

## Mirikizumab (ulcerative colitis, pretreated)

Resolution of: 18 January 2024 valid until: unlimited

Entry into force on: 18 January 2024 Federal Gazette, BAnz AT 04 03 2024 B3

#### Therapeutic indication (according to the marketing authorisation of 26.05.2023):

Omvoh is indicated for the treatment of adult patients with moderately to severely active ulcerative colitis who have had an inadequate response with, lost response to, or were intolerant to either conventional therapy or a biologic treatment.

## Therapeutic indication of the resolution (resolution of 18 January 2024):

See therapeutic indication according to marketing authorisation.

- 1. Additional benefit of the medicinal product in relation to the appropriate comparator therapy
- a) Adults with moderately to severely active ulcerative colitis who have had an inadequate response, lost response or were intolerant to conventional therapy

#### Appropriate comparator therapy for mirikizumab:

- A TNF- $\alpha$  antagonist (adalimumab or infliximab or golimumab) or vedolizumab or ustekinumab or ozanimod

# Extent and probability of the additional benefit of mirikizumab compared to the appropriate comparator therapy:

An additional benefit is not proven.

b) Adults with moderately to severely active ulcerative colitis who have had an inadequate response, lost response or were intolerant to a biologic agent (TNF- $\alpha$  antagonist or integrin inhibitor or interleukin inhibitor)

#### Appropriate comparator therapy for mirikizumab:

- Vedolizumab or tofacitinib or ustekinumab or filgotinib or ozanimod or a TNF-  $\alpha$  antagonist (adalimumab or infliximab or golimumab

# Extent and probability of the additional benefit of mirikizumab compared to the appropriate comparator therapy:

An additional benefit is not proven.

# Study results according to endpoints:1

a) Adults with moderately to severely active ulcerative colitis who have had an inadequate response, lost response or were intolerant to conventional therapy

There are no assessable data.

# Summary of results for relevant clinical endpoints

Endpoint category	Direction of effect/ risk of bias	Summary
Mortality	n.a.	There are no assessable data.
Morbidity	n.a.	There are no assessable data.
Health-related quality of life	n.a.	There are no assessable data.
Side effects	n.a.	There are no assessable data.

#### **Explanations:**

↑: statistically significant and relevant positive effect with low/unclear reliability of data

 $\downarrow$ : statistically significant and relevant negative effect with low/unclear reliability of data

↑↑: statistically significant and relevant positive effect with high reliability of data

 $\downarrow \downarrow$ : statistically significant and relevant negative effect with high reliability of data

 $\leftrightarrow$ : no statistically significant or relevant difference

 $\emptyset$ : No data available.

n.a.: not assessable

b) Adults with moderately to severely active ulcerative colitis who have had an inadequate response, lost response or were intolerant to a biologic agent (TNF-α antagonist or integrin inhibitor or interleukin inhibitor)

There are no assessable data.

<sup>1</sup> Data from the dossier assessment of the Institute for Quality and Efficiency in Health Care (IQWiG) (A23-73) unless otherwise indicated.

#### Summary of results for relevant clinical endpoints

Endpoint category	Direction of effect/ risk of bias	Summary
Mortality	n.a.	There are no assessable data.
Morbidity	n.a.	There are no assessable data.
Health-related quality of life	n.a.	There are no assessable data.
Side effects	n.a.	There are no assessable data.

#### **Explanations:**

↑: statistically significant and relevant positive effect with low/unclear reliability of data

↓: statistically significant and relevant negative effect with low/unclear reliability of data

个个: statistically significant and relevant positive effect with high reliability of data

 $\downarrow \downarrow$ : statistically significant and relevant negative effect with high reliability of data

Ø: No data available.
n.a.: not assessable

#### 2. Number of patients or demarcation of patient groups eligible for treatment

a) Adults with moderately to severely active ulcerative colitis who have had an inadequate response, lost response or were intolerant to conventional therapy

Approx. 3,500 to 16,500 patients

b) Adults with moderately to severely active ulcerative colitis who have had an inadequate response, lost response or were intolerant to a biologic agent (TNF-α antagonist or integrin inhibitor or interleukin inhibitor)

Approx. 1,800 to 8,500 patients

## 3. Requirements for a quality-assured application

The requirements in the product information are to be taken into account. The European Medicines Agency (EMA) provides the contents of the product information (summary of product characteristics, SmPC) for Omvoh (active ingredient: mirikizumab) at the following publicly accessible link (last access: 9 October 2023):

https://www.ema.europa.eu/en/documents/product-information/omvoh-epar-product-information en.pdf

Treatment with mirikizumab should only be initiated and monitored by doctors experienced in treating ulcerative colitis.

Mirikizumab should be discontinued in patients who show no therapeutic benefit of extended induction therapy by week 24.

#### 4. Treatment costs

#### **Annual treatment costs:**

a) Adults with moderately to severely active ulcerative colitis who have had an inadequate response, lost response or were intolerant to conventional therapy

Designation of the therapy	Annual treatment costs/ patient
Medicinal product to be assessed:	
Mirikizumab Additionally required SHI services: Total:	€ 19,937.75 € 75.42 € 20,013.17
Appropriate comparator therapy:	
Adalimumab Additionally required SHI services: Total:	€ 12,428.82 € 181.82 € 12,610.64
Infliximab Additionally required SHI services: Total:	€ 16,897.75 € 181.82 € 17,079.57
Golimumab Additionally required SHI services: Total:	€ 11,283.83 € 181.82 € 11,465.65
Vedolizumab Additionally required SHI services: Total:	€ 15,002.98 € 75.42 € 15,078.40
Ustekinumab Additionally required SHI services: Total:	€ 23,596.64 € 75.42 € 23,672.06
Ozanimod	€ 19,301.94

Costs after deduction of statutory rebates (LAUER-TAXE®) as last revised: 1 January 2024

# b) Adults with moderately to severely active ulcerative colitis who have had an inadequate response, lost response or were intolerant to a biologic agent (TNF-α antagonist or integrin inhibitor or interleukin inhibitor)

Designation of the therapy	Annual treatment costs/ patient	
Medicinal product to be assessed:		
Mirikizumab Additionally required SHI services: Total:	€ 19,937.75 € 75.42 € 20,013.17	
Appropriate comparator therapy:		
Vedolizumab Additionally required SHI services:	€ 15,002.98 € 75.42	

Designation of the therapy	Annual treatment costs/ patient
Total:	€ 15,078.40
Tofacitinib Additionally required SHI services: Total:	€ 11,720.23 € 181.82 € 11,902.05
Ustekinumab Additionally required SHI services: Total:	€ 23,596.64 € 75.42 € 23,672.06
Adalimumab Additionally required SHI services: Total:	€ 12,428.82 € 181.82 € 12,610.64
Infliximab Additionally required SHI services: Total:	€ 16,897.75 € 181.82 € 17,079.57
Golimumab Additionally required SHI services: Total:	€ 11,283.83 € 181.82 € 11,465.65
Ozanimod	€ 19,301.94
Filgotinib Additionally required SHI services: Total:	€ 11,661.26 € 181.82 € 11,843.08

Costs after deduction of statutory rebates (LAUER-TAXE®) as last revised: 1 January 2024

# Designation of medicinal products with new active ingredients according to Section 35a, paragraph 3, sentence 4 SGB V that can be used in a combination therapy with the assessed medicinal product

In the context of the designation of medicinal products with new active ingredients pursuant to Section 35a, paragraph 3, sentence 4 SGB V, the following findings are made:

- a) Adults with moderately to severely active ulcerative colitis who have had an inadequate response, lost response or were intolerant to conventional therapy
  - No designation of medicinal products with new active ingredients that can be used in combination therapy pursuant to Section 35a, paragraph 3, sentence 4 SGB V, as the active ingredient to be assessed is an active ingredient authorised in monotherapy.
- b) Adults with moderately to severely active ulcerative colitis who have had an inadequate response, lost response or were intolerant to a biologic agent (TNF-α antagonist or integrin inhibitor or interleukin inhibitor)
  - No designation of medicinal products with new active ingredients that can be used in combination therapy pursuant to Section 35a, paragraph 3, sentence 4 SGB V, as the active ingredient to be assessed is an active ingredient authorised in monotherapy.

The designation of combinations exclusively serves the implementation of the combination discount according to Section 130e SGB V between health insurance funds and pharmaceutical companies. The findings made neither restrict the scope of treatment required to fulfil the medical treatment mandate, nor do they make statements about expediency or economic feasibility.