



of the Federal Joint Committee (G-BA) on an Amendment of the Pharmaceuticals Directive (AM-RL):

Annex XII – Benefit Assessment of Medicinal Products with New Active Ingredients According to Section 35a SGB V Ivacaftor (New Therapeutic Indication: Cystic Fibrosis, Combination Therapy with Ivacaftor/Tezacaftor/Elexacaftor in Patients 12 Years and Older (Heterozygous for F508del and MF Mutation))

of 18 February 2021

At its session on 18 February 2021 the Federal Joint Committee (G-BA) resolved to amend the Pharmaceuticals Directive (AM-RL) in the version dated 18 December 2008/22 January 2009 (Federal Gazette, BAnz. No. 49a of 31 March 2009), as amended on DD Month YYYY (Federal Gazette, BAnz AT DD MM YYYY BX), as follows:

I. In Annex XII, the following information shall be added after No. 4 to the information on the benefit assessment of ivacaftor in accordance with the resolution of 17 December 2020 (Federal Gazette, BAnz AT 3 February 2021 B3):

### Ivacaftor

Resolution of: 18 February 2021 Entry into force on: 18 February 2021 Federal Gazette, BAnz AT DD MM YYYY Bx

## New therapeutic indication (according to the marketing authorisation of 21 August 2020):

Kalydeco tablets are indicated in a combination regimen with ivacaftor /tezacaftor /elexacaftor tablets for the treatment of adults and adolescents aged 12 years and older with cystic fibrosis (CF) who are homozygous for the F508del mutation in the CFTR gene or heterozygous for F508del and have a minimal function (MF) mutation in the CFTR gene.

### Therapeutic indication of the resolution (resolution of 18 February 2021):

Kalydeco tablets are used in the framework of a combination regimen with ivacaftor/tezacaftor/elexacaftor tablets for the treatment of adults and adolescents aged 12 years and older with cystic fibrosis (CF) who are heterozygous for F508del and have a minimal function (MF) mutation in the CFTR gene.

# 1. Additional benefit of the medicinal product in relation to the appropriate comparator therapy

Patients aged 12 years and older with cystic fibrosis who are heterozygous for a F508del mutation in the CFTR gene as well as a mutation with minimal function (MF) on the second allele

## Appropriate comparator therapy for ivacaftor in combination with ivacaftor/tezacaftor/elexacaftor:

Best supportive care

Extent and probability of the additional benefit of ivacaftor in combination with ivacaftor/tezacaftor/elexacaftor compared with best supportive care:

Hint for a major additional benefit

### Study results according to endpoints:<sup>1</sup>

**Study VX17-445-102** (parallel, multi-centre, double-blind, randomised controlled over 24 weeks): lvacaftor + ivacaftor/tezacaftor/elexacaftor (IVA/TEZ/ELX + IVA) + best supportive care (BSC) vs placebo + best supportive care (placebo +BSC)

### Summary of results for relevant clinical endpoints

Endpoint category	Direction of effect/ Risk of bias	Summary				
Mortality	$\leftrightarrow$	No differences relevant for the benefit assessment				
Morbidity	Ť	Advantages in the endpoint pulmona exacerbations and hospitalisation pulmonary exacerbations as well as the domains of the CFQ-R respirate system and weight problems				
Health-related quality of life	1	Advantages in all domains of the CFQ-R in the quality of life category				
Side effects	$\leftrightarrow$	No differences relevant for the benefit assessment				
Explanations: ↑: statistically significant and relevant positive effect with low/unclear reliability of data ↓: statistically significant and relevant negative effect with low/unclear reliability of data ↑↑: statistically significant and relevant positive effect with high reliability of data ↓↓: statistically significant and relevant negative effect with high reliability of data ↓↓: statistically significant and relevant negative effect with high reliability of data ↓↓: no statistically significant or relevant difference Ø: There are no usable data for the benefit assessment.						

n.a.: not assessable

### Mortality

Study VX17-445-102 Endpoint category Endpoint	IVA/	TEZ/ELX + IVA + BSC Patients with event n (%)	PI	acebo + BSC Patients with event n (%)	IVA/TEZ/ELX + IVA + BSC vs Placebo + BSC RR [95% Cl]; p value
Mortality					
No deaths occurred	k				

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>1</sup> Data from the dossier assessment of the IQWiG (A20-83) and from the addenda (A21-04 and G21-03) unless otherwise indicated.

## Morbidity

Study VX17-445-102 Endpoint category	IVA/TEZ/ELX + IVA + BSC		Pla	acebo + BSC	IVA/TEZ/ELX + IVA + BSC vs Placebo + BSC
Endpoint	N	Number of events nE (nE/patient years) <sup>d</sup>	Ν	Number of events nE (nE/patient years) <sup>d</sup>	Rate ratio [95% CI]; p value <sup>e</sup>
Morbidity					
Pulmonary exacerbations	200	41 (0.40 <sup>f</sup> )	203	113 (1.07 <sup>f</sup> )	0.37 [0.25; 0.55]; < 0.001
Hospitalisation because of pulmonary exacerbations	200	8 <sup>f</sup> (0.08 <sup>f</sup> )	203	28 <sup>f</sup> (0.26 <sup>f</sup> )	0.29 [0.14; 0.61]; no data available

Study VX17-445- 102 Endpoint category	IV	A/TEZ/ELX + BSC			Placebo +	BSC	IVA/TEZ/ ELX + IVA + BSC vs Placebo + BSC
Endpoint	N <sup>g</sup>	Values at start of study MV (SD)	Change at end of study <sup>h</sup> MV (SD)	N <sup>g</sup>	Values at start of study MV (SD)	Change at end of study <sup>h</sup> MV (SD)	MD [95% Cl]; p value <sup>i</sup>
Morbidity							
Symptomatolog	gy – Cy	stic Fibrosis	s Questionna	aire-Re	vised (CFQ-	-R) <sup>j, k</sup>	
FEV1%	_						
FEV1 <sup>j</sup> (absolute change)	200	61.65 (15.01)	13.98 (11.29)	203	61.25 (15.51)	-1.01 (7.17)	14.25 [12.73; 15.77]; < 0.001
Sweat chlorid	e conc	entration [r	nmol/l] (pre	sented	d additional	lly) <sup>n</sup>	
Sweat chloride (absolute change)	199	102.30 (11.85)	42.19 (0.92)	201	102.93 (9.78)	-0.35 (0.92)	-41.84 [-44.40; -39.28]; < 0.0001
Body Mass In	dex						
BMI ([kg/m²] absolute change)	200	21.49 (3.07)	1.12 (1.05)	203	21.31 (3.14)	0.09 (0.86)	1.04 [0.85; 1.23]; < 0.001

Study VX17-445- 102 Endpoint category	IVA/TEZ/ELX + IVA + BSC			Placebo + BSC			IVA/TEZ/ ELX + IVA + BSC vs Placebo + BSC
Endpoint	N <sup>g</sup>	Values at start of study MV (SD)	Change at end of study <sup>h</sup> MV (SD)	N <sup>g</sup>	Values at start of study MV (SD)	Change at end of study <sup>h</sup> MV (SD)	MD [95% CI]; p value <sup>i</sup>
BMI (z-score, absolute change <sup>m</sup> )	71	-0.37 (0.79)	0.36 (0.43)	74	-0.40 (0.98)	0.04 (0.37)	0.30 [0.17; 0.43]; < 0.001

Study VX17-445- 102 Endpoint category	IV	IVA/TEZ/ELX + IVA + BSC			Placebo +	BSC	IVA/TEZ/ ELX + IVA + BSC vs Placebo + BSC
Endpoint	N	MV (SD)	Number of respond ers, n (%)	Ν	MV (SD)	Number of respond ers, n (%)	RR [95% CI]; p value
Morbidity							
Symptomato	logy – C	Cystic Fibr	osis Questi	onnaire	-Revised	(CFQ-R) <sup>j, k</sup>	
Respiratory system	200	68.28 (16.91)	103 (51.5)	203	69.98 (17.76)	14 (6.9)	7.55 [4.48; 12.72]; < 0.001
Gastro- intestinal symptoms	200	83.06 (18.1)	29 (14.5)	203	83.36 (16.89)	25 (12.3)	1.17 [0.71; 1.92]; 0.535
Weight problems <sup>k</sup>	185	74.41 (30.99)	62 (33.5)	179	74.12 (31.71)	32 (17.9)	1.91 [1.31; 2.77]; < 0.001

## Quality of life

Study VX17-445- 102 Endpoint category	IVA/TEZ/ELX + IVA + BSC			F	Placebo ·	+ BSC	IVA/TEZ/ ELX + IVA + BSC vs Placebo + BSC
Endpoint	N	MV (SD)	Number of respond ers, n (%)	Ν	MV (SD)	Number of respond ers, n (%)	RR [95% CI]; p value

Health-related	qualit	y of life						
Symptomatology – Cystic Fibrosis Questionnaire-Revised (CFQ-R) <sup>j, k, o</sup>								
Physical well- being	200	76.5 (21.7)	51 (25.5)	203	76.4 (21.6)	12 (5.9)	4.38 [2.42; 7.94]; < 0.0001	
Emotional state	200	82.05 (16.0)	22 (11.0)	203	80.2 (16.7)	8 (3.9)	2.77 [1.27; 6.07]; 0.011	
Vitality <sup>i</sup>	185	62.8 (17.1)	46 (24.9)	179	63.8 (18.3)	6 (3.4)	7.51 [3.30; 17.07]; < 0.0001	
Social limitations	200	70.5 (17.0)	34 (17.0)	203	68.8 (17.9)	10 (4.9)	3.48 [1.77; 6.83]; < 0.001	
Role functioning <sup>i</sup>	185	81.7 (17.5)		179	83.3 (15.2)	7 (3.9)	4.17 [1.88; 9.23]; < 0.001	
Body image	200	78.8 (22.1)	34 (17.0)	203	77.2 (23.5)	18 (8.9)	1.91 [1.12; 3.26]; 0.018	
Eating disorders	200	90.0 (17.9)	22 (11.0)	203	89.1 (17.5)	11 (5.4)	2.06 [1.03; 4.10]; 0.04	
Therapy stress	200	59.2 (19.2)	33 (16.5)	203	61.4 (20.2)	9 (4.4)	3.72 [1.83; 7.57]; < 0.001	
Subjective health assessment <sup>i</sup>	185	63.5 (20.5)	77 (41.6)	179	64.2 (20.1)	10 (5.6)	7.49 [4.01; 14.00]; < 0.001	

### Side effects

Study VX17-445-102 Endpoint category Endpoint	IVA/TEZ/ELX + IVA + BSC		F	Placebo + BSC	IVA/TEZ/ELX + IVA + BSC vs Placebo + BSC
	N	Patients with event n (%)	N	Patients with event n (%)	RR [95% CI]; p value
Side effects					
AEs <sup>a</sup>	202	187 (92.6)	201	187 (93.0)	_
AE Grade ≥ 3 or 4 <sup>n</sup>	202	19 (9.4)	201	9 (4.5)	2.10 [0.97; 4.53]; 0.058
SAEsª	202	20 (9.9)	201	16 (8.0)	1.24 [0.66; 2.33]; 0.533 <sup>b</sup>

Study VX17-445-102 Endpoint category Endpoint	IVA	IVA/TEZ/ELX + IVA + BSC		Placebo + BSC	IVA/TEZ/ELX + IVA + BSC vs Placebo + BSC
	Ν	Patients with event n (%)	N	Patients with event n (%)	RR [95% CI]; p value
Discontinuation because of AEs <sup>a</sup>	202	2 (1.0)	201	0 (0)	4.98 [0.24; 102.99]; <sup>c</sup> ; 0.212 <sup>b</sup>

a. Without PT "Infectious pulmonary exacerbation of cystic fibrosis".

b. Own calculation: p value (unconditional exact test, CSZ method according to [16]

c. Own calculation: RR, CI (asymptotic) with correction factor of 0.5 in both study arms

d. The event rate (nE/patient-years) is calculated by dividing the total number of events by the total number of years (sum of the observation period of all patients included in the analysis).

- e. Negative binomial model
- f. Own calculation

g. Number of patients considered in the evaluation to calculate the effect estimate; the values in the course of the study and at the end of study may be based on other patient numbers.

- h. Refers to the change from the start of study to the last time of measurement
- i. MMRM: Treatment, study time, treatment × study time as fixed effects; adjusted for age, sex, and FEV1; effect represents the difference between the treatment groups of the changes averaged over the course of the study between the respective measurement time and start of study.

j. Higher values mean better symptomatology/health-related quality of life; a positive group difference means an advantage for ivacaftor + ivacaftor/tezacaftor/elexacaftor + BSC.

k. Domains on symptomatology, children [12 to 13 years] and adolescents or adults - pooled

I. Domain for adolescents or adults; not intended for children [12 to 13 years].

m. Only for patients  $\leq$  20 years of age

 n. Calculation taken from G-BA benefit assessment ivacaftor/tezacaftor/elexacaftor in combination with ivacaftor, cystic fibrosis, in patients 12 years and older (heterozygous for F508del and MF mutation)

o. Improvement by at least 15 points. Evaluations for deterioration are not available.

#### Abbreviations used:

BSC: Best supportive care; CFQ-R: Cystic Fibrosis Questionnaire-Revised; ELEXA: elexacaftor; FEV1: forced expiratory volume in one second; IVA: ivacaftor; CI: confidence interval; MD: mean difference; MMRM: mixed model with repeated measurements; MV: mean value; n.c: not calculable; n.a.: not achieved; N: number of patients evaluated; n: Number of patients with (at least one) event; nE: number of events; PT: preferred term RCT: randomised controlled trial; RR: relative risk; SD: standard deviation; SAE: serious adverse event; TEZA: tezacaftor; AE: adverse event; vs: versus;

### 2. Number of patients or demarcation of patient groups eligible for treatment

Patients aged 12 years and older with cystic fibrosis who are heterozygous for a F508del mutation in the CFTR gene as well as a mutation with minimal function (MF) on the second allele

approx. 1000 patients

### 3. Requirements for a quality-assured application

The requirements in the product information are to be taken into account. The European Medicines Agency (EMA) provides the contents of the product information (summary of product characteristics, SmPC) for Kalydeco (active ingredient: ivacaftor) at the following publicly accessible link (last access: 1 February 2021):

https://www.ema.europa.eu/documents/product-information/kalydeco-epar-productinformation\_de.pdf

Treatment with ivacaftor may be initiated and monitored only by specialists who are experienced in the treatment of patients with cystic fibrosis.

### 4. Treatment costs

### Annual treatment costs:

Designation of the therapy	Annual treatment costs/patient						
Medicinal product to be assessed:							
Ivacaftor	€100,977.84						
+ ivacaftor/tezacaftor/elexacaftor	€158,139.51						
Total costs	€259,117.35						
Best supportive care	different for each individual patient						
Appropriate comparator therapy:							
Best supportive care	different for each individual patient						

Costs after deduction of statutory rebates (LAUER-TAXE®) as last revised: 1 February 2021

Costs for additionally required SHI services: not applicable

# II. The resolution will enter into force with effect from the day of its publication on the internet on the website of the G-BA on 18 February 2021.

The justification to this resolution will be published on the website of the G-BA at <u>www.g-ba.de</u>.

Berlin, 18 February 2021

### Federal Joint Committee in accordance with Section 91 SGB V The Chair

Prof. Hecken