

# Resolution

of the Federal Joint Committee on an Amendment of the  
Pharmaceuticals Directive:

Annex XII – Benefit Assessment of Medicinal Products with  
New Active Ingredients according to Section 35a SGB V  
Cabozantinib (new therapeutic indication: thyroid carcinoma,  
refractory to radioactive iodine, after prior systemic therapy)

of 01 December 2022

At its session on 1 December 2022, the Federal Joint Committee (G-BA) resolved to amend the  
Pharmaceuticals Directive (AM-RL) in the version dated 18 December 2008 / 22 January 2009  
(Federal Gazette, BAnz. No. 49a of 31 March 2009), as last amended by the publication of the  
resolution of D Month YYYY (Federal Gazette, BAnz AT DD.MM.YYYY BX), as follows:

- I. In Annex XII, the following information shall be added after No. 4 to the information on the benefit assessment of Cabozantinib in accordance with the resolution of 21 October 2021:**

## **Cabozantinib**

Resolution of: 1 December 2022  
Entry into force on: 1 December 2022  
Federal Gazette, BAnz AT DD MM YYYY Bx

### **New therapeutic indication (according to the marketing authorisation of 29 April 2022):**

Cabometyx is indicated as monotherapy for the treatment of adult patients with locally advanced or metastatic differentiated thyroid carcinoma (DTC), refractory or not eligible to radioactive iodine (RAI) who have progressed during or after prior systemic therapy.

### **Therapeutic indication of the resolution (resolution of 1 December 2022):**

See new therapeutic indication according to marketing authorisation.

### **1. Additional benefit of the medicinal product in relation to the appropriate comparator therapy**

Adults with locally advanced or metastatic differentiated thyroid carcinoma (DTC), refractory or not eligible to radioactive iodine (RAI) who have progressed during or after prior systemic therapy

#### **Appropriate comparator therapy:**

Patient-individual therapy with selection of

- sorafenib,
- lenvatinib and
- best supportive care

taking into account prior therapy and general condition.

#### **Extent and probability of the additional benefit of cabozantinib as monotherapy compared to the appropriate comparator therapy:**

An additional benefit is not proven.

#### **Study results according to endpoints:<sup>1</sup>**

Adults with locally advanced or metastatic differentiated thyroid carcinoma (DTC), refractory or not eligible to radioactive iodine (RAI) who have progressed during or after prior systemic therapy

No data are available to allow an assessment of the additional benefit.

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<sup>1</sup> Data from IQWiG's dossier assessment (A22-59)

## Summary of results for relevant clinical endpoints

Endpoint category	Direction of effect/ risk of bias	Summary
Mortality	∅	No data available.
Morbidity	∅	No data available.
Health-related quality of life	∅	No data available.
Side effects	∅	No data available.
Explanations: ↑: statistically significant and relevant positive effect with low/unclear reliability of data ↓: statistically significant and relevant negative effect with low/unclear reliability of data ↑↑: statistically significant and relevant positive effect with high reliability of data ↓↓: statistically significant and relevant negative effect with high reliability of data ↔: no statistically significant or relevant difference ∅: There are no usable data for the benefit assessment. n.c.: not calculable		

## 2. Number of patients or demarcation of patient groups eligible for treatment

Adults with locally advanced or metastatic differentiated thyroid carcinoma (DTC), refractory or not eligible to radioactive iodine (RAI) who have progressed during or after prior systemic therapy

approx. 125 – 425 patients

## 3. Requirements for a quality-assured application

The requirements in the product information are to be taken into account. The European Medicines Agency (EMA) provides the contents of the product information (summary of product characteristics, SmPC) for Cabometyx (active ingredient: cabozantinib) at the following publicly accessible link (last access: 10 November 2022):

[https://www.ema.europa.eu/en/documents/product-information/cabometyx-epar-product-information\\_en.pdf](https://www.ema.europa.eu/en/documents/product-information/cabometyx-epar-product-information_en.pdf)

Treatment with cabozantinib should only be initiated and monitored by specialists in internal medicine, haematology, and oncology as well as specialists in internal medicine, endocrinology and diabetology, and other specialists participating in the Oncology Agreement experienced in the treatment of adults with thyroid carcinoma.

#### 4. Treatment costs

##### Annual treatment costs:

Adults with locally advanced or metastatic differentiated thyroid carcinoma (DTC), refractory or not eligible to radioactive iodine (RAI) who have progressed during or after prior systemic therapy

Designation of the therapy	Annual treatment costs/ patient
Medicinal product to be assessed:	
Cabozantinib	€ 63,304.02
Best supportive care	Different from patient to patient
Appropriate comparator therapy:	
Best supportive care	Different from patient to patient
Lenvatinib	€ 61,239.58
Sorafenib	€ 4,616.86

Costs after deduction of statutory rebates (LAUER-TAXE®) as last revised: 15 November 2022)

#### 5. Medicinal products with new active ingredients pursuant to Section 35a, paragraph 3, sentence 4 SGB V that can be used in a combination therapy with cabozantinib

Medicinal products with new active ingredients pursuant to Section 35a, paragraph 3, sentence 4 SGB V are medicinal products with the following new active ingredients which, on the basis of the marketing authorisation under Medicinal Products Act, can be used in a combination therapy with cabozantinib for the treatment of adults with locally advanced or metastatic differentiated thyroid carcinoma (DTC), refractory or not eligible to radioactive iodine (RAI) who have progressed during or after prior systemic therapy:

Adults with locally advanced or metastatic differentiated thyroid carcinoma (DTC), refractory or not eligible to radioactive iodine (RAI) who have progressed during or after prior systemic therapy

- No active ingredient that can be used in a combination therapy that fulfils the requirements of Section 35a, paragraph 3, sentence 4 SGB V.

**II. The resolution will enter into force on the day of its publication on the website of the G-BA on 1 December 2022.**

The justification to this resolution will be published on the website of the G-BA at [www.g-ba.de](http://www.g-ba.de).

Berlin, 01 December 2022

Federal Joint Committee (G-BA)  
in accordance with Section 91 SGB V  
The Chair

Prof. Hecken