

Resolution

of the Federal Joint Committee (G-BA) on an Amendment of the Pharmaceuticals Directive (AM-RL) Annex XII - Benefit Assessment of Medicinal Products with New Active Ingredients according to Section 35a SGB V: Beclometasone/formoterol/glycopyrronium (first dossier requirement: Asthma)

of 5 August 2021

At its session on 5 August 2021, the Federal Joint Committee (G-BA) resolved to amend the Pharmaceuticals Directive (AM-RL) in the version dated 18 December 2008 / 22 January 2009 (Federal Gazette, BAnz. No. 49a of 31 March 2009), as last amended on DD. Month YYYY (Federal Gazette, BAnz AT DD.MM.YYYY BX) as follows:

I. Annex XII shall be amended in alphabetical order to include the active ingredient beclometasone/formoterol/glycopytronium as follows:

Courtesy translation - only the German version is legally binding.

Beclometasone/formoterol/glycopyrronium

Resolution of: 5 August 2021 Entry into force on: 5 August 2021 BAnz AT DD. MM YYYY Bx

Therapeutic indication (according to marketing authorisation):

Potency 87/5/9 μg:

Maintenance treatment in adult patients with moderate to severe chronic obstructive pulmonary disease (COPD) who are not adequately treated by a combination of an inhaled corticosteroid and a long-acting beta2-agonist or a combination of a long-acting beta2-agonist and a long-acting muscarinic antagonist

Maintenance treatment of asthma, in adults not adequately controlled with a maintenance combination of a long-acting beta2-agonist and medium dose of inhaled corticosteroid, and who experienced one or more asthma exacerbations in the previous year.

Potency 172/5/9 µg:

Maintenance treatment of asthma, in adults not adequately controlled with a maintenance combination of a long-acting beta2-agonist and high dose of inhaled corticosteroid, and who experienced one or more asthma exacerbations in the previous year

Therapeutic indication of the resolution (resolution of 5 August 2021):

Potency 87/5/9 μg:

Maintenance treatment of asthma, in adults not adequately controlled with a maintenance combination of a long-acting beta2 agonist and medium dose of inhaled corticosteroid, and who experienced one or more asthma exacerbations in the previous year.

Potency 172/5/9 μg:

Maintenance treatment of asthma, in adults not adequately controlled with a maintenance combination of a long-acting beta2-agonist and high dose of inhaled corticosteroid, and who experienced one or more asthma exacerbations in the previous year.

1. Additional benefit of the medicinal product in relation to the appropriate comparator therapy

a) <u>adults with asthma who are not adequately controlled with medium-dose ICS/LABA</u> <u>therapy and who have experienced at least one asthma exacerbation in the previous year</u>

Appropriate comparator therapy:

a patient-individual therapy escalation taking into account the previous therapy, the severity of the disease and the symptomatology under the selection of:

- medium-dose ICS and LABA and LAMA or
- high-dose ICS and LABA

Extent and probability of the additional benefit of

beclometasone/formoterol/glycopyrronium compared to the appropriate comparator therapy:

An additional benefit is not proven.

b) adults with asthma who are not adequately controlled with high-dose ICS/LABA therapy and who have experienced at least one asthma exacerbation in the previous year

Appropriate comparator therapy:

high-dose ICS and LABA and LAMA

Extent and probability of the additional benefit of beclometasone/formoterol/glycopyrronium compared to beclometasone/formoterol + tiotropium:

An additional benefit is not proven. Study results according to endpoints:¹ a) <u>adults with asthma who are not adequately controlled with medium-dose ICS/LABA</u> therapy and who have experienced at least one asthma exacorbation in the provious year Resolution ha therapy and who have experienced at least one asthma exacerbation in the previous year

There are no data.

¹ Data from the dossier assessment of the Institute for Quality and Efficiency in Health Care (IQWiG) (A21-18) unless otherwise indicated.

Summary of results for relevant clinical endpoints

| Endpoint category | Direction of effect/ risk of bias | Summary |
|--------------------------------|--------------------------------------|-------------------|
| Mortality | Ø | No data available |
| Morbidity | Ø | No data available |
| Health-related quality of life | Ø | No data available |
| Side effects | Ø | No data available |
| Explanations: | · | |

 \uparrow : statistically significant and relevant positive effect with low/unclear reliability of data

 \downarrow : statistically significant and relevant negative effect with low/unclear reliability of data

 $\uparrow\uparrow$: statistically significant and relevant positive effect with high reliability of data

 $\downarrow \downarrow$: statistically significant and relevant negative effect with high reliability of data

 \leftrightarrow : no statistically significant or relevant difference

 \varnothing : There are no usable data for the benefit assessment.

n.a.: not assessable

b) <u>adults with asthma who are not adequately controlled with high-dose ICS/LABA therapy</u> and who have experienced at least one asthma exacerbation in the previous year

Summary of results for relevant clinical endpoints

| Endpoint category | Direction of effect/ | Summary |
|------------------------|--------------------------------|--|
| | risk of bias | |
| Mortality | | No relevant difference for the benefit |
| | | assessment |
| Morbidity | 000 | No relevant difference for the benefit |
| | \checkmark \leftrightarrow | assessment |
| Health-related quality | a | |
| of life | Ø | No data available |
| Side effects | | No relevant difference for the benefit |
| | \leftrightarrow | assessment. |
| | | There are no assessable data for SAE. |
| Explanations: | | |

Explanations:

 $\uparrow:$ statistically significant and relevant positive effect with low/unclear reliability of data

 \downarrow : statistically significant and relevant negative effect with low/unclear reliability of data

 $\uparrow\uparrow$: statistically significant and relevant positive effect with high reliability of data

 $\downarrow \downarrow$: statistically significant and relevant negative effect with high reliability of data

 \leftrightarrow : no statistically significant or relevant difference

 $\varnothing:$ There are no usable data for the benefit assessment.

n.a.: not assessable

TRIGGER study: BDP/Form/Glyc vs BDP/Form + Tio

Mortality

| Endpoint | BDP/Form/Glyc | | ł | BDP/Form + Tio | BDP/Form/Glyc vs BDP/Form + Tio |
|-------------------|---------------|------------------------------|-----------------------------|----------------|------------------------------------|
| | Ν | Patients with event n (%) | N Patients with event n (%) | | RR [95% CI]; p-valueª |
| Overall mortality | | | | | |
| | 571 | 1 (0.2) | 287 | 0 (0) | 1.51 [0.06; 36.96]; 0.573 |

Morbidity

| Endpoint | BDP/Form/Glyc | | | BDP/Form + Tio | | | BDP/Form/Glyc vs BDP/Form + Tio |
|---|---------------------------|---|---|----------------|---|--|--|
| | N | Adjusted annual rate [95% CI] ^b | | N | Adjusted annual rate [95% CI] ^b | | Rate ratio [95 % CI]; p-value⁵ |
| severe asthma exa | acerba | tions ^c | | CO'O' | | | |
| | 571 | 1 (0.2) | | 287 | 0 (0) | | 1.51 [0.06; 36.96]; 0.573 |
| | N | Patients with event n (%) | | Ν | Patients with event n (%) | | RR [95 % CI]; p-value ^a |
| severe asthma exacerbations ^c (presented additionally) | | | | | | | |
| | 571 | 119 (20.8) | | 287 | 47 (16.4) | | 1.27 [0.94; 1.73]; 0.128 |
| | N ^d | Values at start of study MV (SD) | Change MV [95% CI] | N ^d | Values at start of study MV (SD) | Change MV [95% CI] | MD RR [95% CI]; p-value |
| Proportion of asthma symptom-free days ^e (%) | | | | | | | |
| | 571 | 10.16 (23.09) | 16.57 [14.30; 18.84] ^f | 287 | 10.78 (26.58) | 12.73 [9.51; 15.94] ^f | 3.84 [-0.09; 7.78]; 0.055 ^f |
| Health status (EQ- | (EQ-5D VAS ^e) | | | | | | |
| | 535 | 67.20 (13.51) | 9.49 [8.47; 10.51] ^g | 263 | 68.37 (14.31) | 8.83 [7.38; 10.27] ^g | 0.66 [-1.11; 2.43]; 0.464 ^g |

Health-related quality of life

No data collected.

Side effects

| Endpoint | nt BDP/Form/Glyc BDP/Form + Tio | | BDP/Form/Glyc vs BDP/Form + Tio | | |
|---|---|--|--|---|--|
| | N | N Patients with event n (%) Patients with event (%) | | Patients with event n (%) | RR [95 % CI]; p-valueª |
| Adverse events (p | resente | ed additionally) | | | |
| | 571 | 410 (71.8) | 287 | 210 (73.2) | - |
| Serious adverse ev | ents (S | SAE) | | | |
| | 571 | no usable data available ^h | 287 | no usable data available ^h | |
| Therapy discontin | uation | due to adverse events | | | |
| | 571 | 4 (0.7) | 287 | 2 (0.7) | 1.01 [0.19; 5.46]; > 0.999 |
| MACE ⁱ | | | | 2010 | |
| | 571 | 3 (0.5) | 287 | (O) | 3.52 [0.18; 68.00]; 0.268 |
| exacerbations in c. Defined as a deter at least three day d. Number of patien valuesat the starf e. Higher (increasing positive effects (i f. MV with CI (mean MMRM with the interactions treat to the changes av run-in phase g. MV with CI (chang variables treatme value at baseline h. no usable data, as i. The following AE w myocardial infarct | the prev ioration s. ts who v t of stuce) values nterver change variable tment x veraged te in enco nt, visit; visit; e a relev vere con tion), st | nomial regression with the vious year as well as logar, of asthma symptoms that were taken into account in dy can be based on other p mean a higher percentag ntion minus control) mean over the course of the stu es treatment, time between time between visits and v over the course of the stu es treatment, time between time between visits and v over the course of the stu streatment of the stu estreatment of the stu streatment and value at base effect refers to the different and proportion of events a sidered: acute myocardial roke (non-fatal stroke), de ia (sustained supraventric | ithmise t require t the evo patient e of syn an adv dy per en visits alue of udy bet roup) a eline as nee bet re reco l infarcte eath due | d time the patient was in a red treatment with system valuation for calculating th numbers. nptom-free days and bett antage for the interventio treatment group) and MD tregion and value of run-i run-in phase x time betwo ween the respective time nd MD with CI and p-value well as the interactions tr ween study end and basel orded for PT "asthma". cion (acute coronary syndre to a cardiovascular even | the study as offset nic corticosteroids for e effect estimate; the er health status; n. with CI and p-value: in phase, and the een visits; effect refers between visits and e: MMRM with the eatment x visit and ine rome, non-fatal t (cardiac arrest, |
| - 5 Dimensions; CI: c cardiovascular event N: number of patien | onfiden ;; MD: n ts evalu | formoterol; Glyc: glycopy ce interval; n: number of p nean difference; MMRM: r ated; PT: preferred term; ım; AE: adverse event; VA | oatients nixed r RR: rela | s with (at least 1) event; N nodel for repeated measu ative risk; SD: standard dev | ACE: major adverse res; MV: mean value; viation; SAE: serious |

2. Number of patients or demarcation of patient groups eligible for treatment

- a) adults with asthma who are not adequately controlled with medium-dose ICS/LABA therapy and who have experienced at least one asthma exacerbation in the previous year
- b) adults with asthma who are not adequately controlled with high-dose ICS/LABA therapy and who have experienced at least one asthma exacerbation in the previous year

approx. 290,000 patients

3. Requirements for a quality-assured application

The requirements in the product information are to be taken into account. The European Medicines Agency (EMA) provides the contents of the product information (summary of characteristics, SmPC) Trimbow product for (active ingredient: beclometasone/formoterol/glycopyrronium) at the following publicly accessible link (last access: 19 May 2021):

https://www.ema.europa.eu/en/documents/product-iremmation/trimbow-epar-productinformation de.pdf

4. Treatment costs

Annual treatment costs:

olution a) Adults with asthma who are not adequately controlled with medium-dose ICS/LABA therapy and who have experienced at least one asthma exacerbation in the previous year

| Designation of the therapy | Annual treatment costs/ patient | | |
|--|---------------------------------|--|--|
| Medicinal product to be assessed: | | | |
| Beclometasone/formoterol/glycopyrronium 87 μg/5 μg/9 μg | € 1022.97 | | |
| Appropriate comparator therapy: | | | |
| A patient-individual therapy escalation taking into account the previous therapy, the severity of the disease and the symptomatology under selection of: | | | |
| Medium-dose ICS and LABA and LAMA | | | |
| Inhaled corticosteroids (ICS, medium-dose) | | | |
| Ciclesonide | € 95.63 | | |
| Long-acting beta-2-adrenergic agonists (LABA) | | | |
| Formoterol € 309.07 | | | |

| Designation of the therapy | Annual treatment costs/ patient | | | |
|--|---------------------------------|--|--|--|
| ICS/LABA fixed combinations (medium dose) | | | | |
| Salmeterol/ fluticasone | € 241.63 - € 369.95 | | | |
| Long-acting muscarinic receptor antagonists (LAMA) | | | | |
| Tiotropium | € 752.27 | | | |
| OR | | | | |
| high-dose ICS and LABA | | | | |
| Inhaled synthetic corticosteroids (ICS, high dose) | | | | |
| Budesonide | € 140.31 | | | |
| long-acting beta-2-adrenergic agonists (LABA |) | | | |
| Formoterol | € 309.07 | | | |
| ICS/LABA fixed combinations (high dose) | | | | |
| Salmeterol/ fluticasone | € 495.51 | | | |

Costs after deduction of statutory rebates (LAUER-TAXE[®] as last revised 15 July 2021)

b) Adults with asthma who are not adequately controlled with high-dose ICS/LABA therapy and who have experienced at least one asthma exacerbation in the previous year

| Designation of the therapy | Annual treatment costs/ patient | | | |
|---|--|--|--|--|
| Medicinal product to be assessed: | | | | |
| Beclometasone/formoterol/glycopyrronium 172 μg/5 μg/9 μg | Costs not comprehensible, package price not to be found in LAUER-TAXE® | | | |
| Appropriate comparator therapy: | | | | |
| High-dose ICS and LABA and LAMA | | | | |
| Inhaled synthetic corticosteroids (ICS, high do | ose) | | | |
| Budesonide | € 140.31 | | | |
| Long-acting beta-2-adrenergic agonists (LABA) | | | | |
| Formoterol | € 309.07 | | | |
| ICS/LABA fixed combinations (high dose) | | | | |
| Salmeterol/ fluticasone | € 495.51 | | | |
| Long-acting muscarinic receptor antagonists | (LAMA) | | | |
| Tiotropium | € 752.27 | | | |
| ICS/LABA/ LAMA fixed combinations (high dose) | | | | |
| Indacaterol/glycopyrronium/mometasone | € 1,131.82 | | | |

Costs after deduction of statutory rebates (LAUER-TAXE® as last revised: 15 July 2021)

Costs for additionally required SHI services: not applicable

II. The resolution will enter into force on the day of its publication on the internet on the website of the G-BA on 5 August 2021.

The justification to this resolution will be published on the website of the G-BA at <u>www.g-ba.de</u>.

Berlin, 5 August 2021

| Federal Joint Committee (G-BA) in accordance with Section 91 SGB V The Chair |
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| Prof. Hecken |
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