

Resolution

Of the Federal Joint Committee on an amendment to the Pharmaceuticals Directive (AM-RL)

Annex XII –Benefit Assessment of Medicinal Products with New Active Ingredients according to Section 35a SGB V: Ivacaftor (new therapeutic indication: cystic fibrosis, patients 4 < 6 months of age, R117H-Mutation)

of 20 May 2021

At its session on 20 May 2021, the Federal Joint Committee (G-BA) resolved to amend the Pharmaceuticals Directive, (AM-RL) in the version dated 18 December 2008/22 January 2009 (Federal Gazette, BAnz. No. 49a of 31 March 2009), as last amended on DD. Month YYYY (Federal Gazette, BAnz AT DD.MM.YYYY BX), as follows:

I. In Annex XII, the following information shall be added after No. 4 to the information on the benefit assessment of ivacaftor in accordance with the resolution of 20 May 2021:

Ivacaftor

Resolution of: 20 May 2021 Entry into force on: 20 May 2021

BAnz AT DD. MM YYYY Bx

New therapeutic indication (according to the marketing authorisation of 3 November 2020):

Kalydeco granules are used to treat infants 4 months of age and older, toddlers and children weighing between 5 kg and less than 25 kg with cystic fibrosis (CF, mucoviscidosis) who have an R117H CFTR-Mutation or one of the following gating mutations (class III) in the CFTR gene: G551D, G1244E, G1349D, G178R, G551S, S1251N, S1255P, S549N or S549R.

Therapeutic indication of the resolution (resolution of 20 May 2021):

Kalydeco granules are used to treat infants with cystic fibrosis aged 4 < 6 months who have an R117H-Mutation in the CFTR gene.

1. Additional benefit of the medicinal product in relation to the appropriate comparator therapy

<u>Infants with cystic fibrosis aged 4 to < 6 months who have an R117H-Mutation in the CFTR gene</u>

Appropriate comparator therapy for ivacaftor:

Best supportive care

Best Supportive Care (BSC) is understood to be the therapy that ensures the best possible, patient-individually optimised, supportive treatment to alleviate symptoms and improve the quality of life (in particular antibiotics for pulmonary infections, mucolytics, pancreatic enzymes for pancreatic insufficiency, physiotherapy (as defined in the Remedies Directive), with exhaustion of all possible dietary measures).

Extent and probability of the additional benefit of ivacaftor compared to the appropriate comparator therapy:

Indication of non-quantifiable additional benefit

Study results according to endpoints:1

<u>Infants with cystic fibrosis aged 4 to < 6 months who have an R117H-Mutation in the CFTR gene</u>

Summary of results for relevant clinical endpoints

Endpoint category	Direction of effect/ Risk of bias	Summary
Mortality	\leftrightarrow	No relevant difference for the benefit
		assessment
		Differences under transfer of evidence
		Outcomes of patients ≥ 18 years with
		R117H-Mutation
Morbidity	\uparrow	Advantages under transfer of evidence
		Outcomes of patients ≥ 18 years with
		R117H-Mutation
Health-related quality	↑	Advantages under transfer of evidence
of life		Outcomes of patients ≥ 18 years with
		R117H-Mutation
Side effects	\leftrightarrow	No relevant difference for the benefit
		assessment
		Differences taking into account the
		results from patients 4 < 6 months with gating
		mutations

Explanations:

1: statistically significant and relevant positive effect with low/unclear reliability of data

↓: statistically significant and relevant negative effect with low/unclear reliability of data

↑↑: statistically significant and relevant positive effect with high reliability of data

 $\downarrow \downarrow$: statistically significant and relevant negative effect with high reliability of data

Ø: There is no usable data for the benefit assessment.

n.a.: not assessable

Study results

There are no usable data for the benefit assessment.

¹ Data from the dossier assessment of the Institute for Quality and Efficiency in Health Care (IQWiG) (A20-99) unless otherwise indicated.

2. Number of patients or demarcation of patient groups eligible for treatment

<u>Infants with cystic fibrosis aged 4 to < 6 months who have an R117H-Mutation in the CFTR gene</u>

approx. 1 patient

3. Requirements for a quality-assured application

The requirements in the product information are to be taken into account. The European Medicines Agency (EMA) provides the contents of the product information (summary of product characteristics, SmPC) for Kalydeco (active ingredient: ivacaftor) at the following publicly accessible link (last access: 06 May 2021):

https://www.ema.europa.eu/documents/product-information/kalydeco-epar-product-information_de.pdf

Treatment with ivacaftor should only be initiated and monitored by doctors experienced in treating patients with cystic fibrosis.

4. Treatment costs

Annual treatment costs:

<u>Infants with cystic fibrosis aged 4 to < 6 months who have an R117H-Mutation in the CFTR gene</u>

Name of therapy	Annual treatment costs/patient	
Medicinal product to be assessed:		
Ivacaftor	€ 201,955.67	
Best supportive care	Patient-individual	
Appropriate comparator therapy:		
Best supportive care	Patient-individual	

Costs after deduction of statutory rebates (LAUER-TAXE®, as last revised: 1 May 2021)

Costs for additionally required SHI services: not applicable

II. The resolution will enter into force on the day of its publication on the internet on the G-BA website on 20 May 2021.

The justification for this resolution will be published on the website of the G-BA at $\underline{\text{www.g-ba.de}}$.

Berlin, 20 May 2021

Federal Joint Committee in accordance with Section 91 SGB V The chairman

Prof. Hecken