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		Quizartinib (N=265)				Placebo (N=268)				Quizartinib vs Placebo		Interaction
Subgroup	n	No. of subjects with events (%)	No. of subjects censored (%)	Median (95 % CI) (months) [a]	n	No. of subjects with events (%)	No. of subjects censored (%)	Median (95 % CI) (months) [a]	Hazard Ratio (95 % CI) [b]	Unstratified log-rank p-value [c]	P-value [d]	
Race by 2 categories											0.5530	
White	157	5 (3.2)	152 (96.8)	NE (NE, NE)	161	8 (5.0)	153 (95.0)	NE (NE, NE)	0.589 (0.192, 1.806)	0.3492		
Non-white	108	7 (6.5)	101 (93.5)	NE (NE, NE)	107	7 (6.5)	100 (93.5)	NE (NE, NE)	0.968 (0.339, 2.763)	0.9520		

N: number of subjects in analysis set; n: number of subjects in subgroup category; %: proportion of number of subjects in n; CI: confidence interval; NE: not estimable. PT: Preferred Term, SOC: System Organ Class.

[a] Median time to first event is from Kaplan-Meier estimate. Confidence Interval for median was computed using the Brookmeyer-Crowley method.

[b] Hazard ratio is from unstratified Cox proportional hazards model with treatment as the only categorical variable in the model. Confidence limits are based on the Wald test.

[c] Two-sided p-value from unstratified log-rank test.

[d] Two-sided interaction p-value is for the interaction term from unstratified Cox proportional hazards model with treatment, subgroup, and treatment-by-subgroup interaction as categorical variables in the model. The p-value is based on the Wald test.

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Medizinischer Nutzen, medizinischer Zusatznutzen, Patientengruppen mit therap. bedeutsamem Zusatznutzen

Daichi Sankyo | Data Intelligence – Evidence Generation | Final | AC220-A-U302 QUANTUM-First (DCO 13 Aug 2021) | Statistical analyses for AMNOG (HTA Germany)
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SOC: Metabolism and nutrition disorders; PT: Hyperglycaemia

		Quizartinib (N=265)					Placebo (N=268)					Quizartinib vs Placebo		Interaction
Subgroup	n	No. of subjects with events (%)	No. of subjects censored (%)	Median (95 % CI) (months) [a]	n	No. of subjects with events (%)	No. of subjects censored (%)	Median (95 % CI) (months) [a]	Hazard Ratio (95 % CI) [b]	Unstratified log-rank p-value [c]	P-value [d]			
Geographic Region 1													0.7406	
North America	16	0	16 (100)	NE (NE, NE)	18	4 (22.2)	14 (77.8)	NE (9.1, NE)	0.000 (0.000, NE)	0.1106				
Europe	161	7 (4.3)	154 (95.7)	NE (NE, NE)	161	8 (5.0)	153 (95.0)	NE (NE, NE)	0.824 (0.298, 2.280)	0.7095				
Asia/Other Regions	88	5 (5.7)	83 (94.3)	NE (NE, NE)	89	3 (3.4)	86 (96.6)	NE (NE, NE)	1.640 (0.391, 6.876)	0.4955				

N: number of subjects in analysis set; n: number of subjects in subgroup category; %: proportion of number of subjects in n; CI: confidence interval; NE: not estimable. PT: Preferred Term, SOC: System Organ Class.

[a] Median time to first event is from Kaplan-Meier estimate. Confidence Interval for median was computed using the Brookmeyer-Crowley method.

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SOC: Metabolism and nutrition disorders; PT: Hyperglycaemia

Subgroup	n	Quizartinib (N=265)				Placebo (N=268)				Quizartinib vs Placebo		Interaction
		No. of subjects with events (%)	No. of subjects censored (%)	Median (95 % CI) (months) [a]	n	No. of subjects with events (%)	No. of subjects censored (%)	Median (95 % CI) (months) [a]	n	Hazard Ratio (95 % CI) [b]	Unstratified log-rank p-value [c]	P-value [d]
WBC at initial diagnosis											0.9739	
< 40x10 ⁹ /L	132	6 (4.5)	126 (95.5)	NE (NE, NE)	133	8 (6.0)	125 (94.0)	NE (NE, NE)	133	0.738 (0.256, 2.128)	0.5727	
≥ 40x10 ⁹ /L	133	6 (4.5)	127 (95.5)	NE (NE, NE)	135	7 (5.2)	128 (94.8)	NE (NE, NE)	135	0.785 (0.263, 2.344)	0.6625	

N: number of subjects in analysis set; n: number of subjects in subgroup category; %: proportion of number of subjects in n; CI: confidence interval; NE: not estimable. PT: Preferred Term, SOC: System Organ Class.

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SOC: Metabolism and nutrition disorders; PT: Hyperglycaemia

		Quizartinib (N=265)				Placebo (N=268)				Quizartinib vs Placebo		Interaction
Subgroup	n	No. of subjects with events (%)	No. of subjects censored (%)	Median (95 % CI) (months) [a]	n	No. of subjects with events (%)	No. of subjects censored (%)	Median (95 % CI) (months) [a]	Hazard Ratio (95 % CI) [b]	Unstratified log-rank p-value [c]	P-value [d]	
Choice of Anthracycline											0.8766	
Daunorubicin	123	5 (4.1)	118 (95.9)	NE (NE, NE)	94	5 (5.3)	89 (94.7)	NE (NE, NE)	0.689 (0.199, 2.386)	0.5539		
Idarubicin	142	7 (4.9)	135 (95.1)	NE (NE, NE)	171	10 (5.8)	161 (94.2)	NE (NE, NE)	0.810 (0.308, 2.132)	0.6689		

N: number of subjects in analysis set; n: number of subjects in subgroup category; %: proportion of number of subjects in n; CI: confidence interval; NE: not estimable. PT: Preferred Term, SOC: System Organ Class.

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SOC: Metabolism and nutrition disorders; PT: Hyperglycaemia

		Quizartinib (N=265)					Placebo (N=268)					Quizartinib vs Placebo		Interaction
Subgroup	n	No. of subjects with events (%)	No. of subjects censored (%)	Median (95 % CI) (months) [a]	n	No. of subjects with events (%)	No. of subjects censored (%)	Median (95 % CI) (months) [a]	Hazard Ratio (95 % CI) [b]	Unstratified log-rank p-value [c]	P-value [d]			
AML Cytogenetic Risk Score												0.7452		
Favorable	13	0	13 (100)	NE (NE, NE)	19	1 (5.3)	18 (94.7)	NE (9.1, NE)	0.000 (0.000, NE)	0.4795				
Intermediate	195	9 (4.6)	186 (95.4)	NE (NE, NE)	190	8 (4.2)	182 (95.8)	NE (NE, NE)	1.039 (0.400, 2.699)	0.9373				
Unfavorable	19	2 (10.5)	17 (89.5)	NE (2.6, NE)	27	3 (11.1)	24 (88.9)	NE (12.7, NE)	0.746 (0.119, 4.670)	0.7539				
Unknown	38	1 (2.6)	37 (97.4)	NE (NE, NE)	31	3 (9.7)	28 (90.3)	NE (NE, NE)	0.253 (0.026, 2.448)	0.2005				

N: number of subjects in analysis set; n: number of subjects in subgroup category; %: proportion of number of subjects in n; CI: confidence interval; NE: not estimable. PT: Preferred Term, SOC: System Organ Class.

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SOC: Metabolism and nutrition disorders; PT: Hyperglycaemia

		Quizartinib (N=265)				Placebo (N=268)				Quizartinib vs Placebo		Interaction
Subgroup	n	No. of subjects with events (%)	No. of subjects censored (%)	Median (95 % CI) (months) [a]	n	No. of subjects with events (%)	No. of subjects censored (%)	Median (95 % CI) (months) [a]	Hazard Ratio (95 % CI) [b]	Unstratified log-rank p-value [c]	P-value [d]	
ECOG Performance Status at Baseline											0.7888	
0 - Fully Active	87	3 (3.4)	84 (96.6)	NE (NE, NE)	97	4 (4.1)	93 (95.9)	NE (NE, NE)	0.755 (0.168, 3.382)	0.7122		
1 - Restricted in Physically Strenuous Activity	133	8 (6.0)	125 (94.0)	NE (NE, NE)	134	9 (6.7)	125 (93.3)	NE (NE, NE)	0.860 (0.331, 2.231)	0.7552		
2 - Ambulatory and Capable of All Selfcare	45	1 (2.2)	44 (97.8)	NE (NE, NE)	36	2 (5.6)	34 (94.4)	NE (NE, NE)	0.433 (0.039, 4.779)	0.4818		

N: number of subjects in analysis set; n: number of subjects in subgroup category; %: proportion of number of subjects in n; CI: confidence interval; NE: not estimable. PT: Preferred Term, SOC: System Organ Class.

[a] Median time to first event is from Kaplan-Meier estimate. Confidence Interval for median was computed using the Brookmeyer-Crowley method.

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[c] Two-sided p-value is for the interaction term from unstratified Cox proportional hazards model with treatment, subgroup, and treatment-by-subgroup interaction as categorical variables in the model.

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SOC: Metabolism and nutrition disorders; PT: Hyperglycaemia

Subgroup	n	Quizartinib (N=265)				Placebo (N=268)				Quizartinib vs Placebo		Interaction
		No. of subjects with events (%)	No. of subjects censored (%)	Median (95 % CI) (months) [a]	n	No. of subjects with events (%)	No. of subjects censored (%)	Median (95 % CI) (months) [a]	n	Hazard Ratio (95 % CI) [b]	Unstratified log-rank p-value [c]	P-value [d]
FLT3-ITD category at Baseline											0.5004	
≥3 to ≤25%	94	2 (2.1)	92 (97.9)	NE (NE, NE)	98	6 (6.1)	92 (93.9)	NE (NE, NE)	98	0.336 (0.068, 1.668)	0.1612	
>25% to ≤50%	141	9 (6.4)	132 (93.6)	NE (NE, NE)	136	8 (5.9)	128 (94.1)	NE (NE, NE)	136	1.007 (0.388, 2.617)	0.9873	
>50%	29	1 (3.4)	28 (96.6)	NE (NE, NE)	34	1 (2.9)	33 (97.1)	NE (NE, NE)	34	0.806 (0.050, 12.928)	0.8787	

N: number of subjects in analysis set; n: number of subjects in subgroup category; %: proportion of number of subjects in n; CI: confidence interval; NE: not estimable. PT: Preferred Term, SOC: System Organ Class.

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SOC: Metabolism and nutrition disorders; PT: Hyperglycaemia

Subgroup	n	Quizartinib (N=265)				Placebo (N=268)				Quizartinib vs Placebo		Interaction
		No. of subjects with events (%)	No. of subjects censored (%)	Median (95 % CI) (months) [a]	n	No. of subjects with events (%)	No. of subjects censored (%)	Median (95 % CI) (months) [a]	n	Hazard Ratio (95 % CI) [b]	Unstratified log-rank p-value [c]	P-value [d]
AML with Mutated NPM1											0.2857	
Yes	139	4 (2.9)	135 (97.1)	NE (NE, NE)	137	8 (5.8)	129 (94.2)	NE (NE, NE)	137	0.465 (0.140, 1.549)	0.2016	
No	116	7 (6.0)	109 (94.0)	NE (NE, NE)	120	6 (5.0)	114 (95.0)	NE (NE, NE)	120	1.118 (0.375, 3.330)	0.8402	

N: number of subjects in analysis set; n: number of subjects in subgroup category; %: proportion of number of subjects in n; CI: confidence interval; NE: not estimable. PT: Preferred Term, SOC: System Organ Class.

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SOC: Metabolism and nutrition disorders; PT: Hyperglycaemia

		Quizartinib (N=265)				Placebo (N=268)				Quizartinib vs Placebo		Interaction
Subgroup	n	No. of subjects with events (%)	No. of subjects censored (%)	Median (95 % CI) (months) [a]	n	No. of subjects with events (%)	No. of subjects censored (%)	Median (95 % CI) (months) [a]	Hazard Ratio (95 % CI) [b]	Unstratified log-rank p-value [c]	P-value [d]	
Age by 2 categories											0.1412	
≤60	164	7 (4.3)	157 (95.7)	NE (NE, NE)	163	4 (2.5)	159 (97.5)	NE (NE, NE)	1.567 (0.457, 5.371)	0.4711		
>60	101	5 (5.0)	96 (95.0)	NE (NE, NE)	105	11 (10.5)	94 (89.5)	NE (NE, NE)	0.471 (0.164, 1.356)	0.1529		

N: number of subjects in analysis set; n: number of subjects in subgroup category; %: proportion of number of subjects in n; CI: confidence interval; NE: not estimable. PT: Preferred Term, SOC: System Organ Class.

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SOC: Metabolism and nutrition disorders; PT: Hyponatraemia

Subgroup	n	Quizartinib (N=265)				Placebo (N=268)				Quizartinib vs Placebo		Interaction
		No. of subjects with events (%)	No. of subjects censored (%)	Median (95 % CI) (months) [a]	n	No. of subjects with events (%)	No. of subjects censored (%)	Median (95 % CI) (months) [a]	n	Hazard Ratio (95 % CI) [b]	Unstratified log-rank p-value [c]	P-value [d]
Pooled Age Group 2											0.5011	
<60	159	5 (3.1)	154 (96.9)	NE (NE, NE)	160	10 (6.3)	150 (93.8)	NE (NE, NE)	160	0.472 (0.161, 1.382)	0.1609	
≥60 - <65	37	2 (5.4)	35 (94.6)	NE (NE, NE)	43	1 (2.3)	42 (97.7)	NE (NE, NE)	43	2.390 (0.217, 26.355)	0.4630	
≥65	69	3 (4.3)	66 (95.7)	NE (NE, NE)	65	4 (6.2)	61 (93.8)	NE (NE, NE)	65	0.733 (0.164, 3.275)	0.6829	

N: number of subjects in analysis set; n: number of subjects in subgroup category; %: proportion of number of subjects in n; CI: confidence interval; NE: not estimable. PT: Preferred Term, SOC: System Organ Class.

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SOC: Metabolism and nutrition disorders; PT: Hyponatraemia

Subgroup	n	Quizartinib (N=265)				Placebo (N=268)				Quizartinib vs Placebo		Interaction
		No. of subjects with events (%)	No. of subjects censored (%)	Median (95 % CI) (months) [a]	n	No. of subjects with events (%)	No. of subjects censored (%)	Median (95 % CI) (months) [a]	n	Hazard Ratio (95 % CI) [b]	Unstratified log-rank p-value [c]	P-value [d]
Sex												0.0724
Male	124	4 (3.2)	120 (96.8)	NE (NE, NE)	120	11 (9.2)	109 (90.8)	NE (NE, NE)	120	0.328 (0.104, 1.032)	0.0449	
Female	141	6 (4.3)	135 (95.7)	NE (NE, NE)	148	4 (2.7)	144 (97.3)	NE (NE, NE)	148	1.561 (0.440, 5.536)	0.4867	

N: number of subjects in analysis set; n: number of subjects in subgroup category; %: proportion of number of subjects in n; CI: confidence interval; NE: not estimable. PT: Preferred Term, SOC: System Organ Class.

[a] Median time to first event is from Kaplan-Meier estimate. Confidence Interval for median was computed using the Brookmeyer-Crowley method.

[b] Hazard ratio is from unstratified Cox proportional hazards model with treatment as the only categorical variable in the model. Confidence limits are based on the Wald test.

[c] Two-sided p-value from unstratified log-rank test.

[d] Two-sided interaction p-value is for the interaction term from unstratified Cox proportional hazards model with treatment, subgroup, and treatment-by-subgroup interaction as categorical variables in the model. The p-value is based on the Wald test.

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Run date: 21JUL2023 – 22:02; Program name: DE_T_3_11_2.sas; Output name: DE_T_3_11_2_TEAESOCPT_SUB_SAS.rtf

Medizinischer Nutzen, medizinischer Zusatznutzen, Patientengruppen mit therap. bedeutsamem Zusatznutzen

Daichi Sankyo | Data Intelligence – Evidence Generation | Final | AC220-A-U302 QUANTUM-First (DCO 13 Aug 2021) | Statistical analyses for AMNOG (HTA Germany)
 Table 3.11.2 Treatment-emergent adverse events by system organ class (SOC) and preferred term (PT) observed for ≥ 10 patients in at least one arm and ≥ 1% of the patients in at least one arm - Time-to-event analysis - subgroup analysis - DCO 13-Aug-2021 - Safety Analysis Set

SOC: Metabolism and nutrition disorders; PT: Hyponatraemia

		Quizartinib (N=265)				Placebo (N=268)				Quizartinib vs Placebo		Interaction
Subgroup	n	No. of subjects with events (%)	No. of subjects censored (%)	Median (95 % CI) (months) [a]	n	No. of subjects with events (%)	No. of subjects censored (%)	Median (95 % CI) (months) [a]	Hazard Ratio (95 % CI) [b]	Unstratified log-rank p-value [c]	P-value [d]	
Race by 2 categories											0.6839	
White	157	4 (2.5)	153 (97.5)	NE (NE, NE)	161	5 (3.1)	156 (96.9)	NE (NE, NE)	0.806 (0.216, 3.003)	0.7462		
Non-white	108	6 (5.6)	102 (94.4)	NE (NE, NE)	107	10 (9.3)	97 (90.7)	NE (NE, NE)	0.564 (0.205, 1.552)	0.2604		

N: number of subjects in analysis set; n: number of subjects in subgroup category; %: proportion of number of subjects in n; CI: confidence interval; NE: not estimable. PT: Preferred Term, SOC: System Organ Class.

[a] Median time to first event is from Kaplan-Meier estimate. Confidence Interval for median was computed using the Brookmeyer-Crowley method.

[b] Hazard ratio is from unstratified Cox proportional hazards model with treatment as the only categorical variable in the model. Confidence limits are based on the Wald test.

[c] Two-sided p-value from unstratified log-rank test.

[d] Two-sided interaction p-value is for the interaction term from unstratified Cox proportional hazards model with treatment, subgroup, and treatment-by-subgroup interaction as categorical variables in the model. The p-value is based on the Wald test.

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SOC: Metabolism and nutrition disorders; PT: Hyponatraemia

		Quizartinib (N=265)				Placebo (N=268)				Quizartinib vs Placebo		Interaction	
Subgroup	n	No. of subjects with events (%)	No. of subjects censored (%)	Median (95 % CI) (months) [a]	n	No. of subjects with events (%)	No. of subjects censored (%)	Median (95 % CI) (months) [a]	Hazard Ratio (95 % CI) [b]	Unstratified log-rank p-value [c]	P-value [d]		
Geographic Region 1											0.9623		
North America	16	1 (6.3)	15 (93.8)	NE (4.1, NE)	18	2 (11.1)	16 (88.9)	NE (NE, NE)	0.617 (0.055, 6.863)	0.6917			
Europe	161	3 (1.9)	158 (98.1)	NE (NE, NE)	161	5 (3.1)	156 (96.9)	NE (NE, NE)	0.593 (0.142, 2.484)	0.4692			
Asia/Other Regions	88	6 (6.8)	82 (93.2)	NE (NE, NE)	89	8 (9.0)	81 (91.0)	NE (NE, NE)	0.720 (0.249, 2.077)	0.5412			

N: number of subjects in analysis set; n: number of subjects in subgroup category; %: proportion of number of subjects in n; CI: confidence interval; NE: not estimable. PT: Preferred Term, SOC: System Organ Class.

[a] Median time to first event is from Kaplan-Meier estimate. Confidence Interval for median was computed using the Brookmeyer-Crowley method.

[b] Hazard ratio is from unstratified Cox proportional hazards model with treatment as the only categorical variable in the model. Confidence limits are based on the Wald test.

[c] Two-sided p-value from unstratified log-rank test.

[d] Two-sided interaction p-value is for the interaction term from unstratified Cox proportional hazards model with treatment, subgroup, and treatment-by-subgroup interaction as categorical variables in the model. The p-value is based on the Wald test.

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SOC: Metabolism and nutrition disorders; PT: Hyponatraemia

Subgroup	n	Quizartinib (N=265)				Placebo (N=268)				Quizartinib vs Placebo		Interaction
		No. of subjects with events (%)	No. of subjects censored (%)	Median (95 % CI) [a]	n	No. of subjects with events (%)	No. of subjects censored (%)	Median (95 % CI) [a]	n	Hazard Ratio (95 % CI) [b]	Unstratified log-rank p-value [c]	P-value [d]
WBC at initial diagnosis											0.6404	
< 40x10 ⁹ /L	132	4 (3.0)	128 (97.0)	NE (NE, NE)	133	5 (3.8)	128 (96.2)	NE (NE, NE)	133	0.824 (0.221, 3.068)	0.7714	
≥ 40x10 ⁹ /L	133	6 (4.5)	127 (95.5)	NE (NE, NE)	135	10 (7.4)	125 (92.6)	NE (NE, NE)	135	0.531 (0.192, 1.467)	0.2148	

N: number of subjects in analysis set; n: number of subjects in subgroup category; %: proportion of number of subjects in n; CI: confidence interval; NE: not estimable. PT: Preferred Term, SOC: System Organ Class.

[a] Median time to first event is from Kaplan-Meier estimate. Confidence Interval for median was computed using the Brookmeyer-Crowley method.

[b] Hazard ratio is from unstratified Cox proportional hazards model with treatment as the only categorical variable in the model. Confidence limits are based on the Wald test.

[c] Two-sided p-value from unstratified log-rank test.

[d] Two-sided interaction p-value is for the interaction term from unstratified Cox proportional hazards model with treatment, subgroup, and treatment-by-subgroup interaction as categorical variables in the model. The p-value is based on the Wald test.

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SOC: Metabolism and nutrition disorders; PT: Hyponatraemia

		Quizartinib (N=265)				Placebo (N=268)				Quizartinib vs Placebo		Interaction
Subgroup	n	No. of subjects with events (%)	No. of subjects censored (%)	Median (95 % CI) (months) [a]	n	No. of subjects with events (%)	No. of subjects censored (%)	Median (95 % CI) (months) [a]	Hazard Ratio (95 % CI) [b]	Unstratified log-rank p-value [c]	P-value [d]	
Choice of Anthracycline											0.3607	
Daunorubicin	123	4 (3.3)	119 (96.7)	NE (NE, NE)	94	7 (7.4)	87 (92.6)	NE (NE, NE)	0.428 (0.125, 1.463)	0.1628		
Idarubicin	142	6 (4.2)	136 (95.8)	NE (NE, NE)	171	8 (4.7)	163 (95.3)	NE (NE, NE)	0.864 (0.299, 2.494)	0.7867		

N: number of subjects in analysis set; n: number of subjects in subgroup category; %: proportion of number of subjects in n; CI: confidence interval; NE: not estimable. PT: Preferred Term, SOC: System Organ Class.

[a] Median time to first event is from Kaplan-Meier estimate. Confidence Interval for median was computed using the Brookmeyer-Crowley method.

[b] Hazard ratio is from unstratified Cox proportional hazards model with treatment as the only categorical variable in the model. Confidence limits are based on the Wald test.

[c] Two-sided p-value from unstratified log-rank test.

[d] Two-sided interaction p-value is for the interaction term from unstratified Cox proportional hazards model with treatment, subgroup, and treatment-by-subgroup interaction as categorical variables in the model. The p-value is based on the Wald test.

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SOC: Metabolism and nutrition disorders; PT: Hyponatraemia

		Quizartinib (N=265)					Placebo (N=268)					Quizartinib vs Placebo		Interaction
Subgroup	n	No. of subjects with events (%)	No. of subjects censored (%)	Median (95 % CI) (months) [a]	n	No. of subjects with events (%)	No. of subjects censored (%)	Median (95 % CI) (months) [a]	n	Hazard Ratio (95 % CI) [b]	Unstratified log-rank p-value [c]	P-value [d]		
AML Cytogenetic Risk Score												0.6077		
Favorable	13	0	13 (100)	NE (NE, NE)	19	1 (5.3)	18 (94.7)	NE (NE, NE)	19	0.000 (0.000, NE)	0.4268			
Intermediate	195	5 (2.6)	190 (97.4)	NE (NE, NE)	190	10 (5.3)	180 (94.7)	NE (NE, NE)	190	0.473 (0.162, 1.384)	0.1617			
Unfavorable	19	1 (5.3)	18 (94.7)	NE (NE, NE)	27	1 (3.7)	26 (96.3)	NE (NE, NE)	27	1.502 (0.094, 24.044)	0.7721			
Unknown	38	4 (10.5)	34 (89.5)	NE (NE, NE)	31	2 (6.5)	29 (93.5)	NE (NE, NE)	31	1.640 (0.299, 9.007)	0.5653			

N: number of subjects in analysis set; n: number of subjects in subgroup category; %: proportion of number of subjects in n; CI: confidence interval; NE: not estimable. PT: Preferred Term, SOC: System Organ Class.

[a] Median time to first event is from Kaplan-Meier estimate. Confidence Interval for median was computed using the Brookmeyer-Crowley method.

[b] Hazard ratio is from unstratified Cox proportional hazards model with treatment as the only categorical variable in the model. Confidence limits are based on the Wald test.

[c] Two-sided p-value from unstratified log-rank test.

[d] Two-sided interaction p-value is for the interaction term from unstratified Cox proportional hazards model with treatment, subgroup, and treatment-by-subgroup interaction as categorical variables in the model. The p-value is based on the Wald test.

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SOC: Metabolism and nutrition disorders; PT: Hyponatraemia

		Quizartinib (N=265)				Placebo (N=268)				Quizartinib vs Placebo		Interaction
Subgroup	n	No. of subjects with events (%)	No. of subjects censored (%)	Median (95 % CI) (months) [a]	n	No. of subjects with events (%)	No. of subjects censored (%)	Median (95 % CI) (months) [a]	Hazard Ratio (95 % CI) [b]	Unstratified log-rank p-value [c]	P-value [d]	
ECOG Performance Status at Baseline											0.7429	
0 - Fully Active	87	2 (2.3)	85 (97.7)	NE (NE, NE)	97	2 (2.1)	95 (97.9)	NE (NE, NE)	1.127 (0.159, 8.002)	0.9048		
1 - Restricted in Physically Strenuous Activity	133	5 (3.8)	128 (96.2)	NE (NE, NE)	134	10 (7.5)	124 (92.5)	NE (NE, NE)	0.474 (0.162, 1.389)	0.1637		
2 - Ambulatory and Capable of All Selfcare	45	3 (6.7)	42 (93.3)	NE (NE, NE)	36	3 (8.3)	33 (91.7)	NE (NE, NE)	0.772 (0.155, 3.835)	0.7512		

N: number of subjects in analysis set; n: number of subjects in subgroup category; %: proportion of number of subjects in n; CI: confidence interval; NE: not estimable. PT: Preferred Term, SOC: System Organ Class.

[a] Median time to first event is from Kaplan-Meier estimate. Confidence Interval for median was computed using the Brookmeyer-Crowley method.

[b] Hazard ratio is from unstratified Cox proportional hazards model with treatment as the only categorical variable in the model. Confidence limits are based on the Wald test.

[c] Two-sided p-value from unstratified log-rank test.

[d] Two-sided interaction p-value is for the interaction term from unstratified Cox proportional hazards model with treatment, subgroup, and treatment-by-subgroup interaction as categorical variables in the model. The p-value is based on the Wald test.

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SOC: Metabolism and nutrition disorders; PT: Hyponatraemia

Subgroup	n	Quizartinib (N=265)				Placebo (N=268)				Quizartinib vs Placebo		Interaction
		No. of subjects with events (%)	No. of subjects censored (%)	Median (95 % CI) (months) [a]	n	No. of subjects with events (%)	No. of subjects censored (%)	Median (95 % CI) (months) [a]	n	Hazard Ratio (95 % CI) [b]	Unstratified log-rank p-value [c]	P-value [d]
FLT3-ITD category at Baseline											0.4547	
≥3 to ≤25%	94	1 (1.1)	93 (98.9)	NE (NE, NE)	98	5 (5.1)	93 (94.9)	NE (NE, NE)	98	0.209 (0.024, 1.789)	0.1142	
>25% to ≤50%	141	7 (5.0)	134 (95.0)	NE (NE, NE)	136	7 (5.1)	129 (94.9)	NE (NE, NE)	136	0.935 (0.327, 2.668)	0.8989	
>50%	29	2 (6.9)	27 (93.1)	NE (NE, NE)	34	3 (8.8)	31 (91.2)	NE (NE, NE)	34	0.723 (0.120, 4.348)	0.7220	

N: number of subjects in analysis set; n: number of subjects in subgroup category; %: proportion of number of subjects in n; CI: confidence interval; NE: not estimable. PT: Preferred Term, SOC: System Organ Class.

[a] Median time to first event is from Kaplan-Meier estimate. Confidence Interval for median was computed using the Brookmeyer-Crowley method.

[b] Hazard ratio is from unstratified Cox proportional hazards model with treatment as the only categorical variable in the model. Confidence limits are based on the Wald test.

[c] Two-sided p-value from unstratified log-rank test.

[d] Two-sided interaction p-value is for the interaction term from unstratified Cox proportional hazards model with treatment, subgroup, and treatment-by-subgroup interaction as categorical variables in the model. The p-value is based on the Wald test.

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SOC: Metabolism and nutrition disorders; PT: Hyponatraemia

Subgroup	n	Quizartinib (N=265)				Placebo (N=268)				Quizartinib vs Placebo		Interaction
		No. of subjects with events (%)	No. of subjects censored (%)	Median (95 % CI) (months) [a]	n	No. of subjects with events (%)	No. of subjects censored (%)	Median (95 % CI) (months) [a]	n	Hazard Ratio (95 % CI) [b]	Unstratified log-rank p-value [c]	P-value [d]
AML with Mutated NPM1											0.6439	
Yes	139	5 (3.6)	134 (96.4)	NE (NE, NE)	137	6 (4.4)	131 (95.6)	NE (NE, NE)	137	0.825 (0.252, 2.702)	0.7488	
No	116	2 (1.7)	114 (98.3)	NE (NE, NE)	120	4 (3.3)	116 (96.7)	NE (NE, NE)	120	0.490 (0.090, 2.679)	0.4006	

N: number of subjects in analysis set; n: number of subjects in subgroup category; %: proportion of number of subjects in n; CI: confidence interval; NE: not estimable. PT: Preferred Term, SOC: System Organ Class.

[a] Median time to first event is from Kaplan-Meier estimate. Confidence Interval for median was computed using the Brookmeyer-Crowley method.

[b] Hazard ratio is from unstratified Cox proportional hazards model with treatment as the only categorical variable in the model. Confidence limits are based on the Wald test.

[c] Two-sided p-value from unstratified log-rank test.

[d] Two-sided interaction p-value is for the interaction term from unstratified Cox proportional hazards model with treatment, subgroup, and treatment-by-subgroup interaction as categorical variables in the model. The p-value is based on the Wald test.

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SOC: Metabolism and nutrition disorders; PT: Hyponatraemia

		Quizartinib (N=265)				Placebo (N=268)				Quizartinib vs Placebo		Interaction
Subgroup	n	No. of subjects with events (%)	No. of subjects censored (%)	Median (95 % CI) (months) [a]	n	No. of subjects with events (%)	No. of subjects censored (%)	Median (95 % CI) (months) [a]	Hazard Ratio (95 % CI) [b]	Unstratified log-rank p-value [c]	P-value [d]	
Age by 2 categories											0.9533	
≤60	164	7 (4.3)	157 (95.7)	NE (NE, NE)	163	10 (6.1)	153 (93.9)	NE (NE, NE)	0.661 (0.251, 1.737)	0.3975		
>60	101	3 (3.0)	98 (97.0)	NE (NE, NE)	105	5 (4.8)	100 (95.2)	NE (NE, NE)	0.621 (0.148, 2.600)	0.5107		

N: number of subjects in analysis set; n: number of subjects in subgroup category; %: proportion of number of subjects in n; CI: confidence interval; NE: not estimable. PT: Preferred Term, SOC: System Organ Class.

[a] Median time to first event is from Kaplan-Meier estimate. Confidence Interval for median was computed using the Brookmeyer-Crowley method.

[b] Hazard ratio is from unstratified Cox proportional hazards model with treatment as the only categorical variable in the model. Confidence limits are based on the Wald test.

[c] Two-sided p-value from unstratified log-rank test.

[d] Two-sided interaction p-value is for the interaction term from unstratified Cox proportional hazards model with treatment, subgroup, and treatment-by-subgroup interaction as categorical variables in the model. The p-value is based on the Wald test.

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SOC: Skin and subcutaneous tissue disorders; PT: Any PT

		Quizartinib (N=265)				Placebo (N=268)				Quizartinib vs Placebo		Interaction
Subgroup	n	No. of subjects with events (%)	No. of subjects censored (%)	Median (95 % CI) (months) [a]	n	No. of subjects with events (%)	No. of subjects censored (%)	Median (95 % CI) (months) [a]	Hazard Ratio (95 % CI) [b]	Unstratified log-rank p-value [c]	P-value [d]	
Pooled Age Group 2											0.5391	
<60	159	91 (57.2)	68 (42.8)	1.8 (1.0, 4.8)	160	95 (59.4)	65 (40.6)	2.1 (1.2, 3.5)	0.955 (0.716, 1.274)	0.7542		
≥60 - <65	37	23 (62.2)	14 (37.8)	2.1 (0.4, 9.7)	43	29 (67.4)	14 (32.6)	0.9 (0.2, 2.0)	0.744 (0.426, 1.299)	0.2945		
≥65	69	38 (55.1)	31 (44.9)	1.7 (0.9, 3.3)	65	34 (52.3)	31 (47.7)	2.7 (0.6, NE)	1.124 (0.707, 1.788)	0.6145		

N: number of subjects in analysis set; n: number of subjects in subgroup category; %: proportion of number of subjects in n; CI: confidence interval; NE: not estimable. PT: Preferred Term, SOC: System Organ Class.

[a] Median time to first event is from Kaplan-Meier estimate. Confidence Interval for median was computed using the Brookmeyer-Crowley method.

[b] Hazard ratio is from unstratified Cox proportional hazards model with treatment as the only categorical variable in the model. Confidence limits are based on the Wald test.

[c] Two-sided p-value from unstratified log-rank test.

[d] Two-sided interaction p-value is for the interaction term from unstratified Cox proportional hazards model with treatment, subgroup, and treatment-by-subgroup interaction as categorical variables in the model. The p-value is based on the Wald test.

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Run date: 21JUL2023 – 22:02; Program name: DE_T_3_11_2.sas; Output name: DE_T_3_11_2_TEAESOCPT_SUB_SAS.rtf

Medizinischer Nutzen, medizinischer Zusatznutzen, Patientengruppen mit therap. bedeutsamem Zusatznutzen

Daichi Sankyo | Data Intelligence – Evidence Generation | Final | AC220-A-U302 QUANTUM-First (DCO 13 Aug 2021) | Statistical analyses for AMNOG (HTA Germany)
 Table 3.11.2 Treatment-emergent adverse events by system organ class (SOC) and preferred term (PT) observed for ≥ 10 patients in at least one arm and ≥ 1% of the patients in at least one arm - Time-to-event analysis - subgroup analysis - DCO 13-Aug-2021 - Safety Analysis Set

SOC: Skin and subcutaneous tissue disorders; PT: Any PT

Subgroup	n	Quizartinib (N=265)				Placebo (N=268)				Quizartinib vs Placebo		Interaction
		No. of subjects with events (%)	No. of subjects censored (%)	Median (95 % CI) [a]	n	No. of subjects with events (%)	No. of subjects censored (%)	Median (95 % CI) [a]	n	Hazard Ratio (95 % CI) [b]	Unstratified log-rank p-value [c]	P-value [d]
Sex												0.1926
Male	124	63 (50.8)	61 (49.2)	3.3 (1.7, 9.5)	120	68 (56.7)	52 (43.3)	2.0 (1.1, 4.7)	120	0.812 (0.576, 1.144)	0.2374	
Female	141	89 (63.1)	52 (36.9)	1.3 (0.6, 1.9)	148	90 (60.8)	58 (39.2)	1.6 (1.1, 2.7)	148	1.096 (0.817, 1.469)	0.5369	

N: number of subjects in analysis set; n: number of subjects in subgroup category; %: proportion of number of subjects in n; CI: confidence interval; NE: not estimable. PT: Preferred Term, SOC: System Organ Class.

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SOC: Skin and subcutaneous tissue disorders; PT: Any PT

		Quizartinib (N=265)					Placebo (N=268)					Quizartinib vs Placebo		Interaction
Subgroup	n	No. of subjects with events (%)	No. of subjects censored (%)	Median (95 % CI) (months) [a]	n	No. of subjects with events (%)	No. of subjects censored (%)	Median (95 % CI) (months) [a]	Hazard Ratio (95 % CI) [b]	Unstratified log-rank p-value [c]	P-value [d]			
Race by 2 categories												0.6445		
White	157	79 (50.3)	78 (49.7)	2.3 (1.7, 23.6)	161	85 (52.8)	76 (47.2)	4.2 (1.6, 7.0)	0.910 (0.670, 1.237)	0.5587				
Non-white	108	73 (67.6)	35 (32.4)	1.1 (0.6, 2.0)	107	73 (68.2)	34 (31.8)	1.2 (0.6, 1.8)	1.001 (0.723, 1.385)	0.9962				

N: number of subjects in analysis set; n: number of subjects in subgroup category; %: proportion of number of subjects in n; CI: confidence interval; NE: not estimable. PT: Preferred Term, SOC: System Organ Class.

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SOC: Skin and subcutaneous tissue disorders; PT: Any PT

		Quizartinib (N=265)				Placebo (N=268)				Quizartinib vs Placebo		Interaction
Subgroup	n	No. of subjects with events (%)	No. of subjects censored (%)	Median (95 % CI) (months) [a]	n	No. of subjects with events (%)	No. of subjects censored (%)	Median (95 % CI) (months) [a]	Hazard Ratio (95 % CI) [b]	Unstratified log-rank p-value [c]	P-value [d]	
Geographic Region 1											0.3408	
North America	16	9 (56.3)	7 (43.8)	9.7 (0.1, NE)	18	17 (94.4)	1 (5.6)	0.4 (0.2, 1.4)	0.526 (0.233, 1.184)	0.1180		
Europe	161	83 (51.6)	78 (48.4)	2.6 (1.7, 9.5)	161	79 (49.1)	82 (50.9)	4.6 (1.6, 19.9)	1.008 (0.740, 1.371)	0.9500		
Asia/Other Regions	88	60 (68.2)	28 (31.8)	0.7 (0.3, 1.8)	89	62 (69.7)	27 (30.3)	1.1 (0.5, 2.0)	1.036 (0.725, 1.479)	0.8521		

N: number of subjects in analysis set; n: number of subjects in subgroup category; %: proportion of number of subjects in n; CI: confidence interval; NE: not estimable. PT: Preferred Term, SOC: System Organ Class.

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SOC: Skin and subcutaneous tissue disorders; PT: Any PT

Subgroup	n	Quizartinib (N=265)				Placebo (N=268)				Quizartinib vs Placebo		Interaction
		No. of subjects with events (%)	No. of subjects censored (%)	Median (95 % CI) [a]	n	No. of subjects with events (%)	No. of subjects censored (%)	Median (95 % CI) [a]	n	Hazard Ratio (95 % CI) [b]	Unstratified log-rank p-value [c]	P-value [d]
WBC at initial diagnosis											0.5889	
< 40x10 ⁹ /L	132	74 (56.1)	58 (43.9)	1.8 (0.9, 6.5)	133	76 (57.1)	57 (42.9)	2.7 (1.2, 5.2)	135	1.002 (0.728, 1.381)	0.9904	
≥ 40x10 ⁹ /L	133	78 (58.6)	55 (41.4)	1.9 (1.1, 3.3)	135	82 (60.7)	53 (39.3)	1.5 (0.8, 2.3)	135	0.897 (0.657, 1.223)	0.4968	

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SOC: Skin and subcutaneous tissue disorders; PT: Any PT

Subgroup	n	Quizartinib (N=265)				Placebo (N=268)				Quizartinib vs Placebo		Interaction
		No. of subjects with events (%)	No. of subjects censored (%)	Median (95 % CI) [a]	n	No. of subjects with events (%)	No. of subjects censored (%)	Median (95 % CI) [a]	n	Hazard Ratio (95 % CI) [b]	Unstratified log-rank p-value [c]	P-value [d]
Choice of Anthracycline											0.2562	
Daunorubicin	123	69 (56.1)	54 (43.9)	2.1 (1.6, 6.5)	94	58 (61.7)	36 (38.3)	1.5 (0.9, 3.3)		0.800 (0.564, 1.136)	0.2124	
Idarubicin	142	83 (58.5)	59 (41.5)	1.3 (0.8, 2.5)	171	99 (57.9)	72 (42.1)	1.8 (1.1, 4.2)		1.051 (0.785, 1.407)	0.7286	

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Subgroup	n	No. of subjects with events (%)	No. of subjects censored (%)	Median (95 % CI) (months) [a]	n	No. of subjects with events (%)	No. of subjects censored (%)	Median (95 % CI) (months) [a]	n	Hazard Ratio (95 % CI) [b]	Unstratified log-rank p-value [c]	P-value [d]		
AML Cytogenetic Risk Score												0.5733		
Favorable	13	8 (61.5)	5 (38.5)	0.8 (0.4, NE)	19	13 (68.4)	6 (31.6)	2.4 (0.4, 14.3)	19	1.197 (0.489, 2.927)	0.6980			
Intermediate	195	118 (60.5)	77 (39.5)	1.7 (0.9, 2.1)	190	113 (59.5)	77 (40.5)	1.5 (1.1, 2.7)	190	1.006 (0.777, 1.302)	0.9579			
Unfavorable	19	6 (31.6)	13 (68.4)	NE (0.9, NE)	27	14 (51.9)	13 (48.1)	5.2 (0.3, NE)	27	0.529 (0.200, 1.398)	0.1901			
Unknown	38	20 (52.6)	18 (47.4)	3.3 (1.2, 23.6)	31	18 (58.1)	13 (41.9)	1.6 (0.2, NE)	31	0.848 (0.444, 1.621)	0.6274			

N: number of subjects in analysis set; n: number of subjects in subgroup category; %: proportion of number of subjects in n; CI: confidence interval; NE: not estimable. PT: Preferred Term, SOC: System Organ Class.

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SOC: Skin and subcutaneous tissue disorders; PT: Any PT

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Subgroup	n	No. of subjects with events (%)	No. of subjects censored (%)	Median (95 % CI) (months) [a]	n	No. of subjects with events (%)	No. of subjects censored (%)	Median (95 % CI) (months) [a]	Hazard Ratio (95 % CI) [b]	Unstratified log-rank p-value [c]	P-value [d]			
ECOG Performance Status at Baseline												0.9507		
0 - Fully Active	87	47 (54.0)	40 (46.0)	2.1 (1.1, 2.7)	97	55 (56.7)	42 (43.3)	2.4 (1.2, 4.7)	0.962 (0.652, 1.421)	0.8418				
1 - Restricted in Physically Strenuous Activity	133	78 (58.6)	55 (41.4)	1.8 (1.2, 3.7)	134	79 (59.0)	55 (41.0)	1.8 (1.1, 4.8)	0.950 (0.694, 1.299)	0.7529				
2 - Ambulatory and Capable of All Selfcare	45	27 (60.0)	18 (40.0)	0.7 (0.3, 8.8)	36	23 (63.9)	13 (36.1)	1.1 (0.3, 3.4)	0.891 (0.510, 1.557)	0.6895				

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FLT3-ITD category at Baseline											0.9269	
≥3 to ≤25%	94	53 (56.4)	41 (43.6)	2.1 (1.1, 8.8)	98	59 (60.2)	39 (39.8)	1.8 (1.1, 4.8)	0.916 (0.632, 1.328)	0.6428		
>25% to ≤50%	141	85 (60.3)	56 (39.7)	1.6 (0.7, 2.1)	136	85 (62.5)	51 (37.5)	1.2 (0.6, 2.6)	0.959 (0.710, 1.296)	0.7960		
>50%	29	14 (48.3)	15 (51.7)	3.7 (0.8, NE)	34	14 (41.2)	20 (58.8)	5.4 (1.4, NE)	1.177 (0.560, 2.471)	0.6619		

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Subgroup	n	No. of subjects with events (%)	No. of subjects censored (%)	Median (95 % CI) (months) [a]	n	No. of subjects with events (%)	No. of subjects censored (%)	Median (95 % CI) (months) [a]	Hazard Ratio (95 % CI) [b]	Unstratified log-rank p-value [c]	P-value [d]	
AML with Mutated NPM1											0.9571	
Yes	139	79 (56.8)	60 (43.2)	1.8 (1.2, 6.5)	137	81 (59.1)	56 (40.9)	1.5 (1.0, 5.3)	0.958 (0.703, 1.307)	0.7893		
No	116	71 (61.2)	45 (38.8)	1.6 (0.8, 2.5)	120	73 (60.8)	47 (39.2)	1.6 (1.1, 2.8)	0.966 (0.697, 1.339)	0.8427		

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[b] Hazard ratio is from unstratified Cox proportional hazards model with treatment as the only categorical variable in the model. Confidence limits are based on the Wald test.

[c] Two-sided p-value from unstratified log-rank test.

[d] Two-sided interaction p-value is for the interaction term from unstratified Cox proportional hazards model with treatment, subgroup, and treatment-by-subgroup interaction as categorical variables in the model. The p-value is based on the Wald test.

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Medizinischer Nutzen, medizinischer Zusatznutzen, Patientengruppen mit therap. bedeutsamem Zusatznutzen

Daiichi Sankyo | Data Intelligence – Evidence Generation | Final | AC220-A-U302 QUANTUM-First (DCO 13 Aug 2021) | Statistical analyses for AMNOG (HTA Germany)
 Table 3.11.2 Treatment-emergent adverse events by system organ class (SOC) and preferred term (PT) observed for ≥ 10 patients in at least one arm and ≥ 1% of the patients in at least one arm - Time-to-event analysis - subgroup analysis - DCO 13-Aug-2021 - Safety Analysis Set

SOC: Skin and subcutaneous tissue disorders; PT: Any PT

		Quizartinib (N=265)				Placebo (N=268)				Quizartinib vs Placebo		Interaction
Subgroup	n	No. of subjects with events (%)	No. of subjects censored (%)	Median (95 % CI) (months) [a]	n	No. of subjects with events (%)	No. of subjects censored (%)	Median (95 % CI) (months) [a]	Hazard Ratio (95 % CI) [b]	Unstratified log-rank p-value [c]	P-value [d]	
Age by 2 categories											0.9085	
≤60	164	94 (57.3)	70 (42.7)	1.9 (1.0, 4.8)	163	97 (59.5)	66 (40.5)	1.8 (1.1, 3.4)	0.947 (0.713, 1.258)	0.7062		
>60	101	58 (57.4)	43 (42.6)	1.8 (1.2, 3.3)	105	61 (58.1)	44 (41.9)	1.6 (0.6, 4.7)	0.975 (0.680, 1.397)	0.8956		

N: number of subjects in analysis set; n: number of subjects in subgroup category; %: proportion of number of subjects in n; CI: confidence interval; NE: not estimable. PT: Preferred Term, SOC: System Organ Class.

[a] Median time to first event is from Kaplan-Meier estimate. Confidence Interval for median was computed using the Brookmeyer-Crowley method.

[b] Hazard ratio is from unstratified Cox proportional hazards model with treatment as the only categorical variable in the model. Confidence limits are based on the Wald test.

[c] Two-sided p-value from unstratified log-rank test.

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SOC: Skin and subcutaneous tissue disorders; PT: Rash

Subgroup	n	Quizartinib (N=265)					Placebo (N=268)					Quizartinib vs Placebo		Interaction
		No. of subjects with events (%)	No. of subjects censored (%)	Median (95 % CI) (months) [a]	n	No. of subjects with events (%)	No. of subjects censored (%)	Median (95 % CI) (months) [a]	Hazard Ratio (95 % CI) [b]	Unstratified log-rank p-value [c]	P-value [d]			
Pooled Age Group 2													0.3860	
<60	159	47 (29.6)	112 (70.4)	NE (36.7, NE)	160	37 (23.1)	123 (76.9)	NE (NE, NE)	1.259 (0.818, 1.938)	0.2941				
≥60 - <65	37	10 (27.0)	27 (73.0)	NE (9.2, NE)	43	14 (32.6)	29 (67.4)	NE (5.5, NE)	0.722 (0.320, 1.632)	0.4306				
≥65	69	12 (17.4)	57 (82.6)	NE (NE, NE)	65	15 (23.1)	50 (76.9)	NE (11.7, NE)	0.788 (0.369, 1.685)	0.5401				

N: number of subjects in analysis set; n: number of subjects in subgroup category; %: proportion of number of subjects in n; CI: confidence interval; NE: not estimable. PT: Preferred Term, SOC: System Organ Class.

[a] Median time to first event is from Kaplan-Meier estimate. Confidence Interval for median was computed using the Brookmeyer-Crowley method.

[b] Hazard ratio is from unstratified Cox proportional hazards model with treatment as the only categorical variable in the model. Confidence limits are based on the Wald test.

[c] Two-sided p-value from unstratified log-rank test.

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SOC: Skin and subcutaneous tissue disorders; PT: Rash

		Quizartinib (N=265)					Placebo (N=268)					Quizartinib vs Placebo		Interaction
Subgroup	n	No. of subjects with events (%)	No. of subjects censored (%)	Median (95 % CI) (months) [a]	n	No. of subjects with events (%)	No. of subjects censored (%)	Median (95 % CI) (months) [a]	CI	Hazard Ratio (95 % CI) [b]	Unstratified log-rank p-value [c]	P-value [d]		
Sex												0.1188		
Male	124	26 (21.0)	98 (79.0)	NE (NE, NE)	120	31 (25.8)	89 (74.2)	NE (29.0, NE)		0.751 (0.445, 1.266)	0.2819			
Female	141	43 (30.5)	98 (69.5)	NE (36.7, NE)	148	35 (23.6)	113 (76.4)	NE (NE, NE)		1.310 (0.838, 2.048)	0.2335			

N: number of subjects in analysis set; n: number of subjects in subgroup category; %: proportion of number of subjects in n; CI: confidence interval; NE: not estimable. PT: Preferred Term, SOC: System Organ Class.

[a] Median time to first event is from Kaplan-Meier estimate. Confidence Interval for median was computed using the Brookmeyer-Crowley method.

[b] Hazard ratio is from unstratified Cox proportional hazards model with treatment as the only categorical variable in the model. Confidence limits are based on the Wald test.

[c] Two-sided p-value from unstratified log-rank test.

[d] Two-sided interaction p-value is for the interaction term from unstratified Cox proportional hazards model with treatment, subgroup, and treatment-by-subgroup interaction as categorical variables in the model. The p-value is based on the Wald test.

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SOC: Skin and subcutaneous tissue disorders; PT: Rash

		Quizartinib (N=265)					Placebo (N=268)					Quizartinib vs Placebo		Interaction
Subgroup	n	No. of subjects with events (%)	No. of subjects censored (%)	Median (95 % CI) (months) [a]	n	No. of subjects with events (%)	No. of subjects censored (%)	Median (95 % CI) (months) [a]	Hazard Ratio (95 % CI) [b]	Unstratified log-rank p-value [c]	P-value [d]			
Race by 2 categories												0.4798		
White	157	34 (21.7)	123 (78.3)	NE (36.7, NE)	161	36 (22.4)	125 (77.6)	NE (NE, NE)	0.903 (0.564, 1.444)	0.6704				
Non-white	108	35 (32.4)	73 (67.6)	NE (NE, NE)	107	30 (28.0)	77 (72.0)	NE (29.0, NE)	1.177 (0.722, 1.917)	0.5109				

N: number of subjects in analysis set; n: number of subjects in subgroup category; %: proportion of number of subjects in n; CI: confidence interval; NE: not estimable. PT: Preferred Term, SOC: System Organ Class.

[a] Median time to first event is from Kaplan-Meier estimate. Confidence Interval for median was computed using the Brookmeyer-Crowley method.

[b] Hazard ratio is from unstratified Cox proportional hazards model with treatment as the only categorical variable in the model. Confidence limits are based on the Wald test.

[c] Two-sided p-value from unstratified log-rank test.

[d] Two-sided interaction p-value is for the interaction term from unstratified Cox proportional hazards model with treatment, subgroup, and treatment-by-subgroup interaction as categorical variables in the model. The p-value is based on the Wald test.

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SOC: Skin and subcutaneous tissue disorders; PT: Rash

		Quizartinib (N=265)					Placebo (N=268)					Quizartinib vs Placebo		Interaction
Subgroup	n	No. of subjects with events (%)	No. of subjects censored (%)	Median (95 % CI) (months) [a]	n	No. of subjects with events (%)	No. of subjects censored (%)	Median (95 % CI) (months) [a]	Hazard Ratio (95 % CI) [b]	Unstratified log-rank p-value [c]	P-value [d]			
Geographic Region 1													0.9550	
North America	16	2 (12.5)	14 (87.5)	NE (15.2, NE)	18	2 (11.1)	16 (88.9)	NE (11.7, NE)	1.602 (0.223, 11.497)	0.6365				
Europe	161	36 (22.4)	125 (77.6)	NE (36.7, NE)	161	34 (21.1)	127 (78.9)	NE (NE, NE)	1.000 (0.625, 1.599)	0.9982				
Asia/Other Regions	88	31 (35.2)	57 (64.8)	NE (2.5, NE)	89	30 (33.7)	59 (66.3)	29.0 (5.2, NE)	1.057 (0.639, 1.746)	0.8265				

N: number of subjects in analysis set; n: number of subjects in subgroup category; %: proportion of number of subjects in n; CI: confidence interval; NE: not estimable. PT: Preferred Term, SOC: System Organ Class.

[a] Median time to first event is from Kaplan-Meier estimate. Confidence Interval for median was computed using the Brookmeyer-Crowley method.

[b] Hazard ratio is from unstratified Cox proportional hazards model with treatment as the only categorical variable in the model. Confidence limits are based on the Wald test.

[c] Two-sided p-value from unstratified log-rank test.

[d] Two-sided interaction p-value is for the interaction term from unstratified Cox proportional hazards model with treatment, subgroup, and treatment-by-subgroup interaction as categorical variables in the model. The p-value is based on the Wald test.

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SOC: Skin and subcutaneous tissue disorders; PT: Rash

Subgroup	n	Quizartinib (N=265)				Placebo (N=268)				Quizartinib vs Placebo		Interaction
		No. of subjects with events (%)	No. of subjects censored (%)	Median (95 % CI) (months) [a]	n	No. of subjects with events (%)	No. of subjects censored (%)	Median (95 % CI) (months) [a]	n	Hazard Ratio (95 % CI) [b]	Unstratified log-rank p-value [c]	P-value [d]
WBC at initial diagnosis											0.9065	
< 40x10 ⁹ /L	132	29 (22.0)	103 (78.0)	NE (NE, NE)	133	29 (21.8)	104 (78.2)	NE (NE, NE)	135	0.999 (0.596, 1.672)	0.9947	
≥ 40x10 ⁹ /L	133	40 (30.1)	93 (69.9)	NE (36.7, NE)	135	37 (27.4)	98 (72.6)	NE (29.0, NE)	135	1.048 (0.670, 1.639)	0.8366	

N: number of subjects in analysis set; n: number of subjects in subgroup category; %: proportion of number of subjects in n; CI: confidence interval; NE: not estimable. PT: Preferred Term, SOC: System Organ Class.

[a] Median time to first event is from Kaplan-Meier estimate. Confidence Interval for median was computed using the Brookmeyer-Crowley method.

[b] Hazard ratio is from unstratified Cox proportional hazards model with treatment as the only categorical variable in the model. Confidence limits are based on the Wald test.

[c] Two-sided p-value from unstratified log-rank test.

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		Quizartinib (N=265)					Placebo (N=268)					Quizartinib vs Placebo		Interaction
Subgroup	n	No. of subjects with events (%)	No. of subjects censored (%)	Median (95 % CI) (months) [a]	n	No. of subjects with events (%)	No. of subjects censored (%)	Median (95 % CI) (months) [a]	Hazard Ratio (95 % CI) [b]	Unstratified log-rank p-value [c]	P-value [d]			
Choice of Anthracycline												0.9698		
Daunorubicin	123	33 (26.8)	90 (73.2)	NE (36.7, NE)	94	24 (25.5)	70 (74.5)	NE (NE, NE)	1.018 (0.601, 1.723)	0.9466				
Idarubicin	142	36 (25.4)	106 (74.6)	NE (NE, NE)	171	42 (24.6)	129 (75.4)	NE (29.0, NE)	1.011 (0.648, 1.579)	0.9609				

N: number of subjects in analysis set; n: number of subjects in subgroup category; %: proportion of number of subjects in n; CI: confidence interval; NE: not estimable. PT: Preferred Term, SOC: System Organ Class.

[a] Median time to first event is from Kaplan-Meier estimate. Confidence Interval for median was computed using the Brookmeyer-Crowley method.

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SOC: Skin and subcutaneous tissue disorders; PT: Rash

		Quizartinib (N=265)					Placebo (N=268)					Quizartinib vs Placebo		Interaction
Subgroup	n	No. of subjects with events (%)	No. of subjects censored (%)	Median (95 % CI) (months) [a]	n	No. of subjects with events (%)	No. of subjects censored (%)	Median (95 % CI) (months) [a]	n	Hazard Ratio (95 % CI) [b]	Unstratified log-rank p-value [c]	P-value [d]		
AML Cytogenetic Risk Score												0.0724		
Favorable	13	7 (53.8)	6 (46.2)	1.6 (0.4, NE)	19	6 (31.6)	13 (68.4)	NE (4.1, NE)		2.647 (0.863, 8.121)	0.0781			
Intermediate	195	54 (27.7)	141 (72.3)	NE (36.7, NE)	190	44 (23.2)	146 (76.8)	NE (NE, NE)		1.180 (0.792, 1.757)	0.4143			
Unfavorable	19	1 (5.3)	18 (94.7)	NE (15.2, NE)	27	10 (37.0)	17 (63.0)	11.7 (3.2, NE)		0.099 (0.013, 0.783)	0.0073			
Unknown	38	7 (18.4)	31 (81.6)	NE (NE, NE)	31	6 (19.4)	25 (80.6)	NE (NE, NE)		0.902 (0.302, 2.690)	0.8600			

N: number of subjects in analysis set; n: number of subjects in subgroup category; %: proportion of number of subjects in n; CI: confidence interval; NE: not estimable. PT: Preferred Term, SOC: System Organ Class.

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[c] Two-sided p-value from unstratified log-rank test.

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SOC: Skin and subcutaneous tissue disorders; PT: Rash

		Quizartinib (N=265)					Placebo (N=268)					Quizartinib vs Placebo		Interaction
Subgroup	n	No. of subjects with events (%)	No. of subjects censored (%)	Median (95 % CI) (months) [a]	n	No. of subjects with events (%)	No. of subjects censored (%)	Median (95 % CI) (months) [a]	n	Hazard Ratio (95 % CI) [b]	Unstratified log-rank p-value [c]	P-value [d]		
ECOG Performance Status at Baseline												0.4662		
0 - Fully Active	87	24 (27.6)	63 (72.4)	NE (NE, NE)	97	20 (20.6)	77 (79.4)	NE (NE, NE)	97	1.384 (0.764, 2.508)	0.2836			
1 - Restricted in Physically Strenuous Activity	133	32 (24.1)	101 (75.9)	NE (36.7, NE)	134	33 (24.6)	101 (75.4)	NE (29.0, NE)	134	0.926 (0.570, 1.507)	0.7609			
2 - Ambulatory and Capable of All Selfcare	45	13 (28.9)	32 (71.1)	NE (2.5, NE)	36	12 (33.3)	24 (66.7)	NE (1.3, NE)	36	0.788 (0.357, 1.740)	0.5568			

N: number of subjects in analysis set; n: number of subjects in subgroup category; %: proportion of number of subjects in n; CI: confidence interval; NE: not estimable. PT: Preferred Term, SOC: System Organ Class.

[a] Median time to first event is from Kaplan-Meier estimate. Confidence Interval for median was computed using the Brookmeyer-Crowley method.

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SOC: Skin and subcutaneous tissue disorders; PT: Rash

		Quizartinib (N=265)					Placebo (N=268)					Quizartinib vs Placebo		Interaction
Subgroup	n	No. of subjects with events (%)	No. of subjects censored (%)	Median (95 % CI) (months) [a]	n	No. of subjects with events (%)	No. of subjects censored (%)	Median (95 % CI) (months) [a]	Hazard Ratio (95 % CI) [b]	Unstratified log-rank p-value [c]	P-value [d]			
FLT3-ITD category at Baseline													0.5995	
≥3 to ≤25%	94	27 (28.7)	67 (71.3)	36.7 (36.7, NE)	98	28 (28.6)	70 (71.4)	NE (29.0, NE)	0.958 (0.564, 1.627)	0.8777				
>25% to ≤50%	141	35 (24.8)	106 (75.2)	NE (NE, NE)	136	34 (25.0)	102 (75.0)	NE (NE, NE)	1.000 (0.624, 1.604)	0.9987				
>50%	29	7 (24.1)	22 (75.9)	NE (9.2, NE)	34	4 (11.8)	30 (88.2)	NE (NE, NE)	1.768 (0.509, 6.143)	0.3645				

N: number of subjects in analysis set; n: number of subjects in subgroup category; %: proportion of number of subjects in n; CI: confidence interval; NE: not estimable. PT: Preferred Term, SOC: System Organ Class.

[a] Median time to first event is from Kaplan-Meier estimate. Confidence Interval for median was computed using the Brookmeyer-Crowley method.

[b] Hazard ratio is from unstratified Cox proportional hazards model with treatment as the only categorical variable in the model. Confidence limits are based on the Wald test.

[c] Two-sided p-value from unstratified log-rank test.

[d] Two-sided interaction p-value is for the interaction term from unstratified Cox proportional hazards model with treatment, subgroup, and treatment-by-subgroup interaction as categorical variables in the model. The p-value is based on the Wald test.

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Run date: 21JUL2023 – 22:02; Program name: DE_T_3_11_2.sas; Output name: DE_T_3_11_2_TEAESOCPT_SUB_SAS.rtf

Medizinischer Nutzen, medizinischer Zusatznutzen, Patientengruppen mit therap. bedeutsamem Zusatznutzen

Daiichi Sankyo | Data Intelligence – Evidence Generation | Final | AC220-A-U302 QUANTUM-First (DCO 13 Aug 2021) | Statistical analyses for AMNOG (HTA Germany)
 Table 3.11.2 Treatment-emergent adverse events by system organ class (SOC) and preferred term (PT) observed for ≥ 10 patients in at least one arm and ≥ 1% of the patients in at least one arm - Time-to-event analysis - subgroup analysis - DCO 13-Aug-2021 - Safety Analysis Set

SOC: Skin and subcutaneous tissue disorders; PT: Rash

		Quizartinib (N=265)					Placebo (N=268)					Quizartinib vs Placebo		Interaction
Subgroup	n	No. of subjects with events (%)	No. of subjects censored (%)	Median (95 % CI) (months) [a]	n	No. of subjects with events (%)	No. of subjects censored (%)	Median (95 % CI) (months) [a]	n	Hazard Ratio (95 % CI) [b]	Unstratified log-rank p-value [c]	P-value [d]		
AML with Mutated NPM1												0.5173		
Yes	139	38 (27.3)	101 (72.7)	NE (NE, NE)	137	34 (24.8)	103 (75.2)	NE (NE, NE)	137	1.132 (0.712, 1.798)	0.6003			
No	116	29 (25.0)	87 (75.0)	NE (36.7, NE)	120	30 (25.0)	90 (75.0)	NE (29.0, NE)	120	0.899 (0.540, 1.499)	0.6882			

N: number of subjects in analysis set; n: number of subjects in subgroup category; %: proportion of number of subjects in n; CI: confidence interval; NE: not estimable. PT: Preferred Term, SOC: System Organ Class.

[a] Median time to first event is from Kaplan-Meier estimate. Confidence Interval for median was computed using the Brookmeyer-Crowley method.

[b] Hazard ratio is from unstratified Cox proportional hazards model with treatment as the only categorical variable in the model. Confidence limits are based on the Wald test.

[c] Two-sided p-value from unstratified log-rank test.

[d] Two-sided interaction p-value is for the interaction term from unstratified Cox proportional hazards model with treatment, subgroup, and treatment-by-subgroup interaction as categorical variables in the model. The p-value is based on the Wald test.

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SOC: Skin and subcutaneous tissue disorders; PT: Rash

		Quizartinib (N=265)					Placebo (N=268)					Quizartinib vs Placebo		Interaction
Subgroup	n	No. of subjects with events (%)	No. of subjects censored (%)	Median (95 % CI) (months) [a]	n	No. of subjects with events (%)	No. of subjects censored (%)	Median (95 % CI) (months) [a]	Hazard Ratio (95 % CI) [b]	Unstratified log-rank p-value [c]	P-value [d]			
Age by 2 categories												0.2048		
≤60	164	48 (29.3)	116 (70.7)	NE (36.7, NE)	163	38 (23.3)	125 (76.7)	NE (NE, NE)	1.230 (0.803, 1.883)	0.3404				
>60	101	21 (20.8)	80 (79.2)	NE (NE, NE)	105	28 (26.7)	77 (73.3)	NE (18.1, NE)	0.760 (0.431, 1.338)	0.3395				

N: number of subjects in analysis set; n: number of subjects in subgroup category; %: proportion of number of subjects in n; CI: confidence interval; NE: not estimable. PT: Preferred Term, SOC: System Organ Class.

[a] Median time to first event is from Kaplan-Meier estimate. Confidence Interval for median was computed using the Brookmeyer-Crowley method.

[b] Hazard ratio is from unstratified Cox proportional hazards model with treatment as the only categorical variable in the model. Confidence limits are based on the Wald test.

[c] Two-sided p-value from unstratified log-rank test.

[d] Two-sided interaction p-value is for the interaction term from unstratified Cox proportional hazards model with treatment, subgroup, and treatment-by-subgroup interaction as categorical variables in the model. The p-value is based on the Wald test.

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SOC: Skin and subcutaneous tissue disorders; PT: Pruritus

Subgroup	n	Quizartinib (N=265)				Placebo (N=268)				Quizartinib vs Placebo		Interaction
		No. of subjects with events (%)	No. of subjects censored (%)	Median (95 % CI) (months) [a]	n	No. of subjects with events (%)	No. of subjects censored (%)	Median (95 % CI) (months) [a]	n	Hazard Ratio (95 % CI) [b]	Unstratified log-rank p-value [c]	P-value [d]
Pooled Age Group 2											0.0113	
<60	159	20 (12.6)	139 (87.4)	NE (NE, NE)	160	24 (15.0)	136 (85.0)	NE (NE, NE)	0.746 (0.412, 1.352)	0.3336		
≥60 - <65	37	3 (8.1)	34 (91.9)	NE (NE, NE)	43	11 (25.6)	32 (74.4)	NE (9.1, NE)	0.234 (0.065, 0.851)	0.0168		
≥65	69	12 (17.4)	57 (82.6)	NE (19.7, NE)	65	5 (7.7)	60 (92.3)	NE (NE, NE)	2.745 (0.963, 7.829)	0.0492		

N: number of subjects in analysis set; n: number of subjects in subgroup category; %: proportion of number of subjects in n; CI: confidence interval; NE: not estimable. PT: Preferred Term, SOC: System Organ Class.

[a] Median time to first event is from Kaplan-Meier estimate. Confidence Interval for median was computed using the Brookmeyer-Crowley method.

[b] Hazard ratio is from unstratified Cox proportional hazards model with treatment as the only categorical variable in the model. Confidence limits are based on the Wald test.

[c] Two-sided p-value from unstratified log-rank test.

[d] Two-sided interaction p-value is for the interaction term from unstratified Cox proportional hazards model with treatment, subgroup, and treatment-by-subgroup interaction as categorical variables in the model. The p-value is based on the Wald test.

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SOC: Skin and subcutaneous tissue disorders; PT: Pruritus

Subgroup	n	Quizartinib (N=265)				Placebo (N=268)				Quizartinib vs Placebo		Interaction
		No. of subjects with events (%)	No. of subjects censored (%)	Median (95 % CI) [a]	n	No. of subjects with events (%)	No. of subjects censored (%)	Median (95 % CI) [a]	n	Hazard Ratio (95 % CI) [b]	Unstratified log-rank p-value [c]	P-value [d]
Sex												0.6214
Male	124	15 (12.1)	109 (87.9)	NE (NE, NE)	120	18 (15.0)	102 (85.0)	NE (NE, NE)	120	0.735 (0.370, 1.461)	0.3777	
Female	141	20 (14.2)	121 (85.8)	NE (NE, NE)	148	22 (14.9)	126 (85.1)	NE (NE, NE)	148	0.917 (0.500, 1.681)	0.7795	

N: number of subjects in analysis set; n: number of subjects in subgroup category; %: proportion of number of subjects in n; CI: confidence interval; NE: not estimable. PT: Preferred Term, SOC: System Organ Class.

[a] Median time to first event is from Kaplan-Meier estimate. Confidence Interval for median was computed using the Brookmeyer-Crowley method.

[b] Hazard ratio is from unstratified Cox proportional hazards model with treatment as the only categorical variable in the model. Confidence limits are based on the Wald test.

[c] Two-sided p-value from unstratified log-rank test.

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SOC: Skin and subcutaneous tissue disorders; PT: Pruritus

		Quizartinib (N=265)					Placebo (N=268)					Quizartinib vs Placebo		Interaction
Subgroup	n	No. of subjects with events (%)	No. of subjects censored (%)	Median (95 % CI) (months) [a]	n	No. of subjects with events (%)	No. of subjects censored (%)	Median (95 % CI) (months) [a]	Hazard Ratio (95 % CI) [b]	Unstratified log-rank p-value [c]	p-	P-value [d]		
Race by 2 categories														0.1274
White	157	11 (7.0)	146 (93.0)	NE (NE, NE)	161	19 (11.8)	142 (88.2)	NE (NE, NE)	0.561 (0.267, 1.180)	0.1221				
Non-white	108	24 (22.2)	84 (77.8)	NE (21.2, NE)	107	21 (19.6)	86 (80.4)	NE (NE, NE)	1.119 (0.623, 2.011)	0.7044				

N: number of subjects in analysis set; n: number of subjects in subgroup category; %: proportion of number of subjects in n; CI: confidence interval; NE: not estimable. PT: Preferred Term, SOC: System Organ Class.

[a] Median time to first event is from Kaplan-Meier estimate. Confidence Interval for median was computed using the Brookmeyer-Crowley method.

[b] Hazard ratio is from unstratified Cox proportional hazards model with treatment as the only categorical variable in the model. Confidence limits are based on the Wald test.

[c] Two-sided p-value from unstratified log-rank test.

[d] Two-sided interaction p-value is for the interaction term from unstratified Cox proportional hazards model with treatment, subgroup, and treatment-by-subgroup interaction as categorical variables in the model. The p-value is based on the Wald test.

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SOC: Skin and subcutaneous tissue disorders; PT: Pruritus

		Quizartinib (N=265)				Placebo (N=268)				Quizartinib vs Placebo		Interaction
Subgroup	n	No. of subjects with events (%)	No. of subjects censored (%)	Median (95 % CI) (months) [a]	n	No. of subjects with events (%)	No. of subjects censored (%)	Median (95 % CI) (months) [a]	Hazard Ratio (95 % CI) [b]	Unstratified log-rank p-value [c]	P-value [d]	
Geographic Region 1											0.0359	
North America	16	1 (6.3)	15 (93.8)	NE (NE, NE)	18	5 (27.8)	13 (72.2)	NE (6.1, NE)	0.218 (0.025, 1.868)	0.1245		
Europe	161	10 (6.2)	151 (93.8)	NE (NE, NE)	161	19 (11.8)	142 (88.2)	NE (NE, NE)	0.495 (0.230, 1.065)	0.0662		
Asia/Other Regions	88	24 (27.3)	64 (72.7)	NE (19.7, NE)	89	16 (18.0)	73 (82.0)	NE (NE, NE)	1.515 (0.804, 2.854)	0.1946		

N: number of subjects in analysis set; n: number of subjects in subgroup category; %: proportion of number of subjects in n; CI: confidence interval; NE: not estimable. PT: Preferred Term, SOC: System Organ Class.

[a] Median time to first event is from Kaplan-Meier estimate. Confidence Interval for median was computed using the Brookmeyer-Crowley method.

[b] Hazard ratio is from unstratified Cox proportional hazards model with treatment as the only categorical variable in the model. Confidence limits are based on the Wald test.

[c] Two-sided p-value from unstratified log-rank test.

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SOC: Skin and subcutaneous tissue disorders; PT: Pruritus

Subgroup	n	Quizartinib (N=265)				Placebo (N=268)				Quizartinib vs Placebo		Interaction
		No. of subjects with events (%)	No. of subjects censored (%)	Median (95 % CI) (months) [a]	n	No. of subjects with events (%)	No. of subjects censored (%)	Median (95 % CI) (months) [a]	n	Hazard Ratio (95 % CI) [b]	Unstratified log-rank p-value [c]	P-value [d]
WBC at initial diagnosis											0.0292	
< 40x10 ⁹ /L	132	21 (15.9)	111 (84.1)	NE (NE, NE)	133	17 (12.8)	116 (87.2)	NE (NE, NE)	133	1.398 (0.737, 2.651)	0.3039	
≥ 40x10 ⁹ /L	133	14 (10.5)	119 (89.5)	NE (NE, NE)	135	23 (17.0)	112 (83.0)	NE (NE, NE)	135	0.518 (0.266, 1.011)	0.0498	

N: number of subjects in analysis set; n: number of subjects in subgroup category; %: proportion of number of subjects in n; CI: confidence interval; NE: not estimable. PT: Preferred Term, SOC: System Organ Class.

[a] Median time to first event is from Kaplan-Meier estimate. Confidence Interval for median was computed using the Brookmeyer-Crowley method.

[b] Hazard ratio is from unstratified Cox proportional hazards model with treatment as the only categorical variable in the model. Confidence limits are based on the Wald test.

[c] Two-sided p-value from unstratified log-rank test.

[d] Two-sided interaction p-value is for the interaction term from unstratified Cox proportional hazards model with treatment, subgroup, and treatment-by-subgroup interaction as categorical variables in the model. The p-value is based on the Wald test.

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SOC: Skin and subcutaneous tissue disorders; PT: Pruritus

		Quizartinib (N=265)				Placebo (N=268)				Quizartinib vs Placebo		Interaction
Subgroup	n	No. of subjects with events (%)	No. of subjects censored (%)	Median (95 % CI) (months) [a]	n	No. of subjects with events (%)	No. of subjects censored (%)	Median (95 % CI) (months) [a]	Hazard Ratio (95 % CI) [b]	Unstratified log-rank p-value [c]	P-value [d]	
Choice of Anthracycline											0.2864	
Daunorubicin	123	14 (11.4)	109 (88.6)	NE (NE, NE)	94	16 (17.0)	78 (83.0)	NE (NE, NE)	0.626 (0.305, 1.283)	0.1979		
Idarubicin	142	21 (14.8)	121 (85.2)	NE (NE, NE)	171	24 (14.0)	147 (86.0)	NE (NE, NE)	0.995 (0.554, 1.789)	0.9873		

N: number of subjects in analysis set; n: number of subjects in subgroup category; %: proportion of number of subjects in n; CI: confidence interval; NE: not estimable. PT: Preferred Term, SOC: System Organ Class.

[a] Median time to first event is from Kaplan-Meier estimate. Confidence Interval for median was computed using the Brookmeyer-Crowley method.

[b] Hazard ratio is from unstratified Cox proportional hazards model with treatment as the only categorical variable in the model. Confidence limits are based on the Wald test.

[c] Two-sided p-value from unstratified log-rank test.

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SOC: Skin and subcutaneous tissue disorders; PT: Pruritus

		Quizartinib (N=265)					Placebo (N=268)					Quizartinib vs Placebo		Interaction
Subgroup	n	No. of subjects with events (%)	No. of subjects censored (%)	Median (95 % CI) (months) [a]	n	No. of subjects with events (%)	No. of subjects censored (%)	Median (95 % CI) (months) [a]	Hazard Ratio (95 % CI) [b]	Unstratified log-rank p-value [c]	P-value [d]			
AML Cytogenetic Risk Score												0.5664		
Favorable	13	2 (15.4)	11 (84.6)	NE (4.4, NE)	19	1 (5.3)	18 (94.7)	NE (NE, NE)	3.861 (0.336, 44.430)	0.2462				
Intermediate	195	26 (13.3)	169 (86.7)	NE (NE, NE)	190	28 (14.7)	162 (85.3)	NE (NE, NE)	0.819 (0.480, 1.399)	0.4649				
Unfavorable	19	2 (10.5)	17 (89.5)	NE (NE, NE)	27	5 (18.5)	22 (81.5)	NE (6.1, NE)	0.533 (0.103, 2.747)	0.4442				
Unknown	38	5 (13.2)	33 (86.8)	NE (NE, NE)	31	6 (19.4)	25 (80.6)	NE (8.7, NE)	0.653 (0.199, 2.149)	0.4802				

N: number of subjects in analysis set; n: number of subjects in subgroup category; %: proportion of number of subjects in n; CI: confidence interval; NE: not estimable. PT: Preferred Term, SOC: System Organ Class.

[a] Median time to first event is from Kaplan-Meier estimate. Confidence Interval for median was computed using the Brookmeyer-Crowley method.

[b] Hazard ratio is from unstratified Cox proportional hazards model with treatment as the only categorical variable in the model. Confidence limits are based on the Wald test.

[c] Two-sided p-value from unstratified log-rank test.

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SOC: Skin and subcutaneous tissue disorders; PT: Pruritus

		Quizartinib (N=265)					Placebo (N=268)					Quizartinib vs Placebo		Interaction
Subgroup	n	No. of subjects with events (%)	No. of subjects censored (%)	Median (95 % CI) (months) [a]	n	No. of subjects with events (%)	No. of subjects censored (%)	Median (95 % CI) (months) [a]	Hazard Ratio (95 % CI) [b]	Unstratified log-rank p-value [c]	P-value [d]			
ECOG Performance Status at Baseline												0.3519		
0 - Fully Active	87	10 (11.5)	77 (88.5)	NE (NE, NE)	97	8 (8.2)	89 (91.8)	NE (NE, NE)	1.387 (0.547, 3.516)	0.4911				
1 - Restricted in Physically Strenuous Activity	133	17 (12.8)	116 (87.2)	NE (NE, NE)	134	22 (16.4)	112 (83.6)	NE (NE, NE)	0.689 (0.365, 1.298)	0.2460				
2 - Ambulatory and Capable of All Selfcare	45	8 (17.8)	37 (82.2)	NE (23.5, NE)	36	10 (27.8)	26 (72.2)	NE (3.4, NE)	0.596 (0.234, 1.516)	0.2729				

N: number of subjects in analysis set; n: number of subjects in subgroup category; %: proportion of number of subjects in n; CI: confidence interval; NE: not estimable. PT: Preferred Term, SOC: System Organ Class.

[a] Median time to first event is from Kaplan-Meier estimate. Confidence Interval for median was computed using the Brookmeyer-Crowley method.

[b] Hazard ratio is from unstratified Cox proportional hazards model with treatment as the only categorical variable in the model. Confidence limits are based on the Wald test.

[c] Two-sided p-value from unstratified log-rank test.

[d] Two-sided interaction p-value is for the interaction term from unstratified Cox proportional hazards model with treatment, subgroup, and treatment-by-subgroup interaction as categorical variables in the model. The p-value is based on the Wald test.

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Medizinischer Nutzen, medizinischer Zusatznutzen, Patientengruppen mit therap. bedeutsamem Zusatznutzen

Daiichi Sankyo | Data Intelligence – Evidence Generation | Final | AC220-A-U302 QUANTUM-First (DCO 13 Aug 2021) | Statistical analyses for AMNOG (HTA Germany)
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SOC: Skin and subcutaneous tissue disorders; PT: Pruritus

		Quizartinib (N=265)				Placebo (N=268)				Quizartinib vs Placebo		Interaction
Subgroup	n	No. of subjects with events (%)	No. of subjects censored (%)	Median (95 % CI) (months) [a]	n	No. of subjects with events (%)	No. of subjects censored (%)	Median (95 % CI) (months) [a]	Hazard Ratio (95 % CI) [b]	Unstratified log-rank p-value [c]	P-value [d]	
FLT3-ITD category at Baseline											0.2325	
≥3 to ≤25%	94	16 (17.0)	78 (83.0)	NE (NE, NE)	98	12 (12.2)	86 (87.8)	NE (NE, NE)	1.471 (0.696, 3.111)	0.3106		
>25% to ≤50%	141	19 (13.5)	122 (86.5)	NE (NE, NE)	136	26 (19.1)	110 (80.9)	NE (NE, NE)	0.648 (0.358, 1.172)	0.1484		
>50%	29	0	29 (100)	NE (NE, NE)	34	2 (5.9)	32 (94.1)	NE (NE, NE)	0.000 (0.000, NE)	0.1464		

N: number of subjects in analysis set; n: number of subjects in subgroup category; %: proportion of number of subjects in n; CI: confidence interval; NE: not estimable. PT: Preferred Term, SOC: System Organ Class.

[a] Median time to first event is from Kaplan-Meier estimate. Confidence Interval for median was computed using the Brookmeyer-Crowley method.

[b] Hazard ratio is from unstratified Cox proportional hazards model with treatment as the only categorical variable in the model. Confidence limits are based on the Wald test.

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SOC: Skin and subcutaneous tissue disorders; PT: Pruritus

		Quizartinib (N=265)				Placebo (N=268)				Quizartinib vs Placebo		Interaction
Subgroup	n	No. of subjects with events (%)	No. of subjects censored (%)	Median (95 % CI) (months) [a]	n	No. of subjects with events (%)	No. of subjects censored (%)	Median (95 % CI) (months) [a]	Hazard Ratio (95 % CI) [b]	Unstratified log-rank p-value [c]	P-value [d]	
AML with Mutated NPM1											0.3037	
Yes	139	19 (13.7)	120 (86.3)	NE (NE, NE)	137	17 (12.4)	120 (87.6)	NE (NE, NE)	1.070 (0.556, 2.060)	0.8403		
No	116	16 (13.8)	100 (86.2)	NE (NE, NE)	120	22 (18.3)	98 (81.7)	NE (NE, NE)	0.662 (0.347, 1.263)	0.2077		

N: number of subjects in analysis set; n: number of subjects in subgroup category; %: proportion of number of subjects in n; CI: confidence interval; NE: not estimable. PT: Preferred Term, SOC: System Organ Class.

[a] Median time to first event is from Kaplan-Meier estimate. Confidence Interval for median was computed using the Brookmeyer-Crowley method.

[b] Hazard ratio is from unstratified Cox proportional hazards model with treatment as the only categorical variable in the model. Confidence limits are based on the Wald test.

[c] Two-sided p-value from unstratified log-rank test.

[d] Two-sided interaction p-value is for the interaction term from unstratified Cox proportional hazards model with treatment, subgroup, and treatment-by-subgroup interaction as categorical variables in the model. The p-value is based on the Wald test.

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SOC: Skin and subcutaneous tissue disorders; PT: Pruritus

		Quizartinib (N=265)				Placebo (N=268)				Quizartinib vs Placebo		Interaction
Subgroup	n	No. of subjects with events (%)	No. of subjects censored (%)	Median (95 % CI) (months) [a]	n	No. of subjects with events (%)	No. of subjects censored (%)	Median (95 % CI) (months) [a]	Hazard Ratio (95 % CI) [b]	Unstratified log-rank p-value [c]	P-value [d]	
Age by 2 categories											0.3626	
≤60	164	20 (12.2)	144 (87.8)	NE (NE, NE)	163	25 (15.3)	138 (84.7)	NE (NE, NE)	0.703 (0.390, 1.268)	0.2409		
>60	101	15 (14.9)	86 (85.1)	NE (NE, NE)	105	15 (14.3)	90 (85.7)	NE (NE, NE)	1.061 (0.519, 2.172)	0.8724		

N: number of subjects in analysis set; n: number of subjects in subgroup category; %: proportion of number of subjects in n; CI: confidence interval; NE: not estimable. PT: Preferred Term, SOC: System Organ Class.

[a] Median time to first event is from Kaplan-Meier estimate. Confidence Interval for median was computed using the Brookmeyer-Crowley method.

[b] Hazard ratio is from unstratified Cox proportional hazards model with treatment as the only categorical variable in the model. Confidence limits are based on the Wald test.

[c] Two-sided p-value from unstratified log-rank test.

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SOC: Skin and subcutaneous tissue disorders; PT: Alopecia

Subgroup	n	Quizartinib (N=265)				Placebo (N=268)				Quizartinib vs Placebo		Interaction
		No. of subjects with events (%)	No. of subjects censored (%)	Median (95 % CI) (months) [a]	n	No. of subjects with events (%)	No. of subjects censored (%)	Median (95 % CI) (months) [a]	n	Hazard Ratio (95 % CI) [b]	Unstratified log-rank p-value [c]	P-value [d]
Pooled Age Group 2											0.8095	
<60	159	10 (6.3)	149 (93.7)	NE (NE, NE)	160	4 (2.5)	156 (97.5)	NE (NE, NE)	2.493 (0.781, 7.961)	0.1104		
≥60 - <65	37	2 (5.4)	35 (94.6)	NE (20.3, NE)	43	2 (4.7)	41 (95.3)	NE (NE, NE)	1.114 (0.157, 7.917)	0.9141		
≥65	69	6 (8.7)	63 (91.3)	NE (NE, NE)	65	3 (4.6)	62 (95.4)	NE (NE, NE)	1.980 (0.495, 7.920)	0.3241		

N: number of subjects in analysis set; n: number of subjects in subgroup category; %: proportion of number of subjects in n; CI: confidence interval; NE: not estimable. PT: Preferred Term, SOC: System Organ Class.

[a] Median time to first event is from Kaplan-Meier estimate. Confidence Interval for median was computed using the Brookmeyer-Crowley method.

[b] Hazard ratio is from unstratified Cox proportional hazards model with treatment as the only categorical variable in the model. Confidence limits are based on the Wald test.

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SOC: Skin and subcutaneous tissue disorders; PT: Alopecia

Subgroup	n	Quizartinib (N=265)				Placebo (N=268)				Quizartinib vs Placebo		Interaction
		No. of subjects with events (%)	No. of subjects censored (%)	Median (95 % CI) [a]	n	No. of subjects with events (%)	No. of subjects censored (%)	Median (95 % CI) [a]	n	Hazard Ratio (95 % CI) [b]	Unstratified log-rank p-value [c]	P-value [d]
Sex												0.2618
Male	124	6 (4.8)	118 (95.2)	NE (NE, NE)	120	1 (0.8)	119 (99.2)	NE (NE, NE)	148	5.921 (0.713, 49.169)	0.0612	
Female	141	12 (8.5)	129 (91.5)	NE (NE, NE)	148	8 (5.4)	140 (94.6)	NE (NE, NE)	148	1.565 (0.639, 3.830)	0.3220	

N: number of subjects in analysis set; n: number of subjects in subgroup category; %: proportion of number of subjects in n; CI: confidence interval; NE: not estimable. PT: Preferred Term, SOC: System Organ Class.

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SOC: Skin and subcutaneous tissue disorders; PT: Alopecia

		Quizartinib (N=265)				Placebo (N=268)				Quizartinib vs Placebo		Interaction
Subgroup	n	No. of subjects with events (%)	No. of subjects censored (%)	Median (95 % CI) (months) [a]	n	No. of subjects with events (%)	No. of subjects censored (%)	Median (95 % CI) (months) [a]	Hazard Ratio (95 % CI) [b]	Unstratified log-rank p-value [c]	P-value [d]	
Race by 2 categories											0.7937	
White	157	7 (4.5)	150 (95.5)	NE (NE, NE)	161	4 (2.5)	157 (97.5)	NE (NE, NE)	1.738 (0.508, 5.947)	0.3728		
Non-white	108	11 (10.2)	97 (89.8)	NE (NE, NE)	107	5 (4.7)	102 (95.3)	NE (NE, NE)	2.252 (0.782, 6.482)	0.1214		

N: number of subjects in analysis set; n: number of subjects in subgroup category; %: proportion of number of subjects in n; CI: confidence interval; NE: not estimable. PT: Preferred Term, SOC: System Organ Class.

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[c] Two-sided p-value from unstratified log-rank test.

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SOC: Skin and subcutaneous tissue disorders; PT: Alopecia

		Quizartinib (N=265)				Placebo (N=268)				Quizartinib vs Placebo		Interaction
Subgroup	n	No. of subjects with events (%)	No. of subjects censored (%)	Median (95 % CI) (months) [a]	n	No. of subjects with events (%)	No. of subjects censored (%)	Median (95 % CI) (months) [a]	Hazard Ratio (95 % CI) [b]	Unstratified log-rank p-value [c]	P-value [d]	
Geographic Region 1											0.2372	
North America	16	1 (6.3)	15 (93.8)	NE (NE, NE)	18	4 (22.2)	14 (77.8)	NE (NE, NE)	0.298 (0.033, 2.678)	0.2513		
Europe	161	5 (3.1)	156 (96.9)	NE (NE, NE)	161	0	161 (100)	NE (NE, NE)	NE (0.000, NE)	0.0392		
Asia/Other Regions	88	12 (13.6)	76 (86.4)	NE (NE, NE)	89	5 (5.6)	84 (94.4)	NE (NE, NE)	2.543 (0.896, 7.219)	0.0688		

N: number of subjects in analysis set; n: number of subjects in subgroup category; %: proportion of number of subjects in n; CI: confidence interval; NE: not estimable. PT: Preferred Term, SOC: System Organ Class.

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Subgroup	n	Quizartinib (N=265)				Placebo (N=268)				Quizartinib vs Placebo		Interaction
		No. of subjects with events (%)	No. of subjects censored (%)	Median (95 % CI) [a]	n	No. of subjects with events (%)	No. of subjects censored (%)	Median (95 % CI) [a]	n	Hazard Ratio (95 % CI) [b]	Unstratified log-rank p-value [c]	P-value [d]
WBC at initial diagnosis											0.7168	
< 40x10 ⁹ /L	132	7 (5.3)	125 (94.7)	NE (NE, NE)	133	3 (2.3)	130 (97.7)	NE (NE, NE)	133	2.403 (0.621, 9.291)	0.1892	
≥ 40x10 ⁹ /L	133	11 (8.3)	122 (91.7)	NE (NE, NE)	135	6 (4.4)	129 (95.6)	NE (NE, NE)	135	1.789 (0.660, 4.847)	0.2453	

N: number of subjects in analysis set; n: number of subjects in subgroup category; %: proportion of number of subjects in n; CI: confidence interval; NE: not estimable. PT: Preferred Term, SOC: System Organ Class.

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		Quizartinib (N=265)				Placebo (N=268)				Quizartinib vs Placebo		Interaction
Subgroup	n	No. of subjects with events (%)	No. of subjects censored (%)	Median (95 % CI) (months) [a]	n	No. of subjects with events (%)	No. of subjects censored (%)	Median (95 % CI) (months) [a]	Hazard Ratio (95 % CI) [b]	Unstratified log-rank p-value [c]	P-value [d]	
Choice of Anthracycline											0.1582	
Daunorubicin	123	9 (7.3)	114 (92.7)	NE (NE, NE)	94	6 (6.4)	88 (93.6)	NE (NE, NE)	1.087 (0.386, 3.060)	0.8717		
Idarubicin	142	9 (6.3)	133 (93.7)	NE (NE, NE)	171	3 (1.8)	168 (98.2)	NE (NE, NE)	3.759 (1.018, 13.885)	0.0328		

N: number of subjects in analysis set; n: number of subjects in subgroup category; %: proportion of number of subjects in n; CI: confidence interval; NE: not estimable. PT: Preferred Term, SOC: System Organ Class.

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[b] Hazard ratio is from unstratified Cox proportional hazards model with treatment as the only categorical variable in the model. Confidence limits are based on the Wald test.

[c] Two-sided p-value from unstratified log-rank test.

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SOC: Skin and subcutaneous tissue disorders; PT: Alopecia

		Quizartinib (N=265)					Placebo (N=268)					Quizartinib vs Placebo		Interaction
Subgroup	n	No. of subjects with events (%)	No. of subjects censored (%)	Median (95 % CI) (months) [a]	n	No. of subjects with events (%)	No. of subjects censored (%)	Median (95 % CI) (months) [a]	n	Hazard Ratio (95 % CI) [b]	Unstratified log-rank p-value [c]	P-value [d]		
AML Cytogenetic Risk Score												0.9418		
Favorable	13	0	13 (100)	NE (NE, NE)	19	1 (5.3)	18 (94.7)	NE (NE, NE)	19	0.000 (0.000, NE)	0.4561			
Intermediate	195	15 (7.7)	180 (92.3)	NE (NE, NE)	190	7 (3.7)	183 (96.3)	NE (NE, NE)	190	2.073 (0.845, 5.086)	0.1033			
Unfavorable	19	2 (10.5)	17 (89.5)	NE (NE, NE)	27	0	27 (100)	NE (NE, NE)	27	NE (0.000, NE)	0.0789			
Unknown	38	1 (2.6)	37 (97.4)	NE (NE, NE)	31	1 (3.2)	30 (96.8)	NE (NE, NE)	31	0.859 (0.054, 13.748)	0.9144			

N: number of subjects in analysis set; n: number of subjects in subgroup category; %: proportion of number of subjects in n; CI: confidence interval; NE: not estimable. PT: Preferred Term, SOC: System Organ Class.

[a] Median time to first event is from Kaplan-Meier estimate. Confidence Interval for median was computed using the Brookmeyer-Crowley method.

[b] Hazard ratio is from unstratified Cox proportional hazards model with treatment as the only categorical variable in the model. Confidence limits are based on the Wald test.

[c] Two-sided p-value from unstratified log-rank test.

[d] Two-sided interaction p-value is for the interaction term from unstratified Cox proportional hazards model with treatment, subgroup, and treatment-by-subgroup interaction as categorical variables in the model. The p-value is based on the Wald test.

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Medizinischer Nutzen, medizinischer Zusatznutzen, Patientengruppen mit therap. bedeutsamem Zusatznutzen

Daichi Sankyo | Data Intelligence – Evidence Generation | Final | AC220-A-U302 QUANTUM-First (DCO 13 Aug 2021) | Statistical analyses for AMNOG (HTA Germany)
 Table 3.11.2 Treatment-emergent adverse events by system organ class (SOC) and preferred term (PT) observed for ≥ 10 patients in at least one arm and ≥ 1% of the patients in at least one arm - Time-to-event analysis - subgroup analysis - DCO 13-Aug-2021 - Safety Analysis Set

SOC: Skin and subcutaneous tissue disorders; PT: Alopecia

		Quizartinib (N=265)				Placebo (N=268)				Quizartinib vs Placebo		Interaction
Subgroup	n	No. of subjects with events (%)	No. of subjects censored (%)	Median (95 % CI) (months) [a]	n	No. of subjects with events (%)	No. of subjects censored (%)	Median (95 % CI) (months) [a]	Hazard Ratio (95 % CI) [b]	Unstratified log-rank value [c]	p-value	P-value [d]
ECOG Performance Status at Baseline												0.6875
0 - Fully Active	87	6 (6.9)	81 (93.1)	NE (NE, NE)	97	3 (3.1)	94 (96.9)	NE (NE, NE)	2.244 (0.561, 8.976)	0.2402		
1 - Restricted in Physically Strenuous Activity	133	7 (5.3)	126 (94.7)	NE (NE, NE)	134	5 (3.7)	129 (96.3)	NE (NE, NE)	1.424 (0.452, 4.490)	0.5426		
2 - Ambulatory and Capable of All Selfcare	45	5 (11.1)	40 (88.9)	NE (NE, NE)	36	1 (2.8)	35 (97.2)	NE (NE, NE)	4.360 (0.509, 37.359)	0.1422		

N: number of subjects in analysis set; n: number of subjects in subgroup category; %: proportion of number of subjects in n; CI: confidence interval; NE: not estimable. PT: Preferred Term, SOC: System Organ Class.

[a] Median time to first event is from Kaplan-Meier estimate. Confidence Interval for median was computed using the Brookmeyer-Crowley method.

[b] Hazard ratio is from unstratified Cox proportional hazards model with treatment as the only categorical variable in the model. Confidence limits are based on the Wald test.

[c] Two-sided p-value from unstratified log-rank test.

[d] Two-sided interaction p-value is for the interaction term from unstratified Cox proportional hazards model with treatment, subgroup, and treatment-by-subgroup interaction as categorical variables in the model. The p-value is based on the Wald test.

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SOC: Skin and subcutaneous tissue disorders; PT: Alopecia

		Quizartinib (N=265)				Placebo (N=268)				Quizartinib vs Placebo		Interaction
Subgroup	n	No. of subjects with events (%)	No. of subjects censored (%)	Median (95 % CI) (months) [a]	n	No. of subjects with events (%)	No. of subjects censored (%)	Median (95 % CI) (months) [a]	Hazard Ratio (95 % CI) [b]	Unstratified log-rank p-value [c]	P-value [d]	
FLT3-ITD category at Baseline											0.9962	
≥3 to ≤25%	94	7 (7.4)	87 (92.6)	NE (NE, NE)	98	4 (4.1)	94 (95.9)	NE (NE, NE)	1.872 (0.548, 6.398)	0.3085		
>25% to ≤50%	141	9 (6.4)	132 (93.6)	NE (NE, NE)	136	5 (3.7)	131 (96.3)	NE (NE, NE)	1.784 (0.598, 5.324)	0.2920		
>50%	29	2 (6.9)	27 (93.1)	NE (NE, NE)	34	0	34 (100)	NE (NE, NE)	NE (0.000, NE)	0.1783		

N: number of subjects in analysis set; n: number of subjects in subgroup category; %: proportion of number of subjects in n; CI: confidence interval; NE: not estimable. PT: Preferred Term, SOC: System Organ Class.

[a] Median time to first event is from Kaplan-Meier estimate. Confidence Interval for median was computed using the Brookmeyer-Crowley method.

[b] Hazard ratio is from unstratified Cox proportional hazards model with treatment as the only categorical variable in the model. Confidence limits are based on the Wald test.

[c] Two-sided p-value from unstratified log-rank test.

[d] Two-sided interaction p-value is for the interaction term from unstratified Cox proportional hazards model with treatment, subgroup, and treatment-by-subgroup interaction as categorical variables in the model. The p-value is based on the Wald test.

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SOC: Skin and subcutaneous tissue disorders; PT: Alopecia

		Quizartinib (N=265)				Placebo (N=268)				Quizartinib vs Placebo		Interaction
Subgroup	n	No. of subjects with events (%)	No. of subjects censored (%)	Median (95 % CI) (months) [a]	n	No. of subjects with events (%)	No. of subjects censored (%)	Median (95 % CI) (months) [a]	Hazard Ratio (95 % CI) [b]	Unstratified log-rank p-value [c]	P-value [d]	
AML with Mutated NPM1											0.3862	
Yes	139	9 (6.5)	130 (93.5)	NE (NE, NE)	137	6 (4.4)	131 (95.6)	NE (NE, NE)	1.493 (0.531, 4.197)	0.4427		
No	116	9 (7.8)	107 (92.2)	NE (NE, NE)	120	3 (2.5)	117 (97.5)	NE (NE, NE)	3.084 (0.834, 11.397)	0.0752		

N: number of subjects in analysis set; n: number of subjects in subgroup category; %: proportion of number of subjects in n; CI: confidence interval; NE: not estimable. PT: Preferred Term, SOC: System Organ Class.

[a] Median time to first event is from Kaplan-Meier estimate. Confidence Interval for median was computed using the Brookmeyer-Crowley method.

[b] Hazard ratio is from unstratified Cox proportional hazards model with treatment as the only categorical variable in the model. Confidence limits are based on the Wald test.

[c] Two-sided p-value from unstratified log-rank test.

[d] Two-sided interaction p-value is for the interaction term from unstratified Cox proportional hazards model with treatment, subgroup, and treatment-by-subgroup interaction as categorical variables in the model. The p-value is based on the Wald test.

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SOC: Skin and subcutaneous tissue disorders; PT: Alopecia

		Quizartinib (N=265)				Placebo (N=268)				Quizartinib vs Placebo		Interaction
Subgroup	n	No. of subjects with events (%)	No. of subjects censored (%)	Median (95 % CI) (months) [a]	n	No. of subjects with events (%)	No. of subjects censored (%)	Median (95 % CI) (months) [a]	Hazard Ratio (95 % CI) [b]	Unstratified log-rank p-value [c]	P-value [d]	
Age by 2 categories											0.5003	
≤60	164	11 (6.7)	153 (93.3)	NE (NE, NE)	163	4 (2.5)	159 (97.5)	NE (NE, NE)	2.716 (0.864, 8.542)	0.0749		
>60	101	7 (6.9)	94 (93.1)	NE (NE, NE)	105	5 (4.8)	100 (95.2)	NE (NE, NE)	1.530 (0.485, 4.827)	0.4636		

N: number of subjects in analysis set; n: number of subjects in subgroup category; %: proportion of number of subjects in n; CI: confidence interval; NE: not estimable. PT: Preferred Term, SOC: System Organ Class.

[a] Median time to first event is from Kaplan-Meier estimate. Confidence Interval for median was computed using the Brookmeyer-Crowley method.

[b] Hazard ratio is from unstratified Cox proportional hazards model with treatment as the only categorical variable in the model. Confidence limits are based on the Wald test.

[c] Two-sided p-value from unstratified log-rank test.

[d] Two-sided interaction p-value is for the interaction term from unstratified Cox proportional hazards model with treatment, subgroup, and treatment-by-subgroup interaction as categorical variables in the model. The p-value is based on the Wald test.

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SOC: Skin and subcutaneous tissue disorders; PT: Erythema

		Quizartinib (N=265)				Placebo (N=268)				Quizartinib vs Placebo		Interaction
Subgroup	n	No. of subjects with events (%)	No. of subjects censored (%)	Median (95 % CI) (months) [a]	n	No. of subjects with events (%)	No. of subjects censored (%)	Median (95 % CI) (months) [a]	Hazard Ratio (95 % CI) [b]	Unstratified log-rank p-value [c]	P-value [d]	
Pooled Age Group 2											0.5697	
<60	159	12 (7.5)	147 (92.5)	NE (NE, NE)	160	10 (6.3)	150 (93.8)	NE (NE, NE)	1.090 (0.470, 2.528)	0.8412		
≥60 - <65	37	3 (8.1)	34 (91.9)	NE (NE, NE)	43	1 (2.3)	42 (97.7)	NE (NE, NE)	3.144 (0.326, 30.360)	0.2964		
≥65	69	2 (2.9)	67 (97.1)	NE (NE, NE)	65	3 (4.6)	62 (95.4)	NE (27.5, NE)	0.699 (0.117, 4.189)	0.6937		

N: number of subjects in analysis set; n: number of subjects in subgroup category; %: proportion of number of subjects in n; CI: confidence interval; NE: not estimable. PT: Preferred Term, SOC: System Organ Class.

[a] Median time to first event is from Kaplan-Meier estimate. Confidence Interval for median was computed using the Brookmeyer-Crowley method.

[b] Hazard ratio is from unstratified Cox proportional hazards model with treatment as the only categorical variable in the model. Confidence limits are based on the Wald test.

[c] Two-sided p-value from unstratified log-rank test.

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SOC: Skin and subcutaneous tissue disorders; PT: Erythema

Subgroup	n	Quizartinib (N=265)				Placebo (N=268)				Quizartinib vs Placebo		Interaction
		No. of subjects with events (%)	No. of subjects censored (%)	Median (95 % CI) (months) [a]	n	No. of subjects with events (%)	No. of subjects censored (%)	Median (95 % CI) (months) [a]	n	Hazard Ratio (95 % CI) [b]	Unstratified log-rank p-value [c]	P-value [d]
Sex												0.6365
Male	124	10 (8.1)	114 (91.9)	NE (NE, NE)	120	9 (7.5)	111 (92.5)	NE (NE, NE)	120	0.985 (0.399, 2.431)	0.9744	
Female	141	7 (5.0)	134 (95.0)	NE (NE, NE)	148	5 (3.4)	143 (96.6)	NE (NE, NE)	148	1.445 (0.458, 4.558)	0.5274	

N: number of subjects in analysis set; n: number of subjects in subgroup category; %: proportion of number of subjects in n; CI: confidence interval; NE: not estimable. PT: Preferred Term, SOC: System Organ Class.

[a] Median time to first event is from Kaplan-Meier estimate. Confidence Interval for median was computed using the Brookmeyer-Crowley method.

[b] Hazard ratio is from unstratified Cox proportional hazards model with treatment as the only categorical variable in the model. Confidence limits are based on the Wald test.

[c] Two-sided p-value from unstratified log-rank test.

[d] Two-sided interaction p-value is for the interaction term from unstratified Cox proportional hazards model with treatment, subgroup, and treatment-by-subgroup interaction as categorical variables in the model. The p-value is based on the Wald test.

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SOC: Skin and subcutaneous tissue disorders; PT: Erythema

		Quizartinib (N=265)				Placebo (N=268)				Quizartinib vs Placebo		Interaction
Subgroup	n	No. of subjects with events (%)	No. of subjects censored (%)	Median (95 % CI) (months) [a]	n	No. of subjects with events (%)	No. of subjects censored (%)	Median (95 % CI) (months) [a]	Hazard Ratio (95 % CI) [b]	Unstratified log-rank p-value [c]	P-value [d]	
Race by 2 categories											0.7557	
White	157	10 (6.4)	147 (93.6)	NE (NE, NE)	161	9 (5.6)	152 (94.4)	NE (NE, NE)	1.081 (0.438, 2.664)	0.8667		
Non-white	108	7 (6.5)	101 (93.5)	NE (NE, NE)	107	5 (4.7)	102 (95.3)	NE (NE, NE)	1.346 (0.427, 4.245)	0.6107		

N: number of subjects in analysis set; n: number of subjects in subgroup category; %: proportion of number of subjects in n; CI: confidence interval; NE: not estimable. PT: Preferred Term, SOC: System Organ Class.

[a] Median time to first event is from Kaplan-Meier estimate. Confidence Interval for median was computed using the Brookmeyer-Crowley method.

[b] Hazard ratio is from unstratified Cox proportional hazards model with treatment as the only categorical variable in the model. Confidence limits are based on the Wald test.

[c] Two-sided p-value from unstratified log-rank test.

[d] Two-sided interaction p-value is for the interaction term from unstratified Cox proportional hazards model with treatment, subgroup, and treatment-by-subgroup interaction as categorical variables in the model. The p-value is based on the Wald test.

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SOC: Skin and subcutaneous tissue disorders; PT: Erythema

		Quizartinib (N=265)					Placebo (N=268)					Quizartinib vs Placebo		Interaction
Subgroup	n	No. of subjects with events (%)	No. of subjects censored (%)	Median (95 % CI) (months) [a]	n	No. of subjects with events (%)	No. of subjects censored (%)	Median (95 % CI) (months) [a]	Hazard Ratio (95 % CI) [b]	Unstratified log-rank p-value [c]	P-value [d]			
Geographic Region 1													0.7487	
North America	16	1 (6.3)	15 (93.8)	NE (NE, NE) (18.0, NE)	18	1 (5.6)	17 (94.4)	NE (9.5, NE)	1.323 (0.081, 21.732)	0.8442				
Europe	161	13 (8.1)	148 (91.9)	NE (NE, NE)	161	9 (5.6)	152 (94.4)	NE (NE, NE)	1.390 (0.594, 3.253)	0.4464				
Asia/Other Regions	88	3 (3.4)	85 (96.6)	NE (NE, NE)	89	4 (4.5)	85 (95.5)	NE (NE, NE)	0.720 (0.161, 3.221)	0.6663				

N: number of subjects in analysis set; n: number of subjects in subgroup category; %: proportion of number of subjects in n; CI: confidence interval; NE: not estimable. PT: Preferred Term, SOC: System Organ Class.

[a] Median time to first event is from Kaplan-Meier estimate. Confidence Interval for median was computed using the Brookmeyer-Crowley method.

[b] Hazard ratio is from unstratified Cox proportional hazards model with treatment as the only categorical variable in the model. Confidence limits are based on the Wald test.

[c] Two-sided p-value from unstratified log-rank test.

[d] Two-sided interaction p-value is for the interaction term from unstratified Cox proportional hazards model with treatment, subgroup, and treatment-by-subgroup interaction as categorical variables in the model. The p-value is based on the Wald test.

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SOC: Skin and subcutaneous tissue disorders; PT: Erythema

Subgroup	n	Quizartinib (N=265)				Placebo (N=268)				Quizartinib vs Placebo		Interaction
		No. of subjects with events (%)	No. of subjects censored (%)	Median (95 % CI) [a]	n	No. of subjects with events (%)	No. of subjects censored (%)	Median (95 % CI) [a]	n	Hazard Ratio (95 % CI) [b]	Unstratified log-rank p-value [c]	P-value [d]
WBC at initial diagnosis											0.4324	
< 40x10 ⁹ /L	132	10 (7.6)	122 (92.4)	NE (NE, NE)	133	7 (5.3)	126 (94.7)	NE (NE, NE)	133	1.493 (0.568, 3.924)	0.4135	
≥ 40x10 ⁹ /L	133	7 (5.3)	126 (94.7)	NE (NE, NE)	135	7 (5.2)	128 (94.8)	NE (NE, NE)	135	0.848 (0.296, 2.425)	0.7578	

N: number of subjects in analysis set; n: number of subjects in subgroup category; %: proportion of number of subjects in n; CI: confidence interval; NE: not estimable. PT: Preferred Term, SOC: System Organ Class.

[a] Median time to first event is from Kaplan-Meier estimate. Confidence Interval for median was computed using the Brookmeyer-Crowley method.

[b] Hazard ratio is from unstratified Cox proportional hazards model with treatment as the only categorical variable in the model. Confidence limits are based on the Wald test.

[c] Two-sided p-value from unstratified log-rank test.

[d] Two-sided interaction p-value is for the interaction term from unstratified Cox proportional hazards model with treatment, subgroup, and treatment-by-subgroup interaction as categorical variables in the model. The p-value is based on the Wald test.

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 Table 3.11.2 Treatment-emergent adverse events by system organ class (SOC) and preferred term (PT) observed for ≥ 10 patients in at least one arm and ≥ 1% of the patients in at least one arm - Time-to-event analysis - subgroup analysis - DCO 13-Aug-2021 - Safety Analysis Set

SOC: Skin and subcutaneous tissue disorders; PT: Erythema

		Quizartinib (N=265)				Placebo (N=268)				Quizartinib vs Placebo		Interaction
Subgroup	n	No. of subjects with events (%)	No. of subjects censored (%)	Median (95 % CI) (months) [a]	n	No. of subjects with events (%)	No. of subjects censored (%)	Median (95 % CI) (months) [a]	Hazard Ratio (95 % CI) [b]	Unstratified log-rank p-value [c]	P-value [d]	
Choice of Anthracycline											0.1113	
Daunorubicin	123	9 (7.3)	114 (92.7)	NE (NE, NE)	94	2 (2.1)	92 (97.9)	NE (NE, NE)	3.149 (0.679, 14.600)	0.1220		
Idarubicin	142	8 (5.6)	134 (94.4)	NE (NE, NE)	171	12 (7.0)	159 (93.0)	NE (NE, NE)	0.771 (0.315, 1.888)	0.5681		

N: number of subjects in analysis set; n: number of subjects in subgroup category; %: proportion of number of subjects in n; CI: confidence interval; NE: not estimable. PT: Preferred Term, SOC: System Organ Class.

[a] Median time to first event is from Kaplan-Meier estimate. Confidence Interval for median was computed using the Brookmeyer-Crowley method.

[b] Hazard ratio is from unstratified Cox proportional hazards model with treatment as the only categorical variable in the model. Confidence limits are based on the Wald test.

[c] Two-sided p-value from unstratified log-rank test.

[d] Two-sided interaction p-value is for the interaction term from unstratified Cox proportional hazards model with treatment, subgroup, and treatment-by-subgroup interaction as categorical variables in the model. The p-value is based on the Wald test.

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		No. of subjects with events (%)	No. of subjects censored (%)	Median (95 % CI) (months) [a]	n	No. of subjects with events (%)	No. of subjects censored (%)	Median (95 % CI) (months) [a]	n	Hazard Ratio (95 % CI) [b]	Unstratified log-rank p-value [c]	P-value [d]
AML Cytogenetic Risk Score											0.9768	
Favorable	13	0	13 (100)	NE (NE, NE)	19	1 (5.3)	18 (94.7)	NE (9.5, NE)	0.000 (0.000, NE)	0.5271		
Intermediate	195	13 (6.7)	182 (93.3)	NE (NE, NE)	190	12 (6.3)	178 (93.7)	NE (NE, NE)	0.956 (0.436, 2.097)	0.9096		
Unfavorable	19	2 (10.5)	17 (89.5)	NE (18.0, NE)	27	0	27 (100)	NE (NE, NE)	NE (0.000, NE)	0.1561		
Unknown	38	2 (5.3)	36 (94.7)	NE (NE, NE)	31	1 (3.2)	30 (96.8)	NE (NE, NE)	1.749 (0.158, 19.298)	0.6440		

N: number of subjects in analysis set; n: number of subjects in subgroup category; %: proportion of number of subjects in n; CI: confidence interval; NE: not estimable. PT: Preferred Term, SOC: System Organ Class.

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SOC: Skin and subcutaneous tissue disorders; PT: Erythema

		Quizartinib (N=265)				Placebo (N=268)				Quizartinib vs Placebo		Interaction
Subgroup	n	No. of subjects with events (%)	No. of subjects censored (%)	Median (95 % CI) (months) [a]	n	No. of subjects with events (%)	No. of subjects censored (%)	Median (95 % CI) (months) [a]	Hazard Ratio (95 % CI) [b]	Unstratified log-rank p-value [c]	P-value [d]	
ECOG Performance Status at Baseline											0.9683	
0 - Fully Active	87	7 (8.0)	80 (92.0)	NE (NE, NE)	97	6 (6.2)	91 (93.8)	NE (NE, NE)	1.241 (0.417, 3.695)	0.6979		
1 - Restricted in Physically Strenuous Activity	133	8 (6.0)	125 (94.0)	NE (NE, NE)	134	7 (5.2)	127 (94.8)	NE (NE, NE)	1.087 (0.394, 3.001)	0.8720		
2 - Ambulatory and Capable of All Selfcare	45	2 (4.4)	43 (95.6)	NE (NE, NE)	36	1 (2.8)	35 (97.2)	NE (NE, NE)	1.521 (0.135, 17.121)	0.7322		

N: number of subjects in analysis set; n: number of subjects in subgroup category; %: proportion of number of subjects in n; CI: confidence interval; NE: not estimable. PT: Preferred Term, SOC: System Organ Class.

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SOC: Skin and subcutaneous tissue disorders; PT: Erythema

		Quizartinib (N=265)				Placebo (N=268)				Quizartinib vs Placebo		Interaction
Subgroup	n	No. of subjects with events (%)	No. of subjects censored (%)	Median (95 % CI) (months) [a]	n	No. of subjects with events (%)	No. of subjects censored (%)	Median (95 % CI) (months) [a]	Hazard Ratio (95 % CI) [b]	Unstratified log-rank p-value [c]	P-value [d]	
FLT3-ITD category at Baseline											0.1734	
≥3 to ≤25%	94	11 (11.7)	83 (88.3)	NE (NE, NE)	98	5 (5.1)	93 (94.9)	NE (NE, NE)	2.442 (0.848, 7.031)	0.0871		
>25% to ≤50%	141	6 (4.3)	135 (95.7)	NE (NE, NE)	136	9 (6.6)	127 (93.4)	NE (NE, NE)	0.607 (0.216, 1.709)	0.3399		
>50%	29	0	29 (100)	NE (NE, NE)	34	0	34 (100)	NE (NE, NE)	NE (NE, NE)	NE		

N: number of subjects in analysis set; n: number of subjects in subgroup category; %: proportion of number of subjects in n; CI: confidence interval; NE: not estimable. PT: Preferred Term, SOC: System Organ Class.

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SOC: Skin and subcutaneous tissue disorders; PT: Erythema

Subgroup	n	Quizartinib (N=265)				Placebo (N=268)				Quizartinib vs Placebo		Interaction
		No. of subjects with events (%)	No. of subjects censored (%)	Median (95 % CI) (months) [a]	n	No. of subjects with events (%)	No. of subjects censored (%)	Median (95 % CI) (months) [a]	n	Hazard Ratio (95 % CI) [b]	Unstratified log-rank p-value [c]	P-value [d]
AML with Mutated NPM1											0.5836	
Yes	139	10 (7.2)	129 (92.8)	NE (NE, NE)	137	7 (5.1)	130 (94.9)	NE (NE, NE)	1.387 (0.527, 3.650)	0.5053		
No	116	7 (6.0)	109 (94.0)	NE (NE, NE)	120	7 (5.8)	113 (94.2)	NE (NE, NE)	0.933 (0.327, 2.664)	0.8955		

N: number of subjects in analysis set; n: number of subjects in subgroup category; %: proportion of number of subjects in n; CI: confidence interval; NE: not estimable. PT: Preferred Term, SOC: System Organ Class.

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SOC: Skin and subcutaneous tissue disorders; PT: Erythema

		Quizartinib (N=265)				Placebo (N=268)				Quizartinib vs Placebo		Interaction
Subgroup	n	No. of subjects with events (%)	No. of subjects censored (%)	Median (95 % CI) (months) [a]	n	No. of subjects with events (%)	No. of subjects censored (%)	Median (95 % CI) (months) [a]	Hazard Ratio (95 % CI) [b]	Unstratified log-rank p-value [c]	P-value [d]	
Age by 2 categories											0.7358	
≤60	164	12 (7.3)	152 (92.7)	NE (NE, NE)	163	10 (6.1)	153 (93.9)	NE (NE, NE)	1.072 (0.462, 2.486)	0.8718		
>60	101	5 (5.0)	96 (95.0)	NE (NE, NE)	105	4 (3.8)	101 (96.2)	NE (NE, NE)	1.412 (0.378, 5.268)	0.6060		

N: number of subjects in analysis set; n: number of subjects in subgroup category; %: proportion of number of subjects in n; CI: confidence interval; NE: not estimable. PT: Preferred Term, SOC: System Organ Class.

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SOC: Skin and subcutaneous tissue disorders; PT: Urticaria

Subgroup	n	Quizartinib (N=265)				Placebo (N=268)				Quizartinib vs Placebo		Interaction
		No. of subjects with events (%)	No. of subjects censored (%)	Median (95 % CI) (months) [a]	n	No. of subjects with events (%)	No. of subjects censored (%)	Median (95 % CI) (months) [a]	n	Hazard Ratio (95 % CI) [b]	Unstratified log-rank p-value [c]	P-value [d]
Pooled Age Group 2											0.2222	
<60	159	11 (6.9)	148 (93.1)	NE (NE, NE)	160	5 (3.1)	155 (96.9)	NE (NE, NE)	2.145 (0.744, 6.187)	0.1482		
≥60 - <65	37	1 (2.7)	36 (97.3)	NE (NE, NE)	43	4 (9.3)	39 (90.7)	NE (NE, NE)	0.272 (0.030, 2.439)	0.2128		
≥65	69	4 (5.8)	65 (94.2)	NE (NE, NE)	65	2 (3.1)	63 (96.9)	NE (NE, NE)	2.151 (0.393, 11.765)	0.3655		

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Sex												0.5732
Male	124	8 (6.5)	116 (93.5)	NE (NE, NE)	120	4 (3.3)	116 (96.7)	NE (NE, NE)	120	1.969 (0.593, 6.538)	0.2601	
Female	141	8 (5.7)	133 (94.3)	NE (NE, NE)	148	7 (4.7)	141 (95.3)	NE (NE, NE)	148	1.196 (0.434, 3.301)	0.7288	

N: number of subjects in analysis set; n: number of subjects in subgroup category; %: proportion of number of subjects in n; CI: confidence interval; NE: not estimable. PT: Preferred Term, SOC: System Organ Class.

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Race by 2 categories											0.9759	
White	157	3 (1.9)	154 (98.1)	NE (NE, NE)	161	2 (1.2)	159 (98.8)	NE (NE, NE)	1.585 (0.265, 9.485)	0.6117		
Non-white	108	13 (12.0)	95 (88.0)	NE (NE, NE)	107	9 (8.4)	98 (91.6)	NE (NE, NE)	1.460 (0.624, 3.416)	0.3811		

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Subgroup	n	No. of subjects with events (%)	No. of subjects censored (%)	Median (95 % CI) (months) [a]	n	No. of subjects with events (%)	No. of subjects censored (%)	Median (95 % CI) (months) [a]	Hazard Ratio (95 % CI) [b]	Unstratified log-rank p-value [c]	P-value [d]			
Geographic Region 1													0.6915	
North America	16	0	16 (100)	NE (NE, NE)	18	1 (5.6)	17 (94.4)	NE (NE, NE)	0.000 (0.000, NE)	0.3496				
Europe	161	4 (2.5)	157 (97.5)	NE (NE, NE)	161	1 (0.6)	160 (99.4)	NE (NE, NE)	3.682 (0.409, 33.119)	0.2131				
Asia/Other Regions	88	12 (13.6)	76 (86.4)	NE (NE, NE)	89	9 (10.1)	80 (89.9)	NE (NE, NE)	1.377 (0.580, 3.269)	0.4673				

N: number of subjects in analysis set; n: number of subjects in subgroup category; %: proportion of number of subjects in n; CI: confidence interval; NE: not estimable. PT: Preferred Term, SOC: System Organ Class.

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[d] Two-sided interaction p-value is for the interaction term from unstratified Cox proportional hazards model with treatment, subgroup, and treatment-by-subgroup interaction as categorical variables in the model. The p-value is based on the Wald test.

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Medizinischer Nutzen, medizinischer Zusatznutzen, Patientengruppen mit therap. bedeutsamem Zusatznutzen

Daiichi Sankyo | Data Intelligence – Evidence Generation | Final | AC220-A-U302 QUANTUM-First (DCO 13 Aug 2021) | Statistical analyses for AMNOG (HTA Germany)
 Table 3.11.2 Treatment-emergent adverse events by system organ class (SOC) and preferred term (PT) observed for ≥ 10 patients in at least one arm and ≥ 1% of the patients in at least one arm - Time-to-event analysis - subgroup analysis - DCO 13-Aug-2021 - Safety Analysis Set

SOC: Skin and subcutaneous tissue disorders; PT: Urticaria

Subgroup	n	Quizartinib (N=265)				Placebo (N=268)				Quizartinib vs Placebo		Interaction
		No. of subjects with events (%)	No. of subjects censored (%)	Median (95 % CI) [a]	n	No. of subjects with events (%)	No. of subjects censored (%)	Median (95 % CI) [a]	n	Hazard Ratio (95 % CI) [b]	Unstratified log-rank p-value [c]	P-value [d]
WBC at initial diagnosis											0.4468	
< 40x10 ⁹ /L	132	9 (6.8)	123 (93.2)	NE (NE, NE)	133	5 (3.8)	128 (96.2)	NE (NE, NE)	133	1.928 (0.646, 5.760)	0.2315	
≥ 40x10 ⁹ /L	133	7 (5.3)	126 (94.7)	NE (NE, NE)	135	6 (4.4)	129 (95.6)	NE (NE, NE)	135	1.133 (0.380, 3.373)	0.8222	

N: number of subjects in analysis set; n: number of subjects in subgroup category; %: proportion of number of subjects in n; CI: confidence interval; NE: not estimable. PT: Preferred Term, SOC: System Organ Class.

[a] Median time to first event is from Kaplan-Meier estimate. Confidence Interval for median was computed using the Brookmeyer-Crowley method.

[b] Hazard ratio is from unstratified Cox proportional hazards model with treatment as the only categorical variable in the model. Confidence limits are based on the Wald test.

[c] Two-sided p-value from unstratified log-rank test.

[d] Two-sided interaction p-value is for the interaction term from unstratified Cox proportional hazards model with treatment, subgroup, and treatment-by-subgroup interaction as categorical variables in the model. The p-value is based on the Wald test.

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SOC: Skin and subcutaneous tissue disorders; PT: Urticaria

		Quizartinib (N=265)				Placebo (N=268)				Quizartinib vs Placebo		Interaction
Subgroup	n	No. of subjects with events (%)	No. of subjects censored (%)	Median (95 % CI) (months) [a]	n	No. of subjects with events (%)	No. of subjects censored (%)	Median (95 % CI) (months) [a]	Hazard Ratio (95 % CI) [b]	Unstratified log-rank p-value [c]	P-value [d]	
Choice of Anthracycline											0.4757	
Daunorubicin	123	7 (5.7)	116 (94.3)	NE (NE, NE)	94	5 (5.3)	89 (94.7)	NE (NE, NE)	1.014 (0.321, 3.203)	0.9806		
Idarubicin	142	9 (6.3)	133 (93.7)	NE (NE, NE)	171	6 (3.5)	165 (96.5)	NE (NE, NE)	1.828 (0.651, 5.138)	0.2451		

N: number of subjects in analysis set; n: number of subjects in subgroup category; %: proportion of number of subjects in n; CI: confidence interval; NE: not estimable. PT: Preferred Term, SOC: System Organ Class.

[a] Median time to first event is from Kaplan-Meier estimate. Confidence Interval for median was computed using the Brookmeyer-Crowley method.

[b] Hazard ratio is from unstratified Cox proportional hazards model with treatment as the only categorical variable in the model. Confidence limits are based on the Wald test.

[c] Two-sided p-value from unstratified log-rank test.

[d] Two-sided interaction p-value is for the interaction term from unstratified Cox proportional hazards model with treatment, subgroup, and treatment-by-subgroup interaction as categorical variables in the model. The p-value is based on the Wald test.

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SOC: Skin and subcutaneous tissue disorders; PT: Urticaria

Subgroup	n	Quizartinib (N=265)				Placebo (N=268)				Quizartinib vs Placebo		Interaction
		No. of subjects with events (%)	No. of subjects censored (%)	Median (95 % CI) (months) [a]	n	No. of subjects with events (%)	No. of subjects censored (%)	Median (95 % CI) (months) [a]	n	Hazard Ratio (95 % CI) [b]	Unstratified log-rank p-value [c]	P-value [d]
AML Cytogenetic Risk Score											0.7946	
Favorable	13	0	13 (100)	NE (NE, NE)	19	1 (5.3)	18 (94.7)	NE (NE, NE)	0.000 (0.000, NE)	0.4561		
Intermediate	195	14 (7.2)	181 (92.8)	NE (NE, NE)	190	8 (4.2)	182 (95.8)	NE (NE, NE)	1.664 (0.698, 3.970)	0.2457		
Unfavorable	19	1 (5.3)	18 (94.7)	NE (NE, NE)	27	0	27 (100)	NE (NE, NE)	NE (0.000, NE)	0.1967		
Unknown	38	1 (2.6)	37 (97.4)	NE (NE, NE)	31	2 (6.5)	29 (93.5)	NE (10.1, NE)	0.351 (0.032, 3.886)	0.3723		

N: number of subjects in analysis set; n: number of subjects in subgroup category; %: proportion of number of subjects in n; CI: confidence interval; NE: not estimable. PT: Preferred Term, SOC: System Organ Class.

[a] Median time to first event is from Kaplan-Meier estimate. Confidence Interval for median was computed using the Brookmeyer-Crowley method.

[b] Hazard ratio is from unstratified Cox proportional hazards model with treatment as the only categorical variable in the model. Confidence limits are based on the Wald test.

[c] Two-sided p-value from unstratified log-rank test.

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SOC: Skin and subcutaneous tissue disorders; PT: Urticaria

		Quizartinib (N=265)				Placebo (N=268)				Quizartinib vs Placebo		Interaction
Subgroup	n	No. of subjects with events (%)	No. of subjects censored (%)	Median (95 % CI) (months) [a]	n	No. of subjects with events (%)	No. of subjects censored (%)	Median (95 % CI) (months) [a]	Hazard Ratio (95 % CI) [b]	Unstratified log-rank p-value [c]	P-value [d]	
ECOG Performance Status at Baseline											0.8905	
0 - Fully Active	87	6 (6.9)	81 (93.1)	NE (NE, NE)	97	4 (4.1)	93 (95.9)	NE (NE, NE)	1.651 (0.466, 5.851)	0.4327		
1 - Restricted in Physically Strenuous Activity	133	9 (6.8)	124 (93.2)	NE (NE, NE)	134	6 (4.5)	128 (95.5)	NE (NE, NE)	1.491 (0.530, 4.194)	0.4457		
2 - Ambulatory and Capable of All Selfcare	45	1 (2.2)	44 (97.8)	NE (NE, NE)	36	1 (2.8)	35 (97.2)	NE (NE, NE)	0.874 (0.055, 13.996)	0.9239		

N: number of subjects in analysis set; n: number of subjects in subgroup category; %: proportion of number of subjects in n; CI: confidence interval; NE: not estimable. PT: Preferred Term, SOC: System Organ Class.

[a] Median time to first event is from Kaplan-Meier estimate. Confidence Interval for median was computed using the Brookmeyer-Crowley method.

[b] Hazard ratio is from unstratified Cox proportional hazards model with treatment as the only categorical variable in the model. Confidence limits are based on the Wald test.

[c] Two-sided p-value from unstratified log-rank test.

[d] Two-sided interaction p-value is for the interaction term from unstratified Cox proportional hazards model with treatment, subgroup, and treatment-by-subgroup interaction as categorical variables in the model. The p-value is based on the Wald test.

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SOC: Skin and subcutaneous tissue disorders; PT: Urticaria

		Quizartinib (N=265)				Placebo (N=268)				Quizartinib vs Placebo		Interaction
Subgroup	n	No. of subjects with events (%)	No. of subjects censored (%)	Median (95 % CI) (months) [a]	n	No. of subjects with events (%)	No. of subjects censored (%)	Median (95 % CI) (months) [a]	Hazard Ratio (95 % CI) [b]	Unstratified log-rank p-value [c]	P-value [d]	
FLT3-ITD category at Baseline											0.3372	
≥3 to ≤25%	94	8 (8.5)	86 (91.5)	NE (NE, NE)	98	3 (3.1)	95 (96.9)	NE (NE, NE)	2.901 (0.769, 10.946)	0.0996		
>25% to ≤50%	141	7 (5.0)	134 (95.0)	NE (NE, NE)	136	8 (5.9)	128 (94.1)	NE (NE, NE)	0.846 (0.307, 2.335)	0.7469		
>50%	29	1 (3.4)	28 (96.6)	NE (NE, NE)	34	0	34 (100)	NE (NE, NE)	NE (0.000, NE)	0.2850		

N: number of subjects in analysis set; n: number of subjects in subgroup category; %: proportion of number of subjects in n; CI: confidence interval; NE: not estimable. PT: Preferred Term, SOC: System Organ Class.

[a] Median time to first event is from Kaplan-Meier estimate. Confidence Interval for median was computed using the Brookmeyer-Crowley method.

[b] Hazard ratio is from unstratified Cox proportional hazards model with treatment as the only categorical variable in the model. Confidence limits are based on the Wald test.

[c] Two-sided p-value from unstratified log-rank test.

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SOC: Skin and subcutaneous tissue disorders; PT: Urticaria

		Quizartinib (N=265)				Placebo (N=268)				Quizartinib vs Placebo		Interaction
Subgroup	n	No. of subjects with events (%)	No. of subjects censored (%)	Median (95 % CI) (months) [a]	n	No. of subjects with events (%)	No. of subjects censored (%)	Median (95 % CI) (months) [a]	Hazard Ratio (95 % CI) [b]	Unstratified log-rank p-value [c]	P-value [d]	
AML with Mutated NPM1											0.4838	
Yes	139	8 (5.8)	131 (94.2)	NE (NE, NE)	137	4 (2.9)	133 (97.1)	NE (NE, NE)	1.987 (0.598, 6.604)	0.2532		
No	116	8 (6.9)	108 (93.1)	NE (NE, NE)	120	7 (5.8)	113 (94.2)	NE (NE, NE)	1.164 (0.422, 3.210)	0.7713		

N: number of subjects in analysis set; n: number of subjects in subgroup category; %: proportion of number of subjects in n; CI: confidence interval; NE: not estimable. PT: Preferred Term, SOC: System Organ Class.

[a] Median time to first event is from Kaplan-Meier estimate. Confidence Interval for median was computed using the Brookmeyer-Crowley method.

[b] Hazard ratio is from unstratified Cox proportional hazards model with treatment as the only categorical variable in the model. Confidence limits are based on the Wald test.

[c] Two-sided p-value from unstratified log-rank test.

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SOC: Skin and subcutaneous tissue disorders; PT: Urticaria

		Quizartinib (N=265)				Placebo (N=268)				Quizartinib vs Placebo		Interaction
Subgroup	n	No. of subjects with events (%)	No. of subjects censored (%)	Median (95 % CI) (months) [a]	n	No. of subjects with events (%)	No. of subjects censored (%)	Median (95 % CI) (months) [a]	Hazard Ratio (95 % CI) [b]	Unstratified log-rank p-value [c]	P-value [d]	
Age by 2 categories											0.3523	
≤60	164	12 (7.3)	152 (92.7)	NE (NE, NE)	163	6 (3.7)	157 (96.3)	NE (NE, NE)	1.914 (0.717, 5.110)	0.1874		
>60	101	4 (4.0)	97 (96.0)	NE (NE, NE)	105	5 (4.8)	100 (95.2)	NE (NE, NE)	0.875 (0.235, 3.260)	0.8426		

N: number of subjects in analysis set; n: number of subjects in subgroup category; %: proportion of number of subjects in n; CI: confidence interval; NE: not estimable. PT: Preferred Term, SOC: System Organ Class.

[a] Median time to first event is from Kaplan-Meier estimate. Confidence Interval for median was computed using the Brookmeyer-Crowley method.

[b] Hazard ratio is from unstratified Cox proportional hazards model with treatment as the only categorical variable in the model. Confidence limits are based on the Wald test.

[c] Two-sided p-value from unstratified log-rank test.

[d] Two-sided interaction p-value is for the interaction term from unstratified Cox proportional hazards model with treatment, subgroup, and treatment-by-subgroup interaction as categorical variables in the model. The p-value is based on the Wald test.

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SOC: Skin and subcutaneous tissue disorders; PT: Rash erythematous

Subgroup	n	Quizartinib (N=265)				Placebo (N=268)				Quizartinib vs Placebo		Interaction
		No. of subjects with events (%)	No. of subjects censored (%)	Median (95 % CI) (months) [a]	n	No. of subjects with events (%)	No. of subjects censored (%)	Median (95 % CI) (months) [a]	n	Hazard Ratio (95 % CI) [b]	Unstratified log-rank p-value [c]	P-value [d]
Pooled Age Group 2											0.8010	
<60	159	5 (3.1)	154 (96.9)	NE (NE, NE)	160	0	160 (100)	NE (NE, NE)	NE (NE, NE)	(0.000, NE)	0.0238	
≥60 - <65	37	2 (5.4)	35 (94.6)	NE (NE, NE)	43	2 (4.7)	41 (95.3)	NE (NE, NE)	1.122 (0.158, 7.963)		0.9089	
≥65	69	3 (4.3)	66 (95.7)	NE (NE, NE)	65	1 (1.5)	64 (98.5)	NE (NE, NE)	3.153 (0.328, 30.319)		0.2937	

N: number of subjects in analysis set; n: number of subjects in subgroup category; %: proportion of number of subjects in n; CI: confidence interval; NE: not estimable. PT: Preferred Term, SOC: System Organ Class.

[a] Median time to first event is from Kaplan-Meier estimate. Confidence Interval for median was computed using the Brookmeyer-Crowley method.

[b] Hazard ratio is from unstratified Cox proportional hazards model with treatment as the only categorical variable in the model. Confidence limits are based on the Wald test.

[c] Two-sided p-value from unstratified log-rank test.

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SOC: Skin and subcutaneous tissue disorders; PT: Rash erythematous

Subgroup	n	Quizartinib (N=265)				Placebo (N=268)				Quizartinib vs Placebo		Interaction
		No. of subjects with events (%)	No. of subjects censored (%)	Median (95 % CI) (months) [a]	n	No. of subjects with events (%)	No. of subjects censored (%)	Median (95 % CI) (months) [a]	n	Hazard Ratio (95 % CI) [b]	Unstratified log-rank p-value [c]	P-value [d]
Sex												0.6632
Male	124	5 (4.0)	119 (96.0)	NE (NE, NE)	120	1 (0.8)	119 (99.2)	NE (NE, NE)	120	4.782 (0.559, 40.938)	0.1144	
Female	141	5 (3.5)	136 (96.5)	NE (NE, NE)	148	2 (1.4)	146 (98.6)	NE (NE, NE)	148	2.644 (0.513, 13.630)	0.2268	

N: number of subjects in analysis set; n: number of subjects in subgroup category; %: proportion of number of subjects in n; CI: confidence interval; NE: not estimable. PT: Preferred Term, SOC: System Organ Class.

[a] Median time to first event is from Kaplan-Meier estimate. Confidence Interval for median was computed using the Brookmeyer-Crowley method.

[b] Hazard ratio is from unstratified Cox proportional hazards model with treatment as the only categorical variable in the model. Confidence limits are based on the Wald test.

[c] Two-sided p-value from unstratified log-rank test.

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SOC: Skin and subcutaneous tissue disorders; PT: Rash erythematous

		Quizartinib (N=265)				Placebo (N=268)				Quizartinib vs Placebo		Interaction
Subgroup	n	No. of subjects with events (%)	No. of subjects censored (%)	Median (95 % CI) (months) [a]	n	No. of subjects with events (%)	No. of subjects censored (%)	Median (95 % CI) (months) [a]	Hazard Ratio (95 % CI) [b]	Unstratified log-rank p-value [c]	P-value [d]	
Race by 2 categories											0.1448	
White	157	8 (5.1)	149 (94.9)	NE (NE, NE)	161	1 (0.6)	160 (99.4)	NE (NE, NE)	8.300 (1.038, 66.395)	0.0169		
Non-white	108	2 (1.9)	106 (98.1)	NE (NE, NE)	107	2 (1.9)	105 (98.1)	NE (NE, NE)	1.006 (0.142, 7.141)	0.9956		

N: number of subjects in analysis set; n: number of subjects in subgroup category; %: proportion of number of subjects in n; CI: confidence interval; NE: not estimable. PT: Preferred Term, SOC: System Organ Class.

[a] Median time to first event is from Kaplan-Meier estimate. Confidence Interval for median was computed using the Brookmeyer-Crowley method.

[b] Hazard ratio is from unstratified Cox proportional hazards model with treatment as the only categorical variable in the model. Confidence limits are based on the Wald test.

[c] Two-sided p-value from unstratified log-rank test.

[d] Two-sided interaction p-value is for the interaction term from unstratified Cox proportional hazards model with treatment, subgroup, and treatment-by-subgroup interaction as categorical variables in the model. The p-value is based on the Wald test.

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Run date: 21JUL2023 – 22:02; Program name: DE_T_3_11_2.sas; Output name: DE_T_3_11_2_TEAESOCPT_SUB_SAS.rtf

Medizinischer Nutzen, medizinischer Zusatznutzen, Patientengruppen mit therap. bedeutsamem Zusatznutzen

Daichi Sankyo | Data Intelligence – Evidence Generation | Final | AC220-A-U302 QUANTUM-First (DCO 13 Aug 2021) | Statistical analyses for AMNOG (HTA Germany)
 Table 3.11.2 Treatment-emergent adverse events by system organ class (SOC) and preferred term (PT) observed for ≥ 10 patients in at least one arm and ≥ 1% of the patients in at least one arm - Time-to-event analysis - subgroup analysis - DCO 13-Aug-2021 - Safety Analysis Set

SOC: Skin and subcutaneous tissue disorders; PT: Rash erythematous

		Quizartinib (N=265)					Placebo (N=268)					Quizartinib vs Placebo		Interaction
Subgroup	n	No. of subjects with events (%)	No. of subjects censored (%)	Median (95 % CI) (months) [a]	n	No. of subjects with events (%)	No. of subjects censored (%)	Median (95 % CI) (months) [a]	Hazard Ratio (95 % CI) [b]	Unstratified log-rank p-value [c]	P-value [d]			
Geographic Region 1													0.6225	
North America	16	1 (6.3)	15 (93.8)	NE (NE, NE)	18	1 (5.6)	17 (94.4)	NE (NE, NE)	1.093 (0.068, 17.486)	0.9497				
Europe	161	7 (4.3)	154 (95.7)	NE (NE, NE)	161	1 (0.6)	160 (99.4)	NE (NE, NE)	6.647 (0.817, 54.045)	0.0405				
Asia/Other Regions	88	2 (2.3)	86 (97.7)	NE (NE, NE)	89	1 (1.1)	88 (98.9)	NE (NE, NE)	2.046 (0.186, 22.566)	0.5503				

N: number of subjects in analysis set; n: number of subjects in subgroup category; %: proportion of number of subjects in n; CI: confidence interval; NE: not estimable. PT: Preferred Term, SOC: System Organ Class.

[a] Median time to first event is from Kaplan-Meier estimate. Confidence Interval for median was computed using the Brookmeyer-Crowley method.

[b] Hazard ratio is from unstratified Cox proportional hazards model with treatment as the only categorical variable in the model. Confidence limits are based on the Wald test.

[c] Two-sided p-value from unstratified log-rank test.

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SOC: Skin and subcutaneous tissue disorders; PT: Rash erythematous

Subgroup	n	Quizartinib (N=265)				Placebo (N=268)				Quizartinib vs Placebo		Interaction
		No. of subjects with events (%)	No. of subjects censored (%)	Median (95 % CI) [a]	n	No. of subjects with events (%)	No. of subjects censored (%)	Median (95 % CI) [a]	n	Hazard Ratio (95 % CI) [b]	Unstratified log-rank p-value [c]	P-value [d]
WBC at initial diagnosis												0.9901
< 40x10 ⁹ /L	132	3 (2.3)	129 (97.7)	NE (NE, NE)	133	0	133 (100)	NE (NE, NE)	133	NE (0.000, NE)	0.0749	
≥ 40x10 ⁹ /L	133	7 (5.3)	126 (94.7)	NE (NE, NE)	135	3 (2.2)	132 (97.8)	NE (NE, NE)	135	2.224 (0.575, 8.606)	0.2343	

N: number of subjects in analysis set; n: number of subjects in subgroup category; %: proportion of number of subjects in n; CI: confidence interval; NE: not estimable. PT: Preferred Term, SOC: System Organ Class.

[a] Median time to first event is from Kaplan-Meier estimate. Confidence Interval for median was computed using the Brookmeyer-Crowley method.

[b] Hazard ratio is from unstratified Cox proportional hazards model with treatment as the only categorical variable in the model. Confidence limits are based on the Wald test.

[c] Two-sided p-value from unstratified log-rank test.

[d] Two-sided interaction p-value is for the interaction term from unstratified Cox proportional hazards model with treatment, subgroup, and treatment-by-subgroup interaction as categorical variables in the model. The p-value is based on the Wald test.

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SOC: Skin and subcutaneous tissue disorders; PT: Rash erythematous

		Quizartinib (N=265)				Placebo (N=268)				Quizartinib vs Placebo		Interaction
Subgroup	n	No. of subjects with events (%)	No. of subjects censored (%)	Median (95 % CI) (months) [a]	n	No. of subjects with events (%)	No. of subjects censored (%)	Median (95 % CI) (months) [a]	Hazard Ratio (95 % CI) [b]	Unstratified log-rank p-value [c]	P-value [d]	
Choice of Anthracycline											0.1498	
Daunorubicin	123	3 (2.4)	120 (97.6)	NE (NE, NE)	94	2 (2.1)	92 (97.9)	NE (NE, NE)	1.136 (0.190, 6.799)	0.8887		
Idarubicin	142	7 (4.9)	135 (95.1)	NE (NE, NE)	171	1 (0.6)	170 (99.4)	NE (NE, NE)	8.463 (1.041, 68.803)	0.0164		

N: number of subjects in analysis set; n: number of subjects in subgroup category; %: proportion of number of subjects in n; CI: confidence interval; NE: not estimable. PT: Preferred Term, SOC: System Organ Class.

[a] Median time to first event is from Kaplan-Meier estimate. Confidence Interval for median was computed using the Brookmeyer-Crowley method.

[b] Hazard ratio is from unstratified Cox proportional hazards model with treatment as the only categorical variable in the model. Confidence limits are based on the Wald test.

[c] Two-sided p-value from unstratified log-rank test.

[d] Two-sided interaction p-value is for the interaction term from unstratified Cox proportional hazards model with treatment, subgroup, and treatment-by-subgroup interaction as categorical variables in the model. The p-value is based on the Wald test.

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SOC: Skin and subcutaneous tissue disorders; PT: Rash erythematous

		Quizartinib (N=265)				Placebo (N=268)				Quizartinib vs Placebo		Interaction
Subgroup	n	No. of subjects with events (%)	No. of subjects censored (%)	Median (95 % CI) (months) [a]	n	No. of subjects with events (%)	No. of subjects censored (%)	Median (95 % CI) (months) [a]	Hazard Ratio (95 % CI) [b]	Unstratified log-rank p-value [c]	P-value [d]	
AML Cytogenetic Risk Score											1.0000	
Favorable	13	0	13 (100)	NE (NE, NE)	19	0	19 (100)	NE (NE, NE)	NE (NE, NE)	NE		
Intermediate	195	9 (4.6)	186 (95.4)	NE (NE, NE)	190	2 (1.1)	188 (98.9)	NE (NE, NE)	4.220 (0.911, 19.541)	0.0450		
Unfavorable	19	0	19 (100)	NE (NE, NE)	27	1 (3.7)	26 (96.3)	NE (NE, NE)	0.000 (0.000, NE)	0.4386		
Unknown	38	1 (2.6)	37 (97.4)	NE (NE, NE)	31	0	31 (100)	NE (NE, NE)	NE (0.000, NE)	0.3340		

N: number of subjects in analysis set; n: number of subjects in subgroup category; %: proportion of number of subjects in n; CI: confidence interval; NE: not estimable. PT: Preferred Term, SOC: System Organ Class.

[a] Median time to first event is from Kaplan-Meier estimate. Confidence Interval for median was computed using the Brookmeyer-Crowley method.

[b] Hazard ratio is from unstratified Cox proportional hazards model with treatment as the only categorical variable in the model. Confidence limits are based on the Wald test.

[c] Two-sided p-value from unstratified log-rank test.

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SOC: Skin and subcutaneous tissue disorders; PT: Rash erythematous

		Quizartinib (N=265)					Placebo (N=268)					Quizartinib vs Placebo		Interaction
Subgroup	n	No. of subjects with events (%)	No. of subjects censored (%)	Median (95 % CI) (months) [a]	n	No. of subjects with events (%)	No. of subjects censored (%)	Median (95 % CI) (months) [a]	Hazard Ratio (95 % CI) [b]	Unstratified log-rank p-value [c]	P-value [d]			
ECOG Performance Status at Baseline												0.9998		
0 - Fully Active	87	3 (3.4)	84 (96.6)	NE (NE, NE)	97	2 (2.1)	95 (97.9)	NE (NE, NE)	1.630 (0.272, 9.757)	0.5887				
1 - Restricted in Physically Strenuous Activity	133	5 (3.8)	128 (96.2)	NE (NE, NE)	134	0	134 (100)	NE (NE, NE)	NE (0.000, NE)	0.0270				
2 - Ambulatory and Capable of All Selfcare	45	2 (4.4)	43 (95.6)	NE (NE, NE)	36	1 (2.8)	35 (97.2)	NE (NE, NE)	1.597 (0.145, 17.610)	0.6997				

N: number of subjects in analysis set; n: number of subjects in subgroup category; %: proportion of number of subjects in n; CI: confidence interval; NE: not estimable. PT: Preferred Term, SOC: System Organ Class.

[a] Median time to first event is from Kaplan-Meier estimate. Confidence Interval for median was computed using the Brookmeyer-Crowley method.

[b] Hazard ratio is from unstratified Cox proportional hazards model with treatment as the only categorical variable in the model. Confidence limits are based on the Wald test.

[c] Two-sided p-value from unstratified log-rank test.

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SOC: Skin and subcutaneous tissue disorders; PT: Rash erythematous

		Quizartinib (N=265)				Placebo (N=268)				Quizartinib vs Placebo		Interaction
Subgroup	n	No. of subjects with events (%)	No. of subjects censored (%)	Median (95 % CI) (months) [a]	n	No. of subjects with events (%)	No. of subjects censored (%)	Median (95 % CI) (months) [a]	Hazard Ratio (95 % CI) [b]	Unstratified log-rank p-value [c]	P-value [d]	
FLT3-ITD category at Baseline											0.9380	
≥3 to ≤25%	94	1 (1.1)	93 (98.9)	NE (NE, NE)	98	0	98 (100)	NE (NE, NE)	NE (0.000, NE)	0.2888		
>25% to ≤50%	141	7 (5.0)	134 (95.0)	NE (NE, NE)	136	2 (1.5)	134 (98.5)	NE (NE, NE)	3.384 (0.703, 16.296)	0.1060		
>50%	29	2 (6.9)	27 (93.1)	NE (NE, NE)	34	1 (2.9)	33 (97.1)	NE (NE, NE)	2.305 (0.209, 25.424)	0.4827		

N: number of subjects in analysis set; n: number of subjects in subgroup category; %: proportion of number of subjects in n; CI: confidence interval; NE: not estimable. PT: Preferred Term, SOC: System Organ Class.

[a] Median time to first event is from Kaplan-Meier estimate. Confidence Interval for median was computed using the Brookmeyer-Crowley method.

[b] Hazard ratio is from unstratified Cox proportional hazards model with treatment as the only categorical variable in the model. Confidence limits are based on the Wald test.

[c] Two-sided p-value from unstratified log-rank test.

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SOC: Skin and subcutaneous tissue disorders; PT: Rash erythematous

		Quizartinib (N=265)				Placebo (N=268)				Quizartinib vs Placebo		Interaction
Subgroup	n	No. of subjects with events (%)	No. of subjects censored (%)	Median (95 % CI) (months) [a]	n	No. of subjects with events (%)	No. of subjects censored (%)	Median (95 % CI) (months) [a]	Hazard Ratio (95 % CI) [b]	Unstratified log-rank p-value [c]	P-value [d]	
AML with Mutated NPM1											0.6212	
Yes	139	8 (5.8)	131 (94.2)	NE (NE, NE)	137	2 (1.5)	135 (98.5)	NE (NE, NE)	4.058 (0.862, 19.110)	0.0549		
No	116	2 (1.7)	114 (98.3)	NE (NE, NE)	120	1 (0.8)	119 (99.2)	NE (NE, NE)	2.020 (0.183, 22.285)	0.5578		

N: number of subjects in analysis set; n: number of subjects in subgroup category; %: proportion of number of subjects in n; CI: confidence interval; NE: not estimable. PT: Preferred Term, SOC: System Organ Class.

[a] Median time to first event is from Kaplan-Meier estimate. Confidence Interval for median was computed using the Brookmeyer-Crowley method.

[b] Hazard ratio is from unstratified Cox proportional hazards model with treatment as the only categorical variable in the model. Confidence limits are based on the Wald test.

[c] Two-sided p-value from unstratified log-rank test.

[d] Two-sided interaction p-value is for the interaction term from unstratified Cox proportional hazards model with treatment, subgroup, and treatment-by-subgroup interaction as categorical variables in the model. The p-value is based on the Wald test.

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SOC: Skin and subcutaneous tissue disorders; PT: Rash erythematous

		Quizartinib (N=265)				Placebo (N=268)				Quizartinib vs Placebo		Interaction
Subgroup	n	No. of subjects with events (%)	No. of subjects censored (%)	Median (95 % CI) (months) [a]	n	No. of subjects with events (%)	No. of subjects censored (%)	Median (95 % CI) (months) [a]	Hazard Ratio (95 % CI) [b]	Unstratified log-rank p-value [c]	P-value [d]	
Age by 2 categories											0.6690	
≤60	164	5 (3.0)	159 (97.0)	NE (NE, NE)	163	1 (0.6)	162 (99.4)	NE (NE, NE)	5.009 (0.585, 42.875)	0.1020		
>60	101	5 (5.0)	96 (95.0)	NE (NE, NE)	105	2 (1.9)	103 (98.1)	NE (NE, NE)	2.749 (0.533, 14.171)	0.2075		

N: number of subjects in analysis set; n: number of subjects in subgroup category; %: proportion of number of subjects in n; CI: confidence interval; NE: not estimable. PT: Preferred Term, SOC: System Organ Class.

[a] Median time to first event is from Kaplan-Meier estimate. Confidence Interval for median was computed using the Brookmeyer-Crowley method.

[b] Hazard ratio is from unstratified Cox proportional hazards model with treatment as the only categorical variable in the model. Confidence limits are based on the Wald test.

[c] Two-sided p-value from unstratified log-rank test.

[d] Two-sided interaction p-value is for the interaction term from unstratified Cox proportional hazards model with treatment, subgroup, and treatment-by-subgroup interaction as categorical variables in the model. The p-value is based on the Wald test.

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SOC: Skin and subcutaneous tissue disorders; PT: Petechiae

Subgroup	n	Quizartinib (N=265)				Placebo (N=268)				Quizartinib vs Placebo		Interaction
		No. of subjects with events (%)	No. of subjects censored (%)	Median (95 % CI) (months) [a]	n	No. of subjects with events (%)	No. of subjects censored (%)	Median (95 % CI) (months) [a]	n	Hazard Ratio (95 % CI) [b]	Unstratified log-rank p-value [c]	P-value [d]
Pooled Age Group 2											0.7988	
<60	159	5 (3.1)	154 (96.9)	NE (NE, NE)	160	6 (3.8)	154 (96.3)	NE (NE, NE)	160	0.839 (0.256, 2.751)	0.7713	
≥60 - <65	37	2 (5.4)	35 (94.6)	NE (NE, NE)	43	2 (4.7)	41 (95.3)	NE (NE, NE)	43	1.123 (0.158, 7.979)	0.9081	
≥65	69	2 (2.9)	67 (97.1)	NE (NE, NE)	65	4 (6.2)	61 (93.8)	NE (NE, NE)	65	0.499 (0.091, 2.725)	0.4130	

N: number of subjects in analysis set; n: number of subjects in subgroup category; %: proportion of number of subjects in n; CI: confidence interval; NE: not estimable. PT: Preferred Term, SOC: System Organ Class.

[a] Median time to first event is from Kaplan-Meier estimate. Confidence Interval for median was computed using the Brookmeyer-Crowley method.

[b] Hazard ratio is from unstratified Cox proportional hazards model with treatment as the only categorical variable in the model. Confidence limits are based on the Wald test.

[c] Two-sided p-value from unstratified log-rank test.

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SOC: Skin and subcutaneous tissue disorders; PT: Petechiae

Subgroup	n	Quizartinib (N=265)				Placebo (N=268)				Quizartinib vs Placebo		Interaction
		No. of subjects with events (%)	No. of subjects censored (%)	Median (95 % CI) (months) [a]	n	No. of subjects with events (%)	No. of subjects censored (%)	Median (95 % CI) (months) [a]	n	Hazard Ratio (95 % CI) [b]	Unstratified log-rank p-value [c]	P-value [d]
Sex												0.0280
Male	124	7 (5.6)	117 (94.4)	NE (NE, NE)	120	3 (2.5)	117 (97.5)	NE (NE, NE)	120	2.278 (0.589, 8.812)	0.2196	
Female	141	2 (1.4)	139 (98.6)	NE (NE, NE)	148	9 (6.1)	139 (93.9)	NE (NE, NE)	148	0.234 (0.051, 1.084)	0.0430	

N: number of subjects in analysis set; n: number of subjects in subgroup category; %: proportion of number of subjects in n; CI: confidence interval; NE: not estimable. PT: Preferred Term, SOC: System Organ Class.

[a] Median time to first event is from Kaplan-Meier estimate. Confidence Interval for median was computed using the Brookmeyer-Crowley method.

[b] Hazard ratio is from unstratified Cox proportional hazards model with treatment as the only categorical variable in the model. Confidence limits are based on the Wald test.

[c] Two-sided p-value from unstratified log-rank test.

[d] Two-sided interaction p-value is for the interaction term from unstratified Cox proportional hazards model with treatment, subgroup, and treatment-by-subgroup interaction as categorical variables in the model. The p-value is based on the Wald test.

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Run date: 21JUL2023 – 22:02; Program name: DE_T_3_11_2.sas; Output name: DE_T_3_11_2_TEAESOCPT_SUB_SAS.rtf

Medizinischer Nutzen, medizinischer Zusatznutzen, Patientengruppen mit therap. bedeutsamem Zusatznutzen

Daichi Sankyo | Data Intelligence – Evidence Generation | Final | AC220-A-U302 QUANTUM-First (DCO 13 Aug 2021) | Statistical analyses for AMNOG (HTA Germany)
 Table 3.11.2 Treatment-emergent adverse events by system organ class (SOC) and preferred term (PT) observed for ≥ 10 patients in at least one arm and ≥ 1% of the patients in at least one arm - Time-to-event analysis - subgroup analysis - DCO 13-Aug-2021 - Safety Analysis Set

SOC: Skin and subcutaneous tissue disorders; PT: Petechiae

		Quizartinib (N=265)				Placebo (N=268)				Quizartinib vs Placebo		Interaction
Subgroup	n	No. of subjects with events (%)	No. of subjects censored (%)	Median (95 % CI) (months) [a]	n	No. of subjects with events (%)	No. of subjects censored (%)	Median (95 % CI) (months) [a]	Hazard Ratio (95 % CI) [b]	Unstratified log-rank p-value [c]	P-value [d]	
Race by 2 categories											0.3278	
White	157	7 (4.5)	150 (95.5)	NE (NE, NE)	161	7 (4.3)	154 (95.7)	NE (NE, NE)	1.025 (0.359, 2.924)	0.9635		
Non-white	108	2 (1.9)	106 (98.1)	NE (NE, NE)	107	5 (4.7)	102 (95.3)	NE (NE, NE)	0.391 (0.076, 2.018)	0.2450		

N: number of subjects in analysis set; n: number of subjects in subgroup category; %: proportion of number of subjects in n; CI: confidence interval; NE: not estimable. PT: Preferred Term, SOC: System Organ Class.

[a] Median time to first event is from Kaplan-Meier estimate. Confidence Interval for median was computed using the Brookmeyer-Crowley method.

[b] Hazard ratio is from unstratified Cox proportional hazards model with treatment as the only categorical variable in the model. Confidence limits are based on the Wald test.

[c] Two-sided p-value from unstratified log-rank test.

[d] Two-sided interaction p-value is for the interaction term from unstratified Cox proportional hazards model with treatment, subgroup, and treatment-by-subgroup interaction as categorical variables in the model. The p-value is based on the Wald test.

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SOC: Skin and subcutaneous tissue disorders; PT: Petechiae

		Quizartinib (N=265)					Placebo (N=268)					Quizartinib vs Placebo		Interaction
Subgroup	n	No. of subjects with events (%)	No. of subjects censored (%)	Median (95 % CI) (months) [a]	n	No. of subjects with events (%)	No. of subjects censored (%)	Median (95 % CI) (months) [a]	Hazard Ratio (95 % CI) [b]	Unstratified log-rank p-value [c]	P-value [d]			
Geographic Region 1													0.5544	
North America	16	0	16 (100)	NE (NE, NE)	18	3 (16.7)	15 (83.3)	NE (NE, NE)	0.000 (0.000, NE)	0.1378				
Europe	161	8 (5.0)	153 (95.0)	NE (NE, NE)	161	6 (3.7)	155 (96.3)	NE (NE, NE)	1.333 (0.462, 3.845)	0.5930				
Asia/Other Regions	88	1 (1.1)	87 (98.9)	NE (NE, NE)	89	3 (3.4)	86 (96.6)	NE (NE, NE)	0.345 (0.036, 3.318)	0.3343				

N: number of subjects in analysis set; n: number of subjects in subgroup category; %: proportion of number of subjects in n; CI: confidence interval; NE: not estimable. PT: Preferred Term, SOC: System Organ Class.

[a] Median time to first event is from Kaplan-Meier estimate. Confidence Interval for median was computed using the Brookmeyer-Crowley method.

[b] Hazard ratio is from unstratified Cox proportional hazards model with treatment as the only categorical variable in the model. Confidence limits are based on the Wald test.

[c] Two-sided p-value from unstratified log-rank test.

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SOC: Skin and subcutaneous tissue disorders; PT: Petechiae

Subgroup	n	Quizartinib (N=265)				Placebo (N=268)				Quizartinib vs Placebo		Interaction
		No. of subjects with events (%)	No. of subjects censored (%)	Median (95 % CI) (months) [a]	n	No. of subjects with events (%)	No. of subjects censored (%)	Median (95 % CI) (months) [a]	n	Hazard Ratio (95 % CI) [b]	Unstratified log-rank p-value [c]	P-value [d]
WBC at initial diagnosis											0.4879	
< 40x10 ⁹ /L	132	5 (3.8)	127 (96.2)	NE (NE, NE)	133	5 (3.8)	128 (96.2)	NE (NE, NE)	135	1.042 (0.302, 3.598)	0.9476	
≥ 40x10 ⁹ /L	133	4 (3.0)	129 (97.0)	NE (NE, NE)	135	7 (5.2)	128 (94.8)	NE (NE, NE)	135	0.559 (0.163, 1.911)	0.3466	

N: number of subjects in analysis set; n: number of subjects in subgroup category; %: proportion of number of subjects in n; CI: confidence interval; NE: not estimable. PT: Preferred Term, SOC: System Organ Class.

[a] Median time to first event is from Kaplan-Meier estimate. Confidence Interval for median was computed using the Brookmeyer-Crowley method.

[b] Hazard ratio is from unstratified Cox proportional hazards model with treatment as the only categorical variable in the model. Confidence limits are based on the Wald test.

[c] Two-sided p-value from unstratified log-rank test.

[d] Two-sided interaction p-value is for the interaction term from unstratified Cox proportional hazards model with treatment, subgroup, and treatment-by-subgroup interaction as categorical variables in the model. The p-value is based on the Wald test.

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SOC: Skin and subcutaneous tissue disorders; PT: Petechiae

		Quizartinib (N=265)				Placebo (N=268)				Quizartinib vs Placebo		Interaction
Subgroup	n	No. of subjects with events (%)	No. of subjects censored (%)	Median (95 % CI) (months) [a]	n	No. of subjects with events (%)	No. of subjects censored (%)	Median (95 % CI) (months) [a]	Hazard Ratio (95 % CI) [b]	Unstratified log-rank p-value [c]	P-value [d]	
Choice of Anthracycline											0.2990	
Daunorubicin	123	2 (1.6)	121 (98.4)	NE (NE, NE)	94	4 (4.3)	90 (95.7)	NE (NE, NE)	0.373 (0.068, 2.037)	0.2357		
Idarubicin	142	7 (4.9)	135 (95.1)	NE (NE, NE)	171	8 (4.7)	163 (95.3)	NE (NE, NE)	1.068 (0.387, 2.945)	0.8989		

N: number of subjects in analysis set; n: number of subjects in subgroup category; %: proportion of number of subjects in n; CI: confidence interval; NE: not estimable. PT: Preferred Term, SOC: System Organ Class.

[a] Median time to first event is from Kaplan-Meier estimate. Confidence Interval for median was computed using the Brookmeyer-Crowley method.

[b] Hazard ratio is from unstratified Cox proportional hazards model with treatment as the only categorical variable in the model. Confidence limits are based on the Wald test.

[c] Two-sided p-value from unstratified log-rank test.

[d] Two-sided interaction p-value is for the interaction term from unstratified Cox proportional hazards model with treatment, subgroup, and treatment-by-subgroup interaction as categorical variables in the model. The p-value is based on the Wald test.

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SOC: Skin and subcutaneous tissue disorders; PT: Petechiae

		Quizartinib (N=265)				Placebo (N=268)				Quizartinib vs Placebo		Interaction
Subgroup	n	No. of subjects with events (%)	No. of subjects censored (%)	Median (95 % CI) (months) [a]	n	No. of subjects with events (%)	No. of subjects censored (%)	Median (95 % CI) (months) [a]	Hazard Ratio (95 % CI) [b]	Unstratified log-rank p-value [c]	P-value [d]	
AML Cytogenetic Risk Score											0.7497	
Favorable	13	0	13 (100)	NE (NE, NE)	19	0	19 (100)	NE (NE, NE)	NE (NE, NE)	NE		
Intermediate	195	8 (4.1)	187 (95.9)	NE (NE, NE)	190	7 (3.7)	183 (96.3)	NE (NE, NE)	1.103 (0.400, 3.043)	0.8501		
Unfavorable	19	0	19 (100)	NE (NE, NE)	27	2 (7.4)	25 (92.6)	NE (NE, NE)	0.000 (0.000, NE)	0.2641		
Unknown	38	1 (2.6)	37 (97.4)	NE (NE, NE)	31	3 (9.7)	28 (90.3)	NE (NE, NE)	0.280 (0.029, 2.688)	0.2398		

N: number of subjects in analysis set; n: number of subjects in subgroup category; %: proportion of number of subjects in n; CI: confidence interval; NE: not estimable. PT: Preferred Term, SOC: System Organ Class.

[a] Median time to first event is from Kaplan-Meier estimate. Confidence Interval for median was computed using the Brookmeyer-Crowley method.

[b] Hazard ratio is from unstratified Cox proportional hazards model with treatment as the only categorical variable in the model. Confidence limits are based on the Wald test.

[c] Two-sided p-value from unstratified log-rank test.

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SOC: Skin and subcutaneous tissue disorders; PT: Petechiae

		Quizartinib (N=265)				Placebo (N=268)				Quizartinib vs Placebo		Interaction
Subgroup	n	No. of subjects with events (%)	No. of subjects censored (%)	Median (95 % CI) (months) [a]	n	No. of subjects with events (%)	No. of subjects censored (%)	Median (95 % CI) (months) [a]	Hazard Ratio (95 % CI) [b]	Unstratified log-rank p-value [c]	P-value [d]	
ECOG Performance Status at Baseline											0.6297	
0 - Fully Active	87	1 (1.1)	86 (98.9)	NE (NE, NE)	97	5 (5.2)	92 (94.8)	NE (NE, NE)	0.210 (0.024, 1.796)	0.1154		
1 - Restricted in Physically Strenuous Activity	133	5 (3.8)	128 (96.2)	NE (NE, NE)	134	7 (5.2)	127 (94.8)	NE (NE, NE)	0.719 (0.228, 2.266)	0.5725		
2 - Ambulatory and Capable of All Selfcare	45	3 (6.7)	42 (93.3)	NE (NE, NE)	36	0	36 (100)	NE (NE, NE)	NE (0.000, NE)	0.1130		

N: number of subjects in analysis set; n: number of subjects in subgroup category; %: proportion of number of subjects in n; CI: confidence interval; NE: not estimable. PT: Preferred Term, SOC: System Organ Class.

[a] Median time to first event is from Kaplan-Meier estimate. Confidence Interval for median was computed using the Brookmeyer-Crowley method.

[b] Hazard ratio is from unstratified Cox proportional hazards model with treatment as the only categorical variable in the model. Confidence limits are based on the Wald test.

[c] Two-sided p-value is for the interaction term from unstratified Cox proportional hazards model with treatment, subgroup, and treatment-by-subgroup interaction as categorical variables in the model.

[d] The p-value is based on the Wald test.

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SOC: Skin and subcutaneous tissue disorders; PT: Petechiae

		Quizartinib (N=265)				Placebo (N=268)				Quizartinib vs Placebo		Interaction
Subgroup	n	No. of subjects with events (%)	No. of subjects censored (%)	Median (95 % CI) (months) [a]	n	No. of subjects with events (%)	No. of subjects censored (%)	Median (95 % CI) (months) [a]	Hazard Ratio (95 % CI) [b]	Unstratified log-rank p-value [c]	P-value [d]	
FLT3-ITD category at Baseline											0.7049	
≥3 to ≤25%	94	3 (3.2)	91 (96.8)	NE (NE, NE)	98	7 (7.1)	91 (92.9)	NE (NE, NE)	0.446 (0.115, 1.726)	0.2299		
>25% to ≤50%	141	5 (3.5)	136 (96.5)	NE (NE, NE)	136	5 (3.7)	131 (96.3)	NE (NE, NE)	0.989 (0.286, 3.418)	0.9865		
>50%	29	1 (3.4)	28 (96.6)	NE (NE, NE)	34	0	34 (100)	NE (NE, NE)	NE (0.000, NE)	0.2789		

N: number of subjects in analysis set; n: number of subjects in subgroup category; %: proportion of number of subjects in n; CI: confidence interval; NE: not estimable. PT: Preferred Term, SOC: System Organ Class.

[a] Median time to first event is from Kaplan-Meier estimate. Confidence Interval for median was computed using the Brookmeyer-Crowley method.

[b] Hazard ratio is from unstratified Cox proportional hazards model with treatment as the only categorical variable in the model. Confidence limits are based on the Wald test.

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SOC: Skin and subcutaneous tissue disorders; PT: Petechiae

		Quizartinib (N=265)				Placebo (N=268)				Quizartinib vs Placebo		Interaction
Subgroup	n	No. of subjects with events (%)	No. of subjects censored (%)	Median (95 % CI) (months) [a]	n	No. of subjects with events (%)	No. of subjects censored (%)	Median (95 % CI) (months) [a]	Hazard Ratio (95 % CI) [b]	Unstratified log-rank p-value [c]	P-value [d]	
AML with Mutated NPM1											0.2992	
Yes	139	4 (2.9)	135 (97.1)	NE (NE, NE)	137	8 (5.8)	129 (94.2)	NE (NE, NE)	0.492 (0.148, 1.636)	0.2375		
No	116	5 (4.3)	111 (95.7)	NE (NE, NE)	120	4 (3.3)	116 (96.7)	NE (NE, NE)	1.302 (0.349, 4.847)	0.6935		

N: number of subjects in analysis set; n: number of subjects in subgroup category; %: proportion of number of subjects in n; CI: confidence interval; NE: not estimable. PT: Preferred Term, SOC: System Organ Class.

[a] Median time to first event is from Kaplan-Meier estimate. Confidence Interval for median was computed using the Brookmeyer-Crowley method.

[b] Hazard ratio is from unstratified Cox proportional hazards model with treatment as the only categorical variable in the model. Confidence limits are based on the Wald test.

[c] Two-sided p-value from unstratified log-rank test.

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SOC: Skin and subcutaneous tissue disorders; PT: Petechiae

Subgroup	n	Quizartinib (N=265)				Placebo (N=268)				Quizartinib vs Placebo		Interaction
		No. of subjects with events (%)	No. of subjects censored (%)	Median (95 % CI) (months) [a]	n	No. of subjects with events (%)	No. of subjects censored (%)	Median (95 % CI) (months) [a]	n	Hazard Ratio (95 % CI) [b]	Unstratified log-rank p-value [c]	P-value [d]
Age by 2 categories											0.8702	
≤60	164	5 (3.0)	159 (97.0)	NE (NE, NE)	163	6 (3.7)	157 (96.3)	NE (NE, NE)	163	0.826 (0.252, 2.708)	0.7513	
>60	101	4 (4.0)	97 (96.0)	NE (NE, NE)	105	6 (5.7)	99 (94.3)	NE (NE, NE)	105	0.716 (0.202, 2.538)	0.6035	

N: number of subjects in analysis set; n: number of subjects in subgroup category; %: proportion of number of subjects in n; CI: confidence interval; NE: not estimable. PT: Preferred Term, SOC: System Organ Class.

[a] Median time to first event is from Kaplan-Meier estimate. Confidence Interval for median was computed using the Brookmeyer-Crowley method.

[b] Hazard ratio is from unstratified Cox proportional hazards model with treatment as the only categorical variable in the model. Confidence limits are based on the Wald test.

[c] Two-sided p-value from unstratified log-rank test.

[d] Two-sided interaction p-value is for the interaction term from unstratified Cox proportional hazards model with treatment, subgroup, and treatment-by-subgroup interaction as categorical variables in the model. The p-value is based on the Wald test.

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SOC: Skin and subcutaneous tissue disorders; PT: Rash maculo-papular

Subgroup	n	Quizartinib (N=265)				Placebo (N=268)				Quizartinib vs Placebo		Interaction
		No. of subjects with events (%)	No. of subjects censored (%)	Median (95 % CI) (months) [a]	n	No. of subjects with events (%)	No. of subjects censored (%)	Median (95 % CI) (months) [a]	n	Hazard Ratio (95 % CI) [b]	Unstratified log-rank p-value [c]	P-value [d]
Pooled Age Group 2											0.3717	
<60	159	3 (1.9)	156 (98.1)	NE (NE, NE)	160	8 (5.0)	152 (95.0)	NE (NE, NE)	160	0.353 (0.094, 1.334)	0.1088	
≥60 - <65	37	4 (10.8)	33 (89.2)	NE (16.1, NE)	43	3 (7.0)	40 (93.0)	NE (NE, NE)	43	1.272 (0.283, 5.717)	0.7529	
≥65	69	1 (1.4)	68 (98.6)	NE (NE, NE)	65	1 (1.5)	64 (98.5)	NE (NE, NE)	65	0.971 (0.061, 15.522)	0.9832	

N: number of subjects in analysis set; n: number of subjects in subgroup category; %: proportion of number of subjects in n; CI: confidence interval; NE: not estimable. PT: Preferred Term, SOC: System Organ Class.

[a] Median time to first event is from Kaplan-Meier estimate. Confidence Interval for median was computed using the Brookmeyer-Crowley method.

[b] Hazard ratio is from unstratified Cox proportional hazards model with treatment as the only categorical variable in the model. Confidence limits are based on the Wald test.

[c] Two-sided p-value from unstratified log-rank test.

[d] Two-sided interaction p-value is for the interaction term from unstratified Cox proportional hazards model with treatment, subgroup, and treatment-by-subgroup interaction as categorical variables in the model. The p-value is based on the Wald test.

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Run date: 21JUL2023 – 22:02; Program name: DE_T_3_11_2.sas; Output name: DE_T_3_11_2_TEAESOCPT_SUB_SAS.rtf

Medizinischer Nutzen, medizinischer Zusatznutzen, Patientengruppen mit therap. bedeutsamem Zusatznutzen

Daichi Sankyo | Data Intelligence – Evidence Generation | Final | AC220-A-U302 QUANTUM-First (DCO 13 Aug 2021) | Statistical analyses for AMNOG (HTA Germany)
 Table 3.11.2 Treatment-emergent adverse events by system organ class (SOC) and preferred term (PT) observed for ≥ 10 patients in at least one arm and ≥ 1% of the patients in at least one arm - Time-to-event analysis - subgroup analysis - DCO 13-Aug-2021 - Safety Analysis Set

SOC: Skin and subcutaneous tissue disorders; PT: Rash maculo-papular

Subgroup	n	Quizartinib (N=265)				Placebo (N=268)				Quizartinib vs Placebo		Interaction
		No. of subjects with events (%)	No. of subjects censored (%)	Median (95 % CI) [a]	n	No. of subjects with events (%)	No. of subjects censored (%)	Median (95 % CI) [a]	n	Hazard Ratio (95 % CI) [b]	Unstratified log-rank p-value [c]	P-value [d]
Sex												0.1446
Male	124	4 (3.2)	120 (96.8)	NE (NE, NE)	120	2 (1.7)	118 (98.3)	NE (NE, NE)	120	1.815 (0.331, 9.946)	0.4860	
Female	141	4 (2.8)	137 (97.2)	NE (NE, NE)	148	10 (6.8)	138 (93.2)	NE (NE, NE)	148	0.389 (0.122, 1.241)	0.0982	

N: number of subjects in analysis set; n: number of subjects in subgroup category; %: proportion of number of subjects in n; CI: confidence interval; NE: not estimable. PT: Preferred Term, SOC: System Organ Class.

[a] Median time to first event is from Kaplan-Meier estimate. Confidence Interval for median was computed using the Brookmeyer-Crowley method.

[b] Hazard ratio is from unstratified Cox proportional hazards model with treatment as the only categorical variable in the model. Confidence limits are based on the Wald test.

[c] Two-sided p-value from unstratified log-rank test.

[d] Two-sided interaction p-value is for the interaction term from unstratified Cox proportional hazards model with treatment, subgroup, and treatment-by-subgroup interaction as categorical variables in the model. The p-value is based on the Wald test.

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SOC: Skin and subcutaneous tissue disorders; PT: Rash maculo-papular

		Quizartinib (N=265)				Placebo (N=268)				Quizartinib vs Placebo		Interaction
Subgroup	n	No. of subjects with events (%)	No. of subjects censored (%)	Median (95 % CI) (months) [a]	n	No. of subjects with events (%)	No. of subjects censored (%)	Median (95 % CI) (months) [a]	Hazard Ratio (95 % CI) [b]	Unstratified log-rank p-value [c]	P-value [d]	
Race by 2 categories											0.2491	
White	157	4 (2.5)	153 (97.5)	NE (NE, NE)	161	9 (5.6)	152 (94.4)	NE (NE, NE)	0.423 (0.130, 1.378)	0.1414		
Non-white	108	4 (3.7)	104 (96.3)	NE (NE, NE)	107	3 (2.8)	104 (97.2)	NE (NE, NE)	1.254 (0.280, 5.607)	0.7667		

N: number of subjects in analysis set; n: number of subjects in subgroup category; %: proportion of number of subjects in n; CI: confidence interval; NE: not estimable. PT: Preferred Term, SOC: System Organ Class.

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SOC: Skin and subcutaneous tissue disorders; PT: Rash maculo-papular

		Quizartinib (N=265)				Placebo (N=268)				Quizartinib vs Placebo		Interaction
Subgroup	n	No. of subjects with events (%)	No. of subjects censored (%)	Median (95 % CI) (months) [a]	n	No. of subjects with events (%)	No. of subjects censored (%)	Median (95 % CI) (months) [a]	Hazard Ratio (95 % CI) [b]	Unstratified log-rank p-value [c]	P-value [d]	
Geographic Region 1											0.2982	
North America	16	2 (12.5)	14 (87.5)	NE (9.7, NE)	18	7 (38.9)	11 (61.1)	NE (1.3, NE)	0.290 (0.060, 1.400)	0.1018		
Europe	161	4 (2.5)	157 (97.5)	NE (NE, NE)	161	2 (1.2)	159 (98.8)	NE (NE, NE)	1.831 (0.334, 10.041)	0.4796		
Asia/Other Regions	88	2 (2.3)	86 (97.7)	NE (NE, NE)	89	3 (3.4)	86 (96.6)	NE (NE, NE)	0.629 (0.105, 3.774)	0.6093		

N: number of subjects in analysis set; n: number of subjects in subgroup category; %: proportion of number of subjects in n; CI: confidence interval; NE: not estimable. PT: Preferred Term, SOC: System Organ Class.

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SOC: Skin and subcutaneous tissue disorders; PT: Rash maculo-papular

Subgroup	n	Quizartinib (N=265)				Placebo (N=268)				Quizartinib vs Placebo		Interaction
		No. of subjects with events (%)	No. of subjects censored (%)	Median (95 % CI) [a]	n	No. of subjects with events (%)	No. of subjects censored (%)	Median (95 % CI) [a]	n	Hazard Ratio (95 % CI) [b]	Unstratified log-rank p-value [c]	P-value [d]
WBC at initial diagnosis											0.4305	
< 40x10 ⁹ /L	132	3 (2.3)	129 (97.7)	NE (NE, NE)	133	7 (5.3)	126 (94.7)	NE (NE, NE)	135	0.436 (0.113, 1.686)	0.2157	
≥ 40x10 ⁹ /L	133	5 (3.8)	128 (96.2)	NE (NE, NE)	135	5 (3.7)	130 (96.3)	NE (NE, NE)	135	0.859 (0.247, 2.982)	0.8114	

N: number of subjects in analysis set; n: number of subjects in subgroup category; %: proportion of number of subjects in n; CI: confidence interval; NE: not estimable. PT: Preferred Term, SOC: System Organ Class.

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SOC: Skin and subcutaneous tissue disorders; PT: Rash maculo-papular

		Quizartinib (N=265)				Placebo (N=268)				Quizartinib vs Placebo		Interaction
Subgroup	n	No. of subjects with events (%)	No. of subjects censored (%)	Median (95 % CI) (months) [a]	n	No. of subjects with events (%)	No. of subjects censored (%)	Median (95 % CI) (months) [a]	Hazard Ratio (95 % CI) [b]	Unstratified log-rank p-value [c]	P-value [d]	
Choice of Anthracycline											0.6045	
Daunorubicin	123	4 (3.3)	119 (96.7)	NE (NE, NE)	94	6 (6.4)	88 (93.6)	NE (NE, NE)	0.464 (0.131, 1.646)	0.2232		
Idarubicin	142	4 (2.8)	138 (97.2)	NE (NE, NE)	171	6 (3.5)	165 (96.5)	NE (NE, NE)	0.744 (0.209, 2.644)	0.6471		

N: number of subjects in analysis set; n: number of subjects in subgroup category; %: proportion of number of subjects in n; CI: confidence interval; NE: not estimable. PT: Preferred Term, SOC: System Organ Class.

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SOC: Skin and subcutaneous tissue disorders; PT: Rash maculo-papular

		Quizartinib (N=265)				Placebo (N=268)				Quizartinib vs Placebo		Interaction
Subgroup	n	No. of subjects with events (%)	No. of subjects censored (%)	Median (95 % CI) (months) [a]	n	No. of subjects with events (%)	No. of subjects censored (%)	Median (95 % CI) (months) [a]	Hazard Ratio (95 % CI) [b]	Unstratified log-rank p-value [c]	P-value [d]	
AML Cytogenetic Risk Score											0.9570	
Favorable	13	0	13 (100)	NE (NE, NE)	19	2 (10.5)	17 (89.5)	NE (NE, NE)	0.000 (0.000, NE)	0.2451		
Intermediate	195	6 (3.1)	189 (96.9)	NE (NE, NE)	190	9 (4.7)	181 (95.3)	NE (NE, NE)	0.586 (0.208, 1.650)	0.3061		
Unfavorable	19	1 (5.3)	18 (94.7)	NE (4.6, NE)	27	1 (3.7)	26 (96.3)	NE (NE, NE)	1.354 (0.084, 21.726)	0.8299		
Unknown	38	1 (2.6)	37 (97.4)	NE (NE, NE)	31	0	31 (100)	NE (NE, NE)	NE (0.000, NE)	0.4054		

N: number of subjects in analysis set; n: number of subjects in subgroup category; %: proportion of number of subjects in n; CI: confidence interval; NE: not estimable. PT: Preferred Term, SOC: System Organ Class.

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SOC: Skin and subcutaneous tissue disorders; PT: Rash maculo-papular

		Quizartinib (N=265)					Placebo (N=268)					Quizartinib vs Placebo		Interaction
Subgroup	n	No. of subjects with events (%)	No. of subjects censored (%)	Median (95 % CI) (months) [a]	n	No. of subjects with events (%)	No. of subjects censored (%)	Median (95 % CI) (months) [a]	Hazard Ratio (95 % CI) [b]	Unstratified log-rank p-value [c]	P-value [d]			
ECOG Performance Status at Baseline												0.9219		
0 - Fully Active	87	2 (2.3)	85 (97.7)	NE (NE, NE)	97	4 (4.1)	93 (95.9)	NE (NE, NE)	0.539 (0.099, 2.946)	0.4687				
1 - Restricted in Physically Strenuous Activity	133	6 (4.5)	127 (95.5)	NE (NE, NE)	134	7 (5.2)	127 (94.8)	NE (NE, NE)	0.787 (0.264, 2.345)	0.6676				
2 - Ambulatory and Capable of All Selfcare	45	0	45 (100)	NE (NE, NE)	36	1 (2.8)	35 (97.2)	NE (NE, NE)	0.000 (0.000, NE)	0.3031				

N: number of subjects in analysis set; n: number of subjects in subgroup category; %: proportion of number of subjects in n; CI: confidence interval; NE: not estimable. PT: Preferred Term, SOC: System Organ Class.

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		Quizartinib (N=265)				Placebo (N=268)				Quizartinib vs Placebo		Interaction
Subgroup	n	No. of subjects with events (%)	No. of subjects censored (%)	Median (95 % CI) (months) [a]	n	No. of subjects with events (%)	No. of subjects censored (%)	Median (95 % CI) (months) [a]	Hazard Ratio (95 % CI) [b]	Unstratified log-rank p-value [c]	P-value [d]	
FLT3-ITD category at Baseline											0.9487	
≥3 to ≤25%	94	2 (2.1)	92 (97.9)	NE (NE, NE)	98	4 (4.1)	94 (95.9)	NE (NE, NE)	0.519 (0.095, 2.834)	0.4415		
>25% to ≤50%	141	4 (2.8)	137 (97.2)	NE (NE, NE)	136	5 (3.7)	131 (96.3)	NE (NE, NE)	0.729 (0.195, 2.720)	0.6357		
>50%	29	2 (6.9)	27 (93.1)	NE (16.1, NE)	34	3 (8.8)	31 (91.2)	NE (NE, NE)	0.512 (0.080, 3.273)	0.4727		

N: number of subjects in analysis set; n: number of subjects in subgroup category; %: proportion of number of subjects in n; CI: confidence interval; NE: not estimable. PT: Preferred Term, SOC: System Organ Class.

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Subgroup	n	No. of subjects with events (%)	No. of subjects censored (%)	Median (95 % CI) (months) [a]	n	No. of subjects with events (%)	No. of subjects censored (%)	Median (95 % CI) (months) [a]	Hazard Ratio (95 % CI) [b]	Unstratified log-rank p-value [c]	P-value [d]	
AML with Mutated NPM1											0.0239	
Yes	139	2 (1.4)	137 (98.6)	NE (NE, NE)	137	8 (5.8)	129 (94.2)	NE (NE, NE)	0.228 (0.048, 1.075)	0.0412		
No	116	6 (5.2)	110 (94.8)	NE (NE, NE)	120	2 (1.7)	118 (98.3)	NE (NE, NE)	2.894 (0.584, 14.345)	0.1729		

N: number of subjects in analysis set; n: number of subjects in subgroup category; %: proportion of number of subjects in n; CI: confidence interval; NE: not estimable. PT: Preferred Term, SOC: System Organ Class.

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		Quizartinib (N=265)				Placebo (N=268)				Quizartinib vs Placebo		Interaction
Subgroup	n	No. of subjects with events (%)	No. of subjects censored (%)	Median (95 % CI) (months) [a]	n	No. of subjects with events (%)	No. of subjects censored (%)	Median (95 % CI) (months) [a]	Hazard Ratio (95 % CI) [b]	Unstratified log-rank p-value [c]	P-value [d]	
Age by 2 categories											0.3584	
≤60	164	4 (2.4)	160 (97.6)	NE (NE, NE)	163	8 (4.9)	155 (95.1)	NE (NE, NE)	0.460 (0.138, 1.530)	0.1943		
>60	101	4 (4.0)	97 (96.0)	NE (NE, NE)	105	4 (3.8)	101 (96.2)	NE (NE, NE)	1.031 (0.258, 4.125)	0.9653		

N: number of subjects in analysis set; n: number of subjects in subgroup category; %: proportion of number of subjects in n; CI: confidence interval; NE: not estimable. PT: Preferred Term, SOC: System Organ Class.

[a] Median time to first event is from Kaplan-Meier estimate. Confidence Interval for median was computed using the Brookmeyer-Crowley method.

[b] Hazard ratio is from unstratified Cox proportional hazards model with treatment as the only categorical variable in the model. Confidence limits are based on the Wald test.

[c] Two-sided p-value from unstratified log-rank test.

[d] Two-sided interaction p-value is for the interaction term from unstratified Cox proportional hazards model with treatment, subgroup, and treatment-by-subgroup interaction as categorical variables in the model. The p-value is based on the Wald test.

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Medizinischer Nutzen, medizinischer Zusatznutzen, Patientengruppen mit therap. bedeutsamem Zusatznutzen

Daichi Sankyo | Data Intelligence – Evidence Generation | Final | AC220-A-U302 QUANTUM-First (DCO 13 Aug 2021) | Statistical analyses for AMNOG (HTA Germany)
 Table 3.11.2 Treatment-emergent adverse events by system organ class (SOC) and preferred term (PT) observed for ≥ 10 patients in at least one arm and ≥ 1% of the patients in at least one arm - Time-to-event analysis - subgroup analysis - DCO 13-Aug-2021 - Safety Analysis Set

SOC: Skin and subcutaneous tissue disorders; PT: Dry skin

		Quizartinib (N=265)				Placebo (N=268)				Quizartinib vs Placebo		Interaction
Subgroup	n	No. of subjects with events (%)	No. of subjects censored (%)	Median (95 % CI) (months) [a]	n	No. of subjects with events (%)	No. of subjects censored (%)	Median (95 % CI) (months) [a]	Hazard Ratio (95 % CI) [b]	Unstratified log-rank p-value [c]	P-value [d]	
Pooled Age Group 2											0.7236	
<60	159	5 (3.1)	154 (96.9)	NE (NE, NE)	160	5 (3.1)	155 (96.9)	NE (NE, NE)	0.907 (0.262, 3.141)	0.8771		
≥60 - <65	37	1 (2.7)	36 (97.3)	NE (NE, NE)	43	3 (7.0)	40 (93.0)	NE (14.1, NE)	0.324 (0.033, 3.139)	0.3058		
≥65	69	2 (2.9)	67 (97.1)	NE (NE, NE)	65	2 (3.1)	63 (96.9)	NE (NE, NE)	1.029 (0.145, 7.312)	0.9769		

N: number of subjects in analysis set; n: number of subjects in subgroup category; %: proportion of number of subjects in n; CI: confidence interval; NE: not estimable. PT: Preferred Term, SOC: System Organ Class.

[a] Median time to first event is from Kaplan-Meier estimate. Confidence Interval for median was computed using the Brookmeyer-Crowley method.

[b] Hazard ratio is from unstratified Cox proportional hazards model with treatment as the only categorical variable in the model. Confidence limits are based on the Wald test.

[c] Two-sided p-value from unstratified log-rank test.

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SOC: Skin and subcutaneous tissue disorders; PT: Dry skin

Subgroup	n	Quizartinib (N=265)				Placebo (N=268)				Quizartinib vs Placebo		Interaction
		No. of subjects with events (%)	No. of subjects censored (%)	Median (95 % CI) (months) [a]	n	No. of subjects with events (%)	No. of subjects censored (%)	Median (95 % CI) (months) [a]	n	Hazard Ratio (95 % CI) [b]	Unstratified log-rank p-value [c]	P-value [d]
Sex												0.9577
Male	124	5 (4.0)	119 (96.0)	NE (NE, NE)	120	6 (5.0)	114 (95.0)	NE (NE, NE)	120	0.740 (0.225, 2.434)	0.6194	
Female	141	3 (2.1)	138 (97.9)	NE (NE, NE)	148	4 (2.7)	144 (97.3)	NE (NE, NE)	148	0.736 (0.165, 3.291)	0.6870	

N: number of subjects in analysis set; n: number of subjects in subgroup category; %: proportion of number of subjects in n; CI: confidence interval; NE: not estimable. PT: Preferred Term, SOC: System Organ Class.

[a] Median time to first event is from Kaplan-Meier estimate. Confidence Interval for median was computed using the Brookmeyer-Crowley method.

[b] Hazard ratio is from unstratified Cox proportional hazards model with treatment as the only categorical variable in the model. Confidence limits are based on the Wald test.

[c] Two-sided p-value from unstratified log-rank test.

[d] Two-sided interaction p-value is for the interaction term from unstratified Cox proportional hazards model with treatment, subgroup, and treatment-by-subgroup interaction as categorical variables in the model. The p-value is based on the Wald test.

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SOC: Skin and subcutaneous tissue disorders; PT: Dry skin

		Quizartinib (N=265)				Placebo (N=268)				Quizartinib vs Placebo		Interaction
Subgroup	n	No. of subjects with events (%)	No. of subjects censored (%)	Median (95 % CI) (months) [a]	n	No. of subjects with events (%)	No. of subjects censored (%)	Median (95 % CI) (months) [a]	Hazard Ratio (95 % CI) [b]	Unstratified log-rank p-value [c]	P-value [d]	
Race by 2 categories											0.7245	
White	157	3 (1.9)	154 (98.1)	NE (NE, NE)	161	3 (1.9)	158 (98.1)	NE (NE, NE)	0.862 (0.173, 4.292)	0.8565		
Non-white	108	5 (4.6)	103 (95.4)	NE (NE, NE)	107	7 (6.5)	100 (93.5)	NE (NE, NE)	0.682 (0.216, 2.149)	0.5102		

N: number of subjects in analysis set; n: number of subjects in subgroup category; %: proportion of number of subjects in n; CI: confidence interval; NE: not estimable. PT: Preferred Term, SOC: System Organ Class.

[a] Median time to first event is from Kaplan-Meier estimate. Confidence Interval for median was computed using the Brookmeyer-Crowley method.

[b] Hazard ratio is from unstratified Cox proportional hazards model with treatment as the only categorical variable in the model. Confidence limits are based on the Wald test.

[c] Two-sided p-value from unstratified log-rank test.

[d] Two-sided interaction p-value is for the interaction term from unstratified Cox proportional hazards model with treatment, subgroup, and treatment-by-subgroup interaction as categorical variables in the model. The p-value is based on the Wald test.

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SOC: Skin and subcutaneous tissue disorders; PT: Dry skin

		Quizartinib (N=265)					Placebo (N=268)					Quizartinib vs Placebo		Interaction
Subgroup	n	No. of subjects with events (%)	No. of subjects censored (%)	Median (95 % CI) (months) [a]	n	No. of subjects with events (%)	No. of subjects censored (%)	Median (95 % CI) (months) [a]	Hazard Ratio (95 % CI) [b]	Unstratified log-rank p-value [c]	P-value [d]			
Geographic Region 1													0.7101	
North America	16	2 (12.5)	14 (87.5)	NE (NE, NE) (10.6, NE)	18	2 (11.1)	16 (88.9)	NE (4.8, NE)	1.656 (0.230, 11.917)	0.6126				
Europe	161	1 (0.6)	160 (99.4)	NE (NE, NE)	161	2 (1.2)	159 (98.8)	NE (NE, NE)	0.509 (0.046, 5.612)	0.5738				
Asia/Other Regions	88	5 (5.7)	83 (94.3)	NE (NE, NE)	89	6 (6.7)	83 (93.3)	NE (NE, NE)	0.799 (0.244, 2.622)	0.7104				

N: number of subjects in analysis set; n: number of subjects in subgroup category; %: proportion of number of subjects in n; CI: confidence interval; NE: not estimable. PT: Preferred Term, SOC: System Organ Class.

[a] Median time to first event is from Kaplan-Meier estimate. Confidence Interval for median was computed using the Brookmeyer-Crowley method.

[b] Hazard ratio is from unstratified Cox proportional hazards model with treatment as the only categorical variable in the model. Confidence limits are based on the Wald test.

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SOC: Skin and subcutaneous tissue disorders; PT: Dry skin

Subgroup	n	Quizartinib (N=265)				Placebo (N=268)				Quizartinib vs Placebo		Interaction
		No. of subjects with events (%)	No. of subjects censored (%)	Median (95 % CI) [a]	n	No. of subjects with events (%)	No. of subjects censored (%)	Median (95 % CI) [a]	n	Hazard Ratio (95 % CI) [b]	Unstratified log-rank p-value [c]	P-value [d]
WBC at initial diagnosis											0.1976	
< 40x10 ⁹ /L	132	2 (1.5)	130 (98.5)	NE (NE, NE)	133	6 (4.5)	127 (95.5)	NE (NE, NE)	133	0.344 (0.069, 1.705)	0.1709	
≥ 40x10 ⁹ /L	133	6 (4.5)	127 (95.5)	NE (NE, NE)	135	4 (3.0)	131 (97.0)	NE (NE, NE)	135	1.315 (0.369, 4.690)	0.6714	

N: number of subjects in analysis set; n: number of subjects in subgroup category; %: proportion of number of subjects in n; CI: confidence interval; NE: not estimable. PT: Preferred Term, SOC: System Organ Class.

[a] Median time to first event is from Kaplan-Meier estimate. Confidence Interval for median was computed using the Brookmeyer-Crowley method.

[b] Hazard ratio is from unstratified Cox proportional hazards model with treatment as the only categorical variable in the model. Confidence limits are based on the Wald test.

[c] Two-sided p-value from unstratified log-rank test.

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SOC: Skin and subcutaneous tissue disorders; PT: Dry skin

		Quizartinib (N=265)				Placebo (N=268)				Quizartinib vs Placebo		Interaction
Subgroup	n	No. of subjects with events (%)	No. of subjects censored (%)	Median (95 % CI) (months) [a]	n	No. of subjects with events (%)	No. of subjects censored (%)	Median (95 % CI) (months) [a]	Hazard Ratio (95 % CI) [b]	Unstratified log-rank p-value [c]	P-value [d]	
Choice of Anthracycline											0.5240	
Daunorubicin	123	3 (2.4)	120 (97.6)	NE (NE, NE)	94	4 (4.3)	90 (95.7)	NE (NE, NE)	0.555 (0.124, 2.480)	0.4342		
Idarubicin	142	5 (3.5)	137 (96.5)	NE (NE, NE)	171	6 (3.5)	165 (96.5)	NE (NE, NE)	0.913 (0.278, 2.998)	0.8801		

N: number of subjects in analysis set; n: number of subjects in subgroup category; %: proportion of number of subjects in n; CI: confidence interval; NE: not estimable. PT: Preferred Term, SOC: System Organ Class.

[a] Median time to first event is from Kaplan-Meier estimate. Confidence Interval for median was computed using the Brookmeyer-Crowley method.

[b] Hazard ratio is from unstratified Cox proportional hazards model with treatment as the only categorical variable in the model. Confidence limits are based on the Wald test.

[c] Two-sided p-value from unstratified log-rank test.

[d] Two-sided interaction p-value is for the interaction term from unstratified Cox proportional hazards model with treatment, subgroup, and treatment-by-subgroup interaction as categorical variables in the model. The p-value is based on the Wald test.

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SOC: Skin and subcutaneous tissue disorders; PT: Dry skin

		Quizartinib (N=265)					Placebo (N=268)					Quizartinib vs Placebo		Interaction
Subgroup	n	No. of subjects with events (%)	No. of subjects censored (%)	Median (95 % CI) (months) [a]	n	No. of subjects with events (%)	No. of subjects censored (%)	Median (95 % CI) (months) [a]		Hazard Ratio (95 % CI) [b]	Unstratified log-rank p-value [c]	P-value [d]		
AML Cytogenetic Risk Score												0.9910		
Favorable	13	0	13 (100)	NE (NE, NE)	19	1 (5.3)	18 (94.7)	NE (10.1, NE)		0.000 (0.000, NE)	0.5271			
Intermediate	195	7 (3.6)	188 (96.4)	NE (NE, NE)	190	7 (3.7)	183 (96.3)	NE (NE, NE)		0.897 (0.314, 2.563)	0.8389			
Unfavorable	19	1 (5.3)	18 (94.7)	NE (4.4, NE)	27	1 (3.7)	26 (96.3)	NE (NE, NE)		1.354 (0.085, 21.649)	0.8297			
Unknown	38	0	38 (100)	NE (NE, NE)	31	1 (3.2)	30 (96.8)	NE (NE, NE)		0.000 (0.000, NE)	0.3006			

N: number of subjects in analysis set; n: number of subjects in subgroup category; %: proportion of number of subjects in n; CI: confidence interval; NE: not estimable. PT: Preferred Term, SOC: System Organ Class.

[a] Median time to first event is from Kaplan-Meier estimate. Confidence Interval for median was computed using the Brookmeyer-Crowley method.

[b] Hazard ratio is from unstratified Cox proportional hazards model with treatment as the only categorical variable in the model. Confidence limits are based on the Wald test.

[c] Two-sided p-value from unstratified log-rank test.

[d] Two-sided interaction p-value is for the interaction term from unstratified Cox proportional hazards model with treatment, subgroup, and treatment-by-subgroup interaction as categorical variables in the model. The p-value is based on the Wald test.

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SOC: Skin and subcutaneous tissue disorders; PT: Dry skin

Subgroup	n	Quizartinib (N=265)				Placebo (N=268)				Quizartinib vs Placebo		Interaction
		No. of subjects with events (%)	No. of subjects censored (%)	Median (95 % CI) (months) [a]	n	No. of subjects with events (%)	No. of subjects censored (%)	Median (95 % CI) (months) [a]	n	Hazard Ratio (95 % CI) [b]	Unstratified log-rank p-value [c]	P-value [d]
ECOG Performance Status at Baseline											0.7952	
0 - Fully Active	87	2 (2.3)	85 (97.7)	NE (NE, NE)	97	2 (2.1)	95 (97.9)	NE (NE, NE)	97	1.060 (0.149, 7.538)	0.9532	
1 - Restricted in Physically Strenuous Activity	133	4 (3.0)	129 (97.0)	NE (NE, NE)	134	8 (6.0)	126 (94.0)	NE (NE, NE)	134	0.459 (0.138, 1.528)	0.1934	
2 - Ambulatory and Capable of All Selfcare	45	2 (4.4)	43 (95.6)	NE (NE, NE)	36	0	36 (100)	NE (NE, NE)	36	NE (0.000, NE)	0.1890	

N: number of subjects in analysis set; n: number of subjects in subgroup category; %: proportion of number of subjects in n; CI: confidence interval; NE: not estimable. PT: Preferred Term, SOC: System Organ Class.

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SOC: Skin and subcutaneous tissue disorders; PT: Dry skin

Subgroup	n	Quizartinib (N=265)				Placebo (N=268)				Quizartinib vs Placebo		Interaction
		No. of subjects with events (%)	No. of subjects censored (%)	Median (95 % CI) (months) [a]	n	No. of subjects with events (%)	No. of subjects censored (%)	Median (95 % CI) (months) [a]	n	Hazard Ratio (95 % CI) [b]	Unstratified log-rank p-value [c]	P-value [d]
FLT3-ITD category at Baseline											0.9761	
≥3 to ≤25%	94	0	94 (100)	NE (NE, NE)	98	4 (4.1)	94 (95.9)	NE (NE, NE)	0.000 (0.000, NE)	0.0510		
>25% to ≤50%	141	7 (5.0)	134 (95.0)	NE (NE, NE)	136	5 (3.7)	131 (96.3)	NE (NE, NE)	1.259 (0.399, 3.975)	0.6942		
>50%	29	1 (3.4)	28 (96.6)	NE (NE, NE)	34	1 (2.9)	33 (97.1)	NE (NE, NE)	0.983 (0.061, 15.845)	0.9906		

N: number of subjects in analysis set; n: number of subjects in subgroup category; %: proportion of number of subjects in n; CI: confidence interval; NE: not estimable. PT: Preferred Term, SOC: System Organ Class.

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 Table 3.11.2 Treatment-emergent adverse events by system organ class (SOC) and preferred term (PT) observed for ≥ 10 patients in at least one arm and ≥ 1% of the patients in at least one arm - Time-to-event analysis - subgroup analysis - DCO 13-Aug-2021 - Safety Analysis Set

SOC: Skin and subcutaneous tissue disorders; PT: Dry skin

		Quizartinib (N=265)				Placebo (N=268)				Quizartinib vs Placebo		Interaction
Subgroup	n	No. of subjects with events (%)	No. of subjects censored (%)	Median (95 % CI) (months) [a]	n	No. of subjects with events (%)	No. of subjects censored (%)	Median (95 % CI) (months) [a]	Hazard Ratio (95 % CI) [b]	Unstratified log-rank p-value [c]	P-value [d]	
AML with Mutated NPM1											0.3475	
Yes	139	5 (3.6)	134 (96.4)	NE (NE, NE)	137	4 (2.9)	133 (97.1)	NE (NE, NE)	1.211 (0.324, 4.525)	0.7755		
No	116	3 (2.6)	113 (97.4)	NE (NE, NE)	120	6 (5.0)	114 (95.0)	NE (NE, NE)	0.455 (0.114, 1.823)	0.2540		

N: number of subjects in analysis set; n: number of subjects in subgroup category; %: proportion of number of subjects in n; CI: confidence interval; NE: not estimable. PT: Preferred Term, SOC: System Organ Class.

[a] Median time to first event is from Kaplan-Meier estimate. Confidence Interval for median was computed using the Brookmeyer-Crowley method.

[b] Hazard ratio is from unstratified Cox proportional hazards model with treatment as the only categorical variable in the model. Confidence limits are based on the Wald test.

[c] Two-sided p-value from unstratified log-rank test.

[d] Two-sided interaction p-value is for the interaction term from unstratified Cox proportional hazards model with treatment, subgroup, and treatment-by-subgroup interaction as categorical variables in the model. The p-value is based on the Wald test.

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Subgroup	n	No. of subjects with events (%)	No. of subjects censored (%)	Median (95 % CI) (months) [a]	n	No. of subjects with events (%)	No. of subjects censored (%)	Median (95 % CI) (months) [a]	Hazard Ratio (95 % CI) [b]	Unstratified log-rank p-value [c]	P-value [d]	
Age by 2 categories											0.7350	
≤60	164	5 (3.0)	159 (97.0)	NE (NE, NE)	163	5 (3.1)	158 (96.9)	NE (NE, NE)	0.891 (0.257, 3.088)	0.8558		
>60	101	3 (3.0)	98 (97.0)	NE (NE, NE)	105	5 (4.8)	100 (95.2)	NE (NE, NE)	0.627 (0.150, 2.625)	0.5190		

N: number of subjects in analysis set; n: number of subjects in subgroup category; %: proportion of number of subjects in n; CI: confidence interval; NE: not estimable. PT: Preferred Term, SOC: System Organ Class.

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SOC: Investigations; PT: Any PT

Subgroup	n	Quizartinib (N=265)				Placebo (N=268)				Quizartinib vs Placebo		Interaction	
		No. of subjects with events (%)	No. of subjects censored (%)	Median (95 % CI) (months) [a]	n	No. of subjects with events (%)	No. of subjects censored (%)	Median (95 % CI) (months) [a]	n	Hazard Ratio (95 % CI) [b]	Unstratified log-rank p-value [c]	p-	P-value [d]
Pooled Age Group 2													0.1506
<60	159	86 (54.1)	73 (45.9)	6.2 (3.0, 9.5)	160	70 (43.8)	90 (56.3)	6.9 (4.0, NE)		1.164 (0.849, 1.597)	0.3431		
≥60 - <65	37	19 (51.4)	18 (48.6)	6.0 (0.3, NE)	43	15 (34.9)	28 (65.1)	31.2 (9.6, NE)		1.707 (0.866, 3.367)	0.1218		
≥65	69	35 (50.7)	34 (49.3)	2.9 (1.6, 8.0)	65	20 (30.8)	45 (69.2)	NE (6.1, NE)		2.165 (1.248, 3.756)	0.0050		

N: number of subjects in analysis set; n: number of subjects in subgroup category; %: proportion of number of subjects in n; CI: confidence interval; NE: not estimable. PT: Preferred Term, SOC: System Organ Class.

[a] Median time to first event is from Kaplan-Meier estimate. Confidence Interval for median was computed using the Brookmeyer-Crowley method.

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[c] Two-sided p-value from unstratified log-rank test.

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SOC: Investigations; PT: Any PT

Subgroup	n	Quizartinib (N=265)				Placebo (N=268)				Quizartinib vs Placebo		Interaction
		No. of subjects with events (%)	No. of subjects censored (%)	Median (95 % CI) [a]	n	No. of subjects with events (%)	No. of subjects censored (%)	Median (95 % CI) [a]	n	Hazard Ratio (95 % CI) [b]	Unstratified log-rank p-value [c]	P-value [d]
Sex												0.5527
Male	124	71 (57.3)	53 (42.7)	3.0 (1.8, 8.0)	120	47 (39.2)	73 (60.8)	9.2 (4.0, NE)	120	1.532 (1.060, 2.216)	0.0226	
Female	141	69 (48.9)	72 (51.1)	7.1 (2.7, 10.8)	148	58 (39.2)	90 (60.8)	11.2 (6.1, NE)	148	1.315 (0.927, 1.864)	0.1220	

N: number of subjects in analysis set; n: number of subjects in subgroup category; %: proportion of number of subjects in n; CI: confidence interval; NE: not estimable. PT: Preferred Term, SOC: System Organ Class.

[a] Median time to first event is from Kaplan-Meier estimate. Confidence Interval for median was computed using the Brookmeyer-Crowley method.

[b] Hazard ratio is from unstratified Cox proportional hazards model with treatment as the only categorical variable in the model. Confidence limits are based on the Wald test.

[c] Two-sided p-value from unstratified log-rank test.

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SOC: Investigations; PT: Any PT

		Quizartinib (N=265)					Placebo (N=268)					Quizartinib vs Placebo		Interaction
Subgroup	n	No. of subjects with events (%)	No. of subjects censored (%)	Median (95 % CI) (months) [a]	n	No. of subjects with events (%)	No. of subjects censored (%)	Median (95 % CI) (months) [a]	Hazard Ratio (95 % CI) [b]	Unstratified log-rank p-value [c]	P-value [d]			
Race by 2 categories												0.9290		
White	157	79 (50.3)	78 (49.7)	6.0 (2.3, 11.9)	161	60 (37.3)	101 (62.7)	9.6 (6.3, NE)	1.435 (1.025, 2.009)	0.0345				
Non-white	108	61 (56.5)	47 (43.5)	3.4 (1.9, 8.0)	107	45 (42.1)	62 (57.9)	11.2 (3.1, NE)	1.410 (0.959, 2.075)	0.0791				

N: number of subjects in analysis set; n: number of subjects in subgroup category; %: proportion of number of subjects in n; CI: confidence interval; NE: not estimable. PT: Preferred Term, SOC: System Organ Class.

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SOC: Investigations; PT: Any PT

		Quizartinib (N=265)				Placebo (N=268)				Quizartinib vs Placebo		Interaction
Subgroup	n	No. of subjects with events (%)	No. of subjects censored (%)	Median (95 % CI) (months) [a]	n	No. of subjects with events (%)	No. of subjects censored (%)	Median (95 % CI) (months) [a]	Hazard Ratio (95 % CI) [b]	Unstratified log-rank p-value [c]	P-value [d]	
Geographic Region 1											0.5876	
North America	16	11 (68.8)	5 (31.3)	1.3 (0.3, NE)	18	13 (72.2)	5 (27.8)	0.6 (0.1, 6.3)	0.980 (0.429, 2.239)	0.9678		
Europe	161	79 (49.1)	82 (50.9)	8.0 (3.6, 15.2)	161	53 (32.9)	108 (67.1)	NE (9.0, NE)	1.571 (1.109, 2.226)	0.0104		
Asia/Other Regions	88	50 (56.8)	38 (43.2)	3.0 (1.7, 7.6)	89	39 (43.8)	50 (56.2)	6.9 (2.7, NE)	1.369 (0.900, 2.081)	0.1416		

N: number of subjects in analysis set; n: number of subjects in subgroup category; %: proportion of number of subjects in n; CI: confidence interval; NE: not estimable. PT: Preferred Term, SOC: System Organ Class.

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		No. of subjects with events (%)	No. of subjects censored (%)	Median (95 % CI) [a]	n	No. of subjects with events (%)	No. of subjects censored (%)	Median (95 % CI) [a]	n	Hazard Ratio (95 % CI) [b]	Unstratified log-rank p-value [c]	P-value [d]
WBC at initial diagnosis											0.7543	
< 40x10 ⁹ /L	132	70 (53.0)	62 (47.0)	7.0 (2.4, 8.6)	133	54 (40.6)	79 (59.4)	9.6 (6.6, NE)	135	1.480 (1.037, 2.112)	0.0296	
≥ 40x10 ⁹ /L	133	70 (52.6)	63 (47.4)	3.2 (1.9, 15.9)	135	51 (37.8)	84 (62.2)	NE (4.2, NE)	135	1.383 (0.964, 1.985)	0.0758	

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Choice of Anthracycline												0.1353		
Daunorubicin	123	59 (48.0)	64 (52.0)	8.3 (2.7, 15.9)	94	39 (41.5)	55 (58.5)	9.0 (5.5, NE)	1.127 (0.752, 1.691)	0.5488				
Idarubicin	142	81 (57.0)	61 (43.0)	3.4 (1.9, 7.2)	171	65 (38.0)	106 (62.0)	12.6 (6.1, NE)	1.675 (1.209, 2.322)	0.0018				

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AML Cytogenetic Risk Score												0.9865		
Favorable	13	6 (46.2)	7 (53.8)	NE (0.2, NE)	19	8 (42.1)	11 (57.9)	6.6 (1.4, NE)	19	1.261 (0.437, 3.644)	0.6676			
Intermediate	195	107 (54.9)	88 (45.1)	4.5 (2.4, 8.3)	190	74 (38.9)	116 (61.1)	9.6 (6.0, NE)	190	1.482 (1.101, 1.993)	0.0089			
Unfavorable	19	11 (57.9)	8 (42.1)	4.0 (0.8, 15.9)	27	12 (44.4)	15 (55.6)	11.2 (0.5, NE)	27	1.206 (0.531, 2.738)	0.6460			
Unknown	38	16 (42.1)	22 (57.9)	NE (1.7, NE)	31	10 (32.3)	21 (67.7)	17.0 (5.5, NE)	31	1.597 (0.722, 3.532)	0.2436			

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Subgroup	n	No. of subjects with events (%)	No. of subjects censored (%)	Median (95 % CI) (months) [a]	n	No. of subjects with events (%)	No. of subjects censored (%)	Median (95 % CI) (months) [a]	Hazard Ratio (95 % CI) [b]	Unstratified log-rank p-value [c]	P-value [d]			
ECOG Performance Status at Baseline												0.2422		
0 - Fully Active	87	49 (56.3)	38 (43.7)	3.4 (1.8, 8.3)	97	33 (34.0)	64 (66.0)	NE (7.1, NE)	1.899 (1.221, 2.954)	0.0039				
1 - Restricted in Physically Strenuous Activity	133	66 (49.6)	67 (50.4)	7.1 (2.7, 11.9)	134	58 (43.3)	76 (56.7)	6.9 (5.5, NE)	1.163 (0.817, 1.655)	0.4107				
2 - Ambulatory and Capable of All Selfcare	45	25 (55.6)	20 (44.4)	5.8 (1.6, 10.3)	36	14 (38.9)	22 (61.1)	NE (1.2, NE)	1.335 (0.690, 2.584)	0.3707				

N: number of subjects in analysis set; n: number of subjects in subgroup category; %: proportion of number of subjects in n; CI: confidence interval; NE: not estimable. PT: Preferred Term, SOC: System Organ Class.

[a] Median time to first event is from Kaplan-Meier estimate. Confidence Interval for median was computed using the Brookmeyer-Crowley method.

[b] Hazard ratio is from unstratified Cox proportional hazards model with treatment as the only categorical variable in the model. Confidence limits are based on the Wald test.

[c] Two-sided p-value is for the interaction term from unstratified Cox proportional hazards model with treatment, subgroup, and treatment-by-subgroup interaction as categorical variables in the model. The p-value is based on the Wald test.

[d] Two-sided interaction p-value is for the interaction term from unstratified Cox proportional hazards model with treatment, subgroup, and treatment-by-subgroup interaction as categorical variables in the model. The p-value is based on the Wald test.

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Medizinischer Nutzen, medizinischer Zusatznutzen, Patientengruppen mit therap. bedeutsamem Zusatznutzen

Daichi Sankyo | Data Intelligence – Evidence Generation | Final | AC220-A-U302 QUANTUM-First (DCO 13 Aug 2021) | Statistical analyses for AMNOG (HTA Germany)
 Table 3.11.2 Treatment-emergent adverse events by system organ class (SOC) and preferred term (PT) observed for ≥ 10 patients in at least one arm and ≥ 1% of the patients in at least one arm - Time-to-event analysis - subgroup analysis - DCO 13-Aug-2021 - Safety Analysis Set

SOC: Investigations; PT: Any PT

Subgroup	n	Quizartinib (N=265)					Placebo (N=268)					Quizartinib vs Placebo		Interaction
		No. of subjects with events (%)	No. of subjects censored (%)	Median (95 % CI) (months) [a]	n	No. of subjects with events (%)	No. of subjects censored (%)	Median (95 % CI) (months) [a]	n	Hazard Ratio (95 % CI) [b]	Unstratified log-rank p-value [c]	P-value [d]		
FLT3-ITD category at Baseline														0.0243
≥3 to ≤25%	94	51 (54.3)	43 (45.7)	3.0 (1.8, 11.0)	98	37 (37.8)	61 (62.2)	11.2 (6.1, NE)		1.756 (1.148, 2.684)	0.0086			
>25% to ≤50%	141	78 (55.3)	63 (44.7)	3.6 (1.9, 7.6)	136	52 (38.2)	84 (61.8)	17.0 (6.0, NE)		1.523 (1.072, 2.163)	0.0179			
>50%	29	11 (37.9)	18 (62.1)	10.3 (4.3, NE)	34	16 (47.1)	18 (52.9)	1.8 (0.7, NE)		0.505 (0.228, 1.117)	0.0870			

N: number of subjects in analysis set; n: number of subjects in subgroup category; %: proportion of number of subjects in n; CI: confidence interval; NE: not estimable. PT: Preferred Term, SOC: System Organ Class.

[a] Median time to first event is from Kaplan-Meier estimate. Confidence Interval for median was computed using the Brookmeyer-Crowley method.

[b] Hazard ratio is from unstratified Cox proportional hazards model with treatment as the only categorical variable in the model. Confidence limits are based on the Wald test.

[c] Two-sided p-value from unstratified log-rank test.

[d] Two-sided interaction p-value is for the interaction term from unstratified Cox proportional hazards model with treatment, subgroup, and treatment-by-subgroup interaction as categorical variables in the model. The p-value is based on the Wald test.

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SOC: Investigations; PT: Any PT

Subgroup	n	Quizartinib (N=265)					Placebo (N=268)					Quizartinib vs Placebo		Interaction
		No. of subjects with events (%)	No. of subjects censored (%)	Median (95 % CI) [a]	n	No. of subjects with events (%)	No. of subjects censored (%)	Median (95 % CI) [a]	Hazard Ratio (95 % CI) [b]	Unstratified log-rank p-value [c]	P-value [d]			
AML with Mutated NPM1													0.2605	
Yes	139	72 (51.8)	67 (48.2)	7.0 (3.0, 10.3)	137	59 (43.1)	78 (56.9)	9.6 (5.8, NE)	1.320 (0.935, 1.863)	0.1137				
No	116	61 (52.6)	55 (47.4)	3.2 (1.9, 11.0)	120	36 (30.0)	84 (70.0)	NE (6.1, NE)	1.797 (1.190, 2.715)	0.0046				

N: number of subjects in analysis set; n: number of subjects in subgroup category; %: proportion of number of subjects in n; CI: confidence interval; NE: not estimable. PT: Preferred Term, SOC: System Organ Class.

[a] Median time to first event is from Kaplan-Meier estimate. Confidence Interval for median was computed using the Brookmeyer-Crowley method.

[b] Hazard ratio is from unstratified Cox proportional hazards model with treatment as the only categorical variable in the model. Confidence limits are based on the Wald test.

[c] Two-sided p-value from unstratified log-rank test.

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SOC: Investigations; PT: Any PT

Subgroup	n	Quizartinib (N=265)				Placebo (N=268)				Quizartinib vs Placebo		Interaction
		No. of subjects with events (%)	No. of subjects censored (%)	Median (95 % CI) [a]	n	No. of subjects with events (%)	No. of subjects censored (%)	Median (95 % CI) [a]	n	Hazard Ratio (95 % CI) [b]	Unstratified log-rank p-value [c]	P-value [d]
Age by 2 categories											0.0812	
≤60	164	88 (53.7)	76 (46.3)	7.0 (3.0, 9.5)	163	70 (42.9)	93 (57.1)	6.9 (4.2, NE)		1.182 (0.863, 1.619)	0.2957	
>60	101	52 (51.5)	49 (48.5)	4.3 (1.6, 8.3)	105	35 (33.3)	70 (66.7)	31.2 (9.2, NE)		1.907 (1.242, 2.929)	0.0028	

N: number of subjects in analysis set; n: number of subjects in subgroup category; %: proportion of number of subjects in n; CI: confidence interval; NE: not estimable. PT: Preferred Term, SOC: System Organ Class.

[a] Median time to first event is from Kaplan-Meier estimate. Confidence Interval for median was computed using the Brookmeyer-Crowley method.

[b] Hazard ratio is from unstratified Cox proportional hazards model with treatment as the only categorical variable in the model. Confidence limits are based on the Wald test.

[c] Two-sided p-value from unstratified log-rank test.

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SOC: Investigations; PT: Alanine aminotransferase increased

Subgroup	n	Quizartinib (N=265)				Placebo (N=268)				Quizartinib vs Placebo		Interaction
		No. of subjects with events (%)	No. of subjects censored (%)	Median (95 % CI) (months) [a]	n	No. of subjects with events (%)	No. of subjects censored (%)	Median (95 % CI) (months) [a]	n	Hazard Ratio (95 % CI) [b]	Unstratified log-rank p-value [c]	P-value [d]
Pooled Age Group 2											0.3782	
<60	159	29 (18.2)	130 (81.8)	NE (NE, NE)	160	22 (13.8)	138 (86.3)	NE (NE, NE)	160	1.216 (0.697, 2.122)	0.4892	
≥60 - <65	37	5 (13.5)	32 (86.5)	NE (NE, NE)	43	2 (4.7)	41 (95.3)	NE (NE, NE)	43	2.584 (0.498, 13.419)	0.2415	
≥65	69	8 (11.6)	61 (88.4)	NE (NE, NE)	65	3 (4.6)	62 (95.4)	NE (NE, NE)	65	2.918 (0.774, 11.008)	0.0974	

N: number of subjects in analysis set; n: number of subjects in subgroup category; %: proportion of number of subjects in n; CI: confidence interval; NE: not estimable. PT: Preferred Term, SOC: System Organ Class.

[a] Median time to first event is from Kaplan-Meier estimate. Confidence Interval for median was computed using the Brookmeyer-Crowley method.

[b] Hazard ratio is from unstratified Cox proportional hazards model with treatment as the only categorical variable in the model. Confidence limits are based on the Wald test.

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SOC: Investigations; PT: Alanine aminotransferase increased

		Quizartinib (N=265)				Placebo (N=268)				Quizartinib vs Placebo		Interaction
Subgroup	n	No. of subjects with events (%)	No. of subjects censored (%)	Median (95 % CI) (months) [a]	n	No. of subjects with events (%)	No. of subjects censored (%)	Median (95 % CI) (months) [a]	Hazard Ratio (95 % CI) [b]	Unstratified log-rank p-value [c]	P-value [d]	
Sex											0.3933	
Male	124	25 (20.2)	99 (79.8)	NE (NE, NE)	120	13 (10.8)	107 (89.2)	NE (NE, NE)	1.824 (0.933, 3.568)	0.0746		
Female	141	17 (12.1)	124 (87.9)	NE (NE, NE)	148	14 (9.5)	134 (90.5)	NE (NE, NE)	1.228 (0.604, 2.496)	0.5691		

N: number of subjects in analysis set; n: number of subjects in subgroup category; %: proportion of number of subjects in n; CI: confidence interval; NE: not estimable. PT: Preferred Term, SOC: System Organ Class.

[a] Median time to first event is from Kaplan-Meier estimate. Confidence Interval for median was computed using the Brookmeyer-Crowley method.

[b] Hazard ratio is from unstratified Cox proportional hazards model with treatment as the only categorical variable in the model. Confidence limits are based on the Wald test.

[c] Two-sided p-value from unstratified log-rank test.

[d] Two-sided interaction p-value is for the interaction term from unstratified Cox proportional hazards model with treatment, subgroup, and treatment-by-subgroup interaction as categorical variables in the model. The p-value is based on the Wald test.

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SOC: Investigations; PT: Alanine aminotransferase increased

Subgroup	n	Quizartinib (N=265)				Placebo (N=268)				Quizartinib vs Placebo		Interaction
		No. of subjects with events (%)	No. of subjects censored (%)	Median (95 % CI) [a]	n	No. of subjects with events (%)	No. of subjects censored (%)	Median (95 % CI) [a]	n	Hazard Ratio (95 % CI) [b]	Unstratified log-rank p-value [c]	P-value [d]
Race by 2 categories											0.3036	
White	157	22 (14.0)	135 (86.0)	NE (NE, NE)	161	11 (6.8)	150 (93.2)	NE (NE, NE)	161	1.935 (0.937, 3.998)	0.0695	
Non-white	108	20 (18.5)	88 (81.5)	NE (NE, NE)	107	16 (15.0)	91 (85.0)	NE (NE, NE)	107	1.201 (0.622, 2.320)	0.5843	

N: number of subjects in analysis set; n: number of subjects in subgroup category; %: proportion of number of subjects in n; CI: confidence interval; NE: not estimable. PT: Preferred Term, SOC: System Organ Class.

[a] Median time to first event is from Kaplan-Meier estimate. Confidence Interval for median was computed using the Brookmeyer-Crowley method.

[b] Hazard ratio is from unstratified Cox proportional hazards model with treatment as the only categorical variable in the model. Confidence limits are based on the Wald test.

[c] Two-sided p-value from unstratified log-rank test.

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SOC: Investigations; PT: Alanine aminotransferase increased

		Quizartinib (N=265)					Placebo (N=268)					Quizartinib vs Placebo		Interaction
Subgroup	n	No. of subjects with events (%)	No. of subjects censored (%)	Median (95 % CI) (months) [a]	n	No. of subjects with events (%)	No. of subjects censored (%)	Median (95 % CI) (months) [a]	Hazard Ratio (95 % CI) [b]	Unstratified log-rank p-value [c]	P-value [d]			
Geographic Region 1													0.2708	
North America	16	4 (25.0)	12 (75.0)	17.4 (1.6, NE)	18	0	18 (100)	NE (NE, NE)	NE (0.000, NE)	0.0131				
Europe	161	19 (11.8)	142 (88.2)	NE (NE, NE)	161	8 (5.0)	153 (95.0)	NE (NE, NE)	2.162 (0.944, 4.949)	0.0614				
Asia/Other Regions	88	19 (21.6)	69 (78.4)	NE (NE, NE)	89	19 (21.3)	70 (78.7)	NE (17.0, NE)	0.962 (0.509, 1.821)	0.9073				

N: number of subjects in analysis set; n: number of subjects in subgroup category; %: proportion of number of subjects in n; CI: confidence interval; NE: not estimable. PT: Preferred Term, SOC: System Organ Class.

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[b] Hazard ratio is from unstratified Cox proportional hazards model with treatment as the only categorical variable in the model. Confidence limits are based on the Wald test.

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SOC: Investigations; PT: Alanine aminotransferase increased

Subgroup	n	Quizartinib (N=265)				Placebo (N=268)				Quizartinib vs Placebo		Interaction
		No. of subjects with events (%)	No. of subjects censored (%)	Median (95 % CI) [a]	n	No. of subjects with events (%)	No. of subjects censored (%)	Median (95 % CI) [a]	n	Hazard Ratio (95 % CI) [b]	Unstratified log-rank p-value [c]	P-value [d]
WBC at initial diagnosis											0.6789	
< 40x10 ⁹ /L	132	22 (16.7)	110 (83.3)	NE (NE, NE)	133	14 (10.5)	119 (89.5)	NE (NE, NE)	133	1.665 (0.851, 3.257)	0.1323	
≥ 40x10 ⁹ /L	133	20 (15.0)	113 (85.0)	NE (NE, NE)	135	13 (9.6)	122 (90.4)	NE (NE, NE)	135	1.402 (0.696, 2.823)	0.3421	

N: number of subjects in analysis set; n: number of subjects in subgroup category; %: proportion of number of subjects in n; CI: confidence interval; NE: not estimable. PT: Preferred Term, SOC: System Organ Class.

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SOC: Investigations; PT: Alanine aminotransferase increased

		Quizartinib (N=265)				Placebo (N=268)				Quizartinib vs Placebo		Interaction
Subgroup	n	No. of subjects with events (%)	No. of subjects censored (%)	Median (95 % CI) (months) [a]	n	No. of subjects with events (%)	No. of subjects censored (%)	Median (95 % CI) (months) [a]	Hazard Ratio (95 % CI) [b]	Unstratified log-rank p-value [c]	P-value [d]	
Choice of Anthracycline											0.8385	
Daunorubicin	123	13 (10.6)	110 (89.4)	NE (NE, NE)	94	6 (6.4)	88 (93.6)	NE (NE, NE)	1.577 (0.598, 4.158)	0.3524		
Idarubicin	142	29 (20.4)	113 (79.6)	NE (NE, NE)	171	20 (11.7)	151 (88.3)	NE (NE, NE)	1.727 (0.976, 3.054)	0.0573		

N: number of subjects in analysis set; n: number of subjects in subgroup category; %: proportion of number of subjects in n; CI: confidence interval; NE: not estimable. PT: Preferred Term, SOC: System Organ Class.

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SOC: Investigations; PT: Alanine aminotransferase increased

		Quizartinib (N=265)				Placebo (N=268)				Quizartinib vs Placebo		Interaction
Subgroup	n	No. of subjects with events (%)	No. of subjects censored (%)	Median (95 % CI) (months) [a]	n	No. of subjects with events (%)	No. of subjects censored (%)	Median (95 % CI) (months) [a]	Hazard Ratio (95 % CI) [b]	Unstratified log-rank p-value [c]	P-value [d]	
AML Cytogenetic Risk Score											0.4232	
Favorable	13	1 (7.7)	12 (92.3)	NE (NE, NE)	19	3 (15.8)	16 (84.2)	NE (NE, NE)	0.560 (0.058, 5.393)	0.6108		
Intermediate	195	33 (16.9)	162 (83.1)	NE (NE, NE)	190	16 (8.4)	174 (91.6)	NE (NE, NE)	1.912 (1.052, 3.475)	0.0305		
Unfavorable	19	5 (26.3)	14 (73.7)	15.9 (13.1, NE)	27	4 (14.8)	23 (85.2)	NE (NE, NE)	1.509 (0.395, 5.762)	0.5450		
Unknown	38	3 (7.9)	35 (92.1)	NE (NE, NE)	31	4 (12.9)	27 (87.1)	NE (8.8, NE)	0.549 (0.122, 2.478)	0.4292		

N: number of subjects in analysis set; n: number of subjects in subgroup category; %: proportion of number of subjects in n; CI: confidence interval; NE: not estimable. PT: Preferred Term, SOC: System Organ Class.

[a] Median time to first event is from Kaplan-Meier estimate. Confidence Interval for median was computed using the Brookmeyer-Crowley method.

[b] Hazard ratio is from unstratified Cox proportional hazards model with treatment as the only categorical variable in the model. Confidence limits are based on the Wald test.

[c] Two-sided p-value from unstratified log-rank test.

[d] Two-sided interaction p-value is for the interaction term from unstratified Cox proportional hazards model with treatment, subgroup, and treatment-by-subgroup interaction as categorical variables in the model. The p-value is based on the Wald test.

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Medizinischer Nutzen, medizinischer Zusatznutzen, Patientengruppen mit therap. bedeutsamem Zusatznutzen

Daichi Sankyo | Data Intelligence – Evidence Generation | Final | AC220-A-U302 QUANTUM-First (DCO 13 Aug 2021) | Statistical analyses for AMNOG (HTA Germany)
 Table 3.11.2 Treatment-emergent adverse events by system organ class (SOC) and preferred term (PT) observed for ≥ 10 patients in at least one arm and ≥ 1% of the patients in at least one arm - Time-to-event analysis - subgroup analysis - DCO 13-Aug-2021 - Safety Analysis Set

SOC: Investigations; PT: Alanine aminotransferase increased

		Quizartinib (N=265)					Placebo (N=268)					Quizartinib vs Placebo		Interaction
Subgroup	n	No. of subjects with events (%)	No. of subjects censored (%)	Median (95 % CI) (months) [a]	n	No. of subjects with events (%)	No. of subjects censored (%)	Median (95 % CI) (months) [a]	Hazard Ratio (95 % CI) [b]	Unstratified log-rank p-value [c]	P-value [d]			
ECOG Performance Status at Baseline												0.3743		
0 - Fully Active	87	16 (18.4)	71 (81.6)	NE (20.7, NE)	97	8 (8.2)	89 (91.8)	NE (NE, NE)	2.108 (0.901, 4.930)	0.0780				
1 - Restricted in Physically Strenuous Activity	133	19 (14.3)	114 (85.7)	NE (NE, NE)	134	13 (9.7)	121 (90.3)	NE (NE, NE)	1.460 (0.721, 2.959)	0.2907				
2 - Ambulatory and Capable of All Selfcare	45	7 (15.6)	38 (84.4)	NE (8.2, NE)	36	6 (16.7)	30 (83.3)	NE (NE, NE)	0.860 (0.287, 2.574)	0.7871				

N: number of subjects in analysis set; n: number of subjects in subgroup category; %: proportion of number of subjects in n; CI: confidence interval; NE: not estimable. PT: Preferred Term, SOC: System Organ Class.

[a] Median time to first event is from Kaplan-Meier estimate. Confidence Interval for median was computed using the Brookmeyer-Crowley method.

[b] Hazard ratio is from unstratified Cox proportional hazards model with treatment as the only categorical variable in the model. Confidence limits are based on the Wald test.

[c] Two-sided p-value from unstratified log-rank test.

[d] Two-sided interaction p-value is for the interaction term from unstratified Cox proportional hazards model with treatment, subgroup, and treatment-by-subgroup interaction as categorical variables in the model. The p-value is based on the Wald test.

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SOC: Investigations; PT: Alanine aminotransferase increased

		Quizartinib (N=265)				Placebo (N=268)				Quizartinib vs Placebo		Interaction
Subgroup	n	No. of subjects with events (%)	No. of subjects censored (%)	Median (95 % CI) (months) [a]	n	No. of subjects with events (%)	No. of subjects censored (%)	Median (95 % CI) (months) [a]	Hazard Ratio (95 % CI) [b]	Unstratified log-rank p-value [c]	P-value [d]	
FLT3-ITD category at Baseline											0.4979	
≥3 to ≤25%	94	16 (17.0)	78 (83.0)	NE (NE, NE)	98	8 (8.2)	90 (91.8)	NE (NE, NE)	2.318 (0.992, 5.420)	0.0457		
>25% to ≤50%	141	21 (14.9)	120 (85.1)	NE (NE, NE)	136	15 (11.0)	121 (89.0)	NE (NE, NE)	1.245 (0.641, 2.419)	0.5169		
>50%	29	5 (17.2)	24 (82.8)	NE (15.9, NE)	34	4 (11.8)	30 (88.2)	NE (NE, NE)	0.891 (0.224, 3.540)	0.8701		

N: number of subjects in analysis set; n: number of subjects in subgroup category; %: proportion of number of subjects in n; CI: confidence interval; NE: not estimable. PT: Preferred Term, SOC: System Organ Class.

[a] Median time to first event is from Kaplan-Meier estimate. Confidence Interval for median was computed using the Brookmeyer-Crowley method.

[b] Hazard ratio is from unstratified Cox proportional hazards model with treatment as the only categorical variable in the model. Confidence limits are based on the Wald test.

[c] Two-sided p-value from unstratified log-rank test.

[d] Two-sided interaction p-value is for the interaction term from unstratified Cox proportional hazards model with treatment, subgroup, and treatment-by-subgroup interaction as categorical variables in the model. The p-value is based on the Wald test.

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SOC: Investigations; PT: Alanine aminotransferase increased

		Quizartinib (N=265)				Placebo (N=268)				Quizartinib vs Placebo		Interaction
Subgroup	n	No. of subjects with events (%)	No. of subjects censored (%)	Median (95 % CI) (months) [a]	n	No. of subjects with events (%)	No. of subjects censored (%)	Median (95 % CI) (months) [a]	Hazard Ratio (95 % CI) [b]	Unstratified log-rank p-value [c]	P-value [d]	
AML with Mutated NPM1											0.5705	
Yes	139	21 (15.1)	118 (84.9)	NE (NE, NE)	137	10 (7.3)	127 (92.7)	NE (NE, NE)	2.058 (0.968, 4.375)	0.0554		
No	116	19 (16.4)	97 (83.6)	NE (NE, NE)	120	12 (10.0)	108 (90.0)	NE (NE, NE)	1.518 (0.736, 3.130)	0.2546		

N: number of subjects in analysis set; n: number of subjects in subgroup category; %: proportion of number of subjects in n; CI: confidence interval; NE: not estimable. PT: Preferred Term, SOC: System Organ Class.

[a] Median time to first event is from Kaplan-Meier estimate. Confidence Interval for median was computed using the Brookmeyer-Crowley method.

[b] Hazard ratio is from unstratified Cox proportional hazards model with treatment as the only categorical variable in the model. Confidence limits are based on the Wald test.

[c] Two-sided p-value from unstratified log-rank test.

[d] Two-sided interaction p-value is for the interaction term from unstratified Cox proportional hazards model with treatment, subgroup, and treatment-by-subgroup interaction as categorical variables in the model. The p-value is based on the Wald test.

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SOC: Investigations; PT: Alanine aminotransferase increased

		Quizartinib (N=265)				Placebo (N=268)				Quizartinib vs Placebo		Interaction
Subgroup	n	No. of subjects with events (%)	No. of subjects censored (%)	Median (95 % CI) (months) [a]	n	No. of subjects with events (%)	No. of subjects censored (%)	Median (95 % CI) (months) [a]	Hazard Ratio (95 % CI) [b]	Unstratified log-rank p-value [c]	P-value [d]	
Age by 2 categories											0.2071	
≤60	164	30 (18.3)	134 (81.7)	NE (NE, NE)	163	22 (13.5)	141 (86.5)	NE (NE, NE)	1.235 (0.711, 2.145)	0.4529		
>60	101	12 (11.9)	89 (88.1)	NE (NE, NE)	105	5 (4.8)	100 (95.2)	NE (NE, NE)	2.633 (0.927, 7.481)	0.0589		

N: number of subjects in analysis set; n: number of subjects in subgroup category; %: proportion of number of subjects in n; CI: confidence interval; NE: not estimable. PT: Preferred Term, SOC: System Organ Class.

[a] Median time to first event is from Kaplan-Meier estimate. Confidence Interval for median was computed using the Brookmeyer-Crowley method.

[b] Hazard ratio is from unstratified Cox proportional hazards model with treatment as the only categorical variable in the model. Confidence limits are based on the Wald test.

[c] Two-sided p-value from unstratified log-rank test.

[d] Two-sided interaction p-value is for the interaction term from unstratified Cox proportional hazards model with treatment, subgroup, and treatment-by-subgroup interaction as categorical variables in the model. The p-value is based on the Wald test.

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SOC: Investigations; PT: Electrocardiogram QT prolonged

		Quizartinib (N=265)				Placebo (N=268)				Quizartinib vs Placebo		Interaction
Subgroup	n	No. of subjects with events (%)	No. of subjects censored (%)	Median (95 % CI) (months) [a]	n	No. of subjects with events (%)	No. of subjects censored (%)	Median (95 % CI) (months) [a]	Hazard Ratio (95 % CI) [b]	Unstratified log-rank p-value [c]	P-value [d]	
Pooled Age Group 2											0.3882	
<60	159	15 (9.4)	144 (90.6)	NE (NE, NE)	160	5 (3.1)	155 (96.9)	NE (NE, NE)	2.967 (1.077, 8.174)	0.0272		
≥60 - <65	37	10 (27.0)	27 (73.0)	NE (12.3, NE)	43	1 (2.3)	42 (97.7)	NE (NE, NE)	11.674 (1.492, 91.310)	0.0029		
≥65	69	11 (15.9)	58 (84.1)	NE (22.9, NE)	65	5 (7.7)	60 (92.3)	NE (NE, NE)	2.490 (0.862, 7.188)	0.0808		

N: number of subjects in analysis set; n: number of subjects in subgroup category; %: proportion of number of subjects in n; CI: confidence interval; NE: not estimable. PT: Preferred Term, SOC: System Organ Class.

[a] Median time to first event is from Kaplan-Meier estimate. Confidence Interval for median was computed using the Brookmeyer-Crowley method.

[b] Hazard ratio is from unstratified Cox proportional hazards model with treatment as the only categorical variable in the model. Confidence limits are based on the Wald test.

[c] Two-sided p-value from unstratified log-rank test.

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SOC: Investigations; PT: Electrocardiogram QT prolonged

		Quizartinib (N=265)				Placebo (N=268)				Quizartinib vs Placebo		Interaction
Subgroup	n	No. of subjects with events (%)	No. of subjects censored (%)	Median (95 % CI) (months) [a]	n	No. of subjects with events (%)	No. of subjects censored (%)	Median (95 % CI) (months) [a]	Hazard Ratio (95 % CI) [b]	Unstratified log-rank p-value [c]	P-value [d]	
Sex											0.7067	
Male	124	13 (10.5)	111 (89.5)	NE (NE, NE)	120	3 (2.5)	117 (97.5)	NE (NE, NE)	4.351 (1.240, 15.269)	0.0121		
Female	141	23 (16.3)	118 (83.7)	NE (NE, NE)	148	8 (5.4)	140 (94.6)	NE (NE, NE)	3.063 (1.370, 6.850)	0.0041		

N: number of subjects in analysis set; n: number of subjects in subgroup category; %: proportion of number of subjects in n; CI: confidence interval; NE: not estimable. PT: Preferred Term, SOC: System Organ Class.

[a] Median time to first event is from Kaplan-Meier estimate. Confidence Interval for median was computed using the Brookmeyer-Crowley method.

[b] Hazard ratio is from unstratified Cox proportional hazards model with treatment as the only categorical variable in the model. Confidence limits are based on the Wald test.

[c] Two-sided p-value from unstratified log-rank test.

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SOC: Investigations; PT: Electrocardiogram QT prolonged

		Quizartinib (N=265)				Placebo (N=268)				Quizartinib vs Placebo		Interaction
Subgroup	n	No. of subjects with events (%)	No. of subjects censored (%)	Median (95 % CI) (months) [a]	n	No. of subjects with events (%)	No. of subjects censored (%)	Median (95 % CI) (months) [a]	Hazard Ratio (95 % CI) [b]	Unstratified log-rank p-value [c]	P-value [d]	
Race by 2 categories											0.8224	
White	157	21 (13.4)	136 (86.6)	NE (NE, NE)	161	6 (3.7)	155 (96.3)	NE (NE, NE)	3.582 (1.445, 8.880)	0.0032		
Non-white	108	15 (13.9)	93 (86.1)	NE (NE, NE)	107	5 (4.7)	102 (95.3)	NE (NE, NE)	3.059 (1.112, 8.418)	0.0224		

N: number of subjects in analysis set; n: number of subjects in subgroup category; %: proportion of number of subjects in n; CI: confidence interval; NE: not estimable. PT: Preferred Term, SOC: System Organ Class.

[a] Median time to first event is from Kaplan-Meier estimate. Confidence Interval for median was computed using the Brookmeyer-Crowley method.

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[c] Two-sided p-value from unstratified log-rank test.

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SOC: Investigations; PT: Electrocardiogram QT prolonged

		Quizartinib (N=265)				Placebo (N=268)				Quizartinib vs Placebo		Interaction
Subgroup	n	No. of subjects with events (%)	No. of subjects censored (%)	Median (95 % CI) (months) [a]	n	No. of subjects with events (%)	No. of subjects censored (%)	Median (95 % CI) (months) [a]	Hazard Ratio (95 % CI) [b]	Unstratified log-rank p-value [c]	P-value [d]	
Geographic Region 1											0.5680	
North America	16	5 (31.3)	11 (68.8)	NE (0.9, NE)	18	1 (5.6)	17 (94.4)	NE (6.2, NE)	6.845 (0.797, 58.778)	0.0425		
Europe	161	18 (11.2)	143 (88.8)	NE (NE, NE)	161	7 (4.3)	154 (95.7)	NE (NE, NE)	2.556 (1.067, 6.123)	0.0286		
Asia/Other Regions	88	13 (14.8)	75 (85.2)	NE (NE, NE)	89	3 (3.4)	86 (96.6)	NE (NE, NE)	4.562 (1.299, 16.012)	0.0093		

N: number of subjects in analysis set; n: number of subjects in subgroup category; %: proportion of number of subjects in n; CI: confidence interval; NE: not estimable. PT: Preferred Term, SOC: System Organ Class.

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[b] Hazard ratio is from unstratified Cox proportional hazards model with treatment as the only categorical variable in the model. Confidence limits are based on the Wald test.

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SOC: Investigations; PT: Electrocardiogram QT prolonged

		Quizartinib (N=265)				Placebo (N=268)				Quizartinib vs Placebo		Interaction
Subgroup	n	No. of subjects with events (%)	No. of subjects censored (%)	Median (95 % CI) (months) [a]	n	No. of subjects with events (%)	No. of subjects censored (%)	Median (95 % CI) (months) [a]	Hazard Ratio (95 % CI) [b]	Unstratified log-rank p-value [c]	P-value [d]	
WBC at initial diagnosis											0.1282	
< 40x10 ⁹ /L	132	16 (12.1)	116 (87.9)	NE (NE, NE)	133	8 (6.0)	125 (94.0)	NE (NE, NE)	2.116 (0.905, 4.945)	0.0761		
≥ 40x10 ⁹ /L	133	20 (15.0)	113 (85.0)	NE (NE, NE)	135	3 (2.2)	132 (97.8)	NE (NE, NE)	6.642 (1.972, 22.371)	0.0004		

N: number of subjects in analysis set; n: number of subjects in subgroup category; %: proportion of number of subjects in n; CI: confidence interval; NE: not estimable. PT: Preferred Term, SOC: System Organ Class.

[a] Median time to first event is from Kaplan-Meier estimate. Confidence Interval for median was computed using the Brookmeyer-Crowley method.

[b] Hazard ratio is from unstratified Cox proportional hazards model with treatment as the only categorical variable in the model. Confidence limits are based on the Wald test.

[c] Two-sided p-value from unstratified log-rank test.

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		Quizartinib (N=265)				Placebo (N=268)				Quizartinib vs Placebo		Interaction
Subgroup	n	No. of subjects with events (%)	No. of subjects censored (%)	Median (95 % CI) (months) [a]	n	No. of subjects with events (%)	No. of subjects censored (%)	Median (95 % CI) (months) [a]	Hazard Ratio (95 % CI) [b]	Unstratified log-rank p-value [c]	P-value [d]	
Choice of Anthracycline											0.1910	
Daunorubicin	123	16 (13.0)	107 (87.0)	NE (NE, NE)	94	6 (6.4)	88 (93.6)	NE (NE, NE)	2.029 (0.794, 5.189)	0.1300		
Idarubicin	142	20 (14.1)	122 (85.9)	NE (NE, NE)	171	5 (2.9)	166 (97.1)	NE (NE, NE)	4.893 (1.836, 13.042)	0.0004		

N: number of subjects in analysis set; n: number of subjects in subgroup category; %: proportion of number of subjects in n; CI: confidence interval; NE: not estimable. PT: Preferred Term, SOC: System Organ Class.

[a] Median time to first event is from Kaplan-Meier estimate. Confidence Interval for median was computed using the Brookmeyer-Crowley method.

[b] Hazard ratio is from unstratified Cox proportional hazards model with treatment as the only categorical variable in the model. Confidence limits are based on the Wald test.

[c] Two-sided p-value from unstratified log-rank test.

[d] Two-sided interaction p-value is for the interaction term from unstratified Cox proportional hazards model with treatment, subgroup, and treatment-by-subgroup interaction as categorical variables in the model. The p-value is based on the Wald test.

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Run date: 21JUL2023 – 22:02; Program name: DE_T_3_11_2.sas; Output name: DE_T_3_11_2_TEAESOCPT_SUB_SAS.rtf

Medizinischer Nutzen, medizinischer Zusatznutzen, Patientengruppen mit therap. bedeutsamem Zusatznutzen

Daichi Sankyo | Data Intelligence – Evidence Generation | Final | AC220-A-U302 QUANTUM-First (DCO 13 Aug 2021) | Statistical analyses for AMNOG (HTA Germany)
 Table 3.11.2 Treatment-emergent adverse events by system organ class (SOC) and preferred term (PT) observed for ≥ 10 patients in at least one arm and ≥ 1% of the patients in at least one arm - Time-to-event analysis - subgroup analysis - DCO 13-Aug-2021 - Safety Analysis Set

SOC: Investigations; PT: Electrocardiogram QT prolonged

		Quizartinib (N=265)					Placebo (N=268)					Quizartinib vs Placebo		Interaction
Subgroup	n	No. of subjects with events (%)	No. of subjects censored (%)	Median (95 % CI) (months) [a]	n	No. of subjects with events (%)	No. of subjects censored (%)	Median (95 % CI) (months) [a]	Hazard Ratio (95 % CI) [b]	Unstratified log-rank p-value [c]	P-value [d]			
AML Cytogenetic Risk Score												0.7446		
Favorable	13	2 (15.4)	11 (84.6)	NE (NE, NE)	19	0	19 (100)	NE (NE, NE)	NE (0.000, NE)	0.0811				
Intermediate	195	26 (13.3)	169 (86.7)	NE (NE, NE)	190	6 (3.2)	184 (96.8)	NE (NE, NE)	4.166 (1.714, 10.126)	0.0006				
Unfavorable	19	3 (15.8)	16 (84.2)	NE (7.2, NE)	27	3 (11.1)	24 (88.9)	NE (6.2, NE)	1.538 (0.310, 7.631)	0.5958				
Unknown	38	5 (13.2)	33 (86.8)	NE (NE, NE)	31	1 (3.2)	30 (96.8)	NE (NE, NE)	4.225 (0.492, 36.298)	0.1531				

N: number of subjects in analysis set; n: number of subjects in subgroup category; %: proportion of number of subjects in n; CI: confidence interval; NE: not estimable. PT: Preferred Term, SOC: System Organ Class.

[a] Median time to first event is from Kaplan-Meier estimate. Confidence Interval for median was computed using the Brookmeyer-Crowley method.

[b] Hazard ratio is from unstratified Cox proportional hazards model with treatment as the only categorical variable in the model. Confidence limits are based on the Wald test.

[c] Two-sided p-value from unstratified log-rank test.

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SOC: Investigations; PT: Electrocardiogram QT prolonged

		Quizartinib (N=265)				Placebo (N=268)				Quizartinib vs Placebo		Interaction
Subgroup	n	No. of subjects with events (%)	No. of subjects censored (%)	Median (95 % CI) (months) [a]	n	No. of subjects with events (%)	No. of subjects censored (%)	Median (95 % CI) (months) [a]	Hazard Ratio (95 % CI) [b]	Unstratified log-rank p-value [c]	P-value [d]	
ECOG Performance Status at Baseline											0.8054	
0 - Fully Active	87	15 (17.2)	72 (82.8)	NE (NE, NE)	97	4 (4.1)	93 (95.9)	NE (NE, NE)	4.314 (1.431, 13.002)	0.0046		
1 - Restricted in Physically Strenuous Activity	133	15 (11.3)	118 (88.7)	NE (NE, NE)	134	5 (3.7)	129 (96.3)	NE (NE, NE)	3.090 (1.123, 8.503)	0.0212		
2 - Ambulatory and Capable of All Selfcare	45	6 (13.3)	39 (86.7)	NE (20.0, NE)	36	2 (5.6)	34 (94.4)	NE (NE, NE)	2.127 (0.422, 10.708)	0.3483		

N: number of subjects in analysis set; n: number of subjects in subgroup category; %: proportion of number of subjects in n; CI: confidence interval; NE: not estimable. PT: Preferred Term, SOC: System Organ Class.

[a] Median time to first event is from Kaplan-Meier estimate. Confidence Interval for median was computed using the Brookmeyer-Crowley method.

[b] Hazard ratio is from unstratified Cox proportional hazards model with treatment as the only categorical variable in the model. Confidence limits are based on the Wald test.

[c] Two-sided p-value from unstratified log-rank test.

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SOC: Investigations; PT: Electrocardiogram QT prolonged

		Quizartinib (N=265)				Placebo (N=268)				Quizartinib vs Placebo		Interaction
Subgroup	n	No. of subjects with events (%)	No. of subjects censored (%)	Median (95 % CI) (months) [a]	n	No. of subjects with events (%)	No. of subjects censored (%)	Median (95 % CI) (months) [a]	Hazard Ratio (95 % CI) [b]	Unstratified log-rank p-value [c]	P-value [d]	
FLT3-ITD category at Baseline											0.2887	
≥3 to ≤25%	94	10 (10.6)	84 (89.4)	NE (NE, NE)	98	4 (4.1)	94 (95.9)	NE (NE, NE)	2.764 (0.867, 8.816)	0.0730		
>25% to ≤50%	141	22 (15.6)	119 (84.4)	NE (NE, NE)	136	4 (2.9)	132 (97.1)	NE (NE, NE)	5.524 (1.903, 16.033)	0.0004		
>50%	29	4 (13.8)	25 (86.2)	NE (20.0, NE)	34	3 (8.8)	31 (91.2)	NE (9.7, NE)	0.951 (0.204, 4.437)	0.9495		

N: number of subjects in analysis set; n: number of subjects in subgroup category; %: proportion of number of subjects in n; CI: confidence interval; NE: not estimable. PT: Preferred Term, SOC: System Organ Class.

[a] Median time to first event is from Kaplan-Meier estimate. Confidence Interval for median was computed using the Brookmeyer-Crowley method.

[b] Hazard ratio is from unstratified Cox proportional hazards model with treatment as the only categorical variable in the model. Confidence limits are based on the Wald test.

[c] Two-sided p-value from unstratified log-rank test.

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SOC: Investigations; PT: Electrocardiogram QT prolonged

		Quizartinib (N=265)				Placebo (N=268)				Quizartinib vs Placebo		Interaction
Subgroup	n	No. of subjects with events (%)	No. of subjects censored (%)	Median (95 % CI) (months) [a]	n	No. of subjects with events (%)	No. of subjects censored (%)	Median (95 % CI) (months) [a]	Hazard Ratio (95 % CI) [b]	Unstratified log-rank p-value [c]	P-value [d]	
AML with Mutated NPM1											0.6947	
Yes	139	20 (14.4)	119 (85.6)	NE (NE, NE)	137	6 (4.4)	131 (95.6)	NE (NE, NE)	3.408 (1.368, 8.488)	0.0050		
No	116	14 (12.1)	102 (87.9)	NE (NE, NE)	120	3 (2.5)	117 (97.5)	NE (NE, NE)	4.695 (1.348, 16.351)	0.0074		

N: number of subjects in analysis set; n: number of subjects in subgroup category; %: proportion of number of subjects in n; CI: confidence interval; NE: not estimable. PT: Preferred Term, SOC: System Organ Class.

[a] Median time to first event is from Kaplan-Meier estimate. Confidence Interval for median was computed using the Brookmeyer-Crowley method.

[b] Hazard ratio is from unstratified Cox proportional hazards model with treatment as the only categorical variable in the model. Confidence limits are based on the Wald test.

[c] Two-sided p-value from unstratified log-rank test.

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SOC: Investigations; PT: Electrocardiogram QT prolonged

Subgroup	n	Quizartinib (N=265)				Placebo (N=268)				Quizartinib vs Placebo		Interaction
		No. of subjects with events (%)	No. of subjects censored (%)	Median (95 % CI) [a]	n	No. of subjects with events (%)	No. of subjects censored (%)	Median (95 % CI) [a]	n	Hazard Ratio (95 % CI) [b]	Unstratified log-rank p-value [c]	P-value [d]
Age by 2 categories											0.7406	
≤60	164	16 (9.8)	148 (90.2)	NE (NE, NE)	163	5 (3.1)	158 (96.9)	NE (NE, NE)	163	3.109 (1.137, 8.496)	0.0197	
>60	101	20 (19.8)	81 (80.2)	NE (22.9, NE)	105	6 (5.7)	99 (94.3)	NE (NE, NE)	105	3.801 (1.526, 9.467)	0.0020	

N: number of subjects in analysis set; n: number of subjects in subgroup category; %: proportion of number of subjects in n; CI: confidence interval; NE: not estimable. PT: Preferred Term, SOC: System Organ Class.

[a] Median time to first event is from Kaplan-Meier estimate. Confidence Interval for median was computed using the Brookmeyer-Crowley method.

[b] Hazard ratio is from unstratified Cox proportional hazards model with treatment as the only categorical variable in the model. Confidence limits are based on the Wald test.

[c] Two-sided p-value from unstratified log-rank test.

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SOC: Investigations; PT: Aspartate aminotransferase increased

Subgroup	n	Quizartinib (N=265)				Placebo (N=268)				Quizartinib vs Placebo		Interaction
		No. of subjects with events (%)	No. of subjects censored (%)	Median (95 % CI) (months) [a]	n	No. of subjects with events (%)	No. of subjects censored (%)	Median (95 % CI) (months) [a]	n	Hazard Ratio (95 % CI) [b]	Unstratified log-rank p-value [c]	P-value [d]
Pooled Age Group 2											0.1525	
<60	159	17 (10.7)	142 (89.3)	NE (NE, NE)	160	16 (10.0)	144 (90.0)	NE (NE, NE)	160	0.950 (0.478, 1.887)	0.8820	
≥60 - <65	37	4 (10.8)	33 (89.2)	NE (NE, NE)	43	2 (4.7)	41 (95.3)	NE (NE, NE)	43	2.063 (0.375, 11.337)	0.3947	
≥65	69	7 (10.1)	62 (89.9)	NE (NE, NE)	65	1 (1.5)	64 (98.5)	NE (NE, NE)	65	7.512 (0.924, 61.093)	0.0262	

N: number of subjects in analysis set; n: number of subjects in subgroup category; %: proportion of number of subjects in n; CI: confidence interval; NE: not estimable. PT: Preferred Term, SOC: System Organ Class.

[a] Median time to first event is from Kaplan-Meier estimate. Confidence Interval for median was computed using the Brookmeyer-Crowley method.

[b] Hazard ratio is from unstratified Cox proportional hazards model with treatment as the only categorical variable in the model. Confidence limits are based on the Wald test.

[c] Two-sided p-value from unstratified log-rank test.

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SOC: Investigations; PT: Aspartate aminotransferase increased

		Quizartinib (N=265)				Placebo (N=268)				Quizartinib vs Placebo		Interaction
Subgroup	n	No. of subjects with events (%)	No. of subjects censored (%)	Median (95 % CI) (months) [a]	n	No. of subjects with events (%)	No. of subjects censored (%)	Median (95 % CI) (months) [a]	Hazard Ratio (95 % CI) [b]	Unstratified log-rank p-value [c]	P-value [d]	
Sex											0.9209	
Male	124	15 (12.1)	109 (87.9)	NE (NE, NE)	120	10 (8.3)	110 (91.7)	NE (NE, NE)	1.354 (0.607, 3.018)	0.4569		
Female	141	13 (9.2)	128 (90.8)	NE (NE, NE)	148	9 (6.1)	139 (93.9)	NE (NE, NE)	1.478 (0.631, 3.463)	0.3660		

N: number of subjects in analysis set; n: number of subjects in subgroup category; %: proportion of number of subjects in n; CI: confidence interval; NE: not estimable. PT: Preferred Term, SOC: System Organ Class.

[a] Median time to first event is from Kaplan-Meier estimate. Confidence Interval for median was computed using the Brookmeyer-Crowley method.

[b] Hazard ratio is from unstratified Cox proportional hazards model with treatment as the only categorical variable in the model. Confidence limits are based on the Wald test.

[c] Two-sided p-value from unstratified log-rank test.

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SOC: Investigations; PT: Aspartate aminotransferase increased

		Quizartinib (N=265)				Placebo (N=268)				Quizartinib vs Placebo		Interaction
Subgroup	n	No. of subjects with events (%)	No. of subjects censored (%)	Median (95 % CI) (months) [a]	n	No. of subjects with events (%)	No. of subjects censored (%)	Median (95 % CI) (months) [a]	Hazard Ratio (95 % CI) [b]	Unstratified log-rank p-value [c]	P-value [d]	
Race by 2 categories											0.0383	
White	157	14 (8.9)	143 (91.1)	NE (NE, NE)	161	4 (2.5)	157 (97.5)	NE (NE, NE)	3.401 (1.117, 10.355)	0.0220		
Non-white	108	14 (13.0)	94 (87.0)	NE (NE, NE)	107	15 (14.0)	92 (86.0)	NE (NE, NE)	0.856 (0.413, 1.775)	0.6753		

N: number of subjects in analysis set; n: number of subjects in subgroup category; %: proportion of number of subjects in n; CI: confidence interval; NE: not estimable. PT: Preferred Term, SOC: System Organ Class.

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[c] Two-sided p-value from unstratified log-rank test.

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SOC: Investigations; PT: Aspartate aminotransferase increased

		Quizartinib (N=265)				Placebo (N=268)				Quizartinib vs Placebo		Interaction
Subgroup	n	No. of subjects with events (%)	No. of subjects censored (%)	Median (95 % CI) (months) [a]	n	No. of subjects with events (%)	No. of subjects censored (%)	Median (95 % CI) (months) [a]	Hazard Ratio (95 % CI) [b]	Unstratified log-rank p-value [c]	P-value [d]	
Geographic Region 1											0.0970	
North America	16	3 (18.8)	13 (81.3)	NE (1.6, NE)	18	0	18 (100)	NE (NE, NE)	NE (0.000, NE)	0.0408		
Europe	161	12 (7.5)	149 (92.5)	NE (NE, NE)	161	3 (1.9)	158 (98.1)	NE (NE, NE)	3.716 (1.046, 13.199)	0.0295		
Asia/Other Regions	88	13 (14.8)	75 (85.2)	NE (NE, NE)	89	16 (18.0)	73 (82.0)	NE (NE, NE)	0.757 (0.364, 1.577)	0.4559		

N: number of subjects in analysis set; n: number of subjects in subgroup category; %: proportion of number of subjects in n; CI: confidence interval; NE: not estimable. PT: Preferred Term, SOC: System Organ Class.

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SOC: Investigations; PT: Aspartate aminotransferase increased

		Quizartinib (N=265)				Placebo (N=268)				Quizartinib vs Placebo		Interaction
Subgroup	n	No. of subjects with events (%)	No. of subjects censored (%)	Median (95 % CI) (months) [a]	n	No. of subjects with events (%)	No. of subjects censored (%)	Median (95 % CI) (months) [a]	Hazard Ratio (95 % CI) [b]	Unstratified log-rank p-value [c]	P-value [d]	
WBC at initial diagnosis											0.6338	
< 40x10 ⁹ /L	132	14 (10.6)	118 (89.4)	NE (NE, NE)	133	9 (6.8)	124 (93.2)	NE (NE, NE)	1.621 (0.701, 3.751)	0.2543		
≥ 40x10 ⁹ /L	133	14 (10.5)	119 (89.5)	NE (NE, NE)	135	10 (7.4)	125 (92.6)	NE (NE, NE)	1.245 (0.551, 2.813)	0.5962		

N: number of subjects in analysis set; n: number of subjects in subgroup category; %: proportion of number of subjects in n; CI: confidence interval; NE: not estimable. PT: Preferred Term, SOC: System Organ Class.

[a] Median time to first event is from Kaplan-Meier estimate. Confidence Interval for median was computed using the Brookmeyer-Crowley method.

[b] Hazard ratio is from unstratified Cox proportional hazards model with treatment as the only categorical variable in the model. Confidence limits are based on the Wald test.

[c] Two-sided p-value from unstratified log-rank test.

[d] Two-sided interaction p-value is for the interaction term from unstratified Cox proportional hazards model with treatment, subgroup, and treatment-by-subgroup interaction as categorical variables in the model. The p-value is based on the Wald test.

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Medizinischer Nutzen, medizinischer Zusatznutzen, Patientengruppen mit therap. bedeutsamem Zusatznutzen

Daichi Sankyo | Data Intelligence – Evidence Generation | Final | AC220-A-U302 QUANTUM-First (DCO 13 Aug 2021) | Statistical analyses for AMNOG (HTA Germany)
 Table 3.11.2 Treatment-emergent adverse events by system organ class (SOC) and preferred term (PT) observed for ≥ 10 patients in at least one arm and ≥ 1% of the patients in at least one arm - Time-to-event analysis - subgroup analysis - DCO 13-Aug-2021 - Safety Analysis Set

SOC: Investigations; PT: Aspartate aminotransferase increased

		Quizartinib (N=265)				Placebo (N=268)				Quizartinib vs Placebo		Interaction
Subgroup	n	No. of subjects with events (%)	No. of subjects censored (%)	Median (95 % CI) (months) [a]	n	No. of subjects with events (%)	No. of subjects censored (%)	Median (95 % CI) (months) [a]	Hazard Ratio (95 % CI) [b]	Unstratified log-rank p-value [c]	P-value [d]	
Choice of Anthracycline											0.8657	
Daunorubicin	123	11 (8.9)	112 (91.1)	NE (NE, NE)	94	5 (5.3)	89 (94.7)	NE (NE, NE)	1.594 (0.553, 4.594)	0.3836		
Idarubicin	142	17 (12.0)	125 (88.0)	NE (NE, NE)	171	14 (8.2)	157 (91.8)	NE (NE, NE)	1.395 (0.686, 2.834)	0.3553		

N: number of subjects in analysis set; n: number of subjects in subgroup category; %: proportion of number of subjects in n; CI: confidence interval; NE: not estimable. PT: Preferred Term, SOC: System Organ Class.

[a] Median time to first event is from Kaplan-Meier estimate. Confidence Interval for median was computed using the Brookmeyer-Crowley method.

[b] Hazard ratio is from unstratified Cox proportional hazards model with treatment as the only categorical variable in the model. Confidence limits are based on the Wald test.

[c] Two-sided p-value from unstratified log-rank test.

[d] Two-sided interaction p-value is for the interaction term from unstratified Cox proportional hazards model with treatment, subgroup, and treatment-by-subgroup interaction as categorical variables in the model. The p-value is based on the Wald test.

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SOC: Investigations; PT: Aspartate aminotransferase increased

		Quizartinib (N=265)				Placebo (N=268)				Quizartinib vs Placebo		Interaction
Subgroup	n	No. of subjects with events (%)	No. of subjects censored (%)	Median (95 % CI) (months) [a]	n	No. of subjects with events (%)	No. of subjects censored (%)	Median (95 % CI) (months) [a]	Hazard Ratio (95 % CI) [b]	Unstratified log-rank p-value [c]	P-value [d]	
AML Cytogenetic Risk Score											0.3875	
Favorable	13	1 (7.7)	12 (92.3)	NE (NE, NE)	19	2 (10.5)	17 (89.5)	NE (NE, NE)	0.773 (0.070, 8.527)	0.8329		
Intermediate	195	23 (11.8)	172 (88.2)	NE (NE, NE)	190	10 (5.3)	180 (94.7)	NE (NE, NE)	2.075 (0.987, 4.363)	0.0489		
Unfavorable	19	2 (10.5)	17 (89.5)	NE (NE, NE)	27	4 (14.8)	23 (85.2)	NE (NE, NE)	0.773 (0.142, 4.221)	0.7655		
Unknown	38	2 (5.3)	36 (94.7)	NE (NE, NE)	31	3 (9.7)	28 (90.3)	NE (8.8, NE)	0.469 (0.077, 2.839)	0.3987		

N: number of subjects in analysis set; n: number of subjects in subgroup category; %: proportion of number of subjects in n; CI: confidence interval; NE: not estimable. PT: Preferred Term, SOC: System Organ Class.

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[c] Two-sided p-value from unstratified log-rank test.

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SOC: Investigations; PT: Aspartate aminotransferase increased

		Quizartinib (N=265)					Placebo (N=268)					Quizartinib vs Placebo		Interaction
Subgroup	n	No. of subjects with events (%)	No. of subjects censored (%)	Median (95 % CI) (months) [a]	n	No. of subjects with events (%)	No. of subjects censored (%)	Median (95 % CI) (months) [a]	Hazard Ratio (95 % CI) [b]	Unstratified log-rank p-value [c]	P-value [d]			
ECOG Performance Status at Baseline												0.3113		
0 - Fully Active	87	10 (11.5)	77 (88.5)	NE (NE, NE)	97	4 (4.1)	93 (95.9)	NE (NE, NE)	2.383 (0.745, 7.626)	0.1313				
1 - Restricted in Physically Strenuous Activity	133	13 (9.8)	120 (90.2)	NE (NE, NE)	134	10 (7.5)	124 (92.5)	NE (NE, NE)	1.313 (0.576, 2.996)	0.5170				
2 - Ambulatory and Capable of All Selfcare	45	5 (11.1)	40 (88.9)	NE (NE, NE)	36	5 (13.9)	31 (86.1)	NE (NE, NE)	0.741 (0.214, 2.571)	0.6355				

N: number of subjects in analysis set; n: number of subjects in subgroup category; %: proportion of number of subjects in n; CI: confidence interval; NE: not estimable. PT: Preferred Term, SOC: System Organ Class.

[a] Median time to first event is from Kaplan-Meier estimate. Confidence Interval for median was computed using the Brookmeyer-Crowley method.

[b] Hazard ratio is from unstratified Cox proportional hazards model with treatment as the only categorical variable in the model. Confidence limits are based on the Wald test.

[c] Two-sided p-value from unstratified log-rank test.

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SOC: Investigations; PT: Aspartate aminotransferase increased

		Quizartinib (N=265)				Placebo (N=268)				Quizartinib vs Placebo		Interaction
Subgroup	n	No. of subjects with events (%)	No. of subjects censored (%)	Median (95 % CI) (months) [a]	n	No. of subjects with events (%)	No. of subjects censored (%)	Median (95 % CI) (months) [a]	Hazard Ratio (95 % CI) [b]	Unstratified log-rank p-value [c]	P-value [d]	
FLT3-ITD category at Baseline											0.2419	
≥3 to ≤25%	94	11 (11.7)	83 (88.3)	NE (NE, NE)	98	4 (4.1)	94 (95.9)	NE (NE, NE)	3.008 (0.957, 9.461)	0.0478		
>25% to ≤50%	141	16 (11.3)	125 (88.7)	NE (NE, NE)	136	13 (9.6)	123 (90.4)	NE (NE, NE)	1.105 (0.531, 2.299)	0.7883		
>50%	29	1 (3.4)	28 (96.6)	NE (NE, NE)	34	2 (5.9)	32 (94.1)	NE (NE, NE)	0.495 (0.045, 5.492)	0.5586		

N: number of subjects in analysis set; n: number of subjects in subgroup category; %: proportion of number of subjects in n; CI: confidence interval; NE: not estimable. PT: Preferred Term, SOC: System Organ Class.

[a] Median time to first event is from Kaplan-Meier estimate. Confidence Interval for median was computed using the Brookmeyer-Crowley method.

[b] Hazard ratio is from unstratified Cox proportional hazards model with treatment as the only categorical variable in the model. Confidence limits are based on the Wald test.

[c] Two-sided p-value from unstratified log-rank test.

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SOC: Investigations; PT: Aspartate aminotransferase increased

		Quizartinib (N=265)				Placebo (N=268)				Quizartinib vs Placebo		Interaction
Subgroup	n	No. of subjects with events (%)	No. of subjects censored (%)	Median (95 % CI) (months) [a]	n	No. of subjects with events (%)	No. of subjects censored (%)	Median (95 % CI) (months) [a]	Hazard Ratio (95 % CI) [b]	Unstratified log-rank p-value [c]	P-value [d]	
AML with Mutated NPM1											0.1152	
Yes	139	14 (10.1)	125 (89.9)	NE (NE, NE)	137	4 (2.9)	133 (97.1)	NE (NE, NE)	3.425 (1.126, 10.420)	0.0211		
No	116	12 (10.3)	104 (89.7)	NE (NE, NE)	120	10 (8.3)	110 (91.7)	NE (NE, NE)	1.083 (0.466, 2.517)	0.8513		

N: number of subjects in analysis set; n: number of subjects in subgroup category; %: proportion of number of subjects in n; CI: confidence interval; NE: not estimable. PT: Preferred Term, SOC: System Organ Class.

[a] Median time to first event is from Kaplan-Meier estimate. Confidence Interval for median was computed using the Brookmeyer-Crowley method.

[b] Hazard ratio is from unstratified Cox proportional hazards model with treatment as the only categorical variable in the model. Confidence limits are based on the Wald test.

[c] Two-sided p-value from unstratified log-rank test.

[d] Two-sided interaction p-value is for the interaction term from unstratified Cox proportional hazards model with treatment, subgroup, and treatment-by-subgroup interaction as categorical variables in the model. The p-value is based on the Wald test.

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SOC: Investigations; PT: Aspartate aminotransferase increased

Subgroup	n	Quizartinib (N=265)				Placebo (N=268)				Quizartinib vs Placebo		Interaction
		No. of subjects with events (%)	No. of subjects censored (%)	Median (95 % CI) (months) [a]	n	No. of subjects with events (%)	No. of subjects censored (%)	Median (95 % CI) (months) [a]	n	Hazard Ratio (95 % CI) [b]	Unstratified log-rank p-value [c]	P-value [d]
Age by 2 categories											0.0491	
≤60	164	17 (10.4)	147 (89.6)	NE (NE, NE)	163	16 (9.8)	147 (90.2)	NE (NE, NE)	163	0.934 (0.470, 1.856)	0.8442	
>60	101	11 (10.9)	90 (89.1)	NE (NE, NE)	105	3 (2.9)	102 (97.1)	NE (NE, NE)	105	4.021 (1.121, 14.423)	0.0208	

N: number of subjects in analysis set; n: number of subjects in subgroup category; %: proportion of number of subjects in n; CI: confidence interval; NE: not estimable. PT: Preferred Term, SOC: System Organ Class.

[a] Median time to first event is from Kaplan-Meier estimate. Confidence Interval for median was computed using the Brookmeyer-Crowley method.

[b] Hazard ratio is from unstratified Cox proportional hazards model with treatment as the only categorical variable in the model. Confidence limits are based on the Wald test.

[c] Two-sided p-value from unstratified log-rank test.

[d] Two-sided interaction p-value is for the interaction term from unstratified Cox proportional hazards model with treatment, subgroup, and treatment-by-subgroup interaction as categorical variables in the model. The p-value is based on the Wald test.

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SOC: Investigations; PT: Neutrophil count decreased

Subgroup	n	Quizartinib (N=265)				Placebo (N=268)				Quizartinib vs Placebo		Interaction
		No. of subjects with events (%)	No. of subjects censored (%)	Median (95 % CI) (months) [a]	n	No. of subjects with events (%)	No. of subjects censored (%)	Median (95 % CI) (months) [a]	n	Hazard Ratio (95 % CI) [b]	Unstratified log-rank p-value [c]	P-value [d]
Pooled Age Group 2											0.7176	
<60	159	21 (13.2)	138 (86.8)	NE (NE, NE)	160	8 (5.0)	152 (95.0)	NE (NE, NE)	2.238 (0.990, 5.061)	0.0468		
≥60 - <65	37	2 (5.4)	35 (94.6)	NE (25.7, NE)	43	2 (4.7)	41 (95.3)	NE (31.2, NE)	1.146 (0.161, 8.148)	0.8917		
≥65	69	4 (5.8)	65 (94.2)	NE (NE, NE)	65	2 (3.1)	63 (96.9)	NE (NE, NE)	2.087 (0.382, 11.399)	0.3852		

N: number of subjects in analysis set; n: number of subjects in subgroup category; %: proportion of number of subjects in n; CI: confidence interval; NE: not estimable. PT: Preferred Term, SOC: System Organ Class.

[a] Median time to first event is from Kaplan-Meier estimate. Confidence Interval for median was computed using the Brookmeyer-Crowley method.

[b] Hazard ratio is from unstratified Cox proportional hazards model with treatment as the only categorical variable in the model. Confidence limits are based on the Wald test.

[c] Two-sided p-value from unstratified log-rank test.

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SOC: Investigations; PT: Neutrophil count decreased

		Quizartinib (N=265)				Placebo (N=268)				Quizartinib vs Placebo		Interaction
Subgroup	n	No. of subjects with events (%)	No. of subjects censored (%)	Median (95 % CI) (months) [a]	n	No. of subjects with events (%)	No. of subjects censored (%)	Median (95 % CI) (months) [a]	Hazard Ratio (95 % CI) [b]	Unstratified log-rank p-value [c]	P-value [d]	
Sex											0.6013	
Male	124	12 (9.7)	112 (90.3)	NE (NE, NE)	120	6 (5.0)	114 (95.0)	NE (NE, NE)	1.797 (0.673, 4.798)	0.2351		
Female	141	15 (10.6)	126 (89.4)	NE (NE, NE)	148	6 (4.1)	142 (95.9)	NE (NE, NE)	2.415 (0.937, 6.227)	0.0596		

N: number of subjects in analysis set; n: number of subjects in subgroup category; %: proportion of number of subjects in n; CI: confidence interval; NE: not estimable. PT: Preferred Term, SOC: System Organ Class.

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[c] Two-sided p-value from unstratified log-rank test.

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SOC: Investigations; PT: Neutrophil count decreased

		Quizartinib (N=265)				Placebo (N=268)				Quizartinib vs Placebo		Interaction
Subgroup	n	No. of subjects with events (%)	No. of subjects censored (%)	Median (95 % CI) (months) [a]	n	No. of subjects with events (%)	No. of subjects censored (%)	Median (95 % CI) (months) [a]	Hazard Ratio (95 % CI) [b]	Unstratified log-rank p-value [c]	P-value [d]	
Race by 2 categories											0.4315	
White	157	10 (6.4)	147 (93.6)	NE (NE, NE)	161	6 (3.7)	155 (96.3)	NE (NE, NE)	1.565 (0.568, 4.313)	0.3824		
Non-white	108	17 (15.7)	91 (84.3)	NE (25.7, NE)	107	6 (5.6)	101 (94.4)	NE (NE, NE)	2.666 (1.050, 6.768)	0.0318		

N: number of subjects in analysis set; n: number of subjects in subgroup category; %: proportion of number of subjects in n; CI: confidence interval; NE: not estimable. PT: Preferred Term, SOC: System Organ Class.

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[c] Two-sided p-value from unstratified log-rank test.

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SOC: Investigations; PT: Neutrophil count decreased

		Quizartinib (N=265)					Placebo (N=268)					Quizartinib vs Placebo		Interaction
Subgroup	n	No. of subjects with events (%)	No. of subjects censored (%)	Median (95 % CI) (months) [a]	n	No. of subjects with events (%)	No. of subjects censored (%)	Median (95 % CI) (months) [a]	CI	Hazard Ratio (95 % CI) [b]	Unstratified log-rank p-value [c]	P-value [d]		
Geographic Region 1												0.1031		
North America	16	1 (6.3)	15 (93.8)	NE (NE, NE)	18	5 (27.8)	13 (72.2)	31.2 (6.3, NE)		0.227 (0.026, 1.954)	0.1403			
Europe	161	11 (6.8)	150 (93.2)	NE (NE, NE)	161	2 (1.2)	159 (98.8)	NE (NE, NE)		4.931 (1.092, 22.265)	0.0214			
Asia/Other Regions	88	15 (17.0)	73 (83.0)	NE (15.2, NE)	89	5 (5.6)	84 (94.4)	NE (NE, NE)		2.677 (0.970, 7.383)	0.0479			

N: number of subjects in analysis set; n: number of subjects in subgroup category; %: proportion of number of subjects in n; CI: confidence interval; NE: not estimable. PT: Preferred Term, SOC: System Organ Class.

[a] Median time to first event is from Kaplan-Meier estimate. Confidence Interval for median was computed using the Brookmeyer-Crowley method.

[b] Hazard ratio is from unstratified Cox proportional hazards model with treatment as the only categorical variable in the model. Confidence limits are based on the Wald test.

[c] Two-sided p-value from unstratified log-rank test.

[d] Two-sided interaction p-value is for the interaction term from unstratified Cox proportional hazards model with treatment, subgroup, and treatment-by-subgroup interaction as categorical variables in the model. The p-value is based on the Wald test.

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Run date: 21JUL2023 – 22:02; Program name: DE_T_3_11_2.sas; Output name: DE_T_3_11_2_TEAESOCPT_SUB_SAS.rtf

Medizinischer Nutzen, medizinischer Zusatznutzen, Patientengruppen mit therap. bedeutsamem Zusatznutzen

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SOC: Investigations; PT: Neutrophil count decreased

Subgroup	n	Quizartinib (N=265)				Placebo (N=268)				Quizartinib vs Placebo		Interaction
		No. of subjects with events (%)	No. of subjects censored (%)	Median (95 % CI) [a]	n	No. of subjects with events (%)	No. of subjects censored (%)	Median (95 % CI) [a]	n	Hazard Ratio (95 % CI) [b]	Unstratified log-rank p-value [c]	P-value [d]
WBC at initial diagnosis											0.5693	
< 40x10 ⁹ /L	132	14 (10.6)	118 (89.4)	NE (NE, NE)	133	6 (4.5)	127 (95.5)	NE (NE, NE)	133	2.536 (0.974, 6.602)	0.0481	
≥ 40x10 ⁹ /L	133	13 (9.8)	120 (90.2)	NE (NE, NE)	135	6 (4.4)	129 (95.6)	NE (NE, NE)	135	1.687 (0.639, 4.456)	0.2859	

N: number of subjects in analysis set; n: number of subjects in subgroup category; %: proportion of number of subjects in n; CI: confidence interval; NE: not estimable. PT: Preferred Term, SOC: System Organ Class.

[a] Median time to first event is from Kaplan-Meier estimate. Confidence Interval for median was computed using the Brookmeyer-Crowley method.

[b] Hazard ratio is from unstratified Cox proportional hazards model with treatment as the only categorical variable in the model. Confidence limits are based on the Wald test.

[c] Two-sided p-value from unstratified log-rank test.

[d] Two-sided interaction p-value is for the interaction term from unstratified Cox proportional hazards model with treatment, subgroup, and treatment-by-subgroup interaction as categorical variables in the model. The p-value is based on the Wald test.

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SOC: Investigations; PT: Neutrophil count decreased

		Quizartinib (N=265)					Placebo (N=268)					Quizartinib vs Placebo		Interaction
Subgroup	n	No. of subjects with events (%)	No. of subjects censored (%)	Median (95 % CI) (months) [a]	n	No. of subjects with events (%)	No. of subjects censored (%)	Median (95 % CI) (months) [a]	CI	Hazard Ratio (95 % CI) [b]	Unstratified log-rank p-value [c]	P-value [d]		
Choice of Anthracycline												0.4590		
Daunorubicin	123	11 (8.9)	112 (91.1)	NE (NE, NE)	94	2 (2.1)	92 (97.9)	NE (NE, NE)	(31.2, 31.2)	3.914 (0.866, 17.686)	0.0555			
Idarubicin	142	16 (11.3)	126 (88.7)	NE (NE, NE)	171	9 (5.3)	162 (94.7)	NE (NE, NE)	(31.2, 31.2)	1.967 (0.869, 4.453)	0.0983			

N: number of subjects in analysis set; n: number of subjects in subgroup category; %: proportion of number of subjects in n; CI: confidence interval; NE: not estimable. PT: Preferred Term, SOC: System Organ Class.

[a] Median time to first event is from Kaplan-Meier estimate. Confidence Interval for median was computed using the Brookmeyer-Crowley method.

[b] Hazard ratio is from unstratified Cox proportional hazards model with treatment as the only categorical variable in the model. Confidence limits are based on the Wald test.

[c] Two-sided p-value from unstratified log-rank test.

[d] Two-sided interaction p-value is for the interaction term from unstratified Cox proportional hazards model with treatment, subgroup, and treatment-by-subgroup interaction as categorical variables in the model. The p-value is based on the Wald test.

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SOC: Investigations; PT: Neutrophil count decreased

		Quizartinib (N=265)				Placebo (N=268)				Quizartinib vs Placebo		Interaction
Subgroup	n	No. of subjects with events (%)	No. of subjects censored (%)	Median (95 % CI) (months) [a]	n	No. of subjects with events (%)	No. of subjects censored (%)	Median (95 % CI) (months) [a]	Hazard Ratio (95 % CI) [b]	Unstratified log-rank p-value [c]	P-value [d]	
AML Cytogenetic Risk Score											0.5777	
Favorable	13	2 (15.4)	11 (84.6)	NE (1.7, NE)	19	4 (21.1)	15 (78.9)	NE (6.3, NE)	0.852 (0.156, 4.668)	0.8538		
Intermediate	195	18 (9.2)	177 (90.8)	NE (NE, NE)	190	7 (3.7)	183 (96.3)	NE (NE, NE)	2.225 (0.928, 5.334)	0.0656		
Unfavorable	19	4 (21.1)	15 (78.9)	NE (5.3, NE)	27	1 (3.7)	26 (96.3)	NE (NE, NE)	5.447 (0.607, 48.868)	0.0891		
Unknown	38	3 (7.9)	35 (92.1)	NE (NE, NE)	31	0	31 (100)	NE (NE, NE)	NE (0.000, NE)	0.1330		

N: number of subjects in analysis set; n: number of subjects in subgroup category; %: proportion of number of subjects in n; CI: confidence interval; NE: not estimable. PT: Preferred Term, SOC: System Organ Class.

[a] Median time to first event is from Kaplan-Meier estimate. Confidence Interval for median was computed using the Brookmeyer-Crowley method.

[b] Hazard ratio is from unstratified Cox proportional hazards model with treatment as the only categorical variable in the model. Confidence limits are based on the Wald test.

[c] Two-sided p-value from unstratified log-rank test.

[d] Two-sided interaction p-value is for the interaction term from unstratified Cox proportional hazards model with treatment, subgroup, and treatment-by-subgroup interaction as categorical variables in the model. The p-value is based on the Wald test.

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SOC: Investigations; PT: Neutrophil count decreased

		Quizartinib (N=265)					Placebo (N=268)					Quizartinib vs Placebo		Interaction
Subgroup	n	No. of subjects with events (%)	No. of subjects censored (%)	Median (95 % CI) (months) [a]	n	No. of subjects with events (%)	No. of subjects censored (%)	Median (95 % CI) (months) [a]	Hazard Ratio (95 % CI) [b]	Unstratified log-rank p-value [c]	P-value [d]			
ECOG Performance Status at Baseline													0.6964	
0 - Fully Active	87	9 (10.3)	78 (89.7)	NE (NE, NE)	97	3 (3.1)	94 (96.9)	NE (NE, NE)	3.023 (0.818, 11.176)	0.0811				
1 - Restricted in Physically Strenuous Activity	133	15 (11.3)	118 (88.7)	NE (NE, NE)	134	9 (6.7)	125 (93.3)	NE (NE, NE)	1.591 (0.696, 3.638)	0.2667				
2 - Ambulatory and Capable of All Selfcare	45	3 (6.7)	42 (93.3)	NE (NE, NE)	36	0	36 (100)	NE (NE, NE)	NE (0.000, NE)	0.1762				

N: number of subjects in analysis set; n: number of subjects in subgroup category; %: proportion of number of subjects in n; CI: confidence interval; NE: not estimable. PT: Preferred Term, SOC: System Organ Class.

[a] Median time to first event is from Kaplan-Meier estimate. Confidence Interval for median was computed using the Brookmeyer-Crowley method.

[b] Hazard ratio is from unstratified Cox proportional hazards model with treatment as the only categorical variable in the model. Confidence limits are based on the Wald test.

[c] Two-sided p-value from unstratified log-rank test.

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SOC: Investigations; PT: Neutrophil count decreased

Subgroup	n	Quizartinib (N=265)				Placebo (N=268)				Quizartinib vs Placebo		Interaction
		No. of subjects with events (%)	No. of subjects censored (%)	Median (95 % CI) (months) [a]	n	No. of subjects with events (%)	No. of subjects censored (%)	Median (95 % CI) (months) [a]	n	Hazard Ratio (95 % CI) [b]	Unstratified log-rank p-value [c]	P-value [d]
FLT3-ITD category at Baseline											0.9826	
≥3 to ≤25%	94	13 (13.8)	81 (86.2)	NE (NE, NE)	98	5 (5.1)	93 (94.9)	NE (NE, NE)	2.892 (1.031, 8.116)	0.0345		
>25% to ≤50%	141	14 (9.9)	127 (90.1)	NE (NE, NE)	136	5 (3.7)	131 (96.3)	NE (NE, NE)	2.385 (0.858, 6.630)	0.0858		
>50%	29	0	29 (100)	NE (NE, NE)	34	2 (5.9)	32 (94.1)	NE (NE, NE)	0.000 (0.000, NE)	0.1815		

N: number of subjects in analysis set; n: number of subjects in subgroup category; %: proportion of number of subjects in n; CI: confidence interval; NE: not estimable. PT: Preferred Term, SOC: System Organ Class.

[a] Median time to first event is from Kaplan-Meier estimate. Confidence Interval for median was computed using the Brookmeyer-Crowley method.

[b] Hazard ratio is from unstratified Cox proportional hazards model with treatment as the only categorical variable in the model. Confidence limits are based on the Wald test.

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SOC: Investigations; PT: Neutrophil count decreased

		Quizartinib (N=265)				Placebo (N=268)				Quizartinib vs Placebo		Interaction
Subgroup	n	No. of subjects with events (%)	No. of subjects censored (%)	Median (95 % CI) (months) [a]	n	No. of subjects with events (%)	No. of subjects censored (%)	Median (95 % CI) (months) [a]	Hazard Ratio (95 % CI) [b]	Unstratified log-rank p-value [c]	P-value [d]	
AML with Mutated NPM1											0.4081	
Yes	139	14 (10.1)	125 (89.9)	NE (NE, NE)	137	7 (5.1)	130 (94.9)	NE (NE, NE)	1.790 (0.721, 4.440)	0.2028		
No	116	11 (9.5)	105 (90.5)	NE (NE, NE)	120	3 (2.5)	117 (97.5)	NE (NE, NE)	3.470 (0.967, 12.449)	0.0420		

N: number of subjects in analysis set; n: number of subjects in subgroup category; %: proportion of number of subjects in n; CI: confidence interval; NE: not estimable. PT: Preferred Term, SOC: System Organ Class.

[a] Median time to first event is from Kaplan-Meier estimate. Confidence Interval for median was computed using the Brookmeyer-Crowley method.

[b] Hazard ratio is from unstratified Cox proportional hazards model with treatment as the only categorical variable in the model. Confidence limits are based on the Wald test.

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SOC: Investigations; PT: Neutrophil count decreased

		Quizartinib (N=265)				Placebo (N=268)				Quizartinib vs Placebo		Interaction
Subgroup	n	No. of subjects with events (%)	No. of subjects censored (%)	Median (95 % CI) (months) [a]	n	No. of subjects with events (%)	No. of subjects censored (%)	Median (95 % CI) (months) [a]	Hazard Ratio (95 % CI) [b]	Unstratified log-rank p-value [c]	P-value [d]	
Age by 2 categories											0.6694	
≤60	164	21 (12.8)	143 (87.2)	NE (NE, NE)	163	8 (4.9)	155 (95.1)	NE (NE, NE)	2.194 (0.971, 4.962)	0.0528		
>60	101	6 (5.9)	95 (94.1)	NE (NE, NE)	105	4 (3.8)	101 (96.2)	NE (31.2, NE)	1.669 (0.470, 5.924)	0.4232		

N: number of subjects in analysis set; n: number of subjects in subgroup category; %: proportion of number of subjects in n; CI: confidence interval; NE: not estimable. PT: Preferred Term, SOC: System Organ Class.

[a] Median time to first event is from Kaplan-Meier estimate. Confidence Interval for median was computed using the Brookmeyer-Crowley method.

[b] Hazard ratio is from unstratified Cox proportional hazards model with treatment as the only categorical variable in the model. Confidence limits are based on the Wald test.

[c] Two-sided p-value from unstratified log-rank test.

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SOC: Investigations; PT: Gamma-glutamyltransferase increased

Subgroup	n	Quizartinib (N=265)				Placebo (N=268)				Quizartinib vs Placebo		Interaction
		No. of subjects with events (%)	No. of subjects censored (%)	Median (95 % CI) (months) [a]	n	No. of subjects with events (%)	No. of subjects censored (%)	Median (95 % CI) (months) [a]	n	Hazard Ratio (95 % CI) [b]	Unstratified log-rank p-value [c]	P-value [d]
Pooled Age Group 2											0.7288	
<60	159	19 (11.9)	140 (88.1)	NE (NE, NE)	160	19 (11.9)	141 (88.1)	NE (NE, NE)	0.934 (0.494, 1.766)	0.8340		
≥60 - <65	37	2 (5.4)	35 (94.6)	NE (NE, NE)	43	0	43 (100)	NE (NE, NE)	NE (0.000, NE)	0.1210		
≥65	69	3 (4.3)	66 (95.7)	NE (NE, NE)	65	6 (9.2)	59 (90.8)	NE (28.1, NE)	0.476 (0.119, 1.911)	0.2847		

N: number of subjects in analysis set; n: number of subjects in subgroup category; %: proportion of number of subjects in n; CI: confidence interval; NE: not estimable. PT: Preferred Term, SOC: System Organ Class.

[a] Median time to first event is from Kaplan-Meier estimate. Confidence Interval for median was computed using the Brookmeyer-Crowley method.

[b] Hazard ratio is from unstratified Cox proportional hazards model with treatment as the only categorical variable in the model. Confidence limits are based on the Wald test.

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SOC: Investigations; PT: Gamma-glutamyltransferase increased

		Quizartinib (N=265)				Placebo (N=268)				Quizartinib vs Placebo		Interaction
Subgroup	n	No. of subjects with events (%)	No. of subjects censored (%)	Median (95 % CI) (months) [a]	n	No. of subjects with events (%)	No. of subjects censored (%)	Median (95 % CI) (months) [a]	Hazard Ratio (95 % CI) [b]	Unstratified log-rank p-value [c]	P-value [d]	
Sex											0.9861	
Male	124	12 (9.7)	112 (90.3)	NE (NE, NE)	120	12 (10.0)	108 (90.0)	NE (NE, NE)	0.912 (0.409, 2.034)	0.8226		
Female	141	12 (8.5)	129 (91.5)	NE (NE, NE)	148	13 (8.8)	135 (91.2)	NE (NE, NE)	0.915 (0.417, 2.007)	0.8249		

N: number of subjects in analysis set; n: number of subjects in subgroup category; %: proportion of number of subjects in n; CI: confidence interval; NE: not estimable. PT: Preferred Term, SOC: System Organ Class.

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[c] Two-sided p-value from unstratified log-rank test.

[d] Two-sided interaction p-value is for the interaction term from unstratified Cox proportional hazards model with treatment, subgroup, and treatment-by-subgroup interaction as categorical variables in the model. The p-value is based on the Wald test.

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Run date: 21JUL2023 – 22:02; Program name: DE_T_3_11_2.sas; Output name: DE_T_3_11_2_TEAESOCPT_SUB_SAS.rtf

Medizinischer Nutzen, medizinischer Zusatznutzen, Patientengruppen mit therap. bedeutsamem Zusatznutzen

Daichi Sankyo | Data Intelligence – Evidence Generation | Final | AC220-A-U302 QUANTUM-First (DCO 13 Aug 2021) | Statistical analyses for AMNOG (HTA Germany)
 Table 3.11.2 Treatment-emergent adverse events by system organ class (SOC) and preferred term (PT) observed for ≥ 10 patients in at least one arm and ≥ 1% of the patients in at least one arm - Time-to-event analysis - subgroup analysis - DCO 13-Aug-2021 - Safety Analysis Set

SOC: Investigations; PT: Gamma-glutamyltransferase increased

		Quizartinib (N=265)				Placebo (N=268)				Quizartinib vs Placebo		Interaction
Subgroup	n	No. of subjects with events (%)	No. of subjects censored (%)	Median (95 % CI) (months) [a]	n	No. of subjects with events (%)	No. of subjects censored (%)	Median (95 % CI) (months) [a]	Hazard Ratio (95 % CI) [b]	Unstratified log-rank p-value [c]	P-value [d]	
Race by 2 categories											0.2338	
White	157	17 (10.8)	140 (89.2)	NE (NE, NE)	161	14 (8.7)	147 (91.3)	NE (NE, NE)	1.189 (0.585, 2.418)	0.6311		
Non-white	108	7 (6.5)	101 (93.5)	NE (NE, NE)	107	11 (10.3)	96 (89.7)	NE (NE, NE)	0.580 (0.225, 1.498)	0.2546		

N: number of subjects in analysis set; n: number of subjects in subgroup category; %: proportion of number of subjects in n; CI: confidence interval; NE: not estimable. PT: Preferred Term, SOC: System Organ Class.

[a] Median time to first event is from Kaplan-Meier estimate. Confidence Interval for median was computed using the Brookmeyer-Crowley method.

[b] Hazard ratio is from unstratified Cox proportional hazards model with treatment as the only categorical variable in the model. Confidence limits are based on the Wald test.

[c] Two-sided p-value from unstratified log-rank test.

[d] Two-sided interaction p-value is for the interaction term from unstratified Cox proportional hazards model with treatment, subgroup, and treatment-by-subgroup interaction as categorical variables in the model. The p-value is based on the Wald test.

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SOC: Investigations; PT: Gamma-glutamyltransferase increased

		Quizartinib (N=265)				Placebo (N=268)				Quizartinib vs Placebo		Interaction	
Subgroup	n	No. of subjects with events (%)	No. of subjects censored (%)	Median (95 % CI) (months) [a]	n	No. of subjects with events (%)	No. of subjects censored (%)	Median (95 % CI) (months) [a]	Hazard Ratio (95 % CI) [b]	Unstratified log-rank p-value [c]	P-value [d]		
Geographic Region 1											0.6263		
North America	16	1 (6.3)	15 (93.8)	NE (1.9, NE)	18	3 (16.7)	15 (83.3)	NE (6.1, NE)	0.671 (0.070, 6.466)	0.7284			
Europe	161	14 (8.7)	147 (91.3)	NE (NE, NE)	161	11 (6.8)	150 (93.2)	NE (NE, NE)	1.218 (0.552, 2.687)	0.6248			
Asia/Other Regions	88	9 (10.2)	79 (89.8)	NE (NE, NE)	89	11 (12.4)	78 (87.6)	NE (NE, NE)	0.749 (0.310, 1.811)	0.5192			

N: number of subjects in analysis set; n: number of subjects in subgroup category; %: proportion of number of subjects in n; CI: confidence interval; NE: not estimable. PT: Preferred Term, SOC: System Organ Class.

[a] Median time to first event is from Kaplan-Meier estimate. Confidence Interval for median was computed using the Brookmeyer-Crowley method.

[b] Hazard ratio is from unstratified Cox proportional hazards model with treatment as the only categorical variable in the model. Confidence limits are based on the Wald test.

[c] Two-sided p-value from unstratified log-rank test.

[d] Two-sided interaction p-value is for the interaction term from unstratified Cox proportional hazards model with treatment, subgroup, and treatment-by-subgroup interaction as categorical variables in the model. The p-value is based on the Wald test.

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SOC: Investigations; PT: Gamma-glutamyltransferase increased

Subgroup	n	Quizartinib (N=265)				Placebo (N=268)				Quizartinib vs Placebo		Interaction
		No. of subjects with events (%)	No. of subjects censored (%)	Median (95 % CI) [a]	n	No. of subjects with events (%)	No. of subjects censored (%)	Median (95 % CI) [a]	n	Hazard Ratio (95 % CI) [b]	Unstratified log-rank p-value [c]	P-value [d]
WBC at initial diagnosis											0.5942	
< 40x10 ⁹ /L	132	10 (7.6)	122 (92.4)	NE (NE, NE)	133	13 (9.8)	120 (90.2)	NE (NE, NE)	133	0.776 (0.340, 1.771)	0.5467	
≥ 40x10 ⁹ /L	133	14 (10.5)	119 (89.5)	NE (NE, NE)	135	12 (8.9)	123 (91.1)	NE (NE, NE)	135	1.049 (0.484, 2.275)	0.9022	

N: number of subjects in analysis set; n: number of subjects in subgroup category; %: proportion of number of subjects in n; CI: confidence interval; NE: not estimable. PT: Preferred Term, SOC: System Organ Class.

[a] Median time to first event is from Kaplan-Meier estimate. Confidence Interval for median was computed using the Brookmeyer-Crowley method.

[b] Hazard ratio is from unstratified Cox proportional hazards model with treatment as the only categorical variable in the model. Confidence limits are based on the Wald test.

[c] Two-sided p-value from unstratified log-rank test.

[d] Two-sided interaction p-value is for the interaction term from unstratified Cox proportional hazards model with treatment, subgroup, and treatment-by-subgroup interaction as categorical variables in the model. The p-value is based on the Wald test.

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SOC: Investigations; PT: Gamma-glutamyltransferase increased

		Quizartinib (N=265)				Placebo (N=268)				Quizartinib vs Placebo		Interaction
Subgroup	n	No. of subjects with events (%)	No. of subjects censored (%)	Median (95 % CI) (months) [a]	n	No. of subjects with events (%)	No. of subjects censored (%)	Median (95 % CI) (months) [a]	Hazard Ratio (95 % CI) [b]	Unstratified log-rank p-value [c]	P-value [d]	
Choice of Anthracycline											0.4429	
Daunorubicin	123	11 (8.9)	112 (91.1)	NE (NE, NE)	94	11 (11.7)	83 (88.3)	NE (NE, NE)	0.697 (0.302, 1.611)	0.3976		
Idarubicin	142	13 (9.2)	129 (90.8)	NE (NE, NE)	171	14 (8.2)	157 (91.8)	NE (NE, NE)	1.055 (0.495, 2.249)	0.8893		

N: number of subjects in analysis set; n: number of subjects in subgroup category; %: proportion of number of subjects in n; CI: confidence interval; NE: not estimable. PT: Preferred Term, SOC: System Organ Class.

[a] Median time to first event is from Kaplan-Meier estimate. Confidence Interval for median was computed using the Brookmeyer-Crowley method.

[b] Hazard ratio is from unstratified Cox proportional hazards model with treatment as the only categorical variable in the model. Confidence limits are based on the Wald test.

[c] Two-sided p-value from unstratified log-rank test.

[d] Two-sided interaction p-value is for the interaction term from unstratified Cox proportional hazards model with treatment, subgroup, and treatment-by-subgroup interaction as categorical variables in the model. The p-value is based on the Wald test.

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SOC: Investigations; PT: Gamma-glutamyltransferase increased

		Quizartinib (N=265)					Placebo (N=268)					Quizartinib vs Placebo		Interaction
Subgroup	n	No. of subjects with events (%)	No. of subjects censored (%)	Median (95 % CI) (months) [a]	n	No. of subjects with events (%)	No. of subjects censored (%)	Median (95 % CI) (months) [a]	CI	Hazard Ratio (95 % CI) [b]	Unstratified log-rank p-value [c]	P-value [d]		
AML Cytogenetic Risk Score												0.6723		
Favorable	13	2 (15.4)	11 (84.6)	NE (NE, NE)	19	2 (10.5)	17 (89.5)	NE (NE, NE)	(28.1, NE)	1.795 (0.250, 12.877)	0.5550			
Intermediate	195	18 (9.2)	177 (90.8)	NE (NE, NE)	190	17 (8.9)	173 (91.1)	NE (NE, NE)		0.922 (0.474, 1.791)	0.8104			
Unfavorable	19	1 (5.3)	18 (94.7)	NE (NE, NE)	27	4 (14.8)	23 (85.2)	NE (NE, NE)		0.362 (0.040, 3.241)	0.3433			
Unknown	38	3 (7.9)	35 (92.1)	NE (NE, NE)	31	2 (6.5)	29 (93.5)	NE (NE, NE)		1.284 (0.214, 7.725)	0.7840			

N: number of subjects in analysis set; n: number of subjects in subgroup category; %: proportion of number of subjects in n; CI: confidence interval; NE: not estimable. PT: Preferred Term, SOC: System Organ Class.

[a] Median time to first event is from Kaplan-Meier estimate. Confidence Interval for median was computed using the Brookmeyer-Crowley method.

[b] Hazard ratio is from unstratified Cox proportional hazards model with treatment as the only categorical variable in the model. Confidence limits are based on the Wald test.

[c] Two-sided p-value from unstratified log-rank test.

[d] Two-sided interaction p-value is for the interaction term from unstratified Cox proportional hazards model with treatment, subgroup, and treatment-by-subgroup interaction as categorical variables in the model. The p-value is based on the Wald test.

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SOC: Investigations; PT: Gamma-glutamyltransferase increased

		Quizartinib (N=265)					Placebo (N=268)					Quizartinib vs Placebo		Interaction
Subgroup	n	No. of subjects with events (%)	No. of subjects censored (%)	Median (95 % CI) (months) [a]	n	No. of subjects with events (%)	No. of subjects censored (%)	Median (95 % CI) (months) [a]	n	Hazard Ratio (95 % CI) [b]	Unstratified log-rank p-value [c]	P-value [d]		
ECOG Performance Status at Baseline												0.9139		
0 - Fully Active	87	9 (10.3)	78 (89.7)	NE (NE, NE)	97	9 (9.3)	88 (90.7)	NE (NE, NE)	97	1.016 (0.402, 2.564)	0.9737			
1 - Restricted in Physically Strenuous Activity	133	11 (8.3)	122 (91.7)	NE (NE, NE)	134	12 (9.0)	122 (91.0)	NE (NE, NE)	134	0.880 (0.388, 1.998)	0.7603			
2 - Ambulatory and Capable of All Selfcare	45	4 (8.9)	41 (91.1)	NE (NE, NE)	36	4 (11.1)	32 (88.9)	NE (NE, NE)	36	0.732 (0.180, 2.971)	0.6617			

N: number of subjects in analysis set; n: number of subjects in subgroup category; %: proportion of number of subjects in n; CI: confidence interval; NE: not estimable. PT: Preferred Term, SOC: System Organ Class.

[a] Median time to first event is from Kaplan-Meier estimate. Confidence Interval for median was computed using the Brookmeyer-Crowley method.

[b] Hazard ratio is from unstratified Cox proportional hazards model with treatment as the only categorical variable in the model. Confidence limits are based on the Wald test.

[c] Two-sided p-value from unstratified log-rank test.

[d] Two-sided interaction p-value is for the interaction term from unstratified Cox proportional hazards model with treatment, subgroup, and treatment-by-subgroup interaction as categorical variables in the model. The p-value is based on the Wald test.

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SOC: Investigations; PT: Gamma-glutamyltransferase increased

		Quizartinib (N=265)				Placebo (N=268)				Quizartinib vs Placebo		Interaction
Subgroup	n	No. of subjects with events (%)	No. of subjects censored (%)	Median (95 % CI) (months) [a]	n	No. of subjects with events (%)	No. of subjects censored (%)	Median (95 % CI) (months) [a]	Hazard Ratio (95 % CI) [b]	Unstratified log-rank p-value [c]	P-value [d]	
FLT3-ITD category at Baseline											0.6647	
≥3 to ≤25%	94	9 (9.6)	85 (90.4)	NE (NE, NE)	98	8 (8.2)	90 (91.8)	NE (NE, NE)	1.192 (0.459, 3.093)	0.7179		
>25% to ≤50%	141	12 (8.5)	129 (91.5)	NE (NE, NE)	136	12 (8.8)	124 (91.2)	NE (NE, NE)	0.895 (0.401, 1.996)	0.7868		
>50%	29	3 (10.3)	26 (89.7)	NE (13.5, NE)	34	5 (14.7)	29 (85.3)	NE (NE, NE)	0.512 (0.118, 2.220)	0.3651		

N: number of subjects in analysis set; n: number of subjects in subgroup category; %: proportion of number of subjects in n; CI: confidence interval; NE: not estimable. PT: Preferred Term, SOC: System Organ Class.

[a] Median time to first event is from Kaplan-Meier estimate. Confidence Interval for median was computed using the Brookmeyer-Crowley method.

[b] Hazard ratio is from unstratified Cox proportional hazards model with treatment as the only categorical variable in the model. Confidence limits are based on the Wald test.

[c] Two-sided p-value from unstratified log-rank test.

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SOC: Investigations; PT: Gamma-glutamyltransferase increased

		Quizartinib (N=265)				Placebo (N=268)				Quizartinib vs Placebo		Interaction
Subgroup	n	No. of subjects with events (%)	No. of subjects censored (%)	Median (95 % CI) (months) [a]	n	No. of subjects with events (%)	No. of subjects censored (%)	Median (95 % CI) (months) [a]	Hazard Ratio (95 % CI) [b]	Unstratified log-rank p-value [c]	P-value [d]	
AML with Mutated NPM1											0.6472	
Yes	139	12 (8.6)	127 (91.4)	NE (NE, NE)	137	11 (8.0)	126 (92.0)	NE (NE, NE)	1.018 (0.448, 2.314)	0.9653		
No	116	10 (8.6)	106 (91.4)	NE (NE, NE)	120	7 (5.8)	113 (94.2)	NE (NE, NE)	1.359 (0.517, 3.576)	0.5326		

N: number of subjects in analysis set; n: number of subjects in subgroup category; %: proportion of number of subjects in n; CI: confidence interval; NE: not estimable. PT: Preferred Term, SOC: System Organ Class.

[a] Median time to first event is from Kaplan-Meier estimate. Confidence Interval for median was computed using the Brookmeyer-Crowley method.

[b] Hazard ratio is from unstratified Cox proportional hazards model with treatment as the only categorical variable in the model. Confidence limits are based on the Wald test.

[c] Two-sided p-value from unstratified log-rank test.

[d] Two-sided interaction p-value is for the interaction term from unstratified Cox proportional hazards model with treatment, subgroup, and treatment-by-subgroup interaction as categorical variables in the model. The p-value is based on the Wald test.

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SOC: Investigations; PT: Gamma-glutamyltransferase increased

		Quizartinib (N=265)				Placebo (N=268)				Quizartinib vs Placebo		Interaction
Subgroup	n	No. of subjects with events (%)	No. of subjects censored (%)	Median (95 % CI) (months) [a]	n	No. of subjects with events (%)	No. of subjects censored (%)	Median (95 % CI) (months) [a]	Hazard Ratio (95 % CI) [b]	Unstratified log-rank p-value [c]	P-value [d]	
Age by 2 categories											0.9642	
≤60	164	19 (11.6)	145 (88.4)	NE (NE, NE)	163	19 (11.7)	144 (88.3)	NE (NE, NE)	0.918 (0.485, 1.736)	0.7930		
>60	101	5 (5.0)	96 (95.0)	NE (NE, NE)	105	6 (5.7)	99 (94.3)	NE (NE, NE)	0.857 (0.261, 2.812)	0.7993		

N: number of subjects in analysis set; n: number of subjects in subgroup category; %: proportion of number of subjects in n; CI: confidence interval; NE: not estimable. PT: Preferred Term, SOC: System Organ Class.

[a] Median time to first event is from Kaplan-Meier estimate. Confidence Interval for median was computed using the Brookmeyer-Crowley method.

[b] Hazard ratio is from unstratified Cox proportional hazards model with treatment as the only categorical variable in the model. Confidence limits are based on the Wald test.

[c] Two-sided p-value from unstratified log-rank test.

[d] Two-sided interaction p-value is for the interaction term from unstratified Cox proportional hazards model with treatment, subgroup, and treatment-by-subgroup interaction as categorical variables in the model. The p-value is based on the Wald test.

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SOC: Investigations; PT: Platelet count decreased

		Quizartinib (N=265)				Placebo (N=268)				Quizartinib vs Placebo		Interaction
Subgroup	n	No. of subjects with events (%)	No. of subjects censored (%)	Median (95 % CI) (months) [a]	n	No. of subjects with events (%)	No. of subjects censored (%)	Median (95 % CI) (months) [a]	Hazard Ratio (95 % CI) [b]	Unstratified log-rank p-value [c]	P-value [d]	
Pooled Age Group 2											0.8899	
<60	159	12 (7.5)	147 (92.5)	NE (NE, NE)	160	6 (3.8)	154 (96.3)	NE (NE, NE)	1.686 (0.630, 4.510)	0.2928		
≥60 - <65	37	2 (5.4)	35 (94.6)	NE (NE, NE)	43	2 (4.7)	41 (95.3)	NE (NE, NE)	1.188 (0.167, 8.437)	0.8628		
≥65	69	4 (5.8)	65 (94.2)	NE (NE, NE)	65	0	65 (100)	NE (NE, NE)	NE (0.000, NE)	0.0394		

N: number of subjects in analysis set; n: number of subjects in subgroup category; %: proportion of number of subjects in n; CI: confidence interval; NE: not estimable. PT: Preferred Term, SOC: System Organ Class.

[a] Median time to first event is from Kaplan-Meier estimate. Confidence Interval for median was computed using the Brookmeyer-Crowley method.

[b] Hazard ratio is from unstratified Cox proportional hazards model with treatment as the only categorical variable in the model. Confidence limits are based on the Wald test.

[c] Two-sided p-value from unstratified log-rank test.

[d] Two-sided interaction p-value is for the interaction term from unstratified Cox proportional hazards model with treatment, subgroup, and treatment-by-subgroup interaction as categorical variables in the model. The p-value is based on the Wald test.

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Run date: 21JUL2023 – 22:02; Program name: DE_T_3_11_2.sas; Output name: DE_T_3_11_2_TEAESOCPT_SUB_SAS.rtf

Medizinischer Nutzen, medizinischer Zusatznutzen, Patientengruppen mit therap. bedeutsamem Zusatznutzen

Daichi Sankyo | Data Intelligence – Evidence Generation | Final | AC220-A-U302 QUANTUM-First (DCO 13 Aug 2021) | Statistical analyses for AMNOG (HTA Germany)
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SOC: Investigations; PT: Platelet count decreased

		Quizartinib (N=265)				Placebo (N=268)				Quizartinib vs Placebo		Interaction
Subgroup	n	No. of subjects with events (%)	No. of subjects censored (%)	Median (95 % CI) (months) [a]	n	No. of subjects with events (%)	No. of subjects censored (%)	Median (95 % CI) (months) [a]	Hazard Ratio (95 % CI) [b]	Unstratified log-rank p-value [c]	P-value [d]	
Sex											0.6203	
Male	124	10 (8.1)	114 (91.9)	NE (NE, NE)	120	5 (4.2)	115 (95.8)	NE (NE, NE)	1.745 (0.595, 5.120)	0.3041		
Female	141	8 (5.7)	133 (94.3)	NE (NE, NE)	148	3 (2.0)	145 (98.0)	NE (NE, NE)	2.661 (0.705, 10.041)	0.1329		

N: number of subjects in analysis set; n: number of subjects in subgroup category; %: proportion of number of subjects in n; CI: confidence interval; NE: not estimable. PT: Preferred Term, SOC: System Organ Class.

[a] Median time to first event is from Kaplan-Meier estimate. Confidence Interval for median was computed using the Brookmeyer-Crowley method.

[b] Hazard ratio is from unstratified Cox proportional hazards model with treatment as the only categorical variable in the model. Confidence limits are based on the Wald test.

[c] Two-sided p-value from unstratified log-rank test.

[d] Two-sided interaction p-value is for the interaction term from unstratified Cox proportional hazards model with treatment, subgroup, and treatment-by-subgroup interaction as categorical variables in the model. The p-value is based on the Wald test.

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SOC: Investigations; PT: Platelet count decreased

		Quizartinib (N=265)				Placebo (N=268)				Quizartinib vs Placebo		Interaction
Subgroup	n	No. of subjects with events (%)	No. of subjects censored (%)	Median (95 % CI) (months) [a]	n	No. of subjects with events (%)	No. of subjects censored (%)	Median (95 % CI) (months) [a]	Hazard Ratio (95 % CI) [b]	Unstratified log-rank p-value [c]	P-value [d]	
Race by 2 categories											0.5416	
White	157	9 (5.7)	148 (94.3)	NE (NE, NE)	161	3 (1.9)	158 (98.1)	NE (NE, NE)	2.834 (0.766, 10.486)	0.1028		
Non-white	108	9 (8.3)	99 (91.7)	NE (NE, NE)	107	5 (4.7)	102 (95.3)	NE (NE, NE)	1.665 (0.557, 4.976)	0.3563		

N: number of subjects in analysis set; n: number of subjects in subgroup category; %: proportion of number of subjects in n; CI: confidence interval; NE: not estimable. PT: Preferred Term, SOC: System Organ Class.

[a] Median time to first event is from Kaplan-Meier estimate. Confidence Interval for median was computed using the Brookmeyer-Crowley method.

[b] Hazard ratio is from unstratified Cox proportional hazards model with treatment as the only categorical variable in the model. Confidence limits are based on the Wald test.

[c] Two-sided p-value from unstratified log-rank test.

[d] Two-sided interaction p-value is for the interaction term from unstratified Cox proportional hazards model with treatment, subgroup, and treatment-by-subgroup interaction as categorical variables in the model. The p-value is based on the Wald test.

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SOC: Investigations; PT: Platelet count decreased

		Quizartinib (N=265)				Placebo (N=268)				Quizartinib vs Placebo		Interaction
Subgroup	n	No. of subjects with events (%)	No. of subjects censored (%)	Median (95 % CI) (months) [a]	n	No. of subjects with events (%)	No. of subjects censored (%)	Median (95 % CI) (months) [a]	Hazard Ratio (95 % CI) [b]	Unstratified log-rank p-value [c]	P-value [d]	
Geographic Region 1											0.8408	
North America	16	2 (12.5)	14 (87.5)	NE (1.9, NE)	18	0	18 (100)	NE (NE, NE)	NE (0.000, NE)	0.0815		
Europe	161	10 (6.2)	151 (93.8)	NE (NE, NE)	161	4 (2.5)	157 (97.5)	NE (NE, NE)	2.265 (0.709, 7.230)	0.1560		
Asia/Other Regions	88	6 (6.8)	82 (93.2)	NE (NE, NE)	89	4 (4.5)	85 (95.5)	NE (NE, NE)	1.386 (0.389, 4.932)	0.6127		

N: number of subjects in analysis set; n: number of subjects in subgroup category; %: proportion of number of subjects in n; CI: confidence interval; NE: not estimable. PT: Preferred Term, SOC: System Organ Class.

[a] Median time to first event is from Kaplan-Meier estimate. Confidence Interval for median was computed using the Brookmeyer-Crowley method.

[b] Hazard ratio is from unstratified Cox proportional hazards model with treatment as the only categorical variable in the model. Confidence limits are based on the Wald test.

[c] Two-sided p-value from unstratified log-rank test.

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SOC: Investigations; PT: Platelet count decreased

Subgroup	n	Quizartinib (N=265)				Placebo (N=268)				Quizartinib vs Placebo		Interaction
		No. of subjects with events (%)	No. of subjects censored (%)	Median (95 % CI) [a]	n	No. of subjects with events (%)	No. of subjects censored (%)	Median (95 % CI) [a]	n	Hazard Ratio (95 % CI) [b]	Unstratified log-rank p-value [c]	P-value [d]
WBC at initial diagnosis											0.2576	
< 40x10 ⁹ /L	132	10 (7.6)	122 (92.4)	NE (NE, NE)	133	3 (2.3)	130 (97.7)	NE (NE, NE)	133	3.500 (0.963, 12.724)	0.0424	
≥ 40x10 ⁹ /L	133	8 (6.0)	125 (94.0)	NE (NE, NE)	135	5 (3.7)	130 (96.3)	NE (NE, NE)	135	1.318 (0.429, 4.051)	0.6283	

N: number of subjects in analysis set; n: number of subjects in subgroup category; %: proportion of number of subjects in n; CI: confidence interval; NE: not estimable. PT: Preferred Term, SOC: System Organ Class.

[a] Median time to first event is from Kaplan-Meier estimate. Confidence Interval for median was computed using the Brookmeyer-Crowley method.

[b] Hazard ratio is from unstratified Cox proportional hazards model with treatment as the only categorical variable in the model. Confidence limits are based on the Wald test.

[c] Two-sided p-value from unstratified log-rank test.

[d] Two-sided interaction p-value is for the interaction term from unstratified Cox proportional hazards model with treatment, subgroup, and treatment-by-subgroup interaction as categorical variables in the model. The p-value is based on the Wald test.

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SOC: Investigations; PT: Platelet count decreased

		Quizartinib (N=265)				Placebo (N=268)				Quizartinib vs Placebo		Interaction
Subgroup	n	No. of subjects with events (%)	No. of subjects censored (%)	Median (95 % CI) (months) [a]	n	No. of subjects with events (%)	No. of subjects censored (%)	Median (95 % CI) (months) [a]	Hazard Ratio (95 % CI) [b]	Unstratified log-rank p-value [c]	P-value [d]	
Choice of Anthracycline											0.6055	
Daunorubicin	123	7 (5.7)	116 (94.3)	NE (NE, NE)	94	3 (3.2)	91 (96.8)	NE (NE, NE)	1.717 (0.443, 6.652)	0.4289		
Idarubicin	142	11 (7.7)	131 (92.3)	NE (NE, NE)	171	5 (2.9)	166 (97.1)	NE (NE, NE)	2.430 (0.844, 7.002)	0.0892		

N: number of subjects in analysis set; n: number of subjects in subgroup category; %: proportion of number of subjects in n; CI: confidence interval; NE: not estimable. PT: Preferred Term, SOC: System Organ Class.

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[c] Two-sided p-value from unstratified log-rank test.

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SOC: Investigations; PT: Platelet count decreased

		Quizartinib (N=265)				Placebo (N=268)				Quizartinib vs Placebo		Interaction
Subgroup	n	No. of subjects with events (%)	No. of subjects censored (%)	Median (95 % CI) (months) [a]	n	No. of subjects with events (%)	No. of subjects censored (%)	Median (95 % CI) (months) [a]	Hazard Ratio (95 % CI) [b]	Unstratified log-rank p-value [c]	P-value [d]	
AML Cytogenetic Risk Score											0.8234	
Favorable	13	0	13 (100)	NE (NE, NE)	19	0	19 (100)	NE (NE, NE)	NE (NE, NE)	NE		
Intermediate	195	16 (8.2)	179 (91.8)	NE (NE, NE)	190	6 (3.2)	184 (96.8)	NE (NE, NE)	2.331 (0.911, 5.964)	0.0692		
Unfavorable	19	1 (5.3)	18 (94.7)	NE (5.7, NE)	27	2 (7.4)	25 (92.6)	NE (11.2, NE)	0.654 (0.059, 7.236)	0.7270		
Unknown	38	1 (2.6)	37 (97.4)	NE (NE, NE)	31	0	31 (100)	NE (NE, NE)	NE (0.000, NE)	0.3664		

N: number of subjects in analysis set; n: number of subjects in subgroup category; %: proportion of number of subjects in n; CI: confidence interval; NE: not estimable. PT: Preferred Term, SOC: System Organ Class.

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[b] Hazard ratio is from unstratified Cox proportional hazards model with treatment as the only categorical variable in the model. Confidence limits are based on the Wald test.

[c] Two-sided p-value from unstratified log-rank test.

[d] Two-sided interaction p-value is for the interaction term from unstratified Cox proportional hazards model with treatment, subgroup, and treatment-by-subgroup interaction as categorical variables in the model. The p-value is based on the Wald test.

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SOC: Investigations; PT: Platelet count decreased

		Quizartinib (N=265)					Placebo (N=268)					Quizartinib vs Placebo		Interaction
Subgroup	n	No. of subjects with events (%)	No. of subjects censored (%)	Median (95 % CI) (months) [a]	n	No. of subjects with events (%)	No. of subjects censored (%)	Median (95 % CI) (months) [a]	n	Hazard Ratio (95 % CI) [b]	Unstratified log-rank p-value [c]	P-value [d]		
ECOG Performance Status at Baseline												0.3332		
0 - Fully Active	87	4 (4.6)	83 (95.4)	NE (NE, NE)	97	4 (4.1)	93 (95.9)	NE (NE, NE)	97	0.975 (0.243, 3.910)	0.9711			
1 - Restricted in Physically Strenuous Activity	133	12 (9.0)	121 (91.0)	NE (NE, NE)	134	3 (2.2)	131 (97.8)	NE (NE, NE)	134	3.899 (1.100, 13.822)	0.0230			
2 - Ambulatory and Capable of All Selfcare	45	2 (4.4)	43 (95.6)	NE (NE, NE)	36	1 (2.8)	35 (97.2)	NE (NE, NE)	36	1.301 (0.113, 14.941)	0.8322			

N: number of subjects in analysis set; n: number of subjects in subgroup category; %: proportion of number of subjects in n; CI: confidence interval; NE: not estimable. PT: Preferred Term, SOC: System Organ Class.

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[c] Two-sided p-value from unstratified log-rank test.

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		Quizartinib (N=265)				Placebo (N=268)				Quizartinib vs Placebo		Interaction
Subgroup	n	No. of subjects with events (%)	No. of subjects censored (%)	Median (95 % CI) (months) [a]	n	No. of subjects with events (%)	No. of subjects censored (%)	Median (95 % CI) (months) [a]	Hazard Ratio (95 % CI) [b]	Unstratified log-rank p-value [c]	P-value [d]	
FLT3-ITD category at Baseline											0.8112	
≥3 to ≤25%	94	7 (7.4)	87 (92.6)	NE (NE, NE)	98	4 (4.1)	94 (95.9)	NE (NE, NE)	1.886 (0.552, 6.446)	0.3033		
>25% to ≤50%	141	11 (7.8)	130 (92.2)	NE (NE, NE)	136	3 (2.2)	133 (97.8)	NE (NE, NE)	3.237 (0.902, 11.624)	0.0567		
>50%	29	0	29 (100)	NE (NE, NE)	34	1 (2.9)	33 (97.1)	NE (NE, NE)	0.000 (0.000, NE)	0.3557		

N: number of subjects in analysis set; n: number of subjects in subgroup category; %: proportion of number of subjects in n; CI: confidence interval; NE: not estimable. PT: Preferred Term, SOC: System Organ Class.

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		Quizartinib (N=265)				Placebo (N=268)				Quizartinib vs Placebo		Interaction
Subgroup	n	No. of subjects with events (%)	No. of subjects censored (%)	Median (95 % CI) (months) [a]	n	No. of subjects with events (%)	No. of subjects censored (%)	Median (95 % CI) (months) [a]	Hazard Ratio (95 % CI) [b]	Unstratified log-rank p-value [c]	P-value [d]	
AML with Mutated NPM1											0.1826	
Yes	139	8 (5.8)	131 (94.2)	NE (NE, NE)	137	5 (3.6)	132 (96.4)	NE (NE, NE)	1.487 (0.486, 4.555)	0.4839		
No	116	8 (6.9)	108 (93.1)	NE (NE, NE)	120	1 (0.8)	119 (99.2)	NE (NE, NE)	7.390 (0.923, 59.183)	0.0270		

N: number of subjects in analysis set; n: number of subjects in subgroup category; %: proportion of number of subjects in n; CI: confidence interval; NE: not estimable. PT: Preferred Term, SOC: System Organ Class.

[a] Median time to first event is from Kaplan-Meier estimate. Confidence Interval for median was computed using the Brookmeyer-Crowley method.

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[c] Two-sided p-value from unstratified log-rank test.

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		Quizartinib (N=265)				Placebo (N=268)				Quizartinib vs Placebo		Interaction
Subgroup	n	No. of subjects with events (%)	No. of subjects censored (%)	Median (95 % CI) (months) [a]	n	No. of subjects with events (%)	No. of subjects censored (%)	Median (95 % CI) (months) [a]	Hazard Ratio (95 % CI) [b]	Unstratified log-rank p-value [c]	P-value [d]	
Age by 2 categories											0.4971	
≤60	164	12 (7.3)	152 (92.7)	NE (NE, NE)	163	6 (3.7)	157 (96.3)	NE (NE, NE)	1.657 (0.619, 4.433)	0.3096		
>60	101	6 (5.9)	95 (94.1)	NE (NE, NE)	105	2 (1.9)	103 (98.1)	NE (NE, NE)	3.246 (0.655, 16.090)	0.1268		

N: number of subjects in analysis set; n: number of subjects in subgroup category; %: proportion of number of subjects in n; CI: confidence interval; NE: not estimable. PT: Preferred Term, SOC: System Organ Class.

[a] Median time to first event is from Kaplan-Meier estimate. Confidence Interval for median was computed using the Brookmeyer-Crowley method.

[b] Hazard ratio is from unstratified Cox proportional hazards model with treatment as the only categorical variable in the model. Confidence limits are based on the Wald test.

[c] Two-sided p-value from unstratified log-rank test.

[d] Two-sided interaction p-value is for the interaction term from unstratified Cox proportional hazards model with treatment, subgroup, and treatment-by-subgroup interaction as categorical variables in the model. The p-value is based on the Wald test.

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Run date: 21JUL2023 – 22:02; Program name: DE_T_3_11_2.sas; Output name: DE_T_3_11_2_TEAESOCPT_SUB_SAS.rtf

Medizinischer Nutzen, medizinischer Zusatznutzen, Patientengruppen mit therap. bedeutsamem Zusatznutzen

Daichi Sankyo | Data Intelligence – Evidence Generation | Final | AC220-A-U302 QUANTUM-First (DCO 13 Aug 2021) | Statistical analyses for AMNOG (HTA Germany)
 Table 3.11.2 Treatment-emergent adverse events by system organ class (SOC) and preferred term (PT) observed for ≥ 10 patients in at least one arm and ≥ 1% of the patients in at least one arm - Time-to-event analysis - subgroup analysis - DCO 13-Aug-2021 - Safety Analysis Set

SOC: Investigations; PT: Blood bilirubin increased

Subgroup	n	Quizartinib (N=265)				Placebo (N=268)				Quizartinib vs Placebo		Interaction
		No. of subjects with events (%)	No. of subjects censored (%)	Median (95 % CI) (months) [a]	n	No. of subjects with events (%)	No. of subjects censored (%)	Median (95 % CI) (months) [a]	n	Hazard Ratio (95 % CI) [b]	Unstratified log-rank p-value [c]	P-value [d]
Pooled Age Group 2											0.1301	
<60	159	7 (4.4)	152 (95.6)	NE (NE, NE)	160	12 (7.5)	148 (92.5)	NE (NE, NE)	0.545 (0.214, 1.388)	0.1967		
≥60 - <65	37	2 (5.4)	35 (94.6)	NE (NE, NE)	43	0	43 (100)	NE (NE, NE)	NE (0.000, NE)	0.1224		
≥65	69	7 (10.1)	62 (89.9)	NE (NE, NE)	65	2 (3.1)	63 (96.9)	NE (NE, NE)	3.494 (0.726, 16.825)	0.0965		

N: number of subjects in analysis set; n: number of subjects in subgroup category; %: proportion of number of subjects in n; CI: confidence interval; NE: not estimable. PT: Preferred Term, SOC: System Organ Class.

[a] Median time to first event is from Kaplan-Meier estimate. Confidence Interval for median was computed using the Brookmeyer-Crowley method.

[b] Hazard ratio is from unstratified Cox proportional hazards model with treatment as the only categorical variable in the model. Confidence limits are based on the Wald test.

[c] Two-sided p-value from unstratified log-rank test.

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SOC: Investigations; PT: Blood bilirubin increased

Subgroup	n	Quizartinib (N=265)				Placebo (N=268)				Quizartinib vs Placebo		Interaction
		No. of subjects with events (%)	No. of subjects censored (%)	Median (95 % CI) (months) [a]	n	No. of subjects with events (%)	No. of subjects censored (%)	Median (95 % CI) (months) [a]	n	Hazard Ratio (95 % CI) [b]	Unstratified log-rank p-value [c]	P-value [d]
Sex												0.9024
Male	124	8 (6.5)	116 (93.5)	NE (NE, NE)	120	7 (5.8)	113 (94.2)	NE (NE, NE)	120	1.115 (0.404, 3.077)	0.8362	
Female	141	8 (5.7)	133 (94.3)	NE (NE, NE)	148	7 (4.7)	141 (95.3)	NE (NE, NE)	148	1.202 (0.436, 3.317)	0.7206	

N: number of subjects in analysis set; n: number of subjects in subgroup category; %: proportion of number of subjects in n; CI: confidence interval; NE: not estimable. PT: Preferred Term, SOC: System Organ Class.

[a] Median time to first event is from Kaplan-Meier estimate. Confidence Interval for median was computed using the Brookmeyer-Crowley method.

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[c] Two-sided p-value from unstratified log-rank test.

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SOC: Investigations; PT: Blood bilirubin increased

		Quizartinib (N=265)				Placebo (N=268)				Quizartinib vs Placebo		Interaction
Subgroup	n	No. of subjects with events (%)	No. of subjects censored (%)	Median (95 % CI) (months) [a]	n	No. of subjects with events (%)	No. of subjects censored (%)	Median (95 % CI) (months) [a]	Hazard Ratio (95 % CI) [b]	Unstratified log-rank p-value [c]	P-value [d]	
Race by 2 categories											0.6547	
White	157	8 (5.1)	149 (94.9)	NE (NE, NE)	161	6 (3.7)	155 (96.3)	NE (NE, NE)	1.345 (0.466, 3.882)	0.5822		
Non-white	108	8 (7.4)	100 (92.6)	NE (NE, NE)	107	8 (7.5)	99 (92.5)	NE (NE, NE)	0.993 (0.373, 2.646)	0.9889		

N: number of subjects in analysis set; n: number of subjects in subgroup category; %: proportion of number of subjects in n; CI: confidence interval; NE: not estimable. PT: Preferred Term, SOC: System Organ Class.

[a] Median time to first event is from Kaplan-Meier estimate. Confidence Interval for median was computed using the Brookmeyer-Crowley method.

[b] Hazard ratio is from unstratified Cox proportional hazards model with treatment as the only categorical variable in the model. Confidence limits are based on the Wald test.

[c] Two-sided p-value from unstratified log-rank test.

[d] Two-sided interaction p-value is for the interaction term from unstratified Cox proportional hazards model with treatment, subgroup, and treatment-by-subgroup interaction as categorical variables in the model. The p-value is based on the Wald test.

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SOC: Investigations; PT: Blood bilirubin increased

		Quizartinib (N=265)				Placebo (N=268)				Quizartinib vs Placebo		Interaction
Subgroup	n	No. of subjects with events (%)	No. of subjects censored (%)	Median (95 % CI) (months) [a]	n	No. of subjects with events (%)	No. of subjects censored (%)	Median (95 % CI) (months) [a]	Hazard Ratio (95 % CI) [b]	Unstratified log-rank p-value [c]	P-value [d]	
Geographic Region 1											0.6504	
North America	16	1 (6.3)	15 (93.8)	NE (1.9, NE)	18	0	18 (100)	NE (NE, NE)	NE (0.000, NE)	0.1824		
Europe	161	9 (5.6)	152 (94.4)	NE (NE, NE)	161	6 (3.7)	155 (96.3)	NE (NE, NE)	1.455 (0.517, 4.095)	0.4750		
Asia/Other Regions	88	6 (6.8)	82 (93.2)	NE (NE, NE)	89	8 (9.0)	81 (91.0)	NE (NE, NE)	0.750 (0.260, 2.163)	0.5934		

N: number of subjects in analysis set; n: number of subjects in subgroup category; %: proportion of number of subjects in n; CI: confidence interval; NE: not estimable. PT: Preferred Term, SOC: System Organ Class.

[a] Median time to first event is from Kaplan-Meier estimate. Confidence Interval for median was computed using the Brookmeyer-Crowley method.

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SOC: Investigations; PT: Blood bilirubin increased

Subgroup	n	Quizartinib (N=265)				Placebo (N=268)				Quizartinib vs Placebo		Interaction
		No. of subjects with events (%)	No. of subjects censored (%)	Median (95 % CI) [a]	n	No. of subjects with events (%)	No. of subjects censored (%)	Median (95 % CI) [a]	n	Hazard Ratio (95 % CI) [b]	Unstratified log-rank p-value [c]	P-value [d]
WBC at initial diagnosis											0.1816	
< 40x10 ⁹ /L	132	5 (3.8)	127 (96.2)	NE (NE, NE)	133	8 (6.0)	125 (94.0)	NE (NE, NE)	133	0.638 (0.209, 1.951)	0.4276	
≥ 40x10 ⁹ /L	133	11 (8.3)	122 (91.7)	NE (NE, NE)	135	6 (4.4)	129 (95.6)	NE (NE, NE)	135	1.860 (0.687, 5.032)	0.2145	

N: number of subjects in analysis set; n: number of subjects in subgroup category; %: proportion of number of subjects in n; CI: confidence interval; NE: not estimable. PT: Preferred Term, SOC: System Organ Class.

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SOC: Investigations; PT: Blood bilirubin increased

		Quizartinib (N=265)				Placebo (N=268)				Quizartinib vs Placebo		Interaction
Subgroup	n	No. of subjects with events (%)	No. of subjects censored (%)	Median (95 % CI) (months) [a]	n	No. of subjects with events (%)	No. of subjects censored (%)	Median (95 % CI) (months) [a]	Hazard Ratio (95 % CI) [b]	Unstratified log-rank p-value [c]	P-value [d]	
Choice of Anthracycline											0.7608	
Daunorubicin	123	8 (6.5)	115 (93.5)	NE (NE, NE)	94	6 (6.4)	88 (93.6)	NE (NE, NE)	0.980 (0.340, 2.828)	0.9715		
Idarubicin	142	8 (5.6)	134 (94.4)	NE (NE, NE)	171	8 (4.7)	163 (95.3)	NE (NE, NE)	1.229 (0.461, 3.276)	0.6799		

N: number of subjects in analysis set; n: number of subjects in subgroup category; %: proportion of number of subjects in n; CI: confidence interval; NE: not estimable. PT: Preferred Term, SOC: System Organ Class.

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[b] Hazard ratio is from unstratified Cox proportional hazards model with treatment as the only categorical variable in the model. Confidence limits are based on the Wald test.

[c] Two-sided p-value from unstratified log-rank test.

[d] Two-sided interaction p-value is for the interaction term from unstratified Cox proportional hazards model with treatment, subgroup, and treatment-by-subgroup interaction as categorical variables in the model. The p-value is based on the Wald test.

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		Quizartinib (N=265)				Placebo (N=268)				Quizartinib vs Placebo		Interaction
Subgroup	n	No. of subjects with events (%)	No. of subjects censored (%)	Median (95 % CI) (months) [a]	n	No. of subjects with events (%)	No. of subjects censored (%)	Median (95 % CI) (months) [a]	Hazard Ratio (95 % CI) [b]	Unstratified log-rank p-value [c]	P-value [d]	
AML Cytogenetic Risk Score											0.7534	
Favorable	13	1 (7.7)	12 (92.3)	NE (NE, NE)	19	0	19 (100)	NE (NE, NE)	NE (0.000, NE)	0.2267		
Intermediate	195	13 (6.7)	182 (93.3)	NE (NE, NE)	190	7 (3.7)	183 (96.3)	NE (NE, NE)	1.791 (0.714, 4.492)	0.2073		
Unfavorable	19	0	19 (100)	NE (NE, NE)	27	4 (14.8)	23 (85.2)	NE (NE, NE)	0.000 (0.000, NE)	0.0926		
Unknown	38	2 (5.3)	36 (94.7)	NE (NE, NE)	31	3 (9.7)	28 (90.3)	NE (NE, NE)	0.609 (0.101, 3.660)	0.5843		

N: number of subjects in analysis set; n: number of subjects in subgroup category; %: proportion of number of subjects in n; CI: confidence interval; NE: not estimable. PT: Preferred Term, SOC: System Organ Class.

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[c] Two-sided p-value from unstratified log-rank test.

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		Quizartinib (N=265)				Placebo (N=268)				Quizartinib vs Placebo		Interaction
Subgroup	n	No. of subjects with events (%)	No. of subjects censored (%)	Median (95 % CI) (months) [a]	n	No. of subjects with events (%)	No. of subjects censored (%)	Median (95 % CI) (months) [a]	Hazard Ratio (95 % CI) [b]	Unstratified log-rank p-value [c]	P-value [d]	
ECOG Performance Status at Baseline											0.6544	
0 - Fully Active	87	3 (3.4)	84 (96.6)	NE (NE, NE)	97	5 (5.2)	92 (94.8)	NE (NE, NE)	0.638 (0.152, 2.672)	0.5350		
1 - Restricted in Physically Strenuous Activity	133	10 (7.5)	123 (92.5)	NE (NE, NE)	134	7 (5.2)	127 (94.8)	NE (NE, NE)	1.437 (0.547, 3.779)	0.4598		
2 - Ambulatory and Capable of All Selfcare	45	3 (6.7)	42 (93.3)	NE (NE, NE)	36	2 (5.6)	34 (94.4)	NE (NE, NE)	1.302 (0.218, 7.796)	0.7735		

N: number of subjects in analysis set; n: number of subjects in subgroup category; %: proportion of number of subjects in n; CI: confidence interval; NE: not estimable. PT: Preferred Term, SOC: System Organ Class.

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SOC: Investigations; PT: Blood bilirubin increased

		Quizartinib (N=265)				Placebo (N=268)				Quizartinib vs Placebo		Interaction
Subgroup	n	No. of subjects with events (%)	No. of subjects censored (%)	Median (95 % CI) (months) [a]	n	No. of subjects with events (%)	No. of subjects censored (%)	Median (95 % CI) (months) [a]	Hazard Ratio (95 % CI) [b]	Unstratified log-rank p-value [c]	P-value [d]	
FLT3-ITD category at Baseline											0.6078	
≥3 to ≤25%	94	5 (5.3)	89 (94.7)	NE (NE, NE)	98	2 (2.0)	96 (98.0)	NE (NE, NE)	2.697 (0.523, 13.901)	0.2174		
>25% to ≤50%	141	11 (7.8)	130 (92.2)	NE (NE, NE)	136	10 (7.4)	126 (92.6)	NE (NE, NE)	1.064 (0.452, 2.506)	0.8862		
>50%	29	0	29 (100)	NE (NE, NE)	34	2 (5.9)	32 (94.1)	NE (NE, NE)	0.000 (0.000, NE)	0.1857		

N: number of subjects in analysis set; n: number of subjects in subgroup category; %: proportion of number of subjects in n; CI: confidence interval; NE: not estimable. PT: Preferred Term, SOC: System Organ Class.

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SOC: Investigations; PT: Blood bilirubin increased

		Quizartinib (N=265)				Placebo (N=268)				Quizartinib vs Placebo		Interaction
Subgroup	n	No. of subjects with events (%)	No. of subjects censored (%)	Median (95 % CI) (months) [a]	n	No. of subjects with events (%)	No. of subjects censored (%)	Median (95 % CI) (months) [a]	Hazard Ratio (95 % CI) [b]	Unstratified log-rank p-value [c]	P-value [d]	
AML with Mutated NPM1											0.3627	
Yes	139	11 (7.9)	128 (92.1)	NE (NE, NE)	137	5 (3.6)	132 (96.4)	NE (NE, NE)	2.249 (0.781, 6.473)	0.1226		
No	116	4 (3.4)	112 (96.6)	NE (NE, NE)	120	4 (3.3)	116 (96.7)	NE (NE, NE)	0.996 (0.249, 3.987)	0.9971		

N: number of subjects in analysis set; n: number of subjects in subgroup category; %: proportion of number of subjects in n; CI: confidence interval; NE: not estimable. PT: Preferred Term, SOC: System Organ Class.

[a] Median time to first event is from Kaplan-Meier estimate. Confidence Interval for median was computed using the Brookmeyer-Crowley method.

[b] Hazard ratio is from unstratified Cox proportional hazards model with treatment as the only categorical variable in the model. Confidence limits are based on the Wald test.

[c] Two-sided p-value from unstratified log-rank test.

[d] Two-sided interaction p-value is for the interaction term from unstratified Cox proportional hazards model with treatment, subgroup, and treatment-by-subgroup interaction as categorical variables in the model. The p-value is based on the Wald test.

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Run date: 21JUL2023 – 22:02; Program name: DE_T_3_11_2.sas; Output name: DE_T_3_11_2_TEAESOCPT_SUB_SAS.rtf

Medizinischer Nutzen, medizinischer Zusatznutzen, Patientengruppen mit therap. bedeutsamem Zusatznutzen

Daiichi Sankyo | Data Intelligence – Evidence Generation | Final | AC220-A-U302 QUANTUM-First (DCO 13 Aug 2021) | Statistical analyses for AMNOG (HTA Germany)
 Table 3.11.2 Treatment-emergent adverse events by system organ class (SOC) and preferred term (PT) observed for ≥ 10 patients in at least one arm and ≥ 1% of the patients in at least one arm - Time-to-event analysis - subgroup analysis - DCO 13-Aug-2021 - Safety Analysis Set

SOC: Investigations; PT: Blood bilirubin increased

		Quizartinib (N=265)				Placebo (N=268)				Quizartinib vs Placebo		Interaction
Subgroup	n	No. of subjects with events (%)	No. of subjects censored (%)	Median (95 % CI) (months) [a]	n	No. of subjects with events (%)	No. of subjects censored (%)	Median (95 % CI) (months) [a]	Hazard Ratio (95 % CI) [b]	Unstratified log-rank p-value [c]	P-value [d]	
Age by 2 categories											0.0324	
≤60	164	8 (4.9)	156 (95.1)	NE (NE, NE)	163	12 (7.4)	151 (92.6)	NE (NE, NE)	0.621 (0.253, 1.522)	0.2935		
>60	101	8 (7.9)	93 (92.1)	NE (NE, NE)	105	2 (1.9)	103 (98.1)	NE (NE, NE)	4.397 (0.933, 20.710)	0.0406		

N: number of subjects in analysis set; n: number of subjects in subgroup category; %: proportion of number of subjects in n; CI: confidence interval; NE: not estimable. PT: Preferred Term, SOC: System Organ Class.

[a] Median time to first event is from Kaplan-Meier estimate. Confidence Interval for median was computed using the Brookmeyer-Crowley method.

[b] Hazard ratio is from unstratified Cox proportional hazards model with treatment as the only categorical variable in the model. Confidence limits are based on the Wald test.

[c] Two-sided p-value from unstratified log-rank test.

[d] Two-sided interaction p-value is for the interaction term from unstratified Cox proportional hazards model with treatment, subgroup, and treatment-by-subgroup interaction as categorical variables in the model. The p-value is based on the Wald test.

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SOC: Investigations; PT: Blood alkaline phosphatase increased

Subgroup	n	Quizartinib (N=265)				Placebo (N=268)				Quizartinib vs Placebo		Interaction
		No. of subjects with events (%)	No. of subjects censored (%)	Median (95 % CI) (months) [a]	n	No. of subjects with events (%)	No. of subjects censored (%)	Median (95 % CI) (months) [a]	n	Hazard Ratio (95 % CI) [b]	Unstratified log-rank p-value [c]	P-value [d]
Pooled Age Group 2											0.8935	
<60	159	7 (4.4)	152 (95.6)	NE (NE, NE)	160	11 (6.9)	149 (93.1)	NE (NE, NE)	160	0.592 (0.229, 1.532)	0.2752	
≥60 - <65	37	2 (5.4)	35 (94.6)	NE (NE, NE)	43	0	43 (100)	NE (NE, NE)	43	NE (0.000, NE)	0.1261	
≥65	69	2 (2.9)	67 (97.1)	NE (NE, NE)	65	2 (3.1)	63 (96.9)	NE (NE, NE)	65	0.975 (0.137, 6.926)	0.9801	

N: number of subjects in analysis set; n: number of subjects in subgroup category; %: proportion of number of subjects in n; CI: confidence interval; NE: not estimable. PT: Preferred Term, SOC: System Organ Class.

[a] Median time to first event is from Kaplan-Meier estimate. Confidence Interval for median was computed using the Brookmeyer-Crowley method.

[b] Hazard ratio is from unstratified Cox proportional hazards model with treatment as the only categorical variable in the model. Confidence limits are based on the Wald test.

[c] Two-sided p-value from unstratified log-rank test.

[d] Two-sided interaction p-value is for the interaction term from unstratified Cox proportional hazards model with treatment, subgroup, and treatment-by-subgroup interaction as categorical variables in the model. The p-value is based on the Wald test.

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SOC: Investigations; PT: Blood alkaline phosphatase increased

Subgroup	n	Quizartinib (N=265)				Placebo (N=268)				Quizartinib vs Placebo		Interaction
		No. of subjects with events (%)	No. of subjects censored (%)	Median (95 % CI) (months) [a]	n	No. of subjects with events (%)	No. of subjects censored (%)	Median (95 % CI) (months) [a]	n	Hazard Ratio (95 % CI) [b]	Unstratified log-rank p-value [c]	P-value [d]
Sex												0.8764
Male	124	5 (4.0)	119 (96.0)	NE (NE, NE)	120	6 (5.0)	114 (95.0)	NE (NE, NE)	120	0.793 (0.242, 2.602)	0.7020	
Female	141	6 (4.3)	135 (95.7)	NE (NE, NE)	148	7 (4.7)	141 (95.3)	NE (NE, NE)	148	0.858 (0.288, 2.556)	0.7821	

N: number of subjects in analysis set; n: number of subjects in subgroup category; %: proportion of number of subjects in n; CI: confidence interval; NE: not estimable. PT: Preferred Term, SOC: System Organ Class.

[a] Median time to first event is from Kaplan-Meier estimate. Confidence Interval for median was computed using the Brookmeyer-Crowley method.

[b] Hazard ratio is from unstratified Cox proportional hazards model with treatment as the only categorical variable in the model. Confidence limits are based on the Wald test.

[c] Two-sided p-value from unstratified log-rank test.

[d] Two-sided interaction p-value is for the interaction term from unstratified Cox proportional hazards model with treatment, subgroup, and treatment-by-subgroup interaction as categorical variables in the model. The p-value is based on the Wald test.

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SOC: Investigations; PT: Blood alkaline phosphatase increased

		Quizartinib (N=265)				Placebo (N=268)				Quizartinib vs Placebo		Interaction
Subgroup	n	No. of subjects with events (%)	No. of subjects censored (%)	Median (95 % CI) (months) [a]	n	No. of subjects with events (%)	No. of subjects censored (%)	Median (95 % CI) (months) [a]	Hazard Ratio (95 % CI) [b]	Unstratified log-rank p-value [c]	P-value [d]	
Race by 2 categories											0.1941	
White	157	7 (4.5)	150 (95.5)	NE (NE, NE)	161	5 (3.1)	156 (96.9)	NE (NE, NE)	1.413 (0.448, 4.459)	0.5535		
Non-white	108	4 (3.7)	104 (96.3)	NE (NE, NE)	107	8 (7.5)	99 (92.5)	NE (NE, NE)	0.468 (0.141, 1.556)	0.2049		

N: number of subjects in analysis set; n: number of subjects in subgroup category; %: proportion of number of subjects in n; CI: confidence interval; NE: not estimable. PT: Preferred Term, SOC: System Organ Class.

[a] Median time to first event is from Kaplan-Meier estimate. Confidence Interval for median was computed using the Brookmeyer-Crowley method.

[b] Hazard ratio is from unstratified Cox proportional hazards model with treatment as the only categorical variable in the model. Confidence limits are based on the Wald test.

[c] Two-sided p-value from unstratified log-rank test.

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SOC: Investigations; PT: Blood alkaline phosphatase increased

		Quizartinib (N=265)					Placebo (N=268)					Quizartinib vs Placebo		Interaction
Subgroup	n	No. of subjects with events (%)	No. of subjects censored (%)	Median (95 % CI) (months) [a]	n	No. of subjects with events (%)	No. of subjects censored (%)	Median (95 % CI) (months) [a]	Hazard Ratio (95 % CI) [b]	Unstratified log-rank p-value [c]	P-value [d]			
Geographic Region 1													0.5598	
North America	16	1 (6.3)	15 (93.8)	NE (1.9, NE)	18	2 (11.1)	16 (88.9)	NE (NE, NE)	0.612 (0.055, 6.797)	0.6863				
Europe	161	5 (3.1)	156 (96.9)	NE (NE, NE)	161	3 (1.9)	158 (98.1)	NE (NE, NE)	1.543 (0.367, 6.483)	0.5506				
Asia/Other Regions	88	5 (5.7)	83 (94.3)	NE (NE, NE)	89	8 (9.0)	81 (91.0)	NE (NE, NE)	0.606 (0.198, 1.857)	0.3767				

N: number of subjects in analysis set; n: number of subjects in subgroup category; %: proportion of number of subjects in n; CI: confidence interval; NE: not estimable. PT: Preferred Term, SOC: System Organ Class.

[a] Median time to first event is from Kaplan-Meier estimate. Confidence Interval for median was computed using the Brookmeyer-Crowley method.

[b] Hazard ratio is from unstratified Cox proportional hazards model with treatment as the only categorical variable in the model. Confidence limits are based on the Wald test.

[c] Two-sided p-value from unstratified log-rank test.

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SOC: Investigations; PT: Blood alkaline phosphatase increased

		Quizartinib (N=265)					Placebo (N=268)					Quizartinib vs Placebo		Interaction
Subgroup	n	No. of subjects with events (%)	No. of subjects censored (%)	Median (95 % CI) (months) [a]	n	No. of subjects with events (%)	No. of subjects censored (%)	Median (95 % CI) (months) [a]	Hazard Ratio (95 % CI) [b]	Unstratified log-rank p-value [c]	p-	P-value [d]		
WBC at initial diagnosis												0.5659		
< 40x10 ⁹ /L	132	6 (4.5)	126 (95.5)	NE (NE, NE)	133	6 (4.5)	127 (95.5)	NE (NE, NE)	1.041 (0.335, 3.232)	0.9443				
≥ 40x10 ⁹ /L	133	5 (3.8)	128 (96.2)	NE (NE, NE)	135	7 (5.2)	128 (94.8)	NE (NE, NE)	0.655 (0.207, 2.074)	0.4697				

N: number of subjects in analysis set; n: number of subjects in subgroup category; %: proportion of number of subjects in n; CI: confidence interval; NE: not estimable. PT: Preferred Term, SOC: System Organ Class.

[a] Median time to first event is from Kaplan-Meier estimate. Confidence Interval for median was computed using the Brookmeyer-Crowley method.

[b] Hazard ratio is from unstratified Cox proportional hazards model with treatment as the only categorical variable in the model. Confidence limits are based on the Wald test.

[c] Two-sided p-value from unstratified log-rank test.

[d] Two-sided interaction p-value is for the interaction term from unstratified Cox proportional hazards model with treatment, subgroup, and treatment-by-subgroup interaction as categorical variables in the model. The p-value is based on the Wald test.

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SOC: Investigations; PT: Blood alkaline phosphatase increased

		Quizartinib (N=265)				Placebo (N=268)				Quizartinib vs Placebo		Interaction
Subgroup	n	No. of subjects with events (%)	No. of subjects censored (%)	Median (95 % CI) (months) [a]	n	No. of subjects with events (%)	No. of subjects censored (%)	Median (95 % CI) (months) [a]	Hazard Ratio (95 % CI) [b]	Unstratified log-rank p-value [c]	P-value [d]	
Choice of Anthracycline											0.7862	
Daunorubicin	123	4 (3.3)	119 (96.7)	NE (NE, NE)	94	4 (4.3)	90 (95.7)	NE (NE, NE)	0.712 (0.177, 2.854)	0.6295		
Idarubicin	142	7 (4.9)	135 (95.1)	NE (NE, NE)	171	9 (5.3)	162 (94.7)	NE (NE, NE)	0.924 (0.344, 2.484)	0.8744		

N: number of subjects in analysis set; n: number of subjects in subgroup category; %: proportion of number of subjects in n; CI: confidence interval; NE: not estimable. PT: Preferred Term, SOC: System Organ Class.

[a] Median time to first event is from Kaplan-Meier estimate. Confidence Interval for median was computed using the Brookmeyer-Crowley method.

[b] Hazard ratio is from unstratified Cox proportional hazards model with treatment as the only categorical variable in the model. Confidence limits are based on the Wald test.

[c] Two-sided p-value from unstratified log-rank test.

[d] Two-sided interaction p-value is for the interaction term from unstratified Cox proportional hazards model with treatment, subgroup, and treatment-by-subgroup interaction as categorical variables in the model. The p-value is based on the Wald test.

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SOC: Investigations; PT: Blood alkaline phosphatase increased

		Quizartinib (N=265)					Placebo (N=268)					Quizartinib vs Placebo		Interaction
Subgroup	n	No. of subjects with events (%)	No. of subjects censored (%)	Median (95 % CI) (months) [a]	n	No. of subjects with events (%)	No. of subjects censored (%)	Median (95 % CI) (months) [a]	n	Hazard Ratio (95 % CI) [b]	Unstratified log-rank p-value [c]	P-value [d]		
AML Cytogenetic Risk Score												0.7100		
Favorable	13	2 (15.4)	11 (84.6)	NE (1.5, NE)	19	2 (10.5)	17 (89.5)	NE (NE, NE)	19	1.576 (0.222, 11.203)	0.6468			
Intermediate	195	8 (4.1)	187 (95.9)	NE (NE, NE)	190	6 (3.2)	184 (96.8)	NE (NE, NE)	190	1.220 (0.422, 3.521)	0.7133			
Unfavorable	19	1 (5.3)	18 (94.7)	NE (NE, NE)	27	4 (14.8)	23 (85.2)	NE (NE, NE)	27	0.375 (0.042, 3.352)	0.3607			
Unknown	38	0	38 (100)	NE (NE, NE)	31	1 (3.2)	30 (96.8)	NE (17.0, NE)	31	0.000 (0.000, NE)	0.2294			

N: number of subjects in analysis set; n: number of subjects in subgroup category; %: proportion of number of subjects in n; CI: confidence interval; NE: not estimable. PT: Preferred Term, SOC: System Organ Class.

[a] Median time to first event is from Kaplan-Meier estimate. Confidence Interval for median was computed using the Brookmeyer-Crowley method.

[b] Hazard ratio is from unstratified Cox proportional hazards model with treatment as the only categorical variable in the model. Confidence limits are based on the Wald test.

[c] Two-sided p-value from unstratified log-rank test.

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SOC: Investigations; PT: Blood alkaline phosphatase increased

		Quizartinib (N=265)				Placebo (N=268)				Quizartinib vs Placebo		Interaction
Subgroup	n	No. of subjects with events (%)	No. of subjects censored (%)	Median (95 % CI) (months) [a]	n	No. of subjects with events (%)	No. of subjects censored (%)	Median (95 % CI) (months) [a]	Hazard Ratio (95 % CI) [b]	Unstratified log-rank p-value [c]	P-value [d]	
ECOG Performance Status at Baseline											0.2832	
0 - Fully Active	87	3 (3.4)	84 (96.6)	NE (NE, NE)	97	2 (2.1)	95 (97.9)	NE (NE, NE)	1.458 (0.243, 8.758)	0.6782		
1 - Restricted in Physically Strenuous Activity	133	7 (5.3)	126 (94.7)	NE (NE, NE)	134	7 (5.2)	127 (94.8)	NE (NE, NE)	1.008 (0.353, 2.874)	0.9896		
2 - Ambulatory and Capable of All Selfcare	45	1 (2.2)	44 (97.8)	NE (NE, NE)	36	4 (11.1)	32 (88.9)	NE (NE, NE)	0.197 (0.022, 1.760)	0.1058		

N: number of subjects in analysis set; n: number of subjects in subgroup category; %: proportion of number of subjects in n; CI: confidence interval; NE: not estimable. PT: Preferred Term, SOC: System Organ Class.

[a] Median time to first event is from Kaplan-Meier estimate. Confidence Interval for median was computed using the Brookmeyer-Crowley method.

[b] Hazard ratio is from unstratified Cox proportional hazards model with treatment as the only categorical variable in the model. Confidence limits are based on the Wald test.

[c] Two-sided p-value from unstratified log-rank test.

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SOC: Investigations; PT: Blood alkaline phosphatase increased

		Quizartinib (N=265)				Placebo (N=268)				Quizartinib vs Placebo		Interaction
Subgroup	n	No. of subjects with events (%)	No. of subjects censored (%)	Median (95 % CI) (months) [a]	n	No. of subjects with events (%)	No. of subjects censored (%)	Median (95 % CI) (months) [a]	Hazard Ratio (95 % CI) [b]	Unstratified log-rank p-value [c]	P-value [d]	
FLT3-ITD category at Baseline											0.2540	
≥3 to ≤25%	94	8 (8.5)	86 (91.5)	NE (NE, NE)	98	5 (5.1)	93 (94.9)	NE (NE, NE)	1.745 (0.571, 5.334)	0.3225		
>25% to ≤50%	141	3 (2.1)	138 (97.9)	NE (NE, NE)	136	7 (5.1)	129 (94.9)	NE (NE, NE)	0.385 (0.099, 1.492)	0.1517		
>50%	29	0	29 (100)	NE (NE, NE)	34	1 (2.9)	33 (97.1)	NE (NE, NE)	0.000 (0.000, NE)	0.3496		

N: number of subjects in analysis set; n: number of subjects in subgroup category; %: proportion of number of subjects in n; CI: confidence interval; NE: not estimable. PT: Preferred Term, SOC: System Organ Class.

[a] Median time to first event is from Kaplan-Meier estimate. Confidence Interval for median was computed using the Brookmeyer-Crowley method.

[b] Hazard ratio is from unstratified Cox proportional hazards model with treatment as the only categorical variable in the model. Confidence limits are based on the Wald test.

[c] Two-sided p-value from unstratified log-rank test.

[d] Two-sided interaction p-value is for the interaction term from unstratified Cox proportional hazards model with treatment, subgroup, and treatment-by-subgroup interaction as categorical variables in the model. The p-value is based on the Wald test.

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Medizinischer Nutzen, medizinischer Zusatznutzen, Patientengruppen mit therap. bedeutsamem Zusatznutzen

Daiichi Sankyo | Data Intelligence – Evidence Generation | Final | AC220-A-U302 QUANTUM-First (DCO 13 Aug 2021) | Statistical analyses for AMNOG (HTA Germany)
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SOC: Investigations; PT: Blood alkaline phosphatase increased

		Quizartinib (N=265)				Placebo (N=268)				Quizartinib vs Placebo		Interaction
Subgroup	n	No. of subjects with events (%)	No. of subjects censored (%)	Median (95 % CI) (months) [a]	n	No. of subjects with events (%)	No. of subjects censored (%)	Median (95 % CI) (months) [a]	Hazard Ratio (95 % CI) [b]	Unstratified log-rank p-value [c]	P-value [d]	
AML with Mutated NPM1											0.4125	
Yes	139	4 (2.9)	135 (97.1)	NE (NE, NE)	137	2 (1.5)	135 (98.5)	NE (NE, NE)	1.963 (0.359, 10.745)	0.4279		
No	116	7 (6.0)	109 (94.0)	NE (NE, NE)	120	8 (6.7)	112 (93.3)	NE (NE, NE)	0.829 (0.300, 2.291)	0.7190		

N: number of subjects in analysis set; n: number of subjects in subgroup category; %: proportion of number of subjects in n; CI: confidence interval; NE: not estimable. PT: Preferred Term, SOC: System Organ Class.

[a] Median time to first event is from Kaplan-Meier estimate. Confidence Interval for median was computed using the Brookmeyer-Crowley method.

[b] Hazard ratio is from unstratified Cox proportional hazards model with treatment as the only categorical variable in the model. Confidence limits are based on the Wald test.

[c] Two-sided p-value from unstratified log-rank test.

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SOC: Investigations; PT: Blood alkaline phosphatase increased

		Quizartinib (N=265)				Placebo (N=268)				Quizartinib vs Placebo		Interaction
Subgroup	n	No. of subjects with events (%)	No. of subjects censored (%)	Median (95 % CI) (months) [a]	n	No. of subjects with events (%)	No. of subjects censored (%)	Median (95 % CI) (months) [a]	Hazard Ratio (95 % CI) [b]	Unstratified log-rank p-value [c]	P-value [d]	
Age by 2 categories											0.1906	
≤60	164	7 (4.3)	157 (95.7)	NE (NE, NE)	163	11 (6.7)	152 (93.3)	NE (NE, NE)	0.583 (0.225, 1.510)	0.2618		
>60	101	4 (4.0)	97 (96.0)	NE (NE, NE)	105	2 (1.9)	103 (98.1)	NE (NE, NE)	2.104 (0.385, 11.501)	0.3798		

N: number of subjects in analysis set; n: number of subjects in subgroup category; %: proportion of number of subjects in n; CI: confidence interval; NE: not estimable. PT: Preferred Term, SOC: System Organ Class.

[a] Median time to first event is from Kaplan-Meier estimate. Confidence Interval for median was computed using the Brookmeyer-Crowley method.

[b] Hazard ratio is from unstratified Cox proportional hazards model with treatment as the only categorical variable in the model. Confidence limits are based on the Wald test.

[c] Two-sided p-value from unstratified log-rank test.

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SOC: Investigations; PT: Weight decreased

Subgroup	n	Quizartinib (N=265)				Placebo (N=268)				Quizartinib vs Placebo		Interaction
		No. of subjects with events (%)	No. of subjects censored (%)	Median (95 % CI) (months) [a]	n	No. of subjects with events (%)	No. of subjects censored (%)	Median (95 % CI) (months) [a]	n	Hazard Ratio (95 % CI) [b]	Unstratified log-rank p-value [c]	P-value [d]
Pooled Age Group 2											0.7227	
<60	159	6 (3.8)	153 (96.2)	NE (NE, NE)	160	8 (5.0)	152 (95.0)	NE (NE, NE)	160	0.684 (0.236, 1.983)	0.4817	
≥60 - <65	37	2 (5.4)	35 (94.6)	NE (NE, NE)	43	2 (4.7)	41 (95.3)	NE (NE, NE)	43	1.177 (0.166, 8.359)	0.8703	
≥65	69	3 (4.3)	66 (95.7)	NE (NE, NE)	65	2 (3.1)	63 (96.9)	NE (NE, NE)	65	1.611 (0.269, 9.651)	0.5984	

N: number of subjects in analysis set; n: number of subjects in subgroup category; %: proportion of number of subjects in n; CI: confidence interval; NE: not estimable. PT: Preferred Term, SOC: System Organ Class.

[a] Median time to first event is from Kaplan-Meier estimate. Confidence Interval for median was computed using the Brookmeyer-Crowley method.

[b] Hazard ratio is from unstratified Cox proportional hazards model with treatment as the only categorical variable in the model. Confidence limits are based on the Wald test.

[c] Two-sided p-value from unstratified log-rank test.

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SOC: Investigations; PT: Weight decreased

Subgroup	n	Quizartinib (N=265)				Placebo (N=268)				Quizartinib vs Placebo		Interaction
		No. of subjects with events (%)	No. of subjects censored (%)	Median (95 % CI) (months) [a]	n	No. of subjects with events (%)	No. of subjects censored (%)	Median (95 % CI) (months) [a]	n	Hazard Ratio (95 % CI) [b]	Unstratified log-rank p-value [c]	P-value [d]
Sex												0.1027
Male	124	7 (5.6)	117 (94.4)	NE (NE, NE)	120	11 (9.2)	109 (90.8)	NE (NE, NE)	120	0.558 (0.215, 1.447)	0.2243	
Female	141	4 (2.8)	137 (97.2)	NE (NE, NE)	148	1 (0.7)	147 (99.3)	NE (NE, NE)	148	4.092 (0.457, 36.666)	0.1720	

N: number of subjects in analysis set; n: number of subjects in subgroup category; %: proportion of number of subjects in n; CI: confidence interval; NE: not estimable. PT: Preferred Term, SOC: System Organ Class.

[a] Median time to first event is from Kaplan-Meier estimate. Confidence Interval for median was computed using the Brookmeyer-Crowley method.

[b] Hazard ratio is from unstratified Cox proportional hazards model with treatment as the only categorical variable in the model. Confidence limits are based on the Wald test.

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SOC: Investigations; PT: Weight decreased

		Quizartinib (N=265)				Placebo (N=268)				Quizartinib vs Placebo		Interaction
Subgroup	n	No. of subjects with events (%)	No. of subjects censored (%)	Median (95 % CI) (months) [a]	n	No. of subjects with events (%)	No. of subjects censored (%)	Median (95 % CI) (months) [a]	Hazard Ratio (95 % CI) [b]	Unstratified log-rank p-value [c]	P-value [d]	
Race by 2 categories											0.2687	
White	157	6 (3.8)	151 (96.2)	NE (NE, NE)	161	4 (2.5)	157 (97.5)	NE (NE, NE)	1.395 (0.392, 4.968)	0.6060		
Non-white	108	5 (4.6)	103 (95.4)	NE (NE, NE)	107	8 (7.5)	99 (92.5)	NE (NE, NE)	0.592 (0.193, 1.810)	0.3525		

N: number of subjects in analysis set; n: number of subjects in subgroup category; %: proportion of number of subjects in n; CI: confidence interval; NE: not estimable. PT: Preferred Term, SOC: System Organ Class.

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SOC: Investigations; PT: Weight decreased

		Quizartinib (N=265)					Placebo (N=268)					Quizartinib vs Placebo		Interaction
Subgroup	n	No. of subjects with events (%)	No. of subjects censored (%)	Median (95 % CI) (months) [a]	n	No. of subjects with events (%)	No. of subjects censored (%)	Median (95 % CI) (months) [a]	Hazard Ratio (95 % CI) [b]	Unstratified log-rank p-value [c]	P-value [d]			
Geographic Region 1													0.5412	
North America	16	1 (6.3)	15 (93.8)	NE (NE, NE)	18	1 (5.6)	17 (94.4)	NE (NE, NE)	1.500 (0.091, 24.680)	0.7752				
Europe	161	6 (3.7)	155 (96.3)	NE (NE, NE)	161	4 (2.5)	157 (97.5)	NE (NE, NE)	1.435 (0.404, 5.099)	0.5750				
Asia/Other Regions	88	4 (4.5)	84 (95.5)	NE (NE, NE)	89	7 (7.9)	82 (92.1)	NE (NE, NE)	0.539 (0.157, 1.849)	0.3181				

N: number of subjects in analysis set; n: number of subjects in subgroup category; %: proportion of number of subjects in n; CI: confidence interval; NE: not estimable. PT: Preferred Term, SOC: System Organ Class.

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[b] Hazard ratio is from unstratified Cox proportional hazards model with treatment as the only categorical variable in the model. Confidence limits are based on the Wald test.

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Subgroup	n	Quizartinib (N=265)				Placebo (N=268)				Quizartinib vs Placebo		Interaction
		No. of subjects with events (%)	No. of subjects censored (%)	Median (95 % CI) [a]	n	No. of subjects with events (%)	No. of subjects censored (%)	Median (95 % CI) [a]	n	Hazard Ratio (95 % CI) [b]	Unstratified log-rank p-value [c]	P-value [d]
WBC at initial diagnosis											0.9127	
< 40x10 ⁹ /L	132	4 (3.0)	128 (97.0)	NE (NE, NE)	133	5 (3.8)	128 (96.2)	NE (NE, NE)	133	0.819 (0.220, 3.052)	0.7654	
≥ 40x10 ⁹ /L	133	7 (5.3)	126 (94.7)	NE (NE, NE)	135	7 (5.2)	128 (94.8)	NE (NE, NE)	135	0.931 (0.325, 2.665)	0.8945	

N: number of subjects in analysis set; n: number of subjects in subgroup category; %: proportion of number of subjects in n; CI: confidence interval; NE: not estimable. PT: Preferred Term, SOC: System Organ Class.

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[c] Two-sided p-value from unstratified log-rank test.

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		Quizartinib (N=265)				Placebo (N=268)				Quizartinib vs Placebo		Interaction
Subgroup	n	No. of subjects with events (%)	No. of subjects censored (%)	Median (95 % CI) (months) [a]	n	No. of subjects with events (%)	No. of subjects censored (%)	Median (95 % CI) (months) [a]	Hazard Ratio (95 % CI) [b]	Unstratified log-rank p-value [c]	P-value [d]	
Choice of Anthracycline											0.6306	
Daunorubicin	123	6 (4.9)	117 (95.1)	NE (NE, NE)	94	4 (4.3)	90 (95.7)	NE (NE, NE)	1.132 (0.319, 4.019)	0.8476		
Idarubicin	142	5 (3.5)	137 (96.5)	NE (NE, NE)	171	8 (4.7)	163 (95.3)	NE (NE, NE)	0.696 (0.227, 2.132)	0.5234		

N: number of subjects in analysis set; n: number of subjects in subgroup category; %: proportion of number of subjects in n; CI: confidence interval; NE: not estimable. PT: Preferred Term, SOC: System Organ Class.

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		Quizartinib (N=265)				Placebo (N=268)				Quizartinib vs Placebo		Interaction
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AML Cytogenetic Risk Score											0.9992	
Favorable	13	1 (7.7)	12 (92.3)	NE (NE, NE)	19	0	19 (100)	NE (NE, NE)	NE (0.000, NE)	0.2267		
Intermediate	195	7 (3.6)	188 (96.4)	NE (NE, NE)	190	8 (4.2)	182 (95.8)	NE (NE, NE)	0.797 (0.288, 2.206)	0.6629		
Unfavorable	19	1 (5.3)	18 (94.7)	NE (NE, NE)	27	2 (7.4)	25 (92.6)	NE (NE, NE)	0.727 (0.066, 8.022)	0.7941		
Unknown	38	2 (5.3)	36 (94.7)	NE (NE, NE)	31	2 (6.5)	29 (93.5)	NE (NE, NE)	0.730 (0.102, 5.218)	0.7528		

N: number of subjects in analysis set; n: number of subjects in subgroup category; %: proportion of number of subjects in n; CI: confidence interval; NE: not estimable. PT: Preferred Term, SOC: System Organ Class.

[a] Median time to first event is from Kaplan-Meier estimate. Confidence Interval for median was computed using the Brookmeyer-Crowley method.

[b] Hazard ratio is from unstratified Cox proportional hazards model with treatment as the only categorical variable in the model. Confidence limits are based on the Wald test.

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SOC: Investigations; PT: Weight decreased

		Quizartinib (N=265)				Placebo (N=268)				Quizartinib vs Placebo		Interaction
Subgroup	n	No. of subjects with events (%)	No. of subjects censored (%)	Median (95 % CI) (months) [a]	n	No. of subjects with events (%)	No. of subjects censored (%)	Median (95 % CI) (months) [a]	Hazard Ratio (95 % CI) [b]	Unstratified log-rank p-value [c]	P-value [d]	
ECOG Performance Status at Baseline											0.9181	
0 - Fully Active	87	2 (2.3)	85 (97.7)	NE (NE, NE)	97	2 (2.1)	95 (97.9)	NE (NE, NE)	1.036 (0.145, 7.384)	0.9717		
1 - Restricted in Physically Strenuous Activity	133	7 (5.3)	126 (94.7)	NE (NE, NE)	134	10 (7.5)	124 (92.5)	NE (NE, NE)	0.661 (0.251, 1.741)	0.3994		
2 - Ambulatory and Capable of All Selfcare	45	2 (4.4)	43 (95.6)	NE (NE, NE)	36	0	36 (100)	NE (NE, NE)	NE (0.000, NE)	0.1965		

N: number of subjects in analysis set; n: number of subjects in subgroup category; %: proportion of number of subjects in n; CI: confidence interval; NE: not estimable. PT: Preferred Term, SOC: System Organ Class.

[a] Median time to first event is from Kaplan-Meier estimate. Confidence Interval for median was computed using the Brookmeyer-Crowley method.

[b] Hazard ratio is from unstratified Cox proportional hazards model with treatment as the only categorical variable in the model. Confidence limits are based on the Wald test.

[c] Two-sided p-value from unstratified log-rank test.

[d] Two-sided interaction p-value is for the interaction term from unstratified Cox proportional hazards model with treatment, subgroup, and treatment-by-subgroup interaction as categorical variables in the model. The p-value is based on the Wald test.

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Medizinischer Nutzen, medizinischer Zusatznutzen, Patientengruppen mit therap. bedeutsamem Zusatznutzen

Daichi Sankyo | Data Intelligence – Evidence Generation | Final | AC220-A-U302 QUANTUM-First (DCO 13 Aug 2021) | Statistical analyses for AMNOG (HTA Germany)
 Table 3.11.2 Treatment-emergent adverse events by system organ class (SOC) and preferred term (PT) observed for ≥ 10 patients in at least one arm and ≥ 1% of the patients in at least one arm - Time-to-event analysis - subgroup analysis - DCO 13-Aug-2021 - Safety Analysis Set

SOC: Investigations; PT: Weight decreased

Subgroup	n	Quizartinib (N=265)				Placebo (N=268)				Quizartinib vs Placebo		Interaction
		No. of subjects with events (%)	No. of subjects censored (%)	Median (95 % CI) (months) [a]	n	No. of subjects with events (%)	No. of subjects censored (%)	Median (95 % CI) (months) [a]	n	Hazard Ratio (95 % CI) [b]	Unstratified log-rank p-value [c]	P-value [d]
FLT3-ITD category at Baseline											0.9626	
≥3 to ≤25%	94	4 (4.3)	90 (95.7)	NE (NE, NE)	98	3 (3.1)	95 (96.9)	NE (NE, NE)	98	1.389 (0.310, 6.216)	0.6658	
>25% to ≤50%	141	7 (5.0)	134 (95.0)	NE (NE, NE)	136	6 (4.4)	130 (95.6)	NE (NE, NE)	136	1.060 (0.355, 3.163)	0.9164	
>50%	29	0	29 (100)	NE (NE, NE)	34	3 (8.8)	31 (91.2)	NE (5.6, NE)	34	0.000 (0.000, NE)	0.0650	

N: number of subjects in analysis set; n: number of subjects in subgroup category; %: proportion of number of subjects in n; CI: confidence interval; NE: not estimable. PT: Preferred Term, SOC: System Organ Class.

[a] Median time to first event is from Kaplan-Meier estimate. Confidence Interval for median was computed using the Brookmeyer-Crowley method.

[b] Hazard ratio is from unstratified Cox proportional hazards model with treatment as the only categorical variable in the model. Confidence limits are based on the Wald test.

[c] Two-sided p-value from unstratified log-rank test.

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SOC: Investigations; PT: Weight decreased

		Quizartinib (N=265)				Placebo (N=268)				Quizartinib vs Placebo		Interaction
Subgroup	n	No. of subjects with events (%)	No. of subjects censored (%)	Median (95 % CI) (months) [a]	n	No. of subjects with events (%)	No. of subjects censored (%)	Median (95 % CI) (months) [a]	Hazard Ratio (95 % CI) [b]	Unstratified log-rank p-value [c]	P-value [d]	
AML with Mutated NPM1											0.6090	
Yes	139	4 (2.9)	135 (97.1)	NE (NE, NE)	137	4 (2.9)	133 (97.1)	NE (NE, NE)	0.918 (0.228, 3.687)	0.9037		
No	116	5 (4.3)	111 (95.7)	NE (NE, NE)	120	3 (2.5)	117 (97.5)	NE (NE, NE)	1.634 (0.390, 6.851)	0.4975		

N: number of subjects in analysis set; n: number of subjects in subgroup category; %: proportion of number of subjects in n; CI: confidence interval; NE: not estimable. PT: Preferred Term, SOC: System Organ Class.

[a] Median time to first event is from Kaplan-Meier estimate. Confidence Interval for median was computed using the Brookmeyer-Crowley method.

[b] Hazard ratio is from unstratified Cox proportional hazards model with treatment as the only categorical variable in the model. Confidence limits are based on the Wald test.

[c] Two-sided p-value from unstratified log-rank test.

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SOC: Investigations; PT: Weight decreased

		Quizartinib (N=265)				Placebo (N=268)				Quizartinib vs Placebo		Interaction
Subgroup	n	No. of subjects with events (%)	No. of subjects censored (%)	Median (95 % CI) (months) [a]	n	No. of subjects with events (%)	No. of subjects censored (%)	Median (95 % CI) (months) [a]	Hazard Ratio (95 % CI) [b]	Unstratified log-rank p-value [c]	P-value [d]	
Age by 2 categories											0.4274	
≤60	164	6 (3.7)	158 (96.3)	NE (NE, NE)	163	8 (4.9)	155 (95.1)	NE (NE, NE)	0.676 (0.233, 1.959)	0.4674		
>60	101	5 (5.0)	96 (95.0)	NE (NE, NE)	105	4 (3.8)	101 (96.2)	NE (NE, NE)	1.344 (0.361, 5.010)	0.6586		

N: number of subjects in analysis set; n: number of subjects in subgroup category; %: proportion of number of subjects in n; CI: confidence interval; NE: not estimable. PT: Preferred Term, SOC: System Organ Class.

[a] Median time to first event is from Kaplan-Meier estimate. Confidence Interval for median was computed using the Brookmeyer-Crowley method.

[b] Hazard ratio is from unstratified Cox proportional hazards model with treatment as the only categorical variable in the model. Confidence limits are based on the Wald test.

[c] Two-sided p-value from unstratified log-rank test.

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SOC: Respiratory, thoracic and mediastinal disorders; PT: Any PT

Subgroup	n	Quizartinib (N=265)					Placebo (N=268)					Quizartinib vs Placebo		Interaction
		No. of subjects with events (%)	No. of subjects censored (%)	Median (95 % CI) (months) [a]	n	No. of subjects with events (%)	No. of subjects censored (%)	Median (95 % CI) (months) [a]	n	Hazard Ratio (95 % CI) [b]	Unstratified log-rank p-value [c]	P-value [d]		
Pooled Age Group 2													0.3949	
<60	159	77 (48.4)	82 (51.6)	8.3 (3.6, 18.9)	160	62 (38.8)	98 (61.3)	NE (7.1, NE)		1.150 (0.823, 1.608)	0.4063			
≥60 - <65	37	17 (45.9)	20 (54.1)	11.4 (1.8, NE)	43	24 (55.8)	19 (44.2)	4.9 (1.4, 8.2)		0.656 (0.348, 1.236)	0.1880			
≥65	69	29 (42.0)	40 (58.0)	11.1 (1.3, NE)	65	29 (44.6)	36 (55.4)	9.2 (2.1, NE)		0.960 (0.574, 1.607)	0.8800			

N: number of subjects in analysis set; n: number of subjects in subgroup category; %: proportion of number of subjects in n; CI: confidence interval; NE: not estimable. PT: Preferred Term, SOC: System Organ Class.

[a] Median time to first event is from Kaplan-Meier estimate. Confidence Interval for median was computed using the Brookmeyer-Crowley method.

[b] Hazard ratio is from unstratified Cox proportional hazards model with treatment as the only categorical variable in the model. Confidence limits are based on the Wald test.

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SOC: Respiratory, thoracic and mediastinal disorders; PT: Any PT

Subgroup	n	Quizartinib (N=265)					Placebo (N=268)					Quizartinib vs Placebo		Interaction
		No. of subjects with events (%)	No. of subjects censored (%)	Median (95 % CI) [a]	n	No. of subjects with events (%)	No. of subjects censored (%)	Median (95 % CI) [a]	n	Hazard Ratio (95 % CI) [b]	Unstratified log-rank p-value [c]	P-value [d]		
Sex													0.8371	
Male	124	64 (51.6)	60 (48.4)	3.7 (1.8, 18.3)	120	55 (45.8)	65 (54.2)	7.1 (2.6, NE)		1.046 (0.729, 1.502)	0.8010			
Female	141	59 (41.8)	82 (58.2)	13.5 (6.7, 31.7)	148	60 (40.5)	88 (59.5)	15.0 (5.6, NE)		0.976 (0.681, 1.398)	0.8970			

N: number of subjects in analysis set; n: number of subjects in subgroup category; %: proportion of number of subjects in n; CI: confidence interval; NE: not estimable. PT: Preferred Term, SOC: System Organ Class.

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[b] Hazard ratio is from unstratified Cox proportional hazards model with treatment as the only categorical variable in the model. Confidence limits are based on the Wald test.

[c] Two-sided p-value from unstratified log-rank test.

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SOC: Respiratory, thoracic and mediastinal disorders; PT: Any PT

		Quizartinib (N=265)					Placebo (N=268)					Quizartinib vs Placebo		Interaction
Subgroup	n	No. of subjects with events (%)	No. of subjects censored (%)	Median (95 % CI) (months) [a]	n	No. of subjects with events (%)	No. of subjects censored (%)	Median (95 % CI) (months) [a]	Hazard Ratio (95 % CI) [b]	Unstratified log-rank p-value [c]	P-value [d]			
Race by 2 categories												0.3350		
White	157	65 (41.4)	92 (58.6)	11.4 (7.2, NE)	161	67 (41.6)	94 (58.4)	9.7 (5.0, NE)	0.902 (0.641, 1.270)	0.5545				
Non-white	108	58 (53.7)	50 (46.3)	3.9 (1.8, 13.5)	107	48 (44.9)	59 (55.1)	8.2 (3.9, NE)	1.170 (0.798, 1.716)	0.4142				

N: number of subjects in analysis set; n: number of subjects in subgroup category; %: proportion of number of subjects in n; CI: confidence interval; NE: not estimable. PT: Preferred Term, SOC: System Organ Class.

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[c] Two-sided p-value from unstratified log-rank test.

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SOC: Respiratory, thoracic and mediastinal disorders; PT: Any PT

		Quizartinib (N=265)					Placebo (N=268)					Quizartinib vs Placebo		Interaction
Subgroup	n	No. of subjects with events (%)	No. of subjects censored (%)	Median (95 % CI) (months) [a]	n	No. of subjects with events (%)	No. of subjects censored (%)	Median (95 % CI) (months) [a]	Hazard Ratio (95 % CI) [b]	Unstratified log-rank p-value [c]	P-value [d]			
Geographic Region 1													0.0993	
North America	16	9 (56.3)	7 (43.8)	1.8 (0.8, NE)	18	15 (83.3)	3 (16.7)	0.6 (0.2, 2.1)	0.487 (0.206, 1.153)	0.0963				
Europe	161	63 (39.1)	98 (60.9)	18.9 (10.8, NE)	161	61 (37.9)	100 (62.1)	15.0 (7.1, NE)	0.941 (0.661, 1.339)	0.7350				
Asia/Other Regions	88	51 (58.0)	37 (42.0)	3.5 (1.8, 8.1)	89	39 (43.8)	50 (56.2)	9.0 (4.0, NE)	1.369 (0.902, 2.078)	0.1365				

N: number of subjects in analysis set; n: number of subjects in subgroup category; %: proportion of number of subjects in n; CI: confidence interval; NE: not estimable. PT: Preferred Term, SOC: System Organ Class.

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		Quizartinib (N=265)					Placebo (N=268)					Quizartinib vs Placebo		Interaction
Subgroup	n	No. of subjects with events (%)	No. of subjects censored (%)	Median (95 % CI) (months) [a]	n	No. of subjects with events (%)	No. of subjects censored (%)	Median (95 % CI) (months) [a]	n	Hazard Ratio (95 % CI) [b]	Unstratified log-rank p-value [c]	P-value [d]		
WBC at initial diagnosis												0.5101		
< 40x10 ⁹ /L	132	55 (41.7)	77 (58.3)	11.2 (5.6, NE)	133	57 (42.9)	76 (57.1)	9.2 (5.6, NE)	133	0.926 (0.639, 1.341)	0.6856			
≥ 40x10 ⁹ /L	133	68 (51.1)	65 (48.9)	7.2 (2.2, 18.9)	135	58 (43.0)	77 (57.0)	11.5 (2.9, NE)	135	1.107 (0.780, 1.573)	0.5615			

N: number of subjects in analysis set; n: number of subjects in subgroup category; %: proportion of number of subjects in n; CI: confidence interval; NE: not estimable. PT: Preferred Term, SOC: System Organ Class.

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SOC: Respiratory, thoracic and mediastinal disorders; PT: Any PT

Subgroup	n	Quizartinib (N=265)				Placebo (N=268)				Quizartinib vs Placebo		Interaction
		No. of subjects with events (%)	No. of subjects censored (%)	Median (95 % CI) [a]	n	No. of subjects with events (%)	No. of subjects censored (%)	Median (95 % CI) [a]	n	Hazard Ratio (95 % CI) [b]	Unstratified log-rank p-value [c]	P-value [d]
Choice of Anthracycline											0.9220	
Daunorubicin	123	58 (47.2)	65 (52.8)	9.3 (2.3, 30.7)	94	40 (42.6)	54 (57.4)	9.7 (2.9, NE)	1.002 (0.669, 1.502)	0.9927		
Idarubicin	142	65 (45.8)	77 (54.2)	11.1 (3.6, 31.7)	171	73 (42.7)	98 (57.3)	9.0 (5.6, NE)	1.029 (0.737, 1.438)	0.8588		

N: number of subjects in analysis set; n: number of subjects in subgroup category; %: proportion of number of subjects in n; CI: confidence interval; NE: not estimable. PT: Preferred Term, SOC: System Organ Class.

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[c] Two-sided p-value from unstratified log-rank test.

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 Table 3.11.2 Treatment-emergent adverse events by system organ class (SOC) and preferred term (PT) observed for ≥ 10 patients in at least one arm and ≥ 1% of the patients in at least one arm - Time-to-event analysis - subgroup analysis - DCO 13-Aug-2021 - Safety Analysis Set

SOC: Respiratory, thoracic and mediastinal disorders; PT: Any PT

		Quizartinib (N=265)					Placebo (N=268)					Quizartinib vs Placebo		Interaction
Subgroup	n	No. of subjects with events (%)	No. of subjects censored (%)	Median (95 % CI) (months) [a]	n	No. of subjects with events (%)	No. of subjects censored (%)	Median (95 % CI) (months) [a]	Hazard Ratio (95 % CI) [b]	Unstratified log-rank p-value [c]	P-value [d]			
AML Cytogenetic Risk Score													0.2549	
Favorable	13	4 (30.8)	9 (69.2)	NE (1.1, NE)	19	11 (57.9)	8 (42.1)	6.8 (1.2, NE)	0.524 (0.167, 1.647)	0.2538				
Intermediate	195	92 (47.2)	103 (52.8)	10.8 (3.6, 18.9)	190	78 (41.1)	112 (58.9)	9.0 (5.0, NE)	1.036 (0.765, 1.401)	0.8142				
Unfavorable	19	7 (36.8)	12 (63.2)	NE (0.6, NE)	27	14 (51.9)	13 (48.1)	5.6 (0.4, NE)	0.616 (0.246, 1.541)	0.2954				
Unknown	38	20 (52.6)	18 (47.4)	3.6 (0.8, NE)	31	12 (38.7)	19 (61.3)	NE (2.6, NE)	1.570 (0.766, 3.217)	0.2121				

N: number of subjects in analysis set; n: number of subjects in subgroup category; %: proportion of number of subjects in n; CI: confidence interval; NE: not estimable. PT: Preferred Term, SOC: System Organ Class.

[a] Median time to first event is from Kaplan-Meier estimate. Confidence Interval for median was computed using the Brookmeyer-Crowley method.

[b] Hazard ratio is from unstratified Cox proportional hazards model with treatment as the only categorical variable in the model. Confidence limits are based on the Wald test.

[c] Two-sided p-value from unstratified log-rank test.

[d] Two-sided interaction p-value is for the interaction term from unstratified Cox proportional hazards model with treatment, subgroup, and treatment-by-subgroup interaction as categorical variables in the model. The p-value is based on the Wald test.

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Medizinischer Nutzen, medizinischer Zusatznutzen, Patientengruppen mit therap. bedeutsamem Zusatznutzen

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SOC: Respiratory, thoracic and mediastinal disorders; PT: Any PT

		Quizartinib (N=265)					Placebo (N=268)					Quizartinib vs Placebo		Interaction
Subgroup	n	No. of subjects with events (%)	No. of subjects censored (%)	Median (95 % CI) (months) [a]	n	No. of subjects with events (%)	No. of subjects censored (%)	Median (95 % CI) (months) [a]	Hazard Ratio (95 % CI) [b]	Unstratified log-rank p-value [c]	P-value [d]			
ECOG Performance Status at Baseline												0.5202		
0 - Fully Active	87	37 (42.5)	50 (57.5)	11.4 (3.7, NE)	97	34 (35.1)	63 (64.9)	26.6 (9.2, NE)	1.216 (0.763, 1.939)	0.4103				
1 - Restricted in Physically Strenuous Activity	133	60 (45.1)	73 (54.9)	10.8 (3.6, NE)	134	61 (45.5)	73 (54.5)	6.3 (2.9, NE)	0.873 (0.611, 1.248)	0.4636				
2 - Ambulatory and Capable of All Selfcare	45	26 (57.8)	19 (42.2)	1.8 (0.4, 18.9)	36	20 (55.6)	16 (44.4)	1.3 (0.4, NE)	0.918 (0.509, 1.658)	0.7805				

N: number of subjects in analysis set; n: number of subjects in subgroup category; %: proportion of number of subjects in n; CI: confidence interval; NE: not estimable. PT: Preferred Term, SOC: System Organ Class.

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SOC: Respiratory, thoracic and mediastinal disorders; PT: Any PT

Subgroup	n	Quizartinib (N=265)				Placebo (N=268)				Quizartinib vs Placebo		Interaction
		No. of subjects with events (%)	No. of subjects censored (%)	Median (95 % CI) (months) [a]	n	No. of subjects with events (%)	No. of subjects censored (%)	Median (95 % CI) (months) [a]	n	Hazard Ratio (95 % CI) [b]	Unstratified log-rank p-value [c]	P-value [d]
FLT3-ITD category at Baseline											0.1014	
≥3 to ≤25%	94	41 (43.6)	53 (56.4)	11.2 (5.6, NE)	98	46 (46.9)	52 (53.1)	9.0 (2.9, NE)	98	0.820 (0.538, 1.250)	0.3587	
>25% to ≤50%	141	68 (48.2)	73 (51.8)	4.5 (2.1, NE)	136	63 (46.3)	73 (53.7)	8.2 (2.7, NE)	136	1.034 (0.734, 1.457)	0.8476	
>50%	29	14 (48.3)	15 (51.7)	18.9 (1.6, NE)	34	6 (17.6)	28 (82.4)	NE (5.6, NE)	34	2.404 (0.915, 6.319)	0.0670	

N: number of subjects in analysis set; n: number of subjects in subgroup category; %: proportion of number of subjects in n; CI: confidence interval; NE: not estimable. PT: Preferred Term, SOC: System Organ Class.

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[b] Hazard ratio is from unstratified Cox proportional hazards model with treatment as the only categorical variable in the model. Confidence limits are based on the Wald test.

[c] Two-sided p-value from unstratified log-rank test.

[d] Two-sided interaction p-value is for the interaction term from unstratified Cox proportional hazards model with treatment, subgroup, and treatment-by-subgroup interaction as categorical variables in the model. The p-value is based on the Wald test.

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SOC: Respiratory, thoracic and mediastinal disorders; PT: Any PT

Subgroup	n	Quizartinib (N=265)					Placebo (N=268)					Quizartinib vs Placebo		Interaction
		No. of subjects with events (%)	No. of subjects censored (%)	Median (95 % CI) (months) [a]	n	No. of subjects with events (%)	No. of subjects censored (%)	Median (95 % CI) (months) [a]	n	Hazard Ratio (95 % CI) [b]	Unstratified log-rank p-value [c]	P-value [d]		
AML with Mutated NPM1														0.1919
Yes	139	61 (43.9)	78 (56.1)	18.3 (5.6, NE)	137	62 (45.3)	75 (54.7)	9.0 (4.9, NE)	137	0.849 (0.596, 1.211)	0.3691			
No	116	56 (48.3)	60 (51.7)	8.3 (2.9, 16.3)	120	49 (40.8)	71 (59.2)	15.0 (3.3, NE)	120	1.202 (0.819, 1.765)	0.3437			

N: number of subjects in analysis set; n: number of subjects in subgroup category; %: proportion of number of subjects in n; CI: confidence interval; NE: not estimable. PT: Preferred Term, SOC: System Organ Class.

[a] Median time to first event is from Kaplan-Meier estimate. Confidence Interval for median was computed using the Brookmeyer-Crowley method.

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SOC: Respiratory, thoracic and mediastinal disorders; PT: Any PT

Subgroup	n	Quizartinib (N=265)					Placebo (N=268)					Quizartinib vs Placebo		Interaction
		No. of subjects with events (%)	No. of subjects censored (%)	Median (95 % CI) (months) [a]	n	No. of subjects with events (%)	No. of subjects censored (%)	Median (95 % CI) (months) [a]	n	Hazard Ratio (95 % CI) [b]	Unstratified log-rank p-value [c]	P-value [d]		
Age by 2 categories														0.3501
≤60	164	78 (47.6)	86 (52.4)	8.8 (3.6, 18.9)	163	63 (38.7)	100 (61.3)	NE (7.1, NE)		1.124 (0.806, 1.568)	0.4826			
>60	101	45 (44.6)	56 (55.4)	11.1 (2.2, NE)	105	52 (49.5)	53 (50.5)	6.8 (2.9, 9.7)		0.866 (0.581, 1.293)	0.4809			

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SOC: Respiratory, thoracic and mediastinal disorders; PT: Cough

Subgroup	n	Quizartinib (N=265)					Placebo (N=268)					Quizartinib vs Placebo		Interaction
		No. of subjects with events (%)	No. of subjects censored (%)	Median (95 % CI) (months) [a]	n	No. of subjects with events (%)	No. of subjects censored (%)	Median (95 % CI) (months) [a]	Hazard Ratio (95 % CI) [b]	Unstratified log-rank p-value [c]	P-value [d]			
Pooled Age Group 2													0.3505	
<60	159	36 (22.6)	123 (77.4)	NE (NE)	(27.1, 160)	25 (15.6)	135 (84.4)	NE (NE, NE)	1.283 (0.769, 2.141)	0.3376				
≥60 - <65	37	6 (16.2)	31 (83.8)	NE (NE)	(11.4, 43)	10 (23.3)	33 (76.7)	NE (8.2, NE)	0.527 (0.190, 1.460)	0.2103				
≥65	69	8 (11.6)	61 (88.4)	NE (NE, NE)	65	9 (13.8)	56 (86.2)	NE (NE)	(11.7, 0.878 (0.339, 2.278)	0.7892				

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Sex													0.4046	
Male	124	23 (18.5)	101 (81.5)	NE (NE)	(20.1, 120)	22 (18.3)	98 (81.7)	NE (NE, NE)		0.853 (0.474, 1.536)	0.5953			
Female	141	27 (19.1)	114 (80.9)	NE (NE)	(32.7, 148)	22 (14.9)	126 (85.1)	NE (NE, NE)		1.195 (0.680, 2.100)	0.5352			

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Race by 2 categories												0.3091		
White	157	26 (16.6)	131 (83.4)	NE (NE)	(32.7, 161	27 (16.8)	134 (83.2)	NE (NE, NE)	0.850 (0.495, 1.459)	0.5550				
Non-white	108	24 (22.2)	84 (77.8)	NE (NE)	(30.7, 107	17 (15.9)	90 (84.1)	NE (NE, NE)	1.337 (0.718, 2.491)	0.3579				

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Geographic Region 1													0.3222	
North America	16	3 (18.8)	13 (81.3)	18.5 (2.7, NE)	18	8 (44.4)	10 (55.6)	11.7 (2.3, NE)	0.468 (0.123, 1.777)	0.2538				
Europe	161	24 (14.9)	137 (85.1)	NE (32.7, NE)	161	21 (13.0)	140 (87.0)	NE (NE, NE)	0.971 (0.539, 1.747)	0.9199				
Asia/Other Regions	88	23 (26.1)	65 (73.9)	NE (20.1, NE)	89	15 (16.9)	74 (83.1)	NE (NE, NE)	1.480 (0.771, 2.841)	0.2346				

N: number of subjects in analysis set; n: number of subjects in subgroup category; %: proportion of number of subjects in n; CI: confidence interval; NE: not estimable. PT: Preferred Term, SOC: System Organ Class.

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		No. of subjects with events (%)	No. of subjects censored (%)	Median (95 % CI) [a]	n	No. of subjects with events (%)	No. of subjects censored (%)	Median (95 % CI) [a]	n	Hazard Ratio (95 % CI) [b]	Unstratified log-rank p-value [c]	P-value [d]		
WBC at initial diagnosis														0.5246
< 40x10 ⁹ /L	132	18 (13.6)	114 (86.4)	NE (32.7, NE)	133	21 (15.8)	112 (84.2)	NE (NE, NE)	133	0.857 (0.457, 1.610)	0.6307			
≥ 40x10 ⁹ /L	133	32 (24.1)	101 (75.9)	NE (18.9, NE)	135	23 (17.0)	112 (83.0)	NE (NE, NE)	135	1.132 (0.660, 1.941)	0.6508			

N: number of subjects in analysis set; n: number of subjects in subgroup category; %: proportion of number of subjects in n; CI: confidence interval; NE: not estimable. PT: Preferred Term, SOC: System Organ Class.

[a] Median time to first event is from Kaplan-Meier estimate. Confidence Interval for median was computed using the Brookmeyer-Crowley method.

[b] Hazard ratio is from unstratified Cox proportional hazards model with treatment as the only categorical variable in the model. Confidence limits are based on the Wald test.

[c] Two-sided p-value from unstratified log-rank test.

[d] Two-sided interaction p-value is for the interaction term from unstratified Cox proportional hazards model with treatment, subgroup, and treatment-by-subgroup interaction as categorical variables in the model. The p-value is based on the Wald test.

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Medizinischer Nutzen, medizinischer Zusatznutzen, Patientengruppen mit therap. bedeutsamem Zusatznutzen

Daichi Sankyo | Data Intelligence – Evidence Generation | Final | AC220-A-U302 QUANTUM-First (DCO 13 Aug 2021) | Statistical analyses for AMNOG (HTA Germany)
 Table 3.11.2 Treatment-emergent adverse events by system organ class (SOC) and preferred term (PT) observed for ≥ 10 patients in at least one arm and ≥ 1% of the patients in at least one arm - Time-to-event analysis - subgroup analysis - DCO 13-Aug-2021 - Safety Analysis Set

SOC: Respiratory, thoracic and mediastinal disorders; PT: Cough

		Quizartinib (N=265)					Placebo (N=268)					Quizartinib vs Placebo		Interaction
Subgroup	n	No. of subjects with events (%)	No. of subjects censored (%)	Median (95 % CI) (months) [a]	n	No. of subjects with events (%)	No. of subjects censored (%)	Median (95 % CI) (months) [a]	Hazard Ratio (95 % CI) [b]	Unstratified log-rank p-value [c]	P-value [d]			
Choice of Anthracycline												0.4157		
Daunorubicin	123	24 (19.5)	99 (80.5)	NE (NE)	(30.7, 94	12 (12.8)	82 (87.2)	NE (NE, NE)	1.357 (0.678, 2.718)	0.3864				
Idarubicin	142	26 (18.3)	116 (81.7)	NE (NE)	(27.1, 171	30 (17.5)	141 (82.5)	NE (NE, NE)	0.942 (0.556, 1.594)	0.8231				

N: number of subjects in analysis set; n: number of subjects in subgroup category; %: proportion of number of subjects in n; CI: confidence interval; NE: not estimable. PT: Preferred Term, SOC: System Organ Class.

[a] Median time to first event is from Kaplan-Meier estimate. Confidence Interval for median was computed using the Brookmeyer-Crowley method.

[b] Hazard ratio is from unstratified Cox proportional hazards model with treatment as the only categorical variable in the model. Confidence limits are based on the Wald test.

[c] Two-sided p-value from unstratified log-rank test.

[d] Two-sided interaction p-value is for the interaction term from unstratified Cox proportional hazards model with treatment, subgroup, and treatment-by-subgroup interaction as categorical variables in the model. The p-value is based on the Wald test.

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SOC: Respiratory, thoracic and mediastinal disorders; PT: Cough

		Quizartinib (N=265)					Placebo (N=268)					Quizartinib vs Placebo		Interaction
Subgroup	n	No. of subjects with events (%)	No. of subjects censored (%)	Median (95 % CI) (months) [a]	n	No. of subjects with events (%)	No. of subjects censored (%)	Median (95 % CI) (months) [a]	Hazard Ratio (95 % CI) [b]	Unstratified log-rank p-value [c]	P-value [d]			
AML Cytogenetic Risk Score												0.1321		
Favorable	13	1 (7.7)	12 (92.3)	NE (NE, NE)	19	6 (31.6)	13 (68.4)	NE (2.3, NE)	0.254 (0.031, 2.114)	0.1711				
Intermediate	195	41 (21.0)	154 (79.0)	NE (30.7, NE)	190	26 (13.7)	164 (86.3)	NE (NE, NE)	1.330 (0.812, 2.179)	0.2552				
Unfavorable	19	1 (5.3)	18 (94.7)	NE (18.5, NE)	27	7 (25.9)	20 (74.1)	15.0 (5.6, NE)	0.128 (0.015, 1.073)	0.0277				
Unknown	38	7 (18.4)	31 (81.6)	NE (6.7, NE)	31	5 (16.1)	26 (83.9)	NE (11.5, NE)	1.188 (0.377, 3.746)	0.7689				

N: number of subjects in analysis set; n: number of subjects in subgroup category; %: proportion of number of subjects in n; CI: confidence interval; NE: not estimable. PT: Preferred Term, SOC: System Organ Class.

[a] Median time to first event is from Kaplan-Meier estimate. Confidence Interval for median was computed using the Brookmeyer-Crowley method.

[b] Hazard ratio is from unstratified Cox proportional hazards model with treatment as the only categorical variable in the model. Confidence limits are based on the Wald test.

[c] Two-sided p-value from unstratified log-rank test.

[d] Two-sided interaction p-value is for the interaction term from unstratified Cox proportional hazards model with treatment, subgroup, and treatment-by-subgroup interaction as categorical variables in the model. The p-value is based on the Wald test.

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SOC: Respiratory, thoracic and mediastinal disorders; PT: Cough

		Quizartinib (N=265)					Placebo (N=268)					Quizartinib vs Placebo		Interaction
Subgroup	n	No. of subjects with events (%)	No. of subjects censored (%)	Median (95 % CI) (months) [a]	n	No. of subjects with events (%)	No. of subjects censored (%)	Median (95 % CI) (months) [a]	Hazard Ratio (95 % CI) [b]	Unstratified log-rank p-value [c]	P-value [d]			
ECOG Performance Status at Baseline												0.4212		
0 - Fully Active	87	17 (19.5)	70 (80.5)	NE (27.1, NE)	97	12 (12.4)	85 (87.6)	NE (NE, NE)	1.438 (0.686, 3.014)	0.3332				
1 - Restricted in Physically Strenuous Activity	133	21 (15.8)	112 (84.2)	NE (32.7, NE)	134	24 (17.9)	110 (82.1)	NE (18.5, NE)	0.776 (0.432, 1.397)	0.3973				
2 - Ambulatory and Capable of All Selfcare	45	12 (26.7)	33 (73.3)	NE (6.4, NE)	36	8 (22.2)	28 (77.8)	NE (NE, NE)	0.930 (0.372, 2.326)	0.8819				

N: number of subjects in analysis set; n: number of subjects in subgroup category; %: proportion of number of subjects in n; CI: confidence interval; NE: not estimable. PT: Preferred Term, SOC: System Organ Class.

[a] Median time to first event is from Kaplan-Meier estimate. Confidence Interval for median was computed using the Brookmeyer-Crowley method.

[b] Hazard ratio is from unstratified Cox proportional hazards model with treatment as the only categorical variable in the model. Confidence limits are based on the Wald test.

[c] Two-sided p-value is for the interaction term from unstratified log-rank test.

[d] Two-sided interaction p-value is for the interaction term from unstratified Cox proportional hazards model with treatment, subgroup, and treatment-by-subgroup interaction as categorical variables in the model. The p-value is based on the Wald test.

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SOC: Respiratory, thoracic and mediastinal disorders; PT: Cough

		Quizartinib (N=265)					Placebo (N=268)					Quizartinib vs Placebo		Interaction
Subgroup	n	No. of subjects with events (%)	No. of subjects censored (%)	Median (95 % CI) (months) [a]	n	No. of subjects with events (%)	No. of subjects censored (%)	Median (95 % CI) (months) [a]	Hazard Ratio (95 % CI) [b]	Unstratified log-rank p-value [c]	P-value [d]			
FLT3-ITD category at Baseline													0.3852	
≥3 to ≤25%	94	18 (19.1)	76 (80.9)	NE (20.1, NE)	98	19 (19.4)	79 (80.6)	NE (NE, NE)	0.971 (0.509, 1.853)	0.9277				
>25% to ≤50%	141	27 (19.1)	114 (80.9)	NE (NE, NE)	136	24 (17.6)	112 (82.4)	NE (NE, NE)	0.987 (0.569, 1.713)	0.9633				
>50%	29	5 (17.2)	24 (82.8)	NE (10.8, NE)	34	1 (2.9)	33 (97.1)	NE (5.6, NE)	3.976 (0.453, 34.888)	0.1805				

N: number of subjects in analysis set; n: number of subjects in subgroup category; %: proportion of number of subjects in n; CI: confidence interval; NE: not estimable. PT: Preferred Term, SOC: System Organ Class.

[a] Median time to first event is from Kaplan-Meier estimate. Confidence Interval for median was computed using the Brookmeyer-Crowley method.

[b] Hazard ratio is from unstratified Cox proportional hazards model with treatment as the only categorical variable in the model. Confidence limits are based on the Wald test.

[c] Two-sided p-value from unstratified log-rank test.

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SOC: Respiratory, thoracic and mediastinal disorders; PT: Cough

Subgroup	n	Quizartinib (N=265)				Placebo (N=268)				Quizartinib vs Placebo		Interaction
		No. of subjects with events (%)	No. of subjects censored (%)	Median (95 % CI) [a]	n	No. of subjects with events (%)	No. of subjects censored (%)	Median (95 % CI) [a]	n	Hazard Ratio (95 % CI) [b]	Unstratified log-rank p-value [c]	P-value [d]
AML with Mutated NPM1											0.4367	
Yes	139	26 (18.7)	113 (81.3)	NE (NE, NE)	137	26 (19.0)	111 (81.0)	NE (NE, NE)	137	0.871 (0.505, 1.502)	0.6204	
No	116	23 (19.8)	93 (80.2)	30.7 (20.1, NE)	120	18 (15.0)	102 (85.0)	NE (NE, NE)	120	1.234 (0.665, 2.289)	0.5060	

N: number of subjects in analysis set; n: number of subjects in subgroup category; %: proportion of number of subjects in n; CI: confidence interval; NE: not estimable. PT: Preferred Term, SOC: System Organ Class.

[a] Median time to first event is from Kaplan-Meier estimate. Confidence Interval for median was computed using the Brookmeyer-Crowley method.

[b] Hazard ratio is from unstratified Cox proportional hazards model with treatment as the only categorical variable in the model. Confidence limits are based on the Wald test.

[c] Two-sided p-value from unstratified log-rank test.

[d] Two-sided interaction p-value is for the interaction term from unstratified Cox proportional hazards model with treatment, subgroup, and treatment-by-subgroup interaction as categorical variables in the model. The p-value is based on the Wald test.

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SOC: Respiratory, thoracic and mediastinal disorders; PT: Cough

Subgroup	n	Quizartinib (N=265)					Placebo (N=268)					Quizartinib vs Placebo		Interaction
		No. of subjects with events (%)	No. of subjects censored (%)	Median (95 % CI) (months) [a]	n	No. of subjects with events (%)	No. of subjects censored (%)	Median (95 % CI) (months) [a]	Hazard Ratio (95 % CI) [b]	Unstratified log-rank p-value [c]	P-value [d]			
Age by 2 categories													0.2292	
≤60	164	36 (22.0)	128 (78.0)	NE (NE)	(27.1, 163	25 (15.3)	138 (84.7)	NE (NE, NE)	1.259 (0.755, 2.100)	0.3761				
>60	101	14 (13.9)	87 (86.1)	NE (NE, NE)	105	19 (18.1)	86 (81.9)	NE (NE, NE)	0.724 (0.362, 1.445)	0.3568				

N: number of subjects in analysis set; n: number of subjects in subgroup category; %: proportion of number of subjects in n; CI: confidence interval; NE: not estimable. PT: Preferred Term, SOC: System Organ Class.

[a] Median time to first event is from Kaplan-Meier estimate. Confidence Interval for median was computed using the Brookmeyer-Crowley method.

[b] Hazard ratio is from unstratified Cox proportional hazards model with treatment as the only categorical variable in the model. Confidence limits are based on the Wald test.

[c] Two-sided p-value from unstratified log-rank test.

[d] Two-sided interaction p-value is for the interaction term from unstratified Cox proportional hazards model with treatment, subgroup, and treatment-by-subgroup interaction as categorical variables in the model. The p-value is based on the Wald test.

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SOC: Respiratory, thoracic and mediastinal disorders; PT: Epistaxis

		Quizartinib (N=265)				Placebo (N=268)				Quizartinib vs Placebo		Interaction
Subgroup	n	No. of subjects with events (%)	No. of subjects censored (%)	Median (95 % CI) (months) [a]	n	No. of subjects with events (%)	No. of subjects censored (%)	Median (95 % CI) (months) [a]	Hazard Ratio (95 % CI) [b]	Unstratified log-rank p-value [c]	P-value [d]	
Pooled Age Group 2											0.7005	
<60	159	22 (13.8)	137 (86.2)	NE (NE, NE)	160	18 (11.3)	142 (88.8)	NE (NE, NE)	1.195 (0.641, 2.229)	0.5724		
≥60 - <65	37	8 (21.6)	29 (78.4)	NE (NE, NE)	43	5 (11.6)	38 (88.4)	NE (NE, NE)	1.898 (0.621, 5.806)	0.2524		
≥65	69	10 (14.5)	59 (85.5)	NE (26.1, NE)	65	6 (9.2)	59 (90.8)	NE (NE, NE)	1.716 (0.623, 4.727)	0.2897		

N: number of subjects in analysis set; n: number of subjects in subgroup category; %: proportion of number of subjects in n; CI: confidence interval; NE: not estimable. PT: Preferred Term, SOC: System Organ Class.

[a] Median time to first event is from Kaplan-Meier estimate. Confidence Interval for median was computed using the Brookmeyer-Crowley method.

[b] Hazard ratio is from unstratified Cox proportional hazards model with treatment as the only categorical variable in the model. Confidence limits are based on the Wald test.

[c] Two-sided p-value from unstratified log-rank test.

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SOC: Respiratory, thoracic and mediastinal disorders; PT: Epistaxis

Subgroup	n	Quizartinib (N=265)				Placebo (N=268)				Quizartinib vs Placebo		Interaction
		No. of subjects with events (%)	No. of subjects censored (%)	Median (95 % CI) [a]	n	No. of subjects with events (%)	No. of subjects censored (%)	Median (95 % CI) [a]	n	Hazard Ratio (95 % CI) [b]	Unstratified log-rank p-value [c]	P-value [d]
Sex												0.6450
Male	124	21 (16.9)	103 (83.1)	NE (NE, NE)	120	16 (13.3)	104 (86.7)	NE (NE, NE)	120	1.252 (0.653, 2.400)	0.4972	
Female	141	19 (13.5)	122 (86.5)	NE (NE, NE)	148	13 (8.8)	135 (91.2)	NE (NE, NE)	148	1.532 (0.756, 3.102)	0.2321	

N: number of subjects in analysis set; n: number of subjects in subgroup category; %: proportion of number of subjects in n; CI: confidence interval; NE: not estimable. PT: Preferred Term, SOC: System Organ Class.

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[c] Two-sided p-value from unstratified log-rank test.

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SOC: Respiratory, thoracic and mediastinal disorders; PT: Epistaxis

		Quizartinib (N=265)				Placebo (N=268)				Quizartinib vs Placebo		Interaction
Subgroup	n	No. of subjects with events (%)	No. of subjects censored (%)	Median (95 % CI) (months) [a]	n	No. of subjects with events (%)	No. of subjects censored (%)	Median (95 % CI) (months) [a]	Hazard Ratio (95 % CI) [b]	Unstratified log-rank p-value [c]	P-value [d]	
Race by 2 categories											0.8149	
White	157	23 (14.6)	134 (85.4)	NE (NE, NE)	161	18 (11.2)	143 (88.8)	NE (NE, NE)	1.319 (0.712, 2.445)	0.3787		
Non-white	108	17 (15.7)	91 (84.3)	NE (NE, NE)	107	11 (10.3)	96 (89.7)	NE (NE, NE)	1.472 (0.689, 3.143)	0.3116		

N: number of subjects in analysis set; n: number of subjects in subgroup category; %: proportion of number of subjects in n; CI: confidence interval; NE: not estimable. PT: Preferred Term, SOC: System Organ Class.

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[c] Two-sided p-value from unstratified log-rank test.

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SOC: Respiratory, thoracic and mediastinal disorders; PT: Epistaxis

		Quizartinib (N=265)				Placebo (N=268)				Quizartinib vs Placebo		Interaction
Subgroup	n	No. of subjects with events (%)	No. of subjects censored (%)	Median (95 % CI) (months) [a]	n	No. of subjects with events (%)	No. of subjects censored (%)	Median (95 % CI) (months) [a]	Hazard Ratio (95 % CI) [b]	Unstratified log-rank p-value [c]	P-value [d]	
Geographic Region 1											0.6380	
North America	16	3 (18.8)	13 (81.3)	NE (1.7, NE)	18	3 (16.7)	15 (83.3)	NE (6.4, NE)	1.965 (0.379, 10.184)	0.4137		
Europe	161	20 (12.4)	141 (87.6)	NE (NE, NE)	161	17 (10.6)	144 (89.4)	NE (NE, NE)	1.158 (0.606, 2.210)	0.6576		
Asia/Other Regions	88	17 (19.3)	71 (80.7)	NE (NE, NE)	89	9 (10.1)	80 (89.9)	NE (NE, NE)	1.889 (0.842, 4.239)	0.1159		

N: number of subjects in analysis set; n: number of subjects in subgroup category; %: proportion of number of subjects in n; CI: confidence interval; NE: not estimable. PT: Preferred Term, SOC: System Organ Class.

[a] Median time to first event is from Kaplan-Meier estimate. Confidence Interval for median was computed using the Brookmeyer-Crowley method.

[b] Hazard ratio is from unstratified Cox proportional hazards model with treatment as the only categorical variable in the model. Confidence limits are based on the Wald test.

[c] Two-sided p-value from unstratified log-rank test.

[d] Two-sided interaction p-value is for the interaction term from unstratified Cox proportional hazards model with treatment, subgroup, and treatment-by-subgroup interaction as categorical variables in the model. The p-value is based on the Wald test.

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Medizinischer Nutzen, medizinischer Zusatznutzen, Patientengruppen mit therap. bedeutsamem Zusatznutzen

Daiichi Sankyo | Data Intelligence – Evidence Generation | Final | AC220-A-U302 QUANTUM-First (DCO 13 Aug 2021) | Statistical analyses for AMNOG (HTA Germany)
 Table 3.11.2 Treatment-emergent adverse events by system organ class (SOC) and preferred term (PT) observed for ≥ 10 patients in at least one arm and ≥ 1% of the patients in at least one arm - Time-to-event analysis - subgroup analysis - DCO 13-Aug-2021 - Safety Analysis Set

SOC: Respiratory, thoracic and mediastinal disorders; PT: Epistaxis

		Quizartinib (N=265)				Placebo (N=268)				Quizartinib vs Placebo		Interaction
Subgroup	n	No. of subjects with events (%)	No. of subjects censored (%)	Median (95 % CI) (months) [a]	n	No. of subjects with events (%)	No. of subjects censored (%)	Median (95 % CI) (months) [a]	Hazard Ratio (95 % CI) [b]	Unstratified log-rank p-value [c]	P-value [d]	
WBC at initial diagnosis												0.4096
< 40x10 ⁹ /L	132	16 (12.1)	116 (87.9)	NE (NE, NE)	133	15 (11.3)	118 (88.7)	NE (NE, NE)	1.107 (0.547, 2.240)	0.7753		
≥ 40x10 ⁹ /L	133	24 (18.0)	109 (82.0)	NE (NE, NE)	135	14 (10.4)	121 (89.6)	NE (NE, NE)	1.633 (0.844, 3.160)	0.1401		

N: number of subjects in analysis set; n: number of subjects in subgroup category; %: proportion of number of subjects in n; CI: confidence interval; NE: not estimable. PT: Preferred Term, SOC: System Organ Class.

[a] Median time to first event is from Kaplan-Meier estimate. Confidence Interval for median was computed using the Brookmeyer-Crowley method.

[b] Hazard ratio is from unstratified Cox proportional hazards model with treatment as the only categorical variable in the model. Confidence limits are based on the Wald test.

[c] Two-sided p-value from unstratified log-rank test.

[d] Two-sided interaction p-value is for the interaction term from unstratified Cox proportional hazards model with treatment, subgroup, and treatment-by-subgroup interaction as categorical variables in the model. The p-value is based on the Wald test.

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SOC: Respiratory, thoracic and mediastinal disorders; PT: Epistaxis

Subgroup	n	Quizartinib (N=265)				Placebo (N=268)				Quizartinib vs Placebo		Interaction
		No. of subjects with events (%)	No. of subjects censored (%)	Median (95 % CI) (months) [a]	n	No. of subjects with events (%)	No. of subjects censored (%)	Median (95 % CI) (months) [a]	n	Hazard Ratio (95 % CI) [b]	Unstratified log-rank p-value [c]	P-value [d]
Choice of Anthracycline											0.2584	
Daunorubicin	123	22 (17.9)	101 (82.1)	NE (NE, NE)	94	9 (9.6)	85 (90.4)	NE (NE, NE)	1.882 (0.866, 4.089)	0.1043		
Idarubicin	142	18 (12.7)	124 (87.3)	NE (NE, NE)	171	20 (11.7)	151 (88.3)	NE (NE, NE)	1.057 (0.559, 1.998)	0.8610		

N: number of subjects in analysis set; n: number of subjects in subgroup category; %: proportion of number of subjects in n; CI: confidence interval; NE: not estimable. PT: Preferred Term, SOC: System Organ Class.

[a] Median time to first event is from Kaplan-Meier estimate. Confidence Interval for median was computed using the Brookmeyer-Crowley method.

[b] Hazard ratio is from unstratified Cox proportional hazards model with treatment as the only categorical variable in the model. Confidence limits are based on the Wald test.

[c] Two-sided p-value from unstratified log-rank test.

[d] Two-sided interaction p-value is for the interaction term from unstratified Cox proportional hazards model with treatment, subgroup, and treatment-by-subgroup interaction as categorical variables in the model. The p-value is based on the Wald test.

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SOC: Respiratory, thoracic and mediastinal disorders; PT: Epistaxis

		Quizartinib (N=265)				Placebo (N=268)				Quizartinib vs Placebo		Interaction
Subgroup	n	No. of subjects with events (%)	No. of subjects censored (%)	Median (95 % CI) (months) [a]	n	No. of subjects with events (%)	No. of subjects censored (%)	Median (95 % CI) (months) [a]	Hazard Ratio (95 % CI) [b]	Unstratified log-rank p-value [c]	P-value [d]	
AML Cytogenetic Risk Score											0.4247	
Favorable	13	3 (23.1)	10 (76.9)	NE (1.1, NE)	19	1 (5.3)	18 (94.7)	NE (NE, NE)	4.733 (0.492, 45.528)	0.1403		
Intermediate	195	28 (14.4)	167 (85.6)	NE (NE, NE)	190	20 (10.5)	170 (89.5)	NE (NE, NE)	1.309 (0.737, 2.324)	0.3562		
Unfavorable	19	2 (10.5)	17 (89.5)	NE (NE, NE)	27	5 (18.5)	22 (81.5)	NE (6.4, NE)	0.581 (0.113, 2.995)	0.5137		
Unknown	38	7 (18.4)	31 (81.6)	NE (NE, NE)	31	3 (9.7)	28 (90.3)	NE (NE, NE)	1.957 (0.505, 7.577)	0.3164		

N: number of subjects in analysis set; n: number of subjects in subgroup category; %: proportion of number of subjects in n; CI: confidence interval; NE: not estimable. PT: Preferred Term, SOC: System Organ Class.

[a] Median time to first event is from Kaplan-Meier estimate. Confidence Interval for median was computed using the Brookmeyer-Crowley method.

[b] Hazard ratio is from unstratified Cox proportional hazards model with treatment as the only categorical variable in the model. Confidence limits are based on the Wald test.

[c] Two-sided p-value from unstratified log-rank test.

[d] Two-sided interaction p-value is for the interaction term from unstratified Cox proportional hazards model with treatment, subgroup, and treatment-by-subgroup interaction as categorical variables in the model. The p-value is based on the Wald test.

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SOC: Respiratory, thoracic and mediastinal disorders; PT: Epistaxis

		Quizartinib (N=265)				Placebo (N=268)				Quizartinib vs Placebo		Interaction
Subgroup	n	No. of subjects with events (%)	No. of subjects censored (%)	Median (95 % CI) (months) [a]	n	No. of subjects with events (%)	No. of subjects censored (%)	Median (95 % CI) (months) [a]	Hazard Ratio (95 % CI) [b]	Unstratified log-rank p-value [c]	P-value [d]	
ECOG Performance Status at Baseline											0.1349	
0 - Fully Active	87	10 (11.5)	77 (88.5)	NE (NE, NE)	97	12 (12.4)	85 (87.6)	NE (NE, NE)	0.932 (0.403, 2.157)	0.8696		
1 - Restricted in Physically Strenuous Activity	133	23 (17.3)	110 (82.7)	NE (NE, NE)	134	10 (7.5)	124 (92.5)	NE (NE, NE)	2.299 (1.094, 4.830)	0.0233		
2 - Ambulatory and Capable of All Selfcare	45	7 (15.6)	38 (84.4)	NE (NE, NE)	36	7 (19.4)	29 (80.6)	NE (NE, NE)	0.792 (0.278, 2.259)	0.6623		

N: number of subjects in analysis set; n: number of subjects in subgroup category; %: proportion of number of subjects in n; CI: confidence interval; NE: not estimable. PT: Preferred Term, SOC: System Organ Class.

[a] Median time to first event is from Kaplan-Meier estimate. Confidence Interval for median was computed using the Brookmeyer-Crowley method.

[b] Hazard ratio is from unstratified Cox proportional hazards model with treatment as the only categorical variable in the model. Confidence limits are based on the Wald test.

[c] Two-sided p-value from unstratified log-rank test.

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SOC: Respiratory, thoracic and mediastinal disorders; PT: Epistaxis

		Quizartinib (N=265)				Placebo (N=268)				Quizartinib vs Placebo		Interaction
Subgroup	n	No. of subjects with events (%)	No. of subjects censored (%)	Median (95 % CI) (months) [a]	n	No. of subjects with events (%)	No. of subjects censored (%)	Median (95 % CI) (months) [a]	Hazard Ratio (95 % CI) [b]	Unstratified log-rank p-value [c]	P-value [d]	
FLT3-ITD category at Baseline											0.6696	
≥3 to ≤25%	94	13 (13.8)	81 (86.2)	NE (NE, NE)	98	12 (12.2)	86 (87.8)	NE (NE, NE)	1.130 (0.516, 2.478)	0.7577		
>25% to ≤50%	141	24 (17.0)	117 (83.0)	NE (NE, NE)	136	16 (11.8)	120 (88.2)	NE (NE, NE)	1.455 (0.773, 2.739)	0.2412		
>50%	29	3 (10.3)	26 (89.7)	NE (NE, NE)	34	1 (2.9)	33 (97.1)	NE (5.4, NE)	2.777 (0.287, 26.826)	0.3570		

N: number of subjects in analysis set; n: number of subjects in subgroup category; %: proportion of number of subjects in n; CI: confidence interval; NE: not estimable. PT: Preferred Term, SOC: System Organ Class.

[a] Median time to first event is from Kaplan-Meier estimate. Confidence Interval for median was computed using the Brookmeyer-Crowley method.

[b] Hazard ratio is from unstratified Cox proportional hazards model with treatment as the only categorical variable in the model. Confidence limits are based on the Wald test.

[c] Two-sided p-value from unstratified log-rank test.

[d] Two-sided interaction p-value is for the interaction term from unstratified Cox proportional hazards model with treatment, subgroup, and treatment-by-subgroup interaction as categorical variables in the model. The p-value is based on the Wald test.

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SOC: Respiratory, thoracic and mediastinal disorders; PT: Epistaxis

Subgroup	n	Quizartinib (N=265)				Placebo (N=268)				Quizartinib vs Placebo		Interaction
		No. of subjects with events (%)	No. of subjects censored (%)	Median (95 % CI) (months) [a]	n	No. of subjects with events (%)	No. of subjects censored (%)	Median (95 % CI) (months) [a]	n	Hazard Ratio (95 % CI) [b]	Unstratified log-rank p-value [c]	P-value [d]
AML with Mutated NPM1											0.6948	
Yes	139	21 (15.1)	118 (84.9)	NE (NE, NE)	137	14 (10.2)	123 (89.8)	NE (NE, NE)	1.493 (0.759, 2.938)	0.2412		
No	116	17 (14.7)	99 (85.3)	NE (NE, NE)	120	14 (11.7)	106 (88.3)	NE (NE, NE)	1.240 (0.611, 2.516)	0.5482		

N: number of subjects in analysis set; n: number of subjects in subgroup category; %: proportion of number of subjects in n; CI: confidence interval; NE: not estimable. PT: Preferred Term, SOC: System Organ Class.

[a] Median time to first event is from Kaplan-Meier estimate. Confidence Interval for median was computed using the Brookmeyer-Crowley method.

[b] Hazard ratio is from unstratified Cox proportional hazards model with treatment as the only categorical variable in the model. Confidence limits are based on the Wald test.

[c] Two-sided p-value from unstratified log-rank test.

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SOC: Respiratory, thoracic and mediastinal disorders; PT: Epistaxis

		Quizartinib (N=265)					Placebo (N=268)					Quizartinib vs Placebo		Interaction
Subgroup	n	No. of subjects with events (%)	No. of subjects censored (%)	Median (95 % CI) (months) [a]	n	No. of subjects with events (%)	No. of subjects censored (%)	Median (95 % CI) (months) [a]	Hazard Ratio (95 % CI) [b]	Unstratified log-rank p-value [c]	P-value [d]			
Age by 2 categories												0.3692		
≤60	164	22 (13.4)	142 (86.6)	NE (NE, NE)	163	18 (11.0)	145 (89.0)	NE (NE, NE)	1.175 (0.630, 2.193)	0.6081				
>60	101	18 (17.8)	83 (82.2)	NE (26.1, NE)	105	11 (10.5)	94 (89.5)	NE (NE, NE)	1.831 (0.865, 3.880)	0.1086				

N: number of subjects in analysis set; n: number of subjects in subgroup category; %: proportion of number of subjects in n; CI: confidence interval; NE: not estimable. PT: Preferred Term, SOC: System Organ Class.

[a] Median time to first event is from Kaplan-Meier estimate. Confidence Interval for median was computed using the Brookmeyer-Crowley method.

[b] Hazard ratio is from unstratified Cox proportional hazards model with treatment as the only categorical variable in the model. Confidence limits are based on the Wald test.

[c] Two-sided p-value from unstratified log-rank test.

[d] Two-sided interaction p-value is for the interaction term from unstratified Cox proportional hazards model with treatment, subgroup, and treatment-by-subgroup interaction as categorical variables in the model. The p-value is based on the Wald test.

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SOC: Respiratory, thoracic and mediastinal disorders; PT: Oropharyngeal pain

Subgroup	n	Quizartinib (N=265)				Placebo (N=268)				Quizartinib vs Placebo		Interaction
		No. of subjects with events (%)	No. of subjects censored (%)	Median (95 % CI) (months) [a]	n	No. of subjects with events (%)	No. of subjects censored (%)	Median (95 % CI) (months) [a]	n	Hazard Ratio (95 % CI) [b]	Unstratified log-rank p-value [c]	P-value [d]
Pooled Age Group 2											0.3633	
<60	159	22 (13.8)	137 (86.2)	NE (NE, NE)	160	11 (6.9)	149 (93.1)	NE (NE, NE)	160	1.829 (0.886, 3.776)	0.0972	
≥60 - <65	37	2 (5.4)	35 (94.6)	NE (NE, NE)	43	4 (9.3)	39 (90.7)	NE (NE, NE)	43	0.530 (0.096, 2.916)	0.4581	
≥65	69	3 (4.3)	66 (95.7)	NE (NE, NE)	65	3 (4.6)	62 (95.4)	NE (NE, NE)	65	1.060 (0.214, 5.263)	0.9427	

N: number of subjects in analysis set; n: number of subjects in subgroup category; %: proportion of number of subjects in n; CI: confidence interval; NE: not estimable. PT: Preferred Term, SOC: System Organ Class.

[a] Median time to first event is from Kaplan-Meier estimate. Confidence Interval for median was computed using the Brookmeyer-Crowley method.

[b] Hazard ratio is from unstratified Cox proportional hazards model with treatment as the only categorical variable in the model. Confidence limits are based on the Wald test.

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SOC: Respiratory, thoracic and mediastinal disorders; PT: Oropharyngeal pain

Subgroup	n	Quizartinib (N=265)				Placebo (N=268)				Quizartinib vs Placebo		Interaction
		No. of subjects with events (%)	No. of subjects censored (%)	Median (95 % CI) (months) [a]	n	No. of subjects with events (%)	No. of subjects censored (%)	Median (95 % CI) (months) [a]	n	Hazard Ratio (95 % CI) [b]	Unstratified log-rank p-value [c]	P-value [d]
Sex												0.7563
Male	124	10 (8.1)	114 (91.9)	NE (NE, NE)	120	7 (5.8)	113 (94.2)	NE (NE, NE)	120	1.362 (0.518, 3.580)	0.5289	
Female	141	17 (12.1)	124 (87.9)	NE (NE, NE)	148	11 (7.4)	137 (92.6)	NE (NE, NE)	148	1.513 (0.708, 3.231)	0.2819	

N: number of subjects in analysis set; n: number of subjects in subgroup category; %: proportion of number of subjects in n; CI: confidence interval; NE: not estimable. PT: Preferred Term, SOC: System Organ Class.

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Daichi Sankyo | Data Intelligence – Evidence Generation | Final | AC220-A-U302 QUANTUM-First (DCO 13 Aug 2021) | Statistical analyses for AMNOG (HTA Germany)
 Table 3.11.2 Treatment-emergent adverse events by system organ class (SOC) and preferred term (PT) observed for ≥ 10 patients in at least one arm and ≥ 1% of the patients in at least one arm - Time-to-event analysis - subgroup analysis - DCO 13-Aug-2021 - Safety Analysis Set

SOC: Respiratory, thoracic and mediastinal disorders; PT: Oropharyngeal pain

		Quizartinib (N=265)				Placebo (N=268)				Quizartinib vs Placebo		Interaction
Subgroup	n	No. of subjects with events (%)	No. of subjects censored (%)	Median (95 % CI) (months) [a]	n	No. of subjects with events (%)	No. of subjects censored (%)	Median (95 % CI) (months) [a]	Hazard Ratio (95 % CI) [b]	Unstratified log-rank p-value [c]	P-value [d]	
Race by 2 categories											0.7709	
White	157	14 (8.9)	143 (91.1)	NE (NE, NE)	161	10 (6.2)	151 (93.8)	NE (NE, NE)	1.374 (0.610, 3.096)	0.4415		
Non-white	108	13 (12.0)	95 (88.0)	NE (31.7, NE)	107	8 (7.5)	99 (92.5)	NE (NE, NE)	1.570 (0.650, 3.790)	0.3113		

N: number of subjects in analysis set; n: number of subjects in subgroup category; %: proportion of number of subjects in n; CI: confidence interval; NE: not estimable. PT: Preferred Term, SOC: System Organ Class.

[a] Median time to first event is from Kaplan-Meier estimate. Confidence Interval for median was computed using the Brookmeyer-Crowley method.

[b] Hazard ratio is from unstratified Cox proportional hazards model with treatment as the only categorical variable in the model. Confidence limits are based on the Wald test.

[c] Two-sided p-value from unstratified log-rank test.

[d] Two-sided interaction p-value is for the interaction term from unstratified Cox proportional hazards model with treatment, subgroup, and treatment-by-subgroup interaction as categorical variables in the model. The p-value is based on the Wald test.

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SOC: Respiratory, thoracic and mediastinal disorders; PT: Oropharyngeal pain

		Quizartinib (N=265)					Placebo (N=268)					Quizartinib vs Placebo		Interaction
Subgroup	n	No. of subjects with events (%)	No. of subjects censored (%)	Median (95 % CI) (months) [a]	n	No. of subjects with events (%)	No. of subjects censored (%)	Median (95 % CI) (months) [a]	Hazard Ratio (95 % CI) [b]	Unstratified log-rank p-value [c]	P-value [d]			
Geographic Region 1													0.2373	
North America	16	1 (6.3)	15 (93.8)	NE (NE)	18	4 (22.2)	14 (77.8)	NE (3.4, NE)	0.331 (0.037, 2.994)	0.3015				
Europe	161	12 (7.5)	149 (92.5)	NE (NE, NE)	161	8 (5.0)	153 (95.0)	NE (NE, NE)	1.439 (0.588, 3.524)	0.4231				
Asia/Other Regions	88	14 (15.9)	74 (84.1)	NE (NE)	89	6 (6.7)	83 (93.3)	NE (NE, NE)	2.309 (0.886, 6.019)	0.0776				

N: number of subjects in analysis set; n: number of subjects in subgroup category; %: proportion of number of subjects in n; CI: confidence interval; NE: not estimable. PT: Preferred Term, SOC: System Organ Class.

[a] Median time to first event is from Kaplan-Meier estimate. Confidence Interval for median was computed using the Brookmeyer-Crowley method.

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SOC: Respiratory, thoracic and mediastinal disorders; PT: Oropharyngeal pain

Subgroup	n	Quizartinib (N=265)				Placebo (N=268)				Quizartinib vs Placebo		Interaction
		No. of subjects with events (%)	No. of subjects censored (%)	Median (95 % CI) (months) [a]	n	No. of subjects with events (%)	No. of subjects censored (%)	Median (95 % CI) (months) [a]	n	Hazard Ratio (95 % CI) [b]	Unstratified log-rank p-value [c]	P-value [d]
WBC at initial diagnosis											0.6114	
< 40x10 ⁹ /L	132	13 (9.8)	119 (90.2)	NE (NE, NE)	133	8 (6.0)	125 (94.0)	NE (NE, NE)	135	1.674 (0.694, 4.040)	0.2462	
≥ 40x10 ⁹ /L	133	14 (10.5)	119 (89.5)	NE (NE, NE)	135	10 (7.4)	125 (92.6)	NE (NE, NE)	135	1.251 (0.555, 2.823)	0.5878	

N: number of subjects in analysis set; n: number of subjects in subgroup category; %: proportion of number of subjects in n; CI: confidence interval; NE: not estimable. PT: Preferred Term, SOC: System Organ Class.

[a] Median time to first event is from Kaplan-Meier estimate. Confidence Interval for median was computed using the Brookmeyer-Crowley method.

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[c] Two-sided p-value from unstratified log-rank test.

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SOC: Respiratory, thoracic and mediastinal disorders; PT: Oropharyngeal pain

Subgroup	n	Quizartinib (N=265)				Placebo (N=268)				Quizartinib vs Placebo		Interaction
		No. of subjects with events (%)	No. of subjects censored (%)	Median (95 % CI) (months) [a]	n	No. of subjects with events (%)	No. of subjects censored (%)	Median (95 % CI) (months) [a]	n	Hazard Ratio (95 % CI) [b]	Unstratified log-rank p-value [c]	P-value [d]
Choice of Anthracycline											0.3071	
Daunorubicin	123	11 (8.9)	112 (91.1)	NE (NE, NE)	94	8 (8.5)	86 (91.5)	NE (NE, NE)	35.4	1.003 (0.403, 2.496)	0.9954	
Idarubicin	142	16 (11.3)	126 (88.7)	NE (NE, NE)	171	10 (5.8)	161 (94.2)	NE (NE, NE)		1.799 (0.815, 3.968)	0.1400	

N: number of subjects in analysis set; n: number of subjects in subgroup category; %: proportion of number of subjects in n; CI: confidence interval; NE: not estimable. PT: Preferred Term, SOC: System Organ Class.

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[c] Two-sided p-value from unstratified log-rank test.

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SOC: Respiratory, thoracic and mediastinal disorders; PT: Oropharyngeal pain

		Quizartinib (N=265)				Placebo (N=268)				Quizartinib vs Placebo		Interaction
Subgroup	n	No. of subjects with events (%)	No. of subjects censored (%)	Median (95 % CI) (months) [a]	n	No. of subjects with events (%)	No. of subjects censored (%)	Median (95 % CI) (months) [a]	Hazard Ratio (95 % CI) [b]	Unstratified log-rank p-value [c]	P-value [d]	
AML Cytogenetic Risk Score											0.9993	
Favorable	13	1 (7.7)	12 (92.3)	NE (4.4, NE)	19	0	19 (100)	NE (NE, NE)	NE (0.000, NE)	0.0943		
Intermediate	195	20 (10.3)	175 (89.7)	NE (NE, NE)	190	17 (8.9)	173 (91.1)	NE (NE, NE)	1.023 (0.535, 1.956)	0.9432		
Unfavorable	19	1 (5.3)	18 (94.7)	NE (38.0, NE)	27	1 (3.7)	26 (96.3)	NE (NE, NE)	0.577 (0.028, 11.808)	0.7194		
Unknown	38	5 (13.2)	33 (86.8)	NE (NE, NE)	31	0	31 (100)	NE (NE, NE)	NE (0.000, NE)	0.0387		

N: number of subjects in analysis set; n: number of subjects in subgroup category; %: proportion of number of subjects in n; CI: confidence interval; NE: not estimable. PT: Preferred Term, SOC: System Organ Class.

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[b] Hazard ratio is from unstratified Cox proportional hazards model with treatment as the only categorical variable in the model. Confidence limits are based on the Wald test.

[c] Two-sided p-value from unstratified log-rank test.

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SOC: Respiratory, thoracic and mediastinal disorders; PT: Oropharyngeal pain

		Quizartinib (N=265)					Placebo (N=268)					Quizartinib vs Placebo		Interaction
Subgroup	n	No. of subjects with events (%)	No. of subjects censored (%)	Median (95 % CI) (months) [a]	n	No. of subjects with events (%)	No. of subjects censored (%)	Median (95 % CI) (months) [a]	n	Hazard Ratio (95 % CI) [b]	Unstratified log-rank p-value [c]	P-value [d]		
ECOG Performance Status at Baseline												0.7538		
0 - Fully Active	87	6 (6.9)	81 (93.1)	NE (NE, NE)	97	3 (3.1)	94 (96.9)	NE (NE, NE)		2.066 (0.516, 8.283)	0.2950			
1 - Restricted in Physically Strenuous Activity	133	13 (9.8)	120 (90.2)	NE (NE, NE)	134	11 (8.2)	123 (91.8)	NE (NE, NE)		1.091 (0.489, 2.438)	0.8306			
2 - Ambulatory and Capable of All Selfcare	45	8 (17.8)	37 (82.2)	NE (31.7, NE)	36	4 (11.1)	32 (88.9)	35.4 (35.4, NE)		1.573 (0.471, 5.255)	0.4581			

N: number of subjects in analysis set; n: number of subjects in subgroup category; %: proportion of number of subjects in n; CI: confidence interval; NE: not estimable. PT: Preferred Term, SOC: System Organ Class.

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SOC: Respiratory, thoracic and mediastinal disorders; PT: Oropharyngeal pain

		Quizartinib (N=265)					Placebo (N=268)					Quizartinib vs Placebo		Interaction
Subgroup	n	No. of subjects with events (%)	No. of subjects censored (%)	Median (95 % CI) (months) [a]	n	No. of subjects with events (%)	No. of subjects censored (%)	Median (95 % CI) (months) [a]	Hazard Ratio (95 % CI) [b]	Unstratified log-rank p-value [c]	P-value [d]			
FLT3-ITD category at Baseline													0.6252	
≥3 to ≤25%	94	9 (9.6)	85 (90.4)	NE (NE) (38.0, NE)	98	10 (10.2)	88 (89.8)	NE (NE, NE)	0.928 (0.376, 2.288)	0.8720				
>25% to ≤50%	141	15 (10.6)	126 (89.4)	NE (NE, NE)	136	8 (5.9)	128 (94.1)	NE (NE, NE)	1.721 (0.729, 4.062)	0.2100				
>50%	29	3 (10.3)	26 (89.7)	NE (NE) (31.7, NE)	34	0	34 (100)	NE (NE, NE)	NE (0.000, NE)	0.1570				

N: number of subjects in analysis set; n: number of subjects in subgroup category; %: proportion of number of subjects in n; CI: confidence interval; NE: not estimable. PT: Preferred Term, SOC: System Organ Class.

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SOC: Respiratory, thoracic and mediastinal disorders; PT: Oropharyngeal pain

Subgroup	n	Quizartinib (N=265)				Placebo (N=268)				Quizartinib vs Placebo		Interaction
		No. of subjects with events (%)	No. of subjects censored (%)	Median (95 % CI) (months) [a]	n	No. of subjects with events (%)	No. of subjects censored (%)	Median (95 % CI) (months) [a]	n	Hazard Ratio (95 % CI) [b]	Unstratified log-rank p-value [c]	P-value [d]
AML with Mutated NPM1											0.3757	
Yes	139	14 (10.1)	125 (89.9)	NE (NE, NE)	137	12 (8.8)	125 (91.2)	NE (NE, NE)	137	1.085 (0.501, 2.348)	0.8354	
No	116	12 (10.3)	104 (89.7)	NE (38.0, NE)	120	6 (5.0)	114 (95.0)	NE (NE, NE)	120	1.932 (0.725, 5.152)	0.1800	

N: number of subjects in analysis set; n: number of subjects in subgroup category; %: proportion of number of subjects in n; CI: confidence interval; NE: not estimable. PT: Preferred Term, SOC: System Organ Class.

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[b] Hazard ratio is from unstratified Cox proportional hazards model with treatment as the only categorical variable in the model. Confidence limits are based on the Wald test.

[c] Two-sided p-value from unstratified log-rank test.

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SOC: Respiratory, thoracic and mediastinal disorders; PT: Oropharyngeal pain

Subgroup	n	Quizartinib (N=265)				Placebo (N=268)				Quizartinib vs Placebo		Interaction
		No. of subjects with events (%)	No. of subjects censored (%)	Median (95 % CI) (months) [a]	n	No. of subjects with events (%)	No. of subjects censored (%)	Median (95 % CI) (months) [a]	n	Hazard Ratio (95 % CI) [b]	Unstratified log-rank p-value [c]	P-value [d]
Age by 2 categories											0.2139	
≤60	164	22 (13.4)	142 (86.6)	NE (NE, NE)	163	11 (6.7)	152 (93.3)	NE (NE, NE)	163	1.792 (0.868, 3.700)	0.1094	
>60	101	5 (5.0)	96 (95.0)	NE (NE, NE)	105	7 (6.7)	98 (93.3)	NE (NE, NE)	105	0.745 (0.236, 2.350)	0.6146	

N: number of subjects in analysis set; n: number of subjects in subgroup category; %: proportion of number of subjects in n; CI: confidence interval; NE: not estimable. PT: Preferred Term, SOC: System Organ Class.

[a] Median time to first event is from Kaplan-Meier estimate. Confidence Interval for median was computed using the Brookmeyer-Crowley method.

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SOC: Respiratory, thoracic and mediastinal disorders; PT: Dyspnoea

		Quizartinib (N=265)				Placebo (N=268)				Quizartinib vs Placebo		Interaction
Subgroup	n	No. of subjects with events (%)	No. of subjects censored (%)	Median (95 % CI) (months) [a]	n	No. of subjects with events (%)	No. of subjects censored (%)	Median (95 % CI) (months) [a]	Hazard Ratio (95 % CI) [b]	Unstratified log-rank p-value [c]	P-value [d]	
Pooled Age Group 2											0.3546	
<60	159	5 (3.1)	154 (96.9)	NE (NE, NE)	160	11 (6.9)	149 (93.1)	NE (NE, NE)	0.388 (0.134, 1.125)	0.0710		
≥60 - <65	37	3 (8.1)	34 (91.9)	NE (NE, NE)	43	5 (11.6)	38 (88.4)	37.3 (12.2, NE)	0.583 (0.138, 2.457)	0.4568		
≥65	69	6 (8.7)	63 (91.3)	NE (NE, NE)	65	5 (7.7)	60 (92.3)	NE (NE, NE)	1.184 (0.361, 3.880)	0.7804		

N: number of subjects in analysis set; n: number of subjects in subgroup category; %: proportion of number of subjects in n; CI: confidence interval; NE: not estimable. PT: Preferred Term, SOC: System Organ Class.

[a] Median time to first event is from Kaplan-Meier estimate. Confidence Interval for median was computed using the Brookmeyer-Crowley method.

[b] Hazard ratio is from unstratified Cox proportional hazards model with treatment as the only categorical variable in the model. Confidence limits are based on the Wald test.

[c] Two-sided p-value from unstratified log-rank test.

[d] Two-sided interaction p-value is for the interaction term from unstratified Cox proportional hazards model with treatment, subgroup, and treatment-by-subgroup interaction as categorical variables in the model. The p-value is based on the Wald test.

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Run date: 21JUL2023 – 22:02; Program name: DE_T_3_11_2.sas; Output name: DE_T_3_11_2_TEAESOCPT_SUB_SAS.rtf

Medizinischer Nutzen, medizinischer Zusatznutzen, Patientengruppen mit therap. bedeutsamem Zusatznutzen

Daichi Sankyo | Data Intelligence – Evidence Generation | Final | AC220-A-U302 QUANTUM-First (DCO 13 Aug 2021) | Statistical analyses for AMNOG (HTA Germany)
 Table 3.11.2 Treatment-emergent adverse events by system organ class (SOC) and preferred term (PT) observed for ≥ 10 patients in at least one arm and ≥ 1% of the patients in at least one arm - Time-to-event analysis - subgroup analysis - DCO 13-Aug-2021 - Safety Analysis Set

SOC: Respiratory, thoracic and mediastinal disorders; PT: Dyspnoea

		Quizartinib (N=265)				Placebo (N=268)				Quizartinib vs Placebo		Interaction
Subgroup	n	No. of subjects with events (%)	No. of subjects censored (%)	Median (95 % CI) (months) [a]	n	No. of subjects with events (%)	No. of subjects censored (%)	Median (95 % CI) (months) [a]	Hazard Ratio (95 % CI) [b]	Unstratified log-rank p-value [c]	P-value [d]	
Sex											0.4382	
Male	124	8 (6.5)	116 (93.5)	NE (NE, NE)	120	14 (11.7)	106 (88.3)	NE (NE, NE)	0.498 (0.208, 1.191)	0.1098		
Female	141	6 (4.3)	135 (95.7)	NE (NE, NE)	148	7 (4.7)	141 (95.3)	NE (NE, NE)	0.768 (0.257, 2.291)	0.6352		

N: number of subjects in analysis set; n: number of subjects in subgroup category; %: proportion of number of subjects in n; CI: confidence interval; NE: not estimable. PT: Preferred Term, SOC: System Organ Class.

[a] Median time to first event is from Kaplan-Meier estimate. Confidence Interval for median was computed using the Brookmeyer-Crowley method.

[b] Hazard ratio is from unstratified Cox proportional hazards model with treatment as the only categorical variable in the model. Confidence limits are based on the Wald test.

[c] Two-sided p-value from unstratified log-rank test.

[d] Two-sided interaction p-value is for the interaction term from unstratified Cox proportional hazards model with treatment, subgroup, and treatment-by-subgroup interaction as categorical variables in the model. The p-value is based on the Wald test.

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SOC: Respiratory, thoracic and mediastinal disorders; PT: Dyspnoea

Subgroup	n	Quizartinib (N=265)				Placebo (N=268)				Quizartinib vs Placebo		Interaction
		No. of subjects with events (%)	No. of subjects censored (%)	Median (95 % CI) (months) [a]	n	No. of subjects with events (%)	No. of subjects censored (%)	Median (95 % CI) (months) [a]	n	Hazard Ratio (95 % CI) [b]	Unstratified log-rank p-value [c]	P-value [d]
Race by 2 categories											0.0367	
White	157	11 (7.0)	146 (93.0)	NE (NE, NE)	161	9 (5.6)	152 (94.4)	NE (NE, NE)	1.114 (0.460, 2.699)	0.8089		
Non-white	108	3 (2.8)	105 (97.2)	NE (NE, NE)	107	12 (11.2)	95 (88.8)	NE (37.3, NE)	0.215 (0.060, 0.764)	0.0090		

N: number of subjects in analysis set; n: number of subjects in subgroup category; %: proportion of number of subjects in n; CI: confidence interval; NE: not estimable. PT: Preferred Term, SOC: System Organ Class.

[a] Median time to first event is from Kaplan-Meier estimate. Confidence Interval for median was computed using the Brookmeyer-Crowley method.

[b] Hazard ratio is from unstratified Cox proportional hazards model with treatment as the only categorical variable in the model. Confidence limits are based on the Wald test.

[c] Two-sided p-value from unstratified log-rank test.

[d] Two-sided interaction p-value is for the interaction term from unstratified Cox proportional hazards model with treatment, subgroup, and treatment-by-subgroup interaction as categorical variables in the model. The p-value is based on the Wald test.

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SOC: Respiratory, thoracic and mediastinal disorders; PT: Dyspnoea

		Quizartinib (N=265)				Placebo (N=268)				Quizartinib vs Placebo		Interaction
Subgroup	n	No. of subjects with events (%)	No. of subjects censored (%)	Median (95 % CI) (months) [a]	n	No. of subjects with events (%)	No. of subjects censored (%)	Median (95 % CI) (months) [a]	Hazard Ratio (95 % CI) [b]	Unstratified log-rank p-value [c]	P-value [d]	
Geographic Region 1											0.0757	
North America	16	2 (12.5)	14 (87.5)	NE (NE, NE)	18	3 (16.7)	15 (83.3)	NE (6.8, NE)	0.917 (0.152, 5.525)	0.9242		
Europe	161	10 (6.2)	151 (93.8)	NE (NE, NE)	161	7 (4.3)	154 (95.7)	NE (NE, NE)	1.239 (0.470, 3.268)	0.6630		
Asia/Other Regions	88	2 (2.3)	86 (97.7)	NE (NE, NE)	89	11 (12.4)	78 (87.6)	NE (37.3, NE)	0.164 (0.036, 0.742)	0.0074		

N: number of subjects in analysis set; n: number of subjects in subgroup category; %: proportion of number of subjects in n; CI: confidence interval; NE: not estimable. PT: Preferred Term, SOC: System Organ Class.

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SOC: Respiratory, thoracic and mediastinal disorders; PT: Dyspnoea

Subgroup	n	Quizartinib (N=265)				Placebo (N=268)				Quizartinib vs Placebo		Interaction
		No. of subjects with events (%)	No. of subjects censored (%)	Median (95 % CI) (months) [a]	n	No. of subjects with events (%)	No. of subjects censored (%)	Median (95 % CI) (months) [a]	n	Hazard Ratio (95 % CI) [b]	Unstratified log-rank p-value [c]	P-value [d]
WBC at initial diagnosis											0.4531	
< 40x10 ⁹ /L	132	5 (3.8)	127 (96.2)	NE (NE, NE)	133	11 (8.3)	122 (91.7)	NE (NE, NE)		0.443 (0.154, 1.277)	0.1213	
≥ 40x10 ⁹ /L	133	9 (6.8)	124 (93.2)	NE (NE, NE)	135	10 (7.4)	125 (92.6)	NE (37.3, NE)		0.734 (0.296, 1.819)	0.5019	

N: number of subjects in analysis set; n: number of subjects in subgroup category; %: proportion of number of subjects in n; CI: confidence interval; NE: not estimable. PT: Preferred Term, SOC: System Organ Class.

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[c] Two-sided p-value from unstratified log-rank test.

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SOC: Respiratory, thoracic and mediastinal disorders; PT: Dyspnoea

		Quizartinib (N=265)				Placebo (N=268)				Quizartinib vs Placebo		Interaction
Subgroup	n	No. of subjects with events (%)	No. of subjects censored (%)	Median (95 % CI) (months) [a]	n	No. of subjects with events (%)	No. of subjects censored (%)	Median (95 % CI) (months) [a]	Hazard Ratio (95 % CI) [b]	Unstratified log-rank p-value [c]	P-value [d]	
Choice of Anthracycline											0.5698	
Daunorubicin	123	5 (4.1)	118 (95.9)	NE (NE, NE)	94	7 (7.4)	87 (92.6)	NE (NE, NE)	0.480 (0.152, 1.521)	0.2031		
Idarubicin	142	9 (6.3)	133 (93.7)	NE (NE, NE)	171	14 (8.2)	157 (91.8)	NE (NE, NE)	0.682 (0.294, 1.581)	0.3691		

N: number of subjects in analysis set; n: number of subjects in subgroup category; %: proportion of number of subjects in n; CI: confidence interval; NE: not estimable. PT: Preferred Term, SOC: System Organ Class.

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SOC: Respiratory, thoracic and mediastinal disorders; PT: Dyspnoea

		Quizartinib (N=265)				Placebo (N=268)				Quizartinib vs Placebo		Interaction
Subgroup	n	No. of subjects with events (%)	No. of subjects censored (%)	Median (95 % CI) (months) [a]	n	No. of subjects with events (%)	No. of subjects censored (%)	Median (95 % CI) (months) [a]	Hazard Ratio (95 % CI) [b]	Unstratified log-rank p-value [c]	P-value [d]	
AML Cytogenetic Risk Score											0.9224	
Favorable	13	0	13 (100)	NE (NE, NE)	19	3 (15.8)	16 (84.2)	NE (6.8, NE)	0.000 (0.000, NE)	0.2044		
Intermediate	195	10 (5.1)	185 (94.9)	NE (NE, NE)	190	14 (7.4)	176 (92.6)	NE (NE, NE)	0.616 (0.273, 1.390)	0.2384		
Unfavorable	19	1 (5.3)	18 (94.7)	NE (8.4, NE)	27	2 (7.4)	25 (92.6)	NE (NE, NE)	0.633 (0.057, 7.032)	0.7069		
Unknown	38	3 (7.9)	35 (92.1)	NE (NE, NE)	31	2 (6.5)	29 (93.5)	NE (9.0, NE)	1.274 (0.211, 7.678)	0.7913		

N: number of subjects in analysis set; n: number of subjects in subgroup category; %: proportion of number of subjects in n; CI: confidence interval; NE: not estimable. PT: Preferred Term, SOC: System Organ Class.

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[b] Hazard ratio is from unstratified Cox proportional hazards model with treatment as the only categorical variable in the model. Confidence limits are based on the Wald test.

[c] Two-sided p-value from unstratified log-rank test.

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SOC: Respiratory, thoracic and mediastinal disorders; PT: Dyspnoea

		Quizartinib (N=265)					Placebo (N=268)					Quizartinib vs Placebo		Interaction
Subgroup	n	No. of subjects with events (%)	No. of subjects censored (%)	Median (95 % CI) (months) [a]	n	No. of subjects with events (%)	No. of subjects censored (%)	Median (95 % CI) (months) [a]	Hazard Ratio (95 % CI) [b]	Unstratified log-rank p-value [c]	P-value [d]			
ECOG Performance Status at Baseline												0.6465		
0 - Fully Active	87	4 (4.6)	83 (95.4)	NE (NE, NE)	97	5 (5.2)	92 (94.8)	NE (NE, NE)	0.770 (0.206, 2.885)	0.6976				
1 - Restricted in Physically Strenuous Activity	133	7 (5.3)	126 (94.7)	NE (NE, NE)	134	14 (10.4)	120 (89.6)	NE (37.3, NE)	0.444 (0.179, 1.103)	0.0724				
2 - Ambulatory and Capable of All Selfcare	45	3 (6.7)	42 (93.3)	NE (NE, NE)	36	2 (5.6)	34 (94.4)	NE (NE, NE)	0.989 (0.158, 6.182)	0.9906				

N: number of subjects in analysis set; n: number of subjects in subgroup category; %: proportion of number of subjects in n; CI: confidence interval; NE: not estimable. PT: Preferred Term, SOC: System Organ Class.

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		Quizartinib (N=265)					Placebo (N=268)					Quizartinib vs Placebo		Interaction
Subgroup	n	No. of subjects with events (%)	No. of subjects censored (%)	Median (95 % CI) (months) [a]	n	No. of subjects with events (%)	No. of subjects censored (%)	Median (95 % CI) (months) [a]	Hazard Ratio (95 % CI) [b]	Unstratified log-rank p-value [c]	P-value [d]			
FLT3-ITD category at Baseline													0.4372	
≥3 to ≤25%	94	3 (3.2)	91 (96.8)	NE (NE, NE)	98	9 (9.2)	89 (90.8)	NE (NE, NE)	0.336 (0.091, 1.241)	0.0857				
>25% to ≤50%	141	9 (6.4)	132 (93.6)	NE (NE, NE)	136	11 (8.1)	125 (91.9)	NE (37.3, NE)	0.673 (0.277, 1.633)	0.3786				
>50%	29	2 (6.9)	27 (93.1)	NE (18.9, NE)	34	1 (2.9)	33 (97.1)	NE (NE, NE)	1.479 (0.129, 16.998)	0.7520				

N: number of subjects in analysis set; n: number of subjects in subgroup category; %: proportion of number of subjects in n; CI: confidence interval; NE: not estimable. PT: Preferred Term, SOC: System Organ Class.

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SOC: Respiratory, thoracic and mediastinal disorders; PT: Dyspnoea

		Quizartinib (N=265)				Placebo (N=268)				Quizartinib vs Placebo		Interaction
Subgroup	n	No. of subjects with events (%)	No. of subjects censored (%)	Median (95 % CI) (months) [a]	n	No. of subjects with events (%)	No. of subjects censored (%)	Median (95 % CI) (months) [a]	Hazard Ratio (95 % CI) [b]	Unstratified log-rank p-value [c]	P-value [d]	
AML with Mutated NPM1											0.8769	
Yes	139	8 (5.8)	131 (94.2)	NE (NE, NE)	137	10 (7.3)	127 (92.7)	NE (NE, NE)	0.699 (0.275, 1.776)	0.4498		
No	116	6 (5.2)	110 (94.8)	NE (NE, NE)	120	9 (7.5)	111 (92.5)	NE (NE, NE)	0.630 (0.224, 1.775)	0.3770		

N: number of subjects in analysis set; n: number of subjects in subgroup category; %: proportion of number of subjects in n; CI: confidence interval; NE: not estimable. PT: Preferred Term, SOC: System Organ Class.

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SOC: Respiratory, thoracic and mediastinal disorders; PT: Dyspnoea

Subgroup	n	Quizartinib (N=265)				Placebo (N=268)				Quizartinib vs Placebo		Interaction
		No. of subjects with events (%)	No. of subjects censored (%)	Median (95 % CI) [a]	n	No. of subjects with events (%)	No. of subjects censored (%)	Median (95 % CI) [a]	n	Hazard Ratio (95 % CI) [b]	Unstratified log-rank p-value [c]	P-value [d]
Age by 2 categories											0.1876	
≤60	164	5 (3.0)	159 (97.0)	NE (NE, NE)	163	11 (6.7)	152 (93.3)	NE (NE, NE)		0.382 (0.132, 1.108)	0.0662	
>60	101	9 (8.9)	92 (91.1)	NE (NE, NE)	105	10 (9.5)	95 (90.5)	NE (37.3, NE)		0.907 (0.368, 2.235)	0.8311	

N: number of subjects in analysis set; n: number of subjects in subgroup category; %: proportion of number of subjects in n; CI: confidence interval; NE: not estimable. PT: Preferred Term, SOC: System Organ Class.

[a] Median time to first event is from Kaplan-Meier estimate. Confidence Interval for median was computed using the Brookmeyer-Crowley method.

[b] Hazard ratio is from unstratified Cox proportional hazards model with treatment as the only categorical variable in the model. Confidence limits are based on the Wald test.

[c] Two-sided p-value from unstratified log-rank test.

[d] Two-sided interaction p-value is for the interaction term from unstratified Cox proportional hazards model with treatment, subgroup, and treatment-by-subgroup interaction as categorical variables in the model. The p-value is based on the Wald test.

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Run date: 21JUL2023 – 22:02; Program name: DE_T_3_11_2.sas; Output name: DE_T_3_11_2_TEAESOCPT_SUB_SAS.rtf

Medizinischer Nutzen, medizinischer Zusatznutzen, Patientengruppen mit therap. bedeutsamem Zusatznutzen

Daichi Sankyo | Data Intelligence – Evidence Generation | Final | AC220-A-U302 QUANTUM-First (DCO 13 Aug 2021) | Statistical analyses for AMNOG (HTA Germany)
 Table 3.11.2 Treatment-emergent adverse events by system organ class (SOC) and preferred term (PT) observed for ≥ 10 patients in at least one arm and ≥ 1% of the patients in at least one arm - Time-to-event analysis - subgroup analysis - DCO 13-Aug-2021 - Safety Analysis Set

SOC: Respiratory, thoracic and mediastinal disorders; PT: Pleural effusion

Subgroup	n	Quizartinib (N=265)				Placebo (N=268)				Quizartinib vs Placebo		Interaction
		No. of subjects with events (%)	No. of subjects censored (%)	Median (95 % CI) (months) [a]	n	No. of subjects with events (%)	No. of subjects censored (%)	Median (95 % CI) (months) [a]	n	Hazard Ratio (95 % CI) [b]	Unstratified log-rank p-value [c]	P-value [d]
Pooled Age Group 2											0.9998	
<60	159	4 (2.5)	155 (97.5)	NE (NE, NE)	160	3 (1.9)	157 (98.1)	NE (NE, NE)	160	1.289 (0.287, 5.778)	0.7397	
≥60 - <65	37	0	37 (100)	NE (NE, NE)	43	3 (7.0)	40 (93.0)	NE (NE, NE)	43	0.000 (0.000, NE)	0.0673	
≥65	69	6 (8.7)	63 (91.3)	NE (NE, NE)	65	5 (7.7)	60 (92.3)	NE (NE, NE)	65	1.242 (0.379, 4.072)	0.7216	

N: number of subjects in analysis set; n: number of subjects in subgroup category; %: proportion of number of subjects in n; CI: confidence interval; NE: not estimable. PT: Preferred Term, SOC: System Organ Class.

[a] Median time to first event is from Kaplan-Meier estimate. Confidence Interval for median was computed using the Brookmeyer-Crowley method.

[b] Hazard ratio is from unstratified Cox proportional hazards model with treatment as the only categorical variable in the model. Confidence limits are based on the Wald test.

[c] Two-sided p-value from unstratified log-rank test.

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SOC: Respiratory, thoracic and mediastinal disorders; PT: Pleural effusion

Subgroup	n	Quizartinib (N=265)				Placebo (N=268)				Quizartinib vs Placebo		Interaction
		No. of subjects with events (%)	No. of subjects censored (%)	Median (95 % CI) [a]	n	No. of subjects with events (%)	No. of subjects censored (%)	Median (95 % CI) [a]	n	Hazard Ratio (95 % CI) [b]	Unstratified log-rank p-value [c]	P-value [d]
Sex												0.8834
Male	124	6 (4.8)	118 (95.2)	NE (NE, NE)	120	6 (5.0)	114 (95.0)	NE (NE, NE)	120	0.989 (0.319, 3.068)	0.9853	
Female	141	4 (2.8)	137 (97.2)	NE (NE, NE)	148	5 (3.4)	143 (96.6)	NE (NE, NE)	148	0.785 (0.211, 2.929)	0.7185	

N: number of subjects in analysis set; n: number of subjects in subgroup category; %: proportion of number of subjects in n; CI: confidence interval; NE: not estimable. PT: Preferred Term, SOC: System Organ Class.

[a] Median time to first event is from Kaplan-Meier estimate. Confidence Interval for median was computed using the Brookmeyer-Crowley method.

[b] Hazard ratio is from unstratified Cox proportional hazards model with treatment as the only categorical variable in the model. Confidence limits are based on the Wald test.

[c] Two-sided p-value from unstratified log-rank test.

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SOC: Respiratory, thoracic and mediastinal disorders; PT: Pleural effusion

Subgroup	n	Quizartinib (N=265)				Placebo (N=268)				Quizartinib vs Placebo		Interaction
		No. of subjects with events (%)	No. of subjects censored (%)	Median (95 % CI) [a]	n	No. of subjects with events (%)	No. of subjects censored (%)	Median (95 % CI) [a]	n	Hazard Ratio (95 % CI) [b]	Unstratified log-rank p-value [c]	P-value [d]
Race by 2 categories											0.1136	
White	157	2 (1.3)	155 (98.7)	NE (NE, NE)	161	6 (3.7)	155 (96.3)	NE (NE, NE)	107	0.324 (0.065, 1.610)	0.1469	
Non-white	108	8 (7.4)	100 (92.6)	NE (NE, NE)	107	5 (4.7)	102 (95.3)	NE (NE, NE)	107	1.580 (0.517, 4.833)	0.4177	

N: number of subjects in analysis set; n: number of subjects in subgroup category; %: proportion of number of subjects in n; CI: confidence interval; NE: not estimable. PT: Preferred Term, SOC: System Organ Class.

[a] Median time to first event is from Kaplan-Meier estimate. Confidence Interval for median was computed using the Brookmeyer-Crowley method.

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[c] Two-sided p-value from unstratified log-rank test.

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SOC: Respiratory, thoracic and mediastinal disorders; PT: Pleural effusion

		Quizartinib (N=265)					Placebo (N=268)					Quizartinib vs Placebo		Interaction
Subgroup	n	No. of subjects with events (%)	No. of subjects censored (%)	Median (95 % CI) (months) [a]	n	No. of subjects with events (%)	No. of subjects censored (%)	Median (95 % CI) (months) [a]		Hazard Ratio (95 % CI) [b]	Unstratified log-rank p-value [c]	P-value [d]		
Geographic Region 1												0.5949		
North America	16	1 (6.3)	15 (93.8)	NE (NE, NE)	18	2 (11.1)	16 (88.9)	NE (NE, NE)	(13.0, 6.961)	0.625 (0.056, 6.961)	0.6996			
Europe	161	4 (2.5)	157 (97.5)	NE (NE, NE)	161	6 (3.7)	155 (96.3)	NE (NE, NE)	(2.304, 6.961)	0.649 (0.183, 2.304)	0.5007			
Asia/Other Regions	88	5 (5.7)	83 (94.3)	NE (NE, NE)	89	3 (3.4)	86 (96.6)	NE (NE, NE)	(6.914, 6.961)	1.650 (0.394, 6.914)	0.4873			

N: number of subjects in analysis set; n: number of subjects in subgroup category; %: proportion of number of subjects in n; CI: confidence interval; NE: not estimable. PT: Preferred Term, SOC: System Organ Class.

[a] Median time to first event is from Kaplan-Meier estimate. Confidence Interval for median was computed using the Brookmeyer-Crowley method.

[b] Hazard ratio is from unstratified Cox proportional hazards model with treatment as the only categorical variable in the model. Confidence limits are based on the Wald test.

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SOC: Respiratory, thoracic and mediastinal disorders; PT: Pleural effusion

Subgroup	n	Quizartinib (N=265)				Placebo (N=268)				Quizartinib vs Placebo		Interaction
		No. of subjects with events (%)	No. of subjects censored (%)	Median (95 % CI) (months) [a]	n	No. of subjects with events (%)	No. of subjects censored (%)	Median (95 % CI) (months) [a]	n	Hazard Ratio (95 % CI) [b]	Unstratified log-rank p-value [c]	P-value [d]
WBC at initial diagnosis											0.1524	
< 40x10 ⁹ /L	132	3 (2.3)	129 (97.7)	NE (NE, NE)	133	7 (5.3)	126 (94.7)	NE (NE, NE)	135	0.441 (0.114, 1.706)	0.2226	
≥ 40x10 ⁹ /L	133	7 (5.3)	126 (94.7)	NE (NE, NE)	135	4 (3.0)	131 (97.0)	NE (NE, NE)	135	1.753 (0.512, 6.002)	0.3658	

N: number of subjects in analysis set; n: number of subjects in subgroup category; %: proportion of number of subjects in n; CI: confidence interval; NE: not estimable. PT: Preferred Term, SOC: System Organ Class.

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[c] Two-sided p-value from unstratified log-rank test.

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SOC: Respiratory, thoracic and mediastinal disorders; PT: Pleural effusion

		Quizartinib (N=265)				Placebo (N=268)				Quizartinib vs Placebo		Interaction
Subgroup	n	No. of subjects with events (%)	No. of subjects censored (%)	Median (95 % CI) (months) [a]	n	No. of subjects with events (%)	No. of subjects censored (%)	Median (95 % CI) (months) [a]	Hazard Ratio (95 % CI) [b]	Unstratified log-rank p-value [c]	P-value [d]	
Choice of Anthracycline											0.0235	
Daunorubicin	123	3 (2.4)	120 (97.6)	NE (NE, NE)	94	7 (7.4)	87 (92.6)	NE (NE, NE)	0.287 (0.074, 1.113)	0.0546		
Idarubicin	142	7 (4.9)	135 (95.1)	NE (NE, NE)	171	3 (1.8)	168 (98.2)	NE (NE, NE)	2.920 (0.755, 11.293)	0.1032		

N: number of subjects in analysis set; n: number of subjects in subgroup category; %: proportion of number of subjects in n; CI: confidence interval; NE: not estimable. PT: Preferred Term, SOC: System Organ Class.

[a] Median time to first event is from Kaplan-Meier estimate. Confidence Interval for median was computed using the Brookmeyer-Crowley method.

[b] Hazard ratio is from unstratified Cox proportional hazards model with treatment as the only categorical variable in the model. Confidence limits are based on the Wald test.

[c] Two-sided p-value from unstratified log-rank test.

[d] Two-sided interaction p-value is for the interaction term from unstratified Cox proportional hazards model with treatment, subgroup, and treatment-by-subgroup interaction as categorical variables in the model. The p-value is based on the Wald test.

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SOC: Respiratory, thoracic and mediastinal disorders; PT: Pleural effusion

		Quizartinib (N=265)				Placebo (N=268)				Quizartinib vs Placebo		Interaction
Subgroup	n	No. of subjects with events (%)	No. of subjects censored (%)	Median (95 % CI) (months) [a]	n	No. of subjects with events (%)	No. of subjects censored (%)	Median (95 % CI) (months) [a]	Hazard Ratio (95 % CI) [b]	Unstratified log-rank p-value [c]	P-value [d]	
AML Cytogenetic Risk Score											0.9815	
Favorable	13	0	13 (100)	NE (NE, NE)	19	0	19 (100)	NE (NE, NE)	NE (NE, NE)	NE		
Intermediate	195	7 (3.6)	188 (96.4)	NE (NE, NE)	190	8 (4.2)	182 (95.8)	NE (NE, NE)	0.789 (0.285, 2.180)	0.6474		
Unfavorable	19	0	19 (100)	NE (NE, NE)	27	1 (3.7)	26 (96.3)	NE (NE, NE)	0.000 (0.000, NE)	0.4142		
Unknown	38	3 (7.9)	35 (92.1)	NE (NE, NE)	31	2 (6.5)	29 (93.5)	NE (NE, NE)	1.273 (0.213, 7.620)	0.7911		

N: number of subjects in analysis set; n: number of subjects in subgroup category; %: proportion of number of subjects in n; CI: confidence interval; NE: not estimable. PT: Preferred Term, SOC: System Organ Class.

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[c] Two-sided p-value from unstratified log-rank test.

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		Quizartinib (N=265)					Placebo (N=268)					Quizartinib vs Placebo		Interaction
Subgroup	n	No. of subjects with events (%)	No. of subjects censored (%)	Median (95 % CI) (months) [a]	n	No. of subjects with events (%)	No. of subjects censored (%)	Median (95 % CI) (months) [a]	n	Hazard Ratio (95 % CI) [b]	Unstratified log-rank p-value [c]	P-value [d]		
ECOG Performance Status at Baseline												0.6056		
0 - Fully Active	87	1 (1.1)	86 (98.9)	NE (NE, NE)	97	0	97 (100)	NE (NE, NE)	97	NE (0.000, NE)	0.2879			
1 - Restricted in Physically Strenuous Activity	133	5 (3.8)	128 (96.2)	NE (NE, NE)	134	9 (6.7)	125 (93.3)	NE (NE, NE)	134	0.553 (0.185, 1.651)	0.2819			
2 - Ambulatory and Capable of All Selfcare	45	4 (8.9)	41 (91.1)	NE (NE, NE)	36	2 (5.6)	34 (94.4)	NE (9.7, NE)	36	1.439 (0.261, 7.948)	0.6746			

N: number of subjects in analysis set; n: number of subjects in subgroup category; %: proportion of number of subjects in n; CI: confidence interval; NE: not estimable. PT: Preferred Term, SOC: System Organ Class.

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SOC: Respiratory, thoracic and mediastinal disorders; PT: Pleural effusion

		Quizartinib (N=265)				Placebo (N=268)				Quizartinib vs Placebo		Interaction
Subgroup	n	No. of subjects with events (%)	No. of subjects censored (%)	Median (95 % CI) (months) [a]	n	No. of subjects with events (%)	No. of subjects censored (%)	Median (95 % CI) (months) [a]	Hazard Ratio (95 % CI) [b]	Unstratified log-rank p-value [c]	P-value [d]	
FLT3-ITD category at Baseline											0.9783	
≥3 to ≤25%	94	3 (3.2)	91 (96.8)	NE (NE, NE)	98	4 (4.1)	94 (95.9)	NE (NE, NE)	0.787 (0.176, 3.521)	0.7551		
>25% to ≤50%	141	5 (3.5)	136 (96.5)	NE (NE, NE)	136	5 (3.7)	131 (96.3)	NE (NE, NE)	0.957 (0.277, 3.310)	0.9460		
>50%	29	2 (6.9)	27 (93.1)	NE (NE, NE)	34	2 (5.9)	32 (94.1)	NE (NE, NE)	1.049 (0.146, 7.525)	0.9621		

N: number of subjects in analysis set; n: number of subjects in subgroup category; %: proportion of number of subjects in n; CI: confidence interval; NE: not estimable. PT: Preferred Term, SOC: System Organ Class.

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SOC: Respiratory, thoracic and mediastinal disorders; PT: Pleural effusion

		Quizartinib (N=265)				Placebo (N=268)				Quizartinib vs Placebo		Interaction
Subgroup	n	No. of subjects with events (%)	No. of subjects censored (%)	Median (95 % CI) (months) [a]	n	No. of subjects with events (%)	No. of subjects censored (%)	Median (95 % CI) (months) [a]	Hazard Ratio (95 % CI) [b]	Unstratified log-rank p-value [c]	P-value [d]	
AML with Mutated NPM1											0.5897	
Yes	139	6 (4.3)	133 (95.7)	NE (NE, NE)	137	6 (4.4)	131 (95.6)	NE (NE, NE)	0.948 (0.305, 2.945)	0.9273		
No	116	3 (2.6)	113 (97.4)	NE (NE, NE)	120	5 (4.2)	115 (95.8)	NE (NE, NE)	0.609 (0.146, 2.550)	0.4932		

N: number of subjects in analysis set; n: number of subjects in subgroup category; %: proportion of number of subjects in n; CI: confidence interval; NE: not estimable. PT: Preferred Term, SOC: System Organ Class.

[a] Median time to first event is from Kaplan-Meier estimate. Confidence Interval for median was computed using the Brookmeyer-Crowley method.

[b] Hazard ratio is from unstratified Cox proportional hazards model with treatment as the only categorical variable in the model. Confidence limits are based on the Wald test.

[c] Two-sided p-value from unstratified log-rank test.

[d] Two-sided interaction p-value is for the interaction term from unstratified Cox proportional hazards model with treatment, subgroup, and treatment-by-subgroup interaction as categorical variables in the model. The p-value is based on the Wald test.

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Medizinischer Nutzen, medizinischer Zusatznutzen, Patientengruppen mit therap. bedeutsamem Zusatznutzen

Daiichi Sankyo | Data Intelligence – Evidence Generation | Final | AC220-A-U302 QUANTUM-First (DCO 13 Aug 2021) | Statistical analyses for AMNOG (HTA Germany)
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SOC: Respiratory, thoracic and mediastinal disorders; PT: Pleural effusion

		Quizartinib (N=265)				Placebo (N=268)				Quizartinib vs Placebo		Interaction
Subgroup	n	No. of subjects with events (%)	No. of subjects censored (%)	Median (95 % CI) (months) [a]	n	No. of subjects with events (%)	No. of subjects censored (%)	Median (95 % CI) (months) [a]	Hazard Ratio (95 % CI) [b]	Unstratified log-rank p-value [c]	P-value [d]	
Age by 2 categories											0.6428	
≤60	164	4 (2.4)	160 (97.6)	NE (NE, NE)	163	3 (1.8)	160 (98.2)	NE (NE, NE)	1.272 (0.284, 5.703)	0.7527		
>60	101	6 (5.9)	95 (94.1)	NE (NE, NE)	105	8 (7.6)	97 (92.4)	NE (NE, NE)	0.814 (0.282, 2.347)	0.7027		

N: number of subjects in analysis set; n: number of subjects in subgroup category; %: proportion of number of subjects in n; CI: confidence interval; NE: not estimable. PT: Preferred Term, SOC: System Organ Class.

[a] Median time to first event is from Kaplan-Meier estimate. Confidence Interval for median was computed using the Brookmeyer-Crowley method.

[b] Hazard ratio is from unstratified Cox proportional hazards model with treatment as the only categorical variable in the model. Confidence limits are based on the Wald test.

[c] Two-sided p-value from unstratified log-rank test.

[d] Two-sided interaction p-value is for the interaction term from unstratified Cox proportional hazards model with treatment, subgroup, and treatment-by-subgroup interaction as categorical variables in the model. The p-value is based on the Wald test.

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SOC: Respiratory, thoracic and mediastinal disorders; PT: Rhinorrhoea

Subgroup	n	Quizartinib (N=265)				Placebo (N=268)				Quizartinib vs Placebo		Interaction
		No. of subjects with events (%)	No. of subjects censored (%)	Median (95 % CI) (months) [a]	n	No. of subjects with events (%)	No. of subjects censored (%)	Median (95 % CI) (months) [a]	n	Hazard Ratio (95 % CI) [b]	Unstratified log-rank p-value [c]	P-value [d]
Pooled Age Group 2											0.8248	
<60	159	7 (4.4)	152 (95.6)	NE (NE, NE)	160	3 (1.9)	157 (98.1)	NE (NE, NE)	160	2.109 (0.543, 8.195)	0.2702	
≥60 - <65	37	0	37 (100)	NE (NE, NE)	43	1 (2.3)	42 (97.7)	NE (NE, NE)	43	0.000 (0.000, NE)	0.2943	
≥65	69	3 (4.3)	66 (95.7)	NE (NE, NE)	65	3 (4.6)	62 (95.4)	NE (NE, NE)	65	1.133 (0.226, 5.686)	0.8795	

N: number of subjects in analysis set; n: number of subjects in subgroup category; %: proportion of number of subjects in n; CI: confidence interval; NE: not estimable. PT: Preferred Term, SOC: System Organ Class.

[a] Median time to first event is from Kaplan-Meier estimate. Confidence Interval for median was computed using the Brookmeyer-Crowley method.

[b] Hazard ratio is from unstratified Cox proportional hazards model with treatment as the only categorical variable in the model. Confidence limits are based on the Wald test.

[c] Two-sided p-value from unstratified log-rank test.

[d] Two-sided interaction p-value is for the interaction term from unstratified Cox proportional hazards model with treatment, subgroup, and treatment-by-subgroup interaction as categorical variables in the model. The p-value is based on the Wald test.

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SOC: Respiratory, thoracic and mediastinal disorders; PT: Rhinorrhoea

Subgroup	n	Quizartinib (N=265)				Placebo (N=268)				Quizartinib vs Placebo		Interaction
		No. of subjects with events (%)	No. of subjects censored (%)	Median (95 % CI) (months) [a]	n	No. of subjects with events (%)	No. of subjects censored (%)	Median (95 % CI) (months) [a]	n	Hazard Ratio (95 % CI) [b]	Unstratified log-rank p-value [c]	P-value [d]
Sex												0.4379
Male	124	5 (4.0)	119 (96.0)	NE (NE, NE)	120	2 (1.7)	118 (98.3)	NE (NE, NE)	120	2.348 (0.455, 12.110)	0.2932	
Female	141	5 (3.5)	136 (96.5)	NE (NE, NE)	148	5 (3.4)	143 (96.6)	NE (NE, NE)	148	0.989 (0.285, 3.424)	0.9855	

N: number of subjects in analysis set; n: number of subjects in subgroup category; %: proportion of number of subjects in n; CI: confidence interval; NE: not estimable. PT: Preferred Term, SOC: System Organ Class.

[a] Median time to first event is from Kaplan-Meier estimate. Confidence Interval for median was computed using the Brookmeyer-Crowley method.

[b] Hazard ratio is from unstratified Cox proportional hazards model with treatment as the only categorical variable in the model. Confidence limits are based on the Wald test.

[c] Two-sided p-value from unstratified log-rank test.

[d] Two-sided interaction p-value is for the interaction term from unstratified Cox proportional hazards model with treatment, subgroup, and treatment-by-subgroup interaction as categorical variables in the model. The p-value is based on the Wald test.

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SOC: Respiratory, thoracic and mediastinal disorders; PT: Rhinorrhoea

		Quizartinib (N=265)				Placebo (N=268)				Quizartinib vs Placebo		Interaction
Subgroup	n	No. of subjects with events (%)	No. of subjects censored (%)	Median (95 % CI) (months) [a]	n	No. of subjects with events (%)	No. of subjects censored (%)	Median (95 % CI) (months) [a]	Hazard Ratio (95 % CI) [b]	Unstratified log-rank p-value [c]	P-value [d]	
Race by 2 categories											0.3366	
White	157	1 (0.6)	156 (99.4)	NE (NE, NE)	161	2 (1.2)	159 (98.8)	NE (NE, NE)	0.466 (0.042, 5.180)	0.5243		
Non-white	108	9 (8.3)	99 (91.7)	NE (NE, NE)	107	5 (4.7)	102 (95.3)	NE (NE, NE)	1.749 (0.586, 5.222)	0.3103		

N: number of subjects in analysis set; n: number of subjects in subgroup category; %: proportion of number of subjects in n; CI: confidence interval; NE: not estimable. PT: Preferred Term, SOC: System Organ Class.

[a] Median time to first event is from Kaplan-Meier estimate. Confidence Interval for median was computed using the Brookmeyer-Crowley method.

[b] Hazard ratio is from unstratified Cox proportional hazards model with treatment as the only categorical variable in the model. Confidence limits are based on the Wald test.

[c] Two-sided p-value from unstratified log-rank test.

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SOC: Respiratory, thoracic and mediastinal disorders; PT: Rhinorrhoea

		Quizartinib (N=265)				Placebo (N=268)				Quizartinib vs Placebo		Interaction
Subgroup	n	No. of subjects with events (%)	No. of subjects censored (%)	Median (95 % CI) (months) [a]	n	No. of subjects with events (%)	No. of subjects censored (%)	Median (95 % CI) (months) [a]	Hazard Ratio (95 % CI) [b]	Unstratified log-rank p-value [c]	P-value [d]	
Geographic Region 1											0.9949	
North America	16	0	16 (100)	NE (NE, NE)	18	1 (5.6)	17 (94.4)	NE (NE, NE)	0.000 (0.000, NE)	0.4533		
Europe	161	2 (1.2)	159 (98.8)	NE (NE, NE)	161	1 (0.6)	160 (99.4)	NE (NE, NE)	1.828 (0.165, 20.255)	0.6179		
Asia/Other Regions	88	8 (9.1)	80 (90.9)	NE (NE, NE)	89	5 (5.6)	84 (94.4)	NE (NE, NE)	1.618 (0.529, 4.946)	0.3945		

N: number of subjects in analysis set; n: number of subjects in subgroup category; %: proportion of number of subjects in n; CI: confidence interval; NE: not estimable. PT: Preferred Term, SOC: System Organ Class.

[a] Median time to first event is from Kaplan-Meier estimate. Confidence Interval for median was computed using the Brookmeyer-Crowley method.

[b] Hazard ratio is from unstratified Cox proportional hazards model with treatment as the only categorical variable in the model. Confidence limits are based on the Wald test.

[c] Two-sided p-value from unstratified log-rank test.

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SOC: Respiratory, thoracic and mediastinal disorders; PT: Rhinorrhoea

		Quizartinib (N=265)				Placebo (N=268)				Quizartinib vs Placebo		Interaction
Subgroup	n	No. of subjects with events (%)	No. of subjects censored (%)	Median (95 % CI) (months) [a]	n	No. of subjects with events (%)	No. of subjects censored (%)	Median (95 % CI) (months) [a]	Hazard Ratio (95 % CI) [b]	Unstratified log-rank p-value [c]	P-value [d]	
WBC at initial diagnosis											0.7003	
< 40x10 ⁹ /L	132	3 (2.3)	129 (97.7)	NE (NE, NE)	133	3 (2.3)	130 (97.7)	NE (NE, NE)	1.017 (0.205, 5.043)	0.9840		
≥ 40x10 ⁹ /L	133	7 (5.3)	126 (94.7)	NE (NE, NE)	135	4 (3.0)	131 (97.0)	NE (NE, NE)	1.563 (0.456, 5.354)	0.4739		

N: number of subjects in analysis set; n: number of subjects in subgroup category; %: proportion of number of subjects in n; CI: confidence interval; NE: not estimable. PT: Preferred Term, SOC: System Organ Class.

[a] Median time to first event is from Kaplan-Meier estimate. Confidence Interval for median was computed using the Brookmeyer-Crowley method.

[b] Hazard ratio is from unstratified Cox proportional hazards model with treatment as the only categorical variable in the model. Confidence limits are based on the Wald test.

[c] Two-sided p-value from unstratified log-rank test.

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SOC: Respiratory, thoracic and mediastinal disorders; PT: Rhinorrhoea

Subgroup	n	Quizartinib (N=265)				Placebo (N=268)				Quizartinib vs Placebo		Interaction
		No. of subjects with events (%)	No. of subjects censored (%)	Median (95 % CI) (months) [a]	n	No. of subjects with events (%)	No. of subjects censored (%)	Median (95 % CI) (months) [a]	n	Hazard Ratio (95 % CI) [b]	Unstratified log-rank p-value [c]	P-value [d]
Choice of Anthracycline											0.1332	
Daunorubicin	123	2 (1.6)	121 (98.4)	NE (NE, NE)	94	3 (3.2)	91 (96.8)	NE (NE, NE)	0.446 (0.074, 2.700)	0.3670		
Idarubicin	142	8 (5.6)	134 (94.4)	NE (NE, NE)	171	4 (2.3)	167 (97.7)	NE (NE, NE)	2.378 (0.715, 7.903)	0.1448		

N: number of subjects in analysis set; n: number of subjects in subgroup category; %: proportion of number of subjects in n; CI: confidence interval; NE: not estimable. PT: Preferred Term, SOC: System Organ Class.

[a] Median time to first event is from Kaplan-Meier estimate. Confidence Interval for median was computed using the Brookmeyer-Crowley method.

[b] Hazard ratio is from unstratified Cox proportional hazards model with treatment as the only categorical variable in the model. Confidence limits are based on the Wald test.

[c] Two-sided p-value from unstratified log-rank test.

[d] Two-sided interaction p-value is for the interaction term from unstratified Cox proportional hazards model with treatment, subgroup, and treatment-by-subgroup interaction as categorical variables in the model. The p-value is based on the Wald test.

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		Quizartinib (N=265)				Placebo (N=268)				Quizartinib vs Placebo		Interaction
Subgroup	n	No. of subjects with events (%)	No. of subjects censored (%)	Median (95 % CI) (months) [a]	n	No. of subjects with events (%)	No. of subjects censored (%)	Median (95 % CI) (months) [a]	Hazard Ratio (95 % CI) [b]	Unstratified log-rank p-value [c]	P-value [d]	
AML Cytogenetic Risk Score											1.0000	
Favorable	13	0	13 (100)	NE (NE, NE)	19	0	19 (100)	NE (NE, NE)	NE (NE, NE)	NE		
Intermediate	195	8 (4.1)	187 (95.9)	NE (NE, NE)	190	4 (2.1)	186 (97.9)	NE (NE, NE)	1.720 (0.517, 5.729)	0.3710		
Unfavorable	19	0	19 (100)	NE (NE, NE)	27	2 (7.4)	25 (92.6)	NE (NE, NE)	0.000 (0.000, NE)	0.2546		
Unknown	38	2 (5.3)	36 (94.7)	NE (NE, NE)	31	1 (3.2)	30 (96.8)	NE (NE, NE)	1.704 (0.154, 18.815)	0.6597		

N: number of subjects in analysis set; n: number of subjects in subgroup category; %: proportion of number of subjects in n; CI: confidence interval; NE: not estimable. PT: Preferred Term, SOC: System Organ Class.

[a] Median time to first event is from Kaplan-Meier estimate. Confidence Interval for median was computed using the Brookmeyer-Crowley method.

[b] Hazard ratio is from unstratified Cox proportional hazards model with treatment as the only categorical variable in the model. Confidence limits are based on the Wald test.

[c] Two-sided p-value from unstratified log-rank test.

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SOC: Respiratory, thoracic and mediastinal disorders; PT: Rhinorrhoea

		Quizartinib (N=265)				Placebo (N=268)				Quizartinib vs Placebo		Interaction
Subgroup	n	No. of subjects with events (%)	No. of subjects censored (%)	Median (95 % CI) (months) [a]	n	No. of subjects with events (%)	No. of subjects censored (%)	Median (95 % CI) (months) [a]	Hazard Ratio (95 % CI) [b]	Unstratified log-rank p-value [c]	P-value [d]	
ECOG Performance Status at Baseline											0.3832	
0 - Fully Active	87	5 (5.7)	82 (94.3)	NE (NE, NE)	97	2 (2.1)	95 (97.9)	NE (NE, NE)	2.684 (0.520, 13.848)	0.2197		
1 - Restricted in Physically Strenuous Activity	133	4 (3.0)	129 (97.0)	NE (NE, NE)	134	3 (2.2)	131 (97.8)	NE (NE, NE)	1.323 (0.296, 5.912)	0.7136		
2 - Ambulatory and Capable of All Selfcare	45	1 (2.2)	44 (97.8)	NE (NE, NE)	36	2 (5.6)	34 (94.4)	NE (NE, NE)	0.222 (0.016, 2.995)	0.2296		

N: number of subjects in analysis set; n: number of subjects in subgroup category; %: proportion of number of subjects in n; CI: confidence interval; NE: not estimable. PT: Preferred Term, SOC: System Organ Class.

[a] Median time to first event is from Kaplan-Meier estimate. Confidence Interval for median was computed using the Brookmeyer-Crowley method.

[b] Hazard ratio is from unstratified Cox proportional hazards model with treatment as the only categorical variable in the model. Confidence limits are based on the Wald test.

[c] Two-sided p-value from unstratified log-rank test.

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 Table 3.11.2 Treatment-emergent adverse events by system organ class (SOC) and preferred term (PT) observed for ≥ 10 patients in at least one arm and ≥ 1% of the patients in at least one arm - Time-to-event analysis - subgroup analysis - DCO 13-Aug-2021 - Safety Analysis Set

SOC: Respiratory, thoracic and mediastinal disorders; PT: Rhinorrhoea

		Quizartinib (N=265)				Placebo (N=268)				Quizartinib vs Placebo		Interaction	
Subgroup	n	No. of subjects with events (%)	No. of subjects censored (%)	Median (95 % CI) (months) [a]	n	No. of subjects with events (%)	No. of subjects censored (%)	Median (95 % CI) (months) [a]	Hazard Ratio (95 % CI) [b]	Unstratified log-rank p-value [c]	p-	P-value [d]	
FLT3-ITD category at Baseline												0.9614	
≥3 to ≤25%	94	3 (3.2)	91 (96.8)	NE (NE, NE)	98	3 (3.1)	95 (96.9)	NE (NE, NE)	1.005 (0.202, 4.993)	0.9951			
>25% to ≤50%	141	6 (4.3)	135 (95.7)	NE (NE, NE)	136	4 (2.9)	132 (97.1)	NE (NE, NE)	1.402 (0.395, 4.978)	0.5996			
>50%	29	1 (3.4)	28 (96.6)	NE (NE, NE)	34	0	34 (100)	NE (NE, NE)	NE (0.000, NE)	0.2705			

N: number of subjects in analysis set; n: number of subjects in subgroup category; %: proportion of number of subjects in n; CI: confidence interval; NE: not estimable. PT: Preferred Term, SOC: System Organ Class.

[a] Median time to first event is from Kaplan-Meier estimate. Confidence Interval for median was computed using the Brookmeyer-Crowley method.

[b] Hazard ratio is from unstratified Cox proportional hazards model with treatment as the only categorical variable in the model. Confidence limits are based on the Wald test.

[c] Two-sided p-value from unstratified log-rank test.

[d] Two-sided interaction p-value is for the interaction term from unstratified Cox proportional hazards model with treatment, subgroup, and treatment-by-subgroup interaction as categorical variables in the model. The p-value is based on the Wald test.

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SOC: Respiratory, thoracic and mediastinal disorders; PT: Rhinorrhoea

Subgroup	n	Quizartinib (N=265)				Placebo (N=268)				Quizartinib vs Placebo		Interaction
		No. of subjects with events (%)	No. of subjects censored (%)	Median (95 % CI) (months) [a]	n	No. of subjects with events (%)	No. of subjects censored (%)	Median (95 % CI) (months) [a]	n	Hazard Ratio (95 % CI) [b]	Unstratified log-rank p-value [c]	P-value [d]
AML with Mutated NPM1											0.6372	
Yes	139	6 (4.3)	133 (95.7)	NE (NE, NE)	137	5 (3.6)	132 (96.4)	NE (NE, NE)	1.156 (0.352, 3.794)	0.8105		
No	116	4 (3.4)	112 (96.6)	NE (NE, NE)	120	2 (1.7)	118 (98.3)	NE (NE, NE)	1.912 (0.349, 10.471)	0.4469		

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SOC: Respiratory, thoracic and mediastinal disorders; PT: Rhinorrhoea

Subgroup	n	Quizartinib (N=265)				Placebo (N=268)				Quizartinib vs Placebo		Interaction
		No. of subjects with events (%)	No. of subjects censored (%)	Median (95 % CI) (months) [a]	n	No. of subjects with events (%)	No. of subjects censored (%)	Median (95 % CI) (months) [a]	n	Hazard Ratio (95 % CI) [b]	Unstratified log-rank p-value [c]	P-value [d]
Age by 2 categories											0.3748	
≤60	164	7 (4.3)	157 (95.7)	NE (NE, NE)	163	3 (1.8)	160 (98.2)	NE (NE, NE)	163	2.073 (0.533, 8.055)	0.2820	
>60	101	3 (3.0)	98 (97.0)	NE (NE, NE)	105	4 (3.8)	101 (96.2)	NE (NE, NE)	105	0.848 (0.189, 3.793)	0.8287	

N: number of subjects in analysis set; n: number of subjects in subgroup category; %: proportion of number of subjects in n; CI: confidence interval; NE: not estimable. PT: Preferred Term, SOC: System Organ Class.

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SOC: Nervous system disorders; PT: Any PT

Subgroup	n	Quizartinib (N=265)					Placebo (N=268)					Quizartinib vs Placebo		Interaction
		No. of subjects with events (%)	No. of subjects censored (%)	Median (95 % CI) (months) [a]	n	No. of subjects with events (%)	No. of subjects censored (%)	Median (95 % CI) (months) [a]	Hazard Ratio (95 % CI) [b]	Unstratified log-rank p-value [c]	P-value [d]			
Pooled Age Group 2													0.4938	
<60	159	66 (41.5)	93 (58.5)	24.0 (NE)	(3.3, 160	54 (33.8)	106 (66.3)	40.8 (NE)	(8.9, 1.230 (0.858, 1.763)	0.2601				
≥60 - <65	37	13 (35.1)	24 (64.9)	22.4 (NE)	(2.4, 43	16 (37.2)	27 (62.8)	4.8 (2.6, NE)	0.808 (0.386, 1.694)	0.5699				
≥65	69	24 (34.8)	45 (65.2)	12.3 (NE)	(4.0, 65	27 (41.5)	38 (58.5)	11.1 (27.5)	(4.5, 0.855 (0.493, 1.483)	0.5744				

N: number of subjects in analysis set; n: number of subjects in subgroup category; %: proportion of number of subjects in n; CI: confidence interval; NE: not estimable. PT: Preferred Term, SOC: System Organ Class.

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SOC: Nervous system disorders; PT: Any PT

		Quizartinib (N=265)					Placebo (N=268)					Quizartinib vs Placebo		Interaction
Subgroup	n	No. of subjects with events (%)	No. of subjects censored (%)	Median (95 % CI) (months) [a]	n	No. of subjects with events (%)	No. of subjects censored (%)	Median (95 % CI) (months) [a]	n	Hazard Ratio (95 % CI) [b]	Unstratified log-rank p-value [c]	P-value [d]		
Sex												0.3052		
Male	124	39 (31.5)	85 (68.5)	NE (13.2, NE)	120	29 (24.2)	91 (75.8)	NE (25.4, NE)	120	1.333 (0.824, 2.158)	0.2408			
Female	141	64 (45.4)	77 (54.6)	8.5 (3.0, 24.0)	148	68 (45.9)	80 (54.1)	6.0 (18.3)	148	0.951 (0.676, 1.338)	0.7749			

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		Quizartinib (N=265)					Placebo (N=268)					Quizartinib vs Placebo		Interaction
Subgroup	n	No. of subjects with events (%)	No. of subjects censored (%)	Median (95 % CI) (months) [a]	n	No. of subjects with events (%)	No. of subjects censored (%)	Median (95 % CI) (months) [a]	n	Hazard Ratio (95 % CI) [b]	Unstratified log-rank p-value [c]	P-value [d]		
Race by 2 categories												0.0247		
White	157	49 (31.2)	108 (68.8)	NE (22.4, NE)	161	58 (36.0)	103 (64.0)	18.3 (6.0, NE)	161	0.806 (0.551, 1.181)	0.2668			
Non-white	108	54 (50.0)	54 (50.0)	3.8 (2.0, 11.8)	107	39 (36.4)	68 (63.6)	17.0 (4.8, NE)	107	1.527 (1.011, 2.307)	0.0423			

N: number of subjects in analysis set; n: number of subjects in subgroup category; %: proportion of number of subjects in n; CI: confidence interval; NE: not estimable. PT: Preferred Term, SOC: System Organ Class.

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Subgroup	n	No. of subjects with events (%)	No. of subjects censored (%)	Median (95 % CI) (months) [a]	n	No. of subjects with events (%)	No. of subjects censored (%)	Median (95 % CI) (months) [a]	Hazard Ratio (95 % CI) [b]	Unstratified log-rank p-value [c]	P-value [d]			
Geographic Region 1													0.0216	
North America	16	7 (43.8)	9 (56.3)	8.5 (1.1, NE)	18	13 (72.2)	5 (27.8)	1.6 (0.2, 4.7)	0.516 (0.204, 1.303)	0.1543				
Europe	161	50 (31.1)	111 (68.9)	NE (22.4, NE)	161	52 (32.3)	109 (67.7)	18.3 (8.9, NE)	0.893 (0.605, 1.319)	0.5685				
Asia/Other Regions	88	46 (52.3)	42 (47.7)	3.7 (1.8, 11.8)	89	32 (36.0)	57 (64.0)	27.5 (4.5, NE)	1.728 (1.098, 2.719)	0.0168				

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WBC at initial diagnosis													0.5565	
< 40x10 ⁹ /L	132	56 (42.4)	76 (57.6)	12.3 (3.0, NE)	133	51 (38.3)	82 (61.7)	11.3 (7.2, 27.5)	1.116 (0.763, 1.633)	0.5683				
≥ 40x10 ⁹ /L	133	47 (35.3)	86 (64.7)	NE (5.4, NE)	135	46 (34.1)	89 (65.9)	40.8 (4.3, NE)	0.979 (0.651, 1.472)	0.9186				

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Choice of Anthracycline												0.0398		
Daunorubicin	123	39 (31.7)	84 (68.3)	NE (22.4, NE)	94	34 (36.2)	60 (63.8)	NE (4.0, NE)		0.761 (0.479, 1.207)	0.2456			
Idarubicin	142	64 (45.1)	78 (54.9)	8.5 (2.5, 24.0)	171	63 (36.8)	108 (63.2)	17.0 (7.2, NE)		1.327 (0.937, 1.881)	0.1104			

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Subgroup	n	No. of subjects with events (%)	No. of subjects censored (%)	Median (95 % CI) (months) [a]	n	No. of subjects with events (%)	No. of subjects censored (%)	Median (95 % CI) (months) [a]	n	Hazard Ratio (95 % CI) [b]	Unstratified log-rank p-value [c]	P-value [d]		
AML Cytogenetic Risk Score												0.4018		
Favorable	13	3 (23.1)	10 (76.9)	NE (0.7, NE)	19	10 (52.6)	9 (47.4)	4.0 (0.9, NE)	19	0.413 (0.113, 1.502)	0.1639			
Intermediate	195	78 (40.0)	117 (60.0)	22.4 (5.4, NE)	190	63 (33.2)	127 (66.8)	27.5 (7.2, NE)	190	1.152 (0.826, 1.606)	0.4029			
Unfavorable	19	6 (31.6)	13 (68.4)	NE (1.3, NE)	27	12 (44.4)	15 (55.6)	8.9 (3.3, NE)	27	0.819 (0.307, 2.187)	0.6854			
Unknown	38	16 (42.1)	22 (57.9)	4.0 (2.3, NE)	31	12 (38.7)	19 (61.3)	17.0 (3.1, NE)	31	1.249 (0.590, 2.644)	0.5685			

N: number of subjects in analysis set; n: number of subjects in subgroup category; %: proportion of number of subjects in n; CI: confidence interval; NE: not estimable. PT: Preferred Term, SOC: System Organ Class.

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[b] Hazard ratio is from unstratified Cox proportional hazards model with treatment as the only categorical variable in the model. Confidence limits are based on the Wald test.

[c] Two-sided p-value from unstratified log-rank test.

[d] Two-sided interaction p-value is for the interaction term from unstratified Cox proportional hazards model with treatment, subgroup, and treatment-by-subgroup interaction as categorical variables in the model. The p-value is based on the Wald test.

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Run date: 21JUL2023 – 22:02; Program name: DE_T_3_11_2.sas; Output name: DE_T_3_11_2_TEAESOCPT_SUB_SAS.rtf

Medizinischer Nutzen, medizinischer Zusatznutzen, Patientengruppen mit therap. bedeutsamem Zusatznutzen

Daichi Sankyo | Data Intelligence – Evidence Generation | Final | AC220-A-U302 QUANTUM-First (DCO 13 Aug 2021) | Statistical analyses for AMNOG (HTA Germany)
 Table 3.11.2 Treatment-emergent adverse events by system organ class (SOC) and preferred term (PT) observed for ≥ 10 patients in at least one arm and ≥ 1% of the patients in at least one arm - Time-to-event analysis - subgroup analysis - DCO 13-Aug-2021 - Safety Analysis Set

SOC: Nervous system disorders; PT: Any PT

		Quizartinib (N=265)					Placebo (N=268)					Quizartinib vs Placebo		Interaction
Subgroup	n	No. of subjects with events (%)	No. of subjects censored (%)	Median (95 % CI) (months) [a]	n	No. of subjects with events (%)	No. of subjects censored (%)	Median (95 % CI) (months) [a]	Hazard Ratio (95 % CI) [b]	Unstratified log-rank p-value [c]	P-value [d]			
ECOG Performance Status at Baseline												0.9164		
0 - Fully Active	87	34 (39.1)	53 (60.9)	12.0 (3.8, NE)	97	35 (36.1)	62 (63.9)	18.3 (4.5, NE)	1.021 (0.636, 1.638)	0.9313				
1 - Restricted in Physically Strenuous Activity	133	52 (39.1)	81 (60.9)	22.4 (3.3, NE)	134	49 (36.6)	85 (63.4)	17.0 (5.7, NE)	1.042 (0.705, 1.539)	0.8353				
2 - Ambulatory and Capable of All Selfcare	45	17 (37.8)	28 (62.2)	24.0 (1.2, NE)	36	13 (36.1)	23 (63.9)	8.9 (4.3, NE)	1.256 (0.599, 2.633)	0.5453				

N: number of subjects in analysis set; n: number of subjects in subgroup category; %: proportion of number of subjects in n; CI: confidence interval; NE: not estimable. PT: Preferred Term, SOC: System Organ Class.

[a] Median time to first event is from Kaplan-Meier estimate. Confidence Interval for median was computed using the Brookmeyer-Crowley method.

[b] Hazard ratio is from unstratified Cox proportional hazards model with treatment as the only categorical variable in the model. Confidence limits are based on the Wald test.

[c] Two-sided p-value from unstratified log-rank test.

[d] Two-sided interaction p-value is for the interaction term from unstratified Cox proportional hazards model with treatment, subgroup, and treatment-by-subgroup interaction as categorical variables in the model. The p-value is based on the Wald test.

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Medizinischer Nutzen, medizinischer Zusatznutzen, Patientengruppen mit therap. bedeutsamem Zusatznutzen

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SOC: Nervous system disorders; PT: Any PT

Subgroup	n	Quizartinib (N=265)					Placebo (N=268)					Quizartinib vs Placebo		Interaction
		No. of subjects with events (%)	No. of subjects censored (%)	Median (95 % CI) (months) [a]	n	No. of subjects with events (%)	No. of subjects censored (%)	Median (95 % CI) (months) [a]	n	Hazard Ratio (95 % CI) [b]	Unstratified log-rank p-value [c]	P-value [d]		
FLT3-ITD category at Baseline														0.9048
≥3 to ≤25%	94	40 (42.6)	54 (57.4)	12.3 (2.0, NE)	98	39 (39.8)	59 (60.2)	11.3 (6.0, NE)		1.086 (0.698, 1.690)	0.7132			
>25% to ≤50%	141	51 (36.2)	90 (63.8)	NE (5.8, NE)	136	48 (35.3)	88 (64.7)	NE (4.5, NE)		1.011 (0.681, 1.501)	0.9529			
>50%	29	12 (41.4)	17 (58.6)	24.0 (2.3, NE)	34	10 (29.4)	24 (70.6)	40.8 (4.5, NE)		1.427 (0.598, 3.407)	0.4290			

N: number of subjects in analysis set; n: number of subjects in subgroup category; %: proportion of number of subjects in n; CI: confidence interval; NE: not estimable. PT: Preferred Term, SOC: System Organ Class.

[a] Median time to first event is from Kaplan-Meier estimate. Confidence Interval for median was computed using the Brookmeyer-Crowley method.

[b] Hazard ratio is from unstratified Cox proportional hazards model with treatment as the only categorical variable in the model. Confidence limits are based on the Wald test.

[c] Two-sided p-value from unstratified log-rank test.

[d] Two-sided interaction p-value is for the interaction term from unstratified Cox proportional hazards model with treatment, subgroup, and treatment-by-subgroup interaction as categorical variables in the model. The p-value is based on the Wald test.

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SOC: Nervous system disorders; PT: Any PT

		Quizartinib (N=265)					Placebo (N=268)					Quizartinib vs Placebo		Interaction
Subgroup	n	No. of subjects with events (%)	No. of subjects censored (%)	Median (95 % CI) (months) [a]	n	No. of subjects with events (%)	No. of subjects censored (%)	Median (95 % CI) (months) [a]	n	Hazard Ratio (95 % CI) [b]	Unstratified log-rank p-value [c]	P-value [d]		
AML with Mutated NPM1												0.7748		
Yes	139	57 (41.0)	82 (59.0)	22.4 (3.3, NE)	137	54 (39.4)	83 (60.6)	25.4 (4.5, NE)	137	1.009 (0.695, 1.464)	0.9602			
No	116	43 (37.1)	73 (62.9)	NE (4.8, NE)	120	41 (34.2)	79 (65.8)	9.0 (4.7, NE)	116	1.092 (0.712, 1.676)	0.6890			

N: number of subjects in analysis set; n: number of subjects in subgroup category; %: proportion of number of subjects in n; CI: confidence interval; NE: not estimable. PT: Preferred Term, SOC: System Organ Class.

[a] Median time to first event is from Kaplan-Meier estimate. Confidence Interval for median was computed using the Brookmeyer-Crowley method.

[b] Hazard ratio is from unstratified Cox proportional hazards model with treatment as the only categorical variable in the model. Confidence limits are based on the Wald test.

[c] Two-sided p-value from unstratified log-rank test.

[d] Two-sided interaction p-value is for the interaction term from unstratified Cox proportional hazards model with treatment, subgroup, and treatment-by-subgroup interaction as categorical variables in the model.

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SOC: Nervous system disorders; PT: Any PT

		Quizartinib (N=265)					Placebo (N=268)					Quizartinib vs Placebo		Interaction
Subgroup	n	No. of subjects with events (%)	No. of subjects censored (%)	Median (95 % CI) (months) [a]	n	No. of subjects with events (%)	No. of subjects censored (%)	Median (95 % CI) (months) [a]	n	Hazard Ratio (95 % CI) [b]	Unstratified log-rank p-value [c]	P-value [d]		
Age by 2 categories												0.2599		
≤60	164	67 (40.9)	97 (59.1)	24.0 (3.7, NE)	163	54 (33.1)	109 (66.9)	40.8 (8.9, NE)	124	1.223 (0.855, 1.752)	0.2706			
>60	101	36 (35.6)	65 (64.4)	22.4 (4.0, NE)	105	43 (41.0)	62 (59.0)	9.0 (4.5, 27.5)	62	0.858 (0.551, 1.337)	0.4966			

N: number of subjects in analysis set; n: number of subjects in subgroup category; %: proportion of number of subjects in n; CI: confidence interval; NE: not estimable. PT: Preferred Term, SOC: System Organ Class.

[a] Median time to first event is from Kaplan-Meier estimate. Confidence Interval for median was computed using the Brookmeyer-Crowley method.

[b] Hazard ratio is from unstratified Cox proportional hazards model with treatment as the only categorical variable in the model. Confidence limits are based on the Wald test.

[c] Two-sided p-value from unstratified log-rank test.

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SOC: Nervous system disorders; PT: Headache

Subgroup	n	Quizartinib (N=265)				Placebo (N=268)				Quizartinib vs Placebo		Interaction
		No. of subjects with events (%)	No. of subjects censored (%)	Median (95 % CI) (months) [a]	n	No. of subjects with events (%)	No. of subjects censored (%)	Median (95 % CI) (months) [a]	n	Hazard Ratio (95 % CI) [b]	Unstratified log-rank p-value [c]	P-value [d]
Pooled Age Group 2											0.7001	
<60	159	48 (30.2)	111 (69.8)	NE (NE, NE)	160	31 (19.4)	129 (80.6)	NE (NE, NE)	40.8,	1.573 (1.001, 2.472)	0.0472	
≥60 - <65	37	10 (27.0)	27 (73.0)	NE (3.0, NE)	43	8 (18.6)	35 (81.4)	NE (NE, NE)		1.402 (0.552, 3.561)	0.4754	
≥65	69	15 (21.7)	54 (78.3)	NE (12.0, NE)	65	14 (21.5)	51 (78.5)	NE (18.3, NE)		1.086 (0.524, 2.252)	0.8292	

N: number of subjects in analysis set; n: number of subjects in subgroup category; %: proportion of number of subjects in n; CI: confidence interval; NE: not estimable. PT: Preferred Term, SOC: System Organ Class.

[a] Median time to first event is from Kaplan-Meier estimate. Confidence Interval for median was computed using the Brookmeyer-Crowley method.

[b] Hazard ratio is from unstratified Cox proportional hazards model with treatment as the only categorical variable in the model. Confidence limits are based on the Wald test.

[c] Two-sided p-value from unstratified log-rank test.

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SOC: Nervous system disorders; PT: Headache

Subgroup	n	Quizartinib (N=265)				Placebo (N=268)				Quizartinib vs Placebo		Interaction
		No. of subjects with events (%)	No. of subjects censored (%)	Median (95 % CI) (months) [a]	n	No. of subjects with events (%)	No. of subjects censored (%)	Median (95 % CI) (months) [a]	n	Hazard Ratio (95 % CI) [b]	Unstratified log-rank p-value [c]	P-value [d]
Sex												0.8729
Male	124	26 (21.0)	98 (79.0)	NE (NE, NE)	120	17 (14.2)	103 (85.8)	NE (NE, NE)	120	1.519 (0.824, 2.799)	0.1780	
Female	141	47 (33.3)	94 (66.7)	NE (12.0, NE)	148	36 (24.3)	112 (75.7)	40.8 (40.8, NE)	148	1.388 (0.899, 2.143)	0.1369	

N: number of subjects in analysis set; n: number of subjects in subgroup category; %: proportion of number of subjects in n; CI: confidence interval; NE: not estimable. PT: Preferred Term, SOC: System Organ Class.

[a] Median time to first event is from Kaplan-Meier estimate. Confidence Interval for median was computed using the Brookmeyer-Crowley method.

[b] Hazard ratio is from unstratified Cox proportional hazards model with treatment as the only categorical variable in the model. Confidence limits are based on the Wald test.

[c] Two-sided p-value from unstratified log-rank test.

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SOC: Nervous system disorders; PT: Headache

		Quizartinib (N=265)					Placebo (N=268)					Quizartinib vs Placebo		Interaction
Subgroup	n	No. of subjects with events (%)	No. of subjects censored (%)	Median (95 % CI) (months) [a]	n	No. of subjects with events (%)	No. of subjects censored (%)	Median (95 % CI) (months) [a]	n	Hazard Ratio (95 % CI) [b]	Unstratified log-rank p-value [c]	P-value [d]		
Race by 2 categories												0.1155		
White	157	35 (22.3)	122 (77.7)	NE (NE, NE)	161	32 (19.9)	129 (80.1)	NE (NE, NE)	161	1.105 (0.684, 1.786)	0.6845			
Non-white	108	38 (35.2)	70 (64.8)	24.0 (4.0, NE)	107	21 (19.6)	86 (80.4)	40.8 (40.8, NE)	107	1.930 (1.132, 3.290)	0.0139			

N: number of subjects in analysis set; n: number of subjects in subgroup category; %: proportion of number of subjects in n; CI: confidence interval; NE: not estimable. PT: Preferred Term, SOC: System Organ Class.

[a] Median time to first event is from Kaplan-Meier estimate. Confidence Interval for median was computed using the Brookmeyer-Crowley method.

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[c] Two-sided p-value from unstratified log-rank test.

[d] Two-sided interaction p-value is for the interaction term from unstratified Cox proportional hazards model with treatment, subgroup, and treatment-by-subgroup interaction as categorical variables in the model. The p-value is based on the Wald test.

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SOC: Nervous system disorders; PT: Headache

		Quizartinib (N=265)				Placebo (N=268)				Quizartinib vs Placebo		Interaction
Subgroup	n	No. of subjects with events (%)	No. of subjects censored (%)	Median (95 % CI) (months) [a]	n	No. of subjects with events (%)	No. of subjects censored (%)	Median (95 % CI) (months) [a]	Hazard Ratio (95 % CI) [b]	Unstratified log-rank p-value [c]	P-value [d]	
Geographic Region 1											0.0745	
North America	16	3 (18.8)	13 (81.3)	NE (1.8, NE)	18	7 (38.9)	11 (61.1)	4.7 (1.1, NE)	0.452 (0.117, 1.755)	0.2403		
Europe	161	36 (22.4)	125 (77.6)	NE (NE, NE)	161	28 (17.4)	133 (82.6)	NE (NE, NE)	1.236 (0.753, 2.027)	0.4017		
Asia/Other Regions	88	34 (38.6)	54 (61.4)	24.0 (3.7, NE)	89	18 (20.2)	71 (79.8)	40.8 (40.8, NE)	2.229 (1.255, 3.959)	0.0050		

N: number of subjects in analysis set; n: number of subjects in subgroup category; %: proportion of number of subjects in n; CI: confidence interval; NE: not estimable. PT: Preferred Term, SOC: System Organ Class.

[a] Median time to first event is from Kaplan-Meier estimate. Confidence Interval for median was computed using the Brookmeyer-Crowley method.

[b] Hazard ratio is from unstratified Cox proportional hazards model with treatment as the only categorical variable in the model. Confidence limits are based on the Wald test.

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SOC: Nervous system disorders; PT: Headache

Subgroup	n	Quizartinib (N=265)					Placebo (N=268)					Quizartinib vs Placebo		Interaction
		No. of subjects with events (%)	No. of subjects censored (%)	Median (95 % CI) [a]	n	No. of subjects with events (%)	No. of subjects censored (%)	Median (95 % CI) [a]	Hazard Ratio (95 % CI) [b]	Unstratified log-rank p-value [c]	P-value [d]			
WBC at initial diagnosis													0.8007	
< 40x10 ⁹ /L	132	38 (28.8)	94 (71.2)	NE (22.4, NE)	133	28 (21.1)	105 (78.9)	NE (25.4, NE)	1.465 (0.898, 2.388)	0.1236				
≥ 40x10 ⁹ /L	133	35 (26.3)	98 (73.7)	NE (NE, NE)	135	25 (18.5)	110 (81.5)	NE (40.8, NE)	1.343 (0.803, 2.247)	0.2593				

N: number of subjects in analysis set; n: number of subjects in subgroup category; %: proportion of number of subjects in n; CI: confidence interval; NE: not estimable. PT: Preferred Term, SOC: System Organ Class.

[a] Median time to first event is from Kaplan-Meier estimate. Confidence Interval for median was computed using the Brookmeyer-Crowley method.

[b] Hazard ratio is from unstratified Cox proportional hazards model with treatment as the only categorical variable in the model. Confidence limits are based on the Wald test.

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SOC: Nervous system disorders; PT: Headache

		Quizartinib (N=265)					Placebo (N=268)					Quizartinib vs Placebo		Interaction
Subgroup	n	No. of subjects with events (%)	No. of subjects censored (%)	Median (95 % CI) (months) [a]	n	No. of subjects with events (%)	No. of subjects censored (%)	Median (95 % CI) (months) [a]	CI	Hazard Ratio (95 % CI) [b]	Unstratified log-rank p-value [c]	P-value [d]		
Choice of Anthracycline												0.2479		
Daunorubicin	123	28 (22.8)	95 (77.2)	NE (NE, NE)	94	18 (19.1)	76 (80.9)	NE (NE, NE)		1.099 (0.607, 1.991)	0.7541			
Idarubicin	142	45 (31.7)	97 (68.3)	NE (12.0, NE)	171	35 (20.5)	136 (79.5)	40.8 (40.8, NE)		1.664 (1.069, 2.590)	0.0226			

N: number of subjects in analysis set; n: number of subjects in subgroup category; %: proportion of number of subjects in n; CI: confidence interval; NE: not estimable. PT: Preferred Term, SOC: System Organ Class.

[a] Median time to first event is from Kaplan-Meier estimate. Confidence Interval for median was computed using the Brookmeyer-Crowley method.

[b] Hazard ratio is from unstratified Cox proportional hazards model with treatment as the only categorical variable in the model. Confidence limits are based on the Wald test.

[c] Two-sided p-value from unstratified log-rank test.

[d] Two-sided interaction p-value is for the interaction term from unstratified Cox proportional hazards model with treatment, subgroup, and treatment-by-subgroup interaction as categorical variables in the model. The p-value is based on the Wald test.

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Run date: 21JUL2023 – 22:02; Program name: DE_T_3_11_2.sas; Output name: DE_T_3_11_2_TEAESOCPT_SUB_SAS.rtf

Medizinischer Nutzen, medizinischer Zusatznutzen, Patientengruppen mit therap. bedeutsamem Zusatznutzen

Daichi Sankyo | Data Intelligence – Evidence Generation | Final | AC220-A-U302 QUANTUM-First (DCO 13 Aug 2021) | Statistical analyses for AMNOG (HTA Germany)
 Table 3.11.2 Treatment-emergent adverse events by system organ class (SOC) and preferred term (PT) observed for ≥ 10 patients in at least one arm and ≥ 1% of the patients in at least one arm - Time-to-event analysis - subgroup analysis - DCO 13-Aug-2021 - Safety Analysis Set

SOC: Nervous system disorders; PT: Headache

		Quizartinib (N=265)				Placebo (N=268)				Quizartinib vs Placebo		Interaction
Subgroup	n	No. of subjects with events (%)	No. of subjects censored (%)	Median (95 % CI) (months) [a]	n	No. of subjects with events (%)	No. of subjects censored (%)	Median (95 % CI) (months) [a]	Hazard Ratio (95 % CI) [b]	Unstratified log-rank p-value [c]	P-value [d]	
AML Cytogenetic Risk Score											0.7090	
Favorable	13	3 (23.1)	10 (76.9)	NE (0.7, NE)	19	6 (31.6)	13 (68.4)	NE (2.9, NE)	0.822 (0.205, 3.305)	0.7827		
Intermediate	195	51 (26.2)	144 (73.8)	NE (NE, NE)	190	36 (18.9)	154 (81.1)	40.8 (40.8, NE)	1.335 (0.871, 2.046)	0.1829		
Unfavorable	19	5 (26.3)	14 (73.7)	NE (3.8, NE)	27	5 (18.5)	22 (81.5)	NE (4.7, NE)	1.538 (0.444, 5.324)	0.4936		
Unknown	38	14 (36.8)	24 (63.2)	4.0 (3.0, NE)	31	6 (19.4)	25 (80.6)	NE (NE, NE)	2.228 (0.855, 5.807)	0.0938		

N: number of subjects in analysis set; n: number of subjects in subgroup category; %: proportion of number of subjects in n; CI: confidence interval; NE: not estimable. PT: Preferred Term, SOC: System Organ Class.

[a] Median time to first event is from Kaplan-Meier estimate. Confidence Interval for median was computed using the Brookmeyer-Crowley method.

[b] Hazard ratio is from unstratified Cox proportional hazards model with treatment as the only categorical variable in the model. Confidence limits are based on the Wald test.

[c] Two-sided p-value from unstratified log-rank test.

[d] Two-sided interaction p-value is for the interaction term from unstratified Cox proportional hazards model with treatment, subgroup, and treatment-by-subgroup interaction as categorical variables in the model. The p-value is based on the Wald test.

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SOC: Nervous system disorders; PT: Headache

		Quizartinib (N=265)					Placebo (N=268)					Quizartinib vs Placebo		Interaction
Subgroup	n	No. of subjects with events (%)	No. of subjects censored (%)	Median (95 % CI) (months) [a]	n	No. of subjects with events (%)	No. of subjects censored (%)	Median (95 % CI) (months) [a]	Hazard Ratio (95 % CI) [b]	Unstratified log-rank p-value [c]	P-value [d]			
ECOG Performance Status at Baseline												0.7179		
0 - Fully Active	87	23 (26.4)	64 (73.6)	NE (NE, NE)	97	20 (20.6)	77 (79.4)	NE (NE, NE)	1.254 (0.688, 2.284)	0.4597				
1 - Restricted in Physically Strenuous Activity	133	36 (27.1)	97 (72.9)	NE (22.4, NE)	134	26 (19.4)	108 (80.6)	NE (NE, NE)	1.381 (0.834, 2.287)	0.2080				
2 - Ambulatory and Capable of All Selfcare	45	14 (31.1)	31 (68.9)	NE (2.3, NE)	36	7 (19.4)	29 (80.6)	40.8 (40.8, NE)	2.131 (0.817, 5.560)	0.1134				

N: number of subjects in analysis set; n: number of subjects in subgroup category; %: proportion of number of subjects in n; CI: confidence interval; NE: not estimable. PT: Preferred Term, SOC: System Organ Class.

[a] Median time to first event is from Kaplan-Meier estimate. Confidence Interval for median was computed using the Brookmeyer-Crowley method.

[b] Hazard ratio is from unstratified Cox proportional hazards model with treatment as the only categorical variable in the model. Confidence limits are based on the Wald test.

[c] Two-sided p-value is for the interaction term from unstratified Cox proportional hazards model with treatment, subgroup, and treatment-by-subgroup interaction as categorical variables in the model.

[d] The p-value is based on the Wald test.

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SOC: Nervous system disorders; PT: Headache

		Quizartinib (N=265)					Placebo (N=268)					Quizartinib vs Placebo		Interaction
Subgroup	n	No. of subjects with events (%)	No. of subjects censored (%)	Median (95 % CI) (months) [a]	n	No. of subjects with events (%)	No. of subjects censored (%)	Median (95 % CI) (months) [a]		Hazard Ratio (95 % CI) [b]	Unstratified log-rank p-value [c]	P-value [d]		
FLT3-ITD category at Baseline												0.5331		
≥3 to ≤25%	94	30 (31.9)	64 (68.1)	NE (4.0, NE)	98	24 (24.5)	74 (75.5)	NE (25.4, NE)		1.334 (0.780, 2.284)	0.2910			
>25% to ≤50%	141	32 (22.7)	109 (77.3)	NE (NE, NE)	136	24 (17.6)	112 (82.4)	NE (NE, NE)		1.308 (0.770, 2.221)	0.3193			
>50%	29	11 (37.9)	18 (62.1)	24.0 (2.3, NE)	34	5 (14.7)	29 (85.3)	40.8 (4.5, NE)		3.057 (0.968, 9.659)	0.0460			

N: number of subjects in analysis set; n: number of subjects in subgroup category; %: proportion of number of subjects in n; CI: confidence interval; NE: not estimable. PT: Preferred Term, SOC: System Organ Class.

[a] Median time to first event is from Kaplan-Meier estimate. Confidence Interval for median was computed using the Brookmeyer-Crowley method.

[b] Hazard ratio is from unstratified Cox proportional hazards model with treatment as the only categorical variable in the model. Confidence limits are based on the Wald test.

[c] Two-sided p-value from unstratified log-rank test.

[d] Two-sided interaction p-value is for the interaction term from unstratified Cox proportional hazards model with treatment, subgroup, and treatment-by-subgroup interaction as categorical variables in the model. The p-value is based on the Wald test.

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SOC: Nervous system disorders; PT: Headache

		Quizartinib (N=265)					Placebo (N=268)					Quizartinib vs Placebo		Interaction
Subgroup	n	No. of subjects with events (%)	No. of subjects censored (%)	Median (95 % CI) (months) [a]	n	No. of subjects with events (%)	No. of subjects censored (%)	Median (95 % CI) (months) [a]	Hazard Ratio (95 % CI) [b]	Unstratified log-rank p-value [c]	P-value [d]			
AML with Mutated NPM1												0.9759		
Yes	139	41 (29.5)	98 (70.5)	NE (24.0, NE)	137	30 (21.9)	107 (78.1)	40.8 (40.8, NE)	1.355 (0.846, 2.172)	0.2043				
No	116	30 (25.9)	86 (74.1)	NE (12.0, NE)	120	23 (19.2)	97 (80.8)	NE (NE, NE)	1.362 (0.791, 2.345)	0.2629				

N: number of subjects in analysis set; n: number of subjects in subgroup category; %: proportion of number of subjects in n; CI: confidence interval; NE: not estimable. PT: Preferred Term, SOC: System Organ Class.

[a] Median time to first event is from Kaplan-Meier estimate. Confidence Interval for median was computed using the Brookmeyer-Crowley method.

[b] Hazard ratio is from unstratified Cox proportional hazards model with treatment as the only categorical variable in the model. Confidence limits are based on the Wald test.

[c] Two-sided p-value from unstratified log-rank test.

[d] Two-sided interaction p-value is for the interaction term from unstratified Cox proportional hazards model with treatment, subgroup, and treatment-by-subgroup interaction as categorical variables in the model. The p-value is based on the Wald test.

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SOC: Nervous system disorders; PT: Headache

		Quizartinib (N=265)					Placebo (N=268)					Quizartinib vs Placebo		Interaction
Subgroup	n	No. of subjects with events (%)	No. of subjects censored (%)	Median (95 % CI) (months) [a]	n	No. of subjects with events (%)	No. of subjects censored (%)	Median (95 % CI) (months) [a]	CI	Hazard Ratio (95 % CI) [b]	Unstratified log-rank p-value [c]	P-value [d]		
Age by 2 categories												0.5746		
≤60	164	48 (29.3)	116 (70.7)	NE (NE, NE)	163	31 (19.0)	132 (81.0)	NE (NE)	(40.8, 2.422)	1.541 (0.981, 2.422)	0.0583			
>60	101	25 (24.8)	76 (75.2)	NE (12.3, NE)	105	22 (21.0)	83 (79.0)	NE (NE)	(25.4, 2.196)	1.237 (0.697, 2.196)	0.4673			

N: number of subjects in analysis set; n: number of subjects in subgroup category; %: proportion of number of subjects in n; CI: confidence interval; NE: not estimable. PT: Preferred Term, SOC: System Organ Class.

[a] Median time to first event is from Kaplan-Meier estimate. Confidence Interval for median was computed using the Brookmeyer-Crowley method.

[b] Hazard ratio is from unstratified Cox proportional hazards model with treatment as the only categorical variable in the model. Confidence limits are based on the Wald test.

[c] Two-sided p-value from unstratified log-rank test.

[d] Two-sided interaction p-value is for the interaction term from unstratified Cox proportional hazards model with treatment, subgroup, and treatment-by-subgroup interaction as categorical variables in the model. The p-value is based on the Wald test.

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SOC: Nervous system disorders; PT: Dizziness

Subgroup	n	Quizartinib (N=265)				Placebo (N=268)				Quizartinib vs Placebo		Interaction
		No. of subjects with events (%)	No. of subjects censored (%)	Median (95 % CI) (months) [a]	n	No. of subjects with events (%)	No. of subjects censored (%)	Median (95 % CI) (months) [a]	n	Hazard Ratio (95 % CI) [b]	Unstratified log-rank p-value [c]	P-value [d]
Pooled Age Group 2											0.5190	
<60	159	11 (6.9)	148 (93.1)	NE (NE, NE)	160	11 (6.9)	149 (93.1)	NE (NE, NE)	160	0.936 (0.405, 2.163)	0.8770	
≥60 - <65	37	1 (2.7)	36 (97.3)	NE (17.8, NE)	43	4 (9.3)	39 (90.7)	NE (10.4, NE)	43	0.200 (0.022, 1.798)	0.1110	
≥65	69	4 (5.8)	65 (94.2)	NE (NE, NE)	65	4 (6.2)	61 (93.8)	NE (NE, NE)	65	1.066 (0.266, 4.267)	0.9277	

N: number of subjects in analysis set; n: number of subjects in subgroup category; %: proportion of number of subjects in n; CI: confidence interval; NE: not estimable. PT: Preferred Term, SOC: System Organ Class.

[a] Median time to first event is from Kaplan-Meier estimate. Confidence Interval for median was computed using the Brookmeyer-Crowley method.

[b] Hazard ratio is from unstratified Cox proportional hazards model with treatment as the only categorical variable in the model. Confidence limits are based on the Wald test.

[c] Two-sided p-value from unstratified log-rank test.

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SOC: Nervous system disorders; PT: Dizziness

		Quizartinib (N=265)				Placebo (N=268)				Quizartinib vs Placebo		Interaction
Subgroup	n	No. of subjects with events (%)	No. of subjects censored (%)	Median (95 % CI) (months) [a]	n	No. of subjects with events (%)	No. of subjects censored (%)	Median (95 % CI) (months) [a]	Hazard Ratio (95 % CI) [b]	Unstratified log-rank p-value [c]	P-value [d]	
Sex											0.5728	
Male	124	6 (4.8)	118 (95.2)	NE (NE, NE)	120	5 (4.2)	115 (95.8)	NE (NE, NE)	1.096 (0.334, 3.599)	0.8795		
Female	141	10 (7.1)	131 (92.9)	NE (NE, NE)	148	14 (9.5)	134 (90.5)	NE (NE, NE)	0.683 (0.303, 1.540)	0.3557		

N: number of subjects in analysis set; n: number of subjects in subgroup category; %: proportion of number of subjects in n; CI: confidence interval; NE: not estimable. PT: Preferred Term, SOC: System Organ Class.

[a] Median time to first event is from Kaplan-Meier estimate. Confidence Interval for median was computed using the Brookmeyer-Crowley method.

[b] Hazard ratio is from unstratified Cox proportional hazards model with treatment as the only categorical variable in the model. Confidence limits are based on the Wald test.

[c] Two-sided p-value from unstratified log-rank test.

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SOC: Nervous system disorders; PT: Dizziness

		Quizartinib (N=265)				Placebo (N=268)				Quizartinib vs Placebo		Interaction
Subgroup	n	No. of subjects with events (%)	No. of subjects censored (%)	Median (95 % CI) (months) [a]	n	No. of subjects with events (%)	No. of subjects censored (%)	Median (95 % CI) (months) [a]	Hazard Ratio (95 % CI) [b]	Unstratified log-rank p-value [c]	P-value [d]	
Race by 2 categories											0.3645	
White	157	6 (3.8)	151 (96.2)	NE (NE, NE)	161	10 (6.2)	151 (93.8)	NE (NE, NE)	0.538 (0.195, 1.487)	0.2247		
Non-white	108	10 (9.3)	98 (90.7)	NE (NE, NE)	107	9 (8.4)	98 (91.6)	NE (NE, NE)	1.041 (0.422, 2.563)	0.9299		

N: number of subjects in analysis set; n: number of subjects in subgroup category; %: proportion of number of subjects in n; CI: confidence interval; NE: not estimable. PT: Preferred Term, SOC: System Organ Class.

[a] Median time to first event is from Kaplan-Meier estimate. Confidence Interval for median was computed using the Brookmeyer-Crowley method.

[b] Hazard ratio is from unstratified Cox proportional hazards model with treatment as the only categorical variable in the model. Confidence limits are based on the Wald test.

[c] Two-sided p-value from unstratified log-rank test.

[d] Two-sided interaction p-value is for the interaction term from unstratified Cox proportional hazards model with treatment, subgroup, and treatment-by-subgroup interaction as categorical variables in the model. The p-value is based on the Wald test.

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SOC: Nervous system disorders; PT: Dizziness

		Quizartinib (N=265)					Placebo (N=268)					Quizartinib vs Placebo		Interaction
Subgroup	n	No. of subjects with events (%)	No. of subjects censored (%)	Median (95 % CI) (months) [a]	n	No. of subjects with events (%)	No. of subjects censored (%)	Median (95 % CI) (months) [a]		Hazard Ratio (95 % CI) [b]	Unstratified log-rank p-value [c]	P-value [d]		
Geographic Region 1												0.3494		
North America	16	1 (6.3)	15 (93.8)	NE (NE, NE)	18	6 (33.3)	12 (66.7)	12.0 (4.5, NE)		0.181 (0.021, 1.546)	0.0818			
Europe	161	5 (3.1)	156 (96.9)	NE (NE, NE)	161	5 (3.1)	156 (96.9)	NE (NE, NE)		0.890 (0.256, 3.091)	0.8546			
Asia/Other Regions	88	10 (11.4)	78 (88.6)	NE (NE, NE)	89	8 (9.0)	81 (91.0)	NE (NE, NE)		1.207 (0.476, 3.060)	0.6906			

N: number of subjects in analysis set; n: number of subjects in subgroup category; %: proportion of number of subjects in n; CI: confidence interval; NE: not estimable. PT: Preferred Term, SOC: System Organ Class.

[a] Median time to first event is from Kaplan-Meier estimate. Confidence Interval for median was computed using the Brookmeyer-Crowley method.

[b] Hazard ratio is from unstratified Cox proportional hazards model with treatment as the only categorical variable in the model. Confidence limits are based on the Wald test.

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SOC: Nervous system disorders; PT: Dizziness

Subgroup	n	Quizartinib (N=265)				Placebo (N=268)				Quizartinib vs Placebo		Interaction
		No. of subjects with events (%)	No. of subjects censored (%)	Median (95 % CI) (months) [a]	n	No. of subjects with events (%)	No. of subjects censored (%)	Median (95 % CI) (months) [a]	n	Hazard Ratio (95 % CI) [b]	Unstratified log-rank p-value [c]	P-value [d]
WBC at initial diagnosis											0.9262	
< 40x10 ⁹ /L	132	10 (7.6)	122 (92.4)	NE (NE, NE)	133	13 (9.8)	120 (90.2)	NE (NE, NE)	133	0.777 (0.340, 1.773)	0.5476	
≥ 40x10 ⁹ /L	133	6 (4.5)	127 (95.5)	NE (NE, NE)	135	6 (4.4)	129 (95.6)	NE (NE, NE)	135	0.867 (0.278, 2.702)	0.8078	

N: number of subjects in analysis set; n: number of subjects in subgroup category; %: proportion of number of subjects in n; CI: confidence interval; NE: not estimable. PT: Preferred Term, SOC: System Organ Class.

[a] Median time to first event is from Kaplan-Meier estimate. Confidence Interval for median was computed using the Brookmeyer-Crowley method.

[b] Hazard ratio is from unstratified Cox proportional hazards model with treatment as the only categorical variable in the model. Confidence limits are based on the Wald test.

[c] Two-sided p-value from unstratified log-rank test.

[d] Two-sided interaction p-value is for the interaction term from unstratified Cox proportional hazards model with treatment, subgroup, and treatment-by-subgroup interaction as categorical variables in the model. The p-value is based on the Wald test.

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Medizinischer Nutzen, medizinischer Zusatznutzen, Patientengruppen mit therap. bedeutsamem Zusatznutzen

Daichi Sankyo | Data Intelligence – Evidence Generation | Final | AC220-A-U302 QUANTUM-First (DCO 13 Aug 2021) | Statistical analyses for AMNOG (HTA Germany)
 Table 3.11.2 Treatment-emergent adverse events by system organ class (SOC) and preferred term (PT) observed for ≥ 10 patients in at least one arm and ≥ 1% of the patients in at least one arm - Time-to-event analysis - subgroup analysis - DCO 13-Aug-2021 - Safety Analysis Set

SOC: Nervous system disorders; PT: Dizziness

		Quizartinib (N=265)				Placebo (N=268)				Quizartinib vs Placebo		Interaction
Subgroup	n	No. of subjects with events (%)	No. of subjects censored (%)	Median (95 % CI) (months) [a]	n	No. of subjects with events (%)	No. of subjects censored (%)	Median (95 % CI) (months) [a]	Hazard Ratio (95 % CI) [b]	Unstratified log-rank p-value [c]	P-value [d]	
Choice of Anthracycline											0.7310	
Daunorubicin	123	4 (3.3)	119 (96.7)	NE (NE, NE)	94	4 (4.3)	90 (95.7)	NE (NE, NE)	0.701 (0.175, 2.811)	0.6144		
Idarubicin	142	12 (8.5)	130 (91.5)	NE (NE, NE)	171	15 (8.8)	156 (91.2)	NE (NE, NE)	0.881 (0.411, 1.886)	0.7448		

N: number of subjects in analysis set; n: number of subjects in subgroup category; %: proportion of number of subjects in n; CI: confidence interval; NE: not estimable. PT: Preferred Term, SOC: System Organ Class.

[a] Median time to first event is from Kaplan-Meier estimate. Confidence Interval for median was computed using the Brookmeyer-Crowley method.

[b] Hazard ratio is from unstratified Cox proportional hazards model with treatment as the only categorical variable in the model. Confidence limits are based on the Wald test.

[c] Two-sided p-value from unstratified log-rank test.

[d] Two-sided interaction p-value is for the interaction term from unstratified Cox proportional hazards model with treatment, subgroup, and treatment-by-subgroup interaction as categorical variables in the model. The p-value is based on the Wald test.

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SOC: Nervous system disorders; PT: Dizziness

Subgroup	n	Quizartinib (N=265)				Placebo (N=268)				Quizartinib vs Placebo		Interaction
		No. of subjects with events (%)	No. of subjects censored (%)	Median (95 % CI) (months) [a]	n	No. of subjects with events (%)	No. of subjects censored (%)	Median (95 % CI) (months) [a]	n	Hazard Ratio (95 % CI) [b]	Unstratified log-rank p-value [c]	P-value [d]
AML Cytogenetic Risk Score											0.7494	
Favorable	13	0	13 (100)	NE (NE, NE)	19	4 (21.1)	15 (78.9)	NE (NE, NE)	10.4	0.000 (0.000, NE)	0.1348	
Intermediate	195	14 (7.2)	181 (92.8)	NE (NE, NE)	190	10 (5.3)	180 (94.7)	NE (NE, NE)	12.0	1.264 (0.561, 2.848)	0.5709	
Unfavorable	19	1 (5.3)	18 (94.7)	NE (NE, NE)	27	3 (11.1)	24 (88.9)	NE (NE, NE)	12.0	0.442 (0.046, 4.282)	0.4694	
Unknown	38	1 (2.6)	37 (97.4)	NE (NE, NE)	31	2 (6.5)	29 (93.5)	NE (9.0, NE)	9.0	0.317 (0.029, 3.507)	0.3229	

N: number of subjects in analysis set; n: number of subjects in subgroup category; %: proportion of number of subjects in n; CI: confidence interval; NE: not estimable. PT: Preferred Term, SOC: System Organ Class.

[a] Median time to first event is from Kaplan-Meier estimate. Confidence Interval for median was computed using the Brookmeyer-Crowley method.

[b] Hazard ratio is from unstratified Cox proportional hazards model with treatment as the only categorical variable in the model. Confidence limits are based on the Wald test.

[c] Two-sided p-value from unstratified log-rank test.

[d] Two-sided interaction p-value is for the interaction term from unstratified Cox proportional hazards model with treatment, subgroup, and treatment-by-subgroup interaction as categorical variables in the model. The p-value is based on the Wald test.

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 Table 3.11.2 Treatment-emergent adverse events by system organ class (SOC) and preferred term (PT) observed for ≥ 10 patients in at least one arm and ≥ 1% of the patients in at least one arm - Time-to-event analysis - subgroup analysis - DCO 13-Aug-2021 - Safety Analysis Set

SOC: Nervous system disorders; PT: Dizziness

		Quizartinib (N=265)					Placebo (N=268)					Quizartinib vs Placebo		Interaction
Subgroup	n	No. of subjects with events (%)	No. of subjects censored (%)	Median (95 % CI) (months) [a]	n	No. of subjects with events (%)	No. of subjects censored (%)	Median (95 % CI) (months) [a]	Hazard Ratio (95 % CI) [b]	Unstratified log-rank p-value [c]	P-value [d]			
ECOG Performance Status at Baseline												0.7775		
0 - Fully Active	87	5 (5.7)	82 (94.3)	NE (NE, NE)	97	5 (5.2)	92 (94.8)	NE (NE, NE)	1.080 (0.313, 3.731)	0.9035				
1 - Restricted in Physically Strenuous Activity	133	9 (6.8)	124 (93.2)	NE (NE, NE)	134	14 (10.4)	120 (89.6)	NE (NE, NE)	0.569 (0.246, 1.317)	0.1824				
2 - Ambulatory and Capable of All Selfcare	45	2 (4.4)	43 (95.6)	NE (NE, NE)	36	0	36 (100)	NE (NE, NE)	NE (0.000, NE)	0.2672				

N: number of subjects in analysis set; n: number of subjects in subgroup category; %: proportion of number of subjects in n; CI: confidence interval; NE: not estimable. PT: Preferred Term, SOC: System Organ Class.

[a] Median time to first event is from Kaplan-Meier estimate. Confidence Interval for median was computed using the Brookmeyer-Crowley method.

[b] Hazard ratio is from unstratified Cox proportional hazards model with treatment as the only categorical variable in the model. Confidence limits are based on the Wald test.

[c] Two-sided p-value from unstratified log-rank test.

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SOC: Nervous system disorders; PT: Dizziness

		Quizartinib (N=265)				Placebo (N=268)				Quizartinib vs Placebo		Interaction
Subgroup	n	No. of subjects with events (%)	No. of subjects censored (%)	Median (95 % CI) (months) [a]	n	No. of subjects with events (%)	No. of subjects censored (%)	Median (95 % CI) (months) [a]	Hazard Ratio (95 % CI) [b]	Unstratified log-rank p-value [c]	P-value [d]	
FLT3-ITD category at Baseline											0.4953	
≥3 to ≤25%	94	5 (5.3)	89 (94.7)	NE (NE, NE)	98	10 (10.2)	88 (89.8)	NE (NE, NE)	0.505 (0.172, 1.479)	0.2036		
>25% to ≤50%	141	9 (6.4)	132 (93.6)	NE (NE, NE)	136	8 (5.9)	128 (94.1)	NE (NE, NE)	1.031 (0.397, 2.681)	0.9494		
>50%	29	2 (6.9)	27 (93.1)	NE (17.8, NE)	34	1 (2.9)	33 (97.1)	NE (NE, NE)	1.468 (0.126, 17.109)	0.7578		

N: number of subjects in analysis set; n: number of subjects in subgroup category; %: proportion of number of subjects in n; CI: confidence interval; NE: not estimable. PT: Preferred Term, SOC: System Organ Class.

[a] Median time to first event is from Kaplan-Meier estimate. Confidence Interval for median was computed using the Brookmeyer-Crowley method.

[b] Hazard ratio is from unstratified Cox proportional hazards model with treatment as the only categorical variable in the model. Confidence limits are based on the Wald test.

[c] Two-sided p-value from unstratified log-rank test.

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SOC: Nervous system disorders; PT: Dizziness

		Quizartinib (N=265)				Placebo (N=268)				Quizartinib vs Placebo		Interaction
Subgroup	n	No. of subjects with events (%)	No. of subjects censored (%)	Median (95 % CI) (months) [a]	n	No. of subjects with events (%)	No. of subjects censored (%)	Median (95 % CI) (months) [a]	Hazard Ratio (95 % CI) [b]	Unstratified log-rank p-value [c]	P-value [d]	
AML with Mutated NPM1											0.3560	
Yes	139	11 (7.9)	128 (92.1)	NE (NE, NE)	137	9 (6.6)	128 (93.4)	NE (NE, NE)	1.155 (0.477, 2.794)	0.7492		
No	116	5 (4.3)	111 (95.7)	NE (NE, NE)	120	8 (6.7)	112 (93.3)	NE (NE, NE)	0.563 (0.184, 1.724)	0.3074		

N: number of subjects in analysis set; n: number of subjects in subgroup category; %: proportion of number of subjects in n; CI: confidence interval; NE: not estimable. PT: Preferred Term, SOC: System Organ Class.

[a] Median time to first event is from Kaplan-Meier estimate. Confidence Interval for median was computed using the Brookmeyer-Crowley method.

[b] Hazard ratio is from unstratified Cox proportional hazards model with treatment as the only categorical variable in the model. Confidence limits are based on the Wald test.

[c] Two-sided p-value from unstratified log-rank test.

[d] Two-sided interaction p-value is for the interaction term from unstratified Cox proportional hazards model with treatment, subgroup, and treatment-by-subgroup interaction as categorical variables in the model. The p-value is based on the Wald test.

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SOC: Nervous system disorders; PT: Dizziness

		Quizartinib (N=265)				Placebo (N=268)				Quizartinib vs Placebo		Interaction
Subgroup	n	No. of subjects with events (%)	No. of subjects censored (%)	Median (95 % CI) (months) [a]	n	No. of subjects with events (%)	No. of subjects censored (%)	Median (95 % CI) (months) [a]	Hazard Ratio (95 % CI) [b]	Unstratified log-rank p-value [c]	P-value [d]	
Age by 2 categories											0.7531	
≤60	164	11 (6.7)	153 (93.3)	NE (NE, NE)	163	11 (6.7)	152 (93.3)	NE (NE, NE)	0.917 (0.397, 2.121)	0.8409		
>60	101	5 (5.0)	96 (95.0)	NE (NE, NE)	105	8 (7.6)	97 (92.4)	NE (NE, NE)	0.652 (0.213, 1.998)	0.4506		

N: number of subjects in analysis set; n: number of subjects in subgroup category; %: proportion of number of subjects in n; CI: confidence interval; NE: not estimable. PT: Preferred Term, SOC: System Organ Class.

[a] Median time to first event is from Kaplan-Meier estimate. Confidence Interval for median was computed using the Brookmeyer-Crowley method.

[b] Hazard ratio is from unstratified Cox proportional hazards model with treatment as the only categorical variable in the model. Confidence limits are based on the Wald test.

[c] Two-sided p-value from unstratified log-rank test.

[d] Two-sided interaction p-value is for the interaction term from unstratified Cox proportional hazards model with treatment, subgroup, and treatment-by-subgroup interaction as categorical variables in the model. The p-value is based on the Wald test.

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SOC: Musculoskeletal and connective tissue disorders; PT: Any PT

Subgroup	n	Quizartinib (N=265)					Placebo (N=268)					Quizartinib vs Placebo		Interaction
		No. of subjects with events (%)	No. of subjects censored (%)	Median (95 % CI) [a]	n	No. of subjects with events (%)	No. of subjects censored (%)	Median (95 % CI) [a]	n	Hazard Ratio (95 % CI) [b]	Unstratified log-rank p-value [c]	P-value [d]		
Pooled Age Group 2												0.0254		
<60	159	63 (39.6)	96 (60.4)	13.4 (NE)	(8.0, 160)	61 (38.1)	99 (61.9)	11.0 (NE)	(4.9, 160)	0.990 (0.696, 1.408)	0.9546			
≥60 - <65	37	7 (18.9)	30 (81.1)	34.3 (NE)	(23.2, 43)	19 (44.2)	24 (55.8)	5.8 (4.5, NE)		0.184 (0.067, 0.510)	0.0003			
≥65	69	21 (30.4)	48 (69.6)	13.0 (NE)	(8.9, 65)	28 (43.1)	37 (56.9)	5.5 (3.4, 9.4)		0.581 (0.327, 1.031)	0.0598			

N: number of subjects in analysis set; n: number of subjects in subgroup category; %: proportion of number of subjects in n; CI: confidence interval; NE: not estimable. PT: Preferred Term, SOC: System Organ Class.

[a] Median time to first event is from Kaplan-Meier estimate. Confidence Interval for median was computed using the Brookmeyer-Crowley method.

[b] Hazard ratio is from unstratified Cox proportional hazards model with treatment as the only categorical variable in the model. Confidence limits are based on the Wald test.

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SOC: Musculoskeletal and connective tissue disorders; PT: Any PT

Subgroup	n	Quizartinib (N=265)					Placebo (N=268)					Quizartinib vs Placebo		Interaction
		No. of subjects with events (%)	No. of subjects censored (%)	Median (95 % CI) [a]	n	No. of subjects with events (%)	No. of subjects censored (%)	Median (95 % CI) [a]	n	Hazard Ratio (95 % CI) [b]	Unstratified log-rank p-value [c]	P-value [d]		
Sex														0.3062
Male	124	39 (31.5)	85 (68.5)	23.2 (12.2, NE)	120	49 (40.8)	71 (59.2)	5.4 (3.7, NE)	120	0.642 (0.420, 0.981)	0.0386			
Female	141	52 (36.9)	89 (63.1)	20.6 (10.7, NE)	148	59 (39.9)	89 (60.1)	7.8 (5.6, 35.0)	148	0.843 (0.580, 1.226)	0.3707			

N: number of subjects in analysis set; n: number of subjects in subgroup category; %: proportion of number of subjects in n; CI: confidence interval; NE: not estimable. PT: Preferred Term, SOC: System Organ Class.

[a] Median time to first event is from Kaplan-Meier estimate. Confidence Interval for median was computed using the Brookmeyer-Crowley method.

[b] Hazard ratio is from unstratified Cox proportional hazards model with treatment as the only categorical variable in the model. Confidence limits are based on the Wald test.

[c] Two-sided p-value from unstratified log-rank test.

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SOC: Musculoskeletal and connective tissue disorders; PT: Any PT

		Quizartinib (N=265)					Placebo (N=268)					Quizartinib vs Placebo		Interaction
Subgroup	n	No. of subjects with events (%)	No. of subjects censored (%)	Median (95 % CI) (months) [a]	n	No. of subjects with events (%)	No. of subjects censored (%)	Median (95 % CI) (months) [a]	Hazard Ratio (95 % CI) [b]	Unstratified log-rank p-value [c]	P-value [d]			
Race by 2 categories												0.1584		
White	157	43 (27.4)	114 (72.6)	34.3 (23.2, NE)	161	60 (37.3)	101 (62.7)	7.9 (4.9, NE)	0.628 (0.423, 0.932)	0.0196				
Non-white	108	48 (44.4)	60 (55.6)	10.7 (5.5, 21.5)	107	48 (44.9)	59 (55.1)	5.8 (3.8, 29.0)	0.917 (0.613, 1.369)	0.6723				

N: number of subjects in analysis set; n: number of subjects in subgroup category; %: proportion of number of subjects in n; CI: confidence interval; NE: not estimable. PT: Preferred Term, SOC: System Organ Class.

[a] Median time to first event is from Kaplan-Meier estimate. Confidence Interval for median was computed using the Brookmeyer-Crowley method.

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[c] Two-sided p-value from unstratified log-rank test.

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Medizinischer Nutzen, medizinischer Zusatznutzen, Patientengruppen mit therap. bedeutsamem Zusatznutzen

Daichi Sankyo | Data Intelligence – Evidence Generation | Final | AC220-A-U302 QUANTUM-First (DCO 13 Aug 2021) | Statistical analyses for AMNOG (HTA Germany)
 Table 3.11.2 Treatment-emergent adverse events by system organ class (SOC) and preferred term (PT) observed for ≥ 10 patients in at least one arm and ≥ 1% of the patients in at least one arm - Time-to-event analysis - subgroup analysis - DCO 13-Aug-2021 - Safety Analysis Set

SOC: Musculoskeletal and connective tissue disorders; PT: Any PT

		Quizartinib (N=265)					Placebo (N=268)					Quizartinib vs Placebo		Interaction
Subgroup	n	No. of subjects with events (%)	No. of subjects censored (%)	Median (95 % CI) (months) [a]	n	No. of subjects with events (%)	No. of subjects censored (%)	Median (95 % CI) (months) [a]	Hazard Ratio (95 % CI) [b]	Unstratified log-rank p-value [c]	P-value [d]			
Geographic Region 1													0.5490	
North America	16	8 (50.0)	8 (50.0)	2.3 (0.7, NE)	18	10 (55.6)	8 (44.4)	5.5 (1.4, NE)	1.103 (0.431, 2.826)	0.8408				
Europe	161	42 (26.1)	119 (73.9)	34.3 (23.2, NE)	161	53 (32.9)	108 (67.1)	11.0 (6.4, NE)	0.670 (0.446, 1.006)	0.0515				
Asia/Other Regions	88	41 (46.6)	47 (53.4)	10.7 (4.8, 20.6)	89	45 (50.6)	44 (49.4)	3.8 (2.4, 28.3)	0.834 (0.544, 1.276)	0.4029				

N: number of subjects in analysis set; n: number of subjects in subgroup category; %: proportion of number of subjects in n; CI: confidence interval; NE: not estimable. PT: Preferred Term, SOC: System Organ Class.

[a] Median time to first event is from Kaplan-Meier estimate. Confidence Interval for median was computed using the Brookmeyer-Crowley method.

[b] Hazard ratio is from unstratified Cox proportional hazards model with treatment as the only categorical variable in the model. Confidence limits are based on the Wald test.

[c] Two-sided p-value from unstratified log-rank test.

[d] Two-sided interaction p-value is for the interaction term from unstratified Cox proportional hazards model with treatment, subgroup, and treatment-by-subgroup interaction as categorical variables in the model. The p-value is based on the Wald test.

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SOC: Musculoskeletal and connective tissue disorders; PT: Any PT

Subgroup	n	Quizartinib (N=265)					Placebo (N=268)					Quizartinib vs Placebo		Interaction
		No. of subjects with events (%)	No. of subjects censored (%)	Median (95 % CI) [a]	n	No. of subjects with events (%)	No. of subjects censored (%)	Median (95 % CI) [a]	Hazard Ratio (95 % CI) [b]	Unstratified log-rank p-value [c]	P-value [d]			
WBC at initial diagnosis													0.4173	
< 40x10 ⁹ /L	132	44 (33.3)	88 (66.7)	21.5 (13.0, NE)	133	51 (38.3)	82 (61.7)	7.9 (5.5, 29.0)	0.825 (0.550, 1.237)	0.3523				
≥ 40x10 ⁹ /L	133	47 (35.3)	86 (64.7)	22.0 (10.7, NE)	135	57 (42.2)	78 (57.8)	5.6 (3.8, 35.0)	0.668 (0.453, 0.986)	0.0406				

N: number of subjects in analysis set; n: number of subjects in subgroup category; %: proportion of number of subjects in n; CI: confidence interval; NE: not estimable. PT: Preferred Term, SOC: System Organ Class.

[a] Median time to first event is from Kaplan-Meier estimate. Confidence Interval for median was computed using the Brookmeyer-Crowley method.

[b] Hazard ratio is from unstratified Cox proportional hazards model with treatment as the only categorical variable in the model. Confidence limits are based on the Wald test.

[c] Two-sided p-value from unstratified log-rank test.

[d] Two-sided interaction p-value is for the interaction term from unstratified Cox proportional hazards model with treatment, subgroup, and treatment-by-subgroup interaction as categorical variables in the model. The p-value is based on the Wald test.

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SOC: Musculoskeletal and connective tissue disorders; PT: Any PT

		Quizartinib (N=265)					Placebo (N=268)					Quizartinib vs Placebo		Interaction
Subgroup	n	No. of subjects with events (%)	No. of subjects censored (%)	Median (95 % CI) (months) [a]	n	No. of subjects with events (%)	No. of subjects censored (%)	Median (95 % CI) (months) [a]	n	Hazard Ratio (95 % CI) [b]	Unstratified log-rank p-value [c]	P-value [d]		
Choice of Anthracycline												0.8058		
Daunorubicin	123	42 (34.1)	81 (65.9)	34.3 (8.9, NE)	94	34 (36.2)	60 (63.8)	8.6 (4.9, NE)		0.821 (0.521, 1.294)	0.3921			
Idarubicin	142	49 (34.5)	93 (65.5)	20.6 (12.2, 27.9)	171	73 (42.7)	98 (57.3)	5.8 (4.5, 28.3)		0.738 (0.513, 1.062)	0.1009			

N: number of subjects in analysis set; n: number of subjects in subgroup category; %: proportion of number of subjects in n; CI: confidence interval; NE: not estimable. PT: Preferred Term, SOC: System Organ Class.

[a] Median time to first event is from Kaplan-Meier estimate. Confidence Interval for median was computed using the Brookmeyer-Crowley method.

[b] Hazard ratio is from unstratified Cox proportional hazards model with treatment as the only categorical variable in the model. Confidence limits are based on the Wald test.

[c] Two-sided p-value from unstratified log-rank test.

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SOC: Musculoskeletal and connective tissue disorders; PT: Any PT

		Quizartinib (N=265)					Placebo (N=268)					Quizartinib vs Placebo		Interaction
Subgroup	n	No. of subjects with events (%)	No. of subjects censored (%)	Median (95 % CI) (months) [a]	n	No. of subjects with events (%)	No. of subjects censored (%)	Median (95 % CI) (months) [a]	n	Hazard Ratio (95 % CI) [b]	Unstratified log-rank p-value [c]	P-value [d]		
AML Cytogenetic Risk Score												0.4276		
Favorable	13	2 (15.4)	11 (84.6)	NE (5.5, NE)	19	11 (57.9)	8 (42.1)	4.0 (1.4, NE)	19	0.251 (0.056, 1.135)	0.0515			
Intermediate	195	68 (34.9)	127 (65.1)	21.5 (10.7, 31.4)	190	72 (37.9)	118 (62.1)	7.8 (5.2, 35.0)	190	0.796 (0.571, 1.110)	0.1772			
Unfavorable	19	7 (36.8)	12 (63.2)	19.4 (2.0, NE)	27	12 (44.4)	15 (55.6)	7.5 (2.0, NE)	27	0.736 (0.283, 1.916)	0.5257			
Unknown	38	14 (36.8)	24 (63.2)	34.3 (5.6, NE)	31	13 (41.9)	18 (58.1)	6.6 (3.5, NE)	31	0.825 (0.379, 1.797)	0.6319			

N: number of subjects in analysis set; n: number of subjects in subgroup category; %: proportion of number of subjects in n; CI: confidence interval; NE: not estimable. PT: Preferred Term, SOC: System Organ Class.

[a] Median time to first event is from Kaplan-Meier estimate. Confidence Interval for median was computed using the Brookmeyer-Crowley method.

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[c] Two-sided p-value from unstratified log-rank test.

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Medizinischer Nutzen, medizinischer Zusatznutzen, Patientengruppen mit therap. bedeutsamem Zusatznutzen

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SOC: Musculoskeletal and connective tissue disorders; PT: Any PT

		Quizartinib (N=265)					Placebo (N=268)					Quizartinib vs Placebo		Interaction
Subgroup	n	No. of subjects with events (%)	No. of subjects censored (%)	Median (95 % CI) (months) [a]	n	No. of subjects with events (%)	No. of subjects censored (%)	Median (95 % CI) (months) [a]	Hazard Ratio (95 % CI) [b]	Unstratified log-rank p-value [c]	P-value [d]			
ECOG Performance Status at Baseline												0.2017		
0 - Fully Active	87	31 (35.6)	56 (64.4)	22.0 (8.9, NE)	97	32 (33.0)	65 (67.0)	NE (6.4, NE)	1.049 (0.640, 1.719)	0.8500				
1 - Restricted in Physically Strenuous Activity	133	45 (33.8)	88 (66.2)	27.9 (13.0, NE)	134	61 (45.5)	73 (54.5)	5.2 (3.7, 6.6)	0.562 (0.380, 0.832)	0.0036				
2 - Ambulatory and Capable of All Selfcare	45	15 (33.3)	30 (66.7)	10.7 (4.7, NE)	36	14 (38.9)	22 (61.1)	7.8 (1.9, NE)	0.825 (0.396, 1.722)	0.6048				

N: number of subjects in analysis set; n: number of subjects in subgroup category; %: proportion of number of subjects in n; CI: confidence interval; NE: not estimable. PT: Preferred Term, SOC: System Organ Class.

[a] Median time to first event is from Kaplan-Meier estimate. Confidence Interval for median was computed using the Brookmeyer-Crowley method.

[b] Hazard ratio is from unstratified Cox proportional hazards model with treatment as the only categorical variable in the model. Confidence limits are based on the Wald test.

[c] Two-sided p-value from unstratified log-rank test.

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SOC: Musculoskeletal and connective tissue disorders; PT: Any PT

		Quizartinib (N=265)					Placebo (N=268)					Quizartinib vs Placebo		Interaction
Subgroup	n	No. of subjects with events (%)	No. of subjects censored (%)	Median (95 % CI) (months) [a]	n	No. of subjects with events (%)	No. of subjects censored (%)	Median (95 % CI) (months) [a]	n	Hazard Ratio (95 % CI) [b]	Unstratified log-rank p-value [c]	P-value [d]		
FLT3-ITD category at Baseline												0.8824		
≥3 to ≤25%	94	32 (34.0)	62 (66.0)	23.2 (10.7, NE)	98	42 (42.9)	56 (57.1)	6.5 (4.0, 23.5)	98	0.674 (0.425, 1.070)	0.0930			
>25% to ≤50%	141	50 (35.5)	91 (64.5)	20.6 (8.9, NE)	136	56 (41.2)	80 (58.8)	6.4 (4.4, 29.0)	136	0.802 (0.546, 1.176)	0.2580			
>50%	29	9 (31.0)	20 (69.0)	NE (4.5, NE)	34	10 (29.4)	24 (70.6)	35.0 (5.2, NE)	34	0.919 (0.359, 2.352)	0.8566			

N: number of subjects in analysis set; n: number of subjects in subgroup category; %: proportion of number of subjects in n; CI: confidence interval; NE: not estimable. PT: Preferred Term, SOC: System Organ Class.

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SOC: Musculoskeletal and connective tissue disorders; PT: Any PT

Subgroup	n	Quizartinib (N=265)					Placebo (N=268)					Quizartinib vs Placebo		Interaction
		No. of subjects with events (%)	No. of subjects censored (%)	Median (95 % CI) [a]	n	No. of subjects with events (%)	No. of subjects censored (%)	Median (95 % CI) [a]	Hazard Ratio (95 % CI) [b]	Unstratified log-rank p-value [c]	P-value [d]			
AML with Mutated NPM1													0.4008	
Yes	139	49 (35.3)	90 (64.7)	23.2 (13.0, NE)	137	63 (46.0)	74 (54.0)	6.5 (4.9, 23.5)	0.633 (0.434, 0.923)	0.0164				
No	116	39 (33.6)	77 (66.4)	19.4 (6.7, NE)	120	44 (36.7)	76 (63.3)	6.4 (3.7, NE)	0.824 (0.534, 1.269)	0.3788				

N: number of subjects in analysis set; n: number of subjects in subgroup category; %: proportion of number of subjects in n; CI: confidence interval; NE: not estimable. PT: Preferred Term, SOC: System Organ Class.

[a] Median time to first event is from Kaplan-Meier estimate. Confidence Interval for median was computed using the Brookmeyer-Crowley method.

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SOC: Musculoskeletal and connective tissue disorders; PT: Any PT

Subgroup	n	Quizartinib (N=265)					Placebo (N=268)					Quizartinib vs Placebo		Interaction
		No. of subjects with events (%)	No. of subjects censored (%)	Median (95 % CI) [a]	n	No. of subjects with events (%)	No. of subjects censored (%)	Median (95 % CI) [a]	n	Hazard Ratio (95 % CI) [b]	Unstratified log-rank p-value [c]	P-value [d]		
Age by 2 categories												0.0186		
≤60	164	64 (39.0)	100 (61.0)	19.4 (8.0, NE)	163	61 (37.4)	102 (62.6)	11.0 (4.9, NE)	163	0.984 (0.692, 1.398)	0.9280			
>60	101	27 (26.7)	74 (73.3)	31.4 (13.0, NE)	105	47 (44.8)	58 (55.2)	5.6 (4.5, 7.9)	105	0.412 (0.252, 0.676)	0.0003			

N: number of subjects in analysis set; n: number of subjects in subgroup category; %: proportion of number of subjects in n; CI: confidence interval; NE: not estimable. PT: Preferred Term, SOC: System Organ Class.

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[c] Two-sided p-value from unstratified log-rank test.

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SOC: Musculoskeletal and connective tissue disorders; PT: Arthralgia

		Quizartinib (N=265)				Placebo (N=268)				Quizartinib vs Placebo		Interaction	
Subgroup	n	No. of subjects with events (%)	No. of subjects censored (%)	Median (95 % CI) (months) [a]	n	No. of subjects with events (%)	No. of subjects censored (%)	Median (95 % CI) (months) [a]	Hazard Ratio (95 % CI) [b]	Unstratified log-rank p-value [c]	P-value [d]		
Pooled Age Group 2											0.7394		
<60	159	23 (14.5)	136 (85.5)	NE (NE, NE)	160	18 (11.3)	142 (88.8)	NE (NE, NE)	1.092 (0.589, 2.027)	0.7798			
≥60 - <65	37	0	37 (100)	NE (NE, NE)	43	8 (18.6)	35 (81.4)	30.2 (10.1, NE)	0.000 (0.000, NE)	0.0012			
≥65	69	6 (8.7)	63 (91.3)	NE (NE, NE)	65	9 (13.8)	56 (86.2)	NE (NE, NE)	0.666 (0.237, 1.871)	0.4364			

N: number of subjects in analysis set; n: number of subjects in subgroup category; %: proportion of number of subjects in n; CI: confidence interval; NE: not estimable. PT: Preferred Term, SOC: System Organ Class.

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SOC: Musculoskeletal and connective tissue disorders; PT: Arthralgia

Subgroup	n	Quizartinib (N=265)					Placebo (N=268)					Quizartinib vs Placebo		Interaction
		No. of subjects with events (%)	No. of subjects censored (%)	Median (95 % CI) (months) [a]	n	No. of subjects with events (%)	No. of subjects censored (%)	Median (95 % CI) (months) [a]	Hazard Ratio (95 % CI) [b]	Unstratified log-rank p-value [c]	P-value [d]			
Sex														0.2883
Male	124	17 (13.7)	107 (86.3)	NE (35.0, NE)	120	15 (12.5)	105 (87.5)	NE (28.3, NE)	0.943 (0.470, 1.893)	0.8696				
Female	141	12 (8.5)	129 (91.5)	NE (NE, NE)	148	20 (13.5)	128 (86.5)	NE (NE, NE)	0.561 (0.274, 1.148)	0.1081				

N: number of subjects in analysis set; n: number of subjects in subgroup category; %: proportion of number of subjects in n; CI: confidence interval; NE: not estimable. PT: Preferred Term, SOC: System Organ Class.

[a] Median time to first event is from Kaplan-Meier estimate. Confidence Interval for median was computed using the Brookmeyer-Crowley method.

[b] Hazard ratio is from unstratified Cox proportional hazards model with treatment as the only categorical variable in the model. Confidence limits are based on the Wald test.

[c] Two-sided p-value from unstratified log-rank test.

[d] Two-sided interaction p-value is for the interaction term from unstratified Cox proportional hazards model with treatment, subgroup, and treatment-by-subgroup interaction as categorical variables in the model. The p-value is based on the Wald test.

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Run date: 21JUL2023 – 22:02; Program name: DE_T_3_11_2.sas; Output name: DE_T_3_11_2_TEAESOCPT_SUB_SAS.rtf

Medizinischer Nutzen, medizinischer Zusatznutzen, Patientengruppen mit therap. bedeutsamem Zusatznutzen

Daiichi Sankyo | Data Intelligence – Evidence Generation | Final | AC220-A-U302 QUANTUM-First (DCO 13 Aug 2021) | Statistical analyses for AMNOG (HTA Germany)
 Table 3.11.2 Treatment-emergent adverse events by system organ class (SOC) and preferred term (PT) observed for ≥ 10 patients in at least one arm and ≥ 1% of the patients in at least one arm - Time-to-event analysis - subgroup analysis - DCO 13-Aug-2021 - Safety Analysis Set

SOC: Musculoskeletal and connective tissue disorders; PT: Arthralgia

		Quizartinib (N=265)				Placebo (N=268)				Quizartinib vs Placebo		Interaction
Subgroup	n	No. of subjects with events (%)	No. of subjects censored (%)	Median (95 % CI) (months) [a]	n	No. of subjects with events (%)	No. of subjects censored (%)	Median (95 % CI) (months) [a]	Hazard Ratio (95 % CI) [b]	Unstratified log-rank p-value [c]	P-value [d]	
Race by 2 categories											0.6685	
White	157	16 (10.2)	141 (89.8)	NE (NE, NE)	161	21 (13.0)	140 (87.0)	NE (NE, NE)	0.686 (0.357, 1.317)	0.2540		
Non-white	108	13 (12.0)	95 (88.0)	NE (NE, NE)	107	14 (13.1)	93 (86.9)	NE (28.3, NE)	0.810 (0.380, 1.725)	0.5836		

N: number of subjects in analysis set; n: number of subjects in subgroup category; %: proportion of number of subjects in n; CI: confidence interval; NE: not estimable. PT: Preferred Term, SOC: System Organ Class.

[a] Median time to first event is from Kaplan-Meier estimate. Confidence Interval for median was computed using the Brookmeyer-Crowley method.

[b] Hazard ratio is from unstratified Cox proportional hazards model with treatment as the only categorical variable in the model. Confidence limits are based on the Wald test.

[c] Two-sided p-value from unstratified log-rank test.

[d] Two-sided interaction p-value is for the interaction term from unstratified Cox proportional hazards model with treatment, subgroup, and treatment-by-subgroup interaction as categorical variables in the model. The p-value is based on the Wald test.

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SOC: Musculoskeletal and connective tissue disorders; PT: Arthralgia

		Quizartinib (N=265)					Placebo (N=268)					Quizartinib vs Placebo		Interaction
Subgroup	n	No. of subjects with events (%)	No. of subjects censored (%)	Median (95 % CI) (months) [a]	n	No. of subjects with events (%)	No. of subjects censored (%)	Median (95 % CI) (months) [a]	Hazard Ratio (95 % CI) [b]	Unstratified log-rank p-value [c]	P-value [d]			
Geographic Region 1													0.7126	
North America	16	2 (12.5)	14 (87.5)	19.2 (19.2, NE)	18	3 (16.7)	15 (83.3)	NE (5.5, NE)	1.228 (0.198, 7.610)	0.8248				
Europe	161	16 (9.9)	145 (90.1)	NE (NE, NE)	161	21 (13.0)	140 (87.0)	NE (NE, NE)	0.639 (0.333, 1.228)	0.1744				
Asia/Other Regions	88	11 (12.5)	77 (87.5)	NE (NE, NE)	89	11 (12.4)	78 (87.6)	NE (28.3, NE)	0.884 (0.382, 2.043)	0.7735				

N: number of subjects in analysis set; n: number of subjects in subgroup category; %: proportion of number of subjects in n; CI: confidence interval; NE: not estimable. PT: Preferred Term, SOC: System Organ Class.

[a] Median time to first event is from Kaplan-Meier estimate. Confidence Interval for median was computed using the Brookmeyer-Crowley method.

[b] Hazard ratio is from unstratified Cox proportional hazards model with treatment as the only categorical variable in the model. Confidence limits are based on the Wald test.

[c] Two-sided p-value from unstratified log-rank test.

[d] Two-sided interaction p-value is for the interaction term from unstratified Cox proportional hazards model with treatment, subgroup, and treatment-by-subgroup interaction as categorical variables in the model. The p-value is based on the Wald test.

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SOC: Musculoskeletal and connective tissue disorders; PT: Arthralgia

Subgroup	n	Quizartinib (N=265)				Placebo (N=268)				Quizartinib vs Placebo		Interaction
		No. of subjects with events (%)	No. of subjects censored (%)	Median (95 % CI) (months) [a]	n	No. of subjects with events (%)	No. of subjects censored (%)	Median (95 % CI) (months) [a]	n	Hazard Ratio (95 % CI) [b]	Unstratified log-rank p-value [c]	P-value [d]
WBC at initial diagnosis											0.3218	
< 40x10 ⁹ /L	132	14 (10.6)	118 (89.4)	NE (NE, NE)	133	15 (11.3)	118 (88.7)	NE (NE, NE)	135	0.943 (0.455, 1.955)	0.8748	
≥ 40x10 ⁹ /L	133	15 (11.3)	118 (88.7)	NE (35.0, NE)	135	20 (14.8)	115 (85.2)	NE (26.5, NE)	135	0.556 (0.284, 1.091)	0.0833	

N: number of subjects in analysis set; n: number of subjects in subgroup category; %: proportion of number of subjects in n; CI: confidence interval; NE: not estimable. PT: Preferred Term, SOC: System Organ Class.

[a] Median time to first event is from Kaplan-Meier estimate. Confidence Interval for median was computed using the Brookmeyer-Crowley method.

[b] Hazard ratio is from unstratified Cox proportional hazards model with treatment as the only categorical variable in the model. Confidence limits are based on the Wald test.

[c] Two-sided p-value from unstratified log-rank test.

[d] Two-sided interaction p-value is for the interaction term from unstratified Cox proportional hazards model with treatment, subgroup, and treatment-by-subgroup interaction as categorical variables in the model. The p-value is based on the Wald test.

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SOC: Musculoskeletal and connective tissue disorders; PT: Arthralgia

		Quizartinib (N=265)				Placebo (N=268)				Quizartinib vs Placebo		Interaction
Subgroup	n	No. of subjects with events (%)	No. of subjects censored (%)	Median (95 % CI) (months) [a]	n	No. of subjects with events (%)	No. of subjects censored (%)	Median (95 % CI) (months) [a]	Hazard Ratio (95 % CI) [b]	Unstratified log-rank p-value [c]	P-value [d]	
Choice of Anthracycline											0.8903	
Daunorubicin	123	14 (11.4)	109 (88.6)	NE (NE, NE)	94	12 (12.8)	82 (87.2)	NE (30.2, NE)	0.762 (0.352, 1.653)	0.4896		
Idarubicin	142	15 (10.6)	127 (89.4)	NE (NE, NE)	171	23 (13.5)	148 (86.5)	NE (NE, NE)	0.685 (0.357, 1.314)	0.2516		

N: number of subjects in analysis set; n: number of subjects in subgroup category; %: proportion of number of subjects in n; CI: confidence interval; NE: not estimable. PT: Preferred Term, SOC: System Organ Class.

[a] Median time to first event is from Kaplan-Meier estimate. Confidence Interval for median was computed using the Brookmeyer-Crowley method.

[b] Hazard ratio is from unstratified Cox proportional hazards model with treatment as the only categorical variable in the model. Confidence limits are based on the Wald test.

[c] Two-sided p-value from unstratified log-rank test.

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SOC: Musculoskeletal and connective tissue disorders; PT: Arthralgia

		Quizartinib (N=265)					Placebo (N=268)					Quizartinib vs Placebo		Interaction
Subgroup	n	No. of subjects with events (%)	No. of subjects censored (%)	Median (95 % CI) (months) [a]	n	No. of subjects with events (%)	No. of subjects censored (%)	Median (95 % CI) (months) [a]		Hazard Ratio (95 % CI) [b]	Unstratified log-rank p-value [c]	P-value [d]		
AML Cytogenetic Risk Score												0.8072		
Favorable	13	1 (7.7)	12 (92.3)	NE (NE, NE)	19	3 (15.8)	16 (84.2)	NE (NE, NE)		0.537 (0.056, 5.180)	0.5850			
Intermediate	195	25 (12.8)	170 (87.2)	NE (NE, NE)	190	22 (11.6)	168 (88.4)	NE (NE, NE)		0.941 (0.530, 1.671)	0.8350			
Unfavorable	19	0	19 (100)	NE (NE, NE)	27	5 (18.5)	22 (81.5)	22.5 (22.5, NE)		0.000 (0.000, NE)	0.0289			
Unknown	38	3 (7.9)	35 (92.1)	NE (NE, NE)	31	5 (16.1)	26 (83.9)	NE (12.5, NE)		0.432 (0.102, 1.825)	0.2406			

N: number of subjects in analysis set; n: number of subjects in subgroup category; %: proportion of number of subjects in n; CI: confidence interval; NE: not estimable. PT: Preferred Term, SOC: System Organ Class.

[a] Median time to first event is from Kaplan-Meier estimate. Confidence Interval for median was computed using the Brookmeyer-Crowley method.

[b] Hazard ratio is from unstratified Cox proportional hazards model with treatment as the only categorical variable in the model. Confidence limits are based on the Wald test.

[c] Two-sided p-value from unstratified log-rank test.

[d] Two-sided interaction p-value is for the interaction term from unstratified Cox proportional hazards model with treatment, subgroup, and treatment-by-subgroup interaction as categorical variables in the model. The p-value is based on the Wald test.

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SOC: Musculoskeletal and connective tissue disorders; PT: Arthralgia

		Quizartinib (N=265)				Placebo (N=268)				Quizartinib vs Placebo		Interaction
Subgroup	n	No. of subjects with events (%)	No. of subjects censored (%)	Median (95 % CI) (months) [a]	n	No. of subjects with events (%)	No. of subjects censored (%)	Median (95 % CI) (months) [a]	Hazard Ratio (95 % CI) [b]	Unstratified log-rank p-value [c]	P-value [d]	
ECOG Performance Status at Baseline											0.8871	
0 - Fully Active	87	8 (9.2)	79 (90.8)	NE (NE, NE)	97	12 (12.4)	85 (87.6)	NE (NE, NE)	0.670 (0.274, 1.642)	0.3782		
1 - Restricted in Physically Strenuous Activity	133	15 (11.3)	118 (88.7)	NE (NE, NE)	134	19 (14.2)	115 (85.8)	NE (28.3, NE)	0.706 (0.358, 1.390)	0.3103		
2 - Ambulatory and Capable of All Selfcare	45	6 (13.3)	39 (86.7)	NE (20.7, NE)	36	4 (11.1)	32 (88.9)	NE (NE, NE)	0.902 (0.250, 3.259)	0.8753		

N: number of subjects in analysis set; n: number of subjects in subgroup category; %: proportion of number of subjects in n; CI: confidence interval; NE: not estimable. PT: Preferred Term, SOC: System Organ Class.

[a] Median time to first event is from Kaplan-Meier estimate. Confidence Interval for median was computed using the Brookmeyer-Crowley method.

[b] Hazard ratio is from unstratified Cox proportional hazards model with treatment as the only categorical variable in the model. Confidence limits are based on the Wald test.

[c] Two-sided p-value is for the interaction term from unstratified log-rank test.

[d] Two-sided interaction p-value is for the interaction term from unstratified Cox proportional hazards model with treatment, subgroup, and treatment-by-subgroup interaction as categorical variables in the model. The p-value is based on the Wald test.

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SOC: Musculoskeletal and connective tissue disorders; PT: Arthralgia

		Quizartinib (N=265)					Placebo (N=268)					Quizartinib vs Placebo		Interaction
Subgroup	n	No. of subjects with events (%)	No. of subjects censored (%)	Median (95 % CI) (months) [a]	n	No. of subjects with events (%)	No. of subjects censored (%)	Median (95 % CI) (months) [a]	n	Hazard Ratio (95 % CI) [b]	Unstratified log-rank p-value [c]	P-value [d]		
FLT3-ITD category at Baseline												0.9925		
≥3 to ≤25%	94	12 (12.8)	82 (87.2)	NE (35.0, NE)	98	16 (16.3)	82 (83.7)	NE (30.2, NE)	98	0.721 (0.341, 1.525)	0.3897			
>25% to ≤50%	141	15 (10.6)	126 (89.4)	NE (NE, NE)	136	17 (12.5)	119 (87.5)	NE (28.3, NE)	136	0.756 (0.377, 1.516)	0.4286			
>50%	29	2 (6.9)	27 (93.1)	NE (NE, NE)	34	2 (5.9)	32 (94.1)	NE (NE, NE)	34	0.841 (0.118, 5.988)	0.8622			

N: number of subjects in analysis set; n: number of subjects in subgroup category; %: proportion of number of subjects in n; CI: confidence interval; NE: not estimable. PT: Preferred Term, SOC: System Organ Class.

[a] Median time to first event is from Kaplan-Meier estimate. Confidence Interval for median was computed using the Brookmeyer-Crowley method.

[b] Hazard ratio is from unstratified Cox proportional hazards model with treatment as the only categorical variable in the model. Confidence limits are based on the Wald test.

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SOC: Musculoskeletal and connective tissue disorders; PT: Arthralgia

Subgroup	n	Quizartinib (N=265)				Placebo (N=268)				Quizartinib vs Placebo		Interaction
		No. of subjects with events (%)	No. of subjects censored (%)	Median (95 % CI) (months) [a]	n	No. of subjects with events (%)	No. of subjects censored (%)	Median (95 % CI) (months) [a]	n	Hazard Ratio (95 % CI) [b]	Unstratified log-rank p-value [c]	P-value [d]
AML with Mutated NPM1											0.6175	
Yes	139	13 (9.4)	126 (90.6)	NE (NE, NE)	137	19 (13.9)	118 (86.1)	NE (NE, NE)	120	0.600 (0.296, 1.217)	0.1516	
No	116	15 (12.9)	101 (87.1)	NE (35.0, NE)	120	16 (13.3)	104 (86.7)	NE (22.5, NE)	120	0.791 (0.390, 1.606)	0.5159	

N: number of subjects in analysis set; n: number of subjects in subgroup category; %: proportion of number of subjects in n; CI: confidence interval; NE: not estimable. PT: Preferred Term, SOC: System Organ Class.

[a] Median time to first event is from Kaplan-Meier estimate. Confidence Interval for median was computed using the Brookmeyer-Crowley method.

[b] Hazard ratio is from unstratified Cox proportional hazards model with treatment as the only categorical variable in the model. Confidence limits are based on the Wald test.

[c] Two-sided p-value from unstratified log-rank test.

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SOC: Musculoskeletal and connective tissue disorders; PT: Arthralgia

Subgroup	n	Quizartinib (N=265)				Placebo (N=268)				Quizartinib vs Placebo		Interaction
		No. of subjects with events (%)	No. of subjects censored (%)	Median (95 % CI) (months) [a]	n	No. of subjects with events (%)	No. of subjects censored (%)	Median (95 % CI) (months) [a]	n	Hazard Ratio (95 % CI) [b]	Unstratified log-rank p-value [c]	P-value [d]
Age by 2 categories												0.0460
≤60	164	23 (14.0)	141 (86.0)	NE (NE, NE)	163	18 (11.0)	145 (89.0)	NE (NE, NE)	1069	(0.576, 1.985)	0.8323	
>60	101	6 (5.9)	95 (94.1)	NE (NE, NE)	105	17 (16.2)	88 (83.8)	NE (28.3, NE)	0.344	(0.136, 0.874)	0.0187	

N: number of subjects in analysis set; n: number of subjects in subgroup category; %: proportion of number of subjects in n; CI: confidence interval; NE: not estimable. PT: Preferred Term, SOC: System Organ Class.

[a] Median time to first event is from Kaplan-Meier estimate. Confidence Interval for median was computed using the Brookmeyer-Crowley method.

[b] Hazard ratio is from unstratified Cox proportional hazards model with treatment as the only categorical variable in the model. Confidence limits are based on the Wald test.

[c] Two-sided p-value from unstratified log-rank test.

[d] Two-sided interaction p-value is for the interaction term from unstratified Cox proportional hazards model with treatment, subgroup, and treatment-by-subgroup interaction as categorical variables in the model. The p-value is based on the Wald test.

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SOC: Musculoskeletal and connective tissue disorders; PT: Back pain

Subgroup	n	Quizartinib (N=265)				Placebo (N=268)				Quizartinib vs Placebo		Interaction
		No. of subjects with events (%)	No. of subjects censored (%)	Median (95 % CI) (months) [a]	n	No. of subjects with events (%)	No. of subjects censored (%)	Median (95 % CI) (months) [a]	n	Hazard Ratio (95 % CI) [b]	Unstratified log-rank p-value [c]	P-value [d]
Pooled Age Group 2											0.1254	
<60	159	14 (8.8)	145 (91.2)	NE (NE, NE)	160	13 (8.1)	147 (91.9)	NE (NE, NE)	160	1.009 (0.473, 2.151)	0.9814	
≥60 - <65	37	3 (8.1)	34 (91.9)	NE (NE, NE)	43	4 (9.3)	39 (90.7)	NE (10.8, NE)	43	0.721 (0.159, 3.266)	0.6695	
≥65	69	2 (2.9)	67 (97.1)	NE (NE, NE)	65	11 (16.9)	54 (83.1)	NE (34.0, NE)	65	0.170 (0.038, 0.766)	0.0088	

N: number of subjects in analysis set; n: number of subjects in subgroup category; %: proportion of number of subjects in n; CI: confidence interval; NE: not estimable. PT: Preferred Term, SOC: System Organ Class.

[a] Median time to first event is from Kaplan-Meier estimate. Confidence Interval for median was computed using the Brookmeyer-Crowley method.

[b] Hazard ratio is from unstratified Cox proportional hazards model with treatment as the only categorical variable in the model. Confidence limits are based on the Wald test.

[c] Two-sided p-value from unstratified log-rank test.

[d] Two-sided interaction p-value is for the interaction term from unstratified Cox proportional hazards model with treatment, subgroup, and treatment-by-subgroup interaction as categorical variables in the model. The p-value is based on the Wald test.

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Run date: 21JUL2023 – 22:02; Program name: DE_T_3_11_2.sas; Output name: DE_T_3_11_2_TEAESOCPT_SUB_SAS.rtf

Medizinischer Nutzen, medizinischer Zusatznutzen, Patientengruppen mit therap. bedeutsamem Zusatznutzen

Daichi Sankyo | Data Intelligence – Evidence Generation | Final | AC220-A-U302 QUANTUM-First (DCO 13 Aug 2021) | Statistical analyses for AMNOG (HTA Germany)
 Table 3.11.2 Treatment-emergent adverse events by system organ class (SOC) and preferred term (PT) observed for ≥ 10 patients in at least one arm and ≥ 1% of the patients in at least one arm - Time-to-event analysis - subgroup analysis - DCO 13-Aug-2021 - Safety Analysis Set

SOC: Musculoskeletal and connective tissue disorders; PT: Back pain

Subgroup	n	Quizartinib (N=265)				Placebo (N=268)				Quizartinib vs Placebo		Interaction
		No. of subjects with events (%)	No. of subjects censored (%)	Median (95 % CI) (months) [a]	n	No. of subjects with events (%)	No. of subjects censored (%)	Median (95 % CI) (months) [a]	n	Hazard Ratio (95 % CI) [b]	Unstratified log-rank p-value [c]	P-value [d]
Sex												0.7958
Male	124	10 (8.1)	114 (91.9)	NE (NE, NE)	120	15 (12.5)	105 (87.5)	NE (NE, NE)	120	0.619 (0.278, 1.380)	0.2368	
Female	141	9 (6.4)	132 (93.6)	NE (NE, NE)	148	13 (8.8)	135 (91.2)	NE (NE, NE)	148	0.644 (0.275, 1.509)	0.3072	

N: number of subjects in analysis set; n: number of subjects in subgroup category; %: proportion of number of subjects in n; CI: confidence interval; NE: not estimable. PT: Preferred Term, SOC: System Organ Class.

[a] Median time to first event is from Kaplan-Meier estimate. Confidence Interval for median was computed using the Brookmeyer-Crowley method.

[b] Hazard ratio is from unstratified Cox proportional hazards model with treatment as the only categorical variable in the model. Confidence limits are based on the Wald test.

[c] Two-sided p-value from unstratified log-rank test.

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SOC: Musculoskeletal and connective tissue disorders; PT: Back pain

		Quizartinib (N=265)				Placebo (N=268)				Quizartinib vs Placebo		Interaction
Subgroup	n	No. of subjects with events (%)	No. of subjects censored (%)	Median (95 % CI) (months) [a]	n	No. of subjects with events (%)	No. of subjects censored (%)	Median (95 % CI) (months) [a]	Hazard Ratio (95 % CI) [b]	Unstratified log-rank p-value [c]	P-value [d]	
Race by 2 categories											0.2007	
White	157	8 (5.1)	149 (94.9)	NE (NE, NE)	161	17 (10.6)	144 (89.4)	NE (NE, NE)	0.440 (0.189, 1.022)	0.0496		
Non-white	108	11 (10.2)	97 (89.8)	NE (NE, NE)	107	11 (10.3)	96 (89.7)	NE (NE, NE)	0.929 (0.402, 2.147)	0.8649		

N: number of subjects in analysis set; n: number of subjects in subgroup category; %: proportion of number of subjects in n; CI: confidence interval; NE: not estimable. PT: Preferred Term, SOC: System Organ Class.

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SOC: Musculoskeletal and connective tissue disorders; PT: Back pain

		Quizartinib (N=265)					Placebo (N=268)					Quizartinib vs Placebo		Interaction
Subgroup	n	No. of subjects with events (%)	No. of subjects censored (%)	Median (95 % CI) (months) [a]	n	No. of subjects with events (%)	No. of subjects censored (%)	Median (95 % CI) (months) [a]	Hazard Ratio (95 % CI) [b]	Unstratified log-rank p-value [c]	P-value [d]			
Geographic Region 1													0.7303	
North America	16	1 (6.3)	15 (93.8)	NE (12.1, NE)	18	3 (16.7)	15 (83.3)	NE (7.9, NE)	0.557 (0.057, 5.486)	0.6113				
Europe	161	8 (5.0)	153 (95.0)	NE (NE, NE)	161	14 (8.7)	147 (91.3)	NE (NE, NE)	0.527 (0.221, 1.259)	0.1424				
Asia/Other Regions	88	10 (11.4)	78 (88.6)	NE (NE, NE)	89	11 (12.4)	78 (87.6)	NE (NE, NE)	0.822 (0.348, 1.941)	0.6556				

N: number of subjects in analysis set; n: number of subjects in subgroup category; %: proportion of number of subjects in n; CI: confidence interval; NE: not estimable. PT: Preferred Term, SOC: System Organ Class.

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[b] Hazard ratio is from unstratified Cox proportional hazards model with treatment as the only categorical variable in the model. Confidence limits are based on the Wald test.

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SOC: Musculoskeletal and connective tissue disorders; PT: Back pain

Subgroup	n	Quizartinib (N=265)				Placebo (N=268)				Quizartinib vs Placebo		Interaction
		No. of subjects with events (%)	No. of subjects censored (%)	Median (95 % CI) (months) [a]	n	No. of subjects with events (%)	No. of subjects censored (%)	Median (95 % CI) (months) [a]	n	Hazard Ratio (95 % CI) [b]	Unstratified log-rank p-value [c]	P-value [d]
WBC at initial diagnosis											0.8073	
< 40x10 ⁹ /L	132	6 (4.5)	126 (95.5)	NE (NE, NE)	133	11 (8.3)	122 (91.7)	NE (NE, NE)		0.572 (0.211, 1.548)	0.2657	
≥ 40x10 ⁹ /L	133	13 (9.8)	120 (90.2)	NE (NE, NE)	135	17 (12.6)	118 (87.4)	NE (34.0, NE)		0.633 (0.306, 1.307)	0.2124	

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SOC: Musculoskeletal and connective tissue disorders; PT: Back pain

		Quizartinib (N=265)				Placebo (N=268)				Quizartinib vs Placebo		Interaction
Subgroup	n	No. of subjects with events (%)	No. of subjects censored (%)	Median (95 % CI) (months) [a]	n	No. of subjects with events (%)	No. of subjects censored (%)	Median (95 % CI) (months) [a]	Hazard Ratio (95 % CI) [b]	Unstratified log-rank p-value [c]	P-value [d]	
Choice of Anthracycline											0.4530	
Daunorubicin	123	7 (5.7)	116 (94.3)	NE (NE, NE)	94	5 (5.3)	89 (94.7)	NE (NE, NE)	0.965 (0.305, 3.054)	0.9524		
Idarubicin	142	12 (8.5)	130 (91.5)	NE (NE, NE)	171	23 (13.5)	148 (86.5)	NE (NE, NE)	0.580 (0.288, 1.168)	0.1221		

N: number of subjects in analysis set; n: number of subjects in subgroup category; %: proportion of number of subjects in n; CI: confidence interval; NE: not estimable. PT: Preferred Term, SOC: System Organ Class.

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SOC: Musculoskeletal and connective tissue disorders; PT: Back pain

Subgroup	n	Quizartinib (N=265)				Placebo (N=268)				Quizartinib vs Placebo		Interaction
		No. of subjects with events (%)	No. of subjects censored (%)	Median (95 % CI) (months) [a]	n	No. of subjects with events (%)	No. of subjects censored (%)	Median (95 % CI) (months) [a]	n	Hazard Ratio (95 % CI) [b]	Unstratified log-rank p-value [c]	P-value [d]
AML Cytogenetic Risk Score											0.8493	
Favorable	13	0	13 (100)	NE (NE, NE)	19	3 (15.8)	16 (84.2)	NE (7.9, NE)	19	0.000 (0.000, NE)	0.3472	
Intermediate	195	13 (6.7)	182 (93.3)	NE (NE, NE)	190	18 (9.5)	172 (90.5)	NE (NE, NE)	190	0.622 (0.304, 1.273)	0.1895	
Unfavorable	19	3 (15.8)	16 (84.2)	NE (4.8, NE)	27	3 (11.1)	24 (88.9)	NE (4.4, NE)	27	1.215 (0.238, 6.214)	0.8149	
Unknown	38	3 (7.9)	35 (92.1)	NE (NE, NE)	31	4 (12.9)	27 (87.1)	NE (NE, NE)	31	0.603 (0.134, 2.718)	0.5061	

N: number of subjects in analysis set; n: number of subjects in subgroup category; %: proportion of number of subjects in n; CI: confidence interval; NE: not estimable. PT: Preferred Term, SOC: System Organ Class.

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[c] Two-sided p-value from unstratified log-rank test.

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SOC: Musculoskeletal and connective tissue disorders; PT: Back pain

		Quizartinib (N=265)					Placebo (N=268)					Quizartinib vs Placebo		Interaction
Subgroup	n	No. of subjects with events (%)	No. of subjects censored (%)	Median (95 % CI) (months) [a]	n	No. of subjects with events (%)	No. of subjects censored (%)	Median (95 % CI) (months) [a]	Hazard Ratio (95 % CI) [b]	Unstratified log-rank p-value [c]	P-value [d]			
ECOG Performance Status at Baseline												0.1228		
0 - Fully Active	87	9 (10.3)	78 (89.7)	NE (NE, NE)	97	8 (8.2)	89 (91.8)	NE (NE, NE)	1.185 (0.457, 3.075)	0.7272				
1 - Restricted in Physically Strenuous Activity	133	6 (4.5)	127 (95.5)	NE (NE, NE)	134	17 (12.7)	117 (87.3)	NE (34.0, NE)	0.317 (0.125, 0.807)	0.0110				
2 - Ambulatory and Capable of All Selfcare	45	4 (8.9)	41 (91.1)	NE (NE, NE)	36	3 (8.3)	33 (91.7)	NE (NE, NE)	1.008 (0.220, 4.620)	0.9917				

N: number of subjects in analysis set; n: number of subjects in subgroup category; %: proportion of number of subjects in n; CI: confidence interval; NE: not estimable. PT: Preferred Term, SOC: System Organ Class.

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Subgroup	n	No. of subjects with events (%)	No. of subjects censored (%)	Median (95 % CI) (months) [a]	n	No. of subjects with events (%)	No. of subjects censored (%)	Median (95 % CI) (months) [a]	Hazard Ratio (95 % CI) [b]	Unstratified log-rank p-value [c]	P-value [d]	
FLT3-ITD category at Baseline											0.7563	
≥3 to ≤25%	94	7 (7.4)	87 (92.6)	NE (NE, NE)	98	8 (8.2)	90 (91.8)	NE (NE, NE)	0.858 (0.310, 2.371)	0.7670		
>25% to ≤50%	141	11 (7.8)	130 (92.2)	NE (NE, NE)	136	18 (13.2)	118 (86.8)	NE (34.0, NE)	0.546 (0.257, 1.158)	0.1091		
>50%	29	1 (3.4)	28 (96.6)	NE (NE, NE)	34	2 (5.9)	32 (94.1)	NE (NE, NE)	0.471 (0.042, 5.222)	0.5297		

N: number of subjects in analysis set; n: number of subjects in subgroup category; %: proportion of number of subjects in n; CI: confidence interval; NE: not estimable. PT: Preferred Term, SOC: System Organ Class.

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Subgroup	n	Quizartinib (N=265)				Placebo (N=268)				Quizartinib vs Placebo		Interaction
		No. of subjects with events (%)	No. of subjects censored (%)	Median (95 % CI) (months) [a]	n	No. of subjects with events (%)	No. of subjects censored (%)	Median (95 % CI) (months) [a]	n	Hazard Ratio (95 % CI) [b]	Unstratified log-rank p-value [c]	P-value [d]
AML with Mutated NPM1											0.3327	
Yes	139	12 (8.6)	127 (91.4)	NE (NE, NE)	137	21 (15.3)	116 (84.7)	NE (NE, NE)	137	0.499 (0.245, 1.017)	0.0513	
No	116	7 (6.0)	109 (94.0)	NE (NE, NE)	120	7 (5.8)	113 (94.2)	NE (NE, NE)	120	1.011 (0.354, 2.885)	0.9850	

N: number of subjects in analysis set; n: number of subjects in subgroup category; %: proportion of number of subjects in n; CI: confidence interval; NE: not estimable. PT: Preferred Term, SOC: System Organ Class.

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Daichi Sankyo | Data Intelligence – Evidence Generation | Final | AC220-A-U302 QUANTUM-First (DCO 13 Aug 2021) | Statistical analyses for AMNOG (HTA Germany)
 Table 3.11.2 Treatment-emergent adverse events by system organ class (SOC) and preferred term (PT) observed for ≥ 10 patients in at least one arm and ≥ 1% of the patients in at least one arm - Time-to-event analysis - subgroup analysis - DCO 13-Aug-2021 - Safety Analysis Set

SOC: Musculoskeletal and connective tissue disorders; PT: Back pain

Subgroup	n	Quizartinib (N=265)				Placebo (N=268)				Quizartinib vs Placebo		Interaction
		No. of subjects with events (%)	No. of subjects censored (%)	Median (95 % CI) (months) [a]	n	No. of subjects with events (%)	No. of subjects censored (%)	Median (95 % CI) (months) [a]	n	Hazard Ratio (95 % CI) [b]	Unstratified log-rank p-value [c]	P-value [d]
Age by 2 categories											0.0415	
≤60	164	15 (9.1)	149 (90.9)	NE (NE, NE)	163	13 (8.0)	150 (92.0)	NE (NE, NE)	163	1.065 (0.506, 2.243)	0.8674	
>60	101	4 (4.0)	97 (96.0)	NE (NE, NE)	105	15 (14.3)	90 (85.7)	NE (34.0, NE)	105	0.251 (0.083, 0.758)	0.0081	

N: number of subjects in analysis set; n: number of subjects in subgroup category; %: proportion of number of subjects in n; CI: confidence interval; NE: not estimable. PT: Preferred Term, SOC: System Organ Class.

[a] Median time to first event is from Kaplan-Meier estimate. Confidence Interval for median was computed using the Brookmeyer-Crowley method.

[b] Hazard ratio is from unstratified Cox proportional hazards model with treatment as the only categorical variable in the model. Confidence limits are based on the Wald test.

[c] Two-sided p-value from unstratified log-rank test.

[d] Two-sided interaction p-value is for the interaction term from unstratified Cox proportional hazards model with treatment, subgroup, and treatment-by-subgroup interaction as categorical variables in the model. The p-value is based on the Wald test.

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SOC: Musculoskeletal and connective tissue disorders; PT: Pain in extremity

Subgroup	n	Quizartinib (N=265)				Placebo (N=268)				Quizartinib vs Placebo		Interaction
		No. of subjects with events (%)	No. of subjects censored (%)	Median (95 % CI) (months) [a]	n	No. of subjects with events (%)	No. of subjects censored (%)	Median (95 % CI) (months) [a]	n	Hazard Ratio (95 % CI) [b]	Unstratified log-rank p-value [c]	P-value [d]
Pooled Age Group 2											0.3563	
<60	159	12 (7.5)	147 (92.5)	NE (NE, NE)	160	17 (10.6)	143 (89.4)	NE (NE, NE)	160	0.613 (0.292, 1.287)	0.1923	
≥60 - <65	37	1 (2.7)	36 (97.3)	NE (31.4, NE)	43	3 (7.0)	40 (93.0)	NE (29.1, NE)	43	0.376 (0.039, 3.619)	0.3784	
≥65	69	4 (5.8)	65 (94.2)	NE (NE, NE)	65	2 (3.1)	63 (96.9)	NE (29.4, NE)	65	1.907 (0.349, 10.421)	0.4484	

N: number of subjects in analysis set; n: number of subjects in subgroup category; %: proportion of number of subjects in n; CI: confidence interval; NE: not estimable. PT: Preferred Term, SOC: System Organ Class.

[a] Median time to first event is from Kaplan-Meier estimate. Confidence Interval for median was computed using the Brookmeyer-Crowley method.

[b] Hazard ratio is from unstratified Cox proportional hazards model with treatment as the only categorical variable in the model. Confidence limits are based on the Wald test.

[c] Two-sided p-value from unstratified log-rank test.

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SOC: Musculoskeletal and connective tissue disorders; PT: Pain in extremity

Subgroup	n	Quizartinib (N=265)				Placebo (N=268)				Quizartinib vs Placebo		Interaction
		No. of subjects with events (%)	No. of subjects censored (%)	Median (95 % CI) (months) [a]	n	No. of subjects with events (%)	No. of subjects censored (%)	Median (95 % CI) (months) [a]	n	Hazard Ratio (95 % CI) [b]	Unstratified log-rank p-value [c]	P-value [d]
Sex												0.3553
Male	124	8 (6.5)	116 (93.5)	NE (NE, NE)	120	13 (10.8)	107 (89.2)	NE (NE, NE)	120	0.512 (0.211, 1.239)	0.1306	
Female	141	9 (6.4)	132 (93.6)	NE (NE, NE)	148	9 (6.1)	139 (93.9)	NE (NE, NE)	148	0.930 (0.368, 2.348)	0.8776	

N: number of subjects in analysis set; n: number of subjects in subgroup category; %: proportion of number of subjects in n; CI: confidence interval; NE: not estimable. PT: Preferred Term, SOC: System Organ Class.

[a] Median time to first event is from Kaplan-Meier estimate. Confidence Interval for median was computed using the Brookmeyer-Crowley method.

[b] Hazard ratio is from unstratified Cox proportional hazards model with treatment as the only categorical variable in the model. Confidence limits are based on the Wald test.

[c] Two-sided p-value from unstratified log-rank test.

[d] Two-sided interaction p-value is for the interaction term from unstratified Cox proportional hazards model with treatment, subgroup, and treatment-by-subgroup interaction as categorical variables in the model. The p-value is based on the Wald test.

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SOC: Musculoskeletal and connective tissue disorders; PT: Pain in extremity

Subgroup	n	Quizartinib (N=265)				Placebo (N=268)				Quizartinib vs Placebo		Interaction
		No. of subjects with events (%)	No. of subjects censored (%)	Median (95 % CI) (months) [a]	n	No. of subjects with events (%)	No. of subjects censored (%)	Median (95 % CI) (months) [a]	n	Hazard Ratio (95 % CI) [b]	Unstratified log-rank p-value [c]	P-value [d]
Race by 2 categories											0.0311	
White	157	5 (3.2)	152 (96.8)	NE (NE, NE)	161	14 (8.7)	147 (91.3)	NE (NE, NE)	107	0.309 (0.111, 0.861)	0.0176	
Non-white	108	12 (11.1)	96 (88.9)	NE (NE, NE)	107	8 (7.5)	99 (92.5)	NE (NE, NE)	107	1.409 (0.576, 3.451)	0.4505	

N: number of subjects in analysis set; n: number of subjects in subgroup category; %: proportion of number of subjects in n; CI: confidence interval; NE: not estimable. PT: Preferred Term, SOC: System Organ Class.

[a] Median time to first event is from Kaplan-Meier estimate. Confidence Interval for median was computed using the Brookmeyer-Crowley method.

[b] Hazard ratio is from unstratified Cox proportional hazards model with treatment as the only categorical variable in the model. Confidence limits are based on the Wald test.

[c] Two-sided p-value from unstratified log-rank test.

[d] Two-sided interaction p-value is for the interaction term from unstratified Cox proportional hazards model with treatment, subgroup, and treatment-by-subgroup interaction as categorical variables in the model. The p-value is based on the Wald test.

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SOC: Musculoskeletal and connective tissue disorders; PT: Pain in extremity

		Quizartinib (N=265)					Placebo (N=268)					Quizartinib vs Placebo		Interaction
Subgroup	n	No. of subjects with events (%)	No. of subjects censored (%)	Median (95 % CI) (months) [a]	n	No. of subjects with events (%)	No. of subjects censored (%)	Median (95 % CI) (months) [a]	Hazard Ratio (95 % CI) [b]	Unstratified log-rank p-value [c]	P-value [d]			
Geographic Region 1													0.2705	
North America	16	1 (6.3)	15 (93.8)	NE (NE)	18	4 (22.2)	14 (77.8)	29.4 (NE)	0.439 (0.047, 4.099)	0.4588				
Europe	161	6 (3.7)	155 (96.3)	NE (NE, NE)	161	11 (6.8)	150 (93.2)	NE (NE, NE)	0.450 (0.166, 1.221)	0.1077				
Asia/Other Regions	88	10 (11.4)	78 (88.6)	NE (NE, NE)	89	7 (7.9)	82 (92.1)	NE (NE, NE)	1.342 (0.509, 3.534)	0.5506				

N: number of subjects in analysis set; n: number of subjects in subgroup category; %: proportion of number of subjects in n; CI: confidence interval; NE: not estimable. PT: Preferred Term, SOC: System Organ Class.

[a] Median time to first event is from Kaplan-Meier estimate. Confidence Interval for median was computed using the Brookmeyer-Crowley method.

[b] Hazard ratio is from unstratified Cox proportional hazards model with treatment as the only categorical variable in the model. Confidence limits are based on the Wald test.

[c] Two-sided p-value from unstratified log-rank test.

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SOC: Musculoskeletal and connective tissue disorders; PT: Pain in extremity

Subgroup	n	Quizartinib (N=265)				Placebo (N=268)				Quizartinib vs Placebo		Interaction
		No. of subjects with events (%)	No. of subjects censored (%)	Median (95 % CI) [a]	n	No. of subjects with events (%)	No. of subjects censored (%)	Median (95 % CI) [a]	n	Hazard Ratio (95 % CI) [b]	Unstratified log-rank p-value [c]	P-value [d]
WBC at initial diagnosis											0.2987	
< 40x10 ⁹ /L	132	9 (6.8)	123 (93.2)	NE (NE, NE)	133	9 (6.8)	124 (93.2)	NE (NE, NE)	133	0.978 (0.388, 2.468)	0.9631	
≥ 40x10 ⁹ /L	133	8 (6.0)	125 (94.0)	NE (NE, NE)	135	13 (9.6)	122 (90.4)	NE (35.0, NE)	135	0.498 (0.206, 1.207)	0.1159	

N: number of subjects in analysis set; n: number of subjects in subgroup category; %: proportion of number of subjects in n; CI: confidence interval; NE: not estimable. PT: Preferred Term, SOC: System Organ Class.

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		Quizartinib (N=265)				Placebo (N=268)				Quizartinib vs Placebo		Interaction
Subgroup	n	No. of subjects with events (%)	No. of subjects censored (%)	Median (95 % CI) (months) [a]	n	No. of subjects with events (%)	No. of subjects censored (%)	Median (95 % CI) (months) [a]	Hazard Ratio (95 % CI) [b]	Unstratified log-rank p-value [c]	P-value [d]	
Choice of Anthracycline											0.8809	
Daunorubicin	123	6 (4.9)	117 (95.1)	NE (NE, NE)	94	6 (6.4)	88 (93.6)	NE (NE, NE)	0.689 (0.222, 2.142)	0.5182		
Idarubicin	142	11 (7.7)	131 (92.3)	NE (NE, NE)	171	16 (9.4)	155 (90.6)	NE (NE, NE)	0.715 (0.331, 1.545)	0.3919		

N: number of subjects in analysis set; n: number of subjects in subgroup category; %: proportion of number of subjects in n; CI: confidence interval; NE: not estimable. PT: Preferred Term, SOC: System Organ Class.

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Subgroup	n	No. of subjects with events (%)	No. of subjects censored (%)	Median (95 % CI) (months) [a]	n	No. of subjects with events (%)	No. of subjects censored (%)	Median (95 % CI) (months) [a]	CI	Hazard Ratio (95 % CI) [b]	Unstratified log-rank p-value [c]	P-value [d]		
AML Cytogenetic Risk Score												0.8496		
Favorable	13	1 (7.7)	12 (92.3)	NE (5.5, NE)	19	3 (15.8)	16 (84.2)	NE (29.1, NE)		1.037 (0.101, 10.602)	0.9756			
Intermediate	195	13 (6.7)	182 (93.3)	NE (NE, NE)	190	10 (5.3)	180 (94.7)	NE (NE, NE)		1.121 (0.491, 2.562)	0.7853			
Unfavorable	19	0	19 (100)	NE (NE, NE)	27	5 (18.5)	22 (81.5)	NE (5.2, NE)		0.000 (0.000, NE)	0.0475			
Unknown	38	3 (7.9)	35 (92.1)	NE (NE, NE)	31	4 (12.9)	27 (87.1)	NE (26.5, NE)		0.523 (0.115, 2.382)	0.3972			

N: number of subjects in analysis set; n: number of subjects in subgroup category; %: proportion of number of subjects in n; CI: confidence interval; NE: not estimable. PT: Preferred Term, SOC: System Organ Class.

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[b] Hazard ratio is from unstratified Cox proportional hazards model with treatment as the only categorical variable in the model. Confidence limits are based on the Wald test.

[c] Two-sided p-value from unstratified log-rank test.

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ECOG Performance Status at Baseline												0.8953		
0 - Fully Active	87	3 (3.4)	84 (96.6)	NE (NE, NE)	97	4 (4.1)	93 (95.9)	NE (NE, NE)	97	0.763 (0.170, 3.413)	0.7222			
1 - Restricted in Physically Strenuous Activity	133	9 (6.8)	124 (93.2)	NE (NE, NE)	134	14 (10.4)	120 (89.6)	NE (NE, NE)	134	0.578 (0.250, 1.338)	0.1950			
2 - Ambulatory and Capable of All Selfcare	45	5 (11.1)	40 (88.9)	NE (23.7, NE)	36	4 (11.1)	32 (88.9)	NE (35.0, NE)	36	0.884 (0.235, 3.324)	0.8551			

N: number of subjects in analysis set; n: number of subjects in subgroup category; %: proportion of number of subjects in n; CI: confidence interval; NE: not estimable. PT: Preferred Term, SOC: System Organ Class.

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		Quizartinib (N=265)					Placebo (N=268)					Quizartinib vs Placebo		Interaction
Subgroup	n	No. of subjects with events (%)	No. of subjects censored (%)	Median (95 % CI) (months) [a]	n	No. of subjects with events (%)	No. of subjects censored (%)	Median (95 % CI) (months) [a]	Hazard Ratio (95 % CI) [b]	Unstratified log-rank p-value [c]	P-value [d]			
FLT3-ITD category at Baseline													0.0777	
≥3 to ≤25%	94	8 (8.5)	86 (91.5)	NE (NE, NE)	98	4 (4.1)	94 (95.9)	NE (NE, NE)	2.042 (0.615, 6.785)	0.2335				
>25% to ≤50%	141	7 (5.0)	134 (95.0)	NE (NE, NE)	136	13 (9.6)	123 (90.4)	NE (NE, NE)	0.464 (0.185, 1.166)	0.0945				
>50%	29	2 (6.9)	27 (93.1)	NE (NE, NE)	34	5 (14.7)	29 (85.3)	35.0 (NE, NE)	0.414 (0.080, 2.139)	0.2771				

N: number of subjects in analysis set; n: number of subjects in subgroup category; %: proportion of number of subjects in n; CI: confidence interval; NE: not estimable. PT: Preferred Term, SOC: System Organ Class.

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[b] Hazard ratio is from unstratified Cox proportional hazards model with treatment as the only categorical variable in the model. Confidence limits are based on the Wald test.

[c] Two-sided p-value from unstratified log-rank test.

[d] Two-sided interaction p-value is for the interaction term from unstratified Cox proportional hazards model with treatment, subgroup, and treatment-by-subgroup interaction as categorical variables in the model. The p-value is based on the Wald test.

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Run date: 21JUL2023 – 22:02; Program name: DE_T_3_11_2.sas; Output name: DE_T_3_11_2_TEAESOCPT_SUB_SAS.rtf

Medizinischer Nutzen, medizinischer Zusatznutzen, Patientengruppen mit therap. bedeutsamem Zusatznutzen

Daiichi Sankyo | Data Intelligence – Evidence Generation | Final | AC220-A-U302 QUANTUM-First (DCO 13 Aug 2021) | Statistical analyses for AMNOG (HTA Germany)
 Table 3.11.2 Treatment-emergent adverse events by system organ class (SOC) and preferred term (PT) observed for ≥ 10 patients in at least one arm and ≥ 1% of the patients in at least one arm - Time-to-event analysis - subgroup analysis - DCO 13-Aug-2021 - Safety Analysis Set

SOC: Musculoskeletal and connective tissue disorders; PT: Pain in extremity

Subgroup	n	Quizartinib (N=265)				Placebo (N=268)				Quizartinib vs Placebo		Interaction
		No. of subjects with events (%)	No. of subjects censored (%)	Median (95 % CI) (months) [a]	n	No. of subjects with events (%)	No. of subjects censored (%)	Median (95 % CI) (months) [a]	n	Hazard Ratio (95 % CI) [b]	Unstratified log-rank p-value [c]	P-value [d]
AML with Mutated NPM1											0.3239	
Yes	139	8 (5.8)	131 (94.2)	NE (NE, NE)	137	14 (10.2)	123 (89.8)	NE (35.0, NE)	137	0.472 (0.197, 1.130)	0.0846	
No	116	8 (6.9)	108 (93.1)	NE (NE, NE)	120	8 (6.7)	112 (93.3)	NE (NE, NE)	120	0.908 (0.340, 2.423)	0.8479	

N: number of subjects in analysis set; n: number of subjects in subgroup category; %: proportion of number of subjects in n; CI: confidence interval; NE: not estimable. PT: Preferred Term, SOC: System Organ Class.

[a] Median time to first event is from Kaplan-Meier estimate. Confidence Interval for median was computed using the Brookmeyer-Crowley method.

[b] Hazard ratio is from unstratified Cox proportional hazards model with treatment as the only categorical variable in the model. Confidence limits are based on the Wald test.

[c] Two-sided p-value from unstratified log-rank test.

[d] Two-sided interaction p-value is for the interaction term from unstratified Cox proportional hazards model with treatment, subgroup, and treatment-by-subgroup interaction as categorical variables in the model. The p-value is based on the Wald test.

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SOC: Musculoskeletal and connective tissue disorders; PT: Pain in extremity

Subgroup	n	Quizartinib (N=265)				Placebo (N=268)				Quizartinib vs Placebo		Interaction
		No. of subjects with events (%)	No. of subjects censored (%)	Median (95 % CI) (months) [a]	n	No. of subjects with events (%)	No. of subjects censored (%)	Median (95 % CI) (months) [a]	n	Hazard Ratio (95 % CI) [b]	Unstratified log-rank p-value [c]	P-value [d]
Age by 2 categories											0.4487	
≤60	164	12 (7.3)	152 (92.7)	NE (NE, NE)	163	17 (10.4)	146 (89.6)	NE (NE, NE)	163	0.602 (0.287, 1.264)	0.1756	
>60	101	5 (5.0)	96 (95.0)	NE (31.4, NE)	105	5 (4.8)	100 (95.2)	NE (29.4, NE)	105	0.990 (0.286, 3.425)	0.9878	

N: number of subjects in analysis set; n: number of subjects in subgroup category; %: proportion of number of subjects in n; CI: confidence interval; NE: not estimable. PT: Preferred Term, SOC: System Organ Class.

[a] Median time to first event is from Kaplan-Meier estimate. Confidence Interval for median was computed using the Brookmeyer-Crowley method.

[b] Hazard ratio is from unstratified Cox proportional hazards model with treatment as the only categorical variable in the model. Confidence limits are based on the Wald test.

[c] Two-sided p-value from unstratified log-rank test.

[d] Two-sided interaction p-value is for the interaction term from unstratified Cox proportional hazards model with treatment, subgroup, and treatment-by-subgroup interaction as categorical variables in the model. The p-value is based on the Wald test.

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 Table 3.11.2 Treatment-emergent adverse events by system organ class (SOC) and preferred term (PT) observed for ≥ 10 patients in at least one arm and ≥ 1% of the patients in at least one arm - Time-to-event analysis - subgroup analysis - DCO 13-Aug-2021 - Safety Analysis Set

SOC: Musculoskeletal and connective tissue disorders; PT: Myalgia

		Quizartinib (N=265)				Placebo (N=268)				Quizartinib vs Placebo		Interaction
Subgroup	n	No. of subjects with events (%)	No. of subjects censored (%)	Median (95 % CI) (months) [a]	n	No. of subjects with events (%)	No. of subjects censored (%)	Median (95 % CI) (months) [a]	Hazard Ratio (95 % CI) [b]	Unstratified log-rank p-value [c]	P-value [d]	
Pooled Age Group 2											0.4555	
<60	159	11 (6.9)	148 (93.1)	NE (NE, NE)	160	10 (6.3)	150 (93.8)	NE (NE, NE)	0.969 (0.411, 2.288)	0.9433		
≥60 - <65	37	4 (10.8)	33 (89.2)	43.0 (23.2, NE)	43	3 (7.0)	40 (93.0)	NE (NE, NE)	1.092 (0.220, 5.424)	0.9148		
≥65	69	1 (1.4)	68 (98.6)	NE (NE, NE)	65	4 (6.2)	61 (93.8)	NE (NE, NE)	0.259 (0.029, 2.319)	0.1931		

N: number of subjects in analysis set; n: number of subjects in subgroup category; %: proportion of number of subjects in n; CI: confidence interval; NE: not estimable. PT: Preferred Term, SOC: System Organ Class.

[a] Median time to first event is from Kaplan-Meier estimate. Confidence Interval for median was computed using the Brookmeyer-Crowley method.

[b] Hazard ratio is from unstratified Cox proportional hazards model with treatment as the only categorical variable in the model. Confidence limits are based on the Wald test.

[c] Two-sided p-value from unstratified log-rank test.

[d] Two-sided interaction p-value is for the interaction term from unstratified Cox proportional hazards model with treatment, subgroup, and treatment-by-subgroup interaction as categorical variables in the model. The p-value is based on the Wald test.

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SOC: Musculoskeletal and connective tissue disorders; PT: Myalgia

Subgroup	n	Quizartinib (N=265)				Placebo (N=268)				Quizartinib vs Placebo		Interaction
		No. of subjects with events (%)	No. of subjects censored (%)	Median (95 % CI) (months) [a]	n	No. of subjects with events (%)	No. of subjects censored (%)	Median (95 % CI) (months) [a]	n	Hazard Ratio (95 % CI) [b]	Unstratified log-rank p-value [c]	P-value [d]
Sex												0.6632
Male	124	5 (4.0)	119 (96.0)	NE (NE, NE)	120	6 (5.0)	114 (95.0)	NE (NE, NE)	120	0.674 (0.205, 2.218)	0.5138	
Female	141	11 (7.8)	130 (92.2)	NE (43.0, NE)	148	11 (7.4)	137 (92.6)	NE (NE, NE)	148	0.996 (0.431, 2.301)	0.9923	

N: number of subjects in analysis set; n: number of subjects in subgroup category; %: proportion of number of subjects in n; CI: confidence interval; NE: not estimable. PT: Preferred Term, SOC: System Organ Class.

[a] Median time to first event is from Kaplan-Meier estimate. Confidence Interval for median was computed using the Brookmeyer-Crowley method.

[b] Hazard ratio is from unstratified Cox proportional hazards model with treatment as the only categorical variable in the model. Confidence limits are based on the Wald test.

[c] Two-sided p-value from unstratified log-rank test.

[d] Two-sided interaction p-value is for the interaction term from unstratified Cox proportional hazards model with treatment, subgroup, and treatment-by-subgroup interaction as categorical variables in the model. The p-value is based on the Wald test.

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SOC: Musculoskeletal and connective tissue disorders; PT: Myalgia

		Quizartinib (N=265)				Placebo (N=268)				Quizartinib vs Placebo		Interaction
Subgroup	n	No. of subjects with events (%)	No. of subjects censored (%)	Median (95 % CI) (months) [a]	n	No. of subjects with events (%)	No. of subjects censored (%)	Median (95 % CI) (months) [a]	Hazard Ratio (95 % CI) [b]	Unstratified log-rank p-value [c]	P-value [d]	
Race by 2 categories											0.5264	
White	157	8 (5.1)	149 (94.9)	NE (NE, NE)	161	10 (6.2)	151 (93.8)	NE (NE, NE)	0.699 (0.275, 1.779)	0.4505		
Non-white	108	8 (7.4)	100 (92.6)	43.0 (43.0, NE)	107	7 (6.5)	100 (93.5)	NE (NE, NE)	1.105 (0.401, 3.050)	0.8452		

N: number of subjects in analysis set; n: number of subjects in subgroup category; %: proportion of number of subjects in n; CI: confidence interval; NE: not estimable. PT: Preferred Term, SOC: System Organ Class.

[a] Median time to first event is from Kaplan-Meier estimate. Confidence Interval for median was computed using the Brookmeyer-Crowley method.

[b] Hazard ratio is from unstratified Cox proportional hazards model with treatment as the only categorical variable in the model. Confidence limits are based on the Wald test.

[c] Two-sided p-value from unstratified log-rank test.

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SOC: Musculoskeletal and connective tissue disorders; PT: Myalgia

		Quizartinib (N=265)				Placebo (N=268)				Quizartinib vs Placebo		Interaction
Subgroup	n	No. of subjects with events (%)	No. of subjects censored (%)	Median (95 % CI) (months) [a]	n	No. of subjects with events (%)	No. of subjects censored (%)	Median (95 % CI) (months) [a]	Hazard Ratio (95 % CI) [b]	Unstratified log-rank p-value [c]	P-value [d]	
Geographic Region 1											0.4575	
North America	16	2 (12.5)	14 (87.5)	NE (2.0, NE)	18	2 (11.1)	16 (88.9)	NE (4.9, NE)	1.561 (0.212, 11.480)	0.6592		
Europe	161	6 (3.7)	155 (96.3)	NE (NE, NE)	161	9 (5.6)	152 (94.4)	NE (NE, NE)	0.539 (0.191, 1.522)	0.2360		
Asia/Other Regions	88	8 (9.1)	80 (90.9)	NE (43.0, NE)	89	6 (6.7)	83 (93.3)	NE (NE, NE)	1.273 (0.441, 3.679)	0.6536		

N: number of subjects in analysis set; n: number of subjects in subgroup category; %: proportion of number of subjects in n; CI: confidence interval; NE: not estimable. PT: Preferred Term, SOC: System Organ Class.

[a] Median time to first event is from Kaplan-Meier estimate. Confidence Interval for median was computed using the Brookmeyer-Crowley method.

[b] Hazard ratio is from unstratified Cox proportional hazards model with treatment as the only categorical variable in the model. Confidence limits are based on the Wald test.

[c] Two-sided p-value from unstratified log-rank test.

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SOC: Musculoskeletal and connective tissue disorders; PT: Myalgia

Subgroup	n	Quizartinib (N=265)					Placebo (N=268)					Quizartinib vs Placebo		Interaction
		No. of subjects with events (%)	No. of subjects censored (%)	Median (95 % CI) [a]	n	No. of subjects with events (%)	No. of subjects censored (%)	Median (95 % CI) [a]	n	Hazard Ratio (95 % CI) [b]	Unstratified log-rank p-value [c]	P-value [d]		
WBC at initial diagnosis														0.4458
< 40x10 ⁹ /L	132	10 (7.6)	122 (92.4)	NE (43.0, NE)	133	9 (6.8)	124 (93.2)	NE (NE, NE)	132	1.070 (0.430, 2.661)	0.8850			
≥ 40x10 ⁹ /L	133	6 (4.5)	127 (95.5)	NE (NE, NE)	135	8 (5.9)	127 (94.1)	NE (NE, NE)	133	0.611 (0.211, 1.769)	0.3588			

N: number of subjects in analysis set; n: number of subjects in subgroup category; %: proportion of number of subjects in n; CI: confidence interval; NE: not estimable. PT: Preferred Term, SOC: System Organ Class.

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[b] Hazard ratio is from unstratified Cox proportional hazards model with treatment as the only categorical variable in the model. Confidence limits are based on the Wald test.

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Subgroup	n	No. of subjects with events (%)	No. of subjects censored (%)	Median (95 % CI) (months) [a]	n	No. of subjects with events (%)	No. of subjects censored (%)	Median (95 % CI) (months) [a]	Hazard Ratio (95 % CI) [b]	Unstratified log-rank p-value [c]	P-value [d]	
Choice of Anthracycline											0.5806	
Daunorubicin	123	5 (4.1)	118 (95.9)	NE (NE, NE)	94	5 (5.3)	89 (94.7)	NE (NE, NE)	0.624 (0.180, 2.167)	0.4542		
Idarubicin	142	11 (7.7)	131 (92.3)	NE (43.0, NE)	171	12 (7.0)	159 (93.0)	NE (NE, NE)	1.029 (0.451, 2.344)	0.9465		

N: number of subjects in analysis set; n: number of subjects in subgroup category; %: proportion of number of subjects in n; CI: confidence interval; NE: not estimable. PT: Preferred Term, SOC: System Organ Class.

[a] Median time to first event is from Kaplan-Meier estimate. Confidence Interval for median was computed using the Brookmeyer-Crowley method.

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[c] Two-sided p-value from unstratified log-rank test.

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		No. of subjects with events (%)	No. of subjects censored (%)	Median (95 % CI) (months) [a]	n	No. of subjects with events (%)	No. of subjects censored (%)	Median (95 % CI) (months) [a]	n	Hazard Ratio (95 % CI) [b]	Unstratified log-rank p-value [c]	P-value [d]
AML Cytogenetic Risk Score											0.8118	
Favorable	13	1 (7.7)	12 (92.3)	NE (NE, NE) (15.7, NE)	19	2 (10.5)	17 (89.5)	NE (NE, NE)	0.849 (0.075, 9.591)	0.8949		
Intermediate	195	12 (6.2)	183 (93.8)	NE (NE, NE) (43.0, NE)	190	12 (6.3)	178 (93.7)	NE (NE, NE)	0.852 (0.382, 1.900)	0.6949		
Unfavorable	19	0	19 (100)	NE (NE, NE)	27	2 (7.4)	25 (92.6)	22.5 (7.5, NE)	0.000 (0.000, NE)	0.0784		
Unknown	38	3 (7.9)	35 (92.1)	NE (NE, NE)	31	1 (3.2)	30 (96.8)	NE (17.3, NE)	2.736 (0.284, 26.372)	0.3642		

N: number of subjects in analysis set; n: number of subjects in subgroup category; %: proportion of number of subjects in n; CI: confidence interval; NE: not estimable. PT: Preferred Term, SOC: System Organ Class.

[a] Median time to first event is from Kaplan-Meier estimate. Confidence Interval for median was computed using the Brookmeyer-Crowley method.

[b] Hazard ratio is from unstratified Cox proportional hazards model with treatment as the only categorical variable in the model. Confidence limits are based on the Wald test.

[c] Two-sided p-value from unstratified log-rank test.

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		Quizartinib (N=265)				Placebo (N=268)				Quizartinib vs Placebo		Interaction
Subgroup	n	No. of subjects with events (%)	No. of subjects censored (%)	Median (95 % CI) (months) [a]	n	No. of subjects with events (%)	No. of subjects censored (%)	Median (95 % CI) (months) [a]	Hazard Ratio (95 % CI) [b]	Unstratified log-rank p-value [c]	P-value [d]	
ECOG Performance Status at Baseline											0.1867	
0 - Fully Active	87	8 (9.2)	79 (90.8)	NE (NE, NE)	97	4 (4.1)	93 (95.9)	NE (NE, NE)	2.127 (0.640, 7.069)	0.2072		
1 - Restricted in Physically Strenuous Activity	133	7 (5.3)	126 (94.7)	43.0 (NE, NE)	134	13 (9.7)	121 (90.3)	NE (NE, NE)	0.419 (0.159, 1.104)	0.0695		
2 - Ambulatory and Capable of All Selfcare	45	1 (2.2)	44 (97.8)	NE (NE, NE)	36	0	36 (100)	NE (NE, NE)	NE (0.000, NE)	0.4945		

N: number of subjects in analysis set; n: number of subjects in subgroup category; %: proportion of number of subjects in n; CI: confidence interval; NE: not estimable. PT: Preferred Term, SOC: System Organ Class.

[a] Median time to first event is from Kaplan-Meier estimate. Confidence Interval for median was computed using the Brookmeyer-Crowley method.

[b] Hazard ratio is from unstratified Cox proportional hazards model with treatment as the only categorical variable in the model. Confidence limits are based on the Wald test.

[c] Two-sided p-value from unstratified log-rank test.

[d] Two-sided interaction p-value is for the interaction term from unstratified Cox proportional hazards model with treatment, subgroup, and treatment-by-subgroup interaction as categorical variables in the model. The p-value is based on the Wald test.

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Medizinischer Nutzen, medizinischer Zusatznutzen, Patientengruppen mit therap. bedeutsamem Zusatznutzen

Daiichi Sankyo | Data Intelligence – Evidence Generation | Final | AC220-A-U302 QUANTUM-First (DCO 13 Aug 2021) | Statistical analyses for AMNOG (HTA Germany)
 Table 3.11.2 Treatment-emergent adverse events by system organ class (SOC) and preferred term (PT) observed for ≥ 10 patients in at least one arm and ≥ 1% of the patients in at least one arm - Time-to-event analysis - subgroup analysis - DCO 13-Aug-2021 - Safety Analysis Set

SOC: Musculoskeletal and connective tissue disorders; PT: Myalgia

		Quizartinib (N=265)					Placebo (N=268)					Quizartinib vs Placebo		Interaction
Subgroup	n	No. of subjects with events (%)	No. of subjects censored (%)	Median (95 % CI) (months) [a]	n	No. of subjects with events (%)	No. of subjects censored (%)	Median (95 % CI) (months) [a]	Hazard Ratio (95 % CI) [b]	Unstratified log-rank p-value [c]	P-value [d]			
FLT3-ITD category at Baseline													0.9794	
≥3 to ≤25%	94	7 (7.4)	87 (92.6)	NE (NE, NE) (43.0, NE)	98	7 (7.1)	91 (92.9)	NE (NE, NE)	0.884 (0.306, 2.555)	0.8202				
>25% to ≤50%	141	9 (6.4)	132 (93.6)	NE (NE, NE)	136	10 (7.4)	126 (92.6)	NE (NE, NE)	0.856 (0.348, 2.111)	0.7360				
>50%	29	0	29 (100)	NE (NE, NE)	34	0	34 (100)	NE (NE, NE)	NE (NE, NE)	NE				

N: number of subjects in analysis set; n: number of subjects in subgroup category; %: proportion of number of subjects in n; CI: confidence interval; NE: not estimable. PT: Preferred Term, SOC: System Organ Class.

[a] Median time to first event is from Kaplan-Meier estimate. Confidence Interval for median was computed using the Brookmeyer-Crowley method.

[b] Hazard ratio is from unstratified Cox proportional hazards model with treatment as the only categorical variable in the model. Confidence limits are based on the Wald test.

[c] Two-sided p-value from unstratified log-rank test.

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SOC: Musculoskeletal and connective tissue disorders; PT: Myalgia

		Quizartinib (N=265)					Placebo (N=268)					Quizartinib vs Placebo		Interaction
Subgroup	n	No. of subjects with events (%)	No. of subjects censored (%)	Median (95 % CI) (months) [a]	n	No. of subjects with events (%)	No. of subjects censored (%)	Median (95 % CI) (months) [a]	Hazard Ratio (95 % CI) [b]	Unstratified log-rank p-value [c]	P-value [d]			
AML with Mutated NPM1												0.9998		
Yes	139	9 (6.5)	130 (93.5)	NE (NE, NE) (43.0, NE)	137	11 (8.0)	126 (92.0)	NE (NE, NE)	0.774 (0.320, 1.870)	0.5678				
No	116	5 (4.3)	111 (95.7)	NE (NE, NE)	120	6 (5.0)	114 (95.0)	NE (NE, NE)	0.749 (0.228, 2.457)	0.6326				

N: number of subjects in analysis set; n: number of subjects in subgroup category; %: proportion of number of subjects in n; CI: confidence interval; NE: not estimable. PT: Preferred Term, SOC: System Organ Class.

[a] Median time to first event is from Kaplan-Meier estimate. Confidence Interval for median was computed using the Brookmeyer-Crowley method.

[b] Hazard ratio is from unstratified Cox proportional hazards model with treatment as the only categorical variable in the model. Confidence limits are based on the Wald test.

[c] Two-sided p-value from unstratified log-rank test.

[d] Two-sided interaction p-value is for the interaction term from unstratified Cox proportional hazards model with treatment, subgroup, and treatment-by-subgroup interaction as categorical variables in the model. The p-value is based on the Wald test.

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SOC: Musculoskeletal and connective tissue disorders; PT: Myalgia

		Quizartinib (N=265)				Placebo (N=268)				Quizartinib vs Placebo		Interaction
Subgroup	n	No. of subjects with events (%)	No. of subjects censored (%)	Median (95 % CI) (months) [a]	n	No. of subjects with events (%)	No. of subjects censored (%)	Median (95 % CI) (months) [a]	Hazard Ratio (95 % CI) [b]	Unstratified log-rank p-value [c]	P-value [d]	
Age by 2 categories											0.7812	
≤60	164	11 (6.7)	153 (93.3)	NE (NE, NE)	163	10 (6.1)	153 (93.9)	NE (NE, NE)	0.949 (0.402, 2.242)	0.9059		
>60	101	5 (5.0)	96 (95.0)	43.0 (43.0, NE)	105	7 (6.7)	98 (93.3)	NE (NE, NE)	0.726 (0.229, 2.302)	0.5844		

N: number of subjects in analysis set; n: number of subjects in subgroup category; %: proportion of number of subjects in n; CI: confidence interval; NE: not estimable. PT: Preferred Term, SOC: System Organ Class.

[a] Median time to first event is from Kaplan-Meier estimate. Confidence Interval for median was computed using the Brookmeyer-Crowley method.

[b] Hazard ratio is from unstratified Cox proportional hazards model with treatment as the only categorical variable in the model. Confidence limits are based on the Wald test.

[c] Two-sided p-value from unstratified log-rank test.

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SOC: Musculoskeletal and connective tissue disorders; PT: Muscle spasms

Subgroup	n	Quizartinib (N=265)				Placebo (N=268)				Quizartinib vs Placebo		Interaction
		No. of subjects with events (%)	No. of subjects censored (%)	Median (95 % CI) (months) [a]	n	No. of subjects with events (%)	No. of subjects censored (%)	Median (95 % CI) (months) [a]	n	Hazard Ratio (95 % CI) [b]	Unstratified log-rank p-value [c]	P-value [d]
Pooled Age Group 2											0.3811	
<60	159	7 (4.4)	152 (95.6)	NE (NE, NE)	160	2 (1.3)	158 (98.8)	NE (NE, NE)	160	2.648 (0.547, 12.807)	0.2083	
≥60 - <65	37	0	37 (100)	NE (NE, NE)	43	2 (4.7)	41 (95.3)	NE (NE, NE)	43	0.000 (0.000, NE)	0.1686	
≥65	69	3 (4.3)	66 (95.7)	NE (NE, NE)	65	5 (7.7)	60 (92.3)	NE (27.9, NE)	65	0.585 (0.139, 2.453)	0.4577	

N: number of subjects in analysis set; n: number of subjects in subgroup category; %: proportion of number of subjects in n; CI: confidence interval; NE: not estimable. PT: Preferred Term, SOC: System Organ Class.

[a] Median time to first event is from Kaplan-Meier estimate. Confidence Interval for median was computed using the Brookmeyer-Crowley method.

[b] Hazard ratio is from unstratified Cox proportional hazards model with treatment as the only categorical variable in the model. Confidence limits are based on the Wald test.

[c] Two-sided p-value from unstratified log-rank test.

[d] Two-sided interaction p-value is for the interaction term from unstratified Cox proportional hazards model with treatment, subgroup, and treatment-by-subgroup interaction as categorical variables in the model. The p-value is based on the Wald test.

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SOC: Musculoskeletal and connective tissue disorders; PT: Muscle spasms

Subgroup	n	Quizartinib (N=265)				Placebo (N=268)				Quizartinib vs Placebo		Interaction
		No. of subjects with events (%)	No. of subjects censored (%)	Median (95 % CI) (months) [a]	n	No. of subjects with events (%)	No. of subjects censored (%)	Median (95 % CI) (months) [a]	n	Hazard Ratio (95 % CI) [b]	Unstratified log-rank p-value [c]	P-value [d]
Sex												0.2901
Male	124	6 (4.8)	118 (95.2)	NE (NE, NE)	120	3 (2.5)	117 (97.5)	NE (NE, NE)	120	1.521 (0.379, 6.097)	0.5513	
Female	141	4 (2.8)	137 (97.2)	NE (NE, NE)	148	6 (4.1)	142 (95.9)	NE (NE, NE)	148	0.587 (0.165, 2.088)	0.4049	

N: number of subjects in analysis set; n: number of subjects in subgroup category; %: proportion of number of subjects in n; CI: confidence interval; NE: not estimable. PT: Preferred Term, SOC: System Organ Class.

[a] Median time to first event is from Kaplan-Meier estimate. Confidence Interval for median was computed using the Brookmeyer-Crowley method.

[b] Hazard ratio is from unstratified Cox proportional hazards model with treatment as the only categorical variable in the model. Confidence limits are based on the Wald test.

[c] Two-sided p-value from unstratified log-rank test.

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SOC: Musculoskeletal and connective tissue disorders; PT: Muscle spasms

		Quizartinib (N=265)				Placebo (N=268)				Quizartinib vs Placebo		Interaction
Subgroup	n	No. of subjects with events (%)	No. of subjects censored (%)	Median (95 % CI) (months) [a]	n	No. of subjects with events (%)	No. of subjects censored (%)	Median (95 % CI) (months) [a]	Hazard Ratio (95 % CI) [b]	Unstratified log-rank p-value [c]	P-value [d]	
Race by 2 categories											0.9874	
White	157	4 (2.5)	153 (97.5)	NE (NE, NE)	161	9 (5.6)	152 (94.4)	NE (NE, NE)	0.355 (0.109, 1.159)	0.0732		
Non-white	108	6 (5.6)	102 (94.4)	NE (NE, NE)	107	0	107 (100)	NE (NE, NE)	NE (0.000, NE)	0.0192		

N: number of subjects in analysis set; n: number of subjects in subgroup category; %: proportion of number of subjects in n; CI: confidence interval; NE: not estimable. PT: Preferred Term, SOC: System Organ Class.

[a] Median time to first event is from Kaplan-Meier estimate. Confidence Interval for median was computed using the Brookmeyer-Crowley method.

[b] Hazard ratio is from unstratified Cox proportional hazards model with treatment as the only categorical variable in the model. Confidence limits are based on the Wald test.

[c] Two-sided p-value from unstratified log-rank test.

[d] Two-sided interaction p-value is for the interaction term from unstratified Cox proportional hazards model with treatment, subgroup, and treatment-by-subgroup interaction as categorical variables in the model. The p-value is based on the Wald test.

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SOC: Musculoskeletal and connective tissue disorders; PT: Muscle spasms

		Quizartinib (N=265)					Placebo (N=268)					Quizartinib vs Placebo		Interaction
Subgroup	n	No. of subjects with events (%)	No. of subjects censored (%)	Median (95 % CI) (months) [a]	n	No. of subjects with events (%)	No. of subjects censored (%)	Median (95 % CI) (months) [a]	Hazard Ratio (95 % CI) [b]	Unstratified log-rank p-value [c]	P-value [d]			
Geographic Region 1													0.8272	
North America	16	2 (12.5)	14 (87.5)	23.8 (23.8, NE)	18	4 (22.2)	14 (77.8)	NE (NE, NE)	0.653 (0.118, 3.604)	0.6224				
Europe	161	7 (4.3)	154 (95.7)	NE (NE, NE)	161	4 (2.5)	157 (97.5)	NE (NE, NE)	1.259 (0.367, 4.321)	0.7136				
Asia/Other Regions	88	1 (1.1)	87 (98.9)	NE (NE, NE)	89	1 (1.1)	88 (98.9)	NE (NE, NE)	0.904 (0.056, 14.593)	0.9435				

N: number of subjects in analysis set; n: number of subjects in subgroup category; %: proportion of number of subjects in n; CI: confidence interval; NE: not estimable. PT: Preferred Term, SOC: System Organ Class.

[a] Median time to first event is from Kaplan-Meier estimate. Confidence Interval for median was computed using the Brookmeyer-Crowley method.

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SOC: Musculoskeletal and connective tissue disorders; PT: Muscle spasms

Subgroup	n	Quizartinib (N=265)				Placebo (N=268)				Quizartinib vs Placebo		Interaction
		No. of subjects with events (%)	No. of subjects censored (%)	Median (95 % CI) [a]	n	No. of subjects with events (%)	No. of subjects censored (%)	Median (95 % CI) [a]	n	Hazard Ratio (95 % CI) [b]	Unstratified log-rank p-value [c]	P-value [d]
WBC at initial diagnosis											0.3129	
< 40x10 ⁹ /L	132	5 (3.8)	127 (96.2)	NE (NE, NE)	133	7 (5.3)	126 (94.7)	NE (NE, NE)	133	0.649 (0.206, 2.050)	0.4582	
≥ 40x10 ⁹ /L	133	5 (3.8)	128 (96.2)	NE (NE, NE)	135	2 (1.5)	133 (98.5)	NE (NE, NE)	135	1.931 (0.372, 10.036)	0.4256	

N: number of subjects in analysis set; n: number of subjects in subgroup category; %: proportion of number of subjects in n; CI: confidence interval; NE: not estimable. PT: Preferred Term, SOC: System Organ Class.

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[c] Two-sided p-value from unstratified log-rank test.

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SOC: Musculoskeletal and connective tissue disorders; PT: Muscle spasms

		Quizartinib (N=265)				Placebo (N=268)				Quizartinib vs Placebo		Interaction
Subgroup	n	No. of subjects with events (%)	No. of subjects censored (%)	Median (95 % CI) (months) [a]	n	No. of subjects with events (%)	No. of subjects censored (%)	Median (95 % CI) (months) [a]	Hazard Ratio (95 % CI) [b]	Unstratified log-rank p-value [c]	P-value [d]	
Choice of Anthracycline											0.7901	
Daunorubicin	123	4 (3.3)	119 (96.7)	NE (NE, NE)	94	3 (3.2)	91 (96.8)	NE (NE, NE)	0.797 (0.177, 3.590)	0.7671		
Idarubicin	142	6 (4.2)	136 (95.8)	NE (NE, NE)	171	6 (3.5)	165 (96.5)	NE (NE, NE)	0.976 (0.314, 3.033)	0.9668		

N: number of subjects in analysis set; n: number of subjects in subgroup category; %: proportion of number of subjects in n; CI: confidence interval; NE: not estimable. PT: Preferred Term, SOC: System Organ Class.

[a] Median time to first event is from Kaplan-Meier estimate. Confidence Interval for median was computed using the Brookmeyer-Crowley method.

[b] Hazard ratio is from unstratified Cox proportional hazards model with treatment as the only categorical variable in the model. Confidence limits are based on the Wald test.

[c] Two-sided p-value from unstratified log-rank test.

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SOC: Musculoskeletal and connective tissue disorders; PT: Muscle spasms

		Quizartinib (N=265)					Placebo (N=268)					Quizartinib vs Placebo		Interaction
Subgroup	n	No. of subjects with events (%)	No. of subjects censored (%)	Median (95 % CI) (months) [a]	n	No. of subjects with events (%)	No. of subjects censored (%)	Median (95 % CI) (months) [a]		Hazard Ratio (95 % CI) [b]	Unstratified log-rank p-value [c]	P-value [d]		
AML Cytogenetic Risk Score												0.9529		
Favorable	13	0	13 (100)	NE (NE, NE)	19	2 (10.5)	17 (89.5)	NE (NE, NE)	(16.0,	0.000 (0.000, NE)	0.2692			
Intermediate	195	9 (4.6)	186 (95.4)	NE (NE, NE)	190	4 (2.1)	186 (97.9)	NE (NE, NE)		1.777 (0.546, 5.785)	0.3332			
Unfavorable	19	0	19 (100)	NE (NE, NE)	27	2 (7.4)	25 (92.6)	NE (NE, NE)	(11.0,	0.000 (0.000, NE)	0.2260			
Unknown	38	1 (2.6)	37 (97.4)	NE (NE, NE)	31	1 (3.2)	30 (96.8)	NE (NE, NE)		0.791 (0.049, 12.884)	0.8686			

N: number of subjects in analysis set; n: number of subjects in subgroup category; %: proportion of number of subjects in n; CI: confidence interval; NE: not estimable. PT: Preferred Term, SOC: System Organ Class.

[a] Median time to first event is from Kaplan-Meier estimate. Confidence Interval for median was computed using the Brookmeyer-Crowley method.

[b] Hazard ratio is from unstratified Cox proportional hazards model with treatment as the only categorical variable in the model. Confidence limits are based on the Wald test.

[c] Two-sided p-value from unstratified log-rank test.

[d] Two-sided interaction p-value is for the interaction term from unstratified Cox proportional hazards model with treatment, subgroup, and treatment-by-subgroup interaction as categorical variables in the model. The p-value is based on the Wald test.

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Run date: 21JUL2023 – 22:02; Program name: DE_T_3_11_2.sas; Output name: DE_T_3_11_2_TEAESOCPT_SUB_SAS.rtf

Medizinischer Nutzen, medizinischer Zusatznutzen, Patientengruppen mit therap. bedeutsamem Zusatznutzen

Daichi Sankyo | Data Intelligence – Evidence Generation | Final | AC220-A-U302 QUANTUM-First (DCO 13 Aug 2021) | Statistical analyses for AMNOG (HTA Germany)
 Table 3.11.2 Treatment-emergent adverse events by system organ class (SOC) and preferred term (PT) observed for ≥ 10 patients in at least one arm and ≥ 1% of the patients in at least one arm - Time-to-event analysis - subgroup analysis - DCO 13-Aug-2021 - Safety Analysis Set

SOC: Musculoskeletal and connective tissue disorders; PT: Muscle spasms

		Quizartinib (N=265)				Placebo (N=268)				Quizartinib vs Placebo		Interaction
Subgroup	n	No. of subjects with events (%)	No. of subjects censored (%)	Median (95 % CI) (months) [a]	n	No. of subjects with events (%)	No. of subjects censored (%)	Median (95 % CI) (months) [a]	Hazard Ratio (95 % CI) [b]	Unstratified log-rank p-value [c]	P-value [d]	
ECOG Performance Status at Baseline											0.3833	
0 - Fully Active	87	5 (5.7)	82 (94.3)	NE (NE, NE)	97	2 (2.1)	95 (97.9)	NE (NE, NE)	2.327 (0.450, 12.028)	0.2995		
1 - Restricted in Physically Strenuous Activity	133	4 (3.0)	129 (97.0)	NE (NE, NE)	134	6 (4.5)	128 (95.5)	NE (NE, NE)	0.584 (0.164, 2.075)	0.4001		
2 - Ambulatory and Capable of All Selfcare	45	1 (2.2)	44 (97.8)	NE (NE, NE)	36	1 (2.8)	35 (97.2)	NE (7.8, NE)	0.328 (0.020, 5.477)	0.4160		

N: number of subjects in analysis set; n: number of subjects in subgroup category; %: proportion of number of subjects in n; CI: confidence interval; NE: not estimable. PT: Preferred Term, SOC: System Organ Class.

[a] Median time to first event is from Kaplan-Meier estimate. Confidence Interval for median was computed using the Brookmeyer-Crowley method.

[b] Hazard ratio is from unstratified Cox proportional hazards model with treatment as the only categorical variable in the model. Confidence limits are based on the Wald test.

[c] Two-sided p-value is for the interaction term from unstratified log-rank test.

[d] Two-sided interaction p-value is for the interaction term from unstratified Cox proportional hazards model with treatment, subgroup, and treatment-by-subgroup interaction as categorical variables in the model. The p-value is based on the Wald test.

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SOC: Musculoskeletal and connective tissue disorders; PT: Muscle spasms

		Quizartinib (N=265)				Placebo (N=268)				Quizartinib vs Placebo		Interaction
Subgroup	n	No. of subjects with events (%)	No. of subjects censored (%)	Median (95 % CI) (months) [a]	n	No. of subjects with events (%)	No. of subjects censored (%)	Median (95 % CI) (months) [a]	Hazard Ratio (95 % CI) [b]	Unstratified log-rank p-value [c]	P-value [d]	
FLT3-ITD category at Baseline											0.9231	
≥3 to ≤25%	94	4 (4.3)	90 (95.7)	NE (NE, NE)	98	5 (5.1)	93 (94.9)	NE (NE, NE)	0.783 (0.210, 2.922)	0.7154		
>25% to ≤50%	141	6 (4.3)	135 (95.7)	NE (NE, NE)	136	4 (2.9)	132 (97.1)	NE (NE, NE)	1.144 (0.321, 4.074)	0.8349		
>50%	29	0	29 (100)	NE (NE, NE)	34	0	34 (100)	NE (NE, NE)	NE (NE, NE)	NE		

N: number of subjects in analysis set; n: number of subjects in subgroup category; %: proportion of number of subjects in n; CI: confidence interval; NE: not estimable. PT: Preferred Term, SOC: System Organ Class.

[a] Median time to first event is from Kaplan-Meier estimate. Confidence Interval for median was computed using the Brookmeyer-Crowley method.

[b] Hazard ratio is from unstratified Cox proportional hazards model with treatment as the only categorical variable in the model. Confidence limits are based on the Wald test.

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SOC: Musculoskeletal and connective tissue disorders; PT: Muscle spasms

		Quizartinib (N=265)				Placebo (N=268)				Quizartinib vs Placebo		Interaction
Subgroup	n	No. of subjects with events (%)	No. of subjects censored (%)	Median (95 % CI) (months) [a]	n	No. of subjects with events (%)	No. of subjects censored (%)	Median (95 % CI) (months) [a]	Hazard Ratio (95 % CI) [b]	Unstratified log-rank p-value [c]	P-value [d]	
AML with Mutated NPM1											0.3943	
Yes	139	6 (4.3)	133 (95.7)	NE (NE, NE)	137	7 (5.1)	130 (94.9)	NE (NE, NE)	0.683 (0.229, 2.037)	0.4913		
No	116	4 (3.4)	112 (96.6)	NE (NE, NE)	120	2 (1.7)	118 (98.3)	NE (NE, NE)	1.784 (0.326, 9.764)	0.4987		

N: number of subjects in analysis set; n: number of subjects in subgroup category; %: proportion of number of subjects in n; CI: confidence interval; NE: not estimable. PT: Preferred Term, SOC: System Organ Class.

[a] Median time to first event is from Kaplan-Meier estimate. Confidence Interval for median was computed using the Brookmeyer-Crowley method.

[b] Hazard ratio is from unstratified Cox proportional hazards model with treatment as the only categorical variable in the model. Confidence limits are based on the Wald test.

[c] Two-sided p-value from unstratified log-rank test.

[d] Two-sided interaction p-value is for the interaction term from unstratified Cox proportional hazards model with treatment, subgroup, and treatment-by-subgroup interaction as categorical variables in the model. The p-value is based on the Wald test.

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SOC: Musculoskeletal and connective tissue disorders; PT: Muscle spasms

		Quizartinib (N=265)				Placebo (N=268)				Quizartinib vs Placebo		Interaction
Subgroup	n	No. of subjects with events (%)	No. of subjects censored (%)	Median (95 % CI) (months) [a]	n	No. of subjects with events (%)	No. of subjects censored (%)	Median (95 % CI) (months) [a]	Hazard Ratio (95 % CI) [b]	Unstratified log-rank p-value [c]	P-value [d]	
Age by 2 categories											0.0878	
≤60	164	7 (4.3)	157 (95.7)	NE (NE, NE)	163	2 (1.2)	161 (98.8)	NE (NE, NE)	2.595 (0.536, 12.555)	0.2186		
>60	101	3 (3.0)	98 (97.0)	NE (NE, NE)	105	7 (6.7)	98 (93.3)	NE (NE, NE)	0.436 (0.112, 1.690)	0.2165		

N: number of subjects in analysis set; n: number of subjects in subgroup category; %: proportion of number of subjects in n; CI: confidence interval; NE: not estimable. PT: Preferred Term, SOC: System Organ Class.

[a] Median time to first event is from Kaplan-Meier estimate. Confidence Interval for median was computed using the Brookmeyer-Crowley method.

[b] Hazard ratio is from unstratified Cox proportional hazards model with treatment as the only categorical variable in the model. Confidence limits are based on the Wald test.

[c] Two-sided p-value from unstratified log-rank test.

[d] Two-sided interaction p-value is for the interaction term from unstratified Cox proportional hazards model with treatment, subgroup, and treatment-by-subgroup interaction as categorical variables in the model. The p-value is based on the Wald test.

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SOC: Musculoskeletal and connective tissue disorders; PT: Neck pain

Subgroup	n	Quizartinib (N=265)				Placebo (N=268)				Quizartinib vs Placebo		Interaction
		No. of subjects with events (%)	No. of subjects censored (%)	Median (95 % CI) (months) [a]	n	No. of subjects with events (%)	No. of subjects censored (%)	Median (95 % CI) (months) [a]	n	Hazard Ratio (95 % CI) [b]	Unstratified log-rank p-value [c]	P-value [d]
Pooled Age Group 2											0.9993	
<60	159	5 (3.1)	154 (96.9)	NE (NE, NE)	160	8 (5.0)	152 (95.0)	NE (NE, NE)	160	0.532 (0.174, 1.634)	0.2631	
≥60 - <65	37	1 (2.7)	36 (97.3)	NE (NE, NE)	43	2 (4.7)	41 (95.3)	NE (NE, NE)	43	0.463 (0.042, 5.125)	0.5176	
≥65	69	0	69 (100)	NE (NE, NE)	65	1 (1.5)	64 (98.5)	NE (NE, NE)	65	0.000 (0.000, NE)	0.3134	

N: number of subjects in analysis set; n: number of subjects in subgroup category; %: proportion of number of subjects in n; CI: confidence interval; NE: not estimable. PT: Preferred Term, SOC: System Organ Class.

[a] Median time to first event is from Kaplan-Meier estimate. Confidence Interval for median was computed using the Brookmeyer-Crowley method.

[b] Hazard ratio is from unstratified Cox proportional hazards model with treatment as the only categorical variable in the model. Confidence limits are based on the Wald test.

[c] Two-sided p-value from unstratified log-rank test.

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SOC: Musculoskeletal and connective tissue disorders; PT: Neck pain

Subgroup	n	Quizartinib (N=265)				Placebo (N=268)				Quizartinib vs Placebo		Interaction
		No. of subjects with events (%)	No. of subjects censored (%)	Median (95 % CI) (months) [a]	n	No. of subjects with events (%)	No. of subjects censored (%)	Median (95 % CI) (months) [a]	n	Hazard Ratio (95 % CI) [b]	Unstratified log-rank p-value [c]	P-value [d]
Sex												0.3364
Male	124	2 (1.6)	122 (98.4)	NE (NE, NE)	120	6 (5.0)	114 (95.0)	NE (NE, NE)	120	0.278 (0.056, 1.382)	0.0946	
Female	141	4 (2.8)	137 (97.2)	NE (NE, NE)	148	5 (3.4)	143 (96.6)	NE (NE, NE)	148	0.785 (0.210, 2.931)	0.7182	

N: number of subjects in analysis set; n: number of subjects in subgroup category; %: proportion of number of subjects in n; CI: confidence interval; NE: not estimable. PT: Preferred Term, SOC: System Organ Class.

[a] Median time to first event is from Kaplan-Meier estimate. Confidence Interval for median was computed using the Brookmeyer-Crowley method.

[b] Hazard ratio is from unstratified Cox proportional hazards model with treatment as the only categorical variable in the model. Confidence limits are based on the Wald test.

[c] Two-sided p-value from unstratified log-rank test.

[d] Two-sided interaction p-value is for the interaction term from unstratified Cox proportional hazards model with treatment, subgroup, and treatment-by-subgroup interaction as categorical variables in the model. The p-value is based on the Wald test.

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SOC: Musculoskeletal and connective tissue disorders; PT: Neck pain

		Quizartinib (N=265)				Placebo (N=268)				Quizartinib vs Placebo		Interaction
Subgroup	n	No. of subjects with events (%)	No. of subjects censored (%)	Median (95 % CI) (months) [a]	n	No. of subjects with events (%)	No. of subjects censored (%)	Median (95 % CI) (months) [a]	Hazard Ratio (95 % CI) [b]	Unstratified log-rank p-value [c]	P-value [d]	
Race by 2 categories											0.1254	
White	157	4 (2.5)	153 (97.5)	NE (NE, NE)	161	3 (1.9)	158 (98.1)	NE (NE, NE)	1.246 (0.278, 5.581)	0.7734		
Non-white	108	2 (1.9)	106 (98.1)	NE (NE, NE)	107	8 (7.5)	99 (92.5)	NE (NE, NE)	0.231 (0.049, 1.091)	0.0436		

N: number of subjects in analysis set; n: number of subjects in subgroup category; %: proportion of number of subjects in n; CI: confidence interval; NE: not estimable. PT: Preferred Term, SOC: System Organ Class.

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[b] Hazard ratio is from unstratified Cox proportional hazards model with treatment as the only categorical variable in the model. Confidence limits are based on the Wald test.

[c] Two-sided p-value from unstratified log-rank test.

[d] Two-sided interaction p-value is for the interaction term from unstratified Cox proportional hazards model with treatment, subgroup, and treatment-by-subgroup interaction as categorical variables in the model. The p-value is based on the Wald test.

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SOC: Musculoskeletal and connective tissue disorders; PT: Neck pain

		Quizartinib (N=265)				Placebo (N=268)				Quizartinib vs Placebo		Interaction
Subgroup	n	No. of subjects with events (%)	No. of subjects censored (%)	Median (95 % CI) (months) [a]	n	No. of subjects with events (%)	No. of subjects censored (%)	Median (95 % CI) (months) [a]	Hazard Ratio (95 % CI) [b]	Unstratified log-rank p-value [c]	P-value [d]	
Geographic Region 1											0.2254	
North America	16	2 (12.5)	14 (87.5)	NE (2.9, NE)	18	1 (5.6)	17 (94.4)	NE (NE, NE)	2.902 (0.253, 33.295)	0.3720		
Europe	161	2 (1.2)	159 (98.8)	NE (NE, NE)	161	3 (1.9)	158 (98.1)	NE (NE, NE)	0.620 (0.103, 3.720)	0.5978		
Asia/Other Regions	88	2 (2.3)	86 (97.7)	NE (NE, NE)	89	7 (7.9)	82 (92.1)	NE (NE, NE)	0.247 (0.051, 1.194)	0.0598		

N: number of subjects in analysis set; n: number of subjects in subgroup category; %: proportion of number of subjects in n; CI: confidence interval; NE: not estimable. PT: Preferred Term, SOC: System Organ Class.

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[b] Hazard ratio is from unstratified Cox proportional hazards model with treatment as the only categorical variable in the model. Confidence limits are based on the Wald test.

[c] Two-sided p-value from unstratified log-rank test.

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SOC: Musculoskeletal and connective tissue disorders; PT: Neck pain

Subgroup	n	Quizartinib (N=265)				Placebo (N=268)				Quizartinib vs Placebo		Interaction
		No. of subjects with events (%)	No. of subjects censored (%)	Median (95 % CI) (months) [a]	n	No. of subjects with events (%)	No. of subjects censored (%)	Median (95 % CI) (months) [a]	n	Hazard Ratio (95 % CI) [b]	Unstratified log-rank p-value [c]	P-value [d]
WBC at initial diagnosis											0.1851	
< 40x10 ⁹ /L	132	5 (3.8)	127 (96.2)	NE (NE, NE)	133	6 (4.5)	127 (95.5)	NE (NE, NE)	135	0.859 (0.262, 2.816)	0.8016	
≥ 40x10 ⁹ /L	133	1 (0.8)	132 (99.2)	NE (NE, NE)	135	5 (3.7)	130 (96.3)	NE (NE, NE)	135	0.147 (0.017, 1.266)	0.0435	

N: number of subjects in analysis set; n: number of subjects in subgroup category; %: proportion of number of subjects in n; CI: confidence interval; NE: not estimable. PT: Preferred Term, SOC: System Organ Class.

[a] Median time to first event is from Kaplan-Meier estimate. Confidence Interval for median was computed using the Brookmeyer-Crowley method.

[b] Hazard ratio is from unstratified Cox proportional hazards model with treatment as the only categorical variable in the model. Confidence limits are based on the Wald test.

[c] Two-sided p-value from unstratified log-rank test.

[d] Two-sided interaction p-value is for the interaction term from unstratified Cox proportional hazards model with treatment, subgroup, and treatment-by-subgroup interaction as categorical variables in the model. The p-value is based on the Wald test.

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SOC: Musculoskeletal and connective tissue disorders; PT: Neck pain

		Quizartinib (N=265)				Placebo (N=268)				Quizartinib vs Placebo		Interaction
Subgroup	n	No. of subjects with events (%)	No. of subjects censored (%)	Median (95 % CI) (months) [a]	n	No. of subjects with events (%)	No. of subjects censored (%)	Median (95 % CI) (months) [a]	Hazard Ratio (95 % CI) [b]	Unstratified log-rank p-value [c]	P-value [d]	
Choice of Anthracycline											0.2051	
Daunorubicin	123	1 (0.8)	122 (99.2)	NE (NE, NE)	94	4 (4.3)	90 (95.7)	NE (NE, NE)	0.181 (0.020, 1.617)	0.0848		
Idarubicin	142	5 (3.5)	137 (96.5)	NE (NE, NE)	171	7 (4.1)	164 (95.9)	NE (NE, NE)	0.791 (0.251, 2.496)	0.6885		

N: number of subjects in analysis set; n: number of subjects in subgroup category; %: proportion of number of subjects in n; CI: confidence interval; NE: not estimable. PT: Preferred Term, SOC: System Organ Class.

[a] Median time to first event is from Kaplan-Meier estimate. Confidence Interval for median was computed using the Brookmeyer-Crowley method.

[b] Hazard ratio is from unstratified Cox proportional hazards model with treatment as the only categorical variable in the model. Confidence limits are based on the Wald test.

[c] Two-sided p-value from unstratified log-rank test.

[d] Two-sided interaction p-value is for the interaction term from unstratified Cox proportional hazards model with treatment, subgroup, and treatment-by-subgroup interaction as categorical variables in the model. The p-value is based on the Wald test.

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Run date: 21JUL2023 – 22:02; Program name: DE_T_3_11_2.sas; Output name: DE_T_3_11_2_TEAESOCPT_SUB_SAS.rtf

Medizinischer Nutzen, medizinischer Zusatznutzen, Patientengruppen mit therap. bedeutsamem Zusatznutzen

Daiichi Sankyo | Data Intelligence – Evidence Generation | Final | AC220-A-U302 QUANTUM-First (DCO 13 Aug 2021) | Statistical analyses for AMNOG (HTA Germany)
 Table 3.11.2 Treatment-emergent adverse events by system organ class (SOC) and preferred term (PT) observed for ≥ 10 patients in at least one arm and ≥ 1% of the patients in at least one arm - Time-to-event analysis - subgroup analysis - DCO 13-Aug-2021 - Safety Analysis Set

SOC: Musculoskeletal and connective tissue disorders; PT: Neck pain

		Quizartinib (N=265)				Placebo (N=268)				Quizartinib vs Placebo		Interaction
Subgroup	n	No. of subjects with events (%)	No. of subjects censored (%)	Median (95 % CI) (months) [a]	n	No. of subjects with events (%)	No. of subjects censored (%)	Median (95 % CI) (months) [a]	Hazard Ratio (95 % CI) [b]	Unstratified log-rank p-value [c]	P-value [d]	
AML Cytogenetic Risk Score											0.9867	
Favorable	13	0	13 (100)	NE (NE, NE)	19	0	19 (100)	NE (NE, NE)	NE (NE, NE)	NE		
Intermediate	195	5 (2.6)	190 (97.4)	NE (NE, NE)	190	9 (4.7)	181 (95.3)	NE (NE, NE)	0.467 (0.156, 1.396)	0.1630		
Unfavorable	19	0	19 (100)	NE (NE, NE)	27	1 (3.7)	26 (96.3)	NE (NE, NE)	0.000 (0.000, NE)	0.4292		
Unknown	38	1 (2.6)	37 (97.4)	NE (NE, NE)	31	1 (3.2)	30 (96.8)	NE (29.0, NE)	0.671 (0.041, 11.051)	0.7787		

N: number of subjects in analysis set; n: number of subjects in subgroup category; %: proportion of number of subjects in n; CI: confidence interval; NE: not estimable. PT: Preferred Term, SOC: System Organ Class.

[a] Median time to first event is from Kaplan-Meier estimate. Confidence Interval for median was computed using the Brookmeyer-Crowley method.

[b] Hazard ratio is from unstratified Cox proportional hazards model with treatment as the only categorical variable in the model. Confidence limits are based on the Wald test.

[c] Two-sided p-value from unstratified log-rank test.

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SOC: Musculoskeletal and connective tissue disorders; PT: Neck pain

		Quizartinib (N=265)					Placebo (N=268)					Quizartinib vs Placebo		Interaction
Subgroup	n	No. of subjects with events (%)	No. of subjects censored (%)	Median (95 % CI) (months) [a]	n	No. of subjects with events (%)	No. of subjects censored (%)	Median (95 % CI) (months) [a]	Hazard Ratio (95 % CI) [b]	Unstratified log-rank p-value [c]	P-value [d]			
ECOG Performance Status at Baseline												0.4854		
0 - Fully Active	87	3 (3.4)	84 (96.6)	NE (NE, NE)	97	3 (3.1)	94 (96.9)	NE (NE, NE)	1.064 (0.215, 5.273)	0.9380				
1 - Restricted in Physically Strenuous Activity	133	2 (1.5)	131 (98.5)	NE (NE, NE)	134	7 (5.2)	127 (94.8)	NE (NE, NE)	0.269 (0.056, 1.296)	0.0791				
2 - Ambulatory and Capable of All Selfcare	45	1 (2.2)	44 (97.8)	NE (NE, NE)	36	1 (2.8)	35 (97.2)	NE (5.4, NE)	0.485 (0.030, 7.856)	0.6030				

N: number of subjects in analysis set; n: number of subjects in subgroup category; %: proportion of number of subjects in n; CI: confidence interval; NE: not estimable. PT: Preferred Term, SOC: System Organ Class.

[a] Median time to first event is from Kaplan-Meier estimate. Confidence Interval for median was computed using the Brookmeyer-Crowley method.

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[c] Two-sided p-value from unstratified log-rank test.

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SOC: Musculoskeletal and connective tissue disorders; PT: Neck pain

		Quizartinib (N=265)					Placebo (N=268)					Quizartinib vs Placebo		Interaction
Subgroup	n	No. of subjects with events (%)	No. of subjects censored (%)	Median (95 % CI) (months) [a]	n	No. of subjects with events (%)	No. of subjects censored (%)	Median (95 % CI) (months) [a]	Hazard Ratio (95 % CI) [b]	Unstratified log-rank p-value [c]	p-	P-value [d]		
FLT3-ITD category at Baseline														0.7044
≥3 to ≤25%	94	1 (1.1)	93 (98.9)	NE (NE, NE)	98	5 (5.1)	93 (94.9)	NE (NE, NE)	0.203 (0.024, 1.738)	0.1064				
>25% to ≤50%	141	4 (2.8)	137 (97.2)	NE (NE, NE)	136	6 (4.4)	130 (95.6)	NE (NE, NE)	0.606 (0.171, 2.152)	0.4337				
>50%	29	1 (3.4)	28 (96.6)	NE (NE, NE)	34	0	34 (100)	NE (NE, NE)	NE (0.000, NE)	0.5465				

N: number of subjects in analysis set; n: number of subjects in subgroup category; %: proportion of number of subjects in n; CI: confidence interval; NE: not estimable. PT: Preferred Term, SOC: System Organ Class.

[a] Median time to first event is from Kaplan-Meier estimate. Confidence Interval for median was computed using the Brookmeyer-Crowley method.

[b] Hazard ratio is from unstratified Cox proportional hazards model with treatment as the only categorical variable in the model. Confidence limits are based on the Wald test.

[c] Two-sided p-value from unstratified log-rank test.

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SOC: Musculoskeletal and connective tissue disorders; PT: Neck pain

Subgroup	n	Quizartinib (N=265)				Placebo (N=268)				Quizartinib vs Placebo		Interaction
		No. of subjects with events (%)	No. of subjects censored (%)	Median (95 % CI) (months) [a]	n	No. of subjects with events (%)	No. of subjects censored (%)	Median (95 % CI) (months) [a]	n	Hazard Ratio (95 % CI) [b]	Unstratified log-rank p-value [c]	P-value [d]
AML with Mutated NPM1											0.5959	
Yes	139	3 (2.2)	136 (97.8)	NE (NE, NE)	137	4 (2.9)	133 (97.1)	NE (NE, NE)	137	0.670 (0.149, 3.002)	0.5986	
No	116	3 (2.6)	113 (97.4)	NE (NE, NE)	120	7 (5.8)	113 (94.2)	NE (NE, NE)	120	0.389 (0.100, 1.505)	0.1553	

N: number of subjects in analysis set; n: number of subjects in subgroup category; %: proportion of number of subjects in n; CI: confidence interval; NE: not estimable. PT: Preferred Term, SOC: System Organ Class.

[a] Median time to first event is from Kaplan-Meier estimate. Confidence Interval for median was computed using the Brookmeyer-Crowley method.

[b] Hazard ratio is from unstratified Cox proportional hazards model with treatment as the only categorical variable in the model. Confidence limits are based on the Wald test.

[c] Two-sided p-value from unstratified log-rank test.

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SOC: Musculoskeletal and connective tissue disorders; PT: Neck pain

		Quizartinib (N=265)				Placebo (N=268)				Quizartinib vs Placebo		Interaction
Subgroup	n	No. of subjects with events (%)	No. of subjects censored (%)	Median (95 % CI) (months) [a]	n	No. of subjects with events (%)	No. of subjects censored (%)	Median (95 % CI) (months) [a]	Hazard Ratio (95 % CI) [b]	Unstratified log-rank p-value [c]	P-value [d]	
Age by 2 categories											0.7608	
≤60	164	5 (3.0)	159 (97.0)	NE (NE, NE)	163	8 (4.9)	155 (95.1)	NE (NE, NE)	0.523 (0.170, 1.604)	0.2490		
>60	101	1 (1.0)	100 (99.0)	NE (NE, NE)	105	3 (2.9)	102 (97.1)	NE (NE, NE)	0.354 (0.037, 3.406)	0.3464		

N: number of subjects in analysis set; n: number of subjects in subgroup category; %: proportion of number of subjects in n; CI: confidence interval; NE: not estimable. PT: Preferred Term, SOC: System Organ Class.

[a] Median time to first event is from Kaplan-Meier estimate. Confidence Interval for median was computed using the Brookmeyer-Crowley method.

[b] Hazard ratio is from unstratified Cox proportional hazards model with treatment as the only categorical variable in the model. Confidence limits are based on the Wald test.

[c] Two-sided p-value from unstratified log-rank test.

[d] Two-sided interaction p-value is for the interaction term from unstratified Cox proportional hazards model with treatment, subgroup, and treatment-by-subgroup interaction as categorical variables in the model. The p-value is based on the Wald test.

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SOC: Vascular disorders; PT: Any PT

		Quizartinib (N=265)				Placebo (N=268)				Quizartinib vs Placebo		Interaction
Subgroup	n	No. of subjects with events (%)	No. of subjects censored (%)	Median (95 % CI) (months) [a]	n	No. of subjects with events (%)	No. of subjects censored (%)	Median (95 % CI) (months) [a]	Hazard Ratio (95 % CI) [b]	Unstratified log-rank p-value [c]	P-value [d]	
Pooled Age Group 2											0.3867	
<60	159	42 (26.4)	117 (73.6)	NE (NE, NE)	160	33 (20.6)	127 (79.4)	NE (NE, NE)	1.232 (0.780, 1.945)	0.3687		
≥60 - <65	37	12 (32.4)	25 (67.6)	NE (3.9, NE)	43	15 (34.9)	28 (65.1)	35.9 (5.0, NE)	0.966 (0.450, 2.074)	0.9307		
≥65	69	17 (24.6)	52 (75.4)	NE (16.5, NE)	65	22 (33.8)	43 (66.2)	NE (4.9, NE)	0.708 (0.375, 1.336)	0.2831		

N: number of subjects in analysis set; n: number of subjects in subgroup category; %: proportion of number of subjects in n; CI: confidence interval; NE: not estimable. PT: Preferred Term, SOC: System Organ Class.

[a] Median time to first event is from Kaplan-Meier estimate. Confidence Interval for median was computed using the Brookmeyer-Crowley method.

[b] Hazard ratio is from unstratified Cox proportional hazards model with treatment as the only categorical variable in the model. Confidence limits are based on the Wald test.

[c] Two-sided p-value from unstratified log-rank test.

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SOC: Vascular disorders; PT: Any PT

		Quizartinib (N=265)					Placebo (N=268)					Quizartinib vs Placebo		Interaction
Subgroup	n	No. of subjects with events (%)	No. of subjects censored (%)	Median (95 % CI) (months) [a]	n	No. of subjects with events (%)	No. of subjects censored (%)	Median (95 % CI) (months) [a]	Hazard Ratio (95 % CI) [b]	Unstratified log-rank p-value [c]	P-value [d]			
Sex											0.5549			
Male	124	34 (27.4)	90 (72.6)	NE (28.3, NE)	120	35 (29.2)	85 (70.8)	NE (7.7, NE)	0.900 (0.561, 1.444)	0.6633				
Female	141	37 (26.2)	104 (73.8)	NE (31.1, NE)	148	35 (23.6)	113 (76.4)	NE (NE, NE)	1.086 (0.684, 1.725)	0.7254				

N: number of subjects in analysis set; n: number of subjects in subgroup category; %: proportion of number of subjects in n; CI: confidence interval; NE: not estimable. PT: Preferred Term, SOC: System Organ Class.

[a] Median time to first event is from Kaplan-Meier estimate. Confidence Interval for median was computed using the Brookmeyer-Crowley method.

[b] Hazard ratio is from unstratified Cox proportional hazards model with treatment as the only categorical variable in the model. Confidence limits are based on the Wald test.

[c] Two-sided p-value from unstratified log-rank test.

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		Quizartinib (N=265)					Placebo (N=268)					Quizartinib vs Placebo		Interaction
Subgroup	n	No. of subjects with events (%)	No. of subjects censored (%)	Median (95 % CI) (months) [a]	n	No. of subjects with events (%)	No. of subjects censored (%)	Median (95 % CI) (months) [a]	Hazard Ratio (95 % CI) [b]	Unstratified log-rank p-value [c]	P-value [d]			
Race by 2 categories												0.5593		
White	157	44 (28.0)	113 (72.0)	NE (NE)	(28.3, 161	41 (25.5)	120 (74.5)	NE (NE, NE)	1.084 (0.708, 1.660)	0.7112				
Non-white	108	27 (25.0)	81 (75.0)	NE (NE)	(31.1, 107	29 (27.1)	78 (72.9)	NE (NE)	0.885 (0.524, 1.495)	0.6481				

N: number of subjects in analysis set; n: number of subjects in subgroup category; %: proportion of number of subjects in n; CI: confidence interval; NE: not estimable. PT: Preferred Term, SOC: System Organ Class.

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[b] Hazard ratio is from unstratified Cox proportional hazards model with treatment as the only categorical variable in the model. Confidence limits are based on the Wald test.

[c] Two-sided p-value from unstratified log-rank test.

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SOC: Vascular disorders; PT: Any PT

		Quizartinib (N=265)					Placebo (N=268)					Quizartinib vs Placebo		Interaction
Subgroup	n	No. of subjects with events (%)	No. of subjects censored (%)	Median (95 % CI) (months) [a]	n	No. of subjects with events (%)	No. of subjects censored (%)	Median (95 % CI) (months) [a]	Hazard Ratio (95 % CI) [b]	Unstratified log-rank p-value [c]	P-value [d]			
Geographic Region 1													0.9571	
North America	16	8 (50.0)	8 (50.0)	10.5 (0.8, NE)	18	11 (61.1)	7 (38.9)	1.6 (0.9, NE)	0.889 (0.355, 2.227)	0.8135				
Europe	161	43 (26.7)	118 (73.3)	NE (28.3, NE)	161	41 (25.5)	120 (74.5)	NE (NE, NE)	1.021 (0.665, 1.567)	0.9253				
Asia/Other Regions	88	20 (22.7)	68 (77.3)	NE (31.1, NE)	89	18 (20.2)	71 (79.8)	NE (35.9, NE)	1.090 (0.576, 2.062)	0.7911				

N: number of subjects in analysis set; n: number of subjects in subgroup category; %: proportion of number of subjects in n; CI: confidence interval; NE: not estimable. PT: Preferred Term, SOC: System Organ Class.

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SOC: Vascular disorders; PT: Any PT

Subgroup	n	Quizartinib (N=265)				Placebo (N=268)				Quizartinib vs Placebo		Interaction
		No. of subjects with events (%)	No. of subjects censored (%)	Median (95 % CI) [a]	n	No. of subjects with events (%)	No. of subjects censored (%)	Median (95 % CI) [a]	n	Hazard Ratio (95 % CI) [b]	Unstratified log-rank p-value [c]	P-value [d]
WBC at initial diagnosis												0.4805
< 40x10 ⁹ /L	132	36 (27.3)	96 (72.7)	NE (NE, NE)	133	34 (25.6)	99 (74.4)	NE (35.9, NE)	135	1.120 (0.701, 1.790)	0.6329	
≥ 40x10 ⁹ /L	133	35 (26.3)	98 (73.7)	NE (28.3, NE)	135	36 (26.7)	99 (73.3)	NE (NE, NE)	135	0.892 (0.559, 1.422)	0.6304	

N: number of subjects in analysis set; n: number of subjects in subgroup category; %: proportion of number of subjects in n; CI: confidence interval; NE: not estimable. PT: Preferred Term, SOC: System Organ Class.

[a] Median time to first event is from Kaplan-Meier estimate. Confidence Interval for median was computed using the Brookmeyer-Crowley method.

[b] Hazard ratio is from unstratified Cox proportional hazards model with treatment as the only categorical variable in the model. Confidence limits are based on the Wald test.

[c] Two-sided p-value from unstratified log-rank test.

[d] Two-sided interaction p-value is for the interaction term from unstratified Cox proportional hazards model with treatment, subgroup, and treatment-by-subgroup interaction as categorical variables in the model. The p-value is based on the Wald test.

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Medizinischer Nutzen, medizinischer Zusatznutzen, Patientengruppen mit therap. bedeutsamem Zusatznutzen

Daichi Sankyo | Data Intelligence – Evidence Generation | Final | AC220-A-U302 QUANTUM-First (DCO 13 Aug 2021) | Statistical analyses for AMNOG (HTA Germany)
 Table 3.11.2 Treatment-emergent adverse events by system organ class (SOC) and preferred term (PT) observed for ≥ 10 patients in at least one arm and ≥ 1% of the patients in at least one arm - Time-to-event analysis - subgroup analysis - DCO 13-Aug-2021 - Safety Analysis Set

SOC: Vascular disorders; PT: Any PT

		Quizartinib (N=265)					Placebo (N=268)					Quizartinib vs Placebo		Interaction
Subgroup	n	No. of subjects with events (%)	No. of subjects censored (%)	Median (95 % CI) (months) [a]	n	No. of subjects with events (%)	No. of subjects censored (%)	Median (95 % CI) (months) [a]	n	Hazard Ratio (95 % CI) [b]	Unstratified log-rank p-value [c]	P-value [d]		
Choice of Anthracycline												0.7575		
Daunorubicin	123	35 (28.5)	88 (71.5)	NE (28.3, NE)	94	24 (25.5)	70 (74.5)	NE (8.4, NE)		1.037 (0.615, 1.746)	0.8920			
Idarubicin	142	36 (25.4)	106 (74.6)	NE (31.1, NE)	171	46 (26.9)	125 (73.1)	NE (35.9, NE)		0.927 (0.599, 1.434)	0.7328			

N: number of subjects in analysis set; n: number of subjects in subgroup category; %: proportion of number of subjects in n; CI: confidence interval; NE: not estimable. PT: Preferred Term, SOC: System Organ Class.

[a] Median time to first event is from Kaplan-Meier estimate. Confidence Interval for median was computed using the Brookmeyer-Crowley method.

[b] Hazard ratio is from unstratified Cox proportional hazards model with treatment as the only categorical variable in the model. Confidence limits are based on the Wald test.

[c] Two-sided p-value from unstratified log-rank test.

[d] Two-sided interaction p-value is for the interaction term from unstratified Cox proportional hazards model with treatment, subgroup, and treatment-by-subgroup interaction as categorical variables in the model. The p-value is based on the Wald test.

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SOC: Vascular disorders; PT: Any PT

		Quizartinib (N=265)					Placebo (N=268)					Quizartinib vs Placebo		Interaction
Subgroup	n	No. of subjects with events (%)	No. of subjects censored (%)	Median (95 % CI) (months) [a]	n	No. of subjects with events (%)	No. of subjects censored (%)	Median (95 % CI) (months) [a]	n	Hazard Ratio (95 % CI) [b]	Unstratified log-rank p-value [c]	P-value [d]		
AML Cytogenetic Risk Score												0.9033		
Favorable	13	2 (15.4)	11 (84.6)	28.3 (NE, NE)	19	5 (26.3)	14 (73.7)	NE (9.8, NE)	19	0.715 (0.137, 3.735)	0.6892			
Intermediate	195	55 (28.2)	140 (71.8)	NE (31.1, NE)	190	49 (25.8)	141 (74.2)	NE (35.9, NE)	190	1.031 (0.701, 1.515)	0.8777			
Unfavorable	19	4 (21.1)	15 (78.9)	NE (3.2, NE)	27	7 (25.9)	20 (74.1)	NE (NE, NE)	27	0.690 (0.201, 2.370)	0.5535			
Unknown	38	10 (26.3)	28 (73.7)	NE (16.5, NE)	31	9 (29.0)	22 (71.0)	NE (5.7, NE)	31	1.024 (0.415, 2.525)	0.9617			

N: number of subjects in analysis set; n: number of subjects in subgroup category; %: proportion of number of subjects in n; CI: confidence interval; NE: not estimable. PT: Preferred Term, SOC: System Organ Class.

[a] Median time to first event is from Kaplan-Meier estimate. Confidence Interval for median was computed using the Brookmeyer-Crowley method.

[b] Hazard ratio is from unstratified Cox proportional hazards model with treatment as the only categorical variable in the model. Confidence limits are based on the Wald test.

[c] Two-sided p-value from unstratified log-rank test.

[d] Two-sided interaction p-value is for the interaction term from unstratified Cox proportional hazards model with treatment, subgroup, and treatment-by-subgroup interaction as categorical variables in the model. The p-value is based on the Wald test.

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Medizinischer Nutzen, medizinischer Zusatznutzen, Patientengruppen mit therap. bedeutsamem Zusatznutzen

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SOC: Vascular disorders; PT: Any PT

Subgroup	n	Quizartinib (N=265)					Placebo (N=268)					Quizartinib vs Placebo		Interaction
		No. of subjects with events (%)	No. of subjects censored (%)	Median (95 % CI) (months) [a]	n	No. of subjects with events (%)	No. of subjects censored (%)	Median (95 % CI) (months) [a]	Hazard Ratio (95 % CI) [b]	Unstratified log-rank p-value [c]	P-value [d]			
ECOG Performance Status at Baseline													0.1489	
0 - Fully Active	87	21 (24.1)	66 (75.9)	NE (28.3, NE)	97	15 (15.5)	82 (84.5)	NE (NE, NE)	1.514 (0.780, 2.941)	0.2173				
1 - Restricted in Physically Strenuous Activity	133	38 (28.6)	95 (71.4)	NE (15.4, NE)	134	40 (29.9)	94 (70.1)	NE (17.5, NE)	0.910 (0.583, 1.419)	0.6759				
2 - Ambulatory and Capable of All Selfcare	45	12 (26.7)	33 (73.3)	NE (1.8, NE)	36	15 (41.7)	21 (58.3)	NE (1.7, NE)	0.593 (0.277, 1.271)	0.1754				

N: number of subjects in analysis set; n: number of subjects in subgroup category; %: proportion of number of subjects in n; CI: confidence interval; NE: not estimable. PT: Preferred Term, SOC: System Organ Class.

[a] Median time to first event is from Kaplan-Meier estimate. Confidence Interval for median was computed using the Brookmeyer-Crowley method.

[b] Hazard ratio is from unstratified Cox proportional hazards model with treatment as the only categorical variable in the model. Confidence limits are based on the Wald test.

[c] Two-sided p-value from unstratified log-rank test.

[d] Two-sided interaction p-value is for the interaction term from unstratified Cox proportional hazards model with treatment, subgroup, and treatment-by-subgroup interaction as categorical variables in the model. The p-value is based on the Wald test.

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SOC: Vascular disorders; PT: Any PT

		Quizartinib (N=265)				Placebo (N=268)				Quizartinib vs Placebo		Interaction
Subgroup	n	No. of subjects with events (%)	No. of subjects censored (%)	Median (95 % CI) (months) [a]	n	No. of subjects with events (%)	No. of subjects censored (%)	Median (95 % CI) (months) [a]	Hazard Ratio (95 % CI) [b]	Unstratified log-rank p-value [c]	P-value [d]	
FLT3-ITD category at Baseline											0.4065	
≥3 to ≤25%	94	29 (30.9)	65 (69.1)	NE (7.0, NE)	98	25 (25.5)	73 (74.5)	NE (NE, NE)	1.318 (0.772, 2.250)	0.3111		
>25% to ≤50%	141	32 (22.7)	109 (77.3)	NE (31.1, NE)	136	35 (25.7)	101 (74.3)	NE (35.9, NE)	0.806 (0.498, 1.303)	0.3775		
>50%	29	10 (34.5)	19 (65.5)	NE (3.4, NE)	34	10 (29.4)	24 (70.6)	8.4 (5.0, NE)	0.987 (0.407, 2.392)	0.9773		

N: number of subjects in analysis set; n: number of subjects in subgroup category; %: proportion of number of subjects in n; CI: confidence interval; NE: not estimable. PT: Preferred Term, SOC: System Organ Class.

[a] Median time to first event is from Kaplan-Meier estimate. Confidence Interval for median was computed using the Brookmeyer-Crowley method.

[b] Hazard ratio is from unstratified Cox proportional hazards model with treatment as the only categorical variable in the model. Confidence limits are based on the Wald test.

[c] Two-sided p-value from unstratified log-rank test.

[d] Two-sided interaction p-value is for the interaction term from unstratified Cox proportional hazards model with treatment, subgroup, and treatment-by-subgroup interaction as categorical variables in the model. The p-value is based on the Wald test.

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SOC: Vascular disorders; PT: Any PT

		Quizartinib (N=265)					Placebo (N=268)					Quizartinib vs Placebo		Interaction
Subgroup	n	No. of subjects with events (%)	No. of subjects censored (%)	Median (95 % CI) (months) [a]	n	No. of subjects with events (%)	No. of subjects censored (%)	Median (95 % CI) (months) [a]	n	Hazard Ratio (95 % CI) [b]	Unstratified log-rank p-value [c]	P-value [d]		
AML with Mutated NPM1												0.3540		
Yes	139	41 (29.5)	98 (70.5)	NE (NE)	(28.3, 137)	36 (26.3)	101 (73.7)	NE (NE, NE)		1.151 (0.735, 1.802)	0.5387			
No	116	30 (25.9)	86 (74.1)	NE (NE)	(15.4, 120)	33 (27.5)	87 (72.5)	NE (NE)	(17.5,	0.841 (0.513, 1.380)	0.4938			

N: number of subjects in analysis set; n: number of subjects in subgroup category; %: proportion of number of subjects in n; CI: confidence interval; NE: not estimable. PT: Preferred Term, SOC: System Organ Class.

[a] Median time to first event is from Kaplan-Meier estimate. Confidence Interval for median was computed using the Brookmeyer-Crowley method.

[b] Hazard ratio is from unstratified Cox proportional hazards model with treatment as the only categorical variable in the model. Confidence limits are based on the Wald test.

[c] Two-sided p-value from unstratified log-rank test.

[d] Two-sided interaction p-value is for the interaction term from unstratified Cox proportional hazards model with treatment, subgroup, and treatment-by-subgroup interaction as categorical variables in the model. The p-value is based on the Wald test.

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SOC: Vascular disorders; PT: Any PT

		Quizartinib (N=265)					Placebo (N=268)					Quizartinib vs Placebo		Interaction
Subgroup	n	No. of subjects with events (%)	No. of subjects censored (%)	Median (95 % CI) (months) [a]	n	No. of subjects with events (%)	No. of subjects censored (%)	Median (95 % CI) (months) [a]	n	Hazard Ratio (95 % CI) [b]	Unstratified log-rank p-value [c]	P-value [d]		
Age by 2 categories												0.1981		
≤60	164	43 (26.2)	121 (73.8)	NE (NE, NE)	163	33 (20.2)	130 (79.8)	NE (NE, NE)	163	1.239 (0.786, 1.951)	0.3538			
>60	101	28 (27.7)	73 (72.3)	NE (16.5, NE)	105	37 (35.2)	68 (64.8)	35.9 (5.7, NE)	105	0.789 (0.483, 1.289)	0.3416			

N: number of subjects in analysis set; n: number of subjects in subgroup category; %: proportion of number of subjects in n; CI: confidence interval; NE: not estimable. PT: Preferred Term, SOC: System Organ Class.

[a] Median time to first event is from Kaplan-Meier estimate. Confidence Interval for median was computed using the Brookmeyer-Crowley method.

[b] Hazard ratio is from unstratified Cox proportional hazards model with treatment as the only categorical variable in the model. Confidence limits are based on the Wald test.

[c] Two-sided p-value from unstratified log-rank test.

[d] Two-sided interaction p-value is for the interaction term from unstratified Cox proportional hazards model with treatment, subgroup, and treatment-by-subgroup interaction as categorical variables in the model. The p-value is based on the Wald test.

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SOC: Vascular disorders; PT: Hypertension

		Quizartinib (N=265)				Placebo (N=268)				Quizartinib vs Placebo		Interaction
Subgroup	n	No. of subjects with events (%)	No. of subjects censored (%)	Median (95 % CI) (months) [a]	n	No. of subjects with events (%)	No. of subjects censored (%)	Median (95 % CI) (months) [a]	Hazard Ratio (95 % CI) [b]	Unstratified log-rank p-value [c]	P-value [d]	
Pooled Age Group 2											0.5244	
<60	159	16 (10.1)	143 (89.9)	NE (NE, NE)	160	13 (8.1)	147 (91.9)	NE (NE, NE)	1.140 (0.547, 2.374)	0.7261		
≥60 - <65	37	3 (8.1)	34 (91.9)	NE (NE, NE)	43	6 (14.0)	37 (86.0)	NE (27.5, NE)	0.521 (0.130, 2.099)	0.3511		
≥65	69	10 (14.5)	59 (85.5)	NE (NE, NE)	65	14 (21.5)	51 (78.5)	NE (NE, NE)	0.695 (0.309, 1.565)	0.3759		

N: number of subjects in analysis set; n: number of subjects in subgroup category; %: proportion of number of subjects in n; CI: confidence interval; NE: not estimable. PT: Preferred Term, SOC: System Organ Class.

[a] Median time to first event is from Kaplan-Meier estimate. Confidence Interval for median was computed using the Brookmeyer-Crowley method.

[b] Hazard ratio is from unstratified Cox proportional hazards model with treatment as the only categorical variable in the model. Confidence limits are based on the Wald test.

[c] Two-sided p-value from unstratified log-rank test.

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SOC: Vascular disorders; PT: Hypertension

		Quizartinib (N=265)				Placebo (N=268)				Quizartinib vs Placebo		Interaction
Subgroup	n	No. of subjects with events (%)	No. of subjects censored (%)	Median (95 % CI) (months) [a]	n	No. of subjects with events (%)	No. of subjects censored (%)	Median (95 % CI) (months) [a]	Hazard Ratio (95 % CI) [b]	Unstratified log-rank p-value [c]	P-value [d]	
Sex											0.1336	
Male	124	19 (15.3)	105 (84.7)	NE (NE, NE)	120	15 (12.5)	105 (87.5)	NE (NE, NE)	1.185 (0.602, 2.334)	0.6229		
Female	141	10 (7.1)	131 (92.9)	NE (NE, NE)	148	18 (12.2)	130 (87.8)	NE (NE, NE)	0.544 (0.251, 1.181)	0.1178		

N: number of subjects in analysis set; n: number of subjects in subgroup category; %: proportion of number of subjects in n; CI: confidence interval; NE: not estimable. PT: Preferred Term, SOC: System Organ Class.

[a] Median time to first event is from Kaplan-Meier estimate. Confidence Interval for median was computed using the Brookmeyer-Crowley method.

[b] Hazard ratio is from unstratified Cox proportional hazards model with treatment as the only categorical variable in the model. Confidence limits are based on the Wald test.

[c] Two-sided p-value from unstratified log-rank test.

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SOC: Vascular disorders; PT: Hypertension

		Quizartinib (N=265)				Placebo (N=268)				Quizartinib vs Placebo		Interaction
Subgroup	n	No. of subjects with events (%)	No. of subjects censored (%)	Median (95 % CI) (months) [a]	n	No. of subjects with events (%)	No. of subjects censored (%)	Median (95 % CI) (months) [a]	Hazard Ratio (95 % CI) [b]	Unstratified log-rank p-value [c]	P-value [d]	
Race by 2 categories											0.3206	
White	157	19 (12.1)	138 (87.9)	NE (NE, NE)	161	18 (11.2)	143 (88.8)	NE (NE, NE)	1.051 (0.551, 2.006)	0.8803		
Non-white	108	10 (9.3)	98 (90.7)	NE (NE, NE)	107	15 (14.0)	92 (86.0)	NE (NE, NE)	0.612 (0.275, 1.364)	0.2256		

N: number of subjects in analysis set; n: number of subjects in subgroup category; %: proportion of number of subjects in n; CI: confidence interval; NE: not estimable. PT: Preferred Term, SOC: System Organ Class.

[a] Median time to first event is from Kaplan-Meier estimate. Confidence Interval for median was computed using the Brookmeyer-Crowley method.

[b] Hazard ratio is from unstratified Cox proportional hazards model with treatment as the only categorical variable in the model. Confidence limits are based on the Wald test.

[c] Two-sided p-value from unstratified log-rank test.

[d] Two-sided interaction p-value is for the interaction term from unstratified Cox proportional hazards model with treatment, subgroup, and treatment-by-subgroup interaction as categorical variables in the model. The p-value is based on the Wald test.

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Daichi Sankyo | Data Intelligence – Evidence Generation | Final | AC220-A-U302 QUANTUM-First (DCO 13 Aug 2021) | Statistical analyses for AMNOG (HTA Germany)
 Table 3.11.2 Treatment-emergent adverse events by system organ class (SOC) and preferred term (PT) observed for ≥ 10 patients in at least one arm and ≥ 1% of the patients in at least one arm - Time-to-event analysis - subgroup analysis - DCO 13-Aug-2021 - Safety Analysis Set

SOC: Vascular disorders; PT: Hypertension

		Quizartinib (N=265)					Placebo (N=268)					Quizartinib vs Placebo		Interaction
Subgroup	n	No. of subjects with events (%)	No. of subjects censored (%)	Median (95 % CI) (months) [a]	n	No. of subjects with events (%)	No. of subjects censored (%)	Median (95 % CI) (months) [a]	Hazard Ratio (95 % CI) [b]	Unstratified log-rank p-value [c]	P-value [d]			
Geographic Region 1												0.9348		
North America	16	2 (12.5)	14 (87.5)	NE (NE, NE)	18	3 (16.7)	15 (83.3)	NE (NE, NE)	1.057 (0.168, 6.648)	0.9533				
Europe	161	21 (13.0)	140 (87.0)	NE (NE, NE)	161	22 (13.7)	139 (86.3)	NE (NE, NE)	0.898 (0.493, 1.635)	0.7238				
Asia/Other Regions	88	6 (6.8)	82 (93.2)	NE (NE, NE)	89	8 (9.0)	81 (91.0)	NE (NE, NE)	0.676 (0.234, 1.952)	0.4660				

N: number of subjects in analysis set; n: number of subjects in subgroup category; %: proportion of number of subjects in n; CI: confidence interval; NE: not estimable. PT: Preferred Term, SOC: System Organ Class.

[a] Median time to first event is from Kaplan-Meier estimate. Confidence Interval for median was computed using the Brookmeyer-Crowley method.

[b] Hazard ratio is from unstratified Cox proportional hazards model with treatment as the only categorical variable in the model. Confidence limits are based on the Wald test.

[c] Two-sided p-value from unstratified log-rank test.

[d] Two-sided interaction p-value is for the interaction term from unstratified Cox proportional hazards model with treatment, subgroup, and treatment-by-subgroup interaction as categorical variables in the model. The p-value is based on the Wald test.

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SOC: Vascular disorders; PT: Hypertension

		Quizartinib (N=265)				Placebo (N=268)				Quizartinib vs Placebo		Interaction
Subgroup	n	No. of subjects with events (%)	No. of subjects censored (%)	Median (95 % CI) (months) [a]	n	No. of subjects with events (%)	No. of subjects censored (%)	Median (95 % CI) (months) [a]	Hazard Ratio (95 % CI) [b]	Unstratified log-rank p-value [c]	P-value [d]	
WBC at initial diagnosis											0.5575	
< 40x10 ⁹ /L	132	16 (12.1)	116 (87.9)	NE (NE, NE)	133	17 (12.8)	116 (87.2)	NE (NE, NE)	0.973 (0.492, 1.927)	0.9401		
≥ 40x10 ⁹ /L	133	13 (9.8)	120 (90.2)	NE (NE, NE)	135	16 (11.9)	119 (88.1)	NE (NE, NE)	0.698 (0.335, 1.456)	0.3352		

N: number of subjects in analysis set; n: number of subjects in subgroup category; %: proportion of number of subjects in n; CI: confidence interval; NE: not estimable. PT: Preferred Term, SOC: System Organ Class.

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[b] Hazard ratio is from unstratified Cox proportional hazards model with treatment as the only categorical variable in the model. Confidence limits are based on the Wald test.

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SOC: Vascular disorders; PT: Hypertension

		Quizartinib (N=265)					Placebo (N=268)					Quizartinib vs Placebo		Interaction
Subgroup	n	No. of subjects with events (%)	No. of subjects censored (%)	Median (95 % CI) (months) [a]	n	No. of subjects with events (%)	No. of subjects censored (%)	Median (95 % CI) (months) [a]	CI	Hazard Ratio (95 % CI) [b]	Unstratified log-rank p-value [c]	P-value [d]		
Choice of Anthracycline												0.9637		
Daunorubicin	123	13 (10.6)	110 (89.4)	NE (NE, NE)	94	11 (11.7)	83 (88.3)	NE (27.5, NE)		0.794 (0.354, 1.780)	0.5740			
Idarubicin	142	16 (11.3)	126 (88.7)	NE (NE, NE)	171	22 (12.9)	149 (87.1)	NE (NE, NE)		0.854 (0.449, 1.627)	0.6327			

N: number of subjects in analysis set; n: number of subjects in subgroup category; %: proportion of number of subjects in n; CI: confidence interval; NE: not estimable. PT: Preferred Term, SOC: System Organ Class.

[a] Median time to first event is from Kaplan-Meier estimate. Confidence Interval for median was computed using the Brookmeyer-Crowley method.

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SOC: Vascular disorders; PT: Hypertension

		Quizartinib (N=265)					Placebo (N=268)					Quizartinib vs Placebo		Interaction
Subgroup	n	No. of subjects with events (%)	No. of subjects censored (%)	Median (95 % CI) (months) [a]	n	No. of subjects with events (%)	No. of subjects censored (%)	Median (95 % CI) (months) [a]	n	Hazard Ratio (95 % CI) [b]	Unstratified log-rank p-value [c]	P-value [d]		
AML Cytogenetic Risk Score												0.9999		
Favorable	13	1 (7.7)	12 (92.3)	28.3 (NE, NE)	19	2 (10.5)	17 (89.5)	NE (NE, NE)	19	1.432 (0.122, 16.793)	0.7738			
Intermediate	195	20 (10.3)	175 (89.7)	NE (NE, NE)	190	21 (11.1)	169 (88.9)	NE (NE, NE)	190	0.852 (0.461, 1.573)	0.6084			
Unfavorable	19	4 (21.1)	15 (78.9)	NE (3.2, NE)	27	6 (22.2)	21 (77.8)	NE (NE, NE)	27	0.813 (0.228, 2.900)	0.7495			
Unknown	38	4 (10.5)	34 (89.5)	NE (NE, NE)	31	4 (12.9)	27 (87.1)	NE (NE, NE)	31	0.833 (0.208, 3.336)	0.7963			

N: number of subjects in analysis set; n: number of subjects in subgroup category; %: proportion of number of subjects in n; CI: confidence interval; NE: not estimable. PT: Preferred Term, SOC: System Organ Class.

[a] Median time to first event is from Kaplan-Meier estimate. Confidence Interval for median was computed using the Brookmeyer-Crowley method.

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[c] Two-sided p-value from unstratified log-rank test.

[d] Two-sided interaction p-value is for the interaction term from unstratified Cox proportional hazards model with treatment, subgroup, and treatment-by-subgroup interaction as categorical variables in the model. The p-value is based on the Wald test.

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SOC: Vascular disorders; PT: Hypertension

		Quizartinib (N=265)					Placebo (N=268)					Quizartinib vs Placebo		Interaction
Subgroup	n	No. of subjects with events (%)	No. of subjects censored (%)	Median (95 % CI) (months) [a]	n	No. of subjects with events (%)	No. of subjects censored (%)	Median (95 % CI) (months) [a]	Hazard Ratio (95 % CI) [b]	Unstratified log-rank p-value [c]	P-value [d]			
ECOG Performance Status at Baseline												0.1637		
0 - Fully Active	87	10 (11.5)	77 (88.5)	NE (NE, NE)	97	6 (6.2)	91 (93.8)	NE (NE, NE)	1.732 (0.628, 4.775)	0.2828				
1 - Restricted in Physically Strenuous Activity	133	13 (9.8)	120 (90.2)	NE (NE, NE)	134	22 (16.4)	112 (83.6)	NE (NE, NE)	0.555 (0.279, 1.103)	0.0886				
2 - Ambulatory and Capable of All Selfcare	45	6 (13.3)	39 (86.7)	NE (NE, NE)	36	5 (13.9)	31 (86.1)	NE (NE, NE)	1.004 (0.306, 3.291)	0.9918				

N: number of subjects in analysis set; n: number of subjects in subgroup category; %: proportion of number of subjects in n; CI: confidence interval; NE: not estimable. PT: Preferred Term, SOC: System Organ Class.

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[b] Hazard ratio is from unstratified Cox proportional hazards model with treatment as the only categorical variable in the model. Confidence limits are based on the Wald test.

[c] Two-sided p-value is from unstratified log-rank test.

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SOC: Vascular disorders; PT: Hypertension

		Quizartinib (N=265)				Placebo (N=268)				Quizartinib vs Placebo		Interaction
Subgroup	n	No. of subjects with events (%)	No. of subjects censored (%)	Median (95 % CI) (months) [a]	n	No. of subjects with events (%)	No. of subjects censored (%)	Median (95 % CI) (months) [a]	Hazard Ratio (95 % CI) [b]	Unstratified log-rank p-value [c]	P-value [d]	
FLT3-ITD category at Baseline											0.6033	
≥3 to ≤25%	94	11 (11.7)	83 (88.3)	NE (NE, NE)	98	14 (14.3)	84 (85.7)	NE (NE, NE)	0.854 (0.388, 1.882)	0.6942		
>25% to ≤50%	141	15 (10.6)	126 (89.4)	NE (NE, NE)	136	13 (9.6)	123 (90.4)	NE (NE, NE)	1.038 (0.493, 2.186)	0.9211		
>50%	29	3 (10.3)	26 (89.7)	NE (NE, NE)	34	6 (17.6)	28 (82.4)	NE (6.9, NE)	0.444 (0.110, 1.788)	0.2408		

N: number of subjects in analysis set; n: number of subjects in subgroup category; %: proportion of number of subjects in n; CI: confidence interval; NE: not estimable. PT: Preferred Term, SOC: System Organ Class.

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Subgroup	n	No. of subjects with events (%)	No. of subjects censored (%)	Median (95 % CI) (months) [a]	n	No. of subjects with events (%)	No. of subjects censored (%)	Median (95 % CI) (months) [a]	Hazard Ratio (95 % CI) [b]	Unstratified log-rank p-value [c]	P-value [d]	
AML with Mutated NPM1											0.3548	
Yes	139	17 (12.2)	122 (87.8)	NE (NE, NE)	137	16 (11.7)	121 (88.3)	NE (NE, NE)	1.020 (0.515, 2.021)	0.9554		
No	116	12 (10.3)	104 (89.7)	NE (NE, NE)	120	17 (14.2)	103 (85.8)	NE (NE, NE)	0.652 (0.311, 1.366)	0.2541		

N: number of subjects in analysis set; n: number of subjects in subgroup category; %: proportion of number of subjects in n; CI: confidence interval; NE: not estimable. PT: Preferred Term, SOC: System Organ Class.

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Subgroup	n	No. of subjects with events (%)	No. of subjects censored (%)	Median (95 % CI) (months) [a]	n	No. of subjects with events (%)	No. of subjects censored (%)	Median (95 % CI) (months) [a]	Hazard Ratio (95 % CI) [b]	Unstratified log-rank p-value [c]	P-value [d]	
Age by 2 categories											0.3286	
≤60	164	16 (9.8)	148 (90.2)	NE (NE, NE)	163	13 (8.0)	150 (92.0)	NE (NE, NE)	1.118 (0.537, 2.328)	0.7646		
>60	101	13 (12.9)	88 (87.1)	NE (NE, NE)	105	20 (19.0)	85 (81.0)	NE (NE, NE)	0.680 (0.338, 1.367)	0.2754		

N: number of subjects in analysis set; n: number of subjects in subgroup category; %: proportion of number of subjects in n; CI: confidence interval; NE: not estimable. PT: Preferred Term, SOC: System Organ Class.

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Pooled Age Group 2											0.5629	
<60	159	12 (7.5)	147 (92.5)	NE (NE, NE)	160	6 (3.8)	154 (96.3)	NE (NE, NE)	1.932 (0.724, 5.156)	0.1808		
≥60 - <65	37	5 (13.5)	32 (86.5)	NE (NE, NE)	43	4 (9.3)	39 (90.7)	NE (NE, NE)	1.390 (0.372, 5.195)	0.6195		
≥65	69	6 (8.7)	63 (91.3)	NE (26.5, NE)	65	7 (10.8)	58 (89.2)	NE (NE, NE)	0.840 (0.282, 2.500)	0.7528		

N: number of subjects in analysis set; n: number of subjects in subgroup category; %: proportion of number of subjects in n; CI: confidence interval; NE: not estimable. PT: Preferred Term, SOC: System Organ Class.

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Subgroup	n	No. of subjects with events (%)	No. of subjects censored (%)	Median (95 % CI) (months) [a]	n	No. of subjects with events (%)	No. of subjects censored (%)	Median (95 % CI) (months) [a]	Hazard Ratio (95 % CI) [b]	Unstratified log-rank p-value [c]	P-value [d]	
Sex											0.4981	
Male	124	9 (7.3)	115 (92.7)	NE (NE, NE)	120	8 (6.7)	112 (93.3)	NE (NE, NE)	1.058 (0.408, 2.747)	0.9060		
Female	141	14 (9.9)	127 (90.1)	NE (NE, NE)	148	9 (6.1)	139 (93.9)	NE (NE, NE)	1.589 (0.687, 3.675)	0.2745		

N: number of subjects in analysis set; n: number of subjects in subgroup category; %: proportion of number of subjects in n; CI: confidence interval; NE: not estimable. PT: Preferred Term, SOC: System Organ Class.

[a] Median time to first event is from Kaplan-Meier estimate. Confidence Interval for median was computed using the Brookmeyer-Crowley method.

[b] Hazard ratio is from unstratified Cox proportional hazards model with treatment as the only categorical variable in the model. Confidence limits are based on the Wald test.

[c] Two-sided p-value from unstratified log-rank test.

[d] Two-sided interaction p-value is for the interaction term from unstratified Cox proportional hazards model with treatment, subgroup, and treatment-by-subgroup interaction as categorical variables in the model. The p-value is based on the Wald test.

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Medizinischer Nutzen, medizinischer Zusatznutzen, Patientengruppen mit therap. bedeutsamem Zusatznutzen

Daichi Sankyo | Data Intelligence – Evidence Generation | Final | AC220-A-U302 QUANTUM-First (DCO 13 Aug 2021) | Statistical analyses for AMNOG (HTA Germany)
 Table 3.11.2 Treatment-emergent adverse events by system organ class (SOC) and preferred term (PT) observed for ≥ 10 patients in at least one arm and ≥ 1% of the patients in at least one arm - Time-to-event analysis - subgroup analysis - DCO 13-Aug-2021 - Safety Analysis Set

SOC: Vascular disorders; PT: Hypotension

		Quizartinib (N=265)				Placebo (N=268)				Quizartinib vs Placebo		Interaction
Subgroup	n	No. of subjects with events (%)	No. of subjects censored (%)	Median (95 % CI) (months) [a]	n	No. of subjects with events (%)	No. of subjects censored (%)	Median (95 % CI) (months) [a]	Hazard Ratio (95 % CI) [b]	Unstratified log-rank p-value [c]	P-value [d]	
Race by 2 categories											0.6860	
White	157	8 (5.1)	149 (94.9)	NE (NE, NE)	161	7 (4.3)	154 (95.7)	NE (NE, NE)	1.113 (0.402, 3.077)	0.8366		
Non-white	108	15 (13.9)	93 (86.1)	NE (NE, NE)	107	10 (9.3)	97 (90.7)	NE (NE, NE)	1.474 (0.662, 3.282)	0.3390		

N: number of subjects in analysis set; n: number of subjects in subgroup category; %: proportion of number of subjects in n; CI: confidence interval; NE: not estimable. PT: Preferred Term, SOC: System Organ Class.

[a] Median time to first event is from Kaplan-Meier estimate. Confidence Interval for median was computed using the Brookmeyer-Crowley method.

[b] Hazard ratio is from unstratified Cox proportional hazards model with treatment as the only categorical variable in the model. Confidence limits are based on the Wald test.

[c] Two-sided p-value from unstratified log-rank test.

[d] Two-sided interaction p-value is for the interaction term from unstratified Cox proportional hazards model with treatment, subgroup, and treatment-by-subgroup interaction as categorical variables in the model. The p-value is based on the Wald test.

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SOC: Vascular disorders; PT: Hypotension

		Quizartinib (N=265)					Placebo (N=268)					Quizartinib vs Placebo		Interaction
Subgroup	n	No. of subjects with events (%)	No. of subjects censored (%)	Median (95 % CI) (months) [a]	n	No. of subjects with events (%)	No. of subjects censored (%)	Median (95 % CI) (months) [a]	Hazard Ratio (95 % CI) [b]	Unstratified log-rank p-value [c]	P-value [d]			
Geographic Region 1													0.5856	
North America	16	4 (25.0)	12 (75.0)	NE (10.5, NE)	18	4 (22.2)	14 (77.8)	NE (1.4, NE)	1.248 (0.312, 4.996)	0.7541				
Europe	161	7 (4.3)	154 (95.7)	NE (NE, NE)	161	7 (4.3)	154 (95.7)	NE (NE, NE)	0.948 (0.331, 2.710)	0.9200				
Asia/Other Regions	88	12 (13.6)	76 (86.4)	NE (31.1, NE)	89	6 (6.7)	83 (93.3)	NE (NE, NE)	2.003 (0.751, 5.342)	0.1569				

N: number of subjects in analysis set; n: number of subjects in subgroup category; %: proportion of number of subjects in n; CI: confidence interval; NE: not estimable. PT: Preferred Term, SOC: System Organ Class.

[a] Median time to first event is from Kaplan-Meier estimate. Confidence Interval for median was computed using the Brookmeyer-Crowley method.

[b] Hazard ratio is from unstratified Cox proportional hazards model with treatment as the only categorical variable in the model. Confidence limits are based on the Wald test.

[c] Two-sided p-value from unstratified log-rank test.

[d] Two-sided interaction p-value is for the interaction term from unstratified Cox proportional hazards model with treatment, subgroup, and treatment-by-subgroup interaction as categorical variables in the model. The p-value is based on the Wald test.

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SOC: Vascular disorders; PT: Hypotension

		Quizartinib (N=265)					Placebo (N=268)					Quizartinib vs Placebo		Interaction
Subgroup	n	No. of subjects with events (%)	No. of subjects censored (%)	Median (95 % CI) (months) [a]	n	No. of subjects with events (%)	No. of subjects censored (%)	Median (95 % CI) (months) [a]	Hazard Ratio (95 % CI) [b]	Unstratified log-rank p-value [c]	P-value [d]			
WBC at initial diagnosis												0.2005		
< 40x10 ⁹ /L	132	12 (9.1)	120 (90.9)	NE (NE, NE)	133	6 (4.5)	127 (95.5)	NE (NE, NE)	2.141 (0.803, 5.708)	0.1190				
≥ 40x10 ⁹ /L	133	11 (8.3)	122 (91.7)	NE (NE, NE)	135	11 (8.1)	124 (91.9)	NE (NE, NE)	0.906 (0.391, 2.098)	0.8190				

N: number of subjects in analysis set; n: number of subjects in subgroup category; %: proportion of number of subjects in n; CI: confidence interval; NE: not estimable. PT: Preferred Term, SOC: System Organ Class.

[a] Median time to first event is from Kaplan-Meier estimate. Confidence Interval for median was computed using the Brookmeyer-Crowley method.

[b] Hazard ratio is from unstratified Cox proportional hazards model with treatment as the only categorical variable in the model. Confidence limits are based on the Wald test.

[c] Two-sided p-value from unstratified log-rank test.

[d] Two-sided interaction p-value is for the interaction term from unstratified Cox proportional hazards model with treatment, subgroup, and treatment-by-subgroup interaction as categorical variables in the model. The p-value is based on the Wald test.

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SOC: Vascular disorders; PT: Hypotension

		Quizartinib (N=265)				Placebo (N=268)				Quizartinib vs Placebo		Interaction
Subgroup	n	No. of subjects with events (%)	No. of subjects censored (%)	Median (95 % CI) (months) [a]	n	No. of subjects with events (%)	No. of subjects censored (%)	Median (95 % CI) (months) [a]	Hazard Ratio (95 % CI) [b]	Unstratified log-rank p-value [c]	P-value [d]	
Choice of Anthracycline											0.6388	
Daunorubicin	123	9 (7.3)	114 (92.7)	NE (NE, NE)	94	6 (6.4)	88 (93.6)	NE (NE, NE)	1.127 (0.400, 3.172)	0.8208		
Idarubicin	142	14 (9.9)	128 (90.1)	NE (NE, NE)	171	11 (6.4)	160 (93.6)	NE (NE, NE)	1.469 (0.666, 3.240)	0.3375		

N: number of subjects in analysis set; n: number of subjects in subgroup category; %: proportion of number of subjects in n; CI: confidence interval; NE: not estimable. PT: Preferred Term, SOC: System Organ Class.

[a] Median time to first event is from Kaplan-Meier estimate. Confidence Interval for median was computed using the Brookmeyer-Crowley method.

[b] Hazard ratio is from unstratified Cox proportional hazards model with treatment as the only categorical variable in the model. Confidence limits are based on the Wald test.

[c] Two-sided p-value from unstratified log-rank test.

[d] Two-sided interaction p-value is for the interaction term from unstratified Cox proportional hazards model with treatment, subgroup, and treatment-by-subgroup interaction as categorical variables in the model. The p-value is based on the Wald test.

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SOC: Vascular disorders; PT: Hypotension

		Quizartinib (N=265)					Placebo (N=268)					Quizartinib vs Placebo		Interaction
Subgroup	n	No. of subjects with events (%)	No. of subjects censored (%)	Median (95 % CI) (months) [a]	n	No. of subjects with events (%)	No. of subjects censored (%)	Median (95 % CI) (months) [a]	n	Hazard Ratio (95 % CI) [b]	Unstratified log-rank p-value [c]	P-value [d]		
AML Cytogenetic Risk Score												0.6413		
Favorable	13	1 (7.7)	12 (92.3)	NE (NE, NE)	19	3 (15.8)	16 (84.2)	NE (NE, NE)	19	0.503 (0.052, 4.839)	0.5443			
Intermediate	195	17 (8.7)	178 (91.3)	NE (NE, NE)	190	11 (5.8)	179 (94.2)	NE (NE, NE)	190	1.416 (0.662, 3.026)	0.3672			
Unfavorable	19	0	19 (100)	NE (NE, NE)	27	2 (7.4)	25 (92.6)	NE (NE, NE)	27	0.000 (0.000, NE)	0.2519			
Unknown	38	5 (13.2)	33 (86.8)	NE (26.5, NE)	31	1 (3.2)	30 (96.8)	NE (NE, NE)	31	4.113 (0.477, 35.427)	0.1631			

N: number of subjects in analysis set; n: number of subjects in subgroup category; %: proportion of number of subjects in n; CI: confidence interval; NE: not estimable. PT: Preferred Term, SOC: System Organ Class.

[a] Median time to first event is from Kaplan-Meier estimate. Confidence Interval for median was computed using the Brookmeyer-Crowley method.

[b] Hazard ratio is from unstratified Cox proportional hazards model with treatment as the only categorical variable in the model. Confidence limits are based on the Wald test.

[c] Two-sided p-value from unstratified log-rank test.

[d] Two-sided interaction p-value is for the interaction term from unstratified Cox proportional hazards model with treatment, subgroup, and treatment-by-subgroup interaction as categorical variables in the model. The p-value is based on the Wald test.

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SOC: Vascular disorders; PT: Hypotension

Subgroup	n	Quizartinib (N=265)				Placebo (N=268)				Quizartinib vs Placebo		Interaction
		No. of subjects with events (%)	No. of subjects censored (%)	Median (95 % CI) (months) [a]	n	No. of subjects with events (%)	No. of subjects censored (%)	Median (95 % CI) (months) [a]	n	Hazard Ratio (95 % CI) [b]	Unstratified log-rank p-value [c]	P-value [d]
ECOG Performance Status at Baseline											0.0929	
0 - Fully Active	87	8 (9.2)	79 (90.8)	NE (NE, NE)	97	3 (3.1)	94 (96.9)	NE (NE, NE)	2.734 (0.724, 10.328)	0.1222		
1 - Restricted in Physically Strenuous Activity	133	12 (9.0)	121 (91.0)	NE (NE, NE)	134	8 (6.0)	126 (94.0)	NE (NE, NE)	1.517 (0.620, 3.713)	0.3583		
2 - Ambulatory and Capable of All Selfcare	45	3 (6.7)	42 (93.3)	NE (NE, NE)	36	6 (16.7)	30 (83.3)	NE (NE, NE)	0.339 (0.083, 1.390)	0.1165		

N: number of subjects in analysis set; n: number of subjects in subgroup category; %: proportion of number of subjects in n; CI: confidence interval; NE: not estimable. PT: Preferred Term, SOC: System Organ Class.

[a] Median time to first event is from Kaplan-Meier estimate. Confidence Interval for median was computed using the Brookmeyer-Crowley method.

[b] Hazard ratio is from unstratified Cox proportional hazards model with treatment as the only categorical variable in the model. Confidence limits are based on the Wald test.

[c] Two-sided p-value from unstratified log-rank test.

[d] Two-sided interaction p-value is for the interaction term from unstratified Cox proportional hazards model with treatment, subgroup, and treatment-by-subgroup interaction as categorical variables in the model. The p-value is based on the Wald test.

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SOC: Vascular disorders; PT: Hypotension

		Quizartinib (N=265)				Placebo (N=268)				Quizartinib vs Placebo		Interaction
Subgroup	n	No. of subjects with events (%)	No. of subjects censored (%)	Median (95 % CI) (months) [a]	n	No. of subjects with events (%)	No. of subjects censored (%)	Median (95 % CI) (months) [a]	Hazard Ratio (95 % CI) [b]	Unstratified log-rank p-value [c]	P-value [d]	
FLT3-ITD category at Baseline											0.8542	
≥3 to ≤25%	94	7 (7.4)	87 (92.6)	NE (NE, NE)	98	6 (6.1)	92 (93.9)	NE (NE, NE)	1.249 (0.420, 3.719)	0.6883		
>25% to ≤50%	141	13 (9.2)	128 (90.8)	NE (NE, NE)	136	8 (5.9)	128 (94.1)	NE (NE, NE)	1.521 (0.629, 3.676)	0.3479		
>50%	29	3 (10.3)	26 (89.7)	NE (19.3, NE)	34	3 (8.8)	31 (91.2)	NE (8.4, NE)	0.699 (0.132, 3.716)	0.6734		

N: number of subjects in analysis set; n: number of subjects in subgroup category; %: proportion of number of subjects in n; CI: confidence interval; NE: not estimable. PT: Preferred Term, SOC: System Organ Class.

[a] Median time to first event is from Kaplan-Meier estimate. Confidence Interval for median was computed using the Brookmeyer-Crowley method.

[b] Hazard ratio is from unstratified Cox proportional hazards model with treatment as the only categorical variable in the model. Confidence limits are based on the Wald test.

[c] Two-sided p-value from unstratified log-rank test.

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SOC: Vascular disorders; PT: Hypotension

		Quizartinib (N=265)				Placebo (N=268)				Quizartinib vs Placebo		Interaction
Subgroup	n	No. of subjects with events (%)	No. of subjects censored (%)	Median (95 % CI) (months) [a]	n	No. of subjects with events (%)	No. of subjects censored (%)	Median (95 % CI) (months) [a]	Hazard Ratio (95 % CI) [b]	Unstratified log-rank p-value [c]	P-value [d]	
AML with Mutated NPM1											0.8821	
Yes	139	13 (9.4)	126 (90.6)	NE (NE, NE)	137	10 (7.3)	127 (92.7)	NE (NE, NE)	1.243 (0.544, 2.839)	0.6047		
No	116	10 (8.6)	106 (91.4)	NE (NE, NE)	120	7 (5.8)	113 (94.2)	NE (NE, NE)	1.425 (0.542, 3.746)	0.4707		

N: number of subjects in analysis set; n: number of subjects in subgroup category; %: proportion of number of subjects in n; CI: confidence interval; NE: not estimable. PT: Preferred Term, SOC: System Organ Class.

[a] Median time to first event is from Kaplan-Meier estimate. Confidence Interval for median was computed using the Brookmeyer-Crowley method.

[b] Hazard ratio is from unstratified Cox proportional hazards model with treatment as the only categorical variable in the model. Confidence limits are based on the Wald test.

[c] Two-sided p-value from unstratified log-rank test.

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SOC: Vascular disorders; PT: Hypotension

		Quizartinib (N=265)					Placebo (N=268)					Quizartinib vs Placebo		Interaction
Subgroup	n	No. of subjects with events (%)	No. of subjects censored (%)	Median (95 % CI) (months) [a]	n	No. of subjects with events (%)	No. of subjects censored (%)	Median (95 % CI) (months) [a]	Hazard Ratio (95 % CI) [b]	Unstratified log-rank p-value [c]	P-value [d]			
Age by 2 categories												0.2673		
≤60	164	13 (7.9)	151 (92.1)	NE (NE, NE)	163	6 (3.7)	157 (96.3)	NE (NE, NE)	2.065 (0.784, 5.442)	0.1338				
>60	101	10 (9.9)	91 (90.1)	NE (31.1, NE)	105	11 (10.5)	94 (89.5)	NE (NE, NE)	0.963 (0.409, 2.269)	0.9325				

N: number of subjects in analysis set; n: number of subjects in subgroup category; %: proportion of number of subjects in n; CI: confidence interval; NE: not estimable. PT: Preferred Term, SOC: System Organ Class.

[a] Median time to first event is from Kaplan-Meier estimate. Confidence Interval for median was computed using the Brookmeyer-Crowley method.

[b] Hazard ratio is from unstratified Cox proportional hazards model with treatment as the only categorical variable in the model. Confidence limits are based on the Wald test.

[c] Two-sided p-value from unstratified log-rank test.

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SOC: Vascular disorders; PT: Phlebitis

Subgroup	n	Quizartinib (N=265)				Placebo (N=268)				Quizartinib vs Placebo		Interaction
		No. of subjects with events (%)	No. of subjects censored (%)	Median (95 % CI) (months) [a]	n	No. of subjects with events (%)	No. of subjects censored (%)	Median (95 % CI) (months) [a]	n	Hazard Ratio (95 % CI) [b]	Unstratified log-rank p-value [c]	P-value [d]
Pooled Age Group 2											0.4404	
<60	159	1 (0.6)	158 (99.4)	NE (NE, NE)	160	7 (4.4)	153 (95.6)	NE (NE, NE)	160	0.140 (0.017, 1.139)	0.0317	
≥60 - <65	37	1 (2.7)	36 (97.3)	NE (NE, NE)	43	1 (2.3)	42 (97.7)	NE (NE, NE)	43	1.193 (0.075, 19.079)	0.9004	
≥65	69	1 (1.4)	68 (98.6)	NE (NE, NE)	65	2 (3.1)	63 (96.9)	NE (NE, NE)	65	0.537 (0.049, 5.932)	0.6059	

N: number of subjects in analysis set; n: number of subjects in subgroup category; %: proportion of number of subjects in n; CI: confidence interval; NE: not estimable. PT: Preferred Term, SOC: System Organ Class.

[a] Median time to first event is from Kaplan-Meier estimate. Confidence Interval for median was computed using the Brookmeyer-Crowley method.

[b] Hazard ratio is from unstratified Cox proportional hazards model with treatment as the only categorical variable in the model. Confidence limits are based on the Wald test.

[c] Two-sided p-value from unstratified log-rank test.

[d] Two-sided interaction p-value is for the interaction term from unstratified Cox proportional hazards model with treatment, subgroup, and treatment-by-subgroup interaction as categorical variables in the model. The p-value is based on the Wald test.

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Run date: 21JUL2023 – 22:02; Program name: DE_T_3_11_2.sas; Output name: DE_T_3_11_2_TEAESOCPT_SUB_SAS.rtf

Medizinischer Nutzen, medizinischer Zusatznutzen, Patientengruppen mit therap. bedeutsamem Zusatznutzen

Daichi Sankyo | Data Intelligence – Evidence Generation | Final | AC220-A-U302 QUANTUM-First (DCO 13 Aug 2021) | Statistical analyses for AMNOG (HTA Germany)
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SOC: Vascular disorders; PT: Phlebitis

Subgroup	n	Quizartinib (N=265)				Placebo (N=268)				Quizartinib vs Placebo		Interaction
		No. of subjects with events (%)	No. of subjects censored (%)	Median (95 % CI) (months) [a]	n	No. of subjects with events (%)	No. of subjects censored (%)	Median (95 % CI) (months) [a]	n	Hazard Ratio (95 % CI) [b]	Unstratified log-rank p-value [c]	P-value [d]
Sex												0.3648
Male	124	1 (0.8)	123 (99.2)	NE (NE, NE)	120	6 (5.0)	114 (95.0)	NE (NE, NE)	120	0.146 (0.017, 1.214)	0.0389	
Female	141	2 (1.4)	139 (98.6)	NE (NE, NE)	148	4 (2.7)	144 (97.3)	NE (NE, NE)	148	0.534 (0.098, 2.913)	0.4608	

N: number of subjects in analysis set; n: number of subjects in subgroup category; %: proportion of number of subjects in n; CI: confidence interval; NE: not estimable. PT: Preferred Term, SOC: System Organ Class.

[a] Median time to first event is from Kaplan-Meier estimate. Confidence Interval for median was computed using the Brookmeyer-Crowley method.

[b] Hazard ratio is from unstratified Cox proportional hazards model with treatment as the only categorical variable in the model. Confidence limits are based on the Wald test.

[c] Two-sided p-value from unstratified log-rank test.

[d] Two-sided interaction p-value is for the interaction term from unstratified Cox proportional hazards model with treatment, subgroup, and treatment-by-subgroup interaction as categorical variables in the model. The p-value is based on the Wald test.

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SOC: Vascular disorders; PT: Phlebitis

		Quizartinib (N=265)				Placebo (N=268)				Quizartinib vs Placebo		Interaction
Subgroup	n	No. of subjects with events (%)	No. of subjects censored (%)	Median (95 % CI) (months) [a]	n	No. of subjects with events (%)	No. of subjects censored (%)	Median (95 % CI) (months) [a]	Hazard Ratio (95 % CI) [b]	Unstratified log-rank p-value [c]	P-value [d]	
Race by 2 categories											0.3528	
White	157	2 (1.3)	155 (98.7)	NE (NE, NE)	161	9 (5.6)	152 (94.4)	NE (NE, NE)	0.226 (0.049, 1.045)	0.0372		
Non-white	108	1 (0.9)	107 (99.1)	NE (NE, NE)	107	1 (0.9)	106 (99.1)	NE (NE, NE)	0.919 (0.057, 14.715)	0.9526		

N: number of subjects in analysis set; n: number of subjects in subgroup category; %: proportion of number of subjects in n; CI: confidence interval; NE: not estimable. PT: Preferred Term, SOC: System Organ Class.

[a] Median time to first event is from Kaplan-Meier estimate. Confidence Interval for median was computed using the Brookmeyer-Crowley method.

[b] Hazard ratio is from unstratified Cox proportional hazards model with treatment as the only categorical variable in the model. Confidence limits are based on the Wald test.

[c] Two-sided p-value from unstratified log-rank test.

[d] Two-sided interaction p-value is for the interaction term from unstratified Cox proportional hazards model with treatment, subgroup, and treatment-by-subgroup interaction as categorical variables in the model. The p-value is based on the Wald test.

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SOC: Vascular disorders; PT: Phlebitis

		Quizartinib (N=265)				Placebo (N=268)				Quizartinib vs Placebo		Interaction
Subgroup	n	No. of subjects with events (%)	No. of subjects censored (%)	Median (95 % CI) (months) [a]	n	No. of subjects with events (%)	No. of subjects censored (%)	Median (95 % CI) (months) [a]	Hazard Ratio (95 % CI) [b]	Unstratified log-rank p-value [c]	P-value [d]	
Geographic Region 1											0.8797	
North America	16	0	16 (100)	NE (NE, NE)	18	0	18 (100)	NE (NE, NE)	NE (NE, NE)	NE		
Europe	161	2 (1.2)	159 (98.8)	NE (NE, NE)	161	8 (5.0)	153 (95.0)	NE (NE, NE)	0.244 (0.052, 1.150)	0.0531		
Asia/Other Regions	88	1 (1.1)	87 (98.9)	NE (NE, NE)	89	2 (2.2)	87 (97.8)	NE (NE, NE)	0.464 (0.042, 5.128)	0.5212		

N: number of subjects in analysis set; n: number of subjects in subgroup category; %: proportion of number of subjects in n; CI: confidence interval; NE: not estimable. PT: Preferred Term, SOC: System Organ Class.

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SOC: Vascular disorders; PT: Phlebitis

Subgroup	n	Quizartinib (N=265)				Placebo (N=268)				Quizartinib vs Placebo		Interaction
		No. of subjects with events (%)	No. of subjects censored (%)	Median (95 % CI) [a]	n	No. of subjects with events (%)	No. of subjects censored (%)	Median (95 % CI) [a]	n	Hazard Ratio (95 % CI) [b]	Unstratified log-rank p-value [c]	P-value [d]
WBC at initial diagnosis											0.4843	
< 40x10 ⁹ /L	132	1 (0.8)	131 (99.2)	NE (NE, NE)	133	6 (4.5)	127 (95.5)	NE (NE, NE)	133	0.180 (0.022, 1.494)	0.0734	
≥ 40x10 ⁹ /L	133	2 (1.5)	131 (98.5)	NE (NE, NE)	135	4 (3.0)	131 (97.0)	NE (NE, NE)	135	0.444 (0.081, 2.436)	0.3369	

N: number of subjects in analysis set; n: number of subjects in subgroup category; %: proportion of number of subjects in n; CI: confidence interval; NE: not estimable. PT: Preferred Term, SOC: System Organ Class.

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SOC: Vascular disorders; PT: Phlebitis

		Quizartinib (N=265)				Placebo (N=268)				Quizartinib vs Placebo		Interaction
Subgroup	n	No. of subjects with events (%)	No. of subjects censored (%)	Median (95 % CI) (months) [a]	n	No. of subjects with events (%)	No. of subjects censored (%)	Median (95 % CI) (months) [a]	Hazard Ratio (95 % CI) [b]	Unstratified log-rank p-value [c]	P-value [d]	
Choice of Anthracycline											0.8738	
Daunorubicin	123	2 (1.6)	121 (98.4)	NE (NE, NE)	94	5 (5.3)	89 (94.7)	NE (NE, NE)	0.305 (0.059, 1.570)	0.1319		
Idarubicin	142	1 (0.7)	141 (99.3)	NE (NE, NE)	171	5 (2.9)	166 (97.1)	NE (NE, NE)	0.227 (0.026, 1.943)	0.1386		

N: number of subjects in analysis set; n: number of subjects in subgroup category; %: proportion of number of subjects in n; CI: confidence interval; NE: not estimable. PT: Preferred Term, SOC: System Organ Class.

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SOC: Vascular disorders; PT: Phlebitis

Subgroup	n	Quizartinib (N=265)				Placebo (N=268)				Quizartinib vs Placebo		Interaction
		No. of subjects with events (%)	No. of subjects censored (%)	Median (95 % CI) (months) [a]	n	No. of subjects with events (%)	No. of subjects censored (%)	Median (95 % CI) (months) [a]	n	Hazard Ratio (95 % CI) [b]	Unstratified log-rank p-value [c]	P-value [d]
AML Cytogenetic Risk Score											0.9551	
Favorable	13	0	13 (100)	NE (NE, NE)	19	0	19 (100)	NE (NE, NE)	19	NE (NE, NE)	NE	
Intermediate	195	2 (1.0)	193 (99.0)	NE (NE, NE)	190	5 (2.6)	185 (97.4)	NE (NE, NE)	190	0.387 (0.075, 1.993)	0.2387	
Unfavorable	19	0	19 (100)	NE (NE, NE)	27	0	27 (100)	NE (NE, NE)	27	NE (NE, NE)	NE	
Unknown	38	1 (2.6)	37 (97.4)	NE (NE, NE)	31	5 (16.1)	26 (83.9)	NE (NE, NE)	31	0.159 (0.018, 1.369)	0.0555	

N: number of subjects in analysis set; n: number of subjects in subgroup category; %: proportion of number of subjects in n; CI: confidence interval; NE: not estimable. PT: Preferred Term, SOC: System Organ Class.

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[b] Hazard ratio is from unstratified Cox proportional hazards model with treatment as the only categorical variable in the model. Confidence limits are based on the Wald test.

[c] Two-sided p-value from unstratified log-rank test.

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Subgroup	n	No. of subjects with events (%)	No. of subjects censored (%)	Median (95 % CI) (months) [a]	n	No. of subjects with events (%)	No. of subjects censored (%)	Median (95 % CI) (months) [a]	Hazard Ratio (95 % CI) [b]	Unstratified log-rank p-value [c]	P-value [d]	
ECOG Performance Status at Baseline											0.7189	
0 - Fully Active	87	1 (1.1)	86 (98.9)	NE (NE, NE)	97	4 (4.1)	93 (95.9)	NE (NE, NE)	0.253 (0.028, 2.273)	0.1854		
1 - Restricted in Physically Strenuous Activity	133	1 (0.8)	132 (99.2)	NE (NE, NE)	134	5 (3.7)	129 (96.3)	NE (NE, NE)	0.200 (0.023, 1.716)	0.1031		
2 - Ambulatory and Capable of All Selfcare	45	1 (2.2)	44 (97.8)	NE (NE, NE)	36	1 (2.8)	35 (97.2)	NE (NE, NE)	0.933 (0.058, 14.915)	0.9608		

N: number of subjects in analysis set; n: number of subjects in subgroup category; %: proportion of number of subjects in n; CI: confidence interval; NE: not estimable. PT: Preferred Term, SOC: System Organ Class.

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Subgroup	n	No. of subjects with events (%)	No. of subjects censored (%)	Median (95 % CI) (months) [a]	n	No. of subjects with events (%)	No. of subjects censored (%)	Median (95 % CI) (months) [a]	Hazard Ratio (95 % CI) [b]	Unstratified log-rank p-value [c]	P-value [d]	
FLT3-ITD category at Baseline											0.6872	
≥3 to ≤25%	94	2 (2.1)	92 (97.9)	NE (NE, NE)	98	4 (4.1)	94 (95.9)	NE (NE, NE)	0.518 (0.095, 2.838)	0.4404		
>25% to ≤50%	141	1 (0.7)	140 (99.3)	NE (NE, NE)	136	6 (4.4)	130 (95.6)	NE (NE, NE)	0.160 (0.019, 1.325)	0.0514		
>50%	29	0	29 (100)	NE (NE, NE)	34	0	34 (100)	NE (NE, NE)	NE (NE, NE)	NE		

N: number of subjects in analysis set; n: number of subjects in subgroup category; %: proportion of number of subjects in n; CI: confidence interval; NE: not estimable. PT: Preferred Term, SOC: System Organ Class.

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		No. of subjects with events (%)	No. of subjects censored (%)	Median (95 % CI) (months) [a]	n	No. of subjects with events (%)	No. of subjects censored (%)	Median (95 % CI) (months) [a]	n	Hazard Ratio (95 % CI) [b]	Unstratified log-rank p-value [c]	P-value [d]
AML with Mutated NPM1											0.4069	
Yes	139	2 (1.4)	137 (98.6)	NE (NE, NE)	137	4 (2.9)	133 (97.1)	NE (NE, NE)	137	0.482 (0.088, 2.640)	0.3900	
No	116	1 (0.9)	115 (99.1)	NE (NE, NE)	120	6 (5.0)	114 (95.0)	NE (NE, NE)	120	0.161 (0.019, 1.339)	0.0530	

N: number of subjects in analysis set; n: number of subjects in subgroup category; %: proportion of number of subjects in n; CI: confidence interval; NE: not estimable. PT: Preferred Term, SOC: System Organ Class.

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Subgroup	n	Quizartinib (N=265)				Placebo (N=268)				Quizartinib vs Placebo		Interaction
		No. of subjects with events (%)	No. of subjects censored (%)	Median (95 % CI) (months) [a]	n	No. of subjects with events (%)	No. of subjects censored (%)	Median (95 % CI) (months) [a]	n	Hazard Ratio (95 % CI) [b]	Unstratified log-rank p-value [c]	P-value [d]
Age by 2 categories											0.2165	
≤60	164	1 (0.6)	163 (99.4)	NE (NE, NE)	163	7 (4.3)	156 (95.7)	NE (NE, NE)	163	0.138 (0.017, 1.122)	0.0301	
>60	101	2 (2.0)	99 (98.0)	NE (NE, NE)	105	3 (2.9)	102 (97.1)	NE (NE, NE)	105	0.746 (0.125, 4.466)	0.7472	

N: number of subjects in analysis set; n: number of subjects in subgroup category; %: proportion of number of subjects in n; CI: confidence interval; NE: not estimable. PT: Preferred Term, SOC: System Organ Class.

[a] Median time to first event is from Kaplan-Meier estimate. Confidence Interval for median was computed using the Brookmeyer-Crowley method.

[b] Hazard ratio is from unstratified Cox proportional hazards model with treatment as the only categorical variable in the model. Confidence limits are based on the Wald test.

[c] Two-sided p-value from unstratified log-rank test.

[d] Two-sided interaction p-value is for the interaction term from unstratified Cox proportional hazards model with treatment, subgroup, and treatment-by-subgroup interaction as categorical variables in the model. The p-value is based on the Wald test.

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Medizinischer Nutzen, medizinischer Zusatznutzen, Patientengruppen mit therap. bedeutsamem Zusatznutzen

Daichi Sankyo | Data Intelligence – Evidence Generation | Final | AC220-A-U302 QUANTUM-First (DCO 13 Aug 2021) | Statistical analyses for AMNOG (HTA Germany)
 Table 3.11.2 Treatment-emergent adverse events by system organ class (SOC) and preferred term (PT) observed for ≥ 10 patients in at least one arm and ≥ 1% of the patients in at least one arm - Time-to-event analysis - subgroup analysis - DCO 13-Aug-2021 - Safety Analysis Set

SOC: Injury, poisoning and procedural complications; PT: Any PT

Subgroup	n	Quizartinib (N=265)				Placebo (N=268)				Quizartinib vs Placebo		Interaction
		No. of subjects with events (%)	No. of subjects censored (%)	Median (95 % CI) (months) [a]	n	No. of subjects with events (%)	No. of subjects censored (%)	Median (95 % CI) (months) [a]	n	Hazard Ratio (95 % CI) [b]	Unstratified log-rank p-value [c]	P-value [d]
Pooled Age Group 2											0.6987	
<60	159	35 (22.0)	124 (78.0)	NE (NE, NE)	160	36 (22.5)	124 (77.5)	NE (NE, NE)	160	0.926 (0.581, 1.476)	0.7476	
≥60 - <65	37	8 (21.6)	29 (78.4)	NE (16.3, NE)	43	12 (27.9)	31 (72.1)	37.3 (5.5, NE)	43	0.616 (0.250, 1.516)	0.2866	
≥65	69	17 (24.6)	52 (75.4)	NE (13.1, NE)	65	23 (35.4)	42 (64.6)	23.5 (4.9, NE)	65	0.699 (0.373, 1.309)	0.2609	

N: number of subjects in analysis set; n: number of subjects in subgroup category; %: proportion of number of subjects in n; CI: confidence interval; NE: not estimable. PT: Preferred Term, SOC: System Organ Class.

[a] Median time to first event is from Kaplan-Meier estimate. Confidence Interval for median was computed using the Brookmeyer-Crowley method.

[b] Hazard ratio is from unstratified Cox proportional hazards model with treatment as the only categorical variable in the model. Confidence limits are based on the Wald test.

[c] Two-sided p-value from unstratified log-rank test.

[d] Two-sided interaction p-value is for the interaction term from unstratified Cox proportional hazards model with treatment, subgroup, and treatment-by-subgroup interaction as categorical variables in the model. The p-value is based on the Wald test.

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SOC: Injury, poisoning and procedural complications; PT: Any PT

		Quizartinib (N=265)				Placebo (N=268)				Quizartinib vs Placebo		Interaction
Subgroup	n	No. of subjects with events (%)	No. of subjects censored (%)	Median (95 % CI) (months) [a]	n	No. of subjects with events (%)	No. of subjects censored (%)	Median (95 % CI) (months) [a]	Hazard Ratio (95 % CI) [b]	Unstratified log-rank p-value [c]	P-value [d]	
Sex											0.6527	
Male	124	29 (23.4)	95 (76.6)	NE (NE, NE)	120	35 (29.2)	85 (70.8)	NE (10.2, NE)	0.739 (0.451, 1.211)	0.2296		
Female	141	31 (22.0)	110 (78.0)	NE (NE, NE)	148	36 (24.3)	112 (75.7)	NE (25.3, NE)	0.856 (0.529, 1.385)	0.5242		

N: number of subjects in analysis set; n: number of subjects in subgroup category; %: proportion of number of subjects in n; CI: confidence interval; NE: not estimable. PT: Preferred Term, SOC: System Organ Class.

[a] Median time to first event is from Kaplan-Meier estimate. Confidence Interval for median was computed using the Brookmeyer-Crowley method.

[b] Hazard ratio is from unstratified Cox proportional hazards model with treatment as the only categorical variable in the model. Confidence limits are based on the Wald test.

[c] Two-sided p-value from unstratified log-rank test.

[d] Two-sided interaction p-value is for the interaction term from unstratified Cox proportional hazards model with treatment, subgroup, and treatment-by-subgroup interaction as categorical variables in the model. The p-value is based on the Wald test.

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SOC: Injury, poisoning and procedural complications; PT: Any PT

		Quizartinib (N=265)					Placebo (N=268)					Quizartinib vs Placebo		Interaction
Subgroup	n	No. of subjects with events (%)	No. of subjects censored (%)	Median (95 % CI) (months) [a]	n	No. of subjects with events (%)	No. of subjects censored (%)	Median (95 % CI) (months) [a]	CI	Hazard Ratio (95 % CI) [b]	Unstratified log-rank p-value [c]	P-value [d]		
Race by 2 categories												0.5995		
White	157	32 (20.4)	125 (79.6)	NE (NE, NE)	161	42 (26.1)	119 (73.9)	NE (NE)	(22.8,	0.745 (0.470, 1.181)	0.2081			
Non-white	108	28 (25.9)	80 (74.1)	NE (18.0, NE)	107	29 (27.1)	78 (72.9)	NE (NE)	(37.3,	0.900 (0.535, 1.513)	0.6898			

N: number of subjects in analysis set; n: number of subjects in subgroup category; %: proportion of number of subjects in n; CI: confidence interval; NE: not estimable. PT: Preferred Term, SOC: System Organ Class.

[a] Median time to first event is from Kaplan-Meier estimate. Confidence Interval for median was computed using the Brookmeyer-Crowley method.

[b] Hazard ratio is from unstratified Cox proportional hazards model with treatment as the only categorical variable in the model. Confidence limits are based on the Wald test.

[c] Two-sided p-value from unstratified log-rank test.

[d] Two-sided interaction p-value is for the interaction term from unstratified Cox proportional hazards model with treatment, subgroup, and treatment-by-subgroup interaction as categorical variables in the model. The p-value is based on the Wald test.

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SOC: Injury, poisoning and procedural complications; PT: Any PT

		Quizartinib (N=265)					Placebo (N=268)					Quizartinib vs Placebo		Interaction
Subgroup	n	No. of subjects with events (%)	No. of subjects censored (%)	Median (95 % CI) (months) [a]	n	No. of subjects with events (%)	No. of subjects censored (%)	Median (95 % CI) (months) [a]	Hazard Ratio (95 % CI) [b]	Unstratified log-rank p-value [c]	P-value [d]			
Geographic Region 1													0.8256	
North America	16	9 (56.3)	7 (43.8)	2.3 (0.3, NE)	18	14 (77.8)	4 (22.2)	1.8 (0.3, 5.5)	1.254 (0.486, 3.235)	0.6207				
Europe	161	28 (17.4)	133 (82.6)	NE (NE, NE)	161	34 (21.1)	127 (78.9)	NE (25.3, NE)	0.765 (0.463, 1.263)	0.2927				
Asia/Other Regions	88	23 (26.1)	65 (73.9)	NE (13.1, NE)	89	23 (25.8)	66 (74.2)	NE (37.3, NE)	0.970 (0.544, 1.729)	0.9149				

N: number of subjects in analysis set; n: number of subjects in subgroup category; %: proportion of number of subjects in n; CI: confidence interval; NE: not estimable. PT: Preferred Term, SOC: System Organ Class.

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SOC: Injury, poisoning and procedural complications; PT: Any PT

Subgroup	n	Quizartinib (N=265)				Placebo (N=268)				Quizartinib vs Placebo		Interaction
		No. of subjects with events (%)	No. of subjects censored (%)	Median (95 % CI) [a]	n	No. of subjects with events (%)	No. of subjects censored (%)	Median (95 % CI) [a]	n	Hazard Ratio (95 % CI) [b]	Unstratified log-rank p-value [c]	P-value [d]
WBC at initial diagnosis											0.6405	
< 40x10 ⁹ /L	132	26 (19.7)	106 (80.3)	NE (NE, NE)	133	31 (23.3)	102 (76.7)	NE (NE, NE)	133	0.872 (0.517, 1.468)	0.6038	
≥ 40x10 ⁹ /L	133	34 (25.6)	99 (74.4)	NE (NE, NE)	135	40 (29.6)	95 (70.4)	37.3 (NE)	135	0.744 (0.469, 1.179)	0.2038	

N: number of subjects in analysis set; n: number of subjects in subgroup category; %: proportion of number of subjects in n; CI: confidence interval; NE: not estimable. PT: Preferred Term, SOC: System Organ Class.

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[c] Two-sided p-value from unstratified log-rank test.

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SOC: Injury, poisoning and procedural complications; PT: Any PT

		Quizartinib (N=265)					Placebo (N=268)					Quizartinib vs Placebo		Interaction
Subgroup	n	No. of subjects with events (%)	No. of subjects censored (%)	Median (95 % CI) (months) [a]	n	No. of subjects with events (%)	No. of subjects censored (%)	Median (95 % CI) (months) [a]	CI	Hazard Ratio (95 % CI) [b]	Unstratified log-rank p-value [c]	P-value [d]		
Choice of Anthracycline												0.1421		
Daunorubicin	123	19 (15.4)	104 (84.6)	NE (NE, NE)	94	22 (23.4)	72 (76.6)	NE (NE)	(25.3, 1.073)	0.579 (0.312, 1.073)	0.0789			
Idarubicin	142	41 (28.9)	101 (71.1)	NE (16.3, NE)	171	49 (28.7)	122 (71.3)	NE (NE)	(22.8, 1.512)	0.999 (0.659, 1.512)	0.9939			

N: number of subjects in analysis set; n: number of subjects in subgroup category; %: proportion of number of subjects in n; CI: confidence interval; NE: not estimable. PT: Preferred Term, SOC: System Organ Class.

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[c] Two-sided p-value from unstratified log-rank test.

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		Quizartinib (N=265)					Placebo (N=268)					Quizartinib vs Placebo		Interaction
Subgroup	n	No. of subjects with events (%)	No. of subjects censored (%)	Median (95 % CI) (months) [a]	n	No. of subjects with events (%)	No. of subjects censored (%)	Median (95 % CI) (months) [a]	n	Hazard Ratio (95 % CI) [b]	Unstratified log-rank p-value [c]	P-value [d]		
AML Cytogenetic Risk Score												0.4801		
Favorable	13	0	13 (100)	NE (NE, NE)	19	6 (31.6)	13 (68.4)	NE (4.9, NE)	19	0.000 (0.000, NE)	0.0579			
Intermediate	195	49 (25.1)	146 (74.9)	NE (NE, NE)	190	50 (26.3)	140 (73.7)	NE (25.3, NE)	190	0.885 (0.596, 1.313)	0.5432			
Unfavorable	19	2 (10.5)	17 (89.5)	NE (NE, NE)	27	9 (33.3)	18 (66.7)	6.6 (5.7, NE)	27	0.298 (0.064, 1.387)	0.1017			
Unknown	38	9 (23.7)	29 (76.3)	NE (13.1, NE)	31	6 (19.4)	25 (80.6)	NE (10.8, NE)	31	1.244 (0.442, 3.501)	0.6812			

N: number of subjects in analysis set; n: number of subjects in subgroup category; %: proportion of number of subjects in n; CI: confidence interval; NE: not estimable. PT: Preferred Term, SOC: System Organ Class.

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[c] Two-sided p-value from unstratified log-rank test.

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SOC: Injury, poisoning and procedural complications; PT: Any PT

		Quizartinib (N=265)					Placebo (N=268)					Quizartinib vs Placebo		Interaction
Subgroup	n	No. of subjects with events (%)	No. of subjects censored (%)	Median (95 % CI) (months) [a]	n	No. of subjects with events (%)	No. of subjects censored (%)	Median (95 % CI) (months) [a]	n	Hazard Ratio (95 % CI) [b]	Unstratified log-rank p-value [c]	P-value [d]		
ECOG Performance Status at Baseline												0.0481		
0 - Fully Active	87	22 (25.3)	65 (74.7)	NE (13.1, NE)	97	20 (20.6)	77 (79.4)	NE (25.3, NE)	97	1.277 (0.697, 2.341)	0.4281			
1 - Restricted in Physically Strenuous Activity	133	26 (19.5)	107 (80.5)	NE (NE, NE)	134	43 (32.1)	91 (67.9)	37.3 (6.6, NE)	134	0.510 (0.312, 0.832)	0.0060			
2 - Ambulatory and Capable of All Selfcare	45	12 (26.7)	33 (73.3)	NE (9.1, NE)	36	8 (22.2)	28 (77.8)	NE (NE, NE)	36	1.229 (0.502, 3.009)	0.6519			

N: number of subjects in analysis set; n: number of subjects in subgroup category; %: proportion of number of subjects in n; CI: confidence interval; NE: not estimable. PT: Preferred Term, SOC: System Organ Class.

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SOC: Injury, poisoning and procedural complications; PT: Any PT

Subgroup	n	Quizartinib (N=265)				Placebo (N=268)				Quizartinib vs Placebo		Interaction
		No. of subjects with events (%)	No. of subjects censored (%)	Median (95 % CI) (months) [a]	n	No. of subjects with events (%)	No. of subjects censored (%)	Median (95 % CI) (months) [a]	n	Hazard Ratio (95 % CI) [b]	Unstratified log-rank p-value [c]	P-value [d]
FLT3-ITD category at Baseline											0.2341	
≥3 to ≤25%	94	19 (20.2)	75 (79.8)	NE (NE, NE)	98	27 (27.6)	71 (72.4)	NE (NE, NE)	13.1,	0.703 (0.391, 1.266)	0.2366	
>25% to ≤50%	141	32 (22.7)	109 (77.3)	NE (NE, NE)	136	39 (28.7)	97 (71.3)	NE (NE, NE)	22.8,	0.728 (0.456, 1.163)	0.1829	
>50%	29	9 (31.0)	20 (69.0)	NE (NE, NE)	34	5 (14.7)	29 (85.3)	NE (NE, NE)	16.3,	1.950 (0.651, 5.842)	0.2170	

N: number of subjects in analysis set; n: number of subjects in subgroup category; %: proportion of number of subjects in n; CI: confidence interval; NE: not estimable. PT: Preferred Term, SOC: System Organ Class.

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 Table 3.11.2 Treatment-emergent adverse events by system organ class (SOC) and preferred term (PT) observed for ≥ 10 patients in at least one arm and ≥ 1% of the patients in at least one arm - Time-to-event analysis - subgroup analysis - DCO 13-Aug-2021 - Safety Analysis Set

SOC: Injury, poisoning and procedural complications; PT: Any PT

		Quizartinib (N=265)					Placebo (N=268)					Quizartinib vs Placebo		Interaction
Subgroup	n	No. of subjects with events (%)	No. of subjects censored (%)	Median (95 % CI) (months) [a]	n	No. of subjects with events (%)	No. of subjects censored (%)	Median (95 % CI) (months) [a]	CI	Hazard Ratio (95 % CI) [b]	Unstratified log-rank p-value [c]	P-value [d]		
AML with Mutated NPM1												0.0730		
Yes	139	30 (21.6)	109 (78.4)	NE (NE, NE)	137	43 (31.4)	94 (68.6)	37.3 (22.8, NE)		0.620 (0.389, 0.990)	0.0432			
No	116	29 (25.0)	87 (75.0)	NE (18.0, NE)	120	25 (20.8)	95 (79.2)	NE (25.3, NE)		1.201 (0.703, 2.051)	0.5031			

N: number of subjects in analysis set; n: number of subjects in subgroup category; %: proportion of number of subjects in n; CI: confidence interval; NE: not estimable. PT: Preferred Term, SOC: System Organ Class.

[a] Median time to first event is from Kaplan-Meier estimate. Confidence Interval for median was computed using the Brookmeyer-Crowley method.

[b] Hazard ratio is from unstratified Cox proportional hazards model with treatment as the only categorical variable in the model. Confidence limits are based on the Wald test.

[c] Two-sided p-value from unstratified log-rank test.

[d] Two-sided interaction p-value is for the interaction term from unstratified Cox proportional hazards model with treatment, subgroup, and treatment-by-subgroup interaction as categorical variables in the model. The p-value is based on the Wald test.

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SOC: Injury, poisoning and procedural complications; PT: Any PT

Subgroup	n	Quizartinib (N=265)				Placebo (N=268)				Quizartinib vs Placebo		Interaction
		No. of subjects with events (%)	No. of subjects censored (%)	Median (95 % CI) (months) [a]	n	No. of subjects with events (%)	No. of subjects censored (%)	Median (95 % CI) (months) [a]	n	Hazard Ratio (95 % CI) [b]	Unstratified log-rank p-value [c]	P-value [d]
Age by 2 categories											0.4920	
≤60	164	35 (21.3)	129 (78.7)	NE (NE, NE)	163	36 (22.1)	127 (77.9)	NE (NE, NE)	163	0.909 (0.571, 1.449)	0.6892	
>60	101	25 (24.8)	76 (75.2)	NE (16.3, NE)	105	35 (33.3)	70 (66.7)	23.5 (6.5, NE)	105	0.695 (0.416, 1.162)	0.1622	

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SOC: Injury, poisoning and procedural complications; PT: Transfusion reaction

Subgroup	n	Quizartinib (N=265)				Placebo (N=268)				Quizartinib vs Placebo		Interaction
		No. of subjects with events (%)	No. of subjects censored (%)	Median (95 % CI) (months) [a]	n	No. of subjects with events (%)	No. of subjects censored (%)	Median (95 % CI) (months) [a]	n	Hazard Ratio (95 % CI) [b]	Unstratified log-rank p-value [c]	P-value [d]
Pooled Age Group 2											0.6266	
<60	159	8 (5.0)	151 (95.0)	NE (NE, NE)	160	14 (8.8)	146 (91.3)	NE (NE, NE)	160	0.563 (0.236, 1.342)	0.1886	
≥60 - <65	37	0	37 (100)	NE (NE, NE)	43	3 (7.0)	40 (93.0)	NE (NE, NE)	43	0.000 (0.000, NE)	0.0956	
≥65	69	3 (4.3)	66 (95.7)	NE (NE, NE)	65	2 (3.1)	63 (96.9)	NE (NE, NE)	65	1.499 (0.250, 8.977)	0.6552	

N: number of subjects in analysis set; n: number of subjects in subgroup category; %: proportion of number of subjects in n; CI: confidence interval; NE: not estimable. PT: Preferred Term, SOC: System Organ Class.

[a] Median time to first event is from Kaplan-Meier estimate. Confidence Interval for median was computed using the Brookmeyer-Crowley method.

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[c] Two-sided p-value from unstratified log-rank test.

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SOC: Injury, poisoning and procedural complications; PT: Transfusion reaction

Subgroup	n	Quizartinib (N=265)				Placebo (N=268)				Quizartinib vs Placebo		Interaction
		No. of subjects with events (%)	No. of subjects censored (%)	Median (95 % CI) (months) [a]	n	No. of subjects with events (%)	No. of subjects censored (%)	Median (95 % CI) (months) [a]	n	Hazard Ratio (95 % CI) [b]	Unstratified log-rank p-value [c]	P-value [d]
Sex												0.3243
Male	124	8 (6.5)	116 (93.5)	NE (NE, NE)	120	10 (8.3)	110 (91.7)	NE (NE, NE)	120	0.775 (0.306, 1.965)	0.5910	
Female	141	3 (2.1)	138 (97.9)	NE (NE, NE)	148	9 (6.1)	139 (93.9)	NE (NE, NE)	148	0.345 (0.093, 1.274)	0.0946	

N: number of subjects in analysis set; n: number of subjects in subgroup category; %: proportion of number of subjects in n; CI: confidence interval; NE: not estimable. PT: Preferred Term, SOC: System Organ Class.

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[b] Hazard ratio is from unstratified Cox proportional hazards model with treatment as the only categorical variable in the model. Confidence limits are based on the Wald test.

[c] Two-sided p-value from unstratified log-rank test.

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SOC: Injury, poisoning and procedural complications; PT: Transfusion reaction

		Quizartinib (N=265)				Placebo (N=268)				Quizartinib vs Placebo		Interaction
Subgroup	n	No. of subjects with events (%)	No. of subjects censored (%)	Median (95 % CI) (months) [a]	n	No. of subjects with events (%)	No. of subjects censored (%)	Median (95 % CI) (months) [a]	Hazard Ratio (95 % CI) [b]	Unstratified log-rank p-value [c]	P-value [d]	
Race by 2 categories											0.3719	
White	157	8 (5.1)	149 (94.9)	NE (NE, NE)	161	11 (6.8)	150 (93.2)	NE (NE, NE)	0.751 (0.302, 1.867)	0.5359		
Non-white	108	3 (2.8)	105 (97.2)	NE (NE, NE)	107	8 (7.5)	99 (92.5)	NE (NE, NE)	0.363 (0.096, 1.370)	0.1191		

N: number of subjects in analysis set; n: number of subjects in subgroup category; %: proportion of number of subjects in n; CI: confidence interval; NE: not estimable. PT: Preferred Term, SOC: System Organ Class.

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Subgroup	n	No. of subjects with events (%)	No. of subjects censored (%)	Median (95 % CI) (months) [a]	n	No. of subjects with events (%)	No. of subjects censored (%)	Median (95 % CI) (months) [a]	Hazard Ratio (95 % CI) [b]	Unstratified log-rank p-value [c]	P-value [d]			
Geographic Region 1													0.9509	
North America	16	0	16 (100)	NE (NE, NE)	18	5 (27.8)	13 (72.2)	NE (0.3, NE)	0.000 (0.000, NE)	0.0248				
Europe	161	7 (4.3)	154 (95.7)	NE (NE, NE)	161	8 (5.0)	153 (95.0)	NE (NE, NE)	0.867 (0.314, 2.391)	0.7820				
Asia/Other Regions	88	4 (4.5)	84 (95.5)	NE (NE, NE)	89	6 (6.7)	83 (93.3)	NE (NE, NE)	0.676 (0.191, 2.395)	0.5414				

N: number of subjects in analysis set; n: number of subjects in subgroup category; %: proportion of number of subjects in n; CI: confidence interval; NE: not estimable. PT: Preferred Term, SOC: System Organ Class.

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		No. of subjects with events (%)	No. of subjects censored (%)	Median (95 % CI) [a]	n	No. of subjects with events (%)	No. of subjects censored (%)	Median (95 % CI) [a]	n	Hazard Ratio (95 % CI) [b]	Unstratified log-rank p-value [c]	P-value [d]
WBC at initial diagnosis											0.6202	
< 40x10 ⁹ /L	132	4 (3.0)	128 (97.0)	NE (NE, NE)	133	9 (6.8)	124 (93.2)	NE (NE, NE)	133	0.459 (0.141, 1.490)	0.1837	
≥ 40x10 ⁹ /L	133	7 (5.3)	126 (94.7)	NE (NE, NE)	135	10 (7.4)	125 (92.6)	NE (NE, NE)	135	0.676 (0.257, 1.777)	0.4244	

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Subgroup	n	No. of subjects with events (%)	No. of subjects censored (%)	Median (95 % CI) (months) [a]	n	No. of subjects with events (%)	No. of subjects censored (%)	Median (95 % CI) (months) [a]	Hazard Ratio (95 % CI) [b]	Unstratified log-rank p-value [c]	P-value [d]	
Choice of Anthracycline											0.6470	
Daunorubicin	123	5 (4.1)	118 (95.9)	NE (NE, NE)	94	8 (8.5)	86 (91.5)	NE (NE, NE)	0.463 (0.151, 1.416)	0.1667		
Idarubicin	142	6 (4.2)	136 (95.8)	NE (NE, NE)	171	11 (6.4)	160 (93.6)	NE (NE, NE)	0.655 (0.242, 1.770)	0.4003		

N: number of subjects in analysis set; n: number of subjects in subgroup category; %: proportion of number of subjects in n; CI: confidence interval; NE: not estimable. PT: Preferred Term, SOC: System Organ Class.

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AML Cytogenetic Risk Score											0.9937	
Favorable	13	0	13 (100)	NE (NE, NE)	19	1 (5.3)	18 (94.7)	NE (NE, NE)	0.000 (0.000, NE)	0.4561		
Intermediate	195	9 (4.6)	186 (95.4)	NE (NE, NE)	190	14 (7.4)	176 (92.6)	NE (NE, NE)	0.602 (0.261, 1.392)	0.2305		
Unfavorable	19	1 (5.3)	18 (94.7)	NE (NE, NE)	27	3 (11.1)	24 (88.9)	NE (NE, NE)	0.518 (0.054, 4.998)	0.5624		
Unknown	38	1 (2.6)	37 (97.4)	NE (NE, NE)	31	1 (3.2)	30 (96.8)	NE (NE, NE)	0.897 (0.056, 14.404)	0.9391		

N: number of subjects in analysis set; n: number of subjects in subgroup category; %: proportion of number of subjects in n; CI: confidence interval; NE: not estimable. PT: Preferred Term, SOC: System Organ Class.

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Subgroup	n	No. of subjects with events (%)	No. of subjects censored (%)	Median (95 % CI) (months) [a]	n	No. of subjects with events (%)	No. of subjects censored (%)	Median (95 % CI) (months) [a]	Hazard Ratio (95 % CI) [b]	Unstratified log-rank p-value [c]	P-value [d]			
ECOG Performance Status at Baseline												0.6833		
0 - Fully Active	87	1 (1.1)	86 (98.9)	NE (NE, NE)	97	4 (4.1)	93 (95.9)	NE (NE, NE)	0.278 (0.031, 2.488)	0.2207				
1 - Restricted in Physically Strenuous Activity	133	5 (3.8)	128 (96.2)	NE (NE, NE)	134	10 (7.5)	124 (92.5)	NE (NE, NE)	0.495 (0.169, 1.447)	0.1896				
2 - Ambulatory and Capable of All Selfcare	45	5 (11.1)	40 (88.9)	NE (NE, NE)	36	5 (13.9)	31 (86.1)	NE (NE, NE)	0.802 (0.232, 2.771)	0.7263				

N: number of subjects in analysis set; n: number of subjects in subgroup category; %: proportion of number of subjects in n; CI: confidence interval; NE: not estimable. PT: Preferred Term, SOC: System Organ Class.

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Medizinischer Nutzen, medizinischer Zusatznutzen, Patientengruppen mit therap. bedeutsamem Zusatznutzen

Daiichi Sankyo | Data Intelligence – Evidence Generation | Final | AC220-A-U302 QUANTUM-First (DCO 13 Aug 2021) | Statistical analyses for AMNOG (HTA Germany)
 Table 3.11.2 Treatment-emergent adverse events by system organ class (SOC) and preferred term (PT) observed for ≥ 10 patients in at least one arm and ≥ 1% of the patients in at least one arm - Time-to-event analysis - subgroup analysis - DCO 13-Aug-2021 - Safety Analysis Set

SOC: Injury, poisoning and procedural complications; PT: Transfusion reaction

Subgroup	n	Quizartinib (N=265)				Placebo (N=268)				Quizartinib vs Placebo		Interaction
		No. of subjects with events (%)	No. of subjects censored (%)	Median (95 % CI) (months) [a]	n	No. of subjects with events (%)	No. of subjects censored (%)	Median (95 % CI) (months) [a]	n	Hazard Ratio (95 % CI) [b]	Unstratified log-rank p-value [c]	P-value [d]
FLT3-ITD category at Baseline											0.2151	
≥3 to ≤25%	94	3 (3.2)	91 (96.8)	NE (NE, NE)	98	6 (6.1)	92 (93.9)	NE (NE, NE)	98	0.534 (0.134, 2.135)	0.3670	
>25% to ≤50%	141	4 (2.8)	137 (97.2)	NE (NE, NE)	136	11 (8.1)	125 (91.9)	NE (NE, NE)	136	0.346 (0.110, 1.088)	0.0572	
>50%	29	4 (13.8)	25 (86.2)	NE (NE, NE)	34	2 (5.9)	32 (94.1)	NE (NE, NE)	34	2.134 (0.390, 11.684)	0.3707	

N: number of subjects in analysis set; n: number of subjects in subgroup category; %: proportion of number of subjects in n; CI: confidence interval; NE: not estimable. PT: Preferred Term, SOC: System Organ Class.

[a] Median time to first event is from Kaplan-Meier estimate. Confidence Interval for median was computed using the Brookmeyer-Crowley method.

[b] Hazard ratio is from unstratified Cox proportional hazards model with treatment as the only categorical variable in the model. Confidence limits are based on the Wald test.

[c] Two-sided p-value from unstratified log-rank test.

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SOC: Injury, poisoning and procedural complications; PT: Transfusion reaction

Subgroup	n	Quizartinib (N=265)				Placebo (N=268)				Quizartinib vs Placebo		Interaction
		No. of subjects with events (%)	No. of subjects censored (%)	Median (95 % CI) (months) [a]	n	No. of subjects with events (%)	No. of subjects censored (%)	Median (95 % CI) (months) [a]	n	Hazard Ratio (95 % CI) [b]	Unstratified log-rank p-value [c]	P-value [d]
AML with Mutated NPM1											0.0718	
Yes	139	3 (2.2)	136 (97.8)	NE (NE, NE)	137	11 (8.0)	126 (92.0)	NE (NE, NE)	137	0.265 (0.074, 0.949)	0.0283	
No	116	8 (6.9)	108 (93.1)	NE (NE, NE)	120	7 (5.8)	113 (94.2)	NE (NE, NE)	120	1.184 (0.429, 3.264)	0.7439	

N: number of subjects in analysis set; n: number of subjects in subgroup category; %: proportion of number of subjects in n; CI: confidence interval; NE: not estimable. PT: Preferred Term, SOC: System Organ Class.

[a] Median time to first event is from Kaplan-Meier estimate. Confidence Interval for median was computed using the Brookmeyer-Crowley method.

[b] Hazard ratio is from unstratified Cox proportional hazards model with treatment as the only categorical variable in the model. Confidence limits are based on the Wald test.

[c] Two-sided p-value from unstratified log-rank test.

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SOC: Injury, poisoning and procedural complications; PT: Transfusion reaction

Subgroup	n	Quizartinib (N=265)				Placebo (N=268)				Quizartinib vs Placebo		Interaction
		No. of subjects with events (%)	No. of subjects censored (%)	Median (95 % CI) (months) [a]	n	No. of subjects with events (%)	No. of subjects censored (%)	Median (95 % CI) (months) [a]	n	Hazard Ratio (95 % CI) [b]	Unstratified log-rank p-value [c]	P-value [d]
Age by 2 categories											0.8660	
≤60	164	8 (4.9)	156 (95.1)	NE (NE, NE)	163	14 (8.6)	149 (91.4)	NE (NE, NE)	163	0.554 (0.232, 1.321)	0.1764	
>60	101	3 (3.0)	98 (97.0)	NE (NE, NE)	105	5 (4.8)	100 (95.2)	NE (NE, NE)	105	0.629 (0.150, 2.631)	0.5216	

N: number of subjects in analysis set; n: number of subjects in subgroup category; %: proportion of number of subjects in n; CI: confidence interval; NE: not estimable. PT: Preferred Term, SOC: System Organ Class.

[a] Median time to first event is from Kaplan-Meier estimate. Confidence Interval for median was computed using the Brookmeyer-Crowley method.

[b] Hazard ratio is from unstratified Cox proportional hazards model with treatment as the only categorical variable in the model. Confidence limits are based on the Wald test.

[c] Two-sided p-value from unstratified log-rank test.

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SOC: Injury, poisoning and procedural complications; PT: Allergic transfusion reaction

Subgroup	n	Quizartinib (N=265)				Placebo (N=268)				Quizartinib vs Placebo		Interaction
		No. of subjects with events (%)	No. of subjects censored (%)	Median (95 % CI) (months) [a]	n	No. of subjects with events (%)	No. of subjects censored (%)	Median (95 % CI) (months) [a]	n	Hazard Ratio (95 % CI) [b]	Unstratified log-rank p-value [c]	P-value [d]
Pooled Age Group 2											0.6669	
<60	159	5 (3.1)	154 (96.9)	NE (NE, NE)	160	8 (5.0)	152 (95.0)	NE (NE, NE)	160	0.619 (0.202, 1.893)	0.3957	
≥60 - <65	37	1 (2.7)	36 (97.3)	NE (NE, NE)	43	1 (2.3)	42 (97.7)	NE (NE, NE)	43	1.057 (0.066, 16.954)	0.9687	
≥65	69	1 (1.4)	68 (98.6)	NE (NE, NE)	65	4 (6.2)	61 (93.8)	NE (NE, NE)	65	0.246 (0.028, 2.202)	0.1741	

N: number of subjects in analysis set; n: number of subjects in subgroup category; %: proportion of number of subjects in n; CI: confidence interval; NE: not estimable. PT: Preferred Term, SOC: System Organ Class.

[a] Median time to first event is from Kaplan-Meier estimate. Confidence Interval for median was computed using the Brookmeyer-Crowley method.

[b] Hazard ratio is from unstratified Cox proportional hazards model with treatment as the only categorical variable in the model. Confidence limits are based on the Wald test.

[c] Two-sided p-value from unstratified log-rank test.

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SOC: Injury, poisoning and procedural complications; PT: Allergic transfusion reaction

Subgroup	n	Quizartinib (N=265)				Placebo (N=268)				Quizartinib vs Placebo		Interaction
		No. of subjects with events (%)	No. of subjects censored (%)	Median (95 % CI) (months) [a]	n	No. of subjects with events (%)	No. of subjects censored (%)	Median (95 % CI) (months) [a]	n	Hazard Ratio (95 % CI) [b]	Unstratified log-rank p-value [c]	P-value [d]
Sex												0.5563
Male	124	3 (2.4)	121 (97.6)	NE (NE, NE)	120	7 (5.8)	113 (94.2)	NE (NE, NE)	120	0.396 (0.102, 1.534)	0.1645	
Female	141	4 (2.8)	137 (97.2)	NE (NE, NE)	148	6 (4.1)	142 (95.9)	NE (NE, NE)	148	0.705 (0.199, 2.498)	0.5858	

N: number of subjects in analysis set; n: number of subjects in subgroup category; %: proportion of number of subjects in n; CI: confidence interval; NE: not estimable. PT: Preferred Term, SOC: System Organ Class.

[a] Median time to first event is from Kaplan-Meier estimate. Confidence Interval for median was computed using the Brookmeyer-Crowley method.

[b] Hazard ratio is from unstratified Cox proportional hazards model with treatment as the only categorical variable in the model. Confidence limits are based on the Wald test.

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SOC: Injury, poisoning and procedural complications; PT: Allergic transfusion reaction

		Quizartinib (N=265)				Placebo (N=268)				Quizartinib vs Placebo		Interaction
Subgroup	n	No. of subjects with events (%)	No. of subjects censored (%)	Median (95 % CI) (months) [a]	n	No. of subjects with events (%)	No. of subjects censored (%)	Median (95 % CI) (months) [a]	Hazard Ratio (95 % CI) [b]	Unstratified log-rank p-value [c]	P-value [d]	
Race by 2 categories											0.8903	
White	157	3 (1.9)	154 (98.1)	NE (NE, NE)	161	6 (3.7)	155 (96.3)	NE (NE, NE)	0.511 (0.128, 2.043)	0.3330		
Non-white	108	4 (3.7)	104 (96.3)	NE (NE, NE)	107	7 (6.5)	100 (93.5)	NE (NE, NE)	0.568 (0.166, 1.941)	0.3601		

N: number of subjects in analysis set; n: number of subjects in subgroup category; %: proportion of number of subjects in n; CI: confidence interval; NE: not estimable. PT: Preferred Term, SOC: System Organ Class.

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[c] Two-sided p-value from unstratified log-rank test.

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		Quizartinib (N=265)				Placebo (N=268)				Quizartinib vs Placebo		Interaction
Subgroup	n	No. of subjects with events (%)	No. of subjects censored (%)	Median (95 % CI) (months) [a]	n	No. of subjects with events (%)	No. of subjects censored (%)	Median (95 % CI) (months) [a]	Hazard Ratio (95 % CI) [b]	Unstratified log-rank p-value [c]	P-value [d]	
Geographic Region 1											0.9083	
North America	16	1 (6.3)	15 (93.8)	NE (2.9, NE)	18	0	18 (100)	NE (NE, NE)	NE (0.000, NE)	0.1069		
Europe	161	3 (1.9)	158 (98.1)	NE (NE, NE)	161	5 (3.1)	156 (96.9)	NE (NE, NE)	0.592 (0.141, 2.481)	0.4685		
Asia/Other Regions	88	3 (3.4)	85 (96.6)	NE (NE, NE)	89	8 (9.0)	81 (91.0)	NE (NE, NE)	0.372 (0.099, 1.404)	0.1284		

N: number of subjects in analysis set; n: number of subjects in subgroup category; %: proportion of number of subjects in n; CI: confidence interval; NE: not estimable. PT: Preferred Term, SOC: System Organ Class.

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WBC at initial diagnosis											0.3068	
< 40x10 ⁹ /L	132	3 (2.3)	129 (97.7)	NE (NE, NE)	133	3 (2.3)	130 (97.7)	NE (NE, NE)	133	1.064 (0.215, 5.274)	0.9395	
≥ 40x10 ⁹ /L	133	4 (3.0)	129 (97.0)	NE (NE, NE)	135	10 (7.4)	125 (92.6)	NE (NE, NE)	135	0.380 (0.119, 1.215)	0.0898	

N: number of subjects in analysis set; n: number of subjects in subgroup category; %: proportion of number of subjects in n; CI: confidence interval; NE: not estimable. PT: Preferred Term, SOC: System Organ Class.

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		No. of subjects with events (%)	No. of subjects censored (%)	Median (95 % CI) [a]	n	No. of subjects with events (%)	No. of subjects censored (%)	Median (95 % CI) [a]	n	Hazard Ratio (95 % CI) [b]	Unstratified log-rank p-value [c]	P-value [d]
Choice of Anthracycline											0.7633	
Daunorubicin	123	4 (3.3)	119 (96.7)	NE (NE, NE)	94	5 (5.3)	89 (94.7)	NE (NE, NE)	94	0.585 (0.157, 2.179)	0.4182	
Idarubicin	142	3 (2.1)	139 (97.9)	NE (NE, NE)	171	8 (4.7)	163 (95.3)	NE (NE, NE)	171	0.442 (0.117, 1.667)	0.2150	

N: number of subjects in analysis set; n: number of subjects in subgroup category; %: proportion of number of subjects in n; CI: confidence interval; NE: not estimable. PT: Preferred Term, SOC: System Organ Class.

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		No. of subjects with events (%)	No. of subjects censored (%)	Median (95 % CI) (months) [a]	n	No. of subjects with events (%)	No. of subjects censored (%)	Median (95 % CI) (months) [a]	n	Hazard Ratio (95 % CI) [b]	Unstratified log-rank p-value [c]	P-value [d]
AML Cytogenetic Risk Score											0.9991	
Favorable	13	0	13 (100)	NE (NE, NE)	19	0	19 (100)	NE (NE, NE)	19	NE (NE, NE)	NE	
Intermediate	195	6 (3.1)	189 (96.9)	NE (NE, NE)	190	11 (5.8)	179 (94.2)	NE (NE, NE)	190	0.505 (0.187, 1.367)	0.1703	
Unfavorable	19	0	19 (100)	NE (NE, NE)	27	0	27 (100)	NE (NE, NE)	27	NE (NE, NE)	NE	
Unknown	38	1 (2.6)	37 (97.4)	NE (NE, NE)	31	2 (6.5)	29 (93.5)	NE (NE, NE)	31	0.417 (0.038, 4.607)	0.4617	

N: number of subjects in analysis set; n: number of subjects in subgroup category; %: proportion of number of subjects in n; CI: confidence interval; NE: not estimable. PT: Preferred Term, SOC: System Organ Class.

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[c] Two-sided p-value from unstratified log-rank test.

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Medizinischer Nutzen, medizinischer Zusatznutzen, Patientengruppen mit therap. bedeutsamem Zusatznutzen

Daichi Sankyo | Data Intelligence – Evidence Generation | Final | AC220-A-U302 QUANTUM-First (DCO 13 Aug 2021) | Statistical analyses for AMNOG (HTA Germany)
 Table 3.11.2 Treatment-emergent adverse events by system organ class (SOC) and preferred term (PT) observed for ≥ 10 patients in at least one arm and ≥ 1% of the patients in at least one arm - Time-to-event analysis - subgroup analysis - DCO 13-Aug-2021 - Safety Analysis Set

SOC: Injury, poisoning and procedural complications; PT: Allergic transfusion reaction

		Quizartinib (N=265)					Placebo (N=268)					Quizartinib vs Placebo		Interaction
Subgroup	n	No. of subjects with events (%)	No. of subjects censored (%)	Median (95 % CI) (months) [a]	n	No. of subjects with events (%)	No. of subjects censored (%)	Median (95 % CI) (months) [a]	Hazard Ratio (95 % CI) [b]	Unstratified log-rank p-value [c]	P-value [d]			
ECOG Performance Status at Baseline												0.7070		
0 - Fully Active	87	1 (1.1)	86 (98.9)	NE (NE, NE)	97	5 (5.2)	92 (94.8)	NE (NE, NE)	0.211 (0.025, 1.810)	0.1175				
1 - Restricted in Physically Strenuous Activity	133	5 (3.8)	128 (96.2)	NE (NE, NE)	134	8 (6.0)	126 (94.0)	NE (NE, NE)	0.614 (0.201, 1.878)	0.3877				
2 - Ambulatory and Capable of All Selfcare	45	1 (2.2)	44 (97.8)	NE (NE, NE)	36	0	36 (100)	NE (NE, NE)	NE (0.000, NE)	0.3576				

N: number of subjects in analysis set; n: number of subjects in subgroup category; %: proportion of number of subjects in n; CI: confidence interval; NE: not estimable. PT: Preferred Term, SOC: System Organ Class.

[a] Median time to first event is from Kaplan-Meier estimate. Confidence Interval for median was computed using the Brookmeyer-Crowley method.

[b] Hazard ratio is from unstratified Cox proportional hazards model with treatment as the only categorical variable in the model. Confidence limits are based on the Wald test.

[c] Two-sided p-value from unstratified log-rank test.

[d] Two-sided interaction p-value is for the interaction term from unstratified Cox proportional hazards model with treatment, subgroup, and treatment-by-subgroup interaction as categorical variables in the model. The p-value is based on the Wald test.

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SOC: Injury, poisoning and procedural complications; PT: Allergic transfusion reaction

Subgroup	n	Quizartinib (N=265)				Placebo (N=268)				Quizartinib vs Placebo		Interaction
		No. of subjects with events (%)	No. of subjects censored (%)	Median (95 % CI) (months) [a]	n	No. of subjects with events (%)	No. of subjects censored (%)	Median (95 % CI) (months) [a]	n	Hazard Ratio (95 % CI) [b]	Unstratified log-rank p-value [c]	P-value [d]
FLT3-ITD category at Baseline											0.8555	
≥3 to ≤25%	94	2 (2.1)	92 (97.9)	NE (NE, NE)	98	5 (5.1)	93 (94.9)	NE (NE, NE)	98	0.417 (0.081, 2.148)	0.2801	
>25% to ≤50%	141	4 (2.8)	137 (97.2)	NE (NE, NE)	136	7 (5.1)	129 (94.9)	NE (NE, NE)	136	0.537 (0.157, 1.835)	0.3128	
>50%	29	1 (3.4)	28 (96.6)	NE (NE, NE)	34	1 (2.9)	33 (97.1)	NE (NE, NE)	34	1.021 (0.063, 16.430)	0.9884	

N: number of subjects in analysis set; n: number of subjects in subgroup category; %: proportion of number of subjects in n; CI: confidence interval; NE: not estimable. PT: Preferred Term, SOC: System Organ Class.

[a] Median time to first event is from Kaplan-Meier estimate. Confidence Interval for median was computed using the Brookmeyer-Crowley method.

[b] Hazard ratio is from unstratified Cox proportional hazards model with treatment as the only categorical variable in the model. Confidence limits are based on the Wald test.

[c] Two-sided p-value from unstratified log-rank test.

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SOC: Injury, poisoning and procedural complications; PT: Allergic transfusion reaction

Subgroup	n	Quizartinib (N=265)				Placebo (N=268)				Quizartinib vs Placebo		Interaction
		No. of subjects with events (%)	No. of subjects censored (%)	Median (95 % CI) (months) [a]	n	No. of subjects with events (%)	No. of subjects censored (%)	Median (95 % CI) (months) [a]	n	Hazard Ratio (95 % CI) [b]	Unstratified log-rank p-value [c]	P-value [d]
AML with Mutated NPM1											0.1597	
Yes	139	2 (1.4)	137 (98.6)	NE (NE, NE)	137	7 (5.1)	130 (94.9)	NE (NE, NE)	137	0.283 (0.059, 1.360)	0.0923	
No	116	5 (4.3)	111 (95.7)	NE (NE, NE)	120	4 (3.3)	116 (96.7)	NE (NE, NE)	120	1.253 (0.336, 4.668)	0.7363	

N: number of subjects in analysis set; n: number of subjects in subgroup category; %: proportion of number of subjects in n; CI: confidence interval; NE: not estimable. PT: Preferred Term, SOC: System Organ Class.

[a] Median time to first event is from Kaplan-Meier estimate. Confidence Interval for median was computed using the Brookmeyer-Crowley method.

[b] Hazard ratio is from unstratified Cox proportional hazards model with treatment as the only categorical variable in the model. Confidence limits are based on the Wald test.

[c] Two-sided p-value from unstratified log-rank test.

[d] Two-sided interaction p-value is for the interaction term from unstratified Cox proportional hazards model with treatment, subgroup, and treatment-by-subgroup interaction as categorical variables in the model. The p-value is based on the Wald test.

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SOC: Injury, poisoning and procedural complications; PT: Allergic transfusion reaction

		Quizartinib (N=265)				Placebo (N=268)				Quizartinib vs Placebo		Interaction
Subgroup	n	No. of subjects with events (%)	No. of subjects censored (%)	Median (95 % CI) (months) [a]	n	No. of subjects with events (%)	No. of subjects censored (%)	Median (95 % CI) (months) [a]	Hazard Ratio (95 % CI) [b]	Unstratified log-rank p-value [c]	P-value [d]	
Age by 2 categories											0.7242	
≤60	164	5 (3.0)	159 (97.0)	NE (NE, NE)	163	8 (4.9)	155 (95.1)	NE (NE, NE)	0.610 (0.200, 1.867)	0.3817		
>60	101	2 (2.0)	99 (98.0)	NE (NE, NE)	105	5 (4.8)	100 (95.2)	NE (NE, NE)	0.423 (0.082, 2.182)	0.2896		

N: number of subjects in analysis set; n: number of subjects in subgroup category; %: proportion of number of subjects in n; CI: confidence interval; NE: not estimable. PT: Preferred Term, SOC: System Organ Class.

[a] Median time to first event is from Kaplan-Meier estimate. Confidence Interval for median was computed using the Brookmeyer-Crowley method.

[b] Hazard ratio is from unstratified Cox proportional hazards model with treatment as the only categorical variable in the model. Confidence limits are based on the Wald test.

[c] Two-sided p-value from unstratified log-rank test.

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SOC: Psychiatric disorders; PT: Any PT

		Quizartinib (N=265)				Placebo (N=268)				Quizartinib vs Placebo		Interaction	
Subgroup	n	No. of subjects with events (%)	No. of subjects censored (%)	Median (95 % CI) (months) [a]	n	No. of subjects with events (%)	No. of subjects censored (%)	Median (95 % CI) (months) [a]	Hazard Ratio (95 % CI) [b]	Unstratified log-rank p-value [c]	P-value [d]		
Pooled Age Group 2											0.2991		
<60	159	36 (22.6)	123 (77.4)	NE (NE, NE)	160	33 (20.6)	127 (79.4)	NE (NE, NE)	1.044 (0.650, 1.677)	0.8608			
≥60 - <65	37	9 (24.3)	28 (75.7)	NE (6.6, NE)	43	4 (9.3)	39 (90.7)	NE (NE, NE)	2.620 (0.805, 8.528)	0.0965			
≥65	69	12 (17.4)	57 (82.6)	NE (NE, NE)	65	13 (20.0)	52 (80.0)	NE (NE, NE)	0.930 (0.424, 2.039)	0.8552			

N: number of subjects in analysis set; n: number of subjects in subgroup category; %: proportion of number of subjects in n; CI: confidence interval; NE: not estimable. PT: Preferred Term, SOC: System Organ Class.

[a] Median time to first event is from Kaplan-Meier estimate. Confidence Interval for median was computed using the Brookmeyer-Crowley method.

[b] Hazard ratio is from unstratified Cox proportional hazards model with treatment as the only categorical variable in the model. Confidence limits are based on the Wald test.

[c] Two-sided p-value from unstratified log-rank test.

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SOC: Psychiatric disorders; PT: Any PT

Subgroup	n	Quizartinib (N=265)				Placebo (N=268)				Quizartinib vs Placebo		Interaction
		No. of subjects with events (%)	No. of subjects censored (%)	Median (95 % CI) (months) [a]	n	No. of subjects with events (%)	No. of subjects censored (%)	Median (95 % CI) (months) [a]	n	Hazard Ratio (95 % CI) [b]	Unstratified log-rank p-value [c]	P-value [d]
Sex												0.3188
Male	124	31 (25.0)	93 (75.0)	NE (NE, NE)	120	22 (18.3)	98 (81.7)	NE (NE, NE)	120	1.425 (0.825, 2.461)	0.2018	
Female	141	26 (18.4)	115 (81.6)	NE (NE, NE)	148	28 (18.9)	120 (81.1)	NE (NE, NE)	148	0.918 (0.537, 1.567)	0.7522	

N: number of subjects in analysis set; n: number of subjects in subgroup category; %: proportion of number of subjects in n; CI: confidence interval; NE: not estimable. PT: Preferred Term, SOC: System Organ Class.

[a] Median time to first event is from Kaplan-Meier estimate. Confidence Interval for median was computed using the Brookmeyer-Crowley method.

[b] Hazard ratio is from unstratified Cox proportional hazards model with treatment as the only categorical variable in the model. Confidence limits are based on the Wald test.

[c] Two-sided p-value from unstratified log-rank test.

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SOC: Psychiatric disorders; PT: Any PT

		Quizartinib (N=265)				Placebo (N=268)				Quizartinib vs Placebo		Interaction
Subgroup	n	No. of subjects with events (%)	No. of subjects censored (%)	Median (95 % CI) (months) [a]	n	No. of subjects with events (%)	No. of subjects censored (%)	Median (95 % CI) (months) [a]	Hazard Ratio (95 % CI) [b]	Unstratified log-rank p-value [c]	P-value [d]	
Race by 2 categories											0.8214	
White	157	28 (17.8)	129 (82.2)	NE (NE, NE)	161	26 (16.1)	135 (83.9)	NE (NE, NE)	1.112 (0.651, 1.899)	0.7013		
Non-white	108	29 (26.9)	79 (73.1)	NE (25.4, NE)	107	24 (22.4)	83 (77.6)	NE (NE, NE)	1.181 (0.687, 2.030)	0.5454		

N: number of subjects in analysis set; n: number of subjects in subgroup category; %: proportion of number of subjects in n; CI: confidence interval; NE: not estimable. PT: Preferred Term, SOC: System Organ Class.

[a] Median time to first event is from Kaplan-Meier estimate. Confidence Interval for median was computed using the Brookmeyer-Crowley method.

[b] Hazard ratio is from unstratified Cox proportional hazards model with treatment as the only categorical variable in the model. Confidence limits are based on the Wald test.

[c] Two-sided p-value from unstratified log-rank test.

[d] Two-sided interaction p-value is for the interaction term from unstratified Cox proportional hazards model with treatment, subgroup, and treatment-by-subgroup interaction as categorical variables in the model. The p-value is based on the Wald test.

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SOC: Psychiatric disorders; PT: Any PT

		Quizartinib (N=265)				Placebo (N=268)				Quizartinib vs Placebo		Interaction
Subgroup	n	No. of subjects with events (%)	No. of subjects censored (%)	Median (95 % CI) (months) [a]	n	No. of subjects with events (%)	No. of subjects censored (%)	Median (95 % CI) (months) [a]	Hazard Ratio (95 % CI) [b]	Unstratified log-rank p-value [c]	P-value [d]	
Geographic Region 1											0.8793	
North America	16	6 (37.5)	10 (62.5)	NE (0.2, NE)	18	7 (38.9)	11 (61.1)	7.0 (1.4, NE)	1.153 (0.383, 3.474)	0.8078		
Europe	161	25 (15.5)	136 (84.5)	NE (NE, NE)	161	19 (11.8)	142 (88.2)	NE (NE, NE)	1.332 (0.733, 2.420)	0.3480		
Asia/Other Regions	88	26 (29.5)	62 (70.5)	NE (10.5, NE)	89	24 (27.0)	65 (73.0)	NE (9.5, NE)	1.038 (0.595, 1.811)	0.8940		

N: number of subjects in analysis set; n: number of subjects in subgroup category; %: proportion of number of subjects in n; CI: confidence interval; NE: not estimable. PT: Preferred Term, SOC: System Organ Class.

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[b] Hazard ratio is from unstratified Cox proportional hazards model with treatment as the only categorical variable in the model. Confidence limits are based on the Wald test.

[c] Two-sided p-value from unstratified log-rank test.

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SOC: Psychiatric disorders; PT: Any PT

Subgroup	n	Quizartinib (N=265)				Placebo (N=268)				Quizartinib vs Placebo		Interaction
		No. of subjects with events (%)	No. of subjects censored (%)	Median (95 % CI) (months) [a]	n	No. of subjects with events (%)	No. of subjects censored (%)	Median (95 % CI) (months) [a]	n	Hazard Ratio (95 % CI) [b]	Unstratified log-rank p-value [c]	P-value [d]
WBC at initial diagnosis											0.0684	
< 40x10 ⁹ /L	132	19 (14.4)	113 (85.6)	NE (NE, NE)	133	26 (19.5)	107 (80.5)	NE (NE, NE)	133	0.733 (0.405, 1.326)	0.2998	
≥ 40x10 ⁹ /L	133	38 (28.6)	95 (71.4)	NE (NE, NE)	135	24 (17.8)	111 (82.2)	NE (NE, NE)	135	1.579 (0.946, 2.636)	0.0781	

N: number of subjects in analysis set; n: number of subjects in subgroup category; %: proportion of number of subjects in n; CI: confidence interval; NE: not estimable. PT: Preferred Term, SOC: System Organ Class.

[a] Median time to first event is from Kaplan-Meier estimate. Confidence Interval for median was computed using the Brookmeyer-Crowley method.

[b] Hazard ratio is from unstratified Cox proportional hazards model with treatment as the only categorical variable in the model. Confidence limits are based on the Wald test.

[c] Two-sided p-value from unstratified log-rank test.

[d] Two-sided interaction p-value is for the interaction term from unstratified Cox proportional hazards model with treatment, subgroup, and treatment-by-subgroup interaction as categorical variables in the model. The p-value is based on the Wald test.

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SOC: Psychiatric disorders; PT: Any PT

		Quizartinib (N=265)					Placebo (N=268)					Quizartinib vs Placebo		Interaction
Subgroup	n	No. of subjects with events (%)	No. of subjects censored (%)	Median (95 % CI) (months) [a]	n	No. of subjects with events (%)	No. of subjects censored (%)	Median (95 % CI) (months) [a]	CI	Hazard Ratio (95 % CI) [b]	Unstratified log-rank p-value [c]	P-value [d]		
Choice of Anthracycline												0.1145		
Daunorubicin	123	24 (19.5)	99 (80.5)	NE (NE, NE)	94	22 (23.4)	72 (76.6)	NE (NE, NE)	(10.0, NE)	0.809 (0.453, 1.447)	0.4722			
Idarubicin	142	33 (23.2)	109 (76.8)	NE (NE, NE)	171	27 (15.8)	144 (84.2)	NE (NE, NE)		1.469 (0.883, 2.444)	0.1364			

N: number of subjects in analysis set; n: number of subjects in subgroup category; %: proportion of number of subjects in n; CI: confidence interval; NE: not estimable. PT: Preferred Term, SOC: System Organ Class.

[a] Median time to first event is from Kaplan-Meier estimate. Confidence Interval for median was computed using the Brookmeyer-Crowley method.

[b] Hazard ratio is from unstratified Cox proportional hazards model with treatment as the only categorical variable in the model. Confidence limits are based on the Wald test.

[c] Two-sided p-value from unstratified log-rank test.

[d] Two-sided interaction p-value is for the interaction term from unstratified Cox proportional hazards model with treatment, subgroup, and treatment-by-subgroup interaction as categorical variables in the model. The p-value is based on the Wald test.

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Medizinischer Nutzen, medizinischer Zusatznutzen, Patientengruppen mit therap. bedeutsamem Zusatznutzen

Daichi Sankyo | Data Intelligence – Evidence Generation | Final | AC220-A-U302 QUANTUM-First (DCO 13 Aug 2021) | Statistical analyses for AMNOG (HTA Germany)
 Table 3.11.2 Treatment-emergent adverse events by system organ class (SOC) and preferred term (PT) observed for ≥ 10 patients in at least one arm and ≥ 1% of the patients in at least one arm - Time-to-event analysis - subgroup analysis - DCO 13-Aug-2021 - Safety Analysis Set

SOC: Psychiatric disorders; PT: Any PT

		Quizartinib (N=265)				Placebo (N=268)				Quizartinib vs Placebo		Interaction
Subgroup	n	No. of subjects with events (%)	No. of subjects censored (%)	Median (95 % CI) (months) [a]	n	No. of subjects with events (%)	No. of subjects censored (%)	Median (95 % CI) (months) [a]	Hazard Ratio (95 % CI) [b]	Unstratified log-rank p-value [c]	P-value [d]	
AML Cytogenetic Risk Score											0.1604	
Favorable	13	0	13 (100)	NE (NE, NE)	19	6 (31.6)	13 (68.4)	NE (7.0, NE)	0.000 (0.000, NE)	0.0466		
Intermediate	195	47 (24.1)	148 (75.9)	NE (NE, NE)	190	29 (15.3)	161 (84.7)	NE (NE, NE)	1.598 (1.006, 2.541)	0.0453		
Unfavorable	19	1 (5.3)	18 (94.7)	NE (NE, NE)	27	9 (33.3)	18 (66.7)	8.7 (2.1, NE)	0.131 (0.016, 1.044)	0.0244		
Unknown	38	9 (23.7)	29 (76.3)	NE (6.3, NE)	31	5 (16.1)	26 (83.9)	NE (5.7, NE)	1.405 (0.466, 4.235)	0.5440		

N: number of subjects in analysis set; n: number of subjects in subgroup category; %: proportion of number of subjects in n; CI: confidence interval; NE: not estimable. PT: Preferred Term, SOC: System Organ Class.

[a] Median time to first event is from Kaplan-Meier estimate. Confidence Interval for median was computed using the Brookmeyer-Crowley method.

[b] Hazard ratio is from unstratified Cox proportional hazards model with treatment as the only categorical variable in the model. Confidence limits are based on the Wald test.

[c] Two-sided p-value from unstratified log-rank test.

[d] Two-sided interaction p-value is for the interaction term from unstratified Cox proportional hazards model with treatment, subgroup, and treatment-by-subgroup interaction as categorical variables in the model. The p-value is based on the Wald test.

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Medizinischer Nutzen, medizinischer Zusatznutzen, Patientengruppen mit therap. bedeutsamem Zusatznutzen

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SOC: Psychiatric disorders; PT: Any PT

		Quizartinib (N=265)				Placebo (N=268)				Quizartinib vs Placebo		Interaction
Subgroup	n	No. of subjects with events (%)	No. of subjects censored (%)	Median (95 % CI) (months) [a]	n	No. of subjects with events (%)	No. of subjects censored (%)	Median (95 % CI) (months) [a]	Hazard Ratio (95 % CI) [b]	Unstratified log-rank p-value [c]	P-value [d]	
ECOG Performance Status at Baseline											0.5820	
0 - Fully Active	87	15 (17.2)	72 (82.8)	NE (NE, NE)	97	16 (16.5)	81 (83.5)	NE (NE, NE)	1.047 (0.517, 2.118)	0.9005		
1 - Restricted in Physically Strenuous Activity	133	29 (21.8)	104 (78.2)	NE (NE, NE)	134	28 (20.9)	106 (79.1)	NE (NE, NE)	1.007 (0.598, 1.695)	0.9814		
2 - Ambulatory and Capable of All Selfcare	45	13 (28.9)	32 (71.1)	NE (2.5, NE)	36	6 (16.7)	30 (83.3)	NE (8.7, NE)	1.824 (0.690, 4.826)	0.2186		

N: number of subjects in analysis set; n: number of subjects in subgroup category; %: proportion of number of subjects in n; CI: confidence interval; NE: not estimable. PT: Preferred Term, SOC: System Organ Class.

[a] Median time to first event is from Kaplan-Meier estimate. Confidence Interval for median was computed using the Brookmeyer-Crowley method.

[b] Hazard ratio is from unstratified Cox proportional hazards model with treatment as the only categorical variable in the model. Confidence limits are based on the Wald test.

[c] Two-sided p-value from unstratified log-rank test.

[d] Two-sided interaction p-value is for the interaction term from unstratified Cox proportional hazards model with treatment, subgroup, and treatment-by-subgroup interaction as categorical variables in the model. The p-value is based on the Wald test.

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SOC: Psychiatric disorders; PT: Any PT

		Quizartinib (N=265)				Placebo (N=268)				Quizartinib vs Placebo		Interaction
Subgroup	n	No. of subjects with events (%)	No. of subjects censored (%)	Median (95 % CI) (months) [a]	n	No. of subjects with events (%)	No. of subjects censored (%)	Median (95 % CI) (months) [a]	Hazard Ratio (95 % CI) [b]	Unstratified log-rank p-value [c]	P-value [d]	
FLT3-ITD category at Baseline											0.7889	
≥3 to ≤25%	94	17 (18.1)	77 (81.9)	NE (NE, NE)	98	16 (16.3)	82 (83.7)	NE (NE, NE)	1.125 (0.568, 2.227)	0.7358		
>25% to ≤50%	141	33 (23.4)	108 (76.6)	NE (NE, NE)	136	26 (19.1)	110 (80.9)	NE (NE, NE)	1.257 (0.751, 2.104)	0.3859		
>50%	29	7 (24.1)	22 (75.9)	NE (8.9, NE)	34	8 (23.5)	26 (76.5)	9.5 (9.5, NE)	0.782 (0.276, 2.218)	0.6424		

N: number of subjects in analysis set; n: number of subjects in subgroup category; %: proportion of number of subjects in n; CI: confidence interval; NE: not estimable. PT: Preferred Term, SOC: System Organ Class.

[a] Median time to first event is from Kaplan-Meier estimate. Confidence Interval for median was computed using the Brookmeyer-Crowley method.

[b] Hazard ratio is from unstratified Cox proportional hazards model with treatment as the only categorical variable in the model. Confidence limits are based on the Wald test.

[c] Two-sided p-value from unstratified log-rank test.

[d] Two-sided interaction p-value is for the interaction term from unstratified Cox proportional hazards model with treatment, subgroup, and treatment-by-subgroup interaction as categorical variables in the model. The p-value is based on the Wald test.

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SOC: Psychiatric disorders; PT: Any PT

		Quizartinib (N=265)				Placebo (N=268)				Quizartinib vs Placebo		Interaction
Subgroup	n	No. of subjects with events (%)	No. of subjects censored (%)	Median (95 % CI) (months) [a]	n	No. of subjects with events (%)	No. of subjects censored (%)	Median (95 % CI) (months) [a]	Hazard Ratio (95 % CI) [b]	Unstratified log-rank p-value [c]	P-value [d]	
AML with Mutated NPM1											0.7132	
Yes	139	31 (22.3)	108 (77.7)	NE (NE, NE)	137	28 (20.4)	109 (79.6)	NE (NE, NE)	1.104 (0.662, 1.842)	0.7057		
No	116	24 (20.7)	92 (79.3)	NE (NE, NE)	120	19 (15.8)	101 (84.2)	NE (NE, NE)	1.295 (0.709, 2.365)	0.4003		

N: number of subjects in analysis set; n: number of subjects in subgroup category; %: proportion of number of subjects in n; CI: confidence interval; NE: not estimable. PT: Preferred Term, SOC: System Organ Class.

[a] Median time to first event is from Kaplan-Meier estimate. Confidence Interval for median was computed using the Brookmeyer-Crowley method.

[b] Hazard ratio is from unstratified Cox proportional hazards model with treatment as the only categorical variable in the model. Confidence limits are based on the Wald test.

[c] Two-sided p-value from unstratified log-rank test.

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SOC: Psychiatric disorders; PT: Any PT

		Quizartinib (N=265)				Placebo (N=268)				Quizartinib vs Placebo		Interaction
Subgroup	n	No. of subjects with events (%)	No. of subjects censored (%)	Median (95 % CI) (months) [a]	n	No. of subjects with events (%)	No. of subjects censored (%)	Median (95 % CI) (months) [a]	Hazard Ratio (95 % CI) [b]	Unstratified log-rank p-value [c]	P-value [d]	
Age by 2 categories											0.6534	
≤60	164	37 (22.6)	127 (77.4)	NE (NE, NE)	163	33 (20.2)	130 (79.8)	NE (NE, NE)	1.059 (0.661, 1.696)	0.8119		
>60	101	20 (19.8)	81 (80.2)	NE (NE, NE)	105	17 (16.2)	88 (83.8)	NE (NE, NE)	1.287 (0.674, 2.458)	0.4443		

N: number of subjects in analysis set; n: number of subjects in subgroup category; %: proportion of number of subjects in n; CI: confidence interval; NE: not estimable. PT: Preferred Term, SOC: System Organ Class.

[a] Median time to first event is from Kaplan-Meier estimate. Confidence Interval for median was computed using the Brookmeyer-Crowley method.

[b] Hazard ratio is from unstratified Cox proportional hazards model with treatment as the only categorical variable in the model. Confidence limits are based on the Wald test.

[c] Two-sided p-value from unstratified log-rank test.

[d] Two-sided interaction p-value is for the interaction term from unstratified Cox proportional hazards model with treatment, subgroup, and treatment-by-subgroup interaction as categorical variables in the model. The p-value is based on the Wald test.

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SOC: Psychiatric disorders; PT: Insomnia

Subgroup	n	Quizartinib (N=265)				Placebo (N=268)				Quizartinib vs Placebo		Interaction
		No. of subjects with events (%)	No. of subjects censored (%)	Median (95 % CI) (months) [a]	n	No. of subjects with events (%)	No. of subjects censored (%)	Median (95 % CI) (months) [a]	n	Hazard Ratio (95 % CI) [b]	Unstratified log-rank p-value [c]	P-value [d]
Pooled Age Group 2											0.4771	
<60	159	24 (15.1)	135 (84.9)	NE (NE, NE)	160	20 (12.5)	140 (87.5)	NE (NE, NE)	160	1.142 (0.630, 2.071)	0.6625	
≥60 - <65	37	4 (10.8)	33 (89.2)	NE (NE, NE)	43	1 (2.3)	42 (97.7)	NE (NE, NE)	43	4.316 (0.479, 38.858)	0.1553	
≥65	69	9 (13.0)	60 (87.0)	NE (NE, NE)	65	9 (13.8)	56 (86.2)	NE (NE, NE)	65	1.021 (0.405, 2.574)	0.9657	

N: number of subjects in analysis set; n: number of subjects in subgroup category; %: proportion of number of subjects in n; CI: confidence interval; NE: not estimable. PT: Preferred Term, SOC: System Organ Class.

[a] Median time to first event is from Kaplan-Meier estimate. Confidence Interval for median was computed using the Brookmeyer-Crowley method.

[b] Hazard ratio is from unstratified Cox proportional hazards model with treatment as the only categorical variable in the model. Confidence limits are based on the Wald test.

[c] Two-sided p-value from unstratified log-rank test.

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SOC: Psychiatric disorders; PT: Insomnia

Subgroup	n	Quizartinib (N=265)				Placebo (N=268)				Quizartinib vs Placebo		Interaction
		No. of subjects with events (%)	No. of subjects censored (%)	Median (95 % CI) (months) [a]	n	No. of subjects with events (%)	No. of subjects censored (%)	Median (95 % CI) (months) [a]	n	Hazard Ratio (95 % CI) [b]	Unstratified log-rank p-value [c]	P-value [d]
Sex												0.3198
Male	124	21 (16.9)	103 (83.1)	NE (NE, NE)	120	13 (10.8)	107 (89.2)	NE (NE, NE)	120	1.579 (0.790, 3.157)	0.1930	
Female	141	16 (11.3)	125 (88.7)	NE (NE, NE)	148	17 (11.5)	131 (88.5)	NE (NE, NE)	148	0.941 (0.475, 1.865)	0.8615	

N: number of subjects in analysis set; n: number of subjects in subgroup category; %: proportion of number of subjects in n; CI: confidence interval; NE: not estimable. PT: Preferred Term, SOC: System Organ Class.

[a] Median time to first event is from Kaplan-Meier estimate. Confidence Interval for median was computed using the Brookmeyer-Crowley method.

[b] Hazard ratio is from unstratified Cox proportional hazards model with treatment as the only categorical variable in the model. Confidence limits are based on the Wald test.

[c] Two-sided p-value from unstratified log-rank test.

[d] Two-sided interaction p-value is for the interaction term from unstratified Cox proportional hazards model with treatment, subgroup, and treatment-by-subgroup interaction as categorical variables in the model. The p-value is based on the Wald test.

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SOC: Psychiatric disorders; PT: Insomnia

		Quizartinib (N=265)				Placebo (N=268)				Quizartinib vs Placebo		Interaction
Subgroup	n	No. of subjects with events (%)	No. of subjects censored (%)	Median (95 % CI) (months) [a]	n	No. of subjects with events (%)	No. of subjects censored (%)	Median (95 % CI) (months) [a]	Hazard Ratio (95 % CI) [b]	Unstratified log-rank p-value [c]	P-value [d]	
Race by 2 categories											0.4307	
White	157	15 (9.6)	142 (90.4)	NE (NE, NE)	161	15 (9.3)	146 (90.7)	NE (NE, NE)	0.999 (0.487, 2.048)	0.9934		
Non-white	108	22 (20.4)	86 (79.6)	NE (NE, NE)	107	15 (14.0)	92 (86.0)	NE (NE, NE)	1.456 (0.755, 2.807)	0.2593		

N: number of subjects in analysis set; n: number of subjects in subgroup category; %: proportion of number of subjects in n; CI: confidence interval; NE: not estimable. PT: Preferred Term, SOC: System Organ Class.

[a] Median time to first event is from Kaplan-Meier estimate. Confidence Interval for median was computed using the Brookmeyer-Crowley method.

[b] Hazard ratio is from unstratified Cox proportional hazards model with treatment as the only categorical variable in the model. Confidence limits are based on the Wald test.

[c] Two-sided p-value from unstratified log-rank test.

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SOC: Psychiatric disorders; PT: Insomnia

		Quizartinib (N=265)				Placebo (N=268)				Quizartinib vs Placebo		Interaction
Subgroup	n	No. of subjects with events (%)	No. of subjects censored (%)	Median (95 % CI) (months) [a]	n	No. of subjects with events (%)	No. of subjects censored (%)	Median (95 % CI) (months) [a]	Hazard Ratio (95 % CI) [b]	Unstratified log-rank p-value [c]	P-value [d]	
Geographic Region 1											0.6919	
North America	16	5 (31.3)	11 (68.8)	NE (0.6, NE)	18	4 (22.2)	14 (77.8)	NE (7.0, NE)	1.505 (0.403, 5.619)	0.5453		
Europe	161	11 (6.8)	150 (93.2)	NE (NE, NE)	161	11 (6.8)	150 (93.2)	NE (NE, NE)	0.993 (0.430, 2.293)	0.9819		
Asia/Other Regions	88	21 (23.9)	67 (76.1)	NE (25.4, NE)	89	15 (16.9)	74 (83.1)	NE (NE, NE)	1.379 (0.710, 2.680)	0.3403		

N: number of subjects in analysis set; n: number of subjects in subgroup category; %: proportion of number of subjects in n; CI: confidence interval; NE: not estimable. PT: Preferred Term, SOC: System Organ Class.

[a] Median time to first event is from Kaplan-Meier estimate. Confidence Interval for median was computed using the Brookmeyer-Crowley method.

[b] Hazard ratio is from unstratified Cox proportional hazards model with treatment as the only categorical variable in the model. Confidence limits are based on the Wald test.

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SOC: Psychiatric disorders; PT: Insomnia

Subgroup	n	Quizartinib (N=265)				Placebo (N=268)				Quizartinib vs Placebo		Interaction
		No. of subjects with events (%)	No. of subjects censored (%)	Median (95 % CI) [a]	n	No. of subjects with events (%)	No. of subjects censored (%)	Median (95 % CI) [a]	n	Hazard Ratio (95 % CI) [b]	Unstratified log-rank p-value [c]	P-value [d]
WBC at initial diagnosis											0.0558	
< 40x10 ⁹ /L	132	14 (10.6)	118 (89.4)	NE (NE, NE)	133	19 (14.3)	114 (85.7)	NE (NE, NE)	135	0.750 (0.376, 1.497)	0.4109	
≥ 40x10 ⁹ /L	133	23 (17.3)	110 (82.7)	NE (NE, NE)	135	11 (8.1)	124 (91.9)	NE (NE, NE)	135	2.026 (0.985, 4.165)	0.0501	

N: number of subjects in analysis set; n: number of subjects in subgroup category; %: proportion of number of subjects in n; CI: confidence interval; NE: not estimable. PT: Preferred Term, SOC: System Organ Class.

[a] Median time to first event is from Kaplan-Meier estimate. Confidence Interval for median was computed using the Brookmeyer-Crowley method.

[b] Hazard ratio is from unstratified Cox proportional hazards model with treatment as the only categorical variable in the model. Confidence limits are based on the Wald test.

[c] Two-sided p-value from unstratified log-rank test.

[d] Two-sided interaction p-value is for the interaction term from unstratified Cox proportional hazards model with treatment, subgroup, and treatment-by-subgroup interaction as categorical variables in the model. The p-value is based on the Wald test.

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Medizinischer Nutzen, medizinischer Zusatznutzen, Patientengruppen mit therap. bedeutsamem Zusatznutzen

Daichi Sankyo | Data Intelligence – Evidence Generation | Final | AC220-A-U302 QUANTUM-First (DCO 13 Aug 2021) | Statistical analyses for AMNOG (HTA Germany)
 Table 3.11.2 Treatment-emergent adverse events by system organ class (SOC) and preferred term (PT) observed for ≥ 10 patients in at least one arm and ≥ 1% of the patients in at least one arm - Time-to-event analysis - subgroup analysis - DCO 13-Aug-2021 - Safety Analysis Set

SOC: Psychiatric disorders; PT: Insomnia

		Quizartinib (N=265)				Placebo (N=268)				Quizartinib vs Placebo		Interaction
Subgroup	n	No. of subjects with events (%)	No. of subjects censored (%)	Median (95 % CI) (months) [a]	n	No. of subjects with events (%)	No. of subjects censored (%)	Median (95 % CI) (months) [a]	Hazard Ratio (95 % CI) [b]	Unstratified log-rank p-value [c]	P-value [d]	
Choice of Anthracycline											0.1454	
Daunorubicin	123	14 (11.4)	109 (88.6)	NE (NE, NE)	94	13 (13.8)	81 (86.2)	NE (NE, NE)	0.786 (0.368, 1.678)	0.5287		
Idarubicin	142	23 (16.2)	119 (83.8)	NE (NE, NE)	171	17 (9.9)	154 (90.1)	NE (NE, NE)	1.614 (0.862, 3.022)	0.1312		

N: number of subjects in analysis set; n: number of subjects in subgroup category; %: proportion of number of subjects in n; CI: confidence interval; NE: not estimable. PT: Preferred Term, SOC: System Organ Class.

[a] Median time to first event is from Kaplan-Meier estimate. Confidence Interval for median was computed using the Brookmeyer-Crowley method.

[b] Hazard ratio is from unstratified Cox proportional hazards model with treatment as the only categorical variable in the model. Confidence limits are based on the Wald test.

[c] Two-sided p-value from unstratified log-rank test.

[d] Two-sided interaction p-value is for the interaction term from unstratified Cox proportional hazards model with treatment, subgroup, and treatment-by-subgroup interaction as categorical variables in the model. The p-value is based on the Wald test.

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SOC: Psychiatric disorders; PT: Insomnia

		Quizartinib (N=265)				Placebo (N=268)				Quizartinib vs Placebo		Interaction
Subgroup	n	No. of subjects with events (%)	No. of subjects censored (%)	Median (95 % CI) (months) [a]	n	No. of subjects with events (%)	No. of subjects censored (%)	Median (95 % CI) (months) [a]	Hazard Ratio (95 % CI) [b]	Unstratified log-rank p-value [c]	P-value [d]	
AML Cytogenetic Risk Score											0.2615	
Favorable	13	0	13 (100)	NE (NE, NE)	19	4 (21.1)	15 (78.9)	NE (7.0, NE)	0.000 (0.000, NE)	0.1116		
Intermediate	195	29 (14.9)	166 (85.1)	NE (NE, NE)	190	15 (7.9)	175 (92.1)	NE (NE, NE)	1.883 (1.009, 3.514)	0.0433		
Unfavorable	19	1 (5.3)	18 (94.7)	NE (NE, NE)	27	6 (22.2)	21 (77.8)	NE (5.8, NE)	0.221 (0.026, 1.845)	0.1264		
Unknown	38	7 (18.4)	31 (81.6)	NE (25.4, NE)	31	5 (16.1)	26 (83.9)	NE (5.7, NE)	1.008 (0.315, 3.221)	0.9899		

N: number of subjects in analysis set; n: number of subjects in subgroup category; %: proportion of number of subjects in n; CI: confidence interval; NE: not estimable. PT: Preferred Term, SOC: System Organ Class.

[a] Median time to first event is from Kaplan-Meier estimate. Confidence Interval for median was computed using the Brookmeyer-Crowley method.

[b] Hazard ratio is from unstratified Cox proportional hazards model with treatment as the only categorical variable in the model. Confidence limits are based on the Wald test.

[c] Two-sided p-value from unstratified log-rank test.

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SOC: Psychiatric disorders; PT: Insomnia

		Quizartinib (N=265)				Placebo (N=268)				Quizartinib vs Placebo		Interaction
Subgroup	n	No. of subjects with events (%)	No. of subjects censored (%)	Median (95 % CI) (months) [a]	n	No. of subjects with events (%)	No. of subjects censored (%)	Median (95 % CI) (months) [a]	Hazard Ratio (95 % CI) [b]	Unstratified log-rank p-value [c]	P-value [d]	
ECOG Performance Status at Baseline											0.1065	
0 - Fully Active	87	10 (11.5)	77 (88.5)	NE (NE, NE)	97	9 (9.3)	88 (90.7)	NE (NE, NE)	1.197 (0.486, 2.949)	0.6958		
1 - Restricted in Physically Strenuous Activity	133	17 (12.8)	116 (87.2)	NE (NE, NE)	134	20 (14.9)	114 (85.1)	NE (NE, NE)	0.825 (0.431, 1.577)	0.5551		
2 - Ambulatory and Capable of All Selfcare	45	10 (22.2)	35 (77.8)	NE (3.3, NE)	36	1 (2.8)	35 (97.2)	NE (NE, NE)	9.559 (1.222, 74.793)	0.0085		

N: number of subjects in analysis set; n: number of subjects in subgroup category; %: proportion of number of subjects in n; CI: confidence interval; NE: not estimable. PT: Preferred Term, SOC: System Organ Class.

[a] Median time to first event is from Kaplan-Meier estimate. Confidence Interval for median was computed using the Brookmeyer-Crowley method.

[b] Hazard ratio is from unstratified Cox proportional hazards model with treatment as the only categorical variable in the model. Confidence limits are based on the Wald test.

[c] Two-sided p-value is for the interaction term from unstratified Cox proportional hazards model with treatment, subgroup, and treatment-by-subgroup interaction as categorical variables in the model.

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SOC: Psychiatric disorders; PT: Insomnia

		Quizartinib (N=265)				Placebo (N=268)				Quizartinib vs Placebo		Interaction
Subgroup	n	No. of subjects with events (%)	No. of subjects censored (%)	Median (95 % CI) (months) [a]	n	No. of subjects with events (%)	No. of subjects censored (%)	Median (95 % CI) (months) [a]	Hazard Ratio (95 % CI) [b]	Unstratified log-rank p-value [c]	P-value [d]	
FLT3-ITD category at Baseline											0.7635	
≥3 to ≤25%	94	9 (9.6)	85 (90.4)	NE (NE, NE)	98	10 (10.2)	88 (89.8)	NE (NE, NE)	0.951 (0.386, 2.342)	0.9126		
>25% to ≤50%	141	25 (17.7)	116 (82.3)	NE (NE, NE)	136	17 (12.5)	119 (87.5)	NE (NE, NE)	1.398 (0.754, 2.594)	0.2863		
>50%	29	3 (10.3)	26 (89.7)	NE (NE, NE)	34	3 (8.8)	31 (91.2)	NE (NE, NE)	1.118 (0.225, 5.554)	0.8914		

N: number of subjects in analysis set; n: number of subjects in subgroup category; %: proportion of number of subjects in n; CI: confidence interval; NE: not estimable. PT: Preferred Term, SOC: System Organ Class.

[a] Median time to first event is from Kaplan-Meier estimate. Confidence Interval for median was computed using the Brookmeyer-Crowley method.

[b] Hazard ratio is from unstratified Cox proportional hazards model with treatment as the only categorical variable in the model. Confidence limits are based on the Wald test.

[c] Two-sided p-value from unstratified log-rank test.

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SOC: Psychiatric disorders; PT: Insomnia

		Quizartinib (N=265)				Placebo (N=268)				Quizartinib vs Placebo		Interaction
Subgroup	n	No. of subjects with events (%)	No. of subjects censored (%)	Median (95 % CI) (months) [a]	n	No. of subjects with events (%)	No. of subjects censored (%)	Median (95 % CI) (months) [a]	Hazard Ratio (95 % CI) [b]	Unstratified log-rank p-value [c]	P-value [d]	
AML with Mutated NPM1											0.8191	
Yes	139	19 (13.7)	120 (86.3)	NE (NE, NE)	137	16 (11.7)	121 (88.3)	NE (NE, NE)	1.186 (0.609, 2.308)	0.6162		
No	116	16 (13.8)	100 (86.2)	NE (NE, NE)	120	12 (10.0)	108 (90.0)	NE (NE, NE)	1.337 (0.632, 2.829)	0.4470		

N: number of subjects in analysis set; n: number of subjects in subgroup category; %: proportion of number of subjects in n; CI: confidence interval; NE: not estimable. PT: Preferred Term, SOC: System Organ Class.

[a] Median time to first event is from Kaplan-Meier estimate. Confidence Interval for median was computed using the Brookmeyer-Crowley method.

[b] Hazard ratio is from unstratified Cox proportional hazards model with treatment as the only categorical variable in the model. Confidence limits are based on the Wald test.

[c] Two-sided p-value from unstratified log-rank test.

[d] Two-sided interaction p-value is for the interaction term from unstratified Cox proportional hazards model with treatment, subgroup, and treatment-by-subgroup interaction as categorical variables in the model. The p-value is based on the Wald test.

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SOC: Psychiatric disorders; PT: Insomnia

		Quizartinib (N=265)				Placebo (N=268)				Quizartinib vs Placebo		Interaction
Subgroup	n	No. of subjects with events (%)	No. of subjects censored (%)	Median (95 % CI) (months) [a]	n	No. of subjects with events (%)	No. of subjects censored (%)	Median (95 % CI) (months) [a]	Hazard Ratio (95 % CI) [b]	Unstratified log-rank p-value [c]	P-value [d]	
Age by 2 categories											0.8643	
≤60	164	25 (15.2)	139 (84.8)	NE (NE, NE)	163	20 (12.3)	143 (87.7)	NE (NE, NE)	1.178 (0.653, 2.124)	0.5879		
>60	101	12 (11.9)	89 (88.1)	NE (NE, NE)	105	10 (9.5)	95 (90.5)	NE (NE, NE)	1.289 (0.557, 2.984)	0.5529		

N: number of subjects in analysis set; n: number of subjects in subgroup category; %: proportion of number of subjects in n; CI: confidence interval; NE: not estimable. PT: Preferred Term, SOC: System Organ Class.

[a] Median time to first event is from Kaplan-Meier estimate. Confidence Interval for median was computed using the Brookmeyer-Crowley method.

[b] Hazard ratio is from unstratified Cox proportional hazards model with treatment as the only categorical variable in the model. Confidence limits are based on the Wald test.

[c] Two-sided p-value from unstratified log-rank test.

[d] Two-sided interaction p-value is for the interaction term from unstratified Cox proportional hazards model with treatment, subgroup, and treatment-by-subgroup interaction as categorical variables in the model. The p-value is based on the Wald test.

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SOC: Psychiatric disorders; PT: Anxiety

Subgroup	n	Quizartinib (N=265)				Placebo (N=268)				Quizartinib vs Placebo		Interaction
		No. of subjects with events (%)	No. of subjects censored (%)	Median (95 % CI) (months) [a]	n	No. of subjects with events (%)	No. of subjects censored (%)	Median (95 % CI) (months) [a]	n	Hazard Ratio (95 % CI) [b]	Unstratified log-rank p-value [c]	P-value [d]
Pooled Age Group 2											0.9990	
<60	159	12 (7.5)	147 (92.5)	NE (NE, NE)	160	7 (4.4)	153 (95.6)	NE (NE, NE)	160	1.661 (0.654, 4.222)	0.2814	
≥60 - <65	37	3 (8.1)	34 (91.9)	NE (NE, NE)	43	2 (4.7)	41 (95.3)	NE (NE, NE)	43	1.611 (0.268, 9.693)	0.5993	
≥65	69	0	69 (100)	NE (NE, NE)	65	3 (4.6)	62 (95.4)	NE (NE, NE)	65	0.000 (0.000, NE)	0.0883	

N: number of subjects in analysis set; n: number of subjects in subgroup category; %: proportion of number of subjects in n; CI: confidence interval; NE: not estimable. PT: Preferred Term, SOC: System Organ Class.

[a] Median time to first event is from Kaplan-Meier estimate. Confidence Interval for median was computed using the Brookmeyer-Crowley method.

[b] Hazard ratio is from unstratified Cox proportional hazards model with treatment as the only categorical variable in the model. Confidence limits are based on the Wald test.

[c] Two-sided p-value from unstratified log-rank test.

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SOC: Psychiatric disorders; PT: Anxiety

Subgroup	n	Quizartinib (N=265)				Placebo (N=268)				Quizartinib vs Placebo		Interaction
		No. of subjects with events (%)	No. of subjects censored (%)	Median (95 % CI) (months) [a]	n	No. of subjects with events (%)	No. of subjects censored (%)	Median (95 % CI) (months) [a]	n	Hazard Ratio (95 % CI) [b]	Unstratified log-rank p-value [c]	P-value [d]
Sex												0.2076
Male	124	9 (7.3)	115 (92.7)	NE (NE, NE)	120	4 (3.3)	116 (96.7)	NE (NE, NE)	120	2.157 (0.664, 7.004)	0.1900	
Female	141	6 (4.3)	135 (95.7)	NE (NE, NE)	148	8 (5.4)	140 (94.6)	NE (NE, NE)	148	0.769 (0.267, 2.220)	0.6267	

N: number of subjects in analysis set; n: number of subjects in subgroup category; %: proportion of number of subjects in n; CI: confidence interval; NE: not estimable. PT: Preferred Term, SOC: System Organ Class.

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[c] Two-sided p-value from unstratified log-rank test.

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SOC: Psychiatric disorders; PT: Anxiety

		Quizartinib (N=265)				Placebo (N=268)				Quizartinib vs Placebo		Interaction
Subgroup	n	No. of subjects with events (%)	No. of subjects censored (%)	Median (95 % CI) (months) [a]	n	No. of subjects with events (%)	No. of subjects censored (%)	Median (95 % CI) (months) [a]	Hazard Ratio (95 % CI) [b]	Unstratified log-rank p-value [c]	P-value [d]	
Race by 2 categories											0.4116	
White	157	13 (8.3)	144 (91.7)	NE (NE, NE)	161	9 (5.6)	152 (94.4)	NE (NE, NE)	1.481 (0.633, 3.468)	0.3630		
Non-white	108	2 (1.9)	106 (98.1)	NE (NE, NE)	107	3 (2.8)	104 (97.2)	NE (NE, NE)	0.627 (0.105, 3.753)	0.6056		

N: number of subjects in analysis set; n: number of subjects in subgroup category; %: proportion of number of subjects in n; CI: confidence interval; NE: not estimable. PT: Preferred Term, SOC: System Organ Class.

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[c] Two-sided p-value from unstratified log-rank test.

[d] Two-sided interaction p-value is for the interaction term from unstratified Cox proportional hazards model with treatment, subgroup, and treatment-by-subgroup interaction as categorical variables in the model. The p-value is based on the Wald test.

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SOC: Psychiatric disorders; PT: Anxiety

		Quizartinib (N=265)					Placebo (N=268)					Quizartinib vs Placebo		Interaction
Subgroup	n	No. of subjects with events (%)	No. of subjects censored (%)	Median (95 % CI) (months) [a]	n	No. of subjects with events (%)	No. of subjects censored (%)	Median (95 % CI) (months) [a]		Hazard Ratio (95 % CI) [b]	Unstratified log-rank p-value [c]	P-value [d]		
Geographic Region 1												0.6870		
North America	16	4 (25.0)	12 (75.0)	NE (2.6, NE)	18	3 (16.7)	15 (83.3)	NE (10.0, NE)		2.583 (0.540, 12.353)	0.2198			
Europe	161	8 (5.0)	153 (95.0)	NE (NE, NE)	161	7 (4.3)	154 (95.7)	NE (NE, NE)		1.121 (0.406, 3.092)	0.8260			
Asia/Other Regions	88	3 (3.4)	85 (96.6)	NE (NE, NE)	89	2 (2.2)	87 (97.8)	NE (NE, NE)		1.363 (0.227, 8.183)	0.7337			

N: number of subjects in analysis set; n: number of subjects in subgroup category; %: proportion of number of subjects in n; CI: confidence interval; NE: not estimable. PT: Preferred Term, SOC: System Organ Class.

[a] Median time to first event is from Kaplan-Meier estimate. Confidence Interval for median was computed using the Brookmeyer-Crowley method.

[b] Hazard ratio is from unstratified Cox proportional hazards model with treatment as the only categorical variable in the model. Confidence limits are based on the Wald test.

[c] Two-sided p-value from unstratified log-rank test.

[d] Two-sided interaction p-value is for the interaction term from unstratified Cox proportional hazards model with treatment, subgroup, and treatment-by-subgroup interaction as categorical variables in the model. The p-value is based on the Wald test.

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Run date: 21JUL2023 – 22:02; Program name: DE_T_3_11_2.sas; Output name: DE_T_3_11_2_TEAESOCPT_SUB_SAS.rtf

Medizinischer Nutzen, medizinischer Zusatznutzen, Patientengruppen mit therap. bedeutsamem Zusatznutzen

Daichi Sankyo | Data Intelligence – Evidence Generation | Final | AC220-A-U302 QUANTUM-First (DCO 13 Aug 2021) | Statistical analyses for AMNOG (HTA Germany)
 Table 3.11.2 Treatment-emergent adverse events by system organ class (SOC) and preferred term (PT) observed for ≥ 10 patients in at least one arm and ≥ 1% of the patients in at least one arm - Time-to-event analysis - subgroup analysis - DCO 13-Aug-2021 - Safety Analysis Set

SOC: Psychiatric disorders; PT: Anxiety

		Quizartinib (N=265)				Placebo (N=268)				Quizartinib vs Placebo		Interaction
Subgroup	n	No. of subjects with events (%)	No. of subjects censored (%)	Median (95 % CI) (months) [a]	n	No. of subjects with events (%)	No. of subjects censored (%)	Median (95 % CI) (months) [a]	Hazard Ratio (95 % CI) [b]	Unstratified log-rank p-value [c]	P-value [d]	
WBC at initial diagnosis											0.1359	
< 40x10 ⁹ /L	132	2 (1.5)	130 (98.5)	NE (NE, NE)	133	5 (3.8)	128 (96.2)	NE (NE, NE)	0.432 (0.084, 2.227)	0.3015		
≥ 40x10 ⁹ /L	133	13 (9.8)	120 (90.2)	NE (NE, NE)	135	7 (5.2)	128 (94.8)	NE (NE, NE)	1.791 (0.714, 4.495)	0.2081		

N: number of subjects in analysis set; n: number of subjects in subgroup category; %: proportion of number of subjects in n; CI: confidence interval; NE: not estimable. PT: Preferred Term, SOC: System Organ Class.

[a] Median time to first event is from Kaplan-Meier estimate. Confidence Interval for median was computed using the Brookmeyer-Crowley method.

[b] Hazard ratio is from unstratified Cox proportional hazards model with treatment as the only categorical variable in the model. Confidence limits are based on the Wald test.

[c] Two-sided p-value from unstratified log-rank test.

[d] Two-sided interaction p-value is for the interaction term from unstratified Cox proportional hazards model with treatment, subgroup, and treatment-by-subgroup interaction as categorical variables in the model. The p-value is based on the Wald test.

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SOC: Psychiatric disorders; PT: Anxiety

		Quizartinib (N=265)				Placebo (N=268)				Quizartinib vs Placebo		Interaction
Subgroup	n	No. of subjects with events (%)	No. of subjects censored (%)	Median (95 % CI) (months) [a]	n	No. of subjects with events (%)	No. of subjects censored (%)	Median (95 % CI) (months) [a]	Hazard Ratio (95 % CI) [b]	Unstratified log-rank p-value [c]	P-value [d]	
Choice of Anthracycline											0.2168	
Daunorubicin	123	5 (4.1)	118 (95.9)	NE (NE, NE)	94	5 (5.3)	89 (94.7)	NE (NE, NE)	0.738 (0.213, 2.556)	0.6307		
Idarubicin	142	10 (7.0)	132 (93.0)	NE (NE, NE)	171	6 (3.5)	165 (96.5)	NE (NE, NE)	2.002 (0.727, 5.510)	0.1706		

N: number of subjects in analysis set; n: number of subjects in subgroup category; %: proportion of number of subjects in n; CI: confidence interval; NE: not estimable. PT: Preferred Term, SOC: System Organ Class.

[a] Median time to first event is from Kaplan-Meier estimate. Confidence Interval for median was computed using the Brookmeyer-Crowley method.

[b] Hazard ratio is from unstratified Cox proportional hazards model with treatment as the only categorical variable in the model. Confidence limits are based on the Wald test.

[c] Two-sided p-value from unstratified log-rank test.

[d] Two-sided interaction p-value is for the interaction term from unstratified Cox proportional hazards model with treatment, subgroup, and treatment-by-subgroup interaction as categorical variables in the model. The p-value is based on the Wald test.

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SOC: Psychiatric disorders; PT: Anxiety

		Quizartinib (N=265)				Placebo (N=268)				Quizartinib vs Placebo		Interaction
Subgroup	n	No. of subjects with events (%)	No. of subjects censored (%)	Median (95 % CI) (months) [a]	n	No. of subjects with events (%)	No. of subjects censored (%)	Median (95 % CI) (months) [a]	Hazard Ratio (95 % CI) [b]	Unstratified log-rank p-value [c]	P-value [d]	
AML Cytogenetic Risk Score											0.9670	
Favorable	13	0	13 (100)	NE (NE, NE)	19	1 (5.3)	18 (94.7)	NE (NE, NE)	0.000 (0.000, NE)	0.4081		
Intermediate	195	12 (6.2)	183 (93.8)	NE (NE, NE)	190	8 (4.2)	182 (95.8)	NE (NE, NE)	1.394 (0.569, 3.414)	0.4660		
Unfavorable	19	1 (5.3)	18 (94.7)	NE (NE, NE)	27	2 (7.4)	25 (92.6)	NE (NE, NE)	0.854 (0.077, 9.431)	0.8974		
Unknown	38	2 (5.3)	36 (94.7)	NE (NE, NE)	31	1 (3.2)	30 (96.8)	NE (NE, NE)	1.784 (0.162, 19.687)	0.6319		

N: number of subjects in analysis set; n: number of subjects in subgroup category; %: proportion of number of subjects in n; CI: confidence interval; NE: not estimable. PT: Preferred Term, SOC: System Organ Class.

[a] Median time to first event is from Kaplan-Meier estimate. Confidence Interval for median was computed using the Brookmeyer-Crowley method.

[b] Hazard ratio is from unstratified Cox proportional hazards model with treatment as the only categorical variable in the model. Confidence limits are based on the Wald test.

[c] Two-sided p-value from unstratified log-rank test.

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SOC: Psychiatric disorders; PT: Anxiety

		Quizartinib (N=265)				Placebo (N=268)				Quizartinib vs Placebo		Interaction
Subgroup	n	No. of subjects with events (%)	No. of subjects censored (%)	Median (95 % CI) (months) [a]	n	No. of subjects with events (%)	No. of subjects censored (%)	Median (95 % CI) (months) [a]	Hazard Ratio (95 % CI) [b]	Unstratified log-rank p-value [c]	P-value [d]	
ECOG Performance Status at Baseline											0.7161	
0 - Fully Active	87	5 (5.7)	82 (94.3)	NE (NE, NE)	97	6 (6.2)	91 (93.8)	NE (NE, NE)	0.914 (0.279, 2.995)	0.8813		
1 - Restricted in Physically Strenuous Activity	133	7 (5.3)	126 (94.7)	NE (NE, NE)	134	5 (3.7)	129 (96.3)	NE (NE, NE)	1.372 (0.435, 4.326)	0.5878		
2 - Ambulatory and Capable of All Selfcare	45	3 (6.7)	42 (93.3)	NE (NE, NE)	36	1 (2.8)	35 (97.2)	NE (NE, NE)	2.250 (0.232, 21.847)	0.4709		

N: number of subjects in analysis set; n: number of subjects in subgroup category; %: proportion of number of subjects in n; CI: confidence interval; NE: not estimable. PT: Preferred Term, SOC: System Organ Class.

[a] Median time to first event is from Kaplan-Meier estimate. Confidence Interval for median was computed using the Brookmeyer-Crowley method.

[b] Hazard ratio is from unstratified Cox proportional hazards model with treatment as the only categorical variable in the model. Confidence limits are based on the Wald test.

[c] Two-sided p-value from unstratified log-rank test.

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SOC: Psychiatric disorders; PT: Anxiety

		Quizartinib (N=265)					Placebo (N=268)					Quizartinib vs Placebo		Interaction
Subgroup	n	No. of subjects with events (%)	No. of subjects censored (%)	Median (95 % CI) (months) [a]	n	No. of subjects with events (%)	No. of subjects censored (%)	Median (95 % CI) (months) [a]	Hazard Ratio (95 % CI) [b]	Unstratified log-rank p-value [c]	P-value [d]			
FLT3-ITD category at Baseline													0.5891	
≥3 to ≤25%	94	5 (5.3)	89 (94.7)	NE (NE, NE)	98	3 (3.1)	95 (96.9)	NE (NE, NE)	1.794 (0.429, 7.508)	0.4171				
>25% to ≤50%	141	6 (4.3)	135 (95.7)	NE (NE, NE)	136	7 (5.1)	129 (94.9)	NE (NE, NE)	0.846 (0.284, 2.516)	0.7616				
>50%	29	4 (13.8)	25 (86.2)	NE (8.9, NE)	34	2 (5.9)	32 (94.1)	NE (NE, NE)	1.875 (0.333, 10.570)	0.4687				

N: number of subjects in analysis set; n: number of subjects in subgroup category; %: proportion of number of subjects in n; CI: confidence interval; NE: not estimable. PT: Preferred Term, SOC: System Organ Class.

[a] Median time to first event is from Kaplan-Meier estimate. Confidence Interval for median was computed using the Brookmeyer-Crowley method.

[b] Hazard ratio is from unstratified Cox proportional hazards model with treatment as the only categorical variable in the model. Confidence limits are based on the Wald test.

[c] Two-sided p-value from unstratified log-rank test.

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SOC: Psychiatric disorders; PT: Anxiety

		Quizartinib (N=265)				Placebo (N=268)				Quizartinib vs Placebo		Interaction
Subgroup	n	No. of subjects with events (%)	No. of subjects censored (%)	Median (95 % CI) (months) [a]	n	No. of subjects with events (%)	No. of subjects censored (%)	Median (95 % CI) (months) [a]	Hazard Ratio (95 % CI) [b]	Unstratified log-rank p-value [c]	P-value [d]	
AML with Mutated NPM1											0.5809	
Yes	139	9 (6.5)	130 (93.5)	NE (NE, NE)	137	6 (4.4)	131 (95.6)	NE (NE, NE)	1.487 (0.529, 4.182)	0.4493		
No	116	6 (5.2)	110 (94.8)	NE (NE, NE)	120	6 (5.0)	114 (95.0)	NE (NE, NE)	0.989 (0.319, 3.069)	0.9852		

N: number of subjects in analysis set; n: number of subjects in subgroup category; %: proportion of number of subjects in n; CI: confidence interval; NE: not estimable. PT: Preferred Term, SOC: System Organ Class.

[a] Median time to first event is from Kaplan-Meier estimate. Confidence Interval for median was computed using the Brookmeyer-Crowley method.

[b] Hazard ratio is from unstratified Cox proportional hazards model with treatment as the only categorical variable in the model. Confidence limits are based on the Wald test.

[c] Two-sided p-value from unstratified log-rank test.

[d] Two-sided interaction p-value is for the interaction term from unstratified Cox proportional hazards model with treatment, subgroup, and treatment-by-subgroup interaction as categorical variables in the model. The p-value is based on the Wald test.

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SOC: Psychiatric disorders; PT: Anxiety

		Quizartinib (N=265)				Placebo (N=268)				Quizartinib vs Placebo		Interaction
Subgroup	n	No. of subjects with events (%)	No. of subjects censored (%)	Median (95 % CI) (months) [a]	n	No. of subjects with events (%)	No. of subjects censored (%)	Median (95 % CI) (months) [a]	Hazard Ratio (95 % CI) [b]	Unstratified log-rank p-value [c]	P-value [d]	
Age by 2 categories											0.2908	
≤60	164	12 (7.3)	152 (92.7)	NE (NE, NE)	163	7 (4.3)	156 (95.7)	NE (NE, NE)	1.630 (0.641, 4.144)	0.3001		
>60	101	3 (3.0)	98 (97.0)	NE (NE, NE)	105	5 (4.8)	100 (95.2)	NE (NE, NE)	0.636 (0.152, 2.663)	0.5318		

N: number of subjects in analysis set; n: number of subjects in subgroup category; %: proportion of number of subjects in n; CI: confidence interval; NE: not estimable. PT: Preferred Term, SOC: System Organ Class.

[a] Median time to first event is from Kaplan-Meier estimate. Confidence Interval for median was computed using the Brookmeyer-Crowley method.

[b] Hazard ratio is from unstratified Cox proportional hazards model with treatment as the only categorical variable in the model. Confidence limits are based on the Wald test.

[c] Two-sided p-value from unstratified log-rank test.

[d] Two-sided interaction p-value is for the interaction term from unstratified Cox proportional hazards model with treatment, subgroup, and treatment-by-subgroup interaction as categorical variables in the model. The p-value is based on the Wald test.

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SOC: Renal and urinary disorders; PT: Any PT

Subgroup	n	Quizartinib (N=265)					Placebo (N=268)					Quizartinib vs Placebo		Interaction
		No. of subjects with events (%)	No. of subjects censored (%)	Median (95 % CI) (months) [a]	n	No. of subjects with events (%)	No. of subjects censored (%)	Median (95 % CI) (months) [a]	n	Hazard Ratio (95 % CI) [b]	Unstratified log-rank p-value [c]	P-value [d]		
Pooled Age Group 2														0.2370
<60	159	32 (20.1)	127 (79.9)	NE (34.9, NE)	160	19 (11.9)	141 (88.1)	NE (NE, NE)		1.518 (0.859, 2.681)	0.1470			
≥60 - <65	37	4 (10.8)	33 (89.2)	NE (NE, NE)	43	7 (16.3)	36 (83.7)	NE (9.7, NE)		0.580 (0.169, 1.992)	0.3803			
≥65	69	13 (18.8)	56 (81.2)	NE (23.7, NE)	65	15 (23.1)	50 (76.9)	NE (26.0, NE)		0.830 (0.394, 1.746)	0.6243			

N: number of subjects in analysis set; n: number of subjects in subgroup category; %: proportion of number of subjects in n; CI: confidence interval; NE: not estimable. PT: Preferred Term, SOC: System Organ Class.

[a] Median time to first event is from Kaplan-Meier estimate. Confidence Interval for median was computed using the Brookmeyer-Crowley method.

[b] Hazard ratio is from unstratified Cox proportional hazards model with treatment as the only categorical variable in the model. Confidence limits are based on the Wald test.

[c] Two-sided p-value from unstratified log-rank test.

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SOC: Renal and urinary disorders; PT: Any PT

		Quizartinib (N=265)					Placebo (N=268)					Quizartinib vs Placebo		Interaction
Subgroup	n	No. of subjects with events (%)	No. of subjects censored (%)	Median (95 % CI) (months) [a]	n	No. of subjects with events (%)	No. of subjects censored (%)	Median (95 % CI) (months) [a]	Hazard Ratio (95 % CI) [b]	Unstratified log-rank p-value [c]	P-value [d]			
Sex											0.1075			
Male	124	19 (15.3)	105 (84.7)	NE (NE)	120	21 (17.5)	99 (82.5)	NE (NE, NE)	0.772 (0.414, 1.439)	0.4164				
Female	141	30 (21.3)	111 (78.7)	NE (NE)	148	20 (13.5)	128 (86.5)	NE (NE, NE)	1.523 (0.865, 2.683)	0.1421				

N: number of subjects in analysis set; n: number of subjects in subgroup category; %: proportion of number of subjects in n; CI: confidence interval; NE: not estimable. PT: Preferred Term, SOC: System Organ Class.

[a] Median time to first event is from Kaplan-Meier estimate. Confidence Interval for median was computed using the Brookmeyer-Crowley method.

[b] Hazard ratio is from unstratified Cox proportional hazards model with treatment as the only categorical variable in the model. Confidence limits are based on the Wald test.

[c] Two-sided p-value from unstratified log-rank test.

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SOC: Renal and urinary disorders; PT: Any PT

		Quizartinib (N=265)					Placebo (N=268)					Quizartinib vs Placebo		Interaction
Subgroup	n	No. of subjects with events (%)	No. of subjects censored (%)	Median (95 % CI) (months) [a]	n	No. of subjects with events (%)	No. of subjects censored (%)	Median (95 % CI) (months) [a]	n	Hazard Ratio (95 % CI) [b]	Unstratified log-rank p-value [c]	P-value [d]		
Race by 2 categories												0.0936		
White	157	22 (14.0)	135 (86.0)	NE (NE, NE)	161	24 (14.9)	137 (85.1)	NE (NE, NE)	161	0.805 (0.450, 1.440)	0.4648			
Non-white	108	27 (25.0)	81 (75.0)	NE (21.7, NE)	107	17 (15.9)	90 (84.1)	NE (NE, NE)	107	1.646 (0.897, 3.021)	0.1033			

N: number of subjects in analysis set; n: number of subjects in subgroup category; %: proportion of number of subjects in n; CI: confidence interval; NE: not estimable. PT: Preferred Term, SOC: System Organ Class.

[a] Median time to first event is from Kaplan-Meier estimate. Confidence Interval for median was computed using the Brookmeyer-Crowley method.

[b] Hazard ratio is from unstratified Cox proportional hazards model with treatment as the only categorical variable in the model. Confidence limits are based on the Wald test.

[c] Two-sided p-value from unstratified log-rank test.

[d] Two-sided interaction p-value is for the interaction term from unstratified Cox proportional hazards model with treatment, subgroup, and treatment-by-subgroup interaction as categorical variables in the model. The p-value is based on the Wald test.

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Run date: 21JUL2023 – 22:02; Program name: DE_T_3_11_2.sas; Output name: DE_T_3_11_2_TEAESOCPT_SUB_SAS.rtf

Medizinischer Nutzen, medizinischer Zusatznutzen, Patientengruppen mit therap. bedeutsamem Zusatznutzen

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SOC: Renal and urinary disorders; PT: Any PT

		Quizartinib (N=265)					Placebo (N=268)					Quizartinib vs Placebo		Interaction
Subgroup	n	No. of subjects with events (%)	No. of subjects censored (%)	Median (95 % CI) (months) [a]	n	No. of subjects with events (%)	No. of subjects censored (%)	Median (95 % CI) (months) [a]	Hazard Ratio (95 % CI) [b]	Unstratified log-rank p-value [c]	P-value [d]			
Geographic Region 1													0.6760	
North America	16	5 (31.3)	11 (68.8)	34.9 (1.9, NE)	18	7 (38.9)	11 (61.1)	20.0 (1.8, NE)	0.844 (0.267, 2.668)	0.7719				
Europe	161	22 (13.7)	139 (86.3)	NE (NE, NE)	161	18 (11.2)	143 (88.8)	NE (NE, NE)	1.091 (0.584, 2.037)	0.7829				
Asia/Other Regions	88	22 (25.0)	66 (75.0)	NE (15.7, NE)	89	16 (18.0)	73 (82.0)	NE (NE, NE)	1.357 (0.712, 2.587)	0.3514				

N: number of subjects in analysis set; n: number of subjects in subgroup category; %: proportion of number of subjects in n; CI: confidence interval; NE: not estimable. PT: Preferred Term, SOC: System Organ Class.

[a] Median time to first event is from Kaplan-Meier estimate. Confidence Interval for median was computed using the Brookmeyer-Crowley method.

[b] Hazard ratio is from unstratified Cox proportional hazards model with treatment as the only categorical variable in the model. Confidence limits are based on the Wald test.

[c] Two-sided p-value from unstratified log-rank test.

[d] Two-sided interaction p-value is for the interaction term from unstratified Cox proportional hazards model with treatment, subgroup, and treatment-by-subgroup interaction as categorical variables in the model. The p-value is based on the Wald test.

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SOC: Renal and urinary disorders; PT: Any PT

		Quizartinib (N=265)					Placebo (N=268)					Quizartinib vs Placebo		Interaction
Subgroup	n	No. of subjects with events (%)	No. of subjects censored (%)	Median (95 % CI) (months) [a]	n	No. of subjects with events (%)	No. of subjects censored (%)	Median (95 % CI) (months) [a]	Hazard Ratio (95 % CI) [b]	Unstratified log-rank p-value [c]	P-value [d]			
WBC at initial diagnosis												0.2618		
< 40x10 ⁹ /L	132	20 (15.2)	112 (84.8)	NE (NE, NE)	133	23 (17.3)	110 (82.7)	NE (NE, NE)	0.864 (0.474, 1.573)	0.6339				
≥ 40x10 ⁹ /L	133	29 (21.8)	104 (78.2)	NE (34.9, NE)	135	18 (13.3)	117 (86.7)	NE (NE, NE)	1.435 (0.795, 2.588)	0.2266				

N: number of subjects in analysis set; n: number of subjects in subgroup category; %: proportion of number of subjects in n; CI: confidence interval; NE: not estimable. PT: Preferred Term, SOC: System Organ Class.

[a] Median time to first event is from Kaplan-Meier estimate. Confidence Interval for median was computed using the Brookmeyer-Crowley method.

[b] Hazard ratio is from unstratified Cox proportional hazards model with treatment as the only categorical variable in the model. Confidence limits are based on the Wald test.

[c] Two-sided p-value from unstratified log-rank test.

[d] Two-sided interaction p-value is for the interaction term from unstratified Cox proportional hazards model with treatment, subgroup, and treatment-by-subgroup interaction as categorical variables in the model. The p-value is based on the Wald test.

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SOC: Renal and urinary disorders; PT: Any PT

		Quizartinib (N=265)					Placebo (N=268)					Quizartinib vs Placebo		Interaction
Subgroup	n	No. of subjects with events (%)	No. of subjects censored (%)	Median (95 % CI) (months) [a]	n	No. of subjects with events (%)	No. of subjects censored (%)	Median (95 % CI) (months) [a]	n	Hazard Ratio (95 % CI) [b]	Unstratified log-rank p-value [c]	P-value [d]		
Choice of Anthracycline												0.1447		
Daunorubicin	123	18 (14.6)	105 (85.4)	NE (NE, NE)	94	6 (6.4)	88 (93.6)	NE (NE, NE)	94	2.114 (0.838, 5.332)	0.1048			
Idarubicin	142	31 (21.8)	111 (78.2)	NE (23.7, NE)	171	35 (20.5)	136 (79.5)	NE (NE, NE)	171	0.983 (0.606, 1.595)	0.9471			

N: number of subjects in analysis set; n: number of subjects in subgroup category; %: proportion of number of subjects in n; CI: confidence interval; NE: not estimable. PT: Preferred Term, SOC: System Organ Class.

[a] Median time to first event is from Kaplan-Meier estimate. Confidence Interval for median was computed using the Brookmeyer-Crowley method.

[b] Hazard ratio is from unstratified Cox proportional hazards model with treatment as the only categorical variable in the model. Confidence limits are based on the Wald test.

[c] Two-sided p-value from unstratified log-rank test.

[d] Two-sided interaction p-value is for the interaction term from unstratified Cox proportional hazards model with treatment, subgroup, and treatment-by-subgroup interaction as categorical variables in the model. The p-value is based on the Wald test.

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SOC: Renal and urinary disorders; PT: Any PT

		Quizartinib (N=265)					Placebo (N=268)					Quizartinib vs Placebo		Interaction
Subgroup	n	No. of subjects with events (%)	No. of subjects censored (%)	Median (95 % CI) (months) [a]	n	No. of subjects with events (%)	No. of subjects censored (%)	Median (95 % CI) (months) [a]	n	Hazard Ratio (95 % CI) [b]	Unstratified log-rank p-value [c]	P-value [d]		
AML Cytogenetic Risk Score												0.5472		
Favorable	13	2 (15.4)	11 (84.6)	NE (4.0, NE)	19	3 (15.8)	16 (84.2)	NE (NE, NE)	19	1.149 (0.190, 6.936)	0.8797			
Intermediate	195	38 (19.5)	157 (80.5)	NE (34.9, NE)	190	33 (17.4)	157 (82.6)	NE (NE, NE)	190	0.998 (0.626, 1.593)	0.9962			
Unfavorable	19	3 (15.8)	16 (84.2)	NE (11.1, NE)	27	4 (14.8)	23 (85.2)	NE (NE, NE)	27	1.094 (0.244, 4.915)	0.9062			
Unknown	38	6 (15.8)	32 (84.2)	NE (21.7, NE)	31	1 (3.2)	30 (96.8)	NE (NE, NE)	31	5.348 (0.643, 44.516)	0.0815			

N: number of subjects in analysis set; n: number of subjects in subgroup category; %: proportion of number of subjects in n; CI: confidence interval; NE: not estimable. PT: Preferred Term, SOC: System Organ Class.

[a] Median time to first event is from Kaplan-Meier estimate. Confidence Interval for median was computed using the Brookmeyer-Crowley method.

[b] Hazard ratio is from unstratified Cox proportional hazards model with treatment as the only categorical variable in the model. Confidence limits are based on the Wald test.

[c] Two-sided p-value from unstratified log-rank test.

[d] Two-sided interaction p-value is for the interaction term from unstratified Cox proportional hazards model with treatment, subgroup, and treatment-by-subgroup interaction as categorical variables in the model. The p-value is based on the Wald test.

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SOC: Renal and urinary disorders; PT: Any PT

		Quizartinib (N=265)					Placebo (N=268)					Quizartinib vs Placebo		Interaction
Subgroup	n	No. of subjects with events (%)	No. of subjects censored (%)	Median (95 % CI) (months) [a]	n	No. of subjects with events (%)	No. of subjects censored (%)	Median (95 % CI) (months) [a]	Hazard Ratio (95 % CI) [b]	Unstratified log-rank p-value [c]	P-value [d]			
ECOG Performance Status at Baseline												0.1091		
0 - Fully Active	87	17 (19.5)	70 (80.5)	NE (23.7, NE)	97	11 (11.3)	86 (88.7)	NE (NE, NE)	1.664 (0.779, 3.553)	0.1836				
1 - Restricted in Physically Strenuous Activity	133	21 (15.8)	112 (84.2)	NE (NE, NE)	134	26 (19.4)	108 (80.6)	NE (NE, NE)	0.718 (0.404, 1.277)	0.2589				
2 - Ambulatory and Capable of All Selfcare	45	11 (24.4)	34 (75.6)	NE (12.7, NE)	36	4 (11.1)	32 (88.9)	NE (9.7, NE)	2.020 (0.635, 6.423)	0.2255				

N: number of subjects in analysis set; n: number of subjects in subgroup category; %: proportion of number of subjects in n; CI: confidence interval; NE: not estimable. PT: Preferred Term, SOC: System Organ Class.

[a] Median time to first event is from Kaplan-Meier estimate. Confidence Interval for median was computed using the Brookmeyer-Crowley method.

[b] Hazard ratio is from unstratified Cox proportional hazards model with treatment as the only categorical variable in the model. Confidence limits are based on the Wald test.

[c] Two-sided p-value from unstratified log-rank test.

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SOC: Renal and urinary disorders; PT: Any PT

		Quizartinib (N=265)					Placebo (N=268)					Quizartinib vs Placebo		Interaction
Subgroup	n	No. of subjects with events (%)	No. of subjects censored (%)	Median (95 % CI) (months) [a]	n	No. of subjects with events (%)	No. of subjects censored (%)	Median (95 % CI) (months) [a]	Hazard Ratio (95 % CI) [b]	Unstratified log-rank p-value [c]	P-value [d]			
FLT3-ITD category at Baseline													0.6876	
≥3 to ≤25%	94	16 (17.0)	78 (83.0)	NE (NE, NE)	98	16 (16.3)	82 (83.7)	NE (NE, NE)	1.058 (0.529, 2.117)	0.8723				
>25% to ≤50%	141	30 (21.3)	111 (78.7)	NE (23.7, NE)	136	21 (15.4)	115 (84.6)	NE (NE, NE)	1.253 (0.716, 2.190)	0.4262				
>50%	29	3 (10.3)	26 (89.7)	NE (NE, NE)	34	4 (11.8)	30 (88.2)	NE (NE, NE)	0.696 (0.151, 3.197)	0.6392				

N: number of subjects in analysis set; n: number of subjects in subgroup category; %: proportion of number of subjects in n; CI: confidence interval; NE: not estimable. PT: Preferred Term, SOC: System Organ Class.

[a] Median time to first event is from Kaplan-Meier estimate. Confidence Interval for median was computed using the Brookmeyer-Crowley method.

[b] Hazard ratio is from unstratified Cox proportional hazards model with treatment as the only categorical variable in the model. Confidence limits are based on the Wald test.

[c] Two-sided p-value from unstratified log-rank test.

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SOC: Renal and urinary disorders; PT: Any PT

		Quizartinib (N=265)					Placebo (N=268)					Quizartinib vs Placebo		Interaction
Subgroup	n	No. of subjects with events (%)	No. of subjects censored (%)	Median (95 % CI) (months) [a]	n	No. of subjects with events (%)	No. of subjects censored (%)	Median (95 % CI) (months) [a]	n	Hazard Ratio (95 % CI) [b]	Unstratified log-rank p-value [c]	P-value [d]		
AML with Mutated NPM1												0.7335		
Yes	139	29 (20.9)	110 (79.1)	NE (NE, NE)	137	25 (18.2)	112 (81.8)	NE (NE, NE)	137	1.058 (0.619, 1.809)	0.8318			
No	116	18 (15.5)	98 (84.5)	NE (23.7, NE)	120	14 (11.7)	106 (88.3)	NE (NE, NE)	120	1.188 (0.590, 2.390)	0.6281			

N: number of subjects in analysis set; n: number of subjects in subgroup category; %: proportion of number of subjects in n; CI: confidence interval; NE: not estimable. PT: Preferred Term, SOC: System Organ Class.

[a] Median time to first event is from Kaplan-Meier estimate. Confidence Interval for median was computed using the Brookmeyer-Crowley method.

[b] Hazard ratio is from unstratified Cox proportional hazards model with treatment as the only categorical variable in the model. Confidence limits are based on the Wald test.

[c] Two-sided p-value from unstratified log-rank test.

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SOC: Renal and urinary disorders; PT: Any PT

		Quizartinib (N=265)					Placebo (N=268)					Quizartinib vs Placebo		Interaction
Subgroup	n	No. of subjects with events (%)	No. of subjects censored (%)	Median (95 % CI) (months) [a]	n	No. of subjects with events (%)	No. of subjects censored (%)	Median (95 % CI) (months) [a]	n	Hazard Ratio (95 % CI) [b]	Unstratified log-rank p-value [c]	P-value [d]		
Age by 2 categories												0.0842		
≤60	164	33 (20.1)	131 (79.9)	NE (34.9, NE)	163	19 (11.7)	144 (88.3)	NE (NE, NE)	163	1.534 (0.871, 2.700)	0.1348			
>60	101	16 (15.8)	85 (84.2)	NE (23.7, NE)	105	22 (21.0)	83 (79.0)	NE (26.0, NE)	105	0.748 (0.393, 1.425)	0.3766			

N: number of subjects in analysis set; n: number of subjects in subgroup category; %: proportion of number of subjects in n; CI: confidence interval; NE: not estimable. PT: Preferred Term, SOC: System Organ Class.

[a] Median time to first event is from Kaplan-Meier estimate. Confidence Interval for median was computed using the Brookmeyer-Crowley method.

[b] Hazard ratio is from unstratified Cox proportional hazards model with treatment as the only categorical variable in the model. Confidence limits are based on the Wald test.

[c] Two-sided p-value from unstratified log-rank test.

[d] Two-sided interaction p-value is for the interaction term from unstratified Cox proportional hazards model with treatment, subgroup, and treatment-by-subgroup interaction as categorical variables in the model. The p-value is based on the Wald test.

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SOC: Renal and urinary disorders; PT: Acute kidney injury

Subgroup	n	Quizartinib (N=265)				Placebo (N=268)				Quizartinib vs Placebo		Interaction
		No. of subjects with events (%)	No. of subjects censored (%)	Median (95 % CI) (months) [a]	n	No. of subjects with events (%)	No. of subjects censored (%)	Median (95 % CI) (months) [a]	n	Hazard Ratio (95 % CI) [b]	Unstratified log-rank p-value [c]	P-value [d]
Pooled Age Group 2											0.5943	
<60	159	9 (5.7)	150 (94.3)	NE (NE, NE)	160	4 (2.5)	156 (97.5)	NE (NE, NE)	160	2.045 (0.628, 6.659)	0.2252	
≥60 - <65	37	1 (2.7)	36 (97.3)	NE (NE, NE)	43	2 (4.7)	41 (95.3)	NE (21.9, NE)	43	0.504 (0.045, 5.627)	0.5704	
≥65	69	4 (5.8)	65 (94.2)	NE (NE, NE)	65	3 (4.6)	62 (95.4)	NE (NE, NE)	65	1.354 (0.303, 6.051)	0.6901	

N: number of subjects in analysis set; n: number of subjects in subgroup category; %: proportion of number of subjects in n; CI: confidence interval; NE: not estimable. PT: Preferred Term, SOC: System Organ Class.

[a] Median time to first event is from Kaplan-Meier estimate. Confidence Interval for median was computed using the Brookmeyer-Crowley method.

[b] Hazard ratio is from unstratified Cox proportional hazards model with treatment as the only categorical variable in the model. Confidence limits are based on the Wald test.

[c] Two-sided p-value from unstratified log-rank test.

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Run date: 21JUL2023 – 22:02; Program name: DE_T_3_11_2.sas; Output name: DE_T_3_11_2_TEAESOCPT_SUB_SAS.rtf

Medizinischer Nutzen, medizinischer Zusatznutzen, Patientengruppen mit therap. bedeutsamem Zusatznutzen

Daichi Sankyo | Data Intelligence – Evidence Generation | Final | AC220-A-U302 QUANTUM-First (DCO 13 Aug 2021) | Statistical analyses for AMNOG (HTA Germany)
 Table 3.11.2 Treatment-emergent adverse events by system organ class (SOC) and preferred term (PT) observed for ≥ 10 patients in at least one arm and ≥ 1% of the patients in at least one arm - Time-to-event analysis - subgroup analysis - DCO 13-Aug-2021 - Safety Analysis Set

SOC: Renal and urinary disorders; PT: Acute kidney injury

		Quizartinib (N=265)				Placebo (N=268)				Quizartinib vs Placebo		Interaction
Subgroup	n	No. of subjects with events (%)	No. of subjects censored (%)	Median (95 % CI) (months) [a]	n	No. of subjects with events (%)	No. of subjects censored (%)	Median (95 % CI) (months) [a]	Hazard Ratio (95 % CI) [b]	Unstratified log-rank p-value [c]	P-value [d]	
Sex											0.9952	
Male	124	5 (4.0)	119 (96.0)	NE (NE, NE)	120	3 (2.5)	117 (97.5)	NE (NE, NE)	1.659 (0.396, 6.942)	0.4836		
Female	141	9 (6.4)	132 (93.6)	NE (NE, NE)	148	6 (4.1)	142 (95.9)	NE (NE, NE)	1.486 (0.528, 4.183)	0.4499		

N: number of subjects in analysis set; n: number of subjects in subgroup category; %: proportion of number of subjects in n; CI: confidence interval; NE: not estimable. PT: Preferred Term, SOC: System Organ Class.

[a] Median time to first event is from Kaplan-Meier estimate. Confidence Interval for median was computed using the Brookmeyer-Crowley method.

[b] Hazard ratio is from unstratified Cox proportional hazards model with treatment as the only categorical variable in the model. Confidence limits are based on the Wald test.

[c] Two-sided p-value from unstratified log-rank test.

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SOC: Renal and urinary disorders; PT: Acute kidney injury

		Quizartinib (N=265)				Placebo (N=268)				Quizartinib vs Placebo		Interaction
Subgroup	n	No. of subjects with events (%)	No. of subjects censored (%)	Median (95 % CI) (months) [a]	n	No. of subjects with events (%)	No. of subjects censored (%)	Median (95 % CI) (months) [a]	Hazard Ratio (95 % CI) [b]	Unstratified log-rank p-value [c]	P-value [d]	
Race by 2 categories											0.1953	
White	157	4 (2.5)	153 (97.5)	NE (NE, NE)	161	5 (3.1)	156 (96.9)	NE (NE, NE)	0.793 (0.212, 2.963)	0.7301		
Non-white	108	10 (9.3)	98 (90.7)	NE (NE, NE)	107	4 (3.7)	103 (96.3)	NE (NE, NE)	2.439 (0.764, 7.780)	0.1192		

N: number of subjects in analysis set; n: number of subjects in subgroup category; %: proportion of number of subjects in n; CI: confidence interval; NE: not estimable. PT: Preferred Term, SOC: System Organ Class.

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[c] Two-sided p-value from unstratified log-rank test.

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SOC: Renal and urinary disorders; PT: Acute kidney injury

		Quizartinib (N=265)					Placebo (N=268)					Quizartinib vs Placebo		Interaction
Subgroup	n	No. of subjects with events (%)	No. of subjects censored (%)	Median (95 % CI) (months) [a]	n	No. of subjects with events (%)	No. of subjects censored (%)	Median (95 % CI) (months) [a]		Hazard Ratio (95 % CI) [b]	Unstratified log-rank p-value [c]	P-value [d]		
Geographic Region 1												0.9412		
North America	16	2 (12.5)	14 (87.5)	NE (NE, NE)	18	2 (11.1)	16 (88.9)	NE (NE, NE)	(21.9, 11.021)	1.524 (0.211, 11.021)	0.6740			
Europe	161	6 (3.7)	155 (96.3)	NE (NE, NE)	161	4 (2.5)	157 (97.5)	NE (NE, NE)		1.484 (0.418, 5.266)	0.5376			
Asia/Other Regions	88	6 (6.8)	82 (93.2)	NE (NE, NE)	89	3 (3.4)	86 (96.6)	NE (NE, NE)		1.817 (0.453, 7.287)	0.3927			

N: number of subjects in analysis set; n: number of subjects in subgroup category; %: proportion of number of subjects in n; CI: confidence interval; NE: not estimable. PT: Preferred Term, SOC: System Organ Class.

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SOC: Renal and urinary disorders; PT: Acute kidney injury

Subgroup	n	Quizartinib (N=265)				Placebo (N=268)				Quizartinib vs Placebo		Interaction
		No. of subjects with events (%)	No. of subjects censored (%)	Median (95 % CI) (months) [a]	n	No. of subjects with events (%)	No. of subjects censored (%)	Median (95 % CI) (months) [a]	n	Hazard Ratio (95 % CI) [b]	Unstratified log-rank p-value [c]	P-value [d]
WBC at initial diagnosis												0.3289
< 40x10 ⁹ /L	132	6 (4.5)	126 (95.5)	NE (NE, NE)	133	6 (4.5)	127 (95.5)	NE (NE, NE)	133	1.010 (0.326, 3.135)	0.9858	
≥ 40x10 ⁹ /L	133	8 (6.0)	125 (94.0)	NE (NE, NE)	135	3 (2.2)	132 (97.8)	NE (NE, NE)	135	2.624 (0.696, 9.899)	0.1389	

N: number of subjects in analysis set; n: number of subjects in subgroup category; %: proportion of number of subjects in n; CI: confidence interval; NE: not estimable. PT: Preferred Term, SOC: System Organ Class.

[a] Median time to first event is from Kaplan-Meier estimate. Confidence Interval for median was computed using the Brookmeyer-Crowley method.

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		Quizartinib (N=265)				Placebo (N=268)				Quizartinib vs Placebo		Interaction
Subgroup	n	No. of subjects with events (%)	No. of subjects censored (%)	Median (95 % CI) (months) [a]	n	No. of subjects with events (%)	No. of subjects censored (%)	Median (95 % CI) (months) [a]	Hazard Ratio (95 % CI) [b]	Unstratified log-rank p-value [c]	P-value [d]	
Choice of Anthracycline											0.9306	
Daunorubicin	123	6 (4.9)	117 (95.1)	NE (NE, NE)	94	3 (3.2)	91 (96.8)	NE (NE, NE)	1.419 (0.354, 5.689)	0.6199		
Idarubicin	142	8 (5.6)	134 (94.4)	NE (NE, NE)	171	6 (3.5)	165 (96.5)	NE (NE, NE)	1.573 (0.545, 4.541)	0.3984		

N: number of subjects in analysis set; n: number of subjects in subgroup category; %: proportion of number of subjects in n; CI: confidence interval; NE: not estimable. PT: Preferred Term, SOC: System Organ Class.

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SOC: Renal and urinary disorders; PT: Acute kidney injury

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AML Cytogenetic Risk Score											0.9472	
Favorable	13	0	13 (100)	NE (NE, NE)	19	0	19 (100)	NE (NE, NE)	NE (NE, NE)	NE		
Intermediate	195	12 (6.2)	183 (93.8)	NE (NE, NE)	190	7 (3.7)	183 (96.3)	NE (NE, NE)	1.547 (0.608, 3.937)	0.3554		
Unfavorable	19	1 (5.3)	18 (94.7)	NE (NE, NE)	27	2 (7.4)	25 (92.6)	NE (NE, NE)	0.827 (0.075, 9.140)	0.8770		
Unknown	38	1 (2.6)	37 (97.4)	NE (NE, NE)	31	0	31 (100)	NE (NE, NE)	NE (0.000, NE)	0.3534		

N: number of subjects in analysis set; n: number of subjects in subgroup category; %: proportion of number of subjects in n; CI: confidence interval; NE: not estimable. PT: Preferred Term, SOC: System Organ Class.

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ECOG Performance Status at Baseline											0.7274	
0 - Fully Active	87	3 (3.4)	84 (96.6)	NE (NE, NE)	97	3 (3.1)	94 (96.9)	NE (NE, NE)	1.077 (0.217, 5.340)	0.9272		
1 - Restricted in Physically Strenuous Activity	133	7 (5.3)	126 (94.7)	NE (NE, NE)	134	5 (3.7)	129 (96.3)	NE (NE, NE)	1.307 (0.414, 4.126)	0.6475		
2 - Ambulatory and Capable of All Selfcare	45	4 (8.9)	41 (91.1)	NE (NE, NE)	36	1 (2.8)	35 (97.2)	NE (NE, NE)	3.374 (0.377, 30.199)	0.2478		

N: number of subjects in analysis set; n: number of subjects in subgroup category; %: proportion of number of subjects in n; CI: confidence interval; NE: not estimable. PT: Preferred Term, SOC: System Organ Class.

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FLT3-ITD category at Baseline											0.4680	
≥3 to ≤25%	94	5 (5.3)	89 (94.7)	NE (NE, NE)	98	4 (4.1)	94 (95.9)	NE (NE, NE)	1.319 (0.354, 4.917)	0.6791		
>25% to ≤50%	141	8 (5.7)	133 (94.3)	NE (NE, NE)	136	3 (2.2)	133 (97.8)	NE (NE, NE)	2.460 (0.651, 9.292)	0.1699		
>50%	29	1 (3.4)	28 (96.6)	NE (NE, NE)	34	2 (5.9)	32 (94.1)	NE (NE, NE)	0.494 (0.045, 5.481)	0.5580		

N: number of subjects in analysis set; n: number of subjects in subgroup category; %: proportion of number of subjects in n; CI: confidence interval; NE: not estimable. PT: Preferred Term, SOC: System Organ Class.

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AML with Mutated NPM1											0.2005	
Yes	139	10 (7.2)	129 (92.8)	NE (NE, NE)	137	4 (2.9)	133 (97.1)	NE (NE, NE)	2.427 (0.760, 7.751)	0.1217		
No	116	4 (3.4)	112 (96.6)	NE (NE, NE)	120	5 (4.2)	115 (95.8)	NE (NE, NE)	0.768 (0.206, 2.863)	0.6934		

N: number of subjects in analysis set; n: number of subjects in subgroup category; %: proportion of number of subjects in n; CI: confidence interval; NE: not estimable. PT: Preferred Term, SOC: System Organ Class.

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Subgroup	n	No. of subjects with events (%)	No. of subjects censored (%)	Median (95 % CI) (months) [a]	n	No. of subjects with events (%)	No. of subjects censored (%)	Median (95 % CI) (months) [a]	Hazard Ratio (95 % CI) [b]	Unstratified log-rank p-value [c]	P-value [d]	
Age by 2 categories											0.4479	
≤60	164	9 (5.5)	155 (94.5)	NE (NE, NE)	163	4 (2.5)	159 (97.5)	NE (NE, NE)	2.007 (0.616, 6.537)	0.2380		
>60	101	5 (5.0)	96 (95.0)	NE (NE, NE)	105	5 (4.8)	100 (95.2)	NE (NE, NE)	1.100 (0.318, 3.800)	0.8803		

N: number of subjects in analysis set; n: number of subjects in subgroup category; %: proportion of number of subjects in n; CI: confidence interval; NE: not estimable. PT: Preferred Term, SOC: System Organ Class.

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[b] Hazard ratio is from unstratified Cox proportional hazards model with treatment as the only categorical variable in the model. Confidence limits are based on the Wald test.

[c] Two-sided p-value from unstratified log-rank test.

[d] Two-sided interaction p-value is for the interaction term from unstratified Cox proportional hazards model with treatment, subgroup, and treatment-by-subgroup interaction as categorical variables in the model. The p-value is based on the Wald test.

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Run date: 21JUL2023 – 22:02; Program name: DE_T_3_11_2.sas; Output name: DE_T_3_11_2_TEAESOCPT_SUB_SAS.rtf

Medizinischer Nutzen, medizinischer Zusatznutzen, Patientengruppen mit therap. bedeutsamem Zusatznutzen

Daichi Sankyo | Data Intelligence – Evidence Generation | Final | AC220-A-U302 QUANTUM-First (DCO 13 Aug 2021) | Statistical analyses for AMNOG (HTA Germany)
 Table 3.11.2 Treatment-emergent adverse events by system organ class (SOC) and preferred term (PT) observed for ≥ 10 patients in at least one arm and ≥ 1% of the patients in at least one arm - Time-to-event analysis - subgroup analysis - DCO 13-Aug-2021 - Safety Analysis Set

SOC: Eye disorders; PT: Any PT

		Quizartinib (N=265)				Placebo (N=268)				Quizartinib vs Placebo		Interaction
Subgroup	n	No. of subjects with events (%)	No. of subjects censored (%)	Median (95 % CI) (months) [a]	n	No. of subjects with events (%)	No. of subjects censored (%)	Median (95 % CI) (months) [a]	Hazard Ratio (95 % CI) [b]	Unstratified log-rank p-value [c]	P-value [d]	
Pooled Age Group 2											0.8113	
<60	159	27 (17.0)	132 (83.0)	NE (NE, NE)	160	27 (16.9)	133 (83.1)	NE (NE, NE)	0.886 (0.519, 1.513)	0.6582		
≥60 - <65	37	6 (16.2)	31 (83.8)	NE (9.2, NE)	43	6 (14.0)	37 (86.0)	NE (9.9, NE)	0.844 (0.268, 2.658)	0.7724		
≥65	69	13 (18.8)	56 (81.2)	NE (28.9, NE)	65	18 (27.7)	47 (72.3)	NE (5.9, NE)	0.679 (0.332, 1.391)	0.2860		

N: number of subjects in analysis set; n: number of subjects in subgroup category; %: proportion of number of subjects in n; CI: confidence interval; NE: not estimable. PT: Preferred Term, SOC: System Organ Class.

[a] Median time to first event is from Kaplan-Meier estimate. Confidence Interval for median was computed using the Brookmeyer-Crowley method.

[b] Hazard ratio is from unstratified Cox proportional hazards model with treatment as the only categorical variable in the model. Confidence limits are based on the Wald test.

[c] Two-sided p-value from unstratified log-rank test.

[d] Two-sided interaction p-value is for the interaction term from unstratified Cox proportional hazards model with treatment, subgroup, and treatment-by-subgroup interaction as categorical variables in the model. The p-value is based on the Wald test.

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SOC: Eye disorders; PT: Any PT

Subgroup	n	Quizartinib (N=265)				Placebo (N=268)				Quizartinib vs Placebo		Interaction
		No. of subjects with events (%)	No. of subjects censored (%)	Median (95 % CI) (months) [a]	n	No. of subjects with events (%)	No. of subjects censored (%)	Median (95 % CI) (months) [a]	n	Hazard Ratio (95 % CI) [b]	Unstratified log-rank p-value [c]	P-value [d]
Sex												0.5969
Male	124	18 (14.5)	106 (85.5)	NE (NE, NE)	120	21 (17.5)	99 (82.5)	NE (NE)	21.7,	0.723 (0.384, 1.360)	0.3119	
Female	141	28 (19.9)	113 (80.1)	NE (28.9, NE)	148	30 (20.3)	118 (79.7)	NE (NE)	19.0,	0.898 (0.536, 1.505)	0.6816	

N: number of subjects in analysis set; n: number of subjects in subgroup category; %: proportion of number of subjects in n; CI: confidence interval; NE: not estimable. PT: Preferred Term, SOC: System Organ Class.

[a] Median time to first event is from Kaplan-Meier estimate. Confidence Interval for median was computed using the Brookmeyer-Crowley method.

[b] Hazard ratio is from unstratified Cox proportional hazards model with treatment as the only categorical variable in the model. Confidence limits are based on the Wald test.

[c] Two-sided p-value from unstratified log-rank test.

[d] Two-sided interaction p-value is for the interaction term from unstratified Cox proportional hazards model with treatment, subgroup, and treatment-by-subgroup interaction as categorical variables in the model. The p-value is based on the Wald test.

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SOC: Eye disorders; PT: Any PT

		Quizartinib (N=265)					Placebo (N=268)					Quizartinib vs Placebo		Interaction
Subgroup	n	No. of subjects with events (%)	No. of subjects censored (%)	Median (95 % CI) (months) [a]	n	No. of subjects with events (%)	No. of subjects censored (%)	Median (95 % CI) (months) [a]	n	Hazard Ratio (95 % CI) [b]	Unstratified log-rank p-value [c]	P-value [d]		
Race by 2 categories												0.5536		
White	157	24 (15.3)	133 (84.7)	NE (NE, NE)	161	29 (18.0)	132 (82.0)	NE (NE, NE)	157	0.757 (0.440, 1.304)	0.3140			
Non-white	108	22 (20.4)	86 (79.6)	NE (19.2, NE)	107	22 (20.6)	85 (79.4)	NE (21.7, NE)	108	0.925 (0.512, 1.672)	0.7976			

N: number of subjects in analysis set; n: number of subjects in subgroup category; %: proportion of number of subjects in n; CI: confidence interval; NE: not estimable. PT: Preferred Term, SOC: System Organ Class.

[a] Median time to first event is from Kaplan-Meier estimate. Confidence Interval for median was computed using the Brookmeyer-Crowley method.

[b] Hazard ratio is from unstratified Cox proportional hazards model with treatment as the only categorical variable in the model. Confidence limits are based on the Wald test.

[c] Two-sided p-value from unstratified log-rank test.

[d] Two-sided interaction p-value is for the interaction term from unstratified Cox proportional hazards model with treatment, subgroup, and treatment-by-subgroup interaction as categorical variables in the model. The p-value is based on the Wald test.

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SOC: Eye disorders; PT: Any PT

		Quizartinib (N=265)				Placebo (N=268)				Quizartinib vs Placebo		Interaction
Subgroup	n	No. of subjects with events (%)	No. of subjects censored (%)	Median (95 % CI) (months) [a]	n	No. of subjects with events (%)	No. of subjects censored (%)	Median (95 % CI) (months) [a]	Hazard Ratio (95 % CI) [b]	Unstratified log-rank p-value [c]	P-value [d]	
Geographic Region 1											0.2244	
North America	16	2 (12.5)	14 (87.5)	NE (7.8, NE)	18	7 (38.9)	11 (61.1)	5.6 (2.1, NE)	0.231 (0.046, 1.155)	0.0545		
Europe	161	25 (15.5)	136 (84.5)	NE (NE, NE)	161	28 (17.4)	133 (82.6)	NE (NE, NE)	0.779 (0.453, 1.339)	0.3654		
Asia/Other Regions	88	19 (21.6)	69 (78.4)	NE (NE, NE)	89	16 (18.0)	73 (82.0)	NE (21.7, NE)	1.176 (0.604, 2.288)	0.6332		

N: number of subjects in analysis set; n: number of subjects in subgroup category; %: proportion of number of subjects in n; CI: confidence interval; NE: not estimable. PT: Preferred Term, SOC: System Organ Class.

[a] Median time to first event is from Kaplan-Meier estimate. Confidence Interval for median was computed using the Brookmeyer-Crowley method.

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SOC: Eye disorders; PT: Any PT

		Quizartinib (N=265)					Placebo (N=268)					Quizartinib vs Placebo		Interaction
Subgroup	n	No. of subjects with events (%)	No. of subjects censored (%)	Median (95 % CI) (months) [a]	n	No. of subjects with events (%)	No. of subjects censored (%)	Median (95 % CI) (months) [a]	CI	Hazard Ratio (95 % CI) [b]	Unstratified log-rank p-value [c]	P-value [d]		
WBC at initial diagnosis												0.8211		
< 40x10 ⁹ /L	132	25 (18.9)	107 (81.1)	NE (28.9, NE)	133	31 (23.3)	102 (76.7)	NE (13.8, NE)		0.796 (0.470, 1.350)	0.3965			
≥ 40x10 ⁹ /L	133	21 (15.8)	112 (84.2)	NE (NE, NE)	135	20 (14.8)	115 (85.2)	NE (21.7, NE)		0.879 (0.475, 1.628)	0.6807			

N: number of subjects in analysis set; n: number of subjects in subgroup category; %: proportion of number of subjects in n; CI: confidence interval; NE: not estimable. PT: Preferred Term, SOC: System Organ Class.

[a] Median time to first event is from Kaplan-Meier estimate. Confidence Interval for median was computed using the Brookmeyer-Crowley method.

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[c] Two-sided p-value from unstratified log-rank test.

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SOC: Eye disorders; PT: Any PT

		Quizartinib (N=265)					Placebo (N=268)					Quizartinib vs Placebo		Interaction
Subgroup	n	No. of subjects with events (%)	No. of subjects censored (%)	Median (95 % CI) (months) [a]	n	No. of subjects with events (%)	No. of subjects censored (%)	Median (95 % CI) (months) [a]	CI	Hazard Ratio (95 % CI) [b]	Unstratified log-rank p-value [c]	P-value [d]		
Choice of Anthracycline												0.4526		
Daunorubicin	123	16 (13.0)	107 (87.0)	NE (NE, NE)	94	15 (16.0)	79 (84.0)	NE (13.0, NE)		0.661 (0.325, 1.344)	0.2490			
Idarubicin	142	30 (21.1)	112 (78.9)	NE (28.9, NE)	171	36 (21.1)	135 (78.9)	NE (33.1, NE)		0.942 (0.580, 1.530)	0.8079			

N: number of subjects in analysis set; n: number of subjects in subgroup category; %: proportion of number of subjects in n; CI: confidence interval; NE: not estimable. PT: Preferred Term, SOC: System Organ Class.

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[b] Hazard ratio is from unstratified Cox proportional hazards model with treatment as the only categorical variable in the model. Confidence limits are based on the Wald test.

[c] Two-sided p-value from unstratified log-rank test.

[d] Two-sided interaction p-value is for the interaction term from unstratified Cox proportional hazards model with treatment, subgroup, and treatment-by-subgroup interaction as categorical variables in the model. The p-value is based on the Wald test.

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SOC: Eye disorders; PT: Any PT

		Quizartinib (N=265)				Placebo (N=268)				Quizartinib vs Placebo		Interaction
Subgroup	n	No. of subjects with events (%)	No. of subjects censored (%)	Median (95 % CI) (months) [a]	n	No. of subjects with events (%)	No. of subjects censored (%)	Median (95 % CI) (months) [a]	Hazard Ratio (95 % CI) [b]	Unstratified log-rank p-value [c]	P-value [d]	
AML Cytogenetic Risk Score											0.8981	
Favorable	13	2 (15.4)	11 (84.6)	NE (1.8, NE)	19	4 (21.1)	15 (78.9)	NE (4.6, NE)	1.061 (0.190, 5.923)	0.9461		
Intermediate	195	36 (18.5)	159 (81.5)	NE (NE, NE)	190	35 (18.4)	155 (81.6)	NE (21.7, NE)	0.862 (0.540, 1.375)	0.5319		
Unfavorable	19	2 (10.5)	17 (89.5)	NE (4.7, NE)	27	5 (18.5)	22 (81.5)	NE (5.4, NE)	0.544 (0.105, 2.816)	0.4639		
Unknown	38	6 (15.8)	32 (84.2)	NE (26.1, NE)	31	6 (19.4)	25 (80.6)	NE (6.0, NE)	0.793 (0.253, 2.486)	0.6901		

N: number of subjects in analysis set; n: number of subjects in subgroup category; %: proportion of number of subjects in n; CI: confidence interval; NE: not estimable. PT: Preferred Term, SOC: System Organ Class.

[a] Median time to first event is from Kaplan-Meier estimate. Confidence Interval for median was computed using the Brookmeyer-Crowley method.

[b] Hazard ratio is from unstratified Cox proportional hazards model with treatment as the only categorical variable in the model. Confidence limits are based on the Wald test.

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SOC: Eye disorders; PT: Any PT

		Quizartinib (N=265)					Placebo (N=268)					Quizartinib vs Placebo		Interaction
Subgroup	n	No. of subjects with events (%)	No. of subjects censored (%)	Median (95 % CI) (months) [a]	n	No. of subjects with events (%)	No. of subjects censored (%)	Median (95 % CI) (months) [a]	Hazard Ratio (95 % CI) [b]	Unstratified log-rank p-value [c]	P-value [d]			
ECOG Performance Status at Baseline												0.5884		
0 - Fully Active	87	16 (18.4)	71 (81.6)	NE (28.9, NE)	97	17 (17.5)	80 (82.5)	NE (NE, NE)	0.994 (0.502, 1.969)	0.9866				
1 - Restricted in Physically Strenuous Activity	133	26 (19.5)	107 (80.5)	NE (NE, NE)	134	29 (21.6)	105 (78.4)	NE (21.7, NE)	0.820 (0.482, 1.394)	0.4623				
2 - Ambulatory and Capable of All Selfcare	45	4 (8.9)	41 (91.1)	NE (NE, NE)	36	5 (13.9)	31 (86.1)	NE (19.0, NE)	0.419 (0.107, 1.644)	0.2003				

N: number of subjects in analysis set; n: number of subjects in subgroup category; %: proportion of number of subjects in n; CI: confidence interval; NE: not estimable. PT: Preferred Term, SOC: System Organ Class.

[a] Median time to first event is from Kaplan-Meier estimate. Confidence Interval for median was computed using the Brookmeyer-Crowley method.

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SOC: Eye disorders; PT: Any PT

		Quizartinib (N=265)					Placebo (N=268)					Quizartinib vs Placebo		Interaction
Subgroup	n	No. of subjects with events (%)	No. of subjects censored (%)	Median (95 % CI) (months) [a]	n	No. of subjects with events (%)	No. of subjects censored (%)	Median (95 % CI) (months) [a]	n	Hazard Ratio (95 % CI) [b]	Unstratified log-rank p-value [c]	P-value [d]		
FLT3-ITD category at Baseline												0.2287		
≥3 to ≤25%	94	17 (18.1)	77 (81.9)	NE (NE, NE)	98	26 (26.5)	72 (73.5)	NE (NE, NE)	13.8	0.628 (0.341, 1.158)	0.1332			
>25% to ≤50%	141	28 (19.9)	113 (80.1)	NE (28.9, NE)	136	22 (16.2)	114 (83.8)	NE (NE, NE)	13.0	1.145 (0.654, 2.006)	0.6346			
>50%	29	1 (3.4)	28 (96.6)	NE (NE, NE)	34	3 (8.8)	31 (91.2)	NE (NE, NE)	13.0	0.214 (0.021, 2.182)	0.1577			

N: number of subjects in analysis set; n: number of subjects in subgroup category; %: proportion of number of subjects in n; CI: confidence interval; NE: not estimable. PT: Preferred Term, SOC: System Organ Class.

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SOC: Eye disorders; PT: Any PT

Subgroup	n	Quizartinib (N=265)				Placebo (N=268)				Quizartinib vs Placebo		Interaction
		No. of subjects with events (%)	No. of subjects censored (%)	Median (95 % CI) (months) [a]	n	No. of subjects with events (%)	No. of subjects censored (%)	Median (95 % CI) (months) [a]	n	Hazard Ratio (95 % CI) [b]	Unstratified log-rank p-value [c]	P-value [d]
AML with Mutated NPM1											0.5788	
Yes	139	26 (18.7)	113 (81.3)	NE (NE, NE)	137	29 (21.2)	108 (78.8)	NE (NE)	(19.0,	0.785 (0.461, 1.335)	0.3689	
No	116	20 (17.2)	96 (82.8)	NE (28.0, NE)	120	19 (15.8)	101 (84.2)	NE (NE)	(21.7,	1.006 (0.536, 1.886)	0.9855	

N: number of subjects in analysis set; n: number of subjects in subgroup category; %: proportion of number of subjects in n; CI: confidence interval; NE: not estimable. PT: Preferred Term, SOC: System Organ Class.

[a] Median time to first event is from Kaplan-Meier estimate. Confidence Interval for median was computed using the Brookmeyer-Crowley method.

[b] Hazard ratio is from unstratified Cox proportional hazards model with treatment as the only categorical variable in the model. Confidence limits are based on the Wald test.

[c] Two-sided p-value from unstratified log-rank test.

[d] Two-sided interaction p-value is for the interaction term from unstratified Cox proportional hazards model with treatment, subgroup, and treatment-by-subgroup interaction as categorical variables in the model. The p-value is based on the Wald test.

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Run date: 21JUL2023 – 22:02; Program name: DE_T_3_11_2.sas; Output name: DE_T_3_11_2_TEAESOCPT_SUB_SAS.rtf

Medizinischer Nutzen, medizinischer Zusatznutzen, Patientengruppen mit therap. bedeutsamem Zusatznutzen

Daiichi Sankyo | Data Intelligence – Evidence Generation | Final | AC220-A-U302 QUANTUM-First (DCO 13 Aug 2021) | Statistical analyses for AMNOG (HTA Germany)
 Table 3.11.2 Treatment-emergent adverse events by system organ class (SOC) and preferred term (PT) observed for ≥ 10 patients in at least one arm and ≥ 1% of the patients in at least one arm - Time-to-event analysis - subgroup analysis - DCO 13-Aug-2021 - Safety Analysis Set

SOC: Eye disorders; PT: Any PT

		Quizartinib (N=265)					Placebo (N=268)					Quizartinib vs Placebo		Interaction
Subgroup	n	No. of subjects with events (%)	No. of subjects censored (%)	Median (95 % CI) (months) [a]	n	No. of subjects with events (%)	No. of subjects censored (%)	Median (95 % CI) (months) [a]	n	Hazard Ratio (95 % CI) [b]	Unstratified log-rank p-value [c]	P-value [d]		
Age by 2 categories												0.7768		
≤60	164	27 (16.5)	137 (83.5)	NE (NE, NE)	163	27 (16.6)	136 (83.4)	NE (NE, NE)	163	0.869 (0.509, 1.485)	0.6086			
>60	101	19 (18.8)	82 (81.2)	NE (28.9, NE)	105	24 (22.9)	81 (77.1)	NE (13.0, NE)	105	0.770 (0.421, 1.409)	0.3952			

N: number of subjects in analysis set; n: number of subjects in subgroup category; %: proportion of number of subjects in n; CI: confidence interval; NE: not estimable. PT: Preferred Term, SOC: System Organ Class.

[a] Median time to first event is from Kaplan-Meier estimate. Confidence Interval for median was computed using the Brookmeyer-Crowley method.

[b] Hazard ratio is from unstratified Cox proportional hazards model with treatment as the only categorical variable in the model. Confidence limits are based on the Wald test.

[c] Two-sided p-value from unstratified log-rank test.

[d] Two-sided interaction p-value is for the interaction term from unstratified Cox proportional hazards model with treatment, subgroup, and treatment-by-subgroup interaction as categorical variables in the model. The p-value is based on the Wald test.

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Medizinischer Nutzen, medizinischer Zusatznutzen, Patientengruppen mit therap. bedeutsamem Zusatznutzen

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SOC: Eye disorders; PT: Dry eye

Subgroup	n	Quizartinib (N=265)				Placebo (N=268)				Quizartinib vs Placebo		Interaction
		No. of subjects with events (%)	No. of subjects censored (%)	Median (95 % CI) (months) [a]	n	No. of subjects with events (%)	No. of subjects censored (%)	Median (95 % CI) (months) [a]	n	Hazard Ratio (95 % CI) [b]	Unstratified log-rank p-value [c]	P-value [d]
Pooled Age Group 2											0.9739	
<60	159	12 (7.5)	147 (92.5)	NE (NE, NE)	160	7 (4.4)	153 (95.6)	NE (NE, NE)	1.512 (0.594, 3.849)	0.3829		
≥60 - <65	37	4 (10.8)	33 (89.2)	NE (NE, NE) (12.8, NE)	43	2 (4.7)	41 (95.3)	NE (NE, NE)	1.539 (0.280, 8.465)	0.6176		
≥65	69	6 (8.7)	63 (91.3)	NE (NE, NE) (28.9, NE)	65	4 (6.2)	61 (93.8)	NE (NE, NE)	1.587 (0.448, 5.625)	0.4709		

N: number of subjects in analysis set; n: number of subjects in subgroup category; %: proportion of number of subjects in n; CI: confidence interval; NE: not estimable. PT: Preferred Term, SOC: System Organ Class.

[a] Median time to first event is from Kaplan-Meier estimate. Confidence Interval for median was computed using the Brookmeyer-Crowley method.

[b] Hazard ratio is from unstratified Cox proportional hazards model with treatment as the only categorical variable in the model. Confidence limits are based on the Wald test.

[c] Two-sided p-value from unstratified log-rank test.

[d] Two-sided interaction p-value is for the interaction term from unstratified Cox proportional hazards model with treatment, subgroup, and treatment-by-subgroup interaction as categorical variables in the model. The p-value is based on the Wald test.

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SOC: Eye disorders; PT: Dry eye

		Quizartinib (N=265)				Placebo (N=268)				Quizartinib vs Placebo		Interaction
Subgroup	n	No. of subjects with events (%)	No. of subjects censored (%)	Median (95 % CI) (months) [a]	n	No. of subjects with events (%)	No. of subjects censored (%)	Median (95 % CI) (months) [a]	Hazard Ratio (95 % CI) [b]	Unstratified log-rank p-value [c]	P-value [d]	
Sex											0.4773	
Male	124	8 (6.5)	116 (93.5)	NE (NE, NE)	120	3 (2.5)	117 (97.5)	NE (NE, NE)	2.416 (0.640, 9.116)	0.1789		
Female	141	14 (9.9)	127 (90.1)	NE (NE, NE)	148	10 (6.8)	138 (93.2)	NE (NE, NE)	1.321 (0.586, 2.978)	0.5008		

N: number of subjects in analysis set; n: number of subjects in subgroup category; %: proportion of number of subjects in n; CI: confidence interval; NE: not estimable. PT: Preferred Term, SOC: System Organ Class.

[a] Median time to first event is from Kaplan-Meier estimate. Confidence Interval for median was computed using the Brookmeyer-Crowley method.

[b] Hazard ratio is from unstratified Cox proportional hazards model with treatment as the only categorical variable in the model. Confidence limits are based on the Wald test.

[c] Two-sided p-value from unstratified log-rank test.

[d] Two-sided interaction p-value is for the interaction term from unstratified Cox proportional hazards model with treatment, subgroup, and treatment-by-subgroup interaction as categorical variables in the model. The p-value is based on the Wald test.

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 Table 3.11.2 Treatment-emergent adverse events by system organ class (SOC) and preferred term (PT) observed for ≥ 10 patients in at least one arm and ≥ 1% of the patients in at least one arm - Time-to-event analysis - subgroup analysis - DCO 13-Aug-2021 - Safety Analysis Set

SOC: Eye disorders; PT: Dry eye

		Quizartinib (N=265)				Placebo (N=268)				Quizartinib vs Placebo		Interaction
Subgroup	n	No. of subjects with events (%)	No. of subjects censored (%)	Median (95 % CI) (months) [a]	n	No. of subjects with events (%)	No. of subjects censored (%)	Median (95 % CI) (months) [a]	Hazard Ratio (95 % CI) [b]	Unstratified log-rank p-value [c]	P-value [d]	
Race by 2 categories											0.8038	
White	157	11 (7.0)	146 (93.0)	NE (NE, NE)	161	7 (4.3)	154 (95.7)	NE (NE, NE)	1.438 (0.556, 3.720)	0.4513		
Non-white	108	11 (10.2)	97 (89.8)	NE (NE, NE)	107	6 (5.6)	101 (94.4)	NE (NE, NE)	1.697 (0.627, 4.591)	0.2923		

N: number of subjects in analysis set; n: number of subjects in subgroup category; %: proportion of number of subjects in n; CI: confidence interval; NE: not estimable. PT: Preferred Term, SOC: System Organ Class.

[a] Median time to first event is from Kaplan-Meier estimate. Confidence Interval for median was computed using the Brookmeyer-Crowley method.

[b] Hazard ratio is from unstratified Cox proportional hazards model with treatment as the only categorical variable in the model. Confidence limits are based on the Wald test.

[c] Two-sided p-value from unstratified log-rank test.

[d] Two-sided interaction p-value is for the interaction term from unstratified Cox proportional hazards model with treatment, subgroup, and treatment-by-subgroup interaction as categorical variables in the model. The p-value is based on the Wald test.

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SOC: Eye disorders; PT: Dry eye

		Quizartinib (N=265)				Placebo (N=268)				Quizartinib vs Placebo		Interaction
Subgroup	n	No. of subjects with events (%)	No. of subjects censored (%)	Median (95 % CI) (months) [a]	n	No. of subjects with events (%)	No. of subjects censored (%)	Median (95 % CI) (months) [a]	Hazard Ratio (95 % CI) [b]	Unstratified log-rank p-value [c]	P-value [d]	
Geographic Region 1											0.1421	
North America	16	2 (12.5)	14 (87.5)	NE (7.8, NE)	18	3 (16.7)	15 (83.3)	NE (NE, NE)	0.754 (0.123, 4.621)	0.7596		
Europe	161	9 (5.6)	152 (94.4)	NE (NE, NE)	161	8 (5.0)	153 (95.0)	NE (NE, NE)	1.006 (0.387, 2.612)	0.9905		
Asia/Other Regions	88	11 (12.5)	77 (87.5)	NE (NE, NE)	89	2 (2.2)	87 (97.8)	NE (NE, NE)	5.245 (1.162, 23.676)	0.0160		

N: number of subjects in analysis set; n: number of subjects in subgroup category; %: proportion of number of subjects in n; CI: confidence interval; NE: not estimable. PT: Preferred Term, SOC: System Organ Class.

[a] Median time to first event is from Kaplan-Meier estimate. Confidence Interval for median was computed using the Brookmeyer-Crowley method.

[b] Hazard ratio is from unstratified Cox proportional hazards model with treatment as the only categorical variable in the model. Confidence limits are based on the Wald test.

[c] Two-sided p-value from unstratified log-rank test.

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SOC: Eye disorders; PT: Dry eye

		Quizartinib (N=265)				Placebo (N=268)				Quizartinib vs Placebo		Interaction
Subgroup	n	No. of subjects with events (%)	No. of subjects censored (%)	Median (95 % CI) (months) [a]	n	No. of subjects with events (%)	No. of subjects censored (%)	Median (95 % CI) (months) [a]	Hazard Ratio (95 % CI) [b]	Unstratified log-rank p-value [c]	P-value [d]	
WBC at initial diagnosis											0.6399	
< 40x10 ⁹ /L	132	14 (10.6)	118 (89.4)	NE (NE, NE)	133	10 (7.5)	123 (92.5)	NE (NE, NE)	1.476 (0.655, 3.326)	0.3443		
≥ 40x10 ⁹ /L	133	8 (6.0)	125 (94.0)	NE (NE, NE)	135	3 (2.2)	132 (97.8)	NE (NE, NE)	2.179 (0.576, 8.244)	0.2398		

N: number of subjects in analysis set; n: number of subjects in subgroup category; %: proportion of number of subjects in n; CI: confidence interval; NE: not estimable. PT: Preferred Term, SOC: System Organ Class.

[a] Median time to first event is from Kaplan-Meier estimate. Confidence Interval for median was computed using the Brookmeyer-Crowley method.

[b] Hazard ratio is from unstratified Cox proportional hazards model with treatment as the only categorical variable in the model. Confidence limits are based on the Wald test.

[c] Two-sided p-value from unstratified log-rank test.

[d] Two-sided interaction p-value is for the interaction term from unstratified Cox proportional hazards model with treatment, subgroup, and treatment-by-subgroup interaction as categorical variables in the model. The p-value is based on the Wald test.

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SOC: Eye disorders; PT: Dry eye

		Quizartinib (N=265)				Placebo (N=268)				Quizartinib vs Placebo		Interaction
Subgroup	n	No. of subjects with events (%)	No. of subjects censored (%)	Median (95 % CI) (months) [a]	n	No. of subjects with events (%)	No. of subjects censored (%)	Median (95 % CI) (months) [a]	Hazard Ratio (95 % CI) [b]	Unstratified log-rank p-value [c]	P-value [d]	
Choice of Anthracycline											0.0155	
Daunorubicin	123	6 (4.9)	117 (95.1)	NE (NE, NE)	94	7 (7.4)	87 (92.6)	NE (NE, NE)	0.518 (0.173, 1.548)	0.2305		
Idarubicin	142	16 (11.3)	126 (88.7)	NE (NE, NE)	171	6 (3.5)	165 (96.5)	NE (NE, NE)	3.141 (1.228, 8.031)	0.0117		

N: number of subjects in analysis set; n: number of subjects in subgroup category; %: proportion of number of subjects in n; CI: confidence interval; NE: not estimable. PT: Preferred Term, SOC: System Organ Class.

[a] Median time to first event is from Kaplan-Meier estimate. Confidence Interval for median was computed using the Brookmeyer-Crowley method.

[b] Hazard ratio is from unstratified Cox proportional hazards model with treatment as the only categorical variable in the model. Confidence limits are based on the Wald test.

[c] Two-sided p-value from unstratified log-rank test.

[d] Two-sided interaction p-value is for the interaction term from unstratified Cox proportional hazards model with treatment, subgroup, and treatment-by-subgroup interaction as categorical variables in the model. The p-value is based on the Wald test.

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SOC: Eye disorders; PT: Dry eye

		Quizartinib (N=265)				Placebo (N=268)				Quizartinib vs Placebo		Interaction
Subgroup	n	No. of subjects with events (%)	No. of subjects censored (%)	Median (95 % CI) (months) [a]	n	No. of subjects with events (%)	No. of subjects censored (%)	Median (95 % CI) (months) [a]	Hazard Ratio (95 % CI) [b]	Unstratified log-rank p-value [c]	P-value [d]	
AML Cytogenetic Risk Score											0.8741	
Favorable	13	1 (7.7)	12 (92.3)	NE (1.8, NE)	19	1 (5.3)	18 (94.7)	NE (NE, NE)	2.245 (0.138, 36.501)	0.5596		
Intermediate	195	17 (8.7)	178 (91.3)	NE (NE, NE)	190	9 (4.7)	181 (95.3)	NE (NE, NE)	1.596 (0.710, 3.585)	0.2536		
Unfavorable	19	1 (5.3)	18 (94.7)	NE (4.7, NE)	27	2 (7.4)	25 (92.6)	NE (7.1, NE)	0.608 (0.055, 6.704)	0.6811		
Unknown	38	3 (7.9)	35 (92.1)	NE (NE, NE)	31	1 (3.2)	30 (96.8)	NE (NE, NE)	2.748 (0.286, 26.457)	0.3614		

N: number of subjects in analysis set; n: number of subjects in subgroup category; %: proportion of number of subjects in n; CI: confidence interval; NE: not estimable. PT: Preferred Term, SOC: System Organ Class.

[a] Median time to first event is from Kaplan-Meier estimate. Confidence Interval for median was computed using the Brookmeyer-Crowley method.

[b] Hazard ratio is from unstratified Cox proportional hazards model with treatment as the only categorical variable in the model. Confidence limits are based on the Wald test.

[c] Two-sided p-value from unstratified log-rank test.

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SOC: Eye disorders; PT: Dry eye

		Quizartinib (N=265)				Placebo (N=268)				Quizartinib vs Placebo		Interaction
Subgroup	n	No. of subjects with events (%)	No. of subjects censored (%)	Median (95 % CI) (months) [a]	n	No. of subjects with events (%)	No. of subjects censored (%)	Median (95 % CI) (months) [a]	Hazard Ratio (95 % CI) [b]	Unstratified log-rank p-value [c]	P-value [d]	
ECOG Performance Status at Baseline											0.8481	
0 - Fully Active	87	10 (11.5)	77 (88.5)	NE (NE, NE)	97	7 (7.2)	90 (92.8)	NE (NE, NE)	1.469 (0.559, 3.861)	0.4328		
1 - Restricted in Physically Strenuous Activity	133	12 (9.0)	121 (91.0)	NE (NE, NE)	134	5 (3.7)	129 (96.3)	NE (NE, NE)	2.278 (0.802, 6.473)	0.1121		
2 - Ambulatory and Capable of All Selfcare	45	0	45 (100)	NE (NE, NE)	36	1 (2.8)	35 (97.2)	NE (9.6, NE)	0.000 (0.000, NE)	0.1573		

N: number of subjects in analysis set; n: number of subjects in subgroup category; %: proportion of number of subjects in n; CI: confidence interval; NE: not estimable. PT: Preferred Term, SOC: System Organ Class.

[a] Median time to first event is from Kaplan-Meier estimate. Confidence Interval for median was computed using the Brookmeyer-Crowley method.

[b] Hazard ratio is from unstratified Cox proportional hazards model with treatment as the only categorical variable in the model. Confidence limits are based on the Wald test.

[c] Two-sided p-value from unstratified log-rank test.

[d] Two-sided interaction p-value is for the interaction term from unstratified hazards model with treatment, subgroup, and treatment-by-subgroup interaction as categorical variables in the model. The p-value is based on the Wald test.

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SOC: Eye disorders; PT: Dry eye

		Quizartinib (N=265)				Placebo (N=268)				Quizartinib vs Placebo		Interaction
Subgroup	n	No. of subjects with events (%)	No. of subjects censored (%)	Median (95 % CI) (months) [a]	n	No. of subjects with events (%)	No. of subjects censored (%)	Median (95 % CI) (months) [a]	Hazard Ratio (95 % CI) [b]	Unstratified log-rank p-value [c]	P-value [d]	
FLT3-ITD category at Baseline											0.4378	
≥3 to ≤25%	94	10 (10.6)	84 (89.4)	NE (NE, NE)	98	8 (8.2)	90 (91.8)	NE (NE, NE)	1.308 (0.516, 3.315)	0.5707		
>25% to ≤50%	141	12 (8.5)	129 (91.5)	NE (NE, NE)	136	3 (2.2)	133 (97.8)	NE (NE, NE)	3.593 (1.013, 12.746)	0.0343		
>50%	29	0	29 (100)	NE (NE, NE)	34	2 (5.9)	32 (94.1)	NE (13.0, NE)	0.000 (0.000, NE)	0.0391		

N: number of subjects in analysis set; n: number of subjects in subgroup category; %: proportion of number of subjects in n; CI: confidence interval; NE: not estimable. PT: Preferred Term, SOC: System Organ Class.

[a] Median time to first event is from Kaplan-Meier estimate. Confidence Interval for median was computed using the Brookmeyer-Crowley method.

[b] Hazard ratio is from unstratified Cox proportional hazards model with treatment as the only categorical variable in the model. Confidence limits are based on the Wald test.

[c] Two-sided p-value from unstratified log-rank test.

[d] Two-sided interaction p-value is for the interaction term from unstratified Cox proportional hazards model with treatment, subgroup, and treatment-by-subgroup interaction as categorical variables in the model. The p-value is based on the Wald test.

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Medizinischer Nutzen, medizinischer Zusatznutzen, Patientengruppen mit therap. bedeutsamem Zusatznutzen

Daichi Sankyo | Data Intelligence – Evidence Generation | Final | AC220-A-U302 QUANTUM-First (DCO 13 Aug 2021) | Statistical analyses for AMNOG (HTA Germany)
 Table 3.11.2 Treatment-emergent adverse events by system organ class (SOC) and preferred term (PT) observed for ≥ 10 patients in at least one arm and ≥ 1% of the patients in at least one arm - Time-to-event analysis - subgroup analysis - DCO 13-Aug-2021 - Safety Analysis Set

SOC: Eye disorders; PT: Dry eye

Subgroup	n	Quizartinib (N=265)				Placebo (N=268)				Quizartinib vs Placebo		Interaction
		No. of subjects with events (%)	No. of subjects censored (%)	Median (95 % CI) (months) [a]	n	No. of subjects with events (%)	No. of subjects censored (%)	Median (95 % CI) (months) [a]	n	Hazard Ratio (95 % CI) [b]	Unstratified log-rank p-value [c]	P-value [d]
AML with Mutated NPM1											0.6174	
Yes	139	10 (7.2)	129 (92.8)	NE (NE, NE)	137	7 (5.1)	130 (94.9)	NE (NE, NE)	137	1.344 (0.511, 3.535)	0.5481	
No	116	12 (10.3)	104 (89.7)	NE (28.9, NE)	120	6 (5.0)	114 (95.0)	NE (NE, NE)	116	1.865 (0.699, 4.974)	0.2060	

N: number of subjects in analysis set; n: number of subjects in subgroup category; %: proportion of number of subjects in n; CI: confidence interval; NE: not estimable. PT: Preferred Term, SOC: System Organ Class.

[a] Median time to first event is from Kaplan-Meier estimate. Confidence Interval for median was computed using the Brookmeyer-Crowley method.

[b] Hazard ratio is from unstratified Cox proportional hazards model with treatment as the only categorical variable in the model. Confidence limits are based on the Wald test.

[c] Two-sided p-value from unstratified log-rank test.

[d] Two-sided interaction p-value is for the interaction term from unstratified Cox proportional hazards model with treatment, subgroup, and treatment-by-subgroup interaction as categorical variables in the model. The p-value is based on the Wald test.

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SOC: Eye disorders; PT: Dry eye

		Quizartinib (N=265)					Placebo (N=268)					Quizartinib vs Placebo		Interaction
Subgroup	n	No. of subjects with events (%)	No. of subjects censored (%)	Median (95 % CI) (months) [a]	n	No. of subjects with events (%)	No. of subjects censored (%)	Median (95 % CI) (months) [a]	n	Hazard Ratio (95 % CI) [b]	Unstratified log-rank p-value [c]	P-value [d]		
Age by 2 categories												0.7881		
≤60	164	12 (7.3)	152 (92.7)	NE (NE, NE)	163	7 (4.3)	156 (95.7)	NE (NE, NE)	163	1.485 (0.583, 3.781)	0.4042			
>60	101	10 (9.9)	91 (90.1)	NE (28.9, NE)	105	6 (5.7)	99 (94.3)	NE (NE, NE)	105	1.756 (0.638, 4.836)	0.2695			

N: number of subjects in analysis set; n: number of subjects in subgroup category; %: proportion of number of subjects in n; CI: confidence interval; NE: not estimable. PT: Preferred Term, SOC: System Organ Class.

[a] Median time to first event is from Kaplan-Meier estimate. Confidence Interval for median was computed using the Brookmeyer-Crowley method.

[b] Hazard ratio is from unstratified Cox proportional hazards model with treatment as the only categorical variable in the model. Confidence limits are based on the Wald test.

[c] Two-sided p-value from unstratified log-rank test.

[d] Two-sided interaction p-value is for the interaction term from unstratified Cox proportional hazards model with treatment, subgroup, and treatment-by-subgroup interaction as categorical variables in the model. The p-value is based on the Wald test.

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SOC: Cardiac disorders; PT: Any PT

		Quizartinib (N=265)				Placebo (N=268)				Quizartinib vs Placebo		Interaction
Subgroup	n	No. of subjects with events (%)	No. of subjects censored (%)	Median (95 % CI) (months) [a]	n	No. of subjects with events (%)	No. of subjects censored (%)	Median (95 % CI) (months) [a]	Hazard Ratio (95 % CI) [b]	Unstratified log-rank p-value [c]	P-value [d]	
Pooled Age Group 2											0.1802	
<60	159	20 (12.6)	139 (87.4)	NE (NE, NE)	160	23 (14.4)	137 (85.6)	NE (NE, NE)	0.803 (0.440, 1.465)	0.4746		
≥60 - <65	37	8 (21.6)	29 (78.4)	NE (26.7, NE)	43	5 (11.6)	38 (88.4)	NE (14.9, NE)	1.729 (0.563, 5.315)	0.3347		
≥65	69	10 (14.5)	59 (85.5)	NE (NE, NE)	65	19 (29.2)	46 (70.8)	NE (9.7, NE)	0.492 (0.229, 1.058)	0.0639		

N: number of subjects in analysis set; n: number of subjects in subgroup category; %: proportion of number of subjects in n; CI: confidence interval; NE: not estimable. PT: Preferred Term, SOC: System Organ Class.

[a] Median time to first event is from Kaplan-Meier estimate. Confidence Interval for median was computed using the Brookmeyer-Crowley method.

[b] Hazard ratio is from unstratified Cox proportional hazards model with treatment as the only categorical variable in the model. Confidence limits are based on the Wald test.

[c] Two-sided p-value from unstratified log-rank test.

[d] Two-sided interaction p-value is for the interaction term from unstratified Cox proportional hazards model with treatment, subgroup, and treatment-by-subgroup interaction as categorical variables in the model. The p-value is based on the Wald test.

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SOC: Cardiac disorders; PT: Any PT

		Quizartinib (N=265)				Placebo (N=268)				Quizartinib vs Placebo		Interaction
Subgroup	n	No. of subjects with events (%)	No. of subjects censored (%)	Median (95 % CI) (months) [a]	n	No. of subjects with events (%)	No. of subjects censored (%)	Median (95 % CI) (months) [a]	Hazard Ratio (95 % CI) [b]	Unstratified log-rank p-value [c]	P-value [d]	
Sex											0.4096	
Male	124	16 (12.9)	108 (87.1)	NE (NE, NE)	120	23 (19.2)	97 (80.8)	NE (NE, NE)	0.621 (0.328, 1.177)	0.1403		
Female	141	22 (15.6)	119 (84.4)	NE (NE, NE)	148	24 (16.2)	124 (83.8)	NE (NE, NE)	0.920 (0.515, 1.641)	0.7772		

N: number of subjects in analysis set; n: number of subjects in subgroup category; %: proportion of number of subjects in n; CI: confidence interval; NE: not estimable. PT: Preferred Term, SOC: System Organ Class.

[a] Median time to first event is from Kaplan-Meier estimate. Confidence Interval for median was computed using the Brookmeyer-Crowley method.

[b] Hazard ratio is from unstratified Cox proportional hazards model with treatment as the only categorical variable in the model. Confidence limits are based on the Wald test.

[c] Two-sided p-value from unstratified log-rank test.

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SOC: Cardiac disorders; PT: Any PT

		Quizartinib (N=265)				Placebo (N=268)				Quizartinib vs Placebo		Interaction
Subgroup	n	No. of subjects with events (%)	No. of subjects censored (%)	Median (95 % CI) (months) [a]	n	No. of subjects with events (%)	No. of subjects censored (%)	Median (95 % CI) (months) [a]	Hazard Ratio (95 % CI) [b]	Unstratified log-rank p-value [c]	P-value [d]	
Race by 2 categories											0.9879	
White	157	22 (14.0)	135 (86.0)	NE (NE, NE)	161	28 (17.4)	133 (82.6)	NE (NE, NE)	0.754 (0.431, 1.320)	0.3205		
Non-white	108	16 (14.8)	92 (85.2)	NE (NE, NE)	107	19 (17.8)	88 (82.2)	NE (NE, NE)	0.782 (0.402, 1.521)	0.4679		

N: number of subjects in analysis set; n: number of subjects in subgroup category; %: proportion of number of subjects in n; CI: confidence interval; NE: not estimable. PT: Preferred Term, SOC: System Organ Class.

[a] Median time to first event is from Kaplan-Meier estimate. Confidence Interval for median was computed using the Brookmeyer-Crowley method.

[b] Hazard ratio is from unstratified Cox proportional hazards model with treatment as the only categorical variable in the model. Confidence limits are based on the Wald test.

[c] Two-sided p-value from unstratified log-rank test.

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SOC: Cardiac disorders; PT: Any PT

		Quizartinib (N=265)				Placebo (N=268)				Quizartinib vs Placebo		Interaction
Subgroup	n	No. of subjects with events (%)	No. of subjects censored (%)	Median (95 % CI) (months) [a]	n	No. of subjects with events (%)	No. of subjects censored (%)	Median (95 % CI) (months) [a]	Hazard Ratio (95 % CI) [b]	Unstratified log-rank p-value [c]	P-value [d]	
Geographic Region 1											0.3815	
North America	16	6 (37.5)	10 (62.5)	NE (1.2, NE)	18	8 (44.4)	10 (55.6)	7.0 (0.7, NE)	0.874 (0.302, 2.526)	0.8074		
Europe	161	25 (15.5)	136 (84.5)	NE (NE, NE)	161	25 (15.5)	136 (84.5)	NE (NE, NE)	0.930 (0.533, 1.621)	0.7960		
Asia/Other Regions	88	7 (8.0)	81 (92.0)	NE (NE, NE)	89	14 (15.7)	75 (84.3)	NE (NE, NE)	0.461 (0.186, 1.144)	0.0868		

N: number of subjects in analysis set; n: number of subjects in subgroup category; %: proportion of number of subjects in n; CI: confidence interval; NE: not estimable. PT: Preferred Term, SOC: System Organ Class.

[a] Median time to first event is from Kaplan-Meier estimate. Confidence Interval for median was computed using the Brookmeyer-Crowley method.

[b] Hazard ratio is from unstratified Cox proportional hazards model with treatment as the only categorical variable in the model. Confidence limits are based on the Wald test.

[c] Two-sided p-value from unstratified log-rank test.

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SOC: Cardiac disorders; PT: Any PT

		Quizartinib (N=265)				Placebo (N=268)				Quizartinib vs Placebo		Interaction
Subgroup	n	No. of subjects with events (%)	No. of subjects censored (%)	Median (95 % CI) (months) [a]	n	No. of subjects with events (%)	No. of subjects censored (%)	Median (95 % CI) (months) [a]	Hazard Ratio (95 % CI) [b]	Unstratified log-rank p-value [c]	P-value [d]	
WBC at initial diagnosis											0.6924	
< 40x10 ⁹ /L	132	16 (12.1)	116 (87.9)	NE (NE, NE)	133	23 (17.3)	110 (82.7)	NE (NE, NE)	0.690 (0.364, 1.306)	0.2516		
≥ 40x10 ⁹ /L	133	22 (16.5)	111 (83.5)	NE (NE, NE)	135	24 (17.8)	111 (82.2)	NE (NE, NE)	0.823 (0.460, 1.472)	0.5117		

N: number of subjects in analysis set; n: number of subjects in subgroup category; %: proportion of number of subjects in n; CI: confidence interval; NE: not estimable. PT: Preferred Term, SOC: System Organ Class.

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[b] Hazard ratio is from unstratified Cox proportional hazards model with treatment as the only categorical variable in the model. Confidence limits are based on the Wald test.

[c] Two-sided p-value from unstratified log-rank test.

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SOC: Cardiac disorders; PT: Any PT

		Quizartinib (N=265)					Placebo (N=268)					Quizartinib vs Placebo		Interaction
Subgroup	n	No. of subjects with events (%)	No. of subjects censored (%)	Median (95 % CI) (months) [a]	n	No. of subjects with events (%)	No. of subjects censored (%)	Median (95 % CI) (months) [a]	CI	Hazard Ratio (95 % CI) [b]	Unstratified log-rank p-value [c]	P-value [d]		
Choice of Anthracycline												0.2668		
Daunorubicin	123	21 (17.1)	102 (82.9)	NE (NE, NE)	94	15 (16.0)	79 (84.0)	NE (NE, NE)	(28.6, 1.022 (0.526, 1.984)	0.9492				
Idarubicin	142	17 (12.0)	125 (88.0)	NE (NE, NE)	171	31 (18.1)	140 (81.9)	NE (NE, NE)	(0.606 (0.335, 1.096)	0.0938				

N: number of subjects in analysis set; n: number of subjects in subgroup category; %: proportion of number of subjects in n; CI: confidence interval; NE: not estimable. PT: Preferred Term, SOC: System Organ Class.

[a] Median time to first event is from Kaplan-Meier estimate. Confidence Interval for median was computed using the Brookmeyer-Crowley method.

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[c] Two-sided p-value from unstratified log-rank test.

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SOC: Cardiac disorders; PT: Any PT

		Quizartinib (N=265)				Placebo (N=268)				Quizartinib vs Placebo		Interaction
Subgroup	n	No. of subjects with events (%)	No. of subjects censored (%)	Median (95 % CI) (months) [a]	n	No. of subjects with events (%)	No. of subjects censored (%)	Median (95 % CI) (months) [a]	Hazard Ratio (95 % CI) [b]	Unstratified log-rank p-value [c]	P-value [d]	
AML Cytogenetic Risk Score											0.6726	
Favorable	13	2 (15.4)	11 (84.6)	NE (1.8, NE)	19	5 (26.3)	14 (73.7)	NE (7.0, NE)	0.686 (0.132, 3.561)	0.6521		
Intermediate	195	29 (14.9)	166 (85.1)	NE (NE, NE)	190	30 (15.8)	160 (84.2)	NE (NE, NE)	0.876 (0.525, 1.460)	0.6122		
Unfavorable	19	4 (21.1)	15 (78.9)	NE (1.8, NE)	27	6 (22.2)	21 (77.8)	NE (3.3, NE)	1.106 (0.311, 3.932)	0.8759		
Unknown	38	3 (7.9)	35 (92.1)	NE (NE, NE)	31	6 (19.4)	25 (80.6)	NE (NE, NE)	0.411 (0.103, 1.644)	0.1954		

N: number of subjects in analysis set; n: number of subjects in subgroup category; %: proportion of number of subjects in n; CI: confidence interval; NE: not estimable. PT: Preferred Term, SOC: System Organ Class.

[a] Median time to first event is from Kaplan-Meier estimate. Confidence Interval for median was computed using the Brookmeyer-Crowley method.

[b] Hazard ratio is from unstratified Cox proportional hazards model with treatment as the only categorical variable in the model. Confidence limits are based on the Wald test.

[c] Two-sided p-value from unstratified log-rank test.

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SOC: Cardiac disorders; PT: Any PT

		Quizartinib (N=265)					Placebo (N=268)					Quizartinib vs Placebo		Interaction
Subgroup	n	No. of subjects with events (%)	No. of subjects censored (%)	Median (95 % CI) (months) [a]	n	No. of subjects with events (%)	No. of subjects censored (%)	Median (95 % CI) (months) [a]	n	Hazard Ratio (95 % CI) [b]	Unstratified log-rank p-value [c]	P-value [d]		
ECOG Performance Status at Baseline												0.9292		
0 - Fully Active	87	9 (10.3)	78 (89.7)	NE (NE, NE)	97	14 (14.4)	83 (85.6)	NE (NE, NE)	97	0.682 (0.295, 1.577)	0.3673			
1 - Restricted in Physically Strenuous Activity	133	21 (15.8)	112 (84.2)	NE (NE, NE)	134	26 (19.4)	108 (80.6)	NE (NE, NE)	134	0.762 (0.429, 1.355)	0.3535			
2 - Ambulatory and Capable of All Selfcare	45	8 (17.8)	37 (82.2)	NE (25.1, NE)	36	7 (19.4)	29 (80.6)	NE (9.7, NE)	36	0.847 (0.303, 2.363)	0.7504			

N: number of subjects in analysis set; n: number of subjects in subgroup category; %: proportion of number of subjects in n; CI: confidence interval; NE: not estimable. PT: Preferred Term, SOC: System Organ Class.

[a] Median time to first event is from Kaplan-Meier estimate. Confidence Interval for median was computed using the Brookmeyer-Crowley method.

[b] Hazard ratio is from unstratified Cox proportional hazards model with treatment as the only categorical variable in the model. Confidence limits are based on the Wald test.

[c] Two-sided p-value from unstratified log-rank test.

[d] Two-sided interaction p-value is for the interaction term from unstratified Cox proportional hazards model with treatment, subgroup, and treatment-by-subgroup interaction as categorical variables in the model. The p-value is based on the Wald test.

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Medizinischer Nutzen, medizinischer Zusatznutzen, Patientengruppen mit therap. bedeutsamem Zusatznutzen

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SOC: Cardiac disorders; PT: Any PT

		Quizartinib (N=265)				Placebo (N=268)				Quizartinib vs Placebo		Interaction
Subgroup	n	No. of subjects with events (%)	No. of subjects censored (%)	Median (95 % CI) (months) [a]	n	No. of subjects with events (%)	No. of subjects censored (%)	Median (95 % CI) (months) [a]	Hazard Ratio (95 % CI) [b]	Unstratified log-rank p-value [c]	P-value [d]	
FLT3-ITD category at Baseline											0.8519	
≥3 to ≤25%	94	11 (11.7)	83 (88.3)	NE (NE, NE)	98	17 (17.3)	81 (82.7)	NE (NE, NE)	0.656 (0.307, 1.402)	0.2736		
>25% to ≤50%	141	23 (16.3)	118 (83.7)	NE (NE, NE)	136	26 (19.1)	110 (80.9)	NE (NE, NE)	0.807 (0.460, 1.416)	0.4538		
>50%	29	4 (13.8)	25 (86.2)	NE (NE, NE)	34	4 (11.8)	30 (88.2)	NE (5.3, NE)	1.031 (0.257, 4.135)	0.9656		

N: number of subjects in analysis set; n: number of subjects in subgroup category; %: proportion of number of subjects in n; CI: confidence interval; NE: not estimable. PT: Preferred Term, SOC: System Organ Class.

[a] Median time to first event is from Kaplan-Meier estimate. Confidence Interval for median was computed using the Brookmeyer-Crowley method.

[b] Hazard ratio is from unstratified Cox proportional hazards model with treatment as the only categorical variable in the model. Confidence limits are based on the Wald test.

[c] Two-sided p-value from unstratified log-rank test.

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SOC: Cardiac disorders; PT: Any PT

		Quizartinib (N=265)				Placebo (N=268)				Quizartinib vs Placebo		Interaction
Subgroup	n	No. of subjects with events (%)	No. of subjects censored (%)	Median (95 % CI) (months) [a]	n	No. of subjects with events (%)	No. of subjects censored (%)	Median (95 % CI) (months) [a]	Hazard Ratio (95 % CI) [b]	Unstratified log-rank p-value [c]	P-value [d]	
AML with Mutated NPM1											0.7017	
Yes	139	20 (14.4)	119 (85.6)	NE (NE, NE)	137	23 (16.8)	114 (83.2)	NE (NE, NE)	0.811 (0.445, 1.479)	0.4939		
No	116	17 (14.7)	99 (85.3)	NE (NE, NE)	120	23 (19.2)	97 (80.8)	NE (NE, NE)	0.696 (0.372, 1.305)	0.2560		

N: number of subjects in analysis set; n: number of subjects in subgroup category; %: proportion of number of subjects in n; CI: confidence interval; NE: not estimable. PT: Preferred Term, SOC: System Organ Class.

[a] Median time to first event is from Kaplan-Meier estimate. Confidence Interval for median was computed using the Brookmeyer-Crowley method.

[b] Hazard ratio is from unstratified Cox proportional hazards model with treatment as the only categorical variable in the model. Confidence limits are based on the Wald test.

[c] Two-sided p-value from unstratified log-rank test.

[d] Two-sided interaction p-value is for the interaction term from unstratified Cox proportional hazards model with treatment, subgroup, and treatment-by-subgroup interaction as categorical variables in the model. The p-value is based on the Wald test.

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SOC: Cardiac disorders; PT: Any PT

		Quizartinib (N=265)				Placebo (N=268)				Quizartinib vs Placebo		Interaction
Subgroup	n	No. of subjects with events (%)	No. of subjects censored (%)	Median (95 % CI) (months) [a]	n	No. of subjects with events (%)	No. of subjects censored (%)	Median (95 % CI) (months) [a]	Hazard Ratio (95 % CI) [b]	Unstratified log-rank p-value [c]	P-value [d]	
Age by 2 categories											0.6342	
≤60	164	22 (13.4)	142 (86.6)	NE (NE, NE)	163	23 (14.1)	140 (85.9)	NE (NE, NE)	0.863 (0.480, 1.552)	0.6239		
>60	101	16 (15.8)	85 (84.2)	NE (NE, NE)	105	24 (22.9)	81 (77.1)	NE (14.9, NE)	0.683 (0.363, 1.286)	0.2341		

N: number of subjects in analysis set; n: number of subjects in subgroup category; %: proportion of number of subjects in n; CI: confidence interval; NE: not estimable. PT: Preferred Term, SOC: System Organ Class.

[a] Median time to first event is from Kaplan-Meier estimate. Confidence Interval for median was computed using the Brookmeyer-Crowley method.

[b] Hazard ratio is from unstratified Cox proportional hazards model with treatment as the only categorical variable in the model. Confidence limits are based on the Wald test.

[c] Two-sided p-value from unstratified log-rank test.

[d] Two-sided interaction p-value is for the interaction term from unstratified Cox proportional hazards model with treatment, subgroup, and treatment-by-subgroup interaction as categorical variables in the model. The p-value is based on the Wald test.

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SOC: Cardiac disorders; PT: Sinus tachycardia

Subgroup	n	Quizartinib (N=265)				Placebo (N=268)				Quizartinib vs Placebo		Interaction
		No. of subjects with events (%)	No. of subjects censored (%)	Median (95 % CI) (months) [a]	n	No. of subjects with events (%)	No. of subjects censored (%)	Median (95 % CI) (months) [a]	n	Hazard Ratio (95 % CI) [b]	Unstratified log-rank p-value [c]	P-value [d]
Pooled Age Group 2											0.5632	
<60	159	5 (3.1)	154 (96.9)	NE (NE, NE)	160	6 (3.8)	154 (96.3)	NE (NE, NE)	160	0.810 (0.247, 2.657)	0.7269	
≥60 - <65	37	2 (5.4)	35 (94.6)	NE (NE, NE)	43	1 (2.3)	42 (97.7)	NE (NE, NE)	43	1.793 (0.161, 19.971)	0.6302	
≥65	69	4 (5.8)	65 (94.2)	NE (NE, NE)	65	2 (3.1)	63 (96.9)	NE (NE, NE)	65	2.020 (0.370, 11.030)	0.4089	

N: number of subjects in analysis set; n: number of subjects in subgroup category; %: proportion of number of subjects in n; CI: confidence interval; NE: not estimable. PT: Preferred Term, SOC: System Organ Class.

[a] Median time to first event is from Kaplan-Meier estimate. Confidence Interval for median was computed using the Brookmeyer-Crowley method.

[b] Hazard ratio is from unstratified Cox proportional hazards model with treatment as the only categorical variable in the model. Confidence limits are based on the Wald test.

[c] Two-sided p-value from unstratified log-rank test.

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SOC: Cardiac disorders; PT: Sinus tachycardia

Subgroup	n	Quizartinib (N=265)				Placebo (N=268)				Quizartinib vs Placebo		Interaction
		No. of subjects with events (%)	No. of subjects censored (%)	Median (95 % CI) (months) [a]	n	No. of subjects with events (%)	No. of subjects censored (%)	Median (95 % CI) (months) [a]	n	Hazard Ratio (95 % CI) [b]	Unstratified log-rank p-value [c]	P-value [d]
Sex												0.0365
Male	124	7 (5.6)	117 (94.4)	NE (NE, NE)	120	1 (0.8)	119 (99.2)	NE (NE, NE)	120	6.285 (0.771, 51.206)	0.0492	
Female	141	4 (2.8)	137 (97.2)	NE (NE, NE)	148	8 (5.4)	140 (94.6)	NE (NE, NE)	148	0.508 (0.153, 1.690)	0.2605	

N: number of subjects in analysis set; n: number of subjects in subgroup category; %: proportion of number of subjects in n; CI: confidence interval; NE: not estimable. PT: Preferred Term, SOC: System Organ Class.

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SOC: Cardiac disorders; PT: Sinus tachycardia

		Quizartinib (N=265)				Placebo (N=268)				Quizartinib vs Placebo		Interaction
Subgroup	n	No. of subjects with events (%)	No. of subjects censored (%)	Median (95 % CI) (months) [a]	n	No. of subjects with events (%)	No. of subjects censored (%)	Median (95 % CI) (months) [a]	Hazard Ratio (95 % CI) [b]	Unstratified log-rank p-value [c]	P-value [d]	
Race by 2 categories											0.7814	
White	157	9 (5.7)	148 (94.3)	NE (NE, NE)	161	7 (4.3)	154 (95.7)	NE (NE, NE)	1.242 (0.461, 3.343)	0.6678		
Non-white	108	2 (1.9)	106 (98.1)	NE (NE, NE)	107	2 (1.9)	105 (98.1)	NE (NE, NE)	0.985 (0.139, 6.992)	0.9878		

N: number of subjects in analysis set; n: number of subjects in subgroup category; %: proportion of number of subjects in n; CI: confidence interval; NE: not estimable. PT: Preferred Term, SOC: System Organ Class.

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Subgroup	n	No. of subjects with events (%)	No. of subjects censored (%)	Median (95 % CI) (months) [a]	n	No. of subjects with events (%)	No. of subjects censored (%)	Median (95 % CI) (months) [a]		Hazard Ratio (95 % CI) [b]	Unstratified log-rank p-value [c]	P-value [d]		
Geographic Region 1												0.1832		
North America	16	2 (12.5)	14 (87.5)	NE (NE, NE)	18	5 (27.8)	13 (72.2)	10.1 (7.0, NE)		0.523 (0.101, 2.716)	0.4327			
Europe	161	9 (5.6)	152 (94.4)	NE (NE, NE)	161	2 (1.2)	159 (98.8)	NE (NE, NE)		4.385 (0.946, 20.322)	0.0390			
Asia/Other Regions	88	0	88 (100)	NE (NE, NE)	89	2 (2.2)	87 (97.8)	NE (NE, NE)		0.000 (0.000, NE)	0.1364			

N: number of subjects in analysis set; n: number of subjects in subgroup category; %: proportion of number of subjects in n; CI: confidence interval; NE: not estimable. PT: Preferred Term, SOC: System Organ Class.

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Subgroup	n	No. of subjects with events (%)	No. of subjects censored (%)	Median (95 % CI) (months) [a]	n	No. of subjects with events (%)	No. of subjects censored (%)	Median (95 % CI) (months) [a]	Hazard Ratio (95 % CI) [b]	Unstratified log-rank p-value [c]	P-value [d]	
WBC at initial diagnosis											0.7591	
< 40x10 ⁹ /L	132	5 (3.8)	127 (96.2)	NE (NE, NE)	133	5 (3.8)	128 (96.2)	NE (NE, NE)	1.010 (0.292, 3.493)	0.9875		
≥ 40x10 ⁹ /L	133	6 (4.5)	127 (95.5)	NE (NE, NE)	135	4 (3.0)	131 (97.0)	NE (NE, NE)	1.437 (0.404, 5.108)	0.5740		

N: number of subjects in analysis set; n: number of subjects in subgroup category; %: proportion of number of subjects in n; CI: confidence interval; NE: not estimable. PT: Preferred Term, SOC: System Organ Class.

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SOC: Cardiac disorders; PT: Sinus tachycardia

		Quizartinib (N=265)				Placebo (N=268)				Quizartinib vs Placebo		Interaction
Subgroup	n	No. of subjects with events (%)	No. of subjects censored (%)	Median (95 % CI) (months) [a]	n	No. of subjects with events (%)	No. of subjects censored (%)	Median (95 % CI) (months) [a]	Hazard Ratio (95 % CI) [b]	Unstratified log-rank p-value [c]	P-value [d]	
Choice of Anthracycline											0.3360	
Daunorubicin	123	6 (4.9)	117 (95.1)	NE (NE, NE)	94	2 (2.1)	92 (97.9)	NE (NE, NE)	2.214 (0.446, 11.003)	0.3189		
Idarubicin	142	5 (3.5)	137 (96.5)	NE (NE, NE)	171	7 (4.1)	164 (95.9)	NE (NE, NE)	0.805 (0.255, 2.541)	0.7104		

N: number of subjects in analysis set; n: number of subjects in subgroup category; %: proportion of number of subjects in n; CI: confidence interval; NE: not estimable. PT: Preferred Term, SOC: System Organ Class.

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[c] Two-sided p-value from unstratified log-rank test.

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SOC: Cardiac disorders; PT: Sinus tachycardia

		Quizartinib (N=265)					Placebo (N=268)					Quizartinib vs Placebo		Interaction
Subgroup	n	No. of subjects with events (%)	No. of subjects censored (%)	Median (95 % CI) (months) [a]	n	No. of subjects with events (%)	No. of subjects censored (%)	Median (95 % CI) (months) [a]	CI	Hazard Ratio (95 % CI) [b]	Unstratified log-rank p-value [c]	P-value [d]		
AML Cytogenetic Risk Score												0.8384		
Favorable	13	2 (15.4)	11 (84.6)	NE (1.8, NE)	19	3 (15.8)	16 (84.2)	NE (10.1, NE)		1.186 (0.197, 7.143)	0.8524			
Intermediate	195	7 (3.6)	188 (96.4)	NE (NE, NE)	190	3 (1.6)	187 (98.4)	NE (NE, NE)		2.116 (0.546, 8.200)	0.2670			
Unfavorable	19	1 (5.3)	18 (94.7)	NE (NE, NE)	27	2 (7.4)	25 (92.6)	NE (NE, NE)		0.696 (0.063, 7.691)	0.7665			
Unknown	38	1 (2.6)	37 (97.4)	NE (NE, NE)	31	1 (3.2)	30 (96.8)	NE (NE, NE)		0.937 (0.059, 15.008)	0.9636			

N: number of subjects in analysis set; n: number of subjects in subgroup category; %: proportion of number of subjects in n; CI: confidence interval; NE: not estimable. PT: Preferred Term, SOC: System Organ Class.

[a] Median time to first event is from Kaplan-Meier estimate. Confidence Interval for median was computed using the Brookmeyer-Crowley method.

[b] Hazard ratio is from unstratified Cox proportional hazards model with treatment as the only categorical variable in the model. Confidence limits are based on the Wald test.

[c] Two-sided p-value from unstratified log-rank test.

[d] Two-sided interaction p-value is for the interaction term from unstratified Cox proportional hazards model with treatment, subgroup, and treatment-by-subgroup interaction as categorical variables in the model. The p-value is based on the Wald test.

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Medizinischer Nutzen, medizinischer Zusatznutzen, Patientengruppen mit therap. bedeutsamem Zusatznutzen

Daichi Sankyo | Data Intelligence – Evidence Generation | Final | AC220-A-U302 QUANTUM-First (DCO 13 Aug 2021) | Statistical analyses for AMNOG (HTA Germany)
 Table 3.11.2 Treatment-emergent adverse events by system organ class (SOC) and preferred term (PT) observed for ≥ 10 patients in at least one arm and ≥ 1% of the patients in at least one arm - Time-to-event analysis - subgroup analysis - DCO 13-Aug-2021 - Safety Analysis Set

SOC: Cardiac disorders; PT: Sinus tachycardia

		Quizartinib (N=265)					Placebo (N=268)					Quizartinib vs Placebo		Interaction
Subgroup	n	No. of subjects with events (%)	No. of subjects censored (%)	Median (95 % CI) (months) [a]	n	No. of subjects with events (%)	No. of subjects censored (%)	Median (95 % CI) (months) [a]	n	Hazard Ratio (95 % CI) [b]	Unstratified log-rank p-value [c]	P-value [d]		
ECOG Performance Status at Baseline												0.9799		
0 - Fully Active	87	3 (3.4)	84 (96.6)	NE (NE, NE)	97	2 (2.1)	95 (97.9)	NE (NE, NE)	97	1.660 (0.277, 9.934)	0.5743			
1 - Restricted in Physically Strenuous Activity	133	8 (6.0)	125 (94.0)	NE (NE, NE)	134	6 (4.5)	128 (95.5)	NE (NE, NE)	134	1.255 (0.435, 3.626)	0.6746			
2 - Ambulatory and Capable of All Selfcare	45	0	45 (100)	NE (NE, NE)	36	1 (2.8)	35 (97.2)	NE (NE, NE)	36	0.000 (0.000, NE)	0.3066			

N: number of subjects in analysis set; n: number of subjects in subgroup category; %: proportion of number of subjects in n; CI: confidence interval; NE: not estimable. PT: Preferred Term, SOC: System Organ Class.

[a] Median time to first event is from Kaplan-Meier estimate. Confidence Interval for median was computed using the Brookmeyer-Crowley method.

[b] Hazard ratio is from unstratified Cox proportional hazards model with treatment as the only categorical variable in the model. Confidence limits are based on the Wald test.

[c] Two-sided p-value from unstratified log-rank test.

[d] Two-sided interaction p-value is for the interaction term from unstratified Cox proportional hazards model with treatment, subgroup, and treatment-by-subgroup interaction as categorical variables in the model. The p-value is based on the Wald test.

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SOC: Cardiac disorders; PT: Sinus tachycardia

Subgroup	n	Quizartinib (N=265)				Placebo (N=268)				Quizartinib vs Placebo		Interaction
		No. of subjects with events (%)	No. of subjects censored (%)	Median (95 % CI) (months) [a]	n	No. of subjects with events (%)	No. of subjects censored (%)	Median (95 % CI) (months) [a]	n	Hazard Ratio (95 % CI) [b]	Unstratified log-rank p-value [c]	P-value [d]
FLT3-ITD category at Baseline											0.8326	
≥3 to ≤25%	94	4 (4.3)	90 (95.7)	NE (NE, NE)	98	3 (3.1)	95 (96.9)	NE (NE, NE)	98	1.424 (0.318, 6.369)	0.6418	
>25% to ≤50%	141	5 (3.5)	136 (96.5)	NE (NE, NE)	136	5 (3.7)	131 (96.3)	NE (NE, NE)	136	0.890 (0.257, 3.088)	0.8550	
>50%	29	2 (6.9)	27 (93.1)	NE (NE, NE)	34	1 (2.9)	33 (97.1)	NE (NE, NE)	34	2.149 (0.194, 23.780)	0.5226	

N: number of subjects in analysis set; n: number of subjects in subgroup category; %: proportion of number of subjects in n; CI: confidence interval; NE: not estimable. PT: Preferred Term, SOC: System Organ Class.

[a] Median time to first event is from Kaplan-Meier estimate. Confidence Interval for median was computed using the Brookmeyer-Crowley method.

[b] Hazard ratio is from unstratified Cox proportional hazards model with treatment as the only categorical variable in the model. Confidence limits are based on the Wald test.

[c] Two-sided p-value from unstratified log-rank test.

[d] Two-sided interaction p-value is for the interaction term from unstratified Cox proportional hazards model with treatment, subgroup, and treatment-by-subgroup interaction as categorical variables in the model. The p-value is based on the Wald test.

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SOC: Cardiac disorders; PT: Sinus tachycardia

		Quizartinib (N=265)				Placebo (N=268)				Quizartinib vs Placebo		Interaction
Subgroup	n	No. of subjects with events (%)	No. of subjects censored (%)	Median (95 % CI) (months) [a]	n	No. of subjects with events (%)	No. of subjects censored (%)	Median (95 % CI) (months) [a]	Hazard Ratio (95 % CI) [b]	Unstratified log-rank p-value [c]	P-value [d]	
AML with Mutated NPM1											0.6551	
Yes	139	5 (3.6)	134 (96.4)	NE (NE, NE)	137	5 (3.6)	132 (96.4)	NE (NE, NE)	0.947 (0.273, 3.278)	0.9309		
No	116	6 (5.2)	110 (94.8)	NE (NE, NE)	120	4 (3.3)	116 (96.7)	NE (NE, NE)	1.446 (0.408, 5.131)	0.5656		

N: number of subjects in analysis set; n: number of subjects in subgroup category; %: proportion of number of subjects in n; CI: confidence interval; NE: not estimable. PT: Preferred Term, SOC: System Organ Class.

[a] Median time to first event is from Kaplan-Meier estimate. Confidence Interval for median was computed using the Brookmeyer-Crowley method.

[b] Hazard ratio is from unstratified Cox proportional hazards model with treatment as the only categorical variable in the model. Confidence limits are based on the Wald test.

[c] Two-sided p-value from unstratified log-rank test.

[d] Two-sided interaction p-value is for the interaction term from unstratified Cox proportional hazards model with treatment, subgroup, and treatment-by-subgroup interaction as categorical variables in the model. The p-value is based on the Wald test.

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SOC: Cardiac disorders; PT: Sinus tachycardia

Subgroup	n	Quizartinib (N=265)				Placebo (N=268)				Quizartinib vs Placebo		Interaction
		No. of subjects with events (%)	No. of subjects censored (%)	Median (95 % CI) (months) [a]	n	No. of subjects with events (%)	No. of subjects censored (%)	Median (95 % CI) (months) [a]	n	Hazard Ratio (95 % CI) [b]	Unstratified log-rank p-value [c]	P-value [d]
Age by 2 categories											0.2636	
≤60	164	5 (3.0)	159 (97.0)	NE (NE, NE)	163	6 (3.7)	157 (96.3)	NE (NE, NE)	163	0.796 (0.243, 2.612)	0.7057	
>60	101	6 (5.9)	95 (94.1)	NE (NE, NE)	105	3 (2.9)	102 (97.1)	NE (NE, NE)	105	2.043 (0.510, 8.182)	0.3031	

N: number of subjects in analysis set; n: number of subjects in subgroup category; %: proportion of number of subjects in n; CI: confidence interval; NE: not estimable. PT: Preferred Term, SOC: System Organ Class.

[a] Median time to first event is from Kaplan-Meier estimate. Confidence Interval for median was computed using the Brookmeyer-Crowley method.

[b] Hazard ratio is from unstratified Cox proportional hazards model with treatment as the only categorical variable in the model. Confidence limits are based on the Wald test.

[c] Two-sided p-value from unstratified log-rank test.

[d] Two-sided interaction p-value is for the interaction term from unstratified Cox proportional hazards model with treatment, subgroup, and treatment-by-subgroup interaction as categorical variables in the model. The p-value is based on the Wald test.

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SOC: Cardiac disorders; PT: Atrial fibrillation

		Quizartinib (N=265)				Placebo (N=268)				Quizartinib vs Placebo		Interaction
Subgroup	n	No. of subjects with events (%)	No. of subjects censored (%)	Median (95 % CI) (months) [a]	n	No. of subjects with events (%)	No. of subjects censored (%)	Median (95 % CI) (months) [a]	Hazard Ratio (95 % CI) [b]	Unstratified log-rank p-value [c]	P-value [d]	
Pooled Age Group 2											0.0998	
<60	159	5 (3.1)	154 (96.9)	NE (NE, NE)	160	1 (0.6)	159 (99.4)	NE (NE, NE)	4.924 (0.575, 42.158)	0.1065		
≥60 - <65	37	2 (5.4)	35 (94.6)	NE (NE, NE)	43	2 (4.7)	41 (95.3)	NE (NE, NE)	1.186 (0.167, 8.420)	0.8644		
≥65	69	2 (2.9)	67 (97.1)	NE (NE, NE)	65	7 (10.8)	58 (89.2)	NE (NE, NE)	0.275 (0.057, 1.324)	0.0846		

N: number of subjects in analysis set; n: number of subjects in subgroup category; %: proportion of number of subjects in n; CI: confidence interval; NE: not estimable. PT: Preferred Term, SOC: System Organ Class.

[a] Median time to first event is from Kaplan-Meier estimate. Confidence Interval for median was computed using the Brookmeyer-Crowley method.

[b] Hazard ratio is from unstratified Cox proportional hazards model with treatment as the only categorical variable in the model. Confidence limits are based on the Wald test.

[c] Two-sided p-value from unstratified log-rank test.

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SOC: Cardiac disorders; PT: Atrial fibrillation

		Quizartinib (N=265)				Placebo (N=268)				Quizartinib vs Placebo		Interaction
Subgroup	n	No. of subjects with events (%)	No. of subjects censored (%)	Median (95 % CI) (months) [a]	n	No. of subjects with events (%)	No. of subjects censored (%)	Median (95 % CI) (months) [a]	Hazard Ratio (95 % CI) [b]	Unstratified log-rank p-value [c]	P-value [d]	
Sex											0.0956	
Male	124	3 (2.4)	121 (97.6)	NE (NE, NE)	120	7 (5.8)	113 (94.2)	NE (NE, NE)	0.412 (0.107, 1.595)	0.1847		
Female	141	6 (4.3)	135 (95.7)	NE (NE, NE)	148	3 (2.0)	145 (98.0)	NE (NE, NE)	2.064 (0.516, 8.255)	0.2952		

N: number of subjects in analysis set; n: number of subjects in subgroup category; %: proportion of number of subjects in n; CI: confidence interval; NE: not estimable. PT: Preferred Term, SOC: System Organ Class.

[a] Median time to first event is from Kaplan-Meier estimate. Confidence Interval for median was computed using the Brookmeyer-Crowley method.

[b] Hazard ratio is from unstratified Cox proportional hazards model with treatment as the only categorical variable in the model. Confidence limits are based on the Wald test.

[c] Two-sided p-value from unstratified log-rank test.

[d] Two-sided interaction p-value is for the interaction term from unstratified Cox proportional hazards model with treatment, subgroup, and treatment-by-subgroup interaction as categorical variables in the model. The p-value is based on the Wald test.

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SOC: Cardiac disorders; PT: Atrial fibrillation

		Quizartinib (N=265)				Placebo (N=268)				Quizartinib vs Placebo		Interaction
Subgroup	n	No. of subjects with events (%)	No. of subjects censored (%)	Median (95 % CI) (months) [a]	n	No. of subjects with events (%)	No. of subjects censored (%)	Median (95 % CI) (months) [a]	Hazard Ratio (95 % CI) [b]	Unstratified log-rank p-value [c]	P-value [d]	
Race by 2 categories											0.7242	
White	157	6 (3.8)	151 (96.2)	NE (NE, NE)	161	6 (3.7)	155 (96.3)	NE (NE, NE)	1.015 (0.327, 3.151)	0.9793		
Non-white	108	3 (2.8)	105 (97.2)	NE (NE, NE)	107	4 (3.7)	103 (96.3)	NE (NE, NE)	0.733 (0.164, 3.277)	0.6836		

N: number of subjects in analysis set; n: number of subjects in subgroup category; %: proportion of number of subjects in n; CI: confidence interval; NE: not estimable. PT: Preferred Term, SOC: System Organ Class.

[a] Median time to first event is from Kaplan-Meier estimate. Confidence Interval for median was computed using the Brookmeyer-Crowley method.

[b] Hazard ratio is from unstratified Cox proportional hazards model with treatment as the only categorical variable in the model. Confidence limits are based on the Wald test.

[c] Two-sided p-value from unstratified log-rank test.

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SOC: Cardiac disorders; PT: Atrial fibrillation

		Quizartinib (N=265)					Placebo (N=268)					Quizartinib vs Placebo		Interaction
Subgroup	n	No. of subjects with events (%)	No. of subjects censored (%)	Median (95 % CI) (months) [a]	n	No. of subjects with events (%)	No. of subjects censored (%)	Median (95 % CI) (months) [a]	Hazard Ratio (95 % CI) [b]	Unstratified log-rank p-value [c]	P-value [d]			
Geographic Region 1													0.9999	
North America	16	1 (6.3)	15 (93.8)	NE (2.2, NE)	18	0	18 (100)	NE (NE, NE)	NE (0.000, NE)	0.1824				
Europe	161	8 (5.0)	153 (95.0)	NE (NE, NE)	161	8 (5.0)	153 (95.0)	NE (NE, NE)	0.977 (0.367, 2.606)	0.9635				
Asia/Other Regions	88	0	88 (100)	NE (NE, NE)	89	2 (2.2)	87 (97.8)	NE (NE, NE)	0.000 (0.000, NE)	0.1645				

N: number of subjects in analysis set; n: number of subjects in subgroup category; %: proportion of number of subjects in n; CI: confidence interval; NE: not estimable. PT: Preferred Term, SOC: System Organ Class.

[a] Median time to first event is from Kaplan-Meier estimate. Confidence Interval for median was computed using the Brookmeyer-Crowley method.

[b] Hazard ratio is from unstratified Cox proportional hazards model with treatment as the only categorical variable in the model. Confidence limits are based on the Wald test.

[c] Two-sided p-value from unstratified log-rank test.

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SOC: Cardiac disorders; PT: Atrial fibrillation

		Quizartinib (N=265)				Placebo (N=268)				Quizartinib vs Placebo		Interaction
Subgroup	n	No. of subjects with events (%)	No. of subjects censored (%)	Median (95 % CI) (months) [a]	n	No. of subjects with events (%)	No. of subjects censored (%)	Median (95 % CI) (months) [a]	Hazard Ratio (95 % CI) [b]	Unstratified log-rank p-value [c]	P-value [d]	
WBC at initial diagnosis											0.2762	
< 40x10 ⁹ /L	132	3 (2.3)	129 (97.7)	NE (NE, NE)	133	6 (4.5)	127 (95.5)	NE (NE, NE)	0.513 (0.128, 2.052)	0.3366		
≥ 40x10 ⁹ /L	133	6 (4.5)	127 (95.5)	NE (NE, NE)	135	4 (3.0)	131 (97.0)	NE (NE, NE)	1.482 (0.418, 5.256)	0.5396		

N: number of subjects in analysis set; n: number of subjects in subgroup category; %: proportion of number of subjects in n; CI: confidence interval; NE: not estimable. PT: Preferred Term, SOC: System Organ Class.

[a] Median time to first event is from Kaplan-Meier estimate. Confidence Interval for median was computed using the Brookmeyer-Crowley method.

[b] Hazard ratio is from unstratified Cox proportional hazards model with treatment as the only categorical variable in the model. Confidence limits are based on the Wald test.

[c] Two-sided p-value from unstratified log-rank test.

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 Table 3.11.2 Treatment-emergent adverse events by system organ class (SOC) and preferred term (PT) observed for ≥ 10 patients in at least one arm and ≥ 1% of the patients in at least one arm - Time-to-event analysis - subgroup analysis - DCO 13-Aug-2021 - Safety Analysis Set

SOC: Cardiac disorders; PT: Atrial fibrillation

		Quizartinib (N=265)				Placebo (N=268)				Quizartinib vs Placebo		Interaction
Subgroup	n	No. of subjects with events (%)	No. of subjects censored (%)	Median (95 % CI) (months) [a]	n	No. of subjects with events (%)	No. of subjects censored (%)	Median (95 % CI) (months) [a]	Hazard Ratio (95 % CI) [b]	Unstratified log-rank p-value [c]	P-value [d]	
Choice of Anthracycline											0.9639	
Daunorubicin	123	5 (4.1)	118 (95.9)	NE (NE, NE)	94	4 (4.3)	90 (95.7)	NE (NE, NE)	0.931 (0.250, 3.469)	0.9157		
Idarubicin	142	4 (2.8)	138 (97.2)	NE (NE, NE)	171	5 (2.9)	166 (97.1)	NE (NE, NE)	0.960 (0.257, 3.576)	0.9509		

N: number of subjects in analysis set; n: number of subjects in subgroup category; %: proportion of number of subjects in n; CI: confidence interval; NE: not estimable. PT: Preferred Term, SOC: System Organ Class.

[a] Median time to first event is from Kaplan-Meier estimate. Confidence Interval for median was computed using the Brookmeyer-Crowley method.

[b] Hazard ratio is from unstratified Cox proportional hazards model with treatment as the only categorical variable in the model. Confidence limits are based on the Wald test.

[c] Two-sided p-value from unstratified log-rank test.

[d] Two-sided interaction p-value is for the interaction term from unstratified Cox proportional hazards model with treatment, subgroup, and treatment-by-subgroup interaction as categorical variables in the model. The p-value is based on the Wald test.

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AML Cytogenetic Risk Score												0.9733		
Favorable	13	2 (15.4)	11 (84.6)	NE (1.9, NE)	19	0	19 (100)	NE (NE, NE)	19	NE (0.000, NE)	0.0624			
Intermediate	195	5 (2.6)	190 (97.4)	NE (NE, NE)	190	6 (3.2)	184 (96.8)	NE (NE, NE)	190	0.779 (0.237, 2.556)	0.6791			
Unfavorable	19	1 (5.3)	18 (94.7)	NE (NE, NE)	27	2 (7.4)	25 (92.6)	NE (NE, NE)	27	0.757 (0.069, 8.347)	0.8192			
Unknown	38	1 (2.6)	37 (97.4)	NE (NE, NE)	31	2 (6.5)	29 (93.5)	NE (NE, NE)	31	0.406 (0.037, 4.474)	0.4461			

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SOC: Cardiac disorders; PT: Atrial fibrillation

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Subgroup	n	No. of subjects with events (%)	No. of subjects censored (%)	Median (95 % CI) (months) [a]	n	No. of subjects with events (%)	No. of subjects censored (%)	Median (95 % CI) (months) [a]	Hazard Ratio (95 % CI) [b]	Unstratified log-rank p-value [c]	P-value [d]	
ECOG Performance Status at Baseline											0.3342	
0 - Fully Active	87	4 (4.6)	83 (95.4)	NE (NE, NE)	97	2 (2.1)	95 (97.9)	NE (NE, NE)	2.222 (0.407, 12.132)	0.3438		
1 - Restricted in Physically Strenuous Activity	133	4 (3.0)	129 (97.0)	NE (NE, NE)	134	5 (3.7)	129 (96.3)	NE (NE, NE)	0.774 (0.208, 2.884)	0.7014		
2 - Ambulatory and Capable of All Selfcare	45	1 (2.2)	44 (97.8)	NE (NE, NE)	36	3 (8.3)	33 (91.7)	NE (NE, NE)	0.275 (0.029, 2.642)	0.2310		

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SOC: Cardiac disorders; PT: Atrial fibrillation

Subgroup	n	Quizartinib (N=265)				Placebo (N=268)				Quizartinib vs Placebo		Interaction
		No. of subjects with events (%)	No. of subjects censored (%)	Median (95 % CI) (months) [a]	n	No. of subjects with events (%)	No. of subjects censored (%)	Median (95 % CI) (months) [a]	n	Hazard Ratio (95 % CI) [b]	Unstratified log-rank p-value [c]	P-value [d]
FLT3-ITD category at Baseline											0.6406	
≥3 to ≤25%	94	2 (2.1)	92 (97.9)	NE (NE, NE)	98	4 (4.1)	94 (95.9)	NE (NE, NE)	98	0.528 (0.097, 2.885)	0.4538	
>25% to ≤50%	141	5 (3.5)	136 (96.5)	NE (NE, NE)	136	5 (3.7)	131 (96.3)	NE (NE, NE)	136	0.946 (0.273, 3.274)	0.9306	
>50%	29	2 (6.9)	27 (93.1)	NE (NE, NE)	34	1 (2.9)	33 (97.1)	NE (NE, NE)	34	1.859 (0.168, 20.588)	0.6077	

N: number of subjects in analysis set; n: number of subjects in subgroup category; %: proportion of number of subjects in n; CI: confidence interval; NE: not estimable. PT: Preferred Term, SOC: System Organ Class.

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SOC: Cardiac disorders; PT: Atrial fibrillation

		Quizartinib (N=265)				Placebo (N=268)				Quizartinib vs Placebo		Interaction
Subgroup	n	No. of subjects with events (%)	No. of subjects censored (%)	Median (95 % CI) (months) [a]	n	No. of subjects with events (%)	No. of subjects censored (%)	Median (95 % CI) (months) [a]	Hazard Ratio (95 % CI) [b]	Unstratified log-rank p-value [c]	P-value [d]	
AML with Mutated NPM1											0.7902	
Yes	139	5 (3.6)	134 (96.4)	NE (NE, NE)	137	5 (3.6)	132 (96.4)	NE (NE, NE)	1.000 (0.289, 3.456)	0.9997		
No	116	4 (3.4)	112 (96.6)	NE (NE, NE)	120	5 (4.2)	115 (95.8)	NE (NE, NE)	0.798 (0.214, 2.974)	0.7362		

N: number of subjects in analysis set; n: number of subjects in subgroup category; %: proportion of number of subjects in n; CI: confidence interval; NE: not estimable. PT: Preferred Term, SOC: System Organ Class.

[a] Median time to first event is from Kaplan-Meier estimate. Confidence Interval for median was computed using the Brookmeyer-Crowley method.

[b] Hazard ratio is from unstratified Cox proportional hazards model with treatment as the only categorical variable in the model. Confidence limits are based on the Wald test.

[c] Two-sided p-value from unstratified log-rank test.

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SOC: Cardiac disorders; PT: Atrial fibrillation

		Quizartinib (N=265)				Placebo (N=268)				Quizartinib vs Placebo		Interaction
Subgroup	n	No. of subjects with events (%)	No. of subjects censored (%)	Median (95 % CI) (months) [a]	n	No. of subjects with events (%)	No. of subjects censored (%)	Median (95 % CI) (months) [a]	Hazard Ratio (95 % CI) [b]	Unstratified log-rank p-value [c]	P-value [d]	
Age by 2 categories											0.0271	
≤60	164	6 (3.7)	158 (96.3)	NE (NE, NE)	163	1 (0.6)	162 (99.4)	NE (NE, NE)	5.839 (0.703, 48.494)	0.0637		
>60	101	3 (3.0)	98 (97.0)	NE (NE, NE)	105	9 (8.6)	96 (91.4)	NE (NE, NE)	0.346 (0.094, 1.279)	0.0956		

N: number of subjects in analysis set; n: number of subjects in subgroup category; %: proportion of number of subjects in n; CI: confidence interval; NE: not estimable. PT: Preferred Term, SOC: System Organ Class.

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SOC: Immune system disorders; PT: Any PT

Subgroup	n	Quizartinib (N=265)				Placebo (N=268)				Quizartinib vs Placebo		Interaction
		No. of subjects with events (%)	No. of subjects censored (%)	Median (95 % CI) (months) [a]	n	No. of subjects with events (%)	No. of subjects censored (%)	Median (95 % CI) (months) [a]	n	Hazard Ratio (95 % CI) [b]	Unstratified log-rank p-value [c]	P-value [d]
Pooled Age Group 2											0.7853	
<60	159	25 (15.7)	134 (84.3)	NE (NE, NE)	160	13 (8.1)	147 (91.9)	NE (NE, NE)	160	1.483 (0.758, 2.905)	0.2465	
≥60 - <65	37	5 (13.5)	32 (86.5)	NE (15.8, NE)	43	4 (9.3)	39 (90.7)	NE (11.9, NE)	43	1.146 (0.306, 4.284)	0.8395	
≥65	69	7 (10.1)	62 (89.9)	NE (27.4, NE)	65	7 (10.8)	58 (89.2)	NE (34.9, NE)	65	0.995 (0.349, 2.840)	0.9929	

N: number of subjects in analysis set; n: number of subjects in subgroup category; %: proportion of number of subjects in n; CI: confidence interval; NE: not estimable. PT: Preferred Term, SOC: System Organ Class.

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Sex												0.6822
Male	124	17 (13.7)	107 (86.3)	NE (NE, NE)	120	9 (7.5)	111 (92.5)	NE (34.9, NE)	120	1.514 (0.674, 3.403)	0.3116	
Female	141	20 (14.2)	121 (85.8)	NE (27.4, NE)	148	15 (10.1)	133 (89.9)	NE (NE, NE)	148	1.184 (0.606, 2.315)	0.6205	

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Race by 2 categories														0.4638
White	157	22 (14.0)	135 (86.0)	NE (NE, NE)	161	16 (9.9)	145 (90.1)	NE (NE, NE)	1.141 (0.598, 2.178)	0.6881				
Non-white	108	15 (13.9)	93 (86.1)	NE (23.9, NE)	107	8 (7.5)	99 (92.5)	NE (NE, NE)	1.654 (0.701, 3.903)	0.2461				

N: number of subjects in analysis set; n: number of subjects in subgroup category; %: proportion of number of subjects in n; CI: confidence interval; NE: not estimable. PT: Preferred Term, SOC: System Organ Class.

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Subgroup	n	No. of subjects with events (%)	No. of subjects censored (%)	Median (95 % CI) (months) [a]	n	No. of subjects with events (%)	No. of subjects censored (%)	Median (95 % CI) (months) [a]	Hazard Ratio (95 % CI) [b]	Unstratified log-rank p-value [c]	P-value [d]	
Geographic Region 1											0.2557	
North America	16	4 (25.0)	12 (75.0)	8.7 (3.0, NE)	18	3 (16.7)	15 (83.3)	NE (NE, NE)	11.326 (1.212, 105.805)	0.0089		
Europe	161	21 (13.0)	140 (87.0)	NE (NE, NE)	161	12 (7.5)	149 (92.5)	NE (NE, NE)	1.411 (0.692, 2.874)	0.3408		
Asia/Other Regions	88	12 (13.6)	76 (86.4)	NE (18.1, NE)	89	9 (10.1)	80 (89.9)	NE (NE, NE)	1.036 (0.435, 2.464)	0.9369		

N: number of subjects in analysis set; n: number of subjects in subgroup category; %: proportion of number of subjects in n; CI: confidence interval; NE: not estimable. PT: Preferred Term, SOC: System Organ Class.

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[c] Two-sided p-value from unstratified log-rank test.

[d] Two-sided interaction p-value is for the interaction term from unstratified Cox proportional hazards model with treatment, subgroup, and treatment-by-subgroup interaction as categorical variables in the model. The p-value is based on the Wald test.

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Medizinischer Nutzen, medizinischer Zusatznutzen, Patientengruppen mit therap. bedeutsamem Zusatznutzen

Daiichi Sankyo | Data Intelligence – Evidence Generation | Final | AC220-A-U302 QUANTUM-First (DCO 13 Aug 2021) | Statistical analyses for AMNOG (HTA Germany)
 Table 3.11.2 Treatment-emergent adverse events by system organ class (SOC) and preferred term (PT) observed for ≥ 10 patients in at least one arm and ≥ 1% of the patients in at least one arm - Time-to-event analysis - subgroup analysis - DCO 13-Aug-2021 - Safety Analysis Set

SOC: Immune system disorders; PT: Any PT

Subgroup	n	Quizartinib (N=265)				Placebo (N=268)				Quizartinib vs Placebo		Interaction
		No. of subjects with events (%)	No. of subjects censored (%)	Median (95 % CI) [a]	n	No. of subjects with events (%)	No. of subjects censored (%)	Median (95 % CI) [a]	n	Hazard Ratio (95 % CI) [b]	Unstratified log-rank p-value [c]	P-value [d]
WBC at initial diagnosis											0.8176	
< 40x10 ⁹ /L	132	18 (13.6)	114 (86.4)	NE (NE, NE)	133	13 (9.8)	120 (90.2)	NE (NE, NE)		1.383 (0.677, 2.826)	0.3709	
≥ 40x10 ⁹ /L	133	19 (14.3)	114 (85.7)	NE (NE, NE)	135	11 (8.1)	124 (91.9)	NE (34.9, NE)		1.245 (0.591, 2.626)	0.5634	

N: number of subjects in analysis set; n: number of subjects in subgroup category; %: proportion of number of subjects in n; CI: confidence interval; NE: not estimable. PT: Preferred Term, SOC: System Organ Class.

[a] Median time to first event is from Kaplan-Meier estimate. Confidence Interval for median was computed using the Brookmeyer-Crowley method.

[b] Hazard ratio is from unstratified Cox proportional hazards model with treatment as the only categorical variable in the model. Confidence limits are based on the Wald test.

[c] Two-sided p-value from unstratified log-rank test.

[d] Two-sided interaction p-value is for the interaction term from unstratified Cox proportional hazards model with treatment, subgroup, and treatment-by-subgroup interaction as categorical variables in the model. The p-value is based on the Wald test.

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SOC: Immune system disorders; PT: Any PT

		Quizartinib (N=265)					Placebo (N=268)					Quizartinib vs Placebo		Interaction
Subgroup	n	No. of subjects with events (%)	No. of subjects censored (%)	Median (95 % CI) (months) [a]	n	No. of subjects with events (%)	No. of subjects censored (%)	Median (95 % CI) (months) [a]	Hazard Ratio (95 % CI) [b]	Unstratified log-rank p-value [c]	p-	P-value [d]		
Choice of Anthracycline														0.6792
Daunorubicin	123	19 (15.4)	104 (84.6)	NE (NE, NE)	20.2, 94	8 (8.5)	86 (91.5)	NE (NE, NE)	1.364 (0.595, 3.123)	0.4614				
Idarubicin	142	18 (12.7)	124 (87.3)	NE (NE, NE)	171	16 (9.4)	155 (90.6)	NE (NE, NE)	1.148 (0.585, 2.254)	0.6872				

N: number of subjects in analysis set; n: number of subjects in subgroup category; %: proportion of number of subjects in n; CI: confidence interval; NE: not estimable. PT: Preferred Term, SOC: System Organ Class.

[a] Median time to first event is from Kaplan-Meier estimate. Confidence Interval for median was computed using the Brookmeyer-Crowley method.

[b] Hazard ratio is from unstratified Cox proportional hazards model with treatment as the only categorical variable in the model. Confidence limits are based on the Wald test.

[c] Two-sided p-value from unstratified log-rank test.

[d] Two-sided interaction p-value is for the interaction term from unstratified Cox proportional hazards model with treatment, subgroup, and treatment-by-subgroup interaction as categorical variables in the model. The p-value is based on the Wald test.

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SOC: Immune system disorders; PT: Any PT

		Quizartinib (N=265)					Placebo (N=268)					Quizartinib vs Placebo		Interaction
Subgroup	n	No. of subjects with events (%)	No. of subjects censored (%)	Median (95 % CI) (months) [a]	n	No. of subjects with events (%)	No. of subjects censored (%)	Median (95 % CI) (months) [a]	n	Hazard Ratio (95 % CI) [b]	Unstratified log-rank p-value [c]	P-value [d]		
AML Cytogenetic Risk Score												0.7575		
Favorable	13	0	13 (100)	NE (NE, NE)	19	1 (5.3)	18 (94.7)	NE (34.9, NE)	19	NE (NE, NE)	NE			
Intermediate	195	27 (13.8)	168 (86.2)	NE (NE, NE)	190	19 (10.0)	171 (90.0)	NE (NE, NE)	190	1.070 (0.594, 1.927)	0.8209			
Unfavorable	19	3 (15.8)	16 (84.2)	NE (4.1, NE)	27	2 (7.4)	25 (92.6)	NE (8.0, NE)	27	1.905 (0.316, 11.479)	0.4742			
Unknown	38	7 (18.4)	31 (81.6)	NE (18.1, NE)	31	2 (6.5)	29 (93.5)	NE (NE, NE)	31	2.341 (0.484, 11.317)	0.2760			

N: number of subjects in analysis set; n: number of subjects in subgroup category; %: proportion of number of subjects in n; CI: confidence interval; NE: not estimable. PT: Preferred Term, SOC: System Organ Class.

[a] Median time to first event is from Kaplan-Meier estimate. Confidence Interval for median was computed using the Brookmeyer-Crowley method.

[b] Hazard ratio is from unstratified Cox proportional hazards model with treatment as the only categorical variable in the model. Confidence limits are based on the Wald test.

[c] Two-sided p-value from unstratified log-rank test.

[d] Two-sided interaction p-value is for the interaction term from unstratified Cox proportional hazards model with treatment, subgroup, and treatment-by-subgroup interaction as categorical variables in the model. The p-value is based on the Wald test.

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SOC: Immune system disorders; PT: Any PT

		Quizartinib (N=265)					Placebo (N=268)					Quizartinib vs Placebo		Interaction
Subgroup	n	No. of subjects with events (%)	No. of subjects censored (%)	Median (95 % CI) (months) [a]	n	No. of subjects with events (%)	No. of subjects censored (%)	Median (95 % CI) (months) [a]	Hazard Ratio (95 % CI) [b]	Unstratified log-rank p-value [c]	P-value [d]			
ECOG Performance Status at Baseline												0.2179		
0 - Fully Active	87	12 (13.8)	75 (86.2)	NE (27.4, NE)	97	5 (5.2)	92 (94.8)	NE (NE, NE)	2.367 (0.833, 6.724)	0.0953				
1 - Restricted in Physically Strenuous Activity	133	22 (16.5)	111 (83.5)	NE (20.2, NE)	134	16 (11.9)	118 (88.1)	NE (34.9, NE)	1.160 (0.609, 2.211)	0.6508				
2 - Ambulatory and Capable of All Selfcare	45	3 (6.7)	42 (93.3)	NE (NE, NE)	36	3 (8.3)	33 (91.7)	NE (5.6, NE)	0.583 (0.110, 3.084)	0.5211				

N: number of subjects in analysis set; n: number of subjects in subgroup category; %: proportion of number of subjects in n; CI: confidence interval; NE: not estimable. PT: Preferred Term, SOC: System Organ Class.

[a] Median time to first event is from Kaplan-Meier estimate. Confidence Interval for median was computed using the Brookmeyer-Crowley method.

[b] Hazard ratio is from unstratified Cox proportional hazards model with treatment as the only categorical variable in the model. Confidence limits are based on the Wald test.

[c] Two-sided p-value from unstratified log-rank test.

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SOC: Immune system disorders; PT: Any PT

		Quizartinib (N=265)					Placebo (N=268)					Quizartinib vs Placebo		Interaction
Subgroup	n	No. of subjects with events (%)	No. of subjects censored (%)	Median (95 % CI) (months) [a]	n	No. of subjects with events (%)	No. of subjects censored (%)	Median (95 % CI) (months) [a]	n	Hazard Ratio (95 % CI) [b]	Unstratified log-rank p-value [c]	P-value [d]		
FLT3-ITD category at Baseline												0.7975		
≥3 to ≤25%	94	11 (11.7)	83 (88.3)	NE (NE, NE)	98	10 (10.2)	88 (89.8)	NE (NE, NE)	98	1.038 (0.440, 2.448)	0.9313			
>25% to ≤50%	141	22 (15.6)	119 (84.4)	NE (23.9, NE)	136	12 (8.8)	124 (91.2)	NE (NE, NE)	136	1.520 (0.752, 3.076)	0.2404			
>50%	29	4 (13.8)	25 (86.2)	NE (10.9, NE)	34	2 (5.9)	32 (94.1)	NE (6.8, NE)	34	0.902 (0.155, 5.248)	0.9090			

N: number of subjects in analysis set; n: number of subjects in subgroup category; %: proportion of number of subjects in n; CI: confidence interval; NE: not estimable. PT: Preferred Term, SOC: System Organ Class.

[a] Median time to first event is from Kaplan-Meier estimate. Confidence Interval for median was computed using the Brookmeyer-Crowley method.

[b] Hazard ratio is from unstratified Cox proportional hazards model with treatment as the only categorical variable in the model. Confidence limits are based on the Wald test.

[c] Two-sided p-value from unstratified log-rank test.

[d] Two-sided interaction p-value is for the interaction term from unstratified Cox proportional hazards model with treatment, subgroup, and treatment-by-subgroup interaction as categorical variables in the model. The p-value is based on the Wald test.

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SOC: Immune system disorders; PT: Any PT

		Quizartinib (N=265)					Placebo (N=268)					Quizartinib vs Placebo		Interaction
Subgroup	n	No. of subjects with events (%)	No. of subjects censored (%)	Median (95 % CI) (months) [a]	n	No. of subjects with events (%)	No. of subjects censored (%)	Median (95 % CI) (months) [a]	n	Hazard Ratio (95 % CI) [b]	Unstratified log-rank p-value [c]	P-value [d]		
AML with Mutated NPM1												0.3413		
Yes	139	21 (15.1)	118 (84.9)	NE (NE, NE)	137	11 (8.0)	126 (92.0)	NE (NE, NE)	137	1.601 (0.771, 3.326)	0.2030			
No	116	15 (12.9)	101 (87.1)	NE (12.2, NE)	120	13 (10.8)	107 (89.2)	NE (NE, NE)	120	0.958 (0.455, 2.017)	0.9123			

N: number of subjects in analysis set; n: number of subjects in subgroup category; %: proportion of number of subjects in n; CI: confidence interval; NE: not estimable. PT: Preferred Term, SOC: System Organ Class.

[a] Median time to first event is from Kaplan-Meier estimate. Confidence Interval for median was computed using the Brookmeyer-Crowley method.

[b] Hazard ratio is from unstratified Cox proportional hazards model with treatment as the only categorical variable in the model. Confidence limits are based on the Wald test.

[c] Two-sided p-value from unstratified log-rank test.

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SOC: Immune system disorders; PT: Any PT

		Quizartinib (N=265)				Placebo (N=268)				Quizartinib vs Placebo		Interaction
Subgroup	n	No. of subjects with events (%)	No. of subjects censored (%)	Median (95 % CI) (months) [a]	n	No. of subjects with events (%)	No. of subjects censored (%)	Median (95 % CI) (months) [a]	Hazard Ratio (95 % CI) [b]	Unstratified log-rank p-value [c]	P-value [d]	
Age by 2 categories											0.5676	
≤60	164	25 (15.2)	139 (84.8)	NE (NE, NE)	163	13 (8.0)	150 (92.0)	NE (NE, NE)	1.454 (0.743, 2.848)	0.2713		
>60	101	12 (11.9)	89 (88.1)	NE (27.4, NE)	105	11 (10.5)	94 (89.5)	NE (34.9, NE)	1.093 (0.481, 2.480)	0.8314		

N: number of subjects in analysis set; n: number of subjects in subgroup category; %: proportion of number of subjects in n; CI: confidence interval; NE: not estimable. PT: Preferred Term, SOC: System Organ Class.

[a] Median time to first event is from Kaplan-Meier estimate. Confidence Interval for median was computed using the Brookmeyer-Crowley method.

[b] Hazard ratio is from unstratified Cox proportional hazards model with treatment as the only categorical variable in the model. Confidence limits are based on the Wald test.

[c] Two-sided p-value from unstratified log-rank test.

[d] Two-sided interaction p-value is for the interaction term from unstratified Cox proportional hazards model with treatment, subgroup, and treatment-by-subgroup interaction as categorical variables in the model. The p-value is based on the Wald test.

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SOC: Immune system disorders; PT: Graft versus host disease

Subgroup	n	Quizartinib (N=265)				Placebo (N=268)				Quizartinib vs Placebo		Interaction
		No. of subjects with events (%)	No. of subjects censored (%)	Median (95 % CI) (months) [a]	n	No. of subjects with events (%)	No. of subjects censored (%)	Median (95 % CI) (months) [a]	n	Hazard Ratio (95 % CI) [b]	Unstratified log-rank p-value [c]	P-value [d]
Pooled Age Group 2											0.5154	
<60	159	8 (5.0)	151 (95.0)	NE (NE, NE)	160	3 (1.9)	157 (98.1)	NE (NE, NE)	160	1.908 (0.506, 7.193)	0.3310	
≥60 - <65	37	1 (2.7)	36 (97.3)	NE (NE, NE)	43	2 (4.7)	41 (95.3)	NE (11.9, NE)	43	0.389 (0.035, 4.300)	0.4245	
≥65	69	1 (1.4)	68 (98.6)	NE (NE, NE)	65	0	65 (100)	NE (NE, NE)	65	NE (0.000, NE)	0.3049	

N: number of subjects in analysis set; n: number of subjects in subgroup category; %: proportion of number of subjects in n; CI: confidence interval; NE: not estimable. PT: Preferred Term, SOC: System Organ Class.

[a] Median time to first event is from Kaplan-Meier estimate. Confidence Interval for median was computed using the Brookmeyer-Crowley method.

[b] Hazard ratio is from unstratified Cox proportional hazards model with treatment as the only categorical variable in the model. Confidence limits are based on the Wald test.

[c] Two-sided p-value from unstratified log-rank test.

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SOC: Immune system disorders; PT: Graft versus host disease

Subgroup	n	Quizartinib (N=265)				Placebo (N=268)				Quizartinib vs Placebo		Interaction
		No. of subjects with events (%)	No. of subjects censored (%)	Median (95 % CI) [a]	n	No. of subjects with events (%)	No. of subjects censored (%)	Median (95 % CI) [a]	n	Hazard Ratio (95 % CI) [b]	Unstratified log-rank p-value [c]	P-value [d]
Sex												0.8200
Male	124	5 (4.0)	119 (96.0)	NE (NE, NE)	120	2 (1.7)	118 (98.3)	NE (NE, NE)	120	1.829 (0.355, 9.429)	0.4635	
Female	141	5 (3.5)	136 (96.5)	NE (NE, NE)	148	3 (2.0)	145 (98.0)	NE (NE, NE)	148	1.390 (0.332, 5.818)	0.6505	

N: number of subjects in analysis set; n: number of subjects in subgroup category; %: proportion of number of subjects in n; CI: confidence interval; NE: not estimable. PT: Preferred Term, SOC: System Organ Class.

[a] Median time to first event is from Kaplan-Meier estimate. Confidence Interval for median was computed using the Brookmeyer-Crowley method.

[b] Hazard ratio is from unstratified Cox proportional hazards model with treatment as the only categorical variable in the model. Confidence limits are based on the Wald test.

[c] Two-sided p-value from unstratified log-rank test.

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SOC: Immune system disorders; PT: Graft versus host disease

		Quizartinib (N=265)				Placebo (N=268)				Quizartinib vs Placebo		Interaction
Subgroup	n	No. of subjects with events (%)	No. of subjects censored (%)	Median (95 % CI) (months) [a]	n	No. of subjects with events (%)	No. of subjects censored (%)	Median (95 % CI) (months) [a]	Hazard Ratio (95 % CI) [b]	Unstratified log-rank p-value [c]	P-value [d]	
Race by 2 categories											0.4864	
White	157	6 (3.8)	151 (96.2)	NE (NE, NE)	161	2 (1.2)	159 (98.8)	NE (NE, NE)	2.349 (0.474, 11.641)	0.2810		
Non-white	108	4 (3.7)	104 (96.3)	NE (NE, NE)	107	3 (2.8)	104 (97.2)	NE (NE, NE)	1.084 (0.242, 4.843)	0.9159		

N: number of subjects in analysis set; n: number of subjects in subgroup category; %: proportion of number of subjects in n; CI: confidence interval; NE: not estimable. PT: Preferred Term, SOC: System Organ Class.

[a] Median time to first event is from Kaplan-Meier estimate. Confidence Interval for median was computed using the Brookmeyer-Crowley method.

[b] Hazard ratio is from unstratified Cox proportional hazards model with treatment as the only categorical variable in the model. Confidence limits are based on the Wald test.

[c] Two-sided p-value from unstratified log-rank test.

[d] Two-sided interaction p-value is for the interaction term from unstratified Cox proportional hazards model with treatment, subgroup, and treatment-by-subgroup interaction as categorical variables in the model. The p-value is based on the Wald test.

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Medizinischer Nutzen, medizinischer Zusatznutzen, Patientengruppen mit therap. bedeutsamem Zusatznutzen

Daichi Sankyo | Data Intelligence – Evidence Generation | Final | AC220-A-U302 QUANTUM-First (DCO 13 Aug 2021) | Statistical analyses for AMNOG (HTA Germany)
 Table 3.11.2 Treatment-emergent adverse events by system organ class (SOC) and preferred term (PT) observed for ≥ 10 patients in at least one arm and ≥ 1% of the patients in at least one arm - Time-to-event analysis - subgroup analysis - DCO 13-Aug-2021 - Safety Analysis Set

SOC: Immune system disorders; PT: Graft versus host disease

		Quizartinib (N=265)					Placebo (N=268)					Quizartinib vs Placebo		Interaction
Subgroup	n	No. of subjects with events (%)	No. of subjects censored (%)	Median (95 % CI) (months) [a]	n	No. of subjects with events (%)	No. of subjects censored (%)	Median (95 % CI) (months) [a]	Hazard Ratio (95 % CI) [b]	Unstratified log-rank p-value [c]	P-value [d]			
Geographic Region 1													0.6521	
North America	16	2 (12.5)	14 (87.5)	NE (8.7, NE)	18	1 (5.6)	17 (94.4)	NE (11.9, NE)	4.918 (0.436, 55.432)	0.1551				
Europe	161	3 (1.9)	158 (98.1)	NE (NE, NE)	161	2 (1.2)	159 (98.8)	NE (NE, NE)	1.140 (0.190, 6.825)	0.8857				
Asia/Other Regions	88	5 (5.7)	83 (94.3)	NE (NE, NE)	89	2 (2.2)	87 (97.8)	NE (NE, NE)	1.832 (0.355, 9.446)	0.4621				

N: number of subjects in analysis set; n: number of subjects in subgroup category; %: proportion of number of subjects in n; CI: confidence interval; NE: not estimable. PT: Preferred Term, SOC: System Organ Class.

[a] Median time to first event is from Kaplan-Meier estimate. Confidence Interval for median was computed using the Brookmeyer-Crowley method.

[b] Hazard ratio is from unstratified Cox proportional hazards model with treatment as the only categorical variable in the model. Confidence limits are based on the Wald test.

[c] Two-sided p-value from unstratified log-rank test.

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SOC: Immune system disorders; PT: Graft versus host disease

Subgroup	n	Quizartinib (N=265)				Placebo (N=268)				Quizartinib vs Placebo		Interaction
		No. of subjects with events (%)	No. of subjects censored (%)	Median (95 % CI) (months) [a]	n	No. of subjects with events (%)	No. of subjects censored (%)	Median (95 % CI) (months) [a]	n	Hazard Ratio (95 % CI) [b]	Unstratified log-rank p-value [c]	P-value [d]
WBC at initial diagnosis											0.6808	
< 40x10 ⁹ /L	132	6 (4.5)	126 (95.5)	NE (NE, NE)	133	3 (2.3)	130 (97.7)	NE (NE, NE)	133	1.958 (0.489, 7.834)	0.3328	
≥ 40x10 ⁹ /L	133	4 (3.0)	129 (97.0)	NE (NE, NE)	135	2 (1.5)	133 (98.5)	NE (NE, NE)	133	1.241 (0.227, 6.777)	0.8025	

N: number of subjects in analysis set; n: number of subjects in subgroup category; %: proportion of number of subjects in n; CI: confidence interval; NE: not estimable. PT: Preferred Term, SOC: System Organ Class.

[a] Median time to first event is from Kaplan-Meier estimate. Confidence Interval for median was computed using the Brookmeyer-Crowley method.

[b] Hazard ratio is from unstratified Cox proportional hazards model with treatment as the only categorical variable in the model. Confidence limits are based on the Wald test.

[c] Two-sided p-value from unstratified log-rank test.

[d] Two-sided interaction p-value is for the interaction term from unstratified Cox proportional hazards model with treatment, subgroup, and treatment-by-subgroup interaction as categorical variables in the model. The p-value is based on the Wald test.

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SOC: Immune system disorders; PT: Graft versus host disease

Subgroup	n	Quizartinib (N=265)				Placebo (N=268)				Quizartinib vs Placebo		Interaction
		No. of subjects with events (%)	No. of subjects censored (%)	Median (95 % CI) (months) [a]	n	No. of subjects with events (%)	No. of subjects censored (%)	Median (95 % CI) (months) [a]	n	Hazard Ratio (95 % CI) [b]	Unstratified log-rank p-value [c]	P-value [d]
Choice of Anthracycline											0.3552	
Daunorubicin	123	3 (2.4)	120 (97.6)	NE (NE, NE)	94	2 (2.1)	92 (97.9)	NE (NE, NE)	94	0.788 (0.132, 4.719)	0.7940	
Idarubicin	142	7 (4.9)	135 (95.1)	NE (NE, NE)	171	3 (1.8)	168 (98.2)	NE (NE, NE)	171	2.298 (0.594, 8.887)	0.2141	

N: number of subjects in analysis set; n: number of subjects in subgroup category; %: proportion of number of subjects in n; CI: confidence interval; NE: not estimable. PT: Preferred Term, SOC: System Organ Class.

[a] Median time to first event is from Kaplan-Meier estimate. Confidence Interval for median was computed using the Brookmeyer-Crowley method.

[b] Hazard ratio is from unstratified Cox proportional hazards model with treatment as the only categorical variable in the model. Confidence limits are based on the Wald test.

[c] Two-sided p-value from unstratified log-rank test.

[d] Two-sided interaction p-value is for the interaction term from unstratified Cox proportional hazards model with treatment, subgroup, and treatment-by-subgroup interaction as categorical variables in the model. The p-value is based on the Wald test.

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SOC: Immune system disorders; PT: Graft versus host disease

		Quizartinib (N=265)				Placebo (N=268)				Quizartinib vs Placebo		Interaction
Subgroup	n	No. of subjects with events (%)	No. of subjects censored (%)	Median (95 % CI) (months) [a]	n	No. of subjects with events (%)	No. of subjects censored (%)	Median (95 % CI) (months) [a]	Hazard Ratio (95 % CI) [b]	Unstratified log-rank p-value [c]	P-value [d]	
AML Cytogenetic Risk Score											1.0000	
Favorable	13	0	13 (100)	NE (NE, NE)	19	0	19 (100)	NE (NE, NE)	NE (NE, NE)	NE		
Intermediate	195	6 (3.1)	189 (96.9)	NE (NE, NE)	190	5 (2.6)	185 (97.4)	NE (NE, NE)	0.855 (0.261, 2.803)	0.7961		
Unfavorable	19	1 (5.3)	18 (94.7)	NE (8.1, NE)	27	0	27 (100)	NE (NE, NE)	NE (0.000, NE)	0.2888		
Unknown	38	3 (7.9)	35 (92.1)	NE (NE, NE)	31	0	31 (100)	NE (NE, NE)	NE (0.000, NE)	0.1732		

N: number of subjects in analysis set; n: number of subjects in subgroup category; %: proportion of number of subjects in n; CI: confidence interval; NE: not estimable. PT: Preferred Term, SOC: System Organ Class.

[a] Median time to first event is from Kaplan-Meier estimate. Confidence Interval for median was computed using the Brookmeyer-Crowley method.

[b] Hazard ratio is from unstratified Cox proportional hazards model with treatment as the only categorical variable in the model. Confidence limits are based on the Wald test.

[c] Two-sided p-value from unstratified log-rank test.

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SOC: Immune system disorders; PT: Graft versus host disease

		Quizartinib (N=265)					Placebo (N=268)					Quizartinib vs Placebo		Interaction
Subgroup	n	No. of subjects with events (%)	No. of subjects censored (%)	Median (95 % CI) (months) [a]	n	No. of subjects with events (%)	No. of subjects censored (%)	Median (95 % CI) (months) [a]	Hazard Ratio (95 % CI) [b]	Unstratified log-rank p-value [c]	P-value [d]			
ECOG Performance Status at Baseline												0.4777		
0 - Fully Active	87	5 (5.7)	82 (94.3)	NE (NE, NE)	97	1 (1.0)	96 (99.0)	NE (NE, NE)	4.683 (0.547, 40.091)	0.1203				
1 - Restricted in Physically Strenuous Activity	133	5 (3.8)	128 (96.2)	NE (NE, NE)	134	4 (3.0)	130 (97.0)	NE (NE, NE)	1.005 (0.270, 3.743)	0.9938				
2 - Ambulatory and Capable of All Selfcare	45	0	45 (100)	NE (NE, NE)	36	0	36 (100)	NE (NE, NE)	NE (NE, NE)	NE				

N: number of subjects in analysis set; n: number of subjects in subgroup category; %: proportion of number of subjects in n; CI: confidence interval; NE: not estimable. PT: Preferred Term, SOC: System Organ Class.

[a] Median time to first event is from Kaplan-Meier estimate. Confidence Interval for median was computed using the Brookmeyer-Crowley method.

[b] Hazard ratio is from unstratified Cox proportional hazards model with treatment as the only categorical variable in the model. Confidence limits are based on the Wald test.

[c] Two-sided p-value is for the interaction term from unstratified log-rank test.

[d] Two-sided interaction p-value is for the interaction term from unstratified Cox proportional hazards model with treatment, subgroup, and treatment-by-subgroup interaction as categorical variables in the model. The p-value is based on the Wald test.

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SOC: Immune system disorders; PT: Graft versus host disease

Subgroup	n	Quizartinib (N=265)				Placebo (N=268)				Quizartinib vs Placebo		Interaction
		No. of subjects with events (%)	No. of subjects censored (%)	Median (95 % CI) (months) [a]	n	No. of subjects with events (%)	No. of subjects censored (%)	Median (95 % CI) (months) [a]	n	Hazard Ratio (95 % CI) [b]	Unstratified log-rank p-value [c]	P-value [d]
FLT3-ITD category at Baseline											0.5318	
≥3 to ≤25%	94	2 (2.1)	92 (97.9)	NE (NE, NE)	98	3 (3.1)	95 (96.9)	NE (NE, NE)	98	0.662 (0.110, 3.963)	0.6488	
>25% to ≤50%	141	7 (5.0)	134 (95.0)	NE (NE, NE)	136	2 (1.5)	134 (98.5)	NE (NE, NE)	136	2.572 (0.534, 12.384)	0.2216	
>50%	29	1 (3.4)	28 (96.6)	NE (NE, NE)	34	0	34 (100)	NE (NE, NE)	34	NE (0.000, NE)	0.5465	

N: number of subjects in analysis set; n: number of subjects in subgroup category; %: proportion of number of subjects in n; CI: confidence interval; NE: not estimable. PT: Preferred Term, SOC: System Organ Class.

[a] Median time to first event is from Kaplan-Meier estimate. Confidence Interval for median was computed using the Brookmeyer-Crowley method.

[b] Hazard ratio is from unstratified Cox proportional hazards model with treatment as the only categorical variable in the model. Confidence limits are based on the Wald test.

[c] Two-sided p-value from unstratified log-rank test.

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SOC: Immune system disorders; PT: Graft versus host disease

Subgroup	n	Quizartinib (N=265)				Placebo (N=268)				Quizartinib vs Placebo		Interaction
		No. of subjects with events (%)	No. of subjects censored (%)	Median (95 % CI) (months) [a]	n	No. of subjects with events (%)	No. of subjects censored (%)	Median (95 % CI) (months) [a]	n	Hazard Ratio (95 % CI) [b]	Unstratified log-rank p-value [c]	P-value [d]
AML with Mutated NPM1											0.2388	
Yes	139	5 (3.6)	134 (96.4)	NE (NE, NE)	137	4 (2.9)	133 (97.1)	NE (NE, NE)	137	0.942 (0.253, 3.510)	0.9290	
No	116	5 (4.3)	111 (95.7)	NE (NE, NE)	120	1 (0.8)	119 (99.2)	NE (NE, NE)	120	4.119 (0.480, 35.317)	0.1612	

N: number of subjects in analysis set; n: number of subjects in subgroup category; %: proportion of number of subjects in n; CI: confidence interval; NE: not estimable. PT: Preferred Term, SOC: System Organ Class.

[a] Median time to first event is from Kaplan-Meier estimate. Confidence Interval for median was computed using the Brookmeyer-Crowley method.

[b] Hazard ratio is from unstratified Cox proportional hazards model with treatment as the only categorical variable in the model. Confidence limits are based on the Wald test.

[c] Two-sided p-value from unstratified log-rank test.

[d] Two-sided interaction p-value is for the interaction term from unstratified Cox proportional hazards model with treatment, subgroup, and treatment-by-subgroup interaction as categorical variables in the model. The p-value is based on the Wald test.

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SOC: Immune system disorders; PT: Graft versus host disease

		Quizartinib (N=265)				Placebo (N=268)				Quizartinib vs Placebo		Interaction
Subgroup	n	No. of subjects with events (%)	No. of subjects censored (%)	Median (95 % CI) (months) [a]	n	No. of subjects with events (%)	No. of subjects censored (%)	Median (95 % CI) (months) [a]	Hazard Ratio (95 % CI) [b]	Unstratified log-rank p-value [c]	P-value [d]	
Age by 2 categories											0.5760	
≤60	164	8 (4.9)	156 (95.1)	NE (NE, NE)	163	3 (1.8)	160 (98.2)	NE (NE, NE)	1.879 (0.498, 7.083)	0.3431		
>60	101	2 (2.0)	99 (98.0)	NE (NE, NE)	105	2 (1.9)	103 (98.1)	NE (NE, NE)	0.949 (0.134, 6.738)	0.9581		

N: number of subjects in analysis set; n: number of subjects in subgroup category; %: proportion of number of subjects in n; CI: confidence interval; NE: not estimable. PT: Preferred Term, SOC: System Organ Class.

[a] Median time to first event is from Kaplan-Meier estimate. Confidence Interval for median was computed using the Brookmeyer-Crowley method.

[b] Hazard ratio is from unstratified Cox proportional hazards model with treatment as the only categorical variable in the model. Confidence limits are based on the Wald test.

[c] Two-sided p-value from unstratified log-rank test.

[d] Two-sided interaction p-value is for the interaction term from unstratified Cox proportional hazards model with treatment, subgroup, and treatment-by-subgroup interaction as categorical variables in the model. The p-value is based on the Wald test.

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SOC: Reproductive system and breast disorders; PT: Any PT

		Quizartinib (N=265)				Placebo (N=268)				Quizartinib vs Placebo		Interaction
Subgroup	n	No. of subjects with events (%)	No. of subjects censored (%)	Median (95 % CI) (months) [a]	n	No. of subjects with events (%)	No. of subjects censored (%)	Median (95 % CI) (months) [a]	Hazard Ratio (95 % CI) [b]	Unstratified log-rank p-value [c]	P-value [d]	
Pooled Age Group 2											0.6848	
<60	159	24 (15.1)	135 (84.9)	NE (NE, NE)	160	16 (10.0)	144 (90.0)	NE (NE, NE)	1.392 (0.738, 2.626)	0.3054		
≥60 - <65	37	3 (8.1)	34 (91.9)	NE (33.3, NE)	43	3 (7.0)	40 (93.0)	NE (22.3, NE)	1.153 (0.232, 5.718)	0.8618		
≥65	69	9 (13.0)	60 (87.0)	NE (15.7, NE)	65	4 (6.2)	61 (93.8)	NE (NE, NE)	2.320 (0.714, 7.542)	0.1495		

N: number of subjects in analysis set; n: number of subjects in subgroup category; %: proportion of number of subjects in n; CI: confidence interval; NE: not estimable. PT: Preferred Term, SOC: System Organ Class.

[a] Median time to first event is from Kaplan-Meier estimate. Confidence Interval for median was computed using the Brookmeyer-Crowley method.

[b] Hazard ratio is from unstratified Cox proportional hazards model with treatment as the only categorical variable in the model. Confidence limits are based on the Wald test.

[c] Two-sided p-value from unstratified log-rank test.

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SOC: Reproductive system and breast disorders; PT: Any PT

Subgroup	n	Quizartinib (N=265)				Placebo (N=268)				Quizartinib vs Placebo		Interaction
		No. of subjects with events (%)	No. of subjects censored (%)	Median (95 % CI) (months) [a]	n	No. of subjects with events (%)	No. of subjects censored (%)	Median (95 % CI) (months) [a]	n	Hazard Ratio (95 % CI) [b]	Unstratified log-rank p-value [c]	P-value [d]
Sex												0.4710
Male	124	6 (4.8)	118 (95.2)	NE (NE, NE)	120	2 (1.7)	118 (98.3)	NE (NE, NE)	120	2.546 (0.512, 12.656)	0.2364	
Female	141	30 (21.3)	111 (78.7)	NE (33.3, NE)	148	21 (14.2)	127 (85.8)	NE (NE, NE)	148	1.490 (0.852, 2.605)	0.1583	

N: number of subjects in analysis set; n: number of subjects in subgroup category; %: proportion of number of subjects in n; CI: confidence interval; NE: not estimable. PT: Preferred Term, SOC: System Organ Class.

[a] Median time to first event is from Kaplan-Meier estimate. Confidence Interval for median was computed using the Brookmeyer-Crowley method.

[b] Hazard ratio is from unstratified Cox proportional hazards model with treatment as the only categorical variable in the model. Confidence limits are based on the Wald test.

[c] Two-sided p-value from unstratified log-rank test.

[d] Two-sided interaction p-value is for the interaction term from unstratified Cox proportional hazards model with treatment, subgroup, and treatment-by-subgroup interaction as categorical variables in the model. The p-value is based on the Wald test.

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Run date: 21JUL2023 – 22:02; Program name: DE_T_3_11_2.sas; Output name: DE_T_3_11_2_TEAESOCPT_SUB_SAS.rtf

Medizinischer Nutzen, medizinischer Zusatznutzen, Patientengruppen mit therap. bedeutsamem Zusatznutzen

Daichi Sankyo | Data Intelligence – Evidence Generation | Final | AC220-A-U302 QUANTUM-First (DCO 13 Aug 2021) | Statistical analyses for AMNOG (HTA Germany)
 Table 3.11.2 Treatment-emergent adverse events by system organ class (SOC) and preferred term (PT) observed for ≥ 10 patients in at least one arm and ≥ 1% of the patients in at least one arm - Time-to-event analysis - subgroup analysis - DCO 13-Aug-2021 - Safety Analysis Set

SOC: Reproductive system and breast disorders; PT: Any PT

		Quizartinib (N=265)				Placebo (N=268)				Quizartinib vs Placebo		Interaction
Subgroup	n	No. of subjects with events (%)	No. of subjects censored (%)	Median (95 % CI) (months) [a]	n	No. of subjects with events (%)	No. of subjects censored (%)	Median (95 % CI) (months) [a]	Hazard Ratio (95 % CI) [b]	Unstratified log-rank p-value [c]	P-value [d]	
Race by 2 categories											0.9754	
White	157	17 (10.8)	140 (89.2)	NE (NE, NE)	161	11 (6.8)	150 (93.2)	NE (NE, NE)	1.565 (0.732, 3.346)	0.2433		
Non-white	108	19 (17.6)	89 (82.4)	NE (NE, NE)	107	12 (11.2)	95 (88.8)	NE (NE, NE)	1.538 (0.746, 3.169)	0.2388		

N: number of subjects in analysis set; n: number of subjects in subgroup category; %: proportion of number of subjects in n; CI: confidence interval; NE: not estimable. PT: Preferred Term, SOC: System Organ Class.

[a] Median time to first event is from Kaplan-Meier estimate. Confidence Interval for median was computed using the Brookmeyer-Crowley method.

[b] Hazard ratio is from unstratified Cox proportional hazards model with treatment as the only categorical variable in the model. Confidence limits are based on the Wald test.

[c] Two-sided p-value from unstratified log-rank test.

[d] Two-sided interaction p-value is for the interaction term from unstratified Cox proportional hazards model with treatment, subgroup, and treatment-by-subgroup interaction as categorical variables in the model. The p-value is based on the Wald test.

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SOC: Reproductive system and breast disorders; PT: Any PT

		Quizartinib (N=265)				Placebo (N=268)				Quizartinib vs Placebo		Interaction
Subgroup	n	No. of subjects with events (%)	No. of subjects censored (%)	Median (95 % CI) (months) [a]	n	No. of subjects with events (%)	No. of subjects censored (%)	Median (95 % CI) (months) [a]	Hazard Ratio (95 % CI) [b]	Unstratified log-rank p-value [c]	P-value [d]	
Geographic Region 1											0.1901	
North America	16	1 (6.3)	15 (93.8)	NE (NE, NE)	18	5 (27.8)	13 (72.2)	NE (NE, NE)	0.255 (0.030, 2.195)	0.1798		
Europe	161	17 (10.6)	144 (89.4)	NE (NE, NE)	161	9 (5.6)	152 (94.4)	NE (NE, NE)	1.819 (0.809, 4.088)	0.1418		
Asia/Other Regions	88	18 (20.5)	70 (79.5)	NE (15.9, NE)	89	9 (10.1)	80 (89.9)	NE (NE, NE)	2.000 (0.898, 4.455)	0.0837		

N: number of subjects in analysis set; n: number of subjects in subgroup category; %: proportion of number of subjects in n; CI: confidence interval; NE: not estimable. PT: Preferred Term, SOC: System Organ Class.

[a] Median time to first event is from Kaplan-Meier estimate. Confidence Interval for median was computed using the Brookmeyer-Crowley method.

[b] Hazard ratio is from unstratified Cox proportional hazards model with treatment as the only categorical variable in the model. Confidence limits are based on the Wald test.

[c] Two-sided p-value from unstratified log-rank test.

[d] Two-sided interaction p-value is for the interaction term from unstratified Cox proportional hazards model with treatment, subgroup, and treatment-by-subgroup interaction as categorical variables in the model. The p-value is based on the Wald test.

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SOC: Reproductive system and breast disorders; PT: Any PT

Subgroup	n	Quizartinib (N=265)				Placebo (N=268)				Quizartinib vs Placebo		Interaction
		No. of subjects with events (%)	No. of subjects censored (%)	Median (95 % CI) [a]	n	No. of subjects with events (%)	No. of subjects censored (%)	Median (95 % CI) [a]	n	Hazard Ratio (95 % CI) [b]	Unstratified log-rank p-value [c]	P-value [d]
WBC at initial diagnosis											0.4698	
< 40x10 ⁹ /L	132	15 (11.4)	117 (88.6)	NE (NE, NE)	133	12 (9.0)	121 (91.0)	NE (NE, NE)	135	1.220 (0.570, 2.610)	0.6076	
≥ 40x10 ⁹ /L	133	21 (15.8)	112 (84.2)	NE (NE, NE)	135	11 (8.1)	124 (91.9)	NE (NE, NE)	135	1.842 (0.887, 3.827)	0.0961	

N: number of subjects in analysis set; n: number of subjects in subgroup category; %: proportion of number of subjects in n; CI: confidence interval; NE: not estimable. PT: Preferred Term, SOC: System Organ Class.

[a] Median time to first event is from Kaplan-Meier estimate. Confidence Interval for median was computed using the Brookmeyer-Crowley method.

[b] Hazard ratio is from unstratified Cox proportional hazards model with treatment as the only categorical variable in the model. Confidence limits are based on the Wald test.

[c] Two-sided p-value from unstratified log-rank test.

[d] Two-sided interaction p-value is for the interaction term from unstratified Cox proportional hazards model with treatment, subgroup, and treatment-by-subgroup interaction as categorical variables in the model. The p-value is based on the Wald test.

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SOC: Reproductive system and breast disorders; PT: Any PT

		Quizartinib (N=265)					Placebo (N=268)					Quizartinib vs Placebo		Interaction
Subgroup	n	No. of subjects with events (%)	No. of subjects censored (%)	Median (95 % CI) (months) [a]	n	No. of subjects with events (%)	No. of subjects censored (%)	Median (95 % CI) (months) [a]	Hazard Ratio (95 % CI) [b]	Unstratified log-rank p-value [c]	P-value [d]			
Choice of Anthracycline												0.8859		
Daunorubicin	123	16 (13.0)	107 (87.0)	NE (NE, NE) (33.3, NE)	94	8 (8.5)	86 (91.5)	NE (NE, NE)	1.395 (0.595, 3.269)	0.4419				
Idarubicin	142	20 (14.1)	122 (85.9)	NE (NE, NE)	171	15 (8.8)	156 (91.2)	NE (NE, NE)	1.572 (0.804, 3.072)	0.1815				

N: number of subjects in analysis set; n: number of subjects in subgroup category; %: proportion of number of subjects in n; CI: confidence interval; NE: not estimable. PT: Preferred Term, SOC: System Organ Class.

[a] Median time to first event is from Kaplan-Meier estimate. Confidence Interval for median was computed using the Brookmeyer-Crowley method.

[b] Hazard ratio is from unstratified Cox proportional hazards model with treatment as the only categorical variable in the model. Confidence limits are based on the Wald test.

[c] Two-sided p-value from unstratified log-rank test.

[d] Two-sided interaction p-value is for the interaction term from unstratified Cox proportional hazards model with treatment, subgroup, and treatment-by-subgroup interaction as categorical variables in the model. The p-value is based on the Wald test.

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SOC: Reproductive system and breast disorders; PT: Any PT

		Quizartinib (N=265)				Placebo (N=268)				Quizartinib vs Placebo		Interaction
Subgroup	n	No. of subjects with events (%)	No. of subjects censored (%)	Median (95 % CI) (months) [a]	n	No. of subjects with events (%)	No. of subjects censored (%)	Median (95 % CI) (months) [a]	Hazard Ratio (95 % CI) [b]	Unstratified log-rank p-value [c]	P-value [d]	
AML Cytogenetic Risk Score											0.8834	
Favorable	13	1 (7.7)	12 (92.3)	NE (NE, NE)	19	1 (5.3)	18 (94.7)	NE (NE, NE)	1.596 (0.100, 25.516)	0.7388		
Intermediate	195	29 (14.9)	166 (85.1)	NE (NE, NE)	190	17 (8.9)	173 (91.1)	NE (NE, NE)	1.575 (0.865, 2.868)	0.1340		
Unfavorable	19	1 (5.3)	18 (94.7)	NE (NE, NE)	27	2 (7.4)	25 (92.6)	NE (NE, NE)	0.771 (0.070, 8.513)	0.8317		
Unknown	38	5 (13.2)	33 (86.8)	NE (NE, NE)	31	3 (9.7)	28 (90.3)	NE (NE, NE)	1.279 (0.304, 5.385)	0.7359		

N: number of subjects in analysis set; n: number of subjects in subgroup category; %: proportion of number of subjects in n; CI: confidence interval; NE: not estimable. PT: Preferred Term, SOC: System Organ Class.

[a] Median time to first event is from Kaplan-Meier estimate. Confidence Interval for median was computed using the Brookmeyer-Crowley method.

[b] Hazard ratio is from unstratified Cox proportional hazards model with treatment as the only categorical variable in the model. Confidence limits are based on the Wald test.

[c] Two-sided p-value from unstratified log-rank test.

[d] Two-sided interaction p-value is for the interaction term from unstratified Cox proportional hazards model with treatment, subgroup, and treatment-by-subgroup interaction as categorical variables in the model. The p-value is based on the Wald test.

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SOC: Reproductive system and breast disorders; PT: Any PT

		Quizartinib (N=265)				Placebo (N=268)				Quizartinib vs Placebo		Interaction
Subgroup	n	No. of subjects with events (%)	No. of subjects censored (%)	Median (95 % CI) (months) [a]	n	No. of subjects with events (%)	No. of subjects censored (%)	Median (95 % CI) (months) [a]	Hazard Ratio (95 % CI) [b]	Unstratified log-rank p-value [c]	P-value [d]	
ECOG Performance Status at Baseline											0.1551	
0 - Fully Active	87	11 (12.6)	76 (87.4)	NE (NE, NE)	97	9 (9.3)	88 (90.7)	NE (NE, NE)	1.259 (0.521, 3.041)	0.6085		
1 - Restricted in Physically Strenuous Activity	133	21 (15.8)	112 (84.2)	NE (33.3, NE)	134	9 (6.7)	125 (93.3)	NE (NE, NE)	2.405 (1.101, 5.252)	0.0228		
2 - Ambulatory and Capable of All Selfcare	45	4 (8.9)	41 (91.1)	NE (21.8, NE)	36	5 (13.9)	31 (86.1)	NE (4.4, NE)	0.528 (0.134, 2.078)	0.3536		

N: number of subjects in analysis set; n: number of subjects in subgroup category; %: proportion of number of subjects in n; CI: confidence interval; NE: not estimable. PT: Preferred Term, SOC: System Organ Class.

[a] Median time to first event is from Kaplan-Meier estimate. Confidence Interval for median was computed using the Brookmeyer-Crowley method.

[b] Hazard ratio is from unstratified Cox proportional hazards model with treatment as the only categorical variable in the model. Confidence limits are based on the Wald test.

[c] Two-sided p-value is from unstratified log-rank test.

[d] Two-sided interaction p-value is for the interaction term from unstratified Cox proportional hazards model with treatment, subgroup, and treatment-by-subgroup interaction as categorical variables in the model. The p-value is based on the Wald test.

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SOC: Reproductive system and breast disorders; PT: Any PT

		Quizartinib (N=265)				Placebo (N=268)				Quizartinib vs Placebo		Interaction
Subgroup	n	No. of subjects with events (%)	No. of subjects censored (%)	Median (95 % CI) (months) [a]	n	No. of subjects with events (%)	No. of subjects censored (%)	Median (95 % CI) (months) [a]	Hazard Ratio (95 % CI) [b]	Unstratified log-rank p-value [c]	P-value [d]	
FLT3-ITD category at Baseline											0.5081	
≥3 to ≤25%	94	10 (10.6)	84 (89.4)	NE (NE, NE)	98	10 (10.2)	88 (89.8)	NE (NE, NE)	1.024 (0.426, 2.462)	0.9572		
>25% to ≤50%	141	21 (14.9)	120 (85.1)	NE (NE, NE)	136	11 (8.1)	125 (91.9)	NE (NE, NE)	1.790 (0.862, 3.716)	0.1126		
>50%	29	5 (17.2)	24 (82.8)	NE (7.5, NE)	34	2 (5.9)	32 (94.1)	NE (NE, NE)	2.354 (0.446, 12.439)	0.3000		

N: number of subjects in analysis set; n: number of subjects in subgroup category; %: proportion of number of subjects in n; CI: confidence interval; NE: not estimable. PT: Preferred Term, SOC: System Organ Class.

[a] Median time to first event is from Kaplan-Meier estimate. Confidence Interval for median was computed using the Brookmeyer-Crowley method.

[b] Hazard ratio is from unstratified Cox proportional hazards model with treatment as the only categorical variable in the model. Confidence limits are based on the Wald test.

[c] Two-sided p-value from unstratified log-rank test.

[d] Two-sided interaction p-value is for the interaction term from unstratified Cox proportional hazards model with treatment, subgroup, and treatment-by-subgroup interaction as categorical variables in the model. The p-value is based on the Wald test.

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SOC: Reproductive system and breast disorders; PT: Any PT

Subgroup	n	Quizartinib (N=265)				Placebo (N=268)				Quizartinib vs Placebo		Interaction
		No. of subjects with events (%)	No. of subjects censored (%)	Median (95 % CI) (months) [a]	n	No. of subjects with events (%)	No. of subjects censored (%)	Median (95 % CI) (months) [a]	n	Hazard Ratio (95 % CI) [b]	Unstratified log-rank p-value [c]	P-value [d]
AML with Mutated NPM1											0.6553	
Yes	139	24 (17.3)	115 (82.7)	NE (NE, NE)	137	17 (12.4)	120 (87.6)	NE (NE, NE)	137	1.332 (0.715, 2.482)	0.3641	
No	116	9 (7.8)	107 (92.2)	NE (NE, NE)	120	5 (4.2)	115 (95.8)	NE (NE, NE)	120	1.812 (0.607, 5.412)	0.2797	

N: number of subjects in analysis set; n: number of subjects in subgroup category; %: proportion of number of subjects in n; CI: confidence interval; NE: not estimable. PT: Preferred Term, SOC: System Organ Class.

[a] Median time to first event is from Kaplan-Meier estimate. Confidence Interval for median was computed using the Brookmeyer-Crowley method.

[b] Hazard ratio is from unstratified Cox proportional hazards model with treatment as the only categorical variable in the model. Confidence limits are based on the Wald test.

[c] Two-sided p-value from unstratified log-rank test.

[d] Two-sided interaction p-value is for the interaction term from unstratified Cox proportional hazards model with treatment, subgroup, and treatment-by-subgroup interaction as categorical variables in the model. The p-value is based on the Wald test.

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SOC: Reproductive system and breast disorders; PT: Any PT

		Quizartinib (N=265)				Placebo (N=268)				Quizartinib vs Placebo		Interaction
Subgroup	n	No. of subjects with events (%)	No. of subjects censored (%)	Median (95 % CI) (months) [a]	n	No. of subjects with events (%)	No. of subjects censored (%)	Median (95 % CI) (months) [a]	Hazard Ratio (95 % CI) [b]	Unstratified log-rank p-value [c]	P-value [d]	
Age by 2 categories											0.5501	
≤60	164	24 (14.6)	140 (85.4)	NE (NE, NE)	163	16 (9.8)	147 (90.2)	NE (NE, NE)	1.368 (0.725, 2.582)	0.3314		
>60	101	12 (11.9)	89 (88.1)	NE (33.3, NE)	105	7 (6.7)	98 (93.3)	NE (NE, NE)	1.944 (0.765, 4.942)	0.1547		

N: number of subjects in analysis set; n: number of subjects in subgroup category; %: proportion of number of subjects in n; CI: confidence interval; NE: not estimable. PT: Preferred Term, SOC: System Organ Class.

[a] Median time to first event is from Kaplan-Meier estimate. Confidence Interval for median was computed using the Brookmeyer-Crowley method.

[b] Hazard ratio is from unstratified Cox proportional hazards model with treatment as the only categorical variable in the model. Confidence limits are based on the Wald test.

[c] Two-sided p-value from unstratified log-rank test.

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SOC: Hepatobiliary disorders; PT: Any PT

Subgroup	n	Quizartinib (N=265)				Placebo (N=268)				Quizartinib vs Placebo		Interaction
		No. of subjects with events (%)	No. of subjects censored (%)	Median (95 % CI) (months) [a]	n	No. of subjects with events (%)	No. of subjects censored (%)	Median (95 % CI) (months) [a]	n	Hazard Ratio (95 % CI) [b]	Unstratified log-rank p-value [c]	P-value [d]
Pooled Age Group 2											0.8220	
<60	159	22 (13.8)	137 (86.2)	NE (NE, NE)	160	18 (11.3)	142 (88.8)	NE (NE, NE)	1.133 (0.607, 2.115)	0.6943		
≥60 - <65	37	3 (8.1)	34 (91.9)	NE (19.9, NE)	43	3 (7.0)	40 (93.0)	NE (6.8, NE)	0.941 (0.188, 4.710)	0.9408		
≥65	69	6 (8.7)	63 (91.3)	NE (NE, NE)	65	8 (12.3)	57 (87.7)	NE (NE, NE)	0.756 (0.262, 2.180)	0.6054		

N: number of subjects in analysis set; n: number of subjects in subgroup category; %: proportion of number of subjects in n; CI: confidence interval; NE: not estimable. PT: Preferred Term, SOC: System Organ Class.

[a] Median time to first event is from Kaplan-Meier estimate. Confidence Interval for median was computed using the Brookmeyer-Crowley method.

[b] Hazard ratio is from unstratified Cox proportional hazards model with treatment as the only categorical variable in the model. Confidence limits are based on the Wald test.

[c] Two-sided p-value from unstratified log-rank test.

[d] Two-sided interaction p-value is for the interaction term from unstratified Cox proportional hazards model with treatment, subgroup, and treatment-by-subgroup interaction as categorical variables in the model. The p-value is based on the Wald test.

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Run date: 21JUL2023 – 22:02; Program name: DE_T_3_11_2.sas; Output name: DE_T_3_11_2_TEAESOCPT_SUB_SAS.rtf

Medizinischer Nutzen, medizinischer Zusatznutzen, Patientengruppen mit therap. bedeutsamem Zusatznutzen

Daichi Sankyo | Data Intelligence – Evidence Generation | Final | AC220-A-U302 QUANTUM-First (DCO 13 Aug 2021) | Statistical analyses for AMNOG (HTA Germany)
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SOC: Hepatobiliary disorders; PT: Any PT

Subgroup	n	Quizartinib (N=265)				Placebo (N=268)				Quizartinib vs Placebo		Interaction
		No. of subjects with events (%)	No. of subjects censored (%)	Median (95 % CI) (months) [a]	n	No. of subjects with events (%)	No. of subjects censored (%)	Median (95 % CI) (months) [a]	n	Hazard Ratio (95 % CI) [b]	Unstratified log-rank p-value [c]	P-value [d]
Sex												0.4188
Male	124	13 (10.5)	111 (89.5)	NE (NE, NE)	120	14 (11.7)	106 (88.3)	NE (NE, NE)	120	0.825 (0.387, 1.761)	0.6194	
Female	141	18 (12.8)	123 (87.2)	NE (NE, NE)	148	15 (10.1)	133 (89.9)	NE (NE, NE)	148	1.232 (0.620, 2.445)	0.5510	

N: number of subjects in analysis set; n: number of subjects in subgroup category; %: proportion of number of subjects in n; CI: confidence interval; NE: not estimable. PT: Preferred Term, SOC: System Organ Class.

[a] Median time to first event is from Kaplan-Meier estimate. Confidence Interval for median was computed using the Brookmeyer-Crowley method.

[b] Hazard ratio is from unstratified Cox proportional hazards model with treatment as the only categorical variable in the model. Confidence limits are based on the Wald test.

[c] Two-sided p-value from unstratified log-rank test.

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SOC: Hepatobiliary disorders; PT: Any PT

		Quizartinib (N=265)				Placebo (N=268)				Quizartinib vs Placebo		Interaction
Subgroup	n	No. of subjects with events (%)	No. of subjects censored (%)	Median (95 % CI) (months) [a]	n	No. of subjects with events (%)	No. of subjects censored (%)	Median (95 % CI) (months) [a]	Hazard Ratio (95 % CI) [b]	Unstratified log-rank p-value [c]	P-value [d]	
Race by 2 categories											0.5221	
White	157	15 (9.6)	142 (90.4)	NE (NE, NE)	161	12 (7.5)	149 (92.5)	NE (NE, NE)	1.252 (0.585, 2.678)	0.5627		
Non-white	108	16 (14.8)	92 (85.2)	NE (NE, NE)	107	17 (15.9)	90 (84.1)	NE (NE, NE)	0.860 (0.434, 1.704)	0.6640		

N: number of subjects in analysis set; n: number of subjects in subgroup category; %: proportion of number of subjects in n; CI: confidence interval; NE: not estimable. PT: Preferred Term, SOC: System Organ Class.

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[b] Hazard ratio is from unstratified Cox proportional hazards model with treatment as the only categorical variable in the model. Confidence limits are based on the Wald test.

[c] Two-sided p-value from unstratified log-rank test.

[d] Two-sided interaction p-value is for the interaction term from unstratified Cox proportional hazards model with treatment, subgroup, and treatment-by-subgroup interaction as categorical variables in the model. The p-value is based on the Wald test.

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SOC: Hepatobiliary disorders; PT: Any PT

		Quizartinib (N=265)				Placebo (N=268)				Quizartinib vs Placebo		Interaction
Subgroup	n	No. of subjects with events (%)	No. of subjects censored (%)	Median (95 % CI) (months) [a]	n	No. of subjects with events (%)	No. of subjects censored (%)	Median (95 % CI) (months) [a]	Hazard Ratio (95 % CI) [b]	Unstratified log-rank p-value [c]	P-value [d]	
Geographic Region 1											0.9356	
North America	16	1 (6.3)	15 (93.8)	NE (NE, NE)	18	2 (11.1)	16 (88.9)	NE (NE, NE)	0.565 (0.051, 6.226)	0.6319		
Europe	161	18 (11.2)	143 (88.8)	NE (NE, NE)	161	16 (9.9)	145 (90.1)	NE (NE, NE)	1.072 (0.546, 2.105)	0.8414		
Asia/Other Regions	88	12 (13.6)	76 (86.4)	NE (NE, NE)	89	11 (12.4)	78 (87.6)	NE (NE, NE)	0.987 (0.434, 2.242)	0.9745		

N: number of subjects in analysis set; n: number of subjects in subgroup category; %: proportion of number of subjects in n; CI: confidence interval; NE: not estimable. PT: Preferred Term, SOC: System Organ Class.

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[b] Hazard ratio is from unstratified Cox proportional hazards model with treatment as the only categorical variable in the model. Confidence limits are based on the Wald test.

[c] Two-sided p-value from unstratified log-rank test.

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SOC: Hepatobiliary disorders; PT: Any PT

Subgroup	n	Quizartinib (N=265)				Placebo (N=268)				Quizartinib vs Placebo		Interaction
		No. of subjects with events (%)	No. of subjects censored (%)	Median (95 % CI) (months) [a]	n	No. of subjects with events (%)	No. of subjects censored (%)	Median (95 % CI) (months) [a]	n	Hazard Ratio (95 % CI) [b]	Unstratified log-rank p-value [c]	P-value [d]
WBC at initial diagnosis											0.2140	
< 40x10 ⁹ /L	132	12 (9.1)	120 (90.9)	NE (NE, NE)	133	8 (6.0)	125 (94.0)	NE (NE, NE)	133	1.556 (0.636, 3.809)	0.3292	
≥ 40x10 ⁹ /L	133	19 (14.3)	114 (85.7)	NE (NE, NE)	135	21 (15.6)	114 (84.4)	NE (NE, NE)	135	0.791 (0.424, 1.476)	0.4603	

N: number of subjects in analysis set; n: number of subjects in subgroup category; %: proportion of number of subjects in n; CI: confidence interval; NE: not estimable. PT: Preferred Term, SOC: System Organ Class.

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SOC: Hepatobiliary disorders; PT: Any PT

		Quizartinib (N=265)				Placebo (N=268)				Quizartinib vs Placebo		Interaction
Subgroup	n	No. of subjects with events (%)	No. of subjects censored (%)	Median (95 % CI) (months) [a]	n	No. of subjects with events (%)	No. of subjects censored (%)	Median (95 % CI) (months) [a]	Hazard Ratio (95 % CI) [b]	Unstratified log-rank p-value [c]	P-value [d]	
Choice of Anthracycline											0.6366	
Daunorubicin	123	15 (12.2)	108 (87.8)	NE (NE, NE)	94	9 (9.6)	85 (90.4)	NE (NE, NE)	1.202 (0.525, 2.753)	0.6627		
Idarubicin	142	16 (11.3)	126 (88.7)	NE (NE, NE)	171	20 (11.7)	151 (88.3)	NE (NE, NE)	0.908 (0.470, 1.754)	0.7742		

N: number of subjects in analysis set; n: number of subjects in subgroup category; %: proportion of number of subjects in n; CI: confidence interval; NE: not estimable. PT: Preferred Term, SOC: System Organ Class.

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SOC: Hepatobiliary disorders; PT: Any PT

		Quizartinib (N=265)				Placebo (N=268)				Quizartinib vs Placebo		Interaction
Subgroup	n	No. of subjects with events (%)	No. of subjects censored (%)	Median (95 % CI) (months) [a]	n	No. of subjects with events (%)	No. of subjects censored (%)	Median (95 % CI) (months) [a]	Hazard Ratio (95 % CI) [b]	Unstratified log-rank p-value [c]	P-value [d]	
AML Cytogenetic Risk Score											0.9434	
Favorable	13	1 (7.7)	12 (92.3)	NE (NE, NE)	19	1 (5.3)	18 (94.7)	NE (NE, NE)	1.481 (0.093, 23.673)	0.7800		
Intermediate	195	23 (11.8)	172 (88.2)	NE (NE, NE)	190	22 (11.6)	168 (88.4)	NE (NE, NE)	0.930 (0.517, 1.671)	0.8078		
Unfavorable	19	2 (10.5)	17 (89.5)	NE (NE, NE)	27	3 (11.1)	24 (88.9)	NE (8.7, NE)	0.982 (0.164, 5.888)	0.9845		
Unknown	38	5 (13.2)	33 (86.8)	NE (NE, NE)	31	3 (9.7)	28 (90.3)	NE (NE, NE)	1.343 (0.320, 5.638)	0.6857		

N: number of subjects in analysis set; n: number of subjects in subgroup category; %: proportion of number of subjects in n; CI: confidence interval; NE: not estimable. PT: Preferred Term, SOC: System Organ Class.

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[c] Two-sided p-value from unstratified log-rank test.

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SOC: Hepatobiliary disorders; PT: Any PT

		Quizartinib (N=265)				Placebo (N=268)				Quizartinib vs Placebo		Interaction
Subgroup	n	No. of subjects with events (%)	No. of subjects censored (%)	Median (95 % CI) (months) [a]	n	No. of subjects with events (%)	No. of subjects censored (%)	Median (95 % CI) (months) [a]	Hazard Ratio (95 % CI) [b]	Unstratified log-rank p-value [c]	P-value [d]	
ECOG Performance Status at Baseline											0.8472	
0 - Fully Active	87	5 (5.7)	82 (94.3)	NE (NE, NE)	97	4 (4.1)	93 (95.9)	NE (NE, NE)	1.380 (0.370, 5.142)	0.6295		
1 - Restricted in Physically Strenuous Activity	133	19 (14.3)	114 (85.7)	NE (NE, NE)	134	20 (14.9)	114 (85.1)	NE (NE, NE)	0.879 (0.469, 1.650)	0.6875		
2 - Ambulatory and Capable of All Selfcare	45	7 (15.6)	38 (84.4)	NE (NE, NE)	36	5 (13.9)	31 (86.1)	NE (8.3, NE)	1.117 (0.353, 3.535)	0.8504		

N: number of subjects in analysis set; n: number of subjects in subgroup category; %: proportion of number of subjects in n; CI: confidence interval; NE: not estimable. PT: Preferred Term, SOC: System Organ Class.

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		Quizartinib (N=265)					Placebo (N=268)					Quizartinib vs Placebo		Interaction
Subgroup	n	No. of subjects with events (%)	No. of subjects censored (%)	Median (95 % CI) (months) [a]	n	No. of subjects with events (%)	No. of subjects censored (%)	Median (95 % CI) (months) [a]	Hazard Ratio (95 % CI) [b]	Unstratified log-rank p-value [c]	P-value [d]			
FLT3-ITD category at Baseline													0.5421	
≥3 to ≤25%	94	9 (9.6)	85 (90.4)	NE (NE, NE)	98	13 (13.3)	85 (86.7)	NE (NE, NE)	0.728 (0.311, 1.704)	0.4629				
>25% to ≤50%	141	20 (14.2)	121 (85.8)	NE (NE, NE)	136	15 (11.0)	121 (89.0)	NE (NE, NE)	1.183 (0.604, 2.317)	0.6237				
>50%	29	2 (6.9)	27 (93.1)	NE (NE, NE)	34	1 (2.9)	33 (97.1)	NE (NE, NE)	2.337 (0.212, 25.772)	0.4752				

N: number of subjects in analysis set; n: number of subjects in subgroup category; %: proportion of number of subjects in n; CI: confidence interval; NE: not estimable. PT: Preferred Term, SOC: System Organ Class.

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SOC: Hepatobiliary disorders; PT: Any PT

		Quizartinib (N=265)				Placebo (N=268)				Quizartinib vs Placebo		Interaction
Subgroup	n	No. of subjects with events (%)	No. of subjects censored (%)	Median (95 % CI) (months) [a]	n	No. of subjects with events (%)	No. of subjects censored (%)	Median (95 % CI) (months) [a]	Hazard Ratio (95 % CI) [b]	Unstratified log-rank p-value [c]	P-value [d]	
AML with Mutated NPM1											0.6287	
Yes	139	15 (10.8)	124 (89.2)	NE (NE, NE)	137	16 (11.7)	121 (88.3)	NE (NE, NE)	0.876 (0.432, 1.775)	0.7119		
No	116	13 (11.2)	103 (88.8)	NE (NE, NE)	120	11 (9.2)	109 (90.8)	NE (NE, NE)	1.172 (0.525, 2.617)	0.6981		

N: number of subjects in analysis set; n: number of subjects in subgroup category; %: proportion of number of subjects in n; CI: confidence interval; NE: not estimable. PT: Preferred Term, SOC: System Organ Class.

[a] Median time to first event is from Kaplan-Meier estimate. Confidence Interval for median was computed using the Brookmeyer-Crowley method.

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 Table 3.11.2 Treatment-emergent adverse events by system organ class (SOC) and preferred term (PT) observed for ≥ 10 patients in at least one arm and ≥ 1% of the patients in at least one arm - Time-to-event analysis - subgroup analysis - DCO 13-Aug-2021 - Safety Analysis Set

SOC: Hepatobiliary disorders; PT: Any PT

		Quizartinib (N=265)				Placebo (N=268)				Quizartinib vs Placebo		Interaction
Subgroup	n	No. of subjects with events (%)	No. of subjects censored (%)	Median (95 % CI) (months) [a]	n	No. of subjects with events (%)	No. of subjects censored (%)	Median (95 % CI) (months) [a]	Hazard Ratio (95 % CI) [b]	Unstratified log-rank p-value [c]	P-value [d]	
Age by 2 categories											0.6549	
≤60	164	22 (13.4)	142 (86.6)	NE (NE, NE)	163	18 (11.0)	145 (89.0)	NE (NE, NE)	1.116 (0.598, 2.083)	0.7308		
>60	101	9 (8.9)	92 (91.1)	NE (NE, NE)	105	11 (10.5)	94 (89.5)	NE (NE, NE)	0.877 (0.363, 2.118)	0.7718		

N: number of subjects in analysis set; n: number of subjects in subgroup category; %: proportion of number of subjects in n; CI: confidence interval; NE: not estimable. PT: Preferred Term, SOC: System Organ Class.

[a] Median time to first event is from Kaplan-Meier estimate. Confidence Interval for median was computed using the Brookmeyer-Crowley method.

[b] Hazard ratio is from unstratified Cox proportional hazards model with treatment as the only categorical variable in the model. Confidence limits are based on the Wald test.

[c] Two-sided p-value from unstratified log-rank test.

[d] Two-sided interaction p-value is for the interaction term from unstratified Cox proportional hazards model with treatment, subgroup, and treatment-by-subgroup interaction as categorical variables in the model. The p-value is based on the Wald test.

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SOC: Ear and labyrinth disorders; PT: Any PT

		Quizartinib (N=265)				Placebo (N=268)				Quizartinib vs Placebo		Interaction
Subgroup	n	No. of subjects with events (%)	No. of subjects censored (%)	Median (95 % CI) (months) [a]	n	No. of subjects with events (%)	No. of subjects censored (%)	Median (95 % CI) (months) [a]	Hazard Ratio (95 % CI) [b]	Unstratified log-rank p-value [c]	P-value [d]	
Pooled Age Group 2											0.3621	
<60	159	6 (3.8)	153 (96.2)	NE (NE, NE)	160	3 (1.9)	157 (98.1)	NE (NE, NE)	1.977 (0.494, 7.908)	0.3259		
≥60 - <65	37	4 (10.8)	33 (89.2)	NE (NE, NE)	43	1 (2.3)	42 (97.7)	NE (NE, NE)	4.375 (0.487, 39.286)	0.1500		
≥65	69	6 (8.7)	63 (91.3)	NE (22.2, NE)	65	7 (10.8)	58 (89.2)	NE (27.5, NE)	0.893 (0.299, 2.670)	0.8392		

N: number of subjects in analysis set; n: number of subjects in subgroup category; %: proportion of number of subjects in n; CI: confidence interval; NE: not estimable. PT: Preferred Term, SOC: System Organ Class.

[a] Median time to first event is from Kaplan-Meier estimate. Confidence Interval for median was computed using the Brookmeyer-Crowley method.

[b] Hazard ratio is from unstratified Cox proportional hazards model with treatment as the only categorical variable in the model. Confidence limits are based on the Wald test.

[c] Two-sided p-value from unstratified log-rank test.

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SOC: Ear and labyrinth disorders; PT: Any PT

		Quizartinib (N=265)				Placebo (N=268)				Quizartinib vs Placebo		Interaction
Subgroup	n	No. of subjects with events (%)	No. of subjects censored (%)	Median (95 % CI) (months) [a]	n	No. of subjects with events (%)	No. of subjects censored (%)	Median (95 % CI) (months) [a]	Hazard Ratio (95 % CI) [b]	Unstratified log-rank p-value [c]	P-value [d]	
Sex											0.5274	
Male	124	3 (2.4)	121 (97.6)	NE (NE, NE)	120	3 (2.5)	117 (97.5)	NE (NE, NE)	0.900 (0.181, 4.472)	0.8979		
Female	141	13 (9.2)	128 (90.8)	NE (NE, NE)	148	8 (5.4)	140 (94.6)	NE (NE, NE)	1.688 (0.699, 4.075)	0.2390		

N: number of subjects in analysis set; n: number of subjects in subgroup category; %: proportion of number of subjects in n; CI: confidence interval; NE: not estimable. PT: Preferred Term, SOC: System Organ Class.

[a] Median time to first event is from Kaplan-Meier estimate. Confidence Interval for median was computed using the Brookmeyer-Crowley method.

[b] Hazard ratio is from unstratified Cox proportional hazards model with treatment as the only categorical variable in the model. Confidence limits are based on the Wald test.

[c] Two-sided p-value from unstratified log-rank test.

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SOC: Ear and labyrinth disorders; PT: Any PT

		Quizartinib (N=265)				Placebo (N=268)				Quizartinib vs Placebo		Interaction
Subgroup	n	No. of subjects with events (%)	No. of subjects censored (%)	Median (95 % CI) (months) [a]	n	No. of subjects with events (%)	No. of subjects censored (%)	Median (95 % CI) (months) [a]	Hazard Ratio (95 % CI) [b]	Unstratified log-rank p-value [c]	P-value [d]	
Race by 2 categories											0.6949	
White	157	12 (7.6)	145 (92.4)	NE (NE, NE)	161	9 (5.6)	152 (94.4)	NE (NE, NE)	1.298 (0.546, 3.086)	0.5540		
Non-white	108	4 (3.7)	104 (96.3)	NE (NE, NE)	107	2 (1.9)	105 (98.1)	NE (NE, NE)	1.891 (0.346, 10.336)	0.4545		

N: number of subjects in analysis set; n: number of subjects in subgroup category; %: proportion of number of subjects in n; CI: confidence interval; NE: not estimable. PT: Preferred Term, SOC: System Organ Class.

[a] Median time to first event is from Kaplan-Meier estimate. Confidence Interval for median was computed using the Brookmeyer-Crowley method.

[b] Hazard ratio is from unstratified Cox proportional hazards model with treatment as the only categorical variable in the model. Confidence limits are based on the Wald test.

[c] Two-sided p-value from unstratified log-rank test.

[d] Two-sided interaction p-value is for the interaction term from unstratified Cox proportional hazards model with treatment, subgroup, and treatment-by-subgroup interaction as categorical variables in the model. The p-value is based on the Wald test.

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SOC: Ear and labyrinth disorders; PT: Any PT

		Quizartinib (N=265)					Placebo (N=268)					Quizartinib vs Placebo		Interaction
Subgroup	n	No. of subjects with events (%)	No. of subjects censored (%)	Median (95 % CI) (months) [a]	n	No. of subjects with events (%)	No. of subjects censored (%)	Median (95 % CI) (months) [a]	Hazard Ratio (95 % CI) [b]	Unstratified log-rank p-value [c]	P-value [d]			
Geographic Region 1													0.7264	
North America	16	1 (6.3)	15 (93.8)	NE (NE, NE)	18	2 (11.1)	16 (88.9)	NE (NE, NE)	0.841 (0.074, 9.502)	0.8882				
Europe	161	12 (7.5)	149 (92.5)	NE (NE, NE)	161	8 (5.0)	153 (95.0)	NE (NE, NE)	1.427 (0.583, 3.496)	0.4345				
Asia/Other Regions	88	3 (3.4)	85 (96.6)	NE (NE, NE)	89	1 (1.1)	88 (98.9)	NE (NE, NE)	2.957 (0.308, 28.430)	0.3244				

N: number of subjects in analysis set; n: number of subjects in subgroup category; %: proportion of number of subjects in n; CI: confidence interval; NE: not estimable. PT: Preferred Term, SOC: System Organ Class.

[a] Median time to first event is from Kaplan-Meier estimate. Confidence Interval for median was computed using the Brookmeyer-Crowley method.

[b] Hazard ratio is from unstratified Cox proportional hazards model with treatment as the only categorical variable in the model. Confidence limits are based on the Wald test.

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SOC: Ear and labyrinth disorders; PT: Any PT

		Quizartinib (N=265)				Placebo (N=268)				Quizartinib vs Placebo		Interaction
Subgroup	n	No. of subjects with events (%)	No. of subjects censored (%)	Median (95 % CI) (months) [a]	n	No. of subjects with events (%)	No. of subjects censored (%)	Median (95 % CI) (months) [a]	Hazard Ratio (95 % CI) [b]	Unstratified log-rank p-value [c]	P-value [d]	
WBC at initial diagnosis											0.7051	
< 40x10 ⁹ /L	132	7 (5.3)	125 (94.7)	NE (NE, NE)	133	6 (4.5)	127 (95.5)	NE (NE, NE)	1.230 (0.413, 3.660)	0.7096		
≥ 40x10 ⁹ /L	133	9 (6.8)	124 (93.2)	NE (NE, NE)	135	5 (3.7)	130 (96.3)	NE (NE, NE)	1.527 (0.509, 4.582)	0.4464		

N: number of subjects in analysis set; n: number of subjects in subgroup category; %: proportion of number of subjects in n; CI: confidence interval; NE: not estimable. PT: Preferred Term, SOC: System Organ Class.

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[c] Two-sided p-value from unstratified log-rank test.

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		Quizartinib (N=265)				Placebo (N=268)				Quizartinib vs Placebo		Interaction
Subgroup	n	No. of subjects with events (%)	No. of subjects censored (%)	Median (95 % CI) (months) [a]	n	No. of subjects with events (%)	No. of subjects censored (%)	Median (95 % CI) (months) [a]	Hazard Ratio (95 % CI) [b]	Unstratified log-rank p-value [c]	P-value [d]	
Choice of Anthracycline											0.5218	
Daunorubicin	123	4 (3.3)	119 (96.7)	NE (NE, NE)	94	1 (1.1)	93 (98.9)	NE (NE, NE)	3.132 (0.350, 28.021)	0.2813		
Idarubicin	142	12 (8.5)	130 (91.5)	NE (NE, NE)	171	10 (5.8)	161 (94.2)	NE (NE, NE)	1.355 (0.585, 3.141)	0.4780		

N: number of subjects in analysis set; n: number of subjects in subgroup category; %: proportion of number of subjects in n; CI: confidence interval; NE: not estimable. PT: Preferred Term, SOC: System Organ Class.

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SOC: Ear and labyrinth disorders; PT: Any PT

		Quizartinib (N=265)					Placebo (N=268)					Quizartinib vs Placebo		Interaction
Subgroup	n	No. of subjects with events (%)	No. of subjects censored (%)	Median (95 % CI) (months) [a]	n	No. of subjects with events (%)	No. of subjects censored (%)	Median (95 % CI) (months) [a]	n	Hazard Ratio (95 % CI) [b]	Unstratified log-rank p-value [c]	P-value [d]		
AML Cytogenetic Risk Score												0.8792		
Favorable	13	1 (7.7)	12 (92.3)	NE (2.0, NE)	19	2 (10.5)	17 (89.5)	NE (27.5, NE)	19	1.182 (0.106, 13.194)	0.8919			
Intermediate	195	11 (5.6)	184 (94.4)	NE (NE, NE)	190	5 (2.6)	185 (97.4)	NE (NE, NE)	190	1.988 (0.690, 5.727)	0.1942			
Unfavorable	19	2 (10.5)	17 (89.5)	NE (NE, NE)	27	3 (11.1)	24 (88.9)	NE (NE, NE)	27	1.039 (0.174, 6.221)	0.9663			
Unknown	38	2 (5.3)	36 (94.7)	NE (NE, NE)	31	1 (3.2)	30 (96.8)	NE (NE, NE)	31	1.567 (0.142, 17.345)	0.7118			

N: number of subjects in analysis set; n: number of subjects in subgroup category; %: proportion of number of subjects in n; CI: confidence interval; NE: not estimable. PT: Preferred Term, SOC: System Organ Class.

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[b] Hazard ratio is from unstratified Cox proportional hazards model with treatment as the only categorical variable in the model. Confidence limits are based on the Wald test.

[c] Two-sided p-value from unstratified log-rank test.

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SOC: Ear and labyrinth disorders; PT: Any PT

		Quizartinib (N=265)				Placebo (N=268)				Quizartinib vs Placebo		Interaction
Subgroup	n	No. of subjects with events (%)	No. of subjects censored (%)	Median (95 % CI) (months) [a]	n	No. of subjects with events (%)	No. of subjects censored (%)	Median (95 % CI) (months) [a]	Hazard Ratio (95 % CI) [b]	Unstratified log-rank p-value [c]	P-value [d]	
ECOG Performance Status at Baseline											0.6770	
0 - Fully Active	87	8 (9.2)	79 (90.8)	NE (NE, NE)	97	3 (3.1)	94 (96.9)	NE (NE, NE)	2.935 (0.778, 11.071)	0.0952		
1 - Restricted in Physically Strenuous Activity	133	8 (6.0)	125 (94.0)	NE (NE, NE)	134	6 (4.5)	128 (95.5)	NE (NE, NE)	1.313 (0.455, 3.789)	0.6127		
2 - Ambulatory and Capable of All Selfcare	45	0	45 (100)	NE (NE, NE)	36	2 (5.6)	34 (94.4)	NE (NE, NE)	0.000 (0.000, NE)	0.1248		

N: number of subjects in analysis set; n: number of subjects in subgroup category; %: proportion of number of subjects in n; CI: confidence interval; NE: not estimable. PT: Preferred Term, SOC: System Organ Class.

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		Quizartinib (N=265)				Placebo (N=268)				Quizartinib vs Placebo		Interaction
Subgroup	n	No. of subjects with events (%)	No. of subjects censored (%)	Median (95 % CI) (months) [a]	n	No. of subjects with events (%)	No. of subjects censored (%)	Median (95 % CI) (months) [a]	Hazard Ratio (95 % CI) [b]	Unstratified log-rank p-value [c]	P-value [d]	
FLT3-ITD category at Baseline											0.8225	
≥3 to ≤25%	94	4 (4.3)	90 (95.7)	NE (NE, NE)	98	2 (2.0)	96 (98.0)	NE (NE, NE)	2.132 (0.390, 11.649)	0.3711		
>25% to ≤50%	141	11 (7.8)	130 (92.2)	NE (NE, NE)	136	8 (5.9)	128 (94.1)	NE (NE, NE)	1.258 (0.505, 3.135)	0.6208		
>50%	29	1 (3.4)	28 (96.6)	NE (NE, NE)	34	1 (2.9)	33 (97.1)	NE (NE, NE)	1.193 (0.075, 19.078)	0.9005		

N: number of subjects in analysis set; n: number of subjects in subgroup category; %: proportion of number of subjects in n; CI: confidence interval; NE: not estimable. PT: Preferred Term, SOC: System Organ Class.

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[d] Two-sided interaction p-value is for the interaction term from unstratified Cox proportional hazards model with treatment, subgroup, and treatment-by-subgroup interaction as categorical variables in the model. The p-value is based on the Wald test.

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Run date: 21JUL2023 – 22:02; Program name: DE_T_3_11_2.sas; Output name: DE_T_3_11_2_TEAESOCPT_SUB_SAS.rtf

Medizinischer Nutzen, medizinischer Zusatznutzen, Patientengruppen mit therap. bedeutsamem Zusatznutzen

Daiichi Sankyo | Data Intelligence – Evidence Generation | Final | AC220-A-U302 QUANTUM-First (DCO 13 Aug 2021) | Statistical analyses for AMNOG (HTA Germany)
 Table 3.11.2 Treatment-emergent adverse events by system organ class (SOC) and preferred term (PT) observed for ≥ 10 patients in at least one arm and ≥ 1% of the patients in at least one arm - Time-to-event analysis - subgroup analysis - DCO 13-Aug-2021 - Safety Analysis Set

SOC: Ear and labyrinth disorders; PT: Any PT

		Quizartinib (N=265)				Placebo (N=268)				Quizartinib vs Placebo		Interaction
Subgroup	n	No. of subjects with events (%)	No. of subjects censored (%)	Median (95 % CI) (months) [a]	n	No. of subjects with events (%)	No. of subjects censored (%)	Median (95 % CI) (months) [a]	Hazard Ratio (95 % CI) [b]	Unstratified log-rank p-value [c]	P-value [d]	
AML with Mutated NPM1											0.9023	
Yes	139	10 (7.2)	129 (92.8)	NE (NE, NE)	137	6 (4.4)	131 (95.6)	NE (NE, NE)	1.573 (0.571, 4.336)	0.3770		
No	116	6 (5.2)	110 (94.8)	NE (NE, NE)	120	4 (3.3)	116 (96.7)	NE (NE, NE)	1.485 (0.419, 5.267)	0.5375		

N: number of subjects in analysis set; n: number of subjects in subgroup category; %: proportion of number of subjects in n; CI: confidence interval; NE: not estimable. PT: Preferred Term, SOC: System Organ Class.

[a] Median time to first event is from Kaplan-Meier estimate. Confidence Interval for median was computed using the Brookmeyer-Crowley method.

[b] Hazard ratio is from unstratified Cox proportional hazards model with treatment as the only categorical variable in the model. Confidence limits are based on the Wald test.

[c] Two-sided p-value from unstratified log-rank test.

[d] Two-sided interaction p-value is for the interaction term from unstratified Cox proportional hazards model with treatment, subgroup, and treatment-by-subgroup interaction as categorical variables in the model. The p-value is based on the Wald test.

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Medizinischer Nutzen, medizinischer Zusatznutzen, Patientengruppen mit therap. bedeutsamem Zusatznutzen

Daichi Sankyo | Data Intelligence – Evidence Generation | Final | AC220-A-U302 QUANTUM-First (DCO 13 Aug 2021) | Statistical analyses for AMNOG (HTA Germany)
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SOC: Ear and labyrinth disorders; PT: Any PT

		Quizartinib (N=265)				Placebo (N=268)				Quizartinib vs Placebo		Interaction
Subgroup	n	No. of subjects with events (%)	No. of subjects censored (%)	Median (95 % CI) (months) [a]	n	No. of subjects with events (%)	No. of subjects censored (%)	Median (95 % CI) (months) [a]	Hazard Ratio (95 % CI) [b]	Unstratified log-rank p-value [c]	P-value [d]	
Age by 2 categories											0.5223	
≤60	164	7 (4.3)	157 (95.7)	NE (NE, NE)	163	3 (1.8)	160 (98.2)	NE (NE, NE)	2.269 (0.587, 8.777)	0.2221		
>60	101	9 (8.9)	92 (91.1)	NE (NE, NE)	105	8 (7.6)	97 (92.4)	NE (NE, NE)	1.239 (0.477, 3.218)	0.6591		

N: number of subjects in analysis set; n: number of subjects in subgroup category; %: proportion of number of subjects in n; CI: confidence interval; NE: not estimable. PT: Preferred Term, SOC: System Organ Class.

[a] Median time to first event is from Kaplan-Meier estimate. Confidence Interval for median was computed using the Brookmeyer-Crowley method.

[b] Hazard ratio is from unstratified Cox proportional hazards model with treatment as the only categorical variable in the model. Confidence limits are based on the Wald test.

[c] Two-sided p-value from unstratified log-rank test.

[d] Two-sided interaction p-value is for the interaction term from unstratified Cox proportional hazards model with treatment, subgroup, and treatment-by-subgroup interaction as categorical variables in the model. The p-value is based on the Wald test.

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Anhang 4-H9b: SUE nach SOC und PT

Daiichi Sankyo | Data Intelligence – Evidence Generation | Final | AC220-A-U302 QUANTUM-First (DCO 13 Aug 2021) | Statistical analyses for AMNOG (HTA Germany)
 Table 3.12.2 Serious Treatment-emergent adverse events by system organ class (SOC) and preferred term (PT) observed for ≥ 10 patients in at least one arm and ≥ 1% of the patients in at least one arm - Time-to-event analysis - subgroup analysis - DCO 13-Aug-2021 - Safety Analysis Set

SOC: Infections and infestations; PT: Any PT

Subgroup	n	Quizartinib (N=265)				Placebo (N=268)				Quizartinib vs Placebo		Interaction
		No. of subjects with events (%)	No. of subjects censored (%)	Median (95 % CI) (months) [a]	n	No. of subjects with events (%)	No. of subjects censored (%)	Median (95 % CI) (months) [a]	Hazard Ratio (95 % CI) [b]	Unstratified log-rank p-value [c]	P-value [d]	
Pooled Age Group 2											0.6243	
<60	159	46 (28.9)	113 (71.1)	NE (30.2, NE)	160	37 (23.1)	123 (76.9)	NE (NE, NE)	1.117 (0.724, 1.725)	0.6148		
≥60 - <65	37	9 (24.3)	28 (75.7)	NE (NE, NE)	43	9 (20.9)	34 (79.1)	NE (4.9, NE)	1.006 (0.396, 2.553)	0.9898		
≥65	69	21 (30.4)	48 (69.6)	26.5 (15.7, NE)	65	25 (38.5)	40 (61.5)	10.2 (4.5, NE)	0.759 (0.424, 1.356)	0.3492		

N: number of subjects in analysis set; n: number of subjects in subgroup category; %: proportion of number of subjects in n; CI: confidence interval; NE: not estimable. PT: Preferred Term, SOC: System Organ Class.

[a] Median time to first event is from Kaplan-Meier estimate. Confidence Interval for median was computed using the Brookmeyer-Crowley method.

[b] Hazard ratio is from unstratified Cox proportional hazards model with treatment as the only categorical variable in the model. Confidence limits are based on the Wald test.

[c] Two-sided p-value from unstratified log-rank test.

[d] Two-sided interaction p-value is for the interaction term from unstratified Cox proportional hazards model with treatment, subgroup, and treatment-by-subgroup interaction as categorical variables in the model. The p-value is based on the Wald test.

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Medizinischer Nutzen, medizinischer Zusatznutzen, Patientengruppen mit therap. bedeutsamem Zusatznutzen

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SOC: Infections and infestations; PT: Any PT

Subgroup	n	Quizartinib (N=265)				Placebo (N=268)				Quizartinib vs Placebo		Interaction
		No. of subjects with events (%)	No. of subjects censored (%)	Median (95 % CI) (months) [a]	n	No. of subjects with events (%)	No. of subjects censored (%)	Median (95 % CI) (months) [a]	Hazard Ratio (95 % CI) [b]	Unstratified log-rank p-value [c]	P-value [d]	
Sex												0.3221
Male	124	31 (25.0)	93 (75.0)	NE (26.5, NE)	120	32 (26.7)	88 (73.3)	NE (6.9, NE)	0.814 (0.495, 1.337)	0.4132		
Female	141	45 (31.9)	96 (68.1)	31.5 (19.3, NE)	148	39 (26.4)	109 (73.6)	NE (NE, NE)	1.139 (0.741, 1.750)	0.5516		

N: number of subjects in analysis set; n: number of subjects in subgroup category; %: proportion of number of subjects in n; CI: confidence interval; NE: not estimable. PT: Preferred Term, SOC: System Organ Class.

[a] Median time to first event is from Kaplan-Meier estimate. Confidence Interval for median was computed using the Brookmeyer-Crowley method.

[b] Hazard ratio is from unstratified Cox proportional hazards model with treatment as the only categorical variable in the model. Confidence limits are based on the Wald test.

[c] Two-sided p-value from unstratified log-rank test.

[d] Two-sided interaction p-value is for the interaction term from unstratified Cox proportional hazards model with treatment, subgroup, and treatment-by-subgroup interaction as categorical variables in the model. The p-value is based on the Wald test.

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SOC: Infections and infestations; PT: Any PT

		Quizartinib (N=265)				Placebo (N=268)				Quizartinib vs Placebo		Interaction	
Subgroup	n	No. of subjects with events (%)	No. of subjects censored (%)	Median (95 % CI) (months) [a]	n	No. of subjects with events (%)	No. of subjects censored (%)	Median (95 % CI) (months) [a]	Hazard Ratio (95 % CI) [b]	Unstratified log-rank p-value [c]	P-value [d]		
Race by 2 categories												0.4878	
White	157	49 (31.2)	108 (68.8)	NE (30.2, NE)	161	42 (26.1)	119 (73.9)	NE (16.7, NE)	1.090 (0.721, 1.649)	0.6804			
Non-white	108	27 (25.0)	81 (75.0)	33.0 (24.0, NE)	107	29 (27.1)	78 (72.9)	NE (6.9, NE)	0.843 (0.499, 1.426)	0.5255			

N: number of subjects in analysis set; n: number of subjects in subgroup category; %: proportion of number of subjects in n; CI: confidence interval; NE: not estimable. PT: Preferred Term, SOC: System Organ Class.

[a] Median time to first event is from Kaplan-Meier estimate. Confidence Interval for median was computed using the Brookmeyer-Crowley method.

[b] Hazard ratio is from unstratified Cox proportional hazards model with treatment as the only categorical variable in the model. Confidence limits are based on the Wald test.

[c] Two-sided p-value from unstratified log-rank test.

[d] Two-sided interaction p-value is for the interaction term from unstratified Cox proportional hazards model with treatment, subgroup, and treatment-by-subgroup interaction as categorical variables in the model. The p-value is based on the Wald test.

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SOC: Infections and infestations; PT: Any PT

Subgroup	n	Quizartinib (N=265)			Placebo (N=268)			Quizartinib vs Placebo		Interaction
		No. of subjects with events (%)	No. of subjects censored (%)	Median (95 % CI) (months) [a]	n	No. of subjects with events (%)	No. of subjects censored (%)	Median (95 % CI) (months) [a]	Hazard Ratio (95 % CI) [b]	Unstratified log-rank p-value [c]
Geographic Region 1										0.9391
North America	16	2 (12.5)	14 (87.5)	NE (NE, NE)	18	4 (22.2)	14 (77.8)	NE (6.5, NE)	0.712 (0.128, 3.952)	0.6960
Europe	161	50 (31.1)	111 (68.9)	NE (30.2, NE)	161	45 (28.0)	116 (72.0)	NE (9.2, NE)	0.993 (0.663, 1.488)	0.9721
Asia/Other Regions	88	24 (27.3)	64 (72.7)	33.0 (19.0, NE)	89	22 (24.7)	67 (75.3)	NE (NE, NE)	0.980 (0.548, 1.751)	0.9449

N: number of subjects in analysis set; n: number of subjects in subgroup category; %: proportion of number of subjects in n; CI: confidence interval; NE: not estimable. PT: Preferred Term, SOC: System Organ Class.

[a] Median time to first event is from Kaplan-Meier estimate. Confidence Interval for median was computed using the Brookmeyer-Crowley method.

[b] Hazard ratio is from unstratified Cox proportional hazards model with treatment as the only categorical variable in the model. Confidence limits are based on the Wald test.

[c] Two-sided p-value from unstratified log-rank test.

[d] Two-sided interaction p-value is for the interaction term from unstratified Cox proportional hazards model with treatment, subgroup, and treatment-by-subgroup interaction as categorical variables in the model. The p-value is based on the Wald test.

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SOC: Infections and infestations; PT: Any PT

Subgroup	n	Quizartinib (N=265)				Placebo (N=268)			Quizartinib vs Placebo		Interaction
		No. of subjects with events (%)	No. of subjects censored (%)	Median (95 % CI) (months) [a]	n	No. of subjects with events (%)	No. of subjects censored (%)	Median (95 % CI) (months) [a]	Hazard Ratio (95 % CI) [b]	Unstratified log-rank p-value [c]	P-value [d]
WBC at initial diagnosis											0.4685
< 40x10 ⁹ /L	132	36 (27.3)	96 (72.7)	NE (31.5, NE)	133	33 (24.8)	100 (75.2)	NE (NE, NE)	1.115 (0.695, 1.789)	0.6521	
≥ 40x10 ⁹ /L	133	40 (30.1)	93 (69.9)	33.0 (24.0, NE)	135	38 (28.1)	97 (71.9)	NE (6.9, NE)	0.843 (0.539, 1.320)	0.4550	

N: number of subjects in analysis set; n: number of subjects in subgroup category; %: proportion of number of subjects in n; CI: confidence interval; NE: not estimable. PT: Preferred Term, SOC: System Organ Class.

[a] Median time to first event is from Kaplan-Meier estimate. Confidence Interval for median was computed using the Brookmeyer-Crowley method.

[b] Hazard ratio is from unstratified Cox proportional hazards model with treatment as the only categorical variable in the model. Confidence limits are based on the Wald test.

[c] Two-sided p-value from unstratified log-rank test.

[d] Two-sided interaction p-value is for the interaction term from unstratified Cox proportional hazards model with treatment, subgroup, and treatment-by-subgroup interaction as categorical variables in the model. The p-value is based on the Wald test.

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SOC: Infections and infestations; PT: Any PT

		Quizartinib (N=265)			Placebo (N=268)			Quizartinib vs Placebo		Interaction	
Subgroup	n	No. of subjects with events (%)	No. of subjects censored (%)	Median (95 % CI) (months) [a]	n	No. of subjects with events (%)	No. of subjects censored (%)	Median (95 % CI) (months) [a]	Hazard Ratio (95 % CI) [b]	Unstratified log-rank p-value [c]	P-value [d]
Choice of Anthracycline											
Daunorubicin	123	33 (26.8)	90 (73.2)	NE (30.2, NE)	94	17 (18.1)	77 (81.9)	NE (NE, NE)	1.350 (0.751, 2.428)	0.3159	0.2117
Idarubicin	142	43 (30.3)	99 (69.7)	NE (24.0, NE)	171	53 (31.0)	118 (69.0)	NE (6.9, NE)	0.876 (0.585, 1.312)	0.5209	

N: number of subjects in analysis set; n: number of subjects in subgroup category; %: proportion of number of subjects in n; CI: confidence interval; NE: not estimable. PT: Preferred Term, SOC: System Organ Class.

[a] Median time to first event is from Kaplan-Meier estimate. Confidence Interval for median was computed using the Brookmeyer-Crowley method.

[b] Hazard ratio is from unstratified Cox proportional hazards model with treatment as the only categorical variable in the model. Confidence limits are based on the Wald test.

[c] Two-sided p-value from unstratified log-rank test.

[d] Two-sided interaction p-value is for the interaction term from unstratified Cox proportional hazards model with treatment, subgroup, and treatment-by-subgroup interaction as categorical variables in the model. The p-value is based on the Wald test.

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SOC: Infections and infestations; PT: Any PT

Subgroup	n	Quizartinib (N=265)			n	Placebo (N=268)			Quizartinib vs Placebo		Interaction
		No. of subjects with events (%)	No. of subjects censored (%)	Median (95 % CI) (months) [a]		No. of subjects with events (%)	No. of subjects censored (%)	Median (95 % CI) (months) [a]	Hazard Ratio (95 % CI) [b]	Unstratified log-rank p-value [c]	P-value [d]
AML Cytogenetic Risk Score											0.1789
Favorable	13	5 (38.5)	8 (61.5)	NE (1.8, NE)	19	5 (26.3)	14 (73.7)	NE (4.6, NE)	1.928 (0.555, 6.697)	0.2978	
Intermediate	195	54 (27.7)	141 (72.3)	NE (30.2, NE)	190	44 (23.2)	146 (76.8)	NE (16.7, NE)	1.045 (0.701, 1.558)	0.8299	
Unfavorable	19	3 (15.8)	16 (84.2)	NE (6.1, NE)	27	11 (40.7)	16 (59.3)	6.5 (1.6, NE)	0.271 (0.073, 1.006)	0.0383	
Unknown	38	14 (36.8)	24 (63.2)	26.5 (3.5, NE)	31	10 (32.3)	21 (67.7)	NE (4.5, NE)	1.175 (0.521, 2.648)	0.6963	

N: number of subjects in analysis set; n: number of subjects in subgroup category; %: proportion of number of subjects in n; CI: confidence interval; NE: not estimable. PT: Preferred Term, SOC: System Organ Class.

[a] Median time to first event is from Kaplan-Meier estimate. Confidence Interval for median was computed using the Brookmeyer-Crowley method.

[b] Hazard ratio is from unstratified Cox proportional hazards model with treatment as the only categorical variable in the model. Confidence limits are based on the Wald test.

[c] Two-sided p-value from unstratified log-rank test.

[d] Two-sided interaction p-value is for the interaction term from unstratified Cox proportional hazards model with treatment, subgroup, and treatment-by-subgroup interaction as categorical variables in the model. The p-value is based on the Wald test.

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SOC: Infections and infestations; PT: Any PT

Subgroup	Quizartinib (N=265)					Placebo (N=268)			Quizartinib vs Placebo		Interaction
	n	No. of subjects with events (%)	No. of subjects censored (%)	Median (95 % CI) (months) [a]	n	No. of subjects with events (%)	No. of subjects censored (%)	Median (95 % CI) (months) [a]	Hazard Ratio (95 % CI) [b]	Unstratified log-rank p-value [c]	P-value [d]
ECOG Performance Status at Baseline											0.8580
0 - Fully Active	87	21 (24.1)	66 (75.9)	NE (31.5, NE)	97	23 (23.7)	74 (76.3)	NE (NE, NE)	0.880 (0.486, 1.594)	0.6731	
1 - Restricted in Physically Strenuous Activity	133	38 (28.6)	95 (71.4)	NE (19.0, NE)	134	38 (28.4)	96 (71.6)	NE (6.9, NE)	0.954 (0.608, 1.496)	0.8384	
2 - Ambulatory and Capable of All Selfcare	45	17 (37.8)	28 (62.2)	20.0 (5.9, NE)	36	10 (27.8)	26 (72.2)	10.7 (4.4, NE)	1.031 (0.462, 2.300)	0.9423	

N: number of subjects in analysis set; n: number of subjects in subgroup category; %: proportion of number of subjects in n; CI: confidence interval; NE: not estimable. PT: Preferred Term, SOC: System Organ Class.

[a] Median time to first event is from Kaplan-Meier estimate. Confidence Interval for median was computed using the Brookmeyer-Crowley method.

[b] Hazard ratio is from unstratified Cox proportional hazards model with treatment as the only categorical variable in the model. Confidence limits are based on the Wald test.

[c] Two-sided p-value from unstratified log-rank test.

[d] Two-sided interaction p-value is for the interaction term from unstratified Cox proportional hazards model with treatment, subgroup, and treatment-by-subgroup interaction as categorical variables in the model. The p-value is based on the Wald test.

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Medizinischer Nutzen, medizinischer Zusatznutzen, Patientengruppen mit therap. bedeutsamem Zusatznutzen

Daiichi Sankyo | Data Intelligence – Evidence Generation | Final | AC220-A-U302 QUANTUM-First (DCO 13 Aug 2021) | Statistical analyses for AMNOG (HTA Germany)
 Table 3.12.2 Serious Treatment-emergent adverse events by system organ class (SOC) and preferred term (PT) observed for ≥ 10 patients in at least one arm and ≥ 1% of the patients in at least one arm - Time-to-event analysis - subgroup analysis - DCO 13-Aug-2021 - Safety Analysis Set

SOC: Infections and infestations; PT: Any PT

Subgroup	n	Quizartinib (N=265)			n	Placebo (N=268)			Quizartinib vs Placebo		Interaction P-value [d]
		No. of subjects with events (%)	No. of subjects censored (%)	Median (95 % CI) (months) [a]		No. of subjects with events (%)	No. of subjects censored (%)	Median (95 % CI) (months) [a]	Hazard Ratio (95 % CI) [b]	Unstratified log-rank p-value [c]	
FLT3-ITD category at Baseline											0.7209
≥3 to ≤25%	94	28 (29.8)	66 (70.2)	NE (24.0, NE)	98	27 (27.6)	71 (72.4)	NE (16.7, NE)	1.074 (0.633, 1.824)	0.7946	
>25% to ≤50%	141	39 (27.7)	102 (72.3)	NE (30.2, NE)	136	38 (27.9)	98 (72.1)	NE (9.3, NE)	0.877 (0.560, 1.373)	0.5640	
>50%	29	9 (31.0)	20 (69.0)	NE (6.9, NE)	34	6 (17.6)	28 (82.4)	NE (NE, NE)	1.323 (0.465, 3.768)	0.5988	

N: number of subjects in analysis set; n: number of subjects in subgroup category; %: proportion of number of subjects in n; CI: confidence interval; NE: not estimable. PT: Preferred Term, SOC: System Organ Class.

[a] Median time to first event is from Kaplan-Meier estimate. Confidence Interval for median was computed using the Brookmeyer-Crowley method.

[b] Hazard ratio is from unstratified Cox proportional hazards model with treatment as the only categorical variable in the model. Confidence limits are based on the Wald test.

[c] Two-sided p-value from unstratified log-rank test.

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Medizinischer Nutzen, medizinischer Zusatznutzen, Patientengruppen mit therap. bedeutsamem Zusatznutzen

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SOC: Infections and infestations; PT: Any PT

Subgroup	Quizartinib (N=265)					Placebo (N=268)					Quizartinib vs Placebo		Interaction
	n	No. of subjects with events (%)	No. of subjects censored (%)	Median (95 % CI) (months) [a]	n	No. of subjects with events (%)	No. of subjects censored (%)	Median (95 % CI) (months) [a]	Hazard Ratio (95 % CI) [b]	Unstratified log-rank p-value [c]	P-value [d]		
AML with Mutated NPM1													0.2714
Yes	139	43 (30.9)	96 (69.1)	NE (26.5, NE)	137	35 (25.5)	102 (74.5)	NE (16.7, NE)	1.128 (0.721, 1.765)	0.5977			
No	116	29 (25.0)	87 (75.0)	31.5 (24.0, NE)	120	33 (27.5)	87 (72.5)	NE (6.3, NE)	0.773 (0.468, 1.276)	0.3132			

N: number of subjects in analysis set; n: number of subjects in subgroup category; %: proportion of number of subjects in n; CI: confidence interval; NE: not estimable. PT: Preferred Term, SOC: System Organ Class.

[a] Median time to first event is from Kaplan-Meier estimate. Confidence Interval for median was computed using the Brookmeyer-Crowley method.

[b] Hazard ratio is from unstratified Cox proportional hazards model with treatment as the only categorical variable in the model. Confidence limits are based on the Wald test.

[c] Two-sided p-value from unstratified log-rank test.

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SOC: Infections and infestations; PT: Any PT

Subgroup	Quizartinib (N=265)					Placebo (N=268)					Quizartinib vs Placebo		Interaction
	n	No. of subjects with events (%)	No. of subjects censored (%)	Median (95 % CI) (months) [a]	n	No. of subjects with events (%)	No. of subjects censored (%)	Median (95 % CI) (months) [a]	Hazard Ratio (95 % CI) [b]	Unstratified log-rank p-value [c]	P-value [d]		
Age by 2 categories											0.2490		
≤60	164	49 (29.9)	115 (70.1)	NE (24.0, NE)	163	37 (22.7)	126 (77.3)	NE (NE, NE)	1.176 (0.766, 1.806)	0.4568			
>60	101	27 (26.7)	74 (73.3)	31.5 (20.0, NE)	105	34 (32.4)	71 (67.6)	16.7 (6.5, NE)	0.775 (0.467, 1.286)	0.3211			

N: number of subjects in analysis set; n: number of subjects in subgroup category; %: proportion of number of subjects in n; CI: confidence interval; NE: not estimable. PT: Preferred Term, SOC: System Organ Class.

[a] Median time to first event is from Kaplan-Meier estimate. Confidence Interval for median was computed using the Brookmeyer-Crowley method.

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[c] Two-sided p-value from unstratified log-rank test.

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SOC: Infections and infestations; PT: Pneumonia

Subgroup	Quizartinib (N=265)					Placebo (N=268)			Quizartinib vs Placebo		Interaction
	n	No. of subjects with events (%)	No. of subjects censored (%)	Median (95 % CI) (months) [a]	n	No. of subjects with events (%)	No. of subjects censored (%)	Median (95 % CI) (months) [a]	Hazard Ratio (95 % CI) [b]	Unstratified log-rank p-value [c]	P-value [d]
Pooled Age Group 2											0.9123
<60	159	10 (6.3)	149 (93.7)	NE (NE, NE)	160	7 (4.4)	153 (95.6)	NE (NE, NE)	1.241 (0.470, 3.274)	0.6623	
≥60 - <65	37	2 (5.4)	35 (94.6)	NE (NE, NE)	43	2 (4.7)	41 (95.3)	NE (NE, NE)	1.166 (0.164, 8.274)	0.8781	
≥65	69	5 (7.2)	64 (92.8)	NE (20.0, NE)	65	6 (9.2)	59 (90.8)	NE (NE, NE)	0.897 (0.272, 2.954)	0.8576	

N: number of subjects in analysis set; n: number of subjects in subgroup category; %: proportion of number of subjects in n; CI: confidence interval; NE: not estimable. PT: Preferred Term, SOC: System Organ Class.

[a] Median time to first event is from Kaplan-Meier estimate. Confidence Interval for median was computed using the Brookmeyer-Crowley method.

[b] Hazard ratio is from unstratified Cox proportional hazards model with treatment as the only categorical variable in the model. Confidence limits are based on the Wald test.

[c] Two-sided p-value from unstratified log-rank test.

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SOC: Infections and infestations; PT: Pneumonia

Subgroup	Quizartinib (N=265)					Placebo (N=268)			Quizartinib vs Placebo		Interaction
	n	No. of subjects with events (%)	No. of subjects censored (%)	Median (95 % CI) (months) [a]	n	No. of subjects with events (%)	No. of subjects censored (%)	Median (95 % CI) (months) [a]	Hazard Ratio (95 % CI) [b]	Unstratified log-rank p-value [c]	P-value [d]
Sex											0.6101
Male	124	7 (5.6)	117 (94.4)	NE (NE, NE)	120	7 (5.8)	113 (94.2)	NE (NE, NE)	0.878 (0.307, 2.508)	0.8085	
Female	141	10 (7.1)	131 (92.9)	NE (NE, NE)	148	8 (5.4)	140 (94.6)	NE (NE, NE)	1.207 (0.476, 3.061)	0.6911	

N: number of subjects in analysis set; n: number of subjects in subgroup category; %: proportion of number of subjects in n; CI: confidence interval; NE: not estimable. PT: Preferred Term, SOC: System Organ Class.

[a] Median time to first event is from Kaplan-Meier estimate. Confidence Interval for median was computed using the Brookmeyer-Crowley method.

[b] Hazard ratio is from unstratified Cox proportional hazards model with treatment as the only categorical variable in the model. Confidence limits are based on the Wald test.

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SOC: Infections and infestations; PT: Pneumonia

Subgroup	Quizartinib (N=265)					Placebo (N=268)			Quizartinib vs Placebo		Interaction
	n	No. of subjects with events (%)	No. of subjects censored (%)	Median (95 % CI) (months) [a]	n	No. of subjects with events (%)	No. of subjects censored (%)	Median (95 % CI) (months) [a]	Hazard Ratio (95 % CI) [b]	Unstratified log-rank p-value [c]	P-value [d]
Race by 2 categories											0.9967
White	157	8 (5.1)	149 (94.9)	NE (NE, NE)	161	7 (4.3)	154 (95.7)	NE (NE, NE)	1.073 (0.388, 2.967)	0.8912	
Non-white	108	9 (8.3)	99 (91.7)	NE (NE, NE)	107	8 (7.5)	99 (92.5)	NE (NE, NE)	1.039 (0.400, 2.697)	0.9370	

N: number of subjects in analysis set; n: number of subjects in subgroup category; %: proportion of number of subjects in n; CI: confidence interval; NE: not estimable. PT: Preferred Term, SOC: System Organ Class.

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[c] Two-sided p-value from unstratified log-rank test.

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Subgroup	Quizartinib (N=265)					Placebo (N=268)					Quizartinib vs Placebo		Interaction
	n	No. of subjects with events (%)	No. of subjects censored (%)	Median (95 % CI) (months) [a]	n	No. of subjects with events (%)	No. of subjects censored (%)	Median (95 % CI) (months) [a]	Hazard Ratio (95 % CI) [b]	Unstratified log-rank p-value [c]	P-value [d]		
Geographic Region 1											0.7107		
North America	16	0	16 (100)	NE (NE, NE)	18	0	18 (100)	NE (NE, NE)	NE (NE, NE)	NE			
Europe	161	8 (5.0)	153 (95.0)	NE (NE, NE)	161	9 (5.6)	152 (94.4)	NE (NE, NE)	0.798 (0.307, 2.076)	0.6446			
Asia/Other Regions	88	9 (10.2)	79 (89.8)	NE (NE, NE)	89	6 (6.7)	83 (93.3)	NE (NE, NE)	1.378 (0.489, 3.882)	0.5428			

N: number of subjects in analysis set; n: number of subjects in subgroup category; %: proportion of number of subjects in n; CI: confidence interval; NE: not estimable. PT: Preferred Term, SOC: System Organ Class.

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SOC: Infections and infestations; PT: Pneumonia

Subgroup	n	Quizartinib (N=265)			n	Placebo (N=268)			Quizartinib vs Placebo		Interaction P-value [d]
		No. of subjects with events (%)	No. of subjects censored (%)	Median (95 % CI) (months) [a]		No. of subjects with events (%)	No. of subjects censored (%)	Median (95 % CI) (months) [a]	Hazard Ratio (95 % CI) [b]	Unstratified log-rank p-value [c]	
WBC at initial diagnosis											0.6147
< 40x10 ⁹ /L	132	8 (6.1)	124 (93.9)	NE (NE, NE)	133	9 (6.8)	124 (93.2)	NE (NE, NE)	0.880 (0.339, 2.283)	0.7928	
≥ 40x10 ⁹ /L	133	9 (6.8)	124 (93.2)	NE (NE, NE)	135	6 (4.4)	129 (95.6)	NE (NE, NE)	1.280 (0.453, 3.617)	0.6392	

N: number of subjects in analysis set; n: number of subjects in subgroup category; %: proportion of number of subjects in n; CI: confidence interval; NE: not estimable. PT: Preferred Term, SOC: System Organ Class.

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SOC: Infections and infestations; PT: Pneumonia

Subgroup	n	Quizartinib (N=265)			n	Placebo (N=268)			Quizartinib vs Placebo		Interaction
		No. of subjects with events (%)	No. of subjects censored (%)	Median (95 % CI) (months) [a]		No. of subjects with events (%)	No. of subjects censored (%)	Median (95 % CI) (months) [a]	Hazard Ratio (95 % CI) [b]	Unstratified log-rank p-value [c]	P-value [d]
Choice of Anthracycline											0.1540
Daunorubicin	123	8 (6.5)	115 (93.5)	NE (NE, NE)	94	2 (2.1)	92 (97.9)	NE (NE, NE)	2.645 (0.560, 12.497)	0.2018	
Idarubicin	142	9 (6.3)	133 (93.7)	NE (NE, NE)	171	13 (7.6)	158 (92.4)	NE (NE, NE)	0.762 (0.325, 1.787)	0.5312	

N: number of subjects in analysis set; n: number of subjects in subgroup category; %: proportion of number of subjects in n; CI: confidence interval; NE: not estimable. PT: Preferred Term, SOC: System Organ Class.

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SOC: Infections and infestations; PT: Pneumonia

Subgroup	n	Quizartinib (N=265)			n	Placebo (N=268)			Quizartinib vs Placebo		Interaction	
		No. of subjects with events (%)	No. of subjects censored (%)	Median (95 % CI) (months) [a]		No. of subjects with events (%)	No. of subjects censored (%)	Median (95 % CI) (months) [a]	Hazard Ratio (95 % CI) [b]	Unstratified log-rank p-value [c]	P-value [d]	
AML Cytogenetic Risk Score											0.8590	
Favorable	13	1 (7.7)	12 (92.3)	NE (5.5, NE)	19	0	19 (100)	NE (NE, NE)	NE (0.000, NE)	0.1069		
Intermediate	195	11 (5.6)	184 (94.4)	NE (NE, NE)	190	8 (4.2)	182 (95.8)	NE (NE, NE)	1.133 (0.454, 2.824)	0.7884		
Unfavorable	19	1 (5.3)	18 (94.7)	NE (20.0, NE)	27	3 (11.1)	24 (88.9)	NE (NE, NE)	0.333 (0.032, 3.502)	0.3413		
Unknown	38	4 (10.5)	34 (89.5)	NE (NE, NE)	31	3 (9.7)	28 (90.3)	NE (NE, NE)	1.123 (0.251, 5.037)	0.8793		

N: number of subjects in analysis set; n: number of subjects in subgroup category; %: proportion of number of subjects in n; CI: confidence interval; NE: not estimable. PT: Preferred Term, SOC: System Organ Class.

[a] Median time to first event is from Kaplan-Meier estimate. Confidence Interval for median was computed using the Brookmeyer-Crowley method.

[b] Hazard ratio is from unstratified Cox proportional hazards model with treatment as the only categorical variable in the model. Confidence limits are based on the Wald test.

[c] Two-sided p-value from unstratified log-rank test.

[d] Two-sided interaction p-value is for the interaction term from unstratified Cox proportional hazards model with treatment, subgroup, and treatment-by-subgroup interaction as categorical variables in the model. The p-value is based on the Wald test.

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Medizinischer Nutzen, medizinischer Zusatznutzen, Patientengruppen mit therap. bedeutsamem Zusatznutzen

Daiichi Sankyo | Data Intelligence – Evidence Generation | Final | AC220-A-U302 QUANTUM-First (DCO 13 Aug 2021) | Statistical analyses for AMNOG (HTA Germany)
 Table 3.12.2 Serious Treatment-emergent adverse events by system organ class (SOC) and preferred term (PT) observed for ≥ 10 patients in at least one arm and ≥ 1% of the patients in at least one arm - Time-to-event analysis - subgroup analysis - DCO 13-Aug-2021 - Safety Analysis Set

SOC: Infections and infestations; PT: Pneumonia

Subgroup	Quizartinib (N=265)					Placebo (N=268)					Quizartinib vs Placebo		Interaction P-value [d]
	n	No. of subjects with events (%)	No. of subjects censored (%)	Median (95 % CI) (months) [a]	n	No. of subjects with events (%)	No. of subjects censored (%)	Median (95 % CI) (months) [a]	Hazard Ratio (95 % CI) [b]	Unstratified log-rank p-value [c]			
ECOG Performance Status at Baseline												0.7228	
0 - Fully Active	87	3 (3.4)	84 (96.6)	NE (NE, NE)	97	5 (5.2)	92 (94.8)	NE (NE, NE)	0.627 (0.150, 2.628)	0.5193			
1 - Restricted in Physically Strenuous Activity	133	8 (6.0)	125 (94.0)	NE (NE, NE)	134	7 (5.2)	127 (94.8)	NE (NE, NE)	1.042 (0.377, 2.878)	0.9362			
2 - Ambulatory and Capable of All Selfcare	45	6 (13.3)	39 (86.7)	NE (20.0, NE)	36	3 (8.3)	33 (91.7)	NE (NE, NE)	1.273 (0.307, 5.270)	0.7386			

N: number of subjects in analysis set; n: number of subjects in subgroup category; %: proportion of number of subjects in n; CI: confidence interval; NE: not estimable. PT: Preferred Term, SOC: System Organ Class.

[a] Median time to first event is from Kaplan-Meier estimate. Confidence Interval for median was computed using the Brookmeyer-Crowley method.

[b] Hazard ratio is from unstratified Cox proportional hazards model with treatment as the only categorical variable in the model. Confidence limits are based on the Wald test.

[c] Two-sided p-value from unstratified log-rank test.

[d] Two-sided interaction p-value is for the interaction term from unstratified Cox proportional hazards model with treatment, subgroup, and treatment-by-subgroup interaction as categorical variables in the model. The p-value is based on the Wald test.

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SOC: Infections and infestations; PT: Pneumonia

		Quizartinib (N=265)			Placebo (N=268)			Quizartinib vs Placebo		Interaction	
Subgroup	n	No. of subjects with events (%)	No. of subjects censored (%)	Median (95 % CI) (months) [a]	n	No. of subjects with events (%)	No. of subjects censored (%)	Median (95 % CI) (months) [a]	Hazard Ratio (95 % CI) [b]	Unstratified log-rank p-value [c]	P-value [d]
FLT3-ITD category at Baseline											
≥3 to ≤25%	94	9 (9.6)	85 (90.4)	NE (NE, NE)	98	4 (4.1)	94 (95.9)	NE (NE, NE)	2.351 (0.724, 7.638)	0.1425	0.1628
>25% to ≤50%	141	7 (5.0)	134 (95.0)	NE (NE, NE)	136	8 (5.9)	128 (94.1)	NE (NE, NE)	0.757 (0.274, 2.094)	0.5906	
>50%	29	1 (3.4)	28 (96.6)	NE (19.3, NE)	34	3 (8.8)	31 (91.2)	NE (NE, NE)	0.279 (0.027, 2.859)	0.2554	

N: number of subjects in analysis set; n: number of subjects in subgroup category; %: proportion of number of subjects in n; CI: confidence interval; NE: not estimable. PT: Preferred Term, SOC: System Organ Class.

[a] Median time to first event is from Kaplan-Meier estimate. Confidence Interval for median was computed using the Brookmeyer-Crowley method.

[b] Hazard ratio is from unstratified Cox proportional hazards model with treatment as the only categorical variable in the model. Confidence limits are based on the Wald test.

[c] Two-sided p-value from unstratified log-rank test.

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SOC: Infections and infestations; PT: Pneumonia

Subgroup	Quizartinib (N=265)					Placebo (N=268)			Quizartinib vs Placebo		Interaction
	n	No. of subjects with events (%)	No. of subjects censored (%)	Median (95 % CI) (months) [a]	n	No. of subjects with events (%)	No. of subjects censored (%)	Median (95 % CI) (months) [a]	Hazard Ratio (95 % CI) [b]	Unstratified log-rank p-value [c]	P-value [d]
AML with Mutated NPM1											0.1727
Yes	139	9 (6.5)	130 (93.5)	NE (NE, NE)	137	5 (3.6)	132 (96.4)	NE (NE, NE)	1.641 (0.549, 4.908)	0.3705	
No	116	5 (4.3)	111 (95.7)	NE (NE, NE)	120	8 (6.7)	112 (93.3)	NE (NE, NE)	0.586 (0.191, 1.795)	0.3443	

N: number of subjects in analysis set; n: number of subjects in subgroup category; %: proportion of number of subjects in n; CI: confidence interval; NE: not estimable. PT: Preferred Term, SOC: System Organ Class.

[a] Median time to first event is from Kaplan-Meier estimate. Confidence Interval for median was computed using the Brookmeyer-Crowley method.

[b] Hazard ratio is from unstratified Cox proportional hazards model with treatment as the only categorical variable in the model. Confidence limits are based on the Wald test.

[c] Two-sided p-value from unstratified log-rank test.

[d] Two-sided interaction p-value is for the interaction term from unstratified Cox proportional hazards model with treatment, subgroup, and treatment-by-subgroup interaction as categorical variables in the model. The p-value is based on the Wald test.

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SOC: Infections and infestations; PT: Pneumonia

Subgroup	n	Quizartinib (N=265)			Placebo (N=268)			Quizartinib vs Placebo		Interaction	
		No. of subjects with events (%)	No. of subjects censored (%)	Median (95 % CI) (months) [a]	n	No. of subjects with events (%)	No. of subjects censored (%)	Median (95 % CI) (months) [a]	Hazard Ratio (95 % CI) [b]	Unstratified log-rank p-value [c]	P-value [d]
Age by 2 categories										0.7213	
≤60	164	10 (6.1)	154 (93.9)	NE (NE, NE)	163	7 (4.3)	156 (95.7)	NE (NE, NE)	1.219 (0.462, 3.217)	0.6886	
>60	101	7 (6.9)	94 (93.1)	NE (NE, NE)	105	8 (7.6)	97 (92.4)	NE (NE, NE)	0.931 (0.337, 2.572)	0.8898	

N: number of subjects in analysis set; n: number of subjects in subgroup category; %: proportion of number of subjects in n; CI: confidence interval; NE: not estimable. PT: Preferred Term, SOC: System Organ Class.

[a] Median time to first event is from Kaplan-Meier estimate. Confidence Interval for median was computed using the Brookmeyer-Crowley method.

[b] Hazard ratio is from unstratified Cox proportional hazards model with treatment as the only categorical variable in the model. Confidence limits are based on the Wald test.

[c] Two-sided p-value from unstratified log-rank test.

[d] Two-sided interaction p-value is for the interaction term from unstratified Cox proportional hazards model with treatment, subgroup, and treatment-by-subgroup interaction as categorical variables in the model. The p-value is based on the Wald test.

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SOC: Infections and infestations; PT: Septic shock

Subgroup	n	Quizartinib (N=265)				Placebo (N=268)				Quizartinib vs Placebo		Interaction	
		No. of subjects with events (%)	No. of subjects censored (%)	Median (95 % CI) (months) [a]	n	No. of subjects with events (%)	No. of subjects censored (%)	Median (95 % CI) (months) [a]	n	Hazard Ratio (95 % CI) [b]	Unstratified log-rank p-value [c]	P-value [d]	
Pooled Age Group 2											0.7390		
<60	159	4 (2.5)	155 (97.5)	NE (NE, NE)	160	5 (3.1)	155 (96.9)	NE (NE, NE)	0.796 (0.214, 2.966)	0.7334			
≥60 - <65	37	2 (5.4)	35 (94.6)	NE (NE, NE)	43	0	43 (100)	NE (NE, NE)	NE (0.000, NE)	0.1285			
≥65	69	5 (7.2)	64 (92.8)	NE (26.5, NE)	65	3 (4.6)	62 (95.4)	NE (NE, NE)	1.696 (0.405, 7.101)	0.4644			

N: number of subjects in analysis set; n: number of subjects in subgroup category; %: proportion of number of subjects in n; CI: confidence interval; NE: not estimable. PT: Preferred Term, SOC: System Organ Class.

[a] Median time to first event is from Kaplan-Meier estimate. Confidence Interval for median was computed using the Brookmeyer-Crowley method.

[b] Hazard ratio is from unstratified Cox proportional hazards model with treatment as the only categorical variable in the model. Confidence limits are based on the Wald test.

[c] Two-sided p-value from unstratified log-rank test.

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SOC: Infections and infestations; PT: Septic shock

Subgroup	Quizartinib (N=265)					Placebo (N=268)			Quizartinib vs Placebo		Interaction
	n	No. of subjects with events (%)	No. of subjects censored (%)	Median (95 % CI) (months) [a]	n	No. of subjects with events (%)	No. of subjects censored (%)	Median (95 % CI) (months) [a]	Hazard Ratio (95 % CI) [b]	Unstratified log-rank p-value [c]	P-value [d]
Sex											0.6694
Male	124	4 (3.2)	120 (96.8)	NE (NE, NE)	120	2 (1.7)	118 (98.3)	NE (NE, NE)	1.842 (0.337, 10.071)	0.4740	
Female	141	7 (5.0)	134 (95.0)	NE (NE, NE)	148	6 (4.1)	142 (95.9)	NE (NE, NE)	1.242 (0.417, 3.695)	0.6965	

N: number of subjects in analysis set; n: number of subjects in subgroup category; %: proportion of number of subjects in n; CI: confidence interval; NE: not estimable. PT: Preferred Term, SOC: System Organ Class.

[a] Median time to first event is from Kaplan-Meier estimate. Confidence Interval for median was computed using the Brookmeyer-Crowley method.

[b] Hazard ratio is from unstratified Cox proportional hazards model with treatment as the only categorical variable in the model. Confidence limits are based on the Wald test.

[c] Two-sided p-value from unstratified log-rank test.

[d] Two-sided interaction p-value is for the interaction term from unstratified Cox proportional hazards model with treatment, subgroup, and treatment-by-subgroup interaction as categorical variables in the model. The p-value is based on the Wald test.

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SOC: Infections and infestations; PT: Septic shock

Subgroup	Quizartinib (N=265)					Placebo (N=268)					Quizartinib vs Placebo		Interaction
	n	No. of subjects with events (%)	No. of subjects censored (%)	Median (95 % CI) (months) [a]	n	No. of subjects with events (%)	No. of subjects censored (%)	Median (95 % CI) (months) [a]	Hazard Ratio (95 % CI) [b]	Unstratified log-rank p-value [c]	P-value [d]		
Race by 2 categories											0.9432		
White	157	7 (4.5)	150 (95.5)	NE (NE, NE)	161	5 (3.1)	156 (96.9)	NE (NE, NE)	1.423 (0.451, 4.486)	0.5450			
Non-white	108	4 (3.7)	104 (96.3)	NE (NE, NE)	107	3 (2.8)	104 (97.2)	NE (NE, NE)	1.277 (0.285, 5.712)	0.7489			

N: number of subjects in analysis set; n: number of subjects in subgroup category; %: proportion of number of subjects in n; CI: confidence interval; NE: not estimable. PT: Preferred Term, SOC: System Organ Class.

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[b] Hazard ratio is from unstratified Cox proportional hazards model with treatment as the only categorical variable in the model. Confidence limits are based on the Wald test.

[c] Two-sided p-value from unstratified log-rank test.

[d] Two-sided interaction p-value is for the interaction term from unstratified Cox proportional hazards model with treatment, subgroup, and treatment-by-subgroup interaction as categorical variables in the model. The p-value is based on the Wald test.

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SOC: Infections and infestations; PT: Septic shock

Subgroup	Quizartinib (N=265)					Placebo (N=268)			Quizartinib vs Placebo		Interaction
	n	No. of subjects with events (%)	No. of subjects censored (%)	Median (95 % CI) (months) [a]	n	No. of subjects with events (%)	No. of subjects censored (%)	Median (95 % CI) (months) [a]	Hazard Ratio (95 % CI) [b]	Unstratified log-rank p-value [c]	P-value [d]
Geographic Region 1											0.7675
North America	16	1 (6.3)	15 (93.8)	NE (NE, NE)	18	0	18 (100)	NE (NE, NE)	NE (0.000, NE)	0.2888	
Europe	161	6 (3.7)	155 (96.3)	NE (NE, NE)	161	6 (3.7)	155 (96.3)	NE (NE, NE)	0.970 (0.313, 3.009)	0.9571	
Asia/Other Regions	88	4 (4.5)	84 (95.5)	NE (NE, NE)	89	2 (2.2)	87 (97.8)	NE (NE, NE)	2.005 (0.367, 10.946)	0.4126	

N: number of subjects in analysis set; n: number of subjects in subgroup category; %: proportion of number of subjects in n; CI: confidence interval; NE: not estimable. PT: Preferred Term, SOC: System Organ Class.

[a] Median time to first event is from Kaplan-Meier estimate. Confidence Interval for median was computed using the Brookmeyer-Crowley method.

[b] Hazard ratio is from unstratified Cox proportional hazards model with treatment as the only categorical variable in the model. Confidence limits are based on the Wald test.

[c] Two-sided p-value from unstratified log-rank test.

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SOC: Infections and infestations; PT: Septic shock

Subgroup	n	Quizartinib (N=265)			n	Placebo (N=268)			Quizartinib vs Placebo		Interaction P-value [d]
		No. of subjects with events (%)	No. of subjects censored (%)	Median (95 % CI) (months) [a]		No. of subjects with events (%)	No. of subjects censored (%)	Median (95 % CI) (months) [a]	Hazard Ratio (95 % CI) [b]	Unstratified log-rank p-value [c]	
WBC at initial diagnosis											0.0308
< 40x10 ⁹ /L	132	7 (5.3)	125 (94.7)	NE (NE, NE)	133	1 (0.8)	132 (99.2)	NE (NE, NE)	7.748 (0.953, 63.014)	0.0235	
≥ 40x10 ⁹ /L	133	4 (3.0)	129 (97.0)	NE (NE, NE)	135	7 (5.2)	128 (94.8)	NE (NE, NE)	0.511 (0.149, 1.754)	0.2772	

N: number of subjects in analysis set; n: number of subjects in subgroup category; %: proportion of number of subjects in n; CI: confidence interval; NE: not estimable. PT: Preferred Term, SOC: System Organ Class.

[a] Median time to first event is from Kaplan-Meier estimate. Confidence Interval for median was computed using the Brookmeyer-Crowley method.

[b] Hazard ratio is from unstratified Cox proportional hazards model with treatment as the only categorical variable in the model. Confidence limits are based on the Wald test.

[c] Two-sided p-value from unstratified log-rank test.

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SOC: Infections and infestations; PT: Septic shock

		Quizartinib (N=265)				Placebo (N=268)				Quizartinib vs Placebo		Interaction
Subgroup	n	No. of subjects with events (%)	No. of subjects censored (%)	Median (95 % CI) (months) [a]	n	No. of subjects with events (%)	No. of subjects censored (%)	Median (95 % CI) (months) [a]	Hazard Ratio (95 % CI) [b]	Unstratified log-rank p-value [c]	P-value [d]	
Choice of Anthracycline											0.9899	
Daunorubicin	123	2 (1.6)	121 (98.4)	NE (NE, NE)	94	0	94 (100)	NE (NE, NE)	NE (0.000, NE)	0.2153		
Idarubicin	142	9 (6.3)	133 (93.7)	NE (NE, NE)	171	8 (4.7)	163 (95.3)	NE (NE, NE)	1.335 (0.515, 3.463)	0.5510		

N: number of subjects in analysis set; n: number of subjects in subgroup category; %: proportion of number of subjects in n; CI: confidence interval; NE: not estimable. PT: Preferred Term, SOC: System Organ Class.

[a] Median time to first event is from Kaplan-Meier estimate. Confidence Interval for median was computed using the Brookmeyer-Crowley method.

[b] Hazard ratio is from unstratified Cox proportional hazards model with treatment as the only categorical variable in the model. Confidence limits are based on the Wald test.

[c] Two-sided p-value from unstratified log-rank test.

[d] Two-sided interaction p-value is for the interaction term from unstratified Cox proportional hazards model with treatment, subgroup, and treatment-by-subgroup interaction as categorical variables in the model. The p-value is based on the Wald test.

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Run date: 21JUL2023 – 22:28; Program name: DE_T_3_11_2.sas; Output name: DE_T_3_12_2_TEAESERSOCPT_SUB_SAS.rtf

Medizinischer Nutzen, medizinischer Zusatznutzen, Patientengruppen mit therap. bedeutsamem Zusatznutzen

Daiichi Sankyo | Data Intelligence – Evidence Generation | Final | AC220-A-U302 QUANTUM-First (DCO 13 Aug 2021) | Statistical analyses for AMNOG (HTA Germany)
 Table 3.12.2 Serious Treatment-emergent adverse events by system organ class (SOC) and preferred term (PT) observed for ≥ 10 patients in at least one arm and ≥ 1% of the patients in at least one arm - Time-to-event analysis - subgroup analysis - DCO 13-Aug-2021 - Safety Analysis Set

SOC: Infections and infestations; PT: Septic shock

Subgroup	n	Quizartinib (N=265)			n	Placebo (N=268)			Quizartinib vs Placebo		Interaction P-value [d]
		No. of subjects with events (%)	No. of subjects censored (%)	Median (95 % CI) (months) [a]		No. of subjects with events (%)	No. of subjects censored (%)	Median (95 % CI) (months) [a]	Hazard Ratio (95 % CI) [b]	Unstratified log-rank p-value [c]	
AML Cytogenetic Risk Score											0.9991
Favorable	13	0	13 (100)	NE (NE, NE)	19	0	19 (100)	NE (NE, NE)	NE (NE, NE)	NE	
Intermediate	195	9 (4.6)	186 (95.4)	NE (NE, NE)	190	6 (3.2)	184 (96.8)	NE (NE, NE)	1.428 (0.508, 4.012)	0.4977	
Unfavorable	19	0	19 (100)	NE (NE, NE)	27	1 (3.7)	26 (96.3)	NE (NE, NE)	0.000 (0.000, NE)	0.4142	
Unknown	38	2 (5.3)	36 (94.7)	NE (26.5, NE)	31	1 (3.2)	30 (96.8)	NE (NE, NE)	1.551 (0.138, 17.481)	0.7206	

N: number of subjects in analysis set; n: number of subjects in subgroup category; %: proportion of number of subjects in n; CI: confidence interval; NE: not estimable. PT: Preferred Term, SOC: System Organ Class.

[a] Median time to first event is from Kaplan-Meier estimate. Confidence Interval for median was computed using the Brookmeyer-Crowley method.

[b] Hazard ratio is from unstratified Cox proportional hazards model with treatment as the only categorical variable in the model. Confidence limits are based on the Wald test.

[c] Two-sided p-value from unstratified log-rank test.

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Medizinischer Nutzen, medizinischer Zusatznutzen, Patientengruppen mit therap. bedeutsamem Zusatznutzen

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SOC: Infections and infestations; PT: Septic shock

Subgroup	Quizartinib (N=265)					Placebo (N=268)					Quizartinib vs Placebo		Interaction
	n	No. of subjects with events (%)	No. of subjects censored (%)	Median (95 % CI) (months) [a]	n	No. of subjects with events (%)	No. of subjects censored (%)	Median (95 % CI) (months) [a]	Hazard Ratio (95 % CI) [b]	Unstratified log-rank p-value [c]	P-value [d]		
ECOG Performance Status at Baseline											0.6354		
0 - Fully Active	87	2 (2.3)	85 (97.7)	NE (NE, NE)	97	2 (2.1)	95 (97.9)	NE (NE, NE)	0.953 (0.133, 6.837)	0.9618			
1 - Restricted in Physically Strenuous Activity	133	5 (3.8)	128 (96.2)	NE (NE, NE)	134	5 (3.7)	129 (96.3)	NE (NE, NE)	1.010 (0.292, 3.489)	0.9874			
2 - Ambulatory and Capable of All Selfcare	45	4 (8.9)	41 (91.1)	NE (NE, NE)	36	1 (2.8)	35 (97.2)	NE (NE, NE)	3.287 (0.367, 29.432)	0.2594			

N: number of subjects in analysis set; n: number of subjects in subgroup category; %: proportion of number of subjects in n; CI: confidence interval; NE: not estimable. PT: Preferred Term, SOC: System Organ Class.

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SOC: Infections and infestations; PT: Septic shock

Subgroup	n	Quizartinib (N=265)			n	Placebo (N=268)			Quizartinib vs Placebo		Interaction P-value [d]
		No. of subjects with events (%)	No. of subjects censored (%)	Median (95 % CI) (months) [a]		No. of subjects with events (%)	No. of subjects censored (%)	Median (95 % CI) (months) [a]	Hazard Ratio (95 % CI) [b]	Unstratified log-rank p-value [c]	
FLT3-ITD category at Baseline											0.9963
≥3 to ≤25%	94	4 (4.3)	90 (95.7)	NE (NE, NE)	98	3 (3.1)	95 (96.9)	NE (NE, NE)	1.429 (0.320, 6.388)	0.6386	
>25% to ≤50%	141	7 (5.0)	134 (95.0)	NE (NE, NE)	136	5 (3.7)	131 (96.3)	NE (NE, NE)	1.361 (0.432, 4.290)	0.5971	
>50%	29	0	29 (100)	NE (NE, NE)	34	0	34 (100)	NE (NE, NE)	NE (NE, NE)	NE	

N: number of subjects in analysis set; n: number of subjects in subgroup category; %: proportion of number of subjects in n; CI: confidence interval; NE: not estimable. PT: Preferred Term, SOC: System Organ Class.

[a] Median time to first event is from Kaplan-Meier estimate. Confidence Interval for median was computed using the Brookmeyer-Crowley method.

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[c] Two-sided p-value from unstratified log-rank test.

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SOC: Infections and infestations; PT: Septic shock

Subgroup	Quizartinib (N=265)				Placebo (N=268)				Quizartinib vs Placebo		Interaction
	n	No. of subjects with events (%)	No. of subjects censored (%)	Median (95 % CI) (months) [a]	n	No. of subjects with events (%)	No. of subjects censored (%)	Median (95 % CI) (months) [a]	Hazard Ratio (95 % CI) [b]	Unstratified log-rank p-value [c]	P-value [d]
AML with Mutated NPM1											0.5503
Yes	139	7 (5.0)	132 (95.0)	NE (NE, NE)	137	4 (2.9)	133 (97.1)	NE (NE, NE)	1.720 (0.503, 5.884)	0.3819	
No	116	4 (3.4)	112 (96.6)	NE (NE, NE)	120	4 (3.3)	116 (96.7)	NE (NE, NE)	0.983 (0.246, 3.934)	0.9812	

N: number of subjects in analysis set; n: number of subjects in subgroup category; %: proportion of number of subjects in n; CI: confidence interval; NE: not estimable. PT: Preferred Term, SOC: System Organ Class.

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SOC: Infections and infestations; PT: Septic shock

Subgroup	Quizartinib (N=265)					Placebo (N=268)			Quizartinib vs Placebo		Interaction
	n	No. of subjects with events (%)	No. of subjects censored (%)	Median (95 % CI) (months) [a]	n	No. of subjects with events (%)	No. of subjects censored (%)	Median (95 % CI) (months) [a]	Hazard Ratio (95 % CI) [b]	Unstratified log-rank p-value [c]	P-value [d]
Age by 2 categories											0.3826
≤60	164	5 (3.0)	159 (97.0)	NE (NE, NE)	163	5 (3.1)	158 (96.9)	NE (NE, NE)	0.978 (0.283, 3.381)	0.9724	
>60	101	6 (5.9)	95 (94.1)	NE (NE, NE)	105	3 (2.9)	102 (97.1)	NE (NE, NE)	2.198 (0.550, 8.795)	0.2529	

N: number of subjects in analysis set; n: number of subjects in subgroup category; %: proportion of number of subjects in n; CI: confidence interval; NE: not estimable. PT: Preferred Term, SOC: System Organ Class.

[a] Median time to first event is from Kaplan-Meier estimate. Confidence Interval for median was computed using the Brookmeyer-Crowley method.

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SOC: Infections and infestations; PT: Sepsis

Subgroup	Quizartinib (N=265)					Placebo (N=268)					Quizartinib vs Placebo		Interaction
	n	No. of subjects with events (%)	No. of subjects censored (%)	Median (95 % CI) (months) [a]	n	No. of subjects with events (%)	No. of subjects censored (%)	Median (95 % CI) (months) [a]	Hazard Ratio (95 % CI) [b]	Unstratified log-rank p-value [c]	P-value [d]		
Pooled Age Group 2											0.8693		
<60	159	5 (3.1)	154 (96.9)	NE (NE, NE)	160	7 (4.4)	153 (95.6)	NE (NE, NE)	0.691 (0.219, 2.177)	0.5253			
≥60 - <65	37	2 (5.4)	35 (94.6)	NE (NE, NE)	43	2 (4.7)	41 (95.3)	NE (NE, NE)	1.057 (0.148, 7.550)	0.9561			
≥65	69	3 (4.3)	66 (95.7)	NE (NE, NE)	65	5 (7.7)	60 (92.3)	NE (NE, NE)	0.596 (0.142, 2.494)	0.4732			

N: number of subjects in analysis set; n: number of subjects in subgroup category; %: proportion of number of subjects in n; CI: confidence interval; NE: not estimable. PT: Preferred Term, SOC: System Organ Class.

[a] Median time to first event is from Kaplan-Meier estimate. Confidence Interval for median was computed using the Brookmeyer-Crowley method.

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SOC: Infections and infestations; PT: Sepsis

Subgroup	Quizartinib (N=265)					Placebo (N=268)			Quizartinib vs Placebo		Interaction
	n	No. of subjects with events (%)	No. of subjects censored (%)	Median (95 % CI) (months) [a]	n	No. of subjects with events (%)	No. of subjects censored (%)	Median (95 % CI) (months) [a]	Hazard Ratio (95 % CI) [b]	Unstratified log-rank p-value [c]	P-value [d]
Sex											0.8114
Male	124	4 (3.2)	120 (96.8)	NE (NE, NE)	120	6 (5.0)	114 (95.0)	NE (NE, NE)	0.627 (0.177, 2.225)	0.4663	
Female	141	6 (4.3)	135 (95.7)	NE (NE, NE)	148	8 (5.4)	140 (94.6)	NE (NE, NE)	0.769 (0.267, 2.218)	0.6267	

N: number of subjects in analysis set; n: number of subjects in subgroup category; %: proportion of number of subjects in n; CI: confidence interval; NE: not estimable. PT: Preferred Term, SOC: System Organ Class.

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Subgroup	Quizartinib (N=265)					Placebo (N=268)			Quizartinib vs Placebo		Interaction
	n	No. of subjects with events (%)	No. of subjects censored (%)	Median (95 % CI) (months) [a]	n	No. of subjects with events (%)	No. of subjects censored (%)	Median (95 % CI) (months) [a]	Hazard Ratio (95 % CI) [b]	Unstratified log-rank p-value [c]	P-value [d]
Race by 2 categories											0.2301
White	157	8 (5.1)	149 (94.9)	NE (NE, NE)	161	8 (5.0)	153 (95.0)	NE (NE, NE)	1.037 (0.389, 2.763)	0.9420	
Non-white	108	2 (1.9)	106 (98.1)	NE (NE, NE)	107	6 (5.6)	101 (94.4)	NE (NE, NE)	0.317 (0.064, 1.573)	0.1382	

N: number of subjects in analysis set; n: number of subjects in subgroup category; %: proportion of number of subjects in n; CI: confidence interval; NE: not estimable. PT: Preferred Term, SOC: System Organ Class.

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SOC: Infections and infestations; PT: Sepsis

Subgroup	Quizartinib (N=265)					Placebo (N=268)					Quizartinib vs Placebo		Interaction
	n	No. of subjects with events (%)	No. of subjects censored (%)	Median (95 % CI) (months) [a]	n	No. of subjects with events (%)	No. of subjects censored (%)	Median (95 % CI) (months) [a]	Hazard Ratio (95 % CI) [b]	Unstratified log-rank p-value [c]	P-value [d]		
Geographic Region 1											0.8959		
North America	16	0	16 (100)	NE (NE, NE)	18	0	18 (100)	NE (NE, NE)	NE (NE, NE)	NE			
Europe	161	8 (5.0)	153 (95.0)	NE (NE, NE)	161	10 (6.2)	151 (93.8)	NE (NE, NE)	0.772 (0.304, 1.957)	0.5846			
Asia/Other Regions	88	2 (2.3)	86 (97.7)	NE (NE, NE)	89	4 (4.5)	85 (95.5)	NE (NE, NE)	0.492 (0.090, 2.689)	0.4036			

N: number of subjects in analysis set; n: number of subjects in subgroup category; %: proportion of number of subjects in n; CI: confidence interval; NE: not estimable. PT: Preferred Term, SOC: System Organ Class.

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		No. of subjects with events (%)	No. of subjects censored (%)	Median (95 % CI) (months) [a]		No. of subjects with events (%)	No. of subjects censored (%)	Median (95 % CI) (months) [a]	Hazard Ratio (95 % CI) [b]	Unstratified log-rank p-value [c]	P-value [d]
WBC at initial diagnosis											0.4517
< 40x10 ⁹ /L	132	7 (5.3)	125 (94.7)	NE (NE, NE)	133	8 (6.0)	125 (94.0)	NE (NE, NE)	0.908 (0.329, 2.504)	0.8514	
≥ 40x10 ⁹ /L	133	3 (2.3)	130 (97.7)	NE (NE, NE)	135	6 (4.4)	129 (95.6)	NE (NE, NE)	0.455 (0.113, 1.823)	0.2543	

N: number of subjects in analysis set; n: number of subjects in subgroup category; %: proportion of number of subjects in n; CI: confidence interval; NE: not estimable. PT: Preferred Term, SOC: System Organ Class.

[a] Median time to first event is from Kaplan-Meier estimate. Confidence Interval for median was computed using the Brookmeyer-Crowley method.

[b] Hazard ratio is from unstratified Cox proportional hazards model with treatment as the only categorical variable in the model. Confidence limits are based on the Wald test.

[c] Two-sided p-value from unstratified log-rank test.

[d] Two-sided interaction p-value is for the interaction term from unstratified Cox proportional hazards model with treatment, subgroup, and treatment-by-subgroup interaction as categorical variables in the model. The p-value is based on the Wald test.

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Run date: 21JUL2023 – 22:28; Program name: DE_T_3_11_2.sas; Output name: DE_T_3_12_2_TEAESERSOCPT_SUB_SAS.rtf

Medizinischer Nutzen, medizinischer Zusatznutzen, Patientengruppen mit therap. bedeutsamem Zusatznutzen

Daiichi Sankyo | Data Intelligence – Evidence Generation | Final | AC220-A-U302 QUANTUM-First (DCO 13 Aug 2021) | Statistical analyses for AMNOG (HTA Germany)
 Table 3.12.2 Serious Treatment-emergent adverse events by system organ class (SOC) and preferred term (PT) observed for ≥ 10 patients in at least one arm and ≥ 1% of the patients in at least one arm - Time-to-event analysis - subgroup analysis - DCO 13-Aug-2021 - Safety Analysis Set

SOC: Infections and infestations; PT: Sepsis

Subgroup	n	Quizartinib (N=265)				Placebo (N=268)				Quizartinib vs Placebo		Interaction
		No. of subjects with events (%)	No. of subjects censored (%)	Median (95 % CI) (months) [a]	n	No. of subjects with events (%)	No. of subjects censored (%)	Median (95 % CI) (months) [a]	n	Hazard Ratio (95 % CI) [b]	Unstratified log-rank p-value [c]	P-value [d]
Choice of Anthracycline											0.8324	
Daunorubicin	123	5 (4.1)	118 (95.9)	NE (NE, NE)	94	6 (6.4)	88 (93.6)	NE (NE, NE)	0.632 (0.193, 2.070)	0.4442		
Idarubicin	142	5 (3.5)	137 (96.5)	NE (NE, NE)	171	8 (4.7)	163 (95.3)	NE (NE, NE)	0.724 (0.237, 2.213)	0.5693		

N: number of subjects in analysis set; n: number of subjects in subgroup category; %: proportion of number of subjects in n; CI: confidence interval; NE: not estimable. PT: Preferred Term, SOC: System Organ Class.

[a] Median time to first event is from Kaplan-Meier estimate. Confidence Interval for median was computed using the Brookmeyer-Crowley method.

[b] Hazard ratio is from unstratified Cox proportional hazards model with treatment as the only categorical variable in the model. Confidence limits are based on the Wald test.

[c] Two-sided p-value from unstratified log-rank test.

[d] Two-sided interaction p-value is for the interaction term from unstratified Cox proportional hazards model with treatment, subgroup, and treatment-by-subgroup interaction as categorical variables in the model. The p-value is based on the Wald test.

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Medizinischer Nutzen, medizinischer Zusatznutzen, Patientengruppen mit therap. bedeutsamem Zusatznutzen

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SOC: Infections and infestations; PT: Sepsis

Subgroup	Quizartinib (N=265)					Placebo (N=268)			Quizartinib vs Placebo		Interaction
	n	No. of subjects with events (%)	No. of subjects censored (%)	Median (95 % CI) (months) [a]	n	No. of subjects with events (%)	No. of subjects censored (%)	Median (95 % CI) (months) [a]	Hazard Ratio (95 % CI) [b]	Unstratified log-rank p-value [c]	P-value [d]
AML Cytogenetic Risk Score											0.9405
Favorable	13	1 (7.7)	12 (92.3)	NE (1.8, NE)	19	1 (5.3)	18 (94.7)	NE (NE, NE)	1.641 (0.103, 26.241)	0.7236	
Intermediate	195	5 (2.6)	190 (97.4)	NE (NE, NE)	190	7 (3.7)	183 (96.3)	NE (NE, NE)	0.653 (0.207, 2.061)	0.4643	
Unfavorable	19	1 (5.3)	18 (94.7)	NE (NE, NE)	27	2 (7.4)	25 (92.6)	NE (NE, NE)	0.745 (0.068, 8.221)	0.8097	
Unknown	38	3 (7.9)	35 (92.1)	NE (NE, NE)	31	4 (12.9)	27 (87.1)	NE (NE, NE)	0.624 (0.140, 2.787)	0.5360	

N: number of subjects in analysis set; n: number of subjects in subgroup category; %: proportion of number of subjects in n; CI: confidence interval; NE: not estimable. PT: Preferred Term, SOC: System Organ Class.

[a] Median time to first event is from Kaplan-Meier estimate. Confidence Interval for median was computed using the Brookmeyer-Crowley method.

[b] Hazard ratio is from unstratified Cox proportional hazards model with treatment as the only categorical variable in the model. Confidence limits are based on the Wald test.

[c] Two-sided p-value from unstratified log-rank test.

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Medizinischer Nutzen, medizinischer Zusatznutzen, Patientengruppen mit therap. bedeutsamem Zusatznutzen

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SOC: Infections and infestations; PT: Sepsis

Subgroup	Quizartinib (N=265)					Placebo (N=268)			Quizartinib vs Placebo		Interaction
	n	No. of subjects with events (%)	No. of subjects censored (%)	Median (95 % CI) (months) [a]	n	No. of subjects with events (%)	No. of subjects censored (%)	Median (95 % CI) (months) [a]	Hazard Ratio (95 % CI) [b]	Unstratified log-rank p-value [c]	P-value [d]
ECOG Performance Status at Baseline											0.7043
0 - Fully Active	87	3 (3.4)	84 (96.6)	NE (NE, NE)	97	5 (5.2)	92 (94.8)	NE (NE, NE)	0.659 (0.157, 2.757)	0.5645	
1 - Restricted in Physically Strenuous Activity	133	7 (5.3)	126 (94.7)	NE (NE, NE)	134	5 (3.7)	129 (96.3)	NE (NE, NE)	1.378 (0.437, 4.342)	0.5819	
2 - Ambulatory and Capable of All Selfcare	45	0	45 (100)	NE (NE, NE)	36	4 (11.1)	32 (88.9)	NE (5.2, NE)	0.000 (0.000, NE)	0.0197	

N: number of subjects in analysis set; n: number of subjects in subgroup category; %: proportion of number of subjects in n; CI: confidence interval; NE: not estimable. PT: Preferred Term, SOC: System Organ Class.

[a] Median time to first event is from Kaplan-Meier estimate. Confidence Interval for median was computed using the Brookmeyer-Crowley method.

[b] Hazard ratio is from unstratified Cox proportional hazards model with treatment as the only categorical variable in the model. Confidence limits are based on the Wald test.

[c] Two-sided p-value from unstratified log-rank test.

[d] Two-sided interaction p-value is for the interaction term from unstratified Cox proportional hazards model with treatment, subgroup, and treatment-by-subgroup interaction as categorical variables in the model. The p-value is based on the Wald test.

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SOC: Infections and infestations; PT: Sepsis

Subgroup	n	Quizartinib (N=265)			n	Placebo (N=268)			Quizartinib vs Placebo		Interaction P-value [d]
		No. of subjects with events (%)	No. of subjects censored (%)	Median (95 % CI) (months) [a]		No. of subjects with events (%)	No. of subjects censored (%)	Median (95 % CI) (months) [a]	Hazard Ratio (95 % CI) [b]	Unstratified log-rank p-value [c]	
FLT3-ITD category at Baseline											0.9942
≥3 to ≤25%	94	2 (2.1)	92 (97.9)	NE (NE, NE)	98	2 (2.0)	96 (98.0)	NE (NE, NE)	1.072 (0.151, 7.612)	0.9444	
>25% to ≤50%	141	8 (5.7)	133 (94.3)	NE (NE, NE)	136	8 (5.9)	128 (94.1)	NE (NE, NE)	0.931 (0.349, 2.484)	0.8880	
>50%	29	0	29 (100)	NE (NE, NE)	34	4 (11.8)	30 (88.2)	NE (NE, NE)	0.000 (0.000, NE)	0.0478	

N: number of subjects in analysis set; n: number of subjects in subgroup category; %: proportion of number of subjects in n; CI: confidence interval; NE: not estimable. PT: Preferred Term, SOC: System Organ Class.

[a] Median time to first event is from Kaplan-Meier estimate. Confidence Interval for median was computed using the Brookmeyer-Crowley method.

[b] Hazard ratio is from unstratified Cox proportional hazards model with treatment as the only categorical variable in the model. Confidence limits are based on the Wald test.

[c] Two-sided p-value from unstratified log-rank test.

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SOC: Infections and infestations; PT: Sepsis

Subgroup	Quizartinib (N=265)					Placebo (N=268)					Quizartinib vs Placebo		Interaction
	n	No. of subjects with events (%)	No. of subjects censored (%)	Median (95 % CI) (months) [a]	n	No. of subjects with events (%)	No. of subjects censored (%)	Median (95 % CI) (months) [a]	Hazard Ratio (95 % CI) [b]	Unstratified log-rank p-value [c]	P-value [d]		
AML with Mutated NPM1											0.5421		
Yes	139	5 (3.6)	134 (96.4)	NE (NE, NE)	137	6 (4.4)	131 (95.6)	NE (NE, NE)	0.809 (0.247, 2.653)	0.7266			
No	116	4 (3.4)	112 (96.6)	NE (NE, NE)	120	8 (6.7)	112 (93.3)	NE (NE, NE)	0.499 (0.150, 1.656)	0.2461			

N: number of subjects in analysis set; n: number of subjects in subgroup category; %: proportion of number of subjects in n; CI: confidence interval; NE: not estimable. PT: Preferred Term, SOC: System Organ Class.

[a] Median time to first event is from Kaplan-Meier estimate. Confidence Interval for median was computed using the Brookmeyer-Crowley method.

[b] Hazard ratio is from unstratified Cox proportional hazards model with treatment as the only categorical variable in the model. Confidence limits are based on the Wald test.

[c] Two-sided p-value from unstratified log-rank test.

[d] Two-sided interaction p-value is for the interaction term from unstratified Cox proportional hazards model with treatment, subgroup, and treatment-by-subgroup interaction as categorical variables in the model. The p-value is based on the Wald test.

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SOC: Infections and infestations; PT: Sepsis

Subgroup	Quizartinib (N=265)					Placebo (N=268)			Quizartinib vs Placebo		Interaction P-value [d]
	n	No. of subjects with events (%)	No. of subjects censored (%)	Median (95 % CI) (months) [a]	n	No. of subjects with events (%)	No. of subjects censored (%)	Median (95 % CI) (months) [a]	Hazard Ratio (95 % CI) [b]	Unstratified log-rank p-value [c]	
Age by 2 categories											0.7378
≤60	164	6 (3.7)	158 (96.3)	NE (NE, NE)	163	7 (4.3)	156 (95.7)	NE (NE, NE)	0.820 (0.275, 2.440)	0.7200	
>60	101	4 (4.0)	97 (96.0)	NE (NE, NE)	105	7 (6.7)	98 (93.3)	NE (NE, NE)	0.601 (0.176, 2.055)	0.4127	

N: number of subjects in analysis set; n: number of subjects in subgroup category; %: proportion of number of subjects in n; CI: confidence interval; NE: not estimable. PT: Preferred Term, SOC: System Organ Class.

[a] Median time to first event is from Kaplan-Meier estimate. Confidence Interval for median was computed using the Brookmeyer-Crowley method.

[b] Hazard ratio is from unstratified Cox proportional hazards model with treatment as the only categorical variable in the model. Confidence limits are based on the Wald test.

[c] Two-sided p-value from unstratified log-rank test.

[d] Two-sided interaction p-value is for the interaction term from unstratified Cox proportional hazards model with treatment, subgroup, and treatment-by-subgroup interaction as categorical variables in the model. The p-value is based on the Wald test.

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SOC: Blood and lymphatic system disorders; PT: Any PT

Subgroup	n	Quizartinib (N=265)				Placebo (N=268)				Quizartinib vs Placebo		Interaction
		No. of subjects with events (%)	No. of subjects censored (%)	Median (95 % CI) (months) [a]	n	No. of subjects with events (%)	No. of subjects censored (%)	Median (95 % CI) (months) [a]	n	Hazard Ratio (95 % CI) [b]	Unstratified log-rank p-value [c]	P-value [d]
Pooled Age Group 2											0.4546	
<60	159	21 (13.2)	138 (86.8)	NE (NE, NE)	160	20 (12.5)	140 (87.5)	NE (NE, NE)	0.968 (0.524, 1.788)	0.9179		
≥60 - <65	37	5 (13.5)	32 (86.5)	NE (31.5, NE)	43	2 (4.7)	41 (95.3)	NE (NE, NE)	2.773 (0.537, 14.320)	0.2038		
≥65	69	12 (17.4)	57 (82.6)	NE (NE, NE)	65	10 (15.4)	55 (84.6)	NE (NE, NE)	1.353 (0.584, 3.135)	0.4801		

N: number of subjects in analysis set; n: number of subjects in subgroup category; %: proportion of number of subjects in n; CI: confidence interval; NE: not estimable. PT: Preferred Term, SOC: System Organ Class.

[a] Median time to first event is from Kaplan-Meier estimate. Confidence Interval for median was computed using the Brookmeyer-Crowley method.

[b] Hazard ratio is from unstratified Cox proportional hazards model with treatment as the only categorical variable in the model. Confidence limits are based on the Wald test.

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SOC: Blood and lymphatic system disorders; PT: Any PT

Subgroup	n	Quizartinib (N=265)				Placebo (N=268)				Quizartinib vs Placebo		Interaction
		No. of subjects with events (%)	No. of subjects censored (%)	Median (95 % CI) (months) [a]	n	No. of subjects with events (%)	No. of subjects censored (%)	Median (95 % CI) (months) [a]	Hazard Ratio (95 % CI) [b]	Unstratified log-rank p-value [c]	P-value [d]	
Sex												0.2590
Male	124	19 (15.3)	105 (84.7)	NE (NE, NE)	120	11 (9.2)	109 (90.8)	NE (NE, NE)	1.642 (0.781, 3.451)	0.1863		
Female	141	19 (13.5)	122 (86.5)	NE (NE, NE)	148	21 (14.2)	127 (85.8)	NE (NE, NE)	0.909 (0.488, 1.693)	0.7630		

N: number of subjects in analysis set; n: number of subjects in subgroup category; %: proportion of number of subjects in n; CI: confidence interval; NE: not estimable. PT: Preferred Term, SOC: System Organ Class.

[a] Median time to first event is from Kaplan-Meier estimate. Confidence Interval for median was computed using the Brookmeyer-Crowley method.

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SOC: Blood and lymphatic system disorders; PT: Any PT

Subgroup	Quizartinib (N=265)					Placebo (N=268)			Quizartinib vs Placebo		Interaction
	n	No. of subjects with events (%)	No. of subjects censored (%)	Median (95 % CI) (months) [a]	n	No. of subjects with events (%)	No. of subjects censored (%)	Median (95 % CI) (months) [a]	Hazard Ratio (95 % CI) [b]	Unstratified log-rank p-value [c]	P-value [d]
Race by 2 categories											0.3700
White	157	29 (18.5)	128 (81.5)	NE (NE, NE)	161	27 (16.8)	134 (83.2)	NE (NE, NE)	1.042 (0.616, 1.761)	0.8794	
Non-white	108	9 (8.3)	99 (91.7)	NE (NE, NE)	107	5 (4.7)	102 (95.3)	NE (NE, NE)	1.776 (0.595, 5.302)	0.2964	

N: number of subjects in analysis set; n: number of subjects in subgroup category; %: proportion of number of subjects in n; CI: confidence interval; NE: not estimable. PT: Preferred Term, SOC: System Organ Class.

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[c] Two-sided p-value from unstratified log-rank test.

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SOC: Blood and lymphatic system disorders; PT: Any PT

Subgroup	n	Quizartinib (N=265)			n	Placebo (N=268)			Quizartinib vs Placebo		Interaction
		No. of subjects with events (%)	No. of subjects censored (%)	Median (95 % CI) (months) [a]		No. of subjects with events (%)	No. of subjects censored (%)	Median (95 % CI) (months) [a]	Hazard Ratio (95 % CI) [b]	Unstratified log-rank p-value [c]	P-value [d]
Geographic Region 1											0.9281
North America	16	2 (12.5)	14 (87.5)	NE (2.2, NE)	18	2 (11.1)	16 (88.9)	NE (NE, NE)	2.343 (0.322, 17.035)	0.3867	
Europe	161	23 (14.3)	138 (85.7)	NE (NE, NE)	161	18 (11.2)	143 (88.8)	NE (NE, NE)	1.185 (0.639, 2.200)	0.5900	
Asia/Other Regions	88	13 (14.8)	75 (85.2)	NE (NE, NE)	89	12 (13.5)	77 (86.5)	NE (NE, NE)	1.064 (0.485, 2.333)	0.8777	

N: number of subjects in analysis set; n: number of subjects in subgroup category; %: proportion of number of subjects in n; CI: confidence interval; NE: not estimable. PT: Preferred Term, SOC: System Organ Class.

[a] Median time to first event is from Kaplan-Meier estimate. Confidence Interval for median was computed using the Brookmeyer-Crowley method.

[b] Hazard ratio is from unstratified Cox proportional hazards model with treatment as the only categorical variable in the model. Confidence limits are based on the Wald test.

[c] Two-sided p-value from unstratified log-rank test.

[d] Two-sided interaction p-value is for the interaction term from unstratified Cox proportional hazards model with treatment, subgroup, and treatment-by-subgroup interaction as categorical variables in the model. The p-value is based on the Wald test.

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Medizinischer Nutzen, medizinischer Zusatznutzen, Patientengruppen mit therap. bedeutsamem Zusatznutzen

Daiichi Sankyo | Data Intelligence – Evidence Generation | Final | AC220-A-U302 QUANTUM-First (DCO 13 Aug 2021) | Statistical analyses for AMNOG (HTA Germany)
 Table 3.12.2 Serious Treatment-emergent adverse events by system organ class (SOC) and preferred term (PT) observed for ≥ 10 patients in at least one arm and ≥ 1% of the patients in at least one arm - Time-to-event analysis - subgroup analysis - DCO 13-Aug-2021 - Safety Analysis Set

SOC: Blood and lymphatic system disorders; PT: Any PT

		Quizartinib (N=265)				Placebo (N=268)				Quizartinib vs Placebo		Interaction
Subgroup	n	No. of subjects with events (%)	No. of subjects censored (%)	Median (95 % CI) (months) [a]	n	No. of subjects with events (%)	No. of subjects censored (%)	Median (95 % CI) (months) [a]	Hazard Ratio (95 % CI) [b]	Unstratified log-rank p-value [c]	P-value [d]	
WBC at initial diagnosis											0.4983	
< 40x10 ⁹ /L	132	18 (13.6)	114 (86.4)	NE (NE, NE)	133	19 (14.3)	114 (85.7)	NE (NE, NE)	1.014 (0.532, 1.933)	0.9663		
≥ 40x10 ⁹ /L	133	20 (15.0)	113 (85.0)	NE (NE, NE)	135	13 (9.6)	122 (90.4)	NE (NE, NE)	1.400 (0.695, 2.820)	0.3450		

N: number of subjects in analysis set; n: number of subjects in subgroup category; %: proportion of number of subjects in n; CI: confidence interval; NE: not estimable. PT: Preferred Term, SOC: System Organ Class.

[a] Median time to first event is from Kaplan-Meier estimate. Confidence Interval for median was computed using the Brookmeyer-Crowley method.

[b] Hazard ratio is from unstratified Cox proportional hazards model with treatment as the only categorical variable in the model. Confidence limits are based on the Wald test.

[c] Two-sided p-value from unstratified log-rank test.

[d] Two-sided interaction p-value is for the interaction term from unstratified Cox proportional hazards model with treatment, subgroup, and treatment-by-subgroup interaction as categorical variables in the model. The p-value is based on the Wald test.

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SOC: Blood and lymphatic system disorders; PT: Any PT

Subgroup	n	Quizartinib (N=265)				Placebo (N=268)				Quizartinib vs Placebo		Interaction
		No. of subjects with events (%)	No. of subjects censored (%)	Median (95 % CI) (months) [a]	n	No. of subjects with events (%)	No. of subjects censored (%)	Median (95 % CI) (months) [a]	n	Hazard Ratio (95 % CI) [b]	Unstratified log-rank p-value [c]	P-value [d]
Choice of Anthracycline											0.6459	
Daunorubicin	123	14 (11.4)	109 (88.6)	NE (NE, NE)	94	7 (7.4)	87 (92.6)	NE (NE, NE)	1.515 (0.611, 3.757)	0.3669		
Idarubicin	142	24 (16.9)	118 (83.1)	NE (NE, NE)	171	24 (14.0)	147 (86.0)	NE (NE, NE)	1.163 (0.660, 2.049)	0.6019		

N: number of subjects in analysis set; n: number of subjects in subgroup category; %: proportion of number of subjects in n; CI: confidence interval; NE: not estimable. PT: Preferred Term, SOC: System Organ Class.

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[c] Two-sided p-value from unstratified log-rank test.

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SOC: Blood and lymphatic system disorders; PT: Any PT

Subgroup	n	Quizartinib (N=265)				Placebo (N=268)				Quizartinib vs Placebo		Interaction
		No. of subjects with events (%)	No. of subjects censored (%)	Median (95 % CI) (months) [a]	n	No. of subjects with events (%)	No. of subjects censored (%)	Median (95 % CI) (months) [a]	n	Hazard Ratio (95 % CI) [b]	Unstratified log-rank p-value [c]	P-value [d]
AML Cytogenetic Risk Score											0.3993	
Favorable	13	1 (7.7)	12 (92.3)	NE (1.7, NE)	19	1 (5.3)	18 (94.7)	NE (NE, NE)	1.597 (0.100, 25.565)	0.7385		
Intermediate	195	25 (12.8)	170 (87.2)	NE (NE, NE)	190	22 (11.6)	168 (88.4)	NE (NE, NE)	1.044 (0.588, 1.852)	0.8840		
Unfavorable	19	6 (31.6)	13 (68.4)	NE (2.5, NE)	27	3 (11.1)	24 (88.9)	NE (NE, NE)	3.338 (0.834, 13.362)	0.0706		
Unknown	38	6 (15.8)	32 (84.2)	NE (31.5, NE)	31	6 (19.4)	25 (80.6)	NE (6.0, NE)	0.690 (0.221, 2.158)	0.5222		

N: number of subjects in analysis set; n: number of subjects in subgroup category; %: proportion of number of subjects in n; CI: confidence interval; NE: not estimable. PT: Preferred Term, SOC: System Organ Class.

[a] Median time to first event is from Kaplan-Meier estimate. Confidence Interval for median was computed using the Brookmeyer-Crowley method.

[b] Hazard ratio is from unstratified Cox proportional hazards model with treatment as the only categorical variable in the model. Confidence limits are based on the Wald test.

[c] Two-sided p-value from unstratified log-rank test.

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SOC: Blood and lymphatic system disorders; PT: Any PT

Subgroup	Quizartinib (N=265)					Placebo (N=268)			Quizartinib vs Placebo		Interaction
	n	No. of subjects with events (%)	No. of subjects censored (%)	Median (95 % CI) (months) [a]	n	No. of subjects with events (%)	No. of subjects censored (%)	Median (95 % CI) (months) [a]	Hazard Ratio (95 % CI) [b]	Unstratified log-rank p-value [c]	P-value [d]
ECOG Performance Status at Baseline											0.1369
0 - Fully Active	87	10 (11.5)	77 (88.5)	NE (NE, NE)	97	16 (16.5)	81 (83.5)	NE (NE, NE)	0.642 (0.291, 1.416)	0.2676	
1 - Restricted in Physically Strenuous Activity	133	22 (16.5)	111 (83.5)	NE (NE, NE)	134	14 (10.4)	120 (89.6)	NE (NE, NE)	1.553 (0.794, 3.038)	0.1945	
2 - Ambulatory and Capable of All Selfcare	45	6 (13.3)	39 (86.7)	NE (NE, NE)	36	2 (5.6)	34 (94.4)	NE (NE, NE)	2.585 (0.521, 12.814)	0.2275	

N: number of subjects in analysis set; n: number of subjects in subgroup category; %: proportion of number of subjects in n; CI: confidence interval; NE: not estimable. PT: Preferred Term, SOC: System Organ Class.

[a] Median time to first event is from Kaplan-Meier estimate. Confidence Interval for median was computed using the Brookmeyer-Crowley method.

[b] Hazard ratio is from unstratified Cox proportional hazards model with treatment as the only categorical variable in the model. Confidence limits are based on the Wald test.

[c] Two-sided p-value from unstratified log-rank test.

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SOC: Blood and lymphatic system disorders; PT: Any PT

Subgroup	n	Quizartinib (N=265)			n	Placebo (N=268)			Quizartinib vs Placebo		Interaction
		No. of subjects with events (%)	No. of subjects censored (%)	Median (95 % CI) (months) [a]		No. of subjects with events (%)	No. of subjects censored (%)	Median (95 % CI) (months) [a]	Hazard Ratio (95 % CI) [b]	Unstratified log-rank p-value [c]	P-value [d]
FLT3-ITD category at Baseline											0.4109
≥3 to ≤25%	94	12 (12.8)	82 (87.2)	NE (NE, NE)	98	15 (15.3)	83 (84.7)	NE (NE, NE)	0.826 (0.386, 1.765)	0.6198	
>25% to ≤50%	141	21 (14.9)	120 (85.1)	NE (NE, NE)	136	15 (11.0)	121 (89.0)	NE (NE, NE)	1.344 (0.692, 2.608)	0.3816	
>50%	29	5 (17.2)	24 (82.8)	NE (31.5, NE)	34	2 (5.9)	32 (94.1)	NE (NE, NE)	2.240 (0.427, 11.768)	0.3282	

N: number of subjects in analysis set; n: number of subjects in subgroup category; %: proportion of number of subjects in n; CI: confidence interval; NE: not estimable. PT: Preferred Term, SOC: System Organ Class.

[a] Median time to first event is from Kaplan-Meier estimate. Confidence Interval for median was computed using the Brookmeyer-Crowley method.

[b] Hazard ratio is from unstratified Cox proportional hazards model with treatment as the only categorical variable in the model. Confidence limits are based on the Wald test.

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SOC: Blood and lymphatic system disorders; PT: Any PT

Subgroup	Quizartinib (N=265)					Placebo (N=268)			Quizartinib vs Placebo		Interaction
	n	No. of subjects with events (%)	No. of subjects censored (%)	Median (95 % CI) (months) [a]	n	No. of subjects with events (%)	No. of subjects censored (%)	Median (95 % CI) (months) [a]	Hazard Ratio (95 % CI) [b]	Unstratified log-rank p-value [c]	P-value [d]
AML with Mutated NPM1											0.8667
Yes	139	22 (15.8)	117 (84.2)	NE (NE, NE)	137	20 (14.6)	117 (85.4)	NE (NE, NE)	1.091 (0.595, 2.001)	0.7774	
No	116	13 (11.2)	103 (88.8)	NE (NE, NE)	120	12 (10.0)	108 (90.0)	NE (NE, NE)	0.999 (0.455, 2.191)	0.9974	

N: number of subjects in analysis set; n: number of subjects in subgroup category; %: proportion of number of subjects in n; CI: confidence interval; NE: not estimable. PT: Preferred Term, SOC: System Organ Class.

[a] Median time to first event is from Kaplan-Meier estimate. Confidence Interval for median was computed using the Brookmeyer-Crowley method.

[b] Hazard ratio is from unstratified Cox proportional hazards model with treatment as the only categorical variable in the model. Confidence limits are based on the Wald test.

[c] Two-sided p-value from unstratified log-rank test.

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SOC: Blood and lymphatic system disorders; PT: Any PT

Subgroup	Quizartinib (N=265)					Placebo (N=268)			Quizartinib vs Placebo		Interaction
	n	No. of subjects with events (%)	No. of subjects censored (%)	Median (95 % CI) (months) [a]	n	No. of subjects with events (%)	No. of subjects censored (%)	Median (95 % CI) (months) [a]	Hazard Ratio (95 % CI) [b]	Unstratified log-rank p-value [c]	P-value [d]
Age by 2 categories											0.2588
≤60	164	21 (12.8)	143 (87.2)	NE (NE, NE)	163	20 (12.3)	143 (87.7)	NE (NE, NE)	0.951 (0.515, 1.757)	0.8732	
>60	101	17 (16.8)	84 (83.2)	NE (31.5, NE)	105	12 (11.4)	93 (88.6)	NE (NE, NE)	1.638 (0.782, 3.430)	0.1876	

N: number of subjects in analysis set; n: number of subjects in subgroup category; %: proportion of number of subjects in n; CI: confidence interval; NE: not estimable. PT: Preferred Term, SOC: System Organ Class.

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SOC: Blood and lymphatic system disorders; PT: Febrile neutropenia

Subgroup	Quizartinib (N=265)					Placebo (N=268)					Quizartinib vs Placebo		Interaction
	n	No. of subjects with events (%)	No. of subjects censored (%)	Median (95 % CI) (months) [a]	n	No. of subjects with events (%)	No. of subjects censored (%)	Median (95 % CI) (months) [a]	Hazard Ratio (95 % CI) [b]	Unstratified log-rank p-value [c]	P-value [d]		
Pooled Age Group 2											0.3613		
<60	159	16 (10.1)	143 (89.9)	NE (NE, NE)	160	15 (9.4)	145 (90.6)	NE (NE, NE)	1.010 (0.499, 2.044)	0.9774			
≥60 - <65	37	4 (10.8)	33 (89.2)	NE (NE, NE)	43	1 (2.3)	42 (97.7)	NE (NE, NE)	4.370 (0.487, 39.191)	0.1501			
≥65	69	9 (13.0)	60 (87.0)	NE (NE, NE)	65	6 (9.2)	59 (90.8)	NE (NE, NE)	1.678 (0.596, 4.723)	0.3234			

N: number of subjects in analysis set; n: number of subjects in subgroup category; %: proportion of number of subjects in n; CI: confidence interval; NE: not estimable. PT: Preferred Term, SOC: System Organ Class.

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SOC: Blood and lymphatic system disorders; PT: Febrile neutropenia

Subgroup	n	Quizartinib (N=265)				Placebo (N=268)				Quizartinib vs Placebo		Interaction
		No. of subjects with events (%)	No. of subjects censored (%)	Median (95 % CI) (months) [a]	n	No. of subjects with events (%)	No. of subjects censored (%)	Median (95 % CI) (months) [a]	Hazard Ratio (95 % CI) [b]	Unstratified log-rank p-value [c]	P-value [d]	
Sex												0.9770
Male	124	14 (11.3)	110 (88.7)	NE (NE, NE)	120	10 (8.3)	110 (91.7)	NE (NE, NE)	1.312 (0.583, 2.954)	0.5107		
Female	141	15 (10.6)	126 (89.4)	NE (NE, NE)	148	12 (8.1)	136 (91.9)	NE (NE, NE)	1.322 (0.619, 2.825)	0.4714		

N: number of subjects in analysis set; n: number of subjects in subgroup category; %: proportion of number of subjects in n; CI: confidence interval; NE: not estimable. PT: Preferred Term, SOC: System Organ Class.

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Daiichi Sankyo | Data Intelligence – Evidence Generation | Final | AC220-A-U302 QUANTUM-First (DCO 13 Aug 2021) | Statistical analyses for AMNOG (HTA Germany)
 Table 3.12.2 Serious Treatment-emergent adverse events by system organ class (SOC) and preferred term (PT) observed for ≥ 10 patients in at least one arm and ≥ 1% of the patients in at least one arm - Time-to-event analysis - subgroup analysis - DCO 13-Aug-2021 - Safety Analysis Set

SOC: Blood and lymphatic system disorders; PT: Febrile neutropenia

Subgroup	Quizartinib (N=265)					Placebo (N=268)			Quizartinib vs Placebo		Interaction
	n	No. of subjects with events (%)	No. of subjects censored (%)	Median (95 % CI) (months) [a]	n	No. of subjects with events (%)	No. of subjects censored (%)	Median (95 % CI) (months) [a]	Hazard Ratio (95 % CI) [b]	Unstratified log-rank p-value [c]	P-value [d]
Race by 2 categories											0.9884
White	157	25 (15.9)	132 (84.1)	NE (NE, NE)	161	19 (11.8)	142 (88.2)	NE (NE, NE)	1.317 (0.725, 2.392)	0.3654	
Non-white	108	4 (3.7)	104 (96.3)	NE (NE, NE)	107	3 (2.8)	104 (97.2)	NE (NE, NE)	1.337 (0.299, 5.974)	0.7038	

N: number of subjects in analysis set; n: number of subjects in subgroup category; %: proportion of number of subjects in n; CI: confidence interval; NE: not estimable. PT: Preferred Term, SOC: System Organ Class.

[a] Median time to first event is from Kaplan-Meier estimate. Confidence Interval for median was computed using the Brookmeyer-Crowley method.

[b] Hazard ratio is from unstratified Cox proportional hazards model with treatment as the only categorical variable in the model. Confidence limits are based on the Wald test.

[c] Two-sided p-value from unstratified log-rank test.

[d] Two-sided interaction p-value is for the interaction term from unstratified Cox proportional hazards model with treatment, subgroup, and treatment-by-subgroup interaction as categorical variables in the model. The p-value is based on the Wald test.

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SOC: Blood and lymphatic system disorders; PT: Febrile neutropenia

Subgroup	Quizartinib (N=265)					Placebo (N=268)			Quizartinib vs Placebo		Interaction
	n	No. of subjects with events (%)	No. of subjects censored (%)	Median (95 % CI) (months) [a]	n	No. of subjects with events (%)	No. of subjects censored (%)	Median (95 % CI) (months) [a]	Hazard Ratio (95 % CI) [b]	Unstratified log-rank p-value [c]	P-value [d]
Geographic Region 1											0.3520
North America	16	2 (12.5)	14 (87.5)	NE (2.2, NE)	18	1 (5.6)	17 (94.4)	NE (NE, NE)	3.939 (0.357, 43.513)	0.2270	
Europe	161	19 (11.8)	142 (88.2)	NE (NE, NE)	161	11 (6.8)	150 (93.2)	NE (NE, NE)	1.658 (0.789, 3.487)	0.1779	
Asia/Other Regions	88	8 (9.1)	80 (90.9)	NE (NE, NE)	89	10 (11.2)	79 (88.8)	NE (NE, NE)	0.795 (0.314, 2.015)	0.6271	

N: number of subjects in analysis set; n: number of subjects in subgroup category; %: proportion of number of subjects in n; CI: confidence interval; NE: not estimable. PT: Preferred Term, SOC: System Organ Class.

[a] Median time to first event is from Kaplan-Meier estimate. Confidence Interval for median was computed using the Brookmeyer-Crowley method.

[b] Hazard ratio is from unstratified Cox proportional hazards model with treatment as the only categorical variable in the model. Confidence limits are based on the Wald test.

[c] Two-sided p-value from unstratified log-rank test.

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SOC: Blood and lymphatic system disorders; PT: Febrile neutropenia

Subgroup	n	Quizartinib (N=265)			n	Placebo (N=268)			Quizartinib vs Placebo		Interaction P-value [d]
		No. of subjects with events (%)	No. of subjects censored (%)	Median (95 % CI) (months) [a]		No. of subjects with events (%)	No. of subjects censored (%)	Median (95 % CI) (months) [a]	Hazard Ratio (95 % CI) [b]	Unstratified log-rank p-value [c]	
WBC at initial diagnosis											0.3948
< 40x10 ⁹ /L	132	14 (10.6)	118 (89.4)	NE (NE, NE)	133	14 (10.5)	119 (89.5)	NE (NE, NE)	1.079 (0.514, 2.264)	0.8406	
≥ 40x10 ⁹ /L	133	15 (11.3)	118 (88.7)	NE (NE, NE)	135	8 (5.9)	127 (94.1)	NE (NE, NE)	1.779 (0.754, 4.201)	0.1825	

N: number of subjects in analysis set; n: number of subjects in subgroup category; %: proportion of number of subjects in n; CI: confidence interval; NE: not estimable. PT: Preferred Term, SOC: System Organ Class.

[a] Median time to first event is from Kaplan-Meier estimate. Confidence Interval for median was computed using the Brookmeyer-Crowley method.

[b] Hazard ratio is from unstratified Cox proportional hazards model with treatment as the only categorical variable in the model. Confidence limits are based on the Wald test.

[c] Two-sided p-value from unstratified log-rank test.

[d] Two-sided interaction p-value is for the interaction term from unstratified Cox proportional hazards model with treatment, subgroup, and treatment-by-subgroup interaction as categorical variables in the model. The p-value is based on the Wald test.

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SOC: Blood and lymphatic system disorders; PT: Febrile neutropenia

Subgroup	n	Quizartinib (N=265)			n	Placebo (N=268)			Quizartinib vs Placebo		Interaction
		No. of subjects with events (%)	No. of subjects censored (%)	Median (95 % CI) (months) [a]		No. of subjects with events (%)	No. of subjects censored (%)	Median (95 % CI) (months) [a]	Hazard Ratio (95 % CI) [b]	Unstratified log-rank p-value [c]	P-value [d]
Choice of Anthracycline											0.2393
Daunorubicin	123	11 (8.9)	112 (91.1)	NE (NE, NE)	94	3 (3.2)	91 (96.8)	NE (NE, NE)	2.857 (0.797, 10.240)	0.0918	
Idarubicin	142	18 (12.7)	124 (87.3)	NE (NE, NE)	171	18 (10.5)	153 (89.5)	NE (NE, NE)	1.185 (0.616, 2.278)	0.6104	

N: number of subjects in analysis set; n: number of subjects in subgroup category; %: proportion of number of subjects in n; CI: confidence interval; NE: not estimable. PT: Preferred Term, SOC: System Organ Class.

[a] Median time to first event is from Kaplan-Meier estimate. Confidence Interval for median was computed using the Brookmeyer-Crowley method.

[b] Hazard ratio is from unstratified Cox proportional hazards model with treatment as the only categorical variable in the model. Confidence limits are based on the Wald test.

[c] Two-sided p-value from unstratified log-rank test.

[d] Two-sided interaction p-value is for the interaction term from unstratified Cox proportional hazards model with treatment, subgroup, and treatment-by-subgroup interaction as categorical variables in the model. The p-value is based on the Wald test.

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SOC: Blood and lymphatic system disorders; PT: Febrile neutropenia

Subgroup	n	Quizartinib (N=265)			n	Placebo (N=268)			Quizartinib vs Placebo		Interaction
		No. of subjects with events (%)	No. of subjects censored (%)	Median (95 % CI) (months) [a]		No. of subjects with events (%)	No. of subjects censored (%)	Median (95 % CI) (months) [a]	Hazard Ratio (95 % CI) [b]	Unstratified log-rank p-value [c]	P-value [d]
AML Cytogenetic Risk Score											0.6854
Favorable	13	1 (7.7)	12 (92.3)	NE (1.7, NE)	19	1 (5.3)	18 (94.7)	NE (NE, NE)	1.597 (0.100, 25.565)	0.7385	
Intermediate	195	20 (10.3)	175 (89.7)	NE (NE, NE)	190	15 (7.9)	175 (92.1)	NE (NE, NE)	1.234 (0.631, 2.411)	0.5391	
Unfavorable	19	5 (26.3)	14 (73.7)	NE (2.5, NE)	27	3 (11.1)	24 (88.9)	NE (NE, NE)	2.795 (0.667, 11.713)	0.1419	
Unknown	38	3 (7.9)	35 (92.1)	NE (NE, NE)	31	3 (9.7)	28 (90.3)	NE (NE, NE)	0.767 (0.155, 3.805)	0.7448	

N: number of subjects in analysis set; n: number of subjects in subgroup category; %: proportion of number of subjects in n; CI: confidence interval; NE: not estimable. PT: Preferred Term, SOC: System Organ Class.

[a] Median time to first event is from Kaplan-Meier estimate. Confidence Interval for median was computed using the Brookmeyer-Crowley method.

[b] Hazard ratio is from unstratified Cox proportional hazards model with treatment as the only categorical variable in the model. Confidence limits are based on the Wald test.

[c] Two-sided p-value from unstratified log-rank test.

[d] Two-sided interaction p-value is for the interaction term from unstratified Cox proportional hazards model with treatment, subgroup, and treatment-by-subgroup interaction as categorical variables in the model. The p-value is based on the Wald test.

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SOC: Blood and lymphatic system disorders; PT: Febrile neutropenia

Subgroup	Quizartinib (N=265)					Placebo (N=268)			Quizartinib vs Placebo		Interaction
	n	No. of subjects with events (%)	No. of subjects censored (%)	Median (95 % CI) (months) [a]	n	No. of subjects with events (%)	No. of subjects censored (%)	Median (95 % CI) (months) [a]	Hazard Ratio (95 % CI) [b]	Unstratified log-rank p-value [c]	P-value [d]
ECOG Performance Status at Baseline											0.5863
0 - Fully Active	87	10 (11.5)	77 (88.5)	NE (NE, NE)	97	11 (11.3)	86 (88.7)	NE (NE, NE)	0.959 (0.407, 2.258)	0.9226	
1 - Restricted in Physically Strenuous Activity	133	14 (10.5)	119 (89.5)	NE (NE, NE)	134	9 (6.7)	125 (93.3)	NE (NE, NE)	1.545 (0.669, 3.571)	0.3051	
2 - Ambulatory and Capable of All Selfcare	45	5 (11.1)	40 (88.9)	NE (NE, NE)	36	2 (5.6)	34 (94.4)	NE (NE, NE)	2.158 (0.418, 11.132)	0.3462	

N: number of subjects in analysis set; n: number of subjects in subgroup category; %: proportion of number of subjects in n; CI: confidence interval; NE: not estimable. PT: Preferred Term, SOC: System Organ Class.

[a] Median time to first event is from Kaplan-Meier estimate. Confidence Interval for median was computed using the Brookmeyer-Crowley method.

[b] Hazard ratio is from unstratified Cox proportional hazards model with treatment as the only categorical variable in the model. Confidence limits are based on the Wald test.

[c] Two-sided p-value from unstratified log-rank test.

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SOC: Blood and lymphatic system disorders; PT: Febrile neutropenia

Subgroup	n	Quizartinib (N=265)			n	Placebo (N=268)			Quizartinib vs Placebo		Interaction P-value [d]
		No. of subjects with events (%)	No. of subjects censored (%)	Median (95 % CI) (months) [a]		No. of subjects with events (%)	No. of subjects censored (%)	Median (95 % CI) (months) [a]	Hazard Ratio (95 % CI) [b]	Unstratified log-rank p-value [c]	
FLT3-ITD category at Baseline											0.4112
≥3 to ≤25%	94	9 (9.6)	85 (90.4)	NE (NE, NE)	98	11 (11.2)	87 (88.8)	NE (NE, NE)	0.856 (0.355, 2.065)	0.7284	
>25% to ≤50%	141	17 (12.1)	124 (87.9)	NE (NE, NE)	136	10 (7.4)	126 (92.6)	NE (NE, NE)	1.661 (0.760, 3.629)	0.1986	
>50%	29	3 (10.3)	26 (89.7)	NE (NE, NE)	34	1 (2.9)	33 (97.1)	NE (NE, NE)	2.716 (0.283, 26.115)	0.3672	

N: number of subjects in analysis set; n: number of subjects in subgroup category; %: proportion of number of subjects in n; CI: confidence interval; NE: not estimable. PT: Preferred Term, SOC: System Organ Class.

[a] Median time to first event is from Kaplan-Meier estimate. Confidence Interval for median was computed using the Brookmeyer-Crowley method.

[b] Hazard ratio is from unstratified Cox proportional hazards model with treatment as the only categorical variable in the model. Confidence limits are based on the Wald test.

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SOC: Blood and lymphatic system disorders; PT: Febrile neutropenia

Subgroup	Quizartinib (N=265)					Placebo (N=268)			Quizartinib vs Placebo		Interaction
	n	No. of subjects with events (%)	No. of subjects censored (%)	Median (95 % CI) (months) [a]	n	No. of subjects with events (%)	No. of subjects censored (%)	Median (95 % CI) (months) [a]	Hazard Ratio (95 % CI) [b]	Unstratified log-rank p-value [c]	P-value [d]
AML with Mutated NPM1											0.1124
Yes	139	19 (13.7)	120 (86.3)	NE (NE, NE)	137	10 (7.3)	127 (92.7)	NE (NE, NE)	1.943 (0.904, 4.180)	0.0833	
No	116	10 (8.6)	106 (91.4)	NE (NE, NE)	120	12 (10.0)	108 (90.0)	NE (NE, NE)	0.779 (0.336, 1.803)	0.5585	

N: number of subjects in analysis set; n: number of subjects in subgroup category; %: proportion of number of subjects in n; CI: confidence interval; NE: not estimable. PT: Preferred Term, SOC: System Organ Class.

[a] Median time to first event is from Kaplan-Meier estimate. Confidence Interval for median was computed using the Brookmeyer-Crowley method.

[b] Hazard ratio is from unstratified Cox proportional hazards model with treatment as the only categorical variable in the model. Confidence limits are based on the Wald test.

[c] Two-sided p-value from unstratified log-rank test.

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SOC: Blood and lymphatic system disorders; PT: Febrile neutropenia

Subgroup	n	Quizartinib (N=265)			Placebo (N=268)			Quizartinib vs Placebo		Interaction	
		No. of subjects with events (%)	No. of subjects censored (%)	Median (95 % CI) (months) [a]	n	No. of subjects with events (%)	No. of subjects censored (%)	Median (95 % CI) (months) [a]	Hazard Ratio (95 % CI) [b]	Unstratified log-rank p-value [c]	P-value [d]
Age by 2 categories										0.1797	
≤60	164	16 (9.8)	148 (90.2)	NE (NE, NE)	163	15 (9.2)	148 (90.8)	NE (NE, NE)	0.993 (0.491, 2.009)	0.9842	
>60	101	13 (12.9)	88 (87.1)	NE (NE, NE)	105	7 (6.7)	98 (93.3)	NE (NE, NE)	2.147 (0.856, 5.383)	0.0959	

N: number of subjects in analysis set; n: number of subjects in subgroup category; %: proportion of number of subjects in n; CI: confidence interval; NE: not estimable. PT: Preferred Term, SOC: System Organ Class.

[a] Median time to first event is from Kaplan-Meier estimate. Confidence Interval for median was computed using the Brookmeyer-Crowley method.

[b] Hazard ratio is from unstratified Cox proportional hazards model with treatment as the only categorical variable in the model. Confidence limits are based on the Wald test.

[c] Two-sided p-value from unstratified log-rank test.

[d] Two-sided interaction p-value is for the interaction term from unstratified Cox proportional hazards model with treatment, subgroup, and treatment-by-subgroup interaction as categorical variables in the model. The p-value is based on the Wald test.

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SOC: Gastrointestinal disorders; PT: Any PT

Subgroup	Quizartinib (N=265)					Placebo (N=268)					Quizartinib vs Placebo		Interaction
	n	No. of subjects with events (%)	No. of subjects censored (%)	Median (95 % CI) (months) [a]	n	No. of subjects with events (%)	No. of subjects censored (%)	Median (95 % CI) (months) [a]	Hazard Ratio (95 % CI) [b]	Unstratified log-rank p-value [c]	P-value [d]		
Pooled Age Group 2											0.8570		
<60	159	13 (8.2)	146 (91.8)	NE (NE, NE)	160	7 (4.4)	153 (95.6)	NE (NE, NE)	1.736 (0.692, 4.357)	0.2338			
≥60 - <65	37	1 (2.7)	36 (97.3)	NE (NE, NE)	43	1 (2.3)	42 (97.7)	NE (NE, NE)	1.164 (0.073, 18.616)	0.9142			
≥65	69	8 (11.6)	61 (88.4)	NE (23.7, NE)	65	7 (10.8)	58 (89.2)	NE (NE, NE)	1.176 (0.426, 3.246)	0.7541			

N: number of subjects in analysis set; n: number of subjects in subgroup category; %: proportion of number of subjects in n; CI: confidence interval; NE: not estimable. PT: Preferred Term, SOC: System Organ Class.

[a] Median time to first event is from Kaplan-Meier estimate. Confidence Interval for median was computed using the Brookmeyer-Crowley method.

[b] Hazard ratio is from unstratified Cox proportional hazards model with treatment as the only categorical variable in the model. Confidence limits are based on the Wald test.

[c] Two-sided p-value from unstratified log-rank test.

[d] Two-sided interaction p-value is for the interaction term from unstratified Cox proportional hazards model with treatment, subgroup, and treatment-by-subgroup interaction as categorical variables in the model. The p-value is based on the Wald test.

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Medizinischer Nutzen, medizinischer Zusatznutzen, Patientengruppen mit therap. bedeutsamem Zusatznutzen

Daiichi Sankyo | Data Intelligence – Evidence Generation | Final | AC220-A-U302 QUANTUM-First (DCO 13 Aug 2021) | Statistical analyses for AMNOG (HTA Germany)
 Table 3.12.2 Serious Treatment-emergent adverse events by system organ class (SOC) and preferred term (PT) observed for ≥ 10 patients in at least one arm and ≥ 1% of the patients in at least one arm - Time-to-event analysis - subgroup analysis - DCO 13-Aug-2021 - Safety Analysis Set

SOC: Gastrointestinal disorders; PT: Any PT

Subgroup	n	Quizartinib (N=265)				Placebo (N=268)				Quizartinib vs Placebo		Interaction
		No. of subjects with events (%)	No. of subjects censored (%)	Median (95 % CI) (months) [a]	n	No. of subjects with events (%)	No. of subjects censored (%)	Median (95 % CI) (months) [a]	Hazard Ratio (95 % CI) [b]	Unstratified log-rank p-value [c]	P-value [d]	
Sex												0.9203
Male	124	10 (8.1)	114 (91.9)	NE (NE, NE)	120	6 (5.0)	114 (95.0)	NE (NE, NE)	1.459 (0.529, 4.026)	0.4628		
Female	141	12 (8.5)	129 (91.5)	NE (NE, NE)	148	9 (6.1)	139 (93.9)	NE (NE, NE)	1.326 (0.558, 3.151)	0.5211		

N: number of subjects in analysis set; n: number of subjects in subgroup category; %: proportion of number of subjects in n; CI: confidence interval; NE: not estimable. PT: Preferred Term, SOC: System Organ Class.

[a] Median time to first event is from Kaplan-Meier estimate. Confidence Interval for median was computed using the Brookmeyer-Crowley method.

[b] Hazard ratio is from unstratified Cox proportional hazards model with treatment as the only categorical variable in the model. Confidence limits are based on the Wald test.

[c] Two-sided p-value from unstratified log-rank test.

[d] Two-sided interaction p-value is for the interaction term from unstratified Cox proportional hazards model with treatment, subgroup, and treatment-by-subgroup interaction as categorical variables in the model. The p-value is based on the Wald test.

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SOC: Gastrointestinal disorders; PT: Any PT

Subgroup	Quizartinib (N=265)					Placebo (N=268)					Quizartinib vs Placebo		Interaction
	n	No. of subjects with events (%)	No. of subjects censored (%)	Median (95 % CI) (months) [a]	n	No. of subjects with events (%)	No. of subjects censored (%)	Median (95 % CI) (months) [a]	Hazard Ratio (95 % CI) [b]	Unstratified log-rank p-value [c]	P-value [d]		
Race by 2 categories											0.0046		
White	157	8 (5.1)	149 (94.9)	NE (NE, NE)	161	13 (8.1)	148 (91.9)	NE (NE, NE)	0.565 (0.233, 1.366)	0.1986			
Non-white	108	14 (13.0)	94 (87.0)	NE (NE, NE)	107	2 (1.9)	105 (98.1)	NE (NE, NE)	6.856 (1.558, 30.177)	0.0031			

N: number of subjects in analysis set; n: number of subjects in subgroup category; %: proportion of number of subjects in n; CI: confidence interval; NE: not estimable. PT: Preferred Term, SOC: System Organ Class.

[a] Median time to first event is from Kaplan-Meier estimate. Confidence Interval for median was computed using the Brookmeyer-Crowley method.

[b] Hazard ratio is from unstratified Cox proportional hazards model with treatment as the only categorical variable in the model. Confidence limits are based on the Wald test.

[c] Two-sided p-value from unstratified log-rank test.

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SOC: Gastrointestinal disorders; PT: Any PT

Subgroup	n	Quizartinib (N=265)			n	Placebo (N=268)			Quizartinib vs Placebo		Interaction
		No. of subjects with events (%)	No. of subjects censored (%)	Median (95 % CI) (months) [a]		No. of subjects with events (%)	No. of subjects censored (%)	Median (95 % CI) (months) [a]	Hazard Ratio (95 % CI) [b]	Unstratified log-rank p-value [c]	P-value [d]
Geographic Region 1											0.3196
North America	16	0	16 (100)	NE (NE, NE)	18	1 (5.6)	17 (94.4)	NE (NE, NE)	0.000 (0.000, NE)	0.4533	
Europe	161	12 (7.5)	149 (92.5)	NE (NE, NE)	161	11 (6.8)	150 (93.2)	NE (NE, NE)	0.997 (0.439, 2.264)	0.9947	
Asia/Other Regions	88	10 (11.4)	78 (88.6)	NE (NE, NE)	89	3 (3.4)	86 (96.6)	NE (NE, NE)	3.160 (0.868, 11.502)	0.0653	

N: number of subjects in analysis set; n: number of subjects in subgroup category; %: proportion of number of subjects in n; CI: confidence interval; NE: not estimable. PT: Preferred Term, SOC: System Organ Class.

[a] Median time to first event is from Kaplan-Meier estimate. Confidence Interval for median was computed using the Brookmeyer-Crowley method.

[b] Hazard ratio is from unstratified Cox proportional hazards model with treatment as the only categorical variable in the model. Confidence limits are based on the Wald test.

[c] Two-sided p-value from unstratified log-rank test.

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SOC: Gastrointestinal disorders; PT: Any PT

		Quizartinib (N=265)			Placebo (N=268)			Quizartinib vs Placebo		Interaction	
Subgroup	n	No. of subjects with events (%)	No. of subjects censored (%)	Median (95 % CI) (months) [a]	n	No. of subjects with events (%)	No. of subjects censored (%)	Median (95 % CI) (months) [a]	Hazard Ratio (95 % CI) [b]	Unstratified log-rank p-value [c]	P-value [d]
WBC at initial diagnosis											
< 40x10 ⁹ /L	132	8 (6.1)	124 (93.9)	NE (NE, NE)	133	8 (6.0)	125 (94.0)	NE (NE, NE)	1.042 (0.391, 2.779)	0.9348	0.4692
≥ 40x10 ⁹ /L	133	14 (10.5)	119 (89.5)	NE (NE, NE)	135	7 (5.2)	128 (94.8)	NE (NE, NE)	1.730 (0.695, 4.305)	0.2328	

N: number of subjects in analysis set; n: number of subjects in subgroup category; %: proportion of number of subjects in n; CI: confidence interval; NE: not estimable. PT: Preferred Term, SOC: System Organ Class.

[a] Median time to first event is from Kaplan-Meier estimate. Confidence Interval for median was computed using the Brookmeyer-Crowley method.

[b] Hazard ratio is from unstratified Cox proportional hazards model with treatment as the only categorical variable in the model. Confidence limits are based on the Wald test.

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SOC: Gastrointestinal disorders; PT: Any PT

		Quizartinib (N=265)				Placebo (N=268)				Quizartinib vs Placebo		Interaction
Subgroup	n	No. of subjects with events (%)	No. of subjects censored (%)	Median (95 % CI) (months) [a]	n	No. of subjects with events (%)	No. of subjects censored (%)	Median (95 % CI) (months) [a]	Hazard Ratio (95 % CI) [b]	Unstratified log-rank p-value [c]	P-value [d]	
Choice of Anthracycline											0.4140	
Daunorubicin	123	13 (10.6)	110 (89.4)	NE (NE, NE)	94	5 (5.3)	89 (94.7)	NE (NE, NE)	1.796 (0.639, 5.051)	0.2596		
Idarubicin	142	9 (6.3)	133 (93.7)	NE (NE, NE)	171	10 (5.8)	161 (94.2)	NE (NE, NE)	1.011 (0.410, 2.492)	0.9805		

N: number of subjects in analysis set; n: number of subjects in subgroup category; %: proportion of number of subjects in n; CI: confidence interval; NE: not estimable. PT: Preferred Term, SOC: System Organ Class.

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[b] Hazard ratio is from unstratified Cox proportional hazards model with treatment as the only categorical variable in the model. Confidence limits are based on the Wald test.

[c] Two-sided p-value from unstratified log-rank test.

[d] Two-sided interaction p-value is for the interaction term from unstratified Cox proportional hazards model with treatment, subgroup, and treatment-by-subgroup interaction as categorical variables in the model. The p-value is based on the Wald test.

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SOC: Gastrointestinal disorders; PT: Any PT

Subgroup	n	Quizartinib (N=265)			n	Placebo (N=268)			Quizartinib vs Placebo		Interaction
		No. of subjects with events (%)	No. of subjects censored (%)	Median (95 % CI) (months) [a]		No. of subjects with events (%)	No. of subjects censored (%)	Median (95 % CI) (months) [a]	Hazard Ratio (95 % CI) [b]	Unstratified log-rank p-value [c]	P-value [d]
AML Cytogenetic Risk Score											0.9594
Favorable	13	2 (15.4)	11 (84.6)	NE (1.8, NE)	19	0	19 (100)	NE (NE, NE)	NE (0.000, NE)	0.0715	
Intermediate	195	14 (7.2)	181 (92.8)	NE (NE, NE)	190	11 (5.8)	179 (94.2)	NE (NE, NE)	1.100 (0.498, 2.426)	0.8128	
Unfavorable	19	3 (15.8)	16 (84.2)	NE (3.3, NE)	27	2 (7.4)	25 (92.6)	NE (NE, NE)	1.861 (0.300, 11.543)	0.4984	
Unknown	38	3 (7.9)	35 (92.1)	NE (23.7, NE)	31	2 (6.5)	29 (93.5)	NE (7.5, NE)	1.244 (0.207, 7.477)	0.8109	

N: number of subjects in analysis set; n: number of subjects in subgroup category; %: proportion of number of subjects in n; CI: confidence interval; NE: not estimable. PT: Preferred Term, SOC: System Organ Class.

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[b] Hazard ratio is from unstratified Cox proportional hazards model with treatment as the only categorical variable in the model. Confidence limits are based on the Wald test.

[c] Two-sided p-value from unstratified log-rank test.

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SOC: Gastrointestinal disorders; PT: Any PT

Subgroup	Quizartinib (N=265)				Placebo (N=268)				Quizartinib vs Placebo		Interaction
	n	No. of subjects with events (%)	No. of subjects censored (%)	Median (95 % CI) (months) [a]	n	No. of subjects with events (%)	No. of subjects censored (%)	Median (95 % CI) (months) [a]	Hazard Ratio (95 % CI) [b]	Unstratified log-rank p-value [c]	P-value [d]
ECOG Performance Status at Baseline											0.7753
0 - Fully Active	87	7 (8.0)	80 (92.0)	NE (NE, NE)	97	6 (6.2)	91 (93.8)	NE (NE, NE)	1.205 (0.404, 3.591)	0.7376	
1 - Restricted in Physically Strenuous Activity	133	11 (8.3)	122 (91.7)	NE (NE, NE)	134	8 (6.0)	126 (94.0)	NE (NE, NE)	1.310 (0.526, 3.258)	0.5600	
2 - Ambulatory and Capable of All Selfcare	45	4 (8.9)	41 (91.1)	NE (NE, NE)	36	1 (2.8)	35 (97.2)	NE (NE, NE)	2.419 (0.262, 22.288)	0.4219	

N: number of subjects in analysis set; n: number of subjects in subgroup category; %: proportion of number of subjects in n; CI: confidence interval; NE: not estimable. PT: Preferred Term, SOC: System Organ Class.

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SOC: Gastrointestinal disorders; PT: Any PT

Subgroup	n	Quizartinib (N=265)			n	Placebo (N=268)			Quizartinib vs Placebo		Interaction P-value [d]
		No. of subjects with events (%)	No. of subjects censored (%)	Median (95 % CI) (months) [a]		No. of subjects with events (%)	No. of subjects censored (%)	Median (95 % CI) (months) [a]	Hazard Ratio (95 % CI) [b]	Unstratified log-rank p-value [c]	
FLT3-ITD category at Baseline											0.2971
≥3 to ≤25%	94	9 (9.6)	85 (90.4)	NE (NE, NE)	98	6 (6.1)	92 (93.9)	NE (NE, NE)	1.601 (0.570, 4.498)	0.3677	
>25% to ≤50%	141	12 (8.5)	129 (91.5)	NE (NE, NE)	136	6 (4.4)	130 (95.6)	NE (NE, NE)	1.800 (0.674, 4.806)	0.2340	
>50%	29	1 (3.4)	28 (96.6)	NE (NE, NE)	34	3 (8.8)	31 (91.2)	NE (7.5, NE)	0.231 (0.024, 2.255)	0.1703	

N: number of subjects in analysis set; n: number of subjects in subgroup category; %: proportion of number of subjects in n; CI: confidence interval; NE: not estimable. PT: Preferred Term, SOC: System Organ Class.

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SOC: Gastrointestinal disorders; PT: Any PT

Subgroup	n	Quizartinib (N=265)				Placebo (N=268)				Quizartinib vs Placebo		Interaction
		No. of subjects with events (%)	No. of subjects censored (%)	Median (95 % CI) (months) [a]	n	No. of subjects with events (%)	No. of subjects censored (%)	Median (95 % CI) (months) [a]	Hazard Ratio (95 % CI) [b]	Unstratified log-rank p-value [c]	P-value [d]	
AML with Mutated NPM1											0.5432	
Yes	139	16 (11.5)	123 (88.5)	NE (NE, NE)	137	10 (7.3)	127 (92.7)	NE (NE, NE)	1.472 (0.667, 3.249)	0.3355		
No	116	5 (4.3)	111 (95.7)	NE (NE, NE)	120	5 (4.2)	115 (95.8)	NE (NE, NE)	0.929 (0.268, 3.215)	0.9076		

N: number of subjects in analysis set; n: number of subjects in subgroup category; %: proportion of number of subjects in n; CI: confidence interval; NE: not estimable. PT: Preferred Term, SOC: System Organ Class.

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[c] Two-sided p-value from unstratified log-rank test.

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SOC: Gastrointestinal disorders; PT: Any PT

Subgroup	Quizartinib (N=265)					Placebo (N=268)					Quizartinib vs Placebo		Interaction
	n	No. of subjects with events (%)	No. of subjects censored (%)	Median (95 % CI) (months) [a]	n	No. of subjects with events (%)	No. of subjects censored (%)	Median (95 % CI) (months) [a]	Hazard Ratio (95 % CI) [b]	Unstratified log-rank p-value [c]	P-value [d]		
Age by 2 categories											0.6421		
≤60	164	13 (7.9)	151 (92.1)	NE (NE, NE)	163	7 (4.3)	156 (95.7)	NE (NE, NE)	1.700 (0.678, 4.266)	0.2527			
>60	101	9 (8.9)	92 (91.1)	NE (NE, NE)	105	8 (7.6)	97 (92.4)	NE (NE, NE)	1.158 (0.446, 3.005)	0.7625			

N: number of subjects in analysis set; n: number of subjects in subgroup category; %: proportion of number of subjects in n; CI: confidence interval; NE: not estimable. PT: Preferred Term, SOC: System Organ Class.

[a] Median time to first event is from Kaplan-Meier estimate. Confidence Interval for median was computed using the Brookmeyer-Crowley method.

[b] Hazard ratio is from unstratified Cox proportional hazards model with treatment as the only categorical variable in the model. Confidence limits are based on the Wald test.

[c] Two-sided p-value from unstratified log-rank test.

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Medizinischer Nutzen, medizinischer Zusatznutzen, Patientengruppen mit therap. bedeutsamem Zusatznutzen

Daichi Sankyo | Data Intelligence – Evidence Generation | Final | AC220-A-U302 QUANTUM-First (DCO 13 Aug 2021) | Statistical analyses for AMNOG (HTA Germany)
 Table 3.12.2 Serious Treatment-emergent adverse events by system organ class (SOC) and preferred term (PT) observed for ≥ 10 patients in at least one arm and ≥ 1% of the patients in at least one arm - Time-to-event analysis - subgroup analysis - DCO 13-Aug-2021 - Safety Analysis Set

SOC: Respiratory, thoracic and mediastinal disorders; PT: Any PT

Subgroup	Quizartinib (N=265)					Placebo (N=268)					Quizartinib vs Placebo		Interaction
	n	No. of subjects with events (%)	No. of subjects censored (%)	Median (95 % CI) (months) [a]	n	No. of subjects with events (%)	No. of subjects censored (%)	Median (95 % CI) (months) [a]	Hazard Ratio (95 % CI) [b]	Unstratified log-rank p-value [c]	P-value [d]		
Pooled Age Group 2											0.4347		
<60	159	7 (4.4)	152 (95.6)	NE (NE, NE)	160	3 (1.9)	157 (98.1)	NE (NE, NE)	2.060 (0.531, 7.992)	0.2858			
≥60 - <65	37	2 (5.4)	35 (94.6)	NE (NE, NE)	43	4 (9.3)	39 (90.7)	NE (NE, NE)	0.535 (0.098, 2.929)	0.4633			
≥65	69	5 (7.2)	64 (92.8)	NE (NE, NE)	65	5 (7.7)	60 (92.3)	NE (NE, NE)	0.992 (0.287, 3.427)	0.9826			

N: number of subjects in analysis set; n: number of subjects in subgroup category; %: proportion of number of subjects in n; CI: confidence interval; NE: not estimable. PT: Preferred Term, SOC: System Organ Class.

[a] Median time to first event is from Kaplan-Meier estimate. Confidence Interval for median was computed using the Brookmeyer-Crowley method.

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SOC: Respiratory, thoracic and mediastinal disorders; PT: Any PT

Subgroup	Quizartinib (N=265)					Placebo (N=268)			Quizartinib vs Placebo		Interaction
	n	No. of subjects with events (%)	No. of subjects censored (%)	Median (95 % CI) (months) [a]	n	No. of subjects with events (%)	No. of subjects censored (%)	Median (95 % CI) (months) [a]	Hazard Ratio (95 % CI) [b]	Unstratified log-rank p-value [c]	P-value [d]
Sex											0.7697
Male	124	9 (7.3)	115 (92.7)	NE (NE, NE)	120	8 (6.7)	112 (93.3)	NE (NE, NE)	0.949 (0.365, 2.469)	0.9130	
Female	141	5 (3.5)	136 (96.5)	NE (NE, NE)	148	4 (2.7)	144 (97.3)	NE (NE, NE)	1.257 (0.337, 4.687)	0.7330	

N: number of subjects in analysis set; n: number of subjects in subgroup category; %: proportion of number of subjects in n; CI: confidence interval; NE: not estimable. PT: Preferred Term, SOC: System Organ Class.

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SOC: Respiratory, thoracic and mediastinal disorders; PT: Any PT

Subgroup	Quizartinib (N=265)					Placebo (N=268)			Quizartinib vs Placebo		Interaction
	n	No. of subjects with events (%)	No. of subjects censored (%)	Median (95 % CI) (months) [a]	n	No. of subjects with events (%)	No. of subjects censored (%)	Median (95 % CI) (months) [a]	Hazard Ratio (95 % CI) [b]	Unstratified log-rank p-value [c]	P-value [d]
Race by 2 categories											0.9893
White	157	7 (4.5)	150 (95.5)	NE (NE, NE)	161	6 (3.7)	155 (96.3)	NE (NE, NE)	1.094 (0.366, 3.265)	0.8720	
Non-white	108	7 (6.5)	101 (93.5)	NE (NE, NE)	107	6 (5.6)	101 (94.4)	NE (NE, NE)	1.054 (0.353, 3.140)	0.9282	

N: number of subjects in analysis set; n: number of subjects in subgroup category; %: proportion of number of subjects in n; CI: confidence interval; NE: not estimable. PT: Preferred Term, SOC: System Organ Class.

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[c] Two-sided p-value from unstratified log-rank test.

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SOC: Respiratory, thoracic and mediastinal disorders; PT: Any PT

Subgroup	n	Quizartinib (N=265)				Placebo (N=268)				Quizartinib vs Placebo		Interaction
		No. of subjects with events (%)	No. of subjects censored (%)	Median (95 % CI) (months) [a]	n	No. of subjects with events (%)	No. of subjects censored (%)	Median (95 % CI) (months) [a]	n	Hazard Ratio (95 % CI) [b]	Unstratified log-rank p-value [c]	P-value [d]
Geographic Region 1											0.4745	
North America	16	1 (6.3)	15 (93.8)	NE (1.8, NE)	18	0	18 (100)	NE (NE, NE)	NE (0.000, NE)	0.1824		
Europe	161	8 (5.0)	153 (95.0)	NE (NE, NE)	161	10 (6.2)	151 (93.8)	NE (NE, NE)	0.724 (0.285, 1.839)	0.4945		
Asia/Other Regions	88	5 (5.7)	83 (94.3)	NE (NE, NE)	89	2 (2.2)	87 (97.8)	NE (NE, NE)	2.254 (0.436, 11.654)	0.3209		

N: number of subjects in analysis set; n: number of subjects in subgroup category; %: proportion of number of subjects in n; CI: confidence interval; NE: not estimable. PT: Preferred Term, SOC: System Organ Class.

[a] Median time to first event is from Kaplan-Meier estimate. Confidence Interval for median was computed using the Brookmeyer-Crowley method.

[b] Hazard ratio is from unstratified Cox proportional hazards model with treatment as the only categorical variable in the model. Confidence limits are based on the Wald test.

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SOC: Respiratory, thoracic and mediastinal disorders; PT: Any PT

Subgroup	n	Quizartinib (N=265)			n	Placebo (N=268)			Quizartinib vs Placebo		Interaction P-value [d]
		No. of subjects with events (%)	No. of subjects censored (%)	Median (95 % CI) (months) [a]		No. of subjects with events (%)	No. of subjects censored (%)	Median (95 % CI) (months) [a]	Hazard Ratio (95 % CI) [b]	Unstratified log-rank p-value [c]	
WBC at initial diagnosis											0.1899
< 40x10 ⁹ /L	132	4 (3.0)	128 (97.0)	NE (NE, NE)	133	7 (5.3)	126 (94.7)	NE (NE, NE)	0.584 (0.171, 1.996)	0.3853	
≥ 40x10 ⁹ /L	133	10 (7.5)	123 (92.5)	NE (NE, NE)	135	5 (3.7)	130 (96.3)	NE (NE, NE)	1.697 (0.577, 4.991)	0.3320	

N: number of subjects in analysis set; n: number of subjects in subgroup category; %: proportion of number of subjects in n; CI: confidence interval; NE: not estimable. PT: Preferred Term, SOC: System Organ Class.

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SOC: Respiratory, thoracic and mediastinal disorders; PT: Any PT

		Quizartinib (N=265)				Placebo (N=268)				Quizartinib vs Placebo		Interaction
Subgroup	n	No. of subjects with events (%)	No. of subjects censored (%)	Median (95 % CI) (months) [a]	n	No. of subjects with events (%)	No. of subjects censored (%)	Median (95 % CI) (months) [a]	Hazard Ratio (95 % CI) [b]	Unstratified log-rank p-value [c]	P-value [d]	
Choice of Anthracycline											0.2497	
Daunorubicin	123	6 (4.9)	117 (95.1)	NE (NE, NE)	94	6 (6.4)	88 (93.6)	NE (NE, NE)	0.687 (0.221, 2.136)	0.5140		
Idarubicin	142	8 (5.6)	134 (94.4)	NE (NE, NE)	171	5 (2.9)	166 (97.1)	NE (NE, NE)	1.784 (0.582, 5.469)	0.3050		

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[c] Two-sided p-value from unstratified log-rank test.

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		No. of subjects with events (%)	No. of subjects censored (%)	Median (95 % CI) (months) [a]		No. of subjects with events (%)	No. of subjects censored (%)	Median (95 % CI) (months) [a]	Hazard Ratio (95 % CI) [b]	Unstratified log-rank p-value [c]	P-value [d]
AML Cytogenetic Risk Score											0.8028
Favorable	13	0	13 (100)	NE (NE, NE)	19	0	19 (100)	NE (NE, NE)	NE (NE, NE)	NE	
Intermediate	195	8 (4.1)	187 (95.9)	NE (NE, NE)	190	9 (4.7)	181 (95.3)	NE (NE, NE)	0.756 (0.291, 1.963)	0.5638	
Unfavorable	19	1 (5.3)	18 (94.7)	NE (NE, NE)	27	1 (3.7)	26 (96.3)	NE (NE, NE)	1.543 (0.097, 24.683)	0.7571	
Unknown	38	5 (13.2)	33 (86.8)	NE (NE, NE)	31	2 (6.5)	29 (93.5)	NE (NE, NE)	1.935 (0.374, 10.013)	0.4262	

N: number of subjects in analysis set; n: number of subjects in subgroup category; %: proportion of number of subjects in n; CI: confidence interval; NE: not estimable. PT: Preferred Term, SOC: System Organ Class.

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SOC: Respiratory, thoracic and mediastinal disorders; PT: Any PT

Subgroup	Quizartinib (N=265)					Placebo (N=268)			Quizartinib vs Placebo		Interaction
	n	No. of subjects with events (%)	No. of subjects censored (%)	Median (95 % CI) (months) [a]	n	No. of subjects with events (%)	No. of subjects censored (%)	Median (95 % CI) (months) [a]	Hazard Ratio (95 % CI) [b]	Unstratified log-rank p-value [c]	P-value [d]
ECOG Performance Status at Baseline											0.7652
0 - Fully Active	87	3 (3.4)	84 (96.6)	NE (NE, NE)	97	3 (3.1)	94 (96.9)	NE (NE, NE)	1.009 (0.203, 5.007)	0.9914	
1 - Restricted in Physically Strenuous Activity	133	7 (5.3)	126 (94.7)	NE (NE, NE)	134	5 (3.7)	129 (96.3)	NE (NE, NE)	1.301 (0.412, 4.104)	0.6530	
2 - Ambulatory and Capable of All Selfcare	45	4 (8.9)	41 (91.1)	NE (NE, NE)	36	4 (11.1)	32 (88.9)	NE (13.4, NE)	0.736 (0.180, 3.000)	0.6675	

N: number of subjects in analysis set; n: number of subjects in subgroup category; %: proportion of number of subjects in n; CI: confidence interval; NE: not estimable. PT: Preferred Term, SOC: System Organ Class.

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SOC: Respiratory, thoracic and mediastinal disorders; PT: Any PT

Subgroup	n	Quizartinib (N=265)			n	Placebo (N=268)			Quizartinib vs Placebo		Interaction
		No. of subjects with events (%)	No. of subjects censored (%)	Median (95 % CI) (months) [a]		No. of subjects with events (%)	No. of subjects censored (%)	Median (95 % CI) (months) [a]	Hazard Ratio (95 % CI) [b]	Unstratified log-rank p-value [c]	P-value [d]
FLT3-ITD category at Baseline											0.9826
≥3 to ≤25%	94	3 (3.2)	91 (96.8)	NE (NE, NE)	98	3 (3.1)	95 (96.9)	NE (NE, NE)	1.032 (0.208, 5.118)	0.9690	
>25% to ≤50%	141	11 (7.8)	130 (92.2)	NE (NE, NE)	136	8 (5.9)	128 (94.1)	NE (NE, NE)	1.242 (0.499, 3.094)	0.6405	
>50%	29	0	29 (100)	NE (NE, NE)	34	1 (2.9)	33 (97.1)	NE (NE, NE)	0.000 (0.000, NE)	0.3642	

N: number of subjects in analysis set; n: number of subjects in subgroup category; %: proportion of number of subjects in n; CI: confidence interval; NE: not estimable. PT: Preferred Term, SOC: System Organ Class.

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Subgroup	Quizartinib (N=265)					Placebo (N=268)			Quizartinib vs Placebo		Interaction
	n	No. of subjects with events (%)	No. of subjects censored (%)	Median (95 % CI) (months) [a]	n	No. of subjects with events (%)	No. of subjects censored (%)	Median (95 % CI) (months) [a]	Hazard Ratio (95 % CI) [b]	Unstratified log-rank p-value [c]	P-value [d]
AML with Mutated NPM1											0.1454
Yes	139	4 (2.9)	135 (97.1)	NE (NE, NE)	137	7 (5.1)	130 (94.9)	NE (NE, NE)	0.515 (0.150, 1.766)	0.2823	
No	116	9 (7.8)	107 (92.2)	NE (NE, NE)	120	5 (4.2)	115 (95.8)	NE (NE, NE)	1.727 (0.579, 5.158)	0.3213	

N: number of subjects in analysis set; n: number of subjects in subgroup category; %: proportion of number of subjects in n; CI: confidence interval; NE: not estimable. PT: Preferred Term, SOC: System Organ Class.

[a] Median time to first event is from Kaplan-Meier estimate. Confidence Interval for median was computed using the Brookmeyer-Crowley method.

[b] Hazard ratio is from unstratified Cox proportional hazards model with treatment as the only categorical variable in the model. Confidence limits are based on the Wald test.

[c] Two-sided p-value from unstratified log-rank test.

[d] Two-sided interaction p-value is for the interaction term from unstratified Cox proportional hazards model with treatment, subgroup, and treatment-by-subgroup interaction as categorical variables in the model. The p-value is based on the Wald test.

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Run date: 21JUL2023 – 22:28; Program name: DE_T_3_11_2.sas; Output name: DE_T_3_12_2_TEAESERSOCPT_SUB_SAS.rtf

Medizinischer Nutzen, medizinischer Zusatznutzen, Patientengruppen mit therap. bedeutsamem Zusatznutzen

Daiichi Sankyo | Data Intelligence – Evidence Generation | Final | AC220-A-U302 QUANTUM-First (DCO 13 Aug 2021) | Statistical analyses for AMNOG (HTA Germany)
 Table 3.12.2 Serious Treatment-emergent adverse events by system organ class (SOC) and preferred term (PT) observed for ≥ 10 patients in at least one arm and ≥ 1% of the patients in at least one arm - Time-to-event analysis - subgroup analysis - DCO 13-Aug-2021 - Safety Analysis Set

SOC: Respiratory, thoracic and mediastinal disorders; PT: Any PT

		Quizartinib (N=265)			Placebo (N=268)			Quizartinib vs Placebo		Interaction	
Subgroup	n	No. of subjects with events (%)	No. of subjects censored (%)	Median (95 % CI) (months) [a]	n	No. of subjects with events (%)	No. of subjects censored (%)	Median (95 % CI) (months) [a]	Hazard Ratio (95 % CI) [b]	Unstratified log-rank p-value [c]	P-value [d]
Age by 2 categories											
≤60	164	7 (4.3)	157 (95.7)	NE (NE, NE)	163	3 (1.8)	160 (98.2)	NE (NE, NE)	2.026 (0.522, 7.862)	0.2974	0.2778
>60	101	7 (6.9)	94 (93.1)	NE (NE, NE)	105	9 (8.6)	96 (91.4)	NE (NE, NE)	0.800 (0.298, 2.150)	0.6544	

N: number of subjects in analysis set; n: number of subjects in subgroup category; %: proportion of number of subjects in n; CI: confidence interval; NE: not estimable. PT: Preferred Term, SOC: System Organ Class.

[a] Median time to first event is from Kaplan-Meier estimate. Confidence Interval for median was computed using the Brookmeyer-Crowley method.

[b] Hazard ratio is from unstratified Cox proportional hazards model with treatment as the only categorical variable in the model. Confidence limits are based on the Wald test.

[c] Two-sided p-value from unstratified log-rank test.

[d] Two-sided interaction p-value is for the interaction term from unstratified Cox proportional hazards model with treatment, subgroup, and treatment-by-subgroup interaction as categorical variables in the model. The p-value is based on the Wald test.

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Medizinischer Nutzen, medizinischer Zusatznutzen, Patientengruppen mit therap. bedeutsamem Zusatznutzen

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 Table 3.12.2 Serious Treatment-emergent adverse events by system organ class (SOC) and preferred term (PT) observed for ≥ 10 patients in at least one arm and ≥ 1% of the patients in at least one arm - Time-to-event analysis - subgroup analysis - DCO 13-Aug-2021 - Safety Analysis Set

SOC: General disorders and administration site conditions; PT: Any PT

Subgroup	Quizartinib (N=265)					Placebo (N=268)				Quizartinib vs Placebo		Interaction
	n	No. of subjects with events (%)	No. of subjects censored (%)	Median (95 % CI) (months) [a]	n	No. of subjects with events (%)	No. of subjects censored (%)	Median (95 % CI) (months) [a]	Hazard Ratio (95 % CI) [b]	Unstratified log-rank p-value [c]	P-value [d]	
Pooled Age Group 2											0.8324	
<60	159	6 (3.8)	153 (96.2)	NE (NE, NE)	160	3 (1.9)	157 (98.1)	NE (NE, NE)	1.906 (0.476, 7.633)	0.3540		
≥60 - <65	37	3 (8.1)	34 (91.9)	NE (NE, NE)	43	2 (4.7)	41 (95.3)	NE (NE, NE)	1.461 (0.243, 8.804)	0.6770		
≥65	69	5 (7.2)	64 (92.8)	NE (26.1, NE)	65	5 (7.7)	60 (92.3)	NE (NE, NE)	1.037 (0.300, 3.589)	0.9537		

N: number of subjects in analysis set; n: number of subjects in subgroup category; %: proportion of number of subjects in n; CI: confidence interval; NE: not estimable. PT: Preferred Term, SOC: System Organ Class.

[a] Median time to first event is from Kaplan-Meier estimate. Confidence Interval for median was computed using the Brookmeyer-Crowley method.

[b] Hazard ratio is from unstratified Cox proportional hazards model with treatment as the only categorical variable in the model. Confidence limits are based on the Wald test.

[c] Two-sided p-value from unstratified log-rank test.

[d] Two-sided interaction p-value is for the interaction term from unstratified Cox proportional hazards model with treatment, subgroup, and treatment-by-subgroup interaction as categorical variables in the model. The p-value is based on the Wald test.

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SOC: General disorders and administration site conditions; PT: Any PT

Subgroup	Quizartinib (N=265)					Placebo (N=268)			Quizartinib vs Placebo		Interaction
	n	No. of subjects with events (%)	No. of subjects censored (%)	Median (95 % CI) (months) [a]	n	No. of subjects with events (%)	No. of subjects censored (%)	Median (95 % CI) (months) [a]	Hazard Ratio (95 % CI) [b]	Unstratified log-rank p-value [c]	P-value [d]
Sex											0.2541
Male	124	7 (5.6)	117 (94.4)	NE (NE, NE)	120	7 (5.8)	113 (94.2)	NE (NE, NE)	0.876 (0.307, 2.502)	0.8053	
Female	141	7 (5.0)	134 (95.0)	NE (NE, NE)	148	3 (2.0)	145 (98.0)	NE (NE, NE)	2.362 (0.610, 9.139)	0.1992	

N: number of subjects in analysis set; n: number of subjects in subgroup category; %: proportion of number of subjects in n; CI: confidence interval; NE: not estimable. PT: Preferred Term, SOC: System Organ Class.

[a] Median time to first event is from Kaplan-Meier estimate. Confidence Interval for median was computed using the Brookmeyer-Crowley method.

[b] Hazard ratio is from unstratified Cox proportional hazards model with treatment as the only categorical variable in the model. Confidence limits are based on the Wald test.

[c] Two-sided p-value from unstratified log-rank test.

[d] Two-sided interaction p-value is for the interaction term from unstratified Cox proportional hazards model with treatment, subgroup, and treatment-by-subgroup interaction as categorical variables in the model. The p-value is based on the Wald test.

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SOC: General disorders and administration site conditions; PT: Any PT

Subgroup	n	Quizartinib (N=265)			n	Placebo (N=268)			Quizartinib vs Placebo		Interaction	
		No. of subjects with events (%)	No. of subjects censored (%)	Median (95 % CI) (months) [a]		No. of subjects with events (%)	No. of subjects censored (%)	Median (95 % CI) (months) [a]	Hazard Ratio (95 % CI) [b]	Unstratified log-rank p-value [c]	P-value [d]	
Race by 2 categories											0.1858	
White	157	8 (5.1)	149 (94.9)	NE (NE, NE)	161	3 (1.9)	158 (98.1)	NE (NE, NE)	2.607 (0.691, 9.837)	0.1418		
Non-white	108	6 (5.6)	102 (94.4)	NE (NE, NE)	107	7 (6.5)	100 (93.5)	NE (NE, NE)	0.765 (0.257, 2.280)	0.6301		

N: number of subjects in analysis set; n: number of subjects in subgroup category; %: proportion of number of subjects in n; CI: confidence interval; NE: not estimable. PT: Preferred Term, SOC: System Organ Class.

[a] Median time to first event is from Kaplan-Meier estimate. Confidence Interval for median was computed using the Brookmeyer-Crowley method.

[b] Hazard ratio is from unstratified Cox proportional hazards model with treatment as the only categorical variable in the model. Confidence limits are based on the Wald test.

[c] Two-sided p-value from unstratified log-rank test.

[d] Two-sided interaction p-value is for the interaction term from unstratified Cox proportional hazards model with treatment, subgroup, and treatment-by-subgroup interaction as categorical variables in the model. The p-value is based on the Wald test.

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SOC: General disorders and administration site conditions; PT: Any PT

Subgroup	Quizartinib (N=265)					Placebo (N=268)			Quizartinib vs Placebo		Interaction
	n	No. of subjects with events (%)	No. of subjects censored (%)	Median (95 % CI) (months) [a]	n	No. of subjects with events (%)	No. of subjects censored (%)	Median (95 % CI) (months) [a]	Hazard Ratio (95 % CI) [b]	Unstratified log-rank p-value [c]	P-value [d]
Geographic Region 1											0.6337
North America	16	0	16 (100)	NE (NE, NE)	18	0	18 (100)	NE (NE, NE)	NE (NE, NE)	NE	
Europe	161	7 (4.3)	154 (95.7)	NE (NE, NE)	161	7 (4.3)	154 (95.7)	NE (NE, NE)	0.921 (0.323, 2.630)	0.8784	
Asia/Other Regions	88	7 (8.0)	81 (92.0)	NE (NE, NE)	89	3 (3.4)	86 (96.6)	NE (NE, NE)	2.151 (0.555, 8.333)	0.2557	

N: number of subjects in analysis set; n: number of subjects in subgroup category; %: proportion of number of subjects in n; CI: confidence interval; NE: not estimable. PT: Preferred Term, SOC: System Organ Class.

[a] Median time to first event is from Kaplan-Meier estimate. Confidence Interval for median was computed using the Brookmeyer-Crowley method.

[b] Hazard ratio is from unstratified Cox proportional hazards model with treatment as the only categorical variable in the model. Confidence limits are based on the Wald test.

[c] Two-sided p-value from unstratified log-rank test.

[d] Two-sided interaction p-value is for the interaction term from unstratified Cox proportional hazards model with treatment, subgroup, and treatment-by-subgroup interaction as categorical variables in the model. The p-value is based on the Wald test.

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SOC: General disorders and administration site conditions; PT: Any PT

Subgroup	n	Quizartinib (N=265)			n	Placebo (N=268)			Quizartinib vs Placebo		Interaction
		No. of subjects with events (%)	No. of subjects censored (%)	Median (95 % CI) (months) [a]		No. of subjects with events (%)	No. of subjects censored (%)	Median (95 % CI) (months) [a]	Hazard Ratio (95 % CI) [b]	Unstratified log-rank p-value [c]	P-value [d]
WBC at initial diagnosis											0.6677
< 40x10 ⁹ /L	132	6 (4.5)	126 (95.5)	NE (NE, NE)	133	4 (3.0)	129 (97.0)	NE (NE, NE)	1.590 (0.449, 5.636)	0.4685	
≥ 40x10 ⁹ /L	133	8 (6.0)	125 (94.0)	NE (NE, NE)	135	6 (4.4)	129 (95.6)	NE (NE, NE)	1.088 (0.375, 3.153)	0.8761	

N: number of subjects in analysis set; n: number of subjects in subgroup category; %: proportion of number of subjects in n; CI: confidence interval; NE: not estimable. PT: Preferred Term, SOC: System Organ Class.

[a] Median time to first event is from Kaplan-Meier estimate. Confidence Interval for median was computed using the Brookmeyer-Crowley method.

[b] Hazard ratio is from unstratified Cox proportional hazards model with treatment as the only categorical variable in the model. Confidence limits are based on the Wald test.

[c] Two-sided p-value from unstratified log-rank test.

[d] Two-sided interaction p-value is for the interaction term from unstratified Cox proportional hazards model with treatment, subgroup, and treatment-by-subgroup interaction as categorical variables in the model. The p-value is based on the Wald test.

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SOC: General disorders and administration site conditions; PT: Any PT

Subgroup	n	Quizartinib (N=265)				Placebo (N=268)				Quizartinib vs Placebo		Interaction
		No. of subjects with events (%)	No. of subjects censored (%)	Median (95 % CI) (months) [a]	n	No. of subjects with events (%)	No. of subjects censored (%)	Median (95 % CI) (months) [a]	n	Hazard Ratio (95 % CI) [b]	Unstratified log-rank p-value [c]	P-value [d]
Choice of Anthracycline											0.5230	
Daunorubicin	123	4 (3.3)	119 (96.7)	NE (NE, NE)	94	1 (1.1)	93 (98.9)	NE (NE, NE)	3.052 (0.341, 27.316)	0.2934		
Idarubicin	142	10 (7.0)	132 (93.0)	NE (NE, NE)	171	9 (5.3)	162 (94.7)	NE (NE, NE)	1.258 (0.511, 3.099)	0.6169		

N: number of subjects in analysis set; n: number of subjects in subgroup category; %: proportion of number of subjects in n; CI: confidence interval; NE: not estimable. PT: Preferred Term, SOC: System Organ Class.

[a] Median time to first event is from Kaplan-Meier estimate. Confidence Interval for median was computed using the Brookmeyer-Crowley method.

[b] Hazard ratio is from unstratified Cox proportional hazards model with treatment as the only categorical variable in the model. Confidence limits are based on the Wald test.

[c] Two-sided p-value from unstratified log-rank test.

[d] Two-sided interaction p-value is for the interaction term from unstratified Cox proportional hazards model with treatment, subgroup, and treatment-by-subgroup interaction as categorical variables in the model. The p-value is based on the Wald test.

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SOC: General disorders and administration site conditions; PT: Any PT

Subgroup	Quizartinib (N=265)				Placebo (N=268)				Quizartinib vs Placebo		Interaction
	n	No. of subjects with events (%)	No. of subjects censored (%)	Median (95 % CI) (months) [a]	n	No. of subjects with events (%)	No. of subjects censored (%)	Median (95 % CI) (months) [a]	Hazard Ratio (95 % CI) [b]	Unstratified log-rank p-value [c]	P-value [d]
AML Cytogenetic Risk Score											0.4665
Favorable	13	0	13 (100)	NE (NE, NE)	19	0	19 (100)	NE (NE, NE)	NE (NE, NE)	NE	
Intermediate	195	6 (3.1)	189 (96.9)	NE (NE, NE)	190	7 (3.7)	183 (96.3)	NE (NE, NE)	0.730 (0.245, 2.177)	0.5706	
Unfavorable	19	2 (10.5)	17 (89.5)	NE (NE, NE)	27	2 (7.4)	25 (92.6)	NE (11.2, NE)	1.501 (0.211, 10.659)	0.6825	
Unknown	38	6 (15.8)	32 (84.2)	NE (26.1, NE)	31	1 (3.2)	30 (96.8)	NE (NE, NE)	4.936 (0.591, 41.190)	0.1014	

N: number of subjects in analysis set; n: number of subjects in subgroup category; %: proportion of number of subjects in n; CI: confidence interval; NE: not estimable. PT: Preferred Term, SOC: System Organ Class.

[a] Median time to first event is from Kaplan-Meier estimate. Confidence Interval for median was computed using the Brookmeyer-Crowley method.

[b] Hazard ratio is from unstratified Cox proportional hazards model with treatment as the only categorical variable in the model. Confidence limits are based on the Wald test.

[c] Two-sided p-value from unstratified log-rank test.

[d] Two-sided interaction p-value is for the interaction term from unstratified Cox proportional hazards model with treatment, subgroup, and treatment-by-subgroup interaction as categorical variables in the model.

The p-value is based on the Wald test.

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SOC: General disorders and administration site conditions; PT: Any PT

Subgroup	Quizartinib (N=265)				Placebo (N=268)				Quizartinib vs Placebo		Interaction
	n	No. of subjects with events (%)	No. of subjects censored (%)	Median (95 % CI) (months) [a]	n	No. of subjects with events (%)	No. of subjects censored (%)	Median (95 % CI) (months) [a]	Hazard Ratio (95 % CI) [b]	Unstratified log-rank p-value [c]	P-value [d]
ECOG Performance Status at Baseline											
0 - Fully Active	87	4 (4.6)	83 (95.4)	NE (NE, NE)	97	1 (1.0)	96 (99.0)	NE (NE, NE)	4.194 (0.467, 37.674)	0.1643	0.3113
1 - Restricted in Physically Strenuous Activity	133	9 (6.8)	124 (93.2)	NE (NE, NE)	134	7 (5.2)	127 (94.8)	NE (NE, NE)	1.170 (0.435, 3.145)	0.7554	
2 - Ambulatory and Capable of All Selfcare	45	1 (2.2)	44 (97.8)	NE (NE, NE)	36	2 (5.6)	34 (94.4)	NE (NE, NE)	0.424 (0.038, 4.681)	0.4707	

N: number of subjects in analysis set; n: number of subjects in subgroup category; %: proportion of number of subjects in n; CI: confidence interval; NE: not estimable. PT: Preferred Term, SOC: System Organ Class.

[a] Median time to first event is from Kaplan-Meier estimate. Confidence Interval for median was computed using the Brookmeyer-Crowley method.

[b] Hazard ratio is from unstratified Cox proportional hazards model with treatment as the only categorical variable in the model. Confidence limits are based on the Wald test.

[c] Two-sided p-value from unstratified log-rank test.

[d] Two-sided interaction p-value is for the interaction term from unstratified Cox proportional hazards model with treatment, subgroup, and treatment-by-subgroup interaction as categorical variables in the model. The p-value is based on the Wald test.

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SOC: General disorders and administration site conditions; PT: Any PT

Subgroup	n	Quizartinib (N=265)			n	Placebo (N=268)			Quizartinib vs Placebo		Interaction P-value [d]
		No. of subjects with events (%)	No. of subjects censored (%)	Median (95 % CI) (months) [a]		No. of subjects with events (%)	No. of subjects censored (%)	Median (95 % CI) (months) [a]	Hazard Ratio (95 % CI) [b]	Unstratified log-rank p-value [c]	
FLT3-ITD category at Baseline											0.1957
≥3 to ≤25%	94	6 (6.4)	88 (93.6)	NE (NE, NE)	98	1 (1.0)	97 (99.0)	NE (NE, NE)	6.421 (0.773, 53.326)	0.0476	
>25% to ≤50%	141	5 (3.5)	136 (96.5)	NE (NE, NE)	136	6 (4.4)	130 (95.6)	NE (NE, NE)	0.733 (0.223, 2.410)	0.6081	
>50%	29	3 (10.3)	26 (89.7)	NE (NE, NE)	34	3 (8.8)	31 (91.2)	NE (6.8, NE)	0.868 (0.174, 4.324)	0.8627	

N: number of subjects in analysis set; n: number of subjects in subgroup category; %: proportion of number of subjects in n; CI: confidence interval; NE: not estimable. PT: Preferred Term, SOC: System Organ Class.

[a] Median time to first event is from Kaplan-Meier estimate. Confidence Interval for median was computed using the Brookmeyer-Crowley method.

[b] Hazard ratio is from unstratified Cox proportional hazards model with treatment as the only categorical variable in the model. Confidence limits are based on the Wald test.

[c] Two-sided p-value from unstratified log-rank test.

[d] Two-sided interaction p-value is for the interaction term from unstratified Cox proportional hazards model with treatment, subgroup, and treatment-by-subgroup interaction as categorical variables in the model. The p-value is based on the Wald test.

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Medizinischer Nutzen, medizinischer Zusatznutzen, Patientengruppen mit therap. bedeutsamem Zusatznutzen

Daiichi Sankyo | Data Intelligence – Evidence Generation | Final | AC220-A-U302 QUANTUM-First (DCO 13 Aug 2021) | Statistical analyses for AMNOG (HTA Germany)
 Table 3.12.2 Serious Treatment-emergent adverse events by system organ class (SOC) and preferred term (PT) observed for ≥ 10 patients in at least one arm and ≥ 1% of the patients in at least one arm - Time-to-event analysis - subgroup analysis - DCO 13-Aug-2021 - Safety Analysis Set

SOC: General disorders and administration site conditions; PT: Any PT

Subgroup	Quizartinib (N=265)					Placebo (N=268)			Quizartinib vs Placebo		Interaction
	n	No. of subjects with events (%)	No. of subjects censored (%)	Median (95 % CI) (months) [a]	n	No. of subjects with events (%)	No. of subjects censored (%)	Median (95 % CI) (months) [a]	Hazard Ratio (95 % CI) [b]	Unstratified log-rank p-value [c]	P-value [d]
AML with Mutated NPM1											
Yes	139	6 (4.3)	133 (95.7)	NE (NE, NE)	137	8 (5.8)	129 (94.2)	NE (NE, NE)	0.690 (0.239, 1.993)	0.4905	0.0785
No	116	8 (6.9)	108 (93.1)	NE (NE, NE)	120	2 (1.7)	118 (98.3)	NE (NE, NE)	3.836 (0.814, 18.077)	0.0672	

N: number of subjects in analysis set; n: number of subjects in subgroup category; %: proportion of number of subjects in n; CI: confidence interval; NE: not estimable. PT: Preferred Term, SOC: System Organ Class.

[a] Median time to first event is from Kaplan-Meier estimate. Confidence Interval for median was computed using the Brookmeyer-Crowley method.

[b] Hazard ratio is from unstratified Cox proportional hazards model with treatment as the only categorical variable in the model. Confidence limits are based on the Wald test.

[c] Two-sided p-value from unstratified log-rank test.

[d] Two-sided interaction p-value is for the interaction term from unstratified Cox proportional hazards model with treatment, subgroup, and treatment-by-subgroup interaction as categorical variables in the model. The p-value is based on the Wald test.

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SOC: General disorders and administration site conditions; PT: Any PT

Subgroup	Quizartinib (N=265)					Placebo (N=268)			Quizartinib vs Placebo		Interaction
	n	No. of subjects with events (%)	No. of subjects censored (%)	Median (95 % CI) (months) [a]	n	No. of subjects with events (%)	No. of subjects censored (%)	Median (95 % CI) (months) [a]	Hazard Ratio (95 % CI) [b]	Unstratified log-rank p-value [c]	P-value [d]
Age by 2 categories											0.6825
≤60	164	6 (3.7)	158 (96.3)	NE (NE, NE)	163	3 (1.8)	160 (98.2)	NE (NE, NE)	1.875 (0.468, 7.510)	0.3667	
>60	101	8 (7.9)	93 (92.1)	NE (NE, NE)	105	7 (6.7)	98 (93.3)	NE (NE, NE)	1.237 (0.448, 3.414)	0.6816	

N: number of subjects in analysis set; n: number of subjects in subgroup category; %: proportion of number of subjects in n; CI: confidence interval; NE: not estimable. PT: Preferred Term, SOC: System Organ Class.

[a] Median time to first event is from Kaplan-Meier estimate. Confidence Interval for median was computed using the Brookmeyer-Crowley method.

[b] Hazard ratio is from unstratified Cox proportional hazards model with treatment as the only categorical variable in the model. Confidence limits are based on the Wald test.

[c] Two-sided p-value from unstratified log-rank test.

[d] Two-sided interaction p-value is for the interaction term from unstratified Cox proportional hazards model with treatment, subgroup, and treatment-by-subgroup interaction as categorical variables in the model. The p-value is based on the Wald test.

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SOC: Investigations; PT: Any PT

Subgroup	n	Quizartinib (N=265)			n	Placebo (N=268)			Quizartinib vs Placebo		Interaction
		No. of subjects with events (%)	No. of subjects censored (%)	Median (95 % CI) (months) [a]		No. of subjects with events (%)	No. of subjects censored (%)	Median (95 % CI) (months) [a]	Hazard Ratio (95 % CI) [b]	Unstratified log-rank p-value [c]	P-value [d]
Pooled Age Group 2											0.9581
<60	159	8 (5.0)	151 (95.0)	NE (NE, NE)	160	5 (3.1)	155 (96.9)	NE (NE, NE)	1.471 (0.480, 4.509)	0.4966	
≥60 - <65	37	0	37 (100)	NE (NE, NE)	43	1 (2.3)	42 (97.7)	NE (NE, NE)	0.000 (0.000, NE)	0.3602	
≥65	69	2 (2.9)	67 (97.1)	NE (NE, NE)	65	1 (1.5)	64 (98.5)	NE (26.7, NE)	2.340 (0.211, 25.896)	0.4753	

N: number of subjects in analysis set; n: number of subjects in subgroup category; %: proportion of number of subjects in n; CI: confidence interval; NE: not estimable. PT: Preferred Term, SOC: System Organ Class.

[a] Median time to first event is from Kaplan-Meier estimate. Confidence Interval for median was computed using the Brookmeyer-Crowley method.

[b] Hazard ratio is from unstratified Cox proportional hazards model with treatment as the only categorical variable in the model. Confidence limits are based on the Wald test.

[c] Two-sided p-value from unstratified log-rank test.

[d] Two-sided interaction p-value is for the interaction term from unstratified Cox proportional hazards model with treatment, subgroup, and treatment-by-subgroup interaction as categorical variables in the model. The p-value is based on the Wald test.

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SOC: Investigations; PT: Any PT

Subgroup	Quizartinib (N=265)					Placebo (N=268)			Quizartinib vs Placebo		Interaction
	n	No. of subjects with events (%)	No. of subjects censored (%)	Median (95 % CI) (months) [a]	n	No. of subjects with events (%)	No. of subjects censored (%)	Median (95 % CI) (months) [a]	Hazard Ratio (95 % CI) [b]	Unstratified log-rank p-value [c]	P-value [d]
Sex											0.9786
Male	124	3 (2.4)	121 (97.6)	NE (NE, NE)	120	2 (1.7)	118 (98.3)	NE (NE, NE)	1.413 (0.236, 8.465)	0.7040	
Female	141	7 (5.0)	134 (95.0)	NE (NE, NE)	148	5 (3.4)	143 (96.6)	NE (NE, NE)	1.385 (0.439, 4.367)	0.5771	

N: number of subjects in analysis set; n: number of subjects in subgroup category; %: proportion of number of subjects in n; CI: confidence interval; NE: not estimable. PT: Preferred Term, SOC: System Organ Class.

[a] Median time to first event is from Kaplan-Meier estimate. Confidence Interval for median was computed using the Brookmeyer-Crowley method.

[b] Hazard ratio is from unstratified Cox proportional hazards model with treatment as the only categorical variable in the model. Confidence limits are based on the Wald test.

[c] Two-sided p-value from unstratified log-rank test.

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SOC: Investigations; PT: Any PT

Subgroup	n	Quizartinib (N=265)			n	Placebo (N=268)			Quizartinib vs Placebo		Interaction
		No. of subjects with events (%)	No. of subjects censored (%)	Median (95 % CI) (months) [a]		No. of subjects with events (%)	No. of subjects censored (%)	Median (95 % CI) (months) [a]	Hazard Ratio (95 % CI) [b]	Unstratified log-rank p-value [c]	P-value [d]
Race by 2 categories											0.1964
White	157	6 (3.8)	151 (96.2)	NE (NE, NE)	161	2 (1.2)	159 (98.8)	NE (NE, NE)	2.902 (0.585, 14.404)	0.1721	
Non-white	108	4 (3.7)	104 (96.3)	NE (NE, NE)	107	5 (4.7)	102 (95.3)	NE (NE, NE)	0.723 (0.194, 2.701)	0.6284	

N: number of subjects in analysis set; n: number of subjects in subgroup category; %: proportion of number of subjects in n; CI: confidence interval; NE: not estimable. PT: Preferred Term, SOC: System Organ Class.

[a] Median time to first event is from Kaplan-Meier estimate. Confidence Interval for median was computed using the Brookmeyer-Crowley method.

[b] Hazard ratio is from unstratified Cox proportional hazards model with treatment as the only categorical variable in the model. Confidence limits are based on the Wald test.

[c] Two-sided p-value from unstratified log-rank test.

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SOC: Investigations; PT: Any PT

Subgroup	n	Quizartinib (N=265)				Placebo (N=268)				Quizartinib vs Placebo		Interaction
		No. of subjects with events (%)	No. of subjects censored (%)	Median (95 % CI) (months) [a]	n	No. of subjects with events (%)	No. of subjects censored (%)	Median (95 % CI) (months) [a]	Hazard Ratio (95 % CI) [b]	Unstratified log-rank p-value [c]	P-value [d]	
Geographic Region 1											0.5946	
North America	16	0	16 (100)	NE (NE, NE)	18	1 (5.6)	17 (94.4)	NE (5.1, NE)	0.000 (0.000, NE)	0.4292		
Europe	161	6 (3.7)	155 (96.3)	NE (NE, NE)	161	2 (1.2)	159 (98.8)	NE (NE, NE)	2.720 (0.548, 13.500)	0.2020		
Asia/Other Regions	88	4 (4.5)	84 (95.5)	NE (NE, NE)	89	4 (4.5)	85 (95.5)	NE (NE, NE)	0.983 (0.246, 3.931)	0.9806		

N: number of subjects in analysis set; n: number of subjects in subgroup category; %: proportion of number of subjects in n; CI: confidence interval; NE: not estimable. PT: Preferred Term, SOC: System Organ Class.

[a] Median time to first event is from Kaplan-Meier estimate. Confidence Interval for median was computed using the Brookmeyer-Crowley method.

[b] Hazard ratio is from unstratified Cox proportional hazards model with treatment as the only categorical variable in the model. Confidence limits are based on the Wald test.

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SOC: Investigations; PT: Any PT

Subgroup	n	Quizartinib (N=265)			n	Placebo (N=268)			Quizartinib vs Placebo		Interaction
		No. of subjects with events (%)	No. of subjects censored (%)	Median (95 % CI) (months) [a]		No. of subjects with events (%)	No. of subjects censored (%)	Median (95 % CI) (months) [a]	Hazard Ratio (95 % CI) [b]	Unstratified log-rank p-value [c]	P-value [d]
WBC at initial diagnosis											0.5013
< 40x10 ⁹ /L	132	5 (3.8)	127 (96.2)	NE (NE, NE)	133	5 (3.8)	128 (96.2)	NE (NE, NE)	1.025 (0.296, 3.541)	0.9694	
≥ 40x10 ⁹ /L	133	5 (3.8)	128 (96.2)	NE (NE, NE)	135	2 (1.5)	133 (98.5)	NE (NE, NE)	2.346 (0.455, 12.106)	0.2938	

N: number of subjects in analysis set; n: number of subjects in subgroup category; %: proportion of number of subjects in n; CI: confidence interval; NE: not estimable. PT: Preferred Term, SOC: System Organ Class.

[a] Median time to first event is from Kaplan-Meier estimate. Confidence Interval for median was computed using the Brookmeyer-Crowley method.

[b] Hazard ratio is from unstratified Cox proportional hazards model with treatment as the only categorical variable in the model. Confidence limits are based on the Wald test.

[c] Two-sided p-value from unstratified log-rank test.

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SOC: Investigations; PT: Any PT

		Quizartinib (N=265)				Placebo (N=268)				Quizartinib vs Placebo		Interaction
Subgroup	n	No. of subjects with events (%)	No. of subjects censored (%)	Median (95 % CI) (months) [a]	n	No. of subjects with events (%)	No. of subjects censored (%)	Median (95 % CI) (months) [a]	Hazard Ratio (95 % CI) [b]	Unstratified log-rank p-value [c]	P-value [d]	
Choice of Anthracycline											0.9747	
Daunorubicin	123	4 (3.3)	119 (96.7)	NE (NE, NE)	94	2 (2.1)	92 (97.9)	NE (NE, NE)	1.467 (0.268, 8.013)	0.6566		
Idarubicin	142	6 (4.2)	136 (95.8)	NE (NE, NE)	171	5 (2.9)	166 (97.1)	NE (NE, NE)	1.339 (0.408, 4.396)	0.6297		

N: number of subjects in analysis set; n: number of subjects in subgroup category; %: proportion of number of subjects in n; CI: confidence interval; NE: not estimable. PT: Preferred Term, SOC: System Organ Class.

[a] Median time to first event is from Kaplan-Meier estimate. Confidence Interval for median was computed using the Brookmeyer-Crowley method.

[b] Hazard ratio is from unstratified Cox proportional hazards model with treatment as the only categorical variable in the model. Confidence limits are based on the Wald test.

[c] Two-sided p-value from unstratified log-rank test.

[d] Two-sided interaction p-value is for the interaction term from unstratified Cox proportional hazards model with treatment, subgroup, and treatment-by-subgroup interaction as categorical variables in the model. The p-value is based on the Wald test.

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SOC: Investigations; PT: Any PT

Subgroup	n	Quizartinib (N=265)			n	Placebo (N=268)			Quizartinib vs Placebo		Interaction P-value [d]
		No. of subjects with events (%)	No. of subjects censored (%)	Median (95 % CI) (months) [a]		No. of subjects with events (%)	No. of subjects censored (%)	Median (95 % CI) (months) [a]	Hazard Ratio (95 % CI) [b]	Unstratified log-rank p-value [c]	
AML Cytogenetic Risk Score											0.7598
Favorable	13	1 (7.7)	12 (92.3)	NE (1.8, NE)	19	1 (5.3)	18 (94.7)	NE (NE, NE)	1.597 (0.100, 25.565)	0.7385	
Intermediate	195	6 (3.1)	189 (96.9)	NE (NE, NE)	190	3 (1.6)	187 (98.4)	NE (NE, NE)	1.717 (0.429, 6.877)	0.4393	
Unfavorable	19	1 (5.3)	18 (94.7)	NE (6.2, NE)	27	3 (11.1)	24 (88.9)	NE (11.2, NE)	0.432 (0.045, 4.176)	0.4554	
Unknown	38	2 (5.3)	36 (94.7)	NE (NE, NE)	31	0	31 (100)	NE (NE, NE)	NE (0.000, NE)	0.1965	

N: number of subjects in analysis set; n: number of subjects in subgroup category; %: proportion of number of subjects in n; CI: confidence interval; NE: not estimable. PT: Preferred Term, SOC: System Organ Class.

[a] Median time to first event is from Kaplan-Meier estimate. Confidence Interval for median was computed using the Brookmeyer-Crowley method.

[b] Hazard ratio is from unstratified Cox proportional hazards model with treatment as the only categorical variable in the model. Confidence limits are based on the Wald test.

[c] Two-sided p-value from unstratified log-rank test.

[d] Two-sided interaction p-value is for the interaction term from unstratified Cox proportional hazards model with treatment, subgroup, and treatment-by-subgroup interaction as categorical variables in the model. The p-value is based on the Wald test.

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SOC: Investigations; PT: Any PT

Subgroup	n	Quizartinib (N=265)			n	Placebo (N=268)			Quizartinib vs Placebo		Interaction P-value [d]
		No. of subjects with events (%)	No. of subjects censored (%)	Median (95 % CI) (months) [a]		No. of subjects with events (%)	No. of subjects censored (%)	Median (95 % CI) (months) [a]	Hazard Ratio (95 % CI) [b]	Unstratified log-rank p-value [c]	
ECOG Performance Status at Baseline											0.7951
0 - Fully Active	87	4 (4.6)	83 (95.4)	NE (NE, NE)	97	2 (2.1)	95 (97.9)	NE (NE, NE)	2.073 (0.379, 11.342)	0.3901	
1 - Restricted in Physically Strenuous Activity	133	5 (3.8)	128 (96.2)	NE (NE, NE)	134	4 (3.0)	130 (97.0)	NE (NE, NE)	1.191 (0.319, 4.439)	0.7946	
2 - Ambulatory and Capable of All Selfcare	45	1 (2.2)	44 (97.8)	NE (NE, NE)	36	1 (2.8)	35 (97.2)	NE (NE, NE)	0.837 (0.052, 13.391)	0.9000	

N: number of subjects in analysis set; n: number of subjects in subgroup category; %: proportion of number of subjects in n; CI: confidence interval; NE: not estimable. PT: Preferred Term, SOC: System Organ Class.

[a] Median time to first event is from Kaplan-Meier estimate. Confidence Interval for median was computed using the Brookmeyer-Crowley method.

[b] Hazard ratio is from unstratified Cox proportional hazards model with treatment as the only categorical variable in the model. Confidence limits are based on the Wald test.

[c] Two-sided p-value from unstratified log-rank test.

[d] Two-sided interaction p-value is for the interaction term from unstratified Cox proportional hazards model with treatment, subgroup, and treatment-by-subgroup interaction as categorical variables in the model. The p-value is based on the Wald test.

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Medizinischer Nutzen, medizinischer Zusatznutzen, Patientengruppen mit therap. bedeutsamem Zusatznutzen

Daichi Sankyo | Data Intelligence – Evidence Generation | Final | AC220-A-U302 QUANTUM-First (DCO 13 Aug 2021) | Statistical analyses for AMNOG (HTA Germany)
 Table 3.12.2 Serious Treatment-emergent adverse events by system organ class (SOC) and preferred term (PT) observed for ≥ 10 patients in at least one arm and ≥ 1% of the patients in at least one arm - Time-to-event analysis - subgroup analysis - DCO 13-Aug-2021 - Safety Analysis Set

SOC: Investigations; PT: Any PT

Subgroup	n	Quizartinib (N=265)			n	Placebo (N=268)			Quizartinib vs Placebo		Interaction
		No. of subjects with events (%)	No. of subjects censored (%)	Median (95 % CI) (months) [a]		No. of subjects with events (%)	No. of subjects censored (%)	Median (95 % CI) (months) [a]	Hazard Ratio (95 % CI) [b]	Unstratified log-rank p-value [c]	P-value [d]
FLT3-ITD category at Baseline											0.1258
≥3 to ≤25%	94	1 (1.1)	93 (98.9)	NE (NE, NE)	98	4 (4.1)	94 (95.9)	NE (NE, NE)	0.247 (0.028, 2.210)		0.1753
>25% to ≤50%	141	9 (6.4)	132 (93.6)	NE (NE, NE)	136	2 (1.5)	134 (98.5)	NE (NE, NE)	4.278 (0.924, 19.818)		0.0426
>50%	29	0	29 (100)	NE (NE, NE)	34	1 (2.9)	33 (97.1)	NE (NE, NE)	0.000 (0.000, NE)		0.3570

N: number of subjects in analysis set; n: number of subjects in subgroup category; %: proportion of number of subjects in n; CI: confidence interval; NE: not estimable. PT: Preferred Term, SOC: System Organ Class.

[a] Median time to first event is from Kaplan-Meier estimate. Confidence Interval for median was computed using the Brookmeyer-Crowley method.

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SOC: Investigations; PT: Any PT

Subgroup	n	Quizartinib (N=265)			n	Placebo (N=268)			Quizartinib vs Placebo		Interaction
		No. of subjects with events (%)	No. of subjects censored (%)	Median (95 % CI) (months) [a]		No. of subjects with events (%)	No. of subjects censored (%)	Median (95 % CI) (months) [a]	Hazard Ratio (95 % CI) [b]	Unstratified log-rank p-value [c]	P-value [d]
AML with Mutated NPM1											0.8918
Yes	139	5 (3.6)	134 (96.4)	NE (NE, NE)	137	4 (2.9)	133 (97.1)	NE (NE, NE)	1.169 (0.313, 4.368)	0.8158	
No	116	3 (2.6)	113 (97.4)	NE (NE, NE)	120	2 (1.7)	118 (98.3)	NE (NE, NE)	1.346 (0.224, 8.098)	0.7446	

N: number of subjects in analysis set; n: number of subjects in subgroup category; %: proportion of number of subjects in n; CI: confidence interval; NE: not estimable. PT: Preferred Term, SOC: System Organ Class.

[a] Median time to first event is from Kaplan-Meier estimate. Confidence Interval for median was computed using the Brookmeyer-Crowley method.

[b] Hazard ratio is from unstratified Cox proportional hazards model with treatment as the only categorical variable in the model. Confidence limits are based on the Wald test.

[c] Two-sided p-value from unstratified log-rank test.

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SOC: Investigations; PT: Any PT

Subgroup	Quizartinib (N=265)					Placebo (N=268)			Quizartinib vs Placebo		Interaction
	n	No. of subjects with events (%)	No. of subjects censored (%)	Median (95 % CI) (months) [a]	n	No. of subjects with events (%)	No. of subjects censored (%)	Median (95 % CI) (months) [a]	Hazard Ratio (95 % CI) [b]	Unstratified log-rank p-value [c]	P-value [d]
Age by 2 categories											0.8202
≤60	164	8 (4.9)	156 (95.1)	NE (NE, NE)	163	5 (3.1)	158 (96.9)	NE (NE, NE)	1.446 (0.472, 4.432)	0.5163	
>60	101	2 (2.0)	99 (98.0)	NE (NE, NE)	105	2 (1.9)	103 (98.1)	NE (NE, NE)	1.130 (0.159, 8.052)	0.9031	

N: number of subjects in analysis set; n: number of subjects in subgroup category; %: proportion of number of subjects in n; CI: confidence interval; NE: not estimable. PT: Preferred Term, SOC: System Organ Class.

[a] Median time to first event is from Kaplan-Meier estimate. Confidence Interval for median was computed using the Brookmeyer-Crowley method.

[b] Hazard ratio is from unstratified Cox proportional hazards model with treatment as the only categorical variable in the model. Confidence limits are based on the Wald test.

[c] Two-sided p-value from unstratified log-rank test.

[d] Two-sided interaction p-value is for the interaction term from unstratified Cox proportional hazards model with treatment, subgroup, and treatment-by-subgroup interaction as categorical variables in the model. The p-value is based on the Wald test.

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SOC: Cardiac disorders; PT: Any PT

Subgroup	n	Quizartinib (N=265)				Placebo (N=268)				Quizartinib vs Placebo		Interaction
		No. of subjects with events (%)	No. of subjects censored (%)	Median (95 % CI) (months) [a]	n	No. of subjects with events (%)	No. of subjects censored (%)	Median (95 % CI) (months) [a]	n	Hazard Ratio (95 % CI) [b]	Unstratified log-rank p-value [c]	P-value [d]
Pooled Age Group 2											0.8679	
<60	159	4 (2.5)	155 (97.5)	NE (NE, NE)	160	4 (2.5)	156 (97.5)	NE (NE, NE)	0.887 (0.221, 3.565)	0.8657		
≥60 - <65	37	3 (8.1)	34 (91.9)	NE (NE, NE)	43	2 (4.7)	41 (95.3)	NE (NE, NE)	1.683 (0.281, 10.075)	0.5643		
≥65	69	0	69 (100)	NE (NE, NE)	65	4 (6.2)	61 (93.8)	NE (NE, NE)	0.000 (0.000, NE)	0.0454		

N: number of subjects in analysis set; n: number of subjects in subgroup category; %: proportion of number of subjects in n; CI: confidence interval; NE: not estimable. PT: Preferred Term, SOC: System Organ Class.

[a] Median time to first event is from Kaplan-Meier estimate. Confidence Interval for median was computed using the Brookmeyer-Crowley method.

[b] Hazard ratio is from unstratified Cox proportional hazards model with treatment as the only categorical variable in the model. Confidence limits are based on the Wald test.

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SOC: Cardiac disorders; PT: Any PT

Subgroup	n	Quizartinib (N=265)			n	Placebo (N=268)			Quizartinib vs Placebo		Interaction	
		No. of subjects with events (%)	No. of subjects censored (%)	Median (95 % CI) (months) [a]		No. of subjects with events (%)	No. of subjects censored (%)	Median (95 % CI) (months) [a]	Hazard Ratio (95 % CI) [b]	Unstratified log-rank p-value [c]	P-value [d]	
Sex												0.2176
Male	124	3 (2.4)	121 (97.6)	NE (NE, NE)	120	7 (5.8)	113 (94.2)	NE (NE, NE)	0.365 (0.094, 1.417)	0.1289		
Female	141	4 (2.8)	137 (97.2)	NE (NE, NE)	148	3 (2.0)	145 (98.0)	NE (NE, NE)	1.358 (0.304, 6.076)	0.6876		

N: number of subjects in analysis set; n: number of subjects in subgroup category; %: proportion of number of subjects in n; CI: confidence interval; NE: not estimable. PT: Preferred Term, SOC: System Organ Class.

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SOC: Cardiac disorders; PT: Any PT

Subgroup	Quizartinib (N=265)					Placebo (N=268)					Quizartinib vs Placebo		Interaction
	n	No. of subjects with events (%)	No. of subjects censored (%)	Median (95 % CI) (months) [a]	n	No. of subjects with events (%)	No. of subjects censored (%)	Median (95 % CI) (months) [a]	Hazard Ratio (95 % CI) [b]	Unstratified log-rank p-value [c]	P-value [d]		
Race by 2 categories											0.1279		
White	157	3 (1.9)	154 (98.1)	NE (NE, NE)	161	8 (5.0)	153 (95.0)	NE (NE, NE)	0.343 (0.091, 1.298)	0.0984			
Non-white	108	4 (3.7)	104 (96.3)	NE (NE, NE)	107	2 (1.9)	105 (98.1)	NE (NE, NE)	1.947 (0.356, 10.637)	0.4330			

N: number of subjects in analysis set; n: number of subjects in subgroup category; %: proportion of number of subjects in n; CI: confidence interval; NE: not estimable. PT: Preferred Term, SOC: System Organ Class.

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[b] Hazard ratio is from unstratified Cox proportional hazards model with treatment as the only categorical variable in the model. Confidence limits are based on the Wald test.

[c] Two-sided p-value from unstratified log-rank test.

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SOC: Cardiac disorders; PT: Any PT

Subgroup	n	Quizartinib (N=265)			n	Placebo (N=268)			Quizartinib vs Placebo		Interaction
		No. of subjects with events (%)	No. of subjects censored (%)	Median (95 % CI) (months) [a]		No. of subjects with events (%)	No. of subjects censored (%)	Median (95 % CI) (months) [a]	Hazard Ratio (95 % CI) [b]	Unstratified log-rank p-value [c]	P-value [d]
Geographic Region 1											0.3992
North America	16	2 (12.5)	14 (87.5)	NE (NE, NE)	18	1 (5.6)	17 (94.4)	NE (10.1, NE)	2.680 (0.240, 29.866)	0.4047	
Europe	161	4 (2.5)	157 (97.5)	NE (NE, NE)	161	8 (5.0)	153 (95.0)	NE (NE, NE)	0.438 (0.131, 1.461)	0.1666	
Asia/Other Regions	88	1 (1.1)	87 (98.9)	NE (NE, NE)	89	1 (1.1)	88 (98.9)	NE (NE, NE)	1.023 (0.064, 16.356)	0.9871	

N: number of subjects in analysis set; n: number of subjects in subgroup category; %: proportion of number of subjects in n; CI: confidence interval; NE: not estimable. PT: Preferred Term, SOC: System Organ Class.

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SOC: Cardiac disorders; PT: Any PT

Subgroup	n	Quizartinib (N=265)			Placebo (N=268)			Quizartinib vs Placebo		Interaction P-value [d]
		No. of subjects with events (%)	No. of subjects censored (%)	Median (95 % CI) (months) [a]	n	No. of subjects with events (%)	No. of subjects censored (%)	Median (95 % CI) (months) [a]	Hazard Ratio (95 % CI) [b]	
WBC at initial diagnosis										0.4387
< 40x10 ⁹ /L	132	2 (1.5)	130 (98.5)	NE (NE, NE)	133	5 (3.8)	128 (96.2)	NE (NE, NE)	0.403 (0.078, 2.080)	0.2613
≥ 40x10 ⁹ /L	133	5 (3.8)	128 (96.2)	NE (NE, NE)	135	5 (3.7)	130 (96.3)	NE (NE, NE)	0.872 (0.251, 3.035)	0.8306

N: number of subjects in analysis set; n: number of subjects in subgroup category; %: proportion of number of subjects in n; CI: confidence interval; NE: not estimable. PT: Preferred Term, SOC: System Organ Class.

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[c] Two-sided p-value from unstratified log-rank test.

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SOC: Cardiac disorders; PT: Any PT

		Quizartinib (N=265)			Placebo (N=268)			Quizartinib vs Placebo		Interaction	
Subgroup	n	No. of subjects with events (%)	No. of subjects censored (%)	Median (95 % CI) (months) [a]	n	No. of subjects with events (%)	No. of subjects censored (%)	Median (95 % CI) (months) [a]	Hazard Ratio (95 % CI) [b]	Unstratified log-rank p-value [c]	P-value [d]
Choice of Anthracycline											
Daunorubicin	123	3 (2.4)	120 (97.6)	NE (NE, NE)	94	3 (3.2)	91 (96.8)	NE (NE, NE)	0.678 (0.136, 3.373)	0.6328	0.9555
Idarubicin	142	4 (2.8)	138 (97.2)	NE (NE, NE)	171	6 (3.5)	165 (96.5)	NE (NE, NE)	0.758 (0.214, 2.693)	0.6679	

N: number of subjects in analysis set; n: number of subjects in subgroup category; %: proportion of number of subjects in n; CI: confidence interval; NE: not estimable. PT: Preferred Term, SOC: System Organ Class.

[a] Median time to first event is from Kaplan-Meier estimate. Confidence Interval for median was computed using the Brookmeyer-Crowley method.

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[c] Two-sided p-value from unstratified log-rank test.

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SOC: Cardiac disorders; PT: Any PT

Subgroup	n	Quizartinib (N=265)			n	Placebo (N=268)			Quizartinib vs Placebo		Interaction P-value [d]
		No. of subjects with events (%)	No. of subjects censored (%)	Median (95 % CI) (months) [a]		No. of subjects with events (%)	No. of subjects censored (%)	Median (95 % CI) (months) [a]	Hazard Ratio (95 % CI) [b]	Unstratified log-rank p-value [c]	
AML Cytogenetic Risk Score											0.9622
Favorable	13	0	13 (100)	NE (NE, NE)	19	1 (5.3)	18 (94.7)	NE (10.1, NE)	0.000 (0.000, NE)		0.5271
Intermediate	195	4 (2.1)	191 (97.9)	NE (NE, NE)	190	6 (3.2)	184 (96.8)	NE (NE, NE)	0.581 (0.163, 2.064)		0.3955
Unfavorable	19	1 (5.3)	18 (94.7)	NE (NE, NE)	27	1 (3.7)	26 (96.3)	NE (NE, NE)	1.643 (0.102, 26.346)		0.7230
Unknown	38	2 (5.3)	36 (94.7)	NE (NE, NE)	31	2 (6.5)	29 (93.5)	NE (NE, NE)	0.824 (0.116, 5.856)		0.8467

N: number of subjects in analysis set; n: number of subjects in subgroup category; %: proportion of number of subjects in n; CI: confidence interval; NE: not estimable. PT: Preferred Term, SOC: System Organ Class.

[a] Median time to first event is from Kaplan-Meier estimate. Confidence Interval for median was computed using the Brookmeyer-Crowley method.

[b] Hazard ratio is from unstratified Cox proportional hazards model with treatment as the only categorical variable in the model. Confidence limits are based on the Wald test.

[c] Two-sided p-value from unstratified log-rank test.

[d] Two-sided interaction p-value is for the interaction term from unstratified Cox proportional hazards model with treatment, subgroup, and treatment-by-subgroup interaction as categorical variables in the model. The p-value is based on the Wald test.

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Medizinischer Nutzen, medizinischer Zusatznutzen, Patientengruppen mit therap. bedeutsamem Zusatznutzen

Daiichi Sankyo | Data Intelligence – Evidence Generation | Final | AC220-A-U302 QUANTUM-First (DCO 13 Aug 2021) | Statistical analyses for AMNOG (HTA Germany)
 Table 3.12.2 Serious Treatment-emergent adverse events by system organ class (SOC) and preferred term (PT) observed for ≥ 10 patients in at least one arm and ≥ 1% of the patients in at least one arm - Time-to-event analysis - subgroup analysis - DCO 13-Aug-2021 - Safety Analysis Set

SOC: Cardiac disorders; PT: Any PT

Subgroup	n	Quizartinib (N=265)			n	Placebo (N=268)			Quizartinib vs Placebo		Interaction P-value [d]
		No. of subjects with events (%)	No. of subjects censored (%)	Median (95 % CI) (months) [a]		No. of subjects with events (%)	No. of subjects censored (%)	Median (95 % CI) (months) [a]	Hazard Ratio (95 % CI) [b]	Unstratified log-rank p-value [c]	
ECOG Performance Status at Baseline											0.3653
0 - Fully Active	87	2 (2.3)	85 (97.7)	NE (NE, NE)	97	3 (3.1)	94 (96.9)	NE (NE, NE)	0.704 (0.118, 4.222)	0.7000	
1 - Restricted in Physically Strenuous Activity	133	1 (0.8)	132 (99.2)	NE (NE, NE)	134	5 (3.7)	129 (96.3)	NE (NE, NE)	0.182 (0.021, 1.563)	0.0808	
2 - Ambulatory and Capable of All Selfcare	45	4 (8.9)	41 (91.1)	NE (NE, NE)	36	2 (5.6)	34 (94.4)	NE (NE, NE)	1.660 (0.304, 9.065)	0.5542	

N: number of subjects in analysis set; n: number of subjects in subgroup category; %: proportion of number of subjects in n; CI: confidence interval; NE: not estimable. PT: Preferred Term, SOC: System Organ Class.

[a] Median time to first event is from Kaplan-Meier estimate. Confidence Interval for median was computed using the Brookmeyer-Crowley method.

[b] Hazard ratio is from unstratified Cox proportional hazards model with treatment as the only categorical variable in the model. Confidence limits are based on the Wald test.

[c] Two-sided p-value from unstratified log-rank test.

[d] Two-sided interaction p-value is for the interaction term from unstratified Cox proportional hazards model with treatment, subgroup, and treatment-by-subgroup interaction as categorical variables in the model. The p-value is based on the Wald test.

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SOC: Cardiac disorders; PT: Any PT

Subgroup	n	Quizartinib (N=265)				Placebo (N=268)				Quizartinib vs Placebo		Interaction P-value [d]
		No. of subjects with events (%)	No. of subjects censored (%)	Median (95 % CI) (months) [a]	n	No. of subjects with events (%)	No. of subjects censored (%)	Median (95 % CI) (months) [a]	n	Hazard Ratio (95 % CI) [b]	Unstratified log-rank p-value [c]	
FLT3-ITD category at Baseline											0.6871	
≥3 to ≤25%	94	3 (3.2)	91 (96.8)	NE (NE, NE)	98	6 (6.1)	92 (93.9)	NE (NE, NE)	0.514 (0.129, 2.058)	0.3384		
>25% to ≤50%	141	4 (2.8)	137 (97.2)	NE (NE, NE)	136	3 (2.2)	133 (97.8)	NE (NE, NE)	1.159 (0.259, 5.195)	0.8471		
>50%	29	0	29 (100)	NE (NE, NE)	34	1 (2.9)	33 (97.1)	NE (NE, NE)	0.000 (0.000, NE)	0.3557		

N: number of subjects in analysis set; n: number of subjects in subgroup category; %: proportion of number of subjects in n; CI: confidence interval; NE: not estimable. PT: Preferred Term, SOC: System Organ Class.

[a] Median time to first event is from Kaplan-Meier estimate. Confidence Interval for median was computed using the Brookmeyer-Crowley method.

[b] Hazard ratio is from unstratified Cox proportional hazards model with treatment as the only categorical variable in the model. Confidence limits are based on the Wald test.

[c] Two-sided p-value from unstratified log-rank test.

[d] Two-sided interaction p-value is for the interaction term from unstratified Cox proportional hazards model with treatment, subgroup, and treatment-by-subgroup interaction as categorical variables in the model. The p-value is based on the Wald test.

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SOC: Cardiac disorders; PT: Any PT

Subgroup	Quizartinib (N=265)				Placebo (N=268)				Quizartinib vs Placebo		Interaction
	n	No. of subjects with events (%)	No. of subjects censored (%)	Median (95 % CI) (months) [a]	n	No. of subjects with events (%)	No. of subjects censored (%)	Median (95 % CI) (months) [a]	Hazard Ratio (95 % CI) [b]	Unstratified log-rank p-value [c]	P-value [d]
AML with Mutated NPM1											0.9669
Yes	139	3 (2.2)	136 (97.8)	NE (NE, NE)	137	5 (3.6)	132 (96.4)	NE (NE, NE)	0.532 (0.126, 2.238)	0.3815	
No	116	3 (2.6)	113 (97.4)	NE (NE, NE)	120	5 (4.2)	115 (95.8)	NE (NE, NE)	0.561 (0.134, 2.348)	0.4203	

N: number of subjects in analysis set; n: number of subjects in subgroup category; %: proportion of number of subjects in n; CI: confidence interval; NE: not estimable. PT: Preferred Term, SOC: System Organ Class.

[a] Median time to first event is from Kaplan-Meier estimate. Confidence Interval for median was computed using the Brookmeyer-Crowley method.

[b] Hazard ratio is from unstratified Cox proportional hazards model with treatment as the only categorical variable in the model. Confidence limits are based on the Wald test.

[c] Two-sided p-value from unstratified log-rank test.

[d] Two-sided interaction p-value is for the interaction term from unstratified Cox proportional hazards model with treatment, subgroup, and treatment-by-subgroup interaction as categorical variables in the model. The p-value is based on the Wald test.

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SOC: Cardiac disorders; PT: Any PT

Subgroup	n	Quizartinib (N=265)				Placebo (N=268)				Quizartinib vs Placebo		Interaction
		No. of subjects with events (%)	No. of subjects censored (%)	Median (95 % CI) (months) [a]	n	No. of subjects with events (%)	No. of subjects censored (%)	Median (95 % CI) (months) [a]	Hazard Ratio (95 % CI) [b]	Unstratified log-rank p-value [c]	P-value [d]	
Age by 2 categories											0.6110	
≤60	164	4 (2.4)	160 (97.6)	NE (NE, NE)	163	4 (2.5)	159 (97.5)	NE (NE, NE)	0.871 (0.216, 3.502)	0.8457		
>60	101	3 (3.0)	98 (97.0)	NE (NE, NE)	105	6 (5.7)	99 (94.3)	NE (NE, NE)	0.522 (0.131, 2.091)	0.3505		

N: number of subjects in analysis set; n: number of subjects in subgroup category; %: proportion of number of subjects in n; CI: confidence interval; NE: not estimable. PT: Preferred Term, SOC: System Organ Class.

[a] Median time to first event is from Kaplan-Meier estimate. Confidence Interval for median was computed using the Brookmeyer-Crowley method.

[b] Hazard ratio is from unstratified Cox proportional hazards model with treatment as the only categorical variable in the model. Confidence limits are based on the Wald test.

[c] Two-sided p-value from unstratified log-rank test.

[d] Two-sided interaction p-value is for the interaction term from unstratified Cox proportional hazards model with treatment, subgroup, and treatment-by-subgroup interaction as categorical variables in the model. The p-value is based on the Wald test.

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Anhang 4-H9c: Schwere UE (CTCAE-Grad ≥ 3) nach SOC und PT

Daiichi Sankyo | Data Intelligence – Evidence Generation | Final | AC220-A-U302 QUANTUM-First (DCO 13 Aug 2021) | Statistical analyses for AMNOG (HTA Germany)
 Table 3.13.2 Severe Treatment-emergent adverse events (NCI CTCAE grade ≥3) by system organ class (SOC) and preferred term (PT) observed for ≥ 10 patients in at least one arm and ≥ 1% of the patients in at least one arm - Time-to-event analysis - subgroup analysis - DCO 13-Aug-2021 - Safety Analysis Set

SOC: Blood and lymphatic system disorders; PT: Any PT

Subgroup	Quizartinib (N=265)				Placebo (N=268)				Quizartinib vs Placebo		Interaction
	n	No. of subjects with events (%)	No. of subjects censored (%)	Median (95 % CI) (months) [a]	n	No. of subjects with events (%)	No. of subjects censored (%)	Median (95 % CI) (months) [a]	Hazard Ratio (95 % CI) [b]	Unstratified log-rank p-value [c]	P-value [d]
Pooled Age Group 2											
<60	159	96 (60.4)	63 (39.6)	2.2 (1.7, 5.5)	160	79 (49.4)	81 (50.6)	3.7 (1.7, 10.3)	1.171 (0.869, 1.578)	0.2991	0.9216
≥60 - <65	37	23 (62.2)	14 (37.8)	2.0 (1.7, 5.9)	43	22 (51.2)	21 (48.8)	2.9 (0.9, NE)	1.013 (0.564, 1.822)	0.9538	
≥65	69	36 (52.2)	33 (47.8)	5.7 (1.5, 10.1)	65	30 (46.2)	35 (53.8)	3.6 (1.6, NE)	1.122 (0.690, 1.824)	0.6294	

N: number of subjects in analysis set; n: number of subjects in subgroup category; %: proportion of number of subjects in n; CI: confidence interval; NE: not estimable. PT: Preferred Term, SOC: System Organ Class.

[a] Median time to first event is from Kaplan-Meier estimate. Confidence Interval for median was computed using the Brookmeyer-Crowley method.

[b] Hazard ratio is from unstratified Cox proportional hazards model with treatment as the only categorical variable in the model. Confidence limits are based on the Wald test.

[c] Two-sided p-value from unstratified log-rank test.

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SOC: Blood and lymphatic system disorders; PT: Any PT

		Quizartinib (N=265)				Placebo (N=268)				Quizartinib vs Placebo		Interaction
Subgroup	n	No. of subjects with events (%)	No. of subjects censored (%)	Median (95 % CI) (months) [a]	n	No. of subjects with events (%)	No. of subjects censored (%)	Median (95 % CI) (months) [a]	Hazard Ratio (95 % CI) [b]	Unstratified log-rank p-value [c]	P-value [d]	
Sex											0.2260	
Male	124	68 (54.8)	56 (45.2)	2.1 (1.7, 6.5)	120	48 (40.0)	72 (60.0)	7.1 (2.9, NE)	1.366 (0.943, 1.979)	0.0971		
Female	141	87 (61.7)	54 (38.3)	2.3 (1.7, 5.9)	148	83 (56.1)	65 (43.9)	1.8 (1.3, 4.0)	1.001 (0.741, 1.353)	0.9819		

N: number of subjects in analysis set; n: number of subjects in subgroup category; %: proportion of number of subjects in n; CI: confidence interval; NE: not estimable. PT: Preferred Term, SOC: System Organ Class.

[a] Median time to first event is from Kaplan-Meier estimate. Confidence Interval for median was computed using the Brookmeyer-Crowley method.

[b] Hazard ratio is from unstratified Cox proportional hazards model with treatment as the only categorical variable in the model. Confidence limits are based on the Wald test.

[c] Two-sided p-value from unstratified log-rank test.

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SOC: Blood and lymphatic system disorders; PT: Any PT

		Quizartinib (N=265)				Placebo (N=268)				Quizartinib vs Placebo		Interaction
Subgroup	n	No. of subjects with events (%)	No. of subjects censored (%)	Median (95 % CI) (months) [a]	n	No. of subjects with events (%)	No. of subjects censored (%)	Median (95 % CI) (months) [a]	Hazard Ratio (95 % CI) [b]	Unstratified log-rank p-value [c]	P-value [d]	
Race by 2 categories											0.2109	
White	157	95 (60.5)	62 (39.5)	2.0 (1.7, 3.5)	161	87 (54.0)	74 (46.0)	2.2 (1.5, 4.0)	1.011 (0.755, 1.353)	0.9387		
Non-white	108	60 (55.6)	48 (44.4)	5.5 (1.9, 8.2)	107	44 (41.1)	63 (58.9)	7.1 (3.6, NE)	1.351 (0.916, 1.995)	0.1262		

N: number of subjects in analysis set; n: number of subjects in subgroup category; %: proportion of number of subjects in n; CI: confidence interval; NE: not estimable. PT: Preferred Term, SOC: System Organ Class.

[a] Median time to first event is from Kaplan-Meier estimate. Confidence Interval for median was computed using the Brookmeyer-Crowley method.

[b] Hazard ratio is from unstratified Cox proportional hazards model with treatment as the only categorical variable in the model. Confidence limits are based on the Wald test.

[c] Two-sided p-value from unstratified log-rank test.

[d] Two-sided interaction p-value is for the interaction term from unstratified Cox proportional hazards model with treatment, subgroup, and treatment-by-subgroup interaction as categorical variables in the model. The p-value is based on the Wald test.

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		Quizartinib (N=265)					Placebo (N=268)					Quizartinib vs Placebo		Interaction
Subgroup	n	No. of subjects with events (%)	No. of subjects censored (%)	Median (95 % CI) (months) [a]	n	No. of subjects with events (%)	No. of subjects censored (%)	Median (95 % CI) (months) [a]	Hazard Ratio (95 % CI) [b]	Unstratified log-rank p-value [c]	P-value [d]			
Geographic Region 1													0.0779	
North America	16	10 (62.5)	6 (37.5)	1.8 (0.2, NE)	18	14 (77.8)	4 (22.2)	0.3 (0.1, 3.0)	0.672 (0.295, 1.530)	0.3545				
Europe	161	93 (57.8)	68 (42.2)	2.3 (1.7, 6.4)	161	82 (50.9)	79 (49.1)	2.7 (1.6, 7.7)	1.011 (0.750, 1.362)	0.9429				
Asia/Other Regions	88	52 (59.1)	36 (40.9)	2.2 (1.6, 6.5)	89	35 (39.3)	54 (60.7)	NE (3.7, NE)	1.586 (1.033, 2.435)	0.0332				

N: number of subjects in analysis set; n: number of subjects in subgroup category; %: proportion of number of subjects in n; CI: confidence interval; NE: not estimable. PT: Preferred Term, SOC: System Organ Class.

[a] Median time to first event is from Kaplan-Meier estimate. Confidence Interval for median was computed using the Brookmeyer-Crowley method.

[b] Hazard ratio is from unstratified Cox proportional hazards model with treatment as the only categorical variable in the model. Confidence limits are based on the Wald test.

[c] Two-sided p-value from unstratified log-rank test.

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SOC: Blood and lymphatic system disorders; PT: Any PT

		Quizartinib (N=265)				Placebo (N=268)				Quizartinib vs Placebo		Interaction
Subgroup	n	No. of subjects with events (%)	No. of subjects censored (%)	Median (95 % CI) (months) [a]	n	No. of subjects with events (%)	No. of subjects censored (%)	Median (95 % CI) (months) [a]	Hazard Ratio (95 % CI) [b]	Unstratified log-rank p-value [c]	P-value [d]	
WBC at initial diagnosis											0.1958	
< 40x10 ⁹ /L	132	76 (57.6)	56 (42.4)	2.5 (1.6, 5.9)	133	74 (55.6)	59 (44.4)	2.1 (1.4, 5.2)	0.970 (0.703, 1.338)	0.8548		
≥ 40x10 ⁹ /L	133	79 (59.4)	54 (40.6)	2.2 (1.9, 6.0)	135	57 (42.2)	78 (57.8)	7.7 (2.7, NE)	1.314 (0.934, 1.848)	0.1146		

N: number of subjects in analysis set; n: number of subjects in subgroup category; %: proportion of number of subjects in n; CI: confidence interval; NE: not estimable. PT: Preferred Term, SOC: System Organ Class.

[a] Median time to first event is from Kaplan-Meier estimate. Confidence Interval for median was computed using the Brookmeyer-Crowley method.

[b] Hazard ratio is from unstratified Cox proportional hazards model with treatment as the only categorical variable in the model. Confidence limits are based on the Wald test.

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[d] Two-sided interaction p-value is for the interaction term from unstratified Cox proportional hazards model with treatment, subgroup, and treatment-by-subgroup interaction as categorical variables in the model. The p-value is based on the Wald test.

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Medizinischer Nutzen, medizinischer Zusatznutzen, Patientengruppen mit therap. bedeutsamem Zusatznutzen

Daichi Sankyo | Data Intelligence – Evidence Generation | Final | AC220-A-U302 QUANTUM-First (DCO 13 Aug 2021) | Statistical analyses for AMNOG (HTA Germany)
 Table 3.13.2 Severe Treatment-emergent adverse events (NCI CTCAE grade ≥3) by system organ class (SOC) and preferred term (PT) observed for ≥ 10 patients in at least one arm and ≥ 1% of the patients in at least one arm - Time-to-event analysis - subgroup analysis - DCO 13-Aug-2021 - Safety Analysis Set

SOC: Blood and lymphatic system disorders; PT: Any PT

		Quizartinib (N=265)				Placebo (N=268)				Quizartinib vs Placebo		Interaction
Subgroup	n	No. of subjects with events (%)	No. of subjects censored (%)	Median (95 % CI) (months) [a]	n	No. of subjects with events (%)	No. of subjects censored (%)	Median (95 % CI) (months) [a]	Hazard Ratio (95 % CI) [b]	Unstratified log-rank p-value [c]	P-value [d]	
Choice of Anthracycline											0.5712	
Daunorubicin	123	78 (63.4)	45 (36.6)	1.9 (1.6, 3.7)	94	49 (52.1)	45 (47.9)	2.7 (1.4, 9.0)	1.167 (0.816, 1.669)	0.3955		
Idarubicin	142	77 (54.2)	65 (45.8)	4.5 (2.0, 7.8)	171	81 (47.4)	90 (52.6)	4.0 (2.1, NE)	1.040 (0.761, 1.422)	0.8029		

N: number of subjects in analysis set; n: number of subjects in subgroup category; %: proportion of number of subjects in n; CI: confidence interval; NE: not estimable. PT: Preferred Term, SOC: System Organ Class.

[a] Median time to first event is from Kaplan-Meier estimate. Confidence Interval for median was computed using the Brookmeyer-Crowley method.

[b] Hazard ratio is from unstratified Cox proportional hazards model with treatment as the only categorical variable in the model. Confidence limits are based on the Wald test.

[c] Two-sided p-value from unstratified log-rank test.

[d] Two-sided interaction p-value is for the interaction term from unstratified Cox proportional hazards model with treatment, subgroup, and treatment-by-subgroup interaction as categorical variables in the model. The p-value is based on the Wald test.

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SOC: Blood and lymphatic system disorders; PT: Any PT

		Quizartinib (N=265)				Placebo (N=268)				Quizartinib vs Placebo		Interaction
Subgroup	n	No. of subjects with events (%)	No. of subjects censored (%)	Median (95 % CI) (months) [a]	n	No. of subjects with events (%)	No. of subjects censored (%)	Median (95 % CI) (months) [a]	Hazard Ratio (95 % CI) [b]	Unstratified log-rank p-value [c]	P-value [d]	
AML Cytogenetic Risk Score											0.2705	
Favorable	13	6 (46.2)	7 (53.8)	1.8 (0.7, NE)	19	14 (73.7)	5 (26.3)	1.2 (0.2, 3.1)	0.477 (0.183, 1.244)	0.1249		
Intermediate	195	111 (56.9)	84 (43.1)	2.2 (1.9, 5.8)	190	92 (48.4)	98 (51.6)	3.6 (1.7, 7.7)	1.075 (0.815, 1.418)	0.6029		
Unfavorable	19	12 (63.2)	7 (36.8)	2.5 (0.1, NE)	27	11 (40.7)	16 (59.3)	4.0 (1.7, NE)	1.699 (0.746, 3.867)	0.2096		
Unknown	38	26 (68.4)	12 (31.6)	1.7 (0.8, 8.6)	31	14 (45.2)	17 (54.8)	NE (1.2, NE)	1.502 (0.782, 2.886)	0.2133		

N: number of subjects in analysis set; n: number of subjects in subgroup category; %: proportion of number of subjects in n; CI: confidence interval; NE: not estimable. PT: Preferred Term, SOC: System Organ Class.

[a] Median time to first event is from Kaplan-Meier estimate. Confidence Interval for median was computed using the Brookmeyer-Crowley method.

[b] Hazard ratio is from unstratified Cox proportional hazards model with treatment as the only categorical variable in the model. Confidence limits are based on the Wald test.

[c] Two-sided p-value from unstratified log-rank test.

[d] Two-sided interaction p-value is for the interaction term from unstratified Cox proportional hazards model with treatment, subgroup, and treatment-by-subgroup interaction as categorical variables in the model. The p-value is based on the Wald test.

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Medizinischer Nutzen, medizinischer Zusatznutzen, Patientengruppen mit therap. bedeutsamem Zusatznutzen

Daichi Sankyo | Data Intelligence – Evidence Generation | Final | AC220-A-U302 QUANTUM-First (DCO 13 Aug 2021) | Statistical analyses for AMNOG (HTA Germany) Table 3.13.2 Severe Treatment-emergent adverse events (NCI CTCAE grade ≥3) by system organ class (SOC) and preferred term (PT) observed for ≥ 10 patients in at least one arm and ≥ 1% of the patients in at least one arm - Time-to-event analysis - subgroup analysis - DCO 13-Aug-2021 - Safety Analysis Set

SOC: Blood and lymphatic system disorders; PT: Any PT

		Quizartinib (N=265)					Placebo (N=268)					Quizartinib vs Placebo		Interaction
Subgroup	n	No. of subjects with events (%)	No. of subjects censored (%)	Median (95 % CI) (months) [a]	n	No. of subjects with events (%)	No. of subjects censored (%)	Median (95 % CI) (months) [a]	Hazard Ratio (95 % CI) [b]	Unstratified log-rank p-value [c]	P-value [d]			
ECOG Performance Status at Baseline												0.3130		
0 - Fully Active	87	47 (54.0)	40 (46.0)	3.5 (1.8, 11.6)	97	51 (52.6)	46 (47.4)	3.0 (1.4, 10.3)	0.907 (0.609, 1.349)	0.6335				
1 - Restricted in Physically Strenuous Activity	133	84 (63.2)	49 (36.8)	2.0 (1.6, 5.5)	134	63 (47.0)	71 (53.0)	3.7 (1.6, NE)	1.296 (0.934, 1.798)	0.1178				
2 - Ambulatory and Capable of All Selfcare	45	24 (53.3)	21 (46.7)	2.2 (1.2, 11.5)	36	17 (47.2)	19 (52.8)	7.1 (0.9, NE)	1.138 (0.611, 2.120)	0.6836				

N: number of subjects in analysis set; n: number of subjects in subgroup category; %: proportion of number of subjects in n; CI: confidence interval; NE: not estimable. PT: Preferred Term, SOC: System Organ Class.

[a] Median time to first event is from Kaplan-Meier estimate. Confidence Interval for median was computed using the Brookmeyer-Crowley method.

[b] Hazard ratio is from unstratified Cox proportional hazards model with treatment as the only categorical variable in the model. Confidence limits are based on the Wald test.

[c] Two-sided p-value is for the interaction term from unstratified log-rank test.

[d] Two-sided interaction p-value is for the interaction term from unstratified Cox proportional hazards model with treatment, subgroup, and treatment-by-subgroup interaction as categorical variables in the model. The p-value is based on the Wald test.

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SOC: Blood and lymphatic system disorders; PT: Any PT

Subgroup	n	Quizartinib (N=265)				Placebo (N=268)				Quizartinib vs Placebo		Interaction
		No. of subjects with events (%)	No. of subjects censored (%)	Median (95 % CI) (months) [a]	n	No. of subjects with events (%)	No. of subjects censored (%)	Median (95 % CI) (months) [a]	n	Hazard Ratio (95 % CI) [b]	Unstratified log-rank p-value [c]	P-value [d]
FLT3-ITD category at Baseline											0.1031	
≥3 to ≤25%	94	51 (54.3)	43 (45.7)	2.6 (1.7, 9.5)	98	54 (55.1)	44 (44.9)	1.6 (1.4, 5.2)	0.795 (0.539, 1.170)	0.2467		
>25% to ≤50%	141	83 (58.9)	58 (41.1)	2.0 (1.7, 4.5)	136	61 (44.9)	75 (55.1)	7.1 (2.5, NE)	1.387 (0.997, 1.931)	0.0509		
>50%	29	20 (69.0)	9 (31.0)	2.2 (1.6, 7.6)	34	16 (47.1)	18 (52.9)	3.1 (0.7, NE)	1.213 (0.627, 2.347)	0.5706		

N: number of subjects in analysis set; n: number of subjects in subgroup category; %: proportion of number of subjects in n; CI: confidence interval; NE: not estimable. PT: Preferred Term, SOC: System Organ Class.

[a] Median time to first event is from Kaplan-Meier estimate. Confidence Interval for median was computed using the Brookmeyer-Crowley method.

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[c] Two-sided p-value from unstratified log-rank test.

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SOC: Blood and lymphatic system disorders; PT: Any PT

		Quizartinib (N=265)					Placebo (N=268)					Quizartinib vs Placebo		Interaction
Subgroup	n	No. of subjects with events (%)	No. of subjects censored (%)	Median (95 % CI) (months) [a]	n	No. of subjects with events (%)	No. of subjects censored (%)	Median (95 % CI) (months) [a]	Hazard Ratio (95 % CI) [b]	Unstratified log-rank p-value [c]	p-	P-value [d]		
AML with Mutated NPM1													0.1542	
Yes	139	78 (56.1)	61 (43.9)	4.5 (2.0, 8.6)	137	76 (55.5)	61 (44.5)	2.7 (1.6, 6.2)	0.936 (0.682, 1.284)	0.6868				
No	116	72 (62.1)	44 (37.9)	1.8 (1.6, 2.5)	120	53 (44.2)	67 (55.8)	4.1 (1.5, NE)	1.343 (0.941, 1.916)	0.1025				

N: number of subjects in analysis set; n: number of subjects in subgroup category; %: proportion of number of subjects in n; CI: confidence interval; NE: not estimable. PT: Preferred Term, SOC: System Organ Class.

[a] Median time to first event is from Kaplan-Meier estimate. Confidence Interval for median was computed using the Brookmeyer-Crowley method.

[b] Hazard ratio is from unstratified Cox proportional hazards model with treatment as the only categorical variable in the model. Confidence limits are based on the Wald test.

[c] Two-sided p-value from unstratified log-rank test.

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SOC: Blood and lymphatic system disorders; PT: Any PT

		Quizartinib (N=265)					Placebo (N=268)					Quizartinib vs Placebo		Interaction
Subgroup	n	No. of subjects with events (%)	No. of subjects censored (%)	Median (95 % CI) (months) [a]	n	No. of subjects with events (%)	No. of subjects censored (%)	Median (95 % CI) (months) [a]		Hazard Ratio (95 % CI) [b]	Unstratified log-rank p-value [c]	P-value [d]		
Age by 2 categories												0.5807		
≤60	164	99 (60.4)	65 (39.6)	2.2 (1.8, 5.5)	163	79 (48.5)	84 (51.5)	3.7 (2.1, 10.3)		1.194 (0.888, 1.606)	0.2397			
>60	101	56 (55.4)	45 (44.6)	2.1 (1.6, 5.9)	105	52 (49.5)	53 (50.5)	2.7 (1.5, NE)		1.037 (0.710, 1.514)	0.8393			

N: number of subjects in analysis set; n: number of subjects in subgroup category; %: proportion of number of subjects in n; CI: confidence interval; NE: not estimable. PT: Preferred Term, SOC: System Organ Class.

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[c] Two-sided p-value from unstratified log-rank test.

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SOC: Blood and lymphatic system disorders; PT: Febrile neutropenia

		Quizartinib (N=265)				Placebo (N=268)				Quizartinib vs Placebo		Interaction
Subgroup	n	No. of subjects with events (%)	No. of subjects censored (%)	Median (95 % CI) (months) [a]	n	No. of subjects with events (%)	No. of subjects censored (%)	Median (95 % CI) (months) [a]	Hazard Ratio (95 % CI) [b]	Unstratified log-rank p-value [c]	P-value [d]	
Pooled Age Group 2											0.9445	
<60	159	72 (45.3)	87 (54.7)	4.2 (2.2, NE)	160	68 (42.5)	92 (57.5)	5.2 (3.0, NE)	1.024 (0.735, 1.427)	0.8849		
≥60 - <65	37	17 (45.9)	20 (54.1)	2.9 (1.9, NE)	43	16 (37.2)	27 (62.8)	NE (1.5, NE)	1.125 (0.568, 2.228)	0.7280		
≥65	69	27 (39.1)	42 (60.9)	18.9 (1.7, NE)	65	26 (40.0)	39 (60.0)	NE (1.6, NE)	0.965 (0.563, 1.654)	0.9015		

N: number of subjects in analysis set; n: number of subjects in subgroup category; %: proportion of number of subjects in n; CI: confidence interval; NE: not estimable. PT: Preferred Term, SOC: System Organ Class.

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[b] Hazard ratio is from unstratified Cox proportional hazards model with treatment as the only categorical variable in the model. Confidence limits are based on the Wald test.

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SOC: Blood and lymphatic system disorders; PT: Febrile neutropenia

Subgroup	n	Quizartinib (N=265)				Placebo (N=268)				Quizartinib vs Placebo		Interaction
		No. of subjects with events (%)	No. of subjects censored (%)	Median (95 % CI) [a]	n	No. of subjects with events (%)	No. of subjects censored (%)	Median (95 % CI) [a]	n	Hazard Ratio (95 % CI) [b]	Unstratified log-rank p-value [c]	P-value [d]
Sex												0.0816
Male	124	55 (44.4)	69 (55.6)	3.9 (2.1, NE)	120	40 (33.3)	80 (66.7)	NE (7.1, NE)		1.340 (0.891, 2.014)	0.1570	
Female	141	61 (43.3)	80 (56.7)	5.5 (2.2, NE)	148	70 (47.3)	78 (52.7)	3.4 (1.8, NE)		0.834 (0.592, 1.176)	0.3025	

N: number of subjects in analysis set; n: number of subjects in subgroup category; %: proportion of number of subjects in n; CI: confidence interval; NE: not estimable. PT: Preferred Term, SOC: System Organ Class.

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Subgroup	n	No. of subjects with events (%)	No. of subjects censored (%)	Median (95 % CI) (months) [a]	n	No. of subjects with events (%)	No. of subjects censored (%)	Median (95 % CI) (months) [a]	Hazard Ratio (95 % CI) [b]	Unstratified log-rank p-value [c]	P-value [d]	
Race by 2 categories											0.4616	
White	157	73 (46.5)	84 (53.5)	2.9 (2.0, NE)	161	73 (45.3)	88 (54.7)	3.1 (1.7, NE)	0.955 (0.690, 1.322)	0.7864		
Non-white	108	43 (39.8)	65 (60.2)	18.9 (3.4, NE)	107	37 (34.6)	70 (65.4)	NE (5.2, NE)	1.156 (0.745, 1.794)	0.5151		

N: number of subjects in analysis set; n: number of subjects in subgroup category; %: proportion of number of subjects in n; CI: confidence interval; NE: not estimable. PT: Preferred Term, SOC: System Organ Class.

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SOC: Blood and lymphatic system disorders; PT: Febrile neutropenia

		Quizartinib (N=265)					Placebo (N=268)					Quizartinib vs Placebo		Interaction
Subgroup	n	No. of subjects with events (%)	No. of subjects censored (%)	Median (95 % CI) (months) [a]	n	No. of subjects with events (%)	No. of subjects censored (%)	Median (95 % CI) (months) [a]	Hazard Ratio (95 % CI) [b]	Unstratified log-rank p-value [c]	P-value [d]			
Geographic Region 1													0.4263	
North America	16	8 (50.0)	8 (50.0)	2.2 (0.2, NE)	18	11 (61.1)	7 (38.9)	1.0 (0.1, NE)	0.712 (0.286, 1.775)	0.4782				
Europe	161	67 (41.6)	94 (58.4)	NE (2.1, NE)	161	66 (41.0)	95 (59.0)	9.0 (2.7, NE)	0.956 (0.680, 1.343)	0.7933				
Asia/Other Regions	88	41 (46.6)	47 (53.4)	4.5 (2.1, NE)	89	33 (37.1)	56 (62.9)	NE (3.7, NE)	1.289 (0.815, 2.038)	0.2768				

N: number of subjects in analysis set; n: number of subjects in subgroup category; %: proportion of number of subjects in n; CI: confidence interval; NE: not estimable. PT: Preferred Term, SOC: System Organ Class.

[a] Median time to first event is from Kaplan-Meier estimate. Confidence Interval for median was computed using the Brookmeyer-Crowley method.

[b] Hazard ratio is from unstratified Cox proportional hazards model with treatment as the only categorical variable in the model. Confidence limits are based on the Wald test.

[c] Two-sided p-value from unstratified log-rank test.

[d] Two-sided interaction p-value is for the interaction term from unstratified Cox proportional hazards model with treatment, subgroup, and treatment-by-subgroup interaction as categorical variables in the model. The p-value is based on the Wald test.

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Medizinischer Nutzen, medizinischer Zusatznutzen, Patientengruppen mit therap. bedeutsamem Zusatznutzen

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SOC: Blood and lymphatic system disorders; PT: Febrile neutropenia

Subgroup	n	Quizartinib (N=265)				Placebo (N=268)				Quizartinib vs Placebo		Interaction
		No. of subjects with events (%)	No. of subjects censored (%)	Median (95 % CI) (months) [a]	n	No. of subjects with events (%)	No. of subjects censored (%)	Median (95 % CI) (months) [a]	n	Hazard Ratio (95 % CI) [b]	Unstratified log-rank p-value [c]	P-value [d]
WBC at initial diagnosis												0.0192
< 40x10 ⁹ /L	132	53 (40.2)	79 (59.8)	NE (2.8, NE)	133	67 (50.4)	66 (49.6)	3.4 (1.6, NE)		0.760 (0.530, 1.090)	0.1328	
≥ 40x10 ⁹ /L	133	63 (47.4)	70 (52.6)	3.7 (2.1, NE)	135	43 (31.9)	92 (68.1)	NE (NE, NE)		1.416 (0.961, 2.087)	0.0762	

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SOC: Blood and lymphatic system disorders; PT: Febrile neutropenia

		Quizartinib (N=265)					Placebo (N=268)					Quizartinib vs Placebo		Interaction
Subgroup	n	No. of subjects with events (%)	No. of subjects censored (%)	Median (95 % CI) [a]	n	No. of subjects with events (%)	No. of subjects censored (%)	Median (95 % CI) [a]	Hazard Ratio (95 % CI) [b]	Unstratified log-rank p-value [c]	P-value [d]			
Choice of Anthracycline												0.5720		
Daunorubicin	123	60 (48.8)	63 (51.2)	3.5 (1.7, 18.9)	94	42 (44.7)	52 (55.3)	3.7 (1.6, NE)	1.064 (0.717, 1.580)	0.7542				
Idarubicin	142	56 (39.4)	86 (60.6)	NE (2.6, NE)	171	67 (39.2)	104 (60.8)	NE (3.6, NE)	0.940 (0.659, 1.341)	0.7333				

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Subgroup	n	No. of subjects with events (%)	No. of subjects censored (%)	Median (95 % CI) (months) [a]	n	No. of subjects with events (%)	No. of subjects censored (%)	Median (95 % CI) (months) [a]	Hazard Ratio (95 % CI) [b]	Unstratified log-rank p-value [c]	P-value [d]	
AML Cytogenetic Risk Score											0.1682	
Favorable	13	5 (38.5)	8 (61.5)	NE (0.7, NE)	19	13 (68.4)	6 (31.6)	1.2 (0.2, NE)	0.427 (0.152, 1.201)	0.0976		
Intermediate	195	82 (42.1)	113 (57.9)	5.7 (2.8, NE)	190	76 (40.0)	114 (60.0)	9.0 (3.0, NE)	0.970 (0.710, 1.326)	0.8534		
Unfavorable	19	11 (57.9)	8 (42.1)	2.5 (0.1, NE)	27	9 (33.3)	18 (66.7)	NE (2.1, NE)	2.034 (0.842, 4.913)	0.1114		
Unknown	38	18 (47.4)	20 (52.6)	2.3 (1.2, NE)	31	12 (38.7)	19 (61.3)	NE (1.5, NE)	1.243 (0.598, 2.583)	0.5517		

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SOC: Blood and lymphatic system disorders; PT: Febrile neutropenia

		Quizartinib (N=265)					Placebo (N=268)					Quizartinib vs Placebo		Interaction
Subgroup	n	No. of subjects with events (%)	No. of subjects censored (%)	Median (95 % CI) (months) [a]	n	No. of subjects with events (%)	No. of subjects censored (%)	Median (95 % CI) (months) [a]	n	Hazard Ratio (95 % CI) [b]	Unstratified log-rank p-value [c]	P-value [d]		
ECOG Performance Status at Baseline												0.6046		
0 - Fully Active	87	38 (43.7)	49 (56.3)	NE (2.1, NE)	97	45 (46.4)	52 (53.6)	5.2 (2.3, NE)	97	0.861 (0.559, 1.327)	0.4964			
1 - Restricted in Physically Strenuous Activity	133	61 (45.9)	72 (54.1)	3.9 (2.0, NE)	134	52 (38.8)	82 (61.2)	NE (3.7, NE)	134	1.129 (0.780, 1.635)	0.5150			
2 - Ambulatory and Capable of All Selfcare	45	17 (37.8)	28 (62.2)	NE (1.6, NE)	36	13 (36.1)	23 (63.9)	7.1 (1.5, NE)	36	1.162 (0.563, 2.398)	0.6775			

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SOC: Blood and lymphatic system disorders; PT: Febrile neutropenia

		Quizartinib (N=265)					Placebo (N=268)					Quizartinib vs Placebo		Interaction
Subgroup	n	No. of subjects with events (%)	No. of subjects censored (%)	Median (95 % CI) (months) [a]	n	No. of subjects with events (%)	No. of subjects censored (%)	Median (95 % CI) (months) [a]	Hazard Ratio (95 % CI) [b]	Unstratified log-rank p-value [c]	P-value [d]			
FLT3-ITD category at Baseline													0.0129	
≥3 to ≤25%	94	33 (35.1)	61 (64.9)	NE (2.6, NE)	98	48 (49.0)	50 (51.0)	2.7 (1.5, NE)	0.616 (0.395, 0.961)	0.0310				
>25% to ≤50%	141	69 (48.9)	72 (51.1)	3.5 (1.9, 18.9)	136	50 (36.8)	86 (63.2)	NE (3.7, NE)	1.416 (0.984, 2.038)	0.0592				
>50%	29	14 (48.3)	15 (51.7)	NE (1.6, NE)	34	12 (35.3)	22 (64.7)	4.0 (2.7, NE)	1.177 (0.543, 2.548)	0.6822				

N: number of subjects in analysis set; n: number of subjects in subgroup category; %: proportion of number of subjects in n; CI: confidence interval; NE: not estimable. PT: Preferred Term, SOC: System Organ Class.

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Subgroup	n	No. of subjects with events (%)	No. of subjects censored (%)	Median (95 % CI) (months) [a]	n	No. of subjects with events (%)	No. of subjects censored (%)	Median (95 % CI) (months) [a]	Hazard Ratio (95 % CI) [b]	Unstratified log-rank p-value [c]	P-value [d]	
AML with Mutated NPM1											0.1992	
Yes	139	55 (39.6)	84 (60.4)	NE (3.5, NE)	137	60 (43.8)	77 (56.2)	9.0 (2.7, NE)	0.866 (0.601, 1.249)	0.4454		
No	116	60 (51.7)	56 (48.3)	2.1 (1.7, 4.2)	120	48 (40.0)	72 (60.0)	NE (1.6, NE)	1.234 (0.844, 1.805)	0.2758		

N: number of subjects in analysis set; n: number of subjects in subgroup category; %: proportion of number of subjects in n; CI: confidence interval; NE: not estimable. PT: Preferred Term, SOC: System Organ Class.

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Age by 2 categories											0.7467	
≤60	164	75 (45.7)	89 (54.3)	4.2 (2.2, NE)	163	68 (41.7)	95 (58.3)	5.2 (3.0, NE)	1.055 (0.759, 1.465)	0.7489		
>60	101	41 (40.6)	60 (59.4)	18.9 (2.0, NE)	105	42 (40.0)	63 (60.0)	NE (1.8, NE)	0.967 (0.629, 1.488)	0.8858		

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Pooled Age Group 2											0.5303	
<60	159	28 (17.6)	131 (82.4)	NE (NE, NE)	160	15 (9.4)	145 (90.6)	NE (NE, NE)	1.600 (0.853, 3.001)	0.1391		
≥60 - <65	37	8 (21.6)	29 (78.4)	31.5 (13.2, NE)	43	3 (7.0)	40 (93.0)	NE (NE, NE)	2.947 (0.760, 11.430)	0.1031		
≥65	69	12 (17.4)	57 (82.6)	24.6 (11.6, NE)	65	5 (7.7)	60 (92.3)	NE (NE, NE)	3.216 (1.110, 9.317)	0.0235		

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		No. of subjects with events (%)	No. of subjects censored (%)	Median (95 % CI) [a]	n	No. of subjects with events (%)	No. of subjects censored (%)	Median (95 % CI) [a]	n	Hazard Ratio (95 % CI) [b]	Unstratified log-rank p-value [c]	P-value [d]
Sex												0.1163
Male	124	19 (15.3)	105 (84.7)	NE (NE, NE)	120	4 (3.3)	116 (96.7)	NE (NE, NE)	120	4.117 (1.399, 12.116)	0.0053	
Female	141	29 (20.6)	112 (79.4)	31.5 (17.2, NE)	148	19 (12.8)	129 (87.2)	NE (38.7, NE)	148	1.549 (0.867, 2.767)	0.1364	

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[c] Two-sided p-value from unstratified log-rank test.

[d] Two-sided interaction p-value is for the interaction term from unstratified Cox proportional hazards model with treatment, subgroup, and treatment-by-subgroup interaction as categorical variables in the model. The p-value is based on the Wald test.

Data source: \\AC220-A-U302\Production\Raw\Data_Restricted\rstret_eg\rstret_20211102_eg\rstret_valos\20230516_AMNOG\ADAM\

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Medizinischer Nutzen, medizinischer Zusatznutzen, Patientengruppen mit therap. bedeutsamem Zusatznutzen

Daichi Sankyo | Data Intelligence – Evidence Generation | Final | AC220-A-U302 QUANTUM-First (DCO 13 Aug 2021) | Statistical analyses for AMNOG (HTA Germany)
 Table 3.13.2 Severe Treatment-emergent adverse events (NCI CTCAE grade ≥3) by system organ class (SOC) and preferred term (PT) observed for ≥ 10 patients in at least one arm and ≥ 1% of the patients in at least one arm - Time-to-event analysis - subgroup analysis - DCO 13-Aug-2021 - Safety Analysis Set

SOC: Blood and lymphatic system disorders; PT: Neutropenia

		Quizartinib (N=265)					Placebo (N=268)					Quizartinib vs Placebo		Interaction
Subgroup	n	No. of subjects with events (%)	No. of subjects censored (%)	Median (95 % CI) (months) [a]	n	No. of subjects with events (%)	No. of subjects censored (%)	Median (95 % CI) (months) [a]	Hazard Ratio (95 % CI) [b]	Unstratified log-rank p-value [c]	p-	P-value [d]		
Race by 2 categories														0.4052
White	157	31 (19.7)	126 (80.3)	38.8 (24.6, NE)	161	17 (10.6)	144 (89.4)	NE (38.7, NE)	1.715 (0.948, 3.102)	0.0711				
Non-white	108	17 (15.7)	91 (84.3)	NE (NE, NE)	107	6 (5.6)	101 (94.4)	NE (NE, NE)	2.575 (1.014, 6.537)	0.0391				

N: number of subjects in analysis set; n: number of subjects in subgroup category; %: proportion of number of subjects in n; CI: confidence interval; NE: not estimable. PT: Preferred Term, SOC: System Organ Class.

[a] Median time to first event is from Kaplan-Meier estimate. Confidence Interval for median was computed using the Brookmeyer-Crowley method.

[b] Hazard ratio is from unstratified Cox proportional hazards model with treatment as the only categorical variable in the model. Confidence limits are based on the Wald test.

[c] Two-sided p-value from unstratified log-rank test.

[d] Two-sided interaction p-value is for the interaction term from unstratified Cox proportional hazards model with treatment, subgroup, and treatment-by-subgroup interaction as categorical variables in the model. The p-value is based on the Wald test.

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SOC: Blood and lymphatic system disorders; PT: Neutropenia

		Quizartinib (N=265)					Placebo (N=268)					Quizartinib vs Placebo		Interaction
Subgroup	n	No. of subjects with events (%)	No. of subjects censored (%)	Median (95 % CI) (months) [a]	n	No. of subjects with events (%)	No. of subjects censored (%)	Median (95 % CI) (months) [a]	Hazard Ratio (95 % CI) [b]	Unstratified log-rank p-value [c]	P-value [d]			
Geographic Region 1													0.2667	
North America	16	2 (12.5)	14 (87.5)	NE (NE)	18	2 (11.1)	16 (88.9)	NE (NE, NE)	1.355 (0.190, 9.682)	0.7609				
Europe	161	32 (19.9)	129 (80.1)	38.8 (24.6, NE)	161	18 (11.2)	143 (88.8)	NE (38.7, NE)	1.529 (0.857, 2.729)	0.1474				
Asia/Other Regions	88	14 (15.9)	74 (84.1)	NE (14.9, NE)	89	3 (3.4)	86 (96.6)	NE (NE, NE)	4.202 (1.206, 14.641)	0.0143				

N: number of subjects in analysis set; n: number of subjects in subgroup category; %: proportion of number of subjects in n; CI: confidence interval; NE: not estimable. PT: Preferred Term, SOC: System Organ Class.

[a] Median time to first event is from Kaplan-Meier estimate. Confidence Interval for median was computed using the Brookmeyer-Crowley method.

[b] Hazard ratio is from unstratified Cox proportional hazards model with treatment as the only categorical variable in the model. Confidence limits are based on the Wald test.

[c] Two-sided p-value from unstratified log-rank test.

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SOC: Blood and lymphatic system disorders; PT: Neutropenia

Subgroup	n	Quizartinib (N=265)					Placebo (N=268)					Quizartinib vs Placebo		Interaction
		No. of subjects with events (%)	No. of subjects censored (%)	Median (95 % CI) [a]	n	No. of subjects with events (%)	No. of subjects censored (%)	Median (95 % CI) [a]	Hazard Ratio (95 % CI) [b]	Unstratified log-rank p-value [c]	P-value [d]			
WBC at initial diagnosis														0.5420
< 40x10 ⁹ /L	132	30 (22.7)	102 (77.3)	38.8 (13.7, NE)	133	14 (10.5)	119 (89.5)	NE (38.7, NE)	2.254 (1.195, 4.255)	0.0099				
≥ 40x10 ⁹ /L	133	18 (13.5)	115 (86.5)	NE (28.5, NE)	135	9 (6.7)	126 (93.3)	NE (NE, NE)	1.609 (0.721, 3.591)	0.2413				

N: number of subjects in analysis set; n: number of subjects in subgroup category; %: proportion of number of subjects in n; CI: confidence interval; NE: not estimable. PT: Preferred Term, SOC: System Organ Class.

[a] Median time to first event is from Kaplan-Meier estimate. Confidence Interval for median was computed using the Brookmeyer-Crowley method.

[b] Hazard ratio is from unstratified Cox proportional hazards model with treatment as the only categorical variable in the model. Confidence limits are based on the Wald test.

[c] Two-sided p-value from unstratified log-rank test.

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SOC: Blood and lymphatic system disorders; PT: Neutropenia

		Quizartinib (N=265)					Placebo (N=268)					Quizartinib vs Placebo		Interaction
Subgroup	n	No. of subjects with events (%)	No. of subjects censored (%)	Median (95 % CI) (months) [a]	n	No. of subjects with events (%)	No. of subjects censored (%)	Median (95 % CI) (months) [a]	Hazard Ratio (95 % CI) [b]	Unstratified log-rank p-value [c]	P-value [d]			
Choice of Anthracycline												0.3483		
Daunorubicin	123	19 (15.4)	104 (84.6)	38.8 (28.5, NE)	94	9 (9.6)	85 (90.4)	NE (38.7, NE)	1.440 (0.649, 3.198)	0.3671				
Idarubicin	142	29 (20.4)	113 (79.6)	NE (24.6, NE)	171	14 (8.2)	157 (91.8)	NE (NE, NE)	2.315 (1.223, 4.384)	0.0079				

N: number of subjects in analysis set; n: number of subjects in subgroup category; %: proportion of number of subjects in n; CI: confidence interval; NE: not estimable. PT: Preferred Term, SOC: System Organ Class.

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SOC: Blood and lymphatic system disorders; PT: Neutropenia

		Quizartinib (N=265)					Placebo (N=268)					Quizartinib vs Placebo		Interaction
Subgroup	n	No. of subjects with events (%)	No. of subjects censored (%)	Median (95 % CI) (months) [a]	n	No. of subjects with events (%)	No. of subjects censored (%)	Median (95 % CI) (months) [a]	n	Hazard Ratio (95 % CI) [b]	Unstratified log-rank p-value [c]	P-value [d]		
AML Cytogenetic Risk Score												0.9521		
Favorable	13	0	13 (100)	NE (NE, NE)	19	0	19 (100)	NE (NE, NE)	19	NE (NE, NE)	NE			
Intermediate	195	37 (19.0)	158 (81.0)	NE (24.6, NE)	190	17 (8.9)	173 (91.1)	NE (NE, NE)	190	1.875 (1.055, 3.334)	0.0296			
Unfavorable	19	2 (10.5)	17 (89.5)	NE (18.3, NE)	27	2 (7.4)	25 (92.6)	NE (NE, NE)	27	1.124 (0.143, 8.864)	0.9117			
Unknown	38	9 (23.7)	29 (76.3)	31.5 (11.5, NE)	31	4 (12.9)	27 (87.1)	NE (17.1, NE)	31	1.704 (0.522, 5.562)	0.3714			

N: number of subjects in analysis set; n: number of subjects in subgroup category; %: proportion of number of subjects in n; CI: confidence interval; NE: not estimable. PT: Preferred Term, SOC: System Organ Class.

[a] Median time to first event is from Kaplan-Meier estimate. Confidence Interval for median was computed using the Brookmeyer-Crowley method.

[b] Hazard ratio is from unstratified Cox proportional hazards model with treatment as the only categorical variable in the model. Confidence limits are based on the Wald test.

[c] Two-sided p-value from unstratified log-rank test.

[d] Two-sided interaction p-value is for the interaction term from unstratified Cox proportional hazards model with treatment, subgroup, and treatment-by-subgroup interaction as categorical variables in the model. The p-value is based on the Wald test.

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SOC: Blood and lymphatic system disorders; PT: Neutropenia

		Quizartinib (N=265)					Placebo (N=268)					Quizartinib vs Placebo		Interaction
Subgroup	n	No. of subjects with events (%)	No. of subjects censored (%)	Median (95 % CI) (months) [a]	n	No. of subjects with events (%)	No. of subjects censored (%)	Median (95 % CI) (months) [a]	n	Hazard Ratio (95 % CI) [b]	Unstratified log-rank p-value [c]	P-value [d]		
ECOG Performance Status at Baseline												0.1004		
0 - Fully Active	87	15 (17.2)	72 (82.8)	NE (24.6, NE)	97	13 (13.4)	84 (86.6)	NE (38.7, NE)	97	1.085 (0.515, 2.287)	0.8290			
1 - Restricted in Physically Strenuous Activity	133	25 (18.8)	108 (81.2)	31.5 (26.8, NE)	134	7 (5.2)	127 (94.8)	NE (NE, NE)	127	3.575 (1.542, 8.289)	0.0015			
2 - Ambulatory and Capable of All Selfcare	45	8 (17.8)	37 (82.2)	NE (9.5, NE)	36	3 (8.3)	33 (91.7)	NE (NE, NE)	36	1.795 (0.471, 6.845)	0.3848			

N: number of subjects in analysis set; n: number of subjects in subgroup category; %: proportion of number of subjects in n; CI: confidence interval; NE: not estimable. PT: Preferred Term, SOC: System Organ Class.

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[c] Two-sided p-value from unstratified log-rank test.

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SOC: Blood and lymphatic system disorders; PT: Neutropenia

		Quizartinib (N=265)					Placebo (N=268)					Quizartinib vs Placebo		Interaction
Subgroup	n	No. of subjects with events (%)	No. of subjects censored (%)	Median (95 % CI) (months) [a]	n	No. of subjects with events (%)	No. of subjects censored (%)	Median (95 % CI) (months) [a]	Hazard Ratio (95 % CI) [b]	Unstratified log-rank p-value [c]	P-value [d]			
FLT3-ITD category at Baseline													0.5856	
≥3 to ≤25%	94	17 (18.1)	77 (81.9)	38.8 (26.8, NE)	98	12 (12.2)	86 (87.8)	NE (38.7, NE)	1.468 (0.701, 3.076)	0.3062				
>25% to ≤50%	141	25 (17.7)	116 (82.3)	NE (18.3, NE)	136	9 (6.6)	127 (93.4)	NE (NE, NE)	2.461 (1.147, 5.279)	0.0168				
>50%	29	6 (20.7)	23 (79.3)	31.5 (7.6, NE)	34	2 (5.9)	32 (94.1)	NE (NE, NE)	1.872 (0.369, 9.485)	0.4422				

N: number of subjects in analysis set; n: number of subjects in subgroup category; %: proportion of number of subjects in n; CI: confidence interval; NE: not estimable. PT: Preferred Term, SOC: System Organ Class.

[a] Median time to first event is from Kaplan-Meier estimate. Confidence Interval for median was computed using the Brookmeyer-Crowley method.

[b] Hazard ratio is from unstratified Cox proportional hazards model with treatment as the only categorical variable in the model. Confidence limits are based on the Wald test.

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SOC: Blood and lymphatic system disorders; PT: Neutropenia

		Quizartinib (N=265)					Placebo (N=268)					Quizartinib vs Placebo		Interaction
Subgroup	n	No. of subjects with events (%)	No. of subjects censored (%)	Median (95 % CI) (months) [a]	n	No. of subjects with events (%)	No. of subjects censored (%)	Median (95 % CI) (months) [a]	Hazard Ratio (95 % CI) [b]	Unstratified log-rank p-value [c]	P-value [d]			
AML with Mutated NPM1												0.2883		
Yes	139	27 (19.4)	112 (80.6)	NE (NE)	26.8, 137	16 (11.7)	121 (88.3)	NE (NE, NE)	1.564 (0.842, 2.906)	0.1539				
No	116	21 (18.1)	95 (81.9)	NE (NE)	18.3, 120	7 (5.8)	113 (94.2)	NE (NE)	2.777 (1.179, 6.545)	0.0148				

N: number of subjects in analysis set; n: number of subjects in subgroup category; %: proportion of number of subjects in n; CI: confidence interval; NE: not estimable. PT: Preferred Term, SOC: System Organ Class.

[a] Median time to first event is from Kaplan-Meier estimate. Confidence Interval for median was computed using the Brookmeyer-Crowley method.

[b] Hazard ratio is from unstratified Cox proportional hazards model with treatment as the only categorical variable in the model. Confidence limits are based on the Wald test.

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SOC: Blood and lymphatic system disorders; PT: Neutropenia

		Quizartinib (N=265)				Placebo (N=268)				Quizartinib vs Placebo		Interaction
Subgroup	n	No. of subjects with events (%)	No. of subjects censored (%)	Median (95 % CI) (months) [a]	n	No. of subjects with events (%)	No. of subjects censored (%)	Median (95 % CI) (months) [a]	Hazard Ratio (95 % CI) [b]	Unstratified log-rank p-value [c]	P-value [d]	
Age by 2 categories											0.2186	
≤60	164	28 (17.1)	136 (82.9)	NE (NE, NE)	163	15 (9.2)	148 (90.8)	NE (NE, NE)	1.570 (0.837, 2.945)	0.1560		
>60	101	20 (19.8)	81 (80.2)	24.6 (13.5, 38.8)	105	8 (7.6)	97 (92.4)	NE (NE, NE)	3.165 (1.380, 7.258)	0.0042		

N: number of subjects in analysis set; n: number of subjects in subgroup category; %: proportion of number of subjects in n; CI: confidence interval; NE: not estimable. PT: Preferred Term, SOC: System Organ Class.

[a] Median time to first event is from Kaplan-Meier estimate. Confidence Interval for median was computed using the Brookmeyer-Crowley method.

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SOC: Blood and lymphatic system disorders; PT: Thrombocytopenia

		Quizartinib (N=265)				Placebo (N=268)				Quizartinib vs Placebo		Interaction
Subgroup	n	No. of subjects with events (%)	No. of subjects censored (%)	Median (95 % CI) (months) [a]	n	No. of subjects with events (%)	No. of subjects censored (%)	Median (95 % CI) (months) [a]	Hazard Ratio (95 % CI) [b]	Unstratified log-rank p-value [c]	P-value [d]	
Pooled Age Group 2											0.9762	
<60	159	13 (8.2)	146 (91.8)	NE (NE, NE)	160	16 (10.0)	144 (90.0)	NE (NE, NE)	0.689 (0.330, 1.438)	0.3185		
≥60 - <65	37	4 (10.8)	33 (89.2)	NE (NE, NE)	43	5 (11.6)	38 (88.4)	NE (NE, NE)	0.745 (0.198, 2.800)	0.6615		
≥65	69	4 (5.8)	65 (94.2)	NE (NE, NE)	65	5 (7.7)	60 (92.3)	NE (NE, NE)	0.808 (0.217, 3.011)	0.7504		

N: number of subjects in analysis set; n: number of subjects in subgroup category; %: proportion of number of subjects in n; CI: confidence interval; NE: not estimable. PT: Preferred Term, SOC: System Organ Class.

[a] Median time to first event is from Kaplan-Meier estimate. Confidence Interval for median was computed using the Brookmeyer-Crowley method.

[b] Hazard ratio is from unstratified Cox proportional hazards model with treatment as the only categorical variable in the model. Confidence limits are based on the Wald test.

[c] Two-sided p-value from unstratified log-rank test.

[d] Two-sided interaction p-value is for the interaction term from unstratified Cox proportional hazards model with treatment, subgroup, and treatment-by-subgroup interaction as categorical variables in the model. The p-value is based on the Wald test.

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Medizinischer Nutzen, medizinischer Zusatznutzen, Patientengruppen mit therap. bedeutsamem Zusatznutzen

Daichi Sankyo | Data Intelligence – Evidence Generation | Final | AC220-A-U302 QUANTUM-First (DCO 13 Aug 2021) | Statistical analyses for AMNOG (HTA Germany)
 Table 3.13.2 Severe Treatment-emergent adverse events (NCI CTCAE grade ≥3) by system organ class (SOC) and preferred term (PT) observed for ≥ 10 patients in at least one arm and ≥ 1% of the patients in at least one arm - Time-to-event analysis - subgroup analysis - DCO 13-Aug-2021 - Safety Analysis Set

SOC: Blood and lymphatic system disorders; PT: Thrombocytopenia

Subgroup	n	Quizartinib (N=265)				Placebo (N=268)				Quizartinib vs Placebo		Interaction
		No. of subjects with events (%)	No. of subjects censored (%)	Median (95 % CI) [a]	n	No. of subjects with events (%)	No. of subjects censored (%)	Median (95 % CI) [a]	n	Hazard Ratio (95 % CI) [b]	Unstratified log-rank p-value [c]	P-value [d]
Sex												0.8638
Male	124	9 (7.3)	115 (92.7)	NE (NE, NE)	120	11 (9.2)	109 (90.8)	NE (NE, NE)	120	0.685 (0.283, 1.659)	0.4005	
Female	141	12 (8.5)	129 (91.5)	NE (NE, NE)	148	15 (10.1)	133 (89.9)	NE (NE, NE)	148	0.747 (0.349, 1.600)	0.4525	

N: number of subjects in analysis set; n: number of subjects in subgroup category; %: proportion of number of subjects in n; CI: confidence interval; NE: not estimable. PT: Preferred Term, SOC: System Organ Class.

[a] Median time to first event is from Kaplan-Meier estimate. Confidence Interval for median was computed using the Brookmeyer-Crowley method.

[b] Hazard ratio is from unstratified Cox proportional hazards model with treatment as the only categorical variable in the model. Confidence limits are based on the Wald test.

[c] Two-sided p-value from unstratified log-rank test.

[d] Two-sided interaction p-value is for the interaction term from unstratified Cox proportional hazards model with treatment, subgroup, and treatment-by-subgroup interaction as categorical variables in the model. The p-value is based on the Wald test.

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SOC: Blood and lymphatic system disorders; PT: Thrombocytopenia

		Quizartinib (N=265)				Placebo (N=268)				Quizartinib vs Placebo		Interaction
Subgroup	n	No. of subjects with events (%)	No. of subjects censored (%)	Median (95 % CI) (months) [a]	n	No. of subjects with events (%)	No. of subjects censored (%)	Median (95 % CI) (months) [a]	Hazard Ratio (95 % CI) [b]	Unstratified log-rank p-value [c]	P-value [d]	
Race by 2 categories											0.6446	
White	157	15 (9.6)	142 (90.4)	NE (NE, NE)	161	17 (10.6)	144 (89.4)	NE (NE, NE)	0.770 (0.383, 1.547)	0.4614		
Non-white	108	6 (5.6)	102 (94.4)	NE (NE, NE)	107	9 (8.4)	98 (91.6)	NE (NE, NE)	0.595 (0.212, 1.675)	0.3200		

N: number of subjects in analysis set; n: number of subjects in subgroup category; %: proportion of number of subjects in n; CI: confidence interval; NE: not estimable. PT: Preferred Term, SOC: System Organ Class.

[a] Median time to first event is from Kaplan-Meier estimate. Confidence Interval for median was computed using the Brookmeyer-Crowley method.

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[c] Two-sided p-value from unstratified log-rank test.

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SOC: Blood and lymphatic system disorders; PT: Thrombocytopenia

		Quizartinib (N=265)					Placebo (N=268)					Quizartinib vs Placebo		Interaction
Subgroup	n	No. of subjects with events (%)	No. of subjects censored (%)	Median (95 % CI) (months) [a]	n	No. of subjects with events (%)	No. of subjects censored (%)	Median (95 % CI) (months) [a]	Hazard Ratio (95 % CI) [b]	Unstratified log-rank p-value [c]	P-value [d]			
Geographic Region 1													0.7444	
North America	16	0	16 (100)	NE (NE, NE)	18	5 (27.8)	13 (72.2)	NE (1.6, NE)	0.000 (0.000, NE)	0.0443				
Europe	161	14 (8.7)	147 (91.3)	NE (NE, NE)	161	16 (9.9)	145 (90.1)	NE (NE, NE)	0.737 (0.359, 1.516)	0.4058				
Asia/Other Regions	88	7 (8.0)	81 (92.0)	NE (NE, NE)	89	5 (5.6)	84 (94.4)	NE (NE, NE)	1.247 (0.394, 3.941)	0.7080				

N: number of subjects in analysis set; n: number of subjects in subgroup category; %: proportion of number of subjects in n; CI: confidence interval; NE: not estimable. PT: Preferred Term, SOC: System Organ Class.

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		Quizartinib (N=265)					Placebo (N=268)					Quizartinib vs Placebo		Interaction
Subgroup	n	No. of subjects with events (%)	No. of subjects censored (%)	Median (95 % CI) (months) [a]	n	No. of subjects with events (%)	No. of subjects censored (%)	Median (95 % CI) (months) [a]	Hazard Ratio (95 % CI) [b]	Unstratified log-rank p-value [c]	p-	P-value [d]		
WBC at initial diagnosis														0.5806
< 40x10 ⁹ /L	132	12 (9.1)	120 (90.9)	NE (NE, NE)	133	14 (10.5)	119 (89.5)	NE (NE, NE)	0.838 (0.387, 1.815)	0.6537				
≥ 40x10 ⁹ /L	133	9 (6.8)	124 (93.2)	NE (NE, NE)	135	12 (8.9)	123 (91.1)	NE (NE, NE)	0.603 (0.253, 1.437)	0.2488				

N: number of subjects in analysis set; n: number of subjects in subgroup category; %: proportion of number of subjects in n; CI: confidence interval; NE: not estimable. PT: Preferred Term, SOC: System Organ Class.

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SOC: Blood and lymphatic system disorders; PT: Thrombocytopenia

		Quizartinib (N=265)				Placebo (N=268)				Quizartinib vs Placebo		Interaction
Subgroup	n	No. of subjects with events (%)	No. of subjects censored (%)	Median (95 % CI) (months) [a]	n	No. of subjects with events (%)	No. of subjects censored (%)	Median (95 % CI) (months) [a]	Hazard Ratio (95 % CI) [b]	Unstratified log-rank p-value [c]	P-value [d]	
Choice of Anthracycline											0.5309	
Daunorubicin	123	10 (8.1)	113 (91.9)	NE (NE, NE)	94	7 (7.4)	87 (92.6)	NE (NE, NE)	0.956 (0.363, 2.519)	0.9279		
Idarubicin	142	11 (7.7)	131 (92.3)	NE (NE, NE)	171	18 (10.5)	153 (89.5)	NE (NE, NE)	0.641 (0.302, 1.360)	0.2429		

N: number of subjects in analysis set; n: number of subjects in subgroup category; %: proportion of number of subjects in n; CI: confidence interval; NE: not estimable. PT: Preferred Term, SOC: System Organ Class.

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SOC: Blood and lymphatic system disorders; PT: Thrombocytopenia

		Quizartinib (N=265)				Placebo (N=268)				Quizartinib vs Placebo		Interaction
Subgroup	n	No. of subjects with events (%)	No. of subjects censored (%)	Median (95 % CI) (months) [a]	n	No. of subjects with events (%)	No. of subjects censored (%)	Median (95 % CI) (months) [a]	Hazard Ratio (95 % CI) [b]	Unstratified log-rank p-value [c]	P-value [d]	
AML Cytogenetic Risk Score											0.9995	
Favorable	13	0	13 (100)	NE (NE, NE)	19	2 (10.5)	17 (89.5)	NE (NE, NE)	0.000 (0.000, NE)	0.2595		
Intermediate	195	16 (8.2)	179 (91.8)	NE (NE, NE)	190	18 (9.5)	172 (90.5)	NE (NE, NE)	0.734 (0.374, 1.442)	0.3678		
Unfavorable	19	1 (5.3)	18 (94.7)	NE (6.4, NE)	27	2 (7.4)	25 (92.6)	NE (NE, NE)	0.647 (0.057, 7.303)	0.7228		
Unknown	38	4 (10.5)	34 (89.5)	NE (NE, NE)	31	4 (12.9)	27 (87.1)	NE (NE, NE)	0.775 (0.192, 3.122)	0.7189		

N: number of subjects in analysis set; n: number of subjects in subgroup category; %: proportion of number of subjects in n; CI: confidence interval; NE: not estimable. PT: Preferred Term, SOC: System Organ Class.

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[c] Two-sided p-value from unstratified log-rank test.

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SOC: Blood and lymphatic system disorders; PT: Thrombocytopenia

		Quizartinib (N=265)					Placebo (N=268)					Quizartinib vs Placebo		Interaction
Subgroup	n	No. of subjects with events (%)	No. of subjects censored (%)	Median (95 % CI) (months) [a]	n	No. of subjects with events (%)	No. of subjects censored (%)	Median (95 % CI) (months) [a]	n	Hazard Ratio (95 % CI) [b]	Unstratified log-rank p-value [c]	P-value [d]		
ECOG Performance Status at Baseline												0.2298		
0 - Fully Active	87	4 (4.6)	83 (95.4)	NE (NE, NE)	97	12 (12.4)	85 (87.6)	NE (NE, NE)	97	0.317 (0.102, 0.986)	0.0363			
1 - Restricted in Physically Strenuous Activity	133	11 (8.3)	122 (91.7)	NE (NE, NE)	134	10 (7.5)	124 (92.5)	NE (NE, NE)	134	0.987 (0.418, 2.329)	0.9751			
2 - Ambulatory and Capable of All Selfcare	45	6 (13.3)	39 (86.7)	NE (17.1, NE)	36	4 (11.1)	32 (88.9)	NE (NE, NE)	36	0.922 (0.253, 3.364)	0.9027			

N: number of subjects in analysis set; n: number of subjects in subgroup category; %: proportion of number of subjects in n; CI: confidence interval; NE: not estimable. PT: Preferred Term, SOC: System Organ Class.

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Subgroup	n	No. of subjects with events (%)	No. of subjects censored (%)	Median (95 % CI) (months) [a]	n	No. of subjects with events (%)	No. of subjects censored (%)	Median (95 % CI) (months) [a]	Hazard Ratio (95 % CI) [b]	Unstratified log-rank p-value [c]	P-value [d]			
FLT3-ITD category at Baseline													0.8493	
≥3 to ≤25%	94	8 (8.5)	86 (91.5)	NE (NE, NE)	98	10 (10.2)	88 (89.8)	NE (NE, NE)	0.794 (0.313, 2.014)	0.6263				
>25% to ≤50%	141	9 (6.4)	132 (93.6)	NE (NE, NE)	136	11 (8.1)	125 (91.9)	NE (NE, NE)	0.691 (0.285, 1.673)	0.4088				
>50%	29	3 (10.3)	26 (89.7)	NE (11.5, NE)	34	5 (14.7)	29 (85.3)	NE (NE, NE)	0.540 (0.125, 2.334)	0.4030				

N: number of subjects in analysis set; n: number of subjects in subgroup category; %: proportion of number of subjects in n; CI: confidence interval; NE: not estimable. PT: Preferred Term, SOC: System Organ Class.

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SOC: Blood and lymphatic system disorders; PT: Thrombocytopenia

Subgroup	n	Quizartinib (N=265)				Placebo (N=268)				Quizartinib vs Placebo		Interaction
		No. of subjects with events (%)	No. of subjects censored (%)	Median (95 % CI) (months) [a]	n	No. of subjects with events (%)	No. of subjects censored (%)	Median (95 % CI) (months) [a]	n	Hazard Ratio (95 % CI) [b]	Unstratified log-rank p-value [c]	P-value [d]
AML with Mutated NPM1											0.0213	
Yes	139	10 (7.2)	129 (92.8)	NE (NE, NE)	137	21 (15.3)	116 (84.7)	NE (NE, NE)	137	0.415 (0.195, 0.884)	0.0186	
No	116	9 (7.8)	107 (92.2)	NE (NE, NE)	120	4 (3.3)	116 (96.7)	NE (NE, NE)	120	2.090 (0.643, 6.796)	0.2100	

N: number of subjects in analysis set; n: number of subjects in subgroup category; %: proportion of number of subjects in n; CI: confidence interval; NE: not estimable. PT: Preferred Term, SOC: System Organ Class.

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Medizinischer Nutzen, medizinischer Zusatznutzen, Patientengruppen mit therap. bedeutsamem Zusatznutzen

Daichi Sankyo | Data Intelligence – Evidence Generation | Final | AC220-A-U302 QUANTUM-First (DCO 13 Aug 2021) | Statistical analyses for AMNOG (HTA Germany)
 Table 3.13.2 Severe Treatment-emergent adverse events (NCI CTCAE grade ≥3) by system organ class (SOC) and preferred term (PT) observed for ≥ 10 patients in at least one arm and ≥ 1% of the patients in at least one arm - Time-to-event analysis - subgroup analysis - DCO 13-Aug-2021 - Safety Analysis Set

SOC: Blood and lymphatic system disorders; PT: Thrombocytopenia

		Quizartinib (N=265)				Placebo (N=268)				Quizartinib vs Placebo		Interaction
Subgroup	n	No. of subjects with events (%)	No. of subjects censored (%)	Median (95 % CI) (months) [a]	n	No. of subjects with events (%)	No. of subjects censored (%)	Median (95 % CI) (months) [a]	Hazard Ratio (95 % CI) [b]	Unstratified log-rank p-value [c]	P-value [d]	
Age by 2 categories											0.9606	
≤60	164	14 (8.5)	150 (91.5)	NE (NE, NE)	163	16 (9.8)	147 (90.2)	NE (NE, NE)	0.732 (0.356, 1.507)	0.3958		
>60	101	7 (6.9)	94 (93.1)	NE (NE, NE)	105	10 (9.5)	95 (90.5)	NE (NE, NE)	0.692 (0.263, 1.820)	0.4534		

N: number of subjects in analysis set; n: number of subjects in subgroup category; %: proportion of number of subjects in n; CI: confidence interval; NE: not estimable. PT: Preferred Term, SOC: System Organ Class.

[a] Median time to first event is from Kaplan-Meier estimate. Confidence Interval for median was computed using the Brookmeyer-Crowley method.

[b] Hazard ratio is from unstratified Cox proportional hazards model with treatment as the only categorical variable in the model. Confidence limits are based on the Wald test.

[c] Two-sided p-value from unstratified log-rank test.

[d] Two-sided interaction p-value is for the interaction term from unstratified Cox proportional hazards model with treatment, subgroup, and treatment-by-subgroup interaction as categorical variables in the model. The p-value is based on the Wald test.

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SOC: Blood and lymphatic system disorders; PT: Anaemia

		Quizartinib (N=265)				Placebo (N=268)				Quizartinib vs Placebo		Interaction
Subgroup	n	No. of subjects with events (%)	No. of subjects censored (%)	Median (95 % CI) (months) [a]	n	No. of subjects with events (%)	No. of subjects censored (%)	Median (95 % CI) (months) [a]	Hazard Ratio (95 % CI) [b]	Unstratified log-rank p-value [c]	P-value [d]	
Pooled Age Group 2											0.9998	
<60	159	9 (5.7)	150 (94.3)	NE (NE, NE)	160	10 (6.3)	150 (93.8)	NE (NE, NE)	0.782 (0.316, 1.932)	0.5921		
≥60 - <65	37	3 (8.1)	34 (91.9)	NE (NE, NE)	43	4 (9.3)	39 (90.7)	NE (NE, NE)	0.760 (0.169, 3.421)	0.7198		
≥65	69	3 (4.3)	66 (95.7)	NE (NE, NE)	65	0	65 (100)	NE (NE, NE)	NE (0.000, NE)	0.0836		

N: number of subjects in analysis set; n: number of subjects in subgroup category; %: proportion of number of subjects in n; CI: confidence interval; NE: not estimable. PT: Preferred Term, SOC: System Organ Class.

[a] Median time to first event is from Kaplan-Meier estimate. Confidence Interval for median was computed using the Brookmeyer-Crowley method.

[b] Hazard ratio is from unstratified Cox proportional hazards model with treatment as the only categorical variable in the model. Confidence limits are based on the Wald test.

[c] Two-sided p-value from unstratified log-rank test.

[d] Two-sided interaction p-value is for the interaction term from unstratified Cox proportional hazards model with treatment, subgroup, and treatment-by-subgroup interaction as categorical variables in the model. The p-value is based on the Wald test.

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SOC: Blood and lymphatic system disorders; PT: Anaemia

Subgroup	n	Quizartinib (N=265)				Placebo (N=268)				Quizartinib vs Placebo		Interaction
		No. of subjects with events (%)	No. of subjects censored (%)	Median (95 % CI) (months) [a]	n	No. of subjects with events (%)	No. of subjects censored (%)	Median (95 % CI) (months) [a]	n	Hazard Ratio (95 % CI) [b]	Unstratified log-rank p-value [c]	P-value [d]
Sex												0.4863
Male	124	6 (4.8)	118 (95.2)	NE (NE, NE)	120	7 (5.8)	113 (94.2)	NE (NE, NE)	120	0.740 (0.248, 2.212)	0.5874	
Female	141	9 (6.4)	132 (93.6)	NE (NE, NE)	148	7 (4.7)	141 (95.3)	NE (NE, NE)	148	1.260 (0.469, 3.389)	0.6462	

N: number of subjects in analysis set; n: number of subjects in subgroup category; %: proportion of number of subjects in n; CI: confidence interval; NE: not estimable. PT: Preferred Term, SOC: System Organ Class.

[a] Median time to first event is from Kaplan-Meier estimate. Confidence Interval for median was computed using the Brookmeyer-Crowley method.

[b] Hazard ratio is from unstratified Cox proportional hazards model with treatment as the only categorical variable in the model. Confidence limits are based on the Wald test.

[c] Two-sided p-value from unstratified log-rank test.

[d] Two-sided interaction p-value is for the interaction term from unstratified Cox proportional hazards model with treatment, subgroup, and treatment-by-subgroup interaction as categorical variables in the model. The p-value is based on the Wald test.

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SOC: Blood and lymphatic system disorders; PT: Anaemia

		Quizartinib (N=265)				Placebo (N=268)				Quizartinib vs Placebo		Interaction
Subgroup	n	No. of subjects with events (%)	No. of subjects censored (%)	Median (95 % CI) (months) [a]	n	No. of subjects with events (%)	No. of subjects censored (%)	Median (95 % CI) (months) [a]	Hazard Ratio (95 % CI) [b]	Unstratified log-rank p-value [c]	P-value [d]	
Race by 2 categories											0.5765	
White	157	10 (6.4)	147 (93.6)	NE (NE, NE)	161	8 (5.0)	153 (95.0)	NE (NE, NE)	1.145 (0.451, 2.910)	0.7759		
Non-white	108	5 (4.6)	103 (95.4)	NE (NE, NE)	107	6 (5.6)	101 (94.4)	NE (NE, NE)	0.780 (0.238, 2.559)	0.6808		

N: number of subjects in analysis set; n: number of subjects in subgroup category; %: proportion of number of subjects in n; CI: confidence interval; NE: not estimable. PT: Preferred Term, SOC: System Organ Class.

[a] Median time to first event is from Kaplan-Meier estimate. Confidence Interval for median was computed using the Brookmeyer-Crowley method.

[b] Hazard ratio is from unstratified Cox proportional hazards model with treatment as the only categorical variable in the model. Confidence limits are based on the Wald test.

[c] Two-sided p-value from unstratified log-rank test.

[d] Two-sided interaction p-value is for the interaction term from unstratified Cox proportional hazards model with treatment, subgroup, and treatment-by-subgroup interaction as categorical variables in the model. The p-value is based on the Wald test.

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SOC: Blood and lymphatic system disorders; PT: Anaemia

		Quizartinib (N=265)					Placebo (N=268)					Quizartinib vs Placebo		Interaction
Subgroup	n	No. of subjects with events (%)	No. of subjects censored (%)	Median (95 % CI) (months) [a]	n	No. of subjects with events (%)	No. of subjects censored (%)	Median (95 % CI) (months) [a]	Hazard Ratio (95 % CI) [b]	Unstratified log-rank p-value [c]	P-value [d]			
Geographic Region 1													0.5426	
North America	16	1 (6.3)	15 (93.8)	NE (1.8, NE)	18	3 (16.7)	15 (83.3)	NE (3.0, NE)	0.547 (0.056, 5.363)	0.5990				
Europe	161	8 (5.0)	153 (95.0)	NE (NE, NE)	161	8 (5.0)	153 (95.0)	NE (NE, NE)	0.871 (0.326, 2.328)	0.7838				
Asia/Other Regions	88	6 (6.8)	82 (93.2)	NE (NE, NE)	89	3 (3.4)	86 (96.6)	NE (NE, NE)	2.019 (0.504, 8.080)	0.3108				

N: number of subjects in analysis set; n: number of subjects in subgroup category; %: proportion of number of subjects in n; CI: confidence interval; NE: not estimable. PT: Preferred Term, SOC: System Organ Class.

[a] Median time to first event is from Kaplan-Meier estimate. Confidence Interval for median was computed using the Brookmeyer-Crowley method.

[b] Hazard ratio is from unstratified Cox proportional hazards model with treatment as the only categorical variable in the model. Confidence limits are based on the Wald test.

[c] Two-sided p-value from unstratified log-rank test.

[d] Two-sided interaction p-value is for the interaction term from unstratified Cox proportional hazards model with treatment, subgroup, and treatment-by-subgroup interaction as categorical variables in the model. The p-value is based on the Wald test.

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SOC: Blood and lymphatic system disorders; PT: Anaemia

Subgroup	n	Quizartinib (N=265)				Placebo (N=268)				Quizartinib vs Placebo		Interaction
		No. of subjects with events (%)	No. of subjects censored (%)	Median (95 % CI) (months) [a]	n	No. of subjects with events (%)	No. of subjects censored (%)	Median (95 % CI) (months) [a]	n	Hazard Ratio (95 % CI) [b]	Unstratified log-rank p-value [c]	P-value [d]
WBC at initial diagnosis											0.9664	
< 40x10 ⁹ /L	132	7 (5.3)	125 (94.7)	NE (NE, NE)	133	7 (5.3)	126 (94.7)	NE (NE, NE)	133	1.037 (0.363, 2.958)	0.9465	
≥ 40x10 ⁹ /L	133	8 (6.0)	125 (94.0)	NE (NE, NE)	135	7 (5.2)	128 (94.8)	NE (NE, NE)	135	0.954 (0.344, 2.650)	0.9278	

N: number of subjects in analysis set; n: number of subjects in subgroup category; %: proportion of number of subjects in n; CI: confidence interval; NE: not estimable. PT: Preferred Term, SOC: System Organ Class.

[a] Median time to first event is from Kaplan-Meier estimate. Confidence Interval for median was computed using the Brookmeyer-Crowley method.

[b] Hazard ratio is from unstratified Cox proportional hazards model with treatment as the only categorical variable in the model. Confidence limits are based on the Wald test.

[c] Two-sided p-value from unstratified log-rank test.

[d] Two-sided interaction p-value is for the interaction term from unstratified Cox proportional hazards model with treatment, subgroup, and treatment-by-subgroup interaction as categorical variables in the model. The p-value is based on the Wald test.

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SOC: Blood and lymphatic system disorders; PT: Anaemia

		Quizartinib (N=265)					Placebo (N=268)					Quizartinib vs Placebo		Interaction
Subgroup	n	No. of subjects with events (%)	No. of subjects censored (%)	Median (95 % CI) (months) [a]	n	No. of subjects with events (%)	No. of subjects censored (%)	Median (95 % CI) (months) [a]	Hazard Ratio (95 % CI) [b]	Unstratified log-rank p-value [c]	p-	P-value [d]		
Choice of Anthracycline													0.2244	
Daunorubicin	123	7 (5.7)	116 (94.3)	NE (NE, NE)	94	2 (2.1)	92 (97.9)	NE (NE, NE)	2.321 (0.480, 11.210)	0.2808				
Idarubicin	142	8 (5.6)	134 (94.4)	NE (NE, NE)	171	11 (6.4)	160 (93.6)	NE (NE, NE)	0.819 (0.329, 2.038)	0.6666				

N: number of subjects in analysis set; n: number of subjects in subgroup category; %: proportion of number of subjects in n; CI: confidence interval; NE: not estimable. PT: Preferred Term, SOC: System Organ Class.

[a] Median time to first event is from Kaplan-Meier estimate. Confidence Interval for median was computed using the Brookmeyer-Crowley method.

[b] Hazard ratio is from unstratified Cox proportional hazards model with treatment as the only categorical variable in the model. Confidence limits are based on the Wald test.

[c] Two-sided p-value from unstratified log-rank test.

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SOC: Blood and lymphatic system disorders; PT: Anaemia

		Quizartinib (N=265)				Placebo (N=268)				Quizartinib vs Placebo		Interaction
Subgroup	n	No. of subjects with events (%)	No. of subjects censored (%)	Median (95 % CI) (months) [a]	n	No. of subjects with events (%)	No. of subjects censored (%)	Median (95 % CI) (months) [a]	Hazard Ratio (95 % CI) [b]	Unstratified log-rank p-value [c]	P-value [d]	
AML Cytogenetic Risk Score											0.8323	
Favorable	13	0	13 (100)	NE (NE, NE)	19	2 (10.5)	17 (89.5)	NE (NE, NE)	0.000 (0.000, NE)	0.2595		
Intermediate	195	12 (6.2)	183 (93.8)	NE (NE, NE)	190	8 (4.2)	182 (95.8)	NE (NE, NE)	1.259 (0.513, 3.088)	0.6143		
Unfavorable	19	1 (5.3)	18 (94.7)	NE (NE, NE)	27	1 (3.7)	26 (96.3)	NE (NE, NE)	1.502 (0.094, 24.044)	0.7721		
Unknown	38	2 (5.3)	36 (94.7)	NE (NE, NE)	31	3 (9.7)	28 (90.3)	NE (NE, NE)	0.588 (0.098, 3.519)	0.5505		

N: number of subjects in analysis set; n: number of subjects in subgroup category; %: proportion of number of subjects in n; CI: confidence interval; NE: not estimable. PT: Preferred Term, SOC: System Organ Class.

[a] Median time to first event is from Kaplan-Meier estimate. Confidence Interval for median was computed using the Brookmeyer-Crowley method.

[b] Hazard ratio is from unstratified Cox proportional hazards model with treatment as the only categorical variable in the model. Confidence limits are based on the Wald test.

[c] Two-sided p-value from unstratified log-rank test.

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SOC: Blood and lymphatic system disorders; PT: Anaemia

		Quizartinib (N=265)				Placebo (N=268)				Quizartinib vs Placebo		Interaction
Subgroup	n	No. of subjects with events (%)	No. of subjects censored (%)	Median (95 % CI) (months) [a]	n	No. of subjects with events (%)	No. of subjects censored (%)	Median (95 % CI) (months) [a]	Hazard Ratio (95 % CI) [b]	Unstratified log-rank p-value [c]	P-value [d]	
ECOG Performance Status at Baseline											0.7557	
0 - Fully Active	87	5 (5.7)	82 (94.3)	NE (NE, NE)	97	6 (6.2)	91 (93.8)	NE (NE, NE)	0.836 (0.254, 2.748)	0.7679		
1 - Restricted in Physically Strenuous Activity	133	7 (5.3)	126 (94.7)	NE (NE, NE)	134	7 (5.2)	127 (94.8)	NE (NE, NE)	0.928 (0.325, 2.650)	0.8888		
2 - Ambulatory and Capable of All Selfcare	45	3 (6.7)	42 (93.3)	NE (NE, NE)	36	1 (2.8)	35 (97.2)	NE (NE, NE)	2.011 (0.200, 20.243)	0.5484		

N: number of subjects in analysis set; n: number of subjects in subgroup category; %: proportion of number of subjects in n; CI: confidence interval; NE: not estimable. PT: Preferred Term, SOC: System Organ Class.

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SOC: Blood and lymphatic system disorders; PT: Anaemia

		Quizartinib (N=265)					Placebo (N=268)					Quizartinib vs Placebo		Interaction
Subgroup	n	No. of subjects with events (%)	No. of subjects censored (%)	Median (95 % CI) (months) [a]	n	No. of subjects with events (%)	No. of subjects censored (%)	Median (95 % CI) (months) [a]	Hazard Ratio (95 % CI) [b]	Unstratified log-rank p-value [c]	P-value [d]			
FLT3-ITD category at Baseline													0.9017	
≥3 to ≤25%	94	7 (7.4)	87 (92.6)	NE (NE, NE)	98	8 (8.2)	90 (91.8)	NE (NE, NE)	0.895 (0.324, 2.472)	0.8309				
>25% to ≤50%	141	7 (5.0)	134 (95.0)	NE (NE, NE)	136	5 (3.7)	131 (96.3)	NE (NE, NE)	1.211 (0.383, 3.832)	0.7449				
>50%	29	1 (3.4)	28 (96.6)	NE (NE, NE)	34	1 (2.9)	33 (97.1)	NE (NE, NE)	1.193 (0.075, 19.078)	0.9005				

N: number of subjects in analysis set; n: number of subjects in subgroup category; %: proportion of number of subjects in n; CI: confidence interval; NE: not estimable. PT: Preferred Term, SOC: System Organ Class.

[a] Median time to first event is from Kaplan-Meier estimate. Confidence Interval for median was computed using the Brookmeyer-Crowley method.

[b] Hazard ratio is from unstratified Cox proportional hazards model with treatment as the only categorical variable in the model. Confidence limits are based on the Wald test.

[c] Two-sided p-value from unstratified log-rank test.

[d] Two-sided interaction p-value is for the interaction term from unstratified Cox proportional hazards model with treatment, subgroup, and treatment-by-subgroup interaction as categorical variables in the model. The p-value is based on the Wald test.

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Medizinischer Nutzen, medizinischer Zusatznutzen, Patientengruppen mit therap. bedeutsamem Zusatznutzen

Daichi Sankyo | Data Intelligence – Evidence Generation | Final | AC220-A-U302 QUANTUM-First (DCO 13 Aug 2021) | Statistical analyses for AMNOG (HTA Germany)
 Table 3.13.2 Severe Treatment-emergent adverse events (NCI CTCAE grade ≥3) by system organ class (SOC) and preferred term (PT) observed for ≥ 10 patients in at least one arm and ≥ 1% of the patients in at least one arm - Time-to-event analysis - subgroup analysis - DCO 13-Aug-2021 - Safety Analysis Set

SOC: Blood and lymphatic system disorders; PT: Anaemia

Subgroup	n	Quizartinib (N=265)				Placebo (N=268)				Quizartinib vs Placebo		Interaction
		No. of subjects with events (%)	No. of subjects censored (%)	Median (95 % CI) (months) [a]	n	No. of subjects with events (%)	No. of subjects censored (%)	Median (95 % CI) (months) [a]	n	Hazard Ratio (95 % CI) [b]	Unstratified log-rank p-value [c]	P-value [d]
AML with Mutated NPM1											0.0636	
Yes	139	7 (5.0)	132 (95.0)	NE (NE, NE)	137	11 (8.0)	126 (92.0)	NE (NE, NE)	137	0.582 (0.225, 1.506)	0.2592	
No	116	7 (6.0)	109 (94.0)	NE (NE, NE)	120	2 (1.7)	118 (98.3)	NE (NE, NE)	120	3.214 (0.667, 15.491)	0.1239	

N: number of subjects in analysis set; n: number of subjects in subgroup category; %: proportion of number of subjects in n; CI: confidence interval; NE: not estimable. PT: Preferred Term, SOC: System Organ Class.

[a] Median time to first event is from Kaplan-Meier estimate. Confidence Interval for median was computed using the Brookmeyer-Crowley method.

[b] Hazard ratio is from unstratified Cox proportional hazards model with treatment as the only categorical variable in the model. Confidence limits are based on the Wald test.

[c] Two-sided p-value from unstratified log-rank test.

[d] Two-sided interaction p-value is for the interaction term from unstratified Cox proportional hazards model with treatment, subgroup, and treatment-by-subgroup interaction as categorical variables in the model. The p-value is based on the Wald test.

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SOC: Blood and lymphatic system disorders; PT: Anaemia

		Quizartinib (N=265)				Placebo (N=268)				Quizartinib vs Placebo		Interaction
Subgroup	n	No. of subjects with events (%)	No. of subjects censored (%)	Median (95 % CI) (months) [a]	n	No. of subjects with events (%)	No. of subjects censored (%)	Median (95 % CI) (months) [a]	Hazard Ratio (95 % CI) [b]	Unstratified log-rank p-value [c]	P-value [d]	
Age by 2 categories											0.3550	
≤60	164	9 (5.5)	155 (94.5)	NE (NE, NE)	163	10 (6.1)	153 (93.9)	NE (NE, NE)	0.767 (0.310, 1.896)	0.5638		
>60	101	6 (5.9)	95 (94.1)	NE (NE, NE)	105	4 (3.8)	101 (96.2)	NE (NE, NE)	1.578 (0.445, 5.598)	0.4758		

N: number of subjects in analysis set; n: number of subjects in subgroup category; %: proportion of number of subjects in n; CI: confidence interval; NE: not estimable. PT: Preferred Term, SOC: System Organ Class.

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[b] Hazard ratio is from unstratified Cox proportional hazards model with treatment as the only categorical variable in the model. Confidence limits are based on the Wald test.

[c] Two-sided p-value from unstratified log-rank test.

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SOC: Infections and infestations; PT: Any PT

Subgroup	n	Quizartinib (N=265)					Placebo (N=268)					Quizartinib vs Placebo		Interaction
		No. of subjects with events (%)	No. of subjects censored (%)	Median (95 % CI) (months) [a]	n	No. of subjects with events (%)	No. of subjects censored (%)	Median (95 % CI) (months) [a]	Hazard Ratio (95 % CI) [b]	Unstratified log-rank p-value [c]	P-value [d]			
Pooled Age Group 2													0.6174	
<60	159	81 (50.9)	78 (49.1)	5.5 (2.8, 17.4)	160	81 (50.6)	79 (49.4)	4.5 (2.4, 5.8)	0.877 (0.644, 1.194)	0.4106				
≥60 - <65	37	18 (48.6)	19 (51.4)	4.4 (1.8, NE)	43	18 (41.9)	25 (58.1)	6.3 (4.0, NE)	1.127 (0.585, 2.170)	0.7294				
≥65	69	41 (59.4)	28 (40.6)	2.3 (1.1, 15.7)	65	36 (55.4)	29 (44.6)	3.1 (1.4, 6.9)	1.079 (0.688, 1.691)	0.7403				

N: number of subjects in analysis set; n: number of subjects in subgroup category; %: proportion of number of subjects in n; CI: confidence interval; NE: not estimable. PT: Preferred Term, SOC: System Organ Class.

[a] Median time to first event is from Kaplan-Meier estimate. Confidence Interval for median was computed using the Brookmeyer-Crowley method.

[b] Hazard ratio is from unstratified Cox proportional hazards model with treatment as the only categorical variable in the model. Confidence limits are based on the Wald test.

[c] Two-sided p-value from unstratified log-rank test.

[d] Two-sided interaction p-value is for the interaction term from unstratified Cox proportional hazards model with treatment, subgroup, and treatment-by-subgroup interaction as categorical variables in the model. The p-value is based on the Wald test.

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SOC: Infections and infestations; PT: Any PT

Subgroup	n	Quizartinib (N=265)					Placebo (N=268)					Quizartinib vs Placebo		Interaction
		No. of subjects with events (%)	No. of subjects censored (%)	Median (95 % CI) [a]	n	No. of subjects with events (%)	No. of subjects censored (%)	Median (95 % CI) [a]	n	Hazard Ratio (95 % CI) [b]	Unstratified log-rank p-value [c]	P-value [d]		
Sex														0.7956
Male	124	66 (53.2)	58 (46.8)	3.9 (1.8, 12.9)	120	63 (52.5)	57 (47.5)	4.0 (2.5, 5.4)	120	0.929 (0.658, 1.313)	0.6764			
Female	141	74 (52.5)	67 (47.5)	4.3 (2.2, 19.3)	148	72 (48.6)	76 (51.4)	4.7 (3.2, 16.7)	148	1.004 (0.726, 1.389)	0.9733			

N: number of subjects in analysis set; n: number of subjects in subgroup category; %: proportion of number of subjects in n; CI: confidence interval; NE: not estimable. PT: Preferred Term, SOC: System Organ Class.

[a] Median time to first event is from Kaplan-Meier estimate. Confidence Interval for median was computed using the Brookmeyer-Crowley method.

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SOC: Infections and infestations; PT: Any PT

		Quizartinib (N=265)					Placebo (N=268)					Quizartinib vs Placebo		Interaction
Subgroup	n	No. of subjects with events (%)	No. of subjects censored (%)	Median (95 % CI) (months) [a]	n	No. of subjects with events (%)	No. of subjects censored (%)	Median (95 % CI) (months) [a]	Hazard Ratio (95 % CI) [b]	Unstratified log-rank p-value [c]	P-value [d]			
Race by 2 categories												0.7606		
White	157	83 (52.9)	74 (47.1)	3.3 (2.0, 17.4)	161	80 (49.7)	81 (50.3)	4.5 (3.1, 6.9)	0.998 (0.734, 1.357)	0.9959				
Non-white	108	57 (52.8)	51 (47.2)	4.6 (2.0, 19.0)	107	55 (51.4)	52 (48.6)	4.4 (2.2, 6.3)	0.923 (0.637, 1.338)	0.6765				

N: number of subjects in analysis set; n: number of subjects in subgroup category; %: proportion of number of subjects in n; CI: confidence interval; NE: not estimable. PT: Preferred Term, SOC: System Organ Class.

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[b] Hazard ratio is from unstratified Cox proportional hazards model with treatment as the only categorical variable in the model. Confidence limits are based on the Wald test.

[c] Two-sided p-value from unstratified log-rank test.

[d] Two-sided interaction p-value is for the interaction term from unstratified Cox proportional hazards model with treatment, subgroup, and treatment-by-subgroup interaction as categorical variables in the model. The p-value is based on the Wald test.

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SOC: Infections and infestations; PT: Any PT

		Quizartinib (N=265)					Placebo (N=268)					Quizartinib vs Placebo		Interaction
Subgroup	n	No. of subjects with events (%)	No. of subjects censored (%)	Median (95 % CI) (months) [a]	n	No. of subjects with events (%)	No. of subjects censored (%)	Median (95 % CI) (months) [a]	Hazard Ratio (95 % CI) [b]	Unstratified log-rank p-value [c]	P-value [d]			
Geographic Region 1													0.9799	
North America	16	9 (56.3)	7 (43.8)	2.8 (0.3, NE)	18	11 (61.1)	7 (38.9)	3.2 (0.4, NE)	0.985 (0.406, 2.390)	0.9870				
Europe	161	85 (52.8)	76 (47.2)	3.3 (2.1, 12.9)	161	81 (50.3)	80 (49.7)	4.5 (3.3, 5.5)	0.978 (0.721, 1.326)	0.8919				
Asia/Other Regions	88	46 (52.3)	42 (47.7)	7.7 (2.0, 26.0)	89	43 (48.3)	46 (51.7)	3.6 (1.9, NE)	0.965 (0.636, 1.463)	0.8720				

N: number of subjects in analysis set; n: number of subjects in subgroup category; %: proportion of number of subjects in n; CI: confidence interval; NE: not estimable. PT: Preferred Term, SOC: System Organ Class.

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SOC: Infections and infestations; PT: Any PT

Subgroup	n	Quizartinib (N=265)					Placebo (N=268)					Quizartinib vs Placebo		Interaction
		No. of subjects with events (%)	No. of subjects censored (%)	Median (95 % CI) [a]	n	No. of subjects with events (%)	No. of subjects censored (%)	Median (95 % CI) [a]	Hazard Ratio (95 % CI) [b]	Unstratified log-rank p-value [c]	P-value [d]			
WBC at initial diagnosis													0.8893	
< 40x10 ⁹ /L	132	63 (47.7)	69 (52.3)	6.1 (2.8, 26.0)	133	64 (48.1)	69 (51.9)	5.1 (3.9, NE)	0.940 (0.664, 1.332)	0.7284				
≥ 40x10 ⁹ /L	133	77 (57.9)	56 (42.1)	2.8 (1.7, 7.7)	135	71 (52.6)	64 (47.4)	3.5 (1.9, 4.7)	0.986 (0.714, 1.363)	0.9427				

N: number of subjects in analysis set; n: number of subjects in subgroup category; %: proportion of number of subjects in n; CI: confidence interval; NE: not estimable. PT: Preferred Term, SOC: System Organ Class.

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		Quizartinib (N=265)					Placebo (N=268)					Quizartinib vs Placebo		Interaction
Subgroup	n	No. of subjects with events (%)	No. of subjects censored (%)	Median (95 % CI) (months) [a]	n	No. of subjects with events (%)	No. of subjects censored (%)	Median (95 % CI) (months) [a]	Hazard Ratio (95 % CI) [b]	Unstratified log-rank p-value [c]	P-value [d]			
Choice of Anthracycline												0.7333		
Daunorubicin	123	62 (50.4)	61 (49.6)	3.4 (2.1, 26.0)	94	45 (47.9)	49 (52.1)	4.7 (1.5, NE)	0.926 (0.631, 1.360)	0.6996				
Idarubicin	142	78 (54.9)	64 (45.1)	4.3 (2.0, 15.7)	171	89 (52.0)	82 (48.0)	3.9 (3.0, 5.8)	0.991 (0.731, 1.344)	0.9522				

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SOC: Infections and infestations; PT: Any PT

		Quizartinib (N=265)					Placebo (N=268)					Quizartinib vs Placebo		Interaction
Subgroup	n	No. of subjects with events (%)	No. of subjects censored (%)	Median (95 % CI) (months) [a]	n	No. of subjects with events (%)	No. of subjects censored (%)	Median (95 % CI) (months) [a]	Hazard Ratio (95 % CI) [b]	Unstratified log-rank p-value [c]	P-value [d]			
AML Cytogenetic Risk Score												0.0912		
Favorable	13	8 (61.5)	5 (38.5)	2.9 (0.3, 26.0)	19	7 (36.8)	12 (63.2)	NE (4.6, NE)	2.723 (0.971, 7.635)	0.0497				
Intermediate	195	101 (51.8)	94 (48.2)	4.0 (2.2, 17.4)	190	94 (49.5)	96 (50.5)	4.0 (2.7, 5.1)	0.918 (0.692, 1.216)	0.5536				
Unfavorable	19	8 (42.1)	11 (57.9)	6.1 (2.6, NE)	27	17 (63.0)	10 (37.0)	5.4 (0.2, 6.3)	0.532 (0.229, 1.235)	0.1358				
Unknown	38	23 (60.5)	15 (39.5)	2.8 (0.6, 26.5)	31	16 (51.6)	15 (48.4)	4.5 (0.8, NE)	1.269 (0.669, 2.405)	0.4502				

N: number of subjects in analysis set; n: number of subjects in subgroup category; %: proportion of number of subjects in n; CI: confidence interval; NE: not estimable. PT: Preferred Term, SOC: System Organ Class.

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 Table 3.13.2 Severe Treatment-emergent adverse events (NCI CTCAE grade ≥3) by system organ class (SOC) and preferred term (PT) observed for ≥ 10 patients in at least one arm and ≥ 1% of the patients in at least one arm - Time-to-event analysis - subgroup analysis - DCO 13-Aug-2021 - Safety Analysis Set

SOC: Infections and infestations; PT: Any PT

		Quizartinib (N=265)					Placebo (N=268)					Quizartinib vs Placebo		Interaction
Subgroup	n	No. of subjects with events (%)	No. of subjects censored (%)	Median (95 % CI) (months) [a]	n	No. of subjects with events (%)	No. of subjects censored (%)	Median (95 % CI) (months) [a]	Hazard Ratio (95 % CI) [b]	Unstratified log-rank p-value [c]	P-value [d]			
ECOG Performance Status at Baseline												0.7519		
0 - Fully Active	87	45 (51.7)	42 (48.3)	6.1 (2.8, 26.5)	97	49 (50.5)	48 (49.5)	4.6 (3.1, 16.7)	0.841 (0.560, 1.263)	0.4097				
1 - Restricted in Physically Strenuous Activity	133	70 (52.6)	63 (47.4)	3.3 (2.0, 15.7)	134	66 (49.3)	68 (50.7)	4.7 (2.7, 10.2)	1.049 (0.749, 1.468)	0.7785				
2 - Ambulatory and Capable of All Selfcare	45	25 (55.6)	20 (44.4)	1.8 (0.3, NE)	36	20 (55.6)	16 (44.4)	2.6 (0.4, NE)	0.970 (0.536, 1.756)	0.9072				

N: number of subjects in analysis set; n: number of subjects in subgroup category; %: proportion of number of subjects in n; CI: confidence interval; NE: not estimable. PT: Preferred Term, SOC: System Organ Class.

[a] Median time to first event is from Kaplan-Meier estimate. Confidence Interval for median was computed using the Brookmeyer-Crowley method.

[b] Hazard ratio is from unstratified Cox proportional hazards model with treatment as the only categorical variable in the model. Confidence limits are based on the Wald test.

[c] Two-sided p-value from unstratified log-rank test.

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Run date: 21JUL2023 – 22:30; Program name: DE_T_3_11_2.sas; Output name: DE_T_3_13_2_TEAESEVSOCPT_SUB_SAS.rtf

Medizinischer Nutzen, medizinischer Zusatznutzen, Patientengruppen mit therap. bedeutsamem Zusatznutzen

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FLT3-ITD category at Baseline											0.6341	
≥3 to ≤25%	94	46 (48.9)	48 (51.1)	5.5 (1.8, NE)	98	44 (44.9)	54 (55.1)	5.3 (3.5, NE)	1.122 (0.742, 1.697)	0.5900		
>25% to ≤50%	141	77 (54.6)	64 (45.4)	3.9 (2.1, 9.9)	136	74 (54.4)	62 (45.6)	3.6 (2.2, 5.1)	0.868 (0.631, 1.196)	0.3931		
>50%	29	17 (58.6)	12 (41.4)	2.6 (0.8, NE)	34	17 (50.0)	17 (50.0)	4.7 (1.0, NE)	1.047 (0.534, 2.054)	0.8860		

N: number of subjects in analysis set; n: number of subjects in subgroup category; %: proportion of number of subjects in n; CI: confidence interval; NE: not estimable. PT: Preferred Term, SOC: System Organ Class.

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SOC: Infections and infestations; PT: Any PT

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Subgroup	n	No. of subjects with events (%)	No. of subjects censored (%)	Median (95 % CI) (months) [a]	n	No. of subjects with events (%)	No. of subjects censored (%)	Median (95 % CI) (months) [a]	Hazard Ratio (95 % CI) [b]	Unstratified log-rank p-value [c]	P-value [d]			
AML with Mutated NPM1												0.1712		
Yes	139	74 (53.2)	65 (46.8)	4.4 (2.0, 26.5)	137	76 (55.5)	61 (44.5)	4.0 (2.5, 5.3)	0.859 (0.623, 1.184)	0.3529				
No	116	60 (51.7)	56 (48.3)	3.4 (2.0, 7.7)	120	50 (41.7)	70 (58.3)	6.3 (3.2, NE)	1.211 (0.832, 1.763)	0.3158				

N: number of subjects in analysis set; n: number of subjects in subgroup category; %: proportion of number of subjects in n; CI: confidence interval; NE: not estimable. PT: Preferred Term, SOC: System Organ Class.

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		Quizartinib (N=265)					Placebo (N=268)					Quizartinib vs Placebo		Interaction
Subgroup	n	No. of subjects with events (%)	No. of subjects censored (%)	Median (95 % CI) (months) [a]	n	No. of subjects with events (%)	No. of subjects censored (%)	Median (95 % CI) (months) [a]	Hazard Ratio (95 % CI) [b]	Unstratified log-rank p-value [c]	P-value [d]			
Age by 2 categories												0.3684		
≤60	164	84 (51.2)	80 (48.8)	4.9 (2.6, 17.4)	163	81 (49.7)	82 (50.3)	4.6 (2.7, 5.8)	0.894 (0.658, 1.213)	0.4792				
>60	101	56 (55.4)	45 (44.6)	3.3 (1.6, 15.7)	105	54 (51.4)	51 (48.6)	4.5 (2.6, 10.2)	1.115 (0.767, 1.621)	0.5758				

N: number of subjects in analysis set; n: number of subjects in subgroup category; %: proportion of number of subjects in n; CI: confidence interval; NE: not estimable. PT: Preferred Term, SOC: System Organ Class.

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SOC: Infections and infestations; PT: Pneumonia

		Quizartinib (N=265)				Placebo (N=268)				Quizartinib vs Placebo		Interaction
Subgroup	n	No. of subjects with events (%)	No. of subjects censored (%)	Median (95 % CI) (months) [a]	n	No. of subjects with events (%)	No. of subjects censored (%)	Median (95 % CI) (months) [a]	Hazard Ratio (95 % CI) [b]	Unstratified log-rank p-value [c]	P-value [d]	
Pooled Age Group 2											0.7517	
<60	159	18 (11.3)	141 (88.7)	NE (NE, NE)	160	20 (12.5)	140 (87.5)	NE (NE, NE)	0.821 (0.433, 1.557)	0.5465		
≥60 - <65	37	3 (8.1)	34 (91.9)	NE (NE, NE)	43	5 (11.6)	38 (88.4)	NE (NE, NE)	0.665 (0.159, 2.785)	0.5745		
≥65	69	10 (14.5)	59 (85.5)	NE (15.7, NE)	65	9 (13.8)	56 (86.2)	NE (NE, NE)	1.131 (0.459, 2.785)	0.7887		

N: number of subjects in analysis set; n: number of subjects in subgroup category; %: proportion of number of subjects in n; CI: confidence interval; NE: not estimable. PT: Preferred Term, SOC: System Organ Class.

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Sex											0.4818	
Male	124	16 (12.9)	108 (87.1)	NE (NE, NE)	120	14 (11.7)	106 (88.3)	NE (NE, NE)	1.050 (0.512, 2.153)	0.8936		
Female	141	15 (10.6)	126 (89.4)	NE (NE, NE)	148	20 (13.5)	128 (86.5)	NE (NE, NE)	0.737 (0.377, 1.441)	0.3720		

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Race by 2 categories											0.9321	
White	157	18 (11.5)	139 (88.5)	NE (NE, NE)	161	20 (12.4)	141 (87.6)	NE (NE, NE)	0.849 (0.449, 1.608)	0.6180		
Non-white	108	13 (12.0)	95 (88.0)	NE (NE, NE)	107	14 (13.1)	93 (86.9)	NE (NE, NE)	0.899 (0.422, 1.912)	0.7802		

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Geographic Region 1													0.5440	
North America	16	2 (12.5)	14 (87.5)	NE (NE, NE) (17.4, NE)	18	1 (5.6)	17 (94.4)	NE (NE, NE)	2.435 (0.220, 26.885)	0.4531				
Europe	161	16 (9.9)	145 (90.1)	NE (NE, NE)	161	20 (12.4)	141 (87.6)	NE (NE, NE)	0.732 (0.379, 1.415)	0.3514				
Asia/Other Regions	88	13 (14.8)	75 (85.2)	NE (NE, NE)	89	13 (14.6)	76 (85.4)	NE (NE, NE)	0.968 (0.448, 2.089)	0.9323				

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WBC at initial diagnosis											0.5597	
< 40x10 ⁹ /L	132	11 (8.3)	121 (91.7)	NE (NE, NE)	133	15 (11.3)	118 (88.7)	NE (NE, NE)	133	0.716 (0.329, 1.559)	0.3971	
≥ 40x10 ⁹ /L	133	20 (15.0)	113 (85.0)	NE (NE, NE)	135	19 (14.1)	116 (85.9)	NE (NE, NE)	135	0.989 (0.527, 1.855)	0.9748	

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Choice of Anthracycline											0.9721	
Daunorubicin	123	14 (11.4)	109 (88.6)	NE (NE, NE)	94	11 (11.7)	83 (88.3)	NE (NE, NE)	0.883 (0.400, 1.948)	0.7580		
Idarubicin	142	17 (12.0)	125 (88.0)	NE (NE, NE)	171	22 (12.9)	149 (87.1)	NE (NE, NE)	0.894 (0.475, 1.685)	0.7289		

N: number of subjects in analysis set; n: number of subjects in subgroup category; %: proportion of number of subjects in n; CI: confidence interval; NE: not estimable. PT: Preferred Term, SOC: System Organ Class.

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[b] Hazard ratio is from unstratified Cox proportional hazards model with treatment as the only categorical variable in the model. Confidence limits are based on the Wald test.

[c] Two-sided p-value from unstratified log-rank test.

[d] Two-sided interaction p-value is for the interaction term from unstratified Cox proportional hazards model with treatment, subgroup, and treatment-by-subgroup interaction as categorical variables in the model. The p-value is based on the Wald test.

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Medizinischer Nutzen, medizinischer Zusatznutzen, Patientengruppen mit therap. bedeutsamem Zusatznutzen

Daichi Sankyo | Data Intelligence – Evidence Generation | Final | AC220-A-U302 QUANTUM-First (DCO 13 Aug 2021) | Statistical analyses for AMNOG (HTA Germany)
 Table 3.13.2 Severe Treatment-emergent adverse events (NCI CTCAE grade ≥3) by system organ class (SOC) and preferred term (PT) observed for ≥ 10 patients in at least one arm and ≥ 1% of the patients in at least one arm - Time-to-event analysis - subgroup analysis - DCO 13-Aug-2021 - Safety Analysis Set

SOC: Infections and infestations; PT: Pneumonia

		Quizartinib (N=265)				Placebo (N=268)				Quizartinib vs Placebo		Interaction
Subgroup	n	No. of subjects with events (%)	No. of subjects censored (%)	Median (95 % CI) (months) [a]	n	No. of subjects with events (%)	No. of subjects censored (%)	Median (95 % CI) (months) [a]	Hazard Ratio (95 % CI) [b]	Unstratified log-rank p-value [c]	P-value [d]	
AML Cytogenetic Risk Score											1.0000	
Favorable	13	1 (7.7)	12 (92.3)	NE (5.5, NE)	19	0	19 (100)	NE (NE, NE)	NE (0.000, NE)	0.1069		
Intermediate	195	24 (12.3)	171 (87.7)	NE (NE, NE)	190	24 (12.6)	166 (87.4)	NE (NE, NE)	0.868 (0.492, 1.530)	0.6257		
Unfavorable	19	0	19 (100)	NE (NE, NE)	27	3 (11.1)	24 (88.9)	NE (NE, NE)	0.000 (0.000, NE)	0.1571		
Unknown	38	6 (15.8)	32 (84.2)	NE (NE, NE)	31	6 (19.4)	25 (80.6)	NE (NE, NE)	0.892 (0.287, 2.769)	0.8402		

N: number of subjects in analysis set; n: number of subjects in subgroup category; %: proportion of number of subjects in n; CI: confidence interval; NE: not estimable. PT: Preferred Term, SOC: System Organ Class.

[a] Median time to first event is from Kaplan-Meier estimate. Confidence Interval for median was computed using the Brookmeyer-Crowley method.

[b] Hazard ratio is from unstratified Cox proportional hazards model with treatment as the only categorical variable in the model. Confidence limits are based on the Wald test.

[c] Two-sided p-value from unstratified log-rank test.

[d] Two-sided interaction p-value is for the interaction term from unstratified Cox proportional hazards model with treatment, subgroup, and treatment-by-subgroup interaction as categorical variables in the model. The p-value is based on the Wald test.

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SOC: Infections and infestations; PT: Pneumonia

		Quizartinib (N=265)				Placebo (N=268)				Quizartinib vs Placebo		Interaction
Subgroup	n	No. of subjects with events (%)	No. of subjects censored (%)	Median (95 % CI) (months) [a]	n	No. of subjects with events (%)	No. of subjects censored (%)	Median (95 % CI) (months) [a]	Hazard Ratio (95 % CI) [b]	Unstratified log-rank p-value [c]	P-value [d]	
ECOG Performance Status at Baseline											0.8808	
0 - Fully Active	87	7 (8.0)	80 (92.0)	NE (NE, NE)	97	9 (9.3)	88 (90.7)	NE (NE, NE)	0.780 (0.290, 2.099)	0.6215		
1 - Restricted in Physically Strenuous Activity	133	13 (9.8)	120 (90.2)	NE (NE, NE)	134	17 (12.7)	117 (87.3)	NE (NE, NE)	0.736 (0.357, 1.516)	0.4036		
2 - Ambulatory and Capable of All Selfcare	45	11 (24.4)	34 (75.6)	NE (19.3, NE)	36	8 (22.2)	28 (77.8)	NE (NE, NE)	1.059 (0.422, 2.655)	0.8992		

N: number of subjects in analysis set; n: number of subjects in subgroup category; %: proportion of number of subjects in n; CI: confidence interval; NE: not estimable. PT: Preferred Term, SOC: System Organ Class.

[a] Median time to first event is from Kaplan-Meier estimate. Confidence Interval for median was computed using the Brookmeyer-Crowley method.

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[c] Two-sided p-value from unstratified log-rank test.

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SOC: Infections and infestations; PT: Pneumonia

		Quizartinib (N=265)					Placebo (N=268)					Quizartinib vs Placebo		Interaction
Subgroup	n	No. of subjects with events (%)	No. of subjects censored (%)	Median (95 % CI) (months) [a]	n	No. of subjects with events (%)	No. of subjects censored (%)	Median (95 % CI) (months) [a]	n	Hazard Ratio (95 % CI) [b]	Unstratified log-rank p-value [c]	P-value [d]		
FLT3-ITD category at Baseline												0.2297		
≥3 to ≤25%	94	12 (12.8)	82 (87.2)	NE (NE, NE)	98	9 (9.2)	89 (90.8)	NE (NE, NE)	98	1.412 (0.595, 3.353)	0.4316			
>25% to ≤50%	141	17 (12.1)	124 (87.9)	NE (NE, NE)	136	19 (14.0)	117 (86.0)	NE (NE, NE)	136	0.822 (0.427, 1.583)	0.5571			
>50%	29	2 (6.9)	27 (93.1)	NE (19.3, NE)	34	6 (17.6)	28 (82.4)	NE (NE, NE)	34	0.315 (0.062, 1.604)	0.1426			

N: number of subjects in analysis set; n: number of subjects in subgroup category; %: proportion of number of subjects in n; CI: confidence interval; NE: not estimable. PT: Preferred Term, SOC: System Organ Class.

[a] Median time to first event is from Kaplan-Meier estimate. Confidence Interval for median was computed using the Brookmeyer-Crowley method.

[b] Hazard ratio is from unstratified Cox proportional hazards model with treatment as the only categorical variable in the model. Confidence limits are based on the Wald test.

[c] Two-sided p-value from unstratified log-rank test.

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SOC: Infections and infestations; PT: Pneumonia

		Quizartinib (N=265)				Placebo (N=268)				Quizartinib vs Placebo		Interaction
Subgroup	n	No. of subjects with events (%)	No. of subjects censored (%)	Median (95 % CI) (months) [a]	n	No. of subjects with events (%)	No. of subjects censored (%)	Median (95 % CI) (months) [a]	Hazard Ratio (95 % CI) [b]	Unstratified log-rank p-value [c]	P-value [d]	
AML with Mutated NPM1											0.3587	
Yes	139	18 (12.9)	121 (87.1)	NE (NE, NE)	137	18 (13.1)	119 (86.9)	NE (NE, NE)	0.954 (0.496, 1.834)	0.8876		
No	116	8 (6.9)	108 (93.1)	NE (NE, NE)	120	13 (10.8)	107 (89.2)	NE (NE, NE)	0.577 (0.239, 1.394)	0.2164		

N: number of subjects in analysis set; n: number of subjects in subgroup category; %: proportion of number of subjects in n; CI: confidence interval; NE: not estimable. PT: Preferred Term, SOC: System Organ Class.

[a] Median time to first event is from Kaplan-Meier estimate. Confidence Interval for median was computed using the Brookmeyer-Crowley method.

[b] Hazard ratio is from unstratified Cox proportional hazards model with treatment as the only categorical variable in the model. Confidence limits are based on the Wald test.

[c] Two-sided p-value from unstratified log-rank test.

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SOC: Infections and infestations; PT: Pneumonia

		Quizartinib (N=265)				Placebo (N=268)				Quizartinib vs Placebo		Interaction
Subgroup	n	No. of subjects with events (%)	No. of subjects censored (%)	Median (95 % CI) (months) [a]	n	No. of subjects with events (%)	No. of subjects censored (%)	Median (95 % CI) (months) [a]	Hazard Ratio (95 % CI) [b]	Unstratified log-rank p-value [c]	P-value [d]	
Age by 2 categories											0.6847	
≤60	164	18 (11.0)	146 (89.0)	NE (NE, NE)	163	20 (12.3)	143 (87.7)	NE (NE, NE)	0.809 (0.427, 1.532)	0.5151		
>60	101	13 (12.9)	88 (87.1)	NE (NE, NE)	105	14 (13.3)	91 (86.7)	NE (NE, NE)	0.969 (0.455, 2.062)	0.9354		

N: number of subjects in analysis set; n: number of subjects in subgroup category; %: proportion of number of subjects in n; CI: confidence interval; NE: not estimable. PT: Preferred Term, SOC: System Organ Class.

[a] Median time to first event is from Kaplan-Meier estimate. Confidence Interval for median was computed using the Brookmeyer-Crowley method.

[b] Hazard ratio is from unstratified Cox proportional hazards model with treatment as the only categorical variable in the model. Confidence limits are based on the Wald test.

[c] Two-sided p-value from unstratified log-rank test.

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SOC: Infections and infestations; PT: Sepsis

		Quizartinib (N=265)				Placebo (N=268)				Quizartinib vs Placebo		Interaction
Subgroup	n	No. of subjects with events (%)	No. of subjects censored (%)	Median (95 % CI) (months) [a]	n	No. of subjects with events (%)	No. of subjects censored (%)	Median (95 % CI) (months) [a]	Hazard Ratio (95 % CI) [b]	Unstratified log-rank p-value [c]	P-value [d]	
Pooled Age Group 2											0.6583	
<60	159	7 (4.4)	152 (95.6)	NE (NE, NE)	160	15 (9.4)	145 (90.6)	NE (NE, NE)	0.429 (0.175, 1.054)	0.0573		
≥60 - <65	37	2 (5.4)	35 (94.6)	NE (NE, NE)	43	4 (9.3)	39 (90.7)	NE (NE, NE)	0.538 (0.098, 2.945)	0.4674		
≥65	69	6 (8.7)	63 (91.3)	NE (NE, NE)	65	7 (10.8)	58 (89.2)	NE (NE, NE)	0.833 (0.280, 2.478)	0.7411		

N: number of subjects in analysis set; n: number of subjects in subgroup category; %: proportion of number of subjects in n; CI: confidence interval; NE: not estimable. PT: Preferred Term, SOC: System Organ Class.

[a] Median time to first event is from Kaplan-Meier estimate. Confidence Interval for median was computed using the Brookmeyer-Crowley method.

[b] Hazard ratio is from unstratified Cox proportional hazards model with treatment as the only categorical variable in the model. Confidence limits are based on the Wald test.

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SOC: Infections and infestations; PT: Sepsis

		Quizartinib (N=265)				Placebo (N=268)				Quizartinib vs Placebo		Interaction
Subgroup	n	No. of subjects with events (%)	No. of subjects censored (%)	Median (95 % CI) (months) [a]	n	No. of subjects with events (%)	No. of subjects censored (%)	Median (95 % CI) (months) [a]	Hazard Ratio (95 % CI) [b]	Unstratified log-rank p-value [c]	P-value [d]	
Sex											0.7826	
Male	124	6 (4.8)	118 (95.2)	NE (NE, NE)	120	11 (9.2)	109 (90.8)	NE (NE, NE)	0.499 (0.184, 1.352)	0.1633		
Female	141	9 (6.4)	132 (93.6)	NE (NE, NE)	148	15 (10.1)	133 (89.9)	NE (NE, NE)	0.602 (0.264, 1.377)	0.2246		

N: number of subjects in analysis set; n: number of subjects in subgroup category; %: proportion of number of subjects in n; CI: confidence interval; NE: not estimable. PT: Preferred Term, SOC: System Organ Class.

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Subgroup	n	No. of subjects with events (%)	No. of subjects censored (%)	Median (95 % CI) (months) [a]	n	No. of subjects with events (%)	No. of subjects censored (%)	Median (95 % CI) (months) [a]	Hazard Ratio (95 % CI) [b]	Unstratified log-rank p-value [c]	P-value [d]	
Race by 2 categories											0.4207	
White	157	11 (7.0)	146 (93.0)	NE (NE, NE)	161	16 (9.9)	145 (90.1)	NE (NE, NE)	0.690 (0.320, 1.486)	0.3395		
Non-white	108	4 (3.7)	104 (96.3)	NE (NE, NE)	107	10 (9.3)	97 (90.7)	NE (NE, NE)	0.375 (0.118, 1.197)	0.0849		

N: number of subjects in analysis set; n: number of subjects in subgroup category; %: proportion of number of subjects in n; CI: confidence interval; NE: not estimable. PT: Preferred Term, SOC: System Organ Class.

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		Quizartinib (N=265)					Placebo (N=268)					Quizartinib vs Placebo		Interaction
Subgroup	n	No. of subjects with events (%)	No. of subjects censored (%)	Median (95 % CI) (months) [a]	n	No. of subjects with events (%)	No. of subjects censored (%)	Median (95 % CI) (months) [a]	Hazard Ratio (95 % CI) [b]	Unstratified log-rank p-value [c]	P-value [d]			
Geographic Region 1													0.9976	
North America	16	0	16 (100)	NE (NE, NE)	18	1 (5.6)	17 (94.4)	NE (NE, NE)	0.000 (0.000, NE)	0.3458				
Europe	161	11 (6.8)	150 (93.2)	NE (NE, NE)	161	18 (11.2)	143 (88.8)	NE (NE, NE)	0.576 (0.272, 1.221)	0.1450				
Asia/Other Regions	88	4 (4.5)	84 (95.5)	NE (NE, NE)	89	7 (7.9)	82 (92.1)	NE (NE, NE)	0.550 (0.161, 1.880)	0.3332				

N: number of subjects in analysis set; n: number of subjects in subgroup category; %: proportion of number of subjects in n; CI: confidence interval; NE: not estimable. PT: Preferred Term, SOC: System Organ Class.

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SOC: Infections and infestations; PT: Sepsis

Subgroup	n	Quizartinib (N=265)				Placebo (N=268)				Quizartinib vs Placebo		Interaction
		No. of subjects with events (%)	No. of subjects censored (%)	Median (95 % CI) [a]	n	No. of subjects with events (%)	No. of subjects censored (%)	Median (95 % CI) [a]	n	Hazard Ratio (95 % CI) [b]	Unstratified log-rank p-value [c]	P-value [d]
WBC at initial diagnosis											0.1515	
< 40x10 ⁹ /L	132	10 (7.6)	122 (92.4)	NE (NE, NE)	133	12 (9.0)	121 (91.0)	NE (NE, NE)	133	0.848 (0.366, 1.962)	0.6991	
≥ 40x10 ⁹ /L	133	5 (3.8)	128 (96.2)	NE (NE, NE)	135	14 (10.4)	121 (89.6)	NE (NE, NE)	135	0.319 (0.115, 0.888)	0.0212	

N: number of subjects in analysis set; n: number of subjects in subgroup category; %: proportion of number of subjects in n; CI: confidence interval; NE: not estimable. PT: Preferred Term, SOC: System Organ Class.

[a] Median time to first event is from Kaplan-Meier estimate. Confidence Interval for median was computed using the Brookmeyer-Crowley method.

[b] Hazard ratio is from unstratified Cox proportional hazards model with treatment as the only categorical variable in the model. Confidence limits are based on the Wald test.

[c] Two-sided p-value from unstratified log-rank test.

[d] Two-sided interaction p-value is for the interaction term from unstratified Cox proportional hazards model with treatment, subgroup, and treatment-by-subgroup interaction as categorical variables in the model. The p-value is based on the Wald test.

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Medizinischer Nutzen, medizinischer Zusatznutzen, Patientengruppen mit therap. bedeutsamem Zusatznutzen

Daichi Sankyo | Data Intelligence – Evidence Generation | Final | AC220-A-U302 QUANTUM-First (DCO 13 Aug 2021) | Statistical analyses for AMNOG (HTA Germany)
 Table 3.13.2 Severe Treatment-emergent adverse events (NCI CTCAE grade ≥3) by system organ class (SOC) and preferred term (PT) observed for ≥ 10 patients in at least one arm and ≥ 1% of the patients in at least one arm - Time-to-event analysis - subgroup analysis - DCO 13-Aug-2021 - Safety Analysis Set

SOC: Infections and infestations; PT: Sepsis

		Quizartinib (N=265)					Placebo (N=268)					Quizartinib vs Placebo		Interaction
Subgroup	n	No. of subjects with events (%)	No. of subjects censored (%)	Median (95 % CI) (months) [a]	n	No. of subjects with events (%)	No. of subjects censored (%)	Median (95 % CI) (months) [a]	n	Hazard Ratio (95 % CI) [b]	Unstratified log-rank p-value [c]	p-value [d]		
Choice of Anthracycline												0.4489		
Daunorubicin	123	8 (6.5)	115 (93.5)	NE (NE, NE)	94	8 (8.5)	86 (91.5)	NE (NE, NE)	94	0.749 (0.281, 1.997)	0.5627			
Idarubicin	142	7 (4.9)	135 (95.1)	NE (NE, NE)	171	18 (10.5)	153 (89.5)	NE (NE, NE)	171	0.439 (0.183, 1.053)	0.0580			

N: number of subjects in analysis set; n: number of subjects in subgroup category; %: proportion of number of subjects in n; CI: confidence interval; NE: not estimable. PT: Preferred Term, SOC: System Organ Class.

[a] Median time to first event is from Kaplan-Meier estimate. Confidence Interval for median was computed using the Brookmeyer-Crowley method.

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SOC: Infections and infestations; PT: Sepsis

		Quizartinib (N=265)				Placebo (N=268)				Quizartinib vs Placebo		Interaction
Subgroup	n	No. of subjects with events (%)	No. of subjects censored (%)	Median (95 % CI) (months) [a]	n	No. of subjects with events (%)	No. of subjects censored (%)	Median (95 % CI) (months) [a]	Hazard Ratio (95 % CI) [b]	Unstratified log-rank p-value [c]	P-value [d]	
AML Cytogenetic Risk Score											0.8050	
Favorable	13	1 (7.7)	12 (92.3)	NE (1.8, NE)	19	2 (10.5)	17 (89.5)	NE (NE, NE)	0.926 (0.083, 10.298)	0.9500		
Intermediate	195	10 (5.1)	185 (94.9)	NE (NE, NE)	190	14 (7.4)	176 (92.6)	NE (NE, NE)	0.652 (0.290, 1.470)	0.2995		
Unfavorable	19	1 (5.3)	18 (94.7)	NE (NE, NE)	27	6 (22.2)	21 (77.8)	NE (5.8, NE)	0.223 (0.027, 1.854)	0.1283		
Unknown	38	3 (7.9)	35 (92.1)	NE (NE, NE)	31	4 (12.9)	27 (87.1)	NE (NE, NE)	0.624 (0.140, 2.787)	0.5360		

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[c] Two-sided p-value from unstratified log-rank test.

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Medizinischer Nutzen, medizinischer Zusatznutzen, Patientengruppen mit therap. bedeutsamem Zusatznutzen

Daichi Sankyo | Data Intelligence – Evidence Generation | Final | AC220-A-U302 QUANTUM-First (DCO 13 Aug 2021) | Statistical analyses for AMNOG (HTA Germany) Table 3.13.2 Severe Treatment-emergent adverse events (NCI CTCAE grade ≥3) by system organ class (SOC) and preferred term (PT) observed for ≥ 10 patients in at least one arm and ≥ 1% of the patients in at least one arm - Time-to-event analysis - subgroup analysis - DCO 13-Aug-2021 - Safety Analysis Set

SOC: Infections and infestations; PT: Sepsis

		Quizartinib (N=265)					Placebo (N=268)					Quizartinib vs Placebo		Interaction
Subgroup	n	No. of subjects with events (%)	No. of subjects censored (%)	Median (95 % CI) (months) [a]	n	No. of subjects with events (%)	No. of subjects censored (%)	Median (95 % CI) (months) [a]	Hazard Ratio (95 % CI) [b]	Unstratified log-rank p-value [c]	P-value [d]			
ECOG Performance Status at Baseline												0.5823		
0 - Fully Active	87	4 (4.6)	83 (95.4)	NE (NE, NE)	97	7 (7.2)	90 (92.8)	NE (NE, NE)	0.623 (0.182, 2.130)	0.4465				
1 - Restricted in Physically Strenuous Activity	133	9 (6.8)	124 (93.2)	NE (NE, NE)	134	13 (9.7)	121 (90.3)	NE (NE, NE)	0.659 (0.281, 1.541)	0.3332				
2 - Ambulatory and Capable of All Selfcare	45	2 (4.4)	43 (95.6)	NE (NE, NE)	36	6 (16.7)	30 (83.3)	NE (5.2, NE)	0.261 (0.052, 1.303)	0.0784				

N: number of subjects in analysis set; n: number of subjects in subgroup category; %: proportion of number of subjects in n; CI: confidence interval; NE: not estimable. PT: Preferred Term, SOC: System Organ Class.

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[b] Hazard ratio is from unstratified Cox proportional hazards model with treatment as the only categorical variable in the model. Confidence limits are based on the Wald test.

[c] Two-sided p-value from unstratified log-rank test.

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SOC: Infections and infestations; PT: Sepsis

		Quizartinib (N=265)					Placebo (N=268)					Quizartinib vs Placebo		Interaction
Subgroup	n	No. of subjects with events (%)	No. of subjects censored (%)	Median (95 % CI) (months) [a]	n	No. of subjects with events (%)	No. of subjects censored (%)	Median (95 % CI) (months) [a]	Hazard Ratio (95 % CI) [b]	Unstratified log-rank p-value [c]	P-value [d]			
FLT3-ITD category at Baseline													0.9136	
≥3 to ≤25%	94	3 (3.2)	91 (96.8)	NE (NE, NE)	98	6 (6.1)	92 (93.9)	NE (NE, NE)	0.518 (0.129, 2.070)	0.3427				
>25% to ≤50%	141	12 (8.5)	129 (91.5)	NE (NE, NE)	136	15 (11.0)	121 (89.0)	NE (NE, NE)	0.735 (0.344, 1.572)	0.4267				
>50%	29	0	29 (100)	NE (NE, NE)	34	5 (14.7)	29 (85.3)	NE (NE, NE)	0.000 (0.000, NE)	0.0227				

N: number of subjects in analysis set; n: number of subjects in subgroup category; %: proportion of number of subjects in n; CI: confidence interval; NE: not estimable. PT: Preferred Term, SOC: System Organ Class.

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SOC: Infections and infestations; PT: Sepsis

Subgroup	n	Quizartinib (N=265)				Placebo (N=268)				Quizartinib vs Placebo		Interaction
		No. of subjects with events (%)	No. of subjects censored (%)	Median (95 % CI) (months) [a]	n	No. of subjects with events (%)	No. of subjects censored (%)	Median (95 % CI) (months) [a]	n	Hazard Ratio (95 % CI) [b]	Unstratified log-rank p-value [c]	P-value [d]
AML with Mutated NPM1											0.9914	
Yes	139	7 (5.0)	132 (95.0)	NE (NE, NE)	137	13 (9.5)	124 (90.5)	NE (NE, NE)	137	0.507 (0.202, 1.271)	0.1398	
No	116	7 (6.0)	109 (94.0)	NE (NE, NE)	120	13 (10.8)	107 (89.2)	NE (NE, NE)	120	0.529 (0.211, 1.326)	0.1667	

N: number of subjects in analysis set; n: number of subjects in subgroup category; %: proportion of number of subjects in n; CI: confidence interval; NE: not estimable. PT: Preferred Term, SOC: System Organ Class.

[a] Median time to first event is from Kaplan-Meier estimate. Confidence Interval for median was computed using the Brookmeyer-Crowley method.

[b] Hazard ratio is from unstratified Cox proportional hazards model with treatment as the only categorical variable in the model. Confidence limits are based on the Wald test.

[c] Two-sided p-value from unstratified log-rank test.

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SOC: Infections and infestations; PT: Sepsis

		Quizartinib (N=265)				Placebo (N=268)				Quizartinib vs Placebo		Interaction
Subgroup	n	No. of subjects with events (%)	No. of subjects censored (%)	Median (95 % CI) (months) [a]	n	No. of subjects with events (%)	No. of subjects censored (%)	Median (95 % CI) (months) [a]	Hazard Ratio (95 % CI) [b]	Unstratified log-rank p-value [c]	P-value [d]	
Age by 2 categories											0.6366	
≤60	164	8 (4.9)	156 (95.1)	NE (NE, NE)	163	15 (9.2)	148 (90.8)	NE (NE, NE)	0.485 (0.205, 1.144)	0.0911		
>60	101	7 (6.9)	94 (93.1)	NE (NE, NE)	105	11 (10.5)	94 (89.5)	NE (NE, NE)	0.664 (0.257, 1.712)	0.3936		

N: number of subjects in analysis set; n: number of subjects in subgroup category; %: proportion of number of subjects in n; CI: confidence interval; NE: not estimable. PT: Preferred Term, SOC: System Organ Class.

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[c] Two-sided p-value from unstratified log-rank test.

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SOC: Infections and infestations; PT: Septic shock

		Quizartinib (N=265)				Placebo (N=268)				Quizartinib vs Placebo		Interaction
Subgroup	n	No. of subjects with events (%)	No. of subjects censored (%)	Median (95 % CI) (months) [a]	n	No. of subjects with events (%)	No. of subjects censored (%)	Median (95 % CI) (months) [a]	Hazard Ratio (95 % CI) [b]	Unstratified log-rank p-value [c]	P-value [d]	
Pooled Age Group 2											0.8474	
<60	159	5 (3.1)	154 (96.9)	NE (NE, NE)	160	5 (3.1)	155 (96.9)	NE (NE, NE)	0.978 (0.283, 3.381)	0.9719		
≥60 - <65	37	2 (5.4)	35 (94.6)	NE (NE, NE)	43	0	43 (100)	NE (NE, NE)	NE (0.000, NE)	0.1285		
≥65	69	5 (7.2)	64 (92.8)	NE (26.5, NE)	65	3 (4.6)	62 (95.4)	NE (NE, NE)	1.696 (0.405, 7.101)	0.4644		

N: number of subjects in analysis set; n: number of subjects in subgroup category; %: proportion of number of subjects in n; CI: confidence interval; NE: not estimable. PT: Preferred Term, SOC: System Organ Class.

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SOC: Infections and infestations; PT: Septic shock

		Quizartinib (N=265)				Placebo (N=268)				Quizartinib vs Placebo		Interaction
Subgroup	n	No. of subjects with events (%)	No. of subjects censored (%)	Median (95 % CI) (months) [a]	n	No. of subjects with events (%)	No. of subjects censored (%)	Median (95 % CI) (months) [a]	Hazard Ratio (95 % CI) [b]	Unstratified log-rank p-value [c]	P-value [d]	
Sex											0.7665	
Male	124	4 (3.2)	120 (96.8)	NE (NE, NE)	120	2 (1.7)	118 (98.3)	NE (NE, NE)	1.842 (0.337, 10.071)	0.4740		
Female	141	8 (5.7)	133 (94.3)	NE (NE, NE)	148	6 (4.1)	142 (95.9)	NE (NE, NE)	1.406 (0.488, 4.053)	0.5261		

N: number of subjects in analysis set; n: number of subjects in subgroup category; %: proportion of number of subjects in n; CI: confidence interval; NE: not estimable. PT: Preferred Term, SOC: System Organ Class.

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SOC: Infections and infestations; PT: Septic shock

		Quizartinib (N=265)					Placebo (N=268)					Quizartinib vs Placebo		Interaction
Subgroup	n	No. of subjects with events (%)	No. of subjects censored (%)	Median (95 % CI) (months) [a]	n	No. of subjects with events (%)	No. of subjects censored (%)	Median (95 % CI) (months) [a]	Hazard Ratio (95 % CI) [b]	Unstratified log-rank p-value [c]	P-value [d]			
Race by 2 categories												0.8597		
White	157	7 (4.5)	150 (95.5)	NE (NE, NE)	161	5 (3.1)	156 (96.9)	NE (NE, NE)	1.423 (0.451, 4.486)	0.5450				
Non-white	108	5 (4.6)	103 (95.4)	NE (NE, NE)	107	3 (2.8)	104 (97.2)	NE (NE, NE)	1.601 (0.382, 6.708)	0.5157				

N: number of subjects in analysis set; n: number of subjects in subgroup category; %: proportion of number of subjects in n; CI: confidence interval; NE: not estimable. PT: Preferred Term, SOC: System Organ Class.

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SOC: Infections and infestations; PT: Septic shock

		Quizartinib (N=265)					Placebo (N=268)					Quizartinib vs Placebo		Interaction
Subgroup	n	No. of subjects with events (%)	No. of subjects censored (%)	Median (95 % CI) (months) [a]	n	No. of subjects with events (%)	No. of subjects censored (%)	Median (95 % CI) (months) [a]	Hazard Ratio (95 % CI) [b]	Unstratified log-rank p-value [c]	P-value [d]			
Geographic Region 1													0.6253	
North America	16	1 (6.3)	15 (93.8)	NE (NE, NE)	18	0	18 (100)	NE (NE, NE)	NE (0.000, NE)	0.2888				
Europe	161	6 (3.7)	155 (96.3)	NE (NE, NE)	161	6 (3.7)	155 (96.3)	NE (NE, NE)	0.970 (0.313, 3.009)	0.9571				
Asia/Other Regions	88	5 (5.7)	83 (94.3)	NE (NE, NE)	89	2 (2.2)	87 (97.8)	NE (NE, NE)	2.481 (0.481, 12.791)	0.2612				

N: number of subjects in analysis set; n: number of subjects in subgroup category; %: proportion of number of subjects in n; CI: confidence interval; NE: not estimable. PT: Preferred Term, SOC: System Organ Class.

[a] Median time to first event is from Kaplan-Meier estimate. Confidence Interval for median was computed using the Brookmeyer-Crowley method.

[b] Hazard ratio is from unstratified Cox proportional hazards model with treatment as the only categorical variable in the model. Confidence limits are based on the Wald test.

[c] Two-sided p-value from unstratified log-rank test.

[d] Two-sided interaction p-value is for the interaction term from unstratified Cox proportional hazards model with treatment, subgroup, and treatment-by-subgroup interaction as categorical variables in the model. The p-value is based on the Wald test.

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Medizinischer Nutzen, medizinischer Zusatznutzen, Patientengruppen mit therap. bedeutsamem Zusatznutzen

Daichi Sankyo | Data Intelligence – Evidence Generation | Final | AC220-A-U302 QUANTUM-First (DCO 13 Aug 2021) | Statistical analyses for AMNOG (HTA Germany)
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SOC: Infections and infestations; PT: Septic shock

Subgroup	n	Quizartinib (N=265)				Placebo (N=268)				Quizartinib vs Placebo		Interaction
		No. of subjects with events (%)	No. of subjects censored (%)	Median (95 % CI) [a]	n	No. of subjects with events (%)	No. of subjects censored (%)	Median (95 % CI) [a]	n	Hazard Ratio (95 % CI) [b]	Unstratified log-rank p-value [c]	P-value [d]
WBC at initial diagnosis											0.0222	
< 40x10 ⁹ /L	132	8 (6.1)	124 (93.9)	NE (NE, NE)	133	1 (0.8)	132 (99.2)	NE (NE, NE)	133	8.774 (1.097, 70.188)	0.0134	
≥ 40x10 ⁹ /L	133	4 (3.0)	129 (97.0)	NE (NE, NE)	135	7 (5.2)	128 (94.8)	NE (NE, NE)	135	0.511 (0.149, 1.754)	0.2772	

N: number of subjects in analysis set; n: number of subjects in subgroup category; %: proportion of number of subjects in n; CI: confidence interval; NE: not estimable. PT: Preferred Term, SOC: System Organ Class.

[a] Median time to first event is from Kaplan-Meier estimate. Confidence Interval for median was computed using the Brookmeyer-Crowley method.

[b] Hazard ratio is from unstratified Cox proportional hazards model with treatment as the only categorical variable in the model. Confidence limits are based on the Wald test.

[c] Two-sided p-value from unstratified log-rank test.

[d] Two-sided interaction p-value is for the interaction term from unstratified Cox proportional hazards model with treatment, subgroup, and treatment-by-subgroup interaction as categorical variables in the model. The p-value is based on the Wald test.

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SOC: Infections and infestations; PT: Septic shock

		Quizartinib (N=265)				Placebo (N=268)				Quizartinib vs Placebo		Interaction
Subgroup	n	No. of subjects with events (%)	No. of subjects censored (%)	Median (95 % CI) (months) [a]	n	No. of subjects with events (%)	No. of subjects censored (%)	Median (95 % CI) (months) [a]	Hazard Ratio (95 % CI) [b]	Unstratified log-rank p-value [c]	P-value [d]	
Choice of Anthracycline											0.9898	
Daunorubicin	123	2 (1.6)	121 (98.4)	NE (NE, NE)	94	0	94 (100)	NE (NE, NE)	NE (0.000, NE)	0.2153		
Idarubicin	142	10 (7.0)	132 (93.0)	NE (NE, NE)	171	8 (4.7)	163 (95.3)	NE (NE, NE)	1.472 (0.580, 3.732)	0.4127		

N: number of subjects in analysis set; n: number of subjects in subgroup category; %: proportion of number of subjects in n; CI: confidence interval; NE: not estimable. PT: Preferred Term, SOC: System Organ Class.

[a] Median time to first event is from Kaplan-Meier estimate. Confidence Interval for median was computed using the Brookmeyer-Crowley method.

[b] Hazard ratio is from unstratified Cox proportional hazards model with treatment as the only categorical variable in the model. Confidence limits are based on the Wald test.

[c] Two-sided p-value from unstratified log-rank test.

[d] Two-sided interaction p-value is for the interaction term from unstratified Cox proportional hazards model with treatment, subgroup, and treatment-by-subgroup interaction as categorical variables in the model. The p-value is based on the Wald test.

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SOC: Infections and infestations; PT: Septic shock

		Quizartinib (N=265)				Placebo (N=268)				Quizartinib vs Placebo		Interaction
Subgroup	n	No. of subjects with events (%)	No. of subjects censored (%)	Median (95 % CI) (months) [a]	n	No. of subjects with events (%)	No. of subjects censored (%)	Median (95 % CI) (months) [a]	Hazard Ratio (95 % CI) [b]	Unstratified log-rank p-value [c]	P-value [d]	
AML Cytogenetic Risk Score											0.9991	
Favorable	13	0	13 (100)	NE (NE, NE)	19	0	19 (100)	NE (NE, NE)	NE (NE, NE)	NE		
Intermediate	195	9 (4.6)	186 (95.4)	NE (NE, NE)	190	6 (3.2)	184 (96.8)	NE (NE, NE)	1.428 (0.508, 4.012)	0.4977		
Unfavorable	19	1 (5.3)	18 (94.7)	NE (4.3, NE)	27	1 (3.7)	26 (96.3)	NE (NE, NE)	1.414 (0.088, 22.637)	0.8055		
Unknown	38	2 (5.3)	36 (94.7)	NE (26.5, NE)	31	1 (3.2)	30 (96.8)	NE (NE, NE)	1.551 (0.138, 17.481)	0.7206		

N: number of subjects in analysis set; n: number of subjects in subgroup category; %: proportion of number of subjects in n; CI: confidence interval; NE: not estimable. PT: Preferred Term, SOC: System Organ Class.

[a] Median time to first event is from Kaplan-Meier estimate. Confidence Interval for median was computed using the Brookmeyer-Crowley method.

[b] Hazard ratio is from unstratified Cox proportional hazards model with treatment as the only categorical variable in the model. Confidence limits are based on the Wald test.

[c] Two-sided p-value from unstratified log-rank test.

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SOC: Infections and infestations; PT: Septic shock

		Quizartinib (N=265)					Placebo (N=268)					Quizartinib vs Placebo		Interaction
Subgroup	n	No. of subjects with events (%)	No. of subjects censored (%)	Median (95 % CI) (months) [a]	n	No. of subjects with events (%)	No. of subjects censored (%)	Median (95 % CI) (months) [a]	n	Hazard Ratio (95 % CI) [b]	Unstratified log-rank p-value [c]	P-value [d]		
ECOG Performance Status at Baseline												0.6453		
0 - Fully Active	87	3 (3.4)	84 (96.6)	NE (NE, NE)	97	2 (2.1)	95 (97.9)	NE (NE, NE)	97	1.448 (0.240, 8.729)	0.6844			
1 - Restricted in Physically Strenuous Activity	133	5 (3.8)	128 (96.2)	NE (NE, NE)	134	5 (3.7)	129 (96.3)	NE (NE, NE)	134	1.010 (0.292, 3.489)	0.9874			
2 - Ambulatory and Capable of All Selfcare	45	4 (8.9)	41 (91.1)	NE (NE, NE)	36	1 (2.8)	35 (97.2)	NE (NE, NE)	36	3.287 (0.367, 29.432)	0.2594			

N: number of subjects in analysis set; n: number of subjects in subgroup category; %: proportion of number of subjects in n; CI: confidence interval; NE: not estimable. PT: Preferred Term, SOC: System Organ Class.

[a] Median time to first event is from Kaplan-Meier estimate. Confidence Interval for median was computed using the Brookmeyer-Crowley method.

[b] Hazard ratio is from unstratified Cox proportional hazards model with treatment as the only categorical variable in the model. Confidence limits are based on the Wald test.

[c] Two-sided p-value from unstratified log-rank test.

[d] Two-sided interaction p-value is for the interaction term from unstratified Cox proportional hazards model with treatment, subgroup, and treatment-by-subgroup interaction as categorical variables in the model. The p-value is based on the Wald test.

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SOC: Infections and infestations; PT: Septic shock

		Quizartinib (N=265)					Placebo (N=268)					Quizartinib vs Placebo		Interaction
Subgroup	n	No. of subjects with events (%)	No. of subjects censored (%)	Median (95 % CI) (months) [a]	n	No. of subjects with events (%)	No. of subjects censored (%)	Median (95 % CI) (months) [a]	Hazard Ratio (95 % CI) [b]	Unstratified log-rank p-value [c]	P-value [d]			
FLT3-ITD category at Baseline												0.9992		
≥3 to ≤25%	94	4 (4.3)	90 (95.7)	NE (NE, NE)	98	3 (3.1)	95 (96.9)	NE (NE, NE)	1.429 (0.320, 6.388)	0.6386				
>25% to ≤50%	141	8 (5.7)	133 (94.3)	NE (NE, NE)	136	5 (3.7)	131 (96.3)	NE (NE, NE)	1.527 (0.499, 4.671)	0.4548				
>50%	29	0	29 (100)	NE (NE, NE)	34	0	34 (100)	NE (NE, NE)	NE (NE, NE)	NE				

N: number of subjects in analysis set; n: number of subjects in subgroup category; %: proportion of number of subjects in n; CI: confidence interval; NE: not estimable. PT: Preferred Term, SOC: System Organ Class.

[a] Median time to first event is from Kaplan-Meier estimate. Confidence Interval for median was computed using the Brookmeyer-Crowley method.

[b] Hazard ratio is from unstratified Cox proportional hazards model with treatment as the only categorical variable in the model. Confidence limits are based on the Wald test.

[c] Two-sided p-value is from unstratified log-rank test.

[d] Two-sided interaction p-value is for the interaction term from unstratified Cox proportional hazards model with treatment, subgroup, and treatment-by-subgroup interaction as categorical variables in the model. The p-value is based on the Wald test.

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SOC: Infections and infestations; PT: Septic shock

		Quizartinib (N=265)				Placebo (N=268)				Quizartinib vs Placebo		Interaction
Subgroup	n	No. of subjects with events (%)	No. of subjects censored (%)	Median (95 % CI) (months) [a]	n	No. of subjects with events (%)	No. of subjects censored (%)	Median (95 % CI) (months) [a]	Hazard Ratio (95 % CI) [b]	Unstratified log-rank p-value [c]	P-value [d]	
AML with Mutated NPM1											0.4545	
Yes	139	8 (5.8)	131 (94.2)	NE (NE, NE)	137	4 (2.9)	133 (97.1)	NE (NE, NE)	1.949 (0.586, 6.479)	0.2679		
No	116	4 (3.4)	112 (96.6)	NE (NE, NE)	120	4 (3.3)	116 (96.7)	NE (NE, NE)	0.983 (0.246, 3.934)	0.9812		

N: number of subjects in analysis set; n: number of subjects in subgroup category; %: proportion of number of subjects in n; CI: confidence interval; NE: not estimable. PT: Preferred Term, SOC: System Organ Class.

[a] Median time to first event is from Kaplan-Meier estimate. Confidence Interval for median was computed using the Brookmeyer-Crowley method.

[b] Hazard ratio is from unstratified Cox proportional hazards model with treatment as the only categorical variable in the model. Confidence limits are based on the Wald test.

[c] Two-sided p-value from unstratified log-rank test.

[d] Two-sided interaction p-value is for the interaction term from unstratified Cox proportional hazards model with treatment, subgroup, and treatment-by-subgroup interaction as categorical variables in the model. The p-value is based on the Wald test.

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SOC: Infections and infestations; PT: Septic shock

		Quizartinib (N=265)				Placebo (N=268)				Quizartinib vs Placebo		Interaction
Subgroup	n	No. of subjects with events (%)	No. of subjects censored (%)	Median (95 % CI) (months) [a]	n	No. of subjects with events (%)	No. of subjects censored (%)	Median (95 % CI) (months) [a]	Hazard Ratio (95 % CI) [b]	Unstratified log-rank p-value [c]	P-value [d]	
Age by 2 categories											0.4875	
≤60	164	6 (3.7)	158 (96.3)	NE (NE, NE)	163	5 (3.1)	158 (96.9)	NE (NE, NE)	1.155 (0.352, 3.786)	0.8117		
>60	101	6 (5.9)	95 (94.1)	NE (NE, NE)	105	3 (2.9)	102 (97.1)	NE (NE, NE)	2.198 (0.550, 8.795)	0.2529		

N: number of subjects in analysis set; n: number of subjects in subgroup category; %: proportion of number of subjects in n; CI: confidence interval; NE: not estimable. PT: Preferred Term, SOC: System Organ Class.

[a] Median time to first event is from Kaplan-Meier estimate. Confidence Interval for median was computed using the Brookmeyer-Crowley method.

[b] Hazard ratio is from unstratified Cox proportional hazards model with treatment as the only categorical variable in the model. Confidence limits are based on the Wald test.

[c] Two-sided p-value from unstratified log-rank test.

[d] Two-sided interaction p-value is for the interaction term from unstratified Cox proportional hazards model with treatment, subgroup, and treatment-by-subgroup interaction as categorical variables in the model. The p-value is based on the Wald test.

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SOC: Infections and infestations; PT: Bacteraemia

Subgroup	n	Quizartinib (N=265)				Placebo (N=268)				Quizartinib vs Placebo		Interaction
		No. of subjects with events (%)	No. of subjects censored (%)	Median (95 % CI) (months) [a]	n	No. of subjects with events (%)	No. of subjects censored (%)	Median (95 % CI) (months) [a]	n	Hazard Ratio (95 % CI) [b]	Unstratified log-rank p-value [c]	P-value [d]
Pooled Age Group 2											0.6753	
<60	159	4 (2.5)	155 (97.5)	NE (NE, NE)	160	2 (1.3)	158 (98.8)	NE (NE, NE)	160	1.924 (0.352, 10.521)	0.4423	
≥60 - <65	37	3 (8.1)	34 (91.9)	NE (NE, NE)	43	1 (2.3)	42 (97.7)	NE (NE, NE)	43	3.148 (0.325, 30.449)	0.2962	
≥65	69	3 (4.3)	66 (95.7)	NE (NE, NE)	65	3 (4.6)	62 (95.4)	NE (NE, NE)	65	0.965 (0.195, 4.784)	0.9630	

N: number of subjects in analysis set; n: number of subjects in subgroup category; %: proportion of number of subjects in n; CI: confidence interval; NE: not estimable. PT: Preferred Term, SOC: System Organ Class.

[a] Median time to first event is from Kaplan-Meier estimate. Confidence Interval for median was computed using the Brookmeyer-Crowley method.

[b] Hazard ratio is from unstratified Cox proportional hazards model with treatment as the only categorical variable in the model. Confidence limits are based on the Wald test.

[c] Two-sided p-value from unstratified log-rank test.

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SOC: Infections and infestations; PT: Bacteraemia

Subgroup	n	Quizartinib (N=265)				Placebo (N=268)				Quizartinib vs Placebo		Interaction
		No. of subjects with events (%)	No. of subjects censored (%)	Median (95 % CI) (months) [a]	n	No. of subjects with events (%)	No. of subjects censored (%)	Median (95 % CI) (months) [a]	n	Hazard Ratio (95 % CI) [b]	Unstratified log-rank p-value [c]	P-value [d]
Sex												0.8486
Male	124	4 (3.2)	120 (96.8)	NE (NE, NE)	120	2 (1.7)	118 (98.3)	NE (NE, NE)	120	1.927 (0.353, 10.524)	0.4416	
Female	141	6 (4.3)	135 (95.7)	NE (NE, NE)	148	4 (2.7)	144 (97.3)	NE (NE, NE)	148	1.538 (0.434, 5.453)	0.5018	

N: number of subjects in analysis set; n: number of subjects in subgroup category; %: proportion of number of subjects in n; CI: confidence interval; NE: not estimable. PT: Preferred Term, SOC: System Organ Class.

[a] Median time to first event is from Kaplan-Meier estimate. Confidence Interval for median was computed using the Brookmeyer-Crowley method.

[b] Hazard ratio is from unstratified Cox proportional hazards model with treatment as the only categorical variable in the model. Confidence limits are based on the Wald test.

[c] Two-sided p-value from unstratified log-rank test.

[d] Two-sided interaction p-value is for the interaction term from unstratified Cox proportional hazards model with treatment, subgroup, and treatment-by-subgroup interaction as categorical variables in the model. The p-value is based on the Wald test.

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Medizinischer Nutzen, medizinischer Zusatznutzen, Patientengruppen mit therap. bedeutsamem Zusatznutzen

Daichi Sankyo | Data Intelligence – Evidence Generation | Final | AC220-A-U302 QUANTUM-First (DCO 13 Aug 2021) | Statistical analyses for AMNOG (HTA Germany)
 Table 3.13.2 Severe Treatment-emergent adverse events (NCI CTCAE grade ≥3) by system organ class (SOC) and preferred term (PT) observed for ≥ 10 patients in at least one arm and ≥ 1% of the patients in at least one arm - Time-to-event analysis - subgroup analysis - DCO 13-Aug-2021 - Safety Analysis Set

SOC: Infections and infestations; PT: Bacteraemia

		Quizartinib (N=265)				Placebo (N=268)				Quizartinib vs Placebo		Interaction
Subgroup	n	No. of subjects with events (%)	No. of subjects censored (%)	Median (95 % CI) (months) [a]	n	No. of subjects with events (%)	No. of subjects censored (%)	Median (95 % CI) (months) [a]	Hazard Ratio (95 % CI) [b]	Unstratified log-rank p-value [c]	P-value [d]	
Race by 2 categories											0.5464	
White	157	3 (1.9)	154 (98.1)	NE (NE, NE)	161	1 (0.6)	160 (99.4)	NE (NE, NE)	2.948 (0.306, 28.421)	0.3264		
Non-white	108	7 (6.5)	101 (93.5)	NE (NE, NE)	107	5 (4.7)	102 (95.3)	NE (NE, NE)	1.389 (0.441, 4.376)	0.5738		

N: number of subjects in analysis set; n: number of subjects in subgroup category; %: proportion of number of subjects in n; CI: confidence interval; NE: not estimable. PT: Preferred Term, SOC: System Organ Class.

[a] Median time to first event is from Kaplan-Meier estimate. Confidence Interval for median was computed using the Brookmeyer-Crowley method.

[b] Hazard ratio is from unstratified Cox proportional hazards model with treatment as the only categorical variable in the model. Confidence limits are based on the Wald test.

[c] Two-sided p-value from unstratified log-rank test.

[d] Two-sided interaction p-value is for the interaction term from unstratified Cox proportional hazards model with treatment, subgroup, and treatment-by-subgroup interaction as categorical variables in the model. The p-value is based on the Wald test.

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SOC: Infections and infestations; PT: Bacteraemia

		Quizartinib (N=265)					Placebo (N=268)					Quizartinib vs Placebo		Interaction
Subgroup	n	No. of subjects with events (%)	No. of subjects censored (%)	Median (95 % CI) (months) [a]	n	No. of subjects with events (%)	No. of subjects censored (%)	Median (95 % CI) (months) [a]	Hazard Ratio (95 % CI) [b]	Unstratified log-rank p-value [c]	P-value [d]			
Geographic Region 1													0.8996	
North America	16	2 (12.5)	14 (87.5)	NE (NE, NE)	18	1 (5.6)	17 (94.4)	NE (NE, NE)	2.258 (0.205, 24.901)	0.4905				
Europe	161	2 (1.2)	159 (98.8)	NE (NE, NE)	161	1 (0.6)	160 (99.4)	NE (NE, NE)	1.865 (0.169, 20.649)	0.6054				
Asia/Other Regions	88	6 (6.8)	82 (93.2)	NE (NE, NE)	89	4 (4.5)	85 (95.5)	NE (NE, NE)	1.494 (0.421, 5.300)	0.5322				

N: number of subjects in analysis set; n: number of subjects in subgroup category; %: proportion of number of subjects in n; CI: confidence interval; NE: not estimable. PT: Preferred Term, SOC: System Organ Class.

[a] Median time to first event is from Kaplan-Meier estimate. Confidence Interval for median was computed using the Brookmeyer-Crowley method.

[b] Hazard ratio is from unstratified Cox proportional hazards model with treatment as the only categorical variable in the model. Confidence limits are based on the Wald test.

[c] Two-sided p-value from unstratified log-rank test.

[d] Two-sided interaction p-value is for the interaction term from unstratified Cox proportional hazards model with treatment, subgroup, and treatment-by-subgroup interaction as categorical variables in the model. The p-value is based on the Wald test.

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Medizinischer Nutzen, medizinischer Zusatznutzen, Patientengruppen mit therap. bedeutsamem Zusatznutzen

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SOC: Infections and infestations; PT: Bacteraemia

Subgroup	n	Quizartinib (N=265)				Placebo (N=268)				Quizartinib vs Placebo		Interaction
		No. of subjects with events (%)	No. of subjects censored (%)	Median (95 % CI) [a]	n	No. of subjects with events (%)	No. of subjects censored (%)	Median (95 % CI) [a]	n	Hazard Ratio (95 % CI) [b]	Unstratified log-rank p-value [c]	P-value [d]
WBC at initial diagnosis												0.0381
< 40x10 ⁹ /L	132	1 (0.8)	131 (99.2)	NE (NE, NE)	133	4 (3.0)	129 (97.0)	NE (NE, NE)	133	0.257 (0.029, 2.300)	0.1900	
≥ 40x10 ⁹ /L	133	9 (6.8)	124 (93.2)	NE (NE, NE)	135	2 (1.5)	133 (98.5)	NE (NE, NE)	133	4.396 (0.949, 20.374)	0.0386	

N: number of subjects in analysis set; n: number of subjects in subgroup category; %: proportion of number of subjects in n; CI: confidence interval; NE: not estimable. PT: Preferred Term, SOC: System Organ Class.

[a] Median time to first event is from Kaplan-Meier estimate. Confidence Interval for median was computed using the Brookmeyer-Crowley method.

[b] Hazard ratio is from unstratified Cox proportional hazards model with treatment as the only categorical variable in the model. Confidence limits are based on the Wald test.

[c] Two-sided p-value from unstratified log-rank test.

[d] Two-sided interaction p-value is for the interaction term from unstratified Cox proportional hazards model with treatment, subgroup, and treatment-by-subgroup interaction as categorical variables in the model. The p-value is based on the Wald test.

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SOC: Infections and infestations; PT: Bacteraemia

		Quizartinib (N=265)				Placebo (N=268)				Quizartinib vs Placebo		Interaction
Subgroup	n	No. of subjects with events (%)	No. of subjects censored (%)	Median (95 % CI) (months) [a]	n	No. of subjects with events (%)	No. of subjects censored (%)	Median (95 % CI) (months) [a]	Hazard Ratio (95 % CI) [b]	Unstratified log-rank p-value [c]	P-value [d]	
Choice of Anthracycline											0.9901	
Daunorubicin	123	3 (2.4)	120 (97.6)	NE (NE, NE)	94	0	94 (100)	NE (NE, NE)	NE (0.000, NE)	0.1291		
Idarubicin	142	7 (4.9)	135 (95.1)	NE (NE, NE)	171	6 (3.5)	165 (96.5)	NE (NE, NE)	1.391 (0.467, 4.143)	0.5512		

N: number of subjects in analysis set; n: number of subjects in subgroup category; %: proportion of number of subjects in n; CI: confidence interval; NE: not estimable. PT: Preferred Term, SOC: System Organ Class.

[a] Median time to first event is from Kaplan-Meier estimate. Confidence Interval for median was computed using the Brookmeyer-Crowley method.

[b] Hazard ratio is from unstratified Cox proportional hazards model with treatment as the only categorical variable in the model. Confidence limits are based on the Wald test.

[c] Two-sided p-value from unstratified log-rank test.

[d] Two-sided interaction p-value is for the interaction term from unstratified Cox proportional hazards model with treatment, subgroup, and treatment-by-subgroup interaction as categorical variables in the model. The p-value is based on the Wald test.

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SOC: Infections and infestations; PT: Bacteraemia

		Quizartinib (N=265)				Placebo (N=268)				Quizartinib vs Placebo		Interaction
Subgroup	n	No. of subjects with events (%)	No. of subjects censored (%)	Median (95 % CI) (months) [a]	n	No. of subjects with events (%)	No. of subjects censored (%)	Median (95 % CI) (months) [a]	Hazard Ratio (95 % CI) [b]	Unstratified log-rank p-value [c]	P-value [d]	
AML Cytogenetic Risk Score											1.0000	
Favorable	13	1 (7.7)	12 (92.3)	NE (NE, NE)	19	0	19 (100)	NE (NE, NE)	NE (NE)	(0.000, 0.2207)		
Intermediate	195	7 (3.6)	188 (96.4)	NE (NE, NE)	190	6 (3.2)	184 (96.8)	NE (NE, NE)	1.081 (0.363, 3.222)	0.8880		
Unfavorable	19	1 (5.3)	18 (94.7)	NE (4.3, NE)	27	0	27 (100)	NE (NE, NE)	NE (NE)	(0.000, 0.2482)		
Unknown	38	1 (2.6)	37 (97.4)	NE (NE, NE)	31	0	31 (100)	NE (NE, NE)	NE (NE)	(0.000, 0.3600)		

N: number of subjects in analysis set; n: number of subjects in subgroup category; %: proportion of number of subjects in n; CI: confidence interval; NE: not estimable. PT: Preferred Term, SOC: System Organ Class.

[a] Median time to first event is from Kaplan-Meier estimate. Confidence Interval for median was computed using the Brookmeyer-Crowley method.

[b] Hazard ratio is from unstratified Cox proportional hazards model with treatment as the only categorical variable in the model. Confidence limits are based on the Wald test.

[c] Two-sided p-value from unstratified log-rank test.

[d] Two-sided interaction p-value is for the interaction term from unstratified Cox proportional hazards model with treatment, subgroup, and treatment-by-subgroup interaction as categorical variables in the model. The p-value is based on the Wald test.

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Medizinischer Nutzen, medizinischer Zusatznutzen, Patientengruppen mit therap. bedeutsamem Zusatznutzen

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SOC: Infections and infestations; PT: Bacteraemia

		Quizartinib (N=265)				Placebo (N=268)				Quizartinib vs Placebo		Interaction
Subgroup	n	No. of subjects with events (%)	No. of subjects censored (%)	Median (95 % CI) (months) [a]	n	No. of subjects with events (%)	No. of subjects censored (%)	Median (95 % CI) (months) [a]	Hazard Ratio (95 % CI) [b]	Unstratified log-rank p-value [c]	P-value [d]	
ECOG Performance Status at Baseline											0.5670	
0 - Fully Active	87	3 (3.4)	84 (96.6)	NE (NE, NE)	97	1 (1.0)	96 (99.0)	NE (NE, NE)	3.149 (0.327, 30.305)	0.2946		
1 - Restricted in Physically Strenuous Activity	133	4 (3.0)	129 (97.0)	NE (NE, NE)	134	5 (3.7)	129 (96.3)	NE (NE, NE)	0.794 (0.213, 2.959)	0.7308		
2 - Ambulatory and Capable of All Selfcare	45	3 (6.7)	42 (93.3)	NE (NE, NE)	36	0	36 (100)	NE (NE, NE)	NE (0.000, NE)	0.1113		

N: number of subjects in analysis set; n: number of subjects in subgroup category; %: proportion of number of subjects in n; CI: confidence interval; NE: not estimable. PT: Preferred Term, SOC: System Organ Class.

[a] Median time to first event is from Kaplan-Meier estimate. Confidence Interval for median was computed using the Brookmeyer-Crowley method.

[b] Hazard ratio is from unstratified Cox proportional hazards model with treatment as the only categorical variable in the model. Confidence limits are based on the Wald test.

[c] Two-sided p-value from unstratified log-rank test.

[d] Two-sided interaction p-value is for the interaction term from unstratified Cox proportional hazards model with treatment, subgroup, and treatment-by-subgroup interaction as categorical variables in the model. The p-value is based on the Wald test.

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SOC: Infections and infestations; PT: Bacteraemia

		Quizartinib (N=265)				Placebo (N=268)				Quizartinib vs Placebo		Interaction
Subgroup	n	No. of subjects with events (%)	No. of subjects censored (%)	Median (95 % CI) (months) [a]	n	No. of subjects with events (%)	No. of subjects censored (%)	Median (95 % CI) (months) [a]	Hazard Ratio (95 % CI) [b]	Unstratified log-rank p-value [c]	P-value [d]	
FLT3-ITD category at Baseline												
≥3 to ≤25%	94	5 (5.3)	89 (94.7)	NE (NE, NE)	98	4 (4.1)	94 (95.9)	NE (NE, NE)	1.359 (0.365, 5.062)	0.6458	0.8608	
>25% to ≤50%	141	5 (3.5)	136 (96.5)	NE (NE, NE)	136	2 (1.5)	134 (98.5)	NE (NE, NE)	2.333 (0.452, 12.044)	0.2977		
>50%	29	0	29 (100)	NE (NE, NE)	34	0	34 (100)	NE (NE, NE)	NE (NE, NE)	NE		

N: number of subjects in analysis set; n: number of subjects in subgroup category; %: proportion of number of subjects in n; CI: confidence interval; NE: not estimable. PT: Preferred Term, SOC: System Organ Class.

[a] Median time to first event is from Kaplan-Meier estimate. Confidence Interval for median was computed using the Brookmeyer-Crowley method.

[b] Hazard ratio is from unstratified Cox proportional hazards model with treatment as the only categorical variable in the model. Confidence limits are based on the Wald test.

[c] Two-sided p-value from unstratified log-rank test.

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SOC: Infections and infestations; PT: Bacteraemia

Subgroup	n	Quizartinib (N=265)				Placebo (N=268)				Quizartinib vs Placebo		Interaction
		No. of subjects with events (%)	No. of subjects censored (%)	Median (95 % CI) (months) [a]	n	No. of subjects with events (%)	No. of subjects censored (%)	Median (95 % CI) (months) [a]	n	Hazard Ratio (95 % CI) [b]	Unstratified log-rank p-value [c]	P-value [d]
AML with Mutated NPM1											0.5491	
Yes	139	7 (5.0)	132 (95.0)	NE (NE, NE)	137	5 (3.6)	132 (96.4)	NE (NE, NE)	137	1.381 (0.438, 4.356)	0.5796	
No	116	3 (2.6)	113 (97.4)	NE (NE, NE)	120	1 (0.8)	119 (99.2)	NE (NE, NE)	120	3.021 (0.314, 29.049)	0.3141	

N: number of subjects in analysis set; n: number of subjects in subgroup category; %: proportion of number of subjects in n; CI: confidence interval; NE: not estimable. PT: Preferred Term, SOC: System Organ Class.

[a] Median time to first event is from Kaplan-Meier estimate. Confidence Interval for median was computed using the Brookmeyer-Crowley method.

[b] Hazard ratio is from unstratified Cox proportional hazards model with treatment as the only categorical variable in the model. Confidence limits are based on the Wald test.

[c] Two-sided p-value from unstratified log-rank test.

[d] Two-sided interaction p-value is for the interaction term from unstratified Cox proportional hazards model with treatment, subgroup, and treatment-by-subgroup interaction as categorical variables in the model. The p-value is based on the Wald test.

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SOC: Infections and infestations; PT: Bacteraemia

		Quizartinib (N=265)				Placebo (N=268)				Quizartinib vs Placebo		Interaction
Subgroup	n	No. of subjects with events (%)	No. of subjects censored (%)	Median (95 % CI) (months) [a]	n	No. of subjects with events (%)	No. of subjects censored (%)	Median (95 % CI) (months) [a]	Hazard Ratio (95 % CI) [b]	Unstratified log-rank p-value [c]	P-value [d]	
Age by 2 categories											0.5881	
≤60	164	5 (3.0)	159 (97.0)	NE (NE, NE)	163	2 (1.2)	161 (98.8)	NE (NE, NE)	2.374 (0.460, 12.253)	0.2870		
>60	101	5 (5.0)	96 (95.0)	NE (NE, NE)	105	4 (3.8)	101 (96.2)	NE (NE, NE)	1.332 (0.358, 4.962)	0.6692		

N: number of subjects in analysis set; n: number of subjects in subgroup category; %: proportion of number of subjects in n; CI: confidence interval; NE: not estimable. PT: Preferred Term, SOC: System Organ Class.

[a] Median time to first event is from Kaplan-Meier estimate. Confidence Interval for median was computed using the Brookmeyer-Crowley method.

[b] Hazard ratio is from unstratified Cox proportional hazards model with treatment as the only categorical variable in the model. Confidence limits are based on the Wald test.

[c] Two-sided p-value from unstratified log-rank test.

[d] Two-sided interaction p-value is for the interaction term from unstratified Cox proportional hazards model with treatment, subgroup, and treatment-by-subgroup interaction as categorical variables in the model. The p-value is based on the Wald test.

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SOC: Metabolism and nutrition disorders; PT: Any PT

		Quizartinib (N=265)				Placebo (N=268)				Quizartinib vs Placebo		Interaction
Subgroup	n	No. of subjects with events (%)	No. of subjects censored (%)	Median (95 % CI) (months) [a]	n	No. of subjects with events (%)	No. of subjects censored (%)	Median (95 % CI) (months) [a]	Hazard Ratio (95 % CI) [b]	Unstratified log-rank p-value [c]	P-value [d]	
Pooled Age Group 2											0.2512	
<60	159	45 (28.3)	114 (71.7)	NE (NE, NE)	160	37 (23.1)	123 (76.9)	NE (NE, NE)	1.161 (0.751, 1.795)	0.5001		
≥60 - <65	37	9 (24.3)	28 (75.7)	NE (NE, NE)	43	13 (30.2)	30 (69.8)	NE (NE, NE)	0.747 (0.318, 1.753)	0.5015		
≥65	69	30 (43.5)	39 (56.5)	10.1 (1.9, NE)	65	21 (32.3)	44 (67.7)	NE (7.3, NE)	1.621 (0.926, 2.837)	0.0887		

N: number of subjects in analysis set; n: number of subjects in subgroup category; %: proportion of number of subjects in n; CI: confidence interval; NE: not estimable. PT: Preferred Term, SOC: System Organ Class.

[a] Median time to first event is from Kaplan-Meier estimate. Confidence Interval for median was computed using the Brookmeyer-Crowley method.

[b] Hazard ratio is from unstratified Cox proportional hazards model with treatment as the only categorical variable in the model. Confidence limits are based on the Wald test.

[c] Two-sided p-value from unstratified log-rank test.

[d] Two-sided interaction p-value is for the interaction term from unstratified Cox proportional hazards model with treatment, subgroup, and treatment-by-subgroup interaction as categorical variables in the model. The p-value is based on the Wald test.

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Medizinischer Nutzen, medizinischer Zusatznutzen, Patientengruppen mit therap. bedeutsamem Zusatznutzen

Daichi Sankyo | Data Intelligence – Evidence Generation | Final | AC220-A-U302 QUANTUM-First (DCO 13 Aug 2021) | Statistical analyses for AMNOG (HTA Germany)
 Table 3.13.2 Severe Treatment-emergent adverse events (NCI CTCAE grade ≥3) by system organ class (SOC) and preferred term (PT) observed for ≥ 10 patients in at least one arm and ≥ 1% of the patients in at least one arm - Time-to-event analysis - subgroup analysis - DCO 13-Aug-2021 - Safety Analysis Set

SOC: Metabolism and nutrition disorders; PT: Any PT

		Quizartinib (N=265)					Placebo (N=268)					Quizartinib vs Placebo		Interaction
Subgroup	n	No. of subjects with events (%)	No. of subjects censored (%)	Median (95 % CI) (months) [a]	n	No. of subjects with events (%)	No. of subjects censored (%)	Median (95 % CI) (months) [a]	Hazard Ratio (95 % CI) [b]	Unstratified log-rank p-value [c]	P-value [d]			
Sex											0.3146			
Male	124	38 (30.6)	86 (69.4)	NE (NE)	26.8, 120	26 (21.7)	94 (78.3)	NE (NE, NE)	1.434 (0.870, 2.364)	0.1554				
Female	141	46 (32.6)	95 (67.4)	NE (NE)	12.2, 148	45 (30.4)	103 (69.6)	NE (NE, NE)	1.032 (0.684, 1.558)	0.8696				

N: number of subjects in analysis set; n: number of subjects in subgroup category; %: proportion of number of subjects in n; CI: confidence interval; NE: not estimable. PT: Preferred Term, SOC: System Organ Class.

[a] Median time to first event is from Kaplan-Meier estimate. Confidence Interval for median was computed using the Brookmeyer-Crowley method.

[b] Hazard ratio is from unstratified Cox proportional hazards model with treatment as the only categorical variable in the model. Confidence limits are based on the Wald test.

[c] Two-sided p-value from unstratified log-rank test.

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SOC: Metabolism and nutrition disorders; PT: Any PT

		Quizartinib (N=265)					Placebo (N=268)					Quizartinib vs Placebo		Interaction
Subgroup	n	No. of subjects with events (%)	No. of subjects censored (%)	Median (95 % CI) (months) [a]	n	No. of subjects with events (%)	No. of subjects censored (%)	Median (95 % CI) (months) [a]	Hazard Ratio (95 % CI) [b]	Unstratified log-rank p-value [c]	P-value [d]			
Race by 2 categories												0.0505		
White	157	39 (24.8)	118 (75.2)	NE (NE, NE)	161	44 (27.3)	117 (72.7)	NE (NE, NE)	0.889 (0.578, 1.370)	0.5970				
Non-white	108	45 (41.7)	63 (58.3)	11.3 (4.9, NE)	107	27 (25.2)	80 (74.8)	NE (NE, NE)	1.666 (1.033, 2.685)	0.0341				

N: number of subjects in analysis set; n: number of subjects in subgroup category; %: proportion of number of subjects in n; CI: confidence interval; NE: not estimable. PT: Preferred Term, SOC: System Organ Class.

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[b] Hazard ratio is from unstratified Cox proportional hazards model with treatment as the only categorical variable in the model. Confidence limits are based on the Wald test.

[c] Two-sided p-value from unstratified log-rank test.

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SOC: Metabolism and nutrition disorders; PT: Any PT

		Quizartinib (N=265)					Placebo (N=268)					Quizartinib vs Placebo		Interaction
Subgroup	n	No. of subjects with events (%)	No. of subjects censored (%)	Median (95 % CI) (months) [a]	n	No. of subjects with events (%)	No. of subjects censored (%)	Median (95 % CI) (months) [a]	Hazard Ratio (95 % CI) [b]	Unstratified log-rank p-value [c]	P-value [d]			
Geographic Region 1													0.0028	
North America	16	5 (31.3)	11 (68.8)	16.7 (1.9, NE)	18	13 (72.2)	5 (27.8)	2.1 (0.2, 9.1)	0.306 (0.108, 0.869)	0.0199				
Europe	161	41 (25.5)	120 (74.5)	NE (NE, NE)	161	40 (24.8)	121 (75.2)	NE (NE, NE)	1.023 (0.661, 1.583)	0.9145				
Asia/Other Regions	88	38 (43.2)	50 (56.8)	8.0 (4.9, NE)	89	18 (20.2)	71 (79.8)	NE (NE, NE)	2.214 (1.263, 3.879)	0.0044				

N: number of subjects in analysis set; n: number of subjects in subgroup category; %: proportion of number of subjects in n; CI: confidence interval; NE: not estimable. PT: Preferred Term, SOC: System Organ Class.

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[c] Two-sided p-value from unstratified log-rank test.

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SOC: Metabolism and nutrition disorders; PT: Any PT

Subgroup	n	Quizartinib (N=265)				Placebo (N=268)				Quizartinib vs Placebo		Interaction
		No. of subjects with events (%)	No. of subjects censored (%)	Median (95 % CI) [a]	n	No. of subjects with events (%)	No. of subjects censored (%)	Median (95 % CI) [a]	n	Hazard Ratio (95 % CI) [b]	Unstratified log-rank p-value [c]	P-value [d]
WBC at initial diagnosis											0.6312	
< 40x10 ⁹ /L	132	39 (29.5)	93 (70.5)	NE (NE, NE)	133	32 (24.1)	101 (75.9)	NE (NE, NE)	135	1.281 (0.802, 2.045)	0.2979	
≥ 40x10 ⁹ /L	133	45 (33.8)	88 (66.2)	NE (16.7, NE)	135	39 (28.9)	96 (71.1)	NE (NE, NE)	135	1.103 (0.718, 1.696)	0.6489	

N: number of subjects in analysis set; n: number of subjects in subgroup category; %: proportion of number of subjects in n; CI: confidence interval; NE: not estimable. PT: Preferred Term, SOC: System Organ Class.

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		Quizartinib (N=265)					Placebo (N=268)					Quizartinib vs Placebo		Interaction
Subgroup	n	No. of subjects with events (%)	No. of subjects censored (%)	Median (95 % CI) (months) [a]	n	No. of subjects with events (%)	No. of subjects censored (%)	Median (95 % CI) (months) [a]	n	Hazard Ratio (95 % CI) [b]	Unstratified log-rank p-value [c]	P-value [d]		
Choice of Anthracycline												0.9260		
Daunorubicin	123	41 (33.3)	82 (66.7)	NE (8.0, NE)	94	25 (26.6)	69 (73.4)	NE (NE, NE)		1.179 (0.717, 1.940)	0.5133			
Idarubicin	142	43 (30.3)	99 (69.7)	NE (26.8, NE)	171	45 (26.3)	126 (73.7)	NE (NE, NE)		1.159 (0.762, 1.761)	0.4881			

N: number of subjects in analysis set; n: number of subjects in subgroup category; %: proportion of number of subjects in n; CI: confidence interval; NE: not estimable. PT: Preferred Term, SOC: System Organ Class.

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		Quizartinib (N=265)				Placebo (N=268)				Quizartinib vs Placebo		Interaction
Subgroup	n	No. of subjects with events (%)	No. of subjects censored (%)	Median (95 % CI) (months) [a]	n	No. of subjects with events (%)	No. of subjects censored (%)	Median (95 % CI) (months) [a]	Hazard Ratio (95 % CI) [b]	Unstratified log-rank p-value [c]	P-value [d]	
AML Cytogenetic Risk Score											0.1839	
Favorable	13	3 (23.1)	10 (76.9)	NE (5.7, NE)	19	6 (31.6)	13 (68.4)	NE (9.1, NE)	0.844 (0.209, 3.406)	0.8114		
Intermediate	195	63 (32.3)	132 (67.7)	NE (NE, NE)	190	51 (26.8)	139 (73.2)	NE (NE, NE)	1.176 (0.812, 1.702)	0.3877		
Unfavorable	19	8 (42.1)	11 (57.9)	4.9 (0.4, NE)	27	4 (14.8)	23 (85.2)	NE (12.7, NE)	3.460 (1.039, 11.526)	0.0319		
Unknown	38	10 (26.3)	28 (73.7)	NE (26.8, NE)	31	10 (32.3)	21 (67.7)	NE (2.2, NE)	0.765 (0.318, 1.840)	0.5515		

N: number of subjects in analysis set; n: number of subjects in subgroup category; %: proportion of number of subjects in n; CI: confidence interval; NE: not estimable. PT: Preferred Term, SOC: System Organ Class.

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		Quizartinib (N=265)				Placebo (N=268)				Quizartinib vs Placebo		Interaction
Subgroup	n	No. of subjects with events (%)	No. of subjects censored (%)	Median (95 % CI) (months) [a]	n	No. of subjects with events (%)	No. of subjects censored (%)	Median (95 % CI) (months) [a]	Hazard Ratio (95 % CI) [b]	Unstratified log-rank p-value [c]	P-value [d]	
ECOG Performance Status at Baseline											0.4796	
0 - Fully Active	87	20 (23.0)	67 (77.0)	NE (NE, NE)	97	18 (18.6)	79 (81.4)	NE (NE, NE)	1.200 (0.634, 2.270)	0.5739		
1 - Restricted in Physically Strenuous Activity	133	47 (35.3)	86 (64.7)	NE (10.1, NE)	134	38 (28.4)	96 (71.6)	NE (NE, NE)	1.268 (0.827, 1.945)	0.2761		
2 - Ambulatory and Capable of All Selfcare	45	17 (37.8)	28 (62.2)	NE (2.0, NE)	36	15 (41.7)	21 (58.3)	NE (0.7, NE)	0.811 (0.405, 1.628)	0.5640		

N: number of subjects in analysis set; n: number of subjects in subgroup category; %: proportion of number of subjects in n; CI: confidence interval; NE: not estimable. PT: Preferred Term, SOC: System Organ Class.

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Subgroup	n	No. of subjects with events (%)	No. of subjects censored (%)	Median (95 % CI) (months) [a]	n	No. of subjects with events (%)	No. of subjects censored (%)	Median (95 % CI) (months) [a]	Hazard Ratio (95 % CI) [b]	Unstratified log-rank p-value [c]	P-value [d]			
FLT3-ITD category at Baseline													0.0489	
≥3 to ≤25%	94	27 (28.7)	67 (71.3)	NE (26.8, NE)	98	27 (27.6)	71 (72.4)	NE (NE, NE)	1.012 (0.593, 1.726)	0.9635				
>25% to ≤50%	141	52 (36.9)	89 (63.1)	NE (8.0, NE)	136	33 (24.3)	103 (75.7)	NE (NE, NE)	1.599 (1.034, 2.474)	0.0331				
>50%	29	5 (17.2)	24 (82.8)	NE (12.2, NE)	34	11 (32.4)	23 (67.6)	NE (2.7, NE)	0.391 (0.134, 1.144)	0.0769				

N: number of subjects in analysis set; n: number of subjects in subgroup category; %: proportion of number of subjects in n; CI: confidence interval; NE: not estimable. PT: Preferred Term, SOC: System Organ Class.

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Subgroup	n	No. of subjects with events (%)	No. of subjects censored (%)	Median (95 % CI) (months) [a]	n	No. of subjects with events (%)	No. of subjects censored (%)	Median (95 % CI) (months) [a]	Hazard Ratio (95 % CI) [b]	Unstratified log-rank p-value [c]	P-value [d]			
AML with Mutated NPM1														0.4797
Yes	139	48 (34.5)	91 (65.5)	NE (NE)	(26.8, 137	46 (33.6)	91 (66.4)	NE (9.7, NE)	1.025 (0.684, 1.536)	0.8984				
No	116	33 (28.4)	83 (71.6)	NE (NE)	(11.3, 120	25 (20.8)	95 (79.2)	NE (NE, NE)	1.296 (0.770, 2.181)	0.3263				

N: number of subjects in analysis set; n: number of subjects in subgroup category; %: proportion of number of subjects in n; CI: confidence interval; NE: not estimable. PT: Preferred Term, SOC: System Organ Class.

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 Table 3.13.2 Severe Treatment-emergent adverse events (NCI CTCAE grade ≥3) by system organ class (SOC) and preferred term (PT) observed for ≥ 10 patients in at least one arm and ≥ 1% of the patients in at least one arm - Time-to-event analysis - subgroup analysis - DCO 13-Aug-2021 - Safety Analysis Set

SOC: Metabolism and nutrition disorders; PT: Any PT

		Quizartinib (N=265)				Placebo (N=268)				Quizartinib vs Placebo		Interaction
Subgroup	n	No. of subjects with events (%)	No. of subjects censored (%)	Median (95 % CI) (months) [a]	n	No. of subjects with events (%)	No. of subjects censored (%)	Median (95 % CI) (months) [a]	Hazard Ratio (95 % CI) [b]	Unstratified log-rank p-value [c]	P-value [d]	
Age by 2 categories											0.9942	
≤60	164	47 (28.7)	117 (71.3)	NE (NE, NE)	163	37 (22.7)	126 (77.3)	NE (NE, NE)	1.198 (0.778, 1.845)	0.4102		
>60	101	37 (36.6)	64 (63.4)	26.8 (10.1, NE)	105	34 (32.4)	71 (67.6)	NE (9.1, NE)	1.199 (0.753, 1.912)	0.4426		

N: number of subjects in analysis set; n: number of subjects in subgroup category; %: proportion of number of subjects in n; CI: confidence interval; NE: not estimable. PT: Preferred Term, SOC: System Organ Class.

[a] Median time to first event is from Kaplan-Meier estimate. Confidence Interval for median was computed using the Brookmeyer-Crowley method.

[b] Hazard ratio is from unstratified Cox proportional hazards model with treatment as the only categorical variable in the model. Confidence limits are based on the Wald test.

[c] Two-sided p-value from unstratified log-rank test.

[d] Two-sided interaction p-value is for the interaction term from unstratified Cox proportional hazards model with treatment, subgroup, and treatment-by-subgroup interaction as categorical variables in the model. The p-value is based on the Wald test.

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Run date: 21JUL2023 – 22:30; Program name: DE_T_3_11_2.sas; Output name: DE_T_3_13_2_TEAESEVSOCPT_SUB_SAS.rtf

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SOC: Metabolism and nutrition disorders; PT: Hypokalaemia

		Quizartinib (N=265)				Placebo (N=268)				Quizartinib vs Placebo		Interaction
Subgroup	n	No. of subjects with events (%)	No. of subjects censored (%)	Median (95 % CI) (months) [a]	n	No. of subjects with events (%)	No. of subjects censored (%)	Median (95 % CI) (months) [a]	Hazard Ratio (95 % CI) [b]	Unstratified log-rank p-value [c]	P-value [d]	
Pooled Age Group 2											0.8107	
<60	159	27 (17.0)	132 (83.0)	NE (NE, NE)	160	24 (15.0)	136 (85.0)	NE (NE, NE)	1.078 (0.622, 1.871)	0.7862		
≥60 - <65	37	7 (18.9)	30 (81.1)	NE (NE, NE)	43	8 (18.6)	35 (81.4)	NE (NE, NE)	1.028 (0.373, 2.837)	0.9499		
≥65	69	16 (23.2)	53 (76.8)	NE (NE, NE)	65	12 (18.5)	53 (81.5)	NE (36.7, NE)	1.412 (0.667, 2.987)	0.3662		

N: number of subjects in analysis set; n: number of subjects in subgroup category; %: proportion of number of subjects in n; CI: confidence interval; NE: not estimable. PT: Preferred Term, SOC: System Organ Class.

[a] Median time to first event is from Kaplan-Meier estimate. Confidence Interval for median was computed using the Brookmeyer-Crowley method.

[b] Hazard ratio is from unstratified Cox proportional hazards model with treatment as the only categorical variable in the model. Confidence limits are based on the Wald test.

[c] Two-sided p-value from unstratified log-rank test.

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SOC: Metabolism and nutrition disorders; PT: Hypokalaemia

		Quizartinib (N=265)				Placebo (N=268)				Quizartinib vs Placebo		Interaction
Subgroup	n	No. of subjects with events (%)	No. of subjects censored (%)	Median (95 % CI) (months) [a]	n	No. of subjects with events (%)	No. of subjects censored (%)	Median (95 % CI) (months) [a]	Hazard Ratio (95 % CI) [b]	Unstratified log-rank p-value [c]	P-value [d]	
Sex											0.9460	
Male	124	19 (15.3)	105 (84.7)	NE (NE, NE)	120	16 (13.3)	104 (86.7)	NE (NE, NE)	1.185 (0.609, 2.305)	0.6192		
Female	141	31 (22.0)	110 (78.0)	NE (NE, NE)	148	28 (18.9)	120 (81.1)	NE (NE, NE)	1.137 (0.682, 1.896)	0.6154		

N: number of subjects in analysis set; n: number of subjects in subgroup category; %: proportion of number of subjects in n; CI: confidence interval; NE: not estimable. PT: Preferred Term, SOC: System Organ Class.

[a] Median time to first event is from Kaplan-Meier estimate. Confidence Interval for median was computed using the Brookmeyer-Crowley method.

[b] Hazard ratio is from unstratified Cox proportional hazards model with treatment as the only categorical variable in the model. Confidence limits are based on the Wald test.

[c] Two-sided p-value from unstratified log-rank test.

[d] Two-sided interaction p-value is for the interaction term from unstratified Cox proportional hazards model with treatment, subgroup, and treatment-by-subgroup interaction as categorical variables in the model. The p-value is based on the Wald test.

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SOC: Metabolism and nutrition disorders; PT: Hypokalaemia

		Quizartinib (N=265)				Placebo (N=268)				Quizartinib vs Placebo		Interaction
Subgroup	n	No. of subjects with events (%)	No. of subjects censored (%)	Median (95 % CI) (months) [a]	n	No. of subjects with events (%)	No. of subjects censored (%)	Median (95 % CI) (months) [a]	Hazard Ratio (95 % CI) [b]	Unstratified log-rank p-value [c]	P-value [d]	
Race by 2 categories											0.0624	
White	157	23 (14.6)	134 (85.4)	NE (NE, NE)	161	29 (18.0)	132 (82.0)	NE (NE, NE)	0.811 (0.469, 1.403)	0.4545		
Non-white	108	27 (25.0)	81 (75.0)	NE (NE, NE)	107	15 (14.0)	92 (86.0)	NE (NE, NE)	1.788 (0.951, 3.362)	0.0664		

N: number of subjects in analysis set; n: number of subjects in subgroup category; %: proportion of number of subjects in n; CI: confidence interval; NE: not estimable. PT: Preferred Term, SOC: System Organ Class.

[a] Median time to first event is from Kaplan-Meier estimate. Confidence Interval for median was computed using the Brookmeyer-Crowley method.

[b] Hazard ratio is from unstratified Cox proportional hazards model with treatment as the only categorical variable in the model. Confidence limits are based on the Wald test.

[c] Two-sided p-value from unstratified log-rank test.

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SOC: Metabolism and nutrition disorders; PT: Hypokalaemia

		Quizartinib (N=265)					Placebo (N=268)					Quizartinib vs Placebo		Interaction
Subgroup	n	No. of subjects with events (%)	No. of subjects censored (%)	Median (95 % CI) (months) [a]	n	No. of subjects with events (%)	No. of subjects censored (%)	Median (95 % CI) (months) [a]	CI	Hazard Ratio (95 % CI) [b]	Unstratified log-rank p-value [c]	P-value [d]		
Geographic Region 1												0.4429		
North America	16	4 (25.0)	12 (75.0)	NE (1.9, NE)	18	4 (22.2)	14 (77.8)	36.7 (3.9, NE)		1.243 (0.309, 5.004)	0.7508			
Europe	161	24 (14.9)	137 (85.1)	NE (NE, NE)	161	26 (16.1)	135 (83.9)	NE (NE, NE)		0.917 (0.527, 1.598)	0.7608			
Asia/Other Regions	88	22 (25.0)	66 (75.0)	NE (26.1, NE)	89	14 (15.7)	75 (84.3)	NE (NE, NE)		1.579 (0.807, 3.087)	0.1767			

N: number of subjects in analysis set; n: number of subjects in subgroup category; %: proportion of number of subjects in n; CI: confidence interval; NE: not estimable. PT: Preferred Term, SOC: System Organ Class.

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SOC: Metabolism and nutrition disorders; PT: Hypokalaemia

		Quizartinib (N=265)				Placebo (N=268)				Quizartinib vs Placebo		Interaction
Subgroup	n	No. of subjects with events (%)	No. of subjects censored (%)	Median (95 % CI) (months) [a]	n	No. of subjects with events (%)	No. of subjects censored (%)	Median (95 % CI) (months) [a]	Hazard Ratio (95 % CI) [b]	Unstratified log-rank p-value [c]	P-value [d]	
WBC at initial diagnosis											0.3497	
< 40x10 ⁹ /L	132	24 (18.2)	108 (81.8)	NE (NE, NE)	133	18 (13.5)	115 (86.5)	NE (NE, NE)	1.410 (0.765, 2.599)	0.2680		
≥ 40x10 ⁹ /L	133	26 (19.5)	107 (80.5)	NE (NE, NE)	135	26 (19.3)	109 (80.7)	NE (36.7, NE)	0.970 (0.563, 1.672)	0.9166		

N: number of subjects in analysis set; n: number of subjects in subgroup category; %: proportion of number of subjects in n; CI: confidence interval; NE: not estimable. PT: Preferred Term, SOC: System Organ Class.

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[c] Two-sided p-value from unstratified log-rank test.

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		Quizartinib (N=265)				Placebo (N=268)				Quizartinib vs Placebo		Interaction
Subgroup	n	No. of subjects with events (%)	No. of subjects censored (%)	Median (95 % CI) (months) [a]	n	No. of subjects with events (%)	No. of subjects censored (%)	Median (95 % CI) (months) [a]	Hazard Ratio (95 % CI) [b]	Unstratified log-rank p-value [c]	P-value [d]	
Choice of Anthracycline											0.9360	
Daunorubicin	123	25 (20.3)	98 (79.7)	NE (NE, NE)	94	16 (17.0)	78 (83.0)	NE (NE, NE)	1.145 (0.611, 2.147)	0.6709		
Idarubicin	142	25 (17.6)	117 (82.4)	NE (NE, NE)	171	27 (15.8)	144 (84.2)	NE (NE, NE)	1.130 (0.656, 1.948)	0.6575		

N: number of subjects in analysis set; n: number of subjects in subgroup category; %: proportion of number of subjects in n; CI: confidence interval; NE: not estimable. PT: Preferred Term, SOC: System Organ Class.

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Subgroup	n	No. of subjects with events (%)	No. of subjects censored (%)	Median (95 % CI) (months) [a]	n	No. of subjects with events (%)	No. of subjects censored (%)	Median (95 % CI) (months) [a]	n	Hazard Ratio (95 % CI) [b]	Unstratified log-rank p-value [c]	P-value [d]		
AML Cytogenetic Risk Score												0.2917		
Favorable	13	3 (23.1)	10 (76.9)	26.1 (5.7, NE)	19	4 (21.1)	15 (78.9)	NE (9.7, NE)	19	1.871 (0.373, 9.383)	0.4389			
Intermediate	195	39 (20.0)	156 (80.0)	NE (NE, NE)	190	31 (16.3)	159 (83.7)	NE (NE, NE)	190	1.203 (0.751, 1.929)	0.4367			
Unfavorable	19	4 (21.1)	15 (78.9)	NE (NE, NE)	27	2 (7.4)	25 (92.6)	NE (NE, NE)	27	3.338 (0.611, 18.239)	0.1421			
Unknown	38	4 (10.5)	34 (89.5)	NE (NE, NE)	31	7 (22.6)	24 (77.4)	NE (NE, NE)	31	0.465 (0.136, 1.588)	0.2104			

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Subgroup	n	No. of subjects with events (%)	No. of subjects censored (%)	Median (95 % CI) (months) [a]	n	No. of subjects with events (%)	No. of subjects censored (%)	Median (95 % CI) (months) [a]	Hazard Ratio (95 % CI) [b]	Unstratified log-rank p-value [c]	P-value [d]	
ECOG Performance Status at Baseline											0.5326	
0 - Fully Active	87	12 (13.8)	75 (86.2)	NE (NE, NE)	97	11 (11.3)	86 (88.7)	NE (NE, NE)	1.220 (0.538, 2.766)	0.6331		
1 - Restricted in Physically Strenuous Activity	133	27 (20.3)	106 (79.7)	NE (NE, NE)	134	22 (16.4)	112 (83.6)	NE (NE, NE)	1.264 (0.720, 2.221)	0.4127		
2 - Ambulatory and Capable of All Selfcare	45	11 (24.4)	34 (75.6)	NE (NE, NE)	36	11 (30.6)	25 (69.4)	NE (2.3, NE)	0.738 (0.319, 1.709)	0.4804		

N: number of subjects in analysis set; n: number of subjects in subgroup category; %: proportion of number of subjects in n; CI: confidence interval; NE: not estimable. PT: Preferred Term, SOC: System Organ Class.

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		Quizartinib (N=265)					Placebo (N=268)					Quizartinib vs Placebo		Interaction
Subgroup	n	No. of subjects with events (%)	No. of subjects censored (%)	Median (95 % CI) (months) [a]	n	No. of subjects with events (%)	No. of subjects censored (%)	Median (95 % CI) (months) [a]	Hazard Ratio (95 % CI) [b]	Unstratified log-rank p-value [c]	P-value [d]			
FLT3-ITD category at Baseline													0.3145	
≥3 to ≤25%	94	18 (19.1)	76 (80.9)	NE (NE, NE)	98	16 (16.3)	82 (83.7)	NE (NE, NE)	1.197 (0.611, 2.348)	0.5992				
>25% to ≤50%	141	28 (19.9)	113 (80.1)	NE (NE, NE)	136	20 (14.7)	116 (85.3)	NE (NE, NE)	1.380 (0.777, 2.450)	0.2686				
>50%	29	4 (13.8)	25 (86.2)	NE (NE, NE)	34	8 (23.5)	26 (76.5)	NE (6.8, NE)	0.454 (0.136, 1.518)	0.1886				

N: number of subjects in analysis set; n: number of subjects in subgroup category; %: proportion of number of subjects in n; CI: confidence interval; NE: not estimable. PT: Preferred Term, SOC: System Organ Class.

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[b] Hazard ratio is from unstratified Cox proportional hazards model with treatment as the only categorical variable in the model. Confidence limits are based on the Wald test.

[c] Two-sided p-value from unstratified log-rank test.

[d] Two-sided interaction p-value is for the interaction term from unstratified Cox proportional hazards model with treatment, subgroup, and treatment-by-subgroup interaction as categorical variables in the model. The p-value is based on the Wald test.

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Medizinischer Nutzen, medizinischer Zusatznutzen, Patientengruppen mit therap. bedeutsamem Zusatznutzen

Daichi Sankyo | Data Intelligence – Evidence Generation | Final | AC220-A-U302 QUANTUM-First (DCO 13 Aug 2021) | Statistical analyses for AMNOG (HTA Germany)
 Table 3.13.2 Severe Treatment-emergent adverse events (NCI CTCAE grade ≥3) by system organ class (SOC) and preferred term (PT) observed for ≥ 10 patients in at least one arm and ≥ 1% of the patients in at least one arm - Time-to-event analysis - subgroup analysis - DCO 13-Aug-2021 - Safety Analysis Set

SOC: Metabolism and nutrition disorders; PT: Hypokalaemia

		Quizartinib (N=265)				Placebo (N=268)				Quizartinib vs Placebo		Interaction
Subgroup	n	No. of subjects with events (%)	No. of subjects censored (%)	Median (95 % CI) (months) [a]	n	No. of subjects with events (%)	No. of subjects censored (%)	Median (95 % CI) (months) [a]	Hazard Ratio (95 % CI) [b]	Unstratified log-rank p-value [c]	P-value [d]	
AML with Mutated NPM1											0.9669	
Yes	139	30 (21.6)	109 (78.4)	NE (NE, NE)	137	28 (20.4)	109 (79.6)	NE (NE, NE)	1.082 (0.646, 1.811)	0.7603		
No	116	18 (15.5)	98 (84.5)	NE (NE, NE)	120	16 (13.3)	104 (86.7)	NE (NE, NE)	1.094 (0.558, 2.147)	0.7936		

N: number of subjects in analysis set; n: number of subjects in subgroup category; %: proportion of number of subjects in n; CI: confidence interval; NE: not estimable. PT: Preferred Term, SOC: System Organ Class.

[a] Median time to first event is from Kaplan-Meier estimate. Confidence Interval for median was computed using the Brookmeyer-Crowley method.

[b] Hazard ratio is from unstratified Cox proportional hazards model with treatment as the only categorical variable in the model. Confidence limits are based on the Wald test.

[c] Two-sided p-value from unstratified log-rank test.

[d] Two-sided interaction p-value is for the interaction term from unstratified Cox proportional hazards model with treatment, subgroup, and treatment-by-subgroup interaction as categorical variables in the model. The p-value is based on the Wald test.

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SOC: Metabolism and nutrition disorders; PT: Hypokalaemia

		Quizartinib (N=265)				Placebo (N=268)				Quizartinib vs Placebo		Interaction
Subgroup	n	No. of subjects with events (%)	No. of subjects censored (%)	Median (95 % CI) (months) [a]	n	No. of subjects with events (%)	No. of subjects censored (%)	Median (95 % CI) (months) [a]	Hazard Ratio (95 % CI) [b]	Unstratified log-rank p-value [c]	P-value [d]	
Age by 2 categories											0.9951	
≤60	164	29 (17.7)	135 (82.3)	NE (NE, NE)	163	24 (14.7)	139 (85.3)	NE (NE, NE)	1.145 (0.666, 1.968)	0.6218		
>60	101	21 (20.8)	80 (79.2)	NE (NE, NE)	105	20 (19.0)	85 (81.0)	NE (36.7, NE)	1.161 (0.629, 2.143)	0.6292		

N: number of subjects in analysis set; n: number of subjects in subgroup category; %: proportion of number of subjects in n; CI: confidence interval; NE: not estimable. PT: Preferred Term, SOC: System Organ Class.

[a] Median time to first event is from Kaplan-Meier estimate. Confidence Interval for median was computed using the Brookmeyer-Crowley method.

[b] Hazard ratio is from unstratified Cox proportional hazards model with treatment as the only categorical variable in the model. Confidence limits are based on the Wald test.

[c] Two-sided p-value from unstratified log-rank test.

[d] Two-sided interaction p-value is for the interaction term from unstratified Cox proportional hazards model with treatment, subgroup, and treatment-by-subgroup interaction as categorical variables in the model. The p-value is based on the Wald test.

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SOC: Metabolism and nutrition disorders; PT: Hypophosphataemia

Subgroup	n	Quizartinib (N=265)				Placebo (N=268)				Quizartinib vs Placebo		Interaction
		No. of subjects with events (%)	No. of subjects censored (%)	Median (95 % CI) (months) [a]	n	No. of subjects with events (%)	No. of subjects censored (%)	Median (95 % CI) (months) [a]	n	Hazard Ratio (95 % CI) [b]	Unstratified log-rank p-value [c]	P-value [d]
Pooled Age Group 2											0.6219	
<60	159	9 (5.7)	150 (94.3)	NE (NE, NE)	160	9 (5.6)	151 (94.4)	NE (NE, NE)	160	0.984 (0.390, 2.480)	0.9747	
≥60 - <65	37	3 (8.1)	34 (91.9)	NE (NE, NE)	43	4 (9.3)	39 (90.7)	NE (NE, NE)	43	0.836 (0.187, 3.738)	0.8147	
≥65	69	6 (8.7)	63 (91.3)	NE (26.8, NE)	65	3 (4.6)	62 (95.4)	NE (NE, NE)	65	2.102 (0.524, 8.438)	0.2842	

N: number of subjects in analysis set; n: number of subjects in subgroup category; %: proportion of number of subjects in n; CI: confidence interval; NE: not estimable. PT: Preferred Term, SOC: System Organ Class.

[a] Median time to first event is from Kaplan-Meier estimate. Confidence Interval for median was computed using the Brookmeyer-Crowley method.

[b] Hazard ratio is from unstratified Cox proportional hazards model with treatment as the only categorical variable in the model. Confidence limits are based on the Wald test.

[c] Two-sided p-value from unstratified log-rank test.

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SOC: Metabolism and nutrition disorders; PT: Hypophosphataemia

		Quizartinib (N=265)				Placebo (N=268)				Quizartinib vs Placebo		Interaction
Subgroup	n	No. of subjects with events (%)	No. of subjects censored (%)	Median (95 % CI) (months) [a]	n	No. of subjects with events (%)	No. of subjects censored (%)	Median (95 % CI) (months) [a]	Hazard Ratio (95 % CI) [b]	Unstratified log-rank p-value [c]	P-value [d]	
Sex											0.0428	
Male	124	11 (8.9)	113 (91.1)	NE (NE, NE)	120	4 (3.3)	116 (96.7)	NE (NE, NE)	2.702 (0.860, 8.488)	0.0766		
Female	141	7 (5.0)	134 (95.0)	NE (NE, NE)	148	12 (8.1)	136 (91.9)	NE (NE, NE)	0.596 (0.235, 1.514)	0.2714		

N: number of subjects in analysis set; n: number of subjects in subgroup category; %: proportion of number of subjects in n; CI: confidence interval; NE: not estimable. PT: Preferred Term, SOC: System Organ Class.

[a] Median time to first event is from Kaplan-Meier estimate. Confidence Interval for median was computed using the Brookmeyer-Crowley method.

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SOC: Metabolism and nutrition disorders; PT: Hypophosphataemia

Subgroup	n	Quizartinib (N=265)				Placebo (N=268)				Quizartinib vs Placebo		Interaction
		No. of subjects with events (%)	No. of subjects censored (%)	Median (95 % CI) (months) [a]	n	No. of subjects with events (%)	No. of subjects censored (%)	Median (95 % CI) (months) [a]	n	Hazard Ratio (95 % CI) [b]	Unstratified log-rank p-value [c]	P-value [d]
Race by 2 categories											0.7560	
White	157	9 (5.7)	148 (94.3)	NE (NE, NE)	161	9 (5.6)	152 (94.4)	NE (NE, NE)	1.023 (0.406, 2.579)	0.9607		
Non-white	108	9 (8.3)	99 (91.7)	NE (NE, NE)	107	7 (6.5)	100 (93.5)	NE (NE, NE)	1.271 (0.473, 3.412)	0.6344		

N: number of subjects in analysis set; n: number of subjects in subgroup category; %: proportion of number of subjects in n; CI: confidence interval; NE: not estimable. PT: Preferred Term, SOC: System Organ Class.

[a] Median time to first event is from Kaplan-Meier estimate. Confidence Interval for median was computed using the Brookmeyer-Crowley method.

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[c] Two-sided p-value from unstratified log-rank test.

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SOC: Metabolism and nutrition disorders; PT: Hypophosphataemia

		Quizartinib (N=265)					Placebo (N=268)					Quizartinib vs Placebo		Interaction
Subgroup	n	No. of subjects with events (%)	No. of subjects censored (%)	Median (95 % CI) (months) [a]	n	No. of subjects with events (%)	No. of subjects censored (%)	Median (95 % CI) (months) [a]	Hazard Ratio (95 % CI) [b]	Unstratified log-rank p-value [c]	P-value [d]			
Geographic Region 1													0.0442	
North America	16	2 (12.5)	14 (87.5)	NE (NE, NE)	18	8 (44.4)	10 (55.6)	4.8 (0.2, NE)	0.224 (0.047, 1.061)	0.0396				
Europe	161	8 (5.0)	153 (95.0)	NE (NE, NE)	161	5 (3.1)	156 (96.9)	NE (NE, NE)	1.565 (0.511, 4.793)	0.4287				
Asia/Other Regions	88	8 (9.1)	80 (90.9)	NE (NE, NE)	89	3 (3.4)	86 (96.6)	NE (NE, NE)	2.791 (0.740, 10.522)	0.1134				

N: number of subjects in analysis set; n: number of subjects in subgroup category; %: proportion of number of subjects in n; CI: confidence interval; NE: not estimable. PT: Preferred Term, SOC: System Organ Class.

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[c] Two-sided p-value from unstratified log-rank test.

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		Quizartinib (N=265)				Placebo (N=268)				Quizartinib vs Placebo		Interaction
Subgroup	n	No. of subjects with events (%)	No. of subjects censored (%)	Median (95 % CI) (months) [a]	n	No. of subjects with events (%)	No. of subjects censored (%)	Median (95 % CI) (months) [a]	Hazard Ratio (95 % CI) [b]	Unstratified log-rank p-value [c]	P-value [d]	
WBC at initial diagnosis											0.6889	
< 40x10 ⁹ /L	132	10 (7.6)	122 (92.4)	NE (NE, NE)	133	8 (6.0)	125 (94.0)	NE (NE, NE)	1.301 (0.513, 3.298)	0.5775		
≥ 40x10 ⁹ /L	133	8 (6.0)	125 (94.0)	NE (NE, NE)	135	8 (5.9)	127 (94.1)	NE (NE, NE)	0.984 (0.369, 2.628)	0.9755		

N: number of subjects in analysis set; n: number of subjects in subgroup category; %: proportion of number of subjects in n; CI: confidence interval; NE: not estimable. PT: Preferred Term, SOC: System Organ Class.

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Subgroup	n	No. of subjects with events (%)	No. of subjects censored (%)	Median (95 % CI) (months) [a]	n	No. of subjects with events (%)	No. of subjects censored (%)	Median (95 % CI) (months) [a]	Hazard Ratio (95 % CI) [b]	Unstratified log-rank p-value [c]	P-value [d]	
Choice of Anthracycline											0.0393	
Daunorubicin	123	6 (4.9)	117 (95.1)	NE (NE, NE)	94	9 (9.6)	85 (90.4)	NE (NE, NE)	0.489 (0.174, 1.374)	0.1657		
Idarubicin	142	12 (8.5)	130 (91.5)	NE (NE, NE)	171	7 (4.1)	164 (95.9)	NE (NE, NE)	2.100 (0.826, 5.336)	0.1105		

N: number of subjects in analysis set; n: number of subjects in subgroup category; %: proportion of number of subjects in n; CI: confidence interval; NE: not estimable. PT: Preferred Term, SOC: System Organ Class.

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AML Cytogenetic Risk Score											0.8526	
Favorable	13	0	13 (100)	NE (NE, NE)	19	1 (5.3)	18 (94.7)	NE (NE, NE)	0.000 (0.000, NE)	0.4081		
Intermediate	195	16 (8.2)	179 (91.8)	NE (NE, NE)	190	12 (6.3)	178 (93.7)	NE (NE, NE)	1.283 (0.607, 2.713)	0.5134		
Unfavorable	19	0	19 (100)	NE (NE, NE)	27	0	27 (100)	NE (NE, NE)	NE (NE, NE)	NE		
Unknown	38	2 (5.3)	36 (94.7)	NE (26.8, NE)	31	3 (9.7)	28 (90.3)	NE (NE, NE)	0.499 (0.083, 2.998)	0.4382		

N: number of subjects in analysis set; n: number of subjects in subgroup category; %: proportion of number of subjects in n; CI: confidence interval; NE: not estimable. PT: Preferred Term, SOC: System Organ Class.

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Subgroup	n	No. of subjects with events (%)	No. of subjects censored (%)	Median (95 % CI) (months) [a]	n	No. of subjects with events (%)	No. of subjects censored (%)	Median (95 % CI) (months) [a]	n	Hazard Ratio (95 % CI) [b]	Unstratified log-rank p-value [c]	P-value [d]		
ECOG Performance Status at Baseline												0.9099		
0 - Fully Active	87	4 (4.6)	83 (95.4)	NE (NE, NE)	97	3 (3.1)	94 (96.9)	NE (NE, NE)	97	1.452 (0.325, 6.492)	0.6235			
1 - Restricted in Physically Strenuous Activity	133	10 (7.5)	123 (92.5)	NE (NE, NE)	134	10 (7.5)	124 (92.5)	NE (NE, NE)	134	1.013 (0.422, 2.434)	0.9783			
2 - Ambulatory and Capable of All Selfcare	45	4 (8.9)	41 (91.1)	NE (NE, NE)	36	3 (8.3)	33 (91.7)	NE (NE, NE)	36	1.051 (0.235, 4.696)	0.9480			

N: number of subjects in analysis set; n: number of subjects in subgroup category; %: proportion of number of subjects in n; CI: confidence interval; NE: not estimable. PT: Preferred Term, SOC: System Organ Class.

[a] Median time to first event is from Kaplan-Meier estimate. Confidence Interval for median was computed using the Brookmeyer-Crowley method.

[b] Hazard ratio is from unstratified Cox proportional hazards model with treatment as the only categorical variable in the model. Confidence limits are based on the Wald test.

[c] Two-sided p-value from unstratified log-rank test.

[d] Two-sided interaction p-value is for the interaction term from unstratified Cox proportional hazards model with treatment, subgroup, and treatment-by-subgroup interaction as categorical variables in the model. The p-value is based on the Wald test.

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Medizinischer Nutzen, medizinischer Zusatznutzen, Patientengruppen mit therap. bedeutsamem Zusatznutzen

Daichi Sankyo | Data Intelligence – Evidence Generation | Final | AC220-A-U302 QUANTUM-First (DCO 13 Aug 2021) | Statistical analyses for AMNOG (HTA Germany)
 Table 3.13.2 Severe Treatment-emergent adverse events (NCI CTCAE grade ≥3) by system organ class (SOC) and preferred term (PT) observed for ≥ 10 patients in at least one arm and ≥ 1% of the patients in at least one arm - Time-to-event analysis - subgroup analysis - DCO 13-Aug-2021 - Safety Analysis Set

SOC: Metabolism and nutrition disorders; PT: Hypophosphataemia

		Quizartinib (N=265)					Placebo (N=268)					Quizartinib vs Placebo		Interaction
Subgroup	n	No. of subjects with events (%)	No. of subjects censored (%)	Median (95 % CI) (months) [a]	n	No. of subjects with events (%)	No. of subjects censored (%)	Median (95 % CI) (months) [a]	Hazard Ratio (95 % CI) [b]	Unstratified log-rank p-value [c]	P-value [d]			
FLT3-ITD category at Baseline													0.7325	
≥3 to ≤25%	94	6 (6.4)	88 (93.6)	NE (NE, NE)	98	4 (4.1)	94 (95.9)	NE (NE, NE)	1.586 (0.447, 5.622)	0.4719				
>25% to ≤50%	141	10 (7.1)	131 (92.9)	NE (NE, NE)	136	9 (6.6)	127 (93.4)	NE (NE, NE)	1.084 (0.440, 2.668)	0.8589				
>50%	29	2 (6.9)	27 (93.1)	NE (NE, NE)	34	3 (8.8)	31 (91.2)	NE (NE, NE)	0.736 (0.123, 4.404)	0.7357				

N: number of subjects in analysis set; n: number of subjects in subgroup category; %: proportion of number of subjects in n; CI: confidence interval; NE: not estimable. PT: Preferred Term, SOC: System Organ Class.

[a] Median time to first event is from Kaplan-Meier estimate. Confidence Interval for median was computed using the Brookmeyer-Crowley method.

[b] Hazard ratio is from unstratified Cox proportional hazards model with treatment as the only categorical variable in the model. Confidence limits are based on the Wald test.

[c] Two-sided p-value from unstratified log-rank test.

[d] Two-sided interaction p-value is for the interaction term from unstratified Cox proportional hazards model with treatment, subgroup, and treatment-by-subgroup interaction as categorical variables in the model. The p-value is based on the Wald test.

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SOC: Metabolism and nutrition disorders; PT: Hypophosphataemia

		Quizartinib (N=265)				Placebo (N=268)				Quizartinib vs Placebo		Interaction
Subgroup	n	No. of subjects with events (%)	No. of subjects censored (%)	Median (95 % CI) (months) [a]	n	No. of subjects with events (%)	No. of subjects censored (%)	Median (95 % CI) (months) [a]	Hazard Ratio (95 % CI) [b]	Unstratified log-rank p-value [c]	P-value [d]	
AML with Mutated NPM1											0.6085	
Yes	139	11 (7.9)	128 (92.1)	NE (NE, NE)	137	11 (8.0)	126 (92.0)	NE (NE, NE)	0.979 (0.424, 2.260)	0.9623		
No	116	7 (6.0)	109 (94.0)	NE (NE, NE)	120	5 (4.2)	115 (95.8)	NE (NE, NE)	1.432 (0.454, 4.514)	0.5380		

N: number of subjects in analysis set; n: number of subjects in subgroup category; %: proportion of number of subjects in n; CI: confidence interval; NE: not estimable. PT: Preferred Term, SOC: System Organ Class.

[a] Median time to first event is from Kaplan-Meier estimate. Confidence Interval for median was computed using the Brookmeyer-Crowley method.

[b] Hazard ratio is from unstratified Cox proportional hazards model with treatment as the only categorical variable in the model. Confidence limits are based on the Wald test.

[c] Two-sided p-value from unstratified log-rank test.

[d] Two-sided interaction p-value is for the interaction term from unstratified Cox proportional hazards model with treatment, subgroup, and treatment-by-subgroup interaction as categorical variables in the model. The p-value is based on the Wald test.

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 Table 3.13.2 Severe Treatment-emergent adverse events (NCI CTCAE grade ≥3) by system organ class (SOC) and preferred term (PT) observed for ≥ 10 patients in at least one arm and ≥ 1% of the patients in at least one arm - Time-to-event analysis - subgroup analysis - DCO 13-Aug-2021 - Safety Analysis Set

SOC: Metabolism and nutrition disorders; PT: Hypophosphataemia

		Quizartinib (N=265)				Placebo (N=268)				Quizartinib vs Placebo		Interaction
Subgroup	n	No. of subjects with events (%)	No. of subjects censored (%)	Median (95 % CI) (months) [a]	n	No. of subjects with events (%)	No. of subjects censored (%)	Median (95 % CI) (months) [a]	Hazard Ratio (95 % CI) [b]	Unstratified log-rank p-value [c]	P-value [d]	
Age by 2 categories											0.8426	
≤60	164	10 (6.1)	154 (93.9)	NE (NE, NE)	163	9 (5.5)	154 (94.5)	NE (NE, NE)	1.077 (0.437, 2.651)	0.8703		
>60	101	8 (7.9)	93 (92.1)	NE (NE, NE)	105	7 (6.7)	98 (93.3)	NE (NE, NE)	1.245 (0.451, 3.436)	0.6731		

N: number of subjects in analysis set; n: number of subjects in subgroup category; %: proportion of number of subjects in n; CI: confidence interval; NE: not estimable. PT: Preferred Term, SOC: System Organ Class.

[a] Median time to first event is from Kaplan-Meier estimate. Confidence Interval for median was computed using the Brookmeyer-Crowley method.

[b] Hazard ratio is from unstratified Cox proportional hazards model with treatment as the only categorical variable in the model. Confidence limits are based on the Wald test.

[c] Two-sided p-value from unstratified log-rank test.

[d] Two-sided interaction p-value is for the interaction term from unstratified Cox proportional hazards model with treatment, subgroup, and treatment-by-subgroup interaction as categorical variables in the model. The p-value is based on the Wald test.

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SOC: Metabolism and nutrition disorders; PT: Decreased appetite

Subgroup	n	Quizartinib (N=265)				Placebo (N=268)				Quizartinib vs Placebo		Interaction
		No. of subjects with events (%)	No. of subjects censored (%)	Median (95 % CI) (months) [a]	n	No. of subjects with events (%)	No. of subjects censored (%)	Median (95 % CI) (months) [a]	n	Hazard Ratio (95 % CI) [b]	Unstratified log-rank p-value [c]	P-value [d]
Pooled Age Group 2											0.8560	
<60	159	8 (5.0)	151 (95.0)	NE (NE, NE)	160	3 (1.9)	157 (98.1)	NE (NE, NE)	160	2.532 (0.670, 9.570)	0.1558	
≥60 - <65	37	0	37 (100)	NE (NE, NE)	43	1 (2.3)	42 (97.7)	NE (NE, NE)	43	0.000 (0.000, NE)	0.3536	
≥65	69	5 (7.2)	64 (92.8)	NE (NE, NE)	65	1 (1.5)	64 (98.5)	NE (NE, NE)	65	4.960 (0.579, 42.468)	0.1042	

N: number of subjects in analysis set; n: number of subjects in subgroup category; %: proportion of number of subjects in n; CI: confidence interval; NE: not estimable. PT: Preferred Term, SOC: System Organ Class.

[a] Median time to first event is from Kaplan-Meier estimate. Confidence Interval for median was computed using the Brookmeyer-Crowley method.

[b] Hazard ratio is from unstratified Cox proportional hazards model with treatment as the only categorical variable in the model. Confidence limits are based on the Wald test.

[c] Two-sided p-value from unstratified log-rank test.

[d] Two-sided interaction p-value is for the interaction term from unstratified Cox proportional hazards model with treatment, subgroup, and treatment-by-subgroup interaction as categorical variables in the model. The p-value is based on the Wald test.

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SOC: Metabolism and nutrition disorders; PT: Decreased appetite

		Quizartinib (N=265)				Placebo (N=268)				Quizartinib vs Placebo		Interaction
Subgroup	n	No. of subjects with events (%)	No. of subjects censored (%)	Median (95 % CI) (months) [a]	n	No. of subjects with events (%)	No. of subjects censored (%)	Median (95 % CI) (months) [a]	Hazard Ratio (95 % CI) [b]	Unstratified log-rank p-value [c]	P-value [d]	
Sex											0.5435	
Male	124	6 (4.8)	118 (95.2)	NE (NE, NE)	120	3 (2.5)	117 (97.5)	NE (NE, NE)	1.853 (0.462, 7.424)	0.3760		
Female	141	7 (5.0)	134 (95.0)	NE (NE, NE)	148	2 (1.4)	146 (98.6)	NE (NE, NE)	3.520 (0.731, 16.963)	0.0941		

N: number of subjects in analysis set; n: number of subjects in subgroup category; %: proportion of number of subjects in n; CI: confidence interval; NE: not estimable. PT: Preferred Term, SOC: System Organ Class.

[a] Median time to first event is from Kaplan-Meier estimate. Confidence Interval for median was computed using the Brookmeyer-Crowley method.

[b] Hazard ratio is from unstratified Cox proportional hazards model with treatment as the only categorical variable in the model. Confidence limits are based on the Wald test.

[c] Two-sided p-value from unstratified log-rank test.

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SOC: Metabolism and nutrition disorders; PT: Decreased appetite

		Quizartinib (N=265)				Placebo (N=268)				Quizartinib vs Placebo		Interaction
Subgroup	n	No. of subjects with events (%)	No. of subjects censored (%)	Median (95 % CI) (months) [a]	n	No. of subjects with events (%)	No. of subjects censored (%)	Median (95 % CI) (months) [a]	Hazard Ratio (95 % CI) [b]	Unstratified log-rank p-value [c]	P-value [d]	
Race by 2 categories											0.4636	
White	157	5 (3.2)	152 (96.8)	NE (NE, NE)	161	1 (0.6)	160 (99.4)	NE (NE, NE)	4.496 (0.523, 38.649)	0.1335		
Non-white	108	8 (7.4)	100 (92.6)	NE (NE, NE)	107	4 (3.7)	103 (96.3)	NE (NE, NE)	1.975 (0.594, 6.559)	0.2573		

N: number of subjects in analysis set; n: number of subjects in subgroup category; %: proportion of number of subjects in n; CI: confidence interval; NE: not estimable. PT: Preferred Term, SOC: System Organ Class.

[a] Median time to first event is from Kaplan-Meier estimate. Confidence Interval for median was computed using the Brookmeyer-Crowley method.

[b] Hazard ratio is from unstratified Cox proportional hazards model with treatment as the only categorical variable in the model. Confidence limits are based on the Wald test.

[c] Two-sided p-value from unstratified log-rank test.

[d] Two-sided interaction p-value is for the interaction term from unstratified Cox proportional hazards model with treatment, subgroup, and treatment-by-subgroup interaction as categorical variables in the model. The p-value is based on the Wald test.

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SOC: Metabolism and nutrition disorders; PT: Decreased appetite

		Quizartinib (N=265)					Placebo (N=268)					Quizartinib vs Placebo		Interaction
Subgroup	n	No. of subjects with events (%)	No. of subjects censored (%)	Median (95 % CI) (months) [a]	n	No. of subjects with events (%)	No. of subjects censored (%)	Median (95 % CI) (months) [a]	Hazard Ratio (95 % CI) [b]	Unstratified log-rank p-value [c]	P-value [d]			
Geographic Region 1													0.9514	
North America	16	1 (6.3)	15 (93.8)	NE (NE, NE) (16.7, NE)	18	0	18 (100)	NE (NE, NE)	NE (0.000, NE)	0.1967				
Europe	161	4 (2.5)	157 (97.5)	NE (NE, NE)	161	2 (1.2)	159 (98.8)	NE (NE, NE)	1.812 (0.330, 9.943)	0.4876				
Asia/Other Regions	88	8 (9.1)	80 (90.9)	NE (NE, NE)	89	3 (3.4)	86 (96.6)	NE (NE, NE)	2.681 (0.711, 10.111)	0.1295				

N: number of subjects in analysis set; n: number of subjects in subgroup category; %: proportion of number of subjects in n; CI: confidence interval; NE: not estimable. PT: Preferred Term, SOC: System Organ Class.

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[b] Hazard ratio is from unstratified Cox proportional hazards model with treatment as the only categorical variable in the model. Confidence limits are based on the Wald test.

[c] Two-sided p-value from unstratified log-rank test.

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SOC: Metabolism and nutrition disorders; PT: Decreased appetite

Subgroup	n	Quizartinib (N=265)				Placebo (N=268)				Quizartinib vs Placebo		Interaction
		No. of subjects with events (%)	No. of subjects censored (%)	Median (95 % CI) (months) [a]	n	No. of subjects with events (%)	No. of subjects censored (%)	Median (95 % CI) (months) [a]	n	Hazard Ratio (95 % CI) [b]	Unstratified log-rank p-value [c]	P-value [d]
WBC at initial diagnosis											0.5363	
< 40x10 ⁹ /L	132	3 (2.3)	129 (97.7)	NE (NE, NE)	133	2 (1.5)	131 (98.5)	NE (NE, NE)	133	1.532 (0.256, 9.179)	0.6377	
≥ 40x10 ⁹ /L	133	10 (7.5)	123 (92.5)	NE (NE, NE)	135	3 (2.2)	132 (97.8)	NE (NE, NE)	135	3.053 (0.837, 11.136)	0.0755	

N: number of subjects in analysis set; n: number of subjects in subgroup category; %: proportion of number of subjects in n; CI: confidence interval; NE: not estimable. PT: Preferred Term, SOC: System Organ Class.

[a] Median time to first event is from Kaplan-Meier estimate. Confidence Interval for median was computed using the Brookmeyer-Crowley method.

[b] Hazard ratio is from unstratified Cox proportional hazards model with treatment as the only categorical variable in the model. Confidence limits are based on the Wald test.

[c] Two-sided p-value from unstratified log-rank test.

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SOC: Metabolism and nutrition disorders; PT: Decreased appetite

		Quizartinib (N=265)					Placebo (N=268)					Quizartinib vs Placebo		Interaction
Subgroup	n	No. of subjects with events (%)	No. of subjects censored (%)	Median (95 % CI) (months) [a]	n	No. of subjects with events (%)	No. of subjects censored (%)	Median (95 % CI) (months) [a]	n	Hazard Ratio (95 % CI) [b]	Unstratified log-rank p-value [c]	p-value [d]		
Choice of Anthracycline												0.8237		
Daunorubicin	123	6 (4.9)	117 (95.1)	NE (NE, NE)	94	2 (2.1)	92 (97.9)	NE (NE, NE)	94	2.086 (0.420, 10.370)	0.3576			
Idarubicin	142	7 (4.9)	135 (95.1)	NE (NE, NE)	171	3 (1.8)	168 (98.2)	NE (NE, NE)	171	2.757 (0.712, 10.673)	0.1256			

N: number of subjects in analysis set; n: number of subjects in subgroup category; %: proportion of number of subjects in n; CI: confidence interval; NE: not estimable. PT: Preferred Term, SOC: System Organ Class.

[a] Median time to first event is from Kaplan-Meier estimate. Confidence Interval for median was computed using the Brookmeyer-Crowley method.

[b] Hazard ratio is from unstratified Cox proportional hazards model with treatment as the only categorical variable in the model. Confidence limits are based on the Wald test.

[c] Two-sided p-value from unstratified log-rank test.

[d] Two-sided interaction p-value is for the interaction term from unstratified Cox proportional hazards model with treatment, subgroup, and treatment-by-subgroup interaction as categorical variables in the model. The p-value is based on the Wald test.

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SOC: Metabolism and nutrition disorders; PT: Decreased appetite

		Quizartinib (N=265)				Placebo (N=268)				Quizartinib vs Placebo		Interaction
Subgroup	n	No. of subjects with events (%)	No. of subjects censored (%)	Median (95 % CI) (months) [a]	n	No. of subjects with events (%)	No. of subjects censored (%)	Median (95 % CI) (months) [a]	Hazard Ratio (95 % CI) [b]	Unstratified log-rank p-value [c]	P-value [d]	
AML Cytogenetic Risk Score											0.9980	
Favorable	13	0	13 (100)	NE (NE, NE)	19	0	19 (100)	NE (NE, NE)	NE (NE, NE)	NE		
Intermediate	195	9 (4.6)	186 (95.4)	NE (NE, NE)	190	4 (2.1)	186 (97.9)	NE (NE, NE)	1.994 (0.613, 6.493)	0.2421		
Unfavorable	19	2 (10.5)	17 (89.5)	NE (NE, NE)	27	0	27 (100)	NE (NE, NE)	NE (0.000, NE)	0.0830		
Unknown	38	2 (5.3)	36 (94.7)	NE (NE, NE)	31	1 (3.2)	30 (96.8)	NE (NE, NE)	1.763 (0.160, 19.453)	0.6391		

N: number of subjects in analysis set; n: number of subjects in subgroup category; %: proportion of number of subjects in n; CI: confidence interval; NE: not estimable. PT: Preferred Term, SOC: System Organ Class.

[a] Median time to first event is from Kaplan-Meier estimate. Confidence Interval for median was computed using the Brookmeyer-Crowley method.

[b] Hazard ratio is from unstratified Cox proportional hazards model with treatment as the only categorical variable in the model. Confidence limits are based on the Wald test.

[c] Two-sided p-value from unstratified log-rank test.

[d] Two-sided interaction p-value is for the interaction term from unstratified Cox proportional hazards model with treatment, subgroup, and treatment-by-subgroup interaction as categorical variables in the model. The p-value is based on the Wald test.

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Run date: 21JUL2023 – 22:30; Program name: DE_T_3_11_2.sas; Output name: DE_T_3_13_2_TEAESEVSOCPT_SUB_SAS.rtf

Medizinischer Nutzen, medizinischer Zusatznutzen, Patientengruppen mit therap. bedeutsamem Zusatznutzen

Daichi Sankyo | Data Intelligence – Evidence Generation | Final | AC220-A-U302 QUANTUM-First (DCO 13 Aug 2021) | Statistical analyses for AMNOG (HTA Germany)
 Table 3.13.2 Severe Treatment-emergent adverse events (NCI CTCAE grade ≥3) by system organ class (SOC) and preferred term (PT) observed for ≥ 10 patients in at least one arm and ≥ 1% of the patients in at least one arm - Time-to-event analysis - subgroup analysis - DCO 13-Aug-2021 - Safety Analysis Set

SOC: Metabolism and nutrition disorders; PT: Decreased appetite

		Quizartinib (N=265)					Placebo (N=268)					Quizartinib vs Placebo		Interaction
Subgroup	n	No. of subjects with events (%)	No. of subjects censored (%)	Median (95 % CI) (months) [a]	n	No. of subjects with events (%)	No. of subjects censored (%)	Median (95 % CI) (months) [a]	n	Hazard Ratio (95 % CI) [b]	Unstratified log-rank p-value [c]	P-value [d]		
ECOG Performance Status at Baseline												0.7068		
0 - Fully Active	87	5 (5.7)	82 (94.3)	NE (NE, NE)	97	0	97 (100)	NE (NE, NE)	97	NE (0.000, NE)	0.0216			
1 - Restricted in Physically Strenuous Activity	133	6 (4.5)	127 (95.5)	NE (NE, NE)	134	3 (2.2)	131 (97.8)	NE (NE, NE)	134	1.887 (0.471, 7.556)	0.3616			
2 - Ambulatory and Capable of All Selfcare	45	2 (4.4)	43 (95.6)	NE (NE, NE)	36	2 (5.6)	34 (94.4)	NE (NE, NE)	36	0.811 (0.114, 5.761)	0.8341			

N: number of subjects in analysis set; n: number of subjects in subgroup category; %: proportion of number of subjects in n; CI: confidence interval; NE: not estimable. PT: Preferred Term, SOC: System Organ Class.

[a] Median time to first event is from Kaplan-Meier estimate. Confidence Interval for median was computed using the Brookmeyer-Crowley method.

[b] Hazard ratio is from unstratified Cox proportional hazards model with treatment as the only categorical variable in the model. Confidence limits are based on the Wald test.

[c] Two-sided p-value from unstratified log-rank test.

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SOC: Metabolism and nutrition disorders; PT: Decreased appetite

		Quizartinib (N=265)					Placebo (N=268)					Quizartinib vs Placebo		Interaction
Subgroup	n	No. of subjects with events (%)	No. of subjects censored (%)	Median (95 % CI) (months) [a]	n	No. of subjects with events (%)	No. of subjects censored (%)	Median (95 % CI) (months) [a]	Hazard Ratio (95 % CI) [b]	Unstratified log-rank p-value [c]	p-	P-value [d]		
FLT3-ITD category at Baseline														0.9531
≥3 to ≤25%	94	3 (3.2)	91 (96.8)	NE (NE, NE)	98	1 (1.0)	97 (99.0)	NE (NE, NE)	3.042 (0.316, 29.279)	0.3109				
>25% to ≤50%	141	10 (7.1)	131 (92.9)	NE (NE, NE)	136	2 (1.5)	134 (98.5)	NE (NE, NE)	4.700 (1.029, 21.467)	0.0277				
>50%	29	0	29 (100)	NE (NE, NE)	34	2 (5.9)	32 (94.1)	NE (NE, NE)	0.000 (0.000, NE)	0.1887				

N: number of subjects in analysis set; n: number of subjects in subgroup category; %: proportion of number of subjects in n; CI: confidence interval; NE: not estimable. PT: Preferred Term, SOC: System Organ Class.

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[c] Two-sided p-value from unstratified log-rank test.

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SOC: Metabolism and nutrition disorders; PT: Decreased appetite

Subgroup	n	Quizartinib (N=265)				Placebo (N=268)				Quizartinib vs Placebo		Interaction
		No. of subjects with events (%)	No. of subjects censored (%)	Median (95 % CI) (months) [a]	n	No. of subjects with events (%)	No. of subjects censored (%)	Median (95 % CI) (months) [a]	n	Hazard Ratio (95 % CI) [b]	Unstratified log-rank p-value [c]	P-value [d]
AML with Mutated NPM1											0.5601	
Yes	139	6 (4.3)	133 (95.7)	NE (NE, NE)	137	3 (2.2)	134 (97.8)	NE (NE, NE)	137	1.877 (0.468, 7.521)	0.3660	
No	116	7 (6.0)	109 (94.0)	NE (NE, NE)	120	2 (1.7)	118 (98.3)	NE (NE, NE)	120	3.486 (0.724, 16.783)	0.0967	

N: number of subjects in analysis set; n: number of subjects in subgroup category; %: proportion of number of subjects in n; CI: confidence interval; NE: not estimable. PT: Preferred Term, SOC: System Organ Class.

[a] Median time to first event is from Kaplan-Meier estimate. Confidence Interval for median was computed using the Brookmeyer-Crowley method.

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[c] Two-sided p-value from unstratified log-rank test.

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SOC: Metabolism and nutrition disorders; PT: Decreased appetite

		Quizartinib (N=265)				Placebo (N=268)				Quizartinib vs Placebo		Interaction
Subgroup	n	No. of subjects with events (%)	No. of subjects censored (%)	Median (95 % CI) (months) [a]	n	No. of subjects with events (%)	No. of subjects censored (%)	Median (95 % CI) (months) [a]	Hazard Ratio (95 % CI) [b]	Unstratified log-rank p-value [c]	P-value [d]	
Age by 2 categories											0.9470	
≤60	164	8 (4.9)	156 (95.1)	NE (NE, NE)	163	3 (1.8)	160 (98.2)	NE (NE, NE)	2.493 (0.660, 9.422)	0.1635		
>60	101	5 (5.0)	96 (95.0)	NE (NE, NE)	105	2 (1.9)	103 (98.1)	NE (NE, NE)	2.553 (0.495, 13.167)	0.2449		

N: number of subjects in analysis set; n: number of subjects in subgroup category; %: proportion of number of subjects in n; CI: confidence interval; NE: not estimable. PT: Preferred Term, SOC: System Organ Class.

[a] Median time to first event is from Kaplan-Meier estimate. Confidence Interval for median was computed using the Brookmeyer-Crowley method.

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[c] Two-sided p-value from unstratified log-rank test.

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SOC: Investigations; PT: Any PT

		Quizartinib (N=265)					Placebo (N=268)					Quizartinib vs Placebo		Interaction
Subgroup	n	No. of subjects with events (%)	No. of subjects censored (%)	Median (95 % CI) (months) [a]	n	No. of subjects with events (%)	No. of subjects censored (%)	Median (95 % CI) (months) [a]	n	Hazard Ratio (95 % CI) [b]	Unstratified log-rank p-value [c]	P-value [d]		
Pooled Age Group 2												0.6168		
<60	159	46 (28.9)	113 (71.1)	NE (NE)	12.6, 160	38 (23.8)	122 (76.3)	NE (NE, NE)	1.026 (0.666, 1.580)	0.9047				
≥60 - <65	37	8 (21.6)	29 (78.4)	NE (NE)	13.6, 43	6 (14.0)	37 (86.0)	NE (NE, NE)	1.564 (0.541, 4.518)	0.4012				
≥65	69	16 (23.2)	53 (76.8)	NE (NE)	11.0, 65	11 (16.9)	54 (83.1)	NE (28.1, NE)	1.552 (0.720, 3.347)	0.2594				

N: number of subjects in analysis set; n: number of subjects in subgroup category; %: proportion of number of subjects in n; CI: confidence interval; NE: not estimable. PT: Preferred Term, SOC: System Organ Class.

[a] Median time to first event is from Kaplan-Meier estimate. Confidence Interval for median was computed using the Brookmeyer-Crowley method.

[b] Hazard ratio is from unstratified Cox proportional hazards model with treatment as the only categorical variable in the model. Confidence limits are based on the Wald test.

[c] Two-sided p-value from unstratified log-rank test.

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SOC: Investigations; PT: Any PT

Subgroup	n	Quizartinib (N=265)					Placebo (N=268)					Quizartinib vs Placebo		Interaction
		No. of subjects with events (%)	No. of subjects censored (%)	Median (95 % CI) [a]	n	No. of subjects with events (%)	No. of subjects censored (%)	Median (95 % CI) [a]	n	Hazard Ratio (95 % CI) [b]	Unstratified log-rank p-value [c]	P-value [d]		
Sex														0.5590
Male	124	36 (29.0)	88 (71.0)	28.9 (13.6, NE)	120	25 (20.8)	95 (79.2)	NE (15.4, NE)	120	1.317 (0.789, 2.197)	0.2914			
Female	141	34 (24.1)	107 (75.9)	NE (18.2, NE)	148	30 (20.3)	118 (79.7)	NE (NE, NE)	148	1.078 (0.659, 1.763)	0.7608			

N: number of subjects in analysis set; n: number of subjects in subgroup category; %: proportion of number of subjects in n; CI: confidence interval; NE: not estimable. PT: Preferred Term, SOC: System Organ Class.

[a] Median time to first event is from Kaplan-Meier estimate. Confidence Interval for median was computed using the Brookmeyer-Crowley method.

[b] Hazard ratio is from unstratified Cox proportional hazards model with treatment as the only categorical variable in the model. Confidence limits are based on the Wald test.

[c] Two-sided p-value from unstratified log-rank test.

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SOC: Investigations; PT: Any PT

		Quizartinib (N=265)					Placebo (N=268)					Quizartinib vs Placebo		Interaction
Subgroup	n	No. of subjects with events (%)	No. of subjects censored (%)	Median (95 % CI) (months) [a]	n	No. of subjects with events (%)	No. of subjects censored (%)	Median (95 % CI) (months) [a]	CI	Hazard Ratio (95 % CI) [b]	Unstratified log-rank p-value [c]	P-value [d]		
Race by 2 categories												0.3292		
White	157	36 (22.9)	121 (77.1)	NE (NE, NE)	161	33 (20.5)	128 (79.5)	NE (NE, NE)	(28.1, 1.680)	1.046 (0.651, 1.680)	0.8480			
Non-white	108	34 (31.5)	74 (68.5)	18.0 (10.8, NE)	107	22 (20.6)	85 (79.4)	NE (NE, NE)		1.433 (0.838, 2.451)	0.1866			

N: number of subjects in analysis set; n: number of subjects in subgroup category; %: proportion of number of subjects in n; CI: confidence interval; NE: not estimable. PT: Preferred Term, SOC: System Organ Class.

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[c] Two-sided p-value from unstratified log-rank test.

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		Quizartinib (N=265)					Placebo (N=268)					Quizartinib vs Placebo		Interaction
Subgroup	n	No. of subjects with events (%)	No. of subjects censored (%)	Median (95 % CI) (months) [a]	n	No. of subjects with events (%)	No. of subjects censored (%)	Median (95 % CI) (months) [a]	CI	Hazard Ratio (95 % CI) [b]	Unstratified log-rank p-value [c]	P-value [d]		
Geographic Region 1												0.2392		
North America	16	3 (18.8)	13 (81.3)	NE (1.9, NE)	18	8 (44.4)	10 (55.6)	28.1 (0.3, NE)		0.389 (0.103, 1.469)	0.1465			
Europe	161	39 (24.2)	122 (75.8)	NE (NE, NE)	161	27 (16.8)	134 (83.2)	NE (NE, NE)		1.357 (0.830, 2.220)	0.2204			
Asia/Other Regions	88	28 (31.8)	60 (68.2)	18.0 (9.3, NE)	89	20 (22.5)	69 (77.5)	NE (11.7, NE)		1.270 (0.714, 2.258)	0.4141			

N: number of subjects in analysis set; n: number of subjects in subgroup category; %: proportion of number of subjects in n; CI: confidence interval; NE: not estimable. PT: Preferred Term, SOC: System Organ Class.

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[b] Hazard ratio is from unstratified Cox proportional hazards model with treatment as the only categorical variable in the model. Confidence limits are based on the Wald test.

[c] Two-sided p-value from unstratified log-rank test.

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SOC: Investigations; PT: Any PT

Subgroup	n	Quizartinib (N=265)					Placebo (N=268)					Quizartinib vs Placebo		Interaction
		No. of subjects with events (%)	No. of subjects censored (%)	Median (95 % CI) [a]	n	No. of subjects with events (%)	No. of subjects censored (%)	Median (95 % CI) [a]	n	Hazard Ratio (95 % CI) [b]	Unstratified log-rank p-value [c]	P-value [d]		
WBC at initial diagnosis														0.4734
< 40x10 ⁹ /L	132	36 (27.3)	96 (72.7)	NE (12.1, NE)	133	27 (20.3)	106 (79.7)	NE (NE, NE)	133	1.353 (0.821, 2.230)	0.2325			
≥ 40x10 ⁹ /L	133	34 (25.6)	99 (74.4)	NE (18.2, NE)	135	28 (20.7)	107 (79.3)	NE (28.1, NE)	133	1.060 (0.641, 1.751)	0.8157			

N: number of subjects in analysis set; n: number of subjects in subgroup category; %: proportion of number of subjects in n; CI: confidence interval; NE: not estimable. PT: Preferred Term, SOC: System Organ Class.

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Medizinischer Nutzen, medizinischer Zusatznutzen, Patientengruppen mit therap. bedeutsamem Zusatznutzen

Daichi Sankyo | Data Intelligence – Evidence Generation | Final | AC220-A-U302 QUANTUM-First (DCO 13 Aug 2021) | Statistical analyses for AMNOG (HTA Germany)
 Table 3.13.2 Severe Treatment-emergent adverse events (NCI CTCAE grade ≥3) by system organ class (SOC) and preferred term (PT) observed for ≥ 10 patients in at least one arm and ≥ 1% of the patients in at least one arm - Time-to-event analysis - subgroup analysis - DCO 13-Aug-2021 - Safety Analysis Set

SOC: Investigations; PT: Any PT

		Quizartinib (N=265)					Placebo (N=268)					Quizartinib vs Placebo		Interaction
Subgroup	n	No. of subjects with events (%)	No. of subjects censored (%)	Median (95 % CI) (months) [a]	n	No. of subjects with events (%)	No. of subjects censored (%)	Median (95 % CI) (months) [a]	n	Hazard Ratio (95 % CI) [b]	Unstratified log-rank p-value [c]	P-value [d]		
Choice of Anthracycline												0.0508		
Daunorubicin	123	25 (20.3)	98 (79.7)	NE (NE, NE)	94	21 (22.3)	73 (77.7)	NE (NE, NE)		0.817 (0.456, 1.463)	0.4980			
Idarubicin	142	45 (31.7)	97 (68.3)	18.0 (11.0, NE)	171	33 (19.3)	138 (80.7)	NE (NE, NE)		1.588 (1.013, 2.489)	0.0417			

N: number of subjects in analysis set; n: number of subjects in subgroup category; %: proportion of number of subjects in n; CI: confidence interval; NE: not estimable. PT: Preferred Term, SOC: System Organ Class.

[a] Median time to first event is from Kaplan-Meier estimate. Confidence Interval for median was computed using the Brookmeyer-Crowley method.

[b] Hazard ratio is from unstratified Cox proportional hazards model with treatment as the only categorical variable in the model. Confidence limits are based on the Wald test.

[c] Two-sided p-value from unstratified log-rank test.

[d] Two-sided interaction p-value is for the interaction term from unstratified Cox proportional hazards model with treatment, subgroup, and treatment-by-subgroup interaction as categorical variables in the model. The p-value is based on the Wald test.

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		Quizartinib (N=265)					Placebo (N=268)					Quizartinib vs Placebo		Interaction
Subgroup	n	No. of subjects with events (%)	No. of subjects censored (%)	Median (95 % CI) (months) [a]	n	No. of subjects with events (%)	No. of subjects censored (%)	Median (95 % CI) (months) [a]	CI	Hazard Ratio (95 % CI) [b]	Unstratified log-rank p-value [c]	P-value [d]		
AML Cytogenetic Risk Score												0.8267		
Favorable	13	5 (38.5)	8 (61.5)	NE (0.9, NE)	19	6 (31.6)	13 (68.4)	28.1 (3.0, NE)		1.353 (0.410, 4.464)	0.6186			
Intermediate	195	53 (27.2)	142 (72.8)	NE (13.6, NE)	190	38 (20.0)	152 (80.0)	NE (NE, NE)		1.226 (0.807, 1.861)	0.3362			
Unfavorable	19	4 (21.1)	15 (78.9)	NE (5.7, NE)	27	7 (25.9)	20 (74.1)	NE (11.2, NE)		0.737 (0.215, 2.524)	0.6263			
Unknown	38	8 (21.1)	30 (78.9)	NE (8.8, NE)	31	4 (12.9)	27 (87.1)	NE (8.6, NE)		1.510 (0.453, 5.033)	0.4991			

N: number of subjects in analysis set; n: number of subjects in subgroup category; %: proportion of number of subjects in n; CI: confidence interval; NE: not estimable. PT: Preferred Term, SOC: System Organ Class.

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[b] Hazard ratio is from unstratified Cox proportional hazards model with treatment as the only categorical variable in the model. Confidence limits are based on the Wald test.

[c] Two-sided p-value from unstratified log-rank test.

[d] Two-sided interaction p-value is for the interaction term from unstratified Cox proportional hazards model with treatment, subgroup, and treatment-by-subgroup interaction as categorical variables in the model. The p-value is based on the Wald test.

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SOC: Investigations; PT: Any PT

		Quizartinib (N=265)					Placebo (N=268)					Quizartinib vs Placebo		Interaction
Subgroup	n	No. of subjects with events (%)	No. of subjects censored (%)	Median (95 % CI) (months) [a]	n	No. of subjects with events (%)	No. of subjects censored (%)	Median (95 % CI) (months) [a]	Hazard Ratio (95 % CI) [b]	Unstratified log-rank p-value [c]	P-value [d]			
ECOG Performance Status at Baseline												0.5329		
0 - Fully Active	87	23 (26.4)	64 (73.6)	NE (14.2, NE)	97	16 (16.5)	81 (83.5)	NE (NE, NE)	1.556 (0.821, 2.949)	0.1716				
1 - Restricted in Physically Strenuous Activity	133	33 (24.8)	100 (75.2)	NE (15.2, NE)	134	29 (21.6)	105 (78.4)	NE (28.1, NE)	1.068 (0.648, 1.761)	0.7930				
2 - Ambulatory and Capable of All Selfcare	45	14 (31.1)	31 (68.9)	18.0 (7.6, NE)	36	10 (27.8)	26 (72.2)	NE (6.0, NE)	0.829 (0.363, 1.892)	0.6677				

N: number of subjects in analysis set; n: number of subjects in subgroup category; %: proportion of number of subjects in n; CI: confidence interval; NE: not estimable. PT: Preferred Term, SOC: System Organ Class.

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[b] Hazard ratio is from unstratified Cox proportional hazards model with treatment as the only categorical variable in the model. Confidence limits are based on the Wald test.

[c] Two-sided p-value from unstratified log-rank test.

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SOC: Investigations; PT: Any PT

		Quizartinib (N=265)					Placebo (N=268)					Quizartinib vs Placebo		Interaction
Subgroup	n	No. of subjects with events (%)	No. of subjects censored (%)	Median (95 % CI) (months) [a]	n	No. of subjects with events (%)	No. of subjects censored (%)	Median (95 % CI) (months) [a]	n	Hazard Ratio (95 % CI) [b]	Unstratified log-rank p-value [c]	P-value [d]		
FLT3-ITD category at Baseline												0.2228		
≥3 to ≤25%	94	26 (27.7)	68 (72.3)	NE (NE) (18.0,)	98	19 (19.4)	79 (80.6)	NE (NE, NE)		1.437 (0.794, 2.599)	0.2279			
>25% to ≤50%	141	40 (28.4)	101 (71.6)	NE (NE) (12.1,)	136	29 (21.3)	107 (78.7)	NE (NE)		1.260 (0.780, 2.034)	0.3408			
>50%	29	4 (13.8)	25 (86.2)	NE (NE) (11.8,)	34	7 (20.6)	27 (79.4)	NE (NE, NE)		0.432 (0.120, 1.549)	0.1871			

N: number of subjects in analysis set; n: number of subjects in subgroup category; %: proportion of number of subjects in n; CI: confidence interval; NE: not estimable. PT: Preferred Term, SOC: System Organ Class.

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[b] Hazard ratio is from unstratified Cox proportional hazards model with treatment as the only categorical variable in the model. Confidence limits are based on the Wald test.

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SOC: Investigations; PT: Any PT

		Quizartinib (N=265)					Placebo (N=268)					Quizartinib vs Placebo		Interaction
Subgroup	n	No. of subjects with events (%)	No. of subjects censored (%)	Median (95 % CI) (months) [a]	n	No. of subjects with events (%)	No. of subjects censored (%)	Median (95 % CI) (months) [a]	Hazard Ratio (95 % CI) [b]	Unstratified log-rank p-value [c]	P-value [d]			
AML with Mutated NPM1												0.9997		
Yes	139	39 (28.1)	100 (71.9)	NE (15.2, NE)	137	30 (21.9)	107 (78.1)	NE (28.1, NE)	1.226 (0.761, 1.976)	0.3982				
No	116	26 (22.4)	90 (77.6)	NE (12.1, NE)	120	20 (16.7)	100 (83.3)	NE (NE, NE)	1.207 (0.673, 2.164)	0.5247				

N: number of subjects in analysis set; n: number of subjects in subgroup category; %: proportion of number of subjects in n; CI: confidence interval; NE: not estimable. PT: Preferred Term, SOC: System Organ Class.

[a] Median time to first event is from Kaplan-Meier estimate. Confidence Interval for median was computed using the Brookmeyer-Crowley method.

[b] Hazard ratio is from unstratified Cox proportional hazards model with treatment as the only categorical variable in the model. Confidence limits are based on the Wald test.

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SOC: Investigations; PT: Any PT

		Quizartinib (N=265)					Placebo (N=268)					Quizartinib vs Placebo		Interaction
Subgroup	n	No. of subjects with events (%)	No. of subjects censored (%)	Median (95 % CI) (months) [a]	n	No. of subjects with events (%)	No. of subjects censored (%)	Median (95 % CI) (months) [a]	Hazard Ratio (95 % CI) [b]	Unstratified log-rank p-value [c]	P-value [d]			
Age by 2 categories												0.3849		
≤60	164	47 (28.7)	117 (71.3)	NE (12.6, NE)	163	38 (23.3)	125 (76.7)	NE (NE, NE)	1.041 (0.678, 1.600)	0.8502				
>60	101	23 (22.8)	78 (77.2)	NE (14.2, NE)	105	17 (16.2)	88 (83.8)	NE (28.1, NE)	1.475 (0.788, 2.762)	0.2208				

N: number of subjects in analysis set; n: number of subjects in subgroup category; %: proportion of number of subjects in n; CI: confidence interval; NE: not estimable. PT: Preferred Term, SOC: System Organ Class.

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[c] Two-sided p-value from unstratified log-rank test.

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SOC: Investigations; PT: Neutrophil count decreased

		Quizartinib (N=265)				Placebo (N=268)				Quizartinib vs Placebo		Interaction
Subgroup	n	No. of subjects with events (%)	No. of subjects censored (%)	Median (95 % CI) (months) [a]	n	No. of subjects with events (%)	No. of subjects censored (%)	Median (95 % CI) (months) [a]	Hazard Ratio (95 % CI) [b]	Unstratified log-rank p-value [c]	P-value [d]	
Pooled Age Group 2											0.9421	
<60	159	18 (11.3)	141 (88.7)	NE (NE, NE)	160	7 (4.4)	153 (95.6)	NE (NE, NE)	2.226 (0.928, 5.339)	0.0656		
≥60 - <65	37	2 (5.4)	35 (94.6)	NE (25.7, NE)	43	1 (2.3)	42 (97.7)	NE (NE, NE)	2.254 (0.204, 24.901)	0.4957		
≥65	69	3 (4.3)	66 (95.7)	NE (NE, NE)	65	1 (1.5)	64 (98.5)	NE (NE, NE)	3.106 (0.323, 29.891)	0.3011		

N: number of subjects in analysis set; n: number of subjects in subgroup category; %: proportion of number of subjects in n; CI: confidence interval; NE: not estimable. PT: Preferred Term, SOC: System Organ Class.

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SOC: Investigations; PT: Neutrophil count decreased

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Subgroup	n	No. of subjects with events (%)	No. of subjects censored (%)	Median (95 % CI) (months) [a]	n	No. of subjects with events (%)	No. of subjects censored (%)	Median (95 % CI) (months) [a]	Hazard Ratio (95 % CI) [b]	Unstratified log-rank p-value [c]	P-value [d]	
Sex											0.5943	
Male	124	11 (8.9)	113 (91.1)	NE (NE, NE)	120	5 (4.2)	115 (95.8)	NE (NE, NE)	1.993 (0.691, 5.744)	0.1928		
Female	141	12 (8.5)	129 (91.5)	NE (NE, NE)	148	4 (2.7)	144 (97.3)	NE (NE, NE)	2.883 (0.929, 8.945)	0.0549		

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		Quizartinib (N=265)				Placebo (N=268)				Quizartinib vs Placebo		Interaction
Subgroup	n	No. of subjects with events (%)	No. of subjects censored (%)	Median (95 % CI) (months) [a]	n	No. of subjects with events (%)	No. of subjects censored (%)	Median (95 % CI) (months) [a]	Hazard Ratio (95 % CI) [b]	Unstratified log-rank p-value [c]	P-value [d]	
Race by 2 categories											0.4064	
White	157	9 (5.7)	148 (94.3)	NE (NE, NE)	161	5 (3.1)	156 (96.9)	NE (NE, NE)	1.721 (0.576, 5.143)	0.3251		
Non-white	108	14 (13.0)	94 (87.0)	NE (NE, NE)	107	4 (3.7)	103 (96.3)	NE (NE, NE)	3.241 (1.066, 9.853)	0.0282		

N: number of subjects in analysis set; n: number of subjects in subgroup category; %: proportion of number of subjects in n; CI: confidence interval; NE: not estimable. PT: Preferred Term, SOC: System Organ Class.

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SOC: Investigations; PT: Neutrophil count decreased

		Quizartinib (N=265)				Placebo (N=268)				Quizartinib vs Placebo		Interaction
Subgroup	n	No. of subjects with events (%)	No. of subjects censored (%)	Median (95 % CI) (months) [a]	n	No. of subjects with events (%)	No. of subjects censored (%)	Median (95 % CI) (months) [a]	Hazard Ratio (95 % CI) [b]	Unstratified log-rank p-value [c]	P-value [d]	
Geographic Region 1											0.3057	
North America	16	1 (6.3)	15 (93.8)	NE (1.5, NE)	18	3 (16.7)	15 (83.3)	NE (NE, NE)	0.386 (0.040, 3.736)	0.3941		
Europe	161	10 (6.2)	151 (93.8)	NE (NE, NE)	161	2 (1.2)	159 (98.8)	NE (NE, NE)	4.491 (0.983, 20.523)	0.0336		
Asia/Other Regions	88	12 (13.6)	76 (86.4)	NE (25.7, NE)	89	4 (4.5)	85 (95.5)	NE (NE, NE)	2.660 (0.856, 8.268)	0.0787		

N: number of subjects in analysis set; n: number of subjects in subgroup category; %: proportion of number of subjects in n; CI: confidence interval; NE: not estimable. PT: Preferred Term, SOC: System Organ Class.

[a] Median time to first event is from Kaplan-Meier estimate. Confidence Interval for median was computed using the Brookmeyer-Crowley method.

[b] Hazard ratio is from unstratified Cox proportional hazards model with treatment as the only categorical variable in the model. Confidence limits are based on the Wald test.

[c] Two-sided p-value from unstratified log-rank test.

[d] Two-sided interaction p-value is for the interaction term from unstratified Cox proportional hazards model with treatment, subgroup, and treatment-by-subgroup interaction as categorical variables in the model. The p-value is based on the Wald test.

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Run date: 21JUL2023 – 22:30; Program name: DE_T_3_11_2.sas; Output name: DE_T_3_13_2_TEAESEVSOCPT_SUB_SAS.rtf

Medizinischer Nutzen, medizinischer Zusatznutzen, Patientengruppen mit therap. bedeutsamem Zusatznutzen

Daichi Sankyo | Data Intelligence – Evidence Generation | Final | AC220-A-U302 QUANTUM-First (DCO 13 Aug 2021) | Statistical analyses for AMNOG (HTA Germany)
 Table 3.13.2 Severe Treatment-emergent adverse events (NCI CTCAE grade ≥3) by system organ class (SOC) and preferred term (PT) observed for ≥ 10 patients in at least one arm and ≥ 1% of the patients in at least one arm - Time-to-event analysis - subgroup analysis - DCO 13-Aug-2021 - Safety Analysis Set

SOC: Investigations; PT: Neutrophil count decreased

Subgroup	n	Quizartinib (N=265)				Placebo (N=268)				Quizartinib vs Placebo		Interaction
		No. of subjects with events (%)	No. of subjects censored (%)	Median (95 % CI) (months) [a]	n	No. of subjects with events (%)	No. of subjects censored (%)	Median (95 % CI) (months) [a]	n	Hazard Ratio (95 % CI) [b]	Unstratified log-rank p-value [c]	P-value [d]
WBC at initial diagnosis											0.2181	
< 40x10 ⁹ /L	132	14 (10.6)	118 (89.4)	NE (NE, NE)	133	4 (3.0)	129 (97.0)	NE (NE, NE)	133	3.825 (1.259, 11.625)	0.0109	
≥ 40x10 ⁹ /L	133	9 (6.8)	124 (93.2)	NE (NE, NE)	135	5 (3.7)	130 (96.3)	NE (NE, NE)	135	1.440 (0.480, 4.320)	0.5128	

N: number of subjects in analysis set; n: number of subjects in subgroup category; %: proportion of number of subjects in n; CI: confidence interval; NE: not estimable. PT: Preferred Term, SOC: System Organ Class.

[a] Median time to first event is from Kaplan-Meier estimate. Confidence Interval for median was computed using the Brookmeyer-Crowley method.

[b] Hazard ratio is from unstratified Cox proportional hazards model with treatment as the only categorical variable in the model. Confidence limits are based on the Wald test.

[c] Two-sided p-value from unstratified log-rank test.

[d] Two-sided interaction p-value is for the interaction term from unstratified Cox proportional hazards model with treatment, subgroup, and treatment-by-subgroup interaction as categorical variables in the model. The p-value is based on the Wald test.

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SOC: Investigations; PT: Neutrophil count decreased

		Quizartinib (N=265)					Placebo (N=268)					Quizartinib vs Placebo		Interaction
Subgroup	n	No. of subjects with events (%)	No. of subjects censored (%)	Median (95 % CI) (months) [a]	n	No. of subjects with events (%)	No. of subjects censored (%)	Median (95 % CI) (months) [a]	Hazard Ratio (95 % CI) [b]	Unstratified log-rank p-value [c]	p-	P-value [d]		
Choice of Anthracycline													0.3835	
Daunorubicin	123	9 (7.3)	114 (92.7)	NE (NE, NE)	94	1 (1.1)	93 (98.9)	NE (NE, NE)	6.406 (0.810, 50.653)	0.0429				
Idarubicin	142	14 (9.9)	128 (90.1)	NE (NE, NE)	171	7 (4.1)	164 (95.9)	NE (NE, NE)	2.262 (0.913, 5.608)	0.0700				

N: number of subjects in analysis set; n: number of subjects in subgroup category; %: proportion of number of subjects in n; CI: confidence interval; NE: not estimable. PT: Preferred Term, SOC: System Organ Class.

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[b] Hazard ratio is from unstratified Cox proportional hazards model with treatment as the only categorical variable in the model. Confidence limits are based on the Wald test.

[c] Two-sided p-value from unstratified log-rank test.

[d] Two-sided interaction p-value is for the interaction term from unstratified Cox proportional hazards model with treatment, subgroup, and treatment-by-subgroup interaction as categorical variables in the model. The p-value is based on the Wald test.

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SOC: Investigations; PT: Neutrophil count decreased

		Quizartinib (N=265)				Placebo (N=268)				Quizartinib vs Placebo		Interaction
Subgroup	n	No. of subjects with events (%)	No. of subjects censored (%)	Median (95 % CI) (months) [a]	n	No. of subjects with events (%)	No. of subjects censored (%)	Median (95 % CI) (months) [a]	Hazard Ratio (95 % CI) [b]	Unstratified log-rank p-value [c]	P-value [d]	
AML Cytogenetic Risk Score											0.8530	
Favorable	13	2 (15.4)	11 (84.6)	NE (1.7, NE)	19	3 (15.8)	16 (84.2)	NE (NE, NE)	1.103 (0.184, 6.618)	0.9148		
Intermediate	195	17 (8.7)	178 (91.3)	NE (NE, NE)	190	5 (2.6)	185 (97.4)	NE (NE, NE)	2.956 (1.089, 8.020)	0.0256		
Unfavorable	19	2 (10.5)	17 (89.5)	NE (6.2, NE)	27	1 (3.7)	26 (96.3)	NE (NE, NE)	2.405 (0.216, 26.724)	0.4613		
Unknown	38	2 (5.3)	36 (94.7)	NE (NE, NE)	31	0	31 (100)	NE (NE, NE)	NE (0.000, NE)	0.2196		

N: number of subjects in analysis set; n: number of subjects in subgroup category; %: proportion of number of subjects in n; CI: confidence interval; NE: not estimable. PT: Preferred Term, SOC: System Organ Class.

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[c] Two-sided p-value from unstratified log-rank test.

[d] Two-sided interaction p-value is for the interaction term from unstratified Cox proportional hazards model with treatment, subgroup, and treatment-by-subgroup interaction as categorical variables in the model. The p-value is based on the Wald test.

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SOC: Investigations; PT: Neutrophil count decreased

		Quizartinib (N=265)					Placebo (N=268)					Quizartinib vs Placebo		Interaction
Subgroup	n	No. of subjects with events (%)	No. of subjects censored (%)	Median (95 % CI) (months) [a]	n	No. of subjects with events (%)	No. of subjects censored (%)	Median (95 % CI) (months) [a]	Hazard Ratio (95 % CI) [b]	Unstratified log-rank p-value [c]	P-value [d]			
ECOG Performance Status at Baseline												0.9455		
0 - Fully Active	87	8 (9.2)	79 (90.8)	NE (NE, NE)	97	3 (3.1)	94 (96.9)	NE (NE, NE)	2.675 (0.709, 10.094)	0.1307				
1 - Restricted in Physically Strenuous Activity	133	13 (9.8)	120 (90.2)	NE (NE, NE)	134	6 (4.5)	128 (95.5)	NE (NE, NE)	2.095 (0.796, 5.515)	0.1253				
2 - Ambulatory and Capable of All Selfcare	45	2 (4.4)	43 (95.6)	NE (NE, NE)	36	0	36 (100)	NE (NE, NE)	NE (0.000, NE)	0.3255				

N: number of subjects in analysis set; n: number of subjects in subgroup category; %: proportion of number of subjects in n; CI: confidence interval; NE: not estimable. PT: Preferred Term, SOC: System Organ Class.

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[c] Two-sided p-value from unstratified log-rank test.

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SOC: Investigations; PT: Neutrophil count decreased

		Quizartinib (N=265)					Placebo (N=268)					Quizartinib vs Placebo		Interaction
Subgroup	n	No. of subjects with events (%)	No. of subjects censored (%)	Median (95 % CI) (months) [a]	n	No. of subjects with events (%)	No. of subjects censored (%)	Median (95 % CI) (months) [a]	Hazard Ratio (95 % CI) [b]	Unstratified log-rank p-value [c]	P-value [d]			
FLT3-ITD category at Baseline													0.6795	
≥3 to ≤25%	94	13 (13.8)	81 (86.2)	NE (NE, NE)	98	3 (3.1)	95 (96.9)	NE (NE, NE)	4.828 (1.376, 16.946)	0.0065				
>25% to ≤50%	141	10 (7.1)	131 (92.9)	NE (NE, NE)	136	4 (2.9)	132 (97.1)	NE (NE, NE)	2.131 (0.667, 6.808)	0.1911				
>50%	29	0	29 (100)	NE (NE, NE)	34	2 (5.9)	32 (94.1)	NE (NE, NE)	0.000 (0.000, NE)	0.1815				

N: number of subjects in analysis set; n: number of subjects in subgroup category; %: proportion of number of subjects in n; CI: confidence interval; NE: not estimable. PT: Preferred Term, SOC: System Organ Class.

[a] Median time to first event is from Kaplan-Meier estimate. Confidence Interval for median was computed using the Brookmeyer-Crowley method.

[b] Hazard ratio is from unstratified Cox proportional hazards model with treatment as the only categorical variable in the model. Confidence limits are based on the Wald test.

[c] Two-sided p-value from unstratified log-rank test.

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SOC: Investigations; PT: Neutrophil count decreased

		Quizartinib (N=265)				Placebo (N=268)				Quizartinib vs Placebo		Interaction
Subgroup	n	No. of subjects with events (%)	No. of subjects censored (%)	Median (95 % CI) (months) [a]	n	No. of subjects with events (%)	No. of subjects censored (%)	Median (95 % CI) (months) [a]	Hazard Ratio (95 % CI) [b]	Unstratified log-rank p-value [c]	P-value [d]	
AML with Mutated NPM1											0.7682	
Yes	139	14 (10.1)	125 (89.9)	NE (NE, NE)	137	4 (2.9)	133 (97.1)	NE (NE, NE)	3.227 (1.061, 9.812)	0.0289		
No	116	8 (6.9)	108 (93.1)	NE (NE, NE)	120	3 (2.5)	117 (97.5)	NE (NE, NE)	2.509 (0.665, 9.467)	0.1596		

N: number of subjects in analysis set; n: number of subjects in subgroup category; %: proportion of number of subjects in n; CI: confidence interval; NE: not estimable. PT: Preferred Term, SOC: System Organ Class.

[a] Median time to first event is from Kaplan-Meier estimate. Confidence Interval for median was computed using the Brookmeyer-Crowley method.

[b] Hazard ratio is from unstratified Cox proportional hazards model with treatment as the only categorical variable in the model. Confidence limits are based on the Wald test.

[c] Two-sided p-value from unstratified log-rank test.

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SOC: Investigations; PT: Neutrophil count decreased

		Quizartinib (N=265)				Placebo (N=268)				Quizartinib vs Placebo		Interaction
Subgroup	n	No. of subjects with events (%)	No. of subjects censored (%)	Median (95 % CI) (months) [a]	n	No. of subjects with events (%)	No. of subjects censored (%)	Median (95 % CI) (months) [a]	Hazard Ratio (95 % CI) [b]	Unstratified log-rank p-value [c]	P-value [d]	
Age by 2 categories											0.8343	
≤60	164	18 (11.0)	146 (89.0)	NE (NE, NE)	163	7 (4.3)	156 (95.7)	NE (NE, NE)	2.185 (0.911, 5.240)	0.0725		
>60	101	5 (5.0)	96 (95.0)	NE (NE, NE)	105	2 (1.9)	103 (98.1)	NE (NE, NE)	2.828 (0.547, 14.618)	0.1948		

N: number of subjects in analysis set; n: number of subjects in subgroup category; %: proportion of number of subjects in n; CI: confidence interval; NE: not estimable. PT: Preferred Term, SOC: System Organ Class.

[a] Median time to first event is from Kaplan-Meier estimate. Confidence Interval for median was computed using the Brookmeyer-Crowley method.

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[c] Two-sided p-value from unstratified log-rank test.

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SOC: Investigations; PT: Gamma-glutamyltransferase increased

Subgroup	n	Quizartinib (N=265)				Placebo (N=268)				Quizartinib vs Placebo		Interaction
		No. of subjects with events (%)	No. of subjects censored (%)	Median (95 % CI) (months) [a]	n	No. of subjects with events (%)	No. of subjects censored (%)	Median (95 % CI) (months) [a]	n	Hazard Ratio (95 % CI) [b]	Unstratified log-rank p-value [c]	P-value [d]
Pooled Age Group 2											0.9999	
<60	159	13 (8.2)	146 (91.8)	NE (NE, NE)	160	10 (6.3)	150 (93.8)	NE (NE, NE)	160	1.160 (0.507, 2.652)	0.7250	
≥60 - <65	37	1 (2.7)	36 (97.3)	NE (NE, NE)	43	0	43 (100)	NE (NE, NE)	43	NE (0.000, NE)	0.2839	
≥65	69	0	69 (100)	NE (NE, NE)	65	3 (4.6)	62 (95.4)	NE (28.1, NE)	65	0.000 (0.000, NE)	0.0868	

N: number of subjects in analysis set; n: number of subjects in subgroup category; %: proportion of number of subjects in n; CI: confidence interval; NE: not estimable. PT: Preferred Term, SOC: System Organ Class.

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[b] Hazard ratio is from unstratified Cox proportional hazards model with treatment as the only categorical variable in the model. Confidence limits are based on the Wald test.

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SOC: Investigations; PT: Gamma-glutamyltransferase increased

		Quizartinib (N=265)				Placebo (N=268)				Quizartinib vs Placebo		Interaction
Subgroup	n	No. of subjects with events (%)	No. of subjects censored (%)	Median (95 % CI) (months) [a]	n	No. of subjects with events (%)	No. of subjects censored (%)	Median (95 % CI) (months) [a]	Hazard Ratio (95 % CI) [b]	Unstratified log-rank p-value [c]	P-value [d]	
Sex											0.9205	
Male	124	7 (5.6)	117 (94.4)	NE (NE, NE)	120	6 (5.0)	114 (95.0)	NE (NE, NE)	0.998 (0.334, 2.978)	0.9969		
Female	141	7 (5.0)	134 (95.0)	NE (NE, NE)	148	7 (4.7)	141 (95.3)	NE (NE, NE)	0.984 (0.345, 2.811)	0.9772		

N: number of subjects in analysis set; n: number of subjects in subgroup category; %: proportion of number of subjects in n; CI: confidence interval; NE: not estimable. PT: Preferred Term, SOC: System Organ Class.

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[b] Hazard ratio is from unstratified Cox proportional hazards model with treatment as the only categorical variable in the model. Confidence limits are based on the Wald test.

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SOC: Investigations; PT: Gamma-glutamyltransferase increased

		Quizartinib (N=265)				Placebo (N=268)				Quizartinib vs Placebo		Interaction
Subgroup	n	No. of subjects with events (%)	No. of subjects censored (%)	Median (95 % CI) (months) [a]	n	No. of subjects with events (%)	No. of subjects censored (%)	Median (95 % CI) (months) [a]	Hazard Ratio (95 % CI) [b]	Unstratified log-rank p-value [c]	P-value [d]	
Race by 2 categories											0.5518	
White	157	10 (6.4)	147 (93.6)	NE (NE, NE)	161	8 (5.0)	153 (95.0)	NE (NE, NE)	1.187 (0.467, 3.014)	0.7193		
Non-white	108	4 (3.7)	104 (96.3)	NE (NE, NE)	107	5 (4.7)	102 (95.3)	NE (NE, NE)	0.705 (0.189, 2.629)	0.6006		

N: number of subjects in analysis set; n: number of subjects in subgroup category; %: proportion of number of subjects in n; CI: confidence interval; NE: not estimable. PT: Preferred Term, SOC: System Organ Class.

[a] Median time to first event is from Kaplan-Meier estimate. Confidence Interval for median was computed using the Brookmeyer-Crowley method.

[b] Hazard ratio is from unstratified Cox proportional hazards model with treatment as the only categorical variable in the model. Confidence limits are based on the Wald test.

[c] Two-sided p-value from unstratified log-rank test.

[d] Two-sided interaction p-value is for the interaction term from unstratified Cox proportional hazards model with treatment, subgroup, and treatment-by-subgroup interaction as categorical variables in the model. The p-value is based on the Wald test.

Data source: \\AC220-A-U302\Production\Raw\Data_Restricted\rstret_eg\rstret_20211102_eg\rstret_valos\20230516_AMNOG\ADAM\

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Medizinischer Nutzen, medizinischer Zusatznutzen, Patientengruppen mit therap. bedeutsamem Zusatznutzen

Daichi Sankyo | Data Intelligence – Evidence Generation | Final | AC220-A-U302 QUANTUM-First (DCO 13 Aug 2021) | Statistical analyses for AMNOG (HTA Germany)
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SOC: Investigations; PT: Gamma-glutamyltransferase increased

		Quizartinib (N=265)					Placebo (N=268)					Quizartinib vs Placebo		Interaction
Subgroup	n	No. of subjects with events (%)	No. of subjects censored (%)	Median (95 % CI) (months) [a]	n	No. of subjects with events (%)	No. of subjects censored (%)	Median (95 % CI) (months) [a]	CI	Hazard Ratio (95 % CI) [b]	Unstratified log-rank p-value [c]	P-value [d]		
Geographic Region 1												0.8921		
North America	16	0	16 (100)	NE (NE, NE)	18	2 (11.1)	16 (88.9)	NE (NE, NE)	(10.3, NE)	0.000 (0.000, NE)	0.3008			
Europe	161	9 (5.6)	152 (94.4)	NE (NE, NE)	161	6 (3.7)	155 (96.3)	NE (NE, NE)		1.392 (0.494, 3.920)	0.5300			
Asia/Other Regions	88	5 (5.7)	83 (94.3)	NE (NE, NE)	89	5 (5.6)	84 (94.4)	NE (NE, NE)		0.873 (0.252, 3.030)	0.8314			

N: number of subjects in analysis set; n: number of subjects in subgroup category; %: proportion of number of subjects in n; CI: confidence interval; NE: not estimable. PT: Preferred Term, SOC: System Organ Class.

[a] Median time to first event is from Kaplan-Meier estimate. Confidence Interval for median was computed using the Brookmeyer-Crowley method.

[b] Hazard ratio is from unstratified Cox proportional hazards model with treatment as the only categorical variable in the model. Confidence limits are based on the Wald test.

[c] Two-sided p-value from unstratified log-rank test.

[d] Two-sided interaction p-value is for the interaction term from unstratified Cox proportional hazards model with treatment, subgroup, and treatment-by-subgroup interaction as categorical variables in the model. The p-value is based on the Wald test.

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SOC: Investigations; PT: Gamma-glutamyltransferase increased

Subgroup	n	Quizartinib (N=265)				Placebo (N=268)				Quizartinib vs Placebo		Interaction
		No. of subjects with events (%)	No. of subjects censored (%)	Median (95 % CI) (months) [a]	n	No. of subjects with events (%)	No. of subjects censored (%)	Median (95 % CI) (months) [a]	n	Hazard Ratio (95 % CI) [b]	Unstratified log-rank p-value [c]	P-value [d]
WBC at initial diagnosis											0.4486	
< 40x10 ⁹ /L	132	5 (3.8)	127 (96.2)	NE (NE, NE)	133	7 (5.3)	126 (94.7)	NE (NE, NE)	133	0.724 (0.230, 2.281)	0.5796	
≥ 40x10 ⁹ /L	133	9 (6.8)	124 (93.2)	NE (NE, NE)	135	6 (4.4)	129 (95.6)	NE (NE, NE)	135	1.240 (0.439, 3.502)	0.6841	

N: number of subjects in analysis set; n: number of subjects in subgroup category; %: proportion of number of subjects in n; CI: confidence interval; NE: not estimable. PT: Preferred Term, SOC: System Organ Class.

[a] Median time to first event is from Kaplan-Meier estimate. Confidence Interval for median was computed using the Brookmeyer-Crowley method.

[b] Hazard ratio is from unstratified Cox proportional hazards model with treatment as the only categorical variable in the model. Confidence limits are based on the Wald test.

[c] Two-sided p-value from unstratified log-rank test.

[d] Two-sided interaction p-value is for the interaction term from unstratified Cox proportional hazards model with treatment, subgroup, and treatment-by-subgroup interaction as categorical variables in the model. The p-value is based on the Wald test.

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SOC: Investigations; PT: Gamma-glutamyltransferase increased

		Quizartinib (N=265)					Placebo (N=268)					Quizartinib vs Placebo		Interaction
Subgroup	n	No. of subjects with events (%)	No. of subjects censored (%)	Median (95 % CI) (months) [a]	n	No. of subjects with events (%)	No. of subjects censored (%)	Median (95 % CI) (months) [a]	n	Hazard Ratio (95 % CI) [b]	Unstratified log-rank p-value [c]	p-value [d]		
Choice of Anthracycline												0.0946		
Daunorubicin	123	6 (4.9)	117 (95.1)	NE (NE, NE)	94	8 (8.5)	86 (91.5)	NE (NE, NE)		0.497 (0.172, 1.436)	0.1878			
Idarubicin	142	8 (5.6)	134 (94.4)	NE (NE, NE)	171	5 (2.9)	166 (97.1)	NE (NE, NE)		1.754 (0.572, 5.376)	0.3193			

N: number of subjects in analysis set; n: number of subjects in subgroup category; %: proportion of number of subjects in n; CI: confidence interval; NE: not estimable. PT: Preferred Term, SOC: System Organ Class.

[a] Median time to first event is from Kaplan-Meier estimate. Confidence Interval for median was computed using the Brookmeyer-Crowley method.

[b] Hazard ratio is from unstratified Cox proportional hazards model with treatment as the only categorical variable in the model. Confidence limits are based on the Wald test.

[c] Two-sided p-value from unstratified log-rank test.

[d] Two-sided interaction p-value is for the interaction term from unstratified Cox proportional hazards model with treatment, subgroup, and treatment-by-subgroup interaction as categorical variables in the model. The p-value is based on the Wald test.

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SOC: Investigations; PT: Gamma-glutamyltransferase increased

		Quizartinib (N=265)					Placebo (N=268)					Quizartinib vs Placebo		Interaction
Subgroup	n	No. of subjects with events (%)	No. of subjects censored (%)	Median (95 % CI) (months) [a]	n	No. of subjects with events (%)	No. of subjects censored (%)	Median (95 % CI) (months) [a]	CI	Hazard Ratio (95 % CI) [b]	Unstratified log-rank p-value [c]	P-value [d]		
AML Cytogenetic Risk Score												0.9945		
Favorable	13	0	13 (100)	NE (NE, NE)	19	1 (5.3)	18 (94.7)	NE (NE, NE)	(28.1, NE)	0.000 (0.000, NE)	0.5637			
Intermediate	195	13 (6.7)	182 (93.3)	NE (NE, NE)	190	10 (5.3)	180 (94.7)	NE (NE, NE)		1.102 (0.482, 2.519)	0.8174			
Unfavorable	19	0	19 (100)	NE (NE, NE)	27	1 (3.7)	26 (96.3)	NE (NE, NE)		0.000 (0.000, NE)	0.4142			
Unknown	38	1 (2.6)	37 (97.4)	NE (NE, NE)	31	1 (3.2)	30 (96.8)	NE (NE, NE)		0.797 (0.050, 12.737)	0.8720			

N: number of subjects in analysis set; n: number of subjects in subgroup category; %: proportion of number of subjects in n; CI: confidence interval; NE: not estimable. PT: Preferred Term, SOC: System Organ Class.

[a] Median time to first event is from Kaplan-Meier estimate. Confidence Interval for median was computed using the Brookmeyer-Crowley method.

[b] Hazard ratio is from unstratified Cox proportional hazards model with treatment as the only categorical variable in the model. Confidence limits are based on the Wald test.

[c] Two-sided p-value from unstratified log-rank test.

[d] Two-sided interaction p-value is for the interaction term from unstratified Cox proportional hazards model with treatment, subgroup, and treatment-by-subgroup interaction as categorical variables in the model. The p-value is based on the Wald test.

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Medizinischer Nutzen, medizinischer Zusatznutzen, Patientengruppen mit therap. bedeutsamem Zusatznutzen

Daichi Sankyo | Data Intelligence – Evidence Generation | Final | AC220-A-U302 QUANTUM-First (DCO 13 Aug 2021) | Statistical analyses for AMNOG (HTA Germany) Table 3.13.2 Severe Treatment-emergent adverse events (NCI CTCAE grade ≥3) by system organ class (SOC) and preferred term (PT) observed for ≥ 10 patients in at least one arm and ≥ 1% of the patients in at least one arm - Time-to-event analysis - subgroup analysis - DCO 13-Aug-2021 - Safety Analysis Set

SOC: Investigations; PT: Gamma-glutamyltransferase increased

		Quizartinib (N=265)					Placebo (N=268)					Quizartinib vs Placebo		Interaction
Subgroup	n	No. of subjects with events (%)	No. of subjects censored (%)	Median (95 % CI) (months) [a]	n	No. of subjects with events (%)	No. of subjects censored (%)	Median (95 % CI) (months) [a]	n	Hazard Ratio (95 % CI) [b]	Unstratified log-rank p-value [c]	P-value [d]		
ECOG Performance Status at Baseline												0.8719		
0 - Fully Active	87	5 (5.7)	82 (94.3)	NE (NE, NE)	97	4 (4.1)	93 (95.9)	NE (NE, NE)	97	1.287 (0.345, 4.802)	0.7061			
1 - Restricted in Physically Strenuous Activity	133	6 (4.5)	127 (95.5)	NE (NE, NE)	134	7 (5.2)	127 (94.8)	NE (NE, NE)	134	0.806 (0.270, 2.405)	0.6989			
2 - Ambulatory and Capable of All Selfcare	45	3 (6.7)	42 (93.3)	NE (NE, NE)	36	2 (5.6)	34 (94.4)	NE (NE, NE)	36	0.889 (0.142, 5.553)	0.8998			

N: number of subjects in analysis set; n: number of subjects in subgroup category; %: proportion of number of subjects in n; CI: confidence interval; NE: not estimable. PT: Preferred Term, SOC: System Organ Class.

[a] Median time to first event is from Kaplan-Meier estimate. Confidence Interval for median was computed using the Brookmeyer-Crowley method.

[b] Hazard ratio is from unstratified Cox proportional hazards model with treatment as the only categorical variable in the model. Confidence limits are based on the Wald test.

[c] Two-sided p-value from unstratified log-rank test.

[d] Two-sided interaction p-value is for the interaction term from unstratified Cox proportional hazards model with treatment, subgroup, and treatment-by-subgroup interaction as categorical variables in the model. The p-value is based on the Wald test.

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SOC: Investigations; PT: Gamma-glutamyltransferase increased

		Quizartinib (N=265)					Placebo (N=268)					Quizartinib vs Placebo		Interaction
Subgroup	n	No. of subjects with events (%)	No. of subjects censored (%)	Median (95 % CI) (months) [a]	n	No. of subjects with events (%)	No. of subjects censored (%)	Median (95 % CI) (months) [a]	Hazard Ratio (95 % CI) [b]	Unstratified log-rank p-value [c]	P-value [d]			
FLT3-ITD category at Baseline													0.8055	
≥3 to ≤25%	94	5 (5.3)	89 (94.7)	NE (NE, NE)	98	4 (4.1)	94 (95.9)	NE (NE, NE)	1.279 (0.343, 4.769)	0.7137				
>25% to ≤50%	141	6 (4.3)	135 (95.7)	NE (NE, NE)	136	7 (5.1)	129 (94.9)	NE (NE, NE)	0.771 (0.259, 2.299)	0.6402				
>50%	29	3 (10.3)	26 (89.7)	NE (11.8, NE)	34	2 (5.9)	32 (94.1)	NE (NE, NE)	1.194 (0.191, 7.476)	0.8496				

N: number of subjects in analysis set; n: number of subjects in subgroup category; %: proportion of number of subjects in n; CI: confidence interval; NE: not estimable. PT: Preferred Term, SOC: System Organ Class.

[a] Median time to first event is from Kaplan-Meier estimate. Confidence Interval for median was computed using the Brookmeyer-Crowley method.

[b] Hazard ratio is from unstratified Cox proportional hazards model with treatment as the only categorical variable in the model. Confidence limits are based on the Wald test.

[c] Two-sided p-value from unstratified log-rank test.

[d] Two-sided interaction p-value is for the interaction term from unstratified Cox proportional hazards model with treatment, subgroup, and treatment-by-subgroup interaction as categorical variables in the model. The p-value is based on the Wald test.

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SOC: Investigations; PT: Gamma-glutamyltransferase increased

Subgroup	n	Quizartinib (N=265)				Placebo (N=268)				Quizartinib vs Placebo		Interaction
		No. of subjects with events (%)	No. of subjects censored (%)	Median (95 % CI) (months) [a]	n	No. of subjects with events (%)	No. of subjects censored (%)	Median (95 % CI) (months) [a]	n	Hazard Ratio (95 % CI) [b]	Unstratified log-rank p-value [c]	P-value [d]
AML with Mutated NPM1											0.5337	
Yes	139	9 (6.5)	130 (93.5)	NE (NE, NE)	137	8 (5.8)	129 (94.2)	NE (NE, NE)	137	1.018 (0.391, 2.647)	0.9715	
No	116	4 (3.4)	112 (96.6)	NE (NE, NE)	120	2 (1.7)	118 (98.3)	NE (NE, NE)	120	1.797 (0.328, 9.848)	0.4932	

N: number of subjects in analysis set; n: number of subjects in subgroup category; %: proportion of number of subjects in n; CI: confidence interval; NE: not estimable. PT: Preferred Term, SOC: System Organ Class.

[a] Median time to first event is from Kaplan-Meier estimate. Confidence Interval for median was computed using the Brookmeyer-Crowley method.

[b] Hazard ratio is from unstratified Cox proportional hazards model with treatment as the only categorical variable in the model. Confidence limits are based on the Wald test.

[c] Two-sided p-value from unstratified log-rank test.

[d] Two-sided interaction p-value is for the interaction term from unstratified Cox proportional hazards model with treatment, subgroup, and treatment-by-subgroup interaction as categorical variables in the model. The p-value is based on the Wald test.

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SOC: Investigations; PT: Gamma-glutamyltransferase increased

		Quizartinib (N=265)				Placebo (N=268)				Quizartinib vs Placebo		Interaction
Subgroup	n	No. of subjects with events (%)	No. of subjects censored (%)	Median (95 % CI) (months) [a]	n	No. of subjects with events (%)	No. of subjects censored (%)	Median (95 % CI) (months) [a]	Hazard Ratio (95 % CI) [b]	Unstratified log-rank p-value [c]	P-value [d]	
Age by 2 categories											0.3371	
≤60	164	13 (7.9)	151 (92.1)	NE (NE, NE)	163	10 (6.1)	153 (93.9)	NE (NE, NE)	1.141 (0.499, 2.609)	0.7544		
>60	101	1 (1.0)	100 (99.0)	NE (NE, NE)	105	3 (2.9)	102 (97.1)	NE (NE, NE)	0.362 (0.038, 3.482)	0.3582		

N: number of subjects in analysis set; n: number of subjects in subgroup category; %: proportion of number of subjects in n; CI: confidence interval; NE: not estimable. PT: Preferred Term, SOC: System Organ Class.

[a] Median time to first event is from Kaplan-Meier estimate. Confidence Interval for median was computed using the Brookmeyer-Crowley method.

[b] Hazard ratio is from unstratified Cox proportional hazards model with treatment as the only categorical variable in the model. Confidence limits are based on the Wald test.

[c] Two-sided p-value from unstratified log-rank test.

[d] Two-sided interaction p-value is for the interaction term from unstratified Cox proportional hazards model with treatment, subgroup, and treatment-by-subgroup interaction as categorical variables in the model. The p-value is based on the Wald test.

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SOC: Investigations; PT: Platelet count decreased

		Quizartinib (N=265)				Placebo (N=268)				Quizartinib vs Placebo		Interaction
Subgroup	n	No. of subjects with events (%)	No. of subjects censored (%)	Median (95 % CI) (months) [a]	n	No. of subjects with events (%)	No. of subjects censored (%)	Median (95 % CI) (months) [a]	Hazard Ratio (95 % CI) [b]	Unstratified log-rank p-value [c]	P-value [d]	
Pooled Age Group 2											0.9031	
<60	159	8 (5.0)	151 (95.0)	NE (NE, NE)	160	6 (3.8)	154 (96.3)	NE (NE, NE)	1.173 (0.405, 3.399)	0.7683		
≥60 - <65	37	2 (5.4)	35 (94.6)	NE (NE, NE)	43	1 (2.3)	42 (97.7)	NE (NE, NE)	2.369 (0.215, 26.125)	0.4662		
≥65	69	4 (5.8)	65 (94.2)	NE (NE, NE)	65	0	65 (100)	NE (NE, NE)	NE (0.000, NE)	0.0381		

N: number of subjects in analysis set; n: number of subjects in subgroup category; %: proportion of number of subjects in n; CI: confidence interval; NE: not estimable. PT: Preferred Term, SOC: System Organ Class.

[a] Median time to first event is from Kaplan-Meier estimate. Confidence Interval for median was computed using the Brookmeyer-Crowley method.

[b] Hazard ratio is from unstratified Cox proportional hazards model with treatment as the only categorical variable in the model. Confidence limits are based on the Wald test.

[c] Two-sided p-value from unstratified log-rank test.

[d] Two-sided interaction p-value is for the interaction term from unstratified Cox proportional hazards model with treatment, subgroup, and treatment-by-subgroup interaction as categorical variables in the model. The p-value is based on the Wald test.

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Medizinischer Nutzen, medizinischer Zusatznutzen, Patientengruppen mit therap. bedeutsamem Zusatznutzen

Daichi Sankyo | Data Intelligence – Evidence Generation | Final | AC220-A-U302 QUANTUM-First (DCO 13 Aug 2021) | Statistical analyses for AMNOG (HTA Germany)
 Table 3.13.2 Severe Treatment-emergent adverse events (NCI CTCAE grade ≥3) by system organ class (SOC) and preferred term (PT) observed for ≥ 10 patients in at least one arm and ≥ 1% of the patients in at least one arm - Time-to-event analysis - subgroup analysis - DCO 13-Aug-2021 - Safety Analysis Set

SOC: Investigations; PT: Platelet count decreased

		Quizartinib (N=265)				Placebo (N=268)				Quizartinib vs Placebo		Interaction
Subgroup	n	No. of subjects with events (%)	No. of subjects censored (%)	Median (95 % CI) (months) [a]	n	No. of subjects with events (%)	No. of subjects censored (%)	Median (95 % CI) (months) [a]	Hazard Ratio (95 % CI) [b]	Unstratified log-rank p-value [c]	P-value [d]	
Sex											0.6521	
Male	124	7 (5.6)	117 (94.4)	NE (NE, NE)	120	4 (3.3)	116 (96.7)	NE (NE, NE)	1.607 (0.469, 5.501)	0.4457		
Female	141	7 (5.0)	134 (95.0)	NE (NE, NE)	148	3 (2.0)	145 (98.0)	NE (NE, NE)	2.338 (0.604, 9.050)	0.2051		

N: number of subjects in analysis set; n: number of subjects in subgroup category; %: proportion of number of subjects in n; CI: confidence interval; NE: not estimable. PT: Preferred Term, SOC: System Organ Class.

[a] Median time to first event is from Kaplan-Meier estimate. Confidence Interval for median was computed using the Brookmeyer-Crowley method.

[b] Hazard ratio is from unstratified Cox proportional hazards model with treatment as the only categorical variable in the model. Confidence limits are based on the Wald test.

[c] Two-sided p-value from unstratified log-rank test.

[d] Two-sided interaction p-value is for the interaction term from unstratified Cox proportional hazards model with treatment, subgroup, and treatment-by-subgroup interaction as categorical variables in the model. The p-value is based on the Wald test.

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SOC: Investigations; PT: Platelet count decreased

		Quizartinib (N=265)				Placebo (N=268)				Quizartinib vs Placebo		Interaction
Subgroup	n	No. of subjects with events (%)	No. of subjects censored (%)	Median (95 % CI) (months) [a]	n	No. of subjects with events (%)	No. of subjects censored (%)	Median (95 % CI) (months) [a]	Hazard Ratio (95 % CI) [b]	Unstratified log-rank p-value [c]	P-value [d]	
Race by 2 categories											0.9898	
White	157	6 (3.8)	151 (96.2)	NE (NE, NE)	161	3 (1.9)	158 (98.1)	NE (NE, NE)	1.994 (0.498, 7.982)	0.3199		
Non-white	108	8 (7.4)	100 (92.6)	NE (NE, NE)	107	4 (3.7)	103 (96.3)	NE (NE, NE)	1.864 (0.561, 6.199)	0.3020		

N: number of subjects in analysis set; n: number of subjects in subgroup category; %: proportion of number of subjects in n; CI: confidence interval; NE: not estimable. PT: Preferred Term, SOC: System Organ Class.

[a] Median time to first event is from Kaplan-Meier estimate. Confidence Interval for median was computed using the Brookmeyer-Crowley method.

[b] Hazard ratio is from unstratified Cox proportional hazards model with treatment as the only categorical variable in the model. Confidence limits are based on the Wald test.

[c] Two-sided p-value from unstratified log-rank test.

[d] Two-sided interaction p-value is for the interaction term from unstratified Cox proportional hazards model with treatment, subgroup, and treatment-by-subgroup interaction as categorical variables in the model. The p-value is based on the Wald test.

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SOC: Investigations; PT: Platelet count decreased

		Quizartinib (N=265)					Placebo (N=268)					Quizartinib vs Placebo		Interaction
Subgroup	n	No. of subjects with events (%)	No. of subjects censored (%)	Median (95 % CI) (months) [a]	n	No. of subjects with events (%)	No. of subjects censored (%)	Median (95 % CI) (months) [a]	CI	Hazard Ratio (95 % CI) [b]	Unstratified log-rank p-value [c]	P-value [d]		
Geographic Region 1												0.9989		
North America	16	2 (12.5)	14 (87.5)	NE (1.9, NE)	18	0	18 (100)	NE (NE, NE)		NE (0.000, NE)	0.0815			
Europe	161	7 (4.3)	154 (95.7)	NE (NE, NE)	161	4 (2.5)	157 (97.5)	NE (NE, NE)		1.632 (0.477, 5.582)	0.4308			
Asia/Other Regions	88	5 (5.7)	83 (94.3)	NE (NE, NE)	89	3 (3.4)	86 (96.6)	NE (NE, NE)		1.516 (0.361, 6.375)	0.5668			

N: number of subjects in analysis set; n: number of subjects in subgroup category; %: proportion of number of subjects in n; CI: confidence interval; NE: not estimable. PT: Preferred Term, SOC: System Organ Class.

[a] Median time to first event is from Kaplan-Meier estimate. Confidence Interval for median was computed using the Brookmeyer-Crowley method.

[b] Hazard ratio is from unstratified Cox proportional hazards model with treatment as the only categorical variable in the model. Confidence limits are based on the Wald test.

[c] Two-sided p-value from unstratified log-rank test.

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SOC: Investigations; PT: Platelet count decreased

Subgroup	n	Quizartinib (N=265)				Placebo (N=268)				Quizartinib vs Placebo		Interaction
		No. of subjects with events (%)	No. of subjects censored (%)	Median (95 % CI) [a]	n	No. of subjects with events (%)	No. of subjects censored (%)	Median (95 % CI) [a]	n	Hazard Ratio (95 % CI) [b]	Unstratified log-rank p-value [c]	P-value [d]
WBC at initial diagnosis											0.4062	
< 40x10 ⁹ /L	132	8 (6.1)	124 (93.9)	NE (NE, NE)	133	3 (2.3)	130 (97.7)	NE (NE, NE)	133	2.821 (0.748, 10.640)	0.1093	
≥ 40x10 ⁹ /L	133	6 (4.5)	127 (95.5)	NE (NE, NE)	135	4 (3.0)	131 (97.0)	NE (NE, NE)	135	1.298 (0.364, 4.624)	0.6867	

N: number of subjects in analysis set; n: number of subjects in subgroup category; %: proportion of number of subjects in n; CI: confidence interval; NE: not estimable. PT: Preferred Term, SOC: System Organ Class.

[a] Median time to first event is from Kaplan-Meier estimate. Confidence Interval for median was computed using the Brookmeyer-Crowley method.

[b] Hazard ratio is from unstratified Cox proportional hazards model with treatment as the only categorical variable in the model. Confidence limits are based on the Wald test.

[c] Two-sided p-value from unstratified log-rank test.

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SOC: Investigations; PT: Platelet count decreased

		Quizartinib (N=265)					Placebo (N=268)					Quizartinib vs Placebo		Interaction
Subgroup	n	No. of subjects with events (%)	No. of subjects censored (%)	Median (95 % CI) (months) [a]	n	No. of subjects with events (%)	No. of subjects censored (%)	Median (95 % CI) (months) [a]	Hazard Ratio (95 % CI) [b]	Unstratified log-rank p-value [c]	P-value [d]			
Choice of Anthracycline												0.6073		
Daunorubicin	123	6 (4.9)	117 (95.1)	NE (NE, NE)	94	3 (3.2)	91 (96.8)	NE (NE, NE)	1.528 (0.382, 6.110)	0.5466				
Idarubicin	142	8 (5.6)	134 (94.4)	NE (NE, NE)	171	4 (2.3)	167 (97.7)	NE (NE, NE)	2.216 (0.666, 7.371)	0.1829				

N: number of subjects in analysis set; n: number of subjects in subgroup category; %: proportion of number of subjects in n; CI: confidence interval; NE: not estimable. PT: Preferred Term, SOC: System Organ Class.

[a] Median time to first event is from Kaplan-Meier estimate. Confidence Interval for median was computed using the Brookmeyer-Crowley method.

[b] Hazard ratio is from unstratified Cox proportional hazards model with treatment as the only categorical variable in the model. Confidence limits are based on the Wald test.

[c] Two-sided p-value from unstratified log-rank test.

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SOC: Investigations; PT: Platelet count decreased

		Quizartinib (N=265)				Placebo (N=268)				Quizartinib vs Placebo		Interaction
Subgroup	n	No. of subjects with events (%)	No. of subjects censored (%)	Median (95 % CI) (months) [a]	n	No. of subjects with events (%)	No. of subjects censored (%)	Median (95 % CI) (months) [a]	Hazard Ratio (95 % CI) [b]	Unstratified log-rank p-value [c]	P-value [d]	
AML Cytogenetic Risk Score											0.8742	
Favorable	13	0	13 (100)	NE (NE, NE)	19	0	19 (100)	NE (NE, NE)	NE (NE, NE)	NE		
Intermediate	195	12 (6.2)	183 (93.8)	NE (NE, NE)	190	5 (2.6)	185 (97.4)	NE (NE, NE)	2.159 (0.759, 6.136)	0.1389		
Unfavorable	19	1 (5.3)	18 (94.7)	NE (5.7, NE)	27	2 (7.4)	25 (92.6)	NE (11.2, NE)	0.654 (0.059, 7.236)	0.7270		
Unknown	38	1 (2.6)	37 (97.4)	NE (NE, NE)	31	0	31 (100)	NE (NE, NE)	NE (0.000, NE)	0.3664		

N: number of subjects in analysis set; n: number of subjects in subgroup category; %: proportion of number of subjects in n; CI: confidence interval; NE: not estimable. PT: Preferred Term, SOC: System Organ Class.

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[b] Hazard ratio is from unstratified Cox proportional hazards model with treatment as the only categorical variable in the model. Confidence limits are based on the Wald test.

[c] Two-sided p-value from unstratified log-rank test.

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SOC: Investigations; PT: Platelet count decreased

		Quizartinib (N=265)					Placebo (N=268)					Quizartinib vs Placebo		Interaction
Subgroup	n	No. of subjects with events (%)	No. of subjects censored (%)	Median (95 % CI) (months) [a]	n	No. of subjects with events (%)	No. of subjects censored (%)	Median (95 % CI) (months) [a]	Hazard Ratio (95 % CI) [b]	Unstratified log-rank p-value [c]	P-value [d]			
ECOG Performance Status at Baseline												0.2308		
0 - Fully Active	87	2 (2.3)	85 (97.7)	NE (NE, NE)	97	4 (4.1)	93 (95.9)	NE (NE, NE)	0.517 (0.095, 2.828)	0.4384				
1 - Restricted in Physically Strenuous Activity	133	10 (7.5)	123 (92.5)	NE (NE, NE)	134	3 (2.2)	131 (97.8)	NE (NE, NE)	3.256 (0.896, 11.840)	0.0577				
2 - Ambulatory and Capable of All Selfcare	45	2 (4.4)	43 (95.6)	NE (NE, NE)	36	0	36 (100)	NE (NE, NE)	NE (0.000, NE)	0.2711				

N: number of subjects in analysis set; n: number of subjects in subgroup category; %: proportion of number of subjects in n; CI: confidence interval; NE: not estimable. PT: Preferred Term, SOC: System Organ Class.

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		Quizartinib (N=265)					Placebo (N=268)					Quizartinib vs Placebo		Interaction
Subgroup	n	No. of subjects with events (%)	No. of subjects censored (%)	Median (95 % CI) (months) [a]	n	No. of subjects with events (%)	No. of subjects censored (%)	Median (95 % CI) (months) [a]	Hazard Ratio (95 % CI) [b]	Unstratified log-rank p-value [c]	P-value [d]			
FLT3-ITD category at Baseline													0.9068	
≥3 to ≤25%	94	5 (5.3)	89 (94.7)	NE (NE, NE)	98	3 (3.1)	95 (96.9)	NE (NE, NE)	1.811 (0.433, 7.583)	0.4090				
>25% to ≤50%	141	9 (6.4)	132 (93.6)	NE (NE, NE)	136	3 (2.2)	133 (97.8)	NE (NE, NE)	2.677 (0.723, 9.908)	0.1250				
>50%	29	0	29 (100)	NE (NE, NE)	34	1 (2.9)	33 (97.1)	NE (NE, NE)	0.000 (0.000, NE)	0.3557				

N: number of subjects in analysis set; n: number of subjects in subgroup category; %: proportion of number of subjects in n; CI: confidence interval; NE: not estimable. PT: Preferred Term, SOC: System Organ Class.

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		Quizartinib (N=265)				Placebo (N=268)				Quizartinib vs Placebo		Interaction
Subgroup	n	No. of subjects with events (%)	No. of subjects censored (%)	Median (95 % CI) (months) [a]	n	No. of subjects with events (%)	No. of subjects censored (%)	Median (95 % CI) (months) [a]	Hazard Ratio (95 % CI) [b]	Unstratified log-rank p-value [c]	P-value [d]	
AML with Mutated NPM1											0.1724	
Yes	139	5 (3.6)	134 (96.4)	NE (NE, NE)	137	4 (2.9)	133 (97.1)	NE (NE, NE)	1.170 (0.313, 4.372)	0.8150		
No	116	7 (6.0)	109 (94.0)	NE (NE, NE)	120	1 (0.8)	119 (99.2)	NE (NE, NE)	6.578 (0.808, 53.560)	0.0423		

N: number of subjects in analysis set; n: number of subjects in subgroup category; %: proportion of number of subjects in n; CI: confidence interval; NE: not estimable. PT: Preferred Term, SOC: System Organ Class.

[a] Median time to first event is from Kaplan-Meier estimate. Confidence Interval for median was computed using the Brookmeyer-Crowley method.

[b] Hazard ratio is from unstratified Cox proportional hazards model with treatment as the only categorical variable in the model. Confidence limits are based on the Wald test.

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		Quizartinib (N=265)				Placebo (N=268)				Quizartinib vs Placebo		Interaction
Subgroup	n	No. of subjects with events (%)	No. of subjects censored (%)	Median (95 % CI) (months) [a]	n	No. of subjects with events (%)	No. of subjects censored (%)	Median (95 % CI) (months) [a]	Hazard Ratio (95 % CI) [b]	Unstratified log-rank p-value [c]	P-value [d]	
Age by 2 categories											0.1528	
≤60	164	8 (4.9)	156 (95.1)	NE (NE, NE)	163	6 (3.7)	157 (96.3)	NE (NE, NE)	1.154 (0.398, 3.343)	0.7919		
>60	101	6 (5.9)	95 (94.1)	NE (NE, NE)	105	1 (1.0)	104 (99.0)	NE (NE, NE)	6.538 (0.787, 54.302)	0.0448		

N: number of subjects in analysis set; n: number of subjects in subgroup category; %: proportion of number of subjects in n; CI: confidence interval; NE: not estimable. PT: Preferred Term, SOC: System Organ Class.

[a] Median time to first event is from Kaplan-Meier estimate. Confidence Interval for median was computed using the Brookmeyer-Crowley method.

[b] Hazard ratio is from unstratified Cox proportional hazards model with treatment as the only categorical variable in the model. Confidence limits are based on the Wald test.

[c] Two-sided p-value from unstratified log-rank test.

[d] Two-sided interaction p-value is for the interaction term from unstratified Cox proportional hazards model with treatment, subgroup, and treatment-by-subgroup interaction as categorical variables in the model. The p-value is based on the Wald test.

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Run date: 21JUL2023 – 22:30; Program name: DE_T_3_11_2.sas; Output name: DE_T_3_13_2_TEAESEVSOCPT_SUB_SAS.rtf

Medizinischer Nutzen, medizinischer Zusatznutzen, Patientengruppen mit therap. bedeutsamem Zusatznutzen

Daichi Sankyo | Data Intelligence – Evidence Generation | Final | AC220-A-U302 QUANTUM-First (DCO 13 Aug 2021) | Statistical analyses for AMNOG (HTA Germany)
 Table 3.13.2 Severe Treatment-emergent adverse events (NCI CTCAE grade ≥3) by system organ class (SOC) and preferred term (PT) observed for ≥ 10 patients in at least one arm and ≥ 1% of the patients in at least one arm - Time-to-event analysis - subgroup analysis - DCO 13-Aug-2021 - Safety Analysis Set

SOC: Investigations; PT: Alanine aminotransferase increased

		Quizartinib (N=265)				Placebo (N=268)				Quizartinib vs Placebo		Interaction
Subgroup	n	No. of subjects with events (%)	No. of subjects censored (%)	Median (95 % CI) (months) [a]	n	No. of subjects with events (%)	No. of subjects censored (%)	Median (95 % CI) (months) [a]	Hazard Ratio (95 % CI) [b]	Unstratified log-rank p-value [c]	P-value [d]	
Pooled Age Group 2											0.2823	
<60	159	7 (4.4)	152 (95.6)	NE (NE, NE)	160	11 (6.9)	149 (93.1)	NE (NE, NE)	0.564 (0.217, 1.462)	0.2320		
≥60 - <65	37	3 (8.1)	34 (91.9)	NE (NE, NE)	43	1 (2.3)	42 (97.7)	NE (NE, NE)	3.049 (0.315, 29.507)	0.3115		
≥65	69	2 (2.9)	67 (97.1)	NE (NE, NE)	65	1 (1.5)	64 (98.5)	NE (NE, NE)	2.179 (0.197, 24.056)	0.5144		

N: number of subjects in analysis set; n: number of subjects in subgroup category; %: proportion of number of subjects in n; CI: confidence interval; NE: not estimable. PT: Preferred Term, SOC: System Organ Class.

[a] Median time to first event is from Kaplan-Meier estimate. Confidence Interval for median was computed using the Brookmeyer-Crowley method.

[b] Hazard ratio is from unstratified Cox proportional hazards model with treatment as the only categorical variable in the model. Confidence limits are based on the Wald test.

[c] Two-sided p-value from unstratified log-rank test.

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SOC: Investigations; PT: Alanine aminotransferase increased

Subgroup	n	Quizartinib (N=265)				Placebo (N=268)				Quizartinib vs Placebo		Interaction
		No. of subjects with events (%)	No. of subjects censored (%)	Median (95 % CI) (months) [a]	n	No. of subjects with events (%)	No. of subjects censored (%)	Median (95 % CI) (months) [a]	n	Hazard Ratio (95 % CI) [b]	Unstratified log-rank p-value [c]	P-value [d]
Sex												0.9124
Male	124	6 (4.8)	118 (95.2)	NE (NE, NE)	120	6 (5.0)	114 (95.0)	NE (NE, NE)	120	0.907 (0.292, 2.820)	0.8662	
Female	141	6 (4.3)	135 (95.7)	NE (NE, NE)	148	7 (4.7)	141 (95.3)	NE (NE, NE)	148	0.840 (0.282, 2.505)	0.7538	

N: number of subjects in analysis set; n: number of subjects in subgroup category; %: proportion of number of subjects in n; CI: confidence interval; NE: not estimable. PT: Preferred Term, SOC: System Organ Class.

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[b] Hazard ratio is from unstratified Cox proportional hazards model with treatment as the only categorical variable in the model. Confidence limits are based on the Wald test.

[c] Two-sided p-value from unstratified log-rank test.

[d] Two-sided interaction p-value is for the interaction term from unstratified Cox proportional hazards model with treatment, subgroup, and treatment-by-subgroup interaction as categorical variables in the model. The p-value is based on the Wald test.

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SOC: Investigations; PT: Alanine aminotransferase increased

		Quizartinib (N=265)				Placebo (N=268)				Quizartinib vs Placebo		Interaction
Subgroup	n	No. of subjects with events (%)	No. of subjects censored (%)	Median (95 % CI) (months) [a]	n	No. of subjects with events (%)	No. of subjects censored (%)	Median (95 % CI) (months) [a]	Hazard Ratio (95 % CI) [b]	Unstratified log-rank p-value [c]	P-value [d]	
Race by 2 categories											0.5661	
White	157	7 (4.5)	150 (95.5)	NE (NE, NE)	161	9 (5.6)	152 (94.4)	NE (NE, NE)	0.705 (0.261, 1.901)	0.4868		
Non-white	108	5 (4.6)	103 (95.4)	NE (NE, NE)	107	4 (3.7)	103 (96.3)	NE (NE, NE)	1.221 (0.328, 4.550)	0.7654		

N: number of subjects in analysis set; n: number of subjects in subgroup category; %: proportion of number of subjects in n; CI: confidence interval; NE: not estimable. PT: Preferred Term, SOC: System Organ Class.

[a] Median time to first event is from Kaplan-Meier estimate. Confidence Interval for median was computed using the Brookmeyer-Crowley method.

[b] Hazard ratio is from unstratified Cox proportional hazards model with treatment as the only categorical variable in the model. Confidence limits are based on the Wald test.

[c] Two-sided p-value from unstratified log-rank test.

[d] Two-sided interaction p-value is for the interaction term from unstratified Cox proportional hazards model with treatment, subgroup, and treatment-by-subgroup interaction as categorical variables in the model. The p-value is based on the Wald test.

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SOC: Investigations; PT: Alanine aminotransferase increased

		Quizartinib (N=265)					Placebo (N=268)					Quizartinib vs Placebo		Interaction
Subgroup	n	No. of subjects with events (%)	No. of subjects censored (%)	Median (95 % CI) (months) [a]	n	No. of subjects with events (%)	No. of subjects censored (%)	Median (95 % CI) (months) [a]	Hazard Ratio (95 % CI) [b]	Unstratified log-rank p-value [c]	P-value [d]			
Geographic Region 1													0.9088	
North America	16	1 (6.3)	15 (93.8)	NE (1.6, NE)	18	0	18 (100)	NE (NE, NE)	NE (0.000, NE)	0.1824				
Europe	161	7 (4.3)	154 (95.7)	NE (NE, NE)	161	7 (4.3)	154 (95.7)	NE (NE, NE)	0.851 (0.297, 2.440)	0.7626				
Asia/Other Regions	88	4 (4.5)	84 (95.5)	NE (NE, NE)	89	6 (6.7)	83 (93.3)	NE (NE, NE)	0.648 (0.182, 2.301)	0.5002				

N: number of subjects in analysis set; n: number of subjects in subgroup category; %: proportion of number of subjects in n; CI: confidence interval; NE: not estimable. PT: Preferred Term, SOC: System Organ Class.

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SOC: Investigations; PT: Alanine aminotransferase increased

Subgroup	n	Quizartinib (N=265)				Placebo (N=268)				Quizartinib vs Placebo		Interaction
		No. of subjects with events (%)	No. of subjects censored (%)	Median (95 % CI) (months) [a]	n	No. of subjects with events (%)	No. of subjects censored (%)	Median (95 % CI) (months) [a]	n	Hazard Ratio (95 % CI) [b]	Unstratified log-rank p-value [c]	P-value [d]
WBC at initial diagnosis											0.3984	
< 40x10 ⁹ /L	132	7 (5.3)	125 (94.7)	NE (NE, NE)	133	6 (4.5)	127 (95.5)	NE (NE, NE)	133	1.221 (0.410, 3.640)	0.7187	
≥ 40x10 ⁹ /L	133	5 (3.8)	128 (96.2)	NE (NE, NE)	135	7 (5.2)	128 (94.8)	NE (NE, NE)	135	0.637 (0.201, 2.014)	0.4382	

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SOC: Investigations; PT: Alanine aminotransferase increased

		Quizartinib (N=265)					Placebo (N=268)					Quizartinib vs Placebo		Interaction
Subgroup	n	No. of subjects with events (%)	No. of subjects censored (%)	Median (95 % CI) (months) [a]	n	No. of subjects with events (%)	No. of subjects censored (%)	Median (95 % CI) (months) [a]	Hazard Ratio (95 % CI) [b]	Unstratified log-rank p-value [c]	p-	P-value [d]		
Choice of Anthracycline													0.3736	
Daunorubicin	123	3 (2.4)	120 (97.6)	NE (NE, NE)	94	4 (4.3)	90 (95.7)	NE (NE, NE)	0.487 (0.108, 2.194)	0.3388				
Idarubicin	142	9 (6.3)	133 (93.7)	NE (NE, NE)	171	9 (5.3)	162 (94.7)	NE (NE, NE)	1.163 (0.461, 2.935)	0.7483				

N: number of subjects in analysis set; n: number of subjects in subgroup category; %: proportion of number of subjects in n; CI: confidence interval; NE: not estimable. PT: Preferred Term, SOC: System Organ Class.

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		Quizartinib (N=265)				Placebo (N=268)				Quizartinib vs Placebo		Interaction
Subgroup	n	No. of subjects with events (%)	No. of subjects censored (%)	Median (95 % CI) (months) [a]	n	No. of subjects with events (%)	No. of subjects censored (%)	Median (95 % CI) (months) [a]	Hazard Ratio (95 % CI) [b]	Unstratified log-rank p-value [c]	P-value [d]	
AML Cytogenetic Risk Score											0.9436	
Favorable	13	0	13 (100)	NE (NE, NE)	19	1 (5.3)	18 (94.7)	NE (NE, NE)	0.000 (0.000, NE)	0.4561		
Intermediate	195	10 (5.1)	185 (94.9)	NE (NE, NE)	190	10 (5.3)	180 (94.7)	NE (NE, NE)	0.884 (0.367, 2.126)	0.7834		
Unfavorable	19	1 (5.3)	18 (94.7)	NE (NE, NE)	27	0	27 (100)	NE (NE, NE)	NE (0.000, NE)	0.2162		
Unknown	38	1 (2.6)	37 (97.4)	NE (NE, NE)	31	2 (6.5)	29 (93.5)	NE (8.6, NE)	0.314 (0.028, 3.487)	0.3192		

N: number of subjects in analysis set; n: number of subjects in subgroup category; %: proportion of number of subjects in n; CI: confidence interval; NE: not estimable. PT: Preferred Term, SOC: System Organ Class.

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SOC: Investigations; PT: Alanine aminotransferase increased

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Subgroup	n	No. of subjects with events (%)	No. of subjects censored (%)	Median (95 % CI) (months) [a]	n	No. of subjects with events (%)	No. of subjects censored (%)	Median (95 % CI) (months) [a]	n	Hazard Ratio (95 % CI) [b]	Unstratified log-rank p-value [c]	P-value [d]		
ECOG Performance Status at Baseline												0.9282		
0 - Fully Active	87	5 (5.7)	82 (94.3)	NE (NE, NE)	97	5 (5.2)	92 (94.8)	NE (NE, NE)	97	1.007 (0.291, 3.489)	0.9897			
1 - Restricted in Physically Strenuous Activity	133	5 (3.8)	128 (96.2)	NE (NE, NE)	134	6 (4.5)	128 (95.5)	NE (NE, NE)	134	0.788 (0.240, 2.588)	0.6928			
2 - Ambulatory and Capable of All Selfcare	45	2 (4.4)	43 (95.6)	NE (NE, NE)	36	2 (5.6)	34 (94.4)	NE (NE, NE)	36	0.816 (0.115, 5.802)	0.8384			

N: number of subjects in analysis set; n: number of subjects in subgroup category; %: proportion of number of subjects in n; CI: confidence interval; NE: not estimable. PT: Preferred Term, SOC: System Organ Class.

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		Quizartinib (N=265)					Placebo (N=268)					Quizartinib vs Placebo		Interaction
Subgroup	n	No. of subjects with events (%)	No. of subjects censored (%)	Median (95 % CI) (months) [a]	n	No. of subjects with events (%)	No. of subjects censored (%)	Median (95 % CI) (months) [a]	Hazard Ratio (95 % CI) [b]	Unstratified log-rank p-value [c]	P-value [d]			
FLT3-ITD category at Baseline													0.3655	
≥3 to ≤25%	94	7 (7.4)	87 (92.6)	NE (NE, NE)	98	4 (4.1)	94 (95.9)	NE (NE, NE)	1.979 (0.579, 6.762)	0.2671				
>25% to ≤50%	141	5 (3.5)	136 (96.5)	NE (NE, NE)	136	8 (5.9)	128 (94.1)	NE (NE, NE)	0.535 (0.174, 1.640)	0.2661				
>50%	29	0	29 (100)	NE (NE, NE)	34	1 (2.9)	33 (97.1)	NE (NE, NE)	0.000 (0.000, NE)	0.3570				

N: number of subjects in analysis set; n: number of subjects in subgroup category; %: proportion of number of subjects in n; CI: confidence interval; NE: not estimable. PT: Preferred Term, SOC: System Organ Class.

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SOC: Investigations; PT: Alanine aminotransferase increased

		Quizartinib (N=265)				Placebo (N=268)				Quizartinib vs Placebo		Interaction
Subgroup	n	No. of subjects with events (%)	No. of subjects censored (%)	Median (95 % CI) (months) [a]	n	No. of subjects with events (%)	No. of subjects censored (%)	Median (95 % CI) (months) [a]	Hazard Ratio (95 % CI) [b]	Unstratified log-rank p-value [c]	P-value [d]	
AML with Mutated NPM1											0.5192	
Yes	139	6 (4.3)	133 (95.7)	NE (NE, NE)	137	7 (5.1)	130 (94.9)	NE (NE, NE)	0.806 (0.270, 2.406)	0.6976		
No	116	6 (5.2)	110 (94.8)	NE (NE, NE)	120	4 (3.3)	116 (96.7)	NE (NE, NE)	1.350 (0.380, 4.803)	0.6415		

N: number of subjects in analysis set; n: number of subjects in subgroup category; %: proportion of number of subjects in n; CI: confidence interval; NE: not estimable. PT: Preferred Term, SOC: System Organ Class.

[a] Median time to first event is from Kaplan-Meier estimate. Confidence Interval for median was computed using the Brookmeyer-Crowley method.

[b] Hazard ratio is from unstratified Cox proportional hazards model with treatment as the only categorical variable in the model. Confidence limits are based on the Wald test.

[c] Two-sided p-value from unstratified log-rank test.

[d] Two-sided interaction p-value is for the interaction term from unstratified Cox proportional hazards model with treatment, subgroup, and treatment-by-subgroup interaction as categorical variables in the model. The p-value is based on the Wald test.

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Medizinischer Nutzen, medizinischer Zusatznutzen, Patientengruppen mit therap. bedeutsamem Zusatznutzen

Daichi Sankyo | Data Intelligence – Evidence Generation | Final | AC220-A-U302 QUANTUM-First (DCO 13 Aug 2021) | Statistical analyses for AMNOG (HTA Germany)
 Table 3.13.2 Severe Treatment-emergent adverse events (NCI CTCAE grade ≥3) by system organ class (SOC) and preferred term (PT) observed for ≥ 10 patients in at least one arm and ≥ 1% of the patients in at least one arm - Time-to-event analysis - subgroup analysis - DCO 13-Aug-2021 - Safety Analysis Set

SOC: Investigations; PT: Alanine aminotransferase increased

		Quizartinib (N=265)				Placebo (N=268)				Quizartinib vs Placebo		Interaction
Subgroup	n	No. of subjects with events (%)	No. of subjects censored (%)	Median (95 % CI) (months) [a]	n	No. of subjects with events (%)	No. of subjects censored (%)	Median (95 % CI) (months) [a]	Hazard Ratio (95 % CI) [b]	Unstratified log-rank p-value [c]	P-value [d]	
Age by 2 categories											0.1022	
≤60	164	7 (4.3)	157 (95.7)	NE (NE, NE)	163	11 (6.7)	152 (93.3)	NE (NE, NE)	0.554 (0.214, 1.438)	0.2184		
>60	101	5 (5.0)	96 (95.0)	NE (NE, NE)	105	2 (1.9)	103 (98.1)	NE (NE, NE)	2.687 (0.521, 13.864)	0.2191		

N: number of subjects in analysis set; n: number of subjects in subgroup category; %: proportion of number of subjects in n; CI: confidence interval; NE: not estimable. PT: Preferred Term, SOC: System Organ Class.

[a] Median time to first event is from Kaplan-Meier estimate. Confidence Interval for median was computed using the Brookmeyer-Crowley method.

[b] Hazard ratio is from unstratified Cox proportional hazards model with treatment as the only categorical variable in the model. Confidence limits are based on the Wald test.

[c] Two-sided p-value from unstratified log-rank test.

[d] Two-sided interaction p-value is for the interaction term from unstratified Cox proportional hazards model with treatment, subgroup, and treatment-by-subgroup interaction as categorical variables in the model. The p-value is based on the Wald test.

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SOC: Investigations; PT: Blood bilirubin increased

		Quizartinib (N=265)				Placebo (N=268)				Quizartinib vs Placebo		Interaction
Subgroup	n	No. of subjects with events (%)	No. of subjects censored (%)	Median (95 % CI) (months) [a]	n	No. of subjects with events (%)	No. of subjects censored (%)	Median (95 % CI) (months) [a]	Hazard Ratio (95 % CI) [b]	Unstratified log-rank p-value [c]	P-value [d]	
Pooled Age Group 2											0.9999	
<60	159	4 (2.5)	155 (97.5)	NE (NE, NE)	160	6 (3.8)	154 (96.3)	NE (NE, NE)	0.639 (0.180, 2.270)	0.4857		
≥60 - <65	37	1 (2.7)	36 (97.3)	NE (NE, NE)	43	0	43 (100)	NE (NE, NE)	NE (0.000, NE)	0.2744		
≥65	69	5 (7.2)	64 (92.8)	NE (NE, NE)	65	0	65 (100)	NE (NE, NE)	NE (0.000, NE)	0.0264		

N: number of subjects in analysis set; n: number of subjects in subgroup category; %: proportion of number of subjects in n; CI: confidence interval; NE: not estimable. PT: Preferred Term, SOC: System Organ Class.

[a] Median time to first event is from Kaplan-Meier estimate. Confidence Interval for median was computed using the Brookmeyer-Crowley method.

[b] Hazard ratio is from unstratified Cox proportional hazards model with treatment as the only categorical variable in the model. Confidence limits are based on the Wald test.

[c] Two-sided p-value from unstratified log-rank test.

[d] Two-sided interaction p-value is for the interaction term from unstratified Cox proportional hazards model with treatment, subgroup, and treatment-by-subgroup interaction as categorical variables in the model. The p-value is based on the Wald test.

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SOC: Investigations; PT: Blood bilirubin increased

		Quizartinib (N=265)				Placebo (N=268)				Quizartinib vs Placebo		Interaction
Subgroup	n	No. of subjects with events (%)	No. of subjects censored (%)	Median (95 % CI) (months) [a]	n	No. of subjects with events (%)	No. of subjects censored (%)	Median (95 % CI) (months) [a]	Hazard Ratio (95 % CI) [b]	Unstratified log-rank p-value [c]	P-value [d]	
Sex											0.7455	
Male	124	6 (4.8)	118 (95.2)	NE (NE, NE)	120	3 (2.5)	117 (97.5)	NE (NE, NE)	1.943 (0.485, 7.779)	0.3409		
Female	141	4 (2.8)	137 (97.2)	NE (NE, NE)	148	3 (2.0)	145 (98.0)	NE (NE, NE)	1.426 (0.319, 6.374)	0.6400		

N: number of subjects in analysis set; n: number of subjects in subgroup category; %: proportion of number of subjects in n; CI: confidence interval; NE: not estimable. PT: Preferred Term, SOC: System Organ Class.

[a] Median time to first event is from Kaplan-Meier estimate. Confidence Interval for median was computed using the Brookmeyer-Crowley method.

[b] Hazard ratio is from unstratified Cox proportional hazards model with treatment as the only categorical variable in the model. Confidence limits are based on the Wald test.

[c] Two-sided p-value from unstratified log-rank test.

[d] Two-sided interaction p-value is for the interaction term from unstratified Cox proportional hazards model with treatment, subgroup, and treatment-by-subgroup interaction as categorical variables in the model. The p-value is based on the Wald test.

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SOC: Investigations; PT: Blood bilirubin increased

		Quizartinib (N=265)				Placebo (N=268)				Quizartinib vs Placebo		Interaction	
Subgroup	n	No. of subjects with events (%)	No. of subjects censored (%)	Median (95 % CI) (months) [a]	n	No. of subjects with events (%)	No. of subjects censored (%)	Median (95 % CI) (months) [a]	Hazard Ratio (95 % CI) [b]	Unstratified log-rank p-value [c]	p-	P-value [d]	
Race by 2 categories												0.8211	
White	157	6 (3.8)	151 (96.2)	NE (NE, NE)	161	4 (2.5)	157 (97.5)	NE (NE, NE)	1.529 (0.431, 5.428)	0.5078			
Non-white	108	4 (3.7)	104 (96.3)	NE (NE, NE)	107	2 (1.9)	105 (98.1)	NE (NE, NE)	2.023 (0.370, 11.045)	0.4055			

N: number of subjects in analysis set; n: number of subjects in subgroup category; %: proportion of number of subjects in n; CI: confidence interval; NE: not estimable. PT: Preferred Term, SOC: System Organ Class.

[a] Median time to first event is from Kaplan-Meier estimate. Confidence Interval for median was computed using the Brookmeyer-Crowley method.

[b] Hazard ratio is from unstratified Cox proportional hazards model with treatment as the only categorical variable in the model. Confidence limits are based on the Wald test.

[c] Two-sided p-value from unstratified log-rank test.

[d] Two-sided interaction p-value is for the interaction term from unstratified Cox proportional hazards model with treatment, subgroup, and treatment-by-subgroup interaction as categorical variables in the model. The p-value is based on the Wald test.

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SOC: Investigations; PT: Blood bilirubin increased

		Quizartinib (N=265)					Placebo (N=268)					Quizartinib vs Placebo		Interaction
Subgroup	n	No. of subjects with events (%)	No. of subjects censored (%)	Median (95 % CI) (months) [a]	n	No. of subjects with events (%)	No. of subjects censored (%)	Median (95 % CI) (months) [a]	Hazard Ratio (95 % CI) [b]	Unstratified log-rank p-value [c]	P-value [d]			
Geographic Region 1													0.7366	
North America	16	0	16 (100)	NE (NE, NE)	18	0	18 (100)	NE (NE, NE)	NE (NE, NE)	NE				
Europe	161	7 (4.3)	154 (95.7)	NE (NE, NE)	161	3 (1.9)	158 (98.1)	NE (NE, NE)	2.307 (0.596, 8.936)	0.2125				
Asia/Other Regions	88	3 (3.4)	85 (96.6)	NE (NE, NE)	89	3 (3.4)	86 (96.6)	NE (NE, NE)	1.033 (0.208, 5.120)	0.9682				

N: number of subjects in analysis set; n: number of subjects in subgroup category; %: proportion of number of subjects in n; CI: confidence interval; NE: not estimable. PT: Preferred Term, SOC: System Organ Class.

[a] Median time to first event is from Kaplan-Meier estimate. Confidence Interval for median was computed using the Brookmeyer-Crowley method.

[b] Hazard ratio is from unstratified Cox proportional hazards model with treatment as the only categorical variable in the model. Confidence limits are based on the Wald test.

[c] Two-sided p-value from unstratified log-rank test.

[d] Two-sided interaction p-value is for the interaction term from unstratified Cox proportional hazards model with treatment, subgroup, and treatment-by-subgroup interaction as categorical variables in the model. The p-value is based on the Wald test.

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SOC: Investigations; PT: Blood bilirubin increased

		Quizartinib (N=265)				Placebo (N=268)				Quizartinib vs Placebo		Interaction
Subgroup	n	No. of subjects with events (%)	No. of subjects censored (%)	Median (95 % CI) (months) [a]	n	No. of subjects with events (%)	No. of subjects censored (%)	Median (95 % CI) (months) [a]	Hazard Ratio (95 % CI) [b]	Unstratified log-rank p-value [c]	P-value [d]	
WBC at initial diagnosis											0.4484	
< 40x10 ⁹ /L	132	3 (2.3)	129 (97.7)	NE (NE, NE)	133	3 (2.3)	130 (97.7)	NE (NE, NE)	1.005 (0.203, 4.980)	0.9955		
≥ 40x10 ⁹ /L	133	7 (5.3)	126 (94.7)	NE (NE, NE)	135	3 (2.2)	132 (97.8)	NE (NE, NE)	2.390 (0.618, 9.245)	0.1922		

N: number of subjects in analysis set; n: number of subjects in subgroup category; %: proportion of number of subjects in n; CI: confidence interval; NE: not estimable. PT: Preferred Term, SOC: System Organ Class.

[a] Median time to first event is from Kaplan-Meier estimate. Confidence Interval for median was computed using the Brookmeyer-Crowley method.

[b] Hazard ratio is from unstratified Cox proportional hazards model with treatment as the only categorical variable in the model. Confidence limits are based on the Wald test.

[c] Two-sided p-value from unstratified log-rank test.

[d] Two-sided interaction p-value is for the interaction term from unstratified Cox proportional hazards model with treatment, subgroup, and treatment-by-subgroup interaction as categorical variables in the model. The p-value is based on the Wald test.

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SOC: Investigations; PT: Blood bilirubin increased

		Quizartinib (N=265)				Placebo (N=268)				Quizartinib vs Placebo		Interaction
Subgroup	n	No. of subjects with events (%)	No. of subjects censored (%)	Median (95 % CI) (months) [a]	n	No. of subjects with events (%)	No. of subjects censored (%)	Median (95 % CI) (months) [a]	Hazard Ratio (95 % CI) [b]	Unstratified log-rank p-value [c]	P-value [d]	
Choice of Anthracycline											0.6295	
Daunorubicin	123	5 (4.1)	118 (95.9)	NE (NE, NE)	94	3 (3.2)	91 (96.8)	NE (NE, NE)	1.214 (0.289, 5.090)	0.7914		
Idarubicin	142	5 (3.5)	137 (96.5)	NE (NE, NE)	171	3 (1.8)	168 (98.2)	NE (NE, NE)	2.103 (0.502, 8.799)	0.2975		

N: number of subjects in analysis set; n: number of subjects in subgroup category; %: proportion of number of subjects in n; CI: confidence interval; NE: not estimable. PT: Preferred Term, SOC: System Organ Class.

[a] Median time to first event is from Kaplan-Meier estimate. Confidence Interval for median was computed using the Brookmeyer-Crowley method.

[b] Hazard ratio is from unstratified Cox proportional hazards model with treatment as the only categorical variable in the model. Confidence limits are based on the Wald test.

[c] Two-sided p-value from unstratified log-rank test.

[d] Two-sided interaction p-value is for the interaction term from unstratified Cox proportional hazards model with treatment, subgroup, and treatment-by-subgroup interaction as categorical variables in the model. The p-value is based on the Wald test.

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SOC: Investigations; PT: Blood bilirubin increased

		Quizartinib (N=265)				Placebo (N=268)				Quizartinib vs Placebo		Interaction
Subgroup	n	No. of subjects with events (%)	No. of subjects censored (%)	Median (95 % CI) (months) [a]	n	No. of subjects with events (%)	No. of subjects censored (%)	Median (95 % CI) (months) [a]	Hazard Ratio (95 % CI) [b]	Unstratified log-rank p-value [c]	P-value [d]	
AML Cytogenetic Risk Score											1.0000	
Favorable	13	1 (7.7)	12 (92.3)	NE (NE, NE)	19	0	19 (100)	NE (NE, NE)	NE (0.000, NE)	0.2267		
Intermediate	195	8 (4.1)	187 (95.9)	NE (NE, NE)	190	4 (2.1)	186 (97.9)	NE (NE, NE)	1.919 (0.577, 6.379)	0.2792		
Unfavorable	19	0	19 (100)	NE (NE, NE)	27	2 (7.4)	25 (92.6)	NE (NE, NE)	0.000 (0.000, NE)	0.2437		
Unknown	38	1 (2.6)	37 (97.4)	NE (NE, NE)	31	0	31 (100)	NE (NE, NE)	NE (0.000, NE)	0.3600		

N: number of subjects in analysis set; n: number of subjects in subgroup category; %: proportion of number of subjects in n; CI: confidence interval; NE: not estimable. PT: Preferred Term, SOC: System Organ Class.

[a] Median time to first event is from Kaplan-Meier estimate. Confidence Interval for median was computed using the Brookmeyer-Crowley method.

[b] Hazard ratio is from unstratified Cox proportional hazards model with treatment as the only categorical variable in the model. Confidence limits are based on the Wald test.

[c] Two-sided p-value from unstratified log-rank test.

[d] Two-sided interaction p-value is for the interaction term from unstratified Cox proportional hazards model with treatment, subgroup, and treatment-by-subgroup interaction as categorical variables in the model. The p-value is based on the Wald test.

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SOC: Investigations; PT: Blood bilirubin increased

		Quizartinib (N=265)				Placebo (N=268)				Quizartinib vs Placebo		Interaction
Subgroup	n	No. of subjects with events (%)	No. of subjects censored (%)	Median (95 % CI) (months) [a]	n	No. of subjects with events (%)	No. of subjects censored (%)	Median (95 % CI) (months) [a]	Hazard Ratio (95 % CI) [b]	Unstratified log-rank p-value [c]	P-value [d]	
ECOG Performance Status at Baseline											0.5402	
0 - Fully Active	87	2 (2.3)	85 (97.7)	NE (NE, NE)	97	2 (2.1)	95 (97.9)	NE (NE, NE)	1.118 (0.157, 7.937)	0.9113		
1 - Restricted in Physically Strenuous Activity	133	6 (4.5)	127 (95.5)	NE (NE, NE)	134	2 (1.5)	132 (98.5)	NE (NE, NE)	3.031 (0.611, 15.037)	0.1536		
2 - Ambulatory and Capable of All Selfcare	45	2 (4.4)	43 (95.6)	NE (NE, NE)	36	2 (5.6)	34 (94.4)	NE (NE, NE)	0.860 (0.121, 6.103)	0.8745		

N: number of subjects in analysis set; n: number of subjects in subgroup category; %: proportion of number of subjects in n; CI: confidence interval; NE: not estimable. PT: Preferred Term, SOC: System Organ Class.

[a] Median time to first event is from Kaplan-Meier estimate. Confidence Interval for median was computed using the Brookmeyer-Crowley method.

[b] Hazard ratio is from unstratified Cox proportional hazards model with treatment as the only categorical variable in the model. Confidence limits are based on the Wald test.

[c] Two-sided p-value from unstratified log-rank test.

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SOC: Investigations; PT: Blood bilirubin increased

		Quizartinib (N=265)					Placebo (N=268)					Quizartinib vs Placebo		Interaction
Subgroup	n	No. of subjects with events (%)	No. of subjects censored (%)	Median (95 % CI) (months) [a]	n	No. of subjects with events (%)	No. of subjects censored (%)	Median (95 % CI) (months) [a]	Hazard Ratio (95 % CI) [b]	Unstratified log-rank p-value [c]	P-value [d]			
FLT3-ITD category at Baseline													0.8872	
≥3 to ≤25%	94	3 (3.2)	91 (96.8)	NE (NE, NE)	98	1 (1.0)	97 (99.0)	NE (NE, NE)	3.233 (0.336, 31.080)	0.2828				
>25% to ≤50%	141	7 (5.0)	134 (95.0)	NE (NE, NE)	136	4 (2.9)	132 (97.1)	NE (NE, NE)	1.691 (0.495, 5.781)	0.3962				
>50%	29	0	29 (100)	NE (NE, NE)	34	1 (2.9)	33 (97.1)	NE (NE, NE)	0.000 (0.000, NE)	0.3570				

N: number of subjects in analysis set; n: number of subjects in subgroup category; %: proportion of number of subjects in n; CI: confidence interval; NE: not estimable. PT: Preferred Term, SOC: System Organ Class.

[a] Median time to first event is from Kaplan-Meier estimate. Confidence Interval for median was computed using the Brookmeyer-Crowley method.

[b] Hazard ratio is from unstratified Cox proportional hazards model with treatment as the only categorical variable in the model. Confidence limits are based on the Wald test.

[c] Two-sided p-value from unstratified log-rank test.

[d] Two-sided interaction p-value is for the interaction term from unstratified Cox proportional hazards model with treatment, subgroup, and treatment-by-subgroup interaction as categorical variables in the model. The p-value is based on the Wald test.

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Medizinischer Nutzen, medizinischer Zusatznutzen, Patientengruppen mit therap. bedeutsamem Zusatznutzen

Daichi Sankyo | Data Intelligence – Evidence Generation | Final | AC220-A-U302 QUANTUM-First (DCO 13 Aug 2021) | Statistical analyses for AMNOG (HTA Germany)
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SOC: Investigations; PT: Blood bilirubin increased

		Quizartinib (N=265)				Placebo (N=268)				Quizartinib vs Placebo		Interaction
Subgroup	n	No. of subjects with events (%)	No. of subjects censored (%)	Median (95 % CI) (months) [a]	n	No. of subjects with events (%)	No. of subjects censored (%)	Median (95 % CI) (months) [a]	Hazard Ratio (95 % CI) [b]	Unstratified log-rank p-value [c]	P-value [d]	
AML with Mutated NPM1											0.0428	
Yes	139	8 (5.8)	131 (94.2)	NE (NE, NE)	137	1 (0.7)	136 (99.3)	NE (NE, NE)	8.290 (1.037, 66.281)	0.0169		
No	116	2 (1.7)	114 (98.3)	NE (NE, NE)	120	4 (3.3)	116 (96.7)	NE (NE, NE)	0.494 (0.090, 2.701)	0.4064		

N: number of subjects in analysis set; n: number of subjects in subgroup category; %: proportion of number of subjects in n; CI: confidence interval; NE: not estimable. PT: Preferred Term, SOC: System Organ Class.

[a] Median time to first event is from Kaplan-Meier estimate. Confidence Interval for median was computed using the Brookmeyer-Crowley method.

[b] Hazard ratio is from unstratified Cox proportional hazards model with treatment as the only categorical variable in the model. Confidence limits are based on the Wald test.

[c] Two-sided p-value from unstratified log-rank test.

[d] Two-sided interaction p-value is for the interaction term from unstratified Cox proportional hazards model with treatment, subgroup, and treatment-by-subgroup interaction as categorical variables in the model. The p-value is based on the Wald test.

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SOC: Investigations; PT: Blood bilirubin increased

		Quizartinib (N=265)				Placebo (N=268)				Quizartinib vs Placebo		Interaction
Subgroup	n	No. of subjects with events (%)	No. of subjects censored (%)	Median (95 % CI) (months) [a]	n	No. of subjects with events (%)	No. of subjects censored (%)	Median (95 % CI) (months) [a]	Hazard Ratio (95 % CI) [b]	Unstratified log-rank p-value [c]	P-value [d]	
Age by 2 categories											0.9885	
≤60	164	5 (3.0)	159 (97.0)	NE (NE, NE)	163	6 (3.7)	157 (96.3)	NE (NE, NE)	0.798 (0.243, 2.620)	0.7094		
>60	101	5 (5.0)	96 (95.0)	NE (NE, NE)	105	0	105 (100)	NE (NE, NE)	NE (0.000, NE)	0.0201		

N: number of subjects in analysis set; n: number of subjects in subgroup category; %: proportion of number of subjects in n; CI: confidence interval; NE: not estimable. PT: Preferred Term, SOC: System Organ Class.

[a] Median time to first event is from Kaplan-Meier estimate. Confidence Interval for median was computed using the Brookmeyer-Crowley method.

[b] Hazard ratio is from unstratified Cox proportional hazards model with treatment as the only categorical variable in the model. Confidence limits are based on the Wald test.

[c] Two-sided p-value from unstratified log-rank test.

[d] Two-sided interaction p-value is for the interaction term from unstratified Cox proportional hazards model with treatment, subgroup, and treatment-by-subgroup interaction as categorical variables in the model. The p-value is based on the Wald test.

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SOC: Gastrointestinal disorders; PT: Any PT

		Quizartinib (N=265)				Placebo (N=268)				Quizartinib vs Placebo		Interaction
Subgroup	n	No. of subjects with events (%)	No. of subjects censored (%)	Median (95 % CI) (months) [a]	n	No. of subjects with events (%)	No. of subjects censored (%)	Median (95 % CI) (months) [a]	Hazard Ratio (95 % CI) [b]	Unstratified log-rank p-value [c]	P-value [d]	
Pooled Age Group 2											0.9296	
<60	159	37 (23.3)	122 (76.7)	NE (NE, NE)	160	26 (16.3)	134 (83.8)	NE (NE, NE)	1.381 (0.836, 2.283)	0.2039		
≥60 - <65	37	6 (16.2)	31 (83.8)	NE (NE, NE) (29.7, NE)	43	4 (9.3)	39 (90.7)	NE (NE, NE)	1.807 (0.510, 6.405)	0.3518		
≥65	69	18 (26.1)	51 (73.9)	NE (NE, NE) (12.9, NE)	65	14 (21.5)	51 (78.5)	NE (NE, NE)	1.336 (0.664, 2.687)	0.4201		

N: number of subjects in analysis set; n: number of subjects in subgroup category; %: proportion of number of subjects in n; CI: confidence interval; NE: not estimable. PT: Preferred Term, SOC: System Organ Class.

[a] Median time to first event is from Kaplan-Meier estimate. Confidence Interval for median was computed using the Brookmeyer-Crowley method.

[b] Hazard ratio is from unstratified Cox proportional hazards model with treatment as the only categorical variable in the model. Confidence limits are based on the Wald test.

[c] Two-sided p-value from unstratified log-rank test.

[d] Two-sided interaction p-value is for the interaction term from unstratified Cox proportional hazards model with treatment, subgroup, and treatment-by-subgroup interaction as categorical variables in the model. The p-value is based on the Wald test.

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SOC: Gastrointestinal disorders; PT: Any PT

		Quizartinib (N=265)				Placebo (N=268)				Quizartinib vs Placebo		Interaction
Subgroup	n	No. of subjects with events (%)	No. of subjects censored (%)	Median (95 % CI) (months) [a]	n	No. of subjects with events (%)	No. of subjects censored (%)	Median (95 % CI) (months) [a]	Hazard Ratio (95 % CI) [b]	Unstratified log-rank p-value [c]	P-value [d]	
Sex											0.9255	
Male	124	24 (19.4)	100 (80.6)	NE (NE, NE)	120	16 (13.3)	104 (86.7)	NE (NE, NE)	1.442 (0.765, 2.718)	0.2572		
Female	141	37 (26.2)	104 (73.8)	NE (29.7, NE)	148	28 (18.9)	120 (81.1)	NE (NE, NE)	1.386 (0.848, 2.265)	0.1886		

N: number of subjects in analysis set; n: number of subjects in subgroup category; %: proportion of number of subjects in n; CI: confidence interval; NE: not estimable. PT: Preferred Term, SOC: System Organ Class.

[a] Median time to first event is from Kaplan-Meier estimate. Confidence Interval for median was computed using the Brookmeyer-Crowley method.

[b] Hazard ratio is from unstratified Cox proportional hazards model with treatment as the only categorical variable in the model. Confidence limits are based on the Wald test.

[c] Two-sided p-value from unstratified log-rank test.

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SOC: Gastrointestinal disorders; PT: Any PT

		Quizartinib (N=265)				Placebo (N=268)				Quizartinib vs Placebo		Interaction
Subgroup	n	No. of subjects with events (%)	No. of subjects censored (%)	Median (95 % CI) (months) [a]	n	No. of subjects with events (%)	No. of subjects censored (%)	Median (95 % CI) (months) [a]	Hazard Ratio (95 % CI) [b]	Unstratified log-rank p-value [c]	P-value [d]	
Race by 2 categories											0.2237	
White	157	34 (21.7)	123 (78.3)	NE (NE, NE)	161	30 (18.6)	131 (81.4)	NE (NE, NE)	1.172 (0.717, 1.916)	0.5276		
Non-white	108	27 (25.0)	81 (75.0)	NE (29.3, NE)	107	14 (13.1)	93 (86.9)	NE (NE, NE)	1.908 (1.000, 3.640)	0.0457		

N: number of subjects in analysis set; n: number of subjects in subgroup category; %: proportion of number of subjects in n; CI: confidence interval; NE: not estimable. PT: Preferred Term, SOC: System Organ Class.

[a] Median time to first event is from Kaplan-Meier estimate. Confidence Interval for median was computed using the Brookmeyer-Crowley method.

[b] Hazard ratio is from unstratified Cox proportional hazards model with treatment as the only categorical variable in the model. Confidence limits are based on the Wald test.

[c] Two-sided p-value from unstratified log-rank test.

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SOC: Gastrointestinal disorders; PT: Any PT

		Quizartinib (N=265)				Placebo (N=268)				Quizartinib vs Placebo		Interaction
Subgroup	n	No. of subjects with events (%)	No. of subjects censored (%)	Median (95 % CI) (months) [a]	n	No. of subjects with events (%)	No. of subjects censored (%)	Median (95 % CI) (months) [a]	Hazard Ratio (95 % CI) [b]	Unstratified log-rank p-value [c]	P-value [d]	
Geographic Region 1											0.9882	
North America	16	3 (18.8)	13 (81.3)	NE (1.4, NE)	18	3 (16.7)	15 (83.3)	NE (6.1, NE)	1.463 (0.288, 7.434)	0.6445		
Europe	161	37 (23.0)	124 (77.0)	NE (NE, NE)	161	27 (16.8)	134 (83.2)	NE (NE, NE)	1.405 (0.855, 2.308)	0.1786		
Asia/Other Regions	88	21 (23.9)	67 (76.1)	NE (29.3, NE)	89	14 (15.7)	75 (84.3)	NE (NE, NE)	1.414 (0.718, 2.785)	0.3126		

N: number of subjects in analysis set; n: number of subjects in subgroup category; %: proportion of number of subjects in n; CI: confidence interval; NE: not estimable. PT: Preferred Term, SOC: System Organ Class.

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[c] Two-sided p-value from unstratified log-rank test.

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SOC: Gastrointestinal disorders; PT: Any PT

		Quizartinib (N=265)				Placebo (N=268)				Quizartinib vs Placebo		Interaction
Subgroup	n	No. of subjects with events (%)	No. of subjects censored (%)	Median (95 % CI) (months) [a]	n	No. of subjects with events (%)	No. of subjects censored (%)	Median (95 % CI) (months) [a]	Hazard Ratio (95 % CI) [b]	Unstratified log-rank p-value [c]	P-value [d]	
WBC at initial diagnosis												0.5811
< 40x10 ⁹ /L	132	24 (18.2)	108 (81.8)	NE (NE, NE)	133	16 (12.0)	117 (88.0)	NE (NE, NE)	1.608 (0.854, 3.029)	0.1378		
≥ 40x10 ⁹ /L	133	37 (27.8)	96 (72.2)	NE (29.7, NE)	135	28 (20.7)	107 (79.3)	NE (NE, NE)	1.301 (0.795, 2.129)	0.2932		

N: number of subjects in analysis set; n: number of subjects in subgroup category; %: proportion of number of subjects in n; CI: confidence interval; NE: not estimable. PT: Preferred Term, SOC: System Organ Class.

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[b] Hazard ratio is from unstratified Cox proportional hazards model with treatment as the only categorical variable in the model. Confidence limits are based on the Wald test.

[c] Two-sided p-value from unstratified log-rank test.

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SOC: Gastrointestinal disorders; PT: Any PT

		Quizartinib (N=265)					Placebo (N=268)					Quizartinib vs Placebo		Interaction
Subgroup	n	No. of subjects with events (%)	No. of subjects censored (%)	Median (95 % CI) (months) [a]	n	No. of subjects with events (%)	No. of subjects censored (%)	Median (95 % CI) (months) [a]	Hazard Ratio (95 % CI) [b]	Unstratified log-rank p-value [c]	P-value [d]			
Choice of Anthracycline												0.4313		
Daunorubicin	123	26 (21.1)	97 (78.9)	NE (NE, NE)	94	11 (11.7)	83 (88.3)	NE (NE, NE)	1.779 (0.878, 3.605)	0.1046				
Idarubicin	142	35 (24.6)	107 (75.4)	NE (29.7, NE)	171	33 (19.3)	138 (80.7)	NE (NE, NE)	1.282 (0.796, 2.063)	0.3038				

N: number of subjects in analysis set; n: number of subjects in subgroup category; %: proportion of number of subjects in n; CI: confidence interval; NE: not estimable. PT: Preferred Term, SOC: System Organ Class.

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SOC: Gastrointestinal disorders; PT: Any PT

		Quizartinib (N=265)				Placebo (N=268)				Quizartinib vs Placebo		Interaction
Subgroup	n	No. of subjects with events (%)	No. of subjects censored (%)	Median (95 % CI) (months) [a]	n	No. of subjects with events (%)	No. of subjects censored (%)	Median (95 % CI) (months) [a]	Hazard Ratio (95 % CI) [b]	Unstratified log-rank p-value [c]	P-value [d]	
AML Cytogenetic Risk Score											0.6489	
Favorable	13	4 (30.8)	9 (69.2)	NE (1.1, NE)	19	2 (10.5)	17 (89.5)	NE (6.3, NE)	3.377 (0.614, 18.568)	0.1374		
Intermediate	195	44 (22.6)	151 (77.4)	NE (NE, NE)	190	33 (17.4)	157 (82.6)	NE (NE, NE)	1.259 (0.801, 1.978)	0.3162		
Unfavorable	19	6 (31.6)	13 (68.4)	NE (3.3, NE)	27	6 (22.2)	21 (77.8)	NE (6.1, NE)	1.465 (0.466, 4.610)	0.5159		
Unknown	38	7 (18.4)	31 (81.6)	NE (29.7, NE)	31	3 (9.7)	28 (90.3)	NE (NE, NE)	2.048 (0.529, 7.927)	0.2889		

N: number of subjects in analysis set; n: number of subjects in subgroup category; %: proportion of number of subjects in n; CI: confidence interval; NE: not estimable. PT: Preferred Term, SOC: System Organ Class.

[a] Median time to first event is from Kaplan-Meier estimate. Confidence Interval for median was computed using the Brookmeyer-Crowley method.

[b] Hazard ratio is from unstratified Cox proportional hazards model with treatment as the only categorical variable in the model. Confidence limits are based on the Wald test.

[c] Two-sided p-value from unstratified log-rank test.

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Medizinischer Nutzen, medizinischer Zusatznutzen, Patientengruppen mit therap. bedeutsamem Zusatznutzen

Daichi Sankyo | Data Intelligence – Evidence Generation | Final | AC220-A-U302 QUANTUM-First (DCO 13 Aug 2021) | Statistical analyses for AMNOG (HTA Germany)
 Table 3.13.2 Severe Treatment-emergent adverse events (NCI CTCAE grade ≥3) by system organ class (SOC) and preferred term (PT) observed for ≥ 10 patients in at least one arm and ≥ 1% of the patients in at least one arm - Time-to-event analysis - subgroup analysis - DCO 13-Aug-2021 - Safety Analysis Set

SOC: Gastrointestinal disorders; PT: Any PT

		Quizartinib (N=265)					Placebo (N=268)					Quizartinib vs Placebo		Interaction
Subgroup	n	No. of subjects with events (%)	No. of subjects censored (%)	Median (95 % CI) (months) [a]	n	No. of subjects with events (%)	No. of subjects censored (%)	Median (95 % CI) (months) [a]	n	Hazard Ratio (95 % CI) [b]	Unstratified log-rank p-value [c]	P-value [d]		
ECOG Performance Status at Baseline												0.4192		
0 - Fully Active	87	18 (20.7)	69 (79.3)	NE (NE, NE)	97	13 (13.4)	84 (86.6)	NE (NE, NE)	97	1.621 (0.794, 3.309)	0.1819			
1 - Restricted in Physically Strenuous Activity	133	31 (23.3)	102 (76.7)	NE (29.3, NE)	134	27 (20.1)	107 (79.9)	NE (NE, NE)	134	1.132 (0.675, 1.897)	0.6297			
2 - Ambulatory and Capable of All Selfcare	45	12 (26.7)	33 (73.3)	NE (11.0, NE)	36	4 (11.1)	32 (88.9)	NE (NE, NE)	36	2.346 (0.750, 7.331)	0.1318			

N: number of subjects in analysis set; n: number of subjects in subgroup category; %: proportion of number of subjects in n; CI: confidence interval; NE: not estimable. PT: Preferred Term, SOC: System Organ Class.

[a] Median time to first event is from Kaplan-Meier estimate. Confidence Interval for median was computed using the Brookmeyer-Crowley method.

[b] Hazard ratio is from unstratified Cox proportional hazards model with treatment as the only categorical variable in the model. Confidence limits are based on the Wald test.

[c] Two-sided p-value from unstratified log-rank test.

[d] Two-sided interaction p-value is for the interaction term from unstratified Cox proportional hazards model with treatment, subgroup, and treatment-by-subgroup interaction as categorical variables in the model. The p-value is based on the Wald test.

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SOC: Gastrointestinal disorders; PT: Any PT

		Quizartinib (N=265)					Placebo (N=268)					Quizartinib vs Placebo		Interaction
Subgroup	n	No. of subjects with events (%)	No. of subjects censored (%)	Median (95 % CI) (months) [a]	n	No. of subjects with events (%)	No. of subjects censored (%)	Median (95 % CI) (months) [a]	Hazard Ratio (95 % CI) [b]	Unstratified log-rank p-value [c]	P-value [d]			
FLT3-ITD category at Baseline													0.2798	
≥3 to ≤25%	94	21 (22.3)	73 (77.7)	NE (NE, NE)	98	21 (21.4)	77 (78.6)	NE (NE, NE)	1.046 (0.571, 1.915)	0.8865				
>25% to ≤50%	141	31 (22.0)	110 (78.0)	NE (NE, NE)	136	15 (11.0)	121 (89.0)	NE (NE, NE)	2.052 (1.107, 3.803)	0.0195				
>50%	29	9 (31.0)	20 (69.0)	29.7 (6.9, NE)	34	8 (23.5)	26 (76.5)	NE (7.5, NE)	1.045 (0.395, 2.765)	0.9327				

N: number of subjects in analysis set; n: number of subjects in subgroup category; %: proportion of number of subjects in n; CI: confidence interval; NE: not estimable. PT: Preferred Term, SOC: System Organ Class.

[a] Median time to first event is from Kaplan-Meier estimate. Confidence Interval for median was computed using the Brookmeyer-Crowley method.

[b] Hazard ratio is from unstratified Cox proportional hazards model with treatment as the only categorical variable in the model. Confidence limits are based on the Wald test.

[c] Two-sided p-value from unstratified log-rank test.

[d] Two-sided interaction p-value is for the interaction term from unstratified Cox proportional hazards model with treatment, subgroup, and treatment-by-subgroup interaction as categorical variables in the model. The p-value is based on the Wald test.

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SOC: Gastrointestinal disorders; PT: Any PT

		Quizartinib (N=265)				Placebo (N=268)				Quizartinib vs Placebo		Interaction
Subgroup	n	No. of subjects with events (%)	No. of subjects censored (%)	Median (95 % CI) (months) [a]	n	No. of subjects with events (%)	No. of subjects censored (%)	Median (95 % CI) (months) [a]	Hazard Ratio (95 % CI) [b]	Unstratified log-rank p-value [c]	P-value [d]	
AML with Mutated NPM1											0.0928	
Yes	139	33 (23.7)	106 (76.3)	NE (NE, NE)	137	30 (21.9)	107 (78.1)	NE (NE, NE)	1.080 (0.658, 1.772)	0.7635		
No	116	27 (23.3)	89 (76.7)	NE (NE, NE)	120	13 (10.8)	107 (89.2)	NE (NE, NE)	2.172 (1.121, 4.212)	0.0186		

N: number of subjects in analysis set; n: number of subjects in subgroup category; %: proportion of number of subjects in n; CI: confidence interval; NE: not estimable. PT: Preferred Term, SOC: System Organ Class.

[a] Median time to first event is from Kaplan-Meier estimate. Confidence Interval for median was computed using the Brookmeyer-Crowley method.

[b] Hazard ratio is from unstratified Cox proportional hazards model with treatment as the only categorical variable in the model. Confidence limits are based on the Wald test.

[c] Two-sided p-value from unstratified log-rank test.

[d] Two-sided interaction p-value is for the interaction term from unstratified Cox proportional hazards model with treatment, subgroup, and treatment-by-subgroup interaction as categorical variables in the model. The p-value is based on the Wald test.

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SOC: Gastrointestinal disorders; PT: Any PT

		Quizartinib (N=265)				Placebo (N=268)				Quizartinib vs Placebo		Interaction
Subgroup	n	No. of subjects with events (%)	No. of subjects censored (%)	Median (95 % CI) (months) [a]	n	No. of subjects with events (%)	No. of subjects censored (%)	Median (95 % CI) (months) [a]	Hazard Ratio (95 % CI) [b]	Unstratified log-rank p-value [c]	P-value [d]	
Age by 2 categories											0.7580	
≤60	164	38 (23.2)	126 (76.8)	NE (NE, NE)	163	27 (16.6)	136 (83.4)	NE (NE, NE)	1.345 (0.821, 2.206)	0.2357		
>60	101	23 (22.8)	78 (77.2)	NE (29.7, NE)	105	17 (16.2)	88 (83.8)	NE (NE, NE)	1.516 (0.809, 2.839)	0.1924		

N: number of subjects in analysis set; n: number of subjects in subgroup category; %: proportion of number of subjects in n; CI: confidence interval; NE: not estimable. PT: Preferred Term, SOC: System Organ Class.

[a] Median time to first event is from Kaplan-Meier estimate. Confidence Interval for median was computed using the Brookmeyer-Crowley method.

[b] Hazard ratio is from unstratified Cox proportional hazards model with treatment as the only categorical variable in the model. Confidence limits are based on the Wald test.

[c] Two-sided p-value from unstratified log-rank test.

[d] Two-sided interaction p-value is for the interaction term from unstratified Cox proportional hazards model with treatment, subgroup, and treatment-by-subgroup interaction as categorical variables in the model. The p-value is based on the Wald test.

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SOC: Gastrointestinal disorders; PT: Stomatitis

Subgroup	n	Quizartinib (N=265)				Placebo (N=268)				Quizartinib vs Placebo		Interaction
		No. of subjects with events (%)	No. of subjects censored (%)	Median (95 % CI) (months) [a]	n	No. of subjects with events (%)	No. of subjects censored (%)	Median (95 % CI) (months) [a]	n	Hazard Ratio (95 % CI) [b]	Unstratified log-rank p-value [c]	P-value [d]
Pooled Age Group 2											0.9244	
<60	159	8 (5.0)	151 (95.0)	NE (NE, NE)	160	4 (2.5)	156 (97.5)	NE (NE, NE)	160	1.938 (0.583, 6.444)	0.2714	
≥60 - <65	37	0	37 (100)	NE (NE, NE)	43	1 (2.3)	42 (97.7)	NE (NE, NE)	43	0.000 (0.000, NE)	0.3637	
≥65	69	4 (5.8)	65 (94.2)	NE (NE, NE)	65	3 (4.6)	62 (95.4)	NE (NE, NE)	65	1.311 (0.293, 5.859)	0.7238	

N: number of subjects in analysis set; n: number of subjects in subgroup category; %: proportion of number of subjects in n; CI: confidence interval; NE: not estimable. PT: Preferred Term, SOC: System Organ Class.

[a] Median time to first event is from Kaplan-Meier estimate. Confidence Interval for median was computed using the Brookmeyer-Crowley method.

[b] Hazard ratio is from unstratified Cox proportional hazards model with treatment as the only categorical variable in the model. Confidence limits are based on the Wald test.

[c] Two-sided p-value from unstratified log-rank test.

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SOC: Gastrointestinal disorders; PT: Stomatitis

Subgroup	n	Quizartinib (N=265)				Placebo (N=268)				Quizartinib vs Placebo		Interaction
		No. of subjects with events (%)	No. of subjects censored (%)	Median (95 % CI) (months) [a]	n	No. of subjects with events (%)	No. of subjects censored (%)	Median (95 % CI) (months) [a]	n	Hazard Ratio (95 % CI) [b]	Unstratified log-rank p-value [c]	P-value [d]
Sex												0.7702
Male	124	4 (3.2)	120 (96.8)	NE (NE, NE)	120	3 (2.5)	117 (97.5)	NE (NE, NE)	120	1.277 (0.286, 5.709)	0.7482	
Female	141	8 (5.7)	133 (94.3)	NE (NE, NE)	148	5 (3.4)	143 (96.6)	NE (NE, NE)	148	1.681 (0.550, 5.139)	0.3575	

N: number of subjects in analysis set; n: number of subjects in subgroup category; %: proportion of number of subjects in n; CI: confidence interval; NE: not estimable. PT: Preferred Term, SOC: System Organ Class.

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SOC: Gastrointestinal disorders; PT: Stomatitis

		Quizartinib (N=265)				Placebo (N=268)				Quizartinib vs Placebo		Interaction
Subgroup	n	No. of subjects with events (%)	No. of subjects censored (%)	Median (95 % CI) (months) [a]	n	No. of subjects with events (%)	No. of subjects censored (%)	Median (95 % CI) (months) [a]	Hazard Ratio (95 % CI) [b]	Unstratified log-rank p-value [c]	P-value [d]	
Race by 2 categories											0.7384	
White	157	11 (7.0)	146 (93.0)	NE (NE, NE)	161	7 (4.3)	154 (95.7)	NE (NE, NE)	1.608 (0.623, 4.150)	0.3221		
Non-white	108	1 (0.9)	107 (99.1)	NE (NE, NE)	107	1 (0.9)	106 (99.1)	NE (NE, NE)	0.995 (0.062, 15.909)	0.9972		

N: number of subjects in analysis set; n: number of subjects in subgroup category; %: proportion of number of subjects in n; CI: confidence interval; NE: not estimable. PT: Preferred Term, SOC: System Organ Class.

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Geographic Region 1													0.9463	
North America	16	1 (6.3)	15 (93.8)	NE (NE, NE)	18	0	18 (100)	NE (NE, NE)	NE (0.000, NE)	0.2871				
Europe	161	9 (5.6)	152 (94.4)	NE (NE, NE)	161	7 (4.3)	154 (95.7)	NE (NE, NE)	1.288 (0.479, 3.459)	0.6159				
Asia/Other Regions	88	2 (2.3)	86 (97.7)	NE (NE, NE)	89	1 (1.1)	88 (98.9)	NE (NE, NE)	1.800 (0.162, 19.966)	0.6273				

N: number of subjects in analysis set; n: number of subjects in subgroup category; %: proportion of number of subjects in n; CI: confidence interval; NE: not estimable. PT: Preferred Term, SOC: System Organ Class.

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WBC at initial diagnosis														0.6460
< 40x10 ⁹ /L	132	4 (3.0)	128 (97.0)	NE (NE, NE)	133	2 (1.5)	131 (98.5)	NE (NE, NE)	2.136 (0.391, 11.667)	0.3695				
≥ 40x10 ⁹ /L	133	8 (6.0)	125 (94.0)	NE (NE, NE)	135	6 (4.4)	129 (95.6)	NE (NE, NE)	1.308 (0.453, 3.779)	0.6196				

N: number of subjects in analysis set; n: number of subjects in subgroup category; %: proportion of number of subjects in n; CI: confidence interval; NE: not estimable. PT: Preferred Term, SOC: System Organ Class.

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Choice of Anthracycline												0.2231		
Daunorubicin	123	6 (4.9)	117 (95.1)	NE (NE, NE)	94	1 (1.1)	93 (98.9)	NE (NE, NE)		4.570 (0.550, 37.957)	0.1222			
Idarubicin	142	6 (4.2)	136 (95.8)	NE (NE, NE)	171	7 (4.1)	164 (95.9)	NE (NE, NE)		1.030 (0.346, 3.067)	0.9569			

N: number of subjects in analysis set; n: number of subjects in subgroup category; %: proportion of number of subjects in n; CI: confidence interval; NE: not estimable. PT: Preferred Term, SOC: System Organ Class.

[a] Median time to first event is from Kaplan-Meier estimate. Confidence Interval for median was computed using the Brookmeyer-Crowley method.

[b] Hazard ratio is from unstratified Cox proportional hazards model with treatment as the only categorical variable in the model. Confidence limits are based on the Wald test.

[c] Two-sided p-value from unstratified log-rank test.

[d] Two-sided interaction p-value is for the interaction term from unstratified Cox proportional hazards model with treatment, subgroup, and treatment-by-subgroup interaction as categorical variables in the model. The p-value is based on the Wald test.

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Medizinischer Nutzen, medizinischer Zusatznutzen, Patientengruppen mit therap. bedeutsamem Zusatznutzen

Daichi Sankyo | Data Intelligence – Evidence Generation | Final | AC220-A-U302 QUANTUM-First (DCO 13 Aug 2021) | Statistical analyses for AMNOG (HTA Germany)
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SOC: Gastrointestinal disorders; PT: Stomatitis

		Quizartinib (N=265)				Placebo (N=268)				Quizartinib vs Placebo		Interaction
Subgroup	n	No. of subjects with events (%)	No. of subjects censored (%)	Median (95 % CI) (months) [a]	n	No. of subjects with events (%)	No. of subjects censored (%)	Median (95 % CI) (months) [a]	Hazard Ratio (95 % CI) [b]	Unstratified log-rank p-value [c]	P-value [d]	
AML Cytogenetic Risk Score											0.9852	
Favorable	13	2 (15.4)	11 (84.6)	NE (1.8, NE)	19	0	19 (100)	NE (NE, NE)	NE (0.000, NE)	0.0624		
Intermediate	195	7 (3.6)	188 (96.4)	NE (NE, NE)	190	5 (2.6)	185 (97.4)	NE (NE, NE)	1.301 (0.412, 4.104)	0.6534		
Unfavorable	19	2 (10.5)	17 (89.5)	NE (NE, NE)	27	2 (7.4)	25 (92.6)	NE (NE, NE)	1.555 (0.219, 11.050)	0.6648		
Unknown	38	1 (2.6)	37 (97.4)	NE (NE, NE)	31	1 (3.2)	30 (96.8)	NE (NE, NE)	0.827 (0.052, 13.218)	0.8928		

N: number of subjects in analysis set; n: number of subjects in subgroup category; %: proportion of number of subjects in n; CI: confidence interval; NE: not estimable. PT: Preferred Term, SOC: System Organ Class.

[a] Median time to first event is from Kaplan-Meier estimate. Confidence Interval for median was computed using the Brookmeyer-Crowley method.

[b] Hazard ratio is from unstratified Cox proportional hazards model with treatment as the only categorical variable in the model. Confidence limits are based on the Wald test.

[c] Two-sided p-value from unstratified log-rank test.

[d] Two-sided interaction p-value is for the interaction term from unstratified Cox proportional hazards model with treatment, subgroup, and treatment-by-subgroup interaction as categorical variables in the model. The p-value is based on the Wald test.

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SOC: Gastrointestinal disorders; PT: Stomatitis

		Quizartinib (N=265)					Placebo (N=268)					Quizartinib vs Placebo		Interaction
Subgroup	n	No. of subjects with events (%)	No. of subjects censored (%)	Median (95 % CI) (months) [a]	n	No. of subjects with events (%)	No. of subjects censored (%)	Median (95 % CI) (months) [a]	n	Hazard Ratio (95 % CI) [b]	Unstratified log-rank p-value [c]	P-value [d]		
ECOG Performance Status at Baseline												0.1690		
0 - Fully Active	87	6 (6.9)	81 (93.1)	NE (NE, NE)	97	1 (1.0)	96 (99.0)	NE (NE, NE)	97	6.878 (0.828, 57.111)	0.0381			
1 - Restricted in Physically Strenuous Activity	133	4 (3.0)	129 (97.0)	NE (NE, NE)	134	4 (3.0)	130 (97.0)	NE (NE, NE)	134	0.997 (0.249, 3.989)	0.9970			
2 - Ambulatory and Capable of All Selfcare	45	2 (4.4)	43 (95.6)	NE (NE, NE)	36	3 (8.3)	33 (91.7)	NE (NE, NE)	36	0.490 (0.081, 2.959)	0.4275			

N: number of subjects in analysis set; n: number of subjects in subgroup category; %: proportion of number of subjects in n; CI: confidence interval; NE: not estimable. PT: Preferred Term, SOC: System Organ Class.

[a] Median time to first event is from Kaplan-Meier estimate. Confidence Interval for median was computed using the Brookmeyer-Crowley method.

[b] Hazard ratio is from unstratified Cox proportional hazards model with treatment as the only categorical variable in the model. Confidence limits are based on the Wald test.

[c] Two-sided p-value from unstratified log-rank test.

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SOC: Gastrointestinal disorders; PT: Stomatitis

		Quizartinib (N=265)					Placebo (N=268)					Quizartinib vs Placebo		Interaction
Subgroup	n	No. of subjects with events (%)	No. of subjects censored (%)	Median (95 % CI) (months) [a]	n	No. of subjects with events (%)	No. of subjects censored (%)	Median (95 % CI) (months) [a]	Hazard Ratio (95 % CI) [b]	Unstratified log-rank p-value [c]	P-value [d]			
FLT3-ITD category at Baseline													0.5054	
≥3 to ≤25%	94	4 (4.3)	90 (95.7)	NE (NE, NE)	98	6 (6.1)	92 (93.9)	NE (NE, NE)	0.701 (0.198, 2.485)	0.5810				
>25% to ≤50%	141	5 (3.5)	136 (96.5)	NE (NE, NE)	136	2 (1.5)	134 (98.5)	NE (NE, NE)	2.414 (0.468, 12.444)	0.2768				
>50%	29	3 (10.3)	26 (89.7)	NE (9.3, NE)	34	0	34 (100)	NE (NE, NE)	NE (0.000, NE)	0.0974				

N: number of subjects in analysis set; n: number of subjects in subgroup category; %: proportion of number of subjects in n; CI: confidence interval; NE: not estimable. PT: Preferred Term, SOC: System Organ Class.

[a] Median time to first event is from Kaplan-Meier estimate. Confidence Interval for median was computed using the Brookmeyer-Crowley method.

[b] Hazard ratio is from unstratified Cox proportional hazards model with treatment as the only categorical variable in the model. Confidence limits are based on the Wald test.

[c] Two-sided p-value from unstratified log-rank test.

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SOC: Gastrointestinal disorders; PT: Stomatitis

		Quizartinib (N=265)				Placebo (N=268)				Quizartinib vs Placebo		Interaction
Subgroup	n	No. of subjects with events (%)	No. of subjects censored (%)	Median (95 % CI) (months) [a]	n	No. of subjects with events (%)	No. of subjects censored (%)	Median (95 % CI) (months) [a]	Hazard Ratio (95 % CI) [b]	Unstratified log-rank p-value [c]	P-value [d]	
AML with Mutated NPM1											0.3535	
Yes	139	7 (5.0)	132 (95.0)	NE (NE, NE)	137	3 (2.2)	134 (97.8)	NE (NE, NE)	2.325 (0.601, 8.994)	0.2081		
No	116	5 (4.3)	111 (95.7)	NE (NE, NE)	120	5 (4.2)	115 (95.8)	NE (NE, NE)	0.986 (0.285, 3.408)	0.9835		

N: number of subjects in analysis set; n: number of subjects in subgroup category; %: proportion of number of subjects in n; CI: confidence interval; NE: not estimable. PT: Preferred Term, SOC: System Organ Class.

[a] Median time to first event is from Kaplan-Meier estimate. Confidence Interval for median was computed using the Brookmeyer-Crowley method.

[b] Hazard ratio is from unstratified Cox proportional hazards model with treatment as the only categorical variable in the model. Confidence limits are based on the Wald test.

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SOC: Gastrointestinal disorders; PT: Stomatitis

		Quizartinib (N=265)				Placebo (N=268)				Quizartinib vs Placebo		Interaction
Subgroup	n	No. of subjects with events (%)	No. of subjects censored (%)	Median (95 % CI) (months) [a]	n	No. of subjects with events (%)	No. of subjects censored (%)	Median (95 % CI) (months) [a]	Hazard Ratio (95 % CI) [b]	Unstratified log-rank p-value [c]	P-value [d]	
Age by 2 categories											0.9237	
≤60	164	8 (4.9)	156 (95.1)	NE (NE, NE)	163	5 (3.1)	158 (96.9)	NE (NE, NE)	1.533 (0.501, 4.689)	0.4511		
>60	101	4 (4.0)	97 (96.0)	NE (NE, NE)	105	3 (2.9)	102 (97.1)	NE (NE, NE)	1.432 (0.320, 6.399)	0.6376		

N: number of subjects in analysis set; n: number of subjects in subgroup category; %: proportion of number of subjects in n; CI: confidence interval; NE: not estimable. PT: Preferred Term, SOC: System Organ Class.

[a] Median time to first event is from Kaplan-Meier estimate. Confidence Interval for median was computed using the Brookmeyer-Crowley method.

[b] Hazard ratio is from unstratified Cox proportional hazards model with treatment as the only categorical variable in the model. Confidence limits are based on the Wald test.

[c] Two-sided p-value from unstratified log-rank test.

[d] Two-sided interaction p-value is for the interaction term from unstratified Cox proportional hazards model with treatment, subgroup, and treatment-by-subgroup interaction as categorical variables in the model. The p-value is based on the Wald test.

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SOC: Gastrointestinal disorders; PT: Diarrhoea

		Quizartinib (N=265)				Placebo (N=268)				Quizartinib vs Placebo		Interaction
Subgroup	n	No. of subjects with events (%)	No. of subjects censored (%)	Median (95 % CI) (months) [a]	n	No. of subjects with events (%)	No. of subjects censored (%)	Median (95 % CI) (months) [a]	Hazard Ratio (95 % CI) [b]	Unstratified log-rank p-value [c]	P-value [d]	
Pooled Age Group 2											0.7249	
<60	159	6 (3.8)	153 (96.2)	NE (NE, NE)	160	6 (3.8)	154 (96.3)	NE (NE, NE)	0.938 (0.302, 2.917)	0.9121		
≥60 - <65	37	2 (5.4)	35 (94.6)	NE (NE, NE)	43	1 (2.3)	42 (97.7)	NE (NE, NE)	2.390 (0.217, 26.355)	0.4630		
≥65	69	2 (2.9)	67 (97.1)	NE (NE, NE)	65	3 (4.6)	62 (95.4)	NE (NE, NE)	0.721 (0.120, 4.332)	0.7195		

N: number of subjects in analysis set; n: number of subjects in subgroup category; %: proportion of number of subjects in n; CI: confidence interval; NE: not estimable. PT: Preferred Term, SOC: System Organ Class.

[a] Median time to first event is from Kaplan-Meier estimate. Confidence Interval for median was computed using the Brookmeyer-Crowley method.

[b] Hazard ratio is from unstratified Cox proportional hazards model with treatment as the only categorical variable in the model. Confidence limits are based on the Wald test.

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SOC: Gastrointestinal disorders; PT: Diarrhoea

		Quizartinib (N=265)				Placebo (N=268)				Quizartinib vs Placebo		Interaction
Subgroup	n	No. of subjects with events (%)	No. of subjects censored (%)	Median (95 % CI) (months) [a]	n	No. of subjects with events (%)	No. of subjects censored (%)	Median (95 % CI) (months) [a]	Hazard Ratio (95 % CI) [b]	Unstratified log-rank p-value [c]	P-value [d]	
Sex											0.3848	
Male	124	4 (3.2)	120 (96.8)	NE (NE, NE)	120	2 (1.7)	118 (98.3)	NE (NE, NE)	1.740 (0.317, 9.562)	0.5185		
Female	141	6 (4.3)	135 (95.7)	NE (NE, NE)	148	8 (5.4)	140 (94.6)	NE (NE, NE)	0.761 (0.264, 2.197)	0.6132		

N: number of subjects in analysis set; n: number of subjects in subgroup category; %: proportion of number of subjects in n; CI: confidence interval; NE: not estimable. PT: Preferred Term, SOC: System Organ Class.

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[c] Two-sided p-value from unstratified log-rank test.

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Subgroup	n	No. of subjects with events (%)	No. of subjects censored (%)	Median (95 % CI) (months) [a]	n	No. of subjects with events (%)	No. of subjects censored (%)	Median (95 % CI) (months) [a]	Hazard Ratio (95 % CI) [b]	Unstratified log-rank p-value [c]	P-value [d]	
Race by 2 categories											0.6717	
White	157	4 (2.5)	153 (97.5)	NE (NE, NE)	161	5 (3.1)	156 (96.9)	NE (NE, NE)	0.808 (0.217, 3.010)	0.7487		
Non-white	108	6 (5.6)	102 (94.4)	NE (NE, NE)	107	5 (4.7)	102 (95.3)	NE (NE, NE)	1.128 (0.344, 3.702)	0.8401		

N: number of subjects in analysis set; n: number of subjects in subgroup category; %: proportion of number of subjects in n; CI: confidence interval; NE: not estimable. PT: Preferred Term, SOC: System Organ Class.

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[c] Two-sided p-value from unstratified log-rank test.

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SOC: Gastrointestinal disorders; PT: Diarrhoea

		Quizartinib (N=265)					Placebo (N=268)					Quizartinib vs Placebo		Interaction
Subgroup	n	No. of subjects with events (%)	No. of subjects censored (%)	Median (95 % CI) (months) [a]	n	No. of subjects with events (%)	No. of subjects censored (%)	Median (95 % CI) (months) [a]	Hazard Ratio (95 % CI) [b]	Unstratified log-rank p-value [c]	P-value [d]			
Geographic Region 1													0.8967	
North America	16	0	16 (100)	NE (NE, NE)	18	0	18 (100)	NE (NE, NE)	NE (NE, NE)	NE				
Europe	161	4 (2.5)	157 (97.5)	NE (NE, NE)	161	5 (3.1)	156 (96.9)	NE (NE, NE)	0.781 (0.210, 2.911)	0.7111				
Asia/Other Regions	88	6 (6.8)	82 (93.2)	NE (NE, NE)	89	5 (5.6)	84 (94.4)	NE (NE, NE)	1.135 (0.346, 3.726)	0.8325				

N: number of subjects in analysis set; n: number of subjects in subgroup category; %: proportion of number of subjects in n; CI: confidence interval; NE: not estimable. PT: Preferred Term, SOC: System Organ Class.

[a] Median time to first event is from Kaplan-Meier estimate. Confidence Interval for median was computed using the Brookmeyer-Crowley method.

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SOC: Gastrointestinal disorders; PT: Diarrhoea

Subgroup	n	Quizartinib (N=265)				Placebo (N=268)				Quizartinib vs Placebo		Interaction
		No. of subjects with events (%)	No. of subjects censored (%)	Median (95 % CI) (months) [a]	n	No. of subjects with events (%)	No. of subjects censored (%)	Median (95 % CI) (months) [a]	n	Hazard Ratio (95 % CI) [b]	Unstratified log-rank p-value [c]	P-value [d]
WBC at initial diagnosis											0.9872	
< 40x10 ⁹ /L	132	3 (2.3)	129 (97.7)	NE (NE, NE)	133	0	133 (100)	NE (NE, NE)	133	NE (0.000, NE)	0.0881	
≥ 40x10 ⁹ /L	133	7 (5.3)	126 (94.7)	NE (NE, NE)	135	10 (7.4)	125 (92.6)	NE (NE, NE)	135	0.650 (0.247, 1.714)	0.3798	

N: number of subjects in analysis set; n: number of subjects in subgroup category; %: proportion of number of subjects in n; CI: confidence interval; NE: not estimable. PT: Preferred Term, SOC: System Organ Class.

[a] Median time to first event is from Kaplan-Meier estimate. Confidence Interval for median was computed using the Brookmeyer-Crowley method.

[b] Hazard ratio is from unstratified Cox proportional hazards model with treatment as the only categorical variable in the model. Confidence limits are based on the Wald test.

[c] Two-sided p-value from unstratified log-rank test.

[d] Two-sided interaction p-value is for the interaction term from unstratified Cox proportional hazards model with treatment, subgroup, and treatment-by-subgroup interaction as categorical variables in the model. The p-value is based on the Wald test.

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Medizinischer Nutzen, medizinischer Zusatznutzen, Patientengruppen mit therap. bedeutsamem Zusatznutzen

Daiichi Sankyo | Data Intelligence – Evidence Generation | Final | AC220-A-U302 QUANTUM-First (DCO 13 Aug 2021) | Statistical analyses for AMNOG (HTA Germany)
 Table 3.13.2 Severe Treatment-emergent adverse events (NCI CTCAE grade ≥3) by system organ class (SOC) and preferred term (PT) observed for ≥ 10 patients in at least one arm and ≥ 1% of the patients in at least one arm - Time-to-event analysis - subgroup analysis - DCO 13-Aug-2021 - Safety Analysis Set

SOC: Gastrointestinal disorders; PT: Diarrhoea

		Quizartinib (N=265)					Placebo (N=268)					Quizartinib vs Placebo		Interaction
Subgroup	n	No. of subjects with events (%)	No. of subjects censored (%)	Median (95 % CI) (months) [a]	n	No. of subjects with events (%)	No. of subjects censored (%)	Median (95 % CI) (months) [a]	Hazard Ratio (95 % CI) [b]	Unstratified log-rank p-value [c]	p-	P-value [d]		
Choice of Anthracycline													0.7999	
Daunorubicin	123	2 (1.6)	121 (98.4)	NE (NE, NE)	94	1 (1.1)	93 (98.9)	NE (NE, NE)	1.302 (0.117, 14.546)	0.8297				
Idarubicin	142	8 (5.6)	134 (94.4)	NE (NE, NE)	171	9 (5.3)	162 (94.7)	NE (NE, NE)	1.041 (0.401, 2.701)	0.9334				

N: number of subjects in analysis set; n: number of subjects in subgroup category; %: proportion of number of subjects in n; CI: confidence interval; NE: not estimable. PT: Preferred Term, SOC: System Organ Class.

[a] Median time to first event is from Kaplan-Meier estimate. Confidence Interval for median was computed using the Brookmeyer-Crowley method.

[b] Hazard ratio is from unstratified Cox proportional hazards model with treatment as the only categorical variable in the model. Confidence limits are based on the Wald test.

[c] Two-sided p-value from unstratified log-rank test.

[d] Two-sided interaction p-value is for the interaction term from unstratified Cox proportional hazards model with treatment, subgroup, and treatment-by-subgroup interaction as categorical variables in the model. The p-value is based on the Wald test.

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SOC: Gastrointestinal disorders; PT: Diarrhoea

		Quizartinib (N=265)				Placebo (N=268)				Quizartinib vs Placebo		Interaction
Subgroup	n	No. of subjects with events (%)	No. of subjects censored (%)	Median (95 % CI) (months) [a]	n	No. of subjects with events (%)	No. of subjects censored (%)	Median (95 % CI) (months) [a]	Hazard Ratio (95 % CI) [b]	Unstratified log-rank p-value [c]	P-value [d]	
AML Cytogenetic Risk Score											0.9691	
Favorable	13	1 (7.7)	12 (92.3)	NE (NE, NE)	19	1 (5.3)	18 (94.7)	NE (NE, NE)	1.762 (0.109, 28.519)	0.6861		
Intermediate	195	7 (3.6)	188 (96.4)	NE (NE, NE)	190	8 (4.2)	182 (95.8)	NE (NE, NE)	0.770 (0.279, 2.131)	0.6149		
Unfavorable	19	1 (5.3)	18 (94.7)	NE (NE, NE)	27	0	27 (100)	NE (NE, NE)	NE (0.000, NE)	0.2332		
Unknown	38	1 (2.6)	37 (97.4)	NE (NE, NE)	31	1 (3.2)	30 (96.8)	NE (NE, NE)	0.857 (0.054, 13.711)	0.9130		

N: number of subjects in analysis set; n: number of subjects in subgroup category; %: proportion of number of subjects in n; CI: confidence interval; NE: not estimable. PT: Preferred Term, SOC: System Organ Class.

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[c] Two-sided p-value from unstratified log-rank test.

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SOC: Gastrointestinal disorders; PT: Diarrhoea

		Quizartinib (N=265)					Placebo (N=268)					Quizartinib vs Placebo		Interaction
Subgroup	n	No. of subjects with events (%)	No. of subjects censored (%)	Median (95 % CI) (months) [a]	n	No. of subjects with events (%)	No. of subjects censored (%)	Median (95 % CI) (months) [a]	n	Hazard Ratio (95 % CI) [b]	Unstratified log-rank p-value [c]	P-value [d]		
ECOG Performance Status at Baseline												0.9719		
0 - Fully Active	87	3 (3.4)	84 (96.6)	NE (NE, NE)	97	4 (4.1)	93 (95.9)	NE (NE, NE)	97	0.807 (0.180, 3.606)	0.7781			
1 - Restricted in Physically Strenuous Activity	133	6 (4.5)	127 (95.5)	NE (NE, NE)	134	6 (4.5)	128 (95.5)	NE (NE, NE)	134	0.968 (0.312, 3.005)	0.9572			
2 - Ambulatory and Capable of All Selfcare	45	1 (2.2)	44 (97.8)	NE (NE, NE)	36	0	36 (100)	NE (NE, NE)	36	NE (0.000, NE)	0.3711			

N: number of subjects in analysis set; n: number of subjects in subgroup category; %: proportion of number of subjects in n; CI: confidence interval; NE: not estimable. PT: Preferred Term, SOC: System Organ Class.

[a] Median time to first event is from Kaplan-Meier estimate. Confidence Interval for median was computed using the Brookmeyer-Crowley method.

[b] Hazard ratio is from unstratified Cox proportional hazards model with treatment as the only categorical variable in the model. Confidence limits are based on the Wald test.

[c] Two-sided p-value from unstratified log-rank test.

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SOC: Gastrointestinal disorders; PT: Diarrhoea

		Quizartinib (N=265)					Placebo (N=268)					Quizartinib vs Placebo		Interaction
Subgroup	n	No. of subjects with events (%)	No. of subjects censored (%)	Median (95 % CI) (months) [a]	n	No. of subjects with events (%)	No. of subjects censored (%)	Median (95 % CI) (months) [a]	CI	Hazard Ratio (95 % CI) [b]	Unstratified log-rank p-value [c]	P-value [d]		
FLT3-ITD category at Baseline												0.5747		
≥3 to ≤25%	94	6 (6.4)	88 (93.6)	NE (NE, NE)	98	4 (4.1)	94 (95.9)	NE (NE, NE)		1.601 (0.451, 5.680)	0.4623			
>25% to ≤50%	141	3 (2.1)	138 (97.9)	NE (NE, NE)	136	4 (2.9)	132 (97.1)	NE (NE, NE)		0.663 (0.148, 2.973)	0.5891			
>50%	29	1 (3.4)	28 (96.6)	NE (NE, NE)	34	2 (5.9)	32 (94.1)	NE (NE, NE)		0.514 (0.046, 5.703)	0.5811			

N: number of subjects in analysis set; n: number of subjects in subgroup category; %: proportion of number of subjects in n; CI: confidence interval; NE: not estimable. PT: Preferred Term, SOC: System Organ Class.

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[b] Hazard ratio is from unstratified Cox proportional hazards model with treatment as the only categorical variable in the model. Confidence limits are based on the Wald test.

[c] Two-sided p-value from unstratified log-rank test.

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SOC: Gastrointestinal disorders; PT: Diarrhoea

		Quizartinib (N=265)				Placebo (N=268)				Quizartinib vs Placebo		Interaction
Subgroup	n	No. of subjects with events (%)	No. of subjects censored (%)	Median (95 % CI) (months) [a]	n	No. of subjects with events (%)	No. of subjects censored (%)	Median (95 % CI) (months) [a]	Hazard Ratio (95 % CI) [b]	Unstratified log-rank p-value [c]	P-value [d]	
AML with Mutated NPM1											0.0859	
Yes	139	5 (3.6)	134 (96.4)	NE (NE, NE)	137	8 (5.8)	129 (94.2)	NE (NE, NE)	0.600 (0.196, 1.837)	0.3664		
No	116	5 (4.3)	111 (95.7)	NE (NE, NE)	120	1 (0.8)	119 (99.2)	NE (NE, NE)	4.802 (0.560, 41.161)	0.1134		

N: number of subjects in analysis set; n: number of subjects in subgroup category; %: proportion of number of subjects in n; CI: confidence interval; NE: not estimable. PT: Preferred Term, SOC: System Organ Class.

[a] Median time to first event is from Kaplan-Meier estimate. Confidence Interval for median was computed using the Brookmeyer-Crowley method.

[b] Hazard ratio is from unstratified Cox proportional hazards model with treatment as the only categorical variable in the model. Confidence limits are based on the Wald test.

[c] Two-sided p-value from unstratified log-rank test.

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SOC: Gastrointestinal disorders; PT: Diarrhoea

		Quizartinib (N=265)				Placebo (N=268)				Quizartinib vs Placebo		Interaction
Subgroup	n	No. of subjects with events (%)	No. of subjects censored (%)	Median (95 % CI) (months) [a]	n	No. of subjects with events (%)	No. of subjects censored (%)	Median (95 % CI) (months) [a]	Hazard Ratio (95 % CI) [b]	Unstratified log-rank p-value [c]	P-value [d]	
Age by 2 categories											0.8446	
≤60	164	6 (3.7)	158 (96.3)	NE (NE, NE)	163	6 (3.7)	157 (96.3)	NE (NE, NE)	0.923 (0.297, 2.870)	0.8898		
>60	101	4 (4.0)	97 (96.0)	NE (NE, NE)	105	4 (3.8)	101 (96.2)	NE (NE, NE)	1.087 (0.272, 4.350)	0.9044		

N: number of subjects in analysis set; n: number of subjects in subgroup category; %: proportion of number of subjects in n; CI: confidence interval; NE: not estimable. PT: Preferred Term, SOC: System Organ Class.

[a] Median time to first event is from Kaplan-Meier estimate. Confidence Interval for median was computed using the Brookmeyer-Crowley method.

[b] Hazard ratio is from unstratified Cox proportional hazards model with treatment as the only categorical variable in the model. Confidence limits are based on the Wald test.

[c] Two-sided p-value from unstratified log-rank test.

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SOC: Vascular disorders; PT: Any PT

		Quizartinib (N=265)				Placebo (N=268)				Quizartinib vs Placebo		Interaction
Subgroup	n	No. of subjects with events (%)	No. of subjects censored (%)	Median (95 % CI) (months) [a]	n	No. of subjects with events (%)	No. of subjects censored (%)	Median (95 % CI) (months) [a]	Hazard Ratio (95 % CI) [b]	Unstratified log-rank p-value [c]	P-value [d]	
Pooled Age Group 2											0.6983	
<60	159	16 (10.1)	143 (89.9)	NE (NE, NE)	160	10 (6.3)	150 (93.8)	NE (NE, NE)	1.566 (0.710, 3.456)	0.2624		
≥60 - <65	37	4 (10.8)	33 (89.2)	NE (NE, NE)	43	3 (7.0)	40 (93.0)	NE (NE, NE)	1.473 (0.328, 6.612)	0.6107		
≥65	69	10 (14.5)	59 (85.5)	NE (26.5, NE)	65	10 (15.4)	55 (84.6)	NE (NE, NE)	0.973 (0.405, 2.340)	0.9534		

N: number of subjects in analysis set; n: number of subjects in subgroup category; %: proportion of number of subjects in n; CI: confidence interval; NE: not estimable. PT: Preferred Term, SOC: System Organ Class.

[a] Median time to first event is from Kaplan-Meier estimate. Confidence Interval for median was computed using the Brookmeyer-Crowley method.

[b] Hazard ratio is from unstratified Cox proportional hazards model with treatment as the only categorical variable in the model. Confidence limits are based on the Wald test.

[c] Two-sided p-value from unstratified log-rank test.

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SOC: Vascular disorders; PT: Any PT

		Quizartinib (N=265)				Placebo (N=268)				Quizartinib vs Placebo		Interaction
Subgroup	n	No. of subjects with events (%)	No. of subjects censored (%)	Median (95 % CI) (months) [a]	n	No. of subjects with events (%)	No. of subjects censored (%)	Median (95 % CI) (months) [a]	Hazard Ratio (95 % CI) [b]	Unstratified log-rank p-value [c]	P-value [d]	
Sex											0.6013	
Male	124	13 (10.5)	111 (89.5)	NE (NE, NE)	120	11 (9.2)	109 (90.8)	NE (NE, NE)	1.090 (0.488, 2.436)	0.8317		
Female	141	17 (12.1)	124 (87.9)	NE (NE, NE)	148	12 (8.1)	136 (91.9)	NE (NE, NE)	1.510 (0.721, 3.163)	0.2710		

N: number of subjects in analysis set; n: number of subjects in subgroup category; %: proportion of number of subjects in n; CI: confidence interval; NE: not estimable. PT: Preferred Term, SOC: System Organ Class.

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[b] Hazard ratio is from unstratified Cox proportional hazards model with treatment as the only categorical variable in the model. Confidence limits are based on the Wald test.

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SOC: Vascular disorders; PT: Any PT

		Quizartinib (N=265)				Placebo (N=268)				Quizartinib vs Placebo		Interaction
Subgroup	n	No. of subjects with events (%)	No. of subjects censored (%)	Median (95 % CI) (months) [a]	n	No. of subjects with events (%)	No. of subjects censored (%)	Median (95 % CI) (months) [a]	Hazard Ratio (95 % CI) [b]	Unstratified log-rank p-value [c]	P-value [d]	
Race by 2 categories											0.9298	
White	157	17 (10.8)	140 (89.2)	NE (NE, NE)	161	13 (8.1)	148 (91.9)	NE (NE, NE)	1.325 (0.643, 2.731)	0.4434		
Non-white	108	13 (12.0)	95 (88.0)	NE (NE, NE)	107	10 (9.3)	97 (90.7)	NE (NE, NE)	1.264 (0.554, 2.884)	0.5765		

N: number of subjects in analysis set; n: number of subjects in subgroup category; %: proportion of number of subjects in n; CI: confidence interval; NE: not estimable. PT: Preferred Term, SOC: System Organ Class.

[a] Median time to first event is from Kaplan-Meier estimate. Confidence Interval for median was computed using the Brookmeyer-Crowley method.

[b] Hazard ratio is from unstratified Cox proportional hazards model with treatment as the only categorical variable in the model. Confidence limits are based on the Wald test.

[c] Two-sided p-value from unstratified log-rank test.

[d] Two-sided interaction p-value is for the interaction term from unstratified Cox proportional hazards model with treatment, subgroup, and treatment-by-subgroup interaction as categorical variables in the model. The p-value is based on the Wald test.

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SOC: Vascular disorders; PT: Any PT

		Quizartinib (N=265)					Placebo (N=268)					Quizartinib vs Placebo		Interaction
Subgroup	n	No. of subjects with events (%)	No. of subjects censored (%)	Median (95 % CI) (months) [a]	n	No. of subjects with events (%)	No. of subjects censored (%)	Median (95 % CI) (months) [a]	Hazard Ratio (95 % CI) [b]	Unstratified log-rank p-value [c]	P-value [d]			
Geographic Region 1													0.8762	
North America	16	2 (12.5)	14 (87.5)	NE (1.6, NE)	18	2 (11.1)	16 (88.9)	NE (NE, NE)	1.500 (0.208, 10.823)	0.6857				
Europe	161	21 (13.0)	140 (87.0)	NE (NE, NE)	161	17 (10.6)	144 (89.4)	NE (NE, NE)	1.214 (0.640, 2.302)	0.5514				
Asia/Other Regions	88	7 (8.0)	81 (92.0)	NE (NE, NE)	89	4 (4.5)	85 (95.5)	NE (NE, NE)	1.701 (0.497, 5.816)	0.3915				

N: number of subjects in analysis set; n: number of subjects in subgroup category; %: proportion of number of subjects in n; CI: confidence interval; NE: not estimable. PT: Preferred Term, SOC: System Organ Class.

[a] Median time to first event is from Kaplan-Meier estimate. Confidence Interval for median was computed using the Brookmeyer-Crowley method.

[b] Hazard ratio is from unstratified Cox proportional hazards model with treatment as the only categorical variable in the model. Confidence limits are based on the Wald test.

[c] Two-sided p-value from unstratified log-rank test.

[d] Two-sided interaction p-value is for the interaction term from unstratified Cox proportional hazards model with treatment, subgroup, and treatment-by-subgroup interaction as categorical variables in the model. The p-value is based on the Wald test.

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Medizinischer Nutzen, medizinischer Zusatznutzen, Patientengruppen mit therap. bedeutsamem Zusatznutzen

Daichi Sankyo | Data Intelligence – Evidence Generation | Final | AC220-A-U302 QUANTUM-First (DCO 13 Aug 2021) | Statistical analyses for AMNOG (HTA Germany)
 Table 3.13.2 Severe Treatment-emergent adverse events (NCI CTCAE grade ≥3) by system organ class (SOC) and preferred term (PT) observed for ≥ 10 patients in at least one arm and ≥ 1% of the patients in at least one arm - Time-to-event analysis - subgroup analysis - DCO 13-Aug-2021 - Safety Analysis Set

SOC: Vascular disorders; PT: Any PT

Subgroup	n	Quizartinib (N=265)				Placebo (N=268)				Quizartinib vs Placebo		Interaction
		No. of subjects with events (%)	No. of subjects censored (%)	Median (95 % CI) [a]	n	No. of subjects with events (%)	No. of subjects censored (%)	Median (95 % CI) [a]	n	Hazard Ratio (95 % CI) [b]	Unstratified log-rank p-value [c]	P-value [d]
WBC at initial diagnosis											0.4423	
< 40x10 ⁹ /L	132	14 (10.6)	118 (89.4)	NE (NE, NE)	133	9 (6.8)	124 (93.2)	NE (NE, NE)	133	1.661 (0.719, 3.838)	0.2288	
≥ 40x10 ⁹ /L	133	16 (12.0)	117 (88.0)	NE (NE, NE)	135	14 (10.4)	121 (89.6)	NE (NE, NE)	135	1.044 (0.508, 2.144)	0.9072	

N: number of subjects in analysis set; n: number of subjects in subgroup category; %: proportion of number of subjects in n; CI: confidence interval; NE: not estimable. PT: Preferred Term, SOC: System Organ Class.

[a] Median time to first event is from Kaplan-Meier estimate. Confidence Interval for median was computed using the Brookmeyer-Crowley method.

[b] Hazard ratio is from unstratified Cox proportional hazards model with treatment as the only categorical variable in the model. Confidence limits are based on the Wald test.

[c] Two-sided p-value from unstratified log-rank test.

[d] Two-sided interaction p-value is for the interaction term from unstratified Cox proportional hazards model with treatment, subgroup, and treatment-by-subgroup interaction as categorical variables in the model. The p-value is based on the Wald test.

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SOC: Vascular disorders; PT: Any PT

		Quizartinib (N=265)					Placebo (N=268)					Quizartinib vs Placebo		Interaction
Subgroup	n	No. of subjects with events (%)	No. of subjects censored (%)	Median (95 % CI) (months) [a]	n	No. of subjects with events (%)	No. of subjects censored (%)	Median (95 % CI) (months) [a]	Hazard Ratio (95 % CI) [b]	Unstratified log-rank p-value [c]	p-	P-value [d]		
Choice of Anthracycline													0.2764	
Daunorubicin	123	17 (13.8)	106 (86.2)	NE (NE, NE)	94	7 (7.4)	87 (92.6)	NE (NE, NE)	1.805 (0.748, 4.355)	0.1823				
Idarubicin	142	13 (9.2)	129 (90.8)	NE (NE, NE)	171	16 (9.4)	155 (90.6)	NE (NE, NE)	0.972 (0.467, 2.021)	0.9394				

N: number of subjects in analysis set; n: number of subjects in subgroup category; %: proportion of number of subjects in n; CI: confidence interval; NE: not estimable. PT: Preferred Term, SOC: System Organ Class.

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[c] Two-sided p-value from unstratified log-rank test.

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SOC: Vascular disorders; PT: Any PT

		Quizartinib (N=265)				Placebo (N=268)				Quizartinib vs Placebo		Interaction
Subgroup	n	No. of subjects with events (%)	No. of subjects censored (%)	Median (95 % CI) (months) [a]	n	No. of subjects with events (%)	No. of subjects censored (%)	Median (95 % CI) (months) [a]	Hazard Ratio (95 % CI) [b]	Unstratified log-rank p-value [c]	P-value [d]	
AML Cytogenetic Risk Score											0.4084	
Favorable	13	1 (7.7)	12 (92.3)	NE (NE, NE)	19	2 (10.5)	17 (89.5)	NE (9.8, NE)	1.035 (0.092, 11.620)	0.9779		
Intermediate	195	22 (11.3)	173 (88.7)	NE (NE, NE)	190	13 (6.8)	177 (93.2)	NE (NE, NE)	1.590 (0.800, 3.157)	0.1816		
Unfavorable	19	2 (10.5)	17 (89.5)	NE (3.2, NE)	27	6 (22.2)	21 (77.8)	NE (NE, NE)	0.436 (0.088, 2.163)	0.2977		
Unknown	38	5 (13.2)	33 (86.8)	NE (26.5, NE)	31	2 (6.5)	29 (93.5)	NE (NE, NE)	2.049 (0.396, 10.596)	0.3821		

N: number of subjects in analysis set; n: number of subjects in subgroup category; %: proportion of number of subjects in n; CI: confidence interval; NE: not estimable. PT: Preferred Term, SOC: System Organ Class.

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[b] Hazard ratio is from unstratified Cox proportional hazards model with treatment as the only categorical variable in the model. Confidence limits are based on the Wald test.

[c] Two-sided p-value from unstratified log-rank test.

[d] Two-sided interaction p-value is for the interaction term from unstratified Cox proportional hazards model with treatment, subgroup, and treatment-by-subgroup interaction as categorical variables in the model. The p-value is based on the Wald test.

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SOC: Vascular disorders; PT: Any PT

		Quizartinib (N=265)				Placebo (N=268)				Quizartinib vs Placebo		Interaction
Subgroup	n	No. of subjects with events (%)	No. of subjects censored (%)	Median (95 % CI) (months) [a]	n	No. of subjects with events (%)	No. of subjects censored (%)	Median (95 % CI) (months) [a]	Hazard Ratio (95 % CI) [b]	Unstratified log-rank p-value [c]	P-value [d]	
ECOG Performance Status at Baseline											0.4576	
0 - Fully Active	87	10 (11.5)	77 (88.5)	NE (NE, NE)	97	5 (5.2)	92 (94.8)	NE (NE, NE)	2.111 (0.719, 6.192)	0.1640		
1 - Restricted in Physically Strenuous Activity	133	16 (12.0)	117 (88.0)	NE (NE, NE)	134	14 (10.4)	120 (89.6)	NE (NE, NE)	1.131 (0.552, 2.319)	0.7342		
2 - Ambulatory and Capable of All Selfcare	45	4 (8.9)	41 (91.1)	NE (NE, NE)	36	4 (11.1)	32 (88.9)	NE (NE, NE)	0.803 (0.201, 3.213)	0.7634		

N: number of subjects in analysis set; n: number of subjects in subgroup category; %: proportion of number of subjects in n; CI: confidence interval; NE: not estimable. PT: Preferred Term, SOC: System Organ Class.

[a] Median time to first event is from Kaplan-Meier estimate. Confidence Interval for median was computed using the Brookmeyer-Crowley method.

[b] Hazard ratio is from unstratified Cox proportional hazards model with treatment as the only categorical variable in the model. Confidence limits are based on the Wald test.

[c] Two-sided p-value from unstratified log-rank test.

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SOC: Vascular disorders; PT: Any PT

		Quizartinib (N=265)					Placebo (N=268)					Quizartinib vs Placebo		Interaction
Subgroup	n	No. of subjects with events (%)	No. of subjects censored (%)	Median (95 % CI) (months) [a]	n	No. of subjects with events (%)	No. of subjects censored (%)	Median (95 % CI) (months) [a]	Hazard Ratio (95 % CI) [b]	Unstratified log-rank p-value [c]	P-value [d]			
FLT3-ITD category at Baseline													0.7546	
≥3 to ≤25%	94	12 (12.8)	82 (87.2)	NE (NE, NE)	98	10 (10.2)	88 (89.8)	NE (NE, NE)	1.310 (0.566, 3.032)	0.5265				
>25% to ≤50%	141	12 (8.5)	129 (91.5)	NE (NE, NE)	136	10 (7.4)	126 (92.6)	NE (NE, NE)	1.145 (0.494, 2.651)	0.7516				
>50%	29	6 (20.7)	23 (79.3)	NE (NE, NE)	34	3 (8.8)	31 (91.2)	NE (6.9, NE)	2.054 (0.511, 8.254)	0.3004				

N: number of subjects in analysis set; n: number of subjects in subgroup category; %: proportion of number of subjects in n; CI: confidence interval; NE: not estimable. PT: Preferred Term, SOC: System Organ Class.

[a] Median time to first event is from Kaplan-Meier estimate. Confidence Interval for median was computed using the Brookmeyer-Crowley method.

[b] Hazard ratio is from unstratified Cox proportional hazards model with treatment as the only categorical variable in the model. Confidence limits are based on the Wald test.

[c] Two-sided p-value from unstratified log-rank test.

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SOC: Vascular disorders; PT: Any PT

		Quizartinib (N=265)				Placebo (N=268)				Quizartinib vs Placebo		Interaction
Subgroup	n	No. of subjects with events (%)	No. of subjects censored (%)	Median (95 % CI) (months) [a]	n	No. of subjects with events (%)	No. of subjects censored (%)	Median (95 % CI) (months) [a]	Hazard Ratio (95 % CI) [b]	Unstratified log-rank p-value [c]	P-value [d]	
AML with Mutated NPM1											0.1733	
Yes	139	17 (12.2)	122 (87.8)	NE (NE, NE)	137	9 (6.6)	128 (93.4)	NE (NE, NE)	1.910 (0.851, 4.288)	0.1104		
No	116	13 (11.2)	103 (88.8)	NE (NE, NE)	120	14 (11.7)	106 (88.3)	NE (NE, NE)	0.873 (0.410, 1.860)	0.7276		

N: number of subjects in analysis set; n: number of subjects in subgroup category; %: proportion of number of subjects in n; CI: confidence interval; NE: not estimable. PT: Preferred Term, SOC: System Organ Class.

[a] Median time to first event is from Kaplan-Meier estimate. Confidence Interval for median was computed using the Brookmeyer-Crowley method.

[b] Hazard ratio is from unstratified Cox proportional hazards model with treatment as the only categorical variable in the model. Confidence limits are based on the Wald test.

[c] Two-sided p-value from unstratified log-rank test.

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SOC: Vascular disorders; PT: Any PT

		Quizartinib (N=265)				Placebo (N=268)				Quizartinib vs Placebo		Interaction
Subgroup	n	No. of subjects with events (%)	No. of subjects censored (%)	Median (95 % CI) (months) [a]	n	No. of subjects with events (%)	No. of subjects censored (%)	Median (95 % CI) (months) [a]	Hazard Ratio (95 % CI) [b]	Unstratified log-rank p-value [c]	P-value [d]	
Age by 2 categories											0.4289	
≤60	164	17 (10.4)	147 (89.6)	NE (NE, NE)	163	10 (6.1)	153 (93.9)	NE (NE, NE)	1.640 (0.750, 3.586)	0.2105		
>60	101	13 (12.9)	88 (87.1)	NE (NE, NE)	105	13 (12.4)	92 (87.6)	NE (NE, NE)	1.058 (0.490, 2.284)	0.8839		

N: number of subjects in analysis set; n: number of subjects in subgroup category; %: proportion of number of subjects in n; CI: confidence interval; NE: not estimable. PT: Preferred Term, SOC: System Organ Class.

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[c] Two-sided p-value from unstratified log-rank test.

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SOC: Vascular disorders; PT: Hypertension

		Quizartinib (N=265)				Placebo (N=268)				Quizartinib vs Placebo		Interaction
Subgroup	n	No. of subjects with events (%)	No. of subjects censored (%)	Median (95 % CI) (months) [a]	n	No. of subjects with events (%)	No. of subjects censored (%)	Median (95 % CI) (months) [a]	Hazard Ratio (95 % CI) [b]	Unstratified log-rank p-value [c]	P-value [d]	
Pooled Age Group 2											0.5076	
<60	159	7 (4.4)	152 (95.6)	NE (NE, NE)	160	6 (3.8)	154 (96.3)	NE (NE, NE)	1.081 (0.363, 3.226)	0.8881		
≥60 - <65	37	2 (5.4)	35 (94.6)	NE (NE, NE)	43	3 (7.0)	40 (93.0)	NE (NE, NE)	0.693 (0.115, 4.183)	0.6878		
≥65	69	4 (5.8)	65 (94.2)	NE (NE, NE)	65	9 (13.8)	56 (86.2)	NE (NE, NE)	0.427 (0.131, 1.388)	0.1450		

N: number of subjects in analysis set; n: number of subjects in subgroup category; %: proportion of number of subjects in n; CI: confidence interval; NE: not estimable. PT: Preferred Term, SOC: System Organ Class.

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SOC: Vascular disorders; PT: Hypertension

Subgroup	n	Quizartinib (N=265)				Placebo (N=268)				Quizartinib vs Placebo		Interaction
		No. of subjects with events (%)	No. of subjects censored (%)	Median (95 % CI) (months) [a]	n	No. of subjects with events (%)	No. of subjects censored (%)	Median (95 % CI) (months) [a]	n	Hazard Ratio (95 % CI) [b]	Unstratified log-rank p-value [c]	P-value [d]
Sex												0.9315
Male	124	7 (5.6)	117 (94.4)	NE (NE, NE)	120	9 (7.5)	111 (92.5)	NE (NE, NE)	120	0.697 (0.259, 1.875)	0.4720	
Female	141	6 (4.3)	135 (95.7)	NE (NE, NE)	148	9 (6.1)	139 (93.9)	NE (NE, NE)	148	0.683 (0.243, 1.919)	0.4664	

N: number of subjects in analysis set; n: number of subjects in subgroup category; %: proportion of number of subjects in n; CI: confidence interval; NE: not estimable. PT: Preferred Term, SOC: System Organ Class.

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Medizinischer Nutzen, medizinischer Zusatznutzen, Patientengruppen mit therap. bedeutsamem Zusatznutzen

Daichi Sankyo | Data Intelligence – Evidence Generation | Final | AC220-A-U302 QUANTUM-First (DCO 13 Aug 2021) | Statistical analyses for AMNOG (HTA Germany)
 Table 3.13.2 Severe Treatment-emergent adverse events (NCI CTCAE grade ≥3) by system organ class (SOC) and preferred term (PT) observed for ≥ 10 patients in at least one arm and ≥ 1% of the patients in at least one arm - Time-to-event analysis - subgroup analysis - DCO 13-Aug-2021 - Safety Analysis Set

SOC: Vascular disorders; PT: Hypertension

		Quizartinib (N=265)				Placebo (N=268)				Quizartinib vs Placebo		Interaction
Subgroup	n	No. of subjects with events (%)	No. of subjects censored (%)	Median (95 % CI) (months) [a]	n	No. of subjects with events (%)	No. of subjects censored (%)	Median (95 % CI) (months) [a]	Hazard Ratio (95 % CI) [b]	Unstratified log-rank p-value [c]	P-value [d]	
Race by 2 categories											0.4125	
White	157	9 (5.7)	148 (94.3)	NE (NE, NE)	161	10 (6.2)	151 (93.8)	NE (NE, NE)	0.887 (0.360, 2.186)	0.7937		
Non-white	108	4 (3.7)	104 (96.3)	NE (NE, NE)	107	8 (7.5)	99 (92.5)	NE (NE, NE)	0.472 (0.142, 1.570)	0.2106		

N: number of subjects in analysis set; n: number of subjects in subgroup category; %: proportion of number of subjects in n; CI: confidence interval; NE: not estimable. PT: Preferred Term, SOC: System Organ Class.

[a] Median time to first event is from Kaplan-Meier estimate. Confidence Interval for median was computed using the Brookmeyer-Crowley method.

[b] Hazard ratio is from unstratified Cox proportional hazards model with treatment as the only categorical variable in the model. Confidence limits are based on the Wald test.

[c] Two-sided p-value from unstratified log-rank test.

[d] Two-sided interaction p-value is for the interaction term from unstratified Cox proportional hazards model with treatment, subgroup, and treatment-by-subgroup interaction as categorical variables in the model. The p-value is based on the Wald test.

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SOC: Vascular disorders; PT: Hypertension

		Quizartinib (N=265)					Placebo (N=268)					Quizartinib vs Placebo		Interaction
Subgroup	n	No. of subjects with events (%)	No. of subjects censored (%)	Median (95 % CI) (months) [a]	n	No. of subjects with events (%)	No. of subjects censored (%)	Median (95 % CI) (months) [a]	Hazard Ratio (95 % CI) [b]	Unstratified log-rank p-value [c]	P-value [d]			
Geographic Region 1													0.9775	
North America	16	0	16 (100)	NE (NE, NE)	18	2 (11.1)	16 (88.9)	NE (NE, NE)	0.000 (0.000, NE)	0.2416				
Europe	161	11 (6.8)	150 (93.2)	NE (NE, NE)	161	13 (8.1)	148 (91.9)	NE (NE, NE)	0.804 (0.360, 1.796)	0.5944				
Asia/Other Regions	88	2 (2.3)	86 (97.7)	NE (NE, NE)	89	3 (3.4)	86 (96.6)	NE (NE, NE)	0.608 (0.101, 3.651)	0.5829				

N: number of subjects in analysis set; n: number of subjects in subgroup category; %: proportion of number of subjects in n; CI: confidence interval; NE: not estimable. PT: Preferred Term, SOC: System Organ Class.

[a] Median time to first event is from Kaplan-Meier estimate. Confidence Interval for median was computed using the Brookmeyer-Crowley method.

[b] Hazard ratio is from unstratified Cox proportional hazards model with treatment as the only categorical variable in the model. Confidence limits are based on the Wald test.

[c] Two-sided p-value from unstratified log-rank test.

[d] Two-sided interaction p-value is for the interaction term from unstratified Cox proportional hazards model with treatment, subgroup, and treatment-by-subgroup interaction as categorical variables in the model. The p-value is based on the Wald test.

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SOC: Vascular disorders; PT: Hypertension

		Quizartinib (N=265)				Placebo (N=268)				Quizartinib vs Placebo		Interaction
Subgroup	n	No. of subjects with events (%)	No. of subjects censored (%)	Median (95 % CI) (months) [a]	n	No. of subjects with events (%)	No. of subjects censored (%)	Median (95 % CI) (months) [a]	Hazard Ratio (95 % CI) [b]	Unstratified log-rank p-value [c]	P-value [d]	
WBC at initial diagnosis											0.3072	
< 40x10 ⁹ /L	132	7 (5.3)	125 (94.7)	NE (NE, NE)	133	7 (5.3)	126 (94.7)	NE (NE, NE)	1.034 (0.363, 2.949)	0.9474		
≥ 40x10 ⁹ /L	133	6 (4.5)	127 (95.5)	NE (NE, NE)	135	11 (8.1)	124 (91.9)	NE (NE, NE)	0.464 (0.171, 1.261)	0.1234		

N: number of subjects in analysis set; n: number of subjects in subgroup category; %: proportion of number of subjects in n; CI: confidence interval; NE: not estimable. PT: Preferred Term, SOC: System Organ Class.

[a] Median time to first event is from Kaplan-Meier estimate. Confidence Interval for median was computed using the Brookmeyer-Crowley method.

[b] Hazard ratio is from unstratified Cox proportional hazards model with treatment as the only categorical variable in the model. Confidence limits are based on the Wald test.

[c] Two-sided p-value from unstratified log-rank test.

[d] Two-sided interaction p-value is for the interaction term from unstratified Cox proportional hazards model with treatment, subgroup, and treatment-by-subgroup interaction as categorical variables in the model. The p-value is based on the Wald test.

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SOC: Vascular disorders; PT: Hypertension

		Quizartinib (N=265)					Placebo (N=268)					Quizartinib vs Placebo		Interaction
Subgroup	n	No. of subjects with events (%)	No. of subjects censored (%)	Median (95 % CI) (months) [a]	n	No. of subjects with events (%)	No. of subjects censored (%)	Median (95 % CI) (months) [a]	Hazard Ratio (95 % CI) [b]	Unstratified log-rank p-value [c]	p-	P-value [d]		
Choice of Anthracycline													0.2256	
Daunorubicin	123	8 (6.5)	115 (93.5)	NE (NE, NE)	94	5 (5.3)	89 (94.7)	NE (NE, NE)	1.125 (0.367, 3.443)	0.8369				
Idarubicin	142	5 (3.5)	137 (96.5)	NE (NE, NE)	171	13 (7.6)	158 (92.4)	NE (NE, NE)	0.448 (0.160, 1.257)	0.1175				

N: number of subjects in analysis set; n: number of subjects in subgroup category; %: proportion of number of subjects in n; CI: confidence interval; NE: not estimable. PT: Preferred Term, SOC: System Organ Class.

[a] Median time to first event is from Kaplan-Meier estimate. Confidence Interval for median was computed using the Brookmeyer-Crowley method.

[b] Hazard ratio is from unstratified Cox proportional hazards model with treatment as the only categorical variable in the model. Confidence limits are based on the Wald test.

[c] Two-sided p-value from unstratified log-rank test.

[d] Two-sided interaction p-value is for the interaction term from unstratified Cox proportional hazards model with treatment, subgroup, and treatment-by-subgroup interaction as categorical variables in the model. The p-value is based on the Wald test.

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SOC: Vascular disorders; PT: Hypertension

		Quizartinib (N=265)				Placebo (N=268)				Quizartinib vs Placebo		Interaction
Subgroup	n	No. of subjects with events (%)	No. of subjects censored (%)	Median (95 % CI) (months) [a]	n	No. of subjects with events (%)	No. of subjects censored (%)	Median (95 % CI) (months) [a]	Hazard Ratio (95 % CI) [b]	Unstratified log-rank p-value [c]	P-value [d]	
AML Cytogenetic Risk Score											0.9343	
Favorable	13	0	13 (100)	NE (NE, NE)	19	2 (10.5)	17 (89.5)	NE (9.8, NE)	0.000 (0.000, NE)	0.3520		
Intermediate	195	9 (4.6)	186 (95.4)	NE (NE, NE)	190	9 (4.7)	181 (95.3)	NE (NE, NE)	0.901 (0.357, 2.272)	0.8253		
Unfavorable	19	2 (10.5)	17 (89.5)	NE (3.2, NE)	27	5 (18.5)	22 (81.5)	NE (NE, NE)	0.529 (0.102, 2.729)	0.4389		
Unknown	38	2 (5.3)	36 (94.7)	NE (NE, NE)	31	2 (6.5)	29 (93.5)	NE (NE, NE)	0.836 (0.118, 5.933)	0.8573		

N: number of subjects in analysis set; n: number of subjects in subgroup category; %: proportion of number of subjects in n; CI: confidence interval; NE: not estimable. PT: Preferred Term, SOC: System Organ Class.

[a] Median time to first event is from Kaplan-Meier estimate. Confidence Interval for median was computed using the Brookmeyer-Crowley method.

[b] Hazard ratio is from unstratified Cox proportional hazards model with treatment as the only categorical variable in the model. Confidence limits are based on the Wald test.

[c] Two-sided p-value from unstratified log-rank test.

[d] Two-sided interaction p-value is for the interaction term from unstratified Cox proportional hazards model with treatment, subgroup, and treatment-by-subgroup interaction as categorical variables in the model. The p-value is based on the Wald test.

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SOC: Vascular disorders; PT: Hypertension

		Quizartinib (N=265)					Placebo (N=268)					Quizartinib vs Placebo		Interaction
Subgroup	n	No. of subjects with events (%)	No. of subjects censored (%)	Median (95 % CI) (months) [a]	n	No. of subjects with events (%)	No. of subjects censored (%)	Median (95 % CI) (months) [a]	n	Hazard Ratio (95 % CI) [b]	Unstratified log-rank p-value [c]	P-value [d]		
ECOG Performance Status at Baseline												0.4507		
0 - Fully Active	87	5 (5.7)	82 (94.3)	NE (NE, NE)	97	4 (4.1)	93 (95.9)	NE (NE, NE)	97	1.301 (0.349, 4.854)	0.6940			
1 - Restricted in Physically Strenuous Activity	133	6 (4.5)	127 (95.5)	NE (NE, NE)	134	12 (9.0)	122 (91.0)	NE (NE, NE)	134	0.475 (0.178, 1.268)	0.1288			
2 - Ambulatory and Capable of All Selfcare	45	2 (4.4)	43 (95.6)	NE (NE, NE)	36	2 (5.6)	34 (94.4)	NE (NE, NE)	36	0.825 (0.116, 5.861)	0.8525			

N: number of subjects in analysis set; n: number of subjects in subgroup category; %: proportion of number of subjects in n; CI: confidence interval; NE: not estimable. PT: Preferred Term, SOC: System Organ Class.

[a] Median time to first event is from Kaplan-Meier estimate. Confidence Interval for median was computed using the Brookmeyer-Crowley method.

[b] Hazard ratio is from unstratified Cox proportional hazards model with treatment as the only categorical variable in the model. Confidence limits are based on the Wald test.

[c] Two-sided p-value from unstratified log-rank test.

[d] Two-sided interaction p-value is for the interaction term from unstratified Cox proportional hazards model with treatment, subgroup, and treatment-by-subgroup interaction as categorical variables in the model. The p-value is based on the Wald test.

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SOC: Vascular disorders; PT: Hypertension

		Quizartinib (N=265)					Placebo (N=268)					Quizartinib vs Placebo		Interaction
Subgroup	n	No. of subjects with events (%)	No. of subjects censored (%)	Median (95 % CI) (months) [a]	n	No. of subjects with events (%)	No. of subjects censored (%)	Median (95 % CI) (months) [a]	Hazard Ratio (95 % CI) [b]	Unstratified log-rank p-value [c]	P-value [d]			
FLT3-ITD category at Baseline													0.8008	
≥3 to ≤25%	94	6 (6.4)	88 (93.6)	NE (NE, NE)	98	8 (8.2)	90 (91.8)	NE (NE, NE)	0.793 (0.275, 2.286)	0.6668				
>25% to ≤50%	141	4 (2.8)	137 (97.2)	NE (NE, NE)	136	7 (5.1)	129 (94.9)	NE (NE, NE)	0.535 (0.157, 1.830)	0.3112				
>50%	29	3 (10.3)	26 (89.7)	NE (NE, NE)	34	3 (8.8)	31 (91.2)	NE (6.9, NE)	0.922 (0.184, 4.617)	0.9210				

N: number of subjects in analysis set; n: number of subjects in subgroup category; %: proportion of number of subjects in n; CI: confidence interval; NE: not estimable. PT: Preferred Term, SOC: System Organ Class.

[a] Median time to first event is from Kaplan-Meier estimate. Confidence Interval for median was computed using the Brookmeyer-Crowley method.

[b] Hazard ratio is from unstratified Cox proportional hazards model with treatment as the only categorical variable in the model. Confidence limits are based on the Wald test.

[c] Two-sided p-value from unstratified log-rank test.

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SOC: Vascular disorders; PT: Hypertension

		Quizartinib (N=265)					Placebo (N=268)					Quizartinib vs Placebo		Interaction
Subgroup	n	No. of subjects with events (%)	No. of subjects censored (%)	Median (95 % CI) (months) [a]	n	No. of subjects with events (%)	No. of subjects censored (%)	Median (95 % CI) (months) [a]	Hazard Ratio (95 % CI) [b]	Unstratified log-rank p-value [c]	P-value [d]			
AML with Mutated NPM1														0.1939
Yes	139	8 (5.8)	131 (94.2)	NE (NE, NE)	137	7 (5.1)	130 (94.9)	NE (NE, NE)	1.106 (0.401, 3.053)	0.8444				
No	116	5 (4.3)	111 (95.7)	NE (NE, NE)	120	11 (9.2)	109 (90.8)	NE (NE, NE)	0.419 (0.146, 1.209)	0.0973				

N: number of subjects in analysis set; n: number of subjects in subgroup category; %: proportion of number of subjects in n; CI: confidence interval; NE: not estimable. PT: Preferred Term, SOC: System Organ Class.

[a] Median time to first event is from Kaplan-Meier estimate. Confidence Interval for median was computed using the Brookmeyer-Crowley method.

[b] Hazard ratio is from unstratified Cox proportional hazards model with treatment as the only categorical variable in the model. Confidence limits are based on the Wald test.

[c] Two-sided p-value from unstratified log-rank test.

[d] Two-sided interaction p-value is for the interaction term from unstratified Cox proportional hazards model with treatment, subgroup, and treatment-by-subgroup interaction as categorical variables in the model. The p-value is based on the Wald test.

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SOC: Vascular disorders; PT: Hypertension

		Quizartinib (N=265)				Placebo (N=268)				Quizartinib vs Placebo		Interaction
Subgroup	n	No. of subjects with events (%)	No. of subjects censored (%)	Median (95 % CI) (months) [a]	n	No. of subjects with events (%)	No. of subjects censored (%)	Median (95 % CI) (months) [a]	Hazard Ratio (95 % CI) [b]	Unstratified log-rank p-value [c]	P-value [d]	
Age by 2 categories											0.3160	
≤60	164	7 (4.3)	157 (95.7)	NE (NE, NE)	163	6 (3.7)	157 (96.3)	NE (NE, NE)	1.062 (0.356, 3.170)	0.9133		
>60	101	6 (5.9)	95 (94.1)	NE (NE, NE)	105	12 (11.4)	93 (88.6)	NE (NE, NE)	0.511 (0.192, 1.363)	0.1721		

N: number of subjects in analysis set; n: number of subjects in subgroup category; %: proportion of number of subjects in n; CI: confidence interval; NE: not estimable. PT: Preferred Term, SOC: System Organ Class.

[a] Median time to first event is from Kaplan-Meier estimate. Confidence Interval for median was computed using the Brookmeyer-Crowley method.

[b] Hazard ratio is from unstratified Cox proportional hazards model with treatment as the only categorical variable in the model. Confidence limits are based on the Wald test.

[c] Two-sided p-value from unstratified log-rank test.

[d] Two-sided interaction p-value is for the interaction term from unstratified Cox proportional hazards model with treatment, subgroup, and treatment-by-subgroup interaction as categorical variables in the model. The p-value is based on the Wald test.

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SOC: General disorders and administration site conditions; PT: Any PT

Subgroup	n	Quizartinib (N=265)				Placebo (N=268)				Quizartinib vs Placebo		Interaction
		No. of subjects with events (%)	No. of subjects censored (%)	Median (95 % CI) (months) [a]	n	No. of subjects with events (%)	No. of subjects censored (%)	Median (95 % CI) (months) [a]	n	Hazard Ratio (95 % CI) [b]	Unstratified log-rank p-value [c]	P-value [d]
Pooled Age Group 2											0.1135	
<60	159	12 (7.5)	147 (92.5)	NE (NE, NE)	160	10 (6.3)	150 (93.8)	NE (NE, NE)	160	1.121 (0.483, 2.600)	0.7900	
≥60 - <65	37	6 (16.2)	31 (83.8)	NE (NE, NE)	43	5 (11.6)	38 (88.4)	NE (9.9, NE)	43	1.255 (0.381, 4.138)	0.7079	
≥65	69	4 (5.8)	65 (94.2)	NE (NE, NE)	65	13 (20.0)	52 (80.0)	NE (16.6, NE)	65	0.296 (0.097, 0.909)	0.0238	

N: number of subjects in analysis set; n: number of subjects in subgroup category; %: proportion of number of subjects in n; CI: confidence interval; NE: not estimable. PT: Preferred Term, SOC: System Organ Class.

[a] Median time to first event is from Kaplan-Meier estimate. Confidence Interval for median was computed using the Brookmeyer-Crowley method.

[b] Hazard ratio is from unstratified Cox proportional hazards model with treatment as the only categorical variable in the model. Confidence limits are based on the Wald test.

[c] Two-sided p-value from unstratified log-rank test.

[d] Two-sided interaction p-value is for the interaction term from unstratified Cox proportional hazards model with treatment, subgroup, and treatment-by-subgroup interaction as categorical variables in the model. The p-value is based on the Wald test.

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Medizinischer Nutzen, medizinischer Zusatznutzen, Patientengruppen mit therap. bedeutsamem Zusatznutzen

Daiichi Sankyo | Data Intelligence – Evidence Generation | Final | AC220-A-U302 QUANTUM-First (DCO 13 Aug 2021) | Statistical analyses for AMNOG (HTA Germany)
 Table 3.13.2 Severe Treatment-emergent adverse events (NCI CTCAE grade ≥3) by system organ class (SOC) and preferred term (PT) observed for ≥ 10 patients in at least one arm and ≥ 1% of the patients in at least one arm - Time-to-event analysis - subgroup analysis - DCO 13-Aug-2021 - Safety Analysis Set

SOC: General disorders and administration site conditions; PT: Any PT

		Quizartinib (N=265)				Placebo (N=268)				Quizartinib vs Placebo		Interaction
Subgroup	n	No. of subjects with events (%)	No. of subjects censored (%)	Median (95 % CI) (months) [a]	n	No. of subjects with events (%)	No. of subjects censored (%)	Median (95 % CI) (months) [a]	Hazard Ratio (95 % CI) [b]	Unstratified log-rank p-value [c]	P-value [d]	
Sex											0.8336	
Male	124	13 (10.5)	111 (89.5)	NE (NE, NE)	120	15 (12.5)	105 (87.5)	NE (NE, NE)	0.772 (0.367, 1.625)	0.4934		
Female	141	9 (6.4)	132 (93.6)	NE (NE, NE)	148	13 (8.8)	135 (91.2)	NE (NE, NE)	0.688 (0.294, 1.611)	0.3866		

N: number of subjects in analysis set; n: number of subjects in subgroup category; %: proportion of number of subjects in n; CI: confidence interval; NE: not estimable. PT: Preferred Term, SOC: System Organ Class.

[a] Median time to first event is from Kaplan-Meier estimate. Confidence Interval for median was computed using the Brookmeyer-Crowley method.

[b] Hazard ratio is from unstratified Cox proportional hazards model with treatment as the only categorical variable in the model. Confidence limits are based on the Wald test.

[c] Two-sided p-value from unstratified log-rank test.

[d] Two-sided interaction p-value is for the interaction term from unstratified Cox proportional hazards model with treatment, subgroup, and treatment-by-subgroup interaction as categorical variables in the model. The p-value is based on the Wald test.

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SOC: General disorders and administration site conditions; PT: Any PT

		Quizartinib (N=265)				Placebo (N=268)				Quizartinib vs Placebo		Interaction
Subgroup	n	No. of subjects with events (%)	No. of subjects censored (%)	Median (95 % CI) (months) [a]	n	No. of subjects with events (%)	No. of subjects censored (%)	Median (95 % CI) (months) [a]	Hazard Ratio (95 % CI) [b]	Unstratified log-rank p-value [c]	P-value [d]	
Race by 2 categories											0.7883	
White	157	14 (8.9)	143 (91.1)	NE (NE, NE)	161	19 (11.8)	142 (88.2)	NE (NE, NE)	0.721 (0.361, 1.439)	0.3509		
Non-white	108	8 (7.4)	100 (92.6)	NE (NE, NE)	107	9 (8.4)	98 (91.6)	NE (NE, NE)	0.786 (0.302, 2.041)	0.6199		

N: number of subjects in analysis set; n: number of subjects in subgroup category; %: proportion of number of subjects in n; CI: confidence interval; NE: not estimable. PT: Preferred Term, SOC: System Organ Class.

[a] Median time to first event is from Kaplan-Meier estimate. Confidence Interval for median was computed using the Brookmeyer-Crowley method.

[b] Hazard ratio is from unstratified Cox proportional hazards model with treatment as the only categorical variable in the model. Confidence limits are based on the Wald test.

[c] Two-sided p-value from unstratified log-rank test.

[d] Two-sided interaction p-value is for the interaction term from unstratified Cox proportional hazards model with treatment, subgroup, and treatment-by-subgroup interaction as categorical variables in the model. The p-value is based on the Wald test.

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SOC: General disorders and administration site conditions; PT: Any PT

		Quizartinib (N=265)					Placebo (N=268)					Quizartinib vs Placebo		Interaction
Subgroup	n	No. of subjects with events (%)	No. of subjects censored (%)	Median (95 % CI) (months) [a]	n	No. of subjects with events (%)	No. of subjects censored (%)	Median (95 % CI) (months) [a]	Hazard Ratio (95 % CI) [b]	Unstratified log-rank p-value [c]	P-value [d]			
Geographic Region 1													0.5480	
North America	16	0	16 (100)	NE (NE, NE)	18	1 (5.6)	17 (94.4)	NE (NE, NE)	0.000 (0.000, NE)	0.3458				
Europe	161	16 (9.9)	145 (90.1)	NE (NE, NE)	161	23 (14.3)	138 (85.7)	NE (NE, NE)	0.648 (0.342, 1.228)	0.1802				
Asia/Other Regions	88	6 (6.8)	82 (93.2)	NE (NE, NE)	89	4 (4.5)	85 (95.5)	NE (NE, NE)	1.277 (0.359, 4.546)	0.7056				

N: number of subjects in analysis set; n: number of subjects in subgroup category; %: proportion of number of subjects in n; CI: confidence interval; NE: not estimable. PT: Preferred Term, SOC: System Organ Class.

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[b] Hazard ratio is from unstratified Cox proportional hazards model with treatment as the only categorical variable in the model. Confidence limits are based on the Wald test.

[c] Two-sided p-value from unstratified log-rank test.

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SOC: General disorders and administration site conditions; PT: Any PT

Subgroup	n	Quizartinib (N=265)				Placebo (N=268)				Quizartinib vs Placebo		Interaction
		No. of subjects with events (%)	No. of subjects censored (%)	Median (95 % CI) [a]	n	No. of subjects with events (%)	No. of subjects censored (%)	Median (95 % CI) [a]	n	Hazard Ratio (95 % CI) [b]	Unstratified log-rank p-value [c]	P-value [d]
WBC at initial diagnosis												0.3910
< 40x10 ⁹ /L	132	9 (6.8)	123 (93.2)	NE (NE, NE)	133	16 (12.0)	117 (88.0)	NE (NE, NE)	133	0.578 (0.255, 1.309)	0.1836	
≥ 40x10 ⁹ /L	133	13 (9.8)	120 (90.2)	NE (NE, NE)	135	12 (8.9)	123 (91.1)	NE (NE, NE)	135	0.947 (0.431, 2.083)	0.8934	

N: number of subjects in analysis set; n: number of subjects in subgroup category; %: proportion of number of subjects in n; CI: confidence interval; NE: not estimable. PT: Preferred Term, SOC: System Organ Class.

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SOC: General disorders and administration site conditions; PT: Any PT

		Quizartinib (N=265)				Placebo (N=268)				Quizartinib vs Placebo		Interaction
Subgroup	n	No. of subjects with events (%)	No. of subjects censored (%)	Median (95 % CI) (months) [a]	n	No. of subjects with events (%)	No. of subjects censored (%)	Median (95 % CI) (months) [a]	Hazard Ratio (95 % CI) [b]	Unstratified log-rank p-value [c]	P-value [d]	
Choice of Anthracycline											0.8565	
Daunorubicin	123	9 (7.3)	114 (92.7)	NE (NE, NE)	94	9 (9.6)	85 (90.4)	NE (NE, NE)	0.719 (0.285, 1.814)	0.4831		
Idarubicin	142	13 (9.2)	129 (90.8)	NE (NE, NE)	171	19 (11.1)	152 (88.9)	NE (NE, NE)	0.765 (0.377, 1.552)	0.4574		

N: number of subjects in analysis set; n: number of subjects in subgroup category; %: proportion of number of subjects in n; CI: confidence interval; NE: not estimable. PT: Preferred Term, SOC: System Organ Class.

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[c] Two-sided p-value from unstratified log-rank test.

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SOC: General disorders and administration site conditions; PT: Any PT

		Quizartinib (N=265)				Placebo (N=268)				Quizartinib vs Placebo		Interaction
Subgroup	n	No. of subjects with events (%)	No. of subjects censored (%)	Median (95 % CI) (months) [a]	n	No. of subjects with events (%)	No. of subjects censored (%)	Median (95 % CI) (months) [a]	Hazard Ratio (95 % CI) [b]	Unstratified log-rank p-value [c]	P-value [d]	
AML Cytogenetic Risk Score											0.9981	
Favorable	13	0	13 (100)	NE (NE, NE)	19	0	19 (100)	NE (NE, NE)	NE (NE, NE)	NE		
Intermediate	195	17 (8.7)	178 (91.3)	NE (NE, NE)	190	21 (11.1)	169 (88.9)	NE (NE, NE)	0.716 (0.377, 1.360)	0.3057		
Unfavorable	19	1 (5.3)	18 (94.7)	NE (NE, NE)	27	2 (7.4)	25 (92.6)	NE (NE, NE)	0.745 (0.068, 8.217)	0.8094		
Unknown	38	4 (10.5)	34 (89.5)	NE (NE, NE)	31	5 (16.1)	26 (83.9)	NE (16.6, NE)	0.540 (0.144, 2.031)	0.3546		

N: number of subjects in analysis set; n: number of subjects in subgroup category; %: proportion of number of subjects in n; CI: confidence interval; NE: not estimable. PT: Preferred Term, SOC: System Organ Class.

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[b] Hazard ratio is from unstratified Cox proportional hazards model with treatment as the only categorical variable in the model. Confidence limits are based on the Wald test.

[c] Two-sided p-value from unstratified log-rank test.

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SOC: General disorders and administration site conditions; PT: Any PT

		Quizartinib (N=265)					Placebo (N=268)					Quizartinib vs Placebo		Interaction
Subgroup	n	No. of subjects with events (%)	No. of subjects censored (%)	Median (95 % CI) (months) [a]	n	No. of subjects with events (%)	No. of subjects censored (%)	Median (95 % CI) (months) [a]	n	Hazard Ratio (95 % CI) [b]	Unstratified log-rank p-value [c]	P-value [d]		
ECOG Performance Status at Baseline												0.1058		
0 - Fully Active	87	11 (12.6)	76 (87.4)	NE (NE, NE)	97	9 (9.3)	88 (90.7)	NE (NE, NE)	97	1.352 (0.560, 3.262)	0.5021			
1 - Restricted in Physically Strenuous Activity	133	10 (7.5)	123 (92.5)	NE (NE, NE)	134	13 (9.7)	121 (90.3)	NE (NE, NE)	134	0.702 (0.307, 1.603)	0.3982			
2 - Ambulatory and Capable of All Selfcare	45	1 (2.2)	44 (97.8)	NE (NE, NE)	36	6 (16.7)	30 (83.3)	NE (8.3, NE)	36	0.099 (0.012, 0.833)	0.0091			

N: number of subjects in analysis set; n: number of subjects in subgroup category; %: proportion of number of subjects in n; CI: confidence interval; NE: not estimable. PT: Preferred Term, SOC: System Organ Class.

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SOC: General disorders and administration site conditions; PT: Any PT

		Quizartinib (N=265)					Placebo (N=268)					Quizartinib vs Placebo		Interaction
Subgroup	n	No. of subjects with events (%)	No. of subjects censored (%)	Median (95 % CI) (months) [a]	n	No. of subjects with events (%)	No. of subjects censored (%)	Median (95 % CI) (months) [a]	n	Hazard Ratio (95 % CI) [b]	Unstratified log-rank p-value [c]	P-value [d]		
FLT3-ITD category at Baseline												0.5029		
≥3 to ≤25%	94	8 (8.5)	86 (91.5)	NE (NE, NE)	98	7 (7.1)	91 (92.9)	NE (NE, NE)	98	1.227 (0.445, 3.383)	0.6924			
>25% to ≤50%	141	9 (6.4)	132 (93.6)	NE (NE, NE)	136	14 (10.3)	122 (89.7)	NE (NE, NE)	122	0.536 (0.231, 1.243)	0.1403			
>50%	29	5 (17.2)	24 (82.8)	NE (NE, NE)	34	7 (20.6)	27 (79.4)	NE (NE, NE)	27	0.729 (0.231, 2.304)	0.5919			

N: number of subjects in analysis set; n: number of subjects in subgroup category; %: proportion of number of subjects in n; CI: confidence interval; NE: not estimable. PT: Preferred Term, SOC: System Organ Class.

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SOC: General disorders and administration site conditions; PT: Any PT

Subgroup	n	Quizartinib (N=265)				Placebo (N=268)				Quizartinib vs Placebo		Interaction
		No. of subjects with events (%)	No. of subjects censored (%)	Median (95 % CI) (months) [a]	n	No. of subjects with events (%)	No. of subjects censored (%)	Median (95 % CI) (months) [a]	n	Hazard Ratio (95 % CI) [b]	Unstratified log-rank p-value [c]	P-value [d]
AML with Mutated NPM1											0.9531	
Yes	139	14 (10.1)	125 (89.9)	NE (NE, NE)	137	18 (13.1)	119 (86.9)	NE (NE, NE)	137	0.723 (0.359, 1.456)	0.3617	
No	116	8 (6.9)	108 (93.1)	NE (NE, NE)	120	10 (8.3)	110 (91.7)	NE (NE, NE)	120	0.752 (0.296, 1.907)	0.5454	

N: number of subjects in analysis set; n: number of subjects in subgroup category; %: proportion of number of subjects in n; CI: confidence interval; NE: not estimable. PT: Preferred Term, SOC: System Organ Class.

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SOC: General disorders and administration site conditions; PT: Any PT

		Quizartinib (N=265)				Placebo (N=268)				Quizartinib vs Placebo		Interaction
Subgroup	n	No. of subjects with events (%)	No. of subjects censored (%)	Median (95 % CI) (months) [a]	n	No. of subjects with events (%)	No. of subjects censored (%)	Median (95 % CI) (months) [a]	Hazard Ratio (95 % CI) [b]	Unstratified log-rank p-value [c]	P-value [d]	
Age by 2 categories											0.2906	
≤60	164	12 (7.3)	152 (92.7)	NE (NE, NE)	163	10 (6.1)	153 (93.9)	NE (NE, NE)	1.101 (0.475, 2.555)	0.8220		
>60	101	10 (9.9)	91 (90.1)	NE (NE, NE)	105	18 (17.1)	87 (82.9)	NE (NE, NE)	0.580 (0.267, 1.256)	0.1615		

N: number of subjects in analysis set; n: number of subjects in subgroup category; %: proportion of number of subjects in n; CI: confidence interval; NE: not estimable. PT: Preferred Term, SOC: System Organ Class.

[a] Median time to first event is from Kaplan-Meier estimate. Confidence Interval for median was computed using the Brookmeyer-Crowley method.

[b] Hazard ratio is from unstratified Cox proportional hazards model with treatment as the only categorical variable in the model. Confidence limits are based on the Wald test.

[c] Two-sided p-value from unstratified log-rank test.

[d] Two-sided interaction p-value is for the interaction term from unstratified Cox proportional hazards model with treatment, subgroup, and treatment-by-subgroup interaction as categorical variables in the model. The p-value is based on the Wald test.

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Medizinischer Nutzen, medizinischer Zusatznutzen, Patientengruppen mit therap. bedeutsamem Zusatznutzen

Daiichi Sankyo | Data Intelligence – Evidence Generation | Final | AC220-A-U302 QUANTUM-First (DCO 13 Aug 2021) | Statistical analyses for AMNOG (HTA Germany)
 Table 3.13.2 Severe Treatment-emergent adverse events (NCI CTCAE grade ≥3) by system organ class (SOC) and preferred term (PT) observed for ≥ 10 patients in at least one arm and ≥ 1% of the patients in at least one arm - Time-to-event analysis - subgroup analysis - DCO 13-Aug-2021 - Safety Analysis Set

SOC: General disorders and administration site conditions; PT: Pyrexia

Subgroup	n	Quizartinib (N=265)				Placebo (N=268)				Quizartinib vs Placebo		Interaction
		No. of subjects with events (%)	No. of subjects censored (%)	Median (95 % CI) (months) [a]	n	No. of subjects with events (%)	No. of subjects censored (%)	Median (95 % CI) (months) [a]	n	Hazard Ratio (95 % CI) [b]	Unstratified log-rank p-value [c]	P-value [d]
Pooled Age Group 2											0.0883	
<60	159	7 (4.4)	152 (95.6)	NE (NE, NE)	160	3 (1.9)	157 (98.1)	NE (NE, NE)	160	2.242 (0.579, 8.685)	0.2299	
≥60 - <65	37	3 (8.1)	34 (91.9)	NE (NE, NE)	43	2 (4.7)	41 (95.3)	NE (NE, NE)	43	1.530 (0.253, 9.237)	0.6408	
≥65	69	2 (2.9)	67 (97.1)	NE (NE, NE)	65	8 (12.3)	57 (87.7)	NE (NE, NE)	65	0.248 (0.053, 1.169)	0.0563	

N: number of subjects in analysis set; n: number of subjects in subgroup category; %: proportion of number of subjects in n; CI: confidence interval; NE: not estimable. PT: Preferred Term, SOC: System Organ Class.

[a] Median time to first event is from Kaplan-Meier estimate. Confidence Interval for median was computed using the Brookmeyer-Crowley method.

[b] Hazard ratio is from unstratified Cox proportional hazards model with treatment as the only categorical variable in the model. Confidence limits are based on the Wald test.

[c] Two-sided p-value from unstratified log-rank test.

[d] Two-sided interaction p-value is for the interaction term from unstratified Cox proportional hazards model with treatment, subgroup, and treatment-by-subgroup interaction as categorical variables in the model. The p-value is based on the Wald test.

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SOC: General disorders and administration site conditions; PT: Pyrexia

Subgroup	n	Quizartinib (N=265)				Placebo (N=268)				Quizartinib vs Placebo		Interaction
		No. of subjects with events (%)	No. of subjects censored (%)	Median (95 % CI) (months) [a]	n	No. of subjects with events (%)	No. of subjects censored (%)	Median (95 % CI) (months) [a]	n	Hazard Ratio (95 % CI) [b]	Unstratified log-rank p-value [c]	P-value [d]
Sex												0.4614
Male	124	6 (4.8)	118 (95.2)	NE (NE, NE)	120	8 (6.7)	112 (93.3)	NE (NE, NE)	120	0.669 (0.231, 1.933)	0.4544	
Female	141	6 (4.3)	135 (95.7)	NE (NE, NE)	148	5 (3.4)	143 (96.6)	NE (NE, NE)	148	1.252 (0.382, 4.105)	0.7095	

N: number of subjects in analysis set; n: number of subjects in subgroup category; %: proportion of number of subjects in n; CI: confidence interval; NE: not estimable. PT: Preferred Term, SOC: System Organ Class.

[a] Median time to first event is from Kaplan-Meier estimate. Confidence Interval for median was computed using the Brookmeyer-Crowley method.

[b] Hazard ratio is from unstratified Cox proportional hazards model with treatment as the only categorical variable in the model. Confidence limits are based on the Wald test.

[c] Two-sided p-value from unstratified log-rank test.

[d] Two-sided interaction p-value is for the interaction term from unstratified Cox proportional hazards model with treatment, subgroup, and treatment-by-subgroup interaction as categorical variables in the model. The p-value is based on the Wald test.

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SOC: General disorders and administration site conditions; PT: Pyrexia

		Quizartinib (N=265)				Placebo (N=268)				Quizartinib vs Placebo		Interaction
Subgroup	n	No. of subjects with events (%)	No. of subjects censored (%)	Median (95 % CI) (months) [a]	n	No. of subjects with events (%)	No. of subjects censored (%)	Median (95 % CI) (months) [a]	Hazard Ratio (95 % CI) [b]	Unstratified log-rank p-value [c]	P-value [d]	
Race by 2 categories											0.9229	
White	157	9 (5.7)	148 (94.3)	NE (NE, NE)	161	10 (6.2)	151 (93.8)	NE (NE, NE)	0.888 (0.361, 2.189)	0.7969		
Non-white	108	3 (2.8)	105 (97.2)	NE (NE, NE)	107	3 (2.8)	104 (97.2)	NE (NE, NE)	0.951 (0.192, 4.720)	0.9509		

N: number of subjects in analysis set; n: number of subjects in subgroup category; %: proportion of number of subjects in n; CI: confidence interval; NE: not estimable. PT: Preferred Term, SOC: System Organ Class.

[a] Median time to first event is from Kaplan-Meier estimate. Confidence Interval for median was computed using the Brookmeyer-Crowley method.

[b] Hazard ratio is from unstratified Cox proportional hazards model with treatment as the only categorical variable in the model. Confidence limits are based on the Wald test.

[c] Two-sided p-value from unstratified log-rank test.

[d] Two-sided interaction p-value is for the interaction term from unstratified Cox proportional hazards model with treatment, subgroup, and treatment-by-subgroup interaction as categorical variables in the model. The p-value is based on the Wald test.

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SOC: General disorders and administration site conditions; PT: Pyrexia

		Quizartinib (N=265)					Placebo (N=268)					Quizartinib vs Placebo		Interaction
Subgroup	n	No. of subjects with events (%)	No. of subjects censored (%)	Median (95 % CI) (months) [a]	n	No. of subjects with events (%)	No. of subjects censored (%)	Median (95 % CI) (months) [a]	Hazard Ratio (95 % CI) [b]	Unstratified log-rank p-value [c]	P-value [d]			
Geographic Region 1													0.9934	
North America	16	0	16 (100)	NE (NE, NE)	18	0	18 (100)	NE (NE, NE)	NE (NE, NE)	NE				
Europe	161	10 (6.2)	151 (93.8)	NE (NE, NE)	161	11 (6.8)	150 (93.2)	NE (NE, NE)	0.866 (0.367, 2.042)	0.7425				
Asia/Other Regions	88	2 (2.3)	86 (97.7)	NE (NE, NE)	89	2 (2.2)	87 (97.8)	NE (NE, NE)	0.905 (0.127, 6.464)	0.9210				

N: number of subjects in analysis set; n: number of subjects in subgroup category; %: proportion of number of subjects in n; CI: confidence interval; NE: not estimable. PT: Preferred Term, SOC: System Organ Class.

[a] Median time to first event is from Kaplan-Meier estimate. Confidence Interval for median was computed using the Brookmeyer-Crowley method.

[b] Hazard ratio is from unstratified Cox proportional hazards model with treatment as the only categorical variable in the model. Confidence limits are based on the Wald test.

[c] Two-sided p-value from unstratified log-rank test.

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SOC: General disorders and administration site conditions; PT: Pyrexia

Subgroup	n	Quizartinib (N=265)				Placebo (N=268)				Quizartinib vs Placebo		Interaction
		No. of subjects with events (%)	No. of subjects censored (%)	Median (95 % CI) (months) [a]	n	No. of subjects with events (%)	No. of subjects censored (%)	Median (95 % CI) (months) [a]	n	Hazard Ratio (95 % CI) [b]	Unstratified log-rank p-value [c]	P-value [d]
WBC at initial diagnosis											0.6790	
< 40x10 ⁹ /L	132	6 (4.5)	126 (95.5)	NE (NE, NE)	133	8 (6.0)	125 (94.0)	NE (NE, NE)	133	0.798 (0.277, 2.302)	0.6760	
≥ 40x10 ⁹ /L	133	6 (4.5)	127 (95.5)	NE (NE, NE)	135	5 (3.7)	130 (96.3)	NE (NE, NE)	135	1.074 (0.326, 3.536)	0.9063	

N: number of subjects in analysis set; n: number of subjects in subgroup category; %: proportion of number of subjects in n; CI: confidence interval; NE: not estimable. PT: Preferred Term, SOC: System Organ Class.

[a] Median time to first event is from Kaplan-Meier estimate. Confidence Interval for median was computed using the Brookmeyer-Crowley method.

[b] Hazard ratio is from unstratified Cox proportional hazards model with treatment as the only categorical variable in the model. Confidence limits are based on the Wald test.

[c] Two-sided p-value from unstratified log-rank test.

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SOC: General disorders and administration site conditions; PT: Pyrexia

		Quizartinib (N=265)				Placebo (N=268)				Quizartinib vs Placebo		Interaction
Subgroup	n	No. of subjects with events (%)	No. of subjects censored (%)	Median (95 % CI) (months) [a]	n	No. of subjects with events (%)	No. of subjects censored (%)	Median (95 % CI) (months) [a]	Hazard Ratio (95 % CI) [b]	Unstratified log-rank p-value [c]	P-value [d]	
Choice of Anthracycline											0.9817	
Daunorubicin	123	4 (3.3)	119 (96.7)	NE (NE, NE)	94	3 (3.2)	91 (96.8)	NE (NE, NE)	0.944 (0.211, 4.230)	0.9405		
Idarubicin	142	8 (5.6)	134 (94.4)	NE (NE, NE)	171	10 (5.8)	161 (94.2)	NE (NE, NE)	0.951 (0.375, 2.413)	0.9158		

N: number of subjects in analysis set; n: number of subjects in subgroup category; %: proportion of number of subjects in n; CI: confidence interval; NE: not estimable. PT: Preferred Term, SOC: System Organ Class.

[a] Median time to first event is from Kaplan-Meier estimate. Confidence Interval for median was computed using the Brookmeyer-Crowley method.

[b] Hazard ratio is from unstratified Cox proportional hazards model with treatment as the only categorical variable in the model. Confidence limits are based on the Wald test.

[c] Two-sided p-value from unstratified log-rank test.

[d] Two-sided interaction p-value is for the interaction term from unstratified Cox proportional hazards model with treatment, subgroup, and treatment-by-subgroup interaction as categorical variables in the model. The p-value is based on the Wald test.

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SOC: General disorders and administration site conditions; PT: Pyrexia

Subgroup	n	Quizartinib (N=265)				Placebo (N=268)				Quizartinib vs Placebo		Interaction
		No. of subjects with events (%)	No. of subjects censored (%)	Median (95 % CI) [a]	n	No. of subjects with events (%)	No. of subjects censored (%)	Median (95 % CI) [a]	n	Hazard Ratio (95 % CI) [b]	Unstratified log-rank p-value [c]	P-value [d]
AML Cytogenetic Risk Score											0.9439	
Favorable	13	0	13 (100)	NE (NE, NE)	19	0	19 (100)	NE (NE, NE)	19	NE (NE, NE)	NE	
Intermediate	195	9 (4.6)	186 (95.4)	NE (NE, NE)	190	9 (4.7)	181 (95.3)	NE (NE, NE)	190	0.911 (0.361, 2.299)	0.8441	
Unfavorable	19	1 (5.3)	18 (94.7)	NE (NE, NE)	27	1 (3.7)	26 (96.3)	NE (NE, NE)	27	1.531 (0.096, 24.479)	0.7616	
Unknown	38	2 (5.3)	36 (94.7)	NE (NE, NE)	31	3 (9.7)	28 (90.3)	NE (16.6, NE)	31	0.527 (0.088, 3.166)	0.4762	

N: number of subjects in analysis set; n: number of subjects in subgroup category; %: proportion of number of subjects in n; CI: confidence interval; NE: not estimable. PT: Preferred Term, SOC: System Organ Class.

[a] Median time to first event is from Kaplan-Meier estimate. Confidence Interval for median was computed using the Brookmeyer-Crowley method.

[b] Hazard ratio is from unstratified Cox proportional hazards model with treatment as the only categorical variable in the model. Confidence limits are based on the Wald test.

[c] Two-sided p-value from unstratified log-rank test.

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		Quizartinib (N=265)					Placebo (N=268)					Quizartinib vs Placebo		Interaction
Subgroup	n	No. of subjects with events (%)	No. of subjects censored (%)	Median (95 % CI) (months) [a]	n	No. of subjects with events (%)	No. of subjects censored (%)	Median (95 % CI) (months) [a]	Hazard Ratio (95 % CI) [b]	Unstratified log-rank p-value [c]	P-value [d]			
ECOG Performance Status at Baseline													0.8325	
0 - Fully Active	87	7 (8.0)	80 (92.0)	NE (NE, NE)	97	7 (7.2)	90 (92.8)	NE (NE, NE)	1.096 (0.384, 3.126)	0.8639				
1 - Restricted in Physically Strenuous Activity	133	4 (3.0)	129 (97.0)	NE (NE, NE)	134	6 (4.5)	128 (95.5)	NE (NE, NE)	0.634 (0.179, 2.249)	0.4764				
2 - Ambulatory and Capable of All Selfcare	45	1 (2.2)	44 (97.8)	NE (NE, NE)	36	0	36 (100)	NE (NE, NE)	NE (0.000, NE)	0.5083				

N: number of subjects in analysis set; n: number of subjects in subgroup category; %: proportion of number of subjects in n; CI: confidence interval; NE: not estimable. PT: Preferred Term, SOC: System Organ Class.

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[c] Two-sided p-value from unstratified log-rank test.

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SOC: General disorders and administration site conditions; PT: Pyrexia

		Quizartinib (N=265)					Placebo (N=268)					Quizartinib vs Placebo		Interaction
Subgroup	n	No. of subjects with events (%)	No. of subjects censored (%)	Median (95 % CI) (months) [a]	n	No. of subjects with events (%)	No. of subjects censored (%)	Median (95 % CI) (months) [a]	Hazard Ratio (95 % CI) [b]	Unstratified log-rank p-value [c]	P-value [d]			
FLT3-ITD category at Baseline													0.5237	
≥3 to ≤25%	94	5 (5.3)	89 (94.7)	NE (NE, NE)	98	3 (3.1)	95 (96.9)	NE (NE, NE)	1.766 (0.422, 7.391)	0.4299				
>25% to ≤50%	141	4 (2.8)	137 (97.2)	NE (NE, NE)	136	6 (4.4)	130 (95.6)	NE (NE, NE)	0.612 (0.172, 2.175)	0.4431				
>50%	29	3 (10.3)	26 (89.7)	NE (NE, NE)	34	4 (11.8)	30 (88.2)	NE (NE, NE)	0.809 (0.180, 3.624)	0.7809				

N: number of subjects in analysis set; n: number of subjects in subgroup category; %: proportion of number of subjects in n; CI: confidence interval; NE: not estimable. PT: Preferred Term, SOC: System Organ Class.

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Medizinischer Nutzen, medizinischer Zusatznutzen, Patientengruppen mit therap. bedeutsamem Zusatznutzen

Daiichi Sankyo | Data Intelligence – Evidence Generation | Final | AC220-A-U302 QUANTUM-First (DCO 13 Aug 2021) | Statistical analyses for AMNOG (HTA Germany)
 Table 3.13.2 Severe Treatment-emergent adverse events (NCI CTCAE grade ≥3) by system organ class (SOC) and preferred term (PT) observed for ≥ 10 patients in at least one arm and ≥ 1% of the patients in at least one arm - Time-to-event analysis - subgroup analysis - DCO 13-Aug-2021 - Safety Analysis Set

SOC: General disorders and administration site conditions; PT: Pyrexia

Subgroup	n	Quizartinib (N=265)				Placebo (N=268)				Quizartinib vs Placebo		Interaction
		No. of subjects with events (%)	No. of subjects censored (%)	Median (95 % CI) (months) [a]	n	No. of subjects with events (%)	No. of subjects censored (%)	Median (95 % CI) (months) [a]	n	Hazard Ratio (95 % CI) [b]	Unstratified log-rank p-value [c]	P-value [d]
AML with Mutated NPM1											0.5780	
Yes	139	7 (5.0)	132 (95.0)	NE (NE, NE)	137	9 (6.6)	128 (93.4)	NE (NE, NE)	137	0.753 (0.280, 2.024)	0.5720	
No	116	5 (4.3)	111 (95.7)	NE (NE, NE)	120	4 (3.3)	116 (96.7)	NE (NE, NE)	120	1.207 (0.324, 4.503)	0.7785	

N: number of subjects in analysis set; n: number of subjects in subgroup category; %: proportion of number of subjects in n; CI: confidence interval; NE: not estimable. PT: Preferred Term, SOC: System Organ Class.

[a] Median time to first event is from Kaplan-Meier estimate. Confidence Interval for median was computed using the Brookmeyer-Crowley method.

[b] Hazard ratio is from unstratified Cox proportional hazards model with treatment as the only categorical variable in the model. Confidence limits are based on the Wald test.

[c] Two-sided p-value from unstratified log-rank test.

[d] Two-sided interaction p-value is for the interaction term from unstratified Cox proportional hazards model with treatment, subgroup, and treatment-by-subgroup interaction as categorical variables in the model. The p-value is based on the Wald test.

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SOC: General disorders and administration site conditions; PT: Pyrexia

		Quizartinib (N=265)				Placebo (N=268)				Quizartinib vs Placebo		Interaction
Subgroup	n	No. of subjects with events (%)	No. of subjects censored (%)	Median (95 % CI) (months) [a]	n	No. of subjects with events (%)	No. of subjects censored (%)	Median (95 % CI) (months) [a]	Hazard Ratio (95 % CI) [b]	Unstratified log-rank p-value [c]	P-value [d]	
Age by 2 categories											0.1069	
≤60	164	7 (4.3)	157 (95.7)	NE (NE, NE)	163	3 (1.8)	160 (98.2)	NE (NE, NE)	2.204 (0.569, 8.537)	0.2405		
>60	101	5 (5.0)	96 (95.0)	NE (NE, NE)	105	10 (9.5)	95 (90.5)	NE (NE, NE)	0.535 (0.183, 1.566)	0.2458		

N: number of subjects in analysis set; n: number of subjects in subgroup category; %: proportion of number of subjects in n; CI: confidence interval; NE: not estimable. PT: Preferred Term, SOC: System Organ Class.

[a] Median time to first event is from Kaplan-Meier estimate. Confidence Interval for median was computed using the Brookmeyer-Crowley method.

[b] Hazard ratio is from unstratified Cox proportional hazards model with treatment as the only categorical variable in the model. Confidence limits are based on the Wald test.

[c] Two-sided p-value from unstratified log-rank test.

[d] Two-sided interaction p-value is for the interaction term from unstratified Cox proportional hazards model with treatment, subgroup, and treatment-by-subgroup interaction as categorical variables in the model. The p-value is based on the Wald test.

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SOC: Respiratory, thoracic and mediastinal disorders; PT: Any PT

		Quizartinib (N=265)				Placebo (N=268)				Quizartinib vs Placebo		Interaction
Subgroup	n	No. of subjects with events (%)	No. of subjects censored (%)	Median (95 % CI) (months) [a]	n	No. of subjects with events (%)	No. of subjects censored (%)	Median (95 % CI) (months) [a]	Hazard Ratio (95 % CI) [b]	Unstratified log-rank p-value [c]	P-value [d]	
Pooled Age Group 2											0.6659	
<60	159	10 (6.3)	149 (93.7)	NE (NE, NE)	160	8 (5.0)	152 (95.0)	NE (NE, NE)	1.173 (0.462, 2.979)	0.7376		
≥60 - <65	37	3 (8.1)	34 (91.9)	NE (NE, NE)	43	6 (14.0)	37 (86.0)	NE (20.2, NE)	0.542 (0.135, 2.173)	0.3799		
≥65	69	7 (10.1)	62 (89.9)	NE (NE, NE)	65	8 (12.3)	57 (87.7)	NE (NE, NE)	0.847 (0.307, 2.337)	0.7478		

N: number of subjects in analysis set; n: number of subjects in subgroup category; %: proportion of number of subjects in n; CI: confidence interval; NE: not estimable. PT: Preferred Term, SOC: System Organ Class.

[a] Median time to first event is from Kaplan-Meier estimate. Confidence Interval for median was computed using the Brookmeyer-Crowley method.

[b] Hazard ratio is from unstratified Cox proportional hazards model with treatment as the only categorical variable in the model. Confidence limits are based on the Wald test.

[c] Two-sided p-value from unstratified log-rank test.

[d] Two-sided interaction p-value is for the interaction term from unstratified Cox proportional hazards model with treatment, subgroup, and treatment-by-subgroup interaction as categorical variables in the model. The p-value is based on the Wald test.

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SOC: Respiratory, thoracic and mediastinal disorders; PT: Any PT

		Quizartinib (N=265)				Placebo (N=268)				Quizartinib vs Placebo		Interaction
Subgroup	n	No. of subjects with events (%)	No. of subjects censored (%)	Median (95 % CI) (months) [a]	n	No. of subjects with events (%)	No. of subjects censored (%)	Median (95 % CI) (months) [a]	Hazard Ratio (95 % CI) [b]	Unstratified log-rank p-value [c]	P-value [d]	
Sex											0.6374	
Male	124	12 (9.7)	112 (90.3)	NE (NE, NE)	120	11 (9.2)	109 (90.8)	NE (NE, NE)	0.981 (0.432, 2.228)	0.9626		
Female	141	8 (5.7)	133 (94.3)	NE (NE, NE)	148	11 (7.4)	137 (92.6)	NE (NE, NE)	0.738 (0.297, 1.837)	0.5120		

N: number of subjects in analysis set; n: number of subjects in subgroup category; %: proportion of number of subjects in n; CI: confidence interval; NE: not estimable. PT: Preferred Term, SOC: System Organ Class.

[a] Median time to first event is from Kaplan-Meier estimate. Confidence Interval for median was computed using the Brookmeyer-Crowley method.

[b] Hazard ratio is from unstratified Cox proportional hazards model with treatment as the only categorical variable in the model. Confidence limits are based on the Wald test.

[c] Two-sided p-value from unstratified log-rank test.

[d] Two-sided interaction p-value is for the interaction term from unstratified Cox proportional hazards model with treatment, subgroup, and treatment-by-subgroup interaction as categorical variables in the model. The p-value is based on the Wald test.

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SOC: Respiratory, thoracic and mediastinal disorders; PT: Any PT

		Quizartinib (N=265)				Placebo (N=268)				Quizartinib vs Placebo		Interaction
Subgroup	n	No. of subjects with events (%)	No. of subjects censored (%)	Median (95 % CI) (months) [a]	n	No. of subjects with events (%)	No. of subjects censored (%)	Median (95 % CI) (months) [a]	Hazard Ratio (95 % CI) [b]	Unstratified log-rank p-value [c]	P-value [d]	
Race by 2 categories											0.2398	
White	157	11 (7.0)	146 (93.0)	NE (NE, NE)	161	16 (9.9)	145 (90.1)	NE (NE, NE)	0.654 (0.303, 1.412)	0.2764		
Non-white	108	9 (8.3)	99 (91.7)	NE (NE, NE)	107	6 (5.6)	101 (94.4)	NE (NE, NE)	1.432 (0.509, 4.026)	0.4947		

N: number of subjects in analysis set; n: number of subjects in subgroup category; %: proportion of number of subjects in n; CI: confidence interval; NE: not estimable. PT: Preferred Term, SOC: System Organ Class.

[a] Median time to first event is from Kaplan-Meier estimate. Confidence Interval for median was computed using the Brookmeyer-Crowley method.

[b] Hazard ratio is from unstratified Cox proportional hazards model with treatment as the only categorical variable in the model. Confidence limits are based on the Wald test.

[c] Two-sided p-value from unstratified log-rank test.

[d] Two-sided interaction p-value is for the interaction term from unstratified Cox proportional hazards model with treatment, subgroup, and treatment-by-subgroup interaction as categorical variables in the model. The p-value is based on the Wald test.

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SOC: Respiratory, thoracic and mediastinal disorders; PT: Any PT

		Quizartinib (N=265)					Placebo (N=268)					Quizartinib vs Placebo		Interaction
Subgroup	n	No. of subjects with events (%)	No. of subjects censored (%)	Median (95 % CI) (months) [a]	n	No. of subjects with events (%)	No. of subjects censored (%)	Median (95 % CI) (months) [a]	CI	Hazard Ratio (95 % CI) [b]	Unstratified log-rank p-value [c]	P-value [d]		
Geographic Region 1												0.6699		
North America	16	1 (6.3)	15 (93.8)	NE (1.8, NE)	18	2 (11.1)	16 (88.9)	NE (10.2, NE)		0.806 (0.071, 9.101)	0.8612			
Europe	161	13 (8.1)	148 (91.9)	NE (NE, NE)	161	16 (9.9)	145 (90.1)	NE (NE, NE)		0.760 (0.365, 1.583)	0.4616			
Asia/Other Regions	88	6 (6.8)	82 (93.2)	NE (NE, NE)	89	4 (4.5)	85 (95.5)	NE (NE, NE)		1.438 (0.405, 5.107)	0.5724			

N: number of subjects in analysis set; n: number of subjects in subgroup category; %: proportion of number of subjects in n; CI: confidence interval; NE: not estimable. PT: Preferred Term, SOC: System Organ Class.

[a] Median time to first event is from Kaplan-Meier estimate. Confidence Interval for median was computed using the Brookmeyer-Crowley method.

[b] Hazard ratio is from unstratified Cox proportional hazards model with treatment as the only categorical variable in the model. Confidence limits are based on the Wald test.

[c] Two-sided p-value from unstratified log-rank test.

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SOC: Respiratory, thoracic and mediastinal disorders; PT: Any PT

Subgroup	n	Quizartinib (N=265)				Placebo (N=268)				Quizartinib vs Placebo		Interaction
		No. of subjects with events (%)	No. of subjects censored (%)	Median (95 % CI) [a]	n	No. of subjects with events (%)	No. of subjects censored (%)	Median (95 % CI) [a]	n	Hazard Ratio (95 % CI) [b]	Unstratified log-rank p-value [c]	P-value [d]
WBC at initial diagnosis											0.4282	
< 40x10 ⁹ /L	132	8 (6.1)	124 (93.9)	NE (NE, NE)	133	12 (9.0)	121 (91.0)	NE (NE, NE)	133	0.676 (0.276, 1.654)	0.3883	
≥ 40x10 ⁹ /L	133	12 (9.0)	121 (91.0)	NE (NE, NE)	135	10 (7.4)	125 (92.6)	NE (NE, NE)	135	1.088 (0.468, 2.528)	0.8438	

N: number of subjects in analysis set; n: number of subjects in subgroup category; %: proportion of number of subjects in n; CI: confidence interval; NE: not estimable. PT: Preferred Term, SOC: System Organ Class.

[a] Median time to first event is from Kaplan-Meier estimate. Confidence Interval for median was computed using the Brookmeyer-Crowley method.

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[c] Two-sided p-value from unstratified log-rank test.

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SOC: Respiratory, thoracic and mediastinal disorders; PT: Any PT

		Quizartinib (N=265)				Placebo (N=268)				Quizartinib vs Placebo		Interaction
Subgroup	n	No. of subjects with events (%)	No. of subjects censored (%)	Median (95 % CI) (months) [a]	n	No. of subjects with events (%)	No. of subjects censored (%)	Median (95 % CI) (months) [a]	Hazard Ratio (95 % CI) [b]	Unstratified log-rank p-value [c]	P-value [d]	
Choice of Anthracycline											0.5667	
Daunorubicin	123	11 (8.9)	112 (91.1)	NE (NE, NE)	94	11 (11.7)	83 (88.3)	NE (NE, NE)	0.714 (0.309, 1.649)	0.4280		
Idarubicin	142	9 (6.3)	133 (93.7)	NE (NE, NE)	171	10 (5.8)	161 (94.2)	NE (NE, NE)	1.036 (0.420, 2.553)	0.9394		

N: number of subjects in analysis set; n: number of subjects in subgroup category; %: proportion of number of subjects in n; CI: confidence interval; NE: not estimable. PT: Preferred Term, SOC: System Organ Class.

[a] Median time to first event is from Kaplan-Meier estimate. Confidence Interval for median was computed using the Brookmeyer-Crowley method.

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SOC: Respiratory, thoracic and mediastinal disorders; PT: Any PT

		Quizartinib (N=265)					Placebo (N=268)					Quizartinib vs Placebo		Interaction
Subgroup	n	No. of subjects with events (%)	No. of subjects censored (%)	Median (95 % CI) (months) [a]	n	No. of subjects with events (%)	No. of subjects censored (%)	Median (95 % CI) (months) [a]	n	Hazard Ratio (95 % CI) [b]	Unstratified log-rank p-value [c]	P-value [d]		
AML Cytogenetic Risk Score												0.4557		
Favorable	13	0	13 (100)	NE (NE, NE)	19	2 (10.5)	17 (89.5)	NE (NE, NE)	19	0.000 (0.000, NE)	0.3035			
Intermediate	195	12 (6.2)	183 (93.8)	NE (NE, NE)	190	16 (8.4)	174 (91.6)	NE (NE, NE)	190	0.663 (0.313, 1.405)	0.2803			
Unfavorable	19	3 (15.8)	16 (84.2)	NE (NE, NE)	27	2 (7.4)	25 (92.6)	NE (NE, NE)	27	2.437 (0.407, 14.595)	0.3133			
Unknown	38	5 (13.2)	33 (86.8)	NE (NE, NE)	31	2 (6.5)	29 (93.5)	NE (NE, NE)	31	2.032 (0.393, 10.500)	0.3878			

N: number of subjects in analysis set; n: number of subjects in subgroup category; %: proportion of number of subjects in n; CI: confidence interval; NE: not estimable. PT: Preferred Term, SOC: System Organ Class.

[a] Median time to first event is from Kaplan-Meier estimate. Confidence Interval for median was computed using the Brookmeyer-Crowley method.

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[c] Two-sided p-value from unstratified log-rank test.

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SOC: Respiratory, thoracic and mediastinal disorders; PT: Any PT

		Quizartinib (N=265)					Placebo (N=268)					Quizartinib vs Placebo		Interaction
Subgroup	n	No. of subjects with events (%)	No. of subjects censored (%)	Median (95 % CI) (months) [a]	n	No. of subjects with events (%)	No. of subjects censored (%)	Median (95 % CI) (months) [a]	Hazard Ratio (95 % CI) [b]	Unstratified log-rank p-value [c]	P-value [d]			
ECOG Performance Status at Baseline												0.4767		
0 - Fully Active	87	7 (8.0)	80 (92.0)	NE (NE, NE)	97	5 (5.2)	92 (94.8)	NE (NE, NE)	1.508 (0.478, 4.753)	0.4804				
1 - Restricted in Physically Strenuous Activity	133	8 (6.0)	125 (94.0)	NE (NE, NE)	134	12 (9.0)	122 (91.0)	NE (NE, NE)	0.635 (0.259, 1.554)	0.3156				
2 - Ambulatory and Capable of All Selfcare	45	5 (11.1)	40 (88.9)	NE (NE, NE)	36	5 (13.9)	31 (86.1)	NE (13.4, NE)	0.760 (0.217, 2.662)	0.6664				

N: number of subjects in analysis set; n: number of subjects in subgroup category; %: proportion of number of subjects in n; CI: confidence interval; NE: not estimable. PT: Preferred Term, SOC: System Organ Class.

[a] Median time to first event is from Kaplan-Meier estimate. Confidence Interval for median was computed using the Brookmeyer-Crowley method.

[b] Hazard ratio is from unstratified Cox proportional hazards model with treatment as the only categorical variable in the model. Confidence limits are based on the Wald test.

[c] Two-sided p-value from unstratified log-rank test.

[d] Two-sided interaction p-value is for the interaction term from unstratified Cox proportional hazards model with treatment, subgroup, and treatment-by-subgroup interaction as categorical variables in the model. The p-value is based on the Wald test.

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Medizinischer Nutzen, medizinischer Zusatznutzen, Patientengruppen mit therap. bedeutsamem Zusatznutzen

Daichi Sankyo | Data Intelligence – Evidence Generation | Final | AC220-A-U302 QUANTUM-First (DCO 13 Aug 2021) | Statistical analyses for AMNOG (HTA Germany)
 Table 3.13.2 Severe Treatment-emergent adverse events (NCI CTCAE grade ≥3) by system organ class (SOC) and preferred term (PT) observed for ≥ 10 patients in at least one arm and ≥ 1% of the patients in at least one arm - Time-to-event analysis - subgroup analysis - DCO 13-Aug-2021 - Safety Analysis Set

SOC: Respiratory, thoracic and mediastinal disorders; PT: Any PT

		Quizartinib (N=265)					Placebo (N=268)					Quizartinib vs Placebo		Interaction
Subgroup	n	No. of subjects with events (%)	No. of subjects censored (%)	Median (95 % CI) (months) [a]	n	No. of subjects with events (%)	No. of subjects censored (%)	Median (95 % CI) (months) [a]	n	Hazard Ratio (95 % CI) [b]	Unstratified log-rank p-value [c]	P-value [d]		
FLT3-ITD category at Baseline												0.8224		
≥3 to ≤25%	94	5 (5.3)	89 (94.7)	NE (NE, NE)	98	7 (7.1)	91 (92.9)	NE (NE, NE)	98	0.740 (0.235, 2.334)	0.6063			
>25% to ≤50%	141	15 (10.6)	126 (89.4)	NE (NE, NE)	136	12 (8.8)	124 (91.2)	NE (NE, NE)	136	1.166 (0.545, 2.493)	0.6930			
>50%	29	0	29 (100)	NE (NE, NE)	34	3 (8.8)	31 (91.2)	NE (NE, NE)	34	0.000 (0.000, NE)	0.0719			

N: number of subjects in analysis set; n: number of subjects in subgroup category; %: proportion of number of subjects in n; CI: confidence interval; NE: not estimable. PT: Preferred Term, SOC: System Organ Class.

[a] Median time to first event is from Kaplan-Meier estimate. Confidence Interval for median was computed using the Brookmeyer-Crowley method.

[b] Hazard ratio is from unstratified Cox proportional hazards model with treatment as the only categorical variable in the model. Confidence limits are based on the Wald test.

[c] Two-sided p-value from unstratified log-rank test.

[d] Two-sided interaction p-value is for the interaction term from unstratified Cox proportional hazards model with treatment, subgroup, and treatment-by-subgroup interaction as categorical variables in the model. The p-value is based on the Wald test.

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SOC: Respiratory, thoracic and mediastinal disorders; PT: Any PT

Subgroup	n	Quizartinib (N=265)				Placebo (N=268)				Quizartinib vs Placebo		Interaction
		No. of subjects with events (%)	No. of subjects censored (%)	Median (95 % CI) (months) [a]	n	No. of subjects with events (%)	No. of subjects censored (%)	Median (95 % CI) (months) [a]	n	Hazard Ratio (95 % CI) [b]	Unstratified log-rank p-value [c]	P-value [d]
AML with Mutated NPM1											0.1456	
Yes	139	8 (5.8)	131 (94.2)	NE (NE, NE)	137	14 (10.2)	123 (89.8)	NE (NE, NE)	137	0.532 (0.223, 1.271)	0.1486	
No	116	10 (8.6)	106 (91.4)	NE (NE, NE)	120	7 (5.8)	113 (94.2)	NE (NE, NE)	120	1.385 (0.527, 3.641)	0.5070	

N: number of subjects in analysis set; n: number of subjects in subgroup category; %: proportion of number of subjects in n; CI: confidence interval; NE: not estimable. PT: Preferred Term, SOC: System Organ Class.

[a] Median time to first event is from Kaplan-Meier estimate. Confidence Interval for median was computed using the Brookmeyer-Crowley method.

[b] Hazard ratio is from unstratified Cox proportional hazards model with treatment as the only categorical variable in the model. Confidence limits are based on the Wald test.

[c] Two-sided p-value from unstratified log-rank test.

[d] Two-sided interaction p-value is for the interaction term from unstratified Cox proportional hazards model with treatment, subgroup, and treatment-by-subgroup interaction as categorical variables in the model. The p-value is based on the Wald test.

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SOC: Respiratory, thoracic and mediastinal disorders; PT: Any PT

		Quizartinib (N=265)				Placebo (N=268)				Quizartinib vs Placebo		Interaction
Subgroup	n	No. of subjects with events (%)	No. of subjects censored (%)	Median (95 % CI) (months) [a]	n	No. of subjects with events (%)	No. of subjects censored (%)	Median (95 % CI) (months) [a]	Hazard Ratio (95 % CI) [b]	Unstratified log-rank p-value [c]	P-value [d]	
Age by 2 categories											0.3224	
≤60	164	11 (6.7)	153 (93.3)	NE (NE, NE)	163	8 (4.9)	155 (95.1)	NE (NE, NE)	1.282 (0.514, 3.193)	0.5938		
>60	101	9 (8.9)	92 (91.1)	NE (NE, NE)	105	14 (13.3)	91 (86.7)	NE (NE, NE)	0.674 (0.292, 1.559)	0.3529		

N: number of subjects in analysis set; n: number of subjects in subgroup category; %: proportion of number of subjects in n; CI: confidence interval; NE: not estimable. PT: Preferred Term, SOC: System Organ Class.

[a] Median time to first event is from Kaplan-Meier estimate. Confidence Interval for median was computed using the Brookmeyer-Crowley method.

[b] Hazard ratio is from unstratified Cox proportional hazards model with treatment as the only categorical variable in the model. Confidence limits are based on the Wald test.

[c] Two-sided p-value from unstratified log-rank test.

[d] Two-sided interaction p-value is for the interaction term from unstratified Cox proportional hazards model with treatment, subgroup, and treatment-by-subgroup interaction as categorical variables in the model. The p-value is based on the Wald test.

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SOC: Skin and subcutaneous tissue disorders; PT: Any PT

		Quizartinib (N=265)				Placebo (N=268)				Quizartinib vs Placebo		Interaction
Subgroup	n	No. of subjects with events (%)	No. of subjects censored (%)	Median (95 % CI) (months) [a]	n	No. of subjects with events (%)	No. of subjects censored (%)	Median (95 % CI) (months) [a]	Hazard Ratio (95 % CI) [b]	Unstratified log-rank p-value [c]	P-value [d]	
Pooled Age Group 2											0.9235	
<60	159	10 (6.3)	149 (93.7)	NE (NE, NE)	160	9 (5.6)	151 (94.4)	NE (NE, NE)	1.082 (0.439, 2.666)	0.8637		
≥60 - <65	37	4 (10.8)	33 (89.2)	NE (14.8, NE)	43	5 (11.6)	38 (88.4)	NE (NE, NE)	0.848 (0.227, 3.163)	0.8084		
≥65	69	4 (5.8)	65 (94.2)	NE (NE, NE)	65	3 (4.6)	62 (95.4)	NE (NE, NE)	1.268 (0.284, 5.665)	0.7556		

N: number of subjects in analysis set; n: number of subjects in subgroup category; %: proportion of number of subjects in n; CI: confidence interval; NE: not estimable. PT: Preferred Term, SOC: System Organ Class.

[a] Median time to first event is from Kaplan-Meier estimate. Confidence Interval for median was computed using the Brookmeyer-Crowley method.

[b] Hazard ratio is from unstratified Cox proportional hazards model with treatment as the only categorical variable in the model. Confidence limits are based on the Wald test.

[c] Two-sided p-value from unstratified log-rank test.

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SOC: Skin and subcutaneous tissue disorders; PT: Any PT

		Quizartinib (N=265)				Placebo (N=268)				Quizartinib vs Placebo		Interaction
Subgroup	n	No. of subjects with events (%)	No. of subjects censored (%)	Median (95 % CI) (months) [a]	n	No. of subjects with events (%)	No. of subjects censored (%)	Median (95 % CI) (months) [a]	Hazard Ratio (95 % CI) [b]	Unstratified log-rank p-value [c]	P-value [d]	
Sex											0.8227	
Male	124	4 (3.2)	120 (96.8)	NE (NE, NE)	120	4 (3.3)	116 (96.7)	NE (NE, NE)	0.889 (0.222, 3.569)	0.8685		
Female	141	14 (9.9)	127 (90.1)	NE (NE, NE)	148	13 (8.8)	135 (91.2)	NE (NE, NE)	1.124 (0.528, 2.391)	0.7615		

N: number of subjects in analysis set; n: number of subjects in subgroup category; %: proportion of number of subjects in n; CI: confidence interval; NE: not estimable. PT: Preferred Term, SOC: System Organ Class.

[a] Median time to first event is from Kaplan-Meier estimate. Confidence Interval for median was computed using the Brookmeyer-Crowley method.

[b] Hazard ratio is from unstratified Cox proportional hazards model with treatment as the only categorical variable in the model. Confidence limits are based on the Wald test.

[c] Two-sided p-value from unstratified log-rank test.

[d] Two-sided interaction p-value is for the interaction term from unstratified Cox proportional hazards model with treatment, subgroup, and treatment-by-subgroup interaction as categorical variables in the model. The p-value is based on the Wald test.

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SOC: Skin and subcutaneous tissue disorders; PT: Any PT

		Quizartinib (N=265)				Placebo (N=268)				Quizartinib vs Placebo		Interaction
Subgroup	n	No. of subjects with events (%)	No. of subjects censored (%)	Median (95 % CI) (months) [a]	n	No. of subjects with events (%)	No. of subjects censored (%)	Median (95 % CI) (months) [a]	Hazard Ratio (95 % CI) [b]	Unstratified log-rank p-value [c]	P-value [d]	
Race by 2 categories											0.3877	
White	157	9 (5.7)	148 (94.3)	NE (NE, NE)	161	11 (6.8)	150 (93.2)	NE (NE, NE)	0.846 (0.351, 2.042)	0.7099		
Non-white	108	9 (8.3)	99 (91.7)	NE (NE, NE)	107	6 (5.6)	101 (94.4)	NE (NE, NE)	1.449 (0.515, 4.072)	0.4797		

N: number of subjects in analysis set; n: number of subjects in subgroup category; %: proportion of number of subjects in n; CI: confidence interval; NE: not estimable. PT: Preferred Term, SOC: System Organ Class.

[a] Median time to first event is from Kaplan-Meier estimate. Confidence Interval for median was computed using the Brookmeyer-Crowley method.

[b] Hazard ratio is from unstratified Cox proportional hazards model with treatment as the only categorical variable in the model. Confidence limits are based on the Wald test.

[c] Two-sided p-value from unstratified log-rank test.

[d] Two-sided interaction p-value is for the interaction term from unstratified Cox proportional hazards model with treatment, subgroup, and treatment-by-subgroup interaction as categorical variables in the model. The p-value is based on the Wald test.

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SOC: Skin and subcutaneous tissue disorders; PT: Any PT

		Quizartinib (N=265)					Placebo (N=268)					Quizartinib vs Placebo		Interaction
Subgroup	n	No. of subjects with events (%)	No. of subjects censored (%)	Median (95 % CI) (months) [a]	n	No. of subjects with events (%)	No. of subjects censored (%)	Median (95 % CI) (months) [a]	Hazard Ratio (95 % CI) [b]	Unstratified log-rank p-value [c]	P-value [d]			
Geographic Region 1													0.9986	
North America	16	0	16 (100)	NE (NE, NE)	18	4 (22.2)	14 (77.8)	NE (1.3, NE)	0.000 (0.000, NE)	0.0482				
Europe	161	11 (6.8)	150 (93.2)	NE (NE, NE)	161	8 (5.0)	153 (95.0)	NE (NE, NE)	1.383 (0.556, 3.439)	0.4825				
Asia/Other Regions	88	7 (8.0)	81 (92.0)	NE (NE, NE)	89	5 (5.6)	84 (94.4)	NE (NE, NE)	1.298 (0.411, 4.098)	0.6562				

N: number of subjects in analysis set; n: number of subjects in subgroup category; %: proportion of number of subjects in n; CI: confidence interval; NE: not estimable. PT: Preferred Term, SOC: System Organ Class.

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[b] Hazard ratio is from unstratified Cox proportional hazards model with treatment as the only categorical variable in the model. Confidence limits are based on the Wald test.

[c] Two-sided p-value from unstratified log-rank test.

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SOC: Skin and subcutaneous tissue disorders; PT: Any PT

Subgroup	n	Quizartinib (N=265)				Placebo (N=268)				Quizartinib vs Placebo		Interaction
		No. of subjects with events (%)	No. of subjects censored (%)	Median (95 % CI) [a]	n	No. of subjects with events (%)	No. of subjects censored (%)	Median (95 % CI) [a]	n	Hazard Ratio (95 % CI) [b]	Unstratified log-rank p-value [c]	P-value [d]
WBC at initial diagnosis											0.9427	
< 40x10 ⁹ /L	132	9 (6.8)	123 (93.2)	NE (NE, NE)	133	9 (6.8)	124 (93.2)	NE (NE, NE)	135	1.022 (0.406, 2.576)	0.9638	
≥ 40x10 ⁹ /L	133	9 (6.8)	124 (93.2)	NE (NE, NE)	135	8 (5.9)	127 (94.1)	NE (NE, NE)	135	1.037 (0.399, 2.696)	0.9412	

N: number of subjects in analysis set; n: number of subjects in subgroup category; %: proportion of number of subjects in n; CI: confidence interval; NE: not estimable. PT: Preferred Term, SOC: System Organ Class.

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[c] Two-sided p-value from unstratified log-rank test.

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SOC: Skin and subcutaneous tissue disorders; PT: Any PT

		Quizartinib (N=265)					Placebo (N=268)					Quizartinib vs Placebo		Interaction
Subgroup	n	No. of subjects with events (%)	No. of subjects censored (%)	Median (95 % CI) (months) [a]	n	No. of subjects with events (%)	No. of subjects censored (%)	Median (95 % CI) (months) [a]	Hazard Ratio (95 % CI) [b]	Unstratified log-rank p-value [c]	p-	P-value [d]		
Choice of Anthracycline													0.4081	
Daunorubicin	123	6 (4.9)	117 (95.1)	NE (NE, NE)	94	6 (6.4)	88 (93.6)	NE (NE, NE)	0.724 (0.233, 2.247)	0.5744				
Idarubicin	142	12 (8.5)	130 (91.5)	NE (NE, NE)	171	11 (6.4)	160 (93.6)	NE (NE, NE)	1.302 (0.574, 2.951)	0.5262				

N: number of subjects in analysis set; n: number of subjects in subgroup category; %: proportion of number of subjects in n; CI: confidence interval; NE: not estimable. PT: Preferred Term, SOC: System Organ Class.

[a] Median time to first event is from Kaplan-Meier estimate. Confidence Interval for median was computed using the Brookmeyer-Crowley method.

[b] Hazard ratio is from unstratified Cox proportional hazards model with treatment as the only categorical variable in the model. Confidence limits are based on the Wald test.

[c] Two-sided p-value from unstratified log-rank test.

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SOC: Skin and subcutaneous tissue disorders; PT: Any PT

		Quizartinib (N=265)					Placebo (N=268)					Quizartinib vs Placebo		Interaction
Subgroup	n	No. of subjects with events (%)	No. of subjects censored (%)	Median (95 % CI) (months) [a]	n	No. of subjects with events (%)	No. of subjects censored (%)	Median (95 % CI) (months) [a]	n	Hazard Ratio (95 % CI) [b]	Unstratified log-rank p-value [c]	P-value [d]		
AML Cytogenetic Risk Score												0.9993		
Favorable	13	0	13 (100)	NE (NE, NE)	19	1 (5.3)	18 (94.7)	NE (NE, NE)	19	0.000 (0.000, NE)	0.4268			
Intermediate	195	13 (6.7)	182 (93.3)	NE (NE, NE)	190	11 (5.8)	179 (94.2)	NE (NE, NE)	190	1.097 (0.491, 2.451)	0.8208			
Unfavorable	19	0	19 (100)	NE (NE, NE)	27	1 (3.7)	26 (96.3)	NE (NE, NE)	27	0.000 (0.000, NE)	0.4142			
Unknown	38	5 (13.2)	33 (86.8)	NE (NE, NE)	31	4 (12.9)	27 (87.1)	NE (NE, NE)	31	1.030 (0.276, 3.839)	0.9596			

N: number of subjects in analysis set; n: number of subjects in subgroup category; %: proportion of number of subjects in n; CI: confidence interval; NE: not estimable. PT: Preferred Term, SOC: System Organ Class.

[a] Median time to first event is from Kaplan-Meier estimate. Confidence Interval for median was computed using the Brookmeyer-Crowley method.

[b] Hazard ratio is from unstratified Cox proportional hazards model with treatment as the only categorical variable in the model. Confidence limits are based on the Wald test.

[c] Two-sided p-value from unstratified log-rank test.

[d] Two-sided interaction p-value is for the interaction term from unstratified Cox proportional hazards model with treatment, subgroup, and treatment-by-subgroup interaction as categorical variables in the model. The p-value is based on the Wald test.

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Medizinischer Nutzen, medizinischer Zusatznutzen, Patientengruppen mit therap. bedeutsamem Zusatznutzen

Daichi Sankyo | Data Intelligence – Evidence Generation | Final | AC220-A-U302 QUANTUM-First (DCO 13 Aug 2021) | Statistical analyses for AMNOG (HTA Germany) Table 3.13.2 Severe Treatment-emergent adverse events (NCI CTCAE grade ≥3) by system organ class (SOC) and preferred term (PT) observed for ≥ 10 patients in at least one arm and ≥ 1% of the patients in at least one arm - Time-to-event analysis - subgroup analysis - DCO 13-Aug-2021 - Safety Analysis Set

SOC: Skin and subcutaneous tissue disorders; PT: Any PT

		Quizartinib (N=265)					Placebo (N=268)					Quizartinib vs Placebo		Interaction
Subgroup	n	No. of subjects with events (%)	No. of subjects censored (%)	Median (95 % CI) (months) [a]	n	No. of subjects with events (%)	No. of subjects censored (%)	Median (95 % CI) (months) [a]	n	Hazard Ratio (95 % CI) [b]	Unstratified log-rank p-value [c]	P-value [d]		
ECOG Performance Status at Baseline												0.7934		
0 - Fully Active	87	4 (4.6)	83 (95.4)	NE (NE, NE)	97	6 (6.2)	91 (93.8)	NE (NE, NE)	97	0.734 (0.207, 2.600)	0.6300			
1 - Restricted in Physically Strenuous Activity	133	10 (7.5)	123 (92.5)	NE (NE, NE)	134	8 (6.0)	126 (94.0)	NE (NE, NE)	134	1.201 (0.474, 3.045)	0.6986			
2 - Ambulatory and Capable of All Selfcare	45	4 (8.9)	41 (91.1)	NE (NE, NE)	36	3 (8.3)	33 (91.7)	NE (NE, NE)	36	1.079 (0.241, 4.819)	0.9176			

N: number of subjects in analysis set; n: number of subjects in subgroup category; %: proportion of number of subjects in n; CI: confidence interval; NE: not estimable. PT: Preferred Term, SOC: System Organ Class.

[a] Median time to first event is from Kaplan-Meier estimate. Confidence Interval for median was computed using the Brookmeyer-Crowley method.

[b] Hazard ratio is from unstratified Cox proportional hazards model with treatment as the only categorical variable in the model. Confidence limits are based on the Wald test.

[c] Two-sided p-value from unstratified log-rank test.

[d] Two-sided interaction p-value is for the interaction term from unstratified Cox proportional hazards model with treatment, subgroup, and treatment-by-subgroup interaction as categorical variables in the model. The p-value is based on the Wald test.

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Medizinischer Nutzen, medizinischer Zusatznutzen, Patientengruppen mit therap. bedeutsamem Zusatznutzen

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 Table 3.13.2 Severe Treatment-emergent adverse events (NCI CTCAE grade ≥3) by system organ class (SOC) and preferred term (PT) observed for ≥ 10 patients in at least one arm and ≥ 1% of the patients in at least one arm - Time-to-event analysis - subgroup analysis - DCO 13-Aug-2021 - Safety Analysis Set

SOC: Skin and subcutaneous tissue disorders; PT: Any PT

		Quizartinib (N=265)					Placebo (N=268)					Quizartinib vs Placebo		Interaction
Subgroup	n	No. of subjects with events (%)	No. of subjects censored (%)	Median (95 % CI) (months) [a]	n	No. of subjects with events (%)	No. of subjects censored (%)	Median (95 % CI) (months) [a]	Hazard Ratio (95 % CI) [b]	Unstratified log-rank p-value [c]	P-value [d]			
FLT3-ITD category at Baseline													0.7609	
≥3 to ≤25%	94	6 (6.4)	88 (93.6)	NE (NE, NE)	98	7 (7.1)	91 (92.9)	NE (NE, NE)	0.888 (0.298, 2.644)	0.8310				
>25% to ≤50%	141	10 (7.1)	131 (92.9)	NE (NE, NE)	136	7 (5.1)	129 (94.9)	NE (NE, NE)	1.329 (0.505, 3.495)	0.5636				
>50%	29	2 (6.9)	27 (93.1)	NE (NE, NE)	34	3 (8.8)	31 (91.2)	NE (NE, NE)	0.813 (0.136, 4.866)	0.8202				

N: number of subjects in analysis set; n: number of subjects in subgroup category; %: proportion of number of subjects in n; CI: confidence interval; NE: not estimable. PT: Preferred Term, SOC: System Organ Class.

[a] Median time to first event is from Kaplan-Meier estimate. Confidence Interval for median was computed using the Brookmeyer-Crowley method.

[b] Hazard ratio is from unstratified Cox proportional hazards model with treatment as the only categorical variable in the model. Confidence limits are based on the Wald test.

[c] Two-sided p-value from unstratified log-rank test.

[d] Two-sided interaction p-value is for the interaction term from unstratified Cox proportional hazards model with treatment, subgroup, and treatment-by-subgroup interaction as categorical variables in the model. The p-value is based on the Wald test.

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Medizinischer Nutzen, medizinischer Zusatznutzen, Patientengruppen mit therap. bedeutsamem Zusatznutzen

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SOC: Skin and subcutaneous tissue disorders; PT: Any PT

		Quizartinib (N=265)				Placebo (N=268)				Quizartinib vs Placebo		Interaction
Subgroup	n	No. of subjects with events (%)	No. of subjects censored (%)	Median (95 % CI) (months) [a]	n	No. of subjects with events (%)	No. of subjects censored (%)	Median (95 % CI) (months) [a]	Hazard Ratio (95 % CI) [b]	Unstratified log-rank p-value [c]	P-value [d]	
AML with Mutated NPM1											0.4691	
Yes	139	11 (7.9)	128 (92.1)	NE (NE, NE)	137	9 (6.6)	128 (93.4)	NE (NE, NE)	1.202 (0.498, 2.902)	0.6822		
No	116	5 (4.3)	111 (95.7)	NE (NE, NE)	120	7 (5.8)	113 (94.2)	NE (NE, NE)	0.705 (0.224, 2.224)	0.5500		

N: number of subjects in analysis set; n: number of subjects in subgroup category; %: proportion of number of subjects in n; CI: confidence interval; NE: not estimable. PT: Preferred Term, SOC: System Organ Class.

[a] Median time to first event is from Kaplan-Meier estimate. Confidence Interval for median was computed using the Brookmeyer-Crowley method.

[b] Hazard ratio is from unstratified Cox proportional hazards model with treatment as the only categorical variable in the model. Confidence limits are based on the Wald test.

[c] Two-sided p-value from unstratified log-rank test.

[d] Two-sided interaction p-value is for the interaction term from unstratified Cox proportional hazards model with treatment, subgroup, and treatment-by-subgroup interaction as categorical variables in the model. The p-value is based on the Wald test.

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SOC: Skin and subcutaneous tissue disorders; PT: Any PT

		Quizartinib (N=265)				Placebo (N=268)				Quizartinib vs Placebo		Interaction
Subgroup	n	No. of subjects with events (%)	No. of subjects censored (%)	Median (95 % CI) (months) [a]	n	No. of subjects with events (%)	No. of subjects censored (%)	Median (95 % CI) (months) [a]	Hazard Ratio (95 % CI) [b]	Unstratified log-rank p-value [c]	P-value [d]	
Age by 2 categories											0.6961	
≤60	164	11 (6.7)	153 (93.3)	NE (NE, NE)	163	9 (5.5)	154 (94.5)	NE (NE, NE)	1.166 (0.483, 2.817)	0.7328		
>60	101	7 (6.9)	94 (93.1)	NE (NE, NE)	105	8 (7.6)	97 (92.4)	NE (NE, NE)	0.907 (0.329, 2.502)	0.8514		

N: number of subjects in analysis set; n: number of subjects in subgroup category; %: proportion of number of subjects in n; CI: confidence interval; NE: not estimable. PT: Preferred Term, SOC: System Organ Class.

[a] Median time to first event is from Kaplan-Meier estimate. Confidence Interval for median was computed using the Brookmeyer-Crowley method.

[b] Hazard ratio is from unstratified Cox proportional hazards model with treatment as the only categorical variable in the model. Confidence limits are based on the Wald test.

[c] Two-sided p-value from unstratified log-rank test.

[d] Two-sided interaction p-value is for the interaction term from unstratified Cox proportional hazards model with treatment, subgroup, and treatment-by-subgroup interaction as categorical variables in the model. The p-value is based on the Wald test.

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 Table 3.13.2 Severe Treatment-emergent adverse events (NCI CTCAE grade ≥3) by system organ class (SOC) and preferred term (PT) observed for ≥ 10 patients in at least one arm and ≥ 1% of the patients in at least one arm - Time-to-event analysis - subgroup analysis - DCO 13-Aug-2021 - Safety Analysis Set

SOC: Nervous system disorders; PT: Any PT

		Quizartinib (N=265)				Placebo (N=268)				Quizartinib vs Placebo		Interaction
Subgroup	n	No. of subjects with events (%)	No. of subjects censored (%)	Median (95 % CI) (months) [a]	n	No. of subjects with events (%)	No. of subjects censored (%)	Median (95 % CI) (months) [a]	Hazard Ratio (95 % CI) [b]	Unstratified log-rank p-value [c]	P-value [d]	
Pooled Age Group 2											0.4674	
<60	159	7 (4.4)	152 (95.6)	NE (NE, NE)	160	5 (3.1)	155 (96.9)	NE (NE, NE)	1.297 (0.411, 4.096)	0.6574		
≥60 - <65	37	2 (5.4)	35 (94.6)	NE (NE, NE)	43	5 (11.6)	38 (88.4)	NE (20.1, NE)	0.396 (0.076, 2.054)	0.2537		
≥65	69	6 (8.7)	63 (91.3)	NE (NE, NE)	65	5 (7.7)	60 (92.3)	NE (27.7, NE)	1.249 (0.381, 4.096)	0.7131		

N: number of subjects in analysis set; n: number of subjects in subgroup category; %: proportion of number of subjects in n; CI: confidence interval; NE: not estimable. PT: Preferred Term, SOC: System Organ Class.

[a] Median time to first event is from Kaplan-Meier estimate. Confidence Interval for median was computed using the Brookmeyer-Crowley method.

[b] Hazard ratio is from unstratified Cox proportional hazards model with treatment as the only categorical variable in the model. Confidence limits are based on the Wald test.

[c] Two-sided p-value from unstratified log-rank test.

[d] Two-sided interaction p-value is for the interaction term from unstratified Cox proportional hazards model with treatment, subgroup, and treatment-by-subgroup interaction as categorical variables in the model. The p-value is based on the Wald test.

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 Table 3.13.2 Severe Treatment-emergent adverse events (NCI CTCAE grade ≥3) by system organ class (SOC) and preferred term (PT) observed for ≥ 10 patients in at least one arm and ≥ 1% of the patients in at least one arm - Time-to-event analysis - subgroup analysis - DCO 13-Aug-2021 - Safety Analysis Set

SOC: Nervous system disorders; PT: Any PT

		Quizartinib (N=265)				Placebo (N=268)				Quizartinib vs Placebo		Interaction
Subgroup	n	No. of subjects with events (%)	No. of subjects censored (%)	Median (95 % CI) (months) [a]	n	No. of subjects with events (%)	No. of subjects censored (%)	Median (95 % CI) (months) [a]	Hazard Ratio (95 % CI) [b]	Unstratified log-rank p-value [c]	P-value [d]	
Sex											0.5627	
Male	124	3 (2.4)	121 (97.6)	NE (NE, NE)	120	4 (3.3)	116 (96.7)	NE (NE, NE)	0.697 (0.156, 3.121)	0.6349		
Female	141	12 (8.5)	129 (91.5)	NE (NE, NE)	148	11 (7.4)	137 (92.6)	NE (NE, NE)	1.102 (0.485, 2.500)	0.8167		

N: number of subjects in analysis set; n: number of subjects in subgroup category; %: proportion of number of subjects in n; CI: confidence interval; NE: not estimable. PT: Preferred Term, SOC: System Organ Class.

[a] Median time to first event is from Kaplan-Meier estimate. Confidence Interval for median was computed using the Brookmeyer-Crowley method.

[b] Hazard ratio is from unstratified Cox proportional hazards model with treatment as the only categorical variable in the model. Confidence limits are based on the Wald test.

[c] Two-sided p-value from unstratified log-rank test.

[d] Two-sided interaction p-value is for the interaction term from unstratified Cox proportional hazards model with treatment, subgroup, and treatment-by-subgroup interaction as categorical variables in the model. The p-value is based on the Wald test.

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SOC: Nervous system disorders; PT: Any PT

		Quizartinib (N=265)				Placebo (N=268)				Quizartinib vs Placebo		Interaction
Subgroup	n	No. of subjects with events (%)	No. of subjects censored (%)	Median (95 % CI) (months) [a]	n	No. of subjects with events (%)	No. of subjects censored (%)	Median (95 % CI) (months) [a]	Hazard Ratio (95 % CI) [b]	Unstratified log-rank p-value [c]	P-value [d]	
Race by 2 categories											0.9910	
White	157	9 (5.7)	148 (94.3)	NE (NE, NE)	161	9 (5.6)	152 (94.4)	NE (NE, NE)	1.012 (0.401, 2.552)	0.9798		
Non-white	108	6 (5.6)	102 (94.4)	NE (NE, NE)	107	6 (5.6)	101 (94.4)	NE (NE, NE)	0.925 (0.298, 2.871)	0.8927		

N: number of subjects in analysis set; n: number of subjects in subgroup category; %: proportion of number of subjects in n; CI: confidence interval; NE: not estimable. PT: Preferred Term, SOC: System Organ Class.

[a] Median time to first event is from Kaplan-Meier estimate. Confidence Interval for median was computed using the Brookmeyer-Crowley method.

[b] Hazard ratio is from unstratified Cox proportional hazards model with treatment as the only categorical variable in the model. Confidence limits are based on the Wald test.

[c] Two-sided p-value from unstratified log-rank test.

[d] Two-sided interaction p-value is for the interaction term from unstratified Cox proportional hazards model with treatment, subgroup, and treatment-by-subgroup interaction as categorical variables in the model. The p-value is based on the Wald test.

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SOC: Nervous system disorders; PT: Any PT

		Quizartinib (N=265)					Placebo (N=268)					Quizartinib vs Placebo		Interaction
Subgroup	n	No. of subjects with events (%)	No. of subjects censored (%)	Median (95 % CI) (months) [a]	n	No. of subjects with events (%)	No. of subjects censored (%)	Median (95 % CI) (months) [a]	Hazard Ratio (95 % CI) [b]	Unstratified log-rank p-value [c]	P-value [d]			
Geographic Region 1													0.3069	
North America	16	1 (6.3)	15 (93.8)	NE (NE, NE)	18	5 (27.8)	13 (72.2)	NE (2.9, NE)	0.248 (0.029, 2.141)	0.1707				
Europe	161	10 (6.2)	151 (93.8)	NE (NE, NE)	161	6 (3.7)	155 (96.3)	NE (NE, NE)	1.652 (0.600, 4.550)	0.3265				
Asia/Other Regions	88	4 (4.5)	84 (95.5)	NE (NE, NE)	89	4 (4.5)	85 (95.5)	NE (NE, NE)	0.899 (0.224, 3.605)	0.8808				

N: number of subjects in analysis set; n: number of subjects in subgroup category; %: proportion of number of subjects in n; CI: confidence interval; NE: not estimable. PT: Preferred Term, SOC: System Organ Class.

[a] Median time to first event is from Kaplan-Meier estimate. Confidence Interval for median was computed using the Brookmeyer-Crowley method.

[b] Hazard ratio is from unstratified Cox proportional hazards model with treatment as the only categorical variable in the model. Confidence limits are based on the Wald test.

[c] Two-sided p-value from unstratified log-rank test.

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SOC: Nervous system disorders; PT: Any PT

Subgroup	n	Quizartinib (N=265)				Placebo (N=268)				Quizartinib vs Placebo		Interaction
		No. of subjects with events (%)	No. of subjects censored (%)	Median (95 % CI) (months) [a]	n	No. of subjects with events (%)	No. of subjects censored (%)	Median (95 % CI) (months) [a]	n	Hazard Ratio (95 % CI) [b]	Unstratified log-rank p-value [c]	P-value [d]
WBC at initial diagnosis											0.3568	
< 40x10 ⁹ /L	132	9 (6.8)	123 (93.2)	NE (NE, NE)	133	7 (5.3)	126 (94.7)	NE (NE, NE)	133	1.324 (0.493, 3.557)	0.5769	
≥ 40x10 ⁹ /L	133	6 (4.5)	127 (95.5)	NE (NE, NE)	135	8 (5.9)	127 (94.1)	NE (NE, NE)	135	0.654 (0.226, 1.892)	0.4296	

N: number of subjects in analysis set; n: number of subjects in subgroup category; %: proportion of number of subjects in n; CI: confidence interval; NE: not estimable. PT: Preferred Term, SOC: System Organ Class.

[a] Median time to first event is from Kaplan-Meier estimate. Confidence Interval for median was computed using the Brookmeyer-Crowley method.

[b] Hazard ratio is from unstratified Cox proportional hazards model with treatment as the only categorical variable in the model. Confidence limits are based on the Wald test.

[c] Two-sided p-value from unstratified log-rank test.

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 Table 3.13.2 Severe Treatment-emergent adverse events (NCI CTCAE grade ≥3) by system organ class (SOC) and preferred term (PT) observed for ≥ 10 patients in at least one arm and ≥ 1% of the patients in at least one arm - Time-to-event analysis - subgroup analysis - DCO 13-Aug-2021 - Safety Analysis Set

SOC: Nervous system disorders; PT: Any PT

		Quizartinib (N=265)				Placebo (N=268)				Quizartinib vs Placebo		Interaction
Subgroup	n	No. of subjects with events (%)	No. of subjects censored (%)	Median (95 % CI) (months) [a]	n	No. of subjects with events (%)	No. of subjects censored (%)	Median (95 % CI) (months) [a]	Hazard Ratio (95 % CI) [b]	Unstratified log-rank p-value [c]	P-value [d]	
Choice of Anthracycline											0.2905	
Daunorubicin	123	6 (4.9)	117 (95.1)	NE (NE, NE)	94	7 (7.4)	87 (92.6)	NE (NE, NE)	0.595 (0.199, 1.775)	0.3465		
Idarubicin	142	9 (6.3)	133 (93.7)	NE (NE, NE)	171	8 (4.7)	163 (95.3)	NE (NE, NE)	1.305 (0.503, 3.390)	0.5839		

N: number of subjects in analysis set; n: number of subjects in subgroup category; %: proportion of number of subjects in n; CI: confidence interval; NE: not estimable. PT: Preferred Term, SOC: System Organ Class.

[a] Median time to first event is from Kaplan-Meier estimate. Confidence Interval for median was computed using the Brookmeyer-Crowley method.

[b] Hazard ratio is from unstratified Cox proportional hazards model with treatment as the only categorical variable in the model. Confidence limits are based on the Wald test.

[c] Two-sided p-value from unstratified log-rank test.

[d] Two-sided interaction p-value is for the interaction term from unstratified Cox proportional hazards model with treatment, subgroup, and treatment-by-subgroup interaction as categorical variables in the model. The p-value is based on the Wald test.

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Medizinischer Nutzen, medizinischer Zusatznutzen, Patientengruppen mit therap. bedeutsamem Zusatznutzen

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Subgroup	n	No. of subjects with events (%)	No. of subjects censored (%)	Median (95 % CI) (months) [a]	n	No. of subjects with events (%)	No. of subjects censored (%)	Median (95 % CI) (months) [a]	Hazard Ratio (95 % CI) [b]	Unstratified log-rank p-value [c]	P-value [d]			
AML Cytogenetic Risk Score												0.9477		
Favorable	13	0	13 (100)	NE (NE, NE)	19	3 (15.8)	16 (84.2)	NE (10.0, NE)	0.000 (0.000, NE)	0.2229				
Intermediate	195	12 (6.2)	183 (93.8)	NE (NE, NE)	190	9 (4.7)	181 (95.3)	NE (NE, NE)	1.227 (0.516, 2.916)	0.6428				
Unfavorable	19	0	19 (100)	NE (NE, NE)	27	2 (7.4)	25 (92.6)	NE (11.3, NE)	0.000 (0.000, NE)	0.2297				
Unknown	38	3 (7.9)	35 (92.1)	NE (NE, NE)	31	1 (3.2)	30 (96.8)	NE (NE, NE)	2.844 (0.295, 27.428)	0.3463				

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Medizinischer Nutzen, medizinischer Zusatznutzen, Patientengruppen mit therap. bedeutsamem Zusatznutzen

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SOC: Nervous system disorders; PT: Any PT

		Quizartinib (N=265)					Placebo (N=268)					Quizartinib vs Placebo		Interaction
Subgroup	n	No. of subjects with events (%)	No. of subjects censored (%)	Median (95 % CI) (months) [a]	n	No. of subjects with events (%)	No. of subjects censored (%)	Median (95 % CI) (months) [a]	n	Hazard Ratio (95 % CI) [b]	Unstratified log-rank p-value [c]	P-value [d]		
ECOG Performance Status at Baseline												0.6524		
0 - Fully Active	87	5 (5.7)	82 (94.3)	NE (NE, NE)	97	4 (4.1)	93 (95.9)	NE (NE, NE)	97	1.331 (0.357, 4.964)	0.6688			
1 - Restricted in Physically Strenuous Activity	133	9 (6.8)	124 (93.2)	NE (NE, NE)	134	9 (6.7)	125 (93.3)	NE (NE, NE)	134	0.985 (0.391, 2.484)	0.9747			
2 - Ambulatory and Capable of All Selfcare	45	1 (2.2)	44 (97.8)	NE (NE, NE)	36	2 (5.6)	34 (94.4)	NE (NE, NE)	36	0.355 (0.032, 3.966)	0.3799			

N: number of subjects in analysis set; n: number of subjects in subgroup category; %: proportion of number of subjects in n; CI: confidence interval; NE: not estimable. PT: Preferred Term, SOC: System Organ Class.

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SOC: Nervous system disorders; PT: Any PT

		Quizartinib (N=265)					Placebo (N=268)					Quizartinib vs Placebo		Interaction
Subgroup	n	No. of subjects with events (%)	No. of subjects censored (%)	Median (95 % CI) (months) [a]	n	No. of subjects with events (%)	No. of subjects censored (%)	Median (95 % CI) (months) [a]	Hazard Ratio (95 % CI) [b]	Unstratified log-rank p-value [c]	P-value [d]			
FLT3-ITD category at Baseline													0.7830	
≥3 to ≤25%	94	5 (5.3)	89 (94.7)	NE (NE, NE)	98	7 (7.1)	91 (92.9)	NE (NE, NE)	0.749 (0.237, 2.361)	0.6203				
>25% to ≤50%	141	10 (7.1)	131 (92.9)	NE (NE, NE)	136	7 (5.1)	129 (94.9)	NE (NE, NE)	1.338 (0.509, 3.522)	0.5536				
>50%	29	0	29 (100)	NE (NE, NE)	34	1 (2.9)	33 (97.1)	NE (NE, NE)	0.000 (0.000, NE)	0.3557				

N: number of subjects in analysis set; n: number of subjects in subgroup category; %: proportion of number of subjects in n; CI: confidence interval; NE: not estimable. PT: Preferred Term, SOC: System Organ Class.

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SOC: Nervous system disorders; PT: Any PT

		Quizartinib (N=265)					Placebo (N=268)					Quizartinib vs Placebo		Interaction
Subgroup	n	No. of subjects with events (%)	No. of subjects censored (%)	Median (95 % CI) (months) [a]	n	No. of subjects with events (%)	No. of subjects censored (%)	Median (95 % CI) (months) [a]	Hazard Ratio (95 % CI) [b]	Unstratified log-rank p-value [c]	P-value [d]			
AML with Mutated NPM1												0.0045		
Yes	139	4 (2.9)	135 (97.1)	NE (NE, NE)	137	12 (8.8)	125 (91.2)	NE (NE, NE)	0.309 (0.100, 0.961)	0.0319				
No	116	10 (8.6)	106 (91.4)	NE (NE, NE)	120	2 (1.7)	118 (98.3)	NE (NE, NE)	4.901 (1.073, 22.383)	0.0230				

N: number of subjects in analysis set; n: number of subjects in subgroup category; %: proportion of number of subjects in n; CI: confidence interval; NE: not estimable. PT: Preferred Term, SOC: System Organ Class.

[a] Median time to first event is from Kaplan-Meier estimate. Confidence Interval for median was computed using the Brookmeyer-Crowley method.

[b] Hazard ratio is from unstratified Cox proportional hazards model with treatment as the only categorical variable in the model. Confidence limits are based on the Wald test.

[c] Two-sided p-value from unstratified log-rank test.

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SOC: Nervous system disorders; PT: Any PT

		Quizartinib (N=265)				Placebo (N=268)				Quizartinib vs Placebo		Interaction
Subgroup	n	No. of subjects with events (%)	No. of subjects censored (%)	Median (95 % CI) (months) [a]	n	No. of subjects with events (%)	No. of subjects censored (%)	Median (95 % CI) (months) [a]	Hazard Ratio (95 % CI) [b]	Unstratified log-rank p-value [c]	P-value [d]	
Age by 2 categories											0.5967	
≤60	164	7 (4.3)	157 (95.7)	NE (NE, NE)	163	5 (3.1)	158 (96.9)	NE (NE, NE)	1.274 (0.403, 4.023)	0.6801		
>60	101	8 (7.9)	93 (92.1)	NE (NE, NE)	105	10 (9.5)	95 (90.5)	NE (NE, NE)	0.865 (0.341, 2.193)	0.7600		

N: number of subjects in analysis set; n: number of subjects in subgroup category; %: proportion of number of subjects in n; CI: confidence interval; NE: not estimable. PT: Preferred Term, SOC: System Organ Class.

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SOC: Renal and urinary disorders; PT: Any PT

		Quizartinib (N=265)				Placebo (N=268)				Quizartinib vs Placebo		Interaction
Subgroup	n	No. of subjects with events (%)	No. of subjects censored (%)	Median (95 % CI) (months) [a]	n	No. of subjects with events (%)	No. of subjects censored (%)	Median (95 % CI) (months) [a]	Hazard Ratio (95 % CI) [b]	Unstratified log-rank p-value [c]	P-value [d]	
Pooled Age Group 2											0.5418	
<60	159	9 (5.7)	150 (94.3)	NE (NE, NE)	160	1 (0.6)	159 (99.4)	NE (NE, NE)	8.163 (1.031, 64.619)	0.0178		
≥60 - <65	37	0	37 (100)	NE (NE, NE)	43	0	43 (100)	NE (NE, NE)	NE (NE, NE)	NE		
≥65	69	6 (8.7)	63 (91.3)	NE (NE, NE)	65	3 (4.6)	62 (95.4)	NE (NE, NE)	2.075 (0.519, 8.300)	0.2908		

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Sex											0.4778	
Male	124	5 (4.0)	119 (96.0)	NE (NE, NE)	120	2 (1.7)	118 (98.3)	NE (NE, NE)	2.209 (0.426, 11.447)	0.3327		
Female	141	10 (7.1)	131 (92.9)	NE (NE, NE)	148	2 (1.4)	146 (98.6)	NE (NE, NE)	5.303 (1.162, 24.213)	0.0159		

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Race by 2 categories											0.9883	
White	157	8 (5.1)	149 (94.9)	NE (NE, NE)	161	4 (2.5)	157 (97.5)	NE (NE, NE)	1.885 (0.566, 6.282)	0.2941		
Non-white	108	7 (6.5)	101 (93.5)	NE (NE, NE)	107	0	107 (100)	NE (NE, NE)	NE (0.000, NE)	0.0075		

N: number of subjects in analysis set; n: number of subjects in subgroup category; %: proportion of number of subjects in n; CI: confidence interval; NE: not estimable. PT: Preferred Term, SOC: System Organ Class.

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Geographic Region 1													0.8685	
North America	16	1 (6.3)	15 (93.8)	NE (1.9, NE)	18	1 (5.6)	17 (94.4)	NE (NE, NE)	1.886 (0.118, 30.182)	0.6485				
Europe	161	10 (6.2)	151 (93.8)	NE (NE, NE)	161	3 (1.9)	158 (98.1)	NE (NE, NE)	3.126 (0.858, 11.384)	0.0684				
Asia/Other Regions	88	4 (4.5)	84 (95.5)	NE (NE, NE)	89	0	89 (100)	NE (NE, NE)	NE (0.000, NE)	0.0427				

N: number of subjects in analysis set; n: number of subjects in subgroup category; %: proportion of number of subjects in n; CI: confidence interval; NE: not estimable. PT: Preferred Term, SOC: System Organ Class.

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[c] Two-sided p-value from unstratified log-rank test.

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Medizinischer Nutzen, medizinischer Zusatznutzen, Patientengruppen mit therap. bedeutsamem Zusatznutzen

Daichi Sankyo | Data Intelligence – Evidence Generation | Final | AC220-A-U302 QUANTUM-First (DCO 13 Aug 2021) | Statistical analyses for AMNOG (HTA Germany)
 Table 3.13.2 Severe Treatment-emergent adverse events (NCI CTCAE grade ≥3) by system organ class (SOC) and preferred term (PT) observed for ≥ 10 patients in at least one arm and ≥ 1% of the patients in at least one arm - Time-to-event analysis - subgroup analysis - DCO 13-Aug-2021 - Safety Analysis Set

SOC: Renal and urinary disorders; PT: Any PT

		Quizartinib (N=265)					Placebo (N=268)					Quizartinib vs Placebo		Interaction
Subgroup	n	No. of subjects with events (%)	No. of subjects censored (%)	Median (95 % CI) (months) [a]	n	No. of subjects with events (%)	No. of subjects censored (%)	Median (95 % CI) (months) [a]	Hazard Ratio (95 % CI) [b]	Unstratified log-rank p-value [c]	p-	P-value [d]		
WBC at initial diagnosis														0.6312
< 40x10 ⁹ /L	132	5 (3.8)	127 (96.2)	NE (NE, NE)	133	2 (1.5)	131 (98.5)	NE (NE, NE)	2.554 (0.495, 13.184)	0.2454				
≥ 40x10 ⁹ /L	133	10 (7.5)	123 (92.5)	NE (NE, NE)	135	2 (1.5)	133 (98.5)	NE (NE, NE)	4.656 (1.019, 21.282)	0.0290				

N: number of subjects in analysis set; n: number of subjects in subgroup category; %: proportion of number of subjects in n; CI: confidence interval; NE: not estimable. PT: Preferred Term, SOC: System Organ Class.

[a] Median time to first event is from Kaplan-Meier estimate. Confidence Interval for median was computed using the Brookmeyer-Crowley method.

[b] Hazard ratio is from unstratified Cox proportional hazards model with treatment as the only categorical variable in the model. Confidence limits are based on the Wald test.

[c] Two-sided p-value from unstratified log-rank test.

[d] Two-sided interaction p-value is for the interaction term from unstratified Cox proportional hazards model with treatment, subgroup, and treatment-by-subgroup interaction as categorical variables in the model. The p-value is based on the Wald test.

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SOC: Renal and urinary disorders; PT: Any PT

		Quizartinib (N=265)					Placebo (N=268)					Quizartinib vs Placebo		Interaction
Subgroup	n	No. of subjects with events (%)	No. of subjects censored (%)	Median (95 % CI) (months) [a]	n	No. of subjects with events (%)	No. of subjects censored (%)	Median (95 % CI) (months) [a]	Hazard Ratio (95 % CI) [b]	Unstratified log-rank p-value [c]	p-	P-value [d]		
Choice of Anthracycline													0.6976	
Daunorubicin	123	7 (5.7)	116 (94.3)	NE (NE, NE)	94	1 (1.1)	93 (98.9)	NE (NE, NE)	4.981 (0.611, 40.601)	0.0960				
Idarubicin	142	8 (5.6)	134 (94.4)	NE (NE, NE)	171	3 (1.8)	168 (98.2)	NE (NE, NE)	3.162 (0.838, 11.932)	0.0729				

N: number of subjects in analysis set; n: number of subjects in subgroup category; %: proportion of number of subjects in n; CI: confidence interval; NE: not estimable. PT: Preferred Term, SOC: System Organ Class.

[a] Median time to first event is from Kaplan-Meier estimate. Confidence Interval for median was computed using the Brookmeyer-Crowley method.

[b] Hazard ratio is from unstratified Cox proportional hazards model with treatment as the only categorical variable in the model. Confidence limits are based on the Wald test.

[c] Two-sided p-value from unstratified log-rank test.

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SOC: Renal and urinary disorders; PT: Any PT

Subgroup	n	Quizartinib (N=265)				Placebo (N=268)				Quizartinib vs Placebo		Interaction
		No. of subjects with events (%)	No. of subjects censored (%)	Median (95 % CI) [a]	n	No. of subjects with events (%)	No. of subjects censored (%)	Median (95 % CI) [a]	n	Hazard Ratio (95 % CI) [b]	Unstratified log-rank p-value [c]	P-value [d]
AML Cytogenetic Risk Score											0.9404	
Favorable	13	0	13 (100)	NE (NE, NE)	19	0	19 (100)	NE (NE, NE)	NE (NE, NE)	NE		
Intermediate	195	13 (6.7)	182 (93.3)	NE (NE, NE)	190	3 (1.6)	187 (98.4)	NE (NE, NE)	3.942 (1.122, 13.852)	0.0209		
Unfavorable	19	1 (5.3)	18 (94.7)	NE (NE, NE)	27	1 (3.7)	26 (96.3)	NE (NE, NE)	1.651 (0.103, 26.487)	0.7203		
Unknown	38	1 (2.6)	37 (97.4)	NE (NE, NE)	31	0	31 (100)	NE (NE, NE)	NE (0.000, NE)	0.3534		

N: number of subjects in analysis set; n: number of subjects in subgroup category; %: proportion of number of subjects in n; CI: confidence interval; NE: not estimable. PT: Preferred Term, SOC: System Organ Class.

[a] Median time to first event is from Kaplan-Meier estimate. Confidence Interval for median was computed using the Brookmeyer-Crowley method.

[b] Hazard ratio is from unstratified Cox proportional hazards model with treatment as the only categorical variable in the model. Confidence limits are based on the Wald test.

[c] Two-sided p-value from unstratified log-rank test.

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SOC: Renal and urinary disorders; PT: Any PT

		Quizartinib (N=265)				Placebo (N=268)				Quizartinib vs Placebo		Interaction
Subgroup	n	No. of subjects with events (%)	No. of subjects censored (%)	Median (95 % CI) (months) [a]	n	No. of subjects with events (%)	No. of subjects censored (%)	Median (95 % CI) (months) [a]	Hazard Ratio (95 % CI) [b]	Unstratified log-rank p-value [c]	P-value [d]	
ECOG Performance Status at Baseline											0.7194	
0 - Fully Active	87	5 (5.7)	82 (94.3)	NE (NE, NE)	97	2 (2.1)	95 (97.9)	NE (NE, NE)	2.554 (0.494, 13.196)	0.2460		
1 - Restricted in Physically Strenuous Activity	133	7 (5.3)	126 (94.7)	NE (NE, NE)	134	1 (0.7)	133 (99.3)	NE (NE, NE)	7.062 (0.868, 57.444)	0.0330		
2 - Ambulatory and Capable of All Selfcare	45	3 (6.7)	42 (93.3)	NE (NE, NE)	36	1 (2.8)	35 (97.2)	NE (NE, NE)	2.462 (0.256, 23.685)	0.4198		

N: number of subjects in analysis set; n: number of subjects in subgroup category; %: proportion of number of subjects in n; CI: confidence interval; NE: not estimable. PT: Preferred Term, SOC: System Organ Class.

[a] Median time to first event is from Kaplan-Meier estimate. Confidence Interval for median was computed using the Brookmeyer-Crowley method.

[b] Hazard ratio is from unstratified Cox proportional hazards model with treatment as the only categorical variable in the model. Confidence limits are based on the Wald test.

[c] Two-sided p-value from unstratified log-rank test.

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SOC: Renal and urinary disorders; PT: Any PT

		Quizartinib (N=265)					Placebo (N=268)					Quizartinib vs Placebo		Interaction
Subgroup	n	No. of subjects with events (%)	No. of subjects censored (%)	Median (95 % CI) (months) [a]	n	No. of subjects with events (%)	No. of subjects censored (%)	Median (95 % CI) (months) [a]	n	Hazard Ratio (95 % CI) [b]	Unstratified log-rank p-value [c]	P-value [d]		
FLT3-ITD category at Baseline												0.3899		
≥3 to ≤25%	94	4 (4.3)	90 (95.7)	NE (NE, NE)	98	3 (3.1)	95 (96.9)	NE (NE, NE)	98	1.442 (0.323, 6.444)	0.6300			
>25% to ≤50%	141	9 (6.4)	132 (93.6)	NE (NE, NE)	136	1 (0.7)	135 (99.3)	NE (NE, NE)	136	8.447 (1.069, 66.764)	0.0152			
>50%	29	2 (6.9)	27 (93.1)	NE (NE, NE)	34	0	34 (100)	NE (NE, NE)	34	NE (0.000, NE)	0.1549			

N: number of subjects in analysis set; n: number of subjects in subgroup category; %: proportion of number of subjects in n; CI: confidence interval; NE: not estimable. PT: Preferred Term, SOC: System Organ Class.

[a] Median time to first event is from Kaplan-Meier estimate. Confidence Interval for median was computed using the Brookmeyer-Crowley method.

[b] Hazard ratio is from unstratified Cox proportional hazards model with treatment as the only categorical variable in the model. Confidence limits are based on the Wald test.

[c] Two-sided p-value from unstratified log-rank test.

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SOC: Renal and urinary disorders; PT: Any PT

		Quizartinib (N=265)				Placebo (N=268)				Quizartinib vs Placebo		Interaction
Subgroup	n	No. of subjects with events (%)	No. of subjects censored (%)	Median (95 % CI) (months) [a]	n	No. of subjects with events (%)	No. of subjects censored (%)	Median (95 % CI) (months) [a]	Hazard Ratio (95 % CI) [b]	Unstratified log-rank p-value [c]	P-value [d]	
AML with Mutated NPM1											0.3912	
Yes	139	7 (5.0)	132 (95.0)	NE (NE, NE)	137	1 (0.7)	136 (99.3)	NE (NE, NE)	6.952 (0.855, 56.558)	0.0349		
No	116	7 (6.0)	109 (94.0)	NE (NE, NE)	120	3 (2.5)	117 (97.5)	NE (NE, NE)	2.256 (0.583, 8.740)	0.2259		

N: number of subjects in analysis set; n: number of subjects in subgroup category; %: proportion of number of subjects in n; CI: confidence interval; NE: not estimable. PT: Preferred Term, SOC: System Organ Class.

[a] Median time to first event is from Kaplan-Meier estimate. Confidence Interval for median was computed using the Brookmeyer-Crowley method.

[b] Hazard ratio is from unstratified Cox proportional hazards model with treatment as the only categorical variable in the model. Confidence limits are based on the Wald test.

[c] Two-sided p-value from unstratified log-rank test.

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SOC: Renal and urinary disorders; PT: Any PT

		Quizartinib (N=265)				Placebo (N=268)				Quizartinib vs Placebo		Interaction
Subgroup	n	No. of subjects with events (%)	No. of subjects censored (%)	Median (95 % CI) (months) [a]	n	No. of subjects with events (%)	No. of subjects censored (%)	Median (95 % CI) (months) [a]	Hazard Ratio (95 % CI) [b]	Unstratified log-rank p-value [c]	P-value [d]	
Age by 2 categories											0.2913	
≤60	164	9 (5.5)	155 (94.5)	NE (NE, NE)	163	1 (0.6)	162 (99.4)	NE (NE, NE)	8.029 (1.014, 63.560)	0.0190		
>60	101	6 (5.9)	95 (94.1)	NE (NE, NE)	105	3 (2.9)	102 (97.1)	NE (NE, NE)	2.225 (0.556, 8.900)	0.2451		

N: number of subjects in analysis set; n: number of subjects in subgroup category; %: proportion of number of subjects in n; CI: confidence interval; NE: not estimable. PT: Preferred Term, SOC: System Organ Class.

[a] Median time to first event is from Kaplan-Meier estimate. Confidence Interval for median was computed using the Brookmeyer-Crowley method.

[b] Hazard ratio is from unstratified Cox proportional hazards model with treatment as the only categorical variable in the model. Confidence limits are based on the Wald test.

[c] Two-sided p-value from unstratified log-rank test.

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SOC: Cardiac disorders; PT: Any PT

		Quizartinib (N=265)				Placebo (N=268)				Quizartinib vs Placebo		Interaction
Subgroup	n	No. of subjects with events (%)	No. of subjects censored (%)	Median (95 % CI) (months) [a]	n	No. of subjects with events (%)	No. of subjects censored (%)	Median (95 % CI) (months) [a]	Hazard Ratio (95 % CI) [b]	Unstratified log-rank p-value [c]	P-value [d]	
Pooled Age Group 2											0.1220	
<60	159	6 (3.8)	153 (96.2)	NE (NE, NE)	160	6 (3.8)	154 (96.3)	NE (NE, NE)	0.933 (0.300, 2.902)	0.9045		
≥60 - <65	37	4 (10.8)	33 (89.2)	NE (NE, NE)	43	1 (2.3)	42 (97.7)	NE (NE, NE)	4.592 (0.513, 41.096)	0.1339		
≥65	69	2 (2.9)	67 (97.1)	NE (NE, NE)	65	7 (10.8)	58 (89.2)	NE (NE, NE)	0.280 (0.058, 1.349)	0.0900		

N: number of subjects in analysis set; n: number of subjects in subgroup category; %: proportion of number of subjects in n; CI: confidence interval; NE: not estimable. PT: Preferred Term, SOC: System Organ Class.

[a] Median time to first event is from Kaplan-Meier estimate. Confidence Interval for median was computed using the Brookmeyer-Crowley method.

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SOC: Cardiac disorders; PT: Any PT

		Quizartinib (N=265)				Placebo (N=268)				Quizartinib vs Placebo		Interaction
Subgroup	n	No. of subjects with events (%)	No. of subjects censored (%)	Median (95 % CI) (months) [a]	n	No. of subjects with events (%)	No. of subjects censored (%)	Median (95 % CI) (months) [a]	Hazard Ratio (95 % CI) [b]	Unstratified log-rank p-value [c]	P-value [d]	
Sex											0.0070	
Male	124	3 (2.4)	121 (97.6)	NE (NE, NE)	120	11 (9.2)	109 (90.8)	NE (NE, NE)	0.233 (0.065, 0.836)	0.0148		
Female	141	9 (6.4)	132 (93.6)	NE (NE, NE)	148	3 (2.0)	145 (98.0)	NE (NE, NE)	3.117 (0.843, 11.521)	0.0722		

N: number of subjects in analysis set; n: number of subjects in subgroup category; %: proportion of number of subjects in n; CI: confidence interval; NE: not estimable. PT: Preferred Term, SOC: System Organ Class.

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		Quizartinib (N=265)				Placebo (N=268)				Quizartinib vs Placebo		Interaction
Subgroup	n	No. of subjects with events (%)	No. of subjects censored (%)	Median (95 % CI) (months) [a]	n	No. of subjects with events (%)	No. of subjects censored (%)	Median (95 % CI) (months) [a]	Hazard Ratio (95 % CI) [b]	Unstratified log-rank p-value [c]	P-value [d]	
Race by 2 categories											0.4965	
White	157	7 (4.5)	150 (95.5)	NE (NE, NE)	161	10 (6.2)	151 (93.8)	NE (NE, NE)	0.673 (0.256, 1.771)	0.4184		
Non-white	108	5 (4.6)	103 (95.4)	NE (NE, NE)	107	4 (3.7)	103 (96.3)	NE (NE, NE)	1.191 (0.319, 4.441)	0.7945		

N: number of subjects in analysis set; n: number of subjects in subgroup category; %: proportion of number of subjects in n; CI: confidence interval; NE: not estimable. PT: Preferred Term, SOC: System Organ Class.

[a] Median time to first event is from Kaplan-Meier estimate. Confidence Interval for median was computed using the Brookmeyer-Crowley method.

[b] Hazard ratio is from unstratified Cox proportional hazards model with treatment as the only categorical variable in the model. Confidence limits are based on the Wald test.

[c] Two-sided p-value from unstratified log-rank test.

[d] Two-sided interaction p-value is for the interaction term from unstratified Cox proportional hazards model with treatment, subgroup, and treatment-by-subgroup interaction as categorical variables in the model. The p-value is based on the Wald test.

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Run date: 21JUL2023 – 22:30; Program name: DE_T_3_11_2.sas; Output name: DE_T_3_13_2_TEAESEVSOCPT_SUB_SAS.rtf

Medizinischer Nutzen, medizinischer Zusatznutzen, Patientengruppen mit therap. bedeutsamem Zusatznutzen

Daiichi Sankyo | Data Intelligence – Evidence Generation | Final | AC220-A-U302 QUANTUM-First (DCO 13 Aug 2021) | Statistical analyses for AMNOG (HTA Germany)
 Table 3.13.2 Severe Treatment-emergent adverse events (NCI CTCAE grade ≥3) by system organ class (SOC) and preferred term (PT) observed for ≥ 10 patients in at least one arm and ≥ 1% of the patients in at least one arm - Time-to-event analysis - subgroup analysis - DCO 13-Aug-2021 - Safety Analysis Set

SOC: Cardiac disorders; PT: Any PT

		Quizartinib (N=265)					Placebo (N=268)					Quizartinib vs Placebo		Interaction
Subgroup	n	No. of subjects with events (%)	No. of subjects censored (%)	Median (95 % CI) (months) [a]	n	No. of subjects with events (%)	No. of subjects censored (%)	Median (95 % CI) (months) [a]	CI	Hazard Ratio (95 % CI) [b]	Unstratified log-rank p-value [c]	P-value [d]		
Geographic Region 1												0.6132		
North America	16	2 (12.5)	14 (87.5)	NE (NE, NE)	18	2 (11.1)	16 (88.9)	NE (NE, NE)	(10.1, NE)	1.259 (0.176, 9.016)	0.8176			
Europe	161	9 (5.6)	152 (94.4)	NE (NE, NE)	161	9 (5.6)	152 (94.4)	NE (NE, NE)		0.911 (0.361, 2.301)	0.8429			
Asia/Other Regions	88	1 (1.1)	87 (98.9)	NE (NE, NE)	89	3 (3.4)	86 (96.6)	NE (NE, NE)		0.341 (0.035, 3.279)	0.3278			

N: number of subjects in analysis set; n: number of subjects in subgroup category; %: proportion of number of subjects in n; CI: confidence interval; NE: not estimable. PT: Preferred Term, SOC: System Organ Class.

[a] Median time to first event is from Kaplan-Meier estimate. Confidence Interval for median was computed using the Brookmeyer-Crowley method.

[b] Hazard ratio is from unstratified Cox proportional hazards model with treatment as the only categorical variable in the model. Confidence limits are based on the Wald test.

[c] Two-sided p-value from unstratified log-rank test.

[d] Two-sided interaction p-value is for the interaction term from unstratified Cox proportional hazards model with treatment, subgroup, and treatment-by-subgroup interaction as categorical variables in the model. The p-value is based on the Wald test.

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Medizinischer Nutzen, medizinischer Zusatznutzen, Patientengruppen mit therap. bedeutsamem Zusatznutzen

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SOC: Cardiac disorders; PT: Any PT

		Quizartinib (N=265)				Placebo (N=268)				Quizartinib vs Placebo		Interaction
Subgroup	n	No. of subjects with events (%)	No. of subjects censored (%)	Median (95 % CI) (months) [a]	n	No. of subjects with events (%)	No. of subjects censored (%)	Median (95 % CI) (months) [a]	Hazard Ratio (95 % CI) [b]	Unstratified log-rank p-value [c]	P-value [d]	
WBC at initial diagnosis											0.6116	
< 40x10 ⁹ /L	132	6 (4.5)	126 (95.5)	NE (NE, NE)	133	6 (4.5)	127 (95.5)	NE (NE, NE)	1.029 (0.332, 3.194)	0.9602		
≥ 40x10 ⁹ /L	133	6 (4.5)	127 (95.5)	NE (NE, NE)	135	8 (5.9)	127 (94.1)	NE (NE, NE)	0.671 (0.232, 1.943)	0.4588		

N: number of subjects in analysis set; n: number of subjects in subgroup category; %: proportion of number of subjects in n; CI: confidence interval; NE: not estimable. PT: Preferred Term, SOC: System Organ Class.

[a] Median time to first event is from Kaplan-Meier estimate. Confidence Interval for median was computed using the Brookmeyer-Crowley method.

[b] Hazard ratio is from unstratified Cox proportional hazards model with treatment as the only categorical variable in the model. Confidence limits are based on the Wald test.

[c] Two-sided p-value from unstratified log-rank test.

[d] Two-sided interaction p-value is for the interaction term from unstratified Cox proportional hazards model with treatment, subgroup, and treatment-by-subgroup interaction as categorical variables in the model. The p-value is based on the Wald test.

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SOC: Cardiac disorders; PT: Any PT

		Quizartinib (N=265)				Placebo (N=268)				Quizartinib vs Placebo		Interaction
Subgroup	n	No. of subjects with events (%)	No. of subjects censored (%)	Median (95 % CI) (months) [a]	n	No. of subjects with events (%)	No. of subjects censored (%)	Median (95 % CI) (months) [a]	Hazard Ratio (95 % CI) [b]	Unstratified log-rank p-value [c]	P-value [d]	
Choice of Anthracycline											0.8790	
Daunorubicin	123	6 (4.9)	117 (95.1)	NE (NE, NE)	94	5 (5.3)	89 (94.7)	NE (NE, NE)	0.861 (0.262, 2.825)	0.8048		
Idarubicin	142	6 (4.2)	136 (95.8)	NE (NE, NE)	171	9 (5.3)	162 (94.7)	NE (NE, NE)	0.765 (0.272, 2.152)	0.6107		

N: number of subjects in analysis set; n: number of subjects in subgroup category; %: proportion of number of subjects in n; CI: confidence interval; NE: not estimable. PT: Preferred Term, SOC: System Organ Class.

[a] Median time to first event is from Kaplan-Meier estimate. Confidence Interval for median was computed using the Brookmeyer-Crowley method.

[b] Hazard ratio is from unstratified Cox proportional hazards model with treatment as the only categorical variable in the model. Confidence limits are based on the Wald test.

[c] Two-sided p-value from unstratified log-rank test.

[d] Two-sided interaction p-value is for the interaction term from unstratified Cox proportional hazards model with treatment, subgroup, and treatment-by-subgroup interaction as categorical variables in the model. The p-value is based on the Wald test.

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SOC: Cardiac disorders; PT: Any PT

		Quizartinib (N=265)					Placebo (N=268)					Quizartinib vs Placebo		Interaction
Subgroup	n	No. of subjects with events (%)	No. of subjects censored (%)	Median (95 % CI) (months) [a]	n	No. of subjects with events (%)	No. of subjects censored (%)	Median (95 % CI) (months) [a]	CI	Hazard Ratio (95 % CI) [b]	Unstratified log-rank p-value [c]	P-value [d]		
AML Cytogenetic Risk Score												0.9665		
Favorable	13	0	13 (100)	NE (NE, NE)	19	1 (5.3)	18 (94.7)	NE (10.1, NE)		0.000 (0.000, NE)	0.5271			
Intermediate	195	8 (4.1)	187 (95.9)	NE (NE, NE)	190	9 (4.7)	181 (95.3)	NE (NE, NE)		0.816 (0.315, 2.119)	0.6763			
Unfavorable	19	2 (10.5)	17 (89.5)	NE (NE, NE)	27	2 (7.4)	25 (92.6)	NE (NE, NE)		1.558 (0.219, 11.076)	0.6552			
Unknown	38	2 (5.3)	36 (94.7)	NE (NE, NE)	31	2 (6.5)	29 (93.5)	NE (9.6, NE)		0.751 (0.105, 5.390)	0.7752			

N: number of subjects in analysis set; n: number of subjects in subgroup category; %: proportion of number of subjects in n; CI: confidence interval; NE: not estimable. PT: Preferred Term, SOC: System Organ Class.

[a] Median time to first event is from Kaplan-Meier estimate. Confidence Interval for median was computed using the Brookmeyer-Crowley method.

[b] Hazard ratio is from unstratified Cox proportional hazards model with treatment as the only categorical variable in the model. Confidence limits are based on the Wald test.

[c] Two-sided p-value from unstratified log-rank test.

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Medizinischer Nutzen, medizinischer Zusatznutzen, Patientengruppen mit therap. bedeutsamem Zusatznutzen

Daichi Sankyo | Data Intelligence – Evidence Generation | Final | AC220-A-U302 QUANTUM-First (DCO 13 Aug 2021) | Statistical analyses for AMNOG (HTA Germany)
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SOC: Cardiac disorders; PT: Any PT

		Quizartinib (N=265)					Placebo (N=268)					Quizartinib vs Placebo		Interaction
Subgroup	n	No. of subjects with events (%)	No. of subjects censored (%)	Median (95 % CI) (months) [a]	n	No. of subjects with events (%)	No. of subjects censored (%)	Median (95 % CI) (months) [a]	n	Hazard Ratio (95 % CI) [b]	Unstratified log-rank p-value [c]	P-value [d]		
ECOG Performance Status at Baseline												0.0797		
0 - Fully Active	87	4 (4.6)	83 (95.4)	NE (NE, NE)	97	3 (3.1)	94 (96.9)	NE (NE, NE)	97	1.472 (0.329, 6.577)	0.6107			
1 - Restricted in Physically Strenuous Activity	133	3 (2.3)	130 (97.7)	NE (NE, NE)	134	10 (7.5)	124 (92.5)	NE (NE, NE)	134	0.280 (0.077, 1.020)	0.0391			
2 - Ambulatory and Capable of All Selfcare	45	5 (11.1)	40 (88.9)	NE (25.1, NE)	36	1 (2.8)	35 (97.2)	NE (NE, NE)	36	3.804 (0.440, 32.872)	0.1921			

N: number of subjects in analysis set; n: number of subjects in subgroup category; %: proportion of number of subjects in n; CI: confidence interval; NE: not estimable. PT: Preferred Term, SOC: System Organ Class.

[a] Median time to first event is from Kaplan-Meier estimate. Confidence Interval for median was computed using the Brookmeyer-Crowley method.

[b] Hazard ratio is from unstratified Cox proportional hazards model with treatment as the only categorical variable in the model. Confidence limits are based on the Wald test.

[c] Two-sided p-value from unstratified log-rank test.

[d] Two-sided interaction p-value is for the interaction term from unstratified Cox proportional hazards model with treatment, subgroup, and treatment-by-subgroup interaction as categorical variables in the model. The p-value is based on the Wald test.

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SOC: Cardiac disorders; PT: Any PT

		Quizartinib (N=265)					Placebo (N=268)					Quizartinib vs Placebo		Interaction
Subgroup	n	No. of subjects with events (%)	No. of subjects censored (%)	Median (95 % CI) (months) [a]	n	No. of subjects with events (%)	No. of subjects censored (%)	Median (95 % CI) (months) [a]	Hazard Ratio (95 % CI) [b]	Unstratified log-rank p-value [c]	P-value [d]			
FLT3-ITD category at Baseline												0.5483		
≥3 to ≤25%	94	4 (4.3)	90 (95.7)	NE (NE, NE)	98	7 (7.1)	91 (92.9)	NE (NE, NE)	0.588 (0.172, 2.010)	0.3918				
>25% to ≤50%	141	8 (5.7)	133 (94.3)	NE (NE, NE)	136	5 (3.7)	131 (96.3)	NE (NE, NE)	1.506 (0.492, 4.610)	0.4700				
>50%	29	0	29 (100)	NE (NE, NE)	34	2 (5.9)	32 (94.1)	NE (NE, NE)	0.000 (0.000, NE)	0.1478				

N: number of subjects in analysis set; n: number of subjects in subgroup category; %: proportion of number of subjects in n; CI: confidence interval; NE: not estimable. PT: Preferred Term, SOC: System Organ Class.

[a] Median time to first event is from Kaplan-Meier estimate. Confidence Interval for median was computed using the Brookmeyer-Crowley method.

[b] Hazard ratio is from unstratified Cox proportional hazards model with treatment as the only categorical variable in the model. Confidence limits are based on the Wald test.

[c] Two-sided p-value from unstratified log-rank test.

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SOC: Cardiac disorders; PT: Any PT

		Quizartinib (N=265)				Placebo (N=268)				Quizartinib vs Placebo		Interaction
Subgroup	n	No. of subjects with events (%)	No. of subjects censored (%)	Median (95 % CI) (months) [a]	n	No. of subjects with events (%)	No. of subjects censored (%)	Median (95 % CI) (months) [a]	Hazard Ratio (95 % CI) [b]	Unstratified log-rank p-value [c]	P-value [d]	
AML with Mutated NPM1											0.6381	
Yes	139	5 (3.6)	134 (96.4)	NE (NE, NE)	137	5 (3.6)	132 (96.4)	NE (NE, NE)	0.884 (0.255, 3.066)	0.8459		
No	116	6 (5.2)	110 (94.8)	NE (NE, NE)	120	9 (7.5)	111 (92.5)	NE (NE, NE)	0.636 (0.226, 1.789)	0.3861		

N: number of subjects in analysis set; n: number of subjects in subgroup category; %: proportion of number of subjects in n; CI: confidence interval; NE: not estimable. PT: Preferred Term, SOC: System Organ Class.

[a] Median time to first event is from Kaplan-Meier estimate. Confidence Interval for median was computed using the Brookmeyer-Crowley method.

[b] Hazard ratio is from unstratified Cox proportional hazards model with treatment as the only categorical variable in the model. Confidence limits are based on the Wald test.

[c] Two-sided p-value from unstratified log-rank test.

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SOC: Cardiac disorders; PT: Any PT

		Quizartinib (N=265)				Placebo (N=268)				Quizartinib vs Placebo		Interaction
Subgroup	n	No. of subjects with events (%)	No. of subjects censored (%)	Median (95 % CI) (months) [a]	n	No. of subjects with events (%)	No. of subjects censored (%)	Median (95 % CI) (months) [a]	Hazard Ratio (95 % CI) [b]	Unstratified log-rank p-value [c]	P-value [d]	
Age by 2 categories											0.5616	
≤60	164	7 (4.3)	157 (95.7)	NE (NE, NE)	163	6 (3.7)	157 (96.3)	NE (NE, NE)	1.078 (0.361, 3.218)	0.8925		
>60	101	5 (5.0)	96 (95.0)	NE (NE, NE)	105	8 (7.6)	97 (92.4)	NE (NE, NE)	0.651 (0.213, 1.990)	0.4464		

N: number of subjects in analysis set; n: number of subjects in subgroup category; %: proportion of number of subjects in n; CI: confidence interval; NE: not estimable. PT: Preferred Term, SOC: System Organ Class.

[a] Median time to first event is from Kaplan-Meier estimate. Confidence Interval for median was computed using the Brookmeyer-Crowley method.

[b] Hazard ratio is from unstratified Cox proportional hazards model with treatment as the only categorical variable in the model. Confidence limits are based on the Wald test.

[c] Two-sided p-value from unstratified log-rank test.

[d] Two-sided interaction p-value is for the interaction term from unstratified Cox proportional hazards model with treatment, subgroup, and treatment-by-subgroup interaction as categorical variables in the model. The p-value is based on the Wald test.

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SOC: Hepatobiliary disorders; PT: Any PT

		Quizartinib (N=265)					Placebo (N=268)					Quizartinib vs Placebo		Interaction
Subgroup	n	No. of subjects with events (%)	No. of subjects censored (%)	Median (95 % CI) (months) [a]	n	No. of subjects with events (%)	No. of subjects censored (%)	Median (95 % CI) (months) [a]	n	Hazard Ratio (95 % CI) [b]	Unstratified log-rank p-value [c]	P-value [d]		
Pooled Age Group 2												0.6727		
<60	159	8 (5.0)	151 (95.0)	NE (NE, NE)	160	5 (3.1)	155 (96.9)	NE (NE, NE)	160	1.527 (0.498, 4.675)	0.4553			
≥60 - <65	37	2 (5.4)	35 (94.6)	NE (19.9, NE)	43	1 (2.3)	42 (97.7)	NE (30.1, NE)	43	2.240 (0.203, 24.739)	0.4991			
≥65	69	1 (1.4)	68 (98.6)	NE (NE, NE)	65	2 (3.1)	63 (96.9)	NE (NE, NE)	65	0.563 (0.051, 6.248)	0.6353			

N: number of subjects in analysis set; n: number of subjects in subgroup category; %: proportion of number of subjects in n; CI: confidence interval; NE: not estimable. PT: Preferred Term, SOC: System Organ Class.

[a] Median time to first event is from Kaplan-Meier estimate. Confidence Interval for median was computed using the Brookmeyer-Crowley method.

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SOC: Hepatobiliary disorders; PT: Any PT

Subgroup	n	Quizartinib (N=265)				Placebo (N=268)				Quizartinib vs Placebo		Interaction
		No. of subjects with events (%)	No. of subjects censored (%)	Median (95 % CI) (months) [a]	n	No. of subjects with events (%)	No. of subjects censored (%)	Median (95 % CI) (months) [a]	n	Hazard Ratio (95 % CI) [b]	Unstratified log-rank p-value [c]	P-value [d]
Sex												0.7482
Male	124	5 (4.0)	119 (96.0)	NE (NE, NE)	120	4 (3.3)	116 (96.7)	NE (NE, NE)	120	1.085 (0.291, 4.053)	0.9040	
Female	141	6 (4.3)	135 (95.7)	NE (NE, NE)	148	4 (2.7)	144 (97.3)	NE (NE, NE)	148	1.521 (0.429, 5.397)	0.5120	

N: number of subjects in analysis set; n: number of subjects in subgroup category; %: proportion of number of subjects in n; CI: confidence interval; NE: not estimable. PT: Preferred Term, SOC: System Organ Class.

[a] Median time to first event is from Kaplan-Meier estimate. Confidence Interval for median was computed using the Brookmeyer-Crowley method.

[b] Hazard ratio is from unstratified Cox proportional hazards model with treatment as the only categorical variable in the model. Confidence limits are based on the Wald test.

[c] Two-sided p-value from unstratified log-rank test.

[d] Two-sided interaction p-value is for the interaction term from unstratified Cox proportional hazards model with treatment, subgroup, and treatment-by-subgroup interaction as categorical variables in the model. The p-value is based on the Wald test.

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Medizinischer Nutzen, medizinischer Zusatznutzen, Patientengruppen mit therap. bedeutsamem Zusatznutzen

Daichi Sankyo | Data Intelligence – Evidence Generation | Final | AC220-A-U302 QUANTUM-First (DCO 13 Aug 2021) | Statistical analyses for AMNOG (HTA Germany)
 Table 3.13.2 Severe Treatment-emergent adverse events (NCI CTCAE grade ≥3) by system organ class (SOC) and preferred term (PT) observed for ≥ 10 patients in at least one arm and ≥ 1% of the patients in at least one arm - Time-to-event analysis - subgroup analysis - DCO 13-Aug-2021 - Safety Analysis Set

SOC: Hepatobiliary disorders; PT: Any PT

		Quizartinib (N=265)				Placebo (N=268)				Quizartinib vs Placebo		Interaction
Subgroup	n	No. of subjects with events (%)	No. of subjects censored (%)	Median (95 % CI) (months) [a]	n	No. of subjects with events (%)	No. of subjects censored (%)	Median (95 % CI) (months) [a]	Hazard Ratio (95 % CI) [b]	Unstratified log-rank p-value [c]	P-value [d]	
Race by 2 categories											0.6914	
White	157	6 (3.8)	151 (96.2)	NE (NE, NE)	161	5 (3.1)	156 (96.9)	NE (NE, NE)	1.097 (0.334, 3.604)	0.8789		
Non-white	108	5 (4.6)	103 (95.4)	NE (NE, NE)	107	3 (2.8)	104 (97.2)	NE (NE, NE)	1.606 (0.383, 6.724)	0.5130		

N: number of subjects in analysis set; n: number of subjects in subgroup category; %: proportion of number of subjects in n; CI: confidence interval; NE: not estimable. PT: Preferred Term, SOC: System Organ Class.

[a] Median time to first event is from Kaplan-Meier estimate. Confidence Interval for median was computed using the Brookmeyer-Crowley method.

[b] Hazard ratio is from unstratified Cox proportional hazards model with treatment as the only categorical variable in the model. Confidence limits are based on the Wald test.

[c] Two-sided p-value from unstratified log-rank test.

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SOC: Hepatobiliary disorders; PT: Any PT

		Quizartinib (N=265)					Placebo (N=268)					Quizartinib vs Placebo		Interaction
Subgroup	n	No. of subjects with events (%)	No. of subjects censored (%)	Median (95 % CI) (months) [a]	n	No. of subjects with events (%)	No. of subjects censored (%)	Median (95 % CI) (months) [a]	Hazard Ratio (95 % CI) [b]	Unstratified log-rank p-value [c]	P-value [d]			
Geographic Region 1													0.5752	
North America	16	0	16 (100)	NE (NE, NE)	18	1 (5.6)	17 (94.4)	NE (NE, NE)	0.000 (0.000, NE)	0.3458				
Europe	161	7 (4.3)	154 (95.7)	NE (NE, NE)	161	6 (3.7)	155 (96.3)	NE (NE, NE)	1.051 (0.352, 3.138)	0.9293				
Asia/Other Regions	88	4 (4.5)	84 (95.5)	NE (NE, NE)	89	1 (1.1)	88 (98.9)	NE (NE, NE)	3.752 (0.418, 33.669)	0.2047				

N: number of subjects in analysis set; n: number of subjects in subgroup category; %: proportion of number of subjects in n; CI: confidence interval; NE: not estimable. PT: Preferred Term, SOC: System Organ Class.

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[c] Two-sided p-value from unstratified log-rank test.

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SOC: Hepatobiliary disorders; PT: Any PT

		Quizartinib (N=265)				Placebo (N=268)				Quizartinib vs Placebo		Interaction
Subgroup	n	No. of subjects with events (%)	No. of subjects censored (%)	Median (95 % CI) (months) [a]	n	No. of subjects with events (%)	No. of subjects censored (%)	Median (95 % CI) (months) [a]	Hazard Ratio (95 % CI) [b]	Unstratified log-rank p-value [c]	P-value [d]	
WBC at initial diagnosis											0.4356	
< 40x10 ⁹ /L	132	7 (5.3)	125 (94.7)	NE (NE, NE)	133	4 (3.0)	129 (97.0)	NE (NE, NE)	1.804 (0.527, 6.172)	0.3400		
≥ 40x10 ⁹ /L	133	4 (3.0)	129 (97.0)	NE (NE, NE)	135	4 (3.0)	131 (97.0)	NE (NE, NE)	0.931 (0.232, 3.744)	0.9202		

N: number of subjects in analysis set; n: number of subjects in subgroup category; %: proportion of number of subjects in n; CI: confidence interval; NE: not estimable. PT: Preferred Term, SOC: System Organ Class.

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SOC: Hepatobiliary disorders; PT: Any PT

		Quizartinib (N=265)					Placebo (N=268)					Quizartinib vs Placebo		Interaction
Subgroup	n	No. of subjects with events (%)	No. of subjects censored (%)	Median (95 % CI) (months) [a]	n	No. of subjects with events (%)	No. of subjects censored (%)	Median (95 % CI) (months) [a]	Hazard Ratio (95 % CI) [b]	Unstratified log-rank p-value [c]	p-	P-value [d]		
Choice of Anthracycline													0.9714	
Daunorubicin	123	2 (1.6)	121 (98.4)	NE (NE, NE)	94	1 (1.1)	93 (98.9)	NE (NE, NE)	1.541 (0.140, 16.994)	0.7220				
Idarubicin	142	9 (6.3)	133 (93.7)	NE (NE, NE)	171	7 (4.1)	164 (95.9)	NE (NE, NE)	1.447 (0.538, 3.891)	0.4621				

N: number of subjects in analysis set; n: number of subjects in subgroup category; %: proportion of number of subjects in n; CI: confidence interval; NE: not estimable. PT: Preferred Term, SOC: System Organ Class.

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SOC: Hepatobiliary disorders; PT: Any PT

		Quizartinib (N=265)				Placebo (N=268)				Quizartinib vs Placebo		Interaction
Subgroup	n	No. of subjects with events (%)	No. of subjects censored (%)	Median (95 % CI) (months) [a]	n	No. of subjects with events (%)	No. of subjects censored (%)	Median (95 % CI) (months) [a]	Hazard Ratio (95 % CI) [b]	Unstratified log-rank p-value [c]	P-value [d]	
AML Cytogenetic Risk Score											0.8889	
Favorable	13	0	13 (100)	NE (NE, NE)	19	0	19 (100)	NE (NE, NE)	NE (NE, NE)	NE		
Intermediate	195	7 (3.6)	188 (96.4)	NE (NE, NE)	190	7 (3.7)	183 (96.3)	NE (NE, NE)	0.868 (0.304, 2.481)	0.7926		
Unfavorable	19	1 (5.3)	18 (94.7)	NE (NE, NE)	27	0	27 (100)	NE (NE, NE)	NE (0.000, NE)	0.1967		
Unknown	38	3 (7.9)	35 (92.1)	NE (NE, NE)	31	1 (3.2)	30 (96.8)	NE (NE, NE)	2.620 (0.272, 25.228)	0.3865		

N: number of subjects in analysis set; n: number of subjects in subgroup category; %: proportion of number of subjects in n; CI: confidence interval; NE: not estimable. PT: Preferred Term, SOC: System Organ Class.

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[c] Two-sided p-value from unstratified log-rank test.

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SOC: Hepatobiliary disorders; PT: Any PT

		Quizartinib (N=265)					Placebo (N=268)					Quizartinib vs Placebo		Interaction
Subgroup	n	No. of subjects with events (%)	No. of subjects censored (%)	Median (95 % CI) (months) [a]	n	No. of subjects with events (%)	No. of subjects censored (%)	Median (95 % CI) (months) [a]	Hazard Ratio (95 % CI) [b]	Unstratified log-rank p-value [c]	P-value [d]			
ECOG Performance Status at Baseline												0.1921		
0 - Fully Active	87	5 (5.7)	82 (94.3)	NE (NE, NE)	97	1 (1.0)	96 (99.0)	NE (NE, NE)	5.624 (0.657, 48.141)	0.0751				
1 - Restricted in Physically Strenuous Activity	133	4 (3.0)	129 (97.0)	NE (NE, NE)	134	7 (5.2)	127 (94.8)	NE (NE, NE)	0.530 (0.155, 1.811)	0.3029				
2 - Ambulatory and Capable of All Selfcare	45	2 (4.4)	43 (95.6)	NE (NE, NE)	36	0	36 (100)	NE (NE, NE)	NE (0.000, NE)	0.2007				

N: number of subjects in analysis set; n: number of subjects in subgroup category; %: proportion of number of subjects in n; CI: confidence interval; NE: not estimable. PT: Preferred Term, SOC: System Organ Class.

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SOC: Hepatobiliary disorders; PT: Any PT

		Quizartinib (N=265)					Placebo (N=268)					Quizartinib vs Placebo		Interaction
Subgroup	n	No. of subjects with events (%)	No. of subjects censored (%)	Median (95 % CI) (months) [a]	n	No. of subjects with events (%)	No. of subjects censored (%)	Median (95 % CI) (months) [a]	Hazard Ratio (95 % CI) [b]	Unstratified log-rank p-value [c]	P-value [d]			
FLT3-ITD category at Baseline													0.9338	
≥3 to ≤25%	94	5 (5.3)	89 (94.7)	NE (NE, NE)	98	5 (5.1)	93 (94.9)	NE (NE, NE)	1.045 (0.302, 3.612)	0.9446				
>25% to ≤50%	141	5 (3.5)	136 (96.5)	NE (NE, NE)	136	3 (2.2)	133 (97.8)	NE (NE, NE)	1.496 (0.357, 6.270)	0.5794				
>50%	29	1 (3.4)	28 (96.6)	NE (NE, NE)	34	0	34 (100)	NE (NE, NE)	NE (0.000, NE)	0.2789				

N: number of subjects in analysis set; n: number of subjects in subgroup category; %: proportion of number of subjects in n; CI: confidence interval; NE: not estimable. PT: Preferred Term, SOC: System Organ Class.

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Subgroup	n	Quizartinib (N=265)				Placebo (N=268)				Quizartinib vs Placebo		Interaction
		No. of subjects with events (%)	No. of subjects censored (%)	Median (95 % CI) (months) [a]	n	No. of subjects with events (%)	No. of subjects censored (%)	Median (95 % CI) (months) [a]	n	Hazard Ratio (95 % CI) [b]	Unstratified log-rank p-value [c]	P-value [d]
AML with Mutated NPM1											0.2725	
Yes	139	5 (3.6)	134 (96.4)	NE (NE, NE)	137	6 (4.4)	131 (95.6)	NE (NE, NE)	137	0.765 (0.233, 2.512)	0.6573	
No	116	5 (4.3)	111 (95.7)	NE (NE, NE)	120	2 (1.7)	118 (98.3)	NE (NE, NE)	120	2.456 (0.476, 12.672)	0.2670	

N: number of subjects in analysis set; n: number of subjects in subgroup category; %: proportion of number of subjects in n; CI: confidence interval; NE: not estimable. PT: Preferred Term, SOC: System Organ Class.

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		Quizartinib (N=265)					Placebo (N=268)					Quizartinib vs Placebo		Interaction
Subgroup	n	No. of subjects with events (%)	No. of subjects censored (%)	Median (95 % CI) (months) [a]	n	No. of subjects with events (%)	No. of subjects censored (%)	Median (95 % CI) (months) [a]	Hazard Ratio (95 % CI) [b]	Unstratified log-rank p-value [c]	p-	P-value [d]		
Age by 2 categories														0.7969
≤60	164	8 (4.9)	156 (95.1)	NE (NE, NE)	163	5 (3.1)	158 (96.9)	NE (NE, NE)	1.503 (0.491, 4.603)	0.4724				
>60	101	3 (3.0)	98 (97.0)	NE (NE, NE)	105	3 (2.9)	102 (97.1)	NE (NE, NE)	1.130 (0.228, 5.607)	0.8815				

N: number of subjects in analysis set; n: number of subjects in subgroup category; %: proportion of number of subjects in n; CI: confidence interval; NE: not estimable. PT: Preferred Term, SOC: System Organ Class.

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SOC: Immune system disorders; PT: Any PT

		Quizartinib (N=265)				Placebo (N=268)				Quizartinib vs Placebo		Interaction
Subgroup	n	No. of subjects with events (%)	No. of subjects censored (%)	Median (95 % CI) (months) [a]	n	No. of subjects with events (%)	No. of subjects censored (%)	Median (95 % CI) (months) [a]	Hazard Ratio (95 % CI) [b]	Unstratified log-rank p-value [c]	P-value [d]	
Pooled Age Group 2											0.9999	
<60	159	7 (4.4)	152 (95.6)	NE (NE, NE)	160	4 (2.5)	156 (97.5)	NE (NE, NE)	1.336 (0.388, 4.594)	0.6450		
≥60 - <65	37	2 (5.4)	35 (94.6)	NE (NE, NE)	43	0	43 (100)	NE (NE, NE)	NE (0.000, NE)	0.2092		
≥65	69	2 (2.9)	67 (97.1)	NE (NE, NE)	65	0	65 (100)	NE (NE, NE)	NE (0.000, NE)	0.1459		

N: number of subjects in analysis set; n: number of subjects in subgroup category; %: proportion of number of subjects in n; CI: confidence interval; NE: not estimable. PT: Preferred Term, SOC: System Organ Class.

[a] Median time to first event is from Kaplan-Meier estimate. Confidence Interval for median was computed using the Brookmeyer-Crowley method.

[b] Hazard ratio is from unstratified Cox proportional hazards model with treatment as the only categorical variable in the model. Confidence limits are based on the Wald test.

[c] Two-sided p-value from unstratified log-rank test.

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Sex											0.9398	
Male	124	3 (2.4)	121 (97.6)	NE (NE, NE)	120	1 (0.8)	119 (99.2)	NE (NE, NE)	1.940 (0.201, 18.677)	0.5593		
Female	141	8 (5.7)	133 (94.3)	NE (NE, NE)	148	3 (2.0)	145 (98.0)	NE (NE, NE)	2.485 (0.658, 9.383)	0.1647		

N: number of subjects in analysis set; n: number of subjects in subgroup category; %: proportion of number of subjects in n; CI: confidence interval; NE: not estimable. PT: Preferred Term, SOC: System Organ Class.

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Subgroup	n	No. of subjects with events (%)	No. of subjects censored (%)	Median (95 % CI) (months) [a]	n	No. of subjects with events (%)	No. of subjects censored (%)	Median (95 % CI) (months) [a]	Hazard Ratio (95 % CI) [b]	Unstratified log-rank p-value [c]	P-value [d]	
Race by 2 categories											0.6547	
White	157	7 (4.5)	150 (95.5)	NE (NE, NE)	161	2 (1.2)	159 (98.8)	NE (NE, NE)	2.960 (0.613, 14.302)	0.1567		
Non-white	108	4 (3.7)	104 (96.3)	NE (NE, NE)	107	2 (1.9)	105 (98.1)	NE (NE, NE)	1.687 (0.309, 9.218)	0.5416		

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Subgroup	n	No. of subjects with events (%)	No. of subjects censored (%)	Median (95 % CI) (months) [a]	n	No. of subjects with events (%)	No. of subjects censored (%)	Median (95 % CI) (months) [a]	Hazard Ratio (95 % CI) [b]	Unstratified log-rank p-value [c]	P-value [d]			
Geographic Region 1													0.8066	
North America	16	2 (12.5)	14 (87.5)	17.4 (9.0, NE)	18	0	18 (100)	NE (NE, NE)	NE (0.000, NE)	0.0530				
Europe	161	4 (2.5)	157 (97.5)	NE (NE, NE)	161	1 (0.6)	160 (99.4)	NE (NE, NE)	3.598 (0.401, 32.278)	0.2213				
Asia/Other Regions	88	5 (5.7)	83 (94.3)	NE (NE, NE)	89	3 (3.4)	86 (96.6)	NE (NE, NE)	1.261 (0.300, 5.297)	0.7505				

N: number of subjects in analysis set; n: number of subjects in subgroup category; %: proportion of number of subjects in n; CI: confidence interval; NE: not estimable. PT: Preferred Term, SOC: System Organ Class.

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Subgroup	n	No. of subjects with events (%)	No. of subjects censored (%)	Median (95 % CI) (months) [a]	n	No. of subjects with events (%)	No. of subjects censored (%)	Median (95 % CI) (months) [a]	Hazard Ratio (95 % CI) [b]	Unstratified log-rank p-value [c]	p-	P-value [d]		
WBC at initial diagnosis														0.4480
< 40x10 ⁹ /L	132	7 (5.3)	125 (94.7)	NE (NE, NE)	133	2 (1.5)	131 (98.5)	NE (NE, NE)	3.485 (0.724, 16.785)	0.0971				
≥ 40x10 ⁹ /L	133	4 (3.0)	129 (97.0)	NE (NE, NE)	135	2 (1.5)	133 (98.5)	NE (NE, NE)	1.433 (0.261, 7.861)	0.6767				

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Choice of Anthracycline												0.3312		
Daunorubicin	123	4 (3.3)	119 (96.7)	NE (NE, NE)	94	2 (2.1)	92 (97.9)	NE (NE, NE)		1.143 (0.208, 6.292)	0.8777			
Idarubicin	142	7 (4.9)	135 (95.1)	NE (NE, NE)	171	2 (1.2)	169 (98.8)	NE (NE, NE)		3.576 (0.742, 17.242)	0.0899			

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AML Cytogenetic Risk Score											0.9922	
Favorable	13	0	13 (100)	NE (NE, NE)	19	0	19 (100)	NE (NE, NE)	NE (NE, NE)	NE		
Intermediate	195	7 (3.6)	188 (96.4)	NE (NE, NE)	190	3 (1.6)	187 (98.4)	NE (NE, NE)	1.776 (0.458, 6.881)	0.3992		
Unfavorable	19	0	19 (100)	NE (NE, NE)	27	0	27 (100)	NE (NE, NE)	NE (NE, NE)	NE		
Unknown	38	4 (10.5)	34 (89.5)	NE (NE, NE)	31	1 (3.2)	30 (96.8)	NE (8.8, NE)	2.459 (0.273, 22.138)	0.4069		

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ECOG Performance Status at Baseline											0.4468	
0 - Fully Active	87	6 (6.9)	81 (93.1)	NE (NE, NE)	97	0	97 (100)	NE (NE, NE)	NE (0.000, NE)	0.0148		
1 - Restricted in Physically Strenuous Activity	133	4 (3.0)	129 (97.0)	NE (NE, NE)	134	2 (1.5)	132 (98.5)	NE (NE, NE)	1.542 (0.282, 8.421)	0.6141		
2 - Ambulatory and Capable of All Selfcare	45	1 (2.2)	44 (97.8)	NE (NE, NE)	36	2 (5.6)	34 (94.4)	NE (NE, NE)	0.270 (0.022, 3.376)	0.2850		

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FLT3-ITD category at Baseline													0.9713	
≥3 to ≤25%	94	3 (3.2)	91 (96.8)	NE (NE, NE)	98	1 (1.0)	97 (99.0)	NE (NE, NE)	2.904 (0.301, 28.009)	0.3341				
>25% to ≤50%	141	8 (5.7)	133 (94.3)	NE (NE, NE)	136	3 (2.2)	133 (97.8)	NE (NE, NE)	2.116 (0.560, 7.997)	0.2584				
>50%	29	0	29 (100)	NE (NE, NE)	34	0	34 (100)	NE (NE, NE)	NE (NE, NE)	NE				

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AML with Mutated NPM1											0.6676	
Yes	139	7 (5.0)	132 (95.0)	NE (NE, NE)	137	2 (1.5)	135 (98.5)	NE (NE, NE)	2.854 (0.591, 13.774)	0.1720		
No	116	4 (3.4)	112 (96.6)	NE (NE, NE)	120	2 (1.7)	118 (98.3)	NE (NE, NE)	1.774 (0.324, 9.697)	0.5026		

N: number of subjects in analysis set; n: number of subjects in subgroup category; %: proportion of number of subjects in n; CI: confidence interval; NE: not estimable. PT: Preferred Term, SOC: System Organ Class.

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Medizinischer Nutzen, medizinischer Zusatznutzen, Patientengruppen mit therap. bedeutsamem Zusatznutzen

Daichi Sankyo | Data Intelligence – Evidence Generation | Final | AC220-A-U302 QUANTUM-First (DCO 13 Aug 2021) | Statistical analyses for AMNOG (HTA Germany)
 Table 3.13.2 Severe Treatment-emergent adverse events (NCI CTCAE grade ≥3) by system organ class (SOC) and preferred term (PT) observed for ≥ 10 patients in at least one arm and ≥ 1% of the patients in at least one arm - Time-to-event analysis - subgroup analysis - DCO 13-Aug-2021 - Safety Analysis Set

SOC: Immune system disorders; PT: Any PT

		Quizartinib (N=265)				Placebo (N=268)				Quizartinib vs Placebo		Interaction
Subgroup	n	No. of subjects with events (%)	No. of subjects censored (%)	Median (95 % CI) (months) [a]	n	No. of subjects with events (%)	No. of subjects censored (%)	Median (95 % CI) (months) [a]	Hazard Ratio (95 % CI) [b]	Unstratified log-rank p-value [c]	P-value [d]	
Age by 2 categories											0.9895	
≤60	164	7 (4.3)	157 (95.7)	NE (NE, NE)	163	4 (2.5)	159 (97.5)	NE (NE, NE)	1.312 (0.381, 4.512)	0.6657		
>60	101	4 (4.0)	97 (96.0)	NE (NE, NE)	105	0	105 (100)	NE (NE, NE)	NE (0.000, NE)	0.0485		

N: number of subjects in analysis set; n: number of subjects in subgroup category; %: proportion of number of subjects in n; CI: confidence interval; NE: not estimable. PT: Preferred Term, SOC: System Organ Class.

[a] Median time to first event is from Kaplan-Meier estimate. Confidence Interval for median was computed using the Brookmeyer-Crowley method.

[b] Hazard ratio is from unstratified Cox proportional hazards model with treatment as the only categorical variable in the model. Confidence limits are based on the Wald test.

[c] Two-sided p-value from unstratified log-rank test.

[d] Two-sided interaction p-value is for the interaction term from unstratified Cox proportional hazards model with treatment, subgroup, and treatment-by-subgroup interaction as categorical variables in the model. The p-value is based on the Wald test.

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SOC: Musculoskeletal and connective tissue disorders; PT: Any PT

		Quizartinib (N=265)				Placebo (N=268)				Quizartinib vs Placebo		Interaction
Subgroup	n	No. of subjects with events (%)	No. of subjects censored (%)	Median (95 % CI) (months) [a]	n	No. of subjects with events (%)	No. of subjects censored (%)	Median (95 % CI) (months) [a]	Hazard Ratio (95 % CI) [b]	Unstratified log-rank p-value [c]	P-value [d]	
Pooled Age Group 2											0.2143	
<60	159	8 (5.0)	151 (95.0)	NE (NE, NE)	160	5 (3.1)	155 (96.9)	NE (NE, NE)	1.398 (0.456, 4.284)	0.5561		
≥60 - <65	37	0	37 (100)	NE (NE, NE)	43	0	43 (100)	NE (NE, NE)	NE (NE, NE)	NE		
≥65	69	1 (1.4)	68 (98.6)	NE (NE, NE)	65	6 (9.2)	59 (90.8)	NE (NE, NE)	0.159 (0.019, 1.319)	0.0507		

N: number of subjects in analysis set; n: number of subjects in subgroup category; %: proportion of number of subjects in n; CI: confidence interval; NE: not estimable. PT: Preferred Term, SOC: System Organ Class.

[a] Median time to first event is from Kaplan-Meier estimate. Confidence Interval for median was computed using the Brookmeyer-Crowley method.

[b] Hazard ratio is from unstratified Cox proportional hazards model with treatment as the only categorical variable in the model. Confidence limits are based on the Wald test.

[c] Two-sided p-value from unstratified log-rank test.

[d] Two-sided interaction p-value is for the interaction term from unstratified Cox proportional hazards model with treatment, subgroup, and treatment-by-subgroup interaction as categorical variables in the model. The p-value is based on the Wald test.

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SOC: Musculoskeletal and connective tissue disorders; PT: Any PT

Subgroup	n	Quizartinib (N=265)				Placebo (N=268)				Quizartinib vs Placebo		Interaction
		No. of subjects with events (%)	No. of subjects censored (%)	Median (95 % CI) (months) [a]	n	No. of subjects with events (%)	No. of subjects censored (%)	Median (95 % CI) (months) [a]	n	Hazard Ratio (95 % CI) [b]	Unstratified log-rank p-value [c]	P-value [d]
Sex												0.5028
Male	124	3 (2.4)	121 (97.6)	NE (NE, NE)	120	5 (4.2)	115 (95.8)	NE (NE, NE)	120	0.474 (0.113, 1.993)	0.2973	
Female	141	6 (4.3)	135 (95.7)	NE (NE, NE)	148	6 (4.1)	142 (95.9)	NE (NE, NE)	148	0.980 (0.315, 3.045)	0.9723	

N: number of subjects in analysis set; n: number of subjects in subgroup category; %: proportion of number of subjects in n; CI: confidence interval; NE: not estimable. PT: Preferred Term, SOC: System Organ Class.

[a] Median time to first event is from Kaplan-Meier estimate. Confidence Interval for median was computed using the Brookmeyer-Crowley method.

[b] Hazard ratio is from unstratified Cox proportional hazards model with treatment as the only categorical variable in the model. Confidence limits are based on the Wald test.

[c] Two-sided p-value from unstratified log-rank test.

[d] Two-sided interaction p-value is for the interaction term from unstratified Cox proportional hazards model with treatment, subgroup, and treatment-by-subgroup interaction as categorical variables in the model. The p-value is based on the Wald test.

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SOC: Musculoskeletal and connective tissue disorders; PT: Any PT

Subgroup	n	Quizartinib (N=265)				Placebo (N=268)				Quizartinib vs Placebo		Interaction
		No. of subjects with events (%)	No. of subjects censored (%)	Median (95 % CI) (months) [a]	n	No. of subjects with events (%)	No. of subjects censored (%)	Median (95 % CI) (months) [a]	n	Hazard Ratio (95 % CI) [b]	Unstratified log-rank p-value [c]	P-value [d]
Race by 2 categories											0.0294	
White	157	2 (1.3)	155 (98.7)	NE (NE, NE)	161	8 (5.0)	153 (95.0)	NE (NE, NE)	107	0.223 (0.047, 1.052)	0.0379	
Non-white	108	7 (6.5)	101 (93.5)	NE (NE, NE)	107	3 (2.8)	104 (97.2)	NE (NE, NE)	107	2.232 (0.577, 8.635)	0.2323	

N: number of subjects in analysis set; n: number of subjects in subgroup category; %: proportion of number of subjects in n; CI: confidence interval; NE: not estimable. PT: Preferred Term, SOC: System Organ Class.

[a] Median time to first event is from Kaplan-Meier estimate. Confidence Interval for median was computed using the Brookmeyer-Crowley method.

[b] Hazard ratio is from unstratified Cox proportional hazards model with treatment as the only categorical variable in the model. Confidence limits are based on the Wald test.

[c] Two-sided p-value from unstratified log-rank test.

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SOC: Musculoskeletal and connective tissue disorders; PT: Any PT

		Quizartinib (N=265)					Placebo (N=268)					Quizartinib vs Placebo		Interaction
Subgroup	n	No. of subjects with events (%)	No. of subjects censored (%)	Median (95 % CI) (months) [a]	n	No. of subjects with events (%)	No. of subjects censored (%)	Median (95 % CI) (months) [a]	Hazard Ratio (95 % CI) [b]	Unstratified log-rank p-value [c]	P-value [d]			
Geographic Region 1													0.1333	
North America	16	1 (6.3)	15 (93.8)	NE (2.0, NE)	18	0	18 (100)	NE (NE, NE)	NE (0.000, NE)	0.1824				
Europe	161	3 (1.9)	158 (98.1)	NE (NE, NE)	161	9 (5.6)	152 (94.4)	NE (NE, NE)	0.281 (0.076, 1.044)	0.0432				
Asia/Other Regions	88	5 (5.7)	83 (94.3)	NE (NE, NE)	89	2 (2.2)	87 (97.8)	NE (NE, NE)	2.302 (0.446, 11.885)	0.3057				

N: number of subjects in analysis set; n: number of subjects in subgroup category; %: proportion of number of subjects in n; CI: confidence interval; NE: not estimable. PT: Preferred Term, SOC: System Organ Class.

[a] Median time to first event is from Kaplan-Meier estimate. Confidence Interval for median was computed using the Brookmeyer-Crowley method.

[b] Hazard ratio is from unstratified Cox proportional hazards model with treatment as the only categorical variable in the model. Confidence limits are based on the Wald test.

[c] Two-sided p-value from unstratified log-rank test.

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SOC: Musculoskeletal and connective tissue disorders; PT: Any PT

Subgroup	n	Quizartinib (N=265)				Placebo (N=268)				Quizartinib vs Placebo		Interaction
		No. of subjects with events (%)	No. of subjects censored (%)	Median (95 % CI) (months) [a]	n	No. of subjects with events (%)	No. of subjects censored (%)	Median (95 % CI) (months) [a]	n	Hazard Ratio (95 % CI) [b]	Unstratified log-rank p-value [c]	P-value [d]
WBC at initial diagnosis											0.0945	
< 40x10 ⁹ /L	132	1 (0.8)	131 (99.2)	NE (NE, NE)	133	6 (4.5)	127 (95.5)	NE (NE, NE)	133	0.168 (0.020, 1.398)	0.0606	
≥ 40x10 ⁹ /L	133	8 (6.0)	125 (94.0)	NE (NE, NE)	135	5 (3.7)	130 (96.3)	NE (NE, NE)	135	1.294 (0.421, 3.975)	0.6518	

N: number of subjects in analysis set; n: number of subjects in subgroup category; %: proportion of number of subjects in n; CI: confidence interval; NE: not estimable. PT: Preferred Term, SOC: System Organ Class.

[a] Median time to first event is from Kaplan-Meier estimate. Confidence Interval for median was computed using the Brookmeyer-Crowley method.

[b] Hazard ratio is from unstratified Cox proportional hazards model with treatment as the only categorical variable in the model. Confidence limits are based on the Wald test.

[c] Two-sided p-value from unstratified log-rank test.

[d] Two-sided interaction p-value is for the interaction term from unstratified Cox proportional hazards model with treatment, subgroup, and treatment-by-subgroup interaction as categorical variables in the model. The p-value is based on the Wald test.

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SOC: Musculoskeletal and connective tissue disorders; PT: Any PT

		Quizartinib (N=265)				Placebo (N=268)				Quizartinib vs Placebo		Interaction
Subgroup	n	No. of subjects with events (%)	No. of subjects censored (%)	Median (95 % CI) (months) [a]	n	No. of subjects with events (%)	No. of subjects censored (%)	Median (95 % CI) (months) [a]	Hazard Ratio (95 % CI) [b]	Unstratified log-rank p-value [c]	P-value [d]	
Choice of Anthracycline											0.3994	
Daunorubicin	123	4 (3.3)	119 (96.7)	NE (NE, NE)	94	2 (2.1)	92 (97.9)	NE (NE, NE)	1.499 (0.274, 8.191)	0.6381		
Idarubicin	142	5 (3.5)	137 (96.5)	NE (NE, NE)	171	9 (5.3)	162 (94.7)	NE (NE, NE)	0.580 (0.194, 1.736)	0.3245		

N: number of subjects in analysis set; n: number of subjects in subgroup category; %: proportion of number of subjects in n; CI: confidence interval; NE: not estimable. PT: Preferred Term, SOC: System Organ Class.

[a] Median time to first event is from Kaplan-Meier estimate. Confidence Interval for median was computed using the Brookmeyer-Crowley method.

[b] Hazard ratio is from unstratified Cox proportional hazards model with treatment as the only categorical variable in the model. Confidence limits are based on the Wald test.

[c] Two-sided p-value from unstratified log-rank test.

[d] Two-sided interaction p-value is for the interaction term from unstratified Cox proportional hazards model with treatment, subgroup, and treatment-by-subgroup interaction as categorical variables in the model. The p-value is based on the Wald test.

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SOC: Musculoskeletal and connective tissue disorders; PT: Any PT

		Quizartinib (N=265)				Placebo (N=268)				Quizartinib vs Placebo		Interaction
Subgroup	n	No. of subjects with events (%)	No. of subjects censored (%)	Median (95 % CI) (months) [a]	n	No. of subjects with events (%)	No. of subjects censored (%)	Median (95 % CI) (months) [a]	Hazard Ratio (95 % CI) [b]	Unstratified log-rank p-value [c]	P-value [d]	
AML Cytogenetic Risk Score											0.9398	
Favorable	13	0	13 (100)	NE (NE, NE)	19	0	19 (100)	NE (NE, NE)	NE (NE, NE)	NE		
Intermediate	195	7 (3.6)	188 (96.4)	NE (NE, NE)	190	7 (3.7)	183 (96.3)	NE (NE, NE)	0.847 (0.296, 2.420)	0.7563		
Unfavorable	19	1 (5.3)	18 (94.7)	NE (24.9, NE)	27	2 (7.4)	25 (92.6)	NE (NE, NE)	0.466 (0.037, 5.798)	0.5454		
Unknown	38	1 (2.6)	37 (97.4)	NE (NE, NE)	31	2 (6.5)	29 (93.5)	NE (NE, NE)	0.386 (0.034, 4.348)	0.4247		

N: number of subjects in analysis set; n: number of subjects in subgroup category; %: proportion of number of subjects in n; CI: confidence interval; NE: not estimable. PT: Preferred Term, SOC: System Organ Class.

[a] Median time to first event is from Kaplan-Meier estimate. Confidence Interval for median was computed using the Brookmeyer-Crowley method.

[b] Hazard ratio is from unstratified Cox proportional hazards model with treatment as the only categorical variable in the model. Confidence limits are based on the Wald test.

[c] Two-sided p-value from unstratified log-rank test.

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SOC: Musculoskeletal and connective tissue disorders; PT: Any PT

		Quizartinib (N=265)				Placebo (N=268)				Quizartinib vs Placebo		Interaction
Subgroup	n	No. of subjects with events (%)	No. of subjects censored (%)	Median (95 % CI) (months) [a]	n	No. of subjects with events (%)	No. of subjects censored (%)	Median (95 % CI) (months) [a]	Hazard Ratio (95 % CI) [b]	Unstratified log-rank p-value [c]	P-value [d]	
ECOG Performance Status at Baseline											0.1802	
0 - Fully Active	87	5 (5.7)	82 (94.3)	NE (NE, NE)	97	2 (2.1)	95 (97.9)	NE (NE, NE)	2.457 (0.475, 12.702)	0.2678		
1 - Restricted in Physically Strenuous Activity	133	3 (2.3)	130 (97.7)	NE (NE, NE)	134	8 (6.0)	126 (94.0)	NE (NE, NE)	0.339 (0.090, 1.281)	0.0944		
2 - Ambulatory and Capable of All Selfcare	45	1 (2.2)	44 (97.8)	NE (32.1, NE)	36	1 (2.8)	35 (97.2)	NE (NE, NE)	0.634 (0.039, 10.343)	0.7473		

N: number of subjects in analysis set; n: number of subjects in subgroup category; %: proportion of number of subjects in n; CI: confidence interval; NE: not estimable. PT: Preferred Term, SOC: System Organ Class.

[a] Median time to first event is from Kaplan-Meier estimate. Confidence Interval for median was computed using the Brookmeyer-Crowley method.

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SOC: Musculoskeletal and connective tissue disorders; PT: Any PT

		Quizartinib (N=265)					Placebo (N=268)					Quizartinib vs Placebo		Interaction
Subgroup	n	No. of subjects with events (%)	No. of subjects censored (%)	Median (95 % CI) (months) [a]	n	No. of subjects with events (%)	No. of subjects censored (%)	Median (95 % CI) (months) [a]	Hazard Ratio (95 % CI) [b]	Unstratified log-rank p-value [c]	P-value [d]			
FLT3-ITD category at Baseline													0.5949	
≥3 to ≤25%	94	2 (2.1)	92 (97.9)	NE (NE, NE)	98	1 (1.0)	97 (99.0)	NE (NE, NE)	2.063 (0.187, 22.759)	0.5456				
>25% to ≤50%	141	5 (3.5)	136 (96.5)	NE (NE, NE)	136	8 (5.9)	128 (94.1)	NE (NE, NE)	0.544 (0.177, 1.672)	0.2808				
>50%	29	2 (6.9)	27 (93.1)	NE (23.2, NE)	34	2 (5.9)	32 (94.1)	NE (NE, NE)	0.796 (0.110, 5.772)	0.8208				

N: number of subjects in analysis set; n: number of subjects in subgroup category; %: proportion of number of subjects in n; CI: confidence interval; NE: not estimable. PT: Preferred Term, SOC: System Organ Class.

[a] Median time to first event is from Kaplan-Meier estimate. Confidence Interval for median was computed using the Brookmeyer-Crowley method.

[b] Hazard ratio is from unstratified Cox proportional hazards model with treatment as the only categorical variable in the model. Confidence limits are based on the Wald test.

[c] Two-sided p-value from unstratified log-rank test.

[d] Two-sided interaction p-value is for the interaction term from unstratified Cox proportional hazards model with treatment, subgroup, and treatment-by-subgroup interaction as categorical variables in the model. The p-value is based on the Wald test.

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Medizinischer Nutzen, medizinischer Zusatznutzen, Patientengruppen mit therap. bedeutsamem Zusatznutzen

Daichi Sankyo | Data Intelligence – Evidence Generation | Final | AC220-A-U302 QUANTUM-First (DCO 13 Aug 2021) | Statistical analyses for AMNOG (HTA Germany)
 Table 3.13.2 Severe Treatment-emergent adverse events (NCI CTCAE grade ≥3) by system organ class (SOC) and preferred term (PT) observed for ≥ 10 patients in at least one arm and ≥ 1% of the patients in at least one arm - Time-to-event analysis - subgroup analysis - DCO 13-Aug-2021 - Safety Analysis Set

SOC: Musculoskeletal and connective tissue disorders; PT: Any PT

Subgroup	n	Quizartinib (N=265)				Placebo (N=268)				Quizartinib vs Placebo		Interaction
		No. of subjects with events (%)	No. of subjects censored (%)	Median (95 % CI) [a]	n	No. of subjects with events (%)	No. of subjects censored (%)	Median (95 % CI) [a]	n	Hazard Ratio (95 % CI) [b]	Unstratified log-rank p-value [c]	P-value [d]
AML with Mutated NPM1											0.5446	
Yes	139	4 (2.9)	135 (97.1)	NE (NE, NE)	137	7 (5.1)	130 (94.9)	NE (NE, NE)	137	0.521 (0.152, 1.784)	0.2904	
No	116	4 (3.4)	112 (96.6)	NE (NE, NE)	120	4 (3.3)	116 (96.7)	NE (NE, NE)	120	0.895 (0.223, 3.583)	0.8755	

N: number of subjects in analysis set; n: number of subjects in subgroup category; %: proportion of number of subjects in n; CI: confidence interval; NE: not estimable. PT: Preferred Term, SOC: System Organ Class.

[a] Median time to first event is from Kaplan-Meier estimate. Confidence Interval for median was computed using the Brookmeyer-Crowley method.

[b] Hazard ratio is from unstratified Cox proportional hazards model with treatment as the only categorical variable in the model. Confidence limits are based on the Wald test.

[c] Two-sided p-value from unstratified log-rank test.

[d] Two-sided interaction p-value is for the interaction term from unstratified Cox proportional hazards model with treatment, subgroup, and treatment-by-subgroup interaction as categorical variables in the model. The p-value is based on the Wald test.

Data source: \\AC220-A-U302\Production\Raw\Data_Restricted\rstret_eg\rstret_20211102_eg\rstret_valos\20230516_AMNOG\ADAM\

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Medizinischer Nutzen, medizinischer Zusatznutzen, Patientengruppen mit therap. bedeutsamem Zusatznutzen

Daichi Sankyo | Data Intelligence – Evidence Generation | Final | AC220-A-U302 QUANTUM-First (DCO 13 Aug 2021) | Statistical analyses for AMNOG (HTA Germany)
 Table 3.13.2 Severe Treatment-emergent adverse events (NCI CTCAE grade ≥3) by system organ class (SOC) and preferred term (PT) observed for ≥ 10 patients in at least one arm and ≥ 1% of the patients in at least one arm - Time-to-event analysis - subgroup analysis - DCO 13-Aug-2021 - Safety Analysis Set

SOC: Musculoskeletal and connective tissue disorders; PT: Any PT

		Quizartinib (N=265)				Placebo (N=268)				Quizartinib vs Placebo		Interaction
Subgroup	n	No. of subjects with events (%)	No. of subjects censored (%)	Median (95 % CI) (months) [a]	n	No. of subjects with events (%)	No. of subjects censored (%)	Median (95 % CI) (months) [a]	Hazard Ratio (95 % CI) [b]	Unstratified log-rank p-value [c]	P-value [d]	
Age by 2 categories											0.0933	
≤60	164	8 (4.9)	156 (95.1)	NE (NE, NE)	163	5 (3.1)	158 (96.9)	NE (NE, NE)	1.365 (0.445, 4.186)	0.5843		
>60	101	1 (1.0)	100 (99.0)	NE (NE, NE)	105	6 (5.7)	99 (94.3)	NE (NE, NE)	0.164 (0.020, 1.366)	0.0565		

N: number of subjects in analysis set; n: number of subjects in subgroup category; %: proportion of number of subjects in n; CI: confidence interval; NE: not estimable. PT: Preferred Term, SOC: System Organ Class.

[a] Median time to first event is from Kaplan-Meier estimate. Confidence Interval for median was computed using the Brookmeyer-Crowley method.

[b] Hazard ratio is from unstratified Cox proportional hazards model with treatment as the only categorical variable in the model. Confidence limits are based on the Wald test.

[c] Two-sided p-value from unstratified log-rank test.

[d] Two-sided interaction p-value is for the interaction term from unstratified Cox proportional hazards model with treatment, subgroup, and treatment-by-subgroup interaction as categorical variables in the model. The p-value is based on the Wald test.

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